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THE UNIVERSITY OF OKLAHOMA, PH.D., 1979

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THE UNIVERSITY OF OKLAHOMA

GRADUATE COLLEGE

A LONGITUDINAL ANALYSIS OF STATE QUESTION VOTING PATTERNS IN OKLAHOMA: 1907-1972

A DISSERTATION

SUBMITTED TO THE GRADUATE FACULTY

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degree of

DOCTOR OF PHILOSOPHY

BY

C. KENNETH MEYER

Norman, Oklahoma

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A LONGITUDINAL ANALYSIS OF STATE QUESTION VOTING PATTERNS IN OKLAHOMA: 1907-1972

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The notion of direct democracy has regained popular recognition in many sectors of the academic and political world in the past five years. For some the election mechanisms of the initiative and the referendum are to be used to maximize either general or segmental interests--interest which come in many political, economic and ideological colors and hues as reflected by the prism of society. The interest that I have in the people as conductors of their own political business was generated by an academic and philosophical perspective that placed a good deal of belief in not only the basic dignity of the individual, but also in the capacity of the individual. This perspective was embedded in my world view mainly through the teaching, attitude and behavior of Professor Oliver E. Benson, chairperson of my dissertation committee.

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CHAPTER I

THE INITIATIVE AND REFERENDUM: AN AMERICAN EXPERIMENT

Introduction

The principle of direct legislation is alleged to be the basis of the ancient Greek city states. It is also said to have been the earliest form of tribal free government. In America, it was the essential stuff out of which town government in the New England States was made and the technique by which the early colonies could and did amend their several constitutions.

An old Latin proverb expresses the political philosophy that places so much belief in the democratic faith. The proverb reads: "Vox populi, vox dei." Literally translated this proverb means that "the voice of the people is the voice of God." This proverb suggests that the people ought to be, in the final analysis, the directors of their own destinies. It suggests that the people are the best judges of what constitute their own self-interests and collective interests, whether in the policy area of taxation, or in the field of education, or as it might pertain to questions of ethics and morals--segregation, gambling, horse racing, and the consumption of alcoholic-content beverages. To suggest that majority rule is next to "Godliness" is to have a fundamental trust and belief in the political attitudes, opinions, and behavior of the mass electorate. However, the action of the mass electorate may be wrong, ill-advised,

in poor judgment, ill-informed, and irrational. Alexander Hamilton's observations reinforce this view. He said: "The voice of the people has been said to be the voice of God; and however generally this maxim has been quoted and believed, it is not true in fact."[1]

Several added questions concerning the "vox populi" notion are in order: (1) Should the people decide their own destinies even though their collective judgment and "will" may be wrong? If the masses are apathetic, ill-informed, and lack the specific intellectual and substantive backgrounds necessary to understand public policy issues, should they still be permitted to decide their fate? Should the few who are perhaps wiser, better educated, more informed, and more knowledgeable in selected policy areas make the final judgment on the important issues of the day? Or, is it essential that an absolute majority of those who are registered electors participate in determining the fate of propositions or policy measures that have been either initiated by the people or referred to the people, for their approval or rejection, by the legislature? If so, then what happens in those instances in which only a small percentage of the eligible citizenry participate in elections in which statutory measures or Constitutional amendments are approved or rejected? Finally, is the initiative process likely, in the final evaluation, to be frequently dominated by the few who are intensely interested in a particular measure, and for whatever reason or reasons try to use the electoral laws, political strategies and techniques in an attempt to directly receive rewards that benefit the "special interests" and not necessarily the body politic? In short, does the use of the initiative petition process fall into the hands of "...powerful

pressure groups in an attempt to get their pet schemes enacted into law or placed in a constitutionally protected Position?"[2]

The answers to these several questions posed above, depends as much upon the specific brand of democratic faith that one prescribes to as it does on the essential goodness or badness, fairness or inequality, rightness or wrongness of the position taken. Nevertheless, these are some of the questions that developed during the high tide of the Progressive Movement in the United States and these questions persist today.

The Progressives, states Professor Currin Shields, "demanded that the people be allowed to make public policy decisions directly, as they made decisions about the occupancy of public offices."[3] This belief is consistent with American thinking on the concept of popular sovereignty. It was also a practical way, especially in the late 19th Century when public dissatisfaction with state legislatures and boss-ridden city councils was at an all time high, of "fighting the crooks."[4] Professor Lockhard elaborates:

> Since elected officials could not be trusted... alternative ways to achieve legislation and to countermand undesired acts should be provided.[5]

For this major reason, as well as others that are suggested in different portions of this paper, the Progressives left a well entrenched philosophy and mechanism by which the people could directly participate in the legislative process and directly amend the Constitution of their state. We commonly refer to this invention as the initiative and referendum process or the "direct democratic experience" in America. The direct democracy idea was introduced into the state constitutions of many western states. The chief reason for its acceptance was the need for political reform; it was a protective device by which the

electorate could check the law-making authority of their elected representatives, and as the need developed, propose and then pass or reject statutory measures and changes or additions to the Constitution. It was introduced as a way by which the interests of the people might be safeguarded or protected against the powerful influences of well organized, financed, and highly active special interest groups. Indeed, the literature surrounding the initiative and referendum notion suggests that it was a movement for "more democracy to cure the ills of democracy."[6]

The idea of the initiative and referendum was popularized, if not actually formally developed, in America by Reverend Robert W. Haire, a Roman Catholic priest from Aberdeen, South Dakota. The initiative gained popular support in South Dakota, especially during the rise of the Knights of Labor Movement in 1885. Haire called the initiative and referendum the "Peoples Legislature," and it was adopted in 1898 by a vote of 23,816 to 16,843, having received strong support in the Farmer's Almanac Movement and Peoples Party, thus making South Dakota the first state in the nation to have a provision in the constitution that enabled the people to initiate and then decide on measures that have been popularly proposed.[7] Later, Utah adopted the initiative and referendum, and in 1902 Oregon followed. Direct legislation and direct democracy was popularized by the State of Oregon, and the satisfaction over its use provided compelling evidence for its widespread adoption in other western states. This view, of course, was held by the Progressive reformists both before and after World War I. There is little room for speculation or doubt that the Oklahoma Constitutional provisions that deal with the initiative and referendum

were largely shaped by the Oregon experience.[8]

Review of the Literature

A review of the literature dealing with the behavior of the people as law-makers or public policy makers has been amply examined from the legal and philosophical perspectives of democratic government.[9] Less well examined or developed, however, is the literature dealing with the actual operation of the initiative and referendum at the state level and the attendant results associated with the use of the direct democracy processes. This review of the literature will concentrate, therefore, on two types of literature addressed to the employment of the initiative and referendum at the state level: (1) justification literature, and (2) analytical literature.

Justification Literature

The practice of the people acting as their own "legislators" through the process of initiating and ratifying measures is much more common in the United States than it is in most of the other political systems in the world that may be labeled democratic.[10] The initiative and referendum was at the center of the Progressive Movement at the beginning of the twentieth century, along with the recall. It is not surprising that these concepts developed fairly widespread support, especially during a period in America's history which was characterized by governmental corruption, bribery, patronage, deception, and deceit. The political reforms of direct legislation, direct primaries, the Australian ballot, nonpartisan local and state elections, the short

ballot, popularly elected senators and civil service professionalization and reform, were all part of the same political theory which emphasized the people as decision-makers in charge of their own destinies. It was in effect ". . .an effort to enforce continuous political responsibility to the voters."[11] This philosophy is well capsulated in a statement which Representative John E. Raker read into the Congressional Record over sixty-seven years ago. Raker is addressing, of course, the "trintiy" of direct democracy--the initiative, referendum, and recall:

> The people elect representatives; if these representatives don't carry out the will of the people, then the people initiate legislation. If their representatives transgress the will of the people, then the people, through the referendum, repeal the laws which their representatives have made. . . . If they do violence to the will of the people as expressed in their laws, then the people reserve the right to recall the interpreters as well as the makers or executives of law. . . . This political theory constitutes democracy in action.[12]

The above statement reflects the idea that voters could qualify initiatives and referenda and then proceed to approve the substantive content or policy content of a proposition, thus bypassing the legislature and the governor's veto.[13] In short, the initiative ". . . is a device whereby a prescribed number or percent of qualified voters, through the use of a petition, may have an amendment or legislative proposal placed on the ballot for adoption or rejection by the electorate of the state. . . "[14] The referendum as a partner of the initiative". . . is a means by which decisions of legislative bodies do not become public policies until the electorate votes its concurrence with the policies and accepts them by the required affirmative vote."[15]

Although Abraham Lincoln provides a popularized version of the essence of democracy (government of, by, and for the people), in general, democratic thinkers have agreed that democracy" . . . means individual participation in the decisions that affect one's life,"[16] or ". . . popular participation in the allocation of values in a society."[17] If involvement in politics is integral to individual self-development, then, "Responsibility for the governing of one's own conduct develops one's character, self-reliance, intelligence, and moral judgment--in short, one's dignity."[18] The initiative and referendum gave the people the opportunity to directly transform their needs, wishes, expectations, and policy demands into public policies. However, it should be noted here, that the argument advanced for citizen participation in the affairs of the state is not based on what the people will produce as policy makers, but rather a commitment to a belief that citizen involvement ". . . is essential to the full development of human capacities."[19]

Although it is not necessary to review all the tenets of classical democratic theory and all of the empirical modifications of democratic theory that are representative of advances made in social science research, it is at least instructive to review the prevailing arguments, pro and con, relative to the desirability of direct democracy. The arguments that support the idea that the people who are sovereign should be their own lawmakers, generally coincide with the following list of major normative assumptions and statements:

1. Direct democracy, the initiative and referendum, constitutes the purest form of Democracy. That is, ". . . people can

initiate and adopt legislation; people can "protest legislation pased by special interest; and, people can veto laws not in the public interest."[20] This tenet coincides with the need for political self-expression and the current interest in political involvement and participation.[21]

2. Direct democracy stimulates the legislators to act responsibly to the public and public opinion. If the legislature fails to act, the people can invoke the initiative.[22]
3. Direct democracy stimulates, especially through the processes of the initiative and referendum, citizen interest in public affairs and public issues.[23] By arousing the electorate, through public attention and debate, voter interest in state government is increased.[24]
4. Direct legislation is associated with a shorter constitution since it reduces the reliance on detailed curtailments or restrictions on legislative power.[25]
5. The initiative and referendum serves as a "shotgun over the door" that people may use if the "representative processes fails."[26] The "I and R" enables the people to keep a "check on the legislative assembly" and therefore keeps the legislature sensitive and considerate "to the wishes of the people."[27]

These basic philosophical and moral tenets and maxims of direct democracy, nevertheless, have not gone unchallenged by scholars who are equally committed to the theory of democracy, but who see the

effect of mass political participation in quite another light. On the opposition side, these arguments have traditionally been raised:

1. Voters do not generally have the needed information and training to make intelligent decisions on highly technical and complex propositions.[28] These technical propositions can best be decided by the legislative assembly.[29]
2. Initiated measures are frequently poorly written, and voters can only choose to affirm the measure or reject it. Whereas, the legislative process allows for interest reconciliation and amelioration. In other words, "sloppy legislation drawn by inexpert laymen"[30] is often submitted to the people.
3. Direct democracy makes an already too long ballot, even longer.[31]
4. Initiative and referendum proposals may be adopted or rejected by a minority of the electorate since many voters are unwilling to vote on a measure that they have not been able to carefully and thoroughly consider.[32]
5. Special or sinister interests may use the principles of the initiative and referendum to maximize their private interest, in contrast to the public interest, thereby enabling special interest and pressure groups to get legislation passed that they could not secure from the legislature.[33] In this sense, government becomes "a government of minorities,"[34] with the prosperous minority interest controlling government and having its interests satisfied.[35]

6. Direct democracy introduces the passage of proposals that make statutory law rigid or inflexible since they are not repealable or amendable by the legislative body.[36]
7. Government costs of printing arguments for and against proposals and the costs of conducting special elections for consideration of initiatives and referendums are increased.[37]
8. The use of the initiative and referendum causes the legislature to be bypassed in the lawmaking or public policy making processes, thereby confusing the principal of legislative responsibility.[38] The direct legislation device "creates timidity, evasion of responsibility, and "buck-passing" in a legislature."[39]
9. By circumventing the legislature with the "I and R", the legislature is actually weakened.[40] In addition, the "I and R" implies a "distrust of the legislature," and a dimunition of its responsibilities.[41]
10. The initiative and referendum gives great advantage to well-organized and financially secure pressure groups, rather than providing legislative advantages "to the people."[42] That is, owners of utilities and other businesses will take advantage of property interests.[43]
11. Voters may act irrationally on propositions by approving a proposal and then rejecting the funds needed for implementation of a ratified measure.
12. Adverse publicity and scare tactics may be used to misrepresent issues and/or mislead the public so that they

vote against measures that would be benefit producing to their own interests.[44]

13. People as lawmakers have not demonstrated that they are capable of acting with greater intelligence than the legislature.[45]

14. Direct democracy will be used, primarily, by radical reformers who wish to have their special programs enacted at the state level, which in turn will percipitate an increase in the public expenditure budget.[46]

At first glance, these arguments that have been advanced "for" and "against" the initiative and referendum appear to be quite plausible, and perhaps even defensible. Yet, direct democracy, according to Professor Zimmerman, ". . . has neither lived up to the high expectations of its proponents, nor has it resulted in the dire consequences projected by its opponents."[47]

The operation of direct legislature mechanisms has produced a variety of suggestions concerning how the initiative and referendum procedures might be revised in order to make them more desirable. The most comprehensive treatment of proposals for change of the initiative, to date was prepared and circulated by the Research Department of the California State Chamber of Commerce. This production is of itself a theoretical paradox, because the opponents of direct legislation frequently suggest that special interests, especially those that are well-organized and well-financed, tend to profit disproportionately more from the operation of the initiative. Yet, the following recommended changes would tend to militate against the use of the

initiative by special interests: The recommended changes include:

1. Increase the number of signatures necessary to qualify an initiative for the ballot, or require a higher percentage to qualify a constitutional amendment than is necessary for a statute.[48]
2. Prohibit the general circulation of petitions, and require electors to sign petitions at the county registrar's office.[49]
3. Prohibit any professional circulation of petitions.[50]
4. Prohibit the same subject matter from being again submitted to the voters within a prescribed period of time, or require an increased number of signatures to qualify a measure.[51]
5. Place general or specific limitations on the subject matter with which the initiative might deal; give the Attorney General power to refuse to certify for circulation petitions containing provisions on prohibited subject matter; and provide for an orderly process of appeal to the courts for final determination of border line cases.[52]
6. Place some geographical restrictions on obtaining signatures, such as a provision that not more than 25 percent may come from one county, or at least half the counties must be represented.[53]
7. Require that initiatives clear through the Legislature before the measure can be submitted to the voters.[54]
8. Increase the number of votes required for initiative adoption to an extraoridinary majority (more than fifty percent or a majority of the votes casts).[55]

9. Specific policy content initiatives in the area of taxation and bond issues should require a two-thirds majority of votes cast for adoption.[56]
10. Develop a procedure by which the constitutionality of a suggested initiative can be determined before it is submitted to the people.[57]
11. Require all measures to be submitted to the voters in general elections, instead of permitting the submission of measures in special elections.[58]
12. Utilize an agency of state government, such as the Legislative Council, to approve the wording of proposed initiatives in a similar fashion to procedures used to pass upon legislation proposed by the state legislature.[59]
13. Repeal the initiative procedure.[60]

An analysis or critique of these proposed changes to the initiative procedures draws either favorable or negative commentary depending on the level of attachment the proponent or opponent has to direct democracy and on the amount of rigidity or flexability desired in the procedures governing the actual operation of and use of initiative.

Proponents and opponents of these recommended changes itemized above would be general agreement that they are either essential or non-essential for the following reasons:

First, to require an increase in the number of signatures required to have an initiative placed on the ballot or to qualify an initiated constitutional amendment would: (1) save time and money needed to react to unsound proposals; (2) help prevent the usurpation

of legislative responsibility by the people who may propose measures that require mandatory limitations on taxation or require mandatory governmental expenditures; (3) insure that only initiated measures of great importance and concern statewide will be submitted to the people for their electoral comment; and (4) reduce the amount of statutory content legislation that is placed in the constitution through the ratification of initiated constitutional amendments.[61] The opponents to the recommended increase in petition signature requirement argue, however, that it would lead to an increase cost of getting initiated measures qualified, therefore, a tendency to resort to professional petition circulation would be likely. In addition, it is suggested that increased costs associated with getting initiatives qualified would benefit special interest groups which possess the financial capacity or resources required for signature petition.[62] Most students of direct democracy suggest a fixed percentage, rather than an absolute number of valid signatures, to satisfy petition requirements. This recommendation is suggested because of the population fluctuations or changes that characterize state population growth patterns. If, however, a fixed percentage of the population is used, then the percentage should ". . . be high enough to prevent frivolous or capricious use without interfering with legitimate use."[63]

Second, to prohibit the general circulations of petitions would help to prevent, suggest the proponent, the abuses of securing a large number of petition signatures in the more urban (metropolitan) areas of a state and also securing a large number of signatures by employing professional circulators. The opponents to this change argue that the

adoption of this proposed change is tantamount to the repeal of the initiative.[64]

Third, the prohibition of professional petition circulation would help insure that popular demand be demonstrated on the part of the people in order for a proposed measure to secure the needed number of signatures and that petition "racketeering" would be reduced. Others feel differently, and state that this would be tantamount to increasing the number of signatures, or outlawing the general circulation of petitions, because it would make it very difficult to get initiated measures qualified.[65]

Fourth, to increase the amount of time that must elapse between re-submission of a defeated measure and to require an increase in the number of signatures necessary to qualify a measure would help reduce the amount of time, energy and money that would need to be expended for the public to again voice their disapproval. On the other hand, the opponents indicate that it would cause problems relative to determining the essential similarity that exists between two measures that have been reworded.[66]

Fifth, the requirement of imposing a limit on the subject matter that initiated measure may contain, for instance in the area of tax and revenue laws, would enable the legislature to deal more effectively with those kinds of issues, and to address the questions of resource allocation and distribution more responsibly and more fairly. To the contrary, argue the opponents of this recommendation, who normally point to the history of popularly initiated legislation, and show that the electorate has not acted unwisely on such important measures

as tax reform and financial appropriation.[67] Professor Hugh Bone indicates that it is a difficult problem to determine the areas which the initiative or the referendum will not apply. He states:

> It is difficult to know where to draw the line as someone can almost always make out a case to exclude almost every item likely to be the subject of public policy.[68]

Bone concludes, however, that in the case of the ". . . referendum, both the people and the legislature need to be protected."[69] The legislature's laws are protected by the "emergency clause"--certain types of enactments go into effect immediately. The public may be protected by requiring an unusual majority (two-thirds majority) in the state legislature to attach an emergency provision.[70]

Sixth, to require a geographical restriction as to the number of signatures that may be secured in any one county of the state would tend to make it more difficult to circulate petitions, but would enable a measure to receive a more statewide representation of demand for a measure. The opponents suggest, however, that the ability to construct a formula that would provide for geographical equity would be very difficult, and in addition, a formula would have to take into consideration population density, which in turn, would necessitate that most signatures be drawn fro metropolitan areas.[71] In addressing the distribution of peitition signatures on a geographic basis, Professor Bone indicates that a geographic spread "may be more costly and its purpose appears to be to give rural areas some veto."[72] He concludes that since all the electorate are able to vote on the measures, and if a state uses the principal of majority rule, then ". . .this

does not seem particularly valid."[73]

Seventh, the passing upon an initiated measure by the state legislature before it is submitted to the people would help insure, suggest the proponent, that issues that have substantial importance and widespread appeal would be referred to the people by the legislature. Opponents indicate that a minority of legislatures might still be defeated by a legislature that is reluctant to act on measures that may be desired by the populace. In addition, it may merely become an unnecessary hurdle for measures which will be routinely approved by the legislature, thereby defeating the concept of a legislative safeguard against irresponsible propositions.[74]

Eight, to increase the number of votes required for initiative adoption or ratification would enable, advise the proponents, a small minority or number of registered voters (special interests) to be more easily defeated. The argument proposed against the recommendation is simply that initiated measures normally receive more widespread attention and attract higher levels of voter participation than other types of measures, therefore representing a wider distribution of electorate opinion.[75]

Ninth, to obtain a ruling on the constitutionality of a measure prior to its submission to the electorate would help reduce the conflict between the constitution and proposed amendment, thereby preventing improper measures from being submitted and then subsequently turned down (ruled unconstitutional) by the higher courts. In addition, it would save the taxpayers money insofar as unconstitutional measures would not be submitted to the people. The obvious argument against

this recommendation is that initiated constitutional amendments would normally change the constitution by amendment, and the advisory opinions would certainly not be able to withstand legal scrutiny and established procedural guarantees provided in the U. S. Constitution.[76]

Tenth, the submission of initiated measures only in general elections only militates, argues the proponents, against a small number of the total eligible electorate making laws for the entire state. The opponent stands against this recommendation on the basis that voter participation on initiated measures in special elections is fairly compatible with the level of voter participation on measures submitted to the electorate in general elections. Responding to the notion that measures be submitted to the electorate only on a general election ballot, Bone feels that primary elections ought to be an equally valid mode for proposition referral since it would reduce the number of propositions that would need to be submitted in the general election. He agrees with the other proponents that "Special elections on only propositions permit voter concentration on issues separate from candidates."[77] He further observes that voter turnout for primary and special elections, especially as a measure of political participation, normally runs ". . . substantially below that for general elections so that participation may fall below a desirable level."[78]

Finally, to repeal the initiative procedure would most obviously cancel the above arguments for change of the initiative process, and would also cancel all the real as well as "perceived" abuses of the initiative operation. The opponents argue that the electorate has been responsible in the use of the direct democracy technique and that the judgment of the people has been basically sound.

Analytical Research

The literature of systematic, empirical analysis of initiative and referendum is well developed at the local or community level of political behavior analysis, but a comprehensive treatment of direct democracy at the state level dealing with the political attitudes and behavior of the electorate on propositions is less well developed.[79] As several researchers have noted, there has been a distinct inability, primarily due to the lack of consciousness by political scientists of the level of analysis problem, or perhaps insufficient empirical analysis, to combine micro and macro analysis of state voting behavior and attitudes as they pertain to direct democracy.[80] Although the discipline of political science is still in the infancy stage of development relative to the uses and contributions of micro analysis to the study and understanding of political behavior,[81] there is a substantial body of literature that suggests its more extensive consideration and utilization.[82] Bone and Benedict reinforce this view when they suggested in 1975, that "A comprehensive, systematic study of voter attitudes and behavior on propositions combining both macro and micro analysis in a state is wanting."[83] In Reviewing, however, the studies which follow, caution must be exercised in generalizing from research specific or unique to one state to other states due to the peculiarities and differences in political circumstances and institutional design.

One of the most comprehensive treatments of the initiative at the macro level of analysis was conducted by Charles M. Price and presented in an article titled: "The Initiative: A Comparative

State Analysis and Reassessment of a Western Phenomenon." This empirical examination of direct democracy presents a variety of findings that perhaps raise more questions than it answers relative to many thorny questions surrounding the use and implications of the initiative. Price uses a somewhat novel methodological approach in that he examines the relationship that exists among the states that use the constitutional or statute initiative and such characteristics of the state political system as: (1) strength of the state pressure group system; (2) strength of legislative parties; (3) strength of two-party system; (4) quality of the state legislature (functional quality, accountability quality, and overall quality); (5) quality of life ranking; and (6) level of state innovation. The findings are instructive as they pertain to the use of the initiative using data aggregated on a statewide basis.[84]

First, Price found, as displayed in Footnote 85, that using Belle Zeller's threefold categorization of state pressure group systems ("strong," "moderate," and "weak") that a fairly strong positive association exists (Q=+.23) between high initiative use states and the presence of a strong state pressure group system. State pressure group system strength and presence of initiative processes are associated with one another.[85]

Second, using the State Legislative Parties' Cohesion Rankings, developed by Malcolm E. Jewell and Samuel C. Patterson, Price found no statistically significant association between legislative party cohesion and extensiveness of initiative utilization. A positive relation did occur relative to the amount of party competition and the

availability of the initiative. For instance, weak legislative party systems are mildly associated with states that have the initiative and, in addition, initiative holding states "had far less cohesive, disciplined political parties than non-initiative states."[86]

Third, employing Ranney's Inter-Party Competition Classification--a classification that places states into one of four different categories based on the strength of the two major parties (one party Democratic, modified one party Democartic, two party, and modified one party Republican), Price found that initiative possessing states tended to be characterized by two party-classifactions, and that no relationship existed between high and low initiative use states and the tendency to be characterized by a two party system.

Fourth, using the Citizens Conference on State Legislatures (CCSL) ranking of state legislatures on functional quality, accountability quality, and overall quality, it was found that no association exists between overall legislative quality, the quality of legislative accountability, and states which possess the initiative. Functional quality was, however, associated with high initiative use states, thereby enabling the conclusion to be drawn that ". . .high-use initiative states had more functional (effective) legislatures than low-use states."

Fifth, the hypothesis was examined that higher use initiative states would have a citizenry that would tend to possess higher levels of life-style dissatisfaction and frustration than in states that had low-initiative behavior. That is, high-use initiative states tend to have legislatures that impede the satisfaction of voter demands,

thus necessitating the people to turn to the initiative process to overcome legislative inaction or action. Price uses the "Quality of Life" index established by the Midwest Research Institute. In reviewing the statistical association that resulted, conventional wisdom is rejected. That is, a positive association was found to exist between high-use initiative states (theta = .51) and Quality of Life, as well as a weak positive association between states that possess the initiative and high "Quality of Life" ranking.

Sixth, Price tested the relationship between intensity of initiative use and level of state innovation as measured by two researchers: (1) Jack L. Walker and his Composite Innovation Rank (a ranking that is based on state adoption patterns for 88 programs over a one-hundred year time-span); and (2) Virginia Gray and her Overall Average Innovation Rank (a ranking of the states based on adoption of policy or issue areas of education, welfare, and civil rights). A commonly stated view is that high-initiative use states contribute adversely to legislative initiative. Thus, the use of the initiative causes a sharing of the law-making powers held by the state legislature, and therefore will result in lower levels of state innovation. The findings of Price demonstrate, however, that no association exists between level of innovation (using Walker's and Gray's rankings) and level of initiative use among the states studied. In addition, very little association was demonstrated to be present between the number of initiatives that met the states qualifying procedures and the degree of difficulty necessary to satisfy the initiative requirements. Instead, Price found that "...the tougher a state's qualifying procedures,

the more initiatives that tend to get qualified."

Correlational analysis was employed by Allan Lammers and David Kenney in their study of a referendum submitted to the Illinois electorate in 1968 which called for a Constitutional Convention. Using the county as the basis unit of analysis, these researchers attempted to assess the association or extent of relatedness that exists between selected socio-economic variables and political measurements (independent variables) and the referendum vote on the proposition to call a constitutional convention (dependent variable). Employing such measures as percent population change between 1960 and 1970, estimated population size-1967, median income-1960, percent Negro-1960, interparty competitiveness in gubernatorial elections-1932-1968, percent of population living in cities of 10,000 or more persons, percent Republican vote for governor, and capacity to receive television signals as independent variables, these researchers found a number of relationships with the percent affirmative vote in the 1968 referendum.[87]

Lammers and Kenney observed a strong positive correlation between the level of urbanness and affirmative vote on the referendum, and they suggest that "the degree of urbanness in general appears to be the major explanatory variable." Other strong positive associations were observed between measures of Income (+.73), Percent Negro Population (+.70), ability to receive television signals (+.70), and populations change (+.65) and affirmative vote. The only negative association present between the independent and dependent variables, and it was a weak association, was in the area of inter-party

competitiveness and the affirmative vote (-.25). Population size (+.25) and Republican vote for governor (+.27) were weakly associated with the affirmative referendum vote. After analyzing the various socioeconomic and political measurement correlations with the affirmative vote, and discerning the high number of independent variables that possessed strong positive inter-relationships, the authors conclude:

> "These correlations suggest that the affirmative vote in 1968 on the question of calling a constitutional convention was principally found in the larger cities and their suburbs, in areas of higher education and income where much television programming was available, and in areas of relatively high population change, black population and foreign stock. Least support of the convention call was found in more rural areas with little industry, few blacks, low income, and education, and limited access to television programs originating with the state."

In his and this of four referenda held statewide in Michigan during the 1958 through 1963, Norman C. Thomas deals with the effect of such political factors as party, social-economic characteristics, and urbanization (independent variables) on percentage yes vote on referendums (dependent variable). Employing a stratified random sample of 100 precincts drawn from a total of 5,200 precincts statewide (precincts as unit of analysis rather than the county which was used by Lammers and Kenney and Morgan and Kirkpatrick, et.al.), Thomas' analysis reveals the following statewide referenda voting patterns: (1) urbanization, chosen because of the traditional split between urban and rural interests over "institutional and structural reform with urban interests supporting it and rural interest opposed,"[88] correlated positively with affirmative referendum voting, especially

in the pre-convention constitutional revision contest of 1961 (r=+.88), 1960 (r=+.73), and 1958 (r=+.28); (2) multiple correlation analysis revealed that for two referenda, urbanization explained from nearly twenty-five percent to over fifty percent of the variation in the dependent variable (yes vote on the referenda); (3) party vote, measured by the Democratic Vote Index--" the average of the Democratic vote percentage in each precinct in the four elections.")[89] showed a mixed result: no relationship on one referendum, a weak positive relationship for two referenda, and, a strong negative (reversal of direction) association on the actual referendum ratification; (4) a high percentage of the explained variation in the dependent variable is accounted for by the socio-economic measures of education (over 70 percent); (5) median years of education possessed stronger explanation value than percent skilled workers in the work force and median family income, in relation to yes vote on the referenda; (6) socio-economic and political factors that tend to remain constant in partisan elections, fluctuate in their relative impact in referendum plebisites, primarily due to issue saliency; (7) voting patterns can be substantially influenced by the organizations (interest groups and pressure groups) that give issue increased importance and consideration; (8) the party has over-arching implications on referenda voting, "especially if parties choose to structure the alternatives or the electorate" and (9) initial support for constitutional revision is strongest among voter populations characterized by higher levels of socio-economic status and higher levels of education.

Professor Hugh Bone analyzes the initiative in Washington for

the 1914-1974 time period and suggests that the aggregate voting results show: (1) There are substantially larger number of initiatives and referendums filed than actually placed on the ballot (between 1914-1973, 397 petitions were filed and only 139 were eventually placed on the ballot). (2) As the petition signature requirement became more difficult in Washington (signatures needed was raised from 50,000 to 8 percent of the votes cast for governor), no decline in the number of initiatives occured.[90] (3) The people use demanded referendums to counteract legislative inaction caused by special interests. Bone also found that voter interest in proposition, measured by the number of registered voters who vote on measures, has increased in Washington since 1960; voter fall-off (percent difference between those who vote in election and those who vote on each proposition) is the highest for constitutional amendments (in 1972, 19.2 percent average) and least for direct initiatives (in 1972, an average of 8.6 percent fall-off); voters who cast a straight Democratic or Republican ticket tend to have higher voter turnout percentages for the candidates than for the propositions on the ballot; split-ticket voters show a higher voter turnout for propositions than for candidates. In addition, Bone addressed the agenda setting dimension and discovered that only 16 percent of the initiatives placed before the people during the 1914-1973 period, were sponsored by identifiable business and labor groups, with the vast majority proposed by different associations, consumer groups, leagues, and committees. Finally, Bone notes that the Washington electorate uses the initiative to a greater extent than the referendum, which suggests

"that voters have used the popular devices to accomplish what the legislature did not do, rather than to veto what it did do."

The most sophisticated study conducted to date on statewide referenda, using the county as the basic unit of analysis, was performed by David R. Morgan, Samuel A. Kirkpatrick, and Associates. Utilizing multivariate analysis techniques, they were able to study 261 initiatives and referenda in Oklahoma between 1907 and 1974. The major focus of their research was directed to the post World War II period. The dependent variable consisted of the percent yes vote on each state question, by county, and the independent variables were composed of partisan voting patterns and a selection of socio-economic measurements (percent urban, percent rural farm, percent manufacturing, percent non-white, median school years, median age, percent population increase, and percent owner occupied dwellings).[91]

In this study several modes of analysis were used: (1) descriptive analysis; (2) principal component (Varimax Rotation) factor analysis; and, (3) multiple correlation and regression analysis. Although it is not feasible to summarize the entire sixty-two page study here, several noteworthy conclusions will be presented relative to each mode of analysis. The descriptive analysis revealed, in part, that: (1) during the 1907-1974 period, thirty-eight percent of all questions submitted to the Oklahoma electorate were passed; (2) the mode of referral was found to be related to the passage of propositions, with legislative referenda having a higher adoption rate than either initiative petitions or referendum petitions; (3) the election type is related to successful outcome of measures insofar as issues submitted

at special and primary elections have a higher level of passage (49 percent) than those issues presented to the electorate in general elections (18 percent passage level); (4) the greatest level of sucess in issue adoption of proposed constitutional amendments during the post World War II period is associated with legislative referendums submitted in primary or special elections.

The principal component factor analysis was used to test the relationship that exists between yea saying tendency on propositions and socioeconomic and political characteristics of the counties, for three time periods: (1) 1950; (2) 1960; and (3) 1970. For all of the socioeconomic and political characteristics studies three similar dimensions were found to exist for each ten year period observed--urban/industrial, affluence, and population stability dimensions. In two time periods, the Urban/Industrial dimension accounted for the largest percent of total explained variance (32.5 percent of variance for 1950, 32.2 percent of variance for 1960). However, in the 1970 period, affluence factors accounts for the highest percent of explained variance (25.4 percent). Factor analyzing all the state questions that appeared on the ballot during the 1946-1974 period, these Oklahoma researchers discovered that the factor solutions "lack clear-cut, distinctive patterns of a substantive nature--the factor analysis did not produce as many substantive or issue dimensions..." as they had expected in order to account for the various attitudes held by the Oklahoma voting populace toward state questions. They conclude, nevertheless, that during the 1946-1955 period, that the factor patterns were primarily "election

specific," in that education content propositions produced the highest factor loadings, and these propositions all appeared in the 1946 election; also, Government Reorganization, Education, Term of Office and Revenue factors were identified. In the 1956-1965 period, four factors out of five appear to be election related in that the issues that had high loadings appeared on the same ballot. Although the factors are not that clean, they nevertheless identify some commonalty. The five factors that emerged are: (1) 1956 factor; (2) Government Reorganization factor; (3) 1964 Education Reorganization factor; (4) 1963 Term of Office factor, and (5) the 1965 Revenue factor. Overall, the factors are election year associated. The third time period is for the years 1966-1974. Five rather different factors emerge: (1) Miscellaneous Change 1968-69 (which has very little clear-cut loadings); (2) Government/General Reform; (3) Revenue; (4) Moral/Government Reform; and (5) 1971, which makes "little sense substantively;" and, (6) Local Control of Government dimension. Being clearly disappointed by the lack of highly useful factors that could be used in explaining referenda voting behavior in Oklahoma over-time, the authors suggest that:

> "...the agenda-setting process for state questions is primarily an elite phenomena--whether by legislators or periodically salient "attentive publics." Direct democracy is more likely to reflect the flavor of Democratic centralism, with little issue spontaneity to reflect mass public initiative."

In turn, however, they conclude that at least some non-random, patterned referenda political behavior exists, and that some cluster of "inter-related identifiable propositons" were uncovered.

Finally, the regression analysis produced a number of interesting results. Using three sets of socioeconomic characteristics that were identified by the factor analysis solution (Urban/Industrial, Cultural Deprivation, and Population Growth or Stability) in addition to the average Republican vote for governor as an independent variable, and the yes vote during three periods of time (1946-1955; 1956-1965, and 1966-1974) as the dependent variable, these findings are reported by Morgan, et. al.: (1) Urban/Industrial and Percent Republican Vote for Governor were closely associated with a substantial variation in most of the factos identified for the 1946-1955 period. (2) Support for education-related measures increased as the present urban and percent industrial characteristics of the counties increased. (3) Percent Republican vote for governor was negatively associated with support for education among the counties examined. (4) Cultural deprivation of counties was positively related to revenue factors--as affluence decreased, support for revenue issues increased and vice versa for the more affluent counties. (5) Counties is in Oklahoma possessing higher levels of urbanness and industrialism tend to vote similarly on factors.

Employing the same regression technique, and same independent and dependent variables during the 1956-65 time frame reveals the following: (1) The "1956" factor (propositions submitted in the 1956 election, which do not share any substantive characteristics) was largely explained by the four socioeconomic and political characteristics of each county (the independent variables explained 79 percent of the total explained variation); (2) A high positive correlation

exists (+.67) between the Urban/Industrial dimension and the Government Reorganization factor (more urban areas, as well as counties with a tendency to vote Republican, generally supported measures that promoted change in government); and (3) Partisan orientation and Urban/Industrial characteristics of counties influenced county voting behavior on initiated and referred measures.

In the last time period studied, 1966-1974, the regression equations demonstrated a fairly low level of explained variation in terms of the four socioeconomic and political dimensions of counties and factor loadings. The equation illustrate that: (1) Only 54 percent of the variation in one out of six factors could be explained by the independent measurements; (2) Affluence was positively related to support of revenue factor; and (3) Counties with a higher percent Republican vote for governor were negatively associated (-.51) with support of revenue measures.

The researchers conclude that the regression analysis yields "mixed results" in explaining voting behavior on propositions during the 1946-1974 period. Only four factors (from a total of 15 factors) had clearly detectable issue characteristics and explained approximately 50 percent or more of the variance. Two of these factors were revenue related, one was educated related, and one related to government reorganization. The percent Republican vote for governor was "...the most consistently potent independent variable" of the four political and socioeconomic measurements utilized. Last, referenda voting was found to be "...somewhat regularly related to partisan voting trends among counties within the state." That is, Northern

and Western counties possess higher percent Republican vote for governor and higher affluence levels, compared to "Little Dixie" which is characterized by a higher percent Democratic vote and lower affluence levels. Nevertheless, these highly developed statistical operations that were performed on referenda and initiative voting behaviors at the county level of analysis, point to the need for more systematic research and for alternative methodological inquiry in the continuing search to be more productive in yielding meaningful statewide referendum voting patterns and relationships.

In a review of the history of popular lawmaking in the state of Washington during the 1914-1973 period, Hugh A. Bone and Robert C. Benedict, examine four factors: (1) the theory of direct democracy; (2) agenda setting and mode of election used for propositions; (3) utilization of referenda and initiative modes; and (4) statewide voting results. Their succinct review of the apologetics for direct democracy reveal these four principal characteristics: (1) initiative and referendum emphasizes people legislative decision-making to correct what the legislature has done (acts of commission) or to do what they would not do (acts of omission).[92] Within this argument rests the notion that the initiative and referendum might be used by groups left out of politics to develop their own policy, implement their own programs, and seek a satisfaction of their needed "benefits," and the notion that the process would reduce the amount of "special interest" manipulation that generally characterized public policy making in the formal legislative arena. (2) The policy content of issues is more important than candidate promises. (3) The initiative

and referendum makes "...every man his own legislature."[93] This focuses attention to the individual, rather than the group in process of policy determination and deliberation. And (4) individual involvement in public policy making is a learning process that will tend to "...increased levels of citizen education and political efficacy."[94]

In studying the effects of agenda setting through an examination of proposition sponsors and the extent to which the propositions reflect the interests of the public, Bone and Benedict found: (1) twenty-five percent of the 184 initiated measures and petition referenda that were submitted to the Washington electorate between 1913 and 1973, caused short-term (anomic) groups to develop; (2) short-term interest groups were formed to sponsor propositions in the issue areas of revenue and taxation, government reform, and public morals;[95] (3) law and medicine organizations, although well-organized, did not use the initiative process to further their associational interests in Washington[96] (4) long established and well-financed labor, business, and agricultural groups have individually and jointly used the initiative and referendum processes (between 1914 and 1940, labor and agriculture had twenty-seven propositions placed before the Washington voters); (5) public employee organizations, League of Women Voters, sportspeople, pensioners, consumers, employer associations, property owners, recreation groups, liquor interest have either backdoor initiatied measures to satisfy special interests; (6) a majority of proposals during the 1914 to 1973 period possessed public service policy content (education, recreation and parks, health and welfare, and network maintenance services); (7) utilizing Louis Froman's classification of areal policies (policies

that affect the total population simultaneously) and segmental policies (policies that affect a small portion of the population and usually culminated with an on-going program), Bone and Benedict found that three segmental oriented measures were submitted to the Washington electorate for every two areal measures submitted.[97]

In Oklahoma, however, the question of referenda origniating from the general citizenry vis. a vis. special interests has been fairly clearly answered, although no empirical analysis has been conducted to determine if the policy outputs of initiated measures, especially those that have been initiated by special interests, serve the interest of the minority or are of segmental policy content, or whether they satisfy the areal or more general interest of the Oklahoma citizenry. In an analysis of 201 state questions for the period 1907-1965, Bertil L. Hanson observed that eighty-four measures were initiated as popular measures through the mechanisms of the initiative and the referendum.[98] He further notes, as shown in Table 1-1, that nearly all of the popular initiated and petitioned measures spawned from special interests. Hanson concludes, that it is "...ironic, in view of the reformers' mistrust of business influence, that people with distinctively pecuniary motives have been responsible for 25 percent of all initiative and referendum proposals.[99]

A brief analysis of Table 1-1 shows that the largest percentage of "popular" measures were generated by commercial interests (25 percent); interests such as: liquor dealors, highway contractors, distillers, oil companies, retailers, tobacco companies, and packing-house interests.[100]

TABLE 1-1

Sponsors of Referendum Questions

Type of Sponsor	Number	Percent	Percent Approved
Commercial interests	21	25.0	23.8
Governors	17	20.2	17.7
Other Public Officials	15	17.8	26.7
Teacher's Organizations	10	11.9	50.0
Farm Organizations	6	7.1	33.3
Civic Reform Groups	4	4.8	25.0
Labor Organizations	3	3.6	33.3
Political Parties	3	3.6	33.3
Church Groups	2	2.4	50.0
Other	3	3.6	66.7
Total	84	100.0	29.8

Source: Bertil L. Hanson, "Oklahoma's Experience with Direct Legislator, South Western Social Science Quarterly, 47 (December, 1966), p. 266.

The second major group of questions originated from Governors of Oklahoma. Hanson writes:

> "The explanation is to be found in the occassional disagreements which a constitutional system of separation of powers invites. Some governors, at odds with their legislatures, have indignantly appealed "to the people" for vindication. The pioneer of this form of gamesmanship was William "Alfalfa Bill" Murray, who became governor in 1931. He was a headstrong, colorful man who thought that such things as the shape of his skull, the roar in his voice, and the acclaim of his own newspaper were signs of his exceptional talent. He had plans for Oklahoma: he meant to revise the state income tax, provide free schoolbooks, impose crop controls, and increase the governor's power over the budget, among other things. When the legislature balked, Governor Murray circulated initiative petitions. He set a special election, conducted a vigorous "firebells" campaign to arouse the people, declared a special holiday for state employees, and then suffered the disappointment of seeing his program rejected in an election in which only 33 percent of the electorate voted. Other governors tried the same thing. Governor E. W. Marland, in a campaign to "bring the New Deal to Oklahoma," offered the people a series of welfare measures which had been rejected by the 1935 legislature. Three of six were passed. Much more recently, Governor J. Howard Edmondson attempted to make use of initative petitions in 1960. In this case, a thirty-four year old, relatively inexperienced but highly popular executive advocated reforms, such as a personnel merit system, legislative reapportionment,

> and revisions in county government, which were unpalatable to veteran politicians in the legislature and the county courthouses. Expressing his scorn for the "old guard" in the legislature, the governor optimistically went with his petitions to the people, who shortly before had elected him with an unprecedented 74.1 percent of the vote. But his petitions, with only 45.6 percent of the electorate turning out to vote, were defeated by a two to one margin."[101]

This analysis surely substantiates conventional political wisdom that a governor's personal popularity may not be transferable to public support of gubernatorial backed or initiated measures.

Third, public officials have also sponsored fifteen measures (17.8 percent). Present and former officials, such as county commissioners, attorney general, state senator, mayors, bureaucrats, and so on, proposed propositions that range in policy content from taxation to reinstatement of state gasoline inspectors. Hanson observes that the motive behind measures supported by public officials fall into two general categories: "...(S)ome may have wanted renown as reformers in anticipation of running for office, and others may have merely wanted to get money and patronage."[102]

Fourth, the generation and use of the initative and referendum processes by well financed and well-organized, and large membership associations, accounted for 22.6 percent of the questions that Oklahomans voted on during the 1907-1965 period. That is, teacher organizations (Oklahoma Education Association) sponsored ten measures, receiving a generous passage level of 50.0 percent; the A. F. of L., Farmers Union, and Chiropractors sponsored other measures, although they received far less support than that accorded the school teachers.[103]

A comparative analysis of statewide voting results on initiatives

and referenda point to differences relative to mode of referral, type of election in which questions are proposed, policy content of the issues and their respective passage levels, and voter turnout and participation levels of propositions. For instance, 328 initiated measures (direct initiative to voters and indirect initiatives to the legislature) have been voted upon in Washington during the 1914-1973 period, in contrast to the use of thirty-three legislative referendums and thirty-six referendum petitions for the same period. for a near comparable period of history 1907-1972, 252 issues were used, with 70 initiative petitions, 20 referendum petitions, and 162 legislative referendums constituting the mode of referral. In South Dakota, however, 262 initiated measures and constitutional amendments were voted on during the 1898 to 1976 period, and only two times, out of nineteen attempts, has an initiated measure been successfully approved by the people.[105] An indepth analysis of passage levels by referral mode is discussed in a later portion of this chapter.

Voter turnout and voter participation levels, as empirical studies have documented, are clearly lower on "people" proposed measures than for political candidates seeking elective positions. This has led many observers of the direct democracy process to conclude, as so amply stated by one researcher, that people are "...much more prone to vote on candidates than on questions."[106] Bone and Benedict also find that participation for major executive offices at the national and state levels is ten to thirty percent higher than for propositions that appear in the same election.[107] They also found that in comparison to voter participation levels for the state elective posts of auditor,

attorney general, and superintendent of public instruction, and insurance commissioner, that "...participation on initiative measures in many cases approximates or exceeds that for major state offices." In a similar analysis of initiatives submitted in off-presidential years, Bone and Benedict learned that "...aproximately 30 percent of the cases initiatives have outpolled the total vote for all the state's congressmen, and in another 15 percent of the cases the turnout was within 3 percent."[109] In Oklahoma, for comparison purposes, approximately eighty-five percent of the people who vote in presidential, congressional and gubernatorial elections, also cast ballots on the state questions.[110] In elections called specially by the governor for measure referral and consideration (special elections), about 40 percent of the eligible electorate turnout to cast a ballot on proposed measures, and in some elections the actual participation rate has been less than ten percent of the eligible voting electorate.[111] Hanson observes that:

> "The electorate's lethargy has inspired many newspaper editors to wag reproachful fingers, just as it has inspired many social scientists to measure the phenomenon of civic apathy."[112]

Nonetheless, this statement is not always true for certain issues have attracted high levels of citizen involvement and election participation, particularly questions related to racial issues ("Grandfather Clause," school desegregation) woman suffrage, and prohibition.

An operationalization of policy content of measures and voter turnout was employed for statewide voting data in Washington. Categorizing the policy content of 249 initiated measures into nine

policy areas (Education, Recreation and Parks, Health and Welfare, Network Maintenance Services, Public Morality, Individual Lifestyles, Taxation and Revenue, Business and Labor, and State and Local Government) Bone and Benedict discovered: (1) turnout on moral issues tended to be greater than on any of the other policy areas; (2) turnout for public services, such as welfare and education measures received about an average level of participation among the policy areas; and (3) turnout on measures dealing with government structure and reform have the lowest levels of voter participation.[113]

Participation levels on measures submitted to the Washington electorate, indicated by voter turnout levels, was identified as highest for initiated measures, next best for referenda, and lowest turnout for constitutional amendments. Bone and Benedict conclude that "...participation rates on all types of ballot propositions have increased continuously since 1930,"[114] and this increase pertained to both highly controversial and less controversial measures. Perhaps, they observe, that "those who do participate in electoral politics display increasing psychological involvement with issues, and less of a feeling that they are too complex or too remote from their major interests."[115] To the Oklahoma voter, however, direct legislation "... has seemingly demonstrated that most ordinary people do not think much about them (issues) at all.[116]

Amendment of the Constitution Through the Use of the Popular Initiative

The constitutions of seventeen states have provisions that enable the organic law to be amended by the popular initiative process. The popular initiative is provided for in the following states: Arizona, Arkansas, California, Colorado, Florida, Illinois, Massachusetts, Michigan, Missouri, Montana, Nebraska, Nevada, North Dakota, Ohio, Oklahoma, Oregon, and South Dakota. The majority of the Western states provide for the constitutional initiative. For instance, there are twenty-four states situated west of the Mississippi River, and thirteen (54.2 percent) provide for the change of their constitutions by the initiative option. In contrast, there are twenty-six states geographically located east of the Mississippi River, and only four of them (15.4 percent) provide for the constitutional initiative. This Western phenomenon, as explained by Charles M. Price, is related to the Progressive Movement--the initiative being one of it's many creative reforms. Paradoxically, the home state of the great Progressive reformer, Robert M. La Follette, "Fighting Bob", is distinctively absent from the list of states that provide for the constitutional initiative, for Wisconsin "allows for neither the initiative or the referendum."[117]

In analyzing the requirements surrounding the operation of the popular constitutional initiative, Table 1-2 is particularly helpful.[118] Table 1-2 presents the states accompanied by four characteristics of the initiative and constitutional amendment process. The first area of comparison pertains to the signature requirement that must be obtained or satisfied in order to have an initiated amendment submitted to the people for their ratification or rejection. A common basis

TABLE 1-2

THE USE OF THE POPULAR INITIATIVE IN AMENDING THE CONSTITUTION

State	Signature Requirement Initiative Petition	Distribution of Signatures	Referendum Vote
Arizona	15% of total votes cast for all candidates for governor at last election	None specified	Majority vote on amendment
Arkansas	10% of voters for governor at last election	Must include 5% of voters for governor in each of 15 counties	Majority vote on amendment
California	8% of total voters for all candidates for governor at last election	None specified	Majority vote on amendment
Colorado	8% of legal voters for secretary of state at last election	None specified	Majority vote on amendment
Florida	8% of total votes cast in the state in the last election for presidential electors	8% of total votes cast in each of 1/2 of the congressional districts	Majority vote on amendment
Illinois	8% of total votes cast for candidates for governor at last election. Only Article IV. The legislature, may be amended by initiative.	None specified	Majority voting in election or 3/5 voting on amendment

State	Signature Requirement Initiative Petition	Distribution of Signatures	Referendum Vote
Massachusetts	8% of total vote for governor at preceding biennial state election. Before being submitted to the electorate for ratification initiative measures must be approved by two sessions of the legislature by not less than 1/4 of all members elected sitting in joint session.	No more than 1/4 from any one county	Majority vote on amendment which must be 30% of total ballots cast at election
Michigan	10% of total voters for governor at last election	None specified	Majority vote on amendment
Missouri	8% of legal voters for all candidates for governor at last election	The 8% must be in each of 2/3 of the congressional districts in the state	Majority vote on amendment
Montana	10% of qualified electors, the number of qualified electors to be determined by number of votes cast for governor in preceding general election	The 10% to include at least 10% of qualified electors in each of 2/5 of the legislative districts	Majority vote on amendment
Nebraska	10% of total votes for governor at last election	The 10% must include 5% in each of 2/5 of of counties	Majority vote on amendment which must be at least 35% of total vote at the election

State	Signature Requirement Initiative Petition	Distribution of Signatures	Referendum Vote
Nevada	10% of voters who voted in entire state in last general election	10% of total voters who voted in each of 75% of the counties	Majority vote on amendment in two consecutive general elections
North Dakota	20,000 electors	None specified	Majority vote on amendment
Ohio	10% of total number of electors who voted for governor in last election	At least 5% of qualified electors in each of 1/2 of counties in the state	Majority vote on amendment
Oklahoma	15% of legal voters for state office receiving highest number of votes at last general election	None specified	Majority vote on amendment
Oregon	8% of total votes for all candidates for governor elected for 4-year term at last election	None specified	Majority vote on amendment
South Dakota	10% of total votes for governor in last election	None specified	Majority vote on amendment

Source: The Book of the States 1978-79 (Lexington, Kentucky: The Council of State Governments, 1978), p. 210.

for the petition signature requirement is found among the seventeen states, particularly insofar as eleven states, 64.7 percent out of the seventeen states that possess the constitutional initiative require a specific percentage signature requirement based on the total votes cast for the gubernatorial position at the last election. The states that use this requirement and their particular requirements relative to the percentage of votes cast for governor that a petition must meet, are: Arizona (15 percent), Massachusetts (8 percent), Michigan (10 percent), Missouri (8 percent), Nebraska (10 percent), Ohio (10 percent), Oregon (8 percent), and South Dakota (10 percent). Several states base the number of signatures that a petition must satisfy on the basis of the electoral vote for different statewide or national offices. For example, Colorado requires 8 percent of the legal voters who cast ballots for the secretary of state in the last election, and Oklahoma requires fifteen percent of the legal voters for the state office (also includes presidential electors) that receives the highest number of votes at the last general election. Florida requires eight percent of the total vote cast in the last election for presidential electors. Nevada uses a rule of ten percent of the voters who voted in the entire state in the last general election, and North Dakota simply states that the signature of 20,000 electors are required in order to initiate a constitutional amendment for submission to the people.

The distribution of signature requirements among the several states providing for the amendment of the constitution by the initiative are somewhat more varied than is the basis on which the signature requirement is computed. Nine states (52.9 percent) do not specifically

indicate a distribution of signature requirement. These states are: Arizona, California, Colorado, Illinois, Michigan, North Dakota, Oklahoma, Oregon, and South Dakota. The remaining eight states possess the following commonality relative to the distribution of signatures that a petition must satisfy. Missouri requires that the eight percent of the voters who voted for all candidates for governor at the last election be drawn from each of two-thirds of the congressional districts throughout the state, and Florida requires that the eight percent signature requirement, based on votes cast for presidential electors, be secured in each of one-half of its congressional districts. The other common political jurisdiction that is employed for ensuring a fairly widespread representation of the signatures secured on a petition, takes into consideration the county as a political and geographical unit. Arkansas requires a ten percent signature requirement, based on the total votes cast for governor in the last election, to be minimally distributed so as to include five percent of the votes cast for governor in each of fifteen counties. The Arkansas law does not spell out which counties. Massachusetts is very direct in its signature distribution requirement. It flatly requires that no more than one-fourth of the total signature requirement be obtained from any single county. Nevada requires its petition signature to be representative of at least ten percent of the total voters who voted in each of seventy-five percent of the counties. This kind of law complicates the circulation of petitions and militates toward an attempt to get a better distribution of signatures on a petition. The problems of petition coordination are obviously quite

complex. Ohio requires the distribution to reflect at least five percent of the qualified electors in each of one-half of all the counties in the state. In Montana, the legislative districts are the essential political jurisdictions utilized as the basis for ensuring the widespread distribution of signatures. Montana law requires the ten percent of qualified electors, based on the number of votes cast for governor in the preceding general election, to include at least ten percent of the qualified electors in each of two-fifths of the state legislative districts. Basically, the distribution of signatures is ensured in eight states by requiring the signatures to be secured from different political jurisdictions, and different geographical sectors of the state. The reliance on these restrictive features that attempt to provide a wider petition signature distribution have not been empirically tested relative to county, legislative district, or congressional district homogeneity, or for geographical clustering. Nevertheless, it does present an interesting notion in an attempt to have dispersed and greater general support shown for a constitutional amendment that is petitioned through the initiative mechanisms.

Table 1-2 provides data on the several states requirement for passage of a popularly initiated constitutional amendment. This passage requirement, in the final analysis, is indicative of the states sharing a democratic attitude toward people's democracy, and toward the view that people can be entrusted to act rationally as lawmakers. The states overwhelmingly require only a simple majority vote on the amendment for passage of an initiated amendment, and no further legal stipulations are generally made. These states (N=13) that account for 76.5 percent

of the total number of states that possess the constitutional initiative (N=17), and use the simple majority vote cast on the amendment for ratification by the people, are: Arizona, Arkansas, California, Colorado, Florida, Michigan, Missouri, Montana, North Dakota, Ohio, Oklahoma, Oregon, and South Dakota. The variation represented among the states for referendum vote approval differ mainly over the requirement to secure a majority vote on the amendment, in addition to a fixed percentage of the total ballots cast at the election. Massachusetts requires, therefore, a majority vote on the amendment, which in turn must also equal thirty percent of the total vote cast at the election in which the amendment was referred to the people. Nebraska has the same requirement, except that the majority vote cast on the referendum must be at least thirty-five percent of the total vote cast at the election. In a very clear way, these requirements may have a profound impact on the outcome of initiated propositions. For example, assume that the "yes" vote for an amendment was 328,000, and the "no" vote equaled 322,000, totaling 650,000 votes cast on the amendment. Yet, the total vote cast in the election is 940,000 votes. To satisfy the thirty-five percent rule of the total vote cast at the election in which the amendment was proposed, would require a 329,000 "yes" vote for passage. In the rule requiring an amendment to secure only a simple majority of the votes cast on the amendment, 328,000 would be sufficient to ensure passage, even though it represents only 50.5 percent of the vote actually cast on the proposition. Under the rule requiring thirty-five percent of the total votes cast in the election, the amendment would be defeated because it did not secure an additional

1,000 "yes" votes. The state of Illinois requires a majority of the vote cast in the election, or three-fifths approval on the amendment.

The most stringent regulation governing the passage of initiated constitutional amendments exists in Nevada. In addition to requiring a majority vote be obtained on an amendment for ratification, Nevada law states that this simple majority vote on the amendment must be secured in two consecutive general elections. This kind of requirement necessitates that interest in the amendment be sustained over a rather protracted period of time. Although Nevada's referendum vote requirement is not the subject of extensive study here, it does raise many questions that would be of interest to empirical political behavior research. For example, what is the rate of passage for all initiated amendments that are subsequently referred to the voters at the first election? What is the passage rate after the second election? What is the percentage of amendments that fail to secure majority vote on the second referral?

The Popular Initiative and State Legislation

Seventeen states provide for the amendment of their constitutions through the popular initiative procedure. Thirteen states, of the seventeen, also enable their electorate to legislate in the area of statutory matters by proposing measures through the popular initiative. The twenty states that have provisions for the use of the initiative for state legislation are displayed in Table 1-3. All but three of these states are geographically positioned west of the Mississippi River. The states that prove to be exceptions to this largely Mid-

TABLE 1-3

STATE LEGISLATION THROUGH THE USE OF THE POPULAR INITIATIVE PROCESS

State	Direct Indirect Initiative	Established by Constitutional Provision	Petition Requirement	Requirement for passage
Alaska	Direct	Yes	10% of those voting in the last general election and resident in at least 2/3 of election districts	Majority of popular vote
Arizona	Direct	Yes	10% of qualified electors	Majority of popular vote
Arkansas	Direct	Yes	8% of those voting in the last general election for governor	Majority of popular vote
California	Direct	Yes	5% of votes cast in the last general election for secretary of state	Majority of popular vote
Colorado	Direct	Yes	8% of vote cast in the last general election for secretary of state	Majority of popular vote
Idaho	Direct	Yes	10% of votes cast in the last general election for governor	Majority of popular vote and a majority of vote equal to the majority of the aggreate vote cast for governor at such general election
Maine	Indirect	Yes	10% of votes cast in the last general election for governor	Majority of popular vote
Massachusetts	Indirect	Yes	3% of votes cast in the last general election for governor	Majority of popular vote and at least 30% of the ballots cast in election

State	Direct Indirect Initiative	Constitutional Provision	Petition Requirement	Requirement for passage
Michigan	Indirect	Yes	8% of votes cast in the last general election for governor	Majority of popular vote
Missouri	Direct	Yes	5% of voters in each of 2/3 of congressional districts	Majority of popular vote
Montana	Direct	Yes	5% of qualified electors in each of at least 1/3 of legislature representative districts; total must equal 5% of total qualified electors	Majority of popular vote
Nebraska	Direct	Yes	7% of votes cast in the last general election for governor	Majority of popular vote
North Dakota	Direct	Yes	10,000 electors	Majority of popular vote
Ohio	Direct & Indirect	Yes	3% of electors	Majority of popular vote
Oklahoma	Direct	Yes	8% of total vote for the state office receiving largest number of votes in last general election	Majority of popular vote
Oregon	Direct	Yes	6% of total votes cast in last election for governor	Majority of popular vote
South Dakota	Indirect	Yes	5% of votes cast in last general election for governor	Majority of popular vote
Utah	Direct & Indirect	Yes	10% of total votes cast in the last election for governor with same percentage required from a majority of the counties (direct); 5% indirect	Majority of popular vote

State	Direct Indirect Initiative	Constitutional Provision	Petition Requirement	Requirement for passage
Washington	Direct & Indirect	Yes	8% of votes cast in the last general election for governor	Majority of popular vote
Wyoming	Direct	Yes	15% of votes in last general election and resident in at 2/3 of counties in state	Majority of popular vote

Source: The Book of the States, 1978-79 (Lexington, Kentucky: The Council of State Governments, 1978), p. 243.

western and Western phenomenon are Maine, Massachusetts, and Ohio.

Table 1-3 displays the several states by type of initiative (direct, indirect, or both), whether the initiative process is established constitutionally, the petition requirement that an initiated measure must receive in terms of either percent of signatures or actual number of signatures, and the vote requirement that an initiated measure must obtain to qualify for successful passage or ratification. An analysis of Table 1-3 provides the following summary conclusions. First, the states that provide for the statute initiative use a mixture of procedures. For the twenty states that have the statute initiative, thirteen states provide for the direct statute initiative, four states use the indirect statutory initiative, and three states have constitutional provisions that enable either the direct or indirect statutory initiative procedure to be employed. The states that only provide for the use of the direct initiative are: Alaska, Arizona, Arkansas, California, Colorado, Idaho, Missouri, Montana, Nebraska, North Dakota, Oklahoma, Oregon, and Wyoming. In all these instances, the direct type of initiative is used in states positioned west of the Mississippi. The ability to place an initiated measure on the ballot for subsequent referral to the electorate, without first receiving legislative action and authorization, is distinctively a western phenomenon. Second, the states that provide for the indirect statute initiative are: Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, and South Dakota. The indirect device requires a measure submitted to the electorate and approved by the people to be resubmitted to the state legislature for final approval or rejection. Third, only the states of Ohio, Utah, and

Washington constitutionally provide for both the direct and indirect statutory initiative.

All twenty states possessing the direct or indirect statutory initiative, have established these procedures in their constitutions. However, some differences exist between the states on the number of signatures essential to the satisfaction of the petition requirement. Normally, the number of signatures required for a direct or indirect statutory initiative is fixed on the basis of a given percentage of the vote cast for a state office in the last general election. For instance, those states requiring a specified percentage of signatures received on an initiative petition relative to the vote cast in the last general election for the office of governor are: Arkansas (8 percent), Idaho (10 percent), Maine (10 percent), Massachusetts (3 percent), Michigan (8 percent), Nebraska (7 percent), Oregon (6 percent), South Dakota (5 percent), Utah (10 percent), and Washington (8 percent). The percentage of signatures required for the petition of the vote cast for governor ranges from a low of three percent in Massachusetts, to a high of ten percent in the states of Idaho, Maine, and Utah. In several states the petition requirement is fixed as a percentage of the vote cast for state offices other than that of the gubernatorial position. Thus, in California and Colorado, the petition must receive five percent and eight percent of the votes cast in the last general election for the office of secretary of state, respectively. In the other states, the signature requirement is satisfied by securing a fixed percentage of the total number of legal electors in the state on the petition. Therefore, in North Dakota a petition must obtain the

signatures of 10,000 electors; in Ohio, three percent of the legal electors; Arizona, ten percent of the qualified electors. Oklahoma requires signatures amounting to eight percent of the total vote received for the state office receiving the largest number of votes in the last general election. Several other states, Alaska, Utah, and Wyoming, use a signature requirement that takes into consideration the number of votes cast in the last general election, in addition to a requirement surrounding the percentage of signatures that need to be generated from the political subdivisions, such as counties, congressional districts, or election districts. There is little doubt that Alaska, Montana, Utah, and Wyoming have incorporated these unique petition requirements into their organic law in order to avert a small interest faction or specific geographical region of their respective states from proposing and having submitted to the electorate statutory measures that do not possess substantive policy of statewide concern, interest, applicability, and impact.

The methods used for ratification of direct and indirect statutory initiated measures are fairly similar among the twenty states. Eighteen of the states enable the majority of the popular vote that is received on a bill to satisfy the passage requirement. Generally, the ratification requirements reflect a democratic attitude toward the use of the statutory initiative. The two states that possess variant requirements for the passage of statutory initiatives are Idaho and Massachusetts. Idaho, in addition to requiring a majority of the popular vote for passage, also requires that a majority of the vote equal to the majority of the aggregate vote cast for governor at the general election in

which the bill was submitted to the electorate. Massachusetts requires a majority of the popular vote and at least thirty percent of the vote cast in the election.

The Role of the State Legislature in the Amendment of the Constitution

The proposal of constitutional amendments by the state legislature is authorized in all fifty states. The legalisms surrounding legislative development of constitutional amendments vary substantially among the several states. Table 1-4 displays the states and a few of the characteristics that accompany the operation of legislative initiated amendments, such as: 1) The legislative vote required for approval of proposed constitutional amendments; 2) consideration of proposed amendment by two sessions; 3) popular vote required for ratification of referred amendment; and 4) the limitations, if any, on the total number of amendments that may be submitted to the electorate in any single election.

In 70 percent of the states (N=35), a minimum of at least 60 percent of all elected members in each house is required in order

TABLE 1-4

AMENDMENT OF THE CONSTITUTION BY THE STATE LEGISLATURE

State	Legislative Vote Required for Proposal	Consideration by two sessions Required	Vote Required for Ratification	Limitation on the Number of Amendments Submitted at One Election
Alabama	3/5	No	Majority vote on Amendment	None
Alaska	2/3	No	Majority vote on Amendment	None
Arizona	Majority	No	Majority vote on Amendment	None
Arkansas	Majority	No	Majority vote on Amendment	3
California	2/3	No	Majority vote on Amendment	None
Colorado	2/3	No	Majority vote	None. Legislature may not propose Amendments at the same session to more than six articles
Connecticuit	1----Three fourths vote in each house at one session or majority vote in each house in two sessions	Three fourths vote in each house at one session, or or majority vote in each house in two sessions	Majority vote on Amendment	None

State	Legislative Vote Required for Proposal	Consideration by Two Sessions Required	Vote Required for Ratification	Limitation on the Number of Amendments Submitted at One Election
Delaware	2/3	Yes	Not required	No referendum
Florida	3/5	No	Majority vote on Amendment	None
Georgia	2/3	No	Majority vote on Amendment	None
Hawaii	Two-thirds vote in each house at one session, or majority vote in each house in two sessions	Two-thirds vote in each house at one session, or majority vote in each house in two sessions	Majority vote on Amendment. Majority on Amendment must equal 35% of total vote at election	None
Idaho	2/3	No	Majority vote on Amendment	None
Illinois	3/5	No	Majority voting in election or 3/5 voting on Amendment	3
Indiana	Majority	Yes	Majority vote on Amendment	None
Iowa	Majority	Yes	Majority vote on Amendment	None
Kansas	2/3	No	Majority vote on Amendment	5

State	Legislative Vote Required for Proposal	Consideration by Two Sessions Required	Vote Required for Ratification	Limitation on the Number of Amendments Submitted at One Election
Kentucky	3/5	No	Majority vote on Amendment	2
Louisiana	2/3	No	Majority vote on Amendment. If five or fewer political subdivision of state affected, majority in state as a whole and also in affected subdivision(s) is required.	None
Maine	2/3 of both houses	No	Majority vote on Amendment	None
Maryland	3/5	No	Majority vote on Amendment	None
Massachusetts	Majority of members elected sitting in joint session	Yes	Majority vote on Amendment	None
Michigan	2/3	No	Majority vote on Amendment	None
Minnesota	Majority	No	Majority vote in election	None

State	Legislative Vote Required for Proposal	Consideration by Two Sessions Required	Vote Required for Ratification	Limitation on the Number of Amendments Submitted at One Election
Mississippi	2/3 and this must include not less than a majority elected to each house	No	Majority vote on Amendment	None
Missouri	Majority	No	Majority vote on Amendment	None
Montana	2/3 of both houses	No	Majority vote on Amendment	None
Nebraska	3/5	No	Majority vote on Amendment The majority must be at least 35% of total vote at election	None
Nevada	Majority	Yes	Majority vote on Amendment	None
New Hampshire	3/5	No	2/3 vote on Amendment	None
New Jersey	3/5 of all members of each house at one session	3/5 of all members of each house at one session,	Majority vote on Amendment	None. If a prepared Amendment is not approved at the election when submitted, neither

State	Legislative Vote Required for Proposal	Consideration by Two Sessions Required	Vote Required for Ratification	Limitation on the Number of Amendments Submitted at One Election
New Jersey (continued)	or majority of all members of each house for two successive sessions	or majority of all members of each house for two successive sessions		the same amendment nor one which would make substantially the same change to the constitution may be again submitted to the people before the third general election thereafter.
New Mexico	Majority. Amendments concering certain elective franchise and education matters require 3/4 vote of members elected and approval by 3/4 of electors voting in state and 2/3 of those voting in each county.	No	Majority vote on Amendment (Same as Legislature vote required for proposal)	None
New York	Majority	Yes	Majority vote on Amendment	None
North Carolina	3/5	No	Majority vote on Amendment	None

State	Legislative Vote Required for Proposal	Consideration by Two Sessions Required	Vote Required for Ratification	Limitation on the Number of Amendments Submitted at One Election
North Dakota	Majority	No	Majority vote on Amendment	None
Ohio	3/5	No	Majority vote on Amendment	None
Oklahoma	Majority	No	Majority vote on Amendment	None
Oregon	Majority to amend constitution, 2/3 to receive all or part of constitution	No	Majority vote on Amendment	None
Pennsylvania	Majority. Emergency amendments may be passed by 2/3 vote of each house, followed by ratification by majority of electors in election held at least one month after legislative approval.	Yes (same as legislature required for proposal)	Majority vote on Amendment	None

State	Legislative Vote Required for Proposal	Consideration by Two Sessions Required	Vote Required for Ratification	Limitation on the Number of Amendments Submitted at One Election
Rhode Island	Majority	No	Majority vote on Amendment	None
South Carolina	2/3 of members of each house, first passage; majority of members of each house after popular ratification	Yes (same as legislative vote required for proposal).	Majority vote on Amendment	None
South Dakota	Majority	No	Majority vote on Amendment	None
Tennessee	Majority of members elected to both houses, first passage; 2/3 of members elected to both houses, second passage.	Yes (same as legislative vote required for passage).	Majority vote in election. Majority of all citizens voting for governor.	None
Texas	2/3	No	Majority vote on Amendment	None
Utah	2/3	No	Majority vote on Amendment	None

State	Legislative Vote Required for Proposal	Consideration by Two Sessions Required	Vote Required for Ratification	Limitation on the Number of Amendments Submitted at One Election
Vermont	2/3 vote senate, majority vote house, first passage; majority both houses, second passage. Amendments may be submitted only every four years.	Yes	Majority vote on Amendment	None
Washington	2/3	No	Majority vote on Amendment	None
West Virginia	2/3	No	Majority vote on Amendment	None
Wisconsin	Majority	Yes	Majority vote on Amendment	None
Wyoming	2/3	No	Majority vote in election	None

Source: The Book of the States 1978-79 (Lexington, Kentucky: The Council of State Governments, 1978), p. 209.

to approve a proposed amendment. The states which require an unusally large majority, and the majority required is shown in Table 1-4. The following ten states, Alabama, Florida, Illinois, Kentucky, Maryland, Nebraska, New Hampshire, New Jersey--at one session, North Carolina, and Ohio, require three-fifths percentage of elected members in each house to secure legislative approval of a proposed amendment. A two-thirds percentage passage is required in twenty-one states, Alaska, California, Colorado, Delaware, Georgia, Idaho, Kansas, Louisiana, Maine, Michigan, Mississippi, Montana, Oregon--to revise all or part of the constitution, Pennsylvania--for emergency amendments, South Carolina--first passage, Texas, Utah, Vermont--only in the senate, Washington, West Virginia, and Wyoming. In addition, several states require three-fourths percentage passage in both legislative houses: Connecticut requires three-fourths in each house for passage at one session, and New Mexico requires a similar percentage approval on selected amendments dealing with the elective franchise and education policy areas. A fairly high percentage of the states, 44 percent, require a majority of legislative approval in both houses: These states include: Arizona, Arkansas, Indiana, Iowa, Massachusetts, Minnesota, Missouri, Nevada, New Mexico, New York, North Dakota, Oklahoma, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Dakota, Tennessee--first passage, Virginia, and Wisconsin. Connecticut, Hawaii, and New Jersey require a majority if the proposed amendment is submitted during two sessions of the state legislature.

Second, thirty-five states do not require legislative approval of a proposed amendment in more than one legislative session, as shown

in Table 1-4. Several states, nonetheless, require amendments proposed and approved by the legislature in one session to go through the second acid-test of being referred to the succeeding or next legislature, which parenthetically, may be comprised of a different membership, and attaining approval for the second time before the amendment may be submitted to the electorate for their consideration. Obviously, this type of procedural circumstance causes not only delay in the passage of amendments to the constitution, but also makes it more difficult to secure overall passage of proposed amendments to the state's organic law. States requiring consideration by two sessions before a legislative proposed amendment can be referred to the people are: Delaware, Indiana, Iowa, Massachusetts, Nevada, New York, Pennsylvania, South Carolina, Tennessee, Vermont, Virginia, and Wisconsin. Connecticut requires a majority vote in each house in two sessions or a three-fourths vote in each house at one session for legislative approval. Hawaii requires either two-thirds vote for passage in each house in one-session, or majority vote for the proposed amendment in two-sessions. New Jersey's provisions call for passage by three-fifths of all members in each house in one-session, or majority vote of each house for proposal in two-sessions. South Carolina not only requires a two-thirds passage of proposed amendments by members of each house for the first passage, but also requires that the second vote consist of a majority of the popular vote on the proposal that is submitted to the electorate, followed by a third vote on the proposal (subsequent to the popular referendum) by the state legislature, in which a simple majority of the members of each house must once again approve the proposal before

it is incorporated into the constitution.

Third, forty-nine states require popular ratification of amendments initiated and referred by the legislature. The most common vote requirement that must be minimally obtained to meet ratification authorzation is obtained when the constitutional question receives a majority of the popular vote cast on the amendment. For instance, the following states have the majority vote on the amendment provisions: These states are: Alabama, Alaska, Arizona, Arkansas, California, Colorado, Connecticut, Florida, Georgia, Hawaii--majority must also equal thirty-five percent of the total vote cast at the election, Idaho, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Mississippi, Missouri, Montana, Nebraska--majority must be at least 35 percent of the total vote cast in the election, Nevada, New Jersey, New Mexico--with special voting requirements for elective franchise and education content amendments, New York, North Carolina, North Dakota, Ohio, Oklahoma, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Carolina, South Dakota, Texas, Utah, Vermont, Virginia, Washington, West Virginia, and Wisconsin. Only five states deviate from this majority vote on the amendment rule, they are: Delaware, Minnesota, New Hampshire, Tennessee, and Wyoming. Delaware does not require popular ratification of referred amendments by the legislature, and Minnesota, Tennessee, and Wyoming require a majority vote on constitutional referendums in relation to the total vote cast in the election. New Hampshire's provisions call for a two-thirds popular vote to meet passage requirements.

Fourth, the set of characteristics shown in Table 1-4 pertains

to the presence of any limitations on the number of amendments that may be submitted at one election. An analysis of the data arrayed in Table 1-5 shows that most states, 90 percent (N=45), do not place restrictions on the number of amendments that may be proposed and submitted to the electorate at a single election. The four states that possess limitations are: Arkansas, Illinois, Kansas, and Kentucky. In Arkansas and Illinois, only three amendments to the constitution may be submitted at one election; in Kansas, five amendments may be submitted at one election; and, in Kentucky, only two constitutional amendments may be present on the ballot at any single election. The State of Delaware does not possess a referendum, and therefore this characteristic is not applicable.

The Role of the Referendum in State Statutory Law-Making Processes

The referendum is a procedure by which the people may have an act of the state legislature referred to a popular vote for final approval by the people. Fundamentally, there are three principal forms that the referendum takes, as identified by The Book of the States 1978-1979. These three referendum forms consist of: (1) petition by the people; (2) submitted by the legislature; and (3) a constitutional requirement.[119] The referendum petition, or petition by the people, is in effect the opposite form of the initiative petition. It differs mainly from the initiative in that the people may petition the state legislature to have a legislative act submitted to the voters for their approval. The voters, therefore, are placed in the capacity of affirming and nullifying what the legislature has done.

Normally, as pointed out later in this chapter, the referendum is generally found in those states that also possess the initiative. The legislature may also refer laws or bills to the electorate for their popular consideration and ratification. This procedure is usually called the legislative referendum of statutory measures to the people. In some states, highly contested legislative issues are submitted to the people for their approval or rejection. Some commentators on this phenomenon suggest that the use of the legislative referendum denigrates the role and the function of an elected, responsive, and responsible legislative-making body, primarily since the legislature "passes-the-buck" to the people. Last, some states require certain types of questions to be referred to the people for their deliberation, especially questions dealing with such policy considerations as authorization of an increase in the public debt.

An analysis of the availability of the referendum among the states shows that eleven states do not have provisions for the employment of the referendum. The states that do not possess the statutory referendum are: Alabama, Connecticut, Delaware, Hawaii, Indiana, Louisiana, Minnesota, Mississippi, Tennessee, Texas, and West Virginia. The other thirty-nine states have procedures enabling one or more of the referendum forms to be used, as shown in Table 1-5. The states which provide for the statutory initiative, also have provisions for the statutory referendum. Table 1-6 displays the twenty states that possess both the statutory initiative and the statutory referendum.

TABLE 1-5

STATE LEGISLATION THROUGH THE USE OF THE REFERENDUM PROCESS

State	Established by Constitutional Provision	Basis for Use of Referendum	Petition Requirement for Referendum
Alaska	Yes	Petition of people	10% of votes cast in last general election for governor and resident in at least 2/3 of election districts
Arizona	Yes	Petition of people Submitted by legislature	5% of qualified votes
Arkansas	Yes	Petition of people	6% of votes cast in last general election for governor
California	Yes	Petition of people Constitution Requirement	5% of votes cast in last general election for governor
Colorado	Yes	Petition of people Submitted by legislature	5% of votes cast in last general election for secretary of state
Florida	Yes	Constitutional requirement	none
Georgia	Yes	Submitted by legislature Constitutional requirement	none
Idaho	Yes	Petition of people	10% of votes cast in last general election for governor
Illinois	Yes	Submitted by legislature	none
Iowa	Yes	Constitutional requirement	none
Kansas	Yes	Constitutional requirement	none

State	Established by Constitutional Provision	Basis for Use of Referendum	Petition Requirement for Referendum
Kentucky	Yes	Petition of people Constitutional requirement	5% of votes cast in last general election for governor
Maine	Yes	Petition of people Submitted by legislature	10% of votes cast in last general election for governor
Maryland	Yes	Petition of people Submitted by legislature	3% of votes cast in last general election for governor
Massachusetts	Yes	Petition of people	2% of votes cast in last general election for governor
Michigan	Yes	Petition of people Submitted by legislature	5% of votes cast in last general election for governor
Missouri	Yes	Petition of people Submitted by legislature	5% of legal votes in each of 2/3 of congressional districts
Montana	Yes	Petition of people Submitted by legislature	5% of total qualified electors and 5% in at least 1/3 of legislative districts
Nebraska	Yes	Petition of people	5% of votes cast in last general election for governor
Nevada	Yes	Petition of people	10% of votes in last general election
New Hampshire	Yes	Submitted by legislature	none
New Jersey	Yes	Submitted by legislature Constitutional requirement	none

State	Established by Constitutional Provision	Basis for Use of Referendum	Petition Requirement for Referendum
New Mexico	Yes	Petition of people Constitutional requirement	10% of votes in last general election and 10% of electors in 3/4 of the counties
New York	Yes	Constitutional requirement	none
North Carolina	Yes	Submitted by legislature Constitutional requirement	none
North Dakota	Yes	Petition of people	7,000 signatures
Ohio	Yes	Petition of people Constitutional requirement	6% of electors
Oklahoma	Yes	Petition of people Submitted by legislature Constitutional requirement	5% of votes cast for state offices receiving largest number of votes in last general election
Oregon	Yes	Petition by people Submitted by legislature	4% of votes cast in last election for governor
Pennsylvania	Yes	Constitutional requirement	none
Rhode Island	Yes	Constitutional requirement	none
South Carolina	Yes	Submitted by legislature Constitutional requirement	none
South Dakota	Yes	Petition of people	5% of votes cast in last general election for governor

State	Established by Constitutional Provision	Basis for Use of Referendum	Petition Requirement for Referendum
Utah	Yes	Petition of people	10% of votes cast in last general election for governor and same percentage required from a majority of the counties
Vermont	No	Submitted by legislatures	none
Virginia	Yes	Submitted by legislatures Constitutional requirement	none
Washington	Yes	Petition of people Submitted by legislature Constitutional requirement	4% of votes cast in last general election for governor
Wisconsin	Yes	Submitted by legislature Constitutional requirement	none
Wyoming	Yes	Petition of people Constitutional requirement	15% of those voting in last general election and resident in at least 2/3 of counties of state

Source: The Book of the States 1978-79, (Lexington, Kentucky: The Council of State Governments, 1978), pp. 244-245.

TABLE 1-6

STATES THAT POSSESS THE STATUTORY INITIATIVE AND STATUTORY REFERENDUM

State	Initiative	Referendum
Alaska	Yes	Yes
Arizona	Yes	Yes
Arkansas	Yes	Yes
California	Yes	Yes
Colorado	Yes	Yes
Idaho	Yes	Yes
Maine	Yes	Yes
Massachusetts	Yes	Yes
Michigan	Yes	Yes
Missouri	Yes	Yes
Montana	Yes	Yes
Nebraska	Yes	Yes
North Dakota	Yes	Yes
Ohio	Yes	Yes
Oklahoma	Yes	Yes
Oregon	Yes	Yes
South Dakota	Yes	Yes
Utah	Yes	Yes
Washington	Yes	Yes
Wyoming	Yes	Yes

Table 1-6 points to the obvious relationship that exists between geographical region of the United States and the possession of both the statutory initiative and referendum. Only four states positioned east of the Mississippi River, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, and Ohio--possess the statutory initiative and referendum, the remaining states, lay west of the Mississippi River. This fact again demonstrates the association of peoples democracy with the Progressive Movement, and its sizeable impact, especially on the western United States.

In Table 1-5 the following characteristics of the statutory referendum are displayed: (1) states possessing the referendum; (2) the establishment of the referendum by constitutional provision;

(3) the bases for the use of the referendum, petition of the people; submitted by the legislature; and constitutional requirement; and (4) the petition requirement for the referendum. First, twenty-four of the fifty states, 48 percent, are located west of the Mississippi River; of these twenty-four states, nineteen states provide for the statutory referendum. Second, in contrast, 76.9 percent of the twenty-six states positioned west of the Mississippi River have the statutory referendum.

Table 1-5 also presents data relevant to whether or not the referendum processes are established by constitutional provision, as well as the bases for the use of the referendum. In thirty-eight out of the thirty-nine states--Vermont is the only exception--the referendum is established by constitutional provision. The basis for the referendum, on the other hand, do not share such a high level of uniformity between the states. The basis for referendum use is rooted in one or more of the following referendum forms: the referendum petition (petition by the people), legislative referendum (measures submitted to the people by the legislature), and constitutional requirement. In analyzing the bases that are used for the statutory referendum process, it becomes clear, as shown in Table 1-7, that the referendum petition basis is the most commonly available referendum form (61.5 percent) among the thirty-nine states that provide for the statutory referendum, followed by the constitutional requirement (48.7 percent), and the legislative referendum as a basis in 46.2 percent of all the states.

TABLE 1-7

BASIS FOR THE REFERENDUM ANOMG THE THIRTY-NINE STATES POSSESSING THE STATUTORY REFERENDUM

Possess Basis	Referendum Petition		Referendum Legislative		Constitutional Requirement	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Yes	24	61.5	18	46.2	19	48.7
No	15	38.5	21	53.8	20	51.3
Total	39	100.0	39	100.0	39	100.0

A further analysis of Table 1-5 reveals that nine states possess only the referendum petition--Alaska, Arkansas, Idaho, Massachusetts, Nebraska, Nevada, North Dakota, South Dakota, and Utah--and six states have the referendum only by constitutional requirement--Florida, Iowa, Kansas, New York, Pennsylvania, and Rhode Island. In addition, nine states have a situation in which a combination of forms are used, such as the referendum petition and the constitutional requirement appearing together--California, Kentucky, New Jersey, New Mexico, Ohio, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Washington, and Wyoming. Another combination that is present is that of the referendum petition and the legislative referendum. This combination appears in the ten states of: Arizona, Colorado, Maine, Maryland, Michigan, Missouri, Montana, Oklahoma, Oregon, and Washington. The last combination consists of the legislative referendum and the constitutional requirement. This combination is available for the states of Georgia, New Jersey, North Carolina, South Carolina, Virginia, and Wisconsin. In all instances where this combination appears, the states are positioned

in either the Eastern or Southern portion of the United States. No Western states are represented in this combination of referendum basis discussed above. Last, all three referendum forms are found in the States of Oklahoma and Washington.

In addressing the final characteristic of the statutory referendum, emphasis must be placed on the referendum petition. Table 1-7 demonstrates that twenty-four of the thirty-nine states (61.5 percent) possess the referendum petition. The petition requirement for the referendum is most commonly based on a fixed percentage of the votes that were cast in the state's last general election for governor. For example, a fixed percentage of the votes cast in the last general election for the gubernatorial position is required in: Arkansas (6 percent), California (5 percent), Idaho (10 percent), Kentucky (5 percent) Maine (10 percent), Maryland (3 percent), Massachusetts (2 percent), Michigan (5 percent), Nebraska (5 percent), Oregon (4 percent), South Dakota (5 percent), and Washington (4 percent). In Colorado, the referendum petition requirement must obtain signatures amounting to 5 percent of the votes cast in the last general election for the office of secretary of state. In Nevada, the petition signature requirement must receive 10 percent of the total votes cast in the last general election, and Arizona requires a 5 percent signature satisfaction on the petition in relation to all qualified voters. Oklahoma, however, bases its petition requirement on 5 percent of the votes cast for the state office receiving the largest number of votes in the last general election.

Four states use a variety of measures to secure a widespread

distribution of signatures on the referendum petition, in addition to acquiring a fixed percentage of the votes cast in the last general election for a specific state office. For example, Alaskan law specifies a petition requirement consisting of 10 percent of the votes cast in the last general election for governor, in addition to having residency in at least two-thirds of the election districts, whereas Montana uses the rule of 5 percent of the total qualified electors and a 5 percent distribution in at least one-third of the legislative districts. New Mexico's petition signature requirement combines 10 percent of the votes cast in the last general election with a distribution of 10 percent of the electors in three-fourths of the counties, which is similar to Wyoming's signature requirement of 15 percent of those voting in the last general election and resident in two-thirds of the state's counties. The information presented in Table 1-5 shows the petition requirement for the statutory referendum is somewhat similar among the states insofar it is largely based on a fixed percentage of the vote cast for the office of governor at the last general election. Several states, however, use a political jurisdiction or election unit to ensure a more diversified or widespread distribution of signatures.

NOTES

[1]Alexander Hamilton is quoted in Thomas R. Dye, Who's Running America? (Englewood Cliffs, New Jersey: Prentice-Hall, Inc., 1976), p. 4. Harold Lasswell and Daniel Lerner observed in The Comparative Study of Elites, ". . . that in all large-scale societies the decisions at any given time are typically in the hands of a small number of people."

[2]Robert E. Riggs,"Vox Populi: The Battle of 103," Arizona Government Studies, No. 2 (Tucson, Arizona: The Institute of Government Research, The University of Arizona, 1964), p. 6.

[3]Ibid., n.p.

[4]Duane Lockard, The Politics of State and Local Government (New-York: The Macmillan Company, 1963), p. 264.

[5]Ibid.

[6]For an interesting and definitive treatment of the three principal reform movements that took place in the United States during the 1890-1939 period (the Populism Movement, Progressive Movement, and New Deal Liberalism Movement), see Richard Hofstader, The Age of Reform (New York: Vintage Books, 1955). Although the New Deal Liberalism Movement is extremely interesting in its own right, direct democracy was most affected by the Populist Movement and Progressive Movement.

[7]Bob Tucker, "Three Initiated Measures Facing Challenge Of History On Tuesday," Daily Capital Journal, November 6, 1978, p. 1, Pierre, South Dakota. It is rather paradoxical that one of the major proponets of a national initiative is also a South Dakota. Senator James Abourezk (D) recommended the use of the initiative procedure as an added way to bring about constitutional change in America. There is, however, some limited involvement of the people (farmers) who particpate in the agricultural price supports referenda. For a more extensive discussion, see Ralph M. Goldman, "The Advisory Referendum in America," Public Opinion Quarterly, 14 (Summer, 1950), 303-315.

[8]Keith L. Bryant, Jr., Alfalfa Bill Murray (Norman, Oklahoma: University of Oklahoma Press, 1968), p. 61.

[9]See Gilbert L. Hedges, Where the People Rule (San Franciso: Bender-Moss Company, 1914); James Duff Barnett, The Operation of the Initiative, Referendum and Recall in Oregon (New York: The Macmillan Company, 1915); Charles Austin Beard and B. E. Shultz, Documents on the State-Wide Initiative, Referendum and Recall (New York: The Macmillan Company, 1912);

Edwin Munroe Baun and Morrill Wyman, Direct Elections and Law-Making by Popular Vote (New York: Houghton-Mifflin Company, 1912); Delos Franklin Wilcox, Government by All the People; or The Initiative, The Referendum and The Recall as Instruments of Democracy (New York: The Macmillan Company, 1912); Edith May Phelps (Compiler), Selected Articles on the Initiative and Referendum (White Plains, New York: The E. W. Wilson Company, 1914); William Bennett Munro (ed.), The Initiative, Referendum and Recall (New York: D. Appleton and Company, 1913); Nathan Cree, Direct Legislation by the People (Chicago: A. C. Mc Clury and Company, 1892); James Boyle, The Initiative and Referendum: Its Folly Fallacies and Failure (Columbus, Ohio: A. H. Smythe, 1912); James T. Stoddart, Against the Referendum (London: Hodder and Stoughton, 1910); John Z. White, Direct Legislation, The Initiative and Referendum (Conneaut, Ohio: H. H. Timby, 1910); J. W. Sullivan, Direct Legislation by the Citizenship through the Initiative and Referendum (New York: Twentieth Century, 1892).

[10]Lockard, p. 263.

[11]Joseph F. Zimmerman, State and Local Government (New York: Barnes and Noble Books, 1970), p. 87.

[12]John E. Raker, Congressional Record, 47 (May 20, 1911), p. 67 of Appendix.

[13]Charles M. Price, "The Initiative: A Comparative State Analysis and Reassessment of a Western Phenomenon," Western Political Quarterly, XXVIII (June, 1975) :244.

[14]George S. Blair, American Legislatures: Structures and Process (New York: Harper and Row, 1967), p. 392.

[15]Ibid.

[16]Thomas R. Dye and L. Harmon Zeigler, The Irony of Democracy, 3rd ed. (North Scituate, Massachusetts: Duxbury Press, 1975), p. 6.

[17]Ibid., p. 7.

[18]Ibid.

[19]Ibid. It is important to keep in mind that classical democratic theory sees democracy as a government of the people--a people who are informed and alert and who articulate their views as they participate in the processes of government.

[20]Zimmerman, p. 90.

[21]Hugh A. Bone, The Initiative and Referendum 2nd ed. (New York: National Municipal League, 1975), p. 7. This State Constitutional Studies Project is a valuable aid to the student of the initiative and referendum who wishes to ascertain the legal basis for the operation of the "I and R" in the several states. Professor Bone provides a "state by state" analysis, as well as general commentary on the operation of direct democracy in each state.

[22]Zimmerman, p. 90; Bone, The Initiative and Referendum, p. 7.

[23]Zimmerman, p. 90.

[24]Bone, The Initiative and Referendum, p. 7.

[25]Zimmerman, p. 90.

[26]Daniel R. Grant and H. C. Nixon, State and Local Government in America (Boston: Allyn and Bacon, Inc., 1968), p. 297.

[27]Bone, The Initiative and Referendum, p. 7.

[28]Zimmerman, p. 91; and, Lockhard, p. 266.

[29]Bone, The Initiative and Referendum, p. 6.

[30]Zimmerman, p. 91. Lockard and Bone, in separate works, also come to similar conclusions.

[31]Grant and Nixon, p. 297; View is also stated by Bone, The Initiative and Referendum, p. 6, and Zimmerman, p. 90.

[32]Zimmerman, p. 91.

[33]Ibid.

[34]Bone, The Initiative and Referendum, p. 6. Claudius O. Johnson and Associates agree with this concept. They state:

> "In theory direct legislation is sponsored by "the people," but usually a bill is promoted (or opposed) by farm bureau federations or granges, labor unions, manufacturers' associations, good government leagues, united taxpayers, pension groups, conservationists, sportsmen, and a variety of other special interests."

[35]Claudius O. Johnson, H. Paul Castleberry, Thor Swanson, and Daniel M. Ogden, Jr., American State and Local Government 4th ed. (New York: Thomas Y. Crowell Company, 1965), p. 120. These scholars state:

> ". . . there may be cases in which an interest group with an "ax to grind" and plenty of money to spend may plague the electorate with repeated submissions of a proposal, increase its indifference, or perhaps wear it down, and push it the proposal that an alert majority would never approve."

[36]Zimmerman, p. 91.

[37]Ibid.

[38]Grant and Nixon, p. 297.

[39]Bone, The Initiative and Referendum, p. 6.

[40]Grant and Nixon, p. 297.

[41]Bone, The Initiative and Referendum, p.6. Similar arguments against direct legislation, particularly as direct legislation impacts on the responsibilities of the state assembly are presented in most basic state and local government text books. As Johnson and Associates note:

> "It has ...been said that legislatures may feel less responsibility, leaving the people to act on their own if they care to do so. It is not possible to draw very satisfactory conclusions on these points. Yet it appears safe to say that, even where the people resort most frequently to direct legislation, the legislatures function about as they do in other states. Nor is there any appreciable difference between the calibre of the legislators in states with popular law-making and those without it."

[42]Grant and Nixon, p. 297.

[43]Lockard, p. 264.

[44]John S. Radabqugh, "Tendencies of California Direct Legislation," Southwestern Social Science Quarterly, 42 (September, 1961), 66.

[45]Bone, The Initiative and Referendum, p. 6.

[46]Ibid. An excellent discussion on this point, in addition to a treatment of the uses and the history of the initiative, see "Initiative Legislation in California," (California State Chamber of Commerce, n.d.) (Mimeographed), p.1.

[47]Zimmerman, p. 90.

[48]Research Department, "Initiative Legislation in California," p. 4.

[49]Ibid., p. 5

[50], [51], [52]Ibid., p. 6

[53], [54]Ibid., p. 9.

[55], [56], [57]Ibid., p. 10.

[58], [59], [60]Ibid., p. 11.

[61]Ibid., pp. 4-5.

[62]Ibid.

[63]Bone, The Initiative and Referendum, p. 15.

[64]Research Department, "Initiative Legislation in California," p. 5.

[65]Ibid., p. 6.

[66]Ibid.

[67]Ibid., p. 7.

[68]Bone, The Initiative and Referendum, p. 15.

[69]Ibid.

[70]Ibid.

[71]Research Department, "Initiative Legislation in California," p. 9.

[72]Bone, The Initiative and Referendum, p. 16.

[73]Ibid.

[74]Research Department, "Initiative Legislation in California," pp. 9-10.

[75]Ibid., p. 10.

[76]Ibid.

[77]Bone, The Initiative and Referendum, p. 18.

[78]Ibid.

[79]See Samuel A. Kirkpatrick, David R. Morgan, and Thomas G. Kielhorn, The Oklahoma Voter (Norman, Oklahoma: University of Oklahoma Press, 1977), p. 210. Also see Hugh A. Bone and Robert C. Benedict, "Perspectives on Direct Legislation: Washington State's Experience 1914-1973," Western Political Quarterly, XXVIII (June, 1975), 330. General discussion of statewide initiative and referendum voting behavior, in addition to the several citations mentioned above, is found is the following works: James K. Pollock, The Initiative and Referendum in Michigan (Ann-Arbor: University of Michigan Press, 1940); Winston W. Crouch and V. O. Key, Jr., The Initiative and Referendum in California (Berkeley, University of California Press, 1939); Eugene C. Lee (ed.), The California Governmental Process (Boston: Little, Brown and Co., 1966), especially Chapter V; John S. Radabaugh, "Tendencies of California Direct Legislation,"; Joseph La Palombara and Charles Hagan, "Direct Legislation: An Appraisal and a Suggestion," American Political Science Review, 45 (June, 1951), 400-421.

[80]See John H. Kessel, George F. Cole, and Robert G. Seddig, Micropolitics: Individual and Group Level Concepts (New York: Holt, Rinehart and Winston, Inc., 1970), p. 1. This book presents a "thumb-nail" definition of micropolitics and macropolitics as constituting: "Micropolitics is an approach to political analysis using individual and group level concepts to study political phenomena. Macropolitics, in contrast, focuses on the aggregate characteristics of political systems." In the study of direct democracy, micropolitical analysis would investigate individual voting behavior with perhaps a focus on individual role theory, cognitions, political orientations, decision behavior, small group behavior. On the other hand, macropolitical analysis would be concerned with the voting,

election characteristics, or attitudinal characteristics of the total system or total citizenry.

[81]Kessel, et. al., p. 8.

[82]For a discussion of referenda voting from the micro-analytical level see: James A. Norton, "Referenda Voting in a Metropolitan Area," Western Political Quarterly, VII (March, 1963), 195-212; James Q. Wilson and Edward C. Banfield, "Public Regardingness as a Value Premise in Voting Behavior," American Political Science Review, 58 (December, 1964), 876-887. This widely attributed study treats voting in referenda in Detroit, Kansas City, Cleveland, Miami, and Chicago. Raymond E. Wolfinger and Fred J. Greenstein, "The Repeal of Fair Housing in California: An Analysis of Referendum Voting," American Political Science Review, 62 (September, 1968), 753-769; Harlan Hahn, "Voting in Canadian Communities: A Taxonomy of Referendum Issues," Canadian Journal of Political Science, (December, 1968), 462-469; Clarence Stone, "Local Referendums: An Alternative to the Alienated Voter Model," Public Opinion Quarterly, 29 (Summer, 1965), 213-222; Robert L. Crain and Donald B. Rosenthal, "Structures and Values in Local Political Systems: The Case of Fluoridation Decisions," Journal of Politics, 28 (February, 1966), 169-195; David Harry Van Scoy, "Ohio School District Characteristics and Bond Referendum Voter Behavior," (unpublished Ed.D. dissertation, Indiana University, 1972); Bruce Shepard, "Political Preferences, Participation and Local Policy Making: A Study of Referendum Voting Behavior in American Cities," (unpublished Ph.D. dissertation, University of California, Riverside, 1972); William B. Shepard, "Participation in Local Policy Making: The Case of Referenda," Social Science Quarterly, 56 (June, 1975), 55-70; Henry J. Schmandt, Paul G. Steinbicker, and George D. Wendel, Metropolitan Reform in St. Louis (New York: Holt, Rinehart and Winston, Inc., 1961); William A. Gamson, "The Fluoridation Dialogue: Is It An Ideological Conflict?, Public Opinion Quarterly, 25 (Winter, 1961), 526-537; John E. Morton and Wayne E. Thompson, "Powerlessness and Political Negativism: A Study of Defeated Local Referendums," American Journal of Sociology, 67 (March, 1962), 485-493; Robert Dykstra and Harlan Hahn, "Northern Voters and Negro Suffrage: The Case of Iowa, 1868," Public Opinion Quarterly, 32 (Summer, 1968), 202-215; Richard A. Watson and John H. Romani, "Metropolitan Government for Metropolitan Cleveland: An Analysis of the Voting Record," Midwest Journal of Political Science, 5 (November, 1961), 365-390; Robert H. Salisbury and Gordon Black, "Class and Party in Partisan and Non-Partisan Elections: The Case of Des Moines," American Political Science Review, 57 (June, 1963), 584-592; M. Kent Jennings and Harmon Zeigler, "Class, Party, and Race in Four Types of Elections: The Case of Atlanta," Journal of Politics, 28 (May, 1966), 391-407; J.H. Kuklinski and R.C. Elling, "Representational Role of Constituency Opinion, and Legislative Roll-Call Behavior," American Journal of Political Science, 21 (February, 1977), 135-147.

R.S. Erikson, N.R. Luttbeg, and W.V. Holloway, "Knowing Ones District How Legislators Predict Referendum Voting," American Journal of Political Science, 19 (May, 1975), 231-246; Thomas A. F. Plant, "Analysis of Voting Behavior in a Fluoridation Referendum," Public Opinion Quarterly, 23 (Summer, 1959), 213-222; Howard D. Hamilton, "Direct Legislation: Some Implications of Open Housing Referenda," American Political Science Review, 64 (March, 1970), 124-137; John E. Mueller, "The Politics Fluoridation in Seven California Cities," Western Political Quarterly, 19 (March, 1966), 54-67; M.W. Giles, D.S. Gatlin, and E.F. Cataldo,"Parental Support for School Referenda," Journal of Politics, 38 (May, 1976), 442-451; C.A. Evans, Jr. and T. Pickles, "Statewide Anti-fluoridation initiatives: A New Challenge to Health Workers," American Journal of Public Health, 68 (January, 1978), 59-62; M.J. Weiner, "Nonreactive Predictor of a Liquor by Drink Referendum," Journal of Social Psychology, 97 (October, 1975), 103-106; R. Durand, "Ethnicity, Public-Regardingness, and Referenda Voting," Midwest Journal of Political Science," 16 (May, 1972), 259-268; J. Neufeld, "Taxrate Referenda and Property Taxpayers Revolt," National Tax Journal, 30 (December, 1977), 441-456; D.J. Harmatuck, "Referendum Voting as a Guide to Public Support for Mass Transit," Traffic Quarterly, 30 (July, 1976), 347-369; R. Deacon and P. Shapiro, "Private Preference for Collective Goods Revealed Through Voting on Referenda," American Economic Review, 65 (September, 1975), 943-955; V.L. Marando, "Voting in City-County Consolidation Referenda," Western Political Quarterly, 26 (March, 1973), 90-96; N. Blume, "Open Housing Referenda," Public Opinion Quarterly, 35 (Winter, 1971-72), 563-570; and, Alvin Boskoff and Harmon Zeigler, Voting Patterns in a Local Election (Philadelphia: J.B. Lippincott Co., 1964).

[83]Hugh A. Bone and Robert C. Benedict, "Perspectives on Direct Legislation: Washington State's Experience 1914-1973," Western Political Quarterly, XXVIII (June, 1975), p. 330.

[84]Price, pp. 243-261.

[85]The following table reports the general findings reported in Price, p. 262

Selected Political System Characteristics and Initiative Use

Selected Political Factors	Initiative Use Pattern Associated with Factor	
	High-Low Initiative Use States	Yes-No Initiative Use States
Strong Pressure System	Positive	None
Weak Legislative Parties	None	Positive
Two-Party System	None	Positive
CCSL		
Overall	None	None
Functional	Positive	None
Accountable	None	None

85 (Continued).

	High-Low Initiative Use States	Yes-No Initiative Use States
Quality of Life	Positive	None
Innovation Ranking	None	None
Walker	None	None
Gray	None	None

[86]Price, pp. 249 ff.

[87]Allan H. Lammers and David Kenney, "Correlates of Constitutional Change in Illinois," Public Affairs Bulletin, No. 4 (Carbondale, Illinois: Public Affairs Research Bureau, Southern Illinois University at Carbondale, 1970), p. 2.

[88]Norman C. Thomas, "The Electorate and State Constitution Revision: An Analysis of Four Michigan Referenda," in State and Urban Politics, ed. by Richard I. Hofferbert and Ira Sharkansky (Boston: Little, Brown and Company, 1971), p. 154.

[89]Ibid., pp. 154ff.

[90]Hugh A. Bone, "The Initiative in Washington: 1914-1974," Washington Public Policy Notes, No. 4 (Seattle: Institute of Government Research, University of Washington, 1974), pp. 2ff. Bone found that voter falloff varies substantially as the proposition issues change (Individual Life Styles with a 11.1 percent falloff and State and Local Government Project with a 26.8 percent falloff). Another finding in the Washington study that is of some importance pertains to the higher initiative passage level in presidential elections, and the lower passage of initiatives in mid-term elections.

[91]David R. Morgan, Samuel A. Kirpatrick, et. al., "Patterns of Referenda Voting in Oklahoma: A Multivariate Analysis Over Time" (paper presented at the 1975 annual meeting of the Southwestern Political Science Association, San Antonio, Texas, March 27-29, 1975), pp. 8ff.

[92]Johnson, p. 112, notes that the initiative is also considered, in folkish language, to constitute "...a spur in the flank of the legislature;" the referendum constitutes for the legislature "...a bit in its mouth."

[93]Bone and Benedict, p. 332.

[94]Ibid.

[95]Ibid., p. 333.

[96]Ibid.

[97]Ibid., p. 335.

[98]Bertil L. Hanson, "Oklahoma's Experience with Direct Legislation," Southwestern Social Science Quarterly, 47 (December, 1966), 265.

[99]Ibid.

[100]Ibid., p. 266.

[101]Ibid., p. 267.

[102]Ibid., pp. 267-268.

[103]Ibid., p. 268. Direct democracy was clearly supported more strongly by the liberal and radical reformers around the turn of the 20th Century. Prior to the New Deal period, the initiative and referendum were basically the tools of liberal reformers. However, during the Post New Deal period, the "I and R" has been liberally used by conservatives to ". . . promote tax limitation, to curb labor unions, and to defeat proposals for public power, social welfare, and open housing." Johnson, pp. 114f.

[104]Bone and Benedict, p. 337.

[105]See: C. Kenneth Meyer, Mitchell Beville, Terrence Berendes, and Julianne Smendzuik, Direct Democracy in South Dakota: The People Conducting Their Own Business (Vermillion, South Dakota: The Governmental Research Bureau, University of South Dakota, forthcoming). This publication provides a compilation of voting data on all propositions submitted to the South Dakota electorate since 1890, and also includes the explanatory statements pertaining to all initiatives and referendums. The data set is available from the Inter-University Consortium for Political and Social Research, The University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, Michigan.

[106]Hanson, p. 269

[107]Bone and Benedict, p. 339.

[108]Ibid., p. 340.

[109]Ibid.

[110]Hanson, p. 267.

[111]Ibid., p. 269.

[112]Ibid., p. 270.

[113]Bone and Benedict, p. 340.

[114]Ibid.

[115]Ibid.

[116]Hanson, p. 273.

[117]Price, p. 247.

[118]The data for the states that possess the popular initiative was gathered by Albert L. Sturm. Of course, the author is indebted to his compilation of the legal requirements surrounding the operation of the initiative and referendum. Another compilation of the major provisions for the "I and R" in each state was completed by Hugh Bone, in his"The Initiative and Referendum," pp. 19-53. In addition, please see Albert L. Sturm's yearly review of constitutional changes in the National Civic Review, and his most widely cited research: Albert L. Sturm, Thirty Years of State Constitution-Making: 1938-1968. (New York: National Municipal League, 1970); also, Albert L. Sturm, Methods of State Constitutional Reform (Ann Arbor, Michigan: University of Michigan Press, 1954); and, W. Brooke Graves (ed.) Major Problems in State Constitutional Revision (Chicago, Illinois: Public Administration Service, 1960).

A substantial amount of literature has appeared over the last sixty years relevant to state constitutional amendment procedures and political considerations. A small sampling of this literature includes: he Oklahoma Constitutional Survey and Citizen Advisory Committees, Oklahoma Constitutional Studies (Oklahoma City: The Oklahoma State Legislative Council, 1950), especially Chapter Three, "Amendment and Revision of the Constitution of Oklahoma," pp. 17-40, and Chapter Seven, "Direct Legislation," pp. 116-124. Thomas Kitsos, "Constitutional Amendments and the Voter, 1952-1966," (Urbana, Illinois: Institute of Government and Public Affairs, University of Illinois, 1967). Jack D. Timmons, "1966 Proposed Constitutional Amendments," (Lincoln, Nebraska: Extension Service, University of Nebraska, n.d.); Albert L. Sturm, Major Constitutional Issues in West Virginia (Morgantown, West Virginia: Bureau for Government Research, West Virginia University, 1961); Jack E. Holmes, "Constitutional Amendments Proposed by the Twenty-Second Legislature," (Sante Fe, New-Mexico: New Mexico Legislative Council Service, 1955); Albert L. Sturm, "Recent Trends in State Constitutional Revision," Public Affairs Series, No. 11 (Tempe, Arizona: Bureau of Government Research, Arizona State University, 1965); Illinois Legislative Council, "Problems of Constitutional Revision in Illinois," (Springfield, Illinois: Illinois Legislative Council, 1941); Walter F. Dodd, The Revision and Amendment of State Constitutions (Baltimore: John Hopkins Press, 1910); National Municipal League, State Constitutions and Constitutional Revision: A Selected Bibliography (New York: National Municipal League, 1962); Louisiana Legislative Council, "Legislative Submission of Questions to a Vote of the People," (Baton Rouge, Louisiana: Louisiana Legislative Council, 1961); John L. Sanders, "Constitutional Revision and Court Reform: A Legislative History," (Chapel Hill, North Carolina: Institute of Government, University of North Carolina, 1959); The Nebraska Legislative Council, "A Summary of Constitutional Amendments Proposed by the Nebraska Legislature During the Regular Session in 1953 and During the Special Session in 1954," (Lincoln, Nebraska: The Nebraska Legislative Council, 1954); Alvin H. Proctor, "Power Factors in Kansas Constitutional Revision," (Pittsburg, Kansas: Kansas State College, n.d.); Chester A. Newland, "Kansas Constitutional Amendments: 1958," (Lawrence, Kansas: Governmental Research Center, 1958); J. E. Dovell, David G. Temple, Manning J. Dauer, "Florida's Proposed Constitutional Amendments," Civic Information Series, No. 24 (Gainesville, Florida: Public Administration Clearing Service, University of Flordia, 1956)

[119] See Albert L. Sturm, "State Constitutions and Constitutional Revision, 1976-1977," in The Book of the States 1978-79 (Lexington, Kentucky: The Council of State Governments, 1978), p. 193.

CHAPTER II

METHODOLOGY

Data collection, processing, and analysis for this project followed standard procedures for the most part.[1] The account in this chapter is presented in sufficient detail to enable readers to follow tabulations in the text and appendices, and to enable other researchers to make use of the data set for further investigation or as a pattern for similar projects in other states. Attention is given here to three topics: (1) the data collection and storage system, (2) brief description of the statistical analysis, and (3) the special search and retrieval system used for the legal discussion in Chapter III.

Data Collection and Storage

In researching the direct legislation experience in Oklahoma, the primary data was obtained from the Archives of the Oklahoma State Election Board. The quality of the data varied considerably during the earlier reporting period of 1907 through 1938. Voting data were either misplaced or missing in the archives. For instance, the 1908 election required that secondary references such as the Daily Oklahoman and several county based newspapers had to be consulted in an attempt to reconstruct the county tabulations for submitted questions.

The data that provide the basic information on which this study and analysis depend are the county returns for direct legislative elections

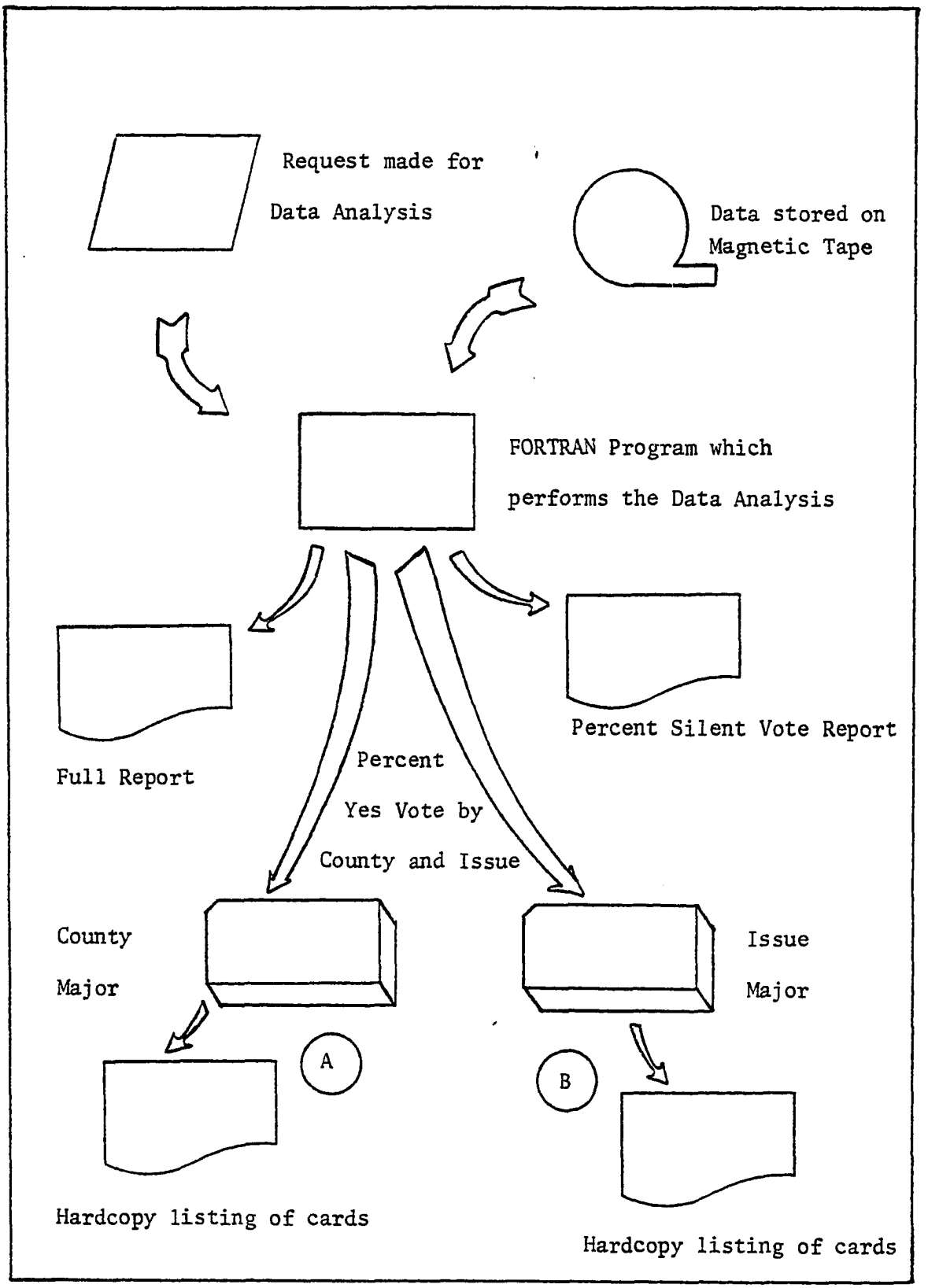
of the time period 1907-1972. During this sixty-five year period two-hundred and fifty-two measures were voted on in statewide elections in Oklahoma. These voting data were compiled for each of Oklahoma's seventy-seven counties for all two-hundred and fifty-two measures. The pre-1948 data were gathered from the official returns as recorded and held in the State Election Board Archives and on microfilm in the Oklahoma State Library. For subsequent years, most initiative and referendum data were obtained from Election Results and Statistics published by Oklahoma State Election Board. Due to the manner by which official returns are recorded, the data were not in a form that was suitable for photocopying, at least with conventional copying equipment. This problem required that all data entries be individually recorded on the basic data collection instrument (Oklahoma State Question Worksheet, Appendix A). In addition, the state question data were missing for the election of 1908 (State Questions 1 through 5), and approximately thirty-to-forty issues were recorded in election books by the wrong year. Because of this reporting problem, all the election records were individually and methodically searched for relevant data, since failure to locate county data on either an issue or an election meant that secondary references had to be extensively used and this would require a great deal of additional research and time. Frequently, the data were recorded by voting precinct and/or township only, and thus the needed county summary "yea" and "nay" vote total, as well as the total vote cast for the highest office, had to be tallied separately in order to arrive at county summary voting totals.

The data were then conventionally encoded and keypunched (standard Hollerith code characters) using IBM 29 Keypunch, and then verified for

data keypunch accuracy. The end result was nearly 100,000 pieces of information recorded on 19,656 standard-80-column (5081) punch cards.[2] Upon verification the data were placed on magnetic tape for security in storage and for easy information retrieval.[3]

FORTRAN IV comprised the major programming language used in this study. Employing this language enabled the raw data to be converted into three principal working documents and one major punched card file. First, the FORTRAN (formula translation) program was used to produce a printout document that displayed all the propositions and accompanying abbreviated title, election related information, and approval/rejection status of each measure. In addition, the individual county and statewide voting characteristics--total vote "yes," total vote "no," total vote cast on the measure, percent "yes" vote, and percent participation--are calculated with this program, and a photographically reduced copy is provided in Appendix D. Second, the basic FORTRAN program was utilized to prepare a county and statewide summary voting document pertaining to the operation of the "silent-vote." The "silent-vote" summary tabulations are not included in this study, but were used for the analysis of the impact of the silent vote in Chapter IV and are available for future research. Third, the FORTRAN program also produced a punched card deck recorded in the percent yes column of the document displayed in Appendix D.[4] The punched card file is for each county's percent "yea" vote (calculated as a percent of the total vote cast on the measure) on all 252 issues. These data constitute the most frequently used file of information employed in the study. A summary of the discussion presented above is graphically illustrated in Figure 2-1--Data Analysis Systems Flowchart.

Figure 2-1.--Data Analysis Systems Flowchart



Four basic versions of the data set or information derived from it exist. Abbreviated card formats for these four versions follow:

1. The Raw Data Set. This consists of 19,404 data cards and 252 leader cards from which Appendix D was prepared. These were prepared directly from the worksheets (see sample in Appendix A), containing the raw yes and no votes by county, and the county vote for the office or issue attracting the highest statewide vote in the election at which the question appeared on the ballot. This third item was used to calculate the "participation percentage," for each county.

Columns	Items
1-13	County name, alphabetic
14-19	Yes votes
20-26	No votes
27-34	Votes for highest office or issue
35-77	Blank
78-80	State Question Number

From this set a FORTRAN program supplied a total of Yes and No votes, the percent yes, and the percent participation, as well as the totals line at the end of the listing by county of each state question. This finished collection of election results for the 252 questions is presented in Appendix D, and constitutes the fundamental data set of the project. It is currently in the archive of the Inter-University Consortium for Political and Social Research, Ann Arbor, Michigan.

2. The Percentage Yes Set: Issues as Variables. From the Raw Data set, a translation into a 3-digit percentage yes set was prepared, and is currently maintained and updated by the Bureau of Government Research, University of Oklahoma. That archive now contains about 1404 cards or equivalent in tape records, arranged in sets of 78 cards. These cards are designed as follows:

Card 1	State Question Numbers for 21 SQ's in 3-column fields
Cards 2-78	Yes Vote Percentage in 3 digits (i.e., carried to one decimal point inserted by programming) for the 21 SQ's

The 252 State Questions covered in this dissertation are represented in the Bureau of Government Research archive by 1014 cards (936 for the data and 78 more for county identifications). It also contains county data on nine additional state questions, 29 socioeconomic and political variables and 24 sets of county factor scores resulting from a series of factor analyses carried out by Samuel Kirkpatrick and David Morgan.[5] For statistical analysis, this collection is arranged so that the questions are handled as variables and the counties as cases.

3. The Percentage Yes Set: Counties as Variables. For more convenient use in other statistical analysis, a 1260 card set was prepared, also giving percentage Yes in 3-digit fields, using five cards for each state question. This set was used for exploration of county voting behavior and areal comparisons, since it inputs into standard computer statistical packages with counties as variables and questions as cases. The format:

Cards	Columns	Items
1-3	1-3	State Question Number
	4-78	Yes vote percentage in 3 digits for 25 counties in 3-column fields
4		Same format except only 2 counties remaining
5	1-31	Question caption, alphabetic
	32-52	Type of Election (General, Special, Primary, Special Primary)
	53-64	Type of State Questions Referral (Legislative Referendum, Initiative Petition, Referendum Petition, Constitutional Convention)
	65-71	Outcome (Adopt, Reject)
	72-80	State Question Number (actual sequence, not assigned).

This version of the data was used for all of the descriptive stat-

istics (means, ranges, standard deviations) by county presented in Chapter IV and V. It also furnished the basis for the county areal maps and tables in Chapter V, although for this purpose the means for groups of issues there defined as "Policy Type" groups were calculated by merging the results for individual questions.

4. The Group Means Set. Finally, a "most compact" set of 77 cards was prepared, giving the merged results for policy groups in mean Yes percentages, including 18 items per card: County ID, Mean Yes Vote on All 252 Issues, Mean Yes vote on 12 policy groups, as well as four county indicators used as independent variables for some of the analysis in Chapter V. Format, ommitting blanks is:

Columns	Items
1-2	County ID
3-44	Percent Mean Yes in 3-digit fields for 13 Policy Groups, including All, and Percent Mean Democratic 1907-1962 in a 3-digit field.
45-48	Population Density per Square Mile
49-53	Median County Income 1962
55	Region (0) Oklahoma Territory (1) Indian Territory

This set was especially suited to the SPSS subroutines used for the crosstabulations, correlations, and regressions in Chapter V and the exploratory applications of discriminant analysis and Guttman scaling in Chapter VI.

Statistical Measures Used in Analysis

A number of univariate descriptive statistical measures are used throughout the analysis. Extensive use is made of percentages as a basis for comparing both counties and questions, and percentage means, ranges, and standard deviations. Means are also merged into grand means for several presentations.[7]

Since the data set is a universe, not a sample, the question arises as to whether it is appropriate to make use of inferential statistics or to attach significance levels to findings. The decision was to use descriptive statistics for the major portion of the analysis but to include a few inferential statistics as well. The debate in the social science disciplines over the use of significance levels is too complex to review here, but briefly, the case for the use of inferential statistics for a universe of data like votes on Oklahoma State Questions is that even though a universe the data may be considered also a sample, as representative of all past, present, future, and possible votes on issues, both in Oklahoma and in all other actual or imaginable constituencies.[8] At the least, significance levels point readily to strength of influencs or relationships between and among variables.

Bivariate correlation coefficients[9] and their significance levels by the t-test are included to show relationships between each of 13 policy groups of state questions and each of four "explanatory" variables, with the 77 counties as the cases. These are simple r's and r^2's, r^2 showing the proportion of variation "explained" by the association. Multiple R^2's for four independent variables associated with each of the same 13 policy group mean yes vote by county are calculated, in connection with multiple regression equations for each group.[10] Significance of the R^2's is by the F-test.

Bivariate crosstabulation tables are run for 50 combinations under the control of Region. For each of these tables, Kendall's Tau-b is calculated, with significance level determined by Kendall's own formula for the standard error of Tau-b and Tau-c.[12] Tau-b was designed for measuring

association between two ordinal variables when arranged in a crosstabulation by ordered categories (dichotomies like the Region variable used in Chapter V may be treated as ordinal as well). Essentially Tau-b measures the difference in the number of "concordant" and "discordant" pairs of cases. A concordant pair is one in which the two cases have the same ordinal relationship on both variables; a discordant pair is one in which the two cases have different ordinal relationships on the two variables (e.g., A ranks above B on one variable but below B on the other variable). This difference (often expressed as P - Q, or C - D) is then divided by the total number of untied pairs (expressed as the geometric mean of pairs untied on Row and pairs united on Column). If the ranking on one variable is closely associated with the ranking on the other Tau-b will approach its maximum of +1 if the association is positive or -1 if negative.

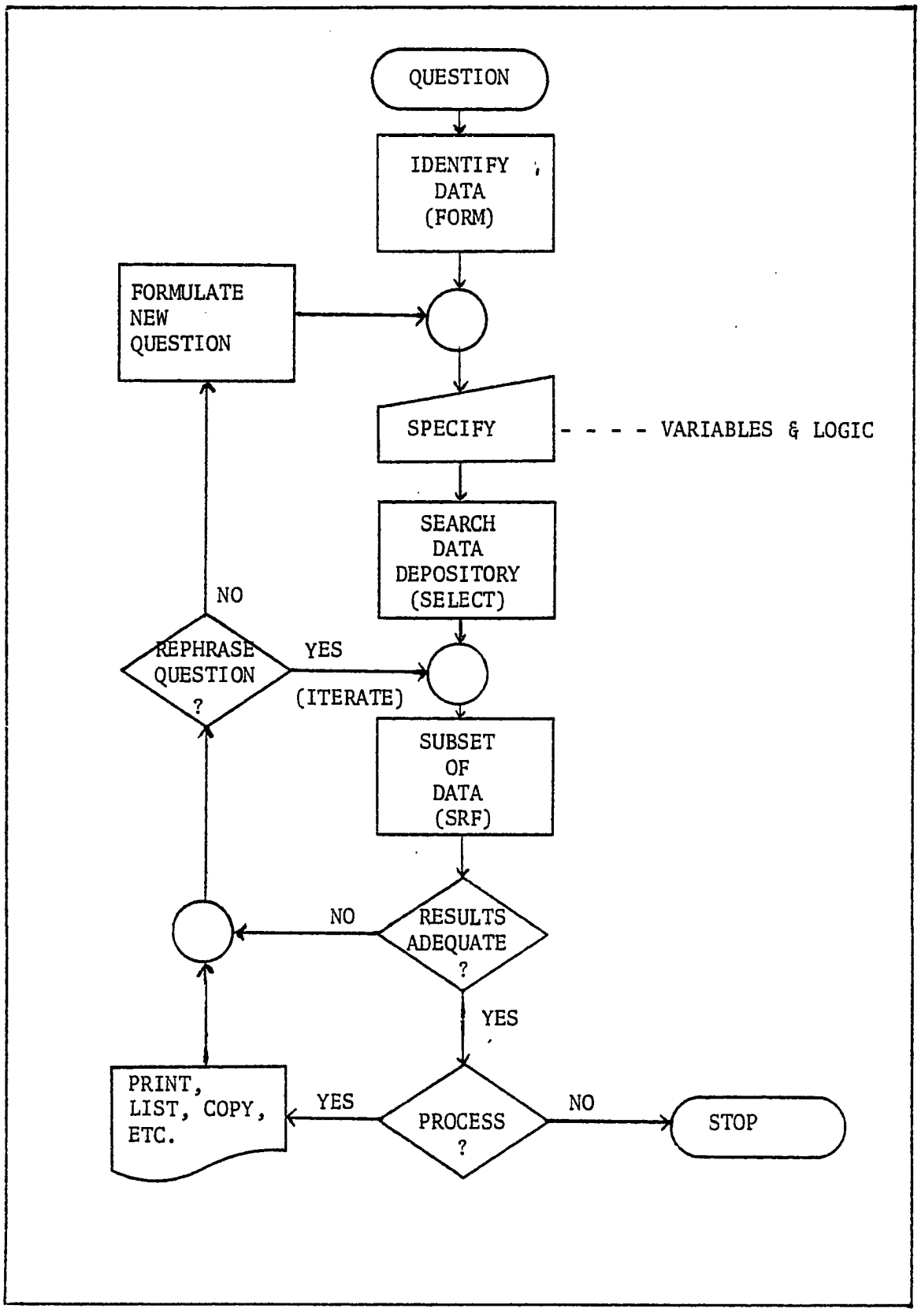
Illustrative of potential future research with the data set, two experimental runs using less familiar techniques are presented in the concluding chapter. The first derives a discriminant function for "predicting" Region (as Oklahoma or Indian Territory) from the county mean yes vote on the 13 policy groups. The function proves quite successful, placing 95 percent of the counties correctly. The second experimental run produced a Guttman scalogram for classifying counties and issue groups on a single dimension of difficulty, successes and failures being defined as divided at the cutting point of 50 percent yes vote. This trial produced a six-point scale with a high (.96) Index of Reproducibility and a .82 Index of Scalability.[13]

Legal Search

In researching the legal aspects pertaining to initiative and referendum in Oklahoma, a generalized information storage and information retrieval system was used. GIPSY, General Information Processing System, was developed by the University of Oklahoma Computing Center and has been operational since July 1968. Upon learning QUESTRAN, the language utilized in GIPSY, the Constitution of the State of Oklahoma and Oklahoma Statutes--information that had been placed on the system to serve the Legislative Research Council and researchers at the University of Oklahoma Law School--could be queried and legal questions answered. GIPSY-OKLAHOMA STATUTES, the descriptive name given to the Constitutional and statutory material placed in the information system, and the questions asked of the system "by identifying the items within a record to be searched, the condition or conditions the items must meet (if any) and the logical relationship (AND, OR, NOT)"[14] that are present between the items specified are displayed in Appendix C. In this appendix, the actual items requested, the logic associated with the requests, and the documents produced are shown. This material will be discussed at considerably greater length and in detail in Chapter III: A Legal Analysis Of The Basis for Initiative and Referendum In Oklahoma.

There is considerable utility to a macro language such as QUESTRAN in legal research, and the English-like language enables the user to direct inquiries to a data base in a clear, highly specified and logical manner. The usefulness of GIPSY as an information storage and retrieval system is already recognized by researchers in medicine, law, pyschiatry, regional planning, ethnology and linguistics, as well as for bibliographic data researching in the fields of education, geology, and the social sciences.[15]

Figure 2-2.--GIPSY Online Query Process Flowchart



The query processes used in these areas, as well as in researching the Oklahoma Statutes, is outlined in the GIPSY online query process flowchart shown in Figure 2-2.

In addition to using the GIPSY information retrieval system for legal research, several of the more conventional and traditional modes of legal search were employed, such as the Oklahoma Statutes, The Oklahoma Statutes Annotated, The Pacific Reporter (a resource that includes opinions of the state appellate and trial courts), legal journals, and other professional and academic treatments of the initiative and referendum in Oklahoma. In many instances, these resources helped provide for a further discussion of the legal implications of problems surrounding a state question or court decision, and since GIPSY-OKLAHOMA STATUTES was not keyed to historical notes, interpretations, or court decisions, the use of standard legal search methodology was essential for the legal discussion in Chapter III. To satisfactorily search the legal authority and locate the primary sources of law requires a fundamental knowledge of the legal system as it is organized at the several levels of government, and also requires a familiarity with the many lawbooks, digests, and reporting systems that organize and publish state and federal statutes and index court decisions. For the several decisions rendered by the United States Supreme Court on substantive or procedural matters pertaining to the initiative and referendum in Oklahoma, the Supreme Court Reporter was referenced.[16]

NOTES

[1]For a treatment of these basic operations, see Oliver Benson, Political Science Laboratory (Columbus, Ohio: Charles E. Merrill Publishing Company, 1969), pp. 110-147. An additional comprehensive treatment is provided by Kenneth Janda, Data Processing: Applications to Political Research (Evanston, Illinois: Northwestern University Press, 1965); or, Delbert C. Miller, Handbook of Research Design and Social Measurement 3d ed. (New York: David McKay Company, Inc., 1977). Also, Earl R. Babbie, The Practice of Social Research (Belmont, California: Wadsworth Publishing Company, Inc., 1973), pp. 195-317.

[2]For a general discussion of research requirements that must be met relative to data gathering, coding, and keypunching, see: Nan Lin, Ronald S. Burt, and John C. Vaughn, Conducting Social Research (New York: McGraw-Hill Book Company, 1976), pp. 1-49; and, Nan Lin, Foundations of Social Research (New York: McGraw-Hill Book Company, 1976), p.10. In addition, reference William R. Klecka, Norman H. Nie, and C. Hadlai Hull, Statistical Package for the Social Sciences Primer (New York: McGraw-Hill Book Company, 1975), pp. 12-17.

In addition, for an excellent, although general discussion of descriptive statistics and basic research concepts, see Vernon Ellingstad and Norman W. Heimstra, Methods in the Study of Human Behavior (Monterey, California: Brooks/Cole Publishing Company, 1974); David Nachmias and Chava Nachmias, Research Methods in the Social Sciences (New York: St. Martin's Press, Inc., 1976); Bernard S. Phillips, Social Research 3d ed. (New York: Macmillan Publishing Co., Inc., 1976); and Dennis J. Palumbo, Statistics in Political and Behavioral Science (New York: Meridith Corporation, 1969): John H. Mueller, Karl R. Schuessler, Herbert L. Costner, Statistical Reasoning in Sociology (Boston: Houghton Mifflin Company, 1970); and R. J. Senter, Analysis of Data (Glenview, Illinois: Scott, Foresman and Company, 1969).

[3]See OSIRIS II, (Ann Arbor, Michigan: The Inter-University Consortium for Political Research, 1971), for a discussion of the data storage and management programs used in this study.

[4]The FORTRAN program used to produce the hard copy reports and mean percent yes data files used in this study, is presented in Appendix B.

[5]See Samuel A. Kirkpatrick, David R. Morgan, and Thomas G. Kielhorn, The Oklahoma Voter (Norman: University of Oklahoma Press, 1977), pp. 22-28 and pp. 209-242.

[6]OSIRIS II; and Norman H. Nie, C. Hadlai Hull, Jean G. Jenkins, Karin Steinbrenner, and Dale H. Bent, Statistical Package for the Social Sciences 2d ed. (New York: McGraw-Hill Book Company, 1975); Ronald Buhler, P-STAT-

A Computing System for File Manipulation and Statistical Analysis of Social Science Data (Princeton: Princeton University Computer Center, 1971).

[7]For a detailed treatment of some of the constraints that impact upon the use of different statistical measurements, see: Virginia A. Clark and Michael E. Tarter, Preparation for Basic Statistics (New York: McGraw-Hill,Inc., 1968), pp. 1-7; Earl Bogandoff, Introduction to Descriptive Statistics: A Sequential Approach (Belmont, California: Dickenson Publishing Company, Inc. 1970), pp.1-86; Samuel A. Kirkpatrick, Quantitative Analysis of Political Data (Columbus, Ohio: Charles E. Merrill Publishing Company, 1974), pp. 15-80; Benson, pp. 148-159; Hubert M. Blalock, Social Statistics (New York: McGraw-Hill Book Company, Inc., 1960), pp. 3-21; N. M. Downie and R. W. Heath, Basic Statistical Methods (New York: Harper and Row, Publishers, 1970); and, Freeman R. Elzey, A Programmed Introduction to Statistics (Belmont, California: Brooks-Cole, 1971).

[8]A countervailing argument for the use of inferential statistics might go something like this: Since the data has been gathered for each county and each state question since statehood, the data base constitutes the "population," and therefore no sampling error is present. Consequently, the liability of making a Type I or Type II error is zero. That is, the population and the sample are the same, and the use of descriptive statistics rather than inferential statistics would therefore be mandated. A further elaboration, however, on the basic nature of inferential statistics may lead one to the conclusion that inferential statistics are used to enable the researcher to posit probabilistic inference about a defined population on the basis of information generated by a sample that has been randomly drawn from the identified population.

[9]John R. Stockton and Charles T. Clark, Introduction to Business, and Economic Statistics 5th ed. (Cincinnati: South-Western Publishing Co., 1975), and, Richard P Runyon and Audrey Haber, Fundamentals of Behavioral Statistics (Reading, Massachusetts: Addison-Wesley Publishing Company, 1967); also, Dean J. Champion, Basic Statistics for Social Research (Scranton, Pennsylvania: Chandler Publishing Company, 1970); Kenneth R. Hammon, James E. Householder, N. John Castellan, Jr., Introduction to the Statistical Method 2d ed. (New York: Alfred A. Knopf, Inc., 1970).

[10]A comprehensive treatment of multiple regression analysis is presented in Taro Y. Amane, Statistics An Introductory Analysis 3rd ed. (New York: Harper and Row, Publishers, 1973), pp.942-1030; an elementary analysis of regression and correlation theory is provided in Henry L. Alder and Edward B. Roessler, Introduction to Probability and Statistics 5th ed. (San Francisco: W. H. Freeman and Company, 1972), pp. 195-220; and, an explanation of multiple regression concepts utilizing political science examples, consult Palumbo, pp. 210-222.

[11]Benson, p. 29. Also consult William Buchanan, Understanding Political Variables (New York: Charles Scribner's Sons, 1974), pp. 31-33; and, Herbert Jacob and Robert Weissberg, Elementary Political Analysis 2d

ed. (New York: McGraw-Hill Book Company, 1975), pp. 6-10. For one of the best descriptions ever rendered on the use of descriptive statistics in social science research, see Wayne McMillen, Statistical Methods for Social Workers (Chicago: The University of Chicago Press, 1952).

[12]M. G. Kendall, Rank Correlation Methods, 3rd ed. (London, 1962), Chapter 3 on "Tied Ranks" and p. 55 for the standard error of Tau-b. Also see Kirkpatrick, pp. 45-47.

[13]The author acknowledges with appreciation the theoretical and technical assistance provided by Professor Oliver E. Benson, who performed all the computer operations necessary for the SSPS routines and designed the tables reporting the results of the crosstabulations, multiple regressions (Chapter V), as well as the discriminant function and Guttman scalogram present in Chapter VI. For a general discussion of Guttman scaling techniques and the Index of Reproducibility and the Index of Scalability, see Benson, Chapter 7, Indexes and Scaling: Light from the Political Spectrum, pp. 235-249.

[14]Charles H. Addison, M. Duane Coney, Margaret A. Jones, Robert W. Shields, and James W. Sweeney, General Information Processing System Application Description, Information Sciences Series, Number 4 (Norman: University of Oklahoma, November, 1969), p.2.

[15]Ibid.

[16]J. Myron Jacobstein and Roy M. Mersky, Legal Research Illustrated Mineola, New York: The Foudation Press, Inc., 1977); Also, Carl Kalvelage, Morley Segal, and Peter J. Anderson, Research Guide for Undergraduates in Political Science (Morristown, New Jersey: General Learning Corporation, 1972), pp. 107-114.

CHAPTER III

A LEGAL ANALYSIS OF THE BASIS FOR INITIATIVE AND REFERENDUM IN OKLAHOMA

A colorful character in Oklahoma's political history had a tremendous impact on the incorporation of the initiative and referendum into the Constitution. William H. "Alfalfa Bill" Murray was this political leader and "statesman," and he served as the President of the Oklahoma Constitutional Convention. William Murray in addressing the Convention suggested that the initiative and referendum be closely patterned after the law in the State of Oregon and also after the law operating in the Republic of Switzerland.[1]

An analysis of the provisions providing for direct democracy in the Constitutions of Oregon and Oklahoma show a remarkable similarity in several areas. One of the best ways to demonstrate this similarity is to review the deficiencies and abuses perceived to exist in the actual operation of the initiative and referendum in Oregon. First, the Oklahoma Constitution requires a higher percentage of signatures on petitions for constitutional amendments. This provision makes it more difficult to have measures introduced and passed which will become part of the Constitution through the amendment process. Second, if a measure is submitted to the people and it fails, then that measure cannot be resubmitted to the people by the initiative until three years have elapsed and it is again petitioned by 25

percent of the legal voters. The intent behind this provision speaks directly to the phenomenon of defeated measures being re-submitted. Obviously, for the people to have voiced their opposition to a measure should mean that they should not have to repeat this response on an immediate basis. To solicit signatures of 25 percent of the total number of voters out of the total number of voters that voted in the last general election presents a formidable task--a task that is not undertaken lightly. Both of these measures were incorporated into the Oklahoma Constitution as direct safeguards to eliminate potential abuses of the system of direct democracy as it had been used and experienced in Oregon.

The Oklahoma Constitution provides for the initiative and referendum in Article V, Sections one through eight. This Article reserves to the people of Oklahoma the power of direct legislation and democracy. That is, Oklahomans may propose and enact or reject measures that have constitutional content or statutory content through elections, independently of the Legislature.[2] The Constitution is also equally precise in reserving to the people of Oklahoma the power to ". . . at their own option to approve or reject at the polls any act of the Legislature."[3] Legislative powers in Oklahoma are clearly shared by the State Legislature and the people. In the final analysis, the people are sovereign in the sovereign state of Oklahoma. The Constitution further reads that "The legislative authority of the State shall be vested in a legislature, consisting of a Senate and a House of Representatives."[4] In general, the people retained the power in themselves to propose laws or amendments and to reject laws passed by their elected representatives.

General Legal Requirements for the Initiative and Referendum

Article V, section 2, of the Oklahoma Constitution sets out the legal basis that governs the actual operation of the initiative and the referendum. First, Article V, Section 2, discusses the initiative and the percentage of the legal voters necessary to initiate a legislative measure or constitutional amendment. The percentage of legal voters is based on ". . . the total number of votes cast at the last general election for the State office receiving the highest number of votes,"[5] cast at that election. To initiate a measure, the petition requires 8 percent of the legal voters in relation to the total number of votes cast for the State office receiving the highest number of votes for a legislative measure, and 15 percent of the voters are required for the initiation of a constitutional amendment. In off-presidential years the state office that receives the highest number of votes is usually the office of Governor, and for presidential years, presidential electors usually receive the highest number of votes cast in the election. Presidential electors are considered a State office for purposes of determining the ratio and percentage of voters needed to implement the power of the initiative.[6] Article V, Section 2 also states that the circulated petition must be accompanied by ". . . the full text of the measure . . ." proposed. This safeguard is to help protect against the possibility of obtaining signatures fraudulently or falsely.

Second, the same section of the Constitution sets forth the provisions that prevail related to the power of the referendum. The Constitution is again quite precise at this point:

> The second power is the referendum, and it may be ordered (except as to laws necessary for the

> immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety), either by petition signed by five per centum of the legal voters or by the Legislature as other bills are enacted.[7]

On the basis of this reserved power it is certain that two types of referendums are provided for in Oklahoma. First, it provides for referendum by petition, a process whereby the people petition the legislature to submit to them an Act that has been passed by the legislature--a referendum petition. This is an important power since it gives the voters an opportunity to in effect veto an Act that has received legislative approval. Second, it provides for legislative referendums. Legislative referendum enables the State legislature to submit statutory measures to the voters for their electoral comment (approval measured in the form of "yea" and disapproval measured in the form of "nay" votes), and it may propose constitutional amendments that have been prepared by the Legislature for the people's acceptance or rejection. There are a variety of rather specific legal criteria that surround the procedures that must be followed for the referendum. Like that of the initiative, referendum petitions require 5 percent of the total number of votes cast at the last general election for the State office that received the highest number of votes in that election.

Article V, Section 3 sets forth the rules that govern the use of the referendum. These are fairly straightforward and are presented in the eight points outlined below:

(1) The Filing of Referendum Petitions. "Referendum petition must be filed with the Secretary of State not more than ninety days after final adjournment of the session of the legislature which passed the bill on which the referendum is demanded."[8]

(2) The Veto Power of the Governor. "The veto power of the Governor shall not extend to measures voted on by the people."[9]

(3) The Time for Holding Elections. "All elections on measures referred to the people . . . shall be had at the next election held throughout the state except when the Legislature or the Governor shall order a special election for the express purpose of making such reference."[10]

(4) The Number of Votes Required for Passage of Referendum. "Any measure referred to the people by the referendum shall take effect and be in force when it shall have been approved by a majority of the votes cast thereon and not otherwise."[11]

(5) The Number of Votes Required for the Passage of an Initiated Measure. "Any measure referred to the people by the initiative shall take effect and be in force when it shall have been approved by a majority of the votes cast in such election."[12] This provision applied until it was changed by State Question Number 495 in the Regular Primary Election, August 27, 1974. This proposition is discussed later in this paper.

(6) The Style of All Bills. "Be it Enacted by the People of the State of Oklahoma."[13]

(7) Submission of Measure to the People. "Petitions and orders for the initiative and the referendum shall be filed with the Secretary of State and addressed to the Governor of the State, who shall submit the same to the people."[14]

(8) Implementation of Direct Democracy Powers. "The Legislature

shall make suitable provisions for carrying into effect the provisions of this article."[15]

One of the most controversial aspects surrounding Article V, section 3, is the effect of the "silent vote" as it pertains to measures initiated by the people. Essentially, the "silent vote" is caused by more people voting for the highest State office than actually vote on the measure. Therefore, to not vote on an initiated measure is counted as a "nay" vote. In the Regular Primary Election held on August 27, 1974, State Question Number 495, Legislative Referendum Number 198, was presented to and approved by the people of Oklahoma. The adoption of State Question 495 removed the "silent vote" effect and a great deal of the criticism that had been levelled against the Third Section of Article V. It provided in gist form:

> ". . . that an election matter initiated directly by the people take effect and be in force after approval by a majority of the votes cast on that particular matter, as distinguished from votes cast in that election, thus eliminating the so-called "silent vote" and also thus providing the same voting requirements for measures initiated directly by the people as now exists for those referendum measures that are first considered by the Legislature. . . ."[16]

In this same election, the people of Oklahoma also approved State Question 496, Legislative Referendum 199. This proposition removed the "silent vote" as it pertains to the Legislature proposing amendments to the Constitution as covered under Section 1, Article XXIV. Question 496 provides for the:

> ". . . approval of an amendment to the Constitution by a majority of the votes cast on that particular matter as distinguished from votes cast in that election, thus eliminating the so-called "silent vote" by the people who may vote in the election but not vote on that particular amendment. . . ."[17]

The Legislative Referendum Process

Dr. Royden Dangerfield wrote about direct legislation in Oklahoma in the late 1930-to-early-1940 period. In an unpublished manuscript he carefully outlines the procedure that must be followed by the State Legislature in referring a measure to the people for their consideration.[18] In quoting from the Supreme Court of Oklahoma decision of Ramsey v. Persinger, a ruling in which the Court interpreted the statutes pertaining to the operation of the legislative referendum, he gives us the following:

> First, the amendment was proposed in one branch of the legislature by resolution.
>
> Second. It was agreed to by a majority of the members elected to each of the two houses.
>
> Third. The proposed amendment, with the yeas and nays thereon was entered upon the journals of each house.
>
> Fourth. The resolution received the approval of the governor, though we do not pass upon the necessity of such approval.
>
> Fifth. It was referred by the secretary of state to the people for their approval.
>
> Sixth. It was submitted to a vote of the people at a special election which was ordered by a two-thirds vote of each house.
>
> Seventh. A majority of the electors voting at such an election voted in favor of the amendment.
>
> Eighth. More than one Constitutional amendment being voted on at that election, they were so submitted that the electors voting at such an election could vote upon each separately.[19]

During the history of Oklahoma's experience with direct legislation, the power of the legislative referendum has been extensively employed, primarily for the submission of constitutional amendments. In addition to

the actual submission of constitutional amendments, Oklahoma law provides for the possibility of the Legislature suggesting constitutional amendments, and asking the people for their sentiment. It is provided in the law that:

> If the legislature should desire to ascertain the sentiment of the people upon any proposed amendment to the Constitution, it may, by concurrent resolution, suggest to the citizens of the State such proposition as an amendment to the Constitution. Such resolution shall set forth the proposed amendment in full and should the citizens of the State proceed to initiate such proposition within one year thereafter, then it shall be the duty of the Secretary of State, when the required petitions have been filed in his office, to cause an attested copy thereof to be filed with the chairman of the State Election Board, together with a certificate of the fact that the proposition was originated by concurrent resolution of the Legislature setting forth such resolution.[20]

In 1914, the Supreme Court ruled (Ramsey v. Persinger) that it is a perfectly appropriate use of the referendum powers for the Legislature to suggest amendments to the Constitution in an attempt to identify the sentiments of the people, and that any time within one year after the "suggested amendment" has been proposed, initiative petitions may be filed with the Secretary of State with the purpose of carrying out the suggestion.[21]

Oklahoma Statutes, Title 34, Sections 62, 63 and 64 set forth the conditions which surround the suggested proposition's ballot printing, unlawful printing or possession of ballots, and the method of voting on propositions suggested by the Legislature, respectively. The manner of voting on the propositions is slightly different from the regular measures that are initiated. Title 34, Section 64 provides:

> Electors shall vote upon all propositions submitted under the provisions of this chapter, and which were first suggested by concurrent resolution of the

> Legislature, in the following manner. Should the elector desire to vote for the proposed amendment he shall leave the words, "For the Amendment," intact without erasing same. But should he desire to vote against such proposition, he shall strike out the words, "For the Amendment," with a pencil mark. When such words are so erased after any proposition, the ballot shall be recorded as having been cast against the same, and whenever they are not so erased, such ballot shall be recorded as having been voted for such proposition.[22]

Dangerfield indicates that the suggestion of amendments by the Legislature was ". . . obviously a means of circumventing that provision of the (c)onstitution providing that a majority of the voters voting at the election must vote in favor of a bill to secure its passage."[23] To substantiate this perspective he quotes extensively from the Oklahoma State Supreme Court decision of Atwater V. Hassett, 1910, in which the Court decided that this method of voting was not unconstitutional. The defendants' position was to the contrary, and the council argued:

> (a) Under the provisions of the statute, the amendment might be declared adopted, although a majority of the qualified voters of those who voted for state and county officers, had no intention to vote upon the proposed amendment, or did not manifest any intention to vote for the amendment, or desire to refrain from voting on the proposition. (b) The provisions of the statute render it impossible to ascertain with certainty whether a majority of all the electors of the State who voted at the election actually and affirmatively voted for the amendment within the spirit and meaning of the Constitution. (c) The Constitution requires positive, affirmative action on the part of the elector to manifest an intention to vote in favor of the amendment, and no action to manifest an intention to vote against it. This statute requires positive affirmative action on the part of the elector to vote in favor of it. (d) The Constitution presumes that every elector who votes for any state or county office at the election, but fails to vote or for any reason refrains from voting on the proposition to amend, is against the amendment, and, in effect, requires his ballot for state and county offices to be counted against the amendment. This

> statute assumes that every elector who does not wish to vote directly against the amendment by striking out the words "For the Amendment," will vote in favor of it, and requires his ballot to be counted in favor of the amendment although he may have had no intention to vote in favor of it or any knowledge that any such proposition was pending to be voted on.[24]

The judge reasoned differently in the following words:

> The whole argument for appellant on this part of the case, it seems to us, is at fault in assuming that the casting of a ballot upon which are printed the words "for the amendment" is not an affirmative action on the part of the voter in favor of the amendment. That assumption being eliminated, the argument falls to the ground, and the conclusion we are asked, in this connection, to draw against the law has nothing to rest upon.[25]

In summation, Dangerfield notes that the judge's opinion as to the legality of this form of voting, that is to ". . . count everyone who did not vote on the measure as having voted for it," is just as legal as to count those who did not vote on the measure as ". . . having voted against it--as the Constitution provides."[26]

The Initiative Process: Initiative Petition and Referendum Petition

The path a petition takes from being circulated to that of becoming a law of the State is a rather involved and complex one. First, the petition is drawn up and then addressed to the Governor using the Referendum Petition Form as shown in Exhibit 3-1, or if it is an initiative petition (Exhibit 3-2), the Initiative Petition Form is utilized. Oklahoma Statutes Document Number 08577 and Oklahoma Statutes Document Number 08578 refer to the statutory data that was retrived through the use of the GIPSY (General Information Processing System) OKLAHOMA STATUTES program, discussed in the Methodology Chapter.[27]

Exhibit 3-1

REFERENDUM PETITION FORM

Document Number: 08577
Title No.: 0034.0000

Enactment Date: 1961

Title 34 Initiative and Referendum
Initiative and Referendum: Sec. 1
Section No. 1 Referendum Petition - Form - Time for Filing.
Statute Text:

The referendum petition shall be substantially as follows:

Petition for Referendum

To the Honorable ----------, Governor of Oklahoma (or to the Honorable ----------, Mayor, Chairman of County Commissioners, or other Chief Executive Officer, as the case may be, of the city, county or other municipal corporation of ----------):

We, the undersigned citizens and legal voters of the state of Oklahoma (or district of ----------, county of ---------- ----------, or city of ----------, as the case may be), respectfully order that Senate (or House) Bill No. ---------- (or Ordinance No. ----------), entitled (Title of Act, and if the petition is against less than the whole act, then set forth here the part of parts on which the referendum is sought), passed by the ---------- legislature of the State of Oklahoma, at the regular (or special) session of said legislature, shall be referred to the people of the state (district of ----------, county of ----------, or city of ----------, as the case may be) for their approval or rejection at the regular (or special) election to be held on the --------- day of ----------, 19-----, and each for himself says: I have personally signed this petition; I am a legal voter of the state of Oklahoma (and District of ----------, county of ----------, or city of ----------, as the case may be); my residence and post office are correctly written after my name.

Referendum petitions shall be filed with the secretary of state not more than ninety days after the final adjournment of the session of the legislature which passed the bill on which the referendum is demanded. (For county, city or other municipality the length of time shall be thirty days.) C The question we herewith submit to our fellow voters is: Shall the following bill of the legislature (or ordinance or resolution - local legislation) be approved? (Insert here an exact copy of the title and text of the measure.) C Name ---------- ---------- Residence ---------- Post Office ---------- If in city, street and number.

C (Here follow forty numbered lines for signatures.)

Keywords:

Initiative and Referendum

Exhibit 3-2

INITIATIVE PETITION FORM

Document Number: 08578
Title No.: 0034.0000

Enactment Date: 1961

Title 34 Initiative and Referendum
Initiative and Referendum: Sec. 2
Section No. 2 Initiative Petition - Form.
Statute Text:

The form of initiative petition shall be substantially as follows:

Initiative Petition

To the honorable ----------, Governor of Oklahoma (or to the honorable ----------, Mayor, Chairman of County Commissioners, or other chief executive officers, as the case may be, for the city, county or other municipality): We, the undersigned citizens and legal voters of the state of Oklahoma (and of the District of ----------, county of ----------, or city of ----------, as the case may be), respectfully order that the following proposed law (or amendment to the constitution, ordinance, or amendment to the city charter, as the case may be), shall be submitted to the legal voters of the state of Oklahoma (or of the District of ----------, county of ----------, or city of ----------, as the case may be) for their approval or rejection at the regular general election (or regular or special city election), to be held on the ---------- day of ----------, 19-----, and each for himself says: I have personally signed this petition; I am a legal voter of the state of Oklahoma (and of the district of ----------, county of ----------, city of ----------, as the case may be); My residence and post office are correctly written after my name. The time for filing this petition expires ninety days from (insert date when petition is to be opened for signatures). (This for state initiative, for county, city, or other municipality the length of time shall be ninety days.) The question we herewith submit to our fellow voters is: shall the following bill (or proposed amendment to the constitution or resolution) be approved? (Insert here an exact copy of the title and text of the measure.)

Name ---------- Residence ----------
Post Office ---------- if in the city, street and number.
C (Here follow forty numbered lines for signatures.)

Keywords:
Initiative and Referendum

Second, a copy of the petition is subsequently filed with the Secretary of State to serve notice that the petition will be circulated for the purposes of obtaining the needed number of valid signatures in order to cause the petitioned measure to be submitted to the people for their approval or rejection. A consecutive number is given to each state question filed, regardless if it is of the referendum or initiative variety, by the Secretary of State.

Third, the petition is duplicated and a sheet is attached to it that provides space for the signatures of 20 persons. The duplicated petition and the 20 signatures are termed a pamphlet. On the cover page of each pamphlet the number of the state question is printed, as well as the number of the initiative or referendum petition. Title 34, Section 3, Oklahoma Statutes, provides a further warning that to sign the ". . . initiative or referendum petition with any name other than his own, or knowingly to sign his name more than once for the measure, or to sign such petition when he is not a legal voter," constitutes a felonious offense in Oklahoma.[28] Exhibit 3-3 shows the text of Document Number 08574 that deals with Signatures of Petitions. Title 34, Section 23 states that "Every person who is a qualified elector of the State of Oklahoma may sign a petition for the referendum or for the initiative for any measure upon which he is legally entitled to vote." One rather interesting and nearly mercenary practice that surrounds the obtaining of signatures is that of paying a fixed amount for each name that is secured by the circulator of the petition.[29] Upon the attainment of a pamphlet of signatures, the pamphlets are submitted to the Secretary of State for filing. In each pamphlet there is an affidavit that must be

signed by the circulator of the petition attesting to the validity of the signatures and the fact that the names were signed in the presence of the petition circulator. This affidavit is sworn to be accurate before a notary public.

Exhibit 3-3

SIGNATURES OF PETITIONS

Document Number: 08579
Title No.: 0034.0000

Enactment Date: 1961

Title 34 Initiative and Referendum
Initiative and Referendum: Sec. 3
Section No. 3 Petitions and Signatures.
Statute Text:

Each initiative petition and each referendum petition shall be duplicated for the securing of signatures, and each sheet for signatures shall be attached to a copy of the petition. Each copy of the petition and sheets for signatures is hereinafter termed a pamphlet. On the outer page of each pamphlet shall be printed the word "warning," and underneath this in ten point type the words "It is a felony for anyone to sign an initiative or referendum petition with any name other than his own, or knowingly to sign his name more than once for the measure, or to sign such petition when he is not a legal voter." Not more than forty signatures on one sheet shall be counted.

Keywords:
Initiative and Referendum

Fourth, once the Secretary of State receives the pamphlets, the signature sheets are removed and attached to a copy of the measure proposed.[30] After all petitions have been submitted to the Secretary of State, the Secretary has the petitions bound (Exhibit 3-4). After the filing task is completed, the stage is further set for the release of an official publication that announces the date of the petition filing. These procedures are specified in Title 34, Section 4, Oklahoma Statutes.

Exhibit 3-4

FILING AND BINDING OF PETITIONS

Document Number: 08580
Title No.: 0034.0000

Enactment Date: 1961

Title 34 Initiative and Referendum
Initiative and Referendum: Sec. 4
Section No. 4 Filing and Binding.
Statute Text:

When any such initiative or referendum petition shall be offered for filing, the secretary of state, in the presence of the person offering the same for filing, shall detach the sheets containing the signatures and affidavits and cause them all to be attached to one or more printed copies of the measure so proposed by initiative or referendum petition. All petitions for the initiative and referendum and sheets for signatures shall be printed on pages eight and one-half inches in width by fourteen inches in length, with a margin of one and three-fourths inches at the top for binding; if the aforesaid sheets shall be too bulky for convenient binding in one volume, they may be bound in two or more volumes, those in each volume to be attached to a single printed copy of such measure; the detached copies of such measures shall be delivered to the person offering the same for filing.

Keywords:
Initiative and Referendum

Fifth, once the petition filing date is made public, any citizen of the State has ten days within which to challenge the sufficiency of the petitions. To lodge a protest, a written notice must be transmitted to the persons who filed the petition,[31] and a notice must also be sent to the Secretary of State. It is, however, the responsibility of the Secretary of State to determine the sufficiency of the petition. Oklahoma Statutes, Title 34, Section 8 states: ". . . the Secretary of State shall decide whether such petition be in form as required by the statutes, and his decision shall be subject to appeal to the Supreme Court of the State, and such court shall give such cause precedence over

all others." Exhibit 3-5 presents the complete text of the statute dealing with the filing copy of the proposed petition, publication, protest, hearing, determination and appeal. The burden of the petition challenge rests with the protestant. That is, it is the responsibility of the protestant to show or demonstrate insufficiency. If insufficiency cannot be shown within a reasonable amount of time, the proceeding will be dismissed.[32]

Exhibit 3-5

FILING COPY OF PROPOSED PETITION, PUBLICATION, PROTEST, HEARING, DETERMINATION AND APPEAL

Document Number: 08584
Title No.: 0034.0000

Enactment Date: 1961

Title 34 Initiative and Referendum
Initiative and Referendum: Sec. 8

Section No. 8 Filing Copy of Proposed Petition - Publication - Protest - Hearing, Determination and Appeal.

Statute Text:

When a citizen or citizens desire to circulate a petition initiating a proposition of any nature, whether to become a statute law or an amendment to the constitution, or for the purpose of invoking a referendum upon legislative enactments, such citizen or citizens shall, when such petition is prepared, and before the same is circulated or signed by electors, file a true and exact copy of same in the office of the Secretary of State and, within ninety days after such filing of an initiative petition, the signed copies thereof shall be filed with the Secretary of State, but the signed copies of a referendum petition shall be filed with the Secretary of State within ninety days after the adjournment of the legislature enacting the measure on which the referendum is invoked. Any petition not filed in accordance with this provision shall not be considered. When such original petition is filed in said office it shall be the duty of the Secretary of State to forthwith cause to be published in at least one newspaper of general circulation within the state a notice setting forth the date of such filing. Any citizen of the state may, within ten days, by written notice to the Secretary of State and to the party or parties who filed such petition, protest against the same. The Secretary of State shall then fix a day, not less than ten days thereafter, at which time he will hear testimony and arguments for and against the sufficiency of

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Exhibit 3-5 (Continued)

such petition. A protest filed by anyone hereunder may, if abandoned by the party filing same, be revived within five days by any other citizen. After such hearing the Secretary of State shall decide whether such petition be in form as required by the statutes, and his decision shall be subject to appeal to the supreme court of the state, and such court shall give such cause precedence over all others. Provided, such appeal must be taken within ten days after the decision of the Secretary of State has been made. If the court be at the time adjourned, the chief justice shall immediately convene the same for such hearing. It shall be the duty of the appellants to serve notice upon the Secretary of State, in writing, of such an appeal. Whereupon, said Secretary of State shall immediately transmit all papers and documents on file in his office relating to such petition to such court. If the court shall adjudge such petition insufficient, the parties responsible for same shall have the right to correct or amend their petition to conform to the opinion of the court, provided said amendment or change is made within five days. No objection to the sufficiency shall be considered unless the same shall have been made and filed as herein provided.

Keywords:
Initiative and Referendum

The sixth step on the petition path comes immediately after the petition has been determined to be sufficient and involves the transmission of a copy of the proposed measure to the Attorney General. Section 9, Title 34, states that it shall be the responsibility of the Attorney General to "Within three days . . . after receiving a copy of the petition and ballot title, . . . notify the Secretary of State on the legality of the proposition." It is important to note that the legal form and content of the measure is determined by the Attorney General and not the Secretary of State. Section 9 further states that if in the opinion of the Attorney General, it is determined that the petition is not adequate, ". . . it shall be his duty," within three days, to prepare a title[33] that does conform with the law; this title

must not exceed one hundred words. If a citizen, however, disapproves of the ballot title that has been prepared and submitted by the Attorney General, then he/she may appeal the decision and the Secretary of State gives the State Election Board tht title that the Supreme Court of the State determines to be legal and in harmony with the law.[34] Title 34, Section 9 is presented in Exhibit 3-6.

Exhibit 3-6

BALLOT TITLE, FILING, DUTIES OF ATTORNEY GENERAL, APPEAL, PRINTING OF BALLOTS

Document Number: 08585
Title No.: 0034.0000

Enactment Date: 1961
Amendment Date: 1965

Title 34 Initiative and Referendum
Initiative and Referendum: Sec. 9

Section No. 9 Ballot Title - Filing - Duties of Attorney General - Appeal - Printing of Ballots.

Statute Text:

When a measure is proposed as a constitutional amendment or legislative enactment by the legislature, when the referendum is ordered against any measure passed by the legislature, or when any measure is proposed by initiative petition, whether as an amendment to the constitution or as a statute, it shall be the duty of the parties submitting such proposition to prepare and file one copy of same with the Secretary of State and one copy with the Attorney General, such copies to contain a ballot title of not exceeding one hundred words, which shall contain the gist of the proposition without any argument or statement either for or against such measure. Within three days after the filing of such copy and ballot title with the Attorney General, he shall, in writing, notify the Secretary of State whether or not such proposed title is in legal form and in harmony with the law. Should such title not be in proper form, in the opinion of the Attorney General, it shall be his duty, within said three days, to prepare and file a title which does conform to the law. Within ten days after the receipt of the notice of approval by the Attorney General, or of a revised or amended title from him, the Secretary of State shall, if no appeal is filed, transmit to the Secretary of the State election board an attested copy of the pending proposition, including such approved title: provided, however, that should an appeal be prosecuted from such ballot title within the time specified by the following section, then the Secretary

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Exhibit 3-6 (Continued)

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of State shall certify to said Secretary of the State election board the title which is finally approved by the supreme court.
Provided further, that no appeal shall be allowed as to ballot titles of constitutional or legislative enactments proposed by the legislature which ballot titles have been approved or revised by the Attorney General. If the measure is such as to require its being printed upon the ballots of a district or of the entire state, the state election board shall have supervision of such printing. If the measure is such as must appear upon ballots printed in the several counties of the state, or any portion of same, it shall be the duty of the state election board to transmit, within ten days, true copies of such ballot title to the chairman or secretary of all the county election boards of the counties in which such measure is to be voted upon, and such county boards shall supervise such printing. Provided, further, that persons proposing to circulate the initiative petition may file with the Attorney General, within ten days after filing a true and exact copy of said petition in the office of the Secretary of State, a copy of a proposed ballot title prior to the circulation of the initiative petition and which ballot title shall be processed as otherwise provided in this act prior to the circulation of the initiative petition and in which event it need not be submitted for any further approval thereafter.

Keywords:
Initiative and Referendum

Seventh, the Secretary of State next arranges for the printing of the title and text of the measure which are then housed in the document rooms. These titles may be provided to individual applicants for the purpose of public distribution, provided that ". . . reasonable assurance is given that they will be placed singly in the hands of people," as stated in Title 34, Section 13, and displayed in Exhibit 3-7.

Exhibit 3-7

PUBLICATION OF MEASURE--COPIES FOR DISTRIBUTION

Document Number: 08589
Title No.: 0034.0000

Enactment Date: 1961

Title 34 Initiative and Referendum
Initiative and Referendum: Sec. 13
Section No. 13 Publication of Measure - Copies for Distribution.
Statute Text:

The Secretary of State shall submit to the state or public printer a copy of the title and text of each measure presented by initiative petition, referendum petition, or by the legislature. Printed copies shall be supplied the document rooms, from time to time, and the chief of each shall supply copies to applicants and in such quantities as demanded, provided reasonable assurance is given that they will be placed singly in the hands of the people.

Keywords:

Initiative and Referendum

Eighth, the Secretary of State next causes the public printer to have sample ballots prepared on colored paper and printed according to the specifications of the State Election Board. The style and form that the sample ballot must take is determined by the Secretary of State and further described in Title 34, Section 14, and displayed in Exhibit 3-8.

Exhibit 3-8

OFFICIAL BALLOT--SAMPLES

Document Number: 08590
Title No.: 0034.0000

Enactment Date: 1961

Title 34 Initiative and Referendum
Initiative and Referendum: Sec. 14
Section No. 14 Official Ballot - Samples.
Statute Text:

At as early a day as practicable the Secretary of State shall transmit to the state or public printer, copy for the official referendum

Exhibit 3-8 (Continued)

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ballot, indicating the styles of type. The sample ballot shall be of colored paper, and there shall be placed at the head in bold type the words, "State Question" (or questions) and the following: "Official referendum ballot to be used (date). Issued by order of the legislature." The questions shall be printed in the order they were filed with the Secretary of State except that each competing measure which the legislature may desire to submit shall immediately follow the one it aims to supplant. Measures proposed by initiative petition shall be designated, "Proposed by Initiative Petition Number .....;" Measures proposed by referendum petition shall be designated "Proposed by Referendum Petition Number .....;" and each competing measure proposed by the legislature in place of an initiative petition shall be headed, "Proposed by the Legislature in Place of Initiative Petition Number .....;" where the legislature submits a competing question a brief catch-line shall be placed over both and below both shall be placed the words: "I Vote for Initiative Petition Number .....;" "I Vote for the Measure Proposed by the Legislature in Place of Initiative Petition Number .....;" "I Vote Against Both ....." second choice as to measures may be made.

Where a question is submitted without a competing one there shall be placed over it a brief catch-line and at the close of the question there shall be added:

"Shall it be Adopted?" (("YES") / /
(("NO") / /

or

"Shall it be Repealed?" (("YES") / /
(("NO") / /

The voters shall be directed to express their will by placing a cross (X) in the square and to the right of the word expressing their choice. There shall be a provision for second choice.

Keywords:
Initiative and Referendum

The ninth step is for the Secretary of State, as provided in Title 34, Section 17, to provide to ". . . two newspapers in each county, of opposite political faith of the two dominant political parties of the State . . ." if possible, a copy of the ballot(s) and an explanation of what constitutes a vote in favor of or against the propositions. The Secretary of State must submit the sample ballot to the newspapers that

are designated,[35] and subsequently pay the costs associated with informing the public of the content of all measures that will appear in the election.

The tenth step involves the county clerks. The clerks receive from the Secretary of State pamphlets that relate to propositions submitted by the initiative and referendum petition provisions, or legislative referendums, including constitutional amendments, and the clerks have the ballot title and numbers printed upon the official ballot in the order required by law, as indicated in Title 34, Section 20. This title is displayed in Exhibit 3-9.[36]

Exhibit 3-9

PRINTING OF QUESTIONS ON BALLOT

Document Number: 08594
Title No.: 0034.0000

Enactment Date: 1961

Title 34 Initiative and Referendum
Initiative and Referendum: Sec. 20
Section No. 20 Printing of Questions on Ballot.
Statute Text:
The Secretary of State at the time he furnishes to the county clerks of the several counties certified copies of the names of the candidates for state and district officers, shall furnish to each of said county clerks a certified copy of the referendum ballot. It shall be the duty of the several county clerks to print said ballot titles and numbers upon the official ballot in the order presented to them by the Secretary of State and in the relative position required by law.
Keywords:
Initiative and Referendum

The eleventh step involves the people voting on the measure(s) at the election and election date determined for the initiated or referred question by the proclamation of the Governor. The Governor[37] is required

by law to submit any measure initiated by the people at the ". . . next regular election," or to call a special election for the purpose of voting on a measure, or ". . . to designate the mandatory primary election as a special election for such purpose."[38] Oklahoma Statutes, Title 34, Section 14, provides the language pertaining to the actual manner in which the voter casts either an affirmative or negative vote. The process of voting enables the voter to merely place a cross (X) to the right of the yes or no on the line marked "Shall it be Adopted?" or "Shall it be Repealed?" For bills submitted by the Legislature, the voter scratches out the words "For the Amendment" in order to cast a negative ballot, or does not scratch them out in order to vote yes.

Step number twelve involves the routine task of canvassing election returns. In Exhibit 3-10, displayed below, Title 34, Section 22 outlines the procedures by which the election returns are transmitted from the precincts to the county election board, accompanied with a certificate indicating the total number of electors voting in the election. It is the responsibility of the county election board to certify the election results to the State Election Board ". . . in the same manner as it certifies the result of election for public officers," and also to certify the number of people casting ballots in the election.[39]

The final step of this process pertains to the Governor issuing a proclamation of the election results. The Secretary of State then causes the petitions to be permanently recorded and measures passed to be printed. This completes the walk through the well treaded path of the people of Oklahoma conducting their own business through the processes of direct democracy and legislation.

Exhibit 3-10

CANVASS OF RETURNS

Document Number: 08596
Title No.: 0034.0000

Enactment Date: 1961

Title 34 Initiative and Referendum
Initiative and Referendum: Sec. 22
Section No. 22 Canvass of Returns.
Statute Text:

Whenever any measure or proposition is submitted to a vote by the initiative or referendum, it shall be the duty of the official counters of the precinct to make and transmit to the county election board the returns thereof in the same manner that they make their returns in the case of an election of public officers, transmitting to such county election board a certificate of the total number of electors voting in such elections; and the county election board shall keep a record showing such total number of votes cast in each of such precincts as shown by such returns. Should the proposition be one covering the state at large, or any district therein, or be of such other nature as to require it the county election board shall certify the result of such election to the state election board in the same manner as it certifies the result of election for public officers, and such county election board shall transmit to the state election board a certificate showing the total number of votes cast at any such election. It shall be the duty of the state election board to keep a record of all such election returns made to it under the provisions of this section.

Keywords:
Initiative and Referendum

Votes Required for the Passage of the Initiative and Referendum

The Legislature is empowered to submit two types of measures to the people for their consideration: (1) constitutional amendments, and (2) statutory measures. The legislative referendum has been the most frequently used instrument of direct democracy, particularly as it relates to the submission of state questions, which if approved, would cause the amendment of the State Constitution.

The legal criteria that must be satisfied for the passage of amendments and statutes referred to the people by the legislature are: (1) Until 1974 amendments to the Constitution were required to receive a majority of all votes cast in the general election in order to be adopted (the amendment of 1974 changed this to a majority of those voting on the question);[40] (2) statutorily referred measures require only a simple majority of the vote cast on a proposition for passage.[41]

The Legislature is further empowered by Article XXIV, Section 2, to submit a measure to the people, at least once every twenty years, asking the electorate if they wish to have a convention called in which the Constitution will be either revised, amended, or even a new constitution proposed. The Constitution very clearly states that the people call a convention, not the Legislature. The vote required for the call is the same whether the measure is submitted at a general or special election. That is, the referred measure must receive a majority of the vote cast thereon.[42]

Until 1974 the initiative required a majority of all votes cast in the election[43] for statutory and constitutional amendments. This was also changed in 1974 to a majority of votes on the question. An initiated measure submitted at a special election, however, has always required only a majority of the votes cast on the proposition for passage. The initiative was severly burdened with the operation of the "silent vote" during the historical period under treatment in this study.[44] Thus, since an initiated measure required a majority of all votes cast in the election, for a voter to go to the polls and vote for an office seeker, but not to cast a ballot either for or against the measure, by law that voter had voted against the measure through inaction. Of course, it was equally as strong an argument to reason that an

abstention is in reality an affirmative vote, in contradistinction to a negative one. Nevertheless, a fairly large number of initiated measures have received a favorable majority of the votes cast on them, yet have failed because they did not secure an affirmative majority of the total votes cast in the election. To obtain a favorable majority of all votes cast on a measure, and still fail, is to have suffered defeat through the operation of the silent vote. The silent vote also operated in the cases of legislative referral of constitutional amendments to the people, until its repeal in 1974.[45]

The legal implications and ramifications that accompany the implementation of the direct democracy provisions of the Constitution appear fairly straightforward, and perhaps even elementary. However, a large number of variations and changes have accompanied these legal criteria, depending on the mode of referral, election type, and statutory or constitutional status of the proposition, and the required number of votes necessary for passage of a measure. To summarize, as well as to simplify this legal discussion, Table 3-1 is presented at the end of this chapter. Table 3-1 is of substantial importance since it outlines the legal requirements related to the adoption or rejection of <u>all</u> measures submitted to the Oklahoma electorate during the 1907-1972 period.

In Table 3-1, each state question is presented by its unique identification number, several characteristics of each question (type of question, whether it is an act, bill, or amendment), type of election in which the question was proposed to the people, and finally, a symbol (X) marking the specific legal qualifications required for passage. For heuristic purposes, State Question No. 1 is a Legislative Referendum,

an amendment to the Constitution, and submitted in a general election. Question No. 1 requires an affirmative majority of the total votes cast in the election to meet adoption criteria. The initials (CM) is indicative that a majority of the total votes cast on the measure must be received to insure passage. State Question 478 is an Initiative Petition, an Act, submitted in a special election, requiring a simple majority of the votes cast thereon for passage.

Another important attribute of Table 3-1 is found in the rather extensive research notes, references, and observations that are presented in the "footnotes to the table section" that immediately follows the table. There are specific references not only to legal qualifications for passage, but also to State Supreme Court decisions related to the several state questions, and some commentary on the special political characteristics or environment that impacted on the submitted proposition. Thus, the "New Jerusalem Plan," "The Grandfather Clause," direct election of United States Senators, and "Right to Work" legislation are briefly discussed.

Powers Retained by the Legislature

The statement: "Power to the people!" is a modestly accurate description of the sentiment expressed at the time of the Constitutional Convention. The people of Oklahoma reserved the right to initiate legislation and constitutional amendments for their collective decision-making, and although they could further invoke the initiative against legislative acts (referendum petitions), the State Legislature retained some very important law-making powers. Article V, Section 7 enables the Legislature to ". . . repeal any law, propose or pass any measure,

which may be consistent with the Constitution of the State and the Constitution of the U.S."[46]

This section of the Constitution of Oklahoma is very essential to the enhancement of the law-making powers of the Legislature because it enables the Legislature to repeal any law passed through the initiative and referendum process. The Legislature possessing the right to repeal laws brought about by direct democracy, operates in the same manner as it is entitled to function in regard to its own statutory enactments. Indeed, the Legislature is not ". . . deprived of subsequently passing measures which conflict with measures which are approved by the people, or of approving measures which were rejected by the people."[47]

One compiler of data on Oklahoma's initiative and referendum experience notes that Article V, Section 7 ". . . is an example of the conservative reaction that was beginning to manifest itself at this time to the progressive and somewhat revolutionary 'Oregon Plan.'"[48] Quoting a socialist writer of the time, P. S. Naegal, who is reacting to the words "right to repeal any law," he sees the inclusion of Section 7 into the Constitution as an attempt by certain elements attending the Convention to ". . . render the people subject to the will of the (L)egislature, which is a violation of the spirit of initiative and referendum. This 'sleeper' gives the legislature power to repeal any law passed by the people through the initiative. If the governor or legislature are dissatisfied with a law passed by the people through the initiative, the legislature can in regular session repeal it, and if necessary, the governor can call a special session to repeal it."[49]

Statements such as this one are fairly representative of the socialist and the more radical portion of the Oklahoma electorate who were quite upset, primarily because of the conservatism of this provision and the fact that delegates to the Constitutional Convention were pledged to upholding the Oregon terminology on the initiative and referendum. The delegates who favored the right of the legislature to repeal laws enacted by the people were viewed to have violated the trust which had been placed in them. Certainly, Section 7 must have helped to temper the perspective and reaction held in many quarters of the United States relative to the Constitution of Oklahoma as illustrative of "radicalism run wild." Perhaps one residual response towards the "right to repeal" clause is contemporarily manifested in the inordinately high percentage of initiated measures which carry provisions that amend the Constitution, rather than being composed of statutory content material. The reason might best be explained like this: to initiate a constitutional amendment requires only 15 percent of the voters in contrast to an initiated statute which requires 8 percent of the voters based on the total number of votes cast for the state office receiving the highest number of votes in the last general election. This 7 percent differential is still well within the range of the needed number of signatures necessary to obtain on a petition, and most importantly, the State Legislature <u>cannot</u> repeal, revise, or effect in any manner (excluding vitalizing legislation) a constitutional amendment. Thus, a large amount of statutory material has been introduced and passed (perhaps unnecessarily), and has found its way into the Constitution.

In addition, the legislature retains the important powers of determining whether it wishes to provide the vitalizing legislation for an amendment initiated by the people.[49] The legislature may further delineate or restrict the total number of acts which are subject to referendum petitions by declaring an act an "emergency."[50] One researcher on direct democracy notes that an act of the legislature receives emergency status, ". . . when two-thirds of the elected members of both houses of the legislature deem it so. The people are therefore denied the use of the referendum on an act if the legislature declares the measure is necessary 'for the preservation of the public peace, health and safety,'" as provided for in Article V, Section 3 of the Constitution.[51]

Commenting on the effect of the "emergency clause," Gillespie remarks that the referendum petition has been rendered nearly useless. He notes that a statute that has gone into effect is not subject to the petition powers held by the people, and that the legislature has wide latitude or discretionary powers in determining which enacted statutes possess emergency implications, and accordingly, emergency status. He gives ample illustration to this point by noting a variety of legislative enactments which set up a lounge for women in the Capitol, the change of name for the "State Industrial School for White Girls" to "Girls Town," as being necessary for the "preservation of the public peace, health and safety." Although these are certainly extreme examples of the legislature invoking the "emergency" designation, they certainly reinforce the perspective that the right to use the referendum petition can be seriously curtailed.[52]

Empirically, there are several studies that demonstrate the excessive use of the "emergency clause" to an extremely large number of enacted statutes. For instance:

> The Twentieth Oklahoma Legislature (1945 enacted 356 statutes, only sixty-six of which did not carry the emergency clause. Three hundred ninety-four measures of the Twenty-First Legislature (1947) became law and only forty-three were passed without the emergency clause. Of all measures passed by the Twentieth Legislature, 81.5 per cent were declared emergencies; and of all the laws enacted by the Twenty-first Legislature, 89.1 per cent were not subject to a referendum. [53]

The frequency in which the emergency clause is applied to legislative acts, reduced the significance of the powers associated with the referendum petition.

It is clear that the Oklahoma Legislature has used and continues to apply the emergency designation on rather insignificant acts. Whether or not the emergency device has impeded the popular referendum process in Oklahoma has not been completely determined. It is fair to conclude on a more speculative note, however, that an extensive misuse or abuse of this power will in time reduce the status of the referendum petition to a meaningless tool of direct legislation.

In a more positive vain one might conclude that the legislature reflects popular interests, sentiments, and popular representation more satisfactorily and accurately than the voters casting their own ballots on issues, especially if issues are highly segmental. This view tends to justify the use of the emergency clause on legislative acts, especially in view of the "one man, one vote" ruling, and in particular as it relates to controversial issues.

TABLE 3-1

LEGAL REQUIREMENTS RELATED TO THE ADOPTION OR REJECTION OF MEASURES SUBMITTED TO OKLAHOMA'S ELECTORATE (1907-1972) BY QUESTION NUMBER, MEASURE CHARACTERISTICS, ELECTION TYPE AND REQUIRED PERCENTAGE OF VOTES CAST IN ELECTION FOR PASSAGE

				Initiative Petition				Ref. Petition	Legislative Referendum			
				Sp. Election		Gen. Election		State & Const. Measures	Sp. Election		Gen. Election	
State Ques.	Type	Act, Bill Amend.	Election Type	Stat. CM	Const. Amend. CM	Stat. TC	Const. Amend. TC	Gen. & Special Elections CM	Stat. CM	Const. Amend. CM	Stat. CM	Const. Amend. TC
1	L.R.	Amend.	General									X
2	L.R.	Amend.	General									X
3	L.R.	Amend.	General									X
4	L.R.	Amend.	General									X[12]
5	I.P.	Act	General			X						
15	I.P.	Act	Sp. El.	X[1]								
16	I.P.	Amend.	Sp. El.		X[2]							
17	I.P.	Amend.	Primary[3]		X							
6	I.P.	Act	General			X						
8	I.P.	Amend.	General				X					
21	R.P.	Act	General					X[4]				
22	I.P.	Amend.	General				X[5]					
23	L.R.	Amend.	General									X[6]
24	L.R.	Amend.	General									X[7]
25	L.R.	Amend.	Sp. El.							CM		
41	I.P.	Act	Primary[8]	X								
38	I.P.	Amend.	General				X					
40	I.P.	Amend.	General				X[9]					
45	L.R.	Amend.	General									X[10]
46	L.R.	Amend.	Special							CM		
47	R.P.	Act	Special					X[11]				
57	L.R.	Amend.	Special							CM		
58	L.R.	Amend.	Special							CM		

State Ques.	Type	Act, Bill Amend.	Election Type	Initiative Petition: Sp. Election Stat. CM	Initiative Petition: Sp. Election Const. Amend. CM	Initiative Petition: Gen. Election Stat. TC	Initiative Petition: Gen. Election Const. Amend. TC	Ref. Petition: State & Const. Measures Gen. & Special Elections CM	Legislative Referendum: Sp. Election Stat. CM	Legislative Referendum: Sp. Election Const. Amend. CM	Legislative Referendum: Gen. Election Stat. CM	Legislative Referendum: Gen. Election Const. Amend. TC
60	L.R.	Amend.	Special							CM		
59	L.R.	Amend.	Primary[12]									X
61	R.P.	Act	Primary[13]					X				
62	R.P.	Act	Primary[14]					X				
68	I.P.	Act	Primary[15]			X						
73	I.P.	Amend.	Primary[16]				X					
71	I.P.	Amend.	General[17]				X					
74	I.P.	Amend.	General[18]				X					
75	I.P.	Amend.	General[19]				X					
77	I.P.	Amend.	General[20]				X					
81	L.R.	Amend.	Sp. (Pri.)[21]							TVC		
82	L.R.	Amend.	Sp. (Pri.)[22]							TVC		
83	L.R.	Amend.	Sp. (Pri.)[23]							TVC		
84	L.R.	Amend.	Sp. (Pri.)[24]							TVC		
85	L.R.	Amend.	Sp. (Pri.)[25]							TVC		
86	L.R.	Amend.	Sp. (Pri.)[26]							TVC		
87	L.R.	Amend.	Sp. (Pri.)[27]							TVC		
88	L.R.	Amend.	Sp. (Pri.)[28]							TVC		
89	L.R.	Amend.	Sp. (Pri.)[29]							TVC		
78	I.P.	Amend.	General				X[30]					
80	I.P.	Amend.	General				X[31]					
97	L.R.	Amend.	General									X
100	L.R.	Amend.	Special[32]							TVC		
94	R.P.	Act	General					X				
99	I.P.	Amend.	General				X					
109	I.P.	Amend.	General				X					
111	L.R.	Amend.	General									X
112	L.R.	Amend.	General									X
114	L.R.	Amend.	Primary[33]							CM		

State Ques.	Type	Act, Bill Amend.	Election Type	Initiative Petition: Sp. Election Stat. CM	Initiative Petition: Sp. Election Const. Amend. CM	Initiative Petition: Gen. Election Stat. TC	Initiative Petition: Gen. Election Const. Amend. TC	Ref. Petition: State & Const. Measures Gen. & Special Elections CM	Legislative Referendum: Sp. Election Stat. CM	Legislative Referendum: Sp. Election Const. Amend. CM	Legislative Referendum: Gen. Election Stat. CM	Legislative Referendum: Gen. Election Const. Amend. TC
116	I.P.	Amend.	General				X					
119	I.P.	Amend.	Special		X[34]							
121	L.R.	Amend.	Special[35]							TVC		
122	L.R.	Amend.	Special[36]							TVC		
123	L.R.	Amend.	Special							TVC		
124	L.R.	Amend.	Special[37]							TVC		
125	L.R.	Amend.	Special							TVC		
141	I.P.	Act	Primary[38]							TVC		
135	R.P.	Act	General[39]					X				
137	R.P.	Act	General[40]					X				
138	I.P.	Act	General			X						
139	I.P.	Act	General			X						
144	L.R.	Amend.	General									X
145	L.R.	Amend.	General									X
146	L.R.	Act	General								X	
152	I.P.	Act	Primary[41]	X								
122	L.R.	Amend.	General									X[42]
158	L.R.	Amend.	General									X
159	L.R.	Amend.	General									X
167	I.P.	Act	Special	X								
169	I.P.	Amend.	Special		X							
172	I.P.	Act	Special	X								
173	I.P.	Amend.	Special		X							
168	I.P.	Amend.	Primary[43]				X					
170	I.P.	Act	Primary[44]			X						
171	I.P.	Act	Primary[45]			X						
164	R.P.	Act[46]	General					X				
175	I.P.	Act	General			X						
183	L.R.	Act	Special						X			

State Ques.	Type	Act, Bill Amend.	Election Type	Initiative Petition: Sp. Election Stat. CM	Initiative Petition: Sp. Election Const. Amend. CM	Initiative Petition: Gen. Election Stat. TC	Initiative Petition: Gen. Election Const. Amend. TC	Ref. Petition: State & Const. Measures Gen. & Special Elections CM	Legislative Referendum: Sp. Election Stat. CM	Legislative Referendum: Sp. Election Const. Amend. CM	Legislative Referendum: Gen. Election Stat. CM	Legislative Referendum: Gen. Election Const. Amend. TC
179	R.P.	Act	Special					X[47]				
184	R.P.	Act	Special					X[48]				
185	L.R.	Amend.	Special							TVC		
186	L.R.	Amend.	General									X
187	L.R.	Amend.	General									X
201	I.P.	Amend.	Special		X							
208	L.R.	Amend.	Special							TVC		
209	L.R.	Amend.	Special							TVC		
211	L.R.	Amend.	Special							TVC		
212	L.R.	Amend.	Special							TVC		
214	I.P.	Amend.	Special		X							
220	I.P.	Act	Special	X								
225	I.P.	Amend.	Primary[49]		X							
226	I.P.	Amend.	Primary		X							
230	I.P.	Act	Primary	X								
207	L.R.	Amend.	General									X
210	L.R.	Amend.	General									X
222	I.P.	Amend.	General				X					
205	I.P.	Amend.	General				X					
216	R.P.	Act	General[50]					X				
236	R.P.	Act	General[51]					X				
238	R.P.	Act	General[52]					X				
242	L.R.	Amend.	General									X
243	L.R.	Amend.	General									X
215	I.P.	Amend.	General				X					
241	I.P.	Act	General			X						
253	I.P.	Act	General			X						
281	L.R.	Amend.	General									X
282	L.R.	Amend.	General									X

State Ques.	Type	Act, Bill Amend.	Election Type	Initiative Petition: Sp. Election Stat. CM	Initiative Petition: Sp. Election Const. Amend. CM	Initiative Petition: Gen. Election Stat. TC	Initiative Petition: Gen. Election Const. Amend. TC	Ref. Petition State & Const. Measures Gen. & Special Elections CM	Legislative Referendum: Sp. Election Stat. CM	Legislative Referendum: Sp. Election Const. Amend. CM	Legislative Referendum: Gen. Election Stat. CM	Legislative Referendum: Gen. Election Const. Amend. TC
289	I.P.	Amend.	General				X					
298	L.R.	Amend.	Special							CM		
299	L.R.	Amend.	Special							CM		
300	L.R.	Amend.	Special							CM		
306	I.P.	Amend.	Pri. (Sp.)[53]		X							
302	L.R.	Amend.	General									X
303	L.R.	Amend.	General									X
304	L.R.	Amend.	General									X
309	L.R.	Amend.	Pri. (Sp.)[54]							CM		
310	L.R.	Amend.	Pri. (Sp.)[55]							CM		
311	L.R.	Amend.	Pri. (Sp.)[56]							CM		
312	L.R.	Amend.	Pri. (Sp.)[57]							CM		
313	L.R.	Amend.	Pri. (Sp.)[58]							CM		
319	L.R.	Amend.	Pri. (Sp.)[59]							CM		
314	I.P.	Amend.	General				X					
315	I.P.	Amend.	General				X					
316	I.P.	Amend.	General				X					
318	I.P.	Amend.	General				X					
327	L.R.	Amend.	Pri. (Sp.)[60]							CM		
328	L.R.	Amend.	Pri. (Sp.)[61]							CM		
329	L.R.	Amend.	Pri. (Sp.)[62]							CM		
343	I.P.	Amend.	Special		X							
348	L.R.	Amend.	Special							CM		
345	L.R.	Amend.	Pri. (Sp.)[63]							CM		
325	I.P.	Amend.	General				X					
326	I.P.	Amend.	General				X					
344	L.R.	Senate Joint Res.	General								X	

State Ques.	Type	Act, Bill Amend.	Election Type	Initiative Petition				Ref. Petition	Legislative Referendum			
				Sp. Election		Gen. Election		State & Const. Measures	Sp. Election		Gen. Election	
				Stat. CM	Const. Amend. CM	Stat. TC	Const. Amend. TC	Gen. & Special Elections CM	Stat. CM	Const. Amend. CM	Stat. CM	Const. Amend. TC
346	L.R.	Amend.	General									X
347	L.R.	Act	General								X	
353	L.R.	Amend.	Primary									X
354	L.R.	Amend.	Primary									X
355	L.R.	Amend.	General									X
356	L.R.	Amend.	General									X
349	I.P.	Act	General			X		X				
359	R.P.	Act	Special					X				
360	R.P.	Act	Special					X				
358	L.R.	Amend.	Pri. (Sp.)[65]							CM		
362	L.R.	Amend.	Pri. (Sp.)[66]							CM		
361	L.R.	Amend.	General									X
368	L.R.	Amend.	Special							CM		
369	L.R.	Amend.	Pri. (Sp.)[67]							CM		
370	L.R.	Amend.	Pri. (Sp.)[68]							CM		
371	L.R.	Amend.	Pri. (Sp.)[69]							CM		
372	L.R.	Amend.	Pri. (Sp.)[70]							CM		
373	L.R.	Amend.	Pri. (Sp.)[71]							CM		
374	L.R.	Amend.	Pri. (Sp.)[72]							CM		
375	L.R.	Amend.	Pri. (Sp.)[73]							CM		
357	I.P.	Act	General			X						
377	I.P.	Amend.	General				X					
376	I.P.	Amend.	Special		X							
379	L.R.	Amend.	Special							CM		
380	L.R.	Amend.	Special							CM		
386	L.R.	Amend.	Special							CM		
387	L.R.	Amend.	Special							CM		
388	L.R.	Amend.	Pri. (Sp.)[74]							CM		
389	L.R.	Amend.	Pri. (Sp.)							CM		

State Ques.	Type	Act, Bill Amend.	Election Type	Initiative Petition: Sp. Election Stat. CM	Initiative Petition: Sp. Election Const. Amend. CM	Initiative Petition: Gen. Election Stat. TC	Initiative Petition: Gen. Election Const. Amend. TC	Ref. Petition: State & Const. Measures Gen. & Special Elections CM	Legislative Referendum: Sp. Election Stat. CM	Legislative Referendum: Sp. Election Const. Amend. CM	Legislative Referendum: Gen. Election Stat. CM	Legislative Referendum: Gen. Election Const. Amend. TC
390	L.R.	Amend.	Pri. (Sp.)[75]							CM		
393	L.R.	Amend.	Pri. (Sp.)[76]							CM		
391	L.R.	Amend.	Run-off Pri. (Sp.)[77]							CM		
392	L.R.	Amend.	Run-off Pri. (Sp.)[78]							CM		
396	I.P.	Amend.	Special		X							
397	I.P.	Amend.	Special		X							
398	I.P.	Act	Special	X								
394	L.R.	Amend.	General									X
395	R.P.	Bill	General					X				
401	L.R.	Amend.	Special							CM		
407	L.R.	Amend.	Special							CM		
404	L.R.	Amend.	Pri. (Sp.)[79]							CM		
405	L.R.	Amend.	Run-off Pri. (Sp.)[80]							CM		
400	L.R.	Amend.	Run-off Pri. (Sp.)							CM		
406	L.R.	Amend.	General									X[81]
408	I.P.	Amend.	Gen. (Sp.)[82]				X					
411	L.R.	Amend.	Special							CM		
417	L.R.	Act	Special						X			
418	L.R.	Amend.	Special							CM		
419	L.R.	Amend.	Special							CM		
409	I.P.	Amend.	Pri. (Sp.)[83]		X							
412	L.R.	Amend.	Pri. (Sp.)[84]							CM		
413	L.R.	Amend.	Pri. (Sp.)[85]							CM		
416	L.R.	Amend.	Run-off Pri. (Sp.)[86]							CM		

State Ques.	Type	Act, Bill Amend.	Election Type	Initiative Petition: Sp. Election Stat. CM	Initiative Petition: Sp. Election Const. Amend. CM	Initiative Petition: Gen. Election Stat. TC	Initiative Petition: Gen. Election Const. Amend. TC	Ref. Petition: State & Const. Measures Gen. & Special Elections CM	Legislative Referendum: Sp. Election Stat. CM	Legislative Referendum: Sp. Election Const. Amend. CM	Legislative Referendum: Gen. Election Stat. CM	Legislative Referendum: Gen. Election Const. Amend. TC
414	L.R.	Amend.	General									X
415	L.R.	Amend.	General									X
420	R.P.	Bill	General					X				
421	I.P.	Amend.	General				X					
422	I.P.	Bill	General			X						
423	I.P.	Bill	General			X						
424	I.P.	Bill	General			X						
425	L.R.	Act	Special						X			
426	L.R.	Amend.	Special							CM		
427	L.R.	Joint Resol.	Special						X			
430	L.R.	Amend.	Special							CM		
433	L.R.	Amend.	Special							CM		
428	L.R.	Amend.	Pri. (Sp.)[87]							CM		
429	L.R.	Amend.	Pri. (Sp.)[88]							CM		
431	L.R.	Amend.	Pri. (Sp.)[89]							CM		
432	L.R.	Amend.	Pri. (Sp.)[90]							CM		
436	L.R.	Amend.	Pri. (Sp.)[91]							CM		
434	L.R.	Amend.	Pri. (Sp.)[92]							CM		
435	L.R.	Amend.	Pri. (Sp.)[93]							CM		
437	R.P.	Bill	Gen. (Sp.)[94]					X				
447	L.R.	Amend.	Special							CM		
448	L.R.	Amend.	Special							CM		
453	L.R.	Amend.	Special							CM		
442	L.R.	Amend.	Pri. (Sp.)[95]							CM		
444	L.R.	Amend.	Pri. (Sp.)[96]							CM		
446	L.R.	Amend.	Pri. (Sp.)[97]							CM		
456	L.R.	Amend.	Pri. (Sp.)[98]							CM		

State Ques.	Type	Act, Bill, Amend.	Election Type	Initiative Petition: Sp. Election Stat. CM	Initiative Petition: Sp. Election Const. Amend. CM	Initiative Petition: Gen. Election Stat. TC	Initiative Petition: Gen. Election Const. Amend. TC	Ref. Petition State & Const. Measures Gen. & Special Elections CM	Legislative Referendum: Sp. Election Stat. CM	Legislative Referendum: Sp. Election Const. Amend. CM	Legislative Referendum: Gen. Election Stat. CM	Legislative Referendum: Gen. Election Const. Amend. TC
457	L.R.	Amend.	Pri. (Sp.)[99]							CM		
460	L.R.	Amend.	Pri. (Sp.)[100]							CM		
461	L.R.	Amend.	Pri. (Sp.)[101]							CM		
462	L.R.	Amend.	Pri. (Sp.)[102]							CM		
441	I.P.	Amend.	Run-off Pri. (Sp.)[103]		X							
443	L.R.	Amend.	Run-off Pri. (Sp.)[104]							CM		
454	L.R.	Amend.	Run-off Pri. (Sp.)[105]							CM		
455	L.R.	Amend.	Run-off Pri. (Sp.)[106]							CM		
458	L.R.	Amend.	Run-off Pri. (Sp.)[107]							CM		
459	L.R.	Amend.	Run-off Pri. (Sp.)[108]							CM		
445	L.R.	Amend.	General									X
463	L.R.	Amend.	Special							CM		
466	L.R.	Amend.	Special							CM		
468	L.R.	Amend.	Special							CM		
472	L.R.	Const. Conv.	Special							CM		
473	L.R.	Amend.	Special							CM		
474	L.R.	Amend.	Special							CM		
477	L.R.	Amend.	Sp. (Pri.)[109]							CM		
475	L.R.	Amend.	Sp. (Run-off Primary) [110]							CM		
476	L.R.	Amend.	Sp. (Run-off Primary) [111]							CM		
464	R.P.	Bill	General					X				
469	R.P.	Bill	General					X				

State Ques.	Type	Act, Bill, Amend.	Election Type	Initiative Petition: Sp. Election Stat. CM	Initiative Petition: Sp. Election Const. Amend. CM	Initiative Petition: Gen. Election Stat. TC	Initiative Petition: Gen. Election Const. Amend. TC	Ref. Petition: State & Const. Measures Gen. & Special Elections CM	Legislative Referendum: Sp. Election Stat. CM	Legislative Referendum: Sp. Election Const. Amend. CM	Legislative Referendum: Gen. Election Stat. CM	Legislative Referendum: Gen. Election Const. Amend. TC
478	I.P.	Act	Special	X								
479	L.R.	Amend.	Special							CM		
481	L.R.	Amend.	Special							CM		
482	L.R.	Amend.	Special							CM		
483	L.R.	Amend.	Special							CM		
484	L.R.	Amend.	Special							CM		
485	L.R.	Amend.	Special							CM		
488	L.R.	Amend.	Sp. (Reg. Primary)							CM		
489	L.R.	Amend.	Sp. (Reg. Primary)							CM		
490	L.R.	Amend.	Sp. (Reg. Primary)							CM		
480	I.P.	Amend.	General				X					
486	L.R.	Amend.	General									X
487	L.R.	Amend.	General									X

NOTES: Table 3-1

[1]Question Number 15 dealt with the permanent location of the state capitol. As a measure initiated by popular petition, it proposed to move the capitol site and locate it in one of three places: 1) Guthrie, 2) Oklahoma City, or 3) Shawnee. The proposition was passed but in a subsequent Oklahoma Supreme Court decision of Smith v. State, 28 Okla. 235, 113 par. 932, (1910) it was declared unconstitutional. The Supreme Court also ruled that the measure was not validly submitted. That is, it asked three questions (two directly and one by implication). It directly asked shall the capitol be located and where (Guthrie, Oklahoma City, Shawnee). It indirectly asked shall the proposition be adopted.

[2]In the General Election of November 8, 1910, State Question 6 was placed on the ballot by the initiative petition process. This issue was popularly talked about as the "New Jerusalem Plan" and is in many ways the predecessor to "New Brazilian" plans in the other states and the Willow Creek siting near Anchorage, Alaska, which is currently under intensive study. Although the plan received over sixty percent affirmative vote, it failed since it did not receive a majority of the total votes cast in the election. The "New Jerusalem Plan" was heatedly debated between Guthrie and Oklahoma City with little contest pertaining to Shawnee. In addition this amendment was submitted for "advisory purposes only" although only 78 percent of the people voting in the election vote on this amendment. For added discussion see Frederick F. Blackly and Miriam E. Oatman, Government of Oklahoma (Oklahoma City: Harlow Publishing Co., 1929), p. 299-230.

[3]State question number 17, "The Grandfather Clause" was declared unconstitutional by the Supreme Court of the United States in Guinn v. U.S., 238 U.S. 347. The Grandfather Clause provided that a person could not be a qualified elector in Oklahoma or vote in any election (state, local or national) unless "he be able to read and write any section of the Constitution of the State of Oklahoma; but no person who was...[on or prior to January 1, 1866]...entitled to vote, ... shall be denied the right to register and vote because of his ability to so read and write sections of the Constitution. This amendment provided for the "grandfathering in" of persons who were lineal descendants of persons permitted to vote prior to January 1, 1866. Therefore, due to the de jure and de facto segregation measures related to electoral law in Oklahoma, this amendment would have effectively barred a high percentage of blacks and American Indians from voting since their "grandfathers" were not entitled to vote. On the other hand, it permitted "illiterate" whites to qualify as electors because they were descendants of "qualified" voters. The Court ruled that this measure was in violation of the Fifteenth Amendment to the Constitution. Also, Blackly and Oatman observe that the amendment carried a good

majority due to the way in which it was voted upon. At the bottom of the ballot and in small type were printed the words "for the Amendment." To vote against the amendment the voter had to scratch out those words with a lead pencil, and should he leave his ballot unmarked, he was counted as favoring the amendment. In a number of precincts no pencils were furnished and the process was likely to mislead the simple and inattentive voter."

[4]This proposition is referred to as the Bryan Election Law. It was an act submitted to the electorate against a legislative measure.

[5]To provide for local option as it pertains to the licensing and sale of intoxicating liquors in "incorporated cities, towns and villages" after the local political jurisdiction voted approval in an election.

[6]Although state question number 23 received a 27,994 majority vote in the General Election of November 8, 1910, it failed due to its inability to get a majority of the total votes cast in the election. This is an example of the power of the "silent vote".

[7]Ibid.

[8]Established the direct election of U.S. Senators. The act provided for the election of U.S. senators at the same time that state legislators are elected. The legislator act required that the individual legislator state whether he would be "bound" by the popular wish. However, the Congress of the United States passed the 17th Amendment on May 16, 1912 in which the direct, rather indirect, election of members to the Senate of the United States was provided for. The 17th Amendment to the Constitution was ratified on May 31, 1913. This series of events rendered the operation of proposition 41 unnecessary.

[9]Once again the people of Guthrie, Oklahoma were determined to have the state capitol located in their city. It failed to receive a majority of total votes cast in the General Election of 1912.

[10]Measure number 45 provided for the State Legislature to levy taxes that "will maintain all public schools for at least five months in the year." It received a 34,606 vote majority but failed due to receiving less than a majority of the total vote cast in the election.

[11]A referendum petition to veto an act of the Oklahoma Legislature referred to as the "Mining Bill." This was the first time in the history of Oklahoma in which a referendum was offered that succeeded in vetoing the law.

[12]The "School Aid Bill" was referred to the people by the Legislature and received a 32,737 vote majority on the issue, but failed to receive a majority of the total votes cast in the election. For purposes of passage, this primary election was considered to constitute a general election.

[13]A referendum petition against a legislative act to prevent gambling, bookmaking, and horse racing, the legislative law was sustained.

[14]A referendum petition requiring only a majority of the votes cast on the measure for passage. In state question number 62 as in 61 the legislature was sustained. This measure outlawed "gambling and the running of slot machines and building in which they are operated."

[15]This measure received a 43,762 majority "year" vote, but failed to receive a majority of the total vote cast in the election.

[16]As a constitutional amendment it provided for the removal from office by impeachment for "drunkenness and the excessive use of intoxicating liquors." Of the 84 percent of the people voting in the primary, they cast a decided majority vote (83,174) in favor of this measure.

[17]State question number 71 provided for the reduction of Appellate Courts in Oklahoma. It received a majority of the total votes cast on the issue but failed to receive a majority of all votes cast in the general election. Also, this measure was ruled as being illegally submitted to the people. It is considered, for historical discussion, as one of the four constitutional amendments initiated by the people and referred in the 1914 General Election. These amendments were popularly called the "West Amendments" in relation to the efforts made by Charles West, a candidate for governor, who worked so hard for their passage. Likewise, State Questions 74, 75 and 77 received a majority of total votes cast in these specific constitutional amendments, but failed to receive a total of all votes cast in the election. Another good example of the "silent vote" on constitutional revision in Oklahoma.

[18]Failed by fact that it did not receive a majority of all votes cast in the general election.

[19]Ibid.

[20]Ibid.

[21]In the primary election of August 1, 1916, nine amendments to the constitution were submitted to the electorate. State question number 81 dealt with the creation of a State Tax Commission and the abolition of the State Board of Equalization. Seventy percent of the voters casting ballots in the Primary voted on this measure and although it was thought to be an attempt to introduce greater economy in governmental administration, it, nevertheless, was resoundingly defeated by 95,474 votes. Notice also, that measures 81, 82, 83, 84,

85, 86, 87, 88 and 89 are incorrectly listed in the several successive Directory of the State of Oklahoma up to and including 1947, as well as incorrectly listed in the Official Records of the Oklahoma Secretary of State.

[22]This measure, if passed, would have imposed the literary (literacy) test for establishing elector qualification and replaced the test of propoerty. An interesting exception to the use of the literacy test criteria was provided for those "who served in the army or navy of the United States in the war with Mexico, or on either side in wars with certain Indian tribes." It represented a fundamental change in elector qualification and was decisively defeated.

[23]A constitutional amendment which would have distributed taxes to common schools derived from public service corporations operating in Oklahoma. The measure failed to receive a majority of votes cast on the proposition.

[24]An attempt to reduce the salary of the Oklahoma Clerk of Supreme Court, this measure failed by a majority of 76,030 votes against the measure.

[25]State question number 85 deals with the amount of indebtedness permitted to incorporated cities and towns. Again, it too was decisively defeated like all the other amendments submitted in the primary election of 1916.

[26]An attempt to authorize the Oklahoma Legislature to provide for "the compulsory or elective compensation by the employer to the employee in case of death, permanent or partial disability." It, too, was defeated by a 88,134 vote majority. Please note that question 81 through 89 required a majority of total votes cast in election for approval. For purposes of passage, a primary election was considered the same as a general election.

[27]A proposition that was proposed to reduce the cost of operating the judicial system in Oklahoma by providing for the "supreme Court (to) be consolidated with the Criminal Court of Appeals." It represented a fundamental change in the operation of the judicial system--a change that the Oklahoma Electorate was not prepared to make. The proposed amendment was defeated by a 149,272 no and 42,896 yes.

[28]A proposal amendment that would change the size of juries in "court of record, . . . to consist of eight men," except 12 men in capital cases. This measure was defeated by 92,379 majority no vote.

[29]An attempt for judicial reorganization in which the county courts would be abolished and their jurisdiction vested in District Court was proposed in State Question 89. It was defeated by 110,180 majority no vote.

[30]This proposed amendment to the election law received a majority of the total votes cast on the measure, but failed due to the "silent vote." It was an ingenious attempt by the Socialist party of Oklahoma to gain membership on the state election board. The measure proposed that a "State Election Board of three electors elected one each by the State Chairman of each of the three political parties costing greatest number of votes for Governor at last general election," be established. In the November 3, 1914 General Election, the Democratic candidate for Governor received 100,597 votes; the Republican candidate 95,904; the Socialists candidate 52,703; the Progressive candidate 4,189; and the Prohibition not offering a candidate for the gubernatorial race. This would clearly place the Socialist party in third place relative to the "greatest number of votes for Governor at the last general election," and guarantee them a position on the State Election Board. Also, the total votes cast in the General Election of 1916 are not held in the State Election Board Archives on a county by county basis.

[31]Rejected by failing to receive a total of all votes cast in the general election. It would have, if adopted, forbid the legislature to pass any election registration laws.

[32]Referred to as the "Good Roads Amendment."

[33]This Constitutional Amendment provided for an increase in the total taxes levied on an ad valorem basis for school districts. This proposition required a majority vote cast on measure for adoption.

[34]In re Initiative Petition 79, State Question 119, the Oklahoma Supreme Court ruled in Simpson v. Hill et al., 263 p. 635; 128 Okl. 269, that it was not a constitutional amendment. Although the measure was passed whereby the state legislature could convene itself "for investigating the conduct of State officials, subject to impeachment . . .," it was declared inoperative. The Court also ruled that neither the Governor nor the legislature had designated or ordered the amendment to be voted upon at a special election.

[35]Required a majority of all votes cast in election for adoption, in this case 144,551. See Directory of Oklahoma, 1973, p. 426 for verification.

[36]In re State Question 122, submitted to the electorate on October 2, 1923, the Oklahoma Supreme Court ruled in Looney v. Leeper, Secretary of State, et al., 145 Okl. 202, 292 Pac. 365 (1930), that the election was invalid. In this decision the court held that the amendment was not legally submitted to the people. This amendment attempted to make women eligible for high executive state offices such as Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Secretary of State, State Auditor, State Treasurer, Superintendent of Public Instruction, State Examiner and Inspector. The court ruled, however, that since the resolution was

properly adopted by the state legislature, approved by, received and filed by the Secretary of State, that since the Secretary of State did not fulfill the constitutional mandate of submitting the measure to the people at the next regular scheduled election (general election, November, 1924,) the resolution to be submitted to the people for their rejection or approval at the "next general election to be held November 4, 1930." In the 1930 election the measure once again received an affirmative majority, a decisive one, of the total votes cast on the proposition. It failed to receive a majority of all votes cast in the election, thereby being rejected by the "silent vote."

[37]The Supreme Court ruled that the legislative act submitting this measure to the people for their adoption or rejection was unconstitutional. In State ex rel. Short, Attorney General, v. State Board of Equalization, et al., 107 Okl. 118, 230 p. 743, 744, the court held that the Constitution of Oklahoma (Art. 24, Section 1) required that before a constitution amendment could be submitted to the people by the legislature that the resolution be adopted by a two-thirds vote of each house, and the two-thirds vote meant "a two-thirds vote of all the members elected to and constituting each house." Therefore, a two-thirds of those present and voting or of the quorum is not sufficient.

[38]In re State Question 141, a procedure was adopted by an overwhelming majority of the Oklahoma electorate (182,012 for; 68,975 against) that provided for the testing of any tax levy. Once again, the Oklahoma Supreme Court ruled that the power of the judiciary function had been usurped and thus the measure was unconstitutional. For more detailed discussion, see Atchison, T. & S. L. Ry Co. v. Long, 251 p. 486, 122 Okl. 86.

[39]A measure proposed to veto a legislative act pertaining to free textbooks. The act was rejected and the law sustained.

[40]Ibid.

[41]In re Initiative Petition 100, State Question 152, a great deal of controversy developed over whether this measure required a majority of the votes cast in the primary election or only a majority of the votes cast on the measure in order to be effective. In a letter from V.P. Crowe, then Assistant Attorney General, on August 31, 1928, to W.C. McAlister, Secretary, State Election Board, he opined that "the election on Initiative Petition Number 100, held on the date of the primary election constituted in itself a special election and that said measure to be approved must receive a majority of the votes cast in such election." He further stated that ". . . only electors registered with a recognized political party can vote in a mandatory primary election; whereas, any elector of the State is eligible to vote on an initiative petition. . ." In summary, Initiative Petition 100 was considered submitted at a special election and, therefore, required a majority of the votes cast on the measure to become effective.

[42]Oklahoma Supreme Court ruled that Special Election of October 2, 1923 was invalid. See Looney v. Leeper. This amendment pertained to setting office qualifications received a majority of the votes actually cast on the measure but failed due to the "silent vote."

[43]Since election was declared a special election for purposes of the Initiative, it requires a majority of the total votes cast in the election for adoption.

[44]Ibid.

[45]Ibid.

[46]Legislative act not vetoed

[47]Ibid.

[48]Ibid.

[49]For purposes of passage, the same criteria that pertains to Initiative Petitions submitted in an election that has a special designation apply. A majority of the total votes cast on the proposition is needed for passage.

[50]In re State Question Number 216 relating to a legislative act that would effect slot machine operation in Oklahoma, the people rejected House Bill 410, thereby sustaining the law.

[51]The "oleomargarine" bill was rejected by 31,180 votes.

[52]In re Referendum Petition Number 75, establishing a State Oil Inspector, the act was rejected and the law sustained.

[53]The primary election of July 14, 1942 was designated a special election in regards to the legal requirements that needed to be met in approving Initiative Petition 221, State Question 306.

[54]Designated a special election for proposition 309, Legislative Referendum 86.

[55]Designated a special election for State Question 310, Legislative Referendum 87.

[56]Designated a special election for State Question 311, Legislative Referendum 88, which created a Board of Regents for the University of Oklahoma.

[57]In re State Question 312, Legislative Referendum 89, designated the primary election of July 11, 1944 as constituting a special election

for purposes of this measure. This Act, submitted by the Senate of Oklahoma to the electorate, dealt with the establishment of a run-off primary election system in Oklahoma.

[58]The primary election was designated a special election for State Question 313, Legislative Referendum 90.

[59]Designated a special election for State Question 319, Legislative Referendum 91.

[60]Designated a special election for State Question 327, Legislative Referendum 92.

[61]In re State Question 328, Legislative Referendum 93 which created a Board of Regents for Central State College, East Central State, Southwestern Institute of Technology, Northwestern State College, and Northeastern State College, the election was designated special status.

[62]State Question 329 set the salaries of Oklahoma Lawmakers. It was designated a special election for purposes of this amendment to the Constitution.

[63]A very important piece of legislation (Workmen's Compensation Law) and was decisively passed by a 333,963 margin in the July 4, 1950, primary election, designated special status for State Question 345.

[64]

[65]The primary election of July, 1954 was designated a special election for propositions.

[66]Ibid.

[67]The primary election of July 3, 1956 was designated a special election for this proposed amendment.

[68]Ibid.

[69]Ibid.

[70]Ibid.

[71]Ibid.

[72]Ibid.

[73]Ibid.

[74]State Questions 388, 389, 390, submitted by the Legislature to the electorate in the primary election of July 5, 1960, were given a special election designation.

[75]Ibid.

[76]Ibid.

[77]The run-off primary election of July 26, 1960, was designated a special election.

[78]Ibid.

[79]The primary election of May 1, 1962 was designated a special election for state questions.

[80]Ibid.

[81]In re State Question 406, Legislative Referendum 135 dealt with the sale of alcoholic beverages by manufacturers, distillers, etc., on a non-discriminatory basis to every licensed wholesale liquor distributor. For an attendant discussion of some of the controversy surrounding the measure that received a majority of the votes cast on the proposition, although failed due to the operation of the "silent vote," see Ford v. Oklahoma Alcoholic Beverage Control Board.

[82]Although this proposition dealt with apportionment of the Oklahoma Senate and House of Representatives, a proposition that was heatedly discussed throughout the state, the measure was submitted at the General Election, November 6, 1962, designated a special election for purposes of passage, it received a majority of votes cast on measure, only to fail by the "silent vote". See M.A. Price, John M. Rasberry, J.R. Hutchins and Roy Grimes v. William N. Christian, Secretary of State, State of Oklahoma, 373 p. (2d) 1017 (1962).

[83]The primary election of May 5, 1964 was designated a special election for State Question 409, Initiative Petition 272. This proposition pertains to a constitutional amendment that would have amended Article 23, Section 12, and established "Right to Work" legislation in Oklahoma, thereby banning the closed shop and prohibiting union membership as a necessary condition for employment in Oklahoma. The amendment was rejected by a 24,288 majority and greatly disappointed a very well organized group named Oklahomas for Right to Work, Inc., and pleased organized labor interests and unions, especially the Oklahoma AFL-CIO. This proposition was held up due to litigation and the name challenge of 104,835 persons who signed the petition that placed State Question 409 before the people for approval or rejection. Of the 104,835 names challenged, 47,577 names were invalidated. For greater discussion see George J. Mauer, "Oklahoma State Questions of 1964," Oklahoma Government Bulletin (Norman, Oklahoma), Bureau of Government Research, University of Oklahoma, April, 1964, p. 1

[84]Designated a special election for State Question 413, Legislative Referendum 139. This measure wished to reduce the residence period necessary to become a qualified elector in Oklahoma from one year to six months in the State, from six months to two months in the county, and from thirty days in the precinct to twenty days. The elector qualification proposition was adopted by a 161,699 majority.

[85]Designated a special election.

[86]The Run-Off Primary Election of May 26, 1964 was designated a Special Election in re State Question 416, Legislative Referendum 142. And, therefore, the result fo the election, the approval of the Amendment by 55,772, was not affected by the "silent vote." Some controversy surrounded this proposition and has been clearly summarized by George L. Mauer. He states, relative to the amendment, that the language provides for "...apportioning the Senate, consideration will be given to population, compactness, area, political units, historical precedents, economic and political interests, contiguous territory, and other major factors to the extent feasible." This, he goes on to state, becomes complicated in dealing with criteria for creating two-county senatorial districts. He developed a scenario in which the 19 most populous counties would elect one senator and combined this would represent 1,527,601 or 65.6 percent of the people, whereas 29 senators would represent 800,683 persons in 58 counties, or 34.4 percent of the total population. This could cause in operation, an overrepresentation of rural counties, and the contrary, of course, as it pertains to urban Oklahoma counties.

[87]The Regular Primary Election of May 3, 1966 was designated a special election, thereby eliminating the adverse effects of the "silent vote" on the adoption of the measure. For an excellent commentary that presents both support and opposition for this issue, see "The Seven Proposed Constitutional Amendments," Oklahoma Government Bulletin, Vo. 3, No. 4, Winter, 1966, pp. 1-4. This Bulletin was based on a comprehensive study conducted by the League of Women Voters organization in Oklahoma.

[88]Ibid.

[89]Ibid.

[90]Ibid.

[91]Ibid.

[92]Ibid.

[93]Ibid.

[94]Ibid.

[95]State Question 442, Legislative Referendum 158, submitted in the Regular Primary Election of August 27, 1968, was given a special designation.

[96]Ibid.

[97]Ibid.

[98]Ibid.

[99]Ibid.

[100]Ibid.

[101]Ibid.

[102]Ibid.

[103]In the Run-Off Primary Election of September 17, 1968, the election received special election designation as it pertained to the propositions.

[104]Ibid.

[105]Ibid.

[106]Ibid.

[107]Ibid.

[108]Ibid.

[109]The Regular Primary Election of August 25, 1970 was declared a special election for State Question 477, Legislative Referendum 185.

[110]The Run-Off Primary Election of September 15, 1970 was designated a special election for State Question 475, Legislative Referendum 183.

[111]Designated a special election for State Question 476, Legislative Referendum 184.

NOTES

[1]For a general discussion of the influence that William H. Murray had on the initiative and referendum at Oklahoma's Constitutional Convention, see Keith L. Bryant, Jr., Alfalfa Bill Murray (Norman, Oklahoma: University of Oklahoma Press, 1968), pp. 45-72. Also: Charles A Beard, "The Constitution of Oklahoma," Political Science Quarterly XXIV (March, 1909), 99-100. Beard provides an interesting commentary on how Oklahoma received its direct legislation provisions.

[2]Oklahoma, Constitution, art. V, sec. 1.

[3]Ibid.

[4]Ibid.

[5]Ibid., art. V, sec. 2.

[6]In re State Question Number 137, Referendum Petition Number 49, 114 Okl. 132, 244 Pac. 806 (1926).

[7]Oklahoma, Constitution, art. V, sec. 2.

[8]Ibid., art. V, sec. 3.

[9]Ibid.

[10]Ibid.

[11]Ibid.

[12]Ibid.

[13]Ibid.

[14]Ibid.

[15]Ibid.

[16]Oklahoma, Oklahoma State Election Board, Directory of Oklahoma 1977 (Oklahoma City, Oklahoma: 1977), p. 679.

[17]Ibid., p. 680.

[18]Royden Dangerfield, "Direct Legislation in Oklahoma," (unpublished manuscript, University of Oklahoma, n.d.).

[19]See: Ramsey v. Persinger, 43 Okl. 41, 141 Pac. 13 (1914), for a

discussion surrounding the operation of the legislative referendum.

[20]Oklahoma Statutes, 1961, Title 34, sec. 61.

[21]Ramsey v. Persinger, op. cit.

[22]Oklahoma Statutes, 1961, Title 34, sec. 64.

[23]Dangerfield, p. 15.

[24]Atwater v. Hassett, 27 Okl. 292, 111 Pac. 802 (1910).

[25]Ibid.

[26]Dangerfield, p. 17.

[27]A copy of the actual printout received from the OKLAHOMA--STATUTES Program is provided in the text to partially demonstrate the utility of the computer in researching some of the legal aspects of the initiative and referendum. A detailed discussion of GIPSY and the usefulness of electronic information systems is presented in the chapter on research methods. The programs used to secure the documents displayed in Exhibits 3-1 through 3-10 are provided in Appendix C.

[28]In re State Question Number 273, Initiative Petition Number 196, 187 Okl. 120, 102 Pac. 2d 153 (1940), the Supreme Court ruled that only the names that have been fraudulently signed or were known to be fraudulently signed by the circulator of the petition, would be rejected. On the other hand, in re State Question Number 215, Initiative Petition Number 145, 187 Okl. 284, 102 Pac. 2nd 189 (1940), it was determined that if the circulator of an initiative petition knew that a signature that was obtained on the petition was not genuine, or knew that a signature was not signed in the presence of the circulator, or knew that the signer was not a qualified voter or elector, then none of the signatures on that petition would be counted, unless proven to be genuine. The presumption is that all signatures on an initiative petition are valid and legal.

[29]Payment of a fee to the circulators of petitions was adjudged to be an acceptable practice, therefore payment did not invalidate the signatures secured by a paid circulator (2 1/2 cents per signature, provided the necessary number of signatures necessary to satisfy the legal requirement for the petition to be placed on the ballot was obtained) in re State Question Number 205, Initiative Petition Number 142, 176 Okl. 155, 55 Pac.2d 455 (1936). The court, however, did not establish any qualifications that the circulator of initiative petitions must meet. Indeed, the State Constitution and Statutes do not establish the circulator criteria, and in re to State Question Number 138, Initiative Petition Number 89, 114 Okl. 285, 244 Pac. 801 (1926) the court ruled the names obtained by a person who had not reached a mature age as eligible to be counted. Further, in re State Question Number 205, Initiative Petition Number 142, 176 Okl. 155, 55 Pac.2d 455 (1936) the court held

signatures received on a petition to be valid, although the circulators had been instructed to actually misrepresent what was contained in the petition. The court reasoned that it was not its responsibility to interfere or intervene in collatoral matters, because the elector was free to read the content of the petition printed on each pamphlet.

[30]There are several interesting cases that surround the filing and binding of petitions. See: Associated Industries of Oklahoma v. Oklahoma Tax Commisssion, 176 Okl. 120, 55 Pac.2d 79 (1936); Lowther v. Nissley, 38 Okl. 797, 135 Pac. 3 (1913); and, Norris v. Cross, 25 Okl. 287, 105 Pac. 100 (1910). In Associated Industries of Oklahoma v. Oklahoma Tax Commission, it was determined that a measure cannot be submitted to the people prior to the Secretary of State completing a hearing on the petition and validating the signatures of the petition. In Norris v. Cross, the provision that the "...Secretary of State, in the presence of the Governor and person offering the same for filing, shall detach the sheets containing the signatures and affidavits..." was further interpreted. The court opined that when a referendum petition is given to the Secretary of State for filing, and the Secretary keeps it in custody, it is considered filed. Not to detach the signatures and affidavits in the presence of the Governor and person presenting the peition does not invalidate the petition.

[31]In re Initiative Petition Number 260, State Question Number 377, Okl. 298, Pac.2d 753 (1956) it was resolved that serving notice of protestation to the Secretary of State was sufficient notice to all interested parties, and that the protest need not be served on the proponent. In this case the protest was against a petition that provided for four year terms of county officers. It was further determined that if the Secretary of State does not grant a hearing to the protestant, that the appropriate remedy is not for the protestant to seek a trial de novo, but to rather seek mandamus. Even with a hearing, however, the court ruled that the validity or constitutionality of a measure cannot be determined before the Secretary of State. See: In re. State Question Number 10, an initiative petition, 260 Okl. 554, 110 Pac. 647 (1910).

[32]In re State Question Number 241, Initiative Petition Number 166, 187 Okl. 271, 102 Pac.2d 861 (1940). In the event that the original protestant abandons the protest, it can be revitalized within five-days by any citizen of the State. In re to State Question Number 236, Referendum Petition Number 73, 183 Okl. 355, 82 Pac.2d 1017 (1938), it was assum assumed that all signatures affixed to a petition are those of registered voters. The protestant, therefore, must bring evidence that successfully challenges this affirmative position.

[33]For a discussion pertaining to sufficiency of ballot title, see: Covey v. Williamson, Okl. 265 Pac.2d 457 (1954), and in re Initiative Petition Number 248, 201 Okl. 562, 207 Pac.2d 924 (1949). The form of the ballot title and the number of the measure printed on the ballot was addressed in Smith v. State, 28 Okl. 235, 113 Pac. 932 (1911). In 1954, the court held that the idea behind the ballot title was to give a fair gist of the content involved in the measure that was to be voted upon. See: State ex rel. Murray v. Beard, Okl., 264 Pac.2d 305 (1954).

[34]If the Supreme Court elects, it may either approve the title submitted by the proponent of an initiated measure, use an alternative title prepared by the appellant, or prepare a title of its own selection and construction, as determined in re State Question Number 349, Initiative Petition Number 249, 203 Okl. 520, 223 Pac.2d 756 (1950). In this instance the Supreme Court approved a ballot title that all parties agreed was sufficient. If an appeal, however, is without merit and is determined to be primarily a device used to cause delay in the submission of the measure to the people, the court need not and will not consider the appeal. See: State Question Number 236, Referendum Petition Number 73, 183 Okl. 467, 83 Pac.2d 572 (1938).

[35]In State ex rel. Murray v. Beard, op. cit., the court declared that the ballot be distributed to the electorate for their review prior to the actual election day in which the measure is voted on. In addition, the newspapers selected for publication of sample ballot(s) must be of the general news disseminating kind. Trade, professional, lodge, or association specific and distribution limited newspapers do not satisfy the requirement for publication. Further, not to publish the argument for a proposition does not invalidate the election. Title 34, section 19 states:

> "The failure to prepare and have published the argument and other matter as provided by law shall not invalidate the election held on any initiative or referendum or Constitutional amendment proposed by the Legislature, and no election on any such measure shall be declared or held invalid on the grounds that such publication was not so prepared or published."

It is interesting to note the initial law governing the publication of arguments pro and con for a measure. Prior to 1917, the Secretary of State was required to have delivered to each registered voter in Oklahoma, a pamphlet giving the arguments for and against each proposed measure. The reason for this extensive effort at political communication was consistent with the tenets of classical democratic theory. That is, before a voter can act intelligently and rationally in a deliberative situation, the voter needs to have information. An informed voter, the argument goes, could thus be counted on to act intelligently. See: Ex parte Smith, 49 Okl. 716, 154 Pac. 521 (1916). Imagine, however, the great difficulty such a provision caused, especially as the population in Oklahoma underwent substantial change, both in terms of increased population and therefore one would expect increased number of registered voters, and in terms of migration patterns. It could be expected that many "Return to Sender" messages were stamped on letters that were returned to the Secretary of State. After 1917, this requirement was amended, and the publication of the measure in two general purpose newspapers, of opposite political faith, was deemed adequate for the purpose of information dissemination.

[36]See: Trapp v. Wells Fargo Express Co., 22 Okl. 377, 97 Pac. 1003 (1908).

[37]Title 34, sec. 25 provides the language governing the time for submitting initiated and referred measures to the people:

> "Whenever any measure shall be initiated by the people in the manner provided by law, or whenever the referendum shall be demanded against any measure passed by the Legislature, same shall be submitted to the people for their approval or rejection at the next regular election; provided, the Governor shall have power, in his discretion, to call a special election to vote upon such questions, or to designate the mandatory primary election as a special election for such purpose."

In Updegraff v. Gary, Okl. 298 Pac.2d 404 (1956), the court ruled that the Governor may use discretion as to whether to call a special election for the submission of a measure for the consideration of the electorate, or whether to designate a mandatory primary election as a special election. In State ex rel. Williamson v. Carter, 177 Okl. 382, 59 Pac.2d 948 (1936), the "...next regular..." election was not determined to be a runoff-primary election, unless the Governor authorized such an action.

[38]In Atwater v. Hassett, 27 Okl. 292, 111 Pac. 802 (1910), the validity of submitting a measure in a primary election satisfied the language of Title 34, sec. 25.

[39]In State ex rel. Williamson V. State Elections Board, 192 Okl. 275, 135 Pac.2d 982 (1943), the sum of certificates filed by the county election boards indicating the total number of votes cast in the election held in each county, constitutes the official returns.

[40]Oklahoma, Constitution, art. XXIV, sec. 2.

[41]Ibid., art. V, sec. 3.

[42]Ibid., art XXIV, sec. 2.

[43]Ibid., art. V, sec. 3.

[44]The "silent vote" was operative during the period under study--1907-1972. With the adoption of State Question Number 495, Legislative Referendum 198, on August 27, 1974, the silent vote was eliminated.

[45]The Constitution specifically states in Article XXIV, Section 1:

> "If a majority of all the electors voting at such election shall vote in favor of any amendment thereto, it shall thereby become a part of this Constitution."

[46]Oklahoma, Constitution, art. V, sec. 7.

[47]John Gillespie, "Direct Legislation in Oklahoma" (unpublished M.A. thesis, University of Oklahoma, 1949), pp. 26-27.

[48]Dangerfield, pp. 8-9.

[49]Gillespie, p. 26.

[50]Oklahoma, Constitution, art V, sec. 8.

[51]Ibid., art. V, sec. 3.

[52]Gillespie, p. 30.

[53]Ibid., p. 31.

CHAPTER IV

OKLAHOMA'S EXPERIENCE WITH DIRECT PARTICIPATORY DEMOCRACY

Introduction and Overview

Oklahoma has a rich history of utilizing the initiative and referendum. There are three types of initiated and referred procedures jointly available to the people and the State Legislature. These direct democracy powers are operationlized through the following referral modes: (1) Initiative Petition; (2) Referendum Petition; and (3) Legislative Referendum. Although each of these referral modes is extensively discussed in Chapter Three, a brief overview is presented at this point.

The initiative petition is reserved to the people in Article V, Sec. 1, Constitution of Oklahoma. The people are granted under the power of the initiative the right not only to petition their representatives--a right held by the citizens in a few nation-states of antiquity and in many nations in the modern era--but the actual power to propose and ratify or reject legislative and constitutional measures that change the basic law of the political jurisdiction in which they hold membership. The power to go beyond the right to request or petition consideration from a legislative body in the area of a public policy suggestion or demand, and to actually draft measures that possess policy content is a relatively recent phenomenon historically, having had its origin in the Progressive Era.[1]

The legislative referendum involves the state legislature referring measures (statutory measures or constitutional amendments) to the

people for either their opinion or their approval, ratification, or rejection. The Oklahoma Legislature is also given the power in Article XXIV, Section 2, to call a constitutional convention for the purpose of making "alterations, revisions, or amendments" to the Constitution, or to "propose a new constitution." Indeed, the Constitution states that the question of convening a constitutional convention must be submitted to the people at least once every twenty years, thereby enabling the people to determine if a convention should be called for the purpose of considering the desirability and necessity of constitutional change. Article XXIV, Section 2, also obliges the state legislature to submit the question of calling a constitutional convention. The practice of the legislature, however, has been largely to ignore the obligation. Since 1907, the legislature has submitted questions on three occasions that called for a convention: (1) State Question Number 146, Legislative Referendum Number 52, (2) State Question Number 347, Legislative Referendum Number 98, and (3) State Question Number 472, Legislative Referendum Number 180. Each of these measures was defeated rather soundly, with State Question Number 146 receiving only 16.5 percent approval, State Question 347 receiving 31.5 percent yes vote, and State Question 472 receiving a 23.7 percent approval on the question of calling a convention to consider changing the constitution.

These measures for initiating or proposing change to the constitution and laws of the state may be summarized in the following three categories: (1) proposal by popular initiative; (2) proposal by state legislature, and (3) proposal by constitutional convention.

The adoption or ratification of propositions is provided for by the direct popular vote of the electorate. A summary table of the major characteristics of all constitutional and statutory content proposals submitted to the Oklahoma electorate during the 1907-1972 period is presented in Table 4-29. This table arrays each issue by the following characteristics: (1) state question number, (2) initiative or referendum status, (3) submission by legislature or people, (4) an abbreviated proposition gist, (5) total number of yes and no votes cast on the proposition, (6) the statewide percent yes vote, (7) the statewide percent participation on the proposition, (8) the election result (pass/fail), and (9) the year the issue was presented to the electorate. Since Table 4-29 is nine pages in length and too massive to facilitate the casual observance of various facts about the operation of the initiative and referendum in Oklahoma it is appended at the end of this chapter and is summarized in the bivariate analysis which follows.

Voting Summary

During the sixty-five year period, 1907-1972, the Oklahoma electorate voted on 252 questions. The summary statistics, shown in table 4-1, indicate that 101 measures, 40.1 percent of the total, passed, and that 151 measures, 59.9 percent of all the propositions submitted were rejected at the polls.

The 252 proposals were set before the people in the ninety elections that took place from the first general election of 1908, in which five measures appeared, to the general election of 1972. Table

TABLE 4-1

OUTCOME OF ALL STATE MEASURES SUBMITTED TO THE OKLAHOMA ELECTORATE, 1907-1972

Outcome	Number	Percent
Pass	101	40.1
Fail	151	59.9
Total	252	100.0

4-2 displays the number of initiated and referred measures that have been submitted to the Oklahoma electorate from statehood to 1972, by date of submission, election type, and mode of referral. In total, ninety two measures were placed on the ballot for popular acceptance or rejection in twenty-eight general elections; seventy-three measures were submitted in twenty-six special elections held for propositions; twenty-one measures were submitted in eleven primary elections that did not have a special designation for issues; fifty-one measures were submitted in nineteen primary elections that carried a special designation status for measures; and, fifteen issues appeared in six run-off primary elections. On an average, the voters have been asked to vote upon approximately three (2.8) measures for each election in which measures have been submitted. In most elections only one issue (N = 24) or two issues (N = 20) were placed on the ballot out of ninety elections, although there were five measures placed on the ballot in eight elections; seven ballots in five elections, and one election had nine measures placed on the ballot for popular consideration. The average number of issues submitted to the electorate in

TABLE 4-2

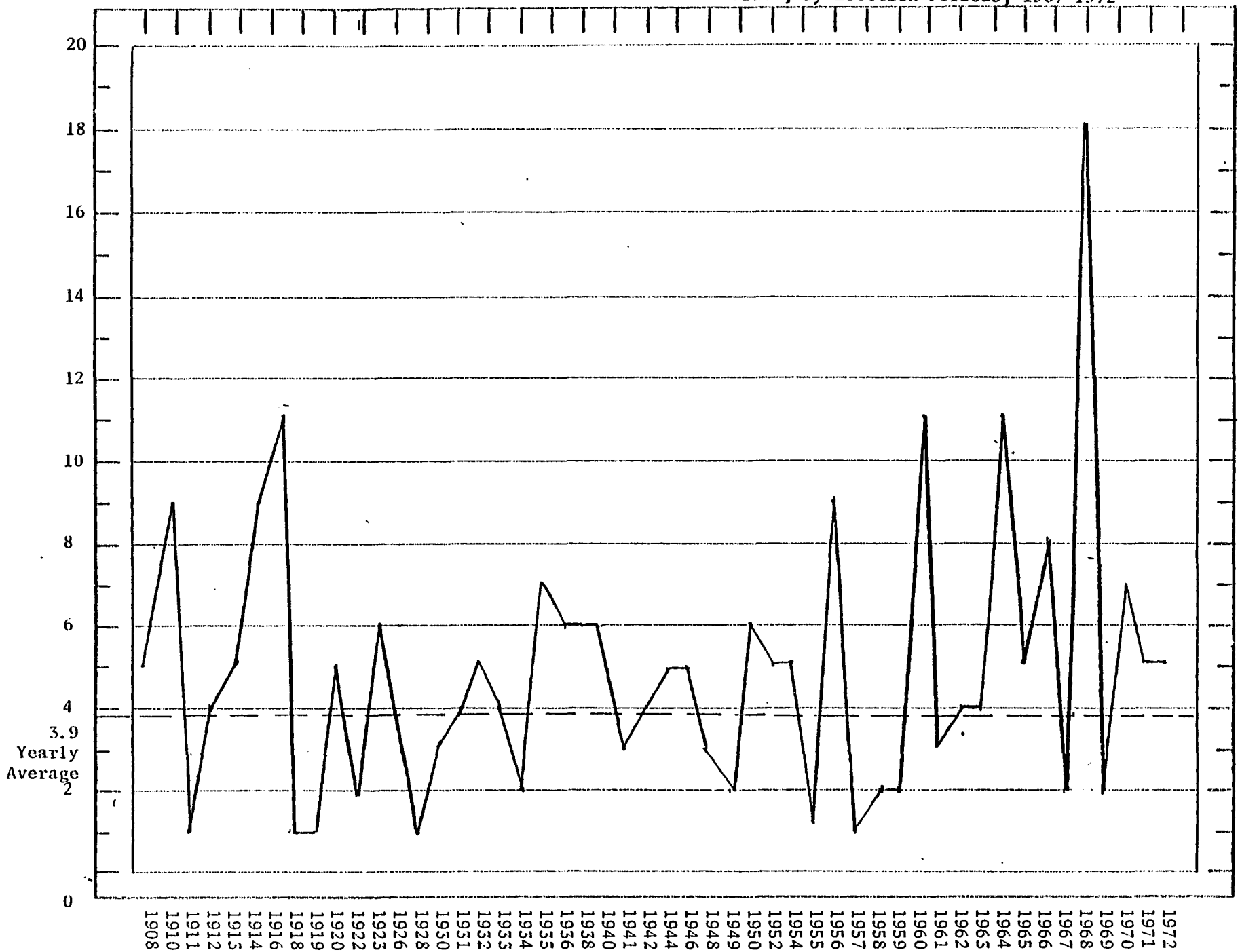
INITIATED AND REFERRED MEASURES SUBMITTED TO OKLAHOMA'S ELECTORATE BY DATE OF SUBMISSION, ELECTION TYPE, AND NUMBER OF ISSUES (1907-1972)

Year	Election Type	Proposed Through Power of Initiative	Proposed Through Power of Referendum	Total N
1908	General	1	4	5
1910	General	3	3	6
	Primary	1		1
	Special	2		2
1911	Special		1	1
1912	General	2	1	3
	Primary	1		1
1913	Special		5	5
1914	General	4		4
	Primary	2	3	5
1916	General	2		2
	Primary (sp)		9	9
1918	General		1	1
1919	Special		1	1
1920	General	2	3	5
1922	General	1		1
	Primary		1	1
1923	Special	1	5	6
1926	General	2	5	7
	Primary	1		1
1928	Primary	1		1
1930	General		3	3
1931	Special	4		4
1932	General	1	1	2
	Primary	3		3
1933	Special		4	4
1934	General		2	2
1935	Special	3	4	7
1936	General	1	2	3
	Primary	3		3
1938	General	1	5	6
1940	General	4	2	6
1941	Special		3	3
1942	General		3	3
	Primary	1		1
1944	Primary (sp)		5	5
1946	General	4		4
	Primary		1	1
1948	Primary (sp)		3	3
1949	Special	1	1	2
1950	General	2	3	5
	Primary (sp)		1	1
1952	General	1	2	3
	Primary		2	2
1954	General		1	1
	Primary (sp)		2	2

Year	Election Type	Proposed Through Power of Initiative	Proposed Through Power of Referendum	Total N
1954	Special		2	2
1955	Special		1	1
1956	General	2		2
	Primary (sp)		7	7
1957	Special	1		1
1958	Special		2	2
1959	Special		2	2
1960	General		2	2
	Primary (sp)		4	4
	Run off Primary (sp)		2	2
	Special	3		3
1961	Special		2	2
	General		1	1
1962	Primary (sp)		1	1
	Run off Primary (sp)		2	2
	Special	1		1
1963	Special		4	4
1964	General	4	3	7
	Primary (sp)	1	2	3
	Run off Primary (sp)		1	1
1965	Special		5	5
1966	General		1	1
	Primary (sp)		5	5
	Run off Primary (sp)		2	2
1967	Special		2	2
1968	General		1	1
	Primary (sp)		8	8
	Run off Primary (sp)	1	6	7
	Special *		2	2
1969	Special		2	2
1970	Special		3	3
	Primary (sp)		1	1
	Run off Primary (sp)		2	2
	General		1	1
1971	Special		5	5
1972	Special		1	1
	Primary (sp)		3	3
	General	1	2	1
Total		70	182	252

*One Special Election held April 16, 1968 and another Special Election was called for December 10, 1968.

Figure 4.1--Number of Measures Submitted to the Oklahoma Electorate, by Election Periods, 1907-1972



general elections was three; for special elections 2.8; and 2.9 for primary elections--averages which vary slightly for each election type considered here.

The total number of measures presented to the Oklahoma voters varied each year with no issues being considered, as illustrated in Figure 4-1, for fifteen years (seven years during the twenty-two year span of 1908 through 1930, and eight years for the period 1936 through 1954). Since 1954 at least one measure has been referred to the people each calendar year. The high tide of referendum use was experienced in the 1960-1969 period in which sixty-seven measures, a yearly average of 6.7 issues, were placed on the ballot. The 1909-1920 and 1930-1939 periods had a yearly submission average of 3.7 propositions, and the 1920-1929 period showed the lowest submission period possessing an average of 2.2 issues per year. Nevertheless, a review of the data arranged in Figure 4-1, depicts the average yearly submission rate at 3.9 during the 1907-1972 period, and only a few years varied sharply with the historical average: 1910, 1914, and 1956 (nine issues each); 1916, 1960, 1964 (eleven issues each); and, 1968 had the largest number of issues presented on the ballot with eighteen issues.

The mode of referral most frequently employed, see Table 4-3, during the period under consideration, is the legislative referendum. Table 4-4, shows that 162 measures were proposed through this power and that 78 of these 162 issues, 48.1 percent, passed and that 84 failed (51.9 percent). The second most frequently utilized referral procedures was the initiative petition. Popular intiation of measures accounts for 27.8 percent of all propositions submitted to the elec-

TABLE 4-3

DISTRIBUTION OF REFERRAL MODES FOR ALL STATE QUESTIONS SUBMITTED TO THE OKLAHOMA ELECTORATE, 1907-1972

Referral Mode	Number	Percent
Legislative Referendum	162	64.3
Initiative Petition	70	27.8
Referendum Petition	20	7.9
Total	252	100.0

torate. The seventy measures submitted by the initiative petition process resulted in 24.3 percent passing, (N = 17) and 75.7 percent, (N = 53) failing. The success to failure ratio between legislative referendum and initiative petition referral modes points to the relatively more successful experience shown with the use of the legislative referral mechanisms. The third referral type is the referendum petition. It is the most infrequently used referral mode employed in Oklahoma and accounts for a small 7.9 percent of all measures submitted to the people. (See Table 4-3). Table 4-4

TABLE 4-4

FINAL DISPOSITION OF ALL MEASURES SUBMITTED TO THE OKLAHOMA ELECTORATE, 1907-1972, BY REFERRAL MODE

	Legislative Referendum		Initiative Petition		Referendum Petition	
Result	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Pass	78	48.1	17	24.3	6	30.0
Fail	84	51.9	53	75.7	14	70.0
Total	162	100.0	70	100.0	20	100.0

further depicts that a total of twenty measures were submitted to the electorate using the referendum petition process, of which 30.0 percent passed (N = 6) and 70.0 percent failed (N = 140). The referendum petition is so infrequently used in Oklahoma that it no longer seems to offer a viable means of protesting against acts of the legislature. Indeed, the referendum petition has been used only seven times during the period 1940-1972. The instances in which the "protest referendum" was invoked dealt with the establishment of a turnpike authority and the financing of turnpikes by tolls, withholding income tax, repeal of the governors appointment privilege, fixing of congressional boundaries, voting machines, and deposit of state funds. Only those measures pertaining to the establishment of a turnpike authority and the financing of turnpikes were approved by the people.

A comparison of differences between election type and referral mode for all issues presented during the first seven decades of Oklahoma's direct democracy experience is summarized in Table 4-5. A brief analysis reveals that substantial variations are present among the different election types and referral modes, with the highest proportion of initiated measures adopted in primary elections, ten out of seventeen (or 58.8 percent), followed by primary elections that did not carry special election designation status on measures, eight out of fifteen submitted (or 53.3 percent), closely paralleled by all elections, whether general or primary, which were designated as special elections for the purposes of the initiative and referendum, with a 50.0 percent passage or adoption level. The lowest adoption level or

rate was found in those primary and run-off primary elections which were designated special elections. Only three initiative petitions were voted on and they were all rejected. This is not particularly significant, however, due to the small number of measures which satisfied this election type and referral mode characteristic. However, the most significant category is that of the general election type in which fifty-two initiative petitions were placed on the ballot; only six were adopted for a passage level of 11.5 percent.

Table 4-5 also depicts the number of legislative referendums and referendum petitions that were voted on during the 1907-1972 period by election type and passage level. Legislative referendums show a somewhat similar pattern of passage in relation to that displayed by initiated petitions when controlled for election type. For instance, a passage level of 78.6 percent was obtained for the fourteen legislative referendums submitted in runoff primary election designated special election disposition for proposition, followed by a 66.7 percent adoption rate for the six referendums that did not carry a special election status but were presented in primary elections. Fifty-two issues of the referendum variety were submitted in the special elections and twenty-nine passed (55.8 percent). The lowest adoption level for referendums occurred in general elections in which only 17.5 percent of the total number of issues submitted (N = 40) were approved.

TABLE 4-5

SUMMARY OF THE FINAL DISPOSITION OF ALL STATE QUESTIONS SUBMITTED TO THE OKLAHOMA ELECTORATE FOR ALL TYPES OF ELECTIONS, BY REFERRAL MODE: 1907-1972

	REFERRAL MODE			
	Initiative		Referendum	
Election Type*	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
General				
Adopted	6	11.5	7	17.5
Rejected	46	88.5	33	83.5
Total	52	100.0	40	100.0
Special Election				
Adopted	9	42.9	29	55.8
Rejected	12	57.1	23	44.2
Total	21	100.0	52	100.0
Primary Elections				
Adopted	10	58.8	42	60.0
Rejected	7	41.2	28	40.0
Total	17	100.0	70	100.0
Special Designation for Measures				
Adopted	11	50.0	68	58.1
Rejected	11	50.0	49	41.9
Total	22	100.0	117	100.0
Primary Elections (Non-Special Designation)				
Adopted	8	53.3	4	66.7
Rejected	7	46.7	2	33.3
Total	15	100.0	6	100.0
Primary Elections (Special Designation)				
Adopted	-	0.0	27	55.1
Rejected	2	100.0	22	44.9
Total	2	100.0	49	100.0
Primary and Run-Off Primaries (Special Election Designation)				
Adopted	0	0.0	38	60.3
Rejected	3	100.0	25	39.7
Total	3	100.0	63	100.0

Table 4-5 continued

	Initiative		Referendum	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Run-off Primaries (Special Election Designation)				
Adopted	0	0.0	11	78.6
Rejected	1	100.0	3	21.4
Total	1	100.0	14	100.0
All Election Types				
Adopted	23	25.5	78	48.1
Rejected	67	74.4	84	51.9
Total	90	100.0	162	100.0

*Numbers for the nine groups of elections do add to 252 because the categories are not all mutually exclusive, except for the first three groups of elections which do not overlap.

Constitutional Amendments and Statutory Measures Submitted to the Oklahoma Electorate by Periods of Time

The sixty-five year span of direct democracy operation in Oklahoma is differentiated by seven periods of time: (1) 1907-1919; (2) 1920-1929; (3) 1930-1939; (4) 1940-1949; (5) 1950-1959; (6) 1960-1969; and (7) 1970-1972. These periods consist of ten year intervals, except for 1907-1919, a period which encompasses a thirteen year span, and 1970-1972, a period of only three years. The propositions are arrayed by referral mode and period in Table 4-6.

An analysis of Table 4-6 indicates that the largest number of issues were submitted during the years 1960-1969 (N = 67) followed by 46 propositions voted on from 1907-1919. The fate of thirty-seven proposals was decided in the years 1930 to 1939. The number of propositions proposed, number passed, and the number of propositions rejected is graphically presented in Figure 4-2.

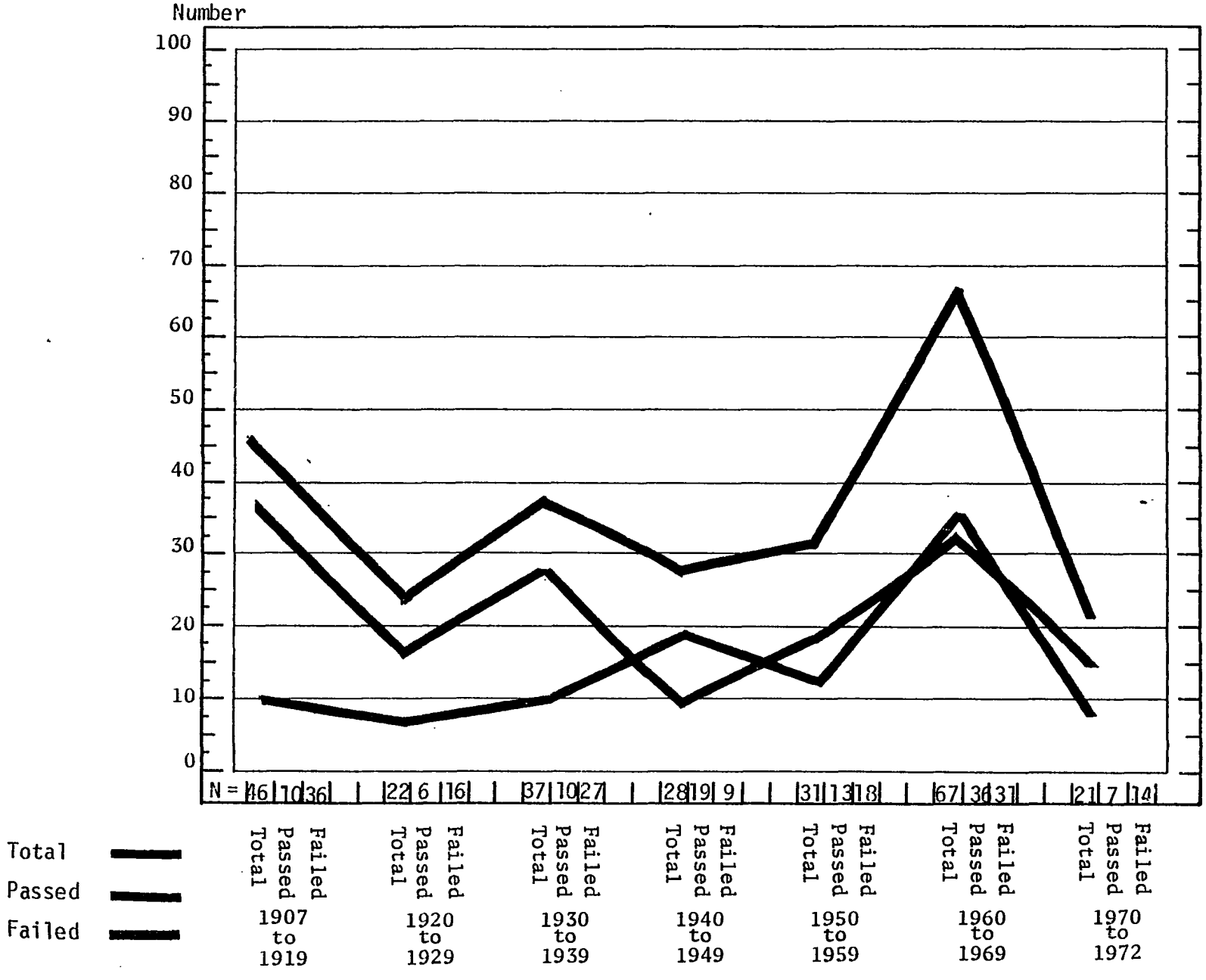
In the previous discussion it was indicated that 64.3 percent of all proposals submitted to the Oklahoma electorate (N = 252) were of the legislative referendum type. Table 4-6 displays the distribution of all questions by referral type and period. The periods suggest

TABLE 4-6

MODE OF REFERRAL FOR STATE QUESTIONS SUBMITTED TO THE OKLAHOMA ELECTORATE, 1907-1972, BY SELECTED TIME PERIODS

Issue Type	1907 to 1919		1920 to 1929		1930 to 1939		1940 to 1949		1950 to 1959		1960 to 1969		1970 to 1972	
	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%
Legislative Referendum	24	52.2	11	50.0	15	40.5	18	64.3	23	74.2	54	80.6	17	81.0
Initiative Petition	18	39.1	8	36.4	16	43.2	10	35.7	6	19.4	10	14.9	2	9.5
Referendum Petition	4	8.7	3	13.6	6	16.2	-	-	2	6.5	3	4.5	2	9.5
Total	46	100.0	22	100.0	37	100.0	28	100.0	31	100.0	67	100.0	21	100.0

Figure 4.2--Outcome of Elections on Propositions Submitted to the Oklahoma Electorate by Time



that the legislative referendum is increasingly becoming the most commonly employed means of people voting directly on legislative and constitutional issues. For example, the legislative referendum was used in 52.2 percent of all referral types between 1907 and 1919, fifty percent of all issues during the 1920 to 1929 period, diminishing slightly during the 1930-1939 period, and then steadily increasing in importance in the 1940 to 1949 period (64.3 percent). The legislative referendum began to approximate 80.0 percent of all issues directed to the voters for the two time periods of 1960-1969 and 1970 to 1972. Although this time period is not under consideration here, the post-1972 period has seen the near exclusive use of the legislative referendum as the referral mode. Between the years 1920 and 1929 the state legislature submitted the smallest number of propositions (N = 11). The Depression Era, on the other hand, represented the high tide for the use of the popular initiative.

The initiative petition, as revealed in Table 4-6 was the most frequently used mode of referral during the 1930 to 1939 period. During this period 43.2 percent (N = 16) of the total proposed measures were of the initiative petition variety, in contrast to 16.2 percent of the referendum petition and 40.5 percent of the legislative referendum referral types. The "teens" of the twentieth century, although not specifically displayed or differentiated in Table 4-6, had seventeen propositions (41.5 percent) submitted by the initiative petition process out of a total of forty-one issues. For the periods 1950 through 1972, the initiative petition was used considerably less frequently than it was used prior to 1950. For instance, out of a

total number of 119 propositions proposed and submitted to the electorate since 1950, only eighteen or 15.1 percent were of the initiative petition referral mode, in contrast to ninety-four issues (74.0 percent) referred by the state legislature, and only seven proposals, 5.9 percent, submitted by the referendum petition procedure. In the pre-1950 period, however, the initiative petition was employed fifty-two times out of 133 proposed changes--a use level of 39.1 percent or nearly double the percentage utilization of the post-1950 period.

Table 4-7 depicts the distribution of all constitutional amendments and statutory proposals voted on by the people of Oklahoma for the seven time periods discussed above. Although only 40.1 percent of the 252 issues voted upon were passed, see Table 4-1, the passage percentage varies substantially by period of time. The lowest passage level, 21.7 percent, occurred during the earliest years (1907-1919) of the operation of the initiative and referendum. The highest percentage of issues submitted for approval or rejection and passed by the people for the years 1907-1972 was experienced in the 1940 to 1949 period. Although only twenty-eight measures were presented during this period, nearly 68 percent passed. The second highest passage period occurred between 1960-1969--a period in which sixty-seven measures were proposed and thirty-six passed. This represents a passage level of 53.7 percent. It is interesting to note that less than three out of every ten propositions that were submitted to the people passed during the two time periods 1907-1919 and 1920-1929.

During the Progressive Era some scholars and politicians raised some serious questions concerning the political behavior of the mass

TABLE 4-7

OUTCOME OF MEASURES SUBMITTED TO THE OKLAHOMA ELECTORATE, 1907-1972, BY SELECTED TIME PERIODS

Outcome	1907 to 1919		1920 to 1929		1930 to 1939		1940 to 1949		1950 to 1959		1960 to 1969		1970 to 1972	
	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%
Pass	10	21.7	6	27.3	10	27.0	19	67.9	13	41.9	36	53.7	7	33.3
Fail	36	78.3	16	72.7	27	73.0	9	32.1	18	58.1	31	46.3	14	66.7
Total	46	100.0	22	100.0	37	100.0	28	100.0	31	100.0	67	100.0		

electorate, especially the behavior pertaining to the use of the popular initiative. A major argument suggested that the use of the popular initiative would result in circumventing the acts of the legislative branch of government and that the people would be likely to act non-judiciously, perhaps even irrationally, in either proposing or approving propositions. This line of reasoning suggests that the utilization of the initiative principle would facilitate and enhance the introduction and passage of a large amount 'crackpot' legislation. An analysis, however, of the passage level by period of time and referral mode (Tables 4-8 through 4-14) does not seem to support this assertion that popular initiated proposals will receive widespread popular support and passage.

In reviewing the justification for the expressed fear, or at least apprehension, about the use of the initiative, Table 4-8 shows the outcome of state question elections for the 1907-1919 period by referral mode. Focusing only on the initiated petition, it might be observed that eighteen proposals were submitted during this period utilizing the initiative

TABLE 4-8

OUTCOME OF STATE QUESTION ELECTIONS FOR THE 1907-1919 TIME PERIOD BY THE MODE OF REFERRAL

Outcome	Legislative Referendum		Initiative Petition		Referendum Petition	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Pass	5	20.8	4	22.2	1	25.0
Fail	19	79.2	14	77.8	3	75.0
Total	24	100.0	18	100.0	4	100.0

petition, but only 22.2 percent (N=4) were actually approved. Thus, over 75 percent of the initiated proposals were defeated. During the years 1920-1929, see Table 4-9 eight propositions were referred by the initiative petition. Only 37.5 percent passed. A rather high rate of

TABLE 4-9

OUTCOME OF STATE QUESTION ELECTIONS FOR THE 1920-1929 TIME PERIOD BY THE MODE OF REFERRAL

Outcome	Legislative Referendum		Initiative Petition		Referendum Petition	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Pass	2	18.2	3	37.5	1	33.3
Fail	9	81.8	5	62.5	2	66.7
Total	11	100.0	8	100.0	3	100.0

failure was also sustained during the 1930-1939 period in which 68.8 percent of the sixteen propositions failed (Table 4-10), and 50.0 percent

TABLE 4-10

OUTCOME OF STATE QUESTION ELECTIONS FOR THE 1930-1939 TIME PERIOD BY THE MODE OF REFERRAL

Outcome	Legislative Referendum		Initiative Petition		Referendum Petition	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Pass	3	20.0	5	31.3	2	33.3
Fail	12	80.0	11	68.8	4	66.7
Total	15	100.0	16	100.0	6	100.0

failure level is recorded for the 1940-1949 period, as shown in Table 4-11.

TABLE 4-11

OUTCOME OF STATE QUESTION ELECTIONS FOR THE 1940-1949 TIME PERIOD BY THE MODE OF REFERRAL

Outcome	Legislative Referendum		Initiative Petition		Referendum Petition	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Pass	14	77.8	5	50.0	-	-
Fail	4	22.2	5	50.0	-	-
Total	18	100.0	10	100.0	-	-

However, the failure rate makes a rather dramatic increase in the years 1950-1959 (Table 4-12) with all six initiative petitions submitted during this period failing. The total rejection of all ten initiated measures

TABLE 4-12

OUTCOME OF STATE QUESTION ELECTIONS FOR THE 1950-1959 TIME PERIOD BY THE MODE OF REFERRAL

Outcome	Legislative Referendum		Initiative Petition		Referendum Petition	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Pass	11	47.8	-	-	2	100.0
Fail	12	52.2	6	100.0	-	-
Total	23	100.0	6	100.0	2	100.0

during the 1960-1969 period (Table 4-13), and the 100 percent rejection for the 1970-1972 period (Table 4-14) tends to further minimize the need

to be fearful of the people when they act as lawmakers.

TABLE 4-13

OUTCOME OF STATE QUESTION ELECTIONS FOR THE 1960-1969 TIME PERIOD BY THE MODE OF REFERRAL

Outcome	Legislative Referendum		Initiative Petition		Referendum Petition	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Pass	36	66.7	-	-	-	-
Fail	18	33.3	10	100.0	3	100.0
Total	54	100.0	10	100.0	3	100.0

TABLE 4-14

OUTCOME OF STATE QUESTION ELECTIONS FOR THE 1970-1972 TIME PERIOD BY THE MODE OF REFERRAL

Outcome	Legislative Referendum		Initiative Petition		Referendum Petition	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Pass	7	41.2	-	-	-	-
Fail	10	58.8	2	100.0	2	100.0
Total	17	100.0	2	100.0	2	100.0

Additional analysis reveals that the popular initiative as it operates in Oklahoma does not receive a high level of passage when the referendum petition is joined to the initiative petition. For example, in the 1907-1972 period, 37.5 percent (N=90) of all issues submitted to the

electorate (N=252) were of the popular initiative variety. However, only twenty-three initiated propositions passed (25.6 percent), in contrast to the overall high failure level of 74.4 percent (see Table 4-4).

The Operation of the Silent Vote

The 1907-1972 period saw initiated and referred measures placed before the electorate on the ballots of twenty-eight general elections. Approximately three measures per general election, on the average, were voted upon. However, only 14.1 percent of the initiatives and referenda (N=92) were approved at the general elections--a rate of adoption that is far below that characterized by other election types. This is somewhat misleading, due to the operation of the "silent vote"--a phenomenon that defeated thirty measures presented at general elections. These defeats resulted from a voter falloff in participation in which a vote would be cast for an electoral office, but the voter would not ballot either all the measures or would selectively vote on some propositions and not on others. The total number of votes needed to insure passage was calculated as a majority of votes cast for the office receiving the highest number of votes, and therefore a measure may receive a majority of the total votes cast on the measure, but fail due to a lack of a majority of the total votes cast in the election. In 1974, the "silent vote" clause of Article V, Section 3 was removed, as previously discussed in Chapter III.[2]

Table 4-15 outlines the fifteen issues that were approved by the voters in general elections and reveals the proposition approval level as well as the level of voter participation on the issues. It is fascinating to note that in all but one instance, the level of voter participation on the issue exceeded 80 percent of the electorate who voted in the general election. Equally interesting is the fact that the propositions approved

were adopted by a majority vote in excess of 55 percent of those who actually voted on the measure(s), and the vast majority received proposition approval rates that exceeded 60 percent of those who rendered judgement in the several issues. The "excessive approval" percentage, of course, is needed to offset the operation of the "silent vote."

TABLE 4-15

ISSUES ADOPTED IN GENERAL ELECTION, 1907-1972

Proposition List	Date	State Question Number	Proposition Approval Level	Level of Voter Participation on Issue
Board of Agriculture	1912	38	72.0	91.2
Drunkenness	1914	73	78.3	81.3
Woman Suffrage	1918	97	57.3	95.8
Convening Legislature	1923	119	74.8	96.5
Office Qualification	1923	122	66.7	89.5
Tax Rate Limitation	1923	124	55.0	90.1
Testing Tax Levy	1926	141	72.3	81.9
Police Pensions	1936	207	62.7	81.1
Office Qualification	1942	302	67.3	74.8
Tax for Schools	1946	314	60.8	88.4
School Aid	1946	315	60.2	86.8
Tax, Separate Schools	1946	316	61.2	86.6
Free Textbooks	1946	318	61.0	85.0
Real Estate Tax	1954	361	70.0	86.0
AdValorem Taxation	1972	486	58.1	87.4

Table 4-16 reveals the percentage distribution of voter approval

TABLE 4-16

VOTER APPROVAL AND VOTER PARTICIPATION LEVELS ON PROPOSITIONS SUBMITTED IN GENERAL ELECTIONS, 1907-1972

Proposition Approval Level (in percent)	Voter Participation on Proposition (in percent) 50.0 - 59.9		60.0 - 69.9		70.0 - 79.9		80.0 - 89.9		90.0 - 99.9		Total N	Total %
	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%		
10.0-14.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	3.3	-	-	1	1.1
15.0-19.9	-	-	-	-	2	5.7	-	-	-	-	2	2.2
20.0-24.9	-	-	-	-	1	2.9	2	6.7	-	-	3	3.3
25.0-29.9	-	-	3	18.7	3	8.6	-	-	1	14.3	7	7.6
30.0-34.9	-	-	-	-	4	11.4	2	6.7	-	-	6	6.5
35.0-39.9	-	-	-	-	3	8.6	1	3.3	-	-	4	4.3
40.0-44.9	-	-	1	6.3	5	14.3	6	20.0	-	-	12	13.0
45.0-49.9	-	-	1	6.3	7	20.0	3	10.0	3	42.9	14	15.2
50.0-54.9	1	25.0	2	12.5	-	-	6	20.0	1	14.3	10	10.9
55.0-59.9	1	25.0	3	18.7	2	5.7	3	10.0	1	14.3	10	10.9
60.0-64.9	1	25.0	5	31.3	4	11.4	5	16.7	-	-	15	16.3
65.0-69.9	-	-	1	6.3	4	11.4	-	-	-	-	5	5.4
70.0-74.9	1	25.0	-	-	-	-	1	3.3	1	14.3	3	3.3
75.0-79.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
80.0-89.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
85.0-89.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	4	100.0	16	100.1	35	100.0	30	100.1	7	100.1	92	100.0

*Percent does not add to 100.0 due to rounding error.

levels on propositions in comparison with the level of voter participation on the ninety-two propositions submitted to the electorate at general elections during the 1907-1972 period.

Table 4-18 provides a comprehensive array of statistics pertaining to initiatives and referendums that were legally affected by the "silent vote." The legal requirements pertaining to each of these measures is provided in Table 3-1, and should be consulted for clarification, or what may appear, at least on the surface, to be inconsistencies. Nevertheless, Table 4-18 arrays each proposition in relation to eight pieces of information that may be used in analysis: Proposition Gist, total vote cast on the specific measure (sum of yes and no vote), percent silent vote (derived by subtracting total vote cast on the measure from total vote cast in election and dividing the difference by the latter), percent yes vote of total vote cast, status or proposition outcome, percent participation on the issue (total vote cast on measure, divided by the vote cast equals the desired product), and percent yes vote of vote cast on the issue.

First, an analysis of the operation of the silent vote reveals an average of 20.94 percent silent vote on all issues submitted since statehood on issues that were legally affected by its presence. The "silent vote," since it is considered the same as a negative vote against a measure, and because it must be counteracted by an affirmative vote, has been the decisive factor in the defeat of thirty-five propositions that would have otherwise passed and been incorporated into the statutes or constitution of Oklahoma during the pre-1973 period. Prior to 1945, twenty-eight issues were rejected by the silent vote, and the post-1945 era shows seven issues were rejected. This was in part due to an awareness of the impact of the silent vote and a decrease in the use of general elections in the latter period, as shown in Table 4-17.

TABLE 4-17

THE SILENT VOTE: NUMBER OF ISSUES SUBMITTED IN GENERAL ELECTIONS AND OTHER ELECTIONS BEFORE AND AFTER 1945

	Primary and Special		General		
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Total
Before 1945	64	40	59	66	123
After 1945	98	60	31	34	129
Total	162	100	90	100	252

$X^2 = 15.71$, $p < .001$

The pre-1945 period accounted for 80.0 percent of all issue failure associated with the "silent vote" and the post-1945 era represents 20.0 percent, or the remainder of the failures. It is instructive to note that the average percent participation on the issues which failed due to the silent vote, as a percent of the total vote cast in elections, was 73.4 percent, in contrast to the measures which passed that had an average percent participation on the issues of 93.2 percent, or approximately, on the average 20 percent greater voter involvement. It is clear from this analysis, as well as that presented earlier, that higher participation levels helped to counteract the adverse effect of the "silent vote" --which for thirty-five measures amounted to a deadly negative vote.

Some of the issue areas that received popular approval but were dealt a defeat pertained to: Torrens land regulation, the securing of a site for the New Capitol, the use of a corporate tax for common schools, as well as a number of other issues dealing with taxation for schools, mine production tax, unicameral legislature, soldier bonus, workman's compensation, police pension, establishment of a Board of Regents for

TABLE 4-18

MEASURES ADOPTED DESPITE THE SILENT VOTE AND MEASURES DEFEATED BY THE SILENT VOTE, THOUGH OBTAINING MORE THAN 50 PERCENT OF THE VOTE CAST ON THE ISSUE, 1907-1972

Note: Measures adopted indicated by *

State Question Number	Abbreviated Proposition Title	Percent Yes of Total Vote in Election	Percent Silent Vote	Percent Yes of Vote on the Issue
2	Torrens Land Registration	46.0	20.3	57.7
3	Secure Capitol Site	48.4	22.7	62.6
4	Secure Capitol Site	47.2	22.3	60.8
23	Corporation Tax, Schools	41.0	41.5	70.2
24	Corporation Relations	33.6	44.1	60.1
38	Board of Agriculture	66.4	7.9	72.1 *
45	Taxation for Schools	40.4	33.1	60.5
59	Taxation for Schools	49.3	19.4	61.2
68	Direct Taxation	48.9	26.2	66.3
73	Drunkenness	63.1	19.5	78.4 *
71	Court Consolidation	42.4	31.6	62.0
74	Reduce Tax Levy	47.3	29.8	67.3
75	Mine Production Tax	43.1	31.8	63.3
77	Unicameral Legislature	38.0	33.1	56.9
78	Election Law	48.4	12.3	55.1
80	Repeal Registration Law	46.2	16.1	55.0
97	Woman Suffrage	55.0	3.2	56.7 *
116	Soldier Bonus	49.2	5.7	52.1
119	Convening Legislature	72.5	3.1	74.8 *
121	Workman's Compensation	47.5	10.7	53.2
122	Office Qualifications	59.9	10.2	66.7 *
124	Tax Rate Limitation	50.1	9.6	55.4 *
141	Testing Tax Levy	60.9	16.0	72.5 *
122	Office Qualifications	47.5	29.2	67.0
158	A & M Board of Regents	35.2	32.0	51.8
159	O. U. Board of Regents	33.6	34.1	51.1
186	Corporation Control	39.8	35.9	62.1
187	Police Pension	47.3	24.0	62.2
207	Police Pensions	50.8	18.9	62.7 *
210	A & M Board of Regents	49.4	21.9	63.3
215	Property Tax for Aged Aid	48.2	28.6	67.5
241	Medical Examiners Board	34.7	40.2	58.1
253	Gas Tax Distribution	41.9	34.7	64.2
281	Office Qualifications	41.8	38.1	67.6
282	Corporation Control	30.3	44.9	54.9
302	Office Qualifications	50.3	25.2	67.3 *
304	Recovery of Damages	36.1	36.8	57.2
314	Tax for Schools	53.7	11.6	60.8 *
315	School Aid	52.3	13.2	60.2 *
316	Tax, Separate School	53.0	13.4	61.1 *
318	Free Textbooks	51.8	15.0	61.0 *
361	Real Estate Tax	60.2	14.0	70.0 *
357	Congressional Redistricting	45.5	19.8	56.8
406	Distribution of Liquor	44.1	13.4	51.0
408	Legislative Apportionment	46.2	16.1	55.1
415	Create Judiciary Court	41.9	19.1	51.8
421	School Support Levy	44.0	13.3	50.7
445	Repeal Oath of Office	37.1	33.3	55.7
486	Ad Valorem Taxation	50.8	12.6	58.1 *
487	Emergency Taxation Levy	46.4	14.5	54.3

Agricultural and Mechanical College and the University of Oklahoma, tax for the aged, gas tax distribution, control of corporations, and emergency taxation levy. Most of the issues, as a perusual of Table 4-18 reveals, are clearly in the taxation, administration, or governmental structure, organization, and reform policy areas--policy areas which are systematically analyzed in the next portion of this paper.

Constitutional Change Through the Powers of the Initiative and Referendum

Direct democracy has been the vehicle used to change the Constitution of the State of Oklahoma by modification, addition or deletion of the several articles. Table 4-19 presents descriptive information on the eighty-seven times that the people either initiated amendments or the legislature referred amendments for popular approval or rejection. In Table 4-19, each state question is arranged by the following characteristics: subject matter, section and article of the Constitution amended, date amendment was submitted to the electorate, and the type of election in which the measure was placed on the ballot.

A perusual of Table 4-19 reveals a myriad of subjects that have been changed or added in the organic law of the state. The issues deal with such topics as: the "Grandfather Clause," corporations, schools, qualifications for office and of electors, reprieves, ad valorem tax, police pensions, legislator's pay and legislature sessions, state and city indebtedness, impeachment of public officials, racial integration and the control of alcoholic beverages.

Specifically, the Constitution was amended twenty-five times prior to 1945 and fifty-two times or 59.7 percent of the total changes occured in the 1946-1972 time frame. The largest number of constitutional amend-

TABLE 4-19

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS APPROVED BY THE OKLAHOMA ELECTORATE, 1907-1972, BY ARTICLE AND SECTION ADDED OR AMENDED IN THE CONSTITUTION, DATE ON WHICH CHANGE WAS ADOPTED, AND ELECTION TYPE

State Question Number	Subject Matter[1]	Constitution of Oklahoma Article	Section	Date Submitted to Electorate	Election Type
17	Grandfather Clause	III	4a[2]	August 2, 1910	Primary
38	State Board of Agriculture	VI	31	November 5, 1912	General
46	Corporations	IX	9	August 5, 1913	Special
57	Common School Fund	X	12a	August 5, 1913	Special
58	Township Government	V	5	August 5, 1913	Special
60	State Board of Agriculture	VI	31	August 5, 1913	Special
73	Impeachment or Removal from Office	II	2	August 4, 1914	Primary
97	Qualification of Electors	III	1	November 5, 1918	General
119	Legislature	VIII	1[3]	October 2, 1923	Special
122	Qualification for Office	VI	3[4]	October 2, 1923	Special
124	Ad Valorem Taxes	X	9[5]	October 2, 1923	Special
185	Ad Valorem Tax Levies	X	9	August 15, 1933	Special
201	Homestead Exemption from Taxation	XII-A	1,2	September 24, 1935	Special
214	Old Age Pensions	XIII	1,1[6]	September 24, 1935	Special
225	Social Security Amendment	XXV	1,5	July 7, 1936	Primary
207	Policy Officer's Pensions	V	61	November 3, 1936	General
298	Revenue	X	23	March 11, 1941	Special
299	Taxation Relief	XXV	1	March 11, 1941	Special
300	Higher Education	XIII-A	1,2,3,4	March 11, 1941	Special
306	Teachers' Retirement	V	62	July 14, 1942	Primary (Sp.)
302	Eligibility-State Offices	VI	3	November 3, 1942	General
309	Reprieves	VI	10	July 11, 1944	Primary (Sp.)
310	Board of Regents for A. & M. Schools	VI	31a	July 11, 1944	Primary (Sp.)
311	University Board of Regents	XIII	8	July 11, 1944	Primary (Sp.)
313	General Revenue Fund	X	23a	July 11, 1944	Primary (Sp.)
319	Ad Valorem Tax	X	9	July 2, 1946	Primary (Sp.)
314	Ad Valorem Tax	X	9	November 5, 1946	General
315	Support of Common Schools	XIII	1a	November 5, 1946	General

State Question Number	Subject Matter	Constitution of Oklahoma Article	Section	Date Submitted to Electorate	Election Type
316	Ad Valorem Tax	X	9	November 5, 1946	General
318	Common Schools-Textbooks	XIII	6	November 5, 1946	General
327	School Tax Levy	X	9	July 6, 1948	Primary (Sp.)
328	State College Regents	XIII-B	1-4	July 6, 1948	Primary (Sp.)
329	Legislator Pay Raise	V	21	July 6, 1948	Primary (Sp.)
348	Capital Improvement	X	31	September 27, 1949	Special
345	Wrongful Death	XXIII	7	July 4, 1950	Primary (Sp.)
353	Constitutional Amendments	XXIV	1	July 1, 1952	Primary
354	Grand Jury-Trial by Jury	II	18	July 1, 1952	Primary
358	Corporations-Real Estate	XXII	2	July 6, 1954	Primary (Sp.)
362	School Funds- Investment	XI	6	July 6, 1954	Primary (Sp.)
361	Debts, etc., to State, County, etc.	V	53	November 2, 1954	General
368	Revenue and Taxation	X	9,10, 26,32, 33	April 5, 1955	Special
374	Wildlife Conservation	XXVI	1-4	July 3, 1956	Primary (Sp.)
379	Taxation-Valuation of Property	X	8	July 1, 1958	Special
380	Municipal Water Facilities	X	27a	July 1, 1958	Special
386	Alcoholic Beverage Control	I, XXVII	7,Prohibition Sec.	April 7, 1959	Special
388	Suffrage-Mandatory Primary System--Nonpartisan Candidate	III	5	July 5, 1960	Primary (Sp.)
390	Ad Valorem Tax Levy for Department of Health	X	9a	July 5, 1960	Primary (Sp.)
393	Indebtedness-Capital Improvements-Institution of Higher Education	X	34	July 5, 1960	Primary (Sp.)
391	State Industrial Finance Authority	X	34	July 26, 1960	Run-off Primary (Sp.)
392	Tax Levy-Cooperative County Libraries and Joint City-County Libraries	X	10a	July 26, 1960	Run-off Primary (Sp.)

State Question Number	Subject Matter	Constitution of Oklahoma Article	Section	Date Submitted to Electorate	Election Type
401	Criminal Cases	II	20	September 12, 1961	Special
404	Industrial Development	X	35	May 1, 1962	Primary (Sp.)
400	Emergency Government	V	63	May 22, 1962	Run-off Primary (Sp.)
411	Medical Center	X	35	December 3, 1963	Special
412	Electors	III	1	May 5, 1964	Primary (Sp.)
416	Apportionment	VI	9-16	May 26, 1964	Run-off Primary (Sp.)
430	School Levy	X	9	September 14, 1965	Special
433	Capital Improvements	X	37	December 14, 1965	Special
428	Integrated Schools	XIII	3	May 3, 1966	Primary (Sp.)
429	Impeachment	VIII	1	May 3, 1966	Primary (Sp.)
431	Court on Judiciary	VII-A		May 3, 1966	Primary (Sp.)
432	Elections	III	1a	May 3, 1966	Primary (Sp.)
436	Succession	VI	4	May 3, 1966	Primary (Sp.)
434	Area School Districts	X	9b	May 24, 1966	Run-off Primary (Sp.)
435	Annual Sessions	V	26,27	May 24, 1966	Run-off Primary (Sp.)
447	Selection and Tenure of Judges	VII-B		July 11, 1967	Special
448	Judicial Department	VII		July 11, 1967	Special
453	Estimates of Revenues	X	23	April 16, 1968	Special
442	Investment of School Funds	XI	6	August 27, 1968	Primary (Sp.)
444	Taxation	X	12	August 27, 1968	Primary (Sp.)
457	Grand Jury	II	18	August 27, 1968	Primary (Sp.)
460	Intangible Personal	X	6a	August 27, 1968	Primary (Sp.)
462	Legislative Compensation	V	21	August 27, 1968	Primary (Sp.)
443	Taxation of Personal Property	X	6a	September 17, 1968	Run-off Primary (Sp.)
454	Tenders-Interest	XIV	2	September 17, 1968	Run-off Primary (Sp.)
455	Foreign Corporations	IX	43	September 17, 1968	Run-off Primary (Sp.)

State Question Number	Subject Matter	Constitution of Oklahoma Article	Section	Date Submitted to Electorate	Election Type
458	Corporations	IX	39,41,43	September 17, 1968	Run-off Primary (Sp.)
459	Trial By Jury	II	19	September 17, 1968	Run-off Primary (Sp.)
463	Capital Improvement Bonds	X	38	December 10, 1968	Special
466	Oath of Office	XV	1	September 9, 1969	Special
481	Investment of Educational Funds	XI	6	December 7, 1971	Special
482	Self Incriminating Testimony	II	27	December 7, 1971	Special
483	Grand Jury Reorganization	II	18	December 7, 1971	Special
484	Elector-18 year olds	III	1	December 7, 1971	Special
489	Indebtedness-City and Town	X	26	August 22, 1972	Primary (Sp.)
486	Ad Valorem Taxation	X	8	November 7, 1972	General

[1] The subject matter classifications for the largest percentage of these approved amendments were taken from Title 34--Appendix, Oklahoma Annotated Statutes. Others were provided by the author.

[2] The U. S. Supreme Court held the "Grandfather Clause" unconstitutional in Guinn V. United States, 238 U.S. 347, 35 S. Ct. 929, 59 L. 3d. 1340.

[3] Held not as a constitutional amendment, and considered invalid as a statutory amendment in Simpson v. Hill, 128 Okl. 269, 263 p. 635.

[4] Held improperly submitted in Looney v. Leeper, 145 Okl. 202, 292 p. 365.

[5] Submission at special election held invalid in State ex rel. Short v. State Board of Equalization, 107 Okl. 118, 230 p. 743.

[6] In Associated Industries v. Oklahoma Tax Commission, 55 p.2d 79, the Supreme Court held that the amendment was not properly ratified and the election in which it was submitted was declared invalid.

ments were passed in the 1960's with this decade accounting for thirty-five successful amendment adoptions (40.2 percent of the total). The "teens" (1910 to 1919) produced only eight successful amendments; the "twenties" produced three amendments in 1923; and the "depression thirties" produced four amendments--two in 1935 and two in 1936. The "forties" and particularly the "war years" accounted for the second largest number of all amendments to the Constitution with eighteen successful adoptions (20.7 percent) and the "fifties" contributed eleven amendments to the organic law (12.6 percent).

The articles and sections of the Constitution that have been amended or changed are displayed in Table 4-20. The article of the Constitution that clearly stands out among the others as a target of change is Article X. This article encompasses the area of revenue and taxation. Thus, the frequency of amendment pertaining to Section 9 (amount of ad valorem tax), Section 23 (public indebtedness), and Section 6 (tax exempt property) have been fairly common. Overall, the various Sections of Article X have been amended twenty-nine times over sixty-five years and therefore this article accounts for one-third of all constitutional change. The other articles of the Constitution that have been the focus of substantial change through the amendment process are: Article V (9.2 percent of the total), Article VI (9.2 percent of the total), Article III (8.0 percent), and Article XIII (6.9 percent). Combined, these four articles represent 33.3 percent of the total number of amendments approved by the Oklahoma voters.

Amendments to Article V pertain to the legislative function of government. Prior to 1945 three amendments were added to the legislative artical and affected, by the adoption of State Question 58, the number of

TABLE 4-20

FREQUENCY OF ARTICLE AMENDMENT OF THE OKLAHOMA CONSTITUTION BY PROCESSES OF INITIATIVE AND REFERENDUM: 1907-1972

Article	Caption of Article	Frequency	Percent
I	Federal Relations	1	1.1
II	Bill of Rights	6	6.9
III	Suffrage	7	8.0
IV	Distribution of Powers	-	-
V	Legislative Department	8	9.2
VI	Executive Department	8	9.2
VII	Judicial Department	3	3.4
VIII	Impeachment and Removal from Office	2	2.3
IX	Corporations	3	3.4
X	Revenue and Taxation	29	33.3
XI	State and School Lands	3	3.4
XII	Homestead and Exemptions	1	1.1
XIII	Education	6	6.9
XIV	Banks and Banking	1	1.1
XV	Oath of Office	1	1.1
XVI	Public Roads, Highways, and Internal Improvements	-	-
XVII	Counties	-	-
XVIII	Municipal Corporations	-	-
XIX	Insurance	-	-
XX	Manufacture and Commerce	-	-
XXI	Public Institutions	-	-
XXII	Alien and Corporate Ownership of Lands	1	1.1
XXIII	Miscellaneous	2	2.3
XXIV	Constitutional Amendments	1	1.1
XXV	Social Security	2	2.3
XXVI	Department of Wildlife	1	1.1
XXVII	Conservation	1	1.1
Total		87	99.4

petitioners that were required to either establish or abolish a township unit of government; State Question 207 authorized city governments to provide pensions to police officers because of disability or meritorious service; and, State Question 306 (1942) authorized the state legislature to develop, if it willed to do so, a teacher's retirement program. After World War II, six measures were approved, further changing the legislative

article. State Question Numbers 329 (1948) and 462 (1966) pertained to legislator pay and compensation, and State Question 435 (1966) provided for an annual legislative session of ninety days. Seven of the measures which changed Article V were both generated and referred to the electorate for their approval by the state legislature. The average percent "yes" vote on these measures was 58.7 percent. The teacher's retirement Issue Number 306 was popularly initiated, and was approved by a 63.0 percent majority.

The suffrage article of the Constitution (Article III) was amended seven times. Some of the more politically salient amendments dealt with: the "Grandfather Clause," State Question 17, 1910, which was a literacy amendment excluding those persons who were unable to read and write any section of the Oklahoma Constitution. However, it "grandfathered" into the franchised population those who were entitled to vote on January 1, 1866 and their lineal descendents. It was clearly a suffrage measure designed to exclude the descendents of slaves from electoral participation. Although it was initiated by the people and received a majority approval of 56.1 percent, the United States Supreme Court found it unconstitutional in Guinn vs. United States.

Of major political significance was the universal or "women" suffrage issues, State Question 97, referred to the people by the legislature in 1918. This measure received a yes vote of 57.3 percent of the vote cast in the general election, and because of an extraordinarily large public interest in this measure, 96.8 percent of those who voted for the highest state office also cast a ballot on the right of women to vote in Oklahoma. In 1960, State Question 388 was approved by a 56.2 percent majority, there-

by amending Section 5 of Article III. It's approval culminated in requiring all candidates for public office to be nominated in a primary election, although it retained the previous policy of selecting presidential electors for the several parties at conventions. State Question 412 set the residency requirement for voter eligibility by establishing a qualified elector as one who had resided in Oklahoma for six months; the county for two months; and the election precinct for twenty days; it was approved by a 62.6 percent majority. Previously, Article III Section I, established a qualified elector as one who had resided in Oklahoma for one year, the county six months, and in the election precinct thirty days. The high level of voter participation on this measure (89.4 percent) certainly demonstrated that Oklahomans in 1964 were aware of the discriminatory and otherwise dysfunctional attributes of a strenuous residency requirement for electors, especially as the population became far more mobile.

The last amendment to the suffrage article prior to 1972 took place at a special election held on December 7, 1971. At this election, State Question 484 was approved, thereby reducing the age requirement for a qualified elector in the State of Oklahoma from twenty-one years of age to eighteen. The "eighteen-year old elector" issue was approved by 57.8 percent of those who participated in the special election. Again, it is significant to note that these measures discussed above were all referred to the people by the legislative branch of government--that they did not originate in the body politic is an important commentary on the operation of direct democracy in Oklahoma. The average level of approval and the percent participation on proposition numbers 17, 97, 388 and 412 was 58.1

percent and 95.9 percent respectively.

The Executive Department, Article VI, was amended eight times with the adoption of State Questions 38 and 60 (State Board of Agriculture); 122 (qualification for state elected office-Governor, Attorney General, Secretary of State, etc.); 302 (age qualification and residency requirements for state elected office), 309 (reprieves), 310 (creation of Board or Regents for Agricultural and Mechanical schools and colleges), 416 (legislative appointment), and 436 (state office succession). The legislative referendum referral mode was used for seven of the mesures (87.5 percent) that amended Article VI, and received an average approval level of 68.8 percent, accompanied by an average participation rate of 86.5 percent.

Six of the eight changes that modified the executive article took place prior to 1945. Since then, only two articles have been approved. A brief summary of the substantive impact of these eight amendments outlined above, shows; (1) State Question 38 amended Section 31 of Article VI of the Constitution as to the qualification and duties of the members of the Board of Agriculture. It is noteworthy that the Board must be comprised entirely of farmers, who have, among other duties and responsibilities, jurisdiction of animal quarantine and matters affecting the "animal industry." (2) State Question 60 reduced the number of Board members from eleven to five members, and rejected everything associated with the operation of the Board of Agriculture, except for the five members and their qualifications. (3) State Question 122 (1923) amended Section 3 of Article VI relative to the qualifications that an aspirant needs to satisfy for the office of Governor, Lieutenant Governor, State Auditor, Secretary of State, Attorney General, State Treasurer, Superintendent of

Public Instruction, State Examiner and Inspector. The qualifications are: citizen of United States, at least thirty years of age, and qualified as an elector in Oklahoma for three years. However, in 1942, Section 3 was again amended by State Question 302.[3] The qualifications for the offices which were affected by State Question 122 remained the same, but the age level was increased to thirty-one or above, and increased the number of years that a public office seeker had to have been a qualified elector in Oklahoma from three years to ten years. (4) The question of reprieves was addressed in State Question 309 (1944). This measure created a Pardon and Parole Board and defined its duties, qualifications for members, how they would be appointed and removed, and authorized the Governor to grant commutations, pardons, paroles, and also reprieves, upon favorable recommendation by the Board.

Probably the most significant of all amendments to Article VI was that of Legislative Reapportionment, State Question 416, May, 1964. This measure apportioned Oklahoma into nineteen one-county, and twenty-nine county Senatorial Districts with one Senator elected from each. It further apportioned the seventy-seven counties relative to legislative representation, on the basis of population. A Reapportionment Commission, however, actually apportioned the legislature, and the measure was eventually made active by Moss V. Burkhart, 1964. Finally, State Question 436, passed in 1966, established that the Governor could be elected only "two times in succession" and those persons who held the state elective offices of Secretary of State, State Auditor, and State Treasurer, were able to succeed themselves.

Article XIII, or the Education Article, was amended on six occasions

with the adoption of State Questions 300, 311, 315, 318, 328, and 428. The average percent approval for amendments of the Education Article is 62.1 percent with an accompanied 85.8 percent voter participation level. Three of the six amendments specifically addressed Article XIII-A pertaining to the Oklahoma State System of Higher Education, and Article XII-B relating to the Board of Regents of Oklahoma Colleges. Generally, State Question 300, a legislative referendum, created a new constitutional Article (XIII-A) and also created a new Board of Regents to coordinate all state supported institutions of higher education under "The Oklahoma System of Higher Education," and authorized the Board to coordinate private and denominational, as well as other institutions of higher education in Oklahoma. Issue Number 311, a legislative referendum, was submitted to the people in 1944 and created a Board of Regents for the University of Oklahoma, comprised of seven members, who were to be appointed by the Governor with the State Senate's advice and consent. Two years later, 1946, saw the passage of State Question 328 which created a Board of Regents for Central State College, East Central State College, Southwestern Institute of Technology, Southwestern State College, Northeastern State College, and Northwestern State College.

In addition to the three amendments to the Constitution that were related to governmental organization, structure, and reform, there were three other measures that aroused substantial public interest and popular participation. First, the "School Aid Amendment", a popularly initiated proposition in 1946, authorized the state legislature to raise money for the common public schools to a level of $42.00 per capita; based on student enrollment of the preceding year. The same year, another initiated

petition enabled State Question 318 to be submitted for popular consideration and approval. The passage of Question 318 by a 61.0 percent majority, thereby directed the State Legislature to develop a system by which free textbooks could be made available for the common schools of the state. It also provided that the Governor would appoint a Committee who would subsequently prepare a list of textbooks that would be purchased by the state. From this list of multiple textbooks, the local school district textbook selection committees would choose appropriate "learning resources."

The last amendment to Article XIII was actually anti-climactic in view of the benchmark United States Supreme Court decision of Brown vs. Board of Education of Topeka, 1954. The Brown decision established that segregation of the races in public schools violated the equal protection clause of the Fourteenth Amendment, thereby overruling the "Separate but equal" doctrine that was enunciated in the notorious United States Supreme Court decision of Plessy vs. Ferguson, 1896. Without commenting further on either of these landmark cases, suffice it to say that Oklahoma had followed practices permitting segregation at the turn of the century, and after the 1954 decision, the State Legislature was interested in bringing the State of Oklahoma into compliance with national policy. Thus, State Question 428, a legislative referendum, was submitted to the electorate and its passage by 66.3 percent enabled the repeal of Section 3, Article XIII which had required the legislature to "...provide separate schools with like accomodations for white and colored children." The Constitution specified that the term "colored children" meant children of African descent and the term "white" children included all other children. It is instructive to learn that in 1966, although the media had amply presented the

rationale for the Brown vs. Board decision, 33.7 percent of the 82.0 percent of Oklahoma voters who voted in the primary election, still disagreed with the policy to desegregate the public schools.

Several other Articles in Oklahoma's Constitution were amended through the initiative and referendum processes, although the number of amendments that directly pertained to Article II (Bill of Rights, N=6), Article IX, (Corporations, N=3), Article VII (Judicial Department, N=3), or Article XXVI, (Social Security, N=2), are not substantial in number. Several articles were not amended, changed, repealed or modified in the period 1907-1972. Those articles not directly affected by the constitutional amendment procedures are: (1) Article IV, Distribution of Powers; (2) Article XVI, Public Roads, Highways, and Internal Improvements; (3) Article XVII, Counties; (4) Article XVIII, Municipal Corporations; (5) Article XIX, Insurance; (6) Article XX, Manufacture and Commerce; and (7) Article XXI, Public Institutions. Therefore, even with the occurance of eighty-seven amendments to twenty of the twenty-seven aritcles, 25.9 percent of the articles in Oklahoma's Constitution remain untouched.

Further analysis of Table 4-19 indicates an increase in the frequency of constitutional amendment, especially since 1940. One student of initiative and referendum provided a rationale for the increase in constitutional amendment. He states:

> "As the constitution increases with age the number of amendments adopted increases at a constantly growing rate...This would seem to indicate that as the Oklahoma Constitution ages the people realize that changes must be made if the fundamental law is to reflect their will."[3]

Table 4-19 clearly indicates that since 1965 the voters have been interested in amending the organic law in the areas of education, taxation

revenue and finance matters, corporations (domestic and foreign), and matters pertaining to the Bill of Rights. This is certainly needed if the Constitution is to remain a viable instrument of state policy and a living and dynamic document for directing and guiding state and human political behavior in the near Twenty-First Century.[4]

Policy Analysis and Policy Implications of Initiatives and Referendums

These 252 issues submitted to the electorate for their approval or rejection can be grouped into the following policy categories: (1) Legislative, Executive, and Judicial Governmental Structure, Organization and Reform; (2) Taxation, Revenue and Finance; (3) Judicial and Legal Procedure; (4) Land and Natural Resource Use; (5) Industrial and Labor Relations; (6) Business and Corporations; (7) Electoral Process, Procedure, Law and Reform; (8) Constitutional Convention; (9) Government Maintenance; (10) Health, Welfare, and Safety; (11) Education; (12) Veteran Benefits; (13) Public Morality and Individual Life Style; and (14) Unclassified.[5]

For purposes of analysis, each proposition is placed into one of the fourteen major policy areas outlined above. The mixture of substantive characteristics of each proposition does not provide for most issues to be placed exlusively under any single, completely autonomous and discrete policy heading. Therefore, the separate measures are classified as "essentially" or "predominantly" one policy type in preference to another. For instance, a referendum might call for an increase in the tax levy on ad valorem taxes that could be applied toward funding the common schools and funding a set of capital improvements. In this case, the issue is not a "pure" one. The example measure cited could be placed under tax-

ation, revenue and finance or education. Based on the primary or "essential" attributes of the measure, it would be placed in the taxation, revenue and finance policy category for analytical and policy related evaluation. The subjectivity surrounding the placement of the propositions into one of the fourteen policy areas was further reduced by having three persons (judges) read each proposition gist and assign it to the most substantively relevant policy area. The gist or explanatory statement of each proposition submitted to the Oklahoma electorate for the study period is presented in Appendix F. In most cases general agreement between the several judges existed as the the major policy content of the proposition, although some disagreement developed concerning the shared policy content types.

The criteria used for classifying and placing the propositions into major policy area types are:

1. Legislative, Executive, and Judicial Governmental Structure, Organization and Reform. The governmental structure, reorganization and administrative reform policy type is a very important policy area since a large number of the measures proposed or referred fall into this category. It includes reorganization of government agencies and their structure and administrative reform at the state and local levels in the executive, legislative and judicial branches of government. It includes the following types of proposed changes:

    a. The enactment, change, addition, or modification of the powers, duties, and salaries of governmental agencies and appointed or elected governmental employees.

    b. The creation of new boards, departments, bureaus, committees,

offices, agencies, commissions, courts, or government positions.

c. The establishment of provisions that provide for the creation, alteration, abolishment, or otherwise modification of governmental organization, agencies or jurisdictions.

d. The reform or reorganization of government agencies, court systems, bureaus, departments and commissions.

e. The change of qualification for, manner of election or appointment to public office, the length of office and cause(s) for removal from office.

f. Selection and location of State Capitol.

2. Taxation, Revenue, and Finance. Included in the taxation, revenue and finance policy category are propositions that deal with the creation, modification, or repeal of taxes in general and specific taxes (income, oil production, cigarette, minimum production, mine production, sales, land, ad valorem, gasoline, gross production, license, motor vehicle excise, emergency, oleomargerine, luxury, and property), methods of taxation, methods of tax assessment levy and appeal, taxes designed for specific areas, such as highway construction, schools, pensions, welfare, old age assistance, and capital improvement. In addition, this policy category includes issues that deal with the financing of state and local government functions and services, such as taxes for pensions and taxes for assistance to needy persons, banking arangements, indebtedness limitations, and tax review and administration procedures. In general, issues that deal with the investment policy of state revenues are included in this policy type.

3. Judicial and Legal Procedure. The racial and sexual composition of grand jury, petition requirements for calling a grand jury, setting forth rules of substantive and procedural due process, fixing terms and methods of selection for judges, setting forth of judicial qualification, and defining the duties of personnel working in the judicial branch of government, are among the several propositions that comprise the judicial and legal procedures category.

4. Land and Natural Resource Use. The registration of land, the prevention of land exhaustion or depletion, the holding of land by corporations, and the sale or purchase of school or public land by state government, or the transfer of title or realty are included in this policy type.

5. Industrial and Labor Relations. The industrial and labor relations policy category pertains basically to labor relations, "right to work" legislation, workmen's compensation, health benfits and disability compensation, and other guarantees, safeguards, and protection accorded by Oklahoma law to employees.

6. Business and Corporations. Issues pertaining to the organization and operation of business and corporations under state law, the ownership of corporations, interest rates that corporations must pay, the areas in which corporations are permitted to buy, sell, and otherwise hold or transact property, including charters, franchises, filing of corporation reports, reporting of names and addresses of stockholders are included in this policy content area.

7. Electoral process, procedure, laws and reform. Included in the electoral process, prodedure, laws and election law reform category are

measures surrounding constitution amendment procedures and voter qualifications (woman suffrage, race, age, literacy tests, and poll tax); redistricting of state legislature, apportionment and reapportionment of congressional districts, and changing congressional boundaries; and candidate qualifying factors such as residency requirements and age are placed in this policy type. Also, qualification for, manner of election to, and term of office, as well as cause(s) for removal from office comprise this issue type.

8. Constitutional Convention. The constitutional convention policy classification is the most pure type of policy category studied. As such, it includes the several attempts to reform or change the Oklahoma constitution by calling for a statewide constitution convention.

9. Government Maintenance. The government maintenance classification includes all issues that pertain to state and local levels of government in Oklahoma and emphasize such functional areas of government as: sewer projects, transportation methods, (secondary and primary roads and turnpikes), public utilities, municipal water supply capabilities, turnpike authority and other general transportation related activities of government.

10. Health, Welfare and Safety. The health, welfare, and safety classification encompasses the propositions that are primarily oriented toward promoting, enhancing, and contributing to the health, welfare and safety of individuals in Oklahoma and groups of individuals in Oklahoma, such as indigents, needy persons, widows, veterans, elderly persons, disabled police officers, and social security legislation.

11. Education. In the education category, measures dealing with general educational policy and services are placed. For instance, propo-

sitions that treat the consolidation of public school districts, free textbooks, separate schools for white and black children, the funding of vocational-educational schools, teacher retirement benefits, library construction and maintenace programs, administration of school districts, and the reponsibilities of county school superintendants are all of general education-related policy content, although they may frequently overlap or share an additional policy content.

12. Veteran Benefits. Included in the veteran benefits policy type are propositions that deal directly with the State of Oklahoma provision of benefits in the form of bonuses, pensions and preferential loan guarnatees to persons with previous military service and status.

13. Public Morality and Individual Life Style. The public morality and individual life style classification includes propositions that have an underlying emphasis on the adoption, repeal or change of governmental policies that possess or may potentially have a "good, bad, right or wrong" impact on society in general. Therefore, issues that are essentially related to individual morals and life styles, such as gambling activities (bookmaking, dog racing, horse racing), gambling buildings, gambling mechanisms (slot machines), consumption and use of alcoholic or intoxicating substances (3.2 beer, liquors, liquors by the drink, county-option prohibition, statewide prohibition, or repeal thereof), civil rights, desegregation issues and "Blue Laws"--laws that would forbid specified kinds of employment and types of commercial activities on Sunday--are placed in this policy area. These issues may also fall into a general area that has a "sin" overture as a major issue discriminating characteristic.[6]

14. Unclassified. Issues that could not clearly be placed into one

of the foregoing thirteen policy types, are classified as possessing unclassified characteristics, such as the provision for an endorsement of support of a World Federation.

All propositions that have been referred to the people for their consideration are listed by policy group in Table 4-21. This table provides State Question Numbers for convenient reference to Table 4-29 at the end of this chapter, which gives all basic data. One may also cross-reference the official gists in Appendix D.

An analysis of Table 4-22 reveals that the fourteen major policy types occurred with greatly different frequencies. Group 1 (Government Structure) and Group 2 (Taxation, Revenue and Finance) each have seventy-two questions (each is 28.6 percent of the total). Approximately 13 percent of all measures dealt with the electoral process, and 5.9 percent with business and corporation policy. Public morality accounted for only 5.1 percent (N=13) of all issues

Within these general policy groups, (see Table 4-23) subordinate subjects that occur most frequently are school financing (N=19 or 7.5 percent) and the legislature (N=19, also 7.5 percent). Other types include ad valorem taxation (N=12, 4.8 percent), bond issues (N=11, 4.4 percent), and courts (N=10, 4.0 percent). Many subjects are represented by only one or two state questions. For example, only one question dealt with agriculture, though four measures on the Board of Agriculture (1.6 percent) were submitted. Forty-six other propositions have unique subjects, represented only once, accounting for 18.4 percent of the total.

It is instructive to note the differences in the percent yes vote which the various propositions received individually, as displayed in Table

TABLE 4-21

PROPOSITIONS SUBMITTED TO THE OKLAHOMA ELECTORATE, 1907-1972
CLASSIFIED BY MAJOR POLICY CONTENT TYPE

1. Governmental Structure

SQ	Year	Proposition Title
1	1908	Creation of Liquor Agency
3	1908	Secure Capitol Site
4	1908	Secure Capitol Site
15	1910	Capitol Site Selection
6	1910	New Jerusalem Plan
21	1910	Create Election Board
38	1912	Board of Agriculture
40	1912	Capitol Site Selection
58	1913	Township Government
60	1913	Create Agricultural Board
73	1914	Drunkeness
71	1914	Court Consolidation
77	1914	Unicameral Legislation
81	1916	Create Tax Commission
84	1916	Supreme Court Clerk
87	1916	Court Consolidation
88	1916	Size of Jury
89	1916	Abolish County Court
112	1920	Legislator Pay Raise
119	1923	Convening Legislature
144	1926	Legislator Pay Raise
158	1930	A. & M. Board of Regents
159	1930	O. U. Board of Regents
172	1931	Board of Education
173	1931	Create Budget Office
171	1932	County Road Commissioner
184	1933	Tax Commission
212	1935	Land Office Commission
210	1936	A. & M. Board of Regents
238	1938	Tax Commissioner
243	1938	Legislator Pay Raise
241	1940	Medical Examiners Board
298	1941	Budget Balancing
300	1941	State Board of Regents
309	1944	Create Parole Board
310	1944	A. & M. Board of Regents
311	1944	O. U. Board of Regents
328	1948	State College Regents
329	1948	Legislator Pay Raise
325	1950	Creation of Highway Commission
346	1950	Oklahoma Military Academy
354	1952	Desegregation of Jury Service
361	1954	Real Estate Tax
371	1956	Create New Board of Regents
372	1956	O.M.A. Board of Regents
374	1956	Create Wildlife Conserv. Dept.
377	1956	Creation of County Offices
389	1960	Legislator Pay Raise
390	1960	Department of Health
391	1960	Industrial Finance Authority
396	1960	State Highway Commission
398	1960	Control of County Roads
394	1960	Legislative Special Session
405	1962	Legislative Session and Pay
400	1962	Local Emergency Jurisdiction
418	1963	County Judge Term of Office
413	1964	Legislator Compensation
414	1964	Legislator Pay Raise
415	1964	Create Judiciary Court
420	1964	Repeal Gov. Appoint. Priv.
431	1966	Court of Judiciary
435	1966	Limit Legislative Sessions
447	1967	Judicial Nominating
448	1967	Judicial Department
446	1968	Pardon and Parole Board
456	1968	Salaries for Elected Officials
461	1968	Change in Estimate of Revenues
462	1968	Conflict of Interest
441	1968	Judicial Reform
445	1968	Repeal Oath of Office
466	1969	Oath for Public Offices
476	1970	Creation of Hospital Districts

2. Taxation, Revenue, and Finance

SQ	Year	Proposition Title
23	1910	Corporation Tax, Schools
45	1912	Taxation for Schools
57	1913	Taxation for Schools
59	1914	Taxation for Schools
68	1914	Taxation
74	1914	Reduce Tax Levy
75	1914	Mine Production Tax
83	1916	Taxation for Schools
85	1916	City Debt Limit
100	1919	Road Bond
99	1920	Taxation for Schools
109	1920	Taxation for Schools
114	1922	Increase Tax Levy
124	1923	Tax Rate Limitation
125	1923	Depositors' Guarantee
141	1926	Testing Tax Levy
138	1926	Ad Valorem Tax
139	1926	Annuity Bonds
145	1926	Increase Tax Levy
152	1928	Court of Tax Review
167	1931	New Income Tax
168	1932	Limiting Tax Rate
164	1932	Oleomargarine Tax
175	1932	Tax Reduction

PROPOSITIONS BY MAJOR POLICY TYPE, continued

SQ	Year	Proposition Title
179	1933	Cigarette Tax
185	1933	Ad Valorem Taxes
201	1935	Homestead Exemption
208	1935	Homestead Exemption
209	1935	Old Age Assistance
220	1935	County Welfare
225	1936	Old Age Assistance
226	1936	Sales Tax for Aged Aid
236	1938	Oleomargarine Tax
215	1940	Property Tax for Aged Aid
253	1940	Gas Tax Distribution
313	1944	Sinking Fund
319	1946	Tax, Separate Schools
314	1946	Tax for Schools
316	1946	Tax, Separate Schools
327	1948	School Tax Levy
348	1949	Capital Improvement
326	1950	Highway Users Tax
349	1952	Sales Tax
368	1955	Public School Buildings
379	1958	Real-Personal Ad Valorem Tax
393	1960	Capital Improvements
392	1960	Multi-County Libraries
395	1960	Withholding Income Tax
411	1963	Capital Improvements
421	1964	School Support Levy
425	1965	Sales Tax Increase
426	1965	Capital Improvements
427	1965	Capital Improvements-Highway
430	1965	Levy for School Benefits
433	1965	Capital Improvements-Highway
434	1966	Vocational Education Program
453	1968	Change in Estimate of Revenue
442	1968	Investment of School Funds
444	1968	Legislative Regulation of Tax
460	1968	Intangible Property Tax
443	1968	Taxation of Transient Property
463	1968	State Indebtedness
468	1969	State Industrial Finance Bonds
474	1970	State Industrial Finance Bonds
469	1970	Deposit of State Funds
479	1971	General Obligation Tax Bonds
481	1971	Investment of Educational Funds
485	1972	State Indebtedness-Highways
489	1972	City-Town Indebtedness
490	1972	Farm-Land Loan Valuation
486	1972	Ad Valorem Taxation
487	1972	Emergency Taxation Levy
465	1969	State Industrial Finance Bonds

3. Judicial and Legal Procedure

SQ	Year	Proposition Title
401	1961	Criminal Prosecution
457	1968	Petition for Grand Juries
459	1968	Jury Trials
482	1971	Self-Incriminating Testimony
483	1971	Grand Jury Reorganization

4. Land and Natural Resource Use

SQ	Year	Proposition Title
2	1908	Torrens Land Registration
5	1908	Sale of School Land
169	1931	Corporation Property
170	1932	Crop Control
230	1936	Soil Conservation

5. Industrial and Labor Relations

SQ	Year	Proposition Title
86	1916	Employee Compensation
121	1923	Workers' Compensation
304	1942	Recovery of Damages
345	1950	Workmens' Compensation Law
409	1964	Right to Work

6. Business and Corporations

SQ	Year	Proposition Title
16	1910	Corporation Privileges
24	1910	Corporation Relations
25	1911	Corporation Privileges
46	1913	Corporation Privileges
111	1920	Non-Profit Insurance Co.
135	1926	Repeal of Convict Label
186	1936	Corporation Control
282	1940	Corporation Control
358	1954	Corporation Real Estate
375	1956	Corporation Stock Ownership
404	1962	Industrial Bonds
406	1962	Distribution of Liquor
455	1968	Corporation Reports
454	1968	Maximum Interest Rates
458	1968	Issue of Corporation Stock

7. Electoral Process, Law, and Reform

SQ	Year	Proposition Title
17	1910	Grandfather Clause
8	1910	Woman Suffrage
41	1912	Election of Senators
82	1916	Voting Qualifications (Literacy)
78	1916	Election Law
80	1916	Repeal Registration Law

PROPOSITIONS BY MAJOR POLICY TYPE, continued

SQ	Year	Proposition Title
97	1916	Woman Suffrage
122	1923	Office Qualifications
122	1930	Office Qualifications
211	1935	Office Qualifications
281	1940	Office Qualifications
302	1942	Office Qualifications
312	1944	Run-Off Primary
353	1952	Amending State Constitution
356	1952	Age of Electors
357	1956	Congressional Redistricting
388	1960	Nomination of Candidates
397	1960	Legislative Apportionment
407	1961	House Apportionment for Census
408	1962	Legislative Apportionment
417	1963	Increase County Office Terms
419	1963	Increase State Office Terms
412	1964	Elector Residence
416	1964	Legislative Reapportionment
429	1966	Impeachment of state officials
432	1966	Presidential Electors
436	1966	Re-election of Governor
437	1966	Fix Congressional Boundaries
473	1970	Constitutional Article Revision
477	1970	Legislative Reapportionment
464	1970	Voting Machines
484	1971	Eighteen-Year Old Vote
488	1972	Electors--Public Utility Bonds

8. Constitutional Convention

SQ	Year	Proposition Title
146	1926	Constitutional Convention
347	1950	Constitutional Convention
472	1970	Constitutional Convention

9. Government Maintenance

SQ	Year	Proposition Title
205	1938	Municipal Utilities
359	1954	Oklahoma Turnpike Authority
360	1954	Toll Turnpike Financing
373	1956	Water Supply Indebtedness
380	1958	City-Provided Water Facilities

10. Health, Welfare, Safety

SQ	Year	Proposition Title
47	1913	Mine Safety
94	1920	Medical Practice Control
187	1934	Police Pensions
214	1935	Old Age Assistance
207	1936	Police Pensions
299	1941	Old Age Assistance

11. Education

SQ	Year	Proposition Title
137	1926	Free Textbooks
242	1938	Teacher Retirement
306	1942	Teacher Retirement
303	1942	Teacher Benefits
315	1946	School Aid
318	1946	Free Textbooks
422	1964	State Aid to Schools
423	1964	School Consolidation
424	1964	County School Superintendent
428	1966	Separate Schools
475	1970	Public School Desegregation

12. Veteran Benefits

SQ	Year	Proposition Title
116	1922	Soldier Bonus
123	1923	Veterans Benefits
355	1952	Military Compensation
362	1954	State Veteran Benefits
369	1956	Oklahoma Veteran Loan Auth.
370	1956	Veteran Benefits

13. Public Morality

SQ	Year	Proposition Title
22	1910	Repeal Prohibition
61	1914	Gambling
62	1914	Slot Machines
183	1933	3.2 Beer
222	1936	Repeal Prohibition
216	1938	Pinball Machines
289	1940	Repeal Prohibition
343	1949	Repeal Prohibition
376	1957	County Option, Prohibition
386	1959	Repeal Prohibition
387	1959	County Option, Prohibition
478	1971	"Blue Laws" Saturday and Sun.
480	1972	Liquor by the Drink

14. Unclassified

SQ	Year	Proposition Title
344	1950	Endorse World Federation

TABLE 4-22

PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF ALL MEASURES SUBMITTED TO THE OKLAHOMA ELECTORATE, 1907-1972, BY MAJOR POLICY CONTENT TYPE

Code	Major Policy Content Type	Number	Percent
(1)	Legislative, Executive, and Judicial Governmental Structure, Organization, and Reform	72	28.6
(2)	Taxation, Revenue and Finance	72	28.6
(3)	Judicial and Legal Procedure	5	2.0
(4)	Land and Natural Resource Use	5	2.0
(5)	Industrial and Labor Relations	5	2.0
(6)	Business and Corporation	15	5.9
(7)	Electoral Process, Procedure, Law, and Reform	33	13.1
(8)	Constitutional Convention	3	1.2
(9)	Government Maintenance	5	2.0
(10)	Health, Welfare, and Safety	6	2.4
(11)	Education	11	4.4
(12)	Veteran Benefits	6	2.4
(13)	Public Morality and Individual Life Style	13	5.1
(14)	Unclassified	1	.4
	Total	252	100.1*

*Percentage total does not total 100.0% due to rounding.

TABLE 4-23

SUBJECT MATTER OF ALL PROPOSITIONS SUBMITTED TO THE OKLAHOMA ELECTORATE, 1907-1972, BY PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION AND AVERAGE STATEWIDE PERCENT "YES" FOR EACH SPECIFIC SUBJECT
(Propositions are listed in Alphabetical Order)

Subject Matter[a]	Number	Percent of Total	Statewide $\tilde{X}$ Percent Yes	Proposition Number(s)
Ad Valorem Taxation	12	4.8	60.4	68,74,114,124,138,168,184,185,379, 443,460,486
Agriculture	1	.4	31.0	170
Agriculture, Board of	4	1.6	65.0	38,60,158,210
Alcoholic Beverages	9	3.6	45.4	1,22,222,289,343,386,387,406,480
Banks	1	.4	35.7	125
Beer	2	.8	53.5	183,376
Bond Issues	11	4.4	54.5	100,139,313,348,393,411,426,427,433, 463,485
Budget Balancing Amendment	1	.4	65.6	298
Budget Officer	1	.4	44.1	173
Chiropractors	1	.4	56.2	94
Cigarette Tax	1	.4	59.6	179
Cities and Towns	4	1.6	47.5	85,373,380,489
Coal Mines	1	.4	77.3	47
Colleges and Universities	5	2.0	51.4	159,310,311,328,371
Congressional Districts	2	.8	43.2	357,437
Conservation Commission	1	.4	43.5	230
Constitution, State	2	.8	48.5	353,473
Constitutional Convention	3	1.2	23.9	146,347,472
Convict Label Law	1	.4	34.8	135
Corporations	5	2.0	49.3	169,358,375,455,458
County Officers	3	1.2	34.8	377,417,418
County Superintendent of Schools	1	.4	38.2	424
Courts	10	3.4	49.3	71,84,87,89,152,415,431,441,447,448
Criminal Prosecutions	1	.4	79.5	401

Subject Matter[a]	Number	Percent of Total	Statewide $\bar{X}$ Percent Yes	Proposition Number(s)
Education, State Board	1	.4	44.4	172
Education, State System	1	.4	61.4	300
Educational Loans	1	.4	57.2	481
Election Board, State	2	.8	49.3	21,78
Elections	1	.4	58.2	312
Emergency in Government	1	.4	62.4	400
Equalization Board, State	2	.8	63.5	453,461
Gambling	3	1.2	40.2	61,62,216
Governor	1	.4	40.4	420
Health Departments	1	.4	51.0	390
Highway Commission	2	.8	31.8	325,396
Highway Users Revenues	1	.4	32.3	326
Homestead Exemptions	2	.8	58.3	201,208
Hospital Districts	1	.4	25.1	476
Impeachment	2	.8	79.9	73,429
Income Tax	3	1.2	43.9	167,175,395
Industrial Development	6	2.4	47.2	391,404,465,468,474,479
Insurance	1	.4	49.4	111
Juries	4	1.6	51.3	88,354,449,459
Juries, Grand	2	.8	59.7	483,457
Land Office, Commissioners of the	1	.4	44.4	212
Lands, School and Public	1	.4	46.5	5
Land Titles	1	.4	57.8	2
Legislature	19	7.5	41.2	77,112,119,144,243,329,389,394,397, 405,407,408,413,414,416,419,435,462,477
Libraries	1	.4	50.1	392
Loans and Lenders	1	.4	77.0	454
Medical Examiners, Board	1	.4	58.1	241
New Jerusalem District	1	.4	41.5	6
Oath of Office	2	.8	58.6	445,466
Oil Inspections	1	.4	27.8	238
Oklahoma Military Academy	2	.8	37.3	346,372

Subject Matter[a]	Number	Percent of Total	Statewide $\bar{X}$ Percent Yes	Proposition Number(s)
Old Age Assistance	6	2.4	64.1	209,214,215,220,225,299
Oleomargarine	2	.8	44.9	164,236
Pardon and Parole Board	2	.8	55.5	309,446
Police Officers	2	.8	62.5	187,207
Presidential Electors	1	.4	56.2	388
Public Service Corporations	3	1.2	59.0	24,186,282
Railroad, Transportation and Transmission Companies	3	1.2	47.8	16,25,46
Right to Work	1	.4	48.3	409
Roads and Highways	1	.4	34.1	398
Sales Tax	3	1.2	36.7	226,349,425
School Annexation	1	.4	49.1	423
School Financing	19	7.5	58.7	23,45,57,59,83,99,109,145,314,315,316, 319,327,368,421,422,430,442,487
School Bond	1	.4	47.8	490
Segregation	2	.8	56.3	428,475
Senators, United States	1	.4	84.8	41
State Capitol	4	1.6	57.1	3,4,15,40
State Offices	5	2.0	62.7	122
Sunday Closing	1	.4	46.1	478
Tax Commission	1	.4	25.7	81
Taxation	5	2.0	64.3	75,141,253,361,444
Teacher Retirement	3	1.2	50.3	242,303,306
Textbooks	2	.8	50.1	137,318
Township Government	1	.4	56.0	58
Treasurer, State	1	.4	39.2	469
Turnpikes	2	.8	56.5	359,360
Unemployment Relief	1	.4	37.3	171
United Nations	1	.4	22.8	344
Utilities, Public	1	.4	26.9	205
Veterans	6	2.4	42.8	116,123,355,362,369,370
Vocational-Technical Education	1	.4	51.0	434

Subject Matter[a]	Number	Percent of Total	Statewide $\bar{X}$ Percent Yes	Proposition Number(s)
Voting	8	3.2	52.0	17,80,82,356,412,432,484,488
Voting Machines	1	.4	45.8	464
Wildlife Conservation Commission	1	.4	52.3	374
Witnesses	1	.4	55.3	482
Women	3	1.2	46.9	8,97,211
Workmen's Compensation	4	1.6	54.8	86,121,304,345
Total (N)	252	100		

[a]This table uses the subject matter classification of propositions presented in the Directory of Oklahoma, 1977, State Elections Board, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma, 1977, pp. 612-627.

4-24. The highest mean percent yes on any issue was for State Question 41, in the primary election August 6, 1912, providing for direct election of United States Senators, and receiving a vote of 84.8 percent yes. The next two highest percent yes votes that are recorded, pertain to the impeachment of public officials. State Question 73 received a yes vote of 78.4 percent among all counties in Oklahoma, and by its adoption made "drunkenness and excessive use of intoxicating liquors" a cause for removal from public office or impeachment. On the other hand, State Question 429, which was adopted by a margin of over 300,000 votes out of a total of 485,548 votes cast on the proposition, provided for the impeachment and removal from office, upon the incumbent being found guilty of a felonious offense. Several other propositions grouped together by subject matter (Table 4-23) received a high statewide percent yes vote. They include the subject of criminal prosecution ($\overline{X}$=79.5 percent yes), loans and lenders ($\overline{X}$=77.0 percent yes), coal mines ($\overline{X}$=77.3 percent yes), and taxation ($\overline{X}$=64.3 percent yes).

At the lower end of the "yes" voting scale were measures that possessed subject matter content in the following areas: (1) World Federation ($\overline{X}$=22.8 percent yes), Tax Commission ($\overline{X}$=25.7 percent yes), and hospital districts ($\overline{X}$=25.1 percent yes). The lowest statewide average percent yes vote was cast for State Question 344. This measure, in brief, was referred to the people by the Oklahoma Senate for the popular consideration of a resolution that would have, if adopted, instructed the Governor of Oklahoma to instruct Oklahoma's United States Senators and Representatives, in addition to the Speaker of the United States House of Representatives and the President of the United States, of Oklahoma's support for making the

the United Nations a "...world federal government able to prevent war." Needless to say, the Oklahoma voters were not quite ready to accept the role of the United Nations as an international organization with a primary function and role to play in the arena of international peace keeping.

The measures that have been referred to the people or initiated by the people have not only been of the fourteen major policy types, as outlined in Table 4-22, but have met with varying levels of success. Table 4-24 depicts the final disposition of all measures submitted to Oklahoman voters for the period 1907-1972 by the number and percentage of measures that passed and failed. The policy areas which received the greatest level of passage success, relative to the total number of issues presented during the 1907-1972 period, are also the policy areas which have the highest proportionate submission rates. That is, seventy-two measures that are classified in the taxation group account for an overall 33.7 percent passage level; and seventy-two measures that fall into the Government Structure area obtained an overall passage level of 25.7 percent. Veteran benefits, industrial and labor relations, constitutional convention, public morality, and land policies account for a very small percentage of the total number of measures submitted to the people that received their approval.

In Table 4-25, the outcome of all measures submitted to the Oklahoma electorate in relation to the passage and failure rate for each policy content area is displayed. The highest percentage of passage was obtained for propositions that satisfied the classification requirements necessary to be placed in the judicial policy category. In this category all five

TABLE 4-24

FINAL DISPOSITION OF ALL POLICY CONTENT TYPE OF ALL ISSUES SUBMITTED TO THE OKLAHOMA ELECTORATE, 1907-1972, BY ELECTION RESULT

Policy Content Type	Pass		Fail	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Legislative, Executive and Judicial Governmental Sturcture , Organization and Reform	26	25.7	46	30.5
Taxation, Revenue and Finance	34	33.7	38	25.2
Judicial and Legal Procedure	5	5.0	-	-
Land and Natural Resource Use	-	-	5	3.3
Industrial and Labor Relations	1	1.0	4	2.6
Business and Corporations	6	5.9	9	6.0
Electoral Process, Procedure, Law and Reform	14	13.9	19	12.6
Constitutional Convention	-	-	3	2.0
Government Maintenance	3	3.0	2	1.3
Health, Welfare, and Safety	5	5.0	1	0.7
Education	4	4.0	7	4.6
Veteran Benefits	1	1.0	5	3.3
Public Morality and Individual Life Style	2	2.0	11	7.3
Unclassified	0	-	1	0.7
Total	101	100.0	151	120.0

TABLE 4-25

SUCCESS AND FAILURE RATE OF MEASURES SUBMITTED TO THE OKLAHOMA ELECTORATE, 1907-1972, FOR IDENTIFIED PUBLIC POLICY AREAS

Policy Content Type	Pass		Fail		Total Number Submitted	Total Percent
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent		
Legislative, Executive, and Judicial Governmental Structure, Organization, and Reform	26	36.1	46	63.9	72	100.0
Taxation, Revenue and Finance	34	47.2	38	52.8	72	100.0
Judicial and Legal Procedure	5	100.0	-	-	5	100.0
Land and Natural Resource Use	-	-	5	100.0	5	100.0
Industrial and Labor Relations	1	20.0	4	80.0	5	100.0
Business and Corporations	6	40.0	9	60.0	15	100.0
Electoral Process; Procedure, Law and Reform	14	42.4	19	57.6	33	100.0
Constitutional Convention	-	-	3	100.0	3	100.0
Government Maintenance	3	60.0	2	40.0	5	100.0
Health, Welfare, and Safety	5	83.3	1	16.7	6	100.0
Education	4	36.4	7	63.6	11	100.0
Veteran Benefits	1	16.7	5	83.3	6	100.0
Public Morality and Individual Life Style	2	15.4	11	84.6	13	100.0
Unclassified	-	-	1	100.0	1	100.0

measures submitted to the electorate were approved. These measures dealt with criminal prosecution, petition for grand juries, jury trials, self-incriminating testimony, and reorganization of the grand juries. Perhaps the most significant of these measures related to self-incriminating testimony (State Question 482). This measure was passed by a 55.3 percent yes vote and provided that "...that persons may be required to provide evidence tending to establish the guilt of others although incriminating as to themselves...." It, of course, also provided immunity for the defendant in the form of forfeiture, prosecution or penalty.

The second highest percentage for a policy group was for the health, welfare, and safety issues, five out of six being adopted (83.3 percent). These measures were mine safety (77.3 percent yes), medical practice control (56.2 percent), police pensions (62.2 and 62.7 percent), and old age assistance (72.2 and 76.3 percent). Despite these high percentages not all were adopted. The silent vote defeated State Question 187 in 1934--a police pension measure. State Question 47 on mine safety, received the highest percentage yes vote in the group providing for mine inspectors' qualifications, and other features of health and safety of coal mines. The Social Security Amendment of 1941 amended the Constitution to provide for cooperation with the federal government in the social security program, including "relief and care of aged or needy persons." With descending percentages for the policy groups, Government Maintenance ranked in fourth place with 60.0 percent, Taxation next with 47.2 percent, and at the bottom, Land use and Constitutional Convention categories. All five of the former failed, as did all three of the latter.

Somewhat surprisingly, five of the six issues dealing with veteran

benfits were defeated. Only State Question 362 was adopted (1954), providing low interest (3 percent), farm loans for veterans. Most of the thirteen measures in the public morality group were also defeated, including four of the five attempts to repeal the prohibition amendment which was adopted with statehood (45.4, 45.3, 43.7, 40.6 percent, and then finally the successful 57.4 percent!). Oklahoma's puritan majority also defeated gambling (46.9 percent), pinball machines (26.0 percent), and slot machines (47.6 percent), but also Sunday or Saturday closing "Blue Laws" (46.1 percent), and county option for prohibition (32.0 percent), as well as approving 3.2 beer by a strong 63.4 percent.

Measures Submitted to the Oklahoma Electorate by all Policy Types for Selected Time Periods

The relative frequency in which measures of varying policy content were submitted to the Oklahoma electorate varied greatly by period of time. In this analysis of state question voting behavior, the 65 year span between 1907 and 1972 is collapsed into seven time periods: (1) 1907-1919; (2) 1920-1929; (3) 1930-1939; (4) 1940-1949; (5) 1950-1959; (6) 1960-1969; and (7) 1970-1972. Table 4-26 shows that substantial differences exist among the frequencies for which measures of varying policy content have been placed before the people by different historical periods.

First, during the 1907-1919 period, 46 propositions met their fate, of which ten passed and thirty-six failed. The largest number of measures proposed for this early period were of the legislative, executive and judicial governmental structure, organization, and reform type (N=18 or 39.1 percent of the total number of measures voted on by the Oklahomans).

TABLE 4-26

DESTRIBUTION OF THE POLICY CONTENT OF ALL MEASURES SUBMITTED TO THE OKLAHOMA ELECTORATE, 1907-1972, BY SELECTED TIME PERIODS

Policy Content Type	1907 to 1919		1920 to 1929		1930 to 1939		1940 to 1949		1950 to 1959		1960 to 1969		1970 to 1972	
	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%
Legislative, Executive and Judicial Governmental Structure, Organization, and Reform	18	39.1	3	13.6	10	27.0	8	28.6	8	25.8	24	35.8	1	4.8
Taxation, Revenue and Finance	10	21.7	10	45.5	13	35.1	8	28.6	4	12.9	18	26.9	9	42.9
Judicial and Legal Procedure	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Land and Natural Resource Use	2	4.3	-	-	3	8.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Industrial and Labor Relations	1	2.2	1	4.5	-	-	1	3.6	1	3.2	1	1.5	-	-
Business and Corporation	4	8.7	2	9.1	1	2.7	1	3.6	2	6.5	5	7.5	-	-
Electoral Process, Procedure, Law, and Reform	7	15.2	1	4.5	2	5.4	3	10.7	3	9.7	12	17.9	5	23.8
Constitutional Convention	-	-	1	4.5	-	-	-	-	1	3.2	-	-	-	-
Government Maintenance	-	-	-	-	1	2.7	-	-	4	12.9	-	-	-	-
Health, Welfare, and Safety	1	2.2	1	4.5	3	8.1	1	3.6	-	-	-	-	-	-
Education	-	-	1	4.5	1	2.7	4	14.3	-	-	4	6.0	1	4.8
Veteran Benefits	-	-	2	9.1	-	-	-	-	4	12.9	-	-	-	-

Table continued

Public Morality and Individual Life Style	3	6.5	-	-	3	8.1	2	7.1	3	9.7	-	-	2	9.5
Unclassified	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	3.2	-	-	-	-
Total	46	100.0	22	100.0	37	100.0	28	100.0	31	100.0	67	100.0	21	100.0

Also, during this same period ten taxation, revenue and finance measures (21.7 percent of the total), and seven issues dealing with electoral process, procedure, law and reform were decided.

A further analysis reveals that during the 1907-1919 period, of the ten propositions that passed, five were of the legislative referendum mode, four measures were by inititative petition and only one by referendum petition. However, of the eighteen measures in the government structure group, four passed; only one out of the ten taxation, revenue and finance measures, a legislative referendum, passed; and one out of four measures passed in the policy area dealing with business and corporations; 50 percent, or three out of six measures passed in the area of electoral process. The three measures pertaining to public morality all failed, as did those submitted in the areas of land and natural resource use (N=2) and industrial and labor relations (N=1).

For the 1920-1929 period, taxation, revenue and finance policy content measures accounted for 45.5 percent of all measures (N=22) brought before the people. Only three measures were in the governmental structure area; two measures were in business and corporation policy, and two measures on benefits to veterans. Given the stringency of the Constitution of Oklahoma in dealing with corporations, it is somewhat surprising that a larger number of bills have not been submitted on this topic. Perhaps the answer to this puzzle rests, at least in the view of R.J. Dangerfield, in corporations deciding "...that the legislature is a body better equipped to deal with problems involving their regulation or perhaps easier brought to their point of view than the whole voting population."[7] Overall, however, 72.7 percent of all measures submitted during this period were killed

by the voters. Decisive defeats resulted for seven of the ten measures dealing with taxation, revenue and finance.

The historical period which encompassed the Depression Era, 1930-1939, saw a slight increase over the 1920's, in the number of propositions placed on the ballot. Of thirty-seven measures presented for approval or rejection, only 27.0 percent (N=10) were approved. Of those which were proposed, 35.1 percent (N=13) dealt with taxation, revenue and finance matters and 27.0 percent were on government structure. Even though this period is characterized as one in which the people of Oklahoma suffered great economic hardship only a small number of propositions (N=3) pertained to the policy area of health, welfare, and safety, two of the three being referred by the Legislature.

The 1940-1949 period experienced a decrease in the total number of propositions referred. This historical period also maintained the pattern that was characteristic of the 1907-1919, 1920-1929, and 1930-1939 periods. The largest percentage of all measures submitted (N=28) were on government structure and taxation, (28.6 percent for each group). For this period 67.9 percent of all measures proposed received popular approval (N=19), with six of the eight measures in each of the government structure and tax policy areas receiving approval. All measures submitted in the area of public morality (N=2), industrial and labor relations (N=1), business and corporations (N=1), were dealt defeat.

The now "nostalgic fifties" period experienced a slight increase in the total number of propositions peresented to the Oklahoma electorate over the years 1940-1949. The 1950-1959 period had thirty-one measures considered, of which 41.9 percent passed (N=13). The largest number (N=6)

of measures were in the government structure group (25.8 percent of the total submitted); 36 percent of the measures were evenly divided among the policy classifications of taxation, veteran benefits, and government maintenance, (12.9 percent each). Three measures in the area of public morality related to prohibition. About 7 percent of all measures brought to the people during this era dealt with workmen's compensation and corporate real estate and stock ownerships. A measure calling for a state constitutional convention was submitted and received only 31.5 percent "yes" vote on a statewide basis.

The "turbulent 60's" was also tumultuous for the operation of direct democracy in Oklahoma. A dramatic increase in the number of measures placed on the ballot occurred, rising from thirty-one propositions in the 1950-1959 period to sixty-seven issues in the period 1960-1969, or a 116.0 percent increase. Of these sixty-seven measures, the highest percentage of measures, 35.8 percent, were of the governmental structure variety, followed by eighteen measures or 26.9 percent, which focused on taxation, revenue and finance matters. Electoral process received substantial attention in so far as 17.9 percent (N=12) of all measures submitted were of this policy category. Although twenty-four measures focused on the reform of governmental structure, less than one-half passed (41.6) percent). In contradistinction, however, the eighteen measures on taxation, revenue and finance had a passage-to-failure ratio of twelve to six, or a 66.6 percent approval level. During this period five measures pertained to business and corporations were voted on: industrial bonds, distribution of intoxicating beverages, interest rate maximum, corporation reports and issuance of corporate stock.

Twenty-one state questions were referred in the 1970-1972 period. Nine (42.9 percent) related to taxation, and five (23.8 percent) to the electoral process. Only 31.8 percent of the issues were adopted in this three-year period, all of them submitted by legislative referendum. Only four (19 percent) were initiative and referendum petitions, referral modes previously discussed as having decreasing use in Oklahoma.

Table 4-26 shows distribution by decades of the number and type of measures that have appeared on the ballot during the entire period under review, 1907-1972. However, if the historical period is divided into two-time frames--pre-1945 and post-1945, using World War II as a line of separation, several important distinctions occur, as displayed in Tables 4-27 and 4-28.

First pre-1945 data shows (Table 4-27) that 123 measures were either sponsored by the people or the legislature, in contrast to 129 measures in the post-1945 era. Although the period 1907-1945 encompasses a thirty-eight year span and the 1945-1972 period represents a span of only twenty-seven years (eleven years less than the pre-1945 period), the number of propositions is approximately equal in number. The passage rates for the dichotomized time periods, however, as shown in Tables 4-27 and 4-28, are substantially different with only 29.3 percent of the measures accepted during the first time period, and over half of the propositions accepted (50.4 percent) in the post-1945 period. The rejection rates are strikingly different between the two time periods.

Second, in addition one discovers a difference in the referral mode that is most frequently used for the two periods. It is shown in Table 4-27, that sixty-three measures were referred by the state legislature

TABLE 4-27

DISTRIBUTION OF THE POLICY CONTENT OF ALL MEASURES SUBMITTED TO THE OKLAHOMA ELECTORATE DURING THE 1907-1945 PERIOD, BY REFERRAL MODE AND ISSUE STATUS (PASS/FAIL)

Policy Type	PASS						FAIL					
	Legislative Referendum		Initiative Petition		Referendum Petition		Legislative Referendum		Initiative Petition		Referendum Petition	
	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%
Legislative, Executive and Judicial Governmental Structure, Organization and Reform Policy	7	36.8	3	23.1	1	25.0	15	34.1	9	26.5	2	22.2
Taxation, Revenue and Finance Policy	4	21.1	6	46.2	1	25.0	11	25.0	12	35.3	2	22.2
Judicial and Legal Procedure Policy	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Land and Natural Resource Use Policy	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2.3	4	11.8	-	-
Industrial and Labor Relations Policy	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	6.8	-	-	-	-
Business and Corporation Policy	1	5.3	-	-	-	-	5	11.4	1	2.9	1	11.1
Electoral Process, Procedure, Law and Reform Policy	4	21.1	2	15.4	-	-	4	9.1	3	8.8	-	-
Constitutional Convention Policy	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2.3	-	-	-	-
Government Maintenance Policy	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2.9	-	-

Table 4-27 continued

Health, Welfare and Safety Policy	2	10.5	1	7.7	2	50.0	1	2.3	-	-	-	-
Education Policy	-	-	1	7.7	-	-	2	4.5	-	-	1	11.1
Veteran Benefit Policy	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2.3	3	8.8	3	33.3
Public Morality and Individual Life Style Policy	1	5.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	8.8	3	33.3
Unclassified	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	19	100.0*	13	100.0*	4	100.0	44	100.0	34	99.9*	9	99.9*

*Percentage does not add to 100.0 due to rounding error.

TABLE 4-28

DISTRIBUTION OF THE POLICY CONTENT OF ALL MEASURES SUBMITTED TO THE OKLAHOMA ELECTORATE DURING THE 1946-1972 PERIOD, BY REFERRAL MODE AND ISSUE STATUS (PASS/FAIL)

Policy Type	PASS						FAIL					
	Legislative Referendum		Initiative Petition		Referendum Petition		Legislative Referendum		Initiative Petition		Referndum Petition	
	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%
Legislative, Executive and Judicial Governmental Structure, Organization and Reform Policy	15	25.4	-	-	-	-	14	35.0	5	26.3	1	20.0
Taxation, Revenue and Finance Policy	21	35.6	2	50.0	-	-	8	20.0	3	15.8	2	40.0
Judicial and Legal Procedure Policy	5	8.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Land and Natural Resource Use Policy	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Industrial and Labor Relations Policy	1	1.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	5.3	-	-
Business and Corporation Policy	5	8.5	-	-	-	-	2	5.0	-	-	-	-
Electoral Process, Procedure, Law and Reform Policy	8	13.6	-	-	-	-	7	17.5	3	15.8	2	40.0
Constitutional Convention Policy	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	5.0	-	-	-	-
Government Maintenance Policy	1	1.7	-	-	2	60.0	1	2.5	-	-	-	-

Table 4-28

Health, Welfare and Safety Policy	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Education Policy	1	1.7	2	50.0	-	-	1	2.5	3	15.8	-	-
Veteran Benefit Policy	1	1.7	-	-	-	-	3	7.5	-	-	-	-
Public Morality and Individual Life Style Policy	1	1.7	-	-	-	-	1	2.5	4	21.1	-	-
Unclassified	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2.5	-	-	-	-
Total	59	100.1*	4	100.0	2	100.0	40	100.0	19	100.1*	5	100.0

*Percentage does not add to 100.0 due to rounding error.

and only 30.1 percent passed; forty-seven measures were initiated directly by the people with a low passage level of 27.6 percent; and thirteen propositions were of the referendum petition variety, with a corresponding passage percentage of 30.8. The post-1945 period saw (Table 4-28) ninety-nine measures of the legislative referendum mode with a remarkably high passage rate of 59.6 percent. There was a decrease in the use of the initiative petition, with only twenty-three measures sponsored by the electorate, of which 17.4 percent were adopted; finally the people petitioned the legislature to refer measures and on seven occasions, the level of success was 28.5 percent. In sum, the use of the referendum petition, as well as its success, drastically declined after World War II.

Third, in terms of public policy content a number of major differences are quite evident. For example, Table 4-27 (1907-1945) shows thirty-seven measures referred to people, with 29.7 percent of them being passed, which are on government structure. This category accounted for 30.1 percent of all measures making their way to the ballot in the pre-1945 era. In the post-1945 period a comparable number of measures (N=35) dealt with government structure, but a higher percentage passed (42.9 percent). The policy area of taxation is equally important for both periods. Indeed, Table 4-27 and Table 4-28 reveal an identical number of tax and revenue related measures (N=36, respectively) for each period. A major difference here is the marked success in passage of taxation, revenue and finance measures in the post-1945 period (63.9 percent passage) as constrasted with a low level of 30.5 percent in the 1907-1945 period. It is also observed that taxation and finance related measures accounted for 35.4 percent of all measures during the last three decades, in comparison with 30.5 percent during the first

four decades of Oklahoma's experiment with direct democracy. It is noteworthy that no judicial measures were submitted in the 1907-1945 era, and that all of the five measures proposed in the post-1945 period were all adopted. On the other hand, no measures dealing with land and natural resource use have appeared during the post-1945 period, although when placed on the ballot in the first period they met the universal fate of rejection.

Electoral process, procedure, law and reform policy encompassed thirteen measures for the first historical period and twenty measures for the second period, but represent only 16.7 and 12.3 percent of the total number of state questions that were passed in each historical time frame respectively. This passage level enables electoral reform policy to be ranked as the policy type which possessed the third highest passage level of the fourteen policy categories studied. Also, a total of only four measures dealing with education policy were submitted to the electorate during the 1907-1945 period, in contrast to seven education policy content measures in the post-1945 to 1972 period. The passage level was 25 percent for the first period and 75 percent for the latest historical time frame. Further, only a few measures have been voted on by the electorate in the general policy area of health, welfare, and safety, with all six state questions submitted during the 1907-1945 period. Interestingly, five out of the six measures (83.3 percent) proposed in this policy area were accepted by the voters. Last, public morality and individual life style measures have been submitted a total of thirteen times for voter consideration; seven times during the 1907-1945 period, and six times in the post-1945 time frame. The rate of passage however has been very low in each historical era, with 14.2 percent for the first period and 16.6 percent for

the second period. Overall, only two measures dealing with public morality were accepted by the voters of Oklahoma, one in each period.

To show more clearly the contrast in rate of sucess in the two periods, Tables 4-27 and 4-28 are condensed in the following breakdown:

	1907-1945		1945-1972	
	PASS	FAIL	PASS	FAIL
Legislative Referendum	19	44	59	40
Initiative Petition	13	34	4	19
Referendum Petition	4	9	2	5
Totals	36	87	65	64

During the 1907-1945 period a general passage level of 30.1 percent (N=19) was obtained for all measures referred to the people through the legislative referendum mode out of a total of sixty-three questions proposed, and 28.3 percent of all (N=17) measures initiated or petitioned by the people passed, out of sixty submitted to popular decision. In comparison with the voting results associated with referral mode and final disposition of measures for the 1946-1972 period, a remarkable distinction becomes apparent for the two periods, with 59.6 percent (N=59) of all measures referred by the legislature during the post-1945 period (N=99) meeting citizen acceptance, and 20.4 percent (N=6) passage of the measures that were popularly initiated or petitioned by the people. A comparison of the passage percentages between the two time-periods by referral mode shows that generally the people have been more inclined to accept and approve measures that have emanated from the legislature, than measures which have been popularly proposed. In a study of Michigan voting be-

havior on initiatives and referendums, James K. Pollack found a similar pattern to exist. He concluded that the higher acceptance level for measures proposed by the legislature than by the people was understandable "...for it is to be expected that the legislature will be more cautious about proposals than will interested groups of the electorate and that it necessarily submits more proposals of routine importance in order to keep the constitution more or less up to date."[8] The record speaks strongly against the early opponents of direct democracy who maintained that the initiative and referendum would be "dangerous," "reckless", "incendiary", and "socialistic."[9]

TABLE 4-29

SUMMARY OF CHARACTERISTICS PERTAINING TO ALL MEASURES PROPOSED AND SUBMITTED

TO THE OKLAHOMA ELECTORATE, 1907-1972

Note: State Question (S. Q.) Numbers in Column 1, are not consecutive nor are all included, due to delays in obtaining certification of sufficiency of signatures on petitions and other legal delays on both initiated and referred measures. Numbers not included were assigned numbers which never came to a vote. In Column 2, the abbreviations I.P. and R.P. stand for Initiative Petition and Referendum Petition, originating with the people, and L.R. stands for Legislative Referendum, originating with the State Legislature. In Column 8, the entry FAIL* means that the measure failed of adoption because of the silent vote, though receiving over 50% of the vote.

S.Q.	I or R Number	Proposition Short Title	Number of Votes Yes	No	Percent Yes	Percent Participation	Result	Year
1	L.R. 1	Creation of Liquor Agency	105,392[a]	121,573	46.5	89.6	FAIL	1908
2	L.R. 2	Torrens Land Registration System	114,394[a]	83,888	57.8	78.2	FAIL*	1908
3	L.R. 3	Secure Capitol Site	120,352[a]	71,933	62.5	76.1	FAIL*	1908
4	L.R. 4	Secure Capitol Site	117,441[a]	75,792	60.3	75.3	FAIL*	1908
5	I.P. 1	Sale of School Land	96,745[a]	110,840	46.5	82.3	FAIL	1908
15	I.P. 7	Capitol Site Selection	96,448[a]	64,522	59.9	100.0	PASS	1910
16	I.P. 8	Corporation Privleges	53,784	108,205[b]	33.2	100.0	FAIL	1910
17	I.P. 10	Grandfather Clause	135,443	106,222[b]	56.1	109.3[d]	PASS	1910
6	I.P. 2	"New Jerusalem Plan"	84,366	118,899	41.5	81.9	FAIL	1910
8	I.P. 3	Woman Suffrage	88,808	128,928	40.8	87.7	FAIL	1910
21	R.P. 12	Create Election Board	80,146[c]	106,459	43.7	79.2	FAIL	1910
22	I.P. 11	Repeal Prohibition	105,041	126,118[e]	45.4	93.1	FAIL	1910
23	L.R. 13	Corporation Tax, Schools	101,636	43,133	70.2	58.3	FAIL*	1910
24	L.R. 14	Corporation Relations	83,169[b]	55,175	60.1	55.7	FAIL*	1910
25	L.R. 15	Corporation Privleges	41,768[f]	46,662	47.3	100.0	FAIL	1911
41.	I.P. 26	Election of Senators	139,844[g]	23,400	84.8	98.4	PASS	1912
38	I.P. 23	Board of Agriculture	164,530[h]	63,586	72.0	91.2	PASS	1912
40	I.P. 25	Location of State Capitol	86,549[i]	103,106	45.8	74.7	FAIL	1912
45	L.R. 17	Taxation for Schools	100,042[c]	65,436	60.9	66.2	FAIL*	1912
46	L.R. 18	Corporation Privleges	59,437[c]	35,115	62.8	100.0	PASS	1913
47	R.P. 19	Mine Safety	73,345[c]	21,559	77.3	100.0	PASS	1913
57	L.R. 20	Taxation for Schools	63,330[c]	30,295	67.4	100.0	PASS	1913
58	L.R. 21	Township Government	50,634[c]	39,690	56.0	100.0	PASS	1913
60	L.R. 23	Create Agricultural Board	67,367[c]	25,087	73.0	100.0	PASS	1913

S.Q.	I or R Number	Proposition Short Title	Number of Votes Yes	Number of Votes No	Percent Yes	Percent Participation	Result	Year
59	L.R. 22	Taxation for Schools	89,653[j]	56,916	60.9	81.3	FAIL*	1914
61	R.P. 24	Gambling	68,878[j]	76,495	46.9	81.2	FAIL	1914
62	R.P. 25	Slot Machines	67,560[j]	73,770	47.6	79.0	FAIL	1914
68	I.P. 41	Direct Taxation	88,994[j]	45,232	66.1	74.4	FAIL*	1914
73	I.P. 46	Drunkenness	114,833[j]	31,659	78.3	81.3	PASS	1914
71	I.P. 44	Court Consolidations	105,529[k]	64,782	61.9	69.6	FAIL*	1914
74	I.P. 47	Reduce Tax Levy	117,675	57,120	67.3	71.4	FAIL*	1914
75	I.P. 48	Mine Production Tax	107,342	62,380	63.2	69.4	FAIL*	1914
77	I.P. 50	Unicameral Legislature	94,686	71,742	56.9	68.0	FAIL*	1914
81	L.R. 54	Create Tax Commission	50,656[e]	146,130	25.7	98.3	FAIL	1916
82	L.R. 55	Voting Qualification Literacy Test for Electors	90,605[c]	133,140	40.7	112.3[d]	FAIL	1916
83	L.R. 56	Taxation for Schools	76,093[c]	127,525	37.1	101.2[d]	FAIL	1916
84	L.R. 57	Supreme Court Clerk	58,933[c]	134,963	30.6	97.1	FAIL	1916
85	L.R. 58	City Debt Limit	44,687[c]	147,933	23.2	96.3	FAIL	1916
86	L.R. 59	Employee Compensation	50,998[c]	139,132	26.8	95.1	FAIL	1916
87	L.R. 60	Court Consolidation	42,896[c]	149,272[b]	22.3	96.0	FAIL	1916
88	L.R. 61	Size of Jury	49,954	142,333[b]	26.0	96.1	FAIL	1916
89	L.R. 62	Abolish County Court	47,194[c]	157,284	23.1	102.1[d]	FAIL	1916
78	I.P. 51	Election Law	147,067[l]	119,602	54.8	89.1	FAIL*	1916
80	I.P. 53	Repeal Registration Law	140,366[l]	114,824	54.1	85.3	FAIL*	1916
97	L.R. 33	Woman Suffrage	106,909[c]	81,481	57.3	95.8	PASS	1918
100	L.R. 34	Road Bond	69,917[c]	171,327	29.4	100.0	FAIL	1919
94	R.P. 30	Medical Practice Control	211,252[c]	164,788	56.2	76.6	PASS	1920
99	I.P. 67	Taxation for Schools	162,749[c]	179,271	47.7	70.0	FAIL	1920
109	I.P. 72	Taxation for Schools	169,639[c]	188,574	47.6	72.9	FAIL	1920
111	L.R. 38	Non-Profit Insurance Co.,	157,064[c]	159,919	49.4	64.4	FAIL	1920
112	L.R. 39	Legislative Pay Raise	125,463[c]	173,274[b]	41.5	60.8	FAIL	1920
114	L.R. 40	Inverse Tax Levy	136,647	191,180[b]	41.9	91.0	FAIL	1922
116	I.P. 76	Soldier Bonus	255,887	234,909	52.1	94.3	FAIL*	1922
119	I.P. 79	Convening Legislature	209,452	70,638	74.8	96.5	PASS	1923
121	L.R. 41	Workman's Compensation	137,358[m]	120,761	52.8	88.1	FAIL*	1923
122	L.R. 42	Office Qualifications	173,262[m]	86,445	66.7	89.5	PASS	1923
123	L.R. 43	Veterans Benefits	120,219[m]	142,082	45.7	90.6	FAIL	1923
124	L.R. 44	Tax Rate Limitation	144,758[m]	116,711	55.0	90.1	PASS	1923
125	L.R. 45	Depositor's Guarantee	111,081[m]	160,668	35.7	86.1	FAIL	1923
141	I.P. 92	Testing Tax Levy	182,012[c]	68,975	72.3	81.9	PASS	1926

S.Q.	I or R Number	Proposition Short Title	Number of Votes Yes	Number of Votes No	Percent Yes	Percent Participation	Result	Year
135	R.P. 47	Repeal of Convict Label	102,660	192,484[b]	34.8	74.7	FAIL	1926
137	R.P. 49	Free Textbooks	120,210[c]	187,369	39.1	77.8	FAIL	1926
138	I.P. 89	Ad valorem Rate	72,652[c]	220,382	24.4	75.4	FAIL	1926
139	I.P. 90	Annuity Bonds	114,479[c]	165,288	41.0	70.8	FAIL	1926
144	L.R. 50	Legislator Pay Raise	54,007[c]	251,332	17.6	77.4	FAIL	1926
145	L.R. 51	Increase Tax Levy	105,558[c]	223,625	32.2	82.2	FAIL	1926
146	L.R. 52	Constitutional Convention	47,510[c]	241,040	16.5	71.3	FAIL	1926
152	I.P. 100	Court of Tax Review	291,995[c]	56,099	83.9	100.0	PASS	1928
122	L.R. 42	Office Qualifications	242,656[c]	119,338	67.0	70.8	FAIL *	1930
158	L.R. 53	A & M Board of Regents	180,014[c]	167,763	51.8	68.0	FAIL *	1930
159	L.R. 54	O.U. Board of Regents	171,906[c]	164,813	51.1	65.9	FAIL *	1930
167	I.P. 112	New Income Tax	208,144	235,918	46.9	99.3	FAIL	1931
169	I.P. 114	Corporation Property	202,353	240,028	45.7	99.0	FAIL	1931
172	I.P. 117	Board of Education	196,579	245,743	44.4	99.0	FAIL	1931
173	I.P. 118	Create Budget Officer	194,274	245,794	44.1	98.4	FAIL	1931
168	I.P. 113	Limiting Tax Rate	195,042	229,270	46.0	101.6	FAIL	1932
170	I.P. 115	Crop Control	130,327	290,416[b]	31.0	100.7[d]	FAIL	1932
171	I.P. 116	County Road Commission	155,110	260,265[b]	37.3	99.5	FAIL	1932
164	R.P. 55	Oleomargerine Tax	265,890	342,998	43.7	85.9	FAIL	1932
175	I.P. 120	Tax Reduction	321,254	327,620	49.5	91.6	FAIL	1932
183	L.R. 59	3.2 Beer	224,598[c]	129,582	63.4	100.0	PASS	1933
179	R.P. 56	Cigarette Tax	120,863[b]	81,981	59.6	98.6	PASS	1933
184	R.P. 60	Tax Commission	134,882	67,779[b]	66.6	98.5	PASS	1933
185	L.R. 61	Ad valorem Taxes	183,623	20,739[b]	89.9	99.3	PASS	1933
186	L.R. 62	Corporation Control	254,631	155,330	62.1	64.1	FAIL *	1934
187	L.R. 63	Police Pension	302,618	183,855	62.2	76.0	FAIL *	1934
201	I.P. 138	Homestead Exemption	185,058	91,189	67.0	92.0	PASS	1935
208	L.R. 66	Homestead Exemption	129,314	132,037	49.5	87.1	FAIL	1935
209	L.R. 67	Old Age Assistance	119,612	146,229	45.0	88.5	FAIL	1935
211	L.R. 69	Office Qualifications	114,968	154,669	42.6	89.8	FAIL	1935
212	L.R. 70	Land Office Commission	113,737	142,664	44.4	85.4	FAIL	1935
214	I.P. 144	Old Age Assistance	204,626	78,783	72.2	94.4	PASS	1935
220	I.P. 149	County Welfare	82,462	45,079	64.7	100.0	PASS	1935
225	I.P. 154	Old Age Assistance	346,950	210,888	62.2	96.1	PASS	1936
226	I.P. 155	Sales Tax for Aged Aid	340,438	229,542	59.7	98.1	PASS	1936
230	I.P. 159	Soil Conservation	223,836	290,241	43.5	88.5	FAIL	1936

S.Q.	I or R Number	Proposition Short Title	Number of Votes Yes	Number of Votes No	Percent Yes	Percent Participation	Result	Year
207	L.R. 65	Police Pensions	390,142	232,310	62.7	81.1	PASS	1936
210	L.R. 68	A & M Board of Regents	379,405	219,996	63.3	78.1	FAIL*	1936
222	I.P. 151	Repeal Prohibition	267,285	391,083	40.6	85.8	FAIL	1936
205	I.P. 142	Municipal Utilities	98,216	266,893	26.9	67.9	FAIL	1938
216	R.P. 71	Pin Ball Machines	98,360	280,284	26.0	70.4	FAIL	1938
236	R.P. 73	Oleomargarine Tax	184,619	215,799	46.1	74.5	FAIL	1938
238	R.P. 75	Tax Commissioner	99,613	259,240	27.8	66.7	FAIL	1938
242	L.R. 76	Teacher Retirement	183,997	218,945	45.7	74.9	FAIL	1938
243	L.R. 77	Legislator Pay Raise	92,264	256,745	26.4	64.9	FAIL	1938
215	I.P. 145	Property Tax for Aged Aid	408,559	196,711	67.5	71.4	FAIL*	1940
241	I.P. 166	Medical Examiners Board	294,346	212,701	58.1	59.8	FAIL*	1940
253	I.P. 176	Gas Tax Distribution	355,431	198,109	64.2	65.3	FAIL*	1940
281	L.R. 78	Office Qualifications	354,433	169,926	67.6	61.9	FAIL*	1940
282	L.R. 79	Corporation Control	256,466	210,890	54.9	55.1	FAIL*	1940
289	I.P. 210	Repeal Prohibition	290,752	374,911	43.7	78.5	FAIL	1940
298	L.R. 80	Budget Balancing	163,886	85,752	65.6	97.5	PASS	1941
299	L.R. 81	Old Age Assistance	193,170	59,838	76.3	98.9	PASS	1941
300	L.R. 82	State Board of Regents	152,173	95,617	61.4	96.8	PASS	1941
306	I.P. 221	Teacher Retirement	257,740	151,451	63.0	95.1	PASS	1942
302	L.R. 83	Office Qualifications	201,763	98,013	67.3	74.8	PASS	1942
303	L.R. 84	Teacher Benfits	125,229	171,433	42.2	74.0	FAIL	1942
304	L.R. 85	Recovery of Damages	144,846	108,452	57.2	63.2	FAIL*	1942
309	L.R. 86	Create Parole Board	140,496	82,911	62.9	79.9	PASS	1944
310	L.R. 87	A & M Board of Regents	117,194	108,047	52.0	80.6	PASS	1944
311	L.R. 88	O.U. Board of Regents	109,886	100,049	52.3	75.1	PASS	1944
312	L.R. 89	Run-off Primary	131,071	94,060	58.2	80.6	PASS	1944
313	L.R. 90	Sinking Fund	145,039	63,816	69.4	74.7	PASS	1944
319	L.R. 91	Tax Separate Schools	277,497	97,900	73.9	87.9	PASS	1946
314	I.P. 224	Tax for Schools	271,331	175,257	60.8	88.4	PASS	1946
315	I.P. 225	School Aid	264,058	174,374	60.2	86.8	PASS	1946
316	I.P. 226	Tax, Separate Schools	267,549	169,971	61.2	86.6	PASS	1946
318	I.P. 228	Free Textbooks	261,807	167,563	61.0	85.0	PASS	1946
327	L.R. 92	School Tax Levy	253,815	106,486	70.4	88.6	PASS	1948
328	L.R. 93	State College Regents	200,848	125,585	61.5	80.3	PASS	1948
329	L.R. 94	Legislator Pay Raise	165,953	159,225	51.0	80.0	PASS	1948
343	I.P. 248	Repeal Prohibition	267,870	323,270	45.3	100.0	FAIL	1949
348	L.R. 99	Capital Improvement	343,900	239,190	59.0	100.0	PASS	1949
345	L.R. 96	Workmen's Compensation Law	423,518	89,555	82.5	91.1	PASS	1950

S.Q.	I or R Number	Proposition Short Title	Number of Votes Yes	Number of Votes No	Percent Yes	Percent Participation	Result	Year
325	I.P. 234	Creation of Highway Commission	144,267	353,532	29.0	76.1	FAIL	1950
326	I.P. 235	Highway User's Tax	165,776	348,044[b]	32.2	78.6	FAIL	1950
344	L.R. 95	Endorse United Nations	124,189	421,472	22.8	83.5	FAIL	1950
346	L.R. 97	Oklahoma Military Academy	170,258	330,738	34.0	76.6	FAIL	1950
347	L.R. 98	State Constitutional Convention	159,908	347,143	31.5	77.5	FAIL	1950
353	L.R. 100	Amending State Constitution	245,826	109,218	69.2	100.0	PASS	1952
354	L.R. 101	Desegregation of Jury Service	236,546	131,743	64.2	100.0	PASS	1952
355	L.R. 102	Military Compensation	233,094	639,226	26.7	90.8	FAIL	1952
356	L.R. 103	Age of Electors	268,223	593,076	31.1	89.7	FAIL	1952
349	I.P. 249	Sales Tax	115,592	727,540	13.7	87.8	FAIL	1952
359	R.P. 105	Oklahoma Turnpike Authority	174,236	133,668	56.6	100.0	PASS	1954
360	R.P. 106	Toll Turnpike Financing	171,151	132,121	56.4	100.0	PASS	1954
358	L.R. 104	Corporation Real Estate	227,055	215,371	53.5	72.9	PASS	1954
362	L.R. 108	State Veteran Benefits	259,301	189,819	57.7	77.7	PASS	1954
361	L.R. 107	Real Estate Tax	372,968	159,670	70.0	86.0	PASS	1954
368	L.R. 109	Public School Buildings	231,097	73,021	76.0	100.0	PASS	1954
369	L.R. 110	Okla. Veterans Loan Authority	133,248[b]	236,021	36.1	94.8	FAIL	1956
370	L.R. 111	Veterans Benefits	127,241[b]	202,682	38.6	84.7	FAIL	1956
371	L.R. 112	Create New Board of Regents	129,495	193,114[b]	40.1	82.9	FAIL	1956
372	L.R. 113	O.M.A. Board of Regents	129,064[b]	188,302	40.7	81.5	FAIL	1956
373	L.R. 114	Water Suppy Indebtedness	151,875[b]	174,822	46.5	83.9	FAIL	1956
374	L.R. 115	Create Wildlife Conservation Department	172,164[c]	157,097	52.3	84.5	PASS	1956
375	L.R. 116	Corporate Stock Ownership	106,155	198,355	34.9	78.2	FAIL	1956
357	I.P. 253	Congressional Redistricting	391,453	297,628	56.8	80.2	FAIL*	1956
377	I.P. 260	Creation of County Offices	273,481	407,091	40.2	79.2	FAIL	1956
376	I.P. 259	County Option Prohibition	214,012	275,528	43.7	100.0	FAIL	1957
379	L.R. 117	Real-Personal Ad Valorem Tax	251,317	132,972	65.4	66.8	PASS	1958
380	L.R. 118	City-Provide Water Facilities	261,832	117,614	69.0	66.0	PASS	1958

S.Q.	I or R Number	Proposition Short Title	Number of Votes Yes	No	Percent Yes	Percent Participation	Result	Year
386	L.R. 121	Repeal of Prohibition	396,845	314,380[b]	57.4	100.0	PASS	1959
387	L.R. 122	County Option Prohibition	221,404	469,503[b]	32.0	100.0	FAIL	1959
388	L.R. 123	Nomination of Candidates	220,575	172,219	56.2	89.3	PASS	1960
389	L.R. 124	Legislator Pay Raise	156,723[b]	236,438	39.9	89.4	FAIL	1960
390	L.R. 125	Department of Health	201,218	193,497	51.0	89.7	PASS	1960
393	L.R. 128	Capital Improvements	244,609	164,167	59.8	92.9	PASS	1960
391	L.R. 126	Industrial Finance Authority	128,850	101,875	55.8	97.5	PASS	1960
392	L.R. 127	Multi-County Libraries	114,294	113,671	50.1	96.3	PASS	1960
396	I.P. 265	State Highway Commission	186,176	351,774	34.6	100.0	FAIL	1960
397	I.P. 266	Legislative Apportionment	189,348	347,180	35.3	100.0	FAIL	1960
398	I.P. 267	Control of County Roads	183,173	353,446	34.1	100.0	FAIL	1960
394	L.R. 129	Legislative Special Session	320,915	382,952	45.6	77.9	FAIL	1960
395	R.P. 130	Withholding Income Tax	246,157	450,015[b]	35.4	77.1	FAIL	1960
401	L.R. 132	Criminal Prosecution	91,909	23,750	79.5	100.0	PASS	1961
407	L.R. 136	House Apportionment for Census	26,407	88,779	22.9	100.0	FAIL	1961
404	L.R. 133	Industrial Bonds	263,850[b]	195,020	57.1	76.3	PASS	1962
405	L.R. 134	Legislative Session & Pay	154,413[b]	235,965	39.6	84.4	FAIL	1962
400	L.R. 131	Local Emercency Jurisdiction	247,332[b]	149,086	62.4	85.7	PASS	1962
406	L.R. 135	Distribution of Liquor	319,809	307,861	51.0	86.6	FAIL*	1962
408	I.P. 271	Legislative Appointment	335,045	273,287	55.1	83.9	FAIL*	1962
411	L.R. 137	Capital Improvements	152,940[b]	56,137	73.1	100.0	PASS	1963
417	L.R. 143	Increase County Office Terms	64,042	142,057	31.1	100.0	FAIL	1963
418	L.R. 144	County Judge Term of Office	67,703[b]	137,412[b]	33.0	100.0	FAIL	1963
419	L.R. 145	Increase State Office Terms	43,907	160,649[b]	21.5	100.0	FAIL	1963
409	I.P. 272	Right to Work	352,267	376,555	48.3	101.5[d]	FAIL	1964
412	L.R. 138	Elector Residence	401,998	240,299	62.6	89.4	PASS	1964
413	L.R. 139	Legislator Compensation	183,382	443,971	29.2	87.3	FAIL	1964
416	L.R. 142	Legislative reapportionment	277,097	221,325	55.6	109.4[d]	PASS	1964
414	L.R. 140	Legislator Pay Raise	188,753	583,480	24.4	81.3	FAIL	1964
415	L.R. 141	Create Judiciary Court	397,823	370,694	51.8	81.0	FAIL*	1964
420	R.P. 17	Repeal Gov. Appoint. Privlege	310,358	458,037	40.4	80.9	FAIL	1964
421	I.P. 274	School Support Levy	417,638	405,612	50.7	86.7	FAIL*	1964
422	I.P. 275	State Aid to Schools	362,468	461,717	44.0	86.8	FAIL	1964
423	I.P. 276	School Consolidation	403,865	418,070	49.1	86.6	FAIL	1964
424	I.P. 277	County School Superintendent	307,173	497,198	38.2	84.7	FAIL	1964

S.Q.	I or R Number	Proposition Short Title	Number of Votes Yes	No	Percent Yes	Percent Participation	Result	Year
425	L.R. 146	Sales Tax Increase	171,123	293,278	36.8	100.0	FAIL	1965
426	L.R. 147	Capital Improvements	199,512	261,229	43.3	100.0	FAIL	1965
427	L.R. 148	Capital Improvements-High ways	213,953	247,256	46.4	100.0	FAIL	1965
430	L.R. 151	Levy for School Benefits	125,779	59,535	67.9	100.0	PASS	1965
433	L.R. 154	Capital Improvements-High-ways	101,340	31,116	76.5	100.0	PASS	1965
428	L.R. 149	Separate Schools	327,927	166,941	66.3	82.0	PASS	1966
429	L.R. 150	Impeachment of State Officials	395,295	90,253	81.4	80.5	PASS	1966
431	L.R. 152	Court on Judiciary	328,012	128,207	71.9	75.6	PASS	1966
432	L.R. 153	Presidential Electors	347,440	120,455	74.3	77.5	PASS	1966
436	L.R. 157	Re-election of Governor	300,954	183,850	62.1	80.3	PASS	1966
434	L.R. 155	Vocational Education Program	214,698	206,458	51.0	83.0	PASS	1966
435	L.R. 156	Limit Legislative Sessions	208,894	199,240	51.2	80.4	PASS	1966
437	R.P. 18	Fix Congressional Boundaries	162,446	386,269	29.6	78.9	FAIL	1966
447	L.R. 163	Judicial Nominating	86,183	79,280	52.1	100.0	PASS	1967
448	L.R. 164	Judicial Department	90,167	73,919	55.0	100.0	PASS	1967
435	L.R. 166	Change in Estimate of Revenues	91,094	19,513	82.4	100.0	PASS	1968
442	L.R. 158	Investment of School Funds	290,651	114,333	71.8	93.2	PASS	1968
444	L.R. 160	Legislative Regulation of Tax	197,421	185,125	51.6	88.0	PASS	1968
446	L.R. 162	Pardon and Parole Board	182,742	197,219	48.1	87.4	FAIL	1968
456	L.R. 169	Salaries for Elected Officials	174,301	207,894	45.6	88.0	FAIL	1968
457	L.R. 170	Petition for Grand Juries	199,406	171,412	53.8	85.3	PASS	1968
460	L.R. 173	Intangible Property Tax	329,848	92,710	78.1	97.2	PASS	1968
461	L.R. 174	Change in Estimate of Revenues	166,723	206,788	44.6	86.0	FAIL	1968
462	L.R. 175	Conflict of Interest	201,107	177,672[b]	53.1	87.2	PASS	1968
441	I.P. 281	Judicial Reform	115,771	172,711	40.1	96.5	FAIL	1968
443	L.R. 159	Taxation of Transient Property	182,326	92,601	66.3	91.9	PASS	1968
454	L.R. 167	Fixing Maximum Interest Rates	220,415	65,761	77.0	95.7	PASS	1968
455	L.R. 168	Corporation Reports	150,840	117,421	56.2	89.7	PASS	1968
458	L.R. 171	Issuance of Corporate Stock	155,692	109,977	58.6	88.8	PASS	1968

S.Q.	I or R Number	Proposition Short Title	Number of Votes Yes	Number of Votes No	Percent Yes	Percent Participation	Result	Year
459	L.R. 172	Jury Trials	170,854	97,736	63.6	89.8	PASS	1968
445	L.R. 161	Repeal Oath of Office	357,840	284,656	55.7	66.7	PASS	1968
463	L.R. 176	State Indebtedness	133,313	39,251	77.3	100.0	PASS	1968
466	L.R. 178	Oath for Public Officer	80,376	56,876	58.6	100.0	PASS	1969
468	L.R. 179	State Industrial Financial Bonds	65,975	69,904	48.6	100.0	FAIL	1969
472	L.R. 180	Constitutional Convention	58,223	187,934	23.7	100.0	FAIL	1970
473	L.R. 181	Article by Article Constitutional Revision	67,358	176,237	27.7	100.0	FAIL	1970
474	L.R. 182	State Industrial Financial Bonds	82,761	162,333	33.8	100.0	FAIL	1970
477	L.R. 185	Legislative Reapportionment	155,553	218,952	41.5	100.0	FAIL	1970
475	L.R. 183	Public School Desegregation	138,887	160,694	46.4	100.0	FAIL	1970
476	L.R. 184	Creation of Hospital Districts	73,653	219,952	25.1	100.0	FAIL	1970
464	R.P. 19	Election Law-Voting Machines	252,918	299,654	45.8	77.6	FAIL	1970
469	R.P. 20	Deposit of State Funds	215,869	334,217	39.2	77.2	FAIL	1970
478	I.P. 287	"Blue Laws"-Saturday & Sunday	110,819	129,478	46.1	100.0	FAIL	1971
479	L.R. 186	General Obligation Tax Bonds	92,402	134,670	40.7	100.0	FAIL	1971
481	L.R. 187	Investment of Educational Funds	127,843	95,801	57.2	100.0	PASS	1971
482	L.R. 188	Self Incriminating Testimony	122,471	98,903	55.3	100.0	PASS	1971
483	L.R. 189	Grand Jury Reorganization	144,626	76,097	65,5	100.0	PASS	1971
484	L.R. 190	Elector-Eighteen Year Olds	132,525	96,910	57.8	100.0	PASS	1971
485	L.R. 191	State Indebtedness-Highways	114,493	360,399	24.1	100.0	FAIL	1972
488	L.R. 194	Electors-Public Utility Bonds	189,945	298,670	38.9	89.6	FAIL	1972
489	L.R. 195	City-Town Indebtedness	242,369	230,433	51.3	86.7	PASS	1972
490	L.R. 196	Farm Land Loan Valuation	223,794	244,077	47.8	85.8	FAIL	1972
480	I.P. 288	Liquor by the Drink	463,405	525,148	46.9	93.5	FAIL	1972
486	L.R. 192	Ad Valorem Taxation	537,310	387,272	58.1	87.4	PASS	1972
487	L.R. 193	Emergency Taxation Levy	490,966	413,023	54.3	85.5	PASS	1972

[a] Total yes and no vote for State Questions 1-5 do not total the officially reported vote due to missing data for Cotton and Harmon Counties and errors in official tally. Tallies for Qeustions 1-5 were unearthed in "pesthouse" of Oklahoma State Archives. This data is no held in official State Election Archives. Data for Cotton County are also missing for State Question 15.

[b] Yes or no vote shown here differs from official tally due to calculating or transcription errors in the latter.
[c] Both yes and no vote shown here differs from official tally due to calculating or transcription errors in the latter or to incomplete reporting of county returns.
[d] Percent participation exceeds 100 percent due to more voters voting on the measure than for the highest office in the primary election.
[e] Minor difference between official tally and the vote shown here is unexplained. The difference is two votes for S.Q. 22 and one vote for S.Q. 82.
[f] Missing data for Delaware, Mc Curtain, and Seminole counties in the official returns account for discrepancy in total yes and no vote counts.
[g] Missing data for Cotton, Le Flore, and Mayes counties account for discrepancy in total yes and no counts.
[h] Missing data for Cimmaron and Harper counties and other unexplained discrepancies create major differences in yes and no vote shown here and the official tally.
[i] Discrepancies due to missing data for Love county and transcription error in official tally.
[j] Missing data for Atoka and Carter counties account for discrepancy with official tally.
[k] Missing data for Beaver, Comanche, Dewey, Ellis, Garvin, Grant, Haskell, Le Flore, Okfuskee, Oklahoma, Pushmataha, Washington, and Woods counties account for major discrepancy in official tally.
[m] Missing data for Beaver, Cimmarron, and Harper counties account for discrepancy with official tally.

NOTES

[1]One of the most concise discussions of the practice and theory of referendums in the United States and Europe is provided in David Butler and Austin Ranney, eds., Referendums A Comparative Study of Practice and Theory (Washington, D.C.: American Enterprise Institute for Public Policy Research, 1978), pp. 3-37.

[2]The explanatory statement provided by the Attorney General, State of Oklahoma on State Question 495--the measure which removed the effect of the "silent-vote" is provided in Oklahoma State Election Board, Directory of Oklahoma 1977, p. 679.

[3]Gillespie, p. 39.

[4]See Thomas R. Dye, Politics in States and Communities (Englewood Cliffs, New Jersey: Prentice-Hall, Inc., 1969), pp. 26-29 for an excellent discussion of the relative merits of the constitutional amendment processes. Reviewing Professor Lewis A. Froman's work on the influence of interest groups in state politics, Dye ntoes that "The stronger the interest group in the state,...the greater the number of proposed amendments, and the greater number of amendments adopted." There seems to be little doubt that powerful interest groups have a political interest in state constitutional amendment activities. Indeed, a constitutional amendment may only be changed by a state question which refers the subject matter to the people for their consideration, whereas a statewide initiated and approved proposition may be subsequently changed, repealed, altered, or further amended by the state legislature. The additional effort required to have a constitutional amendment referred to the people for their collective judgment may be worth the additional effort, especially if the measure provides specific benefits to a special interest.

[5]The policy categories developed in this paper closely parallels those used by Austin Ranney and Laura Tallian in their independent studies of direct legislation (Governmental and political processes; Public morality, Revenue, taxation, bonds, Regulation of business and labor, Health, welfare, and public housing, Civil liberties and civil rights, Environmental protection and land use, and Education). For a description of the initiative and referendum measures that fall into these policy categories, see Butler and Ranney, pp. 78, 95.

[6]Some of the measures that belong in this policy category were recently analyzed by David R. Morgan and Kenneth J. Meier, "Politics and Morality: The Effect of Religion on Referenda Voting," paper presented at the 1979 annual meeting of the Southwestern Political Science Association, Fort Worth, Texas, 29 March, 1979. They conclude that "...Protestant fundamentalists and nonfundamentalists tend to oppose legalizing certain activities they consider sinful--liquor by the drink and pari-mutuel betting, for example."

[7]Dangerfield, p. 24.

[8]James K. Pollock, The Initiative and Referendum in Michigan (Ann Arbor: Bureau of Government, University of Michigan, 1940), p. 20.

[9]Ibid. During the 1907-1908 Michigan constitutional convention the initiative and referendum was similarly characterized by some delegates. Pollock concludes: "...it has proved so difficult and unsuccessful a practice to use the initiative and referendum when the legislature is inactive, that anyone should think twice before inaugurating such proposals."

CHAPTER V

AREAL VOTING PATTERNS AMONG OKLAHOMA COUNTIES ON DIFFERENT PROPOSITION POLICY TYPES SINCE STATEHOOD

In 1907, Oklahoma became the 46th state admitted to the Union. It is a state of rich diversity in physical geography, history, and population. Some of this diversity is discussed in the following analysis in an attempt to identify areal (geographic) patterns of voting behavior on state questions that have been placed into several public policy categories. A review of the "yea-saying" tendency of seventy-seven counties, based on computed mean yes vote for all measures that belong to each of the thirteen major policy types discussed in Chapter IV (see Table 4-21). The analysis identifies the five highest yea-saying counties, the five counties that demonstrate the lowest yea-saying tendency, and those counties that either vote to approve or vote to reject measures that meet the various policy classifications by a slight margin (percent yes vote in the interval 49.0 to 50.9). Before proceeding with the analysis, a brief review of some of the political-geographical features of Oklahoma is needed.

Oklahoma is populated, according to the 1970 Bureau of the Census Population Report, by 2,559,229 inhabitants, of which approximately 48 percent of the people reside in three standard metropolitan statistical areas (SMSA's): Oklahoma City SMSA (640,889 inhabitants), Tulsa SMSA (476,954 inhabitants), and Lawton SMSA (108,144). The Oklahoma City SMSA is made up of Canadian, Cleveland, and Oklahoma counties and includes four cities with populations of 25,000 or more--Oklahoma City (370,800), Midwest City (56,500), Del City (29,501), and Norman (63,600). Lawton's SMSA resides completely within Comanche County and the city of Lawton has

a population of 81,000 persons. The Tulsa SMSA is made up of Osage, Creek and Tulsa Counties, and has only one city with a population of 25,000 or more inhabitants--Tulsa (348,800). Thus, Oklahoma has established herself as an increasingly metropolitan state, having moved from 25.9 percent of the population residing in SMSA's in 1950 to 48 percent in 1970. This is particularly important in the analysis of voting characteristics of the counties, since nearly one-half of Oklahoma's populations reside in less than 10 percent (N=7) of the seventy-seven counties.

In addition, Oklahoma presently has over 66 percent of its inhabitants residing in over 559 incorporated places of 1,000 population or more, of which the twelve largest cities in Oklahoma are: (1) Oklahoma City, 366,481; (2) Tulsa, 331,638; (3) Lawton, 74,740; (4) Norman, 52,117; (5) Midwest City, 48,114; (6) Enid, 44,008; (7) Muskogee, 37,331; (8) Stillwater, 31,126; (9) Bartlesville, 29,683; (10) Del City, 27,133; (11) Ponca City, 25,940; (12) Shawnee, 25,075. Combined, these twelve urban areas include 1,093,116 people or 42.7 percent of Oklahoma's total population. Special attention will be given to the counties that include these major urban concentrations in the areal analysis which follows.

The county population distributions are also significantly skewed, with over fifty percent of the population residing in the fifteen largest counties: (1) Carter, 37,349; (2) Cleveland, 81,839; (3) Comanche, 108,144; (4) Creek, 45,532; (5) Garfield, 55,365; (6) Kay, 48,791; (7) Muskogee, 59,542; (8) Oklahoma, 526,805; (9) Okmulgee, 35,358; (10) Payne, 50,654; (11) Pittsburg, 37,521; (12) Pottawatomie, 43,134; (13) Stephens, 35,902; (14) Tulsa, 401,663; and (15) Washington, 42,277. The total populations held by these fifteen counties comprises 1,609,876

people or 62.9 percent of Oklahoma's 1970 population. The three largest counties (Oklahoma, Tulsa, and Comanche), account for 1,036,612 people or 40.5 percent of the total population.

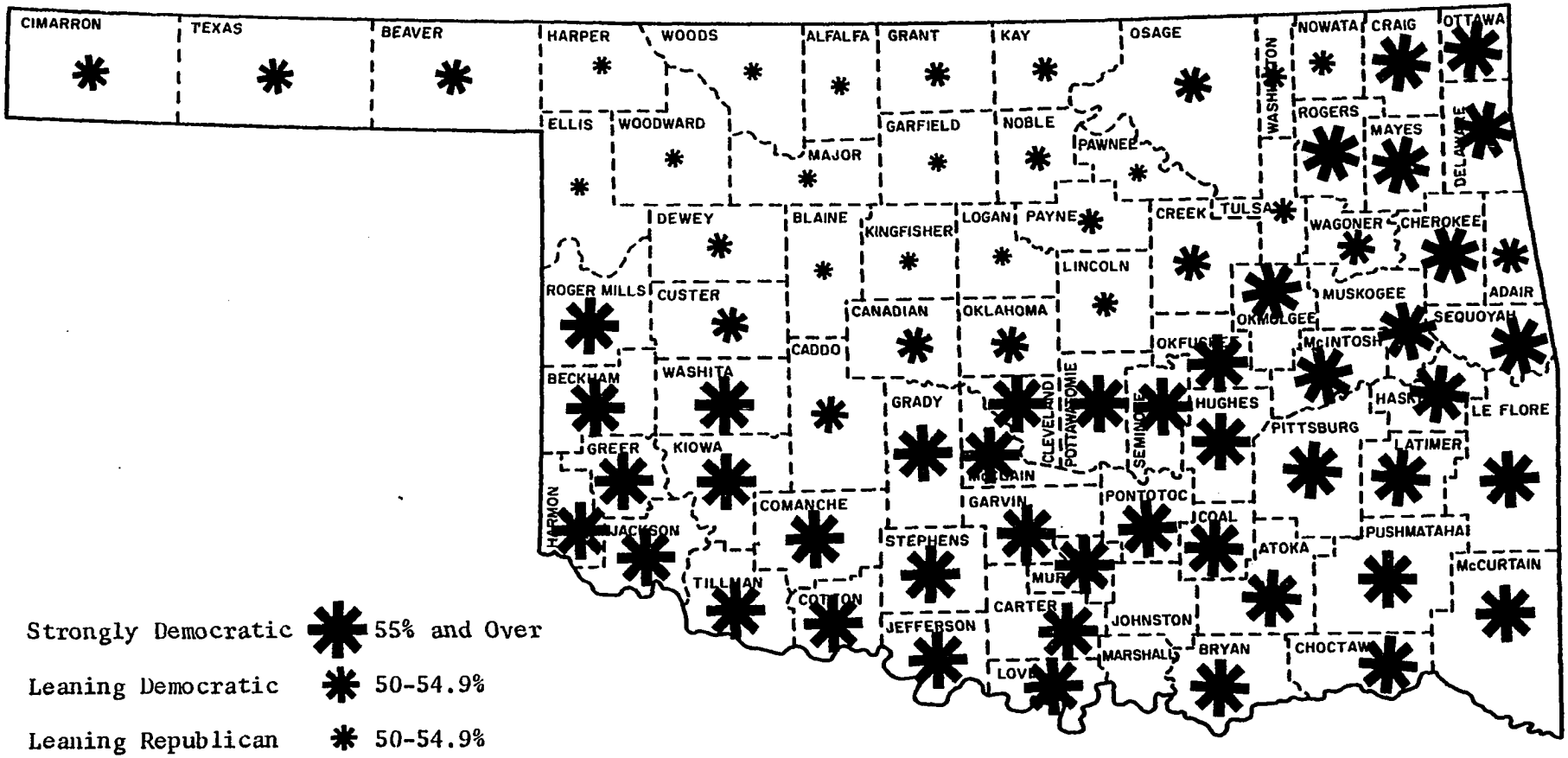
The counties with population totals below 10,000 persons, are: (1) Alfalfa, 7,224; (2) Beaver, 6,282; (3) Cimarron, 4,195; (4) Coal, 5,525; (5) Cotton, 6,832; (6) Dewey, 5,656; (7) Ellis, 5,129; (8) Grant, 7,117: (9) Greer, 7,979; (10) Harmon, 5,136; (11) Harper, 5,151; (12) Haskell, 9,578; (13) Jefferson, 7,125; (14) Johnston, 7,871; (15) Latimer, 8,601; (16) Love, 5,637; (17) Major 7,529; (18) Marshall, 7,682; (19) Nowata, 9,773; (20) Pushmataha, 9,385; and, (21) Roger Mills, 4,452. The cumulative population total for these twenty-one counties in Oklahoma account for only 5.6 percent of Oklahoma's population. Further it is interesting to note that twelve out of the twenty-one sparsely populated counties are counties which border either Texas (N=8) or Kansas (N=4) or are located in the Panhandle region of the state (N=2). The vast majority (N=6) of the other low populated counties are geographically postioned in the southern portion of the state. In contrast, the urban counties are primarily located within the central portion of Oklahoma, although two counties (Pittsburg and Carter) are located in the south and southeastern part. Two counties (Kay and Washington) are located in the north and northeastern part of Oklahoma.

The population distribution among Oklahoma's seventy-seven counties is important in relation to the total vote cast for elective offices and on initiated and referred measures. Proportionately, the fifteen largest counties have a larger impact on the outcome of the initiated and referred measures than the impact possessed by the remaining sixty-two counties.

In addition to the urban and rural distribution, it is illustrative to identify the distribution of political party strength by geographical location. Although the data have not been collected and analyzed relative to the percent Democratic or Republican vote for Governor, Senator, and President for the entire 1907-1972 period, the Oklahoma Votes: 1907-1962 study presents a distribution of party strength for Governor, Senator, and President from statehood to 1962.[1] Generally, the southern portion of the state is strongly Democratic, with forty-six of the seventy-seven counties (59.7 percent) demonstrating, as shown in Figure 5-1, a strong Democratic tendency in their vote for Governor.[2] An additional ten counties located in the Panhandle and central and northeastern Oklahoma (Cimarron, Texas, Custer, Caddo, Canadian, Oklahoma, Creek, Osage, Wagoner, and Adair) tended to vote Democratic for Governor. The remaining twenty-one counties (Beaver, Harper, Ellis, Woods, Woodward, Major, Alfalfa, Garfield, Grant, Noble, Kay, Pawnee, Lincoln, Payne, Blaine, Kingfisher, Dewey, Tulsa, Nowata, Washington, and Lincoln) tended to vote Republican during the 1907-1962 period. Eleven of these counties voted strongly Republican for Governor (55 percent Republican and above) ten of the twenty-one counties listed above are classified as leaning Republican (50 to 54.9 percent Republican) in their voting behavior for the office of Governor. Kirkpatrick and associates conclude that political party strength, since statehood, has been characterized by

> "Republican strength..centered in a northern tier of counties, as many as four deep, that occupies the western two-thirds of the border with Kansas. Strong Democratic support, up to five counties deep, is centered in almost all of the southern half of the state from the Texas to Arkansas borders. Between these two larger expanses of strong party affiliation lies an elongated

Figure 5.1--Distribution of Party Strength for Governor, 1907-1962



> sweep of "leaning" counties, occassionally three deep, beginning in the northeastern corner of the state and extending southwest to the center of the state. This group of counties may be categorized as "leaning" or "swing" since the majority vote in these areas has alternated more often between Republican and Democratic than in those counties in the north or south."[3]

In addition, the Panhandle counties, (Cimarron, Texas and Beaver) are also characterized as "swing" counties in Oklahoma's voting history.

The political-geographical tendencies discussed above are best described in reference to the "North-South and East-West Split." Benson and associates note that the North-South differentiation is related to Republican Party (North) and Democratic Party (South) indentification and voting tendencies, whereas the East-West split--a split that is less pronounced, is related to the division in the state between land area that was previously Indian Territory and that which formed the Oklahoma Territory.[4] These same researchers observe:

> "...the Indians of the Five Civilized Tribes had come from Florida, Georgia, Alabama, Tennessee, and Mississippi. Many were slave-holders, and their active support of the Confederacy during the Civil War resulted in the loss of much of their original land holdings as a reprisal by the Union after Lee's surrender. White settlers in the Indian Nations were mostly from Arkansas and Texas, adding to the assumptions, which proved correct, that the region would probably vote Democratic upon achievement of statehood."[5]

The Oklahoma Territory was largely made up of settlers possessing a Republican Party affiliation. Those settling in western Oklahoma migrated largely from states located north of the territory. Benson notes that "...among the politically doubtful homesteaders, a Republican bias developed out of gratitude to the national Republican administration which had been instrumental in enacting the law opening the territory to white settlement."[6] This pattern of Republican domination reigned

supreme from 1890 to 1905, temporarily interrupted in the 1896 election with the succesful candidacy of the Democratic-Populist over the Republican candidate. By 1906, it was clear, based on the number of delegates selected to attend the state consititutional convention, that the Democratic Party had assumed a stance of dominance. Out of 112 delegates to the Convention, 98 were Democrats (87.5 percent of the total) and thirteen were affiliated with the Republican Party (11.6 percent of the total), and an independent was also elected.[7] Kirkpatrick and Associates also note that the "Democrats polled 53.1 percent of the total vote in Oklahoma Territory and 54.5 percent in Indian Territory."[8]

Several other elections in Oklahoma's early political history are important in exemplifying the "East-West split," although part of this division has been historically attributed to economic factors. That is, western and central Oklahoma has generally had a higher standard of living in comparison with the lower economic status possessed by eastern Oklahomans. Unfortunately, the socioeconomic data have not yet been assembled and analyzed over the past seven decades of Oklahoma's history, but have been analyzed, based on data reported in the 1970 census.

Although no attempt will be made here to recapitulate the entire factor analytic study of the 1970 data,[9] one major socioeconomic cluster was identified: The highest industrialization-urbanization, factor loadings, representative of the level of manufacturing, percent non-white population, and percent non-rural/farm population, are present for the counties of Tulsa, Washington, Okmulgee, Sequoyah, McCurtain, Ottawa, Kay and Stephens Counties. The lowest industrialization-urbanization factor loadings are represented in the western counties (Cimarron

Beaver, Ellis, Roger Mills, Custer, Comanche, Alfalfa, and Grant). Therefore, the "East-West" political differentiation which political analysts suggested to exist in Oklahoma is at least partially documented by more recent empirical political analysis, as shown in the bivariate and multivariate analysis later in this chapter.

The affluence level of Oklahoma counties may be assessed by ranking the counties by median family income. The ten lowest median family income is found for these counties: Adair, Pushmataha, McIntosh, Atoka, Choctaw, Haskell, Coal, Delaware, Okfuskee and Johnston. The opposite end of the median family income continuum is occupied by Washington, Tulsa, Cimarron, Oklahoma, Kay, Texas, Harper, Cleveland, Stephens, and Osage counties. Without exception the lowest income counties are located in the southern, southeastern, northeastern and eastern portion of the state. The counties with the highest income levels are primarily located in the northern, central and far northwestern sectors of the state.

Last, in relation to political party strength and region, it should be noted that the Tulsa metropolitan area is strongly pro-Republican,[10] and that the largest county, Oklahoma, has tended to be a swing county, with a proclivity, at least in recent years, "...to lean Republican in major elections."[11] The tendency to vote Republican is an important partisan orientation to develop in the last twenty-years of Oklahoma County's voting record. With the discussion of these several socioeconomic, demographic, and political party spatial characteristics and patterns providing background information, this chapter will focus more specifically on areal patterns of Oklahoma counties by selected policy categories into which the 252 state questions submitted to the Oklahoma electorate have

been placed.

Voting Patterns for Oklahoma Counties, 1907-1972 on all Issues Submitted to the Oklahoma Electorate

The county average "yes" vote on all issues submitted to the Oklahoma electorate were computed for all counties. An average of the seventy-seven counties mean vote yes were subsequently computed and is displayed in Table 5-1 and represents the grand mean $\overline{\overline{X}}$ percent yes or mean of means. As revealed in Table 5-1, the six issues that comprise the health, welfare, and safety policy category possess the highest grand mean percent yes (66.2 percent), followed by the five propositions that make up the judicial policy classification. Tied for third and fourth ranked policy categories, in order of grand mean percent yes vote, are the seventy-two state questions included in the taxation, revenue and finance category (53.1 $\overline{\overline{X}}$ percent yes), and the five industrial and labor relations issues (53.1 $\overline{\overline{X}}$ percent yes). These four policy areas are the only measures out of the fourteen issue classifications studied in which the counties demonstrated a tendency to cast an average yes vote that exceeded the 50-percent level.

The lowest grand mean level was displayed for the three issues calling for a constitutional convention (16.9 $\overline{\overline{X}}$ percent), followed by a grand mean of 41.8 percent for the thirteen issues that comprise the public morality group, and a grand mean of 44.3 for the veteran benefit policy propositions. These data confirm the actual passage/failure rates presented in Table 4-25, in which 83.3 percent of all health, welfare, and safety measures actually passed, 100.0 percent of all judicial issues passed followed by the government issues (60.0 percent passage level)

TABLE 5-1

STATEWIDE GRAND MEAN PERCENT YES FOR STATE QUESTIONS SUBMITTED TO THE OKLAHOMA ELECTORATE, BY MAJOR POLICY TYPE: 1907-1972

Policy Type	Grand Mean Percent yes	Number of Issues
Legislative, Executive and Judicial Governmental Structure, Organization and Reform Policy	45.1	72
Taxation, Revenue and Finance Policy	53.1	72
Judicial and Legal Procedure Policy	56.4	5
Land and Natural Resource Use Policy	47.1	5
Industrial and Labor Relations Policy	53.1	5
Business and Corporation Policy	49.6	15
Electoral Process, Procedure, Law and Reform Policy	49.9	33
Constitutional Convention Policy	16.9	3
Government Maintenance Policy	45.6	5
Health, Welfare and Safety Policy	66.2	6
Education Policy	47.3	11
Veteran Benefit Policy	44.3	6
Public Morality and Individual Life Style Policy	41.8	13
Unclassified	21.1	1
Total (N)		252

and the 47.2 percent passage level for taxation issues. The government maintenance grand mean percent yes, as shown in Table 5-1, does not rank within the top four policy areas largely due to the low mean percent yes vote for the seventy-seven counties on State Question 205 (26.6 percent yes) that dealt with municipal utilities and the variation in counties mean percent yes (extreme variations among the counties) on State Questions 359 and 360 (46.3 $\overline{X}$ percent yes and 46.1 $\overline{X}$ percent yes, respectively) pertaining to Oklahoma Turnpike Authority and financing.

The areal distribution of mean yes percent value for all measures voted on by the Oklahoma populace between 1907-1972 are presented in Table 5-2 and geographically illustrated in Figure 5.2. The counties which show the highest average percent yes vote for all questions voted upon since 1907, reveal the dominance of those counties, except for Osage, which are presently among the fifteen largest counties in Oklahoma. The highest overall mean percent yes vote tendency was obtained for the counties of Tulsa ($\overline{X}$=56.0 percent yes), followed by Okmulgee ($\overline{X}$=55.6), Muskogee ($\overline{X}$=54.9), Oklahoma ($\overline{X}$=54.0), and Osage with an average percent yes vote of 53.8. Of the seventy-seven counties, only two counties demonstrated a mean percent yes tendency that fell within the interval 55.0 to 59.9 (Tulsa and Okmulgee), and twenty-six counties, as shown in Figure 5-2, fell within a mean yes range of 50.0 to 54.9 percent. Only one out of the fifteen most highly populated counties in Oklahoma, Garfield ($\overline{X}$=47.5), does not fall in the mean percentage yes category of 50.0 or above. In addition, the counties that showed a proclivity to vote yes included six out of the seven counties (Canadian had an overall $\overline{X}$ percent yes value of 48.0) that constitute the SMSA areas in 1970. Also, the counties in

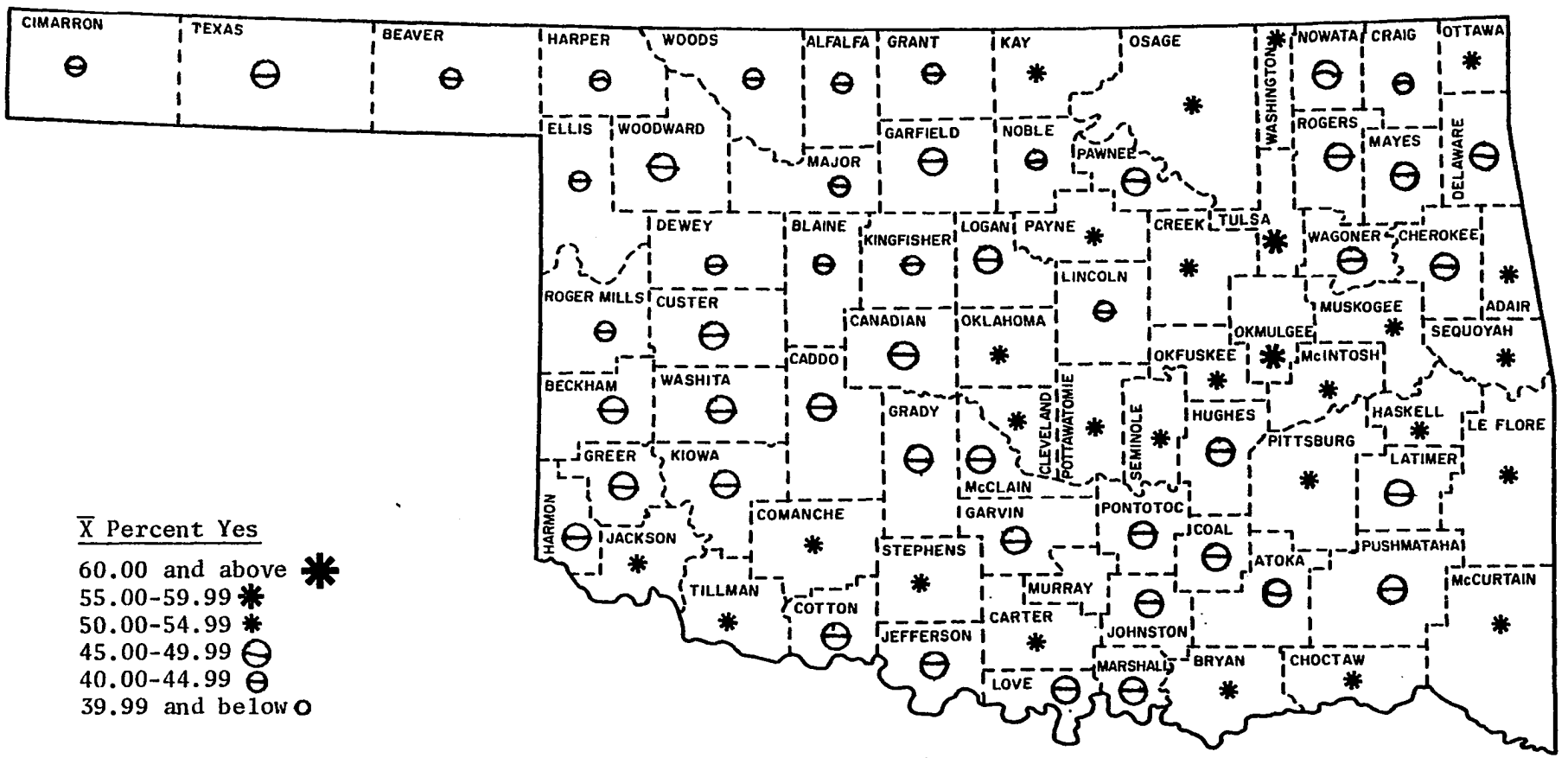
TABLE 5-2

DESCRIPTIVE STATISTICS FOR ALL STATE QUESTIONS (1907-1972) BY COUNTY

County Identification	Mean Percent Yes	Standard Deviation	Range
Adair	49.6	18.7	91.9
Alfalfa	43.9	18.9	87.8
Atoka	48.2	19.2	88.0
Beaver	43.8	19.8	97.5
Beckham	47.6	19.0	84.8
Blaine	44.8	17.9	86.0
Bryan	51.3	18.5	85.8
Caddo	47.6	17.1	78.7
Canadian	48.0	16.7	85.4
Carter	52.3	17.5	79.4
Cherokee	49.7	18.3	79.1
Choctaw	52.2	17.9	89.2
Cimarron	42.2	20.4	94.7
Cleveland	53.0	17.9	84.4
Coal	48.6	19.2	89.2
Comanche	52.9	15.9	83.7
Cotton	48.0	18.6	85.5
Craig	44.4	17.5	84.3
Creek	52.7	16.7	76.6
Custer	47.8	17.8	82.3
Delaware	46.7	17.9	85.7
Dewey	42.8	19.1	87.3
Ellis	42.5	19.6	93.2
Garfield	47.5	17.7	78.4
Garvin	49.1	18.4	81.4
Grady	49.7	17.2	74.9
Grant	41.2	18.4	87.3
Greer	49.2	19.3	86.2
Harmon	45.0	19.9	92.9
Harper	43.6	19.4	89.3
Haskell	51.4	19.9	90.2
Hughes	49.2	18.4	82.3
Jackson	51.3	18.0	86.3
Jefferson	47.7	17.8	89.8
Johnston	48.7	20.2	87.5
Kay	50.1	18.1	80.9
Kingfisher	41.8	18.4	81.5
Kiowa	48.0	18.6	84.4
Latimer	49.6	18.3	86.3
LeFlore	51.1	18.4	89.4
Lincoln	44.2	17.2	76.7
Logan	46.6	18.2	89.0
Love	47.1	19.9	90.0
McClain	49.4	17.9	81.5
McCurtain	50.9	19.1	89.3
McIntosh	51.4	16.1	86.4
Major	40.3	19.0	88.3

County Identification	Mean Percent Yes	Standard Deviation	Range
Marshall	49.9	20.9	91.5
Mayes	48.1	17.1	82.0
Murray	51.3	17.5	84.3
Muskogee	54.9	16.7	78.2
Noble	43.8	17.8	85.1
Nowata	49.3	16.4	75.9
Okfuskee	51.0	16.7	78.3
Oklahoma	54.0	19.2	90.5
Okmulgee	55.6	15.9	72.7
Osage	53.8	16.8	75.0
Ottawa	51.2	15.6	82.1
Pawnee	47.5	16.9	81.9
Payne	52.4	18.1	78.7
Pittsburg	52.6	15.8	71.4
Pontotoc	49.9	18.4	79.9
Pottawatomie	50.1	17.2	76.7
Pushmataha	49.3	19.8	87.0
Roger Mills	43.8	19.7	89.3
Rogers	48.4	16.5	80.6
Seminole	51.9	18.1	75.2
Sequoyah	51.5	19.6	89.1
Stephens	51.6	18.0	80.8
Texas	48.8	19.4	93.7
Tillman	50.2	19.5	84.7
Tulsa	56.0	19.4	87.0
Wagoner	49.3	16.3	78.1
Washington	52.7	20.1	87.1
Washita	45.4	18.4	85.1
Woods	44.1	17.6	81.3
Woodward	45.7	18.8	86.6
N=252	Grand $\bar{\bar{X}}$ 48.7		

Figure 5.2--Percent Distribution of Mean Vote Yes for All State Questions Submitted to the Oklahoma Electorate, 1907-1972, by County



which eleven of the twelve largest cities in Oklahoma are located are represented in the 50.0 mean percent yes or above group. The exception is that of Enid which is located in Garfield County. Further, the yea saying counties were generally distributed geographically throughout the central, eastern and far southern portion of the state--regions that have generally voted the Democratic ticket for Governor during the 1907-1962 period. A fair representation of yea saying counties are included within those counties that possessed high median family incomes.

The five counties showing the lowest mean yes voting tendency on propositions are: Major ($\overline{X}$=40.3), Grant ($\overline{X}$=41.2), Kingfisher ($\overline{X}$=41.8), Cimarron ($\overline{X}$=42.2) and Ellis ($\overline{X}$=42.5). All five of these counties are located in western Oklahoma. All of these "nay-saying" counties, except for Cimarron, demonstrated a Republican voting pattern for Governor during the 1907-1962 period, although Grant and Ellis counties have showed a Democratic pattern of gubernatorial voting during the 1966-1974 period. Certainly the North-South partisan split is prevalent between the high and low yea-saying counties.

Among the seventy-seven counties there are seventeen counties that may be considered swing counties relative to the successful passage or defeat of state questions. These counties have a mean yes vote of 49.0 to 49.9 and 50.0 to 50.9 percent. First the counties included in the narrow mean percent passage category (50.0 to 50.9) are Kay ($\overline{X}$=50.1), McCurtain ($\overline{X}$=50.9), Pottawatamie ($\overline{X}$=50.1, and Tillamn ($\overline{X}$=50.2). The last three counties mentioned are clearly within the group of counties that have voted the Democratic ticket for Governor during the twentieth century, and Kay County has had a tendency to lean toward the Republican party in gubernatorial choice. Second, among the counties comprising

the narrow defeat category ($\bar{X}$ yes vote of 49.0 to 49-9 percent) are: Garvin ($\bar{X}$=49.1), Greer ($\bar{X}$=49.2), Hughes ($\bar{X}$=49.2), Nowata ($\bar{X}$=49.3), Pushmataha ($\bar{X}$=49.3), Wagoner ($\bar{X}$=49.3), McClain ($\bar{X}$=49.4), Adair ($\bar{X}$=49.6), Latimer ($\bar{X}$=49.6), Cherokee ($\bar{X}$=49.7), Grady, ($\bar{X}$=49.7), Marshall ($\bar{X}$=49.9), and Pontotoc ($\bar{X}$=49.9). Seven of these swing counties are located in the eastern portion of the state; four are positioned in the southern section; and only one county is centrally located. In addition, all but one of the counties (Nowata) identified above have tended to vote Democratic for the office of Governor since statehood. With these general yes voting patterns established, the areal voting pattern by specific policy category is examined next.

Legislative, Executive and Judicial Government Structure, Organization and Reform Policy

Included in the category of government structure are seventy-two statutory and constitutional measures that have been referred to the Oklahoma electorate. The large number of issues submitted in this policy area contributes to its significance in the history of Oklahoma's experience with the initiative and referendum. During the 1907-1972 period, 28.6 percent of all the measures voted upon were of the government structure type, and twenty-six of the seventy-two attempts at change received popular voter approval. Therefore, this category accounts for 25.7 percent of the total number of propositions that were adopted. For a complete list of these measures, the reader may refer to Table 4-21.

The mean yes percentage for all counties on all measures of the governmental structure type are displayed in Table 5-3 and geographically represented in Figure 5-3. Among the high mean yes voting counties on

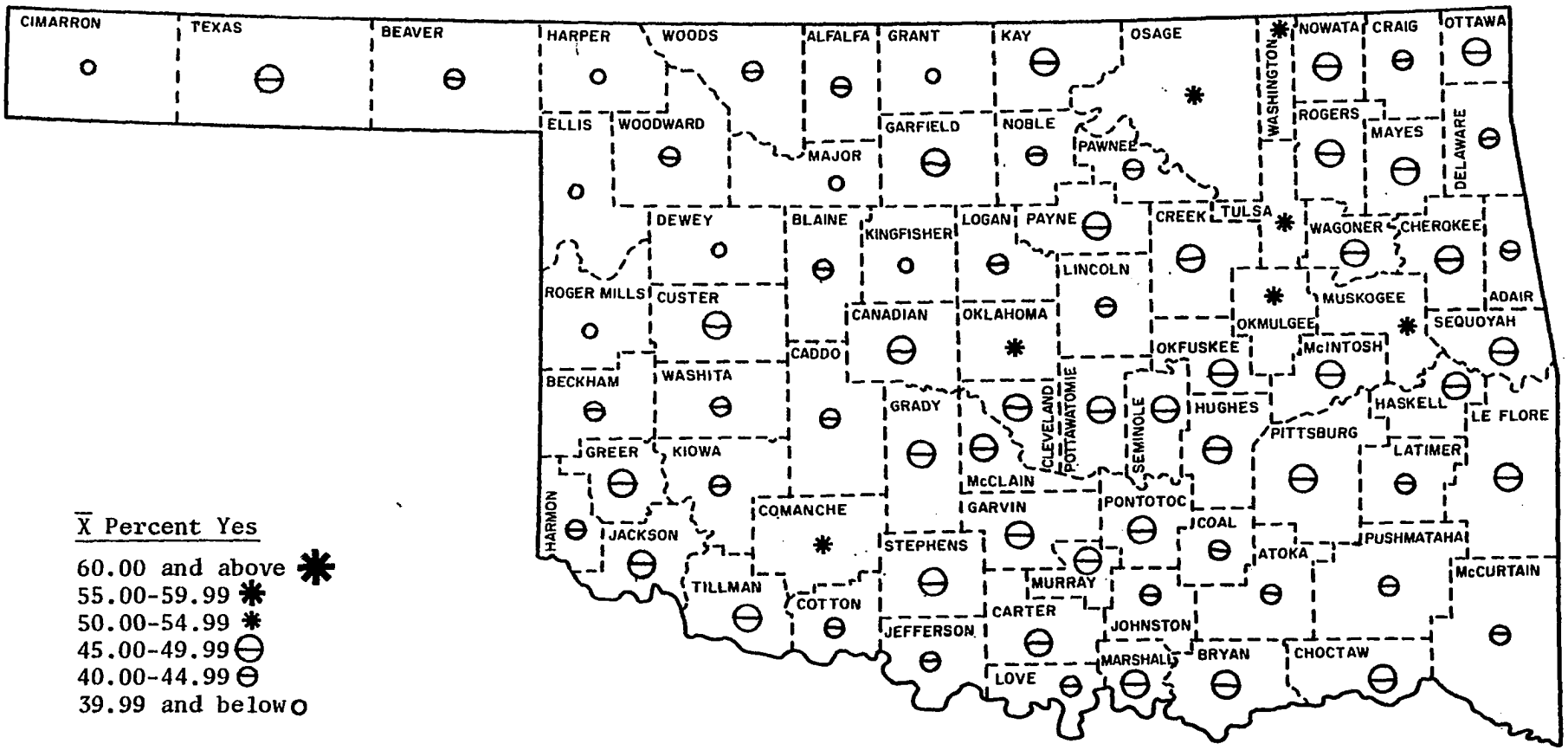
TABLE 5-3

SUMMARY STATISTICAL CHARACTERISTICS FOR ALL LEGISLATIVE, EXECUTIVE AND JUDICIAL GOVERNMENTAL STRUCTURE, ORGANIZATION AND REFORM POLICY CONTENT MEASURES SUBMITTED TO THE OKLAHOMA ELECTORATE DURING THE PERIOD 1907-1972, BY COUNTY

County Identification	Mean Percent Yes	Standard Deviation	Range
Adair	44.2	17.9	73.4
Alfalfa	40.8	17.7	70.1
Atoka	42.4	17.5	80.7
Beaver	40.1	17.5	78.0
Beckham	43.8	17.9	77.7
Blaine	40.5	17.8	72.8
Bryan	46.1	18.1	75.8
Caddo	44.5	17.2	71.9
Canadian	45.9	16.2	66.0
Carter	48.9	16.1	67.8
Cherokee	45.9	17.5	69.3
Choctaw	48.4	17.2	74.7
Cimarron	37.5	18.4	76.5
Cleveland	49.9	16.8	73.5
Coal	42.0	19.0	70.9
Comanche	50.3	14.1	60.7
Cotton	44.1	18.5	79.3
Craig	41.8	17.5	78.5
Creek	49.7	16.0	66.8
Custer	45.1	16.3	74.6
Delaware	42.3	17.3	66.9
Dewey	37.3	17.0	75.2
Ellis	37.5	17.9	79.6
Garfield	45.1	16.1	65.0
Garvin	45.2	17.7	72.8
Grady	47.6	17.1	65.8
Grant	38.6	17.5	72.5
Greer	45.2	18.9	76.4
Harmon	40.7	18.5	77.3
Harper	39.1	16.7	79.2
Haskell	46.6	19.2	77.6
Hughes	45.0	18.6	75.6
Jackson	48.2	18.0	85.8
Jefferson	44.1	18.7	73.8
Johnston	43.6	20.6	83.5
Kay	48.3	17.4	67.3
Kingfisher	38.9	17.6	70.9
Kiowa	44.7	19.2	75.8
Latimer	44.5	17.2	64.4
LeFlore	46.3	17.7	74.1
Lincoln	41.3	16.7	70.6
Logan	42.8	19.2	89.0
Love	42.9	21.1	84.5
McClain	45.5	18.0	72.1
McCurtain	44.8	18.9	82.1
McIntosh	47.2	14.8	60.0

County Identification	Mean Percent Yes	Standard Deviation	Range
Major	35.9	17.2	71.6
Marshall	45.8	19.8	73.6
Mayes	45.9	17.1	65.8
Murray	46.3	17.3	69.5
Muskogee	54.5	17.0	74.2
Noble	40.6	16.6	63.5
Nowata	46.4	16.8	69.8
Okfuskee	47.5	16.3	59.1
Oklahoma	52.2	19.4	40.5
Okmulgee	53.0	14.9	62.5
Osage	50.8	15.5	63.2
Ottawa	49.2	15.2	75.7
Pawnee	43.9	16.4	67.9
Payne	49.8	17.3	66.4
Pittsburg	49.6	15.7	57.0
Pontotoc	45.1	19.0	76.6
Pottawatomie	46.3	17.2	64.0
Pushmataha	43.3	19.3	77.1
Roger Mills	38.5	17.9	75.9
Rogers	46.7	15.6	68.7
Seminole	46.9	16.8	64.8
Sequoyah	47.1	18.6	80.2
Stephens	49.9	18.1	68.3
Texas	45.6	18.3	82.7
Tillman	47.0	19.8	82.3
Tulsa	54.7	18.6	74.4
Wagoner	46.7	16.1	70.7
Washington	51.9	18.8	70.7
Washita	41.7	17.1	75.5
Woods	40.8	16.7	70.6
Woodward	41.8	17.5	71.2
N=72	Grand $\bar{\bar{X}}$ 45.1		

Figure 5.3--Percent Distribution for all Legislative, Executive, and Judicial Governmental Structure, Organization, and Reform Policy Content Issues Submitted to the Oklahoma Electorate, 1907-1972, by County



this issue are: Tulsa ($\bar{X}$=54.7), Muskogee ($\bar{X}$=54.5), Okmulgee ($\bar{X}$=53.0), Oklahoma ($\bar{X}$=52.2), and Washington ($\bar{X}$=51.9). All five of these counties are presently ranked within the twelve highest populated counties in Oklahoma; also, all these counties except, Okmulgee and Muskogee comprise two of the states largest SMSA's. However, Okmulgee and Muskogee are adjacent to Tulsa County and the Tulsa SMSA. The pattern of high yea-saying is clearly urban and metropolitan centered with the states largest populated counties demonstrating a tendencey to vote yes on governmental organization and reform measures. Indeed, as clearly illustrated in Table 5-3, the only counties that possessed a yea-saying tendency were Osage, Comanche, Oklahoma, Washington, Okmulgee, Tulsa, and Muskogee. These are also the locations for the state's largest cities: Oklahoma City, Midwest City, Del City, Tulsa, Lawton, Muskogee, and Bartlesville. The map, Figure 5-3, shows the intervals associated with an average percent yes of 50.0 and above for this policy area, to clearly consist of eastern and metropolitian counties. In addition, the highest yea-saying counties show a pattern, except for Tulsa and Washington Counties, of voting Democratic for Governor over the 1907-1962 period, with Tulsa and Washington leaning toward the Republican ticket.

The counties that fall in the lowest average percent yes category are: Major ($\bar{X}$=35.9), Dewey ($\bar{X}$=37.3), Cimarron ($\bar{X}$=37.5), Ellis ($\bar{X}$=37.5), and Roger Mills ($\bar{X}$=38.5). Without exception these lowest yea-saying counties are located in western Oklahoma. Surely, the Oklahoma Territory-Indian Territory county distribution seems to prevail among the highest and lowest average yes vote cast on governmental structure measures.

Potential swing counties that either tended to approve or reject

all governmental structure measures by less than one percentage point are: (1) Comanche and Osage, mean of 50.3 and 50.8 percent yes each; (2) Cleveland ($\bar{X}$=49.9), Creek ($\bar{X}$=49.7), Ottawa ($\bar{X}$=49.2), Payne ($\bar{X}$=49.8), Pittsburg ($\bar{X}$=49.6), and Stephens ($\bar{X}$=49.9). Comanche and Osage are southern and northeastern in location, although their electorates tend to vote the Democratic ticket for Governor; the counties tending on the average, to reject governmental structure measures are generally geographically positioned in the eastern and northeastern parts of Oklahoma with Pittsburg and Stephens located in the southern portion of the state.

Taxation, Revenue and Finance Policy

A large number of propositions have been proposed and directed to the voters in the policy area of taxation, revenue and finance. This policy category encompasses seventy-two measures that are of a statutory or constitutional nature, and that were voted upon from 1907-1972. Like the governmental structure group, this category also includes 28.6 percent of the total number of measures that have been voted on by Oklahomans, the two groups constituting a majority (57 percent) of the total. The taxation proposals possess a higher passage level than that attained for the governmental structure issues with 47.2 percent (N=34) of all measures proposed meeting voter approval, and a grand mean for the group of 51.3 percent yes. This contrasts with the low 45.1 percent support for the government structure group and is well above the grand mean (48.7 percent) for all 252 state questions, whereas the 45.1 percent support for government structure is markedly below. Taxation is an important and, one might add, persistant policy interest area with implications that transcend regional, racial, or partisan identifications.

The average percent yes vote data for all of Oklahoma's counties for the taxation, revenue, and finance issues is tabulated and graphically displayed in Table 5-4 and Figure 5-4. A review of Table 5-4 indicates that a fairly large percentage of Oklahoma's counties have shown a tendency to yea-say on propositions submitted in this policy area. In fact, only seventeen counties--counties basically located in the northwestern quadrant of the state--have a mean percent yes value that falls below the 50.0 and above percent category. The top yea-saying counties, listed in order of magnitude are: Okmulgee ($\overline{X}$=60.3), Sequoyah ($\overline{X}$=59 Haskell ($\overline{X}$=59.2), Cleveland ($\overline{X}$=58.5), and Bryan ($\overline{X}$=58.0). As shown in Figure 5-4, four of these top five yea-saying counties are geographically located in the eastern section of the state, with Cleveland County being centrally located. In addition to the eastern orientation of these highest ranked counties, there are a large number of additional counties that tended to cast yes votes (on the average, 50 percent or more of the time). These yea-saying counties are clearly located in the general southern as well as eastern portion of Oklahoma, nearly reflecting the Democratic alignment of these counties in their electoral behavior during the 1907-1962 period.

The areal pattern is markedly different, however, for the seventeen counties who have a mean vote yes percent that is below 50 percent. That is, the lowest mean percentage yes counties (Major, $\overline{X}$=43.5; Grant, $\overline{X}$=43.6; Kingfisher, $\overline{X}$=44.3; Noble, $\overline{X}$=45.6; and Cimarron, $\overline{X}$=45.7) are located in the northcentral to northwestern region of the state. Except for Cimarron, these five lowest mean percent yes counties have voted Republican for Governor over the 1907-1962 period. To some extent the "East-West" split is represented among the highest and lowest mean percent

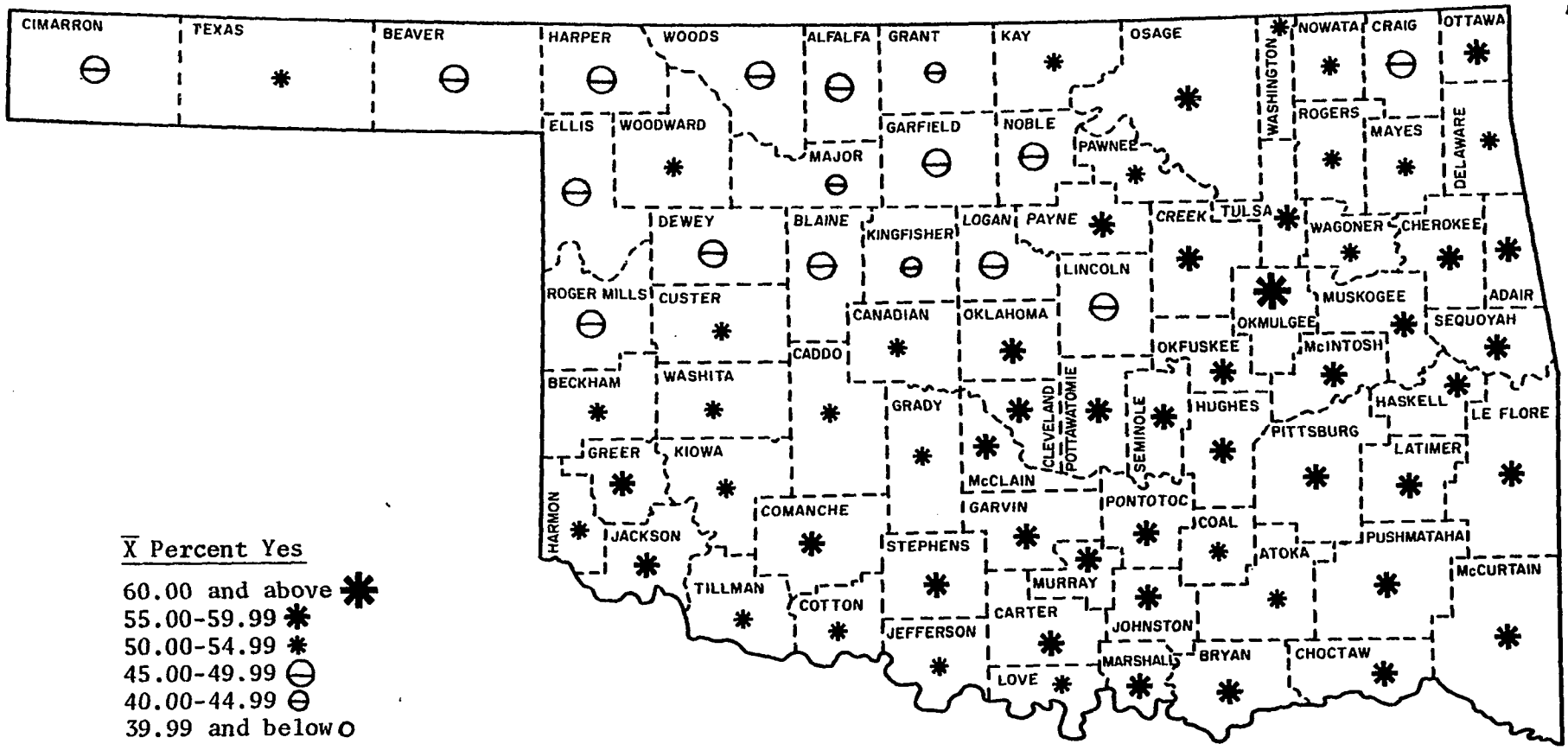
TABLE 5-4

SUMMARY STATISTICAL CHARACTERISTICS FOR ALL TAXATION, REVENUE AND FINANCE POLICY CONTENT MEASURES SUBMITTED TO THE OKLAHOMA ELECTORATE DURING THE PERIOD 1907-1972, BY COUNTY

County Identification	Mean Percent Yes	Standard Deviation	Range
Adair	56.3	19.0	75.7
Alfalfa	46.8	19.6	80.9
Atoka	54.3	19.4	78.6
Beaver	48.4	20.5	86.6
Beckham	52.9	19.3	79.2
Blaine	49.2	18.2	83.4
Bryan	58.0	18.4	72.5
Caddo	51.7	17.7	78.5
Canadian	51.0	18.4	85.4
Carter	56.8	18.9	78.1
Cherokee	56.2	20.0	74.4
Choctaw	57.2	18.4	76.4
Cimarron	45.7	22.2	89.7
Cleveland	58.5	17.9	80.6
Coal	53.3	18.2	77.4
Comanche	56.1	17.3	80.6
Cotton	52.2	18.6	76.4
Craig	48.5	18.2	78.1
Creek	56.2	17.4	76.6
Custer	51.9	18.4	82.2
Delaware	52.4	19.2	76.8
Dewey	48.3	19.7	83.5
Ellis	46.4	20.1	82.5
Garfield	49.5	19.0	78.4
Garvin	55.2	19.0	76.6
Grady	54.3	17.1	73.1
Grant	43.6	19.2	80.8
Greer	55.0	19.1	83.3
Harmon	51.1	19.5	82.4
Harper	47.1	20.0	83.2
Haskell	59.2	20.8	76.6
Hughes	55.3	17.9	75.5
Jackson	56.6	16.9	72.7
Jefferson	51.3	17.9	77.0
Johnston	55.0	20.2	73.8
Kay	51.9	19.3	80.9
Kingfisher	44.3	20.0	81.5
Kiowa	52.4	18.3	82.9
Latimer	55.8	18.8	76.9
LeFlore	57.6	18.2	74.0
Lincoln	47.0	18.5	76.7
Logan	48.9	18.8	78.4
Love	52.4	19.8	81.2
McClain	55.2	18.3	75.4
McCurtain	56.8	19.1	79.5
McIntosh	57.8	16.7	75.1

County Identification	Mean Percent Yes	Standard Deviation	Range
Major	43.5	19.3	86.4
Marshall	55.1	22.9	81.0
Mayes	52.1	18.3	81.1
Murray	57.4	17.4	72.5
Muskogee	57.6	17.3	75.2
Noble	45.6	18.3	73.3
Nowata	51.4	16.3	75.7
Okfuskee	55.7	17.7	68.8
Oklahoma	56.1	19.5	81.7
Okmulgee	60.3	16.6	71.3
Osage	56.1	17.4	75.0
Ottawa	55.7	16.5	71.9
Pawnee	50.4	17.2	77.6
Payne	55.7	19.1	78.7
Pittsburg	57.2	15.8	67.1
Pontotoc	55.7	17.8	72.6
Pottawatomie	55.0	17.5	76.7
Pushmataha	55.2	20.4	82.8
Roger Mills	48.8	20.8	84.4
Rogers	51.6	17.4	79.5
Seminole	57.1	20.0	73.2
Sequoyah	59.8	20.2	77.0
Stephens	56.1	18.1	79.3
Texas	52.3	20.6	84.7
Tillman	54.8	18.1	77.8
Tulsa	56.4	20.1	83.8
Wagoner	53.2	17.6	78.1
Washington	52.8	21.4	84.1
Washita	50.8	18.3	83.6
Woods	48.1	18.3	75.7
Woodward	50.5	19.6	86.6
N=72	Grand $\bar{\bar{X}}$ 53.1		

Figure 5.4--Percent Distribution for all Taxation, Revenue and Finance Policy Content Issues Submitted to the Oklahoma Electorate, 1907-1972, by County



yes counties. Unfortunately, other demographic factors such as per capita income, percent owner occupied housing, level of industrialization, median level of education, have not been analyzed over time in Oklahoma in relation to state question voting behavior, and therefore the conclusions that may be drawn from the regional differentiation are of necessity limited in nature.

Potential swing yea-saying counties are principally located in the northwestern and western parts of Oklahoma. Only three counties have a voting profile on taxation issues that would place them in the mean percent yes interval of 50.0 to 50.9. The "marginal" approval granting counties consist of Pawnee ($\bar{X}$=50.4), Woodward ($\bar{X}$=50.5) and Washita ($\bar{X}$= 50.8). Several counties failed to approve all measures incorporated into this taxation and revenue oriented category by narrow percentages--Blaine, (X=49.2), and Garfield (X=49.5). These two counties are located in the western section of Oklahoma.

Judicial and Legal Procedure Policy

During the 1907-1972 period, only five initiated and referred measures related to the judicial and legal procedure policy category were submitted to the general electorate and voted upon. This category constitutes a very small percentage (2.0 percent) of the total number of issues voted upon during the study period. Although this category is small in number, its passage level of 100 percent is the highest of the groups into which the entire list of measures (Table 4-21) have been classified.

The mean percent yes vote distribution for all counties is provided in Table 5-5 and Figure 5-5. The stiking relationship that one can discern from an analysis of the data displayed in Table 5-5, rests with the rather

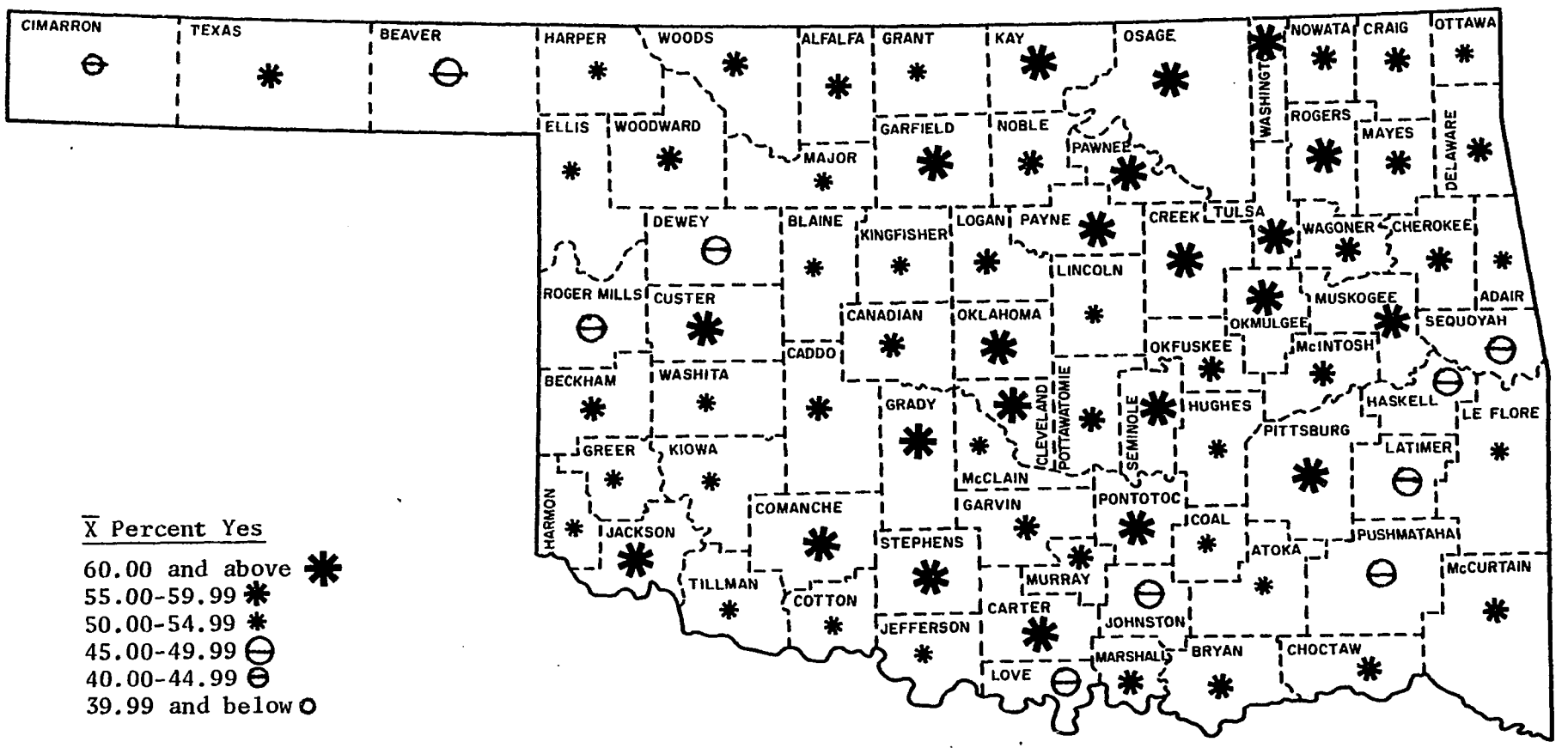
TABLE 5-5

SUMMARY STATISTICAL CHARACTERISTICS FOR ALL JUDICIAL AND LEGAL PROCEDURE POLICY CONTENT MEASURES SUBMITTED TO THE OKLAHOMA ELECTORATE DURING THE PERIOD 1907-1972, BY COUNTY

County Identification	Mean Percent Yes	Standard Deviation	Range
Adair	52.5	14.9	37.6
Alfalfa	55.4	15.0	38.3
Atoka	50.1	17.1	41.6
Beaver	49.6	9.7	25.2
Beckham	59.4	7.9	20.5
Blaine	50.4	12.3	31.9
Bryan	55.2	15.3	37.6
Caddo	57.9	12.1	29.8
Canadian	56.1	10.7	28.8
Carter	60.0	13.2	36.6
Cherokee	56.4	5.5	12.8
Choctaw	56.3	9.9	24.9
Cimarron	41.2	16.7	41.1
Cleveland	68.5	11.2	28.3
Coal	53.1	24.1	58.4
Comanche	62.1	9.7	24.9
Cotton	54.1	16.9	43.5
Craig	55.5	11.1	28.4
Creek	63.3	6.3	14.9
Custer	60.1	12.3	33.4
Delaware	53.1	8.4	21.5
Dewey	48.7	18.8	44.2
Ellis	52.2	20.8	50.5
Garfield	62.8	14.2	34.8
Garvin	56.1	13.3	31.9
Grady	60.7	12.0	30.2
Grant	53.7	15.9	40.6
Greer	54.9	10.9	28.9
Harmon	54.1	10.1	27.0
Harper	52.4	20.2	50.8
Haskell	48.2	9.1	20.8
Hughes	53.6	14.5	36.3
Jackson	60.8	11.0	28.5
Jefferson	50.5	14.8	35.0
Johnston	45.6	20.4	55.4
Kay	64.2	7.9	20.7
Kingfisher	51.8	14.9	35.7
Kiowa	54.3	11.9	29.7
Latimer	48.8	7.7	20.8
LeFlore	51.3	11.4	30.2
Lincoln	54.0	13.0	32.4
Logan	57.0	13.4	30.3
Love	46.5	9.1	22.0
McClain	53.9	9.9	25.3
McCurtain	57.6	15.7	37.3
McIntosh	57.6	11.4	29.2

County Identification	Mean Percent Yes	Standard Deviation	Range
Major	51.3	14.2	35.7
Marshall	55.6	22.2	53.2
Mayes	56.5	8.9	22.5
Murray	56.6	14.6	37.6
Muskogee	64.5	9.7	24.4
Noble	56.8	15.4	37.0
Nowata	55.9	11.9	30.6
Okfuskee	55.1	10.2	26.2
Oklahoma	70.1	9.5	19.8
Okmulgee	62.6	12.4	30.0
Osage	65.7	10.4	25.3
Ottawa	54.5	6.5	17.7
Pawnee	60.8	13.5	34.1
Payne	70.5	10.8	25.2
Pittsburg	60.5	7.8	19.5
Pontotoc	61.3	15.4	39.7
Pottawatomie	57.6	13.3	35.4
Pushmataha	46.0	13.2	31.2
Roger Mills	47.1	13.7	35.5
Rogers	58.8	7.8	19.1
Seminole	62.1	12.0	32.0
Sequoyah	45.8	7.7	20.3
Stephens	62.8	13.3	35.6
Texas	57.3	14.6	37.9
Tillman	53.4	16.6	39.9
Tulsa	76.2	7.2	19.4
Wagoner	55.5	6.8	16.8
Washington	73.5	13.5	32.7
Washita	54.8	12.2	30.7
Woods	55.7	9.8	23.8
Woodward	57.2	12.7	33.4
N=5	Grand $\bar{X}$ 56.4		

Figure 5.5--Percent Distribution of Mean Vote Yes for all Judicial and Legal Procedure Policy Content Issues Submitted to the Oklahoma Electorate, 1907-1972, by County



low standard deviation values that are present for nine counties. Generally, the empirical rule surrounding the interpretation and utilization of mean value in relation to the standard deviation is: the smaller the value of the standard deviation, the higher the predictive value associated with the mean. The counties of Beckham ($\bar{X}$=59.4, S.D.=7.9), Cherokee ($\bar{X}$=56.4, S.D.=5.5), Creek ($\bar{X}$=63.3, S.D.=6.3), Delaware ($\bar{X}$=53.1, S.D.=8.4), Kay ($\bar{X}$=64.2, S.D.=7.9), Latimer ($\bar{X}$=48.8, S.D.+7.7), Mayes ($\bar{X}$=56.5, S.D.=8.9), Ottawa ($\bar{X}$=54.5, S.D.=6.5), Pittsburg ($\bar{X}$=60.5, S.D.=7.8), Rogers ($\bar{X}$=58.8, S.D.=7.8), Sequoyah ($\bar{X}$=45.8, S.D.=7.7), Tulsa ($\bar{X}$=76.2, S.D.=7.2), Wagoner ($\bar{X}$=55.5, S.D.=6.8), and Woods ($\bar{X}$=55.7, S.D.=9.8) have some predictive patterns associated with the judicial and legal procedure policy category.

A major relationship exists among the five highest mean percent yes voting counties and urbanization. For instance, ranked in order of magnitude are the counties of Tulsa ($\bar{X}$=76.2), Washington ($\bar{X}$=73.5), Payne ($\bar{X}$=70.5), Cleveland ($\bar{X}$=68.5), and Osage ($\bar{X}$=65.7), which comprise four out of the seven counties that make up the three Oklahoma SMSA's. In addition, five of the twelve largest cities in Oklahoma are located in these counties (Tulsa, Bartlesville, Stillwater, and Norman). On the other end of the mean yes percent voting continuum are located the counties of Cimarron ($\bar{X}$=41.2), Johnston ($\bar{X}$=45.6), Sequoyah ($\bar{X}$=45.8), Pushmataha ($\bar{X}$=46.0), and Love ($\bar{X}$=46.5). These counties are basically located within two regions of the state: southeastern counties tending to vote Democratic for Governor and the far west (counties which have tendency toward the Republican gubernatorial candidate). One fact that characterizes these low mean percent yes-saying counties is their essential ruralness and accompanying small populations, with an attendant samll impact on the results of elections dealing with judicial and legal procedure measures.

Among the counties considered to constitute potential swing counties, in relation to the overall mean percent yes vote, are: Beaver ($\bar{X}$=49.6), Atoka ($\bar{X}$=50.1), Blaine ($\bar{X}$=50.4), and Jefferson ($\bar{X}$=50.5). These counties are evenly distributed between the southern and western regions of Oklahoma. One distinguishing characteristic of the swing counties is their small population and rural character. Jefferson and Atoka counties tended to support the Democratic gubernatorial candidate during the 1907-1962 period, basically reflecting the traditional Democratic party orientation of the "South," whereas Beaver and Blaine, located in the northwestern part of the state, have traditionally had a population with a voting affinity toward the Republican party.

Land and Natural Resource Use Policy

Since 1907, only 2 percent of the total number of initiated and referred proposals specifically dealt with topics that would enable their placement into the land and natural resource use category. The passage level for the five measures that compose this policy area is the exact reverse from that shown for the judicial proposals. That is, 100 percent of the judicial related topics passed, but none of the land policies passed.

One measure rejected by the Oklahoma people in the group would have, if approved, enabled the Oklahoma Conservation Commission to cooperate with the U. S. Government in conservation projects treated under the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act. Interestingly, no issue in this group has been referred to the people since 1936.

The five counties that attained the highest average percent yes vote (see Table 5-6 and Figure 5-6) on the five propositions outlined above

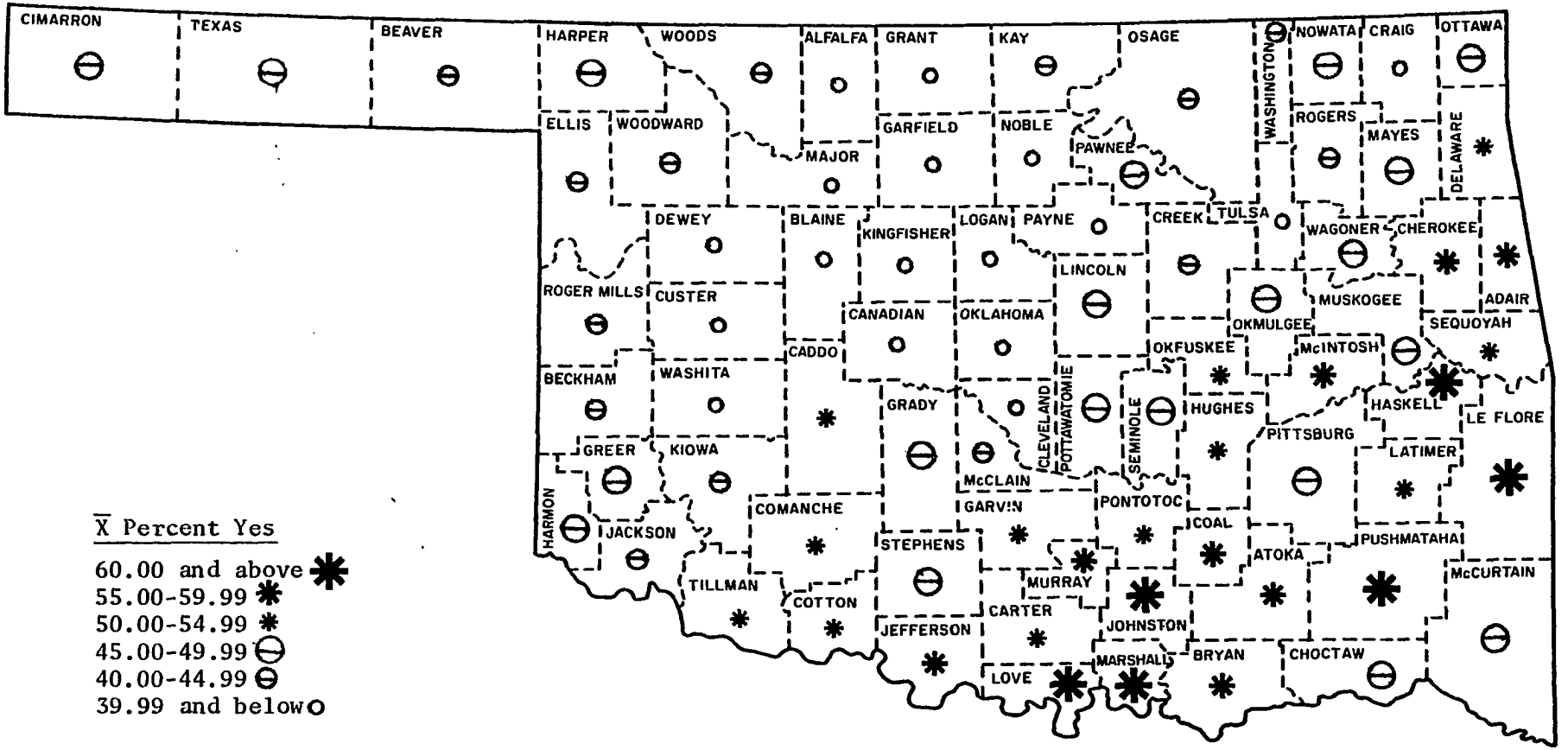
TABLE 5-6

SUMMARY STATISTICAL CHARACTERISTICS FOR ALL LAND AND NATURAL RESOURCE USE POLICY CONTENT MEASURES SUBMITTED TO THE OKLAHOMA ELECTORATE DURING THE PERIOD 1907-1972, BY COUNTY

County Identification	Mean Percent Yes	Standard Deviation	Range
Adair	56.7	19.1	42.8
Alfalfa	37.0	18.5	38.4
Atoka	58.4	20.3	55.5
Beaver	40.1	23.1	55.9
Beckham	41.7	11.0	26.4
Blaine	38.5	13.9	33.3
Bryan	56.1	18.3	50.4
Caddo	50.3	14.4	34.1
Canadian	36.2	16.1	44.0
Carter	52.3	12.0	29.5
Cherokee	57.8	19.2	51.1
Choctaw	48.3	19.0	44.3
Cimarron	48.8	29.0	65.5
Cleveland	34.8	10.4	23.2
Coal	59.2	10.6	25.5
Comanche	51.3	16.7	38.0
Cotton	53.0	22.9	44.4
Craig	38.6	15.6	33.7
Creek	43.9	13.8	35.4
Custer	35.6	12.3	29.6
Delaware	54.4	18.0	43.9
Dewey	38.0	18.9	45.7
Ellis	40.0	17.1	38.9
Garfield	37.1	20.6	44.7
Garvin	54.0	13.3	27.2
Grady	47.2	15.7	40.2
Grant	39.4	21.6	47.7
Greer	49.0	10.9	25.5
Harmon	48.4	31.3	62.3
Harper	45.0	20.5	49.2
Haskell	61.3	15.1	37.3
Hughes	53.0	9.6	20.5
Jackson	43.1	12.3	29.1
Jefferson	55.2	12.3	27.5
Johnston	67.2	16.3	44.5
Kay	42.3	18.1	44.4
Kingfisher	32.1	14.0	37.9
Kiowa	40.6	12.6	30.7
Latimer	54.7	18.0	40.8
LeFlore	67.0	10.5	29.0
Lincoln	47.5	14.1	33.2
Logan	32.2	11.1	23.9
Love	66.2	18.2	49.7
McClain	44.1	13.9	36.2
McCurtain	49.7	19.5	52.6
McIntosh	55.6	11.2	29.3

County Identification	Mean Percent Yes	Standard Deviation	Range
Major	26.9	13.4	31.7
Marshall	62.3	17.9	47.7
Mayes	49.7	15.2	32.2
Murray	59.1	11.2	27.0
Muskogee	46.3	12.1	32.7
Noble	33.3	13.2	36.8
Nowata	47.3	14.5	38.0
Okfuskee	52.6	11.7	28.5
Oklahoma	35.3	18.1	43.7
Okmulgee	48.9	8.9	22.5
Osage	43.3	18.5	45.5
Ottawa	49.3	16.7	46.8
Pawnee	47.7	21.8	50.0
Payne	39.9	14.9	36.5
Pittsburg	49.7	13.6	32.6
Pontotoc	51.9	9.3	19.9
Pottawatomie	45.7	11.8	32.2
Pushmataha	60.3	14.3	35.7
Roger Mills	42.4	17.8	42.2
Rogers	43.2	18.1	43.3
Seminole	46.8	11.8	25.9
Sequoyah	52.6	16.5	42.8
Stephens	48.7	8.0	19.8
Texas	47.1	25.1	62.4
Tillman	53.5	23.4	48.0
Tulsa	36.4	18.4	45.2
Wagoner	46.5	12.5	29.9
Washington	43.1	23.0	54.8
Washita	35.9	12.9	31.2
Woods	40.9	18.8	48.4
Woodward	40.6	19.0	41.9
N=5	Grand $\bar{\bar{X}}$ 47.1		

Figure 5.6--Percent Distribution of Mean Vote Yes for all Land and Natural Resource Use Policy Content Issues Submitted to the Oklahoma Electorate, 1907-1972, by County



were Johnston ($\bar{X}$=67.2), LeFlore ($\bar{X}$=67.0), Love ($\bar{X}$=66.2), Marshall ($\bar{X}$=62.3), and Haskell ($\bar{X}$=61.3). Without exception these are counties that are located in the extreme southern and southeastern portion of the state--an area that traditionally has voted heavily for Democratic candidates. In addition, these counties formed part of the area that previously composed the Indian Territory, and their population size has been, again without exception, on a steady negative decline since the 1940 census. For instance, Haskell County contained 16,216 people in 1930, and in 1970 contained a population count of 9,578. Similarly, Johnston, a south-central county, had population of 15,960 in 1940 and according to the 1970 census data possesses 7,870 people. LeFlore dropped from 45,866 people in 1940, to 32,137 persons in 1970. The nature of these highest yea-saying counties, as well as all other counties that embraced a mean percent yes vote equal to or exceeding 50.0 percent, is basically rural and agricultural oriented. Not one county in the northwest or beyond the west-central portion of the state had an average yes vote that exceeded 49.9 percent. This same realtionship is true for the top two tiers of counties in the northern area of the state, except for Delaware County. Overall, every county that possessed an average percent yes vote that exceeded the 50 percent passage level has tended to vote the Democratic ticket for Governor, especially during the 1907-1972 period (see Figure 5-6).

Conversely, the low yes percentage counties on land and resource use topics are generally located in the northern (northwestern and north-central), west-central and central areas of Oklahoma. These low yes-saying counties are composed of: Major ($\bar{X}$=26.9), Kingfisher ($\bar{X}$=32.1),

Logan ($\bar{X}$=32.2), Noble ($\bar{X}$=32.2), and Cleveland ($\bar{X}$=34.8). In addition, all the low percentage counties were previously part of the Oklahoma Territory. An analysis of the county voting characteristics shown in Figure 5-6, clearly represents a "East-West" split for the policy category of land. Further, only one of the counties included within Oklahoma's SMSA's possess an average yes vote that exceeded the 49.9 percent level on this policy category (Oklahoma, $\bar{X}$=35.3; Tulsa $\bar{X}$=36.4; Osage, $\bar{X}$=43.3; Creek, $\bar{X}$=43.9; Cleveland, $\bar{X}$=34.8; Canadian, $\bar{X}$=36.2; and, Commanche with an average yes vote of 51.3 percent). It would appear that in addition to "East-West" split, that a urban-rural differentiation can be made. Afterall, the type of proposals contained in the land classification are basically issues which would have been of primary interest and concern for rural Oklahoman's, and most appealing to the traditional Democratic voter.

Included in the collection of counties that formthe swing category on land and natural resource use are: Greer ($\bar{X}$=49.0), McCurtain ($\bar{X}$=49.7), Mayes ($\bar{X}$=44.7), Ottawa ($\bar{X}$=49.3), Pittsburg ($\bar{X}$=49.7), and Caddo--the only county within this marginal passage or rejection category that approved three out of the five measures submitted for popular choice, and showing an overall average yes vote of 50.3 percent. The potential swing vote counties are primarily located in the extensive southeastern and northeastern part of the state, with two counties having a western geographical setting (Greer and Caddo).

Industrial and Labor Relations Policy

Five proposals submitted to the Oklahoma electorate for the 1907-1972 period are embodied in the industrial and labor relations policy

category. Only one out of the four measures actually passed. No propositions of this policy type were referred to the electorate until 1923, when a state question dealing with workman's compensation was advanced.

Table 5-7 and Figure 5-7 display the average percent yes vote computed for all Oklahoma counties on the five industrial and labor related items discussed above. The highest mean percent yes counties were: Osage (62.0), Texas (58.9), Muskogee (58.5), Bryan, Greer and Tillman (58.1 each), and Creek and Washington with an average of 57.4 percent yes vote. The geographical configuration of these highest yea-saying counties is northern, eastern and southwestern in orientation. The mean percent yes vote for the counties is distorted as a predictor variable, by the extreme range produced by a high percent yes vote on State Question 345, and the low percent yes vote on State Question 86, as well as the operation of the "silent-vote." Overall, only ten of the seventy-seven counties (13.0 percent), had average values that fell into the 49.9 and below percent yes category, as shown in Figure 5-7. Six of the ten low yea-saying counties had a tendency to vote Democratic for the office of Governor during the 1907-1962 period. The lowest average percent yes percentages computed for the labor issues were obtained for the counties of Craig ($\overline{X}$=44.6), Ottawa ($\overline{X}$=45.4), Lincoln ($\overline{X}$=47.7), Kingfisher ($\overline{X}$=47.9), and Mayes ($\overline{X}$=48.0). Three of the five counties are located in a neat pocket at the northeastern corner of Oklahoma--counties which voted strongly for Democratic candidates for Governor during 1907-1962. The two central to west-central located counties (Lincoln and Kingfisher, respectively) tend to lean toward a Republican partisan orientation. The "North-South" split in terms of partisan identification doesn't explain the differentiation in voting

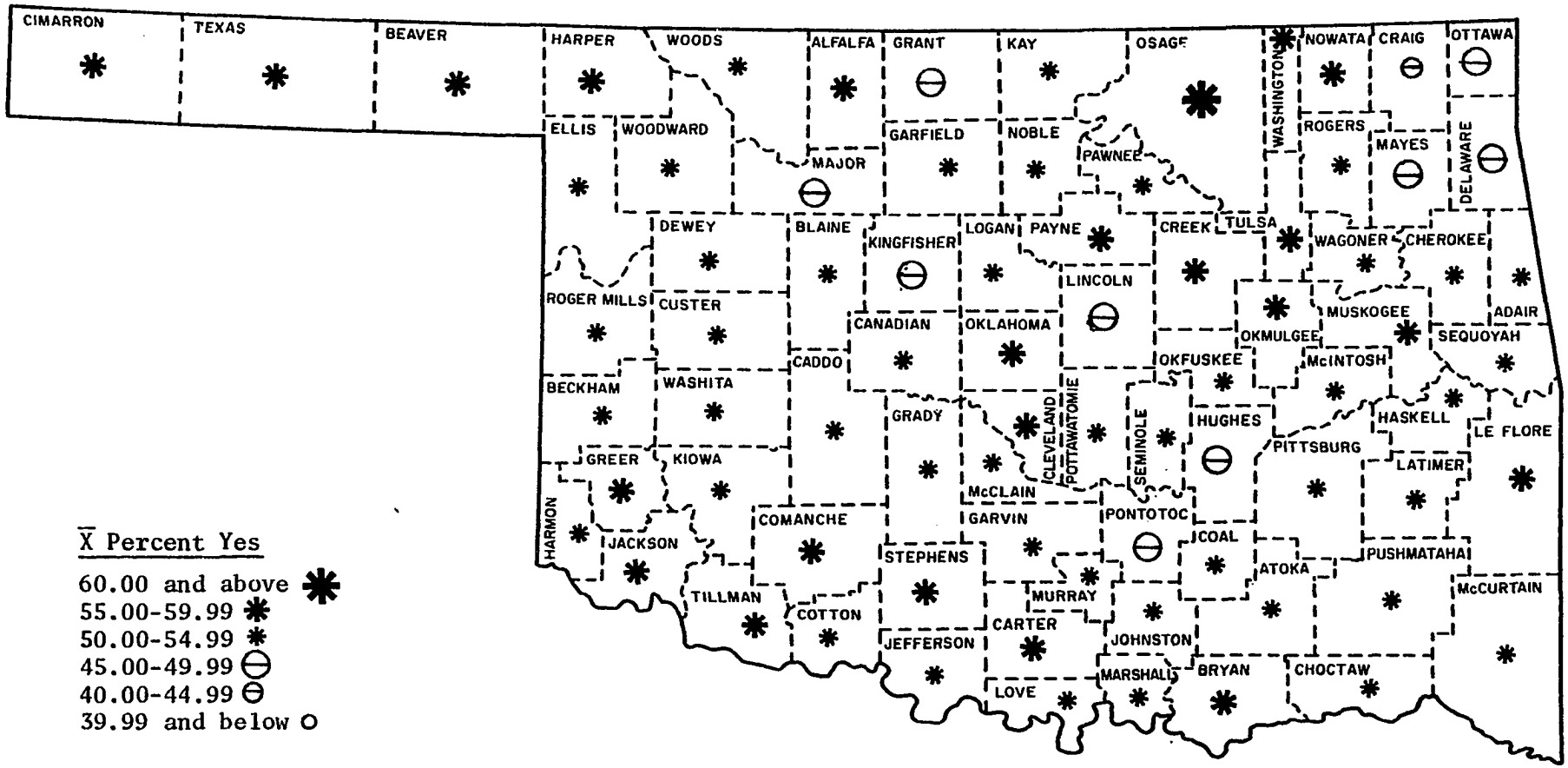
TABLE 5-7

SUMMARY STATISTICAL CHARACTERISTICS FOR ALL INDUSTRIAL AND LABOR RELATIONS SUBMITTED TO THE OKLAHOMA ELECTORATE DURING THE PERIOD 1907-1972, BY COUNTY

County Identification	Mean Percent Yes	Standard Deviation	Range
Adair	52.7	25.2	64.3
Alfalfa	55.2	22.2	50.5
Atoka	50.3	21.2	58.9
Beaver	56.5	25.2	57.0
Beckham	54.4	22.0	60.0
Blaine	52.8	19.1	49.0
Bryan	58.1	20.0	54.7
Caddo	50.2	22.4	62.9
Canadian	52.8	16.0	41.6
Carter	56.4	20.3	53.9
Cherokee	50.1	24.0	65.0
Choctaw	51.5	20.5	55.3
Cimarron	57.2	22.9	50.0
Cleveland	55.2	21.7	60.3
Coal	52.9	23.7	57.0
Comanche	55.6	17.5	47.9
Cotton	53.5	18.3	50.3
Craig	44.6	20.0	49.9
Creek	57.4	22.6	54.3
Custer	51.8	17.2	42.2
Delaware	48.1	23.9	65.7
Dewey	51.3	21.4	54.1
Ellis	51.2	21.3	50.6
Garfield	53.4	17.7	49.1
Garvin	50.7	21.5	60.2
Grady	53.8	19.5	54.1
Grant	48.4	21.2	48.8
Greer	58.1	21.7	55.2
Harmon	51.4	24.9	55.9
Harper	56.1	22.5	48.4
Haskell	54.6	25.7	65.1
Hughes	49.5	25.1	65.7
Jackson	55.8	19.9	55.2
Jefferson	50.3	21.6	61.2
Johnston	54.5	23.4	61.8
Kay	54.0	20.9	56.9
Kingfisher	47.9	20.8	52.5
Kiowa	53.4	21.5	56.2
Latimer	52.6	23.3	55.7
LeFlore	55.5	24.5	57.9
Lincoln	47.7	21.7	60.8
Logan	52.0	21.4	60.4
Love	50.6	23.5	65.1
McClain	52.1	21.7	58.0
McCurtain	53.9	26.6	70.9
McIntosh	52.4	17.8	47.8

County Identification	Mean Percent Yes	Standard Deviation	Range
Major	48.1	21.2	54.0
Marshall	51.3	24.3	67.0
Mayes	48.0	21.8	56.6
Murray	54.5	24.8	65.1
Muskogee	58.5	16.3	41.9
Noble	52.2	19.5	48.8
Nowata	57.8	16.9	45.1
Okfuskee	51.3	20.9	54.6
Oklahoma	55.8	20.1	53.9
Okmulgee	55.7	24.0	58.7
Osage	62.0	19.2	48.5
Ottawa	45.4	13.6	32.1
Pawnee	54.6	18.6	52.3
Payne	57.1	22.8	63.6
Pittsburg	54.0	23.5	56.6
Pontotoc	47.7	25.1	66.9
Pottawatomie	52.0	21.0	55.5
Pushmataha	52.7	27.1	72.2
Roger Mills	52.8	22.5	58.9
Rogers	51.2	21.1	55.5
Seminole	54.9	23.2	63.4
Sequoyah	53.4	27.8	66.1
Stephens	56.5	22.8	62.0
Texas	58.9	19.2	48.4
Tillman	58.1	19.1	50.3
Tulsa	57.3	18.8	49.8
Wagoner	50.0	22.0	55.7
Washington	57.4	19.9	56.0
Washita	50.6	21.7	50.7
Woods	50.0	18.1	44.6
Woodward	53.3	20.4	52.0
N=5	Grand $\bar{X}$ 53.1		

Figure 5.7--Percent Distribution of Mean Vote Yes for all Industrial and Labor Relation Policy Content Issues Submitted to the Oklahoma Electorate, 1907-1972, by County



behavior, primarily since six of the low yea-saying counties also tended to vote Democratic for Governor. On the other hand, median family income would seem to be positively assocated with this policy group.

The counties that have an average percent approval or rejection level that is very slightly above or below the passage level and therefore are considered as potential swing counties. Included in the swing vote counties are: Atoka and Jefferson ($\bar{X}$=50.3), Caddo ($\bar{X}$=50.2), Cherokee ($\bar{X}$=50.1), Love and Washita ($\bar{X}$=50.6), Garvin ($\bar{X}$=50.7), Wagoner and Woods ($\bar{X}$=50.0), and Hughes ($\bar{X}$=49.5). These counties are located in the major western and southern areas of Oklahoma.

Business and Corporation Policy

The business and corporation policy category contains fifteen propositions submitted to the voters and acted upon during the sixty-five year period under consideration in this paper. This category comprises 5.9 percent of the total number of state questions submitted for popular consideration, and has a fairly high level of passage success, with a 40 percent adoption rate.

The highest county average percent yes vote, as shown in Table 5-8 and Figure 5-8, were linked with the following five counties: Oklahoma ($\bar{X}$=61.1), Tulsa ($\bar{X}$=60.0), Osage ($\bar{X}$=60.0), Choctaw ($\bar{X}$=56.7), and Washington ($\bar{X}$=56.0). If Choctaw County is excluded, these highly ranked counties are among the highest median family income counties in Oklahoma. They are also associated with urban concentrations since they contain several of the largest cities in the state: Oklahoma City, Tulsa, Bartlesville, Midwest City, and Del City. In addition, the three highest counties (Oklahoma, Tulsa, and Osage) form large population components of the Oklahoma City

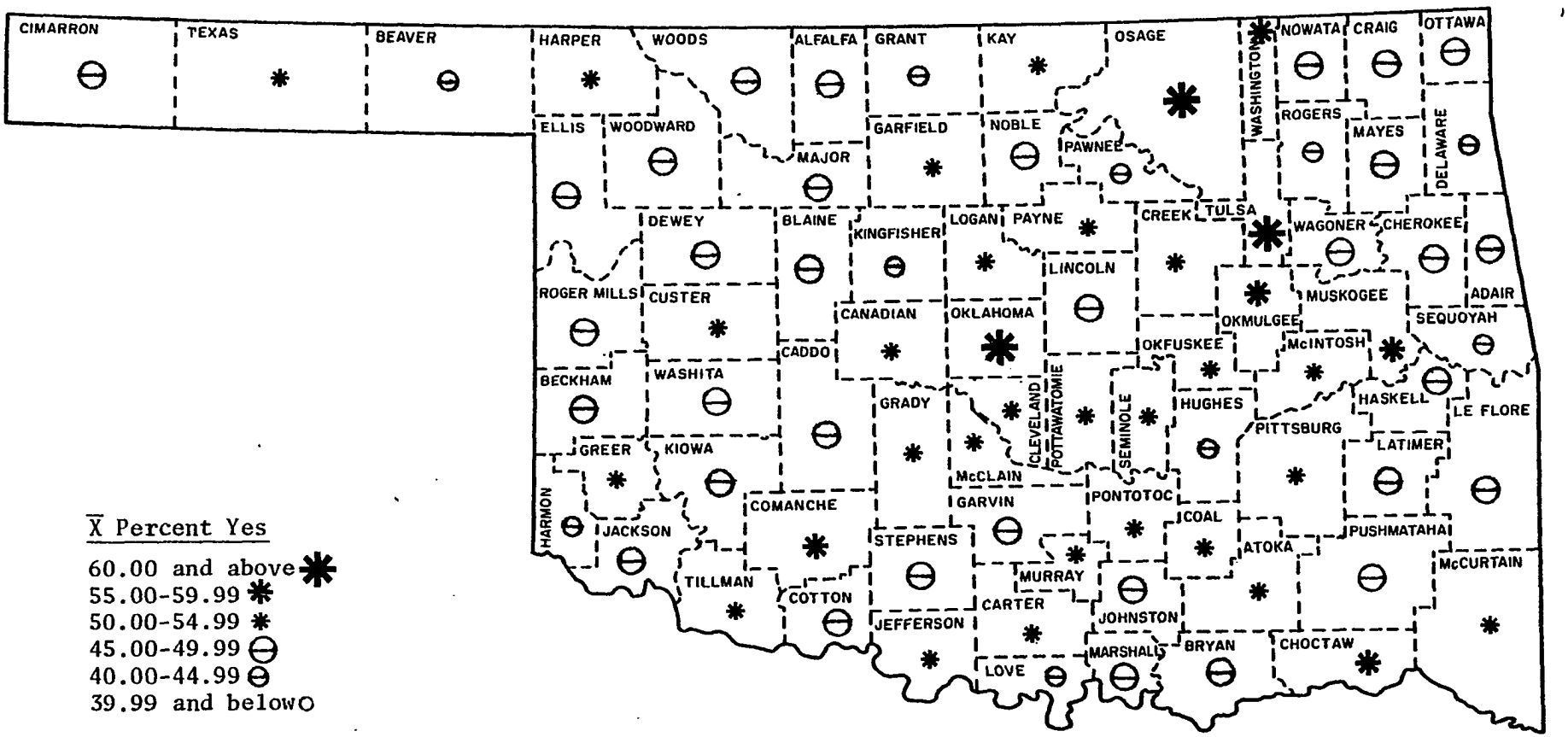
TABLE 5-8

SUMMARY STATISTICAL CHARACTERISTICS FOR ALL BUSINESS AND CORPORATION CONTENT MEASURES SUBMITTED TO THE OKLAHOMA ELECTORATE DURING THE PERIOD 1907-1972, BY COUNTY

County Identification	Mean Percent Yes	Standard Deviation	Range
Adair	46.4	16.5	56.3
Alfalfa	45.2	14.0	50.3
Atoka	50.2	12.7	35.2
Beaver	44.1	19.0	65.0
Beckham	48.5	12.9	46.1
Blaine	49.6	10.8	40.7
Bryan	47.5	16.0	59.0
Caddo	49.5	11.3	43.0
Canadian	50.5	11.7	40.1
Carter	53.8	15.7	58.1
Cherokee	45.5	15.5	51.5
Choctaw	56.7	11.0	40.2
Cimarron	45.2	18.0	56.0
Cleveland	53.4	14.3	53.6
Coal	51.1	13.2	45.8
Comanche	55.0	14.7	48.9
Cotton	48.9	12.6	40.8
Craig	45.3	15.7	58.1
Creek	53.5	12.2	44.2
Custer	51.4	13.1	51.0
Delaware	44.9	13.9	52.8
Dewey	47.1	15.5	51.7
Ellis	46.2	15.4	50.6
Garfield	53.7	14.5	49.1
Garvin	48.0	14.7	54.3
Grady	52.0	12.7	45.9
Grant	43.5	14.5	51.1
Greer	50.7	14.2	47.0
Harmon	41.1	14.6	49.1
Harper	51.9	18.6	61.9
Haskell	48.9	14.1	41.9
Hughes	44.2	14.4	49.2
Jackson	47.4	15.9	60.7
Jefferson	50.4	14.4	50.6
Johnston	45.3	14.5	43.2
Kay	50.0	15.2	58.1
Kingfisher	44.9	15.3	55.2
Kiowa	49.5	12.5	41.8
Latimer	49.1	16.1	50.3
LeFlore	49.7	14.3	47.1
Lincoln	45.6	14.9	57.1
Logan	52.1	15.7	53.1
Love	43.7	14.0	40.9
McClain	53.1	13.7	45.7
McCurtain	52.1	11.9	43.8
McIntosh	51.6	12.1	41.1

County Identification	Mean Percent Yes	Standard Deviation	Range
Major	45.7	14.2	52.9
Marshall	45.6	15.9	52.9
Mayes	46.5	13.5	48.1
Murray	51.6	12.6	47.8
Muskogee	55.1	16.0	50.0
Noble	45.4	14.9	55.3
Nowata	49.2	15.1	54.5
Okfuskee	51.9	11.7	42.0
Oklahoma	61.1	15.0	51.8
Okmulgee	55.0	11.9	42.9
Osage	60.0	15.3	48.8
Ottawa	48.9	13.5	51.5
Pawnee	44.7	14.8	55.6
Payne	53.0	15.6	57.1
Pittsburg	53.9	11.9	45.5
Pontotoc	50.6	13.8	52.9
Pottawatomie	53.1	10.5	44.3
Pushmataha	46.8	11.5	35.9
Roger Mills	49.7	15.7	47.2
Rogers	44.8	16.1	59.7
Seminole	50.8	14.8	61.4
Sequoyah	44.9	16.8	58.9
Stephens	49.6	14.4	55.6
Texas	50.2	15.3	44.7
Tillman	53.2	14.7	49.9
Tulsa	60.6	14.8	59.1
Wagoner	45.6	16.0	52.5
Washington	56.0	18.1	62.1
Washita	47.9	15.5	54.5
Woods	48.6	14.2	50.9
Woodward	48.9	16.9	63.9
N=15	Grand $\bar{X}$ 49.6		

Figure 5.8--Percent Distribution of Mean Vote Yes for all Business and Corporation Policy Content Issues Submitted to the Oklahoma Electorate, 1907-1972, by County



and Tulsa SMSA's. Except for Oklahoma County and its centrally located position in the state, the other high yea-saying counties for the business group are located in the northern and northeastern portion of the state. The largest industrialized and urbanized sectors of Oklahoma are contained in the counties of Oklahoma, Tulsa and Washington.

The five lowest average percent yes providing counties are spread throughout the southern, central and Panhandle regions of Oklahoma, and consist of: Harmon ($\bar{X}$=43.7), Grant ($\bar{X}$=43.5), Love ($\bar{X}$=43.7), Beaver ($\bar{X}$=44.1), and Hughes ($\bar{X}$=44.2). Four of the low yea-saying counties are among the smallest populated counties in Oklahoma. It is clear, however, that the low percent yes saying counties do not encompass any of the state's larger cities and are not included among the states more highly populated counties.

Some of the potential swing counties relative to the business category are included in the following list. First, those counties which have a narrow mean percent yes passage level (50.0 to 50.9) are: Kay ($\bar{X}$=50.0), Atoka and Texas ($\bar{X}$=50.2), Jefferson ($\bar{X}$=50.4), Pontotoc ($\bar{X}$=50.6), Green ($\bar{X}$=50.7), and Seminole ($\bar{X}$=50.8). Second, these counties contained in the narrow mean percent yes failure level (49.0 to 49.9) include: Latimer ($\bar{X}$=49.1), Nowata ($\bar{X}$=49.2), Caddo and Kiowa ($\bar{X}$=49.5), Blaine and Stephens ($\bar{X}$=49.6), and LeFlore and Roger Mills ($\bar{X}$=49.7). The south-central, west-central, western, southern and northern section of the state are represented among the swing counties, although the majority of these counties are located in the west-central and southern area of Oklahoma.

Electoral Process, Procedure, Law and Reform Policy

The third largest number of measures embracing a general policy type is found in the thirty-three issues that are connected with the electoral

process, procedure, law and reform category. As the third most frequent subject, this policy classification accounted for 13.1 percent of all initiated and referred matters submitted to the Oklahoma electorate during the pre-1972 period. The passage level is 42.4 percent for the electoral process issues, (with fourteen measures passing, and nineteen measures meeting electoral defeat). A few of the topics that make up this policy group are:

- "Grandfather Clause": An initiative petition adopted by a 56.0 percent approval level in 1910, requiring electors to be able to read and write any part of the Oklahoma Constitution, unless the person or his lineal descendent were entitled to vote prior to January 1, 1866.

- Woman Suffrage: A initiated petition submitted to the voters in the General Election of 1910, and if approved would have given women the same voting rights as those enjoyed by male electors. Measure was rejected with an approval level of 40.8 percent yes.

- Election of U. S. Senators: In 1912, the people overwhelmingly approved (84.8 percent yes) an initiative petition that called for the direct election of United States Senators. Over ninety-eight percent of those who voted in the August 6th Primary Election also voted on the eletion of Senators issue.

- Voting Qualifications-Literacy Test: A measure proposed in 1916, which if adopted would do away with the property qualification for electors and introduce a literacy test. The proposition received an approval level of 40.7 percent and was consequently defeated.

- Woman Suffrage: A legislative referendum that singly stated: "That women be allowed universal suffrage," was submitted in the General Election of 1912 and received a 95.8 percent voter participation level and an approval level of 57.3, thereby causing its passage.

- Electors Age: A legislative referendum referred to the electorate in 1952 and had it not been resoundingly defeated (31.1 percent yes), would have reduced the age to eighteen for qualified voters.

- Congressional Redistricting: An initiated measure submitted in the General Election of 1956, proposing to divide the State of Oklahoma into six new congressional districts in accordance with the 1950 decennial census. Although the measure was approved with a 56.8 percent yes vote, it failed due to the operation of the "silent vote,"

- Eighteen Year Old Electors: A measure referred by the legislature in 1971, calling for a reduction in the voting age for qualified electors to eighteen years of age. It was approved by a 57.8 percent yes vote.

A number of the other topics that make up the elections category cover such subject matters as: office qualification, legislative apportionment, voting qualifications, repeal of registration law, electors age, nomination of candidates, congressional redistricting, presidential elections, re-eletion of Governor, and revision of the constitution by enabling an entire Article to be submitted to the voters as a single state question.

The five counties which demonstrated the highest average percent yes vote (see Table 5-9 and Figure 5-9) on the thirty-three issues that compose the group are: Tulsa ($\bar{X}$=57.1), Payne ($\bar{X}$=55.4), Jackson ($\bar{X}$=54.9), Comanche ($\bar{X}$=54.2), and Kay, Muskogee, Okmulgee and Washington ($\bar{X}$=54.1 These eight counties are located in the southwestern, central and eastern sectors of Oklahoma. The tendency is present, as shown in Figure 5-9, for the seven counties that form the state SMSA's to fall into the above 50.0 percent average yes category. In addition, the top average yea-saying counties also comprise the largest populated counties in Oklahoma.

On the other had, the lowest average percent yes granting counties on the election issues are geographically located either in the eastern most section (Adair, Craig, and Delaware Counties) or in the northwestern most section (Cimarron, Beaver and Harper). The average yes voting sta-

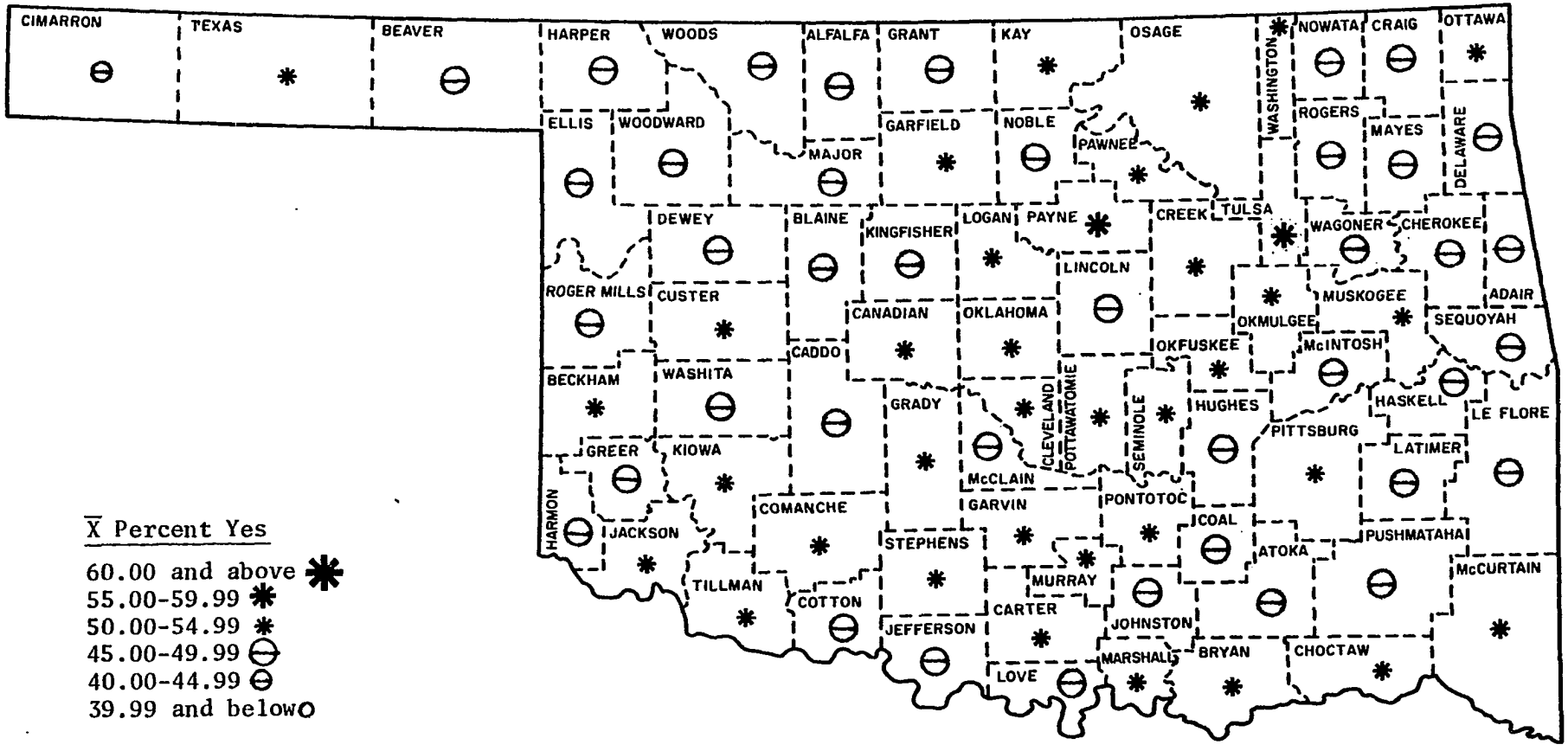
TABLE 5-9

SUMMARY STATISTICAL CHARACTERISTICS FOR ALL ELECTORAL PROCESS, PROCEDURE, LAW AND REFORM POLICY CONTENT MEASURE SUBMITTED TO THE OKLAHOMA ELECTORATE DURING THE PERIOD 1907-1972, BY COUNTY

County Identification	Mean Percent Yes	Standard Deviation	Range
Adair	45.9	18.5	71.6
Alfalfa	48.8	21.8	84.5
Atoka	49.1	20.7	85.8
Beaver	45.7	24.3	96.5
Beckham	50.9	20.4	48.6
Blaine	48.6	20.2	75.2
Bryan	51.1	19.2	80.3
Caddo	49.0	17.7	74.2
Canadian	50.6	17.4	66.8
Carter	52.4	17.9	71.9
Cherokee	48.0	15.1	74.8
Choctaw	50.4	19.7	79.6
Cimarron	44.7	22.8	92.9
Cleveland	53.0	20.6	84.4
Coal	49.6	20.5	83.5
Comanche	54.2	16.3	56.7
Cotton	49.5	19.9	80.5
Craig	45.7	18.0	71.3
Creek	52.9	17.3	66.8
Custer	51.8	18.9	74.5
Delaware	45.3	18.2	71.3
Dewey	46.9	22.7	83.7
Ellis	47.7	23.8	92.5
Garfield	52.2	18.6	66.8
Garvin	50.6	18.7	77.8
Grady	50.8	19.1	73.1
Grant	46.4	21.1	79.2
Greer	48.9	22.2	83.8
Harmon	46.5	22.8	92.8
Harper	45.6	22.9	89.3
Haskell	48.5	20.5	85.5
Hughes	48.5	18.5	76.9
Jackson	54.9	19.2	85.2
Jefferson	49.8	17.2	79.8
Johnston	47.3	20.4	83.0
Kay	54.1	18.5	66.0
Kingfisher	46.8	20.5	72.1
Kiowa	50.9	20.9	82.9
Latimer	48.0	17.5	76.1
LeFlore	48.4	19.5	80.9
Lincoln	46.1	16.9	70.6
Logan	50.0	18.3	65.1
Love	46.9	21.1	87.3
McClain	49.3	18.9	74.8
McCurtain	50.8	20.1	83.9
McIntosh	49.3	15.8	76.9

County Identification	Mean Percent Yes	Standard Deviation	Range
Major	46.8	22.3	80.7
Marshall	51.0	21.7	83.6
Mayes	46.2	16.5	60.8
Murray	51.1	18.5	78.5
Muskogee	54.1	15.9	73.3
Noble	48.3	18.8	77.9
Nowata	49.4	17.6	67.8
Okfuskee	50.2	17.1	74.4
Oklahoma	53.8	22.1	76.1
Okmulgee	54.1	17.2	67.4
Osage	53.6	18.5	70.3
Ottawa	50.3	17.3	70.4
Pawnee	50.5	18.8	77.6
Payne	55.4	17.9	67.4
Pittsburg	51.2	16.9	63.3
Pontotoc	50.9	18.4	78.1
Pottawatomie	51.8	17.7	71.1
Pushmataha	47.1	19.9	76.3
Roger Mills	47.5	21.7	87.9
Rogers	49.7	17.1	61.7
Seminole	52.7	16.1	65.9
Sequoyah	48.8	18.1	81.0
Stephens	51.7	18.0	72.5
Texas	51.5	22.2	93.7
Tillman	52.3	21.9	78.5
Tulsa	57.1	22.1	81.7
Wagoner	49.7	15.3	59.5
Washington	54.1	23.0	83.7
Washita	49.3	20.5	84.6
Woods	48.1	20.3	81.3
Woodward	48.9	20.8	78.5
N=33	Grand $\bar{\bar{X}}$ 49.9		

Figure 5.9--Percent Distribution of Mean Vote Yes for all Electoral Process, Procedure, Law, and Reform Policy Content Issues Submitted to the Oklahoma Electorate, 1907-1972, by County



tistics for these six counties are: Cimarron ($\bar{X}$=44.7), Delaware ($\bar{X}$=45.3), Harper ($\bar{X}$=45.6), Beaver and Craig ($\bar{X}$=45.7), and Adair ($\bar{X}$=45.9). In terms of partisan voting preference, the categories are distributed accordingly: Harper and Beaver tend to vote Republican, and Craig, Delaware, Cimarron and Adair tend to either lean toward or strongly support the Democratic candidate for Governor during the 1906-1972 period.

In terms of potential swing counties--counties having a narrow average passage level (50.0 to 50.9)-- the following counties are included: Beckham, Kiowa, and Pontotoc ($\bar{X}$=50.9), Grady and McCurtain ($\bar{X}$=50.8), Canadian and Garvin ($\bar{X}$=50.6), Pawnee ($\bar{X}$=50.5), Choctaw ($\bar{X}$=50.4), Ottawa ($\bar{X}$=50.3), Okfuskee ($\bar{X}$=50.2), and Logan ($\bar{X}$=50.0). The swing counties are located in the south and south-central and southwestern sections, as well as the central and north-central and northeastern regions of Oklahoma.

Constitutional Convention Policy

Only three measures proposing a call for a convention to treat the question of constitutional revision have been submitted to the Oklahoma people during the 1907-1972 period. State Question 146, 347, and 472 are all legislative referendums submitted for popular approval or rejection in 1926, 1950, and 1970, respectively. The call for a constitutional convention has always met defeat at the polls.

The average percent yes voting statistics for all counties on the constitutional convention policy are displayed in Table 5-10. Not one county has tended to vote approval of a state constitutional convention over time, and only a few counties have even come close to expressing agreement on the need to call a constitutional convention. The highest ranked yes-saying counties on the constitutional convention issue are:

TABLE 5-10

SUMMARY STATISTICAL CHARACTERISTICS FOR ALL CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION CONTENT MEASURES SUBMITTED TO THE OKLAHOMA ELECTORATE DURING THE PERIOD 1907-1972, BY COUNTY

County Identification	Mean Percent Yes	Standard Deviation	Range
Adair	18.1	12.6	24.3
Alfalfa	9.3	3.9	7.2
Atoka	11.5	7.3	14.2
Beaver	8.5	7.2	14.4
Beckham	11.6	3.3	6.1
Blaine	12.2	3.3	6.5
Bryan	14.3	9.3	17.7
Caddo	16.5	2.8	5.5
Canadian	18.9	6.1	12.0
Carter	20.4	8.0	14.9
Cherokee	14.4	2.7	4.8
Choctaw	13.4	8.9	17.2
Cimarron	7.1	5.6	10.8
Cleveland	38.0	19.3	36.3
Coal	13.3	7.1	13.8
Comanche	24.3	4.5	8.9
Cotton	10.0	6.2	11.1
Craig	11.7	8.0	15.2
Creek	22.4	10.0	18.1
Custer	34.0	26.6	46.6
Delaware	12.7	7.6	13.5
Dewey	9.2	5.0	9.3
Ellis	8.3	5.0	9.7
Garfield	20.3	10.1	18.4
Garvin	14.1	3.3	5.7
Grady	19.2	.42	.8
Grant	7.4	4.1	8.1
Greer	10.5	7.3	14.3
Harmon	15.5	21.0	37.4
Harper	8.2	4.6	8.4
Haskell	14.0	8.4	14.6
Hughes	15.7	8.8	17.0
Jackson	16.3	3.9	7.7
Jefferson	9.0	6.5	12.2
Johnston	13.3	8.4	15.1
Kay	26.0	11.5	22.1
Kingfisher	12.5	4.1	8.1
Kiowa	11.8	5.4	9.9
Latimer	13.3	5.7	11.5
LeFlore	18.9	13.9	27.7
Lincoln	13.4	2.8	5.0
Logan	16.1	8.6	16.7
Love	9.2	7.1	13.2
McClain	17.1	7.9	15.0
McCurtain	14.7	4.0	7.9
McIntosh	17.6	11.8	23.0

County Identification	Mean Percent Yes	Standard Deviation	Range
Major	8.7	4.1	7.5
Marshall	11.8	8.7	17.4
Mayes	16.4	9.3	17.8
Murray	17.7	12.3	24.5
Muskogee	27.6	7.6	15.2
Noble	11.1	4.7	9.5
Nowata	19.5	12.1	22.4
Okfuskee	17.0	7.7	15.3
Oklahoma	34.9	13.3	23.6
Okmulgee	24.9	10.8	20.2
Osage	25.4	7.4	13.6
Ottawa	27.1	4.3	8.6
Pawnee	22.2	9.9	19.7
Payne	28.2	13.8	26.8
Pittsburg	26.2	8.9	16.8
Pontotoc	18.2	1.9	3.8
Pottawatomie	20.9	5.2	9.5
Pushmataha	14.4	8.1	15.4
Roger Mills	6.5	5.1	10.2
Rogers	18.9	8.3	16.1
Seminole	20.1	5.2	10.4
Sequoyah	13.0	7.9	13.8
Stephens	19.7	6.9	13.3
Texas	14.0	9.1	18.1
Tillman	8.6	2.9	5.7
Tulsa	45.6	25.7	48.0
Wagoner	19.6	9.9	18.7
Washington	36.1	19.7	38.3
Washita	9.6	4.3	8.5
Woods	11.0	3.9	7.7
Woodward	11.3	4.3	8.5
N=3	Grand $\bar{\bar{X}}$ 16.9		

Tulsa ($\bar{X}$=45.6), Cleveland ($\bar{X}$=38.0), Washington ($\bar{X}$=36.1), and Oklahoma ($\bar{X}$=34.9). Three of these four highest constitution convention approving counties are included within the Oklahoma City and Tulsa SMSA's, although Washington County is heavily industrialized, especially as it relates to the oil industry, and is the home county of Bartlesville. These four counties of Oklahoma, Tulsa, Cleveland, and Washington tend to have high affluence levels as measured by median family income.

The low average yea-saying counties on the issues pertaining to the constitutional convention policy category are: Roger Mills ($\bar{X}$=6.5), Cimarron ($\bar{X}$=7.1), Grant ($\bar{X}$=7.4), Harper ($\bar{X}$=8.2), Beaver ($\bar{X}$=8.5), and Major ($\bar{X}$=8.7). These counties are all situated in the northwestern section of Oklahoma. In addition to their western geographical position, the low average yea-saying counties are among the most sparsely populated counties in the state.

In the history of the three constitutional amendments only a few counties have ever granted an approval level exceeding a majority of the people who actually cast ballots on the specific measure. For instance, State Question 146, submitted in 1926, was approved by Delaware County with a 64.7 percentage yes vote, although the statewide percentage yes average was 16.5 percent. State Question 347, voted on in 1950, received a passage level in Cleveland (52.3 percent yes) and Tulsa (64.3 percent yes) counties. The statewide percentage yes vote cast for the 1950 constitutional convention call was 31.5 percent. Last, in 1970, State Question 472 was voted on and recieved a statewide percentage yes vote of 23.7. Again, only two counties gave a majority of yes votes to the call for a convention: Tulsa (56.1 percent yes) and Washington (52.5 percent yes).

Thus, on three separate occassions all seventy-seven counties were given the opportunity to approve or reject a call for a constitutional convention. However, in only .02 percent of all trials was a constitutional convention granted approval by a county (5 sucesses out of 231 possibilities). The chance that the people will demand a constitutional convention in the future remain dim indeed.

Government Maintenance Policy

The government maintenance group embraces five propositions that have been voted on by the Oklahoma electorate during the 1907-1972 period. This category accounts for only 2.0 percent of all state propositions voted on during the first sixty-five years after Oklahoma was admitted to the union. The passage level for government maintenance issues has been fairly high with 60.0 percent receiving popular approval. This category is an important one, for the issues treated here enable the state to provide for construction, maintenace and operation of network functions and facilities.

This entire group of measures dealt with either water associated issues or measures pertaining to the construction, operation, maintenance and financing of Oklahoma turnpikes. Not one government maintenance measure was submitted for the first thirty-one years of Oklahoma's history, and none were submitted in the intervening fourteen years between 1958-1972. Eighty percent of the measures fitting the government maintenance definition were submitted during the 1950's.

The top average yes voting counties (see Table 5-11 and Figure 5-10) for the government maintenance policy area are: Washington ($\overline{X}$=67.0), Tulsa ($\overline{X}$=65.9), Pontotoc ($\overline{X}$=64.0), Choctaw ($\overline{X}$=63.1), and Kay($\overline{X}$=61.7).

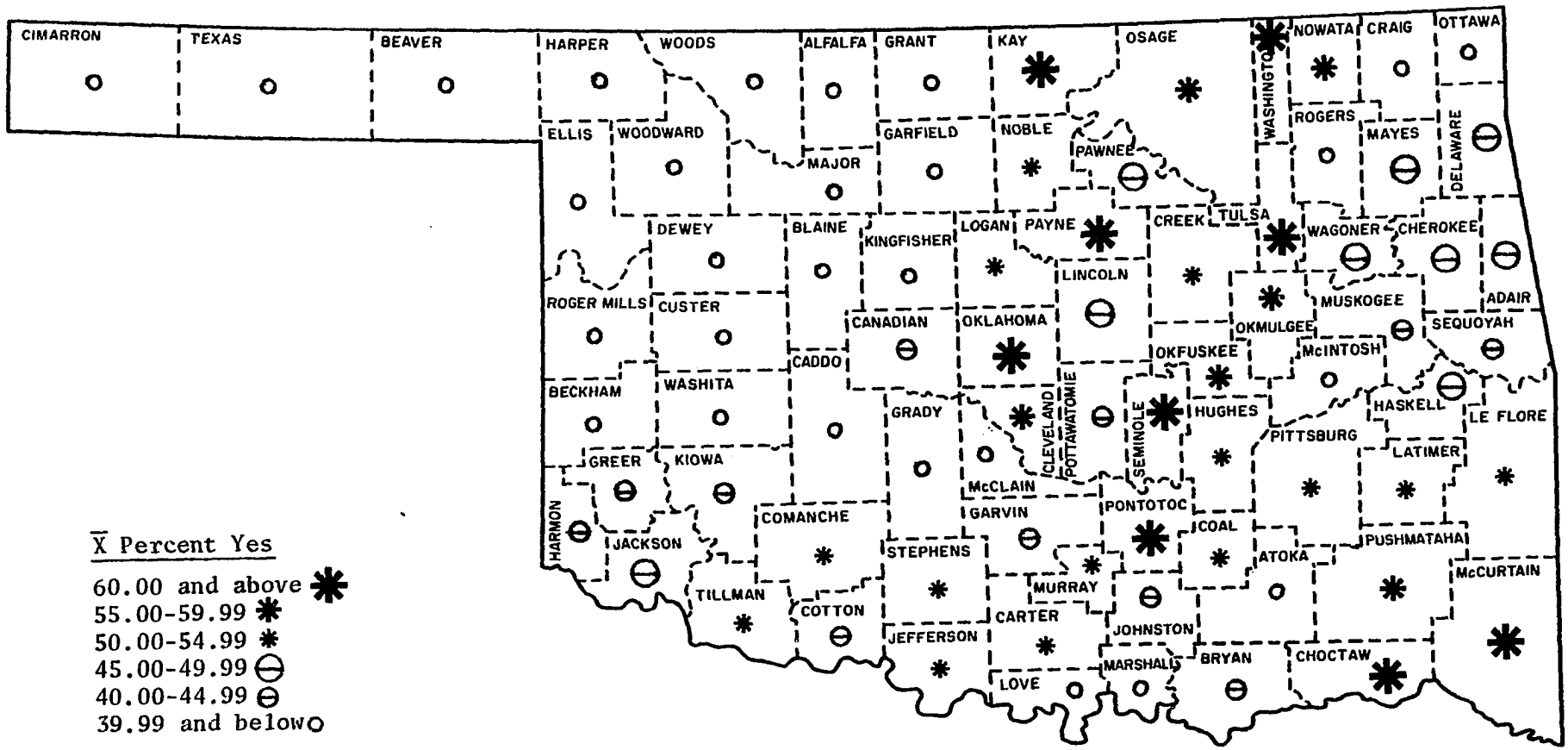
TABLE 5-11

SUMMARY STATISTICAL CHARACTERISTICS FOR ALL GOVERNMENT MAINTENANCE CONTENT MEASURES SUBMITTED TO THE OKLAHOMA ELECTORATE DURING THE PERIOD 1907-1972, BY COUNTY

County Identification	Mean Percent Yes	Standard Deviation	Range
Adair	48.9	10.4	28.9
Alfalfa	39.1	14.4	39.5
Atoka	34.2	25.3	54.7
Beaver	36.2	14.6	34.2
Beckham	26.3	23.5	56.8
Blaine	36.4	12.1	33.3
Bryan	42.1	20.4	44.2
Caddo	37.4	16.9	44.8
Canadian	42.2	13.0	35.3
Carter	51.1	13.3	37.6
Cherokee	49.2	12.3	30.3
Choctaw	63.1	15.9	38.5
Cimarron	33.8	11.4	28.3
Cleveland	56.4	20.1	49.0
Coal	51.0	13.6	34.7
Comanche	52.8	17.4	40.5
Cotton	43.8	14.4	39.9
Craig	34.7	9.3	22.5
Creek	53.5	14.1	38.4
Custer	30.7	24.7	55.1
Delaware	48.1	13.6	29.0
Dewey	27.7	12.7	30.9
Ellis	31.1	12.4	33.7
Garfield	37.0	18.3	49.6
Garvin	40.2	16.6	45.9
Grady	36.4	19.4	46.4
Grant	39.8	18.4	44.2
Greer	42.8	16.2	45.7
Harmon	41.6	16.6	45.9
Harper	39.9	17.7	40.3
Haskell	49.4	12.9	32.7
Hughes	54.4	18.2	46.8
Jackson	48.9	19.3	53.6
Jefferson	51.1	17.9	48.4
Johnston	40.2	17.0	36.9
Kay	61.7	25.3	60.7
Kingfisher	34.4	17.0	45.4
Kiowa	42.5	16.4	45.6
Latimer	53.2	13.7	38.4
LeFlore	51.3	9.9	24.2
Lincoln	47.3	18.4	40.1
Logan	51.9	16.1	36.5
Love	36.9	14.8	32.9
McClain	39.3	18.1	45.0
McCurtain	60.4	19.5	43.9
McIntosh	36.5	23.5	55.9

County Identification	Mean Percent Yes	Standard Deviation	Range
Major	25.4	13.7	35.3
Marshall	38.8	23.2	48.3
Mayes	45.5	13.0	36.2
Murray	50.9	14.0	39.5
Muskogee	40.7	23.4	53.9
Noble	52.2	24.7	50.0
Nowata	55.3	17.4	37.2
Okfuskee	58.0	14.9	38.2
Oklahoma	60.5	26.4	60.5
Okmulgee	59.3	10.5	25.6
Osage	59.3	16.7	42.2
Ottawa	38.9	15.0	36.4
Pawnee	48.8	15.3	37.6
Payne	60.8	19.4	52.2
Pittsburg	50.2	13.8	38.2
Pontotoc	64.0	22.9	55.2
Pottawatomie	40.1	21.6	48.2
Pushmataha	59.3	20.3	45.8
Roger Mills	25.3	16.2	37.8
Rogers	36.5	19.1	46.2
Seminole	61.0	17.5	37.3
Sequoyah	43.4	20.3	47.6
Stephens	52.7	20.5	53.4
Texas	38.8	7.5	21.2
Tillman	51.2	20.8	53.2
Tulsa	65.9	23.6	54.5
Wagoner	49.8	15.8	42.8
Washington	67.0	22.1	49.7
Washita	30.8	19.8	46.9
Woods	33.0	13.1	35.4
Woodward	37.8	14.0	34.7
N=5	Grand $\bar{\bar{X}}$ 45.6		

Figure 5.10--Percent Distribution of Mean Vote Yes for all Government Maintenance Policy Content Issues Submitted to the Oklahoma Electorate, 1907-1972, by County



The high yea-saying counties are generally positioned in the north, northeastern and southeastern section of the state. A review of Figure 5-10 reveals the yea-saying levels of all counties included in the mean percentage yes group of 50.0 and above, and show these counties to be located in the north-central and central and south-southeastern portions of the state. Six of the counties that comprise the three SMSA areas are represented in the over 50.0 percent yes category, and a sizeable number of the states largest populated counties fall into these same yea-voting groups. Only 17 percent (N=5) of the twenty counties that tended to vote yes on government maintenance measures also show a tendency to vote Republican for the office of Governor (1906-1972). Three of the high average yes voting counties have high median family income levels based on the analysis of the 1960 census data for all of Oklahoma counties (Tulsa, Washington, and Kay). In contradistinction, Choctaw County has one of the lowest median income levels in the state.

The very lowest average yes percent counties on the government maintenance group are located in the west-central and western portion of Oklahoma. This lowest average group includes the counties or Roger Mills ($\bar{X}$=25.3), Major ($\bar{X}$=25.4), Beckham ($\bar{X}$=26.3), Dewey ($\bar{X}$=27.7), and Custer ($\bar{X}$=30.7). An anlaysis of the distribution of the low and high yes granting counties tends to reinforce an "East-West" split relative to this policy area. In addition, counties such as Dewey, Roger Mills, and Major are among the lowest populated in Oklahoma.

Several counties fall into the swing category: Cherokee ($\bar{X}$=49.2), Haskell ($\bar{X}$=49.4), Wagoner ($\bar{X}$=49.8), Murray ($\bar{X}$=50.9), and Pittsburg ($\bar{X}$=50.2). The three counties included in the average yes narrow defeat category are all located in the eastern part of the state, and Murray and Pittsburg

(included in the narrow passage category) are positioned in the south-central and southeastern sectors. All of these swing counties have tended to vote the Democratic ticket for Governor during the 1906-1962 period.

Health, Welfare and Safety Policy

Health, welfare, and safety content issues have been placed on the ballot only six times in the span between 1907-1972. A high rate of passage is present for measures that fit this policy subject matter, for over 80 percent (83.3) of the health, welfare and safety measures have met the approval of the Oklahoma citizenry. The last health, welfare and safety measure to be referred to the Oklahoma electorate took place in 1941 with the submission of a measure related to old age assistance that was adopted by a 76.3 percent yes vote.

The average yes vote for all counties on the six health, education and safety measures is presented in Table 5-12 and geographically illustrated in Figure 5-11. The highest yea-saying tendency is found for the following counties: Latimer ($\overline{X}$=76.7), Creek ($\overline{X}$=74.4), Carter ($\overline{X}$=73.5), Okmulgee ($\overline{X}$=73.2), and Johnston ($\overline{X}$=72.8). The high average yes-ranking counties are located in the east and south-central regions and southeastern section of Oklahoma. Generally a high percentage yes vote was attained for the counties on the health, welfare, and safety category (all the counties have a mean percent yes vote that exceeded 55.0 percent). Even the lowest average yes voting counties (Grant, $\overline{X}$=55.5; Woods, $\overline{X}$=56.4; Kingfisher, $\overline{X}$=57.5; Noble, $\overline{X}$=59.9; and Beaver $\overline{X}$=60.5) demonstrated a tendency to vote yes in degrees that exceeded the 55.0 percent level. There were no swing counties since none of the seventy-seven counties have

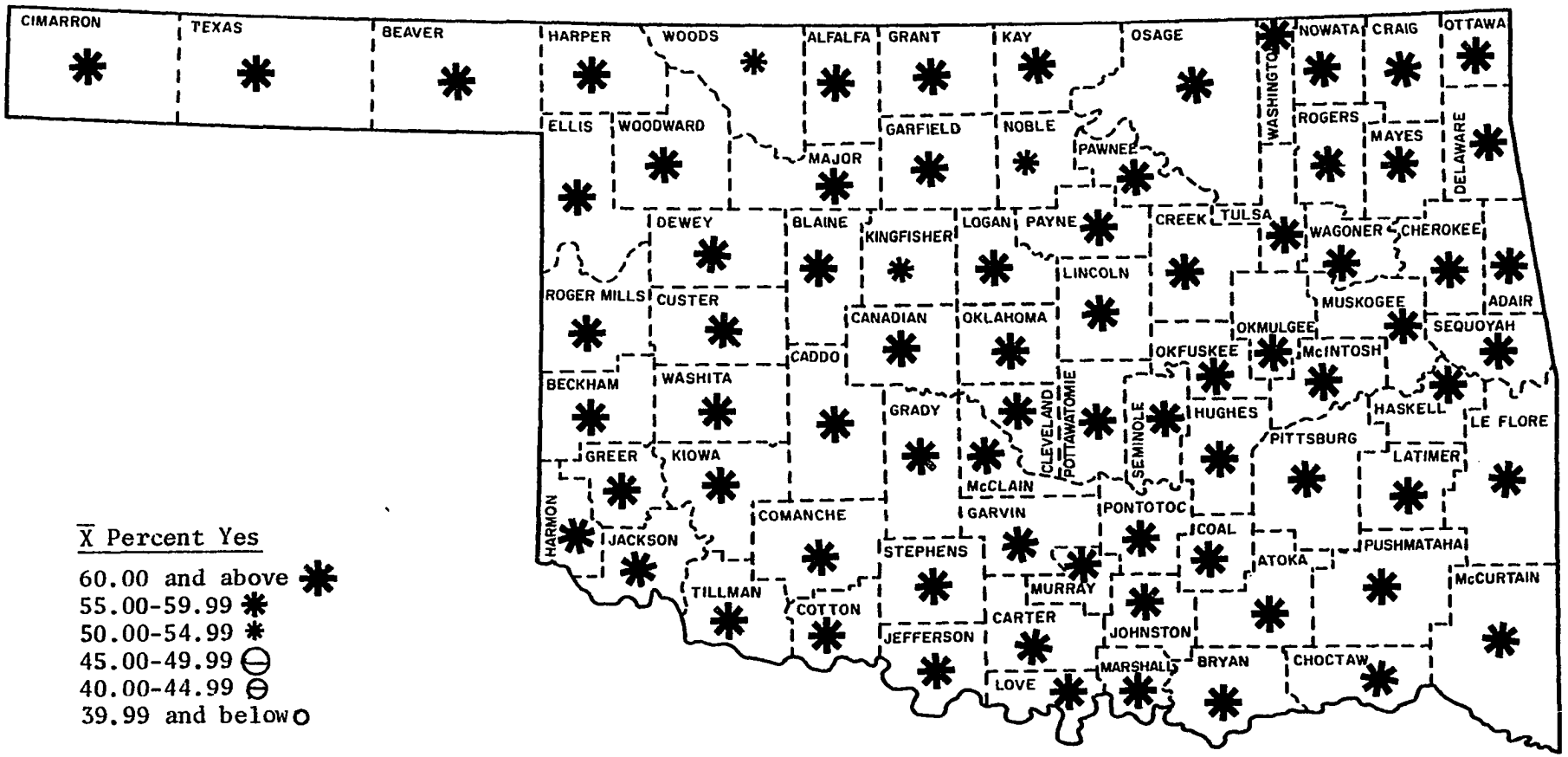
TABLE 5-12

SUMMARY STATISTICAL CHARACTERISTICS FOR ALL HEALTH, WELFARE AND SAFETY CONTENT MEASURES SUBMITTED TO THE OKLAHOMA ELECTORATE DURING THE PERIOD 1907-1972, BY COUNTY

County Identification	Mean Percent Yes	Standard Deviation	Range
Adair	67.4	10.6	29.1
Alfalfa	60.9	11.0	28.6
Atoka	67.2	16.5	40.3
Beaver	60.5	14.3	37.9
Beckham	67.9	12.4	30.8
Blaine	64.2	8.4	22.4
Bryan	65.2	10.6	27.9
Caddo	66.6	10.8	30.1
Canadian	63.0	8.8	22.2
Carter	73.5	9.9	22.7
Cherokee	67.4	14.3	36.7
Choctaw	66.0	15.2	39.1
Cimarron	63.1	9.9	29.0
Cleveland	64.5	12.7	32.5
Coal	72.2	14.3	39.2
Comanche	65.0	9.7	22.6
Cotton	66.6	14.9	37.4
Craig	62.7	14.5	38.6
Creek	74.4	8.4	24.4
Custer	66.3	13.6	32.9
Delaware	65.3	13.9	36.4
Dewey	63.3	11.9	27.4
Ellis	63.5	11.3	28.7
Garfield	63.0	9.2	19.7
Garvin	64.7	12.8	31.0
Grady	65.4	11.3	27.2
Grant	55.5	12.1	33.5
Greer	70.6	10.1	27.5
Harmon	61.6	13.2	35.6
Harper	65.3	12.3	32.7
Haskell	70.9	17.1	46.5
Hughes	68.7	19.0	49.3
Jackson	63.4	11.8	29.0
Jefferson	63.4	14.0	28.5
Johnston	72.8	17.2	45.4
Kay	64.1	10.4	29.2
Kingfisher	57.5	10.3	24.8
Kiowa	67.6	10.0	25.4
Latimer	76.7	12.6	30.9
LeFlore	68.6	12.5	33.7
Lincoln	65.5	12.0	29.0
Logan	65.9	7.3	18.7
Love	63.3	16.0	40.7
McClain	67.3	12.0	26.1
McCurtain	70.7	13.7	39.4
McIntosh	65.3	11.9	34.2

County Identification	Mean Percent Yes	Standard Deviation	Range
Major	61.5	12.5	27.6
Marshall	71.3	13.2	30.4
Mayes	67.2	12.4	32.7
Murray	68.4	10.0	26.3
Muskogee	64.1	11.4	29.3
Noble	59.9	9.5	26.2
Nowata	65.6	10.7	28.8
Okfuskee	70.0	13.9	35.2
Oklahoma	68.6	6.7	19.3
Okmulgee	73.2	12.4	34.0
Osage	68.4	7.9	23.7
Ottawa	64.8	10.9	30.6
Pawnee	66.2	8.2	21.2
Payne	67.9	6.2	17.0
Pittsburg	71.1	14.2	34.7
Pontotoc	61.7	13.1	37.0
Pottawatomie	67.3	14.6	37.2
Pushmataha	72.4	15.6	33.6
Roger Mills	65.7	12.4	32.1
Rogers	66.1	10.5	27.4
Seminole	69.3	13.4	33.9
Sequoyah	70.6	18.5	49.5
Stephens	70.2	14.1	31.7
Texas	63.6	12.1	32.2
Tillman	65.7	8.5	21.0
Tulsa	70.8	13.6	35.6
Wagoner	66.8	10.5	27.2
Washington	64.4	15.8	45.3
Washita	63.0	11.1	25.5
Woods	56.4	8.6	21.9
Woodward	61.5	12.4	35.9
N=6	Grand $\bar{\bar{X}}$ 66.2		

Figure 5.11--Percent Distribution of Mean Vote Yes for all Health, Welfare, and Safety Policy Content Issues Submitted to the Oklahoma Electorate, 1907-1972, by County



an average percentage yes vote that falls into the mean percent yes range of 49.0 to 50.9.

Education Policy

Education oriented policies were not submitted to the electorate until 1926. The overall level of passage for issues associated with this category is 36.4 percent, or four out of the eleven measures submitted to the electorate were adopted. Many of the issues, as the proposal samples provided below show, were oriented toward teacher benefits and various types of eductional aid and assistance to common schools. For example:

- Free Textbooks: In 1926 the people petitioned to have Senate Bill Number 54 referred for popular consideration. The legislative act was rejected with only 34.1 percent of the voters giving their approval to a new Free Textbook Law. Seventy-eight percent of the voters who voted for the highest candidate in the General Election of 1926, also voted on this measure.

  Later, State Question 318, was approved by a 61.0 percent majority, in the General Election of 1946. The adoption of Question Number 318 provided for a free textbook system to be established for Oklahoma.

- Teacher Retirement and Death and Disability Benefits: A question identical to State Question 242 that was submitted in 1938, was re-submitted in 1942, and again, rejected with a 42.2 percent yes vote.

- School Aid: An initiative petition submitted to voters in the General Election, 1946, and approved by a 60.2 percent majority. It provided for annual support of common schools up to a 42 per capita rate.

- School Consolidation: A bill submitted to the people through their powers of the initiative petition that provided for the disorganization of school districts and provided for the consolidation and annexation of others. It was rejected in 1964 when it received a 42.3 percent yes vote, although it had a voter participation level of 86.6 percent.

- Separate Schools: A significant amendment which proposed the repeal of the "separate but equal" schools provision of Article XII. The voters agreed with its

repeal by a 66.3 percent yes margin, and State Question 428 was adopted in 1966.

- Public School Desegregation: In 1970, State Question Number 475, Legislative Referendum Number 183 was given to the voters for their approval or rejection. Had it been approved by the electorate it would have prohibited the segregation of children in public schools on the basis of race, creed, color or natural origin. It received a 46.4 percent agreement level and therefore failed to pass.

Several other measures dealing with teacher retirement and the provision of superintendents for public schools are also included in the education group.

The counties tending to vote yes on all eleven issues, as reflected by the average percent yes vote compiled and displayed in Table 5-13 and Figure 5-12, are generally located throughout the central, far southern, and eastern regions of Oklahoma. The north-central and northwestern portions are distinctively absent relative to an average yea-saying tendency exceeding 50.0 percent. The top five yes voting counties on education issues are: Bryan ($\overline{X}$=57.9), Muskogee ($\overline{X}$=57.7), Ottawa ($\overline{X}$=57.5), Okmulgee ($\overline{X}$=57.4), and Cleveland ($\overline{X}$=56.6). These counties are located in the eastern and central regions of Oklahoma, and they all tended to vote strongly Democratic for Governor during the 1906-1972 period (see Figure 4-3). In general, the highest average yea-saying counties tend to comprise the largest populated counties in Oklahoma. Only Cleveland County is associated with a SMSA.

The lowest average yes vote received on the eleven issues constituting the education policy category are northern, west-central, and western in location. This group of counties also comprises a low number of people residing within their political jurisdictions and tended, with

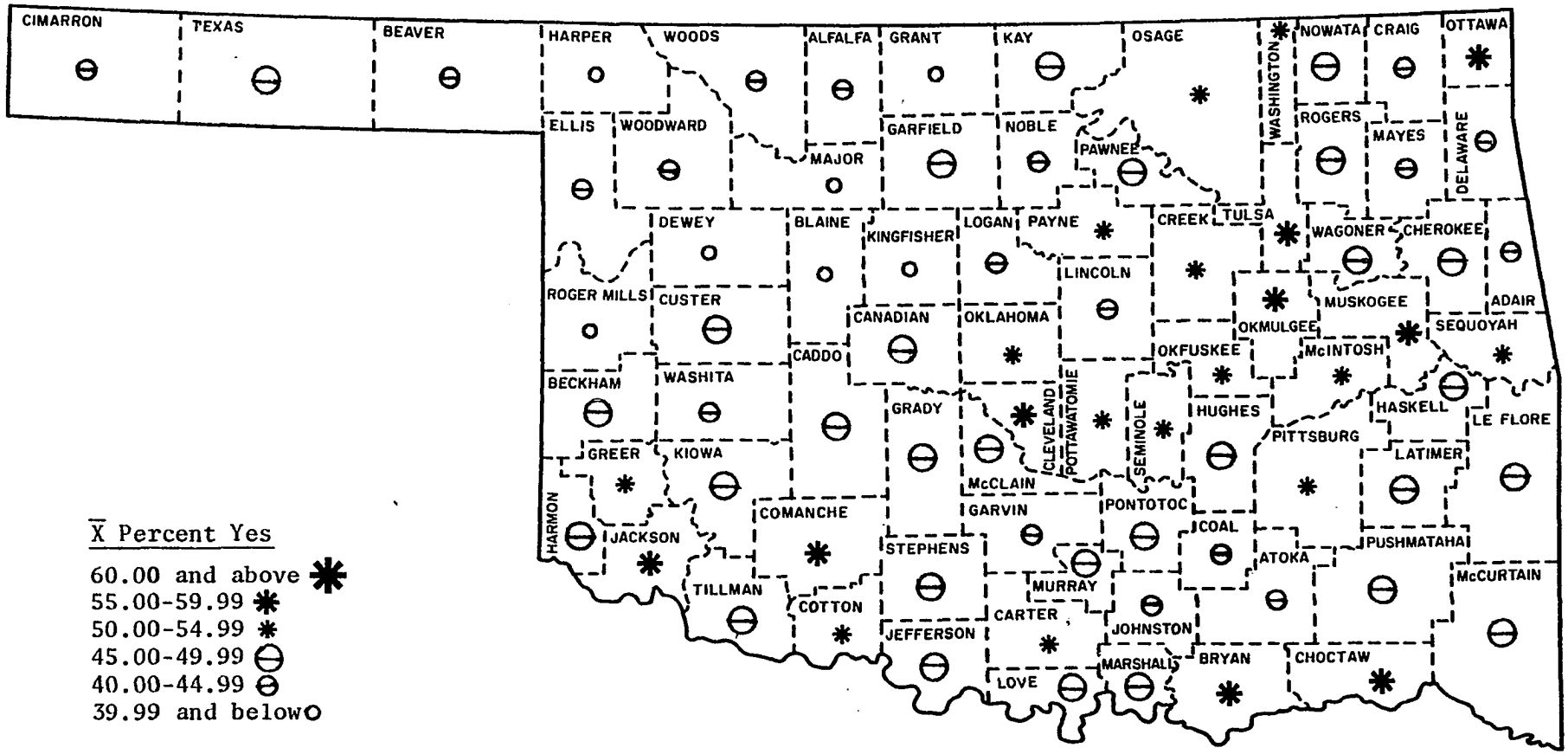
TABLE 5-13

SUMMARY STATISTICAL CHARACTERISTICS FOR ALL EDUCATION CONTENT MEASURES SUBMITTED TO THE OKLAHOMA ELECTORATE DURING THE PERIOD 1907-1972, BY COUNTY

County Identification	Mean Percent Yes	Standard Deviation	Range
Adair	44.2	12.0	34.1
Alfalfa	40.6	10.8	35.9
Atoka	43.9	11.4	30.2
Beaver	41.5	7.1	29.4
Beckham	49.5	12.3	33.4
Blaine	39.8	12.3	38.8
Bryan	57.9	11.5	35.5
Caddo	45.3	11.1	33.0
Canadian	47.1	10.4	32.0
Carter	52.4	12.7	43.9
Cherokee	47.1	12.7	35.4
Choctaw	55.9	9.5	23.4
Cimarron	41.3	6.4	21.8
Cleveland	56.6	12.7	35.4
Coal	44.3	15.9	43.9
Comanche	56.1	10.2	28.9
Cotton	50.9	11.7	34.5
Craig	41.0	14.9	40.0
Creek	54.5	15.0	39.4
Custer	47.7	9.0	30.8
Delaware	43.6	9.3	28.1
Dewey	39.1	11.0	33.3
Ellis	40.0	8.5	32.3
Garfield	47.2	12.6	39.2
Garvin	44.7	15.8	38.2
Grady	45.3	9.2	30.3
Grant	34.5	12.8	42.3
Greer	50.0	12.1	30.6
Harmon	46.3	9.6	35.4
Harper	39.4	9.4	32.8
Haskell	48.6	13.3	31.6
Hughes	49.6	13.3	32.9
Jackson	55.9	12.1	32.3
Jefferson	46.3	9.1	28.8
Johnston	44.4	9.0	25.3
Kay	46.2	17.5	44.3
Kingfisher	34.6	11.4	38.6
Kiowa	49.3	11.3	30.7
Latimer	47.8	7.6	22.2
LeFlore	46.0	14.0	38.3
Lincoln	40.5	10.5	36.0
Logan	44.3	10.9	33.0
Love	49.5	11.6	28.6
McClain	45.5	12.9	32.6
McCurtain	49.2	11.6	34.4
McIntosh	50.7	8.1	22.8

County Identification	Mean Percent Yes	Standard Deviation	Range
Major	36.2	11.5	40.4
Marshall	47.3	10.6	30.4
Mayes	43.8	13.4	36.6
Murray	48.6	12.5	33.3
Muskogee	57.7	11.6	40.0
Noble	41.9	15.6	41.4
Nowata	48.1	14.4	43.2
Okfuskee	50.2	11.8	33.9
Oklahoma	54.1	11.4	35.9
Okmulgee	57.4	12.1	36.2
Osage	52.7	13.5	36.0
Ottawa	57.5	7.9	26.2
Pawnee	45.5	13.8	37.4
Payne	54.8	11.8	30.9
Pittsburg	52.8	7.2	21.3
Pontotoc	47.4	13.9	37.9
Pottawatomie	50.5	13.5	32.9
Pushmataha	49.1	15.3	40.2
Roger Mills	38.9	10.0	31.7
Rogers	45.9	10.3	37.6
Seminole	51.7	15.8	43.0
Sequoyah	50.6	15.2	38.7
Stephens	46.4	14.3	34.7
Texas	48.5	8.3	32.0
Tillman	49.2	11.1	32.7
Tulsa	57.9	11.1	29.7
Wagoner	47.5	11.6	42.0
Washington	51.0	14.1	46.3
Washita	42.6	10.6	35.8
Woods	40.6	11.0	35.9
Woodward	43.9	11.0	38.1
N=11 Grand $\bar{\bar{X}}$	47.3		

Figure 5.12--Percent Distribution of Mean Vote Yes for all Education Policy Content Issues Submitted to the Oklahoma Electorate, 1907-1972, by County



the exception of Roger Mills County, to vote Republican in the gubernatorial elections held between 1906-1972. The counties forming the low average yea-saying group are: Grant ($\bar{X}$=34.5), Kingfisher ($\bar{X}$=34.6), Major ($\bar{X}$=36.2), Roger Mills ($\bar{X}$=38.9), and Dewey ($\bar{X}$=39.1).

An analysis of Figure 5-12 further reveals that all but one county (Canadian), that are used to establish the three Oklahoma SMSA's have an average yea-saying tendency exceeding 50.0 percent. The potential swing counties on education propositions are likely to consist of Beckham ($\bar{X}$=49.5), Hughes ($\bar{X}$=49.6), Kiowa ($\bar{X}$=49.3), Love ($\bar{X}$=49.5), McCurtain ($\bar{X}$=49.2), Tillman ($\bar{X}$=49.2), and Pushmataha ($\bar{X}$=49.1) in the narrow percentage rejection category of 49.0 to 49.9 percent yes. These counties have a heavy southwestern and southeastern orientation, as well as a history of Democratic voting for state offices. The swing counties composing the percentage interval 50.0 to 50.9 percent yes were: Cotton ($\bar{X}$=50.9), McIntosh ($\bar{X}$=50.7), Sequoyah ($\bar{X}$=50.6), Pottawatomie ($\bar{X}$=50.5) Okfuskee ($\bar{X}$=50.2), and Greer ($\bar{X}$= 50.0). This group of counties is located in the southwestern, east-central and eastern section of the state and also tend to vote Democratic.

Veteran Benefit Policy

Six state questions have been submitted to and voted upon by the Oklahoma electorate in the area of veteran benefits. However, only one proposition of the six dealing with the veterans' benefits was passed by the electorate. The first veteran related proposition was submitted and rejected in 1922, and the last measure of this policy type was submitted and turned down by the voters in 1956. Veterans' benefits have always received a high level of voter participation, although they have normally

been met with defeat.

The average percent yes vote for Oklahoma's counties on all veteran oriented policy type issues is presented in Table 5-14 and Figure 5-13. The top average yes voting counties are: Sequoyah ($\bar{X}$=59.6), Adair ($\bar{X}$=59.3), LeFlore ($\bar{X}$=59.2), Haskell ($\bar{X}$=57.8), and Love ($\bar{X}$=53.3). A review of Figure 5-13 illustrates the eastern location of these top ranked counties, and the general eastern, east-central, and southern location of yea-saying counties on veteran policy propositions, therefore reflecting to a limited degree an "East-West" division, as well as a "North-South" distinction. Also, a comparison of Figure 5-13 with Figure 4-3 reveals that all counties with an average percent yes vote of 50.0 or above on the veteran benefit issues have a tendency to vote strongly Democratic for Governor during the 1907-1962 period.

The lowest average percent yes votes on the veteran policy category are found in these counties: Noble ($\bar{X}$=32.2), Kingfisher ($\bar{X}$=34.5), Grant ($\bar{X}$=34.9), Washington ($\bar{X}$=35.0), and Harper ($\bar{X}$=35.7). This group of counties are positioned in the northern and west-central sections of Oklahoma, and have a tendency to vote Republican for the office of Governor over the period of 1906-1972. There is clearly a "North-South" differentiation relative to support of veteran related propositions and partisan choice for Governor.

Potential swing counties on veteran benefit issues are: Coal ($\bar{X}$=49.4 percent yes), and McClain ($\bar{X}$=49.3 percent yes) in the 49.0 to 49.9 average percentage yes category; in the 50.0 to 50.9 average percentage yes category are the counties of Bryan ($\bar{X}$=50.5), Marshall ($\bar{X}$=50.3), Murray ($\bar{X}$=50.1), and Okfuskee ($\bar{X}$=50.9). The overwhelming proportion of these marginal support

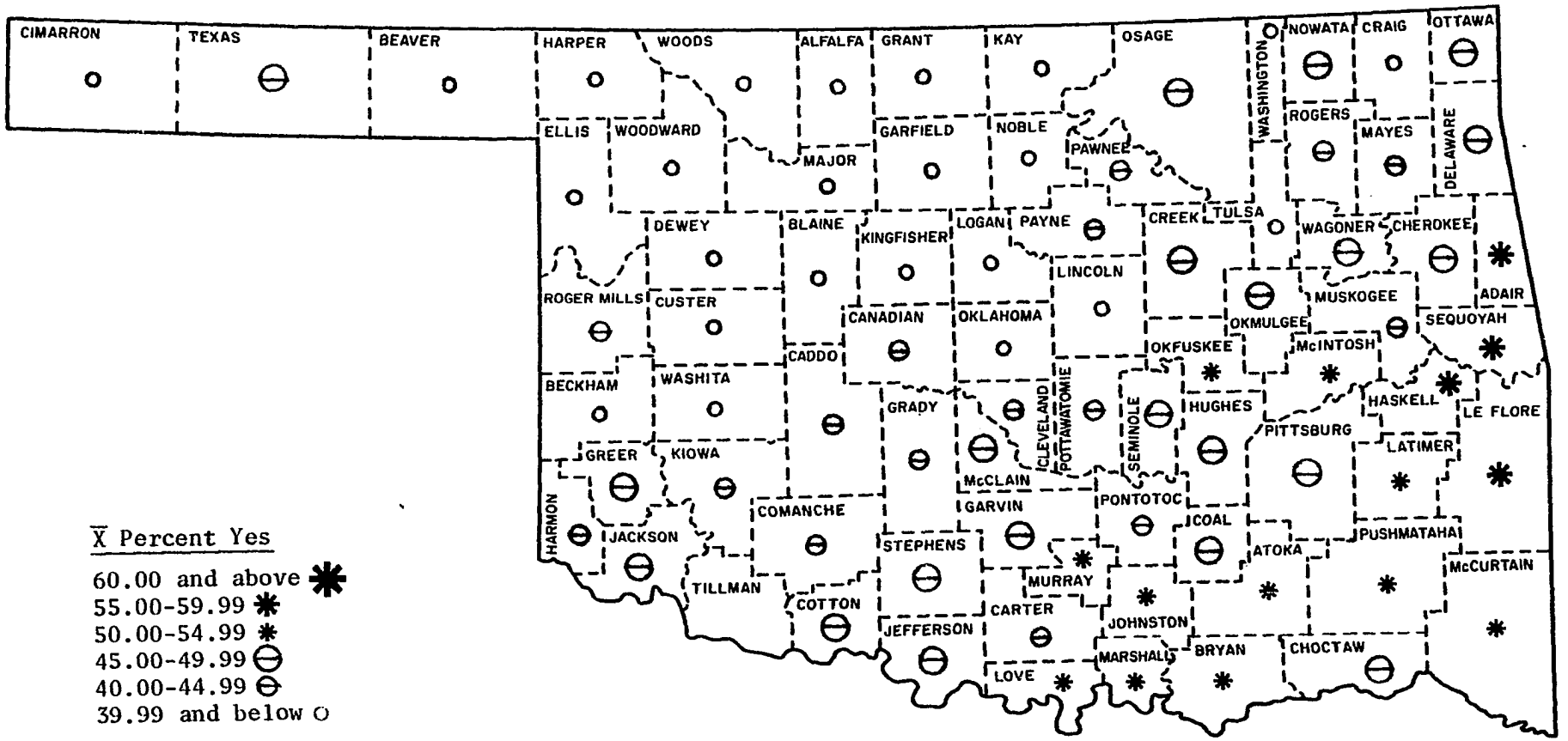
TABLE 5-14

SUMMARY STATISTICAL CHARACTERISTICS FOR ALL VETERAN BENEFIT POLICY CONTENT MEASURES SUBMITTED TO THE OKLAHOMA ELECTORATE DURING THE PERIOD 1907-1972, BY COUNTY

County Identification	Mean Percent Yes	Standard Deviation	Range
Adair	59.3	10.9	28.0
Alfalfa	37.5	16.7	40.0
Atoka	52.2	10.2	26.1
Beaver	35.8	15.3	36.7
Beckham	38.9	13.7	36.0
Blaine	39.4	14.5	35.3
Bryan	50.5	10.5	26.6
Caddo	42.6	10.7	28.7
Canadian	40.1	10.7	31.1
Carter	44.8	10.9	28.8
Cherokee	48.3	8.2	20.0
Choctaw	48.2	9.1	25.6
Cimarron	38.0	14.5	40.9
Cleveland	40.2	13.5	35.8
Coal	49.4	10.7	25.1
Comanche	44.6	11.7	29.9
Cotton	48.7	11.1	30.3
Craig	36.3	9.1	22.4
Creek	47.7	13.3	32.7
Custer	38.0	12.6	36.3
Delaware	46.3	9.7	25.6
Dewey	37.0	13.9	34.6
Ellis	38.9	17.1	43.0
Garfield	37.2	13.9	34.7
Garvin	45.5	14.6	32.2
Grady	43.4	12.8	36.3
Grant	34.9	13.5	35.2
Greer	47.0	12.0	31.6
Harmon	40.0	13.2	36.5
Harper	35.7	17.1	40.3
Haskell	57.8	5.2	13.9
Hughes	47.1	14.7	35.6
Jackson	47.0	11.4	33.1
Jefferson	47.9	8.2	21.4
Johnston	51.4	10.1	28.8
Kay	39.8	13.7	33.6
Kingfisher	34.5	14.0	38.3
Kiowa	40.0	13.5	36.7
Latimer	52.2	9.7	23.0
LeFlore	59.2	9.4	21.8
Lincoln	38.2	10.2	27.1
Logan	37.7	12.0	31.5
Love	53.3	10.5	26.4
McClain	49.3	11.0	30.5
McCurtain	51.0	7.2	19.8
McIntosh	51.1	7.6	19.1

County Identification	Mean Percent Yes	Standard Deviation	Range
Major	38.1	20.9	56.1
Marshall	50.3	11.6	27.9
Mayes	43.0	8.9	24.0
Murray	50.1	13.3	32.8
Muskogee	43.9	12.4	31.1
Noble	32.2	10.7	30.6
Nowata	48.6	15.5	38.4
Okfuskee	50.9	13.4	33.8
Oklahoma	37.1	12.8	31.9
Okmulgee	45.8	8.8	26.6
Osage	48.4	15.3	38.2
Ottawa	45.4	9.0	25.9
Pawnee	41.1	11.9	28.6
Payne	38.2	12.6	33.6
Pittsburg	46.4	9.6	20.4
Pontotoc	43.1	12.7	29.7
Pottawatomie	41.5	11.4	27.5
Pushmataha	52.6	6.8	18.2
Roger Mills	43.2	13.7	37.7
Rogers	44.8	10.3	32.3
Seminole	48.5	14.5	37.0
Sequoyah	59.6	6.6	15.4
Stephens	45.8	13.0	30.6
Texas	47.8	22.4	65.8
Tillman	47.8	12.8	39.5
Tulsa	37.5	12.7	35.1
Wagoner	46.5	10.7	30.1
Washington	35.0	12.1	34.4
Washita	39.0	12.8	38.5
Woods	37.2	16.1	35.1
Woodward	36.0	17.3	39.3
N=6	Grand $\bar{X}$ 44.3		

Figure 5.13--Percent Distribution of Mean Vote Yes for all Veteran Benefit Policy Content Issues Submitted to the Oklahoma Electorate, 1907-1972, by County



X̄ Percent Yes

60.00 and above ✱
55.00-59.99 ✱
50.00-54.99 ✱
45.00-49.99 ⊖
40.00-44.99 ⊖
39.99 and below ○

counties are located in south-central Oklahoma, and have been traditonally Democratic in partisan orientation.

Public Morality and Individual Life Style Policy

Thirteen issues, or 5.1 percent of the total number of measures voted on between 1907-1972, have been referred for voter consideration in the policy area associated with public morality and individual life style. It is a popular view that issues possessing a "morality" factor or "sin" overtone would tend not to be adopted in a state that clearly possesses a majority of its citizens that are identified with fundamentalist religious beliefs, basically the Baptist religious tradition.[12] The data support the belief that Oklahoman's are inclined to reject measures pertaining to public morality and individual life style, for only two measures falling into this policy category (15.4 percent) were adopted by popular vote over the sixty-five year period which is considered in this study. Some typical examples of propositions that fit this general policy category are:

- Repeal of Prohibition: An initiative petition providing for the sale of intoxicating beverages was rejected in 1910, by a yes vote of 45.4 percent. Ninety-three percent of those who cast a ballot at the General Election of 1910, also voted for or against the prohibition of liquor repeal measure.

- Slot Machines: A referendum petition that had it been adopted, would have repealed the penalties associated with gambling and running slot machines. The measure was rejected when it failed to secure more than 47.6 percent of the electoral yes vote in the Primary Election of August 4, 1916.

- Gambling: A referendum petition designed to repeal a legislative act preventing gambling and bookmaking, and other gambling activities in the State of Oklahoma. This measure was rejected in 1914, when it received an affirmative vote of 46.9 percent.

- 3.2 Percent Beer as a Non-Intoxicating Beverage: A legislative referendum submitted to the voters in 1932 and adopted by a 63.4 percent yes majority. It defined beverages as non-intoxicating if they contained less than 3.2 percent alcohol by weight.

- County-Option Prohibition: A legislative referendum that was submitted to the electorate in 1959 which would have left it up to the people of each county to decide whether they wanted alcoholic beverages to be manufactured and sold in their own county. The measure was rejected with a 32.0 percent yes vote favoring the county-option plan.

- "Blue-Laws"--Saturday and Sunday: In 1971, the people voted on a "Blue Law" proposal that would have made it illegal to sell certain merchandise on Saturday and on Sunday. The act was rejected when only 46.1 percent of the people agreed with the idea of prohibiting the sale of specific goods on the weekend.

On a number of separate occassions, measures designed to repeal prohibition were placed before the people for their popular approval, and they were all rejected.

The counties that demonstrated the highest average yea-saying vote on the total set of public morality measures are: Tulsa ($\bar{X}$=53.1), Muskogee ($\bar{X}$=52.4), Osage ($\bar{X}$=51.5), and Adair ($\bar{X}$=51.2). The fifth highest mean percentage yes vote was cast for Oklahoma County (X=49.7 percent). It is clear from a review of the statistics provided for the counties of Oklahoma in Table 5-15, and displayed in Figure 5-14, that three of the counties that tended to vote yes were largely urban and metropolitan in their make-up. Indeed, Osage and Tulsa partially compose the Tulsa SMSA, and the city of Muskogee is presently among the top ten largest cities in the state. Three of the four yea-saying counties have generally voted Democratic for Governor (Tulsa is the exception). In addition, the yea-tending counties are all located in the northern quadrant of the state.

The counties with the lowest average percent yes vote on public

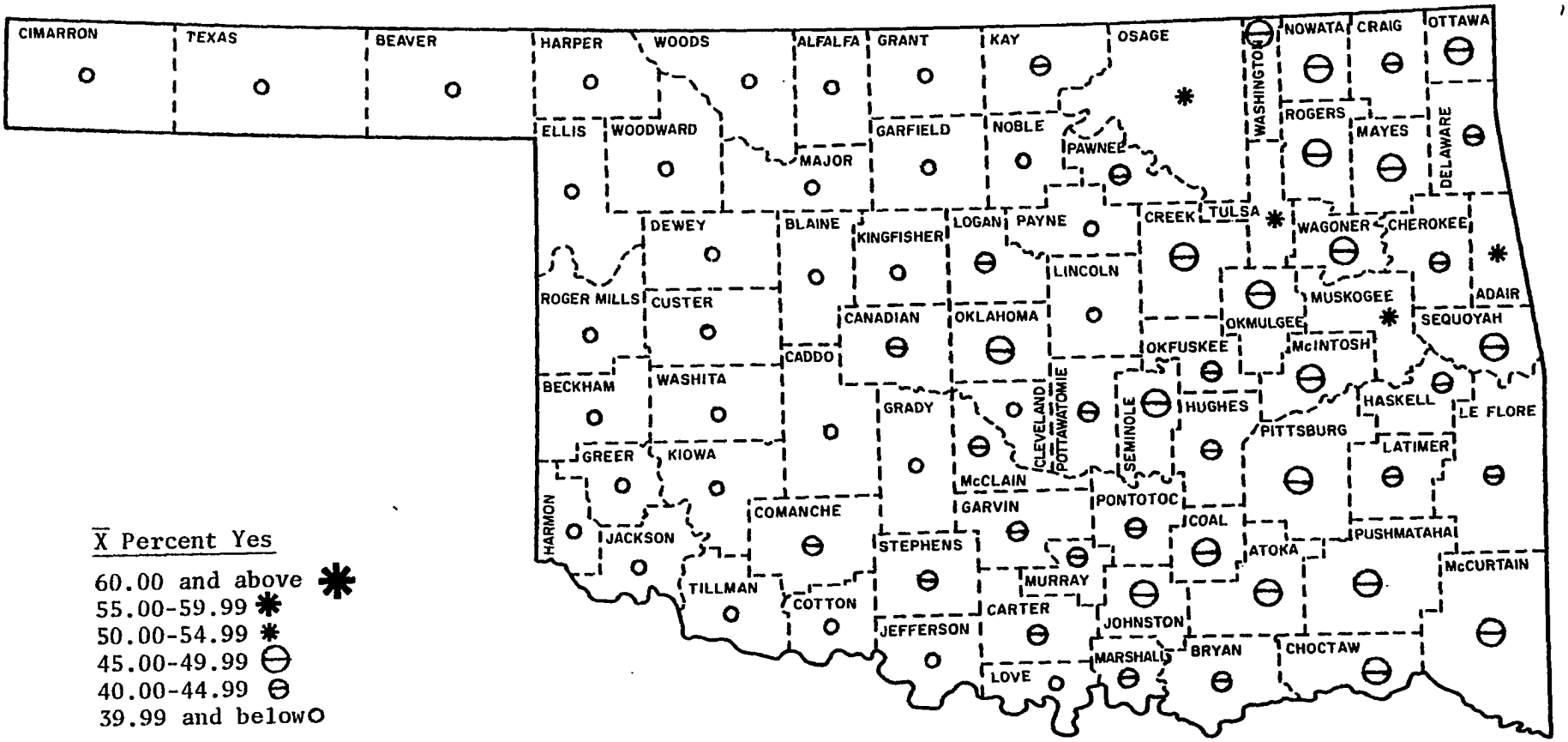
TABLE 5-15

SUMMARY STATISTICAL CHARACTERISTICS FOR ALL PUBLIC MORALITY AND INDIVIDUAL LIFE STYLE CONTENT MEASURES SUBMITTED TO THE OKLAHOMA ELECTORATE DURING THE PERIOD 1907-1972, BY COUNTY

County Identification	Mean Percent Yes	Standard Deviation	Range
Adair	51.2	18.8	71.2
Alfalfa	34.4	15.9	50.2
Atoka	46.1	15.7	51.8
Beaver	39.3	17.0	58.1
Beckham	37.7	12.3	44.4
Blaine	37.6	10.8	39.2
Bryan	44.3	12.1	41.7
Caddo	38.1	9.7	35.5
Canadian	40.9	13.7	52.0
Carter	42.9	14.0	52.8
Cherokee	43.5	17.1	67.4
Choctaw	45.0	14.3	49.7
Cimarron	38.7	18.5	68.9
Cleveland	39.5	10.5	34.5
Coal	47.7	16.3	57.2
Comanche	44.2	15.8	56.7
Cotton	35.6	13.3	45.1
Craig	41.8	9.6	37.2
Creek	46.8	12.3	48.9
Custer	33.6	9.3	31.4
Delaware	43.7	11.6	34.6
Dewey	35.9	10.4	33.9
Ellis	34.8	13.0	42.6
Garfield	37.5	10.5	39.7
Garvin	40.7	12.3	41.6
Grady	39.4	10.1	35.8
Grant	32.2	7.2	27.3
Greer	36.9	12.9	44.8
Harmon	32.1	20.0	62.3
Harper	35.9	11.9	41.9
Haskell	42.5	14.1	46.9
Hughes	41.3	13.1	38.6
Jackson	35.7	13.3	52.2
Jefferson	39.4	13.2	41.6
Johnston	46.0	15.2	52.7
Kay	42.4	9.7	33.5
Kingfisher	38.8	11.1	41.8
Kiowa	37.5	9.1	32.6
Latimer	42.3	16.0	51.5
LeFlore	43.6	17.4	50.9
Lincoln	35.9	9.5	34.9
Logan	43.2	10.2	34.5
Love	39.1	10.5	29.8
McClain	41.8	10.7	38.7
McCurtain	46.6	13.8	48.3
McIntosh	49.2	14.1	54.6

County Identification	Mean Percent Yes	Standard Deviation	Range
Major	32.3	11.8	44.1
Marshall	44.6	15.4	46.6
Mayes	47.6	12.7	41.9
Murray	43.2	11.7	30.0
Muskogee	52.4	13.5	45.8
Noble	39.4	13.8	47.0
Nowata	47.3	11.5	35.2
Okfuskee	42.7	9.1	34.3
Oklahoma	49.7	13.5	46.3
Okmulgee	49.6	11.9	45.7
Osage	51.5	13.3	43.0
Ottawa	47.6	12.2	49.3
Pawnee	41.6	8.3	31.7
Payne	38.3	9.1	33.0
Pittsburg	47.3	12.6	48.9
Pontotoc	40.5	12.8	44.5
Pottawatomie	42.8	8.9	30.8
Pushmataha	47.5	16.4	59.0
Roger Mills	37.5	12.3	43.4
Rogers	47.3	11.0	45.7
Seminole	46.4	12.7	44.4
Sequoyah	47.5	14.5	43.1
Stephens	41.5	12.8	48.6
Texas	39.4	14.0	46.0
Tillman	34.9	15.3	50.8
Tulsa	53.1	17.1	59.6
Wagoner	47.4	13.4	50.9
Washington	49.0	13.0	46.2
Washita	34.0	11.9	46.6
Woods	34.7	9.0	30.4
Woodward	36.2	10.3	33.8
N=13	Grand $\bar{X}$ 41.8		

Figure 5.14--Percent Distribution of Mean Vote Yes for all Public Morality and Invidual Life Style Policy Content Issues Submitted to the Oklahoma Electorate, 1907-1972, by County



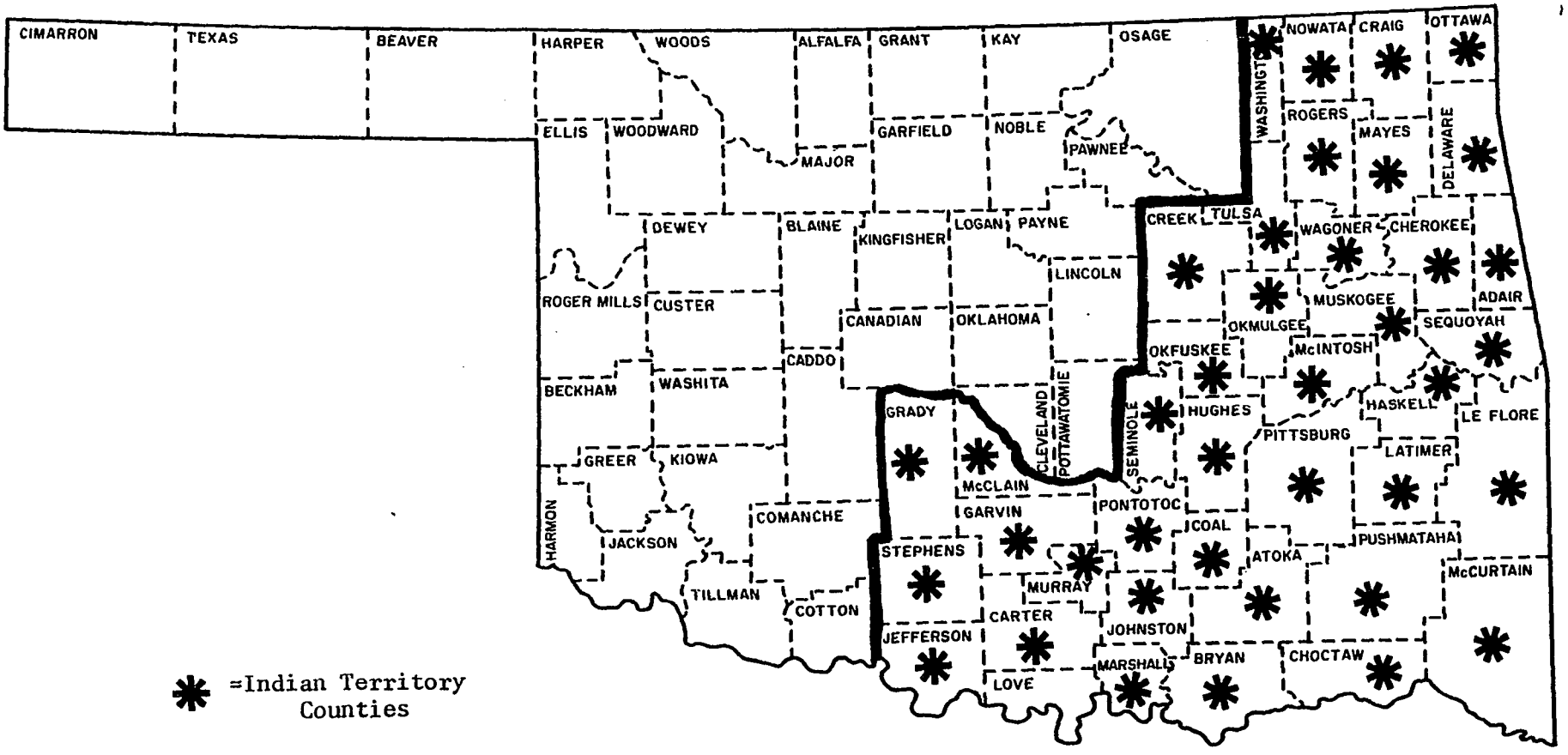
morality matters include: Harmon ($\overline{X}$=32.1), Grant ($\overline{X}$=32.2), Major ($\overline{X}$=32.3), Custer ($\overline{X}$=33.6), and Washita ($\overline{X}$=34.0). Harmon, Washita and Custer tend to vote the Democratic ticket, at least for gubernatorial candidates, and Major and Grant tend to support the Republican candidates for Governor. These low yes-saying counties are located in the northern and western parts of Oklahoma.

Several swing counties can also be identified. Counties such as McIntosh ($\overline{X}$=49.2 percent yes) compose the narrow mean percent passage category. With the exception of Washington County being located in the northeastern area of Oklahoma, the rest of the swing counties are located in the central and east-central portions of the state. During the 1907-1962 period, among the counties listed above, only Washington leaned toward the Republican gubernatorial candidates, with the rest of the swing counties tending to vote for Democratic candidates.

A Bivariate Analysis of Issue Areas by Selected Demographic and Voting Factors

With the utilization of the SPSS software package[13] crosstabulations were computed and subsequently arrayed for the mean yes vote of all counties for each of the thirteen policy categorizations discussed previously, by four independent variables (region of the State--Indian Territory or Oklahoma Territory; percent Democratic vote, 1907-1962, population density per square mile, and median family income). Combined, these crosstabulations formed fifty-two tables which are summarized in Table 5-16. For comparison purposes, Kendall's Tau-b[14] is the statistical test that has been chosen in an attempt to assess the relative impact of the four independent variables. Kendall's Tau-b, as discussed in Chapter II, is ideally suited for this comparison since it was designed expressly for variables that meet the ordinal level of measurement and are displayed in a crosstabulation. The dependent variables are composed of the thirteen public policy groups into which the 252 state questions submitted to the Oklahoma electorate during the 1907-1972 period have been classified. The dependent variables were categorized in six levels of increasing magnitude of mean percentage yes vote, and six similar levels were assigned to the independent variables of Democratic vote, population density, and median income. Region is treated as a dummy variable with counties located in the former Oklahoma Territory scored as zero and those in the former Indian Nations assigned a score of one (Figure 5-15). Although this independent variable has only two categories, the Tau-b statistic

Figure 5.15--Geographical Location of Former Oklahoma Territory and Indian Territory Counties



was retained for it in order to maintain a uniform basis for comparison between the independent and dependent variables and their attendant effects. For tables that are not square in their configuration, Kendall designed Tau-c, since Tau-b can only attain its maximum statistical value of $\pm$ 1 for square tables. It is to be noted, however, that except for region, the differences found between Tau-b and Tau-c are only slight for the tables analyzed, and that the level of significance are identical.

Table 5-16 displays the association between the county mean support vote for the thirteen policy categories by region, Democratic vote, population density, and median income, using Tau-b values. In this display of the Tau-b values obtained for fifty-two crosstabulations, it is found that all but fifteen of the tables demonstrated statistical relationships at the .05 level of significance (one tail). A closer analysis of Table 5-16 further reveals the following fifteen associations between the dependent and independent variables that fell below the .05 level of significance: Region possesses four associations above the .05 level--Judicial and Legal Procedure, Industrial and Labor Relations, Business and Corporations, and Electoral Process, Procedure, Law and Reform; Income also has four relationships above the .05 level--All State Questions Category, Government Maintenance, Health-Welfare-Safety, and Education; population density is represented by having three relationships above the .05 level--Land and Natural Resource Use, Industrial and Labor Relations, and Veteran Benefits; and Democratic vote possesses five relationships above the .05 level--Judicial and Legal Procedure, Industrial and Labor Relations, Business and Corporations,

TABLE 5-16

RESULTS OF CROSSTABULATIONS OF COUNTY MEAN SUPPORT VOTE FOR OKLAHOMA STATE QUESTIONS BY REGION, DEMOCRATIC VOTE, POPULATION DENSITY, AND INCOME: TAU-b VALUES (SIGNIFICANCE LEVELS IN PARENTHESES)

Issue Group	Tau-b Values with Independent Variables			
	Region	Democratic Vote	Population Density	Income
All	.37 (.0003)	.35 (.0001)	.60 (<.0001)	-.006 (.47)
Government Structure	.34 (.0009)	.19 (.025)	.68 (<.0001)	.19 (.024)
Taxation	.52 (<.0001)	.50 (<.0001)	.47 (<.0001)	-.17 (.04)
Judicial	.03 (.38)	-.08 (.197)	.61 (<.0001)	.41 (<.0001)
Land	.53 (<.0001)	.55 (<.0001	-.05 (.3)	-.48 (<.0001)
Labor	-.12 (.14)	.05 (.31)	.14 (.08)	.37 (.0001)
Business	.06 (.28)	.09 (.16)	.37 (<.0001)	.21 (.0112)
Elections	.03 (.40)	.09 (.18)	.58 (<.0001)	.31 (.0009)
Maintenance	.28 (.0032)	.16 (.04)	.36 (<.0001)	.04 (.34)
Health,Welfare,Safety	.24 (.012)	.29 (.0019)	.24 (<.0001)	-.12 (.111)
Education	.25 (.0093)	.31 (.0004)	.54 (<.0001)	.05 (.2965)
Veterans	.61 (<.0001)	.58 (<.0001)	.006 (.474)	-.55 (<.0001)
Morality	.65 (<.0001)	.15 (.059)	.04 (.0001)	-.21 (.0129)

Note: The computer program used for these crosstabulations does not give significance levels below .0001. For the 19 tau-b's with greater significance, the entry is therefore <.0001.

Electoral Process, and Public Morality and Individual Life Style. For the policy groups, Industrial and Labor Relations has three non-significant associations when compared to the four independent variables with one significant relationship existing for median income level. The Judicial and Legal Procedure, Business and Corporation, and Electoral Process, Procedure, Law and Reform groups each show two non-significant pairs of association with the independent variable. For the rest of the policy groupings, significant pairs exist for either three or all four of the independent variables. Generally, the high number of significant pairs that are found between the two sets of variables supports the usefulness of the independent variables selected in helping to account for the level of support found for the proposition policy categories. The weak results for Industrial and Labor policy are due to the inclusion of both pro-labor issues like workmen's compensation and anti-labor issues like "right to work."

Four tables (5-17 - 5-20) representing crosstabulations between mean county vote yes and selected independent variables are of special interest. For example, Table 5-17 shows the results for the mean county yes vote on the All State Question category and median family income. When crosstabulated by income level, the All State Question category has a near zero correlation (-.0064) and is of practically no significance (.4732). However, the three other independent variables (region, Democratic vote, and population density) show strong correlations--.37, .35, and .60, respectively. A examination of Table 5-18 indicates

TABLE 5-17

MEAN COUNTY VOTE YES ON ALL STATE QUESTIONS SUBMITTED TO THE OKLAHOMA ELECTORATE, 1907-1972, BY MEDIAN COUNTY INCOME

Yes Vote	Below $2500	2500-3299	3300-3799	3800-4199	4200-4799	4800 Above
40-44%	0%	8%	33%	23%	25%	23%
45-49	50	67	54	38	33	23
50-54	50	25	13	31	42	46
55-59	0	0	0	8	0	8
Total	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
(N)	(12)	(12)	(15)	(13)	(12)	(13)

Tau-b = -.0064, Significance = .4732

TABLE 5-18

MEAN COUNTY VOTE YES ON ALL STATE QUESTIONS SUBMITTED TO THE OKLAHOMA ELECTORATE, 1907-1972, BY REGION

Yes Vote	Oklahoma Territory	Indian Territory
40-44%	38%	3%
45-49	38	50
50-54	24	42
55-59	0	5
Total	100%	100%
(N)	(37)	(40)

Tau-b = .37, Significance = .0003

that nearly 50 percent (47.5) of the counties which historically comprised the Indian Nations, possessed a mean voting support level of 50.0 or above, in contrast to only 24 percent (N=9) of the thirty-seven counties that made up the Oklahoma Territory, which show a similar level of support. In contrast, 3 percent of the forty counties which compose the Indian Territory and 38 percent of the counties making up the Oklahoma Territory showed mean vote yes levels equal to or less than 44 percent. It is also instructive to note the association that

was found between percent Democratic vote for Governor, 1906-1972, and mean county vote on All State Questions. Table 5-19 reveals 70.1 percent (N = 54) of Oklahoma's 77 counties have tended to vote for

TABLE 5-19

MEAN COUNTY VOTE YES ON ALL STATE QUESTIONS SUBMITTED TO THE OKLAHOMA ELECTORATE, 1907-1972, BY PERCENT COUNTY DEMOCRATIC VOTE FOR GOVERNOR (1907-1962)

Yes Vote	45 Percent or less	46-50	51-55	56-60	61-70	71 and above
40-44%	66%	25%	8%	18%	0%	0%
45-49	27	25	67	27	59	50
50-54	7	38	25	46	41	50
55-59	0	12	0	9	0	0
Total	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
(N)	(15)	(8)	(12)	(11)	(17)	(14)

Tau-b = .3467, Significance = .0001

Democratic candidates for gubernatorial elections by a majority of 51 percent or above for the 1907-1962 period. It further shows that 36 percent (N = 28) of the counties possessed a mean county support vote level on all State Questions submitted to the electorate that equalled or exceeded the 50.0 passage mark. Most interesting, however, is the category of 45 percent or less vote for Democratic Governor candidates and the below mean 50.0 percent support level on all propositions. In this instance only fifteen counties possessed the lowest Democratic vote level, although 93 percent (N = 14) demonstrated an overall level of support below the 50.0 passage level. When the average county vote for all state propositions are crosstabulated by county population density--a measurement that approximates the degree of urbanization that exists in a county--it is shown that the less

densely inhabited counties on a per person per square mile basis, showed a tendency to give lower levels of support to the state question treated as a whole than did the nine densely inhabited counties of Oklahoma. For example, Table 5-20 indicates that 100 percent of the counties with a population density of ten per square mile or less possessed a mean support score for all issues of 49 or below. In

TABLE 5-20

MEAN COUNTY VOTE YES ON ALL STATE QUESTIONS SUBMITTED TO THE OKLAHOMA ELECTORATE, 1907-1972, BY COUNTY POPULATION DENSITY PER SQUARE MILE

Yes Vote	0-10	11-15	16-20	21-30	31-50	51-623
40-44%	83%	18%	8%	6%	0%	0%
45-49	17	64	54	69	38	0
50-54	0	18	38	25	62	82
55-59	0	0	0	0	0	18
Total	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
(N)	(12)	(17)	(13)	(16)	(8)	(11)

Tau-b = .60, Significance $<.0001$

comparison, the highest population density category (51-623 persons per square mile) shows 100 percent of the eleven counties that fall into this category having a mean support level of 50.0 or above. Of course the high positive value for the Tau-b indicates the strong tendency for mean county vote yes on all issues to increase as the population density per square mile goes up. These relationships were also demonstrated from an analysis of the areal distribution of mean percent yes vote on the 252 issues and the geographical location, percent Democratic vote for Governor, 1906-1972, and affluence factors as indicated earlier.

Tables 5-21 through 5-24 portray the highest tau values attained

between the thirteen substantive policy categories and the four independent measurements. The pairs of variables that demonstrate the highest levels of association are: Public Morality and Individual Life Style by Region (Tau = .652), Veteran Benefits by percent Democratic vote for Governor (Tau = .5774), Legislative, Executive and Judicial Governmental Structure, Organization and Reform by population density (Tau = .678), and Veteran Benefits by County median family income (Tau = .5467). As shown in Tables 5-21 to 5-24, all four of these Tau values have significance greater than SPSS's limit--levels below .0001.

A more indepth analysis of the bivariate relationship between Public Morality and Individual Life Style and Region is portrayed in Table 5-21. Proportionate to the number of counties contained

TABLE 5-21

MEAN COUNTY VOTE YES ON PUBLIC MORALITY AND INDIVIDUAL LIFE STYLE QUESTIONS, BY REGION

Yes Vote	Oklahoma Territory	Indian Territory
Below 40%	78%	7%
40-44	16	40
45-49	3	45
50-54	3	8
Total	100%	100%
(N)	(37)	(40)

Tau-b = .652, Significance <.0001

within the former Oklahoma Territory and Indian Nations areas, nearly 95 percent of the counties belonging to the Oklahoma Territory gave mean levels of support of 44 percent or less, in contrast to 47 percent of the counties within the Indian Territory that gave a

similar average level of support to the Public Morality content measures. For both regions, an average passage level (50.0 and above) was given in only a few counties--one county in the Oklahoma Territory and three counties in the Indian Territory--over time.

Table 5-22 displays the highest association found between Democratic

TABLE 5-22

MEAN COUNTY VOTE YES ON VETERAN BENEFIT QUESTIONS, BY COUNTY PERCENT DEMOCRATIC VOTE FOR GOVERNOR (1907-1962)

Yes Vote	45 percent or less	56-50	51-55	56-60	61-70	71 and above
Below 40%	93%	63%	25%	18%	6%	0%
40-44	7	12	25	46	18	14
45-49	0	25	42	27	35	43
50-54	0	0	8	9	23	43
55-59	0	0	0	0	18	0
Total	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
(N)	(15)	(8)	(12)	(11)	(17)	(14)

Tau-b = .5774, Significance <.0001

vote for Governor and any of the policy groupings. In this table a strong association is shown to exist between Veteran Benefit issues and Democratic vote. Generally, as percent Democratic vote for Governor increased, it was accompanied by an increase in the average yes vote on Veteran issues. This relationship is particularly pronounced in the below 40 percent mean vote yes and 45 percent or less Democratic vote for Governor crosstabulation. In this specific instance, 93 percent of the counties that possess these two attributes are located. Conversely, 43 percent of those counties that possess an average support level for Veteran Benefits of 50.0 or above are located in the Democratic vote category that is equal to or exceeding

71 percent. Overall, only fifteen counties (19.5 percent of the total) are included in the property space of 50 percent or above on Veteran related measures and over 50 percent Democratic Vote for Governor. Notice should be taken of the absence of any counties in the variable intervals of mean 50 or above support for Veteran Measures and below 50 percent Democratic vote for Governor.

Population density per square mile correlated highly (Tau = .678) with questions incorporated within the Legislative, Executive and Judicial Governmental Structure, Organization and Reform Category. Table 5-23 reveals the distribution of support for measures of this

TABLE 5-23

MEAN COUNTY VOTE YES ON LEGISLATIVE, EXECUTIVE AND JUDICIAL GOVERNMENTAL STRUCTURE, ORGANIZATION AND REFORM QUESTIONS, BY COUNTY POPULATION PER SQUARE MILE

Yes Vote	0-10	11-15	16-20	21-30	31-50	51-623
Below 40%	59%	6%	0%	0%	0%	0%
41-44	33	76	39	25	0	0
45-49	8	12	61	75	100	45
50-54	0	6	0	0	0	54
Total	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
(N)	(12)	(17)	(13)	(16)	(8)	(11)

Tau-b = .678, Significance $<.0001$

type and population density. Although only seven counties are represented in the support interval of 50 percent or above, 85.7 percent are located in the highest density interval. On the other hand, the Governmental Structure measures received a low level of support (below 40 percent) for 58 percent of the counties that were arrayed at the lowest end of the population density continuum.

Table 5-24 displays the crosstabulations obtained for Veteran

TABLE 5-24

MEAN COUNTY VOTE YES ON VETERAN BENEFIT QUESTIONS, BY MEDIAN FAMILY INCOME

Yes Vote	Below 2500	2500 - 3299	3300 - 3799	3800 - 4199	4200 - 4799	4800 and above
Below 40%	0%	0%	40%	38%	42%	69%
40-44	0	8	33	31	33	8
45-49	25	50	20	31	25	23
50-54	50	34	7	0	0	0
55-59	25	8	0	0	0	0
Total	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
(N)	(12)	(12)	(15)	(13)	(12)	(13)

Tau-b = -.5467, Significance <.0001

Benefits and median family income. Of the four highest associations observed between the selected independent variables and all dependent variables, this table shows the strongest negative association (Tau = .5467). As illustrated in table 5-24, 75 percent of the counties that possessed the lowest median family income, showed the highest median level of support (50 percent and above) for Veteran content propositions. On the highest level of the median income scale, 17 percent of Oklahoma's counties (N = 13) are positioned. However, none of these counties demonstrated an average Veteran support level equal to or exceeding 50 percent. This phenomenon also holds true for the next two highest median income groups of counties, which comprise an additional tweny-five counties.

Region: An Important Control Variable in the Analysis of State Question Voting Behavior

The preceeding analysis identified the former Oklahoma Territory and Indian Territory counties as possessing the strongest correlation

of the four independent variables with the county mean percent yes vote cost on all state questions during the period under study. Since geographic location of counties is strongly associated with the overall average support level for measures (r = .495), compared with percent Democratic vote for Governor, (r = .449), it is reasonable to create a set of the same crosstabulations utilizing the two regional categories as a control factor. The crosstabulations that resulted from controlling the effect of region (for the two sets of counties) on Democratic vote for Governor, population density, and median family income in relation to the thirteen policy groupings, resulted in seventy-eight tables. The Tau-b values, in addition to significance levels, are summarized and displayed in Table 5-25. One important and interesting result is the change that occurs relative to the Tau-b values obtained for the whole state between the four independent variables and the dependent variables as presented in Table 5-16, and the correlations which become significant for one group of counties under the influence of region as a control variable. That is, correlations which were not significant for the whole state become significant for one or the other group of counties. For instance, Industrial and Labor Relation measures by Democratic vote for Governor becomes significant for Oklahoma Territory counties; Judicial and Legal Procedure issues by Democratic vote for Governor for Indian Territory; Land and Natural Resource Use and Industrial and Labor Relation measures by population density are significant for the counties that make up the Indian Territory. In addition, the effect of geographic location is made manifest when Business and Corporation Measures and

TABLE 5-25

RESULTS OF CROSSTABULATIONS OF COUNTY MEAN SUPPORT VOTE FOR OKLAHOMA STATE QUESTIONS BY DEMOCRATIC VOTE, POPULATION DENSITY, AND INCOME, CONTROLLED FOR REGIONAL LOCATION IN OKLAHOMA OR INDIAN TERRITORY: TAU-b VALUES (SIGNIFICANCE LEVELS IN PARENTHESES)

Issue Group	Oklahoma Territory Counties			Indian Territory Counties		
	Dem. Vote	Pop. Density	Income	Dem. Vote	Pop. Density	Income
All	.49 (.0002)	.73 (<.0001)	.18 (.1014)	-.04 (.39)	.37 (.0039)	.15 (.1351)
Government Structure	.36 (.0051)	.65 (<.0001)	.31 (.0138)	-.34 (.0081)	.67 (<.0001)	.53 (.0001)
Taxation	.58 (<.0001)	.57 (<.0001)	.14 (.159)	.15 (.1371)	.21 (.0677)	-.01 (.4533)
Judicial	.03 (.4157)	.62 (<.0001)	.38 (.0029)	-.23 (.0388)	.65 (<.0001)	.58 (<.0001)
Land	.39 (.0026)	-.02 (.4325)	-.14 (.1625)	.49 (.0001)	-.52 (<.0001)	-.48 (.0001)
Labor	.29 (.0213)	.10 (.2404)	.39 (.0034)	-.04 (.3964)	.24 (.0421)	.32 (.0102)
Business	.22 (.0558)	.44 (.0008)	.34 (.0078)	.02 (.449)	.28 (.0186)	.20 (.0634)
Elections	.23 (.0569)	.64 (<.0001)	.21 (.0771)	.008 (.478)	.55 (<.0001)	.46 (.0006)
Maintenance	.26 (.0283)	.56 (<.0001)	.02 (.4303)	-.08 (.2688)	.06 (.3041)	.10 (.2099)
Health, Welfare, Safety	.35 (.01)	.24 (.0543)	-.03 (.42)	-- [a] -- [a]	-- [a] -- [a]	-- [a] -- [a]
Education	.54 (<.0001)	.59 (<.0001)	.14 (.1445)	-.09 (.2482)	.40 (.0012)	.23 (.0395)
Veterans	.60 (<.0001)	.14 (.1707)	-.21 (.0691)	.34 (.0056)	-.49 (.0001)	-.58 (<.0001)
Morality	.02 (.4393)	.43 (.0017)	.21 (.0808)	-.39 (.0024)	.21 (.065)	-.02 (.4325)

Note: The computer program used for these crosstabulations does not give significance levels below .0001. For the 16 tau-b's with greater significance, the entry is therefore <.0001.

[a] All counties in the former Indian Territory voted for these questions by a mean margin of more than 60 percent, the highest bracket designated for the crosstabulation. The result was only one-row tables, so that Tau-b could not be computed.

Electoral Process, Procedure Law and Reform measures by Democratic vote for Governor, although not significant for the whole state, rise to Tau's of .22 and .23 for Oklahoma Territory and are significant at the .06 level.

The total number of non-significant associations increase slightly under the control (from 17 to 22 for significant levels under .10) but the proportion is slightly less (from 33 percent to 29 percent).

The effects of region as an influencing force relative to the level of support for the thirteen policy categories is illustrated in the crosstabulation presented in Table 5-26 through 5-30. Table 5-26 depicts the relationship obtained between the mean county yes vote cast for All State Questions during the 1907-1972 period, controlled by Democratic vote for Governor and region. Although the variables of All State Questions by Democratic vote for Governor obtained a substantial Tau of .35 for the entire state (see Table 5-19), this relationship is further enhanced under the control for counties that belong to the Oklahoma Territory (Tau-b = .49). The relationship between All State Questions by Democratic vote (Table 5-26) all but disappears when controlled for Indian Territory counties (Tau-b = -.04). A further analysis reveals that 24 percent of the counties located in the Oklahoma Territory possessed an average yes

TABLE 5-26

MEAN COUNTY VOTE YES FOR ALL STATE QUESTIONS SUBMITTED TO THE OKLAHOMA ELECTORATE, 1907-1972, BY DEMOCRATIC VOTE FOR GOVERNOR, CONTROLLED BY REGION (OKLAHOMA TERRITORY AND INDIAN TERRITORY COUNTIES)

	Oklahoma Territory Counties Democratic Vote for Governor					
Yes Vote	45% or less	46-50	51-55	56-60	61-70	71 and above
40-44%	71%	40%	17%	20%	0%	0%
45-49	29	20	50	40	67	50
50-54	0	40	33	40	33	50
Total	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
(N)	(14)	(5)	(6)	(5)	(3)	(4)

Tau-b = .49, Significance = .0002

	Indian Territory Counties Democratic Vote for Governor					
Yes Vote	45% or less	46-50	51-55	56-60	61-70	71 and above
40-44%	0%	0%	0%	17%	0%	0%
45-49	0	34	83	17	57	50
50-54	100	33	17	50	43	50
55-59	0	33	0	16	0	0
Total	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
(N)	(1)	(3)	(6)	(6)	(14)	(10)

Tau-b = -.038, Significance = .3932

vote on All State Questions that equalled or exceeded the 50.0 level, whereas nearly 43 percent of the Indian Territory counties demonstrated a similar passage level. The Tau-b of .49 indicates a moderately strong relationship between the overall level of support for state questions and an increase in the percent Democratic vote cast for Governor during the 1907-1962 period, when controlled by Oklahoma

Territory.

Another important change takes place for the substantive policy area of Legislature, Executive and Judicial Governmental Structure, Organization and Reform measures when controlled by region (see Table 5-27). The Governmental Structure category showed a Tau of .19 with Democratic vote for Governor for the state as a whole, thereby having

TABLE 5-27

MEAN COUNTY VOTE YES ON LEGISLATIVE, EXECUTIVE, AND JUDICIAL GOVERNMENTAL STRUCTURE, ORGANIZATION AND REFORM, BY DEMOCRATIC VOTE FOR GOVERNOR, CONTROLLED FOR REGION (OKLAHOMA TERRITORY AND INDIAN TERRITORY COUNTIES)

	Oklahoma Territory Counties Democratic Vote for Governor					
Yes Vote	45% or less	46-50	51-55	56-60	61-70	71 and above
Below 40%	36%	20%	17%	20%	0%	0%
40-44	57	20	17	40	67	25
45-49	7	60	33	40	0	75
50-54	0	0	33	0	33	0
Total	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
(N)	(14)	(5)	(6)	(5)	(3)	(4)

Tau-b = .35642, Significance = .0051

	Indian Territory Counties Democratic Vote for Governor					
Yes Vote	45% or less	46-50	51-55	56-60	61-70	71 and above
40-44%	0%	0%	33%	17%	21%	50%
45-49	0	67	67	50	79	50
50-54	100	33	0	33	0	0
Total	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
(N)	(1)	(3)	(6)	(6)	(14)	(10)

Tau-b = -.33599, Significance = .0081

a low significance of .025. When the regional control factor is introduced, the significance level is increased but for opposite reasons--Oklahoma Territory has a positive Tau of .36, while the Indian Territory has a negative Tau of -.34!

Several additional relationships between policy categories and regional control appear for Land and Natural Resource Use and Education measures, as shown in Tables 5-28 and 5-29. Without the use of region

TABLE 5-28

MEAN COUNTY VOTE YES ON HAND AND NATURAL RESOURCE USE QUESTIONS, BY POPULATION DENSITY, CONTROLLED FOR REGION (OKLAHOMA TERRITORY AND INDIAN TERRITORY COUNTIES)

	Oklahoma Territory Counties Population Density Per Square Mile					
Yes Vote	0-10	11-15	16-20	21-30	31-50	51-623
Below 40%	37%	33%	20%	75%	50%	50%
40-44	36	34	20	0	50	17
45-49	27	22	40	0	0	17
50-54	0	11	20	25	0	16
Total	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
(N)	(11)	(9)	(5)	(4)	(2)	(6)

Tau-b = -.02346, Significance = .4325

	Indian Territory Counties Population Density Per Square Mile					
Yes Vote	0-10	11-15	16-20	21-30	31-50	51-623
Below 40%	0%	0%	0%	8%	0%	20%
40-44	0	0	0	17	17	20
45-49	0	13	25	33	33	60
50-54	0	13	38	9	50	0
55-59	0	37	12	33	0	0
60 and above	100	37	25	0	0	0
Total	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
(N)	(1)	(8)	(8)	(12)	(6)	(5)

Tau-b = -.51694, Significance = <.0001

as a control, the associations were near zero for the entire state, but with the use of region as a control became highly significant for either the Indian Territory or Oklahoma Territory counties. This change is observed for the following issue dimensions: Land and Natural Resourse Use by population density attains a Tau of -.52 (significant at .0001 level) for Indian Territory (Table 5-28), although the relationship for Oklahoma Territory counties depicts only a -.02346 association and a significance level of .4325. The strong Tau for Indian Territory counties (Table 5-28) indicates that as the population density goes up--a surrogate measurement of the level of urbanization for each county--the tendency to support Land and Natural Resource questions tends to decrease. One might observe that not one county in the highest population density per square mile category supported Land and Natural Resource Use policy issues at the 50 percent level or above, in contradistinction to the high mean levels of support in the same region form the more "rural," or less densely populated counties.

One other issue dimension clearly portrays the effect of region as a control variable in relation to the dependent variable. Although the association was near zero between Education and Democratic vote for the whole state, a high association and level of significance is reached when Indian and Oklahoma Territory counties location is used as a controlling factor. For example, the mean level of support for Education measures and Democratic vote for Governor, controlled by Oklahoma Territory possess a Tau of .54, thereby showing a strong positive relationship between heightened support for Education policy questions and an

increase in percent vote for Democratic gubernatorial candidates. This relationship is very discernable by reviewing the data arrayed in Table 5-29. In the Education policy instance, using the same control factors (Democratic vote for Governor and region), a near zero correlation (-.0904) shows up for Indian Territory counties. In both of the preceeding examples (Land and Natural Resource Use

TABLE 5-29

MEAN COUNTY VOTE YES ON EDUCATION MEASURES, BY DEMOCRATIC VOTE FOR GOVERNOR, CONTROLLED FOR REGION (OKLAHOMA TERRITORY AND INDIAN TERRITORY COUNTIES)

	Oklahoma Territory Counties Democratic Vote for Governor					
Yes Vote	45% or less	46-50	51-55	56-60	61-70	71 and above
Below 40%	36%	20%	0%	20%	0%	0%
40-44	50	20	17	20	0	0
45-49	14	40	50	20	33	50
50-54	0	20	33	20	33	25
55-59	0	0	0	20	34	25
Total	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
(N)	(14)	(5)	(6)	(5)	(3)	(4)

Tau-b = +.53687, Significance = <.0001

	Indian Territory Counties Democratic Vote for Governor					
Yes Vote	45% or less	46-50	51-55	56-60	61-70	71 and above
40-44	0%	0%	50%	17%	14%	20%
45-49	0	34	33	17	64	50
50-54	100	33	0	33	22	10
55-59	0	33	17	33	0	20
Total	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
(N)	(1)	(3)	(6)	(6)	(14)	(10)

Tau-b = -.09093, Significance = .2482

measures by population density and Education questions by Democratic Vote for Governor) the correlation result for one region has been fairly high and significant while at the same time, for the other region the correlation coefficient has tended to be near zero (Tau-b values of .02346 and -.09093, respectively).

Finally, region is significant relative to Veterans' Benefit policy for Indian Territory, as shown in Table 5-30. When controlled by

TABLE 5-30

MEAN COUNTY VOTE YES ON VETERAN BENEFIT QUESTIONS, BY POPULATION DENSITY, CONTROLLED FOR REGION (OKLAHOMA TERRITORY AND INDIAN TERRITORY COUNTIES)

	Oklahoma Territory Counties Population Density Per Square Mile					
Yes Vote	0-10	11-15	16-20	21-30	31-50	51-623
Below 40%	82%	44%	60%	50%	50%	50%
40-44	9	22	20	50	0	50
45-49	9	34	20	0	50	0
Total	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
(N)	(11)	(9)	(5)	(4)	(2)	(6)

Tau-b = +.13578, Significance = .1707

	Indian Territory Counties Population Density Per Square Mile					
Yes Vote	0-10	11-15	16-20	21-30	31-50	51-623
Below 40%	0%	0%	0%	8%	0%	40%
40-44	0	0	0	25	33	20
45-49	0	25	50	33	67	40
50-54	100	62	38	17	0	0
55-59	0	13	12	17	0	0
Total	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
(N)	(1)	(8)	(8)	(12)	(6)	(5)

Tau-b + -.49139, Significance = .0001

population density, the Veteran Benefit measures correlated at the .006 level statewide. However, under the influence of region as an added controlling factor, the association increases to a positive Tau of .14 (not significant at .05 level) for Oklahoma Territory, and a negative -.49, significant at .0001, for the Indian Territory. Clearly, the disaggregation of counties on the basis of regional geographical configuration casts considerable light on the analysis. This would be expected since the cultural and political backgrounds of these two sections of the state are substantially different in their development, composition and heritage.

A Multivariate Analysis of State Question Voting Behavior

Based on the preceeding research and partly on the study of the areal maps depicting the differentiations among Oklahoma's counties on the basis of the thirteen policy categories into which all state questions submitted to Oklahoma electorate during the 1907-1972 period have been classified, four independent variables were identified for inclusion in a multivariate analysis mode.[15] The four variables chosen were region (scored as a dummy variable, designating counties of the former Oklahoma Territory and the former Indian Territory), Democratic vote for Governor (average vote cast for elections from 1907-1962), population density per square mile (1960 census), and median family income (1962). One potential problem exists relative to the independent variables since they represent a single "snapshot" in time. This problem of demographic change over time is ameliorated by the fact that relatively little change has occurred in terms of the rank order

of Oklahoma counties for the period under consideration.

A correlation matrix of all variables used in the multivariate analysis was developed, and Table 5-31 shows the correlations between the thirteen dependent variables (mean percent yes vote on separate policy areas) and the four independent variables. For the fifty-two correlations displayed in Table 5-31, only seventeen are not significant the .05 level, of which twenty-eight are strongly significant at less than the .001 level. A review of the correlation matrix will also indicate that forty-one of the associations between the dependent and independent variables are significant at the .10 level. Four of the eleven negative associations were discussed in the correlation analysis presented earlier in the study.

In preparation for the introduction and use of the four selected independent variables into a multiple regression equation, a correlation matrix was developed (Table 5-32) to assess the amount of multicollinearity among the explanatory factors.[16] A review of Table 5-32 indicates that the intercorrelations among the independent variables is not so excessive as to create or introduce difficulties in the analysis. Additionally, as shown in Table 5-33, none of the bivariate r^2's explains more than 24 percent of the variation. The six intercorrelations shown in Table 5-33 are accompained with the r^2's in parenthesis.

TABLE 5-31

CORRELATION COEFFICIENTS AND SIGNIFICANCE LEVELS, SHOWING RELATION BETWEEN THIRTEEN POLICY ISSUE GROUPS OF OKLAHOMA STATE QUESTION AND FOUR INDEPENDENT VARIABLES (PERCENT DEMOCRATIC VOTE FOR GOVERNOR, 1907-1972, POPULATION DENSITY PER SQUARE MILE, MEDIAN FAMILY INCOME, AND REGION-OKLAHOMA TERRITORY OR INDIAN TERRITORY COUNTIES)

Policy Types	Democratic Vote for Governor	Population Density	Median Family Income	Geographical Region
All State	.4489	.4265	-.0007	.4950
Questions	(.001)	(.001)	(.498)	(.001)
Government	.2988	.4730	.1747	.4050
Structure	(.004)	(.001)	(.064)	(.001)
Taxation	.6390	.2180	-.2819	.5913
	(.001)	(.028	(.006)	(.001)
Judicial	-.1667	.5663	.5605	-.0285
	(.074)	(.001)	(.001)	(.403)
Land	.7029	-.2255	-.6058	.6232
	(.001)	(.024)	(.001)	(.001)
Labor	.0651	.1986	.3656	-.1288
	(.287)	(.042)	(.001)	(.132)
Business	.0415	.5315	.3497	.0396
	(.360)	(.001)	(.001)	(.366)
Election	.1159	.4651	.3918	.0513
	(.158)	(.001)	(.001)	(.329)
Government	.1811	.3514	.0515	.3552
Maintenance	(.057)	(.001)	(.328)	(.001)
Health, Wel-	.4490	.1516	-.3291	.5153
fare, Safety	(.001)	(.094)	(.002)	(.002)
Education	.4387	.37.6	.0551	.3225
	(.001)	(.001)	(.317)	(.002)
Veteran	.66.2	-.1904	-.6902	.6451
Benefit	(.001)	(.049)	(.001)	(.001)
Morality	.1809	.3629	-.1433	.6749
Individual	(.058)	(.001)	(.107)	(.001)

TABLE 5-32

CORRELATION COEFFICIENTS AND SIGNIFICANCE LEVELS, SHOWING INTERCORRELATION AMONG SELECTED INDEPENDENT VARIABLES (PERCENT DEMOCRATIC VOTE FOR GOVERNOR, 1907-1962, POPULATION DENSITY PER SQUARE MILE, MEDIAN FAMILY INCOME AND REGION--OKLAHOMA TERRITORY AND INDIAN TERRITORY COUNTIES)

	Democratic Vote for Governor	Population Density	Median Family Income	Region
Democratic Vote for Governor	1.00 (.001)	-.1193 (.151)	-.4938 (.001)	.4946 (.001)
Population Density	-.1193 (.151)	1.00 (.001)	.4140 (.001)	.0214 (.427)
Median Family Income	-.4938 (.001)	.4140 (.001)	1.00 (.001)	-.4549 (.001)
Region	.4946 (.001)	.0214 (.427)	-.4549 (.001)	1.00 (.001)

TABLE 5-33

BIVARIATE r^2's AND INDEPENDENT VARIABLES

	Democratic Vote for Governor	Population Density	Median Family Income
Region	.49(.24)	.02(.0004)	-.45(.20)
Democratic Vote for Governor		-.12(.04)	-.49(.24)
Population Density			.41(.17)

The use of SPSS's multiple correlation and regression program produced the regression equations presented in Table 5-34 for each of the thirteen policy issue categories in association with the four independent variables. The explanatory power of the equations is most succinctly expressed in the multiple R^2's (see column 8), which give the proportion of variation in the dependent variable explained

TABLE 5-34

REGRESSION EQUATIONS FOR SUPPORT OF STATE QUESTIONS BY COUNTY MEANS, IN RELATION TO REGION, DEMOCRATIC VOTE, POPULATION DENSITY, AND INCOME

Group of Issues	Percent Yes	= Constant	+ Region	+ Democrats	+ Population	+ Income	R^2	Significance
All	Y =	35.5	$+ 2.73X_1$	$+ .14X_2$	$+ .014X_3$	$+ .00078X_4$	.54	$2x10^{-11}$
Betas			.38	.41	.38	.22[a]		
Govt Structure	Y =	29.6	$+ 3.32X_1$	$+ .12X_2$	$+ .015X_3$	$+ .0015X_4$	.49	$5x10^{-10}$
Betas			.41	.32	.35	.38		
Taxation	Y =	39.7	$+ 2.75X_1$	$+ .19X_2$	$+ .011X_3$	$+ .000059X_4$	.58	$5x10^{-13}$
Betas			.34	.51	.27	.01[a]		
Judicial	Y =	40.1	$+ 2.26X_1$	$+ .025X_2$	$+ .024X_3$	$+ .0033X_4$	.48	$1x10^{-8}$
Betas			.18[a]	.04[a]	.35	.52		
Land	Y =	31.2	$+ 5.53X_1$	$+ .35X_2$	$- .0086X_3$	$- .0018X_4$	.64	$1x10^{-15}$
Betas			.32	.43	-.09[a]	-.21[b]		
Labor	Y =	40.7	$- .55X_1$	$+ .11X_2$	$+ .0015X_3$	$+ .0016X_4$	.22	.0012
Betas			-.08[a]	.35	.04[a]	.48		
Business	Y =	38.7	$+ .54X_1$	$+ .081X_2$	$+ .019X_3$	$+ .0013X_4$	.35	$3x10^{-6}$
Betas			.07[a]	.21[a]	.43	.31[b]		
Elections	Y =	38.9	$+ .5X_1$	$+ .086X_2$	$+ .0088X_3$	$+ .0013X_4$	.37	$7x10^{-7}$
Betas			.09[a]	.34	.31	.48		
Maintenance	Y =	28	$+ 7.54X_1$	$+ .11X_2$	$+ .032X_3$	$+ .0015X_4$	.25	.0002
Betas			.36	.11[a]	.30[b]	.15[a]		
Health,Welfare,	Y =	61.5	$+ 2.53X_1$	$+ .088X_2$	$+ .01X_3$	$- .00067X_4$	.36	$1x10^{-6}$
Betas			.32	.24[b]	.24[a]	-.17[a]		
Education	Y =	24.7	$+ 1.96X_1$	$+ .26X_2$	$+ .019X_3$	$+ .0014X_4$	.42	$6x10^{-8}$
Betas			.18[a]	.52	.32	.26[b]		
Veterans	Y =	40.8	$+ 3.94X_1$	$+ .18X_2$	$+ .0003X_3$	$- .0025X_4$	.68	$4x10^{-17}$
Betas			.31	.31	.0045[a]	-.4		
Morality	Y =	41.4	$+ 7.75X_1$	$- .075X_2$	$+ .019X_3$	$- .00015X_4$	.59	$2x10^{-13}$
Betas			.73	-.15[a]	.34	-.03[a]		

Notes: Betas are standardized regression coefficients (slopes), which for a given equation measure the relative importance of the independent variables.

[a] The individual regression coefficient corresponding to the Beta is not significant at the .05 level.

[b] The coefficient is significant at the .05 level but not at the .01 level.

All coefficients not noted as [a] or [b] are significant at the .01 level.

R^2 is the portion of variation in Y "explained" by the four independent variables. For example, 54 percent of the variation in county mean yes vote on all state questions is explained by the four independent variables of the equation. Significance of R^2 is by the F test with 4 and 72 degrees of freedom. Significance of the individual slopes is by the F test with 1 and 72 degrees of freedom.

by the four independent variables. The regression equations provide satisfactory results. Although the error factors are omitted in order to leave space for the R^2's and significance levels, these vary approximately in inverse order to the R^2's. It should be noted that five of the equations "explain" or "account" for more than half the variation in the dependent variable, three equations explain more than 40 percent, three other equations explain more than 30 percent, and only two of the equations explain between 20 and 30 percent. Veteran Benefits issues are most completely "explained" (68 percent), and Industrial Labor Relations measures are least explained (22 percent) by the four independent variables.

As mentioned in the bivariate analysis which preceeded this section, the poor explanation for labor is due to the inclusion of both pro-labor and anti-labor issues in that group, thereby causing voter support groups to cancel out. This point is simply illustrated by the percentage yes vote for three counties on two countervailing referenda: a 1916 proposal to make workman compensation for death resulting from job-related accidents optional; another, submitted in 1923 to make it compulsory.

	State Question Number 86 1916		State Question Number 121 1923	
	Percent Yes	County Ratio of State Mean	Percent Yes	County Ratio of State Mean
State Mean	26.1		51.9	
County				
Pushmataha	11.9	.45	65.1	1.25
Muskogee	58.3	2.23	47.6	.92
Oklahoma	31.9	1.22	49.2	.95

The relative importance of the four independent variables is shown by the beta coefficients (standardized slopes), and the general

importance of the four explanatory variables can be read most easily from line 2 of Table 5-34, showing beta for the policy group "All." This policy category contains all 252 state questions submitted to the Oklahoma electorate between 1907-1972. These are thus a sort of weighted average of the betas for the other twelve policy issue groups. In rank order of importance, Democratic vote for Governor is first, followed by region and population density (tied for second and third place), with median family income in last position.

Ranking the four independent variables for importance in each policy issue group, it is found that Democratic vote for Governor and have the highest betas for four equations and the second highest for four additional equations. The two variables are tied for rank order on all thirteen equations, each having a mean rank of 2.38. The third-ranking variable, however, is income, ranking first in four equations (Judicial and Legal Procedure, Labor and Industrial Relations, Elections, and Veteran Benefits), and second in two equations (Government Structure and Business and Corporations), for an overall mean rank of 2.54. Population Density ranks first on only one equation (Business), but ranks second in seven others, compiling an overall mean rank which is the lowest of the four independent variables at 2.69. Considering that were all four variables exactly tied in all thirteen equations, each would have a rank order of exactly 2.5; the closeness of the mean ranks is remarkable.

A word of caution is noted regarding the significance levels reported in the last column of Table 5-34. The least significant

R^2 is the .22 for Industrial and Labor Relation issues, but its significance level is given as .0012, which seems to be quite strong. In contradistinction, the other significant levels seem to reach levels so strong as to be hardly worthy of reporting. Consider, for instance, the 4×10^{-17} level (.000000000000000004) reached for the Veteran Benefit issues with it accompanied R^2 of .68. It should be understood what these levels of statistical significance actually mean: they express the probability of so high an R^2 occurring at random for a universe of uncorrelated variables. In other words, if the true R^2 is zero, only a remote chance exists of obtaining an R^2 of .68 by random processes. Considering that five variables are involved in each equation, it is understandable that such high R^2's would indeed occur only rarely at random. On the other hand, and more important to the analysis of state question voting behavior, is the unexplained variation, or $1-R^2$, which expresses the amount of explanation that must be sought elsewhere. That is, the four explanatory variables of Region, Democratic Vote for Governor, Population Density, and Median Family Income, although they account for a large percentage of the variation among the thirteen policy categories, must be supplemented by other independent variables, not treated in this study, which if identified, might account for portions of the unexplained variation.

NOTES

[1]See Oliver Benson et. al., Oklahoma Votes 1907-1962 (Norman, Oklahoma: Bureau of Government Research, University of Oklahoma, 1964), pp. 32-43.

[2]The data displayed in Figure 5-1 were taken from Benson et. al., p. 37.

[3]Kirkpatrick, Morgan, and Kielhorn, p. 24.

[4]Benson et. al., p. 32.

[5]Ibid.

[6]Ibid.

[7]Ibid., p. 33.

[8]Kirkpatrick, Morgan, and Kielhorn, p. 24.

[9]Ibid.

[10]Ibid., p. 30.

[11]Ibid., p. 31.

[12]See Morgan and Meier, pp. 12-17, for findings related to socio-economic and religious factors and referenda possessing moral content.

[13]Nie et. al., pp. 218-248.

[14]Ibid., pp. 227-228.

[15]For an excellent discussion of multivariate analysis, see David A. Aaker, Multivariate Analysis in Marketing: Theory and Application (Belmont, California: Wadsworth Publishing Company, Inc., 1971), pp. 5-49.

[16]Ibid., p. 3. Aaker notes that the multicollinearity problem arises "...when the independent variables are correlated and it becomes difficult to separate the individual effects of the variables involved."

CHAPTER VI

CONCLUSION

The concept of direct democracy, although rooted in some political thought of antiquity, was popularized at the turn of the century (1890-1920) by political leaders and progressive muckrakers such as Robert La Follette, Woodrow Wilson, and Lincoln Steffens. Chapter I reviews the many philosophical, ideological and political arguments made against these two instruments of popular participation and legitimation of public policy. It is rather paradoxical that as the twentieth century unfolds the popularity of initiative and referendum as mechanisms for constitutional and statutory change--notions all but omitted from the lexicon of the contemporary political scientist--should re-emerge with such widespread support and enthusiasm in the late 1970's.[1]

As Proposition 13 had its unique impact on the public revenue generation and spending behavior of California, somewhat similar measures stalk the economic and political wilderness of other states and a myriad of communities. While many conservatives feared the principle of direct democracy in the early part of the century (polemical statements which characterized the I and R as "socialism run wild" and "mob rule" were quite prevalent) the ideological wheel of support and argumentation in recent years has made a nearly complete revolution. That is, many liberals and progressive leaning citizens and politicians express anxious feelings that direct democratic techniques might be used as the vehicle to not only incorporate a specific brand of economic theory into the several state constitutions, but that a statutory initiative might be instituted at the national level of government with potentially troublesome implications. The Aborezk bill, had it passed,

would have set in motion a movement to amend the U. S. Constitution, and to enable the American electorate to popularly petition selected pieces of legislation to be legitimated by popular approval. Obviously the scenario that this possibility presents is an interesting one. The political, social, and economic changes that such a movement could cause to take place would be exciting indeed (e.g. balanced budget, welfare legislation, health policy, and taxation measures). A South Dakotan helped popularize the notion of direct democracy during the early part of this century at the state level, and in 1977 another South Dakotan has spearheaded the initiative campaign at the national level.[2]

A principal conclusion that may be drawn from this extensive empirical analysis of the operation of direct democracy in Oklahoma during the 1907-1972 period, is that the I and R was a mechanism used to bring about change. The type of change has not been predominantly liberal or conservative in orientation. In turn, however, the people were able to directly affect public policy in several important areas (taxation, government structure, education, health, welfare and safety and several other policy categories). Except for a few measures that were approved by the people, the political impact of direct democracy in practice has not been particularly profound. The Progressives' theme song of curing the ills of democracy by having more democracy has been played over and over again; the audience, for the most part, has never been terribly responsive to the sound.

Chapter II provides the methodological focus for this longitudinal study of initiatives and referendums in Oklahoma. It identifies the research strategies employed and the data analyzed. The framework is established in this section for performing an objective analysis of the I and R using the county as the basic unit of analysis.

In Chapter III the legal requirements surrounding the operation of the I and R in Oklahoma are examined. Since 1907 many conflicts have resulted between individuals, groups and the state as to the operation and interpretation of the organic law and statutes pertaining to direct legislation. Today, the legalisms accompanying the I an R are fairly unambiguous and easy to understand.

The analyses section (Chapter IV and V) employs a number of research strategies ranging from bivariate analysis to more sophisticated multivariate analysis (multiple correlation and regression and discriminant analysis). In addition, Chapter IV makes extensive use of descriptive statistics to show what has happened when the people act directly as their own lawmakers. Several findings are of interest: (1) The mode of referral most frequently employed over the 65 year span has been the legislative referendum. (2) The referendum petition ("protest petition") is used so infrequently in Oklahoma as to be of little or no consequence in either constitutional or statutory change. (3) Election type is related to level of passage, with a negative association (-.14) between percent yes vote cast on propositions submitted in general elections and percent participation on issues, and a strong negative association (-.44) between percent yes vote cast on propositions submitted in primary elections and voter participation on the submitted measures.

In addition, Chapter IV presents a longitudinal analysis of state question voting behavior during seven periods of Oklahoma history by referral types and proposition passage levels. The legislative referendum is the most common mode used to change the statutes or constitution, although

the referral method employed fluctuated rather widely among the time periods studied, especially in relation to the initiative petition and to the pre-1950 periods. The high rate of failure for propositions popularly initiated casts considerable doubt as the the acceptability of electoral generated measures. The operation of the "silent-vote" prior to 1974, the year it was removed by the people, was a decisive factor in the defeat of 35 propositions that otherwise would have been adopted.

An analysis of the magnitude and specifics of constitutional change related to the I and R indicate that the bulk of successful amending has occured in the post-1945 period, with the 1960's representing the high tide of amendment activity. The article of the Constitution which has been a primary target of change pertains to revenue and taxation. About 25 percent of all articles in Oklahoma's Constitution have not been amended. Further, it is noted that many of the politically important constitutional amendments were proposed by the Legislature and subsequently referred to the people for their consideration.

One additional research method used in Chapter IV enabled all 252 issues to be placed into one of fourteen different policy classifications ranging from issues related to government structure to issues possessing public morality and individual life style content. It is observed that substantially different passage levels were found for the fourteen policy categories and specific subject matter of the 252 measures. Judicial issues, for instance, possessed the highest passage level, and public morality issues had the lowest level of passage. An analysis of proposition outcome (pass/fail) during the seven time frames reveals major differences, as well as significant differences for the two major periods of Oklahoma history (pre-

1945 and post-1945) in relation to both proposition passage levels and referral mode employed.

Areal voting patterns on major policy classifications are developed in Chapter V. A brief analysis of selected demographic and political features in Oklahoma provides a reference point for analysis of county yes voting inclinations on policy groups. Several important findings emerge: (1) The average of all counties mean vote yes on thirteen policy types (grand means) was the highest for health, welfare and safety issues and the lowest for public morality and veterans' benefit policies. (2) Counties composing the SMSA's demonstrated unique voting patterns in contrast with more rural counties of many issue dimensions (business and corporations, government maintenance, and constitutional convention policies). Subsequent areal analysis helped to identify a number of voting patterns which were associated with the level of proposition support for policy groups and population density, affluence factors, percent Democratic vote for Governor, and Indian Territory/Oklahoma Territory political origins.

Having identified four major variables that pertained to the areal voting patterns on all policy types, bivariate and multivariate analyses were performed. The four independent variables were found to contribute a great deal to our understanding of those factors associated with support for various proposition types. A large number of statistical relationships were found between region, median family income, percent Democratic vote, and population density and the identified policy categories. One principal discovery is the strong association between geographic location of counties (Indian or Oklahoma Territory) and overall average support for measures. The influence of region as a controlling factor is not only

statistically important, but also historically, politically, and culturally interesting.

The utilization of multiple regression as an analysis mode further contributed to the overall understanding of the variation that occurred among the support levels among Oklahoma counties for policy groups. Although the entire analysis will not be summarized at this point, it is to be noted that collectively, the four independent variables accounted for a large percentage of the explained variation among the policy classifications. Jointly, these selected explanatory factors account for 54 percent of the variation among all state questions submitted to the Oklahoma electorate during the 1907-1972 period, and they explained as much as 68 percent of the support level for veterans' benefit measures and 59 percent for public morality issues.

The correlations utilized in the regression analysis are drawn from the paired associations that exist between the thirteen dependent variables (policy areas) and the four explanatory variables. The magnitude and direction of the relationships are useful in assessing those county characteristics associated with proposition support levels. Out of a total of 52 pairs of variables, 35 were statistically significant at the .001 level. Region as an independent variables possessed a high correlation with the voting orientation in a number of issue areas, such as veterans' benefits, public morality, health, welfare and safety, and land and natural resource use. Clearly the application of bivariate and multivariate analysis techniques to the study of direct legislation provides for a better understanding of the interrelations among the propositions examined, and enables social scientists to increase the precision by which they study and explain direct democracy in the American States.

In bringing this research to a conclusion, it seems appropriate to suggest some lines for further research which appear promising. Political scientists have carried the study of elections to a sophisticated level. The same is true of legislative roll-call analysis and of survey research. The study of direct legislation, still in its infancy, partakes of aspects of all three fields and can profit from the methods which have benefited them. In a sense a referendum is the ultimate roll-call and the ultimate opinion survey, as well as an election.

The 19,404 unit records assembled for this study could serve as the source for a wide variety of research projects. Two brief suggestions are offered as interesting leads--using discriminant analysis and Guttman scaling.

Discriminant Analysis of Region

In view of the important role of region in the regression equations, another look at this variable made use of the statistical technique of discriminant analysis. In the simplest version of this method, a "discriminant function" is developed which specifies coefficients for each of a number of "discriminating variables," the coefficients being multipliers which will discriminate as much as possible between two groups of cases. The result is an equation somewhat like a regression equation but designed to maximize differences rather than to minimize them. Although the task of discrimination may involve more than one equation--indeed as many discriminant functions as variables may be developed--the process was carried out to only one

function for this illustration. The thirteen groups of state questions (including the "All" group) were set as the discriminating variables, so that the discriminant function sought was one which, based on the 1001 data (13 sets of 77), would "predict" whether any given county belonged, considering its voting record, in Oklahoma Territory or in Indian Territory. The equation below is in standardized form, the coefficients being similar to the betas of the regression equations. The Z's are the Z-scores corresponding to the individual county's percentages on the thirteen groups of state questions measured in standard deviations from the state means. The D score is the discriminant score for the county.

$$D = .60503Z_1 - .5166Z_2 - .3629Z_3 - .13437Z_4 - .30539Z_5 + .3233Z_6 + .08654Z_7 + .09114Z_8 - .07928Z_9 - .12073Z_{10} + .15123Z_{11} - .18335Z_{12} - .52633Z_{13}$$

The subscripts for the Z's represent the thirteen variables used as discriminant variables--the policy groups of the regression equations (All State Questions, Government Structure, Taxation, Judicial, Land, Labor, Business, Elections, Government Maintenance, Health-Welfare-Safety, Education, Veterans, and Public Morality). When the equation is applied to each county, ideally it should produce "discriminant scores" with positive values for Oklahoma Territory counties and negative scores for Indian Territory counties. Actually, the predictive efficiency of the equation is 95 percent. It correctly classifies 73 of the 77 counties, failing only for Caddo, Comanche, Oklahoma, and Osage. It should be noted that Osage, though legally in Oklahoma Territory, had never been incorporated into the county government system before statehood, being still known as the Osage Nation at the

time of the constitutional convention in 1906. It was one of the first agencies created following the Civil War, located in the Cherokee Strip adjacent to the Cherokee Nation. In the constitutional convention, fifty-five delegates were elected from each of the Twin Territories, and two additional from the Osage Nation. Thus the discriminant equation may be considered in this case not to have made an actual error but to have called attention to an historical anomoly. In fact, Comanche County, site of Fort Sill, was formed from a part of the Kiowa-Comanche-Apache Reservation created in 1867, and Caddo, site of Fort Cobb, was the home of the Wichita-Caddo Reservation created in 1872, so that both had long associations with Indian culture though not part of the Five Nations.

This brief essay in discriminant analysis is not meant to be complete, but rather to point to possible techniques for further examination of the basic data set on Oklahoma State Questions. Other groups than regions could be defined by dichotomizing Democratic vote, median county income, or population density at the state mean. Alternatively, the groups might be defined as support groups for specified policy clusters of state questions, again dichotomized at the state mean. It is also possible to use the technique for discriminant functions for more than two groups, though interpretation becomes more complex as the number increases.[3]

Scalogram Analysis: A Guttman Scale of Selected Policy Groups

In the same spirit of suggesting other analytical methods for study of the data, a limited Guttman scale analysis was carried out,

with the results shown in Table 6-1. This approach represents still another technique for classifying the seventy-seven counties and their voting behavior. In the scalogram, a county was deemed to have voted yes if its mean support percentage for the questions in one group is more than 50 percent, and to have voted no if less than 50 percent. Only six of the policy groups were scaled (Public Morality, Education, Government Maintenance, Elections, Judicial and Health-Welfare-Safety), with the highly satisfactory Coefficient of Reproducibility of .96 and equally satisfactory Coefficient of Scalability of .82. For the former, a coefficient of .9 is considered the minimum and for the latter a value over .6 is deemed necessary.[4]

Similar scaled sets of individual state questions could be created and perhaps could then serve as a measuring instrument for fitting other issues into a pattern. For that matter, a series of patterns would probably emerge, since Guttman scaling is designed to discover sets of responses which are unidimensional. The seventy-three issues represented in the six groups of the scalogram may not represent a single dimension--unless the dimension be simply "support," but the six merged groups do fit the criteria for unidimensionality quite well. Interestingly, no county fits scale group zero, meaning that no county voted no on all six groups. Clearly the scalogram casts additional light on county votings, in view of the fact that several counties have an overall support percentage of less than 43. Indeed, Major County, whose overall support is only 40 percent--lowest of all, is found here with the scale group supporting two of the six groups of measures. Similar refinements could be expected from more complete scaling of the data.

TABLE 6-1

SCALOGRAM OF COUNTY SUPPORT FOR SELECTED GROUPS OF OKLAHOMA STATE QUESTIONS

Note: If a county's mean support percentage for the questions in the group is more than 50 %, it is deemed to have voted Yes (+); otherwise No (-). Errors, in the Guttman scale meaning of inconsistencies, are enclosed by parentheses.

COUNTIES	MORAL	EDUCN	MANTNC	ELECTN	JUDICL	HWSFTY
OSAGE,TULSA	+	+	+	+	+	+
MUSKOGEE	+	+	(-)	+	+	+
CARTER,CHOCTAW,CLEVELAND,COMANCHE, CREEK,OKFUSKEE,OKLAHOMA,OKMULGEE,PAYNE, PITTSBURG,SEMINOLE,WASHINGTON	-	+	+	+	+	+
KAY,McCURTAIN,MURRAY,LOGAN,PONTOTOC, STEPHENS,TILLMAN	-	-	+	+	+	+
BRYAN,JACKSON,OTTAWA,POTTAWATOMIE	-	(+)	-	+	+	+
BECKHAM,CANADIAN,CUSTER,GARFIELD,GARVIN, GRADY,KIOWA,MARSHALL,PAWNEE,TEXAS	-	-	-	+	+	+
COAL,HUGHES,JEFFERSON,LEFLORE,NOBLE, NOWATA	-	-	(+)	-	+	+
COTTON,GREER,McINTOSH	-	(+)	-	-	+	+
ADAIR	(+)	-	-	-	+	+
ALFALFA,ATOKA,BLAINE,CADDO,CHEROKEE, CRAIG,DELAWARE,ELLIS,GRANT,HARMON, HARPER,KINGFISHER,LINCOLN,McCURTAIN, MAJOR,MAYES,ROGERS,WAGONER,WASHITA, WOODS,WOODWARD	-	-	-	-	+	+
LATIMER,PUSHMATAHA	-	-	(+)	-	-	+
SEQUOYAH	-	(+)	-	-	-	+
BEAVER,CIMARRON,DEWEY,HASKELL, JOHNSTON,LOVE,ROGER MILLS	-	-	-	-	-	+

Responses = 77 x 6 = 462
Errors = 1+4+6+3+1+2+1= 18
Coefficient of Reproducibility = 1 - E/R = .961
Minimum Marginal Reproducibility* = .7792
Percent Improvement = .1818
Coefficient of Scalability = .8234

*MMR = (Sum Maximum Marginals)/ Responses. Maximum Marginals means the number of +'s or -'s in each column, whichever is larger, and for this scalogram their sum is 73+54+48+41+67+77=360. Percent Improvement is CR - MMR, and Coefficient of Scalability is PI/(1 - MMR).

NOTES

[1]"Rising demand for direct democracy—good or bad?" The Denver Post, 4 February 1979, p. 20. Professor Thomas E. Cronin observes that the "...national initiative is unlikely to be adopted in the near future, but it is likely that more states and cities will approve of the initiative in the next few years." He also considers the traditional arguments put forth on behalf of direct legislation, as well as arguments directed against the I and R. In addition, see Butler and Ranney, p. 75 for a discussion of Initiative America. This pressure group desires to have a national referendum adopted in the United States.

[2]Fred M. Frohock, Public Policy Scope and Logic (Englewood Cliffs, New Jersey: Prentice-Hall, Inc., 1979), especially Chapter 4. This chapter deals with such topics as: Referendum as a Decision-Rule and A Moral Paradox in Participation. This is one of the first public policy texts to take into consideration the role and behavior of the people as policy makers.

[3]See Aaker, pp. 115-153, for a comprehensive and clear discussion of discriminant analysis. Also, Franklin M. Fisher, "The Mathematical Analysis of Supreme Court Decisions: The Use and Abuse of Quantitative Methods," American Political Science Review, 52 (June, 1958), 321-328.

[4]Benson, Political Science Laboratory, Chapter 7, pp. 235-267, for a treatment of Guttman scaling techniques.

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APPENDIX A

OKLAHOMA STATE QUESTION WORKSHEET

OKLAHOMA STATE QUESTION WORK SHEET

ST. Q.# _____ ELECTION DATE _____

GIST OF ISSUE _____ OFFICE W/ HIGHEST NO. VOTES _____

_____ APPROVE _____ REJECT _____

REFERENCES _____ CONST. AMEND. _____ INITIATIVE _____

_____ REFERENDUM _____ OTHER: _____

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL VOTE	COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL VOTE
1. Adair				41. Lincoln			
2. Alfalfa				42. Logan			
3. Atoka				43. Love			
4. Beaver				44. McClain			
5. Beckham				45. McCurtain			
6. Blaine				46. McIntosh			
7. Bryan				47. Major			
8. Caddo				48. Marshall			
9. Canadian				49. Mayes			
10. Carter				50. Murray			
11. Cherokee				51. Muskogee			
12. Choctaw				52. Noble			
13. Cimarron				53. Nowata			
14. Cleveland				54. Okfuskee			
15. Coal				55. Oklahoma			
16. Comanche				56. Okmulgee			
17. Cotton				57. Osage			
18. Craig				58. Ottawa			
19. Creek				59. Pawnee			
20. Custer				60. Payne			
21. Delaware				61. Pittsburg			
22. Dewey				62. Pontotoc			
23. Ellis				63. Pottawatomie			
24. Garfield				64. Pushmataha			
25. Garvin				65. Roger Mills			
26. Grady				66. Rogers			
27. Grant				67. Seminole			
28. Greer				68. Sequoyah			
29. Harmon				69. Stephens			
30. Harper				70. Texas			
31. Haskell				71. Tillman			
32. Hughes				72. Tulsa			
33. Jackson				73. Wagoner			
34. Jefferson				74. Washington			
35. Johnston				75. Washita			
36. Kay				76. Woods			
37. Kingfisher				77. Woodward			
38. Kiowa							
39. Latimer							
40. LeFlore				STATE TOTAL			

APPENDIX B

FORTRAN IV COMPUTATION AND DISPLAY PROGRAM

INITIATIVE AND REFERENDUM PRIMARY FORTRAN PROGRAM

```
C       IC=5 FOR CARD READER
C       IW=6 FOR PRINTER
C       IPU=8 FOR OUTPUT DATASET
C       ITAPE=9 FOR INPUT DATASET
C       ISILNT - FLAG FOR TYPE OF P-O
C                  0 = MEAN % PART
C                  1 = MEAN % SILENT
C       KOUNTS = 0 COUNTS STATE QUESTIONS PROCESSED
C       KMAX = 252 TOTAL NUMBER OF STATE QUESTIONS IN SURVEY
C       I N T E G E R
C       TYES - TOTAL YES
C       TNO  - TOTAL NO
C       TTVC - GRAND TOTAL VOTE CAST
C       TITLE - STATE QUESTION TITLE
C       COUNTY - COUNTY NAME
C       YES - YES VOTE
C       NO  - NO VOTE
C       TVC - TOTAL VOTE CAST
C       IPYES - % YES (TO BE PUNCHED)
C       NSQ - STATE QUESTION NUMBER TO BE STORED
C       KYEAR - YEAR
C       NOSQ - STATE QUESTION NUMBER
C       NOPYES - NO VOTE PLUS YES VOTE
C       J - LOOP INDEX
C       JJ - LOOP UPPER BOUND
C       I - LOOP INDEX
C       R E A L
C       PYES - % YES
C       PPART - % PART
C       PSLNT - % SLNT
C       MPYES - MEAN % YES
C       MPPART - MEAN % PART
C       MPSLNT - MEAN % SLNT
C       XKNTR - SUMMATION COUNTER
C       YESACM - ACCUM YES %
C       PARACM - ACCUM PART %
C       SILACM - ACCUM SLNT %
        INTEGER TYES(3),TNO(3),TTVC(3)
        INTEGER TITLE(80,3),COUNTY(77,13),YES(77,3),NO(77,3),TVC(77,3)
        INTEGER IPYES(77,252), NSQ(252), KYEAR(252)
        REAL PYES(77,3),PPART(77,3),PSLNT(77,3),MPYES(3),MPPART(3)
        REAL MPSLNT(3)
        REAL XKNTR(3),YESACM(3),PARACM(3),SILACM(3)
        DATA I1,I2,I3,I4,I19 / 1, 2, 3, 4, 19 /
C
C          KMAX IS THE TOTAL NUMBER OF STATE QUESTIONS IN THE SURVEY
        KMAX = 252
C
        IC = 5
```

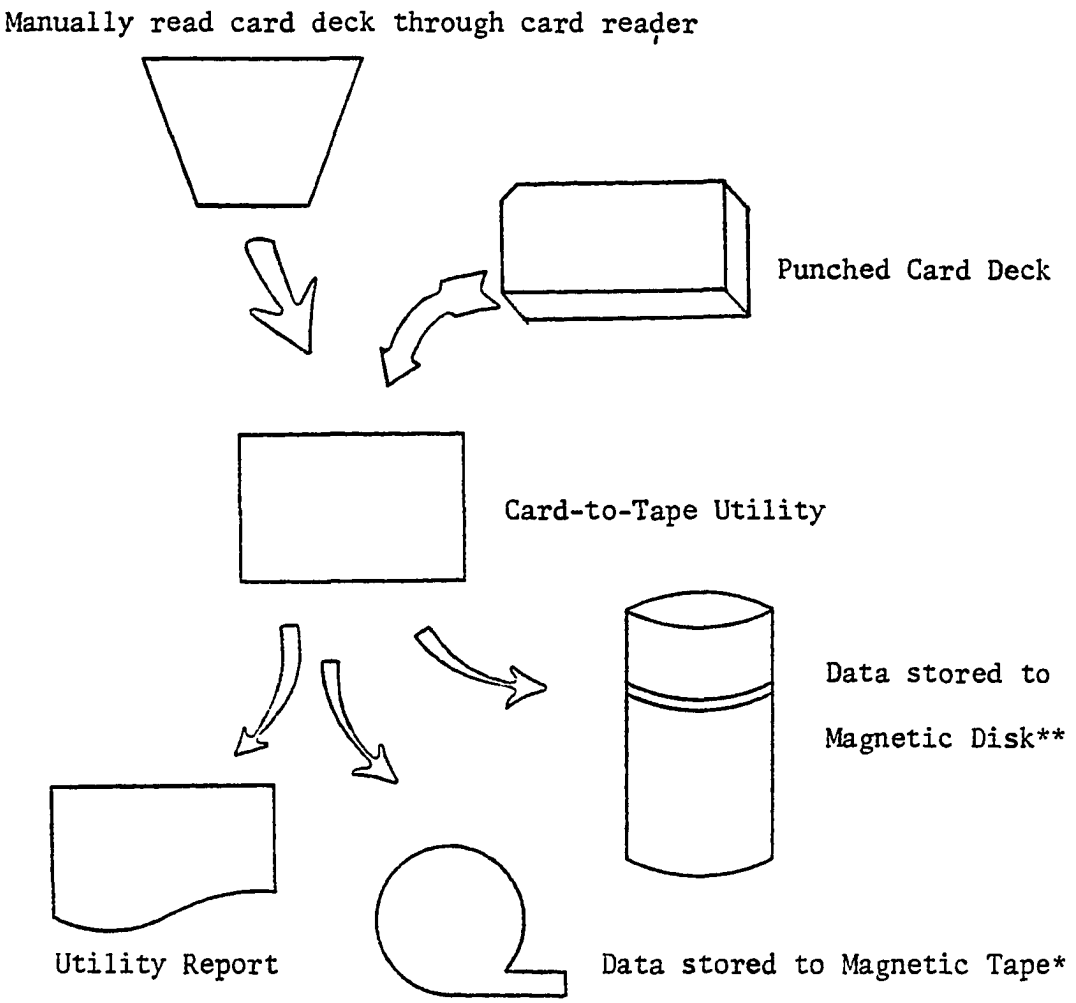
```
      IW=6
      IPU = 8
      ITAPE=9
      ISILNT = 1
      KOUNTS = 0
      READ(IC,301,ERR=102,END=102) (KYEAR(K), K=1,KMAX)
1     CONTINUE
      DO 10 J = 1, 3
      XKNTR(J) = 0.
      YESACM(J) = 0.
      PARACM(J) = 0.
      SILACM(J) = 0.
      TYES(J) = 0
      TNO(J) = 0
      TTVC(J) = 0
      JJ = J
      READ(ITAPE,500,ERR=100,END=80) (TITLE(I,J),I=1,80),NOSQ
      KOUNTS = KOUNTS + 1
      IF ( KOUNTS .GT. KMAX)   GO TO 102
      NSQ(KOUNTS) = NOSQ
      DO 10 I = 1, 77
      READ(ITAPE,502,ERR=100,END=99) (COUNTY(I,K),K=1,13),YES(I,J),
     $     NO(I,J),TVC(I,J),NOSQ
      IF(TVC(I,J).EQ.0)    TVC(I,J) = YES(I,J) + NO(I,J)
      TYES(J) = TYES(J) + YES(I,J)
      TNO(J) = TNO(J) + NO(I,J)
      TTVC(J) = TTVC(J) + TVC(I,J)
      NOPYES = NO(I,J) + YES(I,J)
      IF ( NOPYES .NE. 0  .AND.  TVC(I,J) .NE. 0 )   GO TO 9
      PYES(I,J) = 0.
      PPART(I,J) = 0.
      PSLNT(I,J) = 0.
      GO TO 10
9     PYES(I,J) = 100. * YES(I,J) / NOPYES
      PPART(I,J) = 100. * NOPYES / TVC(I,J)
      PSLNT(I,J) = 100. - PPART(I,J)
      XKNTR(J) = XKNTR(J) + 1.
      YESACM(J) = YESACM(J) + PYES(I,J)
      PARACM(J) = PARACM(J) + PPART(I,J)
      SILACM(J) = SILACM(J) + PSLNT(I,J)
10    CONTINUE
      WRITE(IW,504)(TITLE(I,1),I=1,31),(TITLE(I,2),I=1,31),
     $(TITLE(I,3),I=1,31)
      WRITE(IW,505)(TITLE(I,1),I=32,52),(TITLE(I,2),I=32,52),
     $(TITLE(I,3),I=32,52)
      WRITE(IW,506) (TITLE(I,1),I=53,80),(TITLE(I,2),I=53,80),
     $(TITLE(I,3),I=53,80)
      IF ( ISILNT .EQ. 1 )   GO TO 40
      WRITE(IW,507)
      DO 30 I = 1, 77
C     STORE PERCENT YES VOTES TO 1 DECIMAL PLACE IN INTEGER VARIABLES
C        FOR PUNCHING OUT BY COUNTY AND STATE QUESTION SEQUENCE
```

```
      IPYES(I,KOUNTS-2) = 10.0 * PYES(I,1) + .5
      IPYES(I,KOUNTS-1) = 10.0 * PYES(I,2) + .5
      IPYES(I,KOUNTS  ) = 10.0 * PYES(I,3) + .5
30    WRITE(IW,508)(TVC(I,L),NO(I,L),YES(I,L),(COUNTY(I,K),K=1,12),
     $PYES(I,L),PPART(I,L),L=1,3)
      GO TO 55
40    WRITE(IW,509)
      DO 50 I = 1, 77
50    WRITE(IW,508)(TVC(I,L),NO(I,L),YES(I,L),(COUNTY(I,K),K=1,12),
     $PYES(I,L),PSLNT(I,L),L=1,3)
C****** D E A D   C O D E *********
C55   DO 60 J = 1, JJ
C     NOPYES = TNO(J) + TYES(J)
C     MPYES(J) = 100. * TYES(J) / NOPYES
C     MPPART(J) = 100. * NOPYES / TTVC(J)
C     MPSLNT(J) = 100. - MPPART(J)
C60   CONTINUE
C****** D E A D   C O D E   E N D ******
   55 DO 60 J = 1,JJ
      MPYES(J) = YESACM(J) / XKNTR(J)
      MPPART(J) = PARACM(J) / XKNTR(J)
      MPSLNT(J) = SILACM(J) / XKNTR(J)
   60 CONTINUE
      IF ( ISILNT .EQ. 1 )   GO TO 70
      WRITE(IW,516)(TYES(J),TNO(J),TTVC(J),MPYES(J),MPPART(J),J=1,JJ)
      GO TO 1
70    WRITE(IW,517)(TYES(J),TNO(J),TTVC(J),MPYES(J),MPSLNT(J),J=1,JJ)
      GO TO 1
80    ISILNT = ISILNT + 1
      REWIND ITAPE
      KOUNTS = 0
      IF ( ISILNT .EQ. 1 )   GO TO 1
C        AFTER PRINTING REPORTS, NOW PUNCH CARDS ON PERCENT YES VOTES
      DO 90 K = 1, KMAX
      NOSQ = NSQ(K)
      KYR = KYEAR(K)
90    WRITE(IPU,200) NOSQ,(IPYES(I,K),I= 1,25),I1,
     $               NOSQ,(IPYES(I,K),I=26,50),I2,
     $               NOSQ,(IPYES(I,K),I=51,75),I3,
     $               NOSQ,(IPYES(I,K),I=76,77),I19,KYR,I4
      DO 95 I = 1, 77
      NCARD = 0
      DO 95 K = 1, KMAX, 25
      J = K + 24
      IF ( J .GT. KMAX )   J = KMAX
      NCARD = NCARD + 1
95    WRITE(IPU,201) NCARD,I,(IPYES(I,L),L=K,J)
99    STOP
C       ERROR PRINTOUT
100   WRITE(IW,101) NOSEQ, (COUNTY(I,K),K=1,13),(TITLE(K,J),K=1,80)
      GO TO 99
101   FORMAT('0NOSQ=',I3, 13A1, 80A1  )
```

```
      102   WRITE(IW,103)
            GO TO 99
      103   FORMAT('1MISSING STATE QUESTION YEAR DATA')
      200   FORMAT( 3(I3,25I3,1X,I1,/),I3,2I3,65X,2I2,1X,I1 )
      201   FORMAT(T79,I2,T1,I3,25I3)
      301   FORMAT( 26(I2,1X), I2 )
      500   FORMAT(80A1,T78,I3)
      502   FORMAT(13A1,I6,I7,I8,43X,I3)
      504   FORMAT('1',31A1,T47,31A1,T92,31A1)
      505   FORMAT( 1X,21A1,T47,21A1,T92,21A1)
      506   FORMAT( 1X,28A1,T47,28A1,T92,28A1)
      507   FORMAT(///' COUNTY',T17,'YES',T23,'NO',T27,'TOTAL',T34,'%YES',T39,
     $       '%PART',T47,'COUNTY',T62,'YES',T68,'NO',T72,'TOTAL',T79,
     $         '%YES',T84,'%PART',T92,'COUNTY',T107,'YES',T113,'NO',T117,
     $         'TOTAL',T124,'%YES',T129,'%PART',//)
      508   FORMAT(1X,T25,I7,T19,I7,T13,I7,T2,12A1,T32,2F6.1,
     $    T70,I7,T64,I7,T58,I7,T47,12A1,T77,2F6.1,
     $    T115,I7,T109,I7,T103,I7,T92,12A1,T122,2F6.1 )
      509   FORMAT(///' COUNTY',T17,'YES',T23,'NO',T27,'TOTAL',T34,'%YES',T39,
     $       '%SLNT',T47,'COUNTY',T62,'YES',T68,'NO',T72,'TOTAL',T79,
     $         '%YES',T84,'%SLNT',T92,'COUNTY',T107,'YES',T113,'NO',T117,
     $         'TOTAL',T124,'%YES',T129,'%SLNT',//)
      516   FORMAT( //, 3('    TOTAL     TOTAL     TOTAL      MEAN%   MEAN% '), /,
     $              3('     YES       NO       VOTE       YES     PART '),//,
     $              3(I8,I9,I9,5X,F5.1,2X,F5.1,1X)  )
      517   FORMAT( //, 3('    TOTAL     TOTAL     TOTAL      MEAN%   MEAN% '), /,
     $              3('     YES       NO       VOTE       YES    SILNT '),//,
     $              3(I8,I9,I9,5X,F5.1,2X,F5.1,1X)  )
            END
```

```
//USECOKL1 JOB
/*JOBPARM Q=T,I,F=3430,K=0
//TREND  EXEC  PGM=OKLA1
//STEPLIB    DD  DSN=USEC.MYUSELI2,DISP=SHR
//FT06F001   DD  SYSOUT=A
//FT09F001   DD  DSN=USEC.POLS#765.OKLAHOM1.DATA,DISP=SHR
//           DD  DSN=USEC.POLS#765.OKLAHOM2.DATA,DISP=SHR
//FT08F001   DD  DSN=USEC.POLS#765.OKLAPUN1.DATA,
//           DISP=(NEW,CATLG,KEEP),
//           UNIT=3330,VOL=SER=HECS10,
//           DCB=(RECFM=FB,LRECL=80,BLKSIZE=2480),
//           SPACE=(TRK,(50,50),RLSE)
//FT05F001   DD  *
08 08 08 08 08 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 11 12 12 12 12 13 13 13 13 13 14 14 1
14 14 14 14 14 14 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 18 19 20 20 20 20 20 22 22 2
23 23 23 23 23 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 28 30 30 30 31 31 31 31 32 32 32 32 32 3
33 33 33 34 34 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 36 36 36 36 36 36 38 38 38 38 38 38 40 40 4
40 40 40 41 41 41 42 42 42 42 44 44 44 44 44 46 46 46 46 46 48 48 48 49 49 50 5
50 50 50 50 52 52 52 52 52 54 54 54 54 54 55 56 56 56 56 56 56 56 56 56 57 58 5
59 59 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 61 61 62 62 62 62 62 63 63 63 63 64 64 6
64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 65 65 65 65 65 66 66 66 66 66 66 66 66 67 67 68 68 68 6
68 68 68 68 68 68 68 68 68 68 68 68 68 69 69 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 71 71 71 7
71 71 72 72 72 72 72 72 72
/*
```

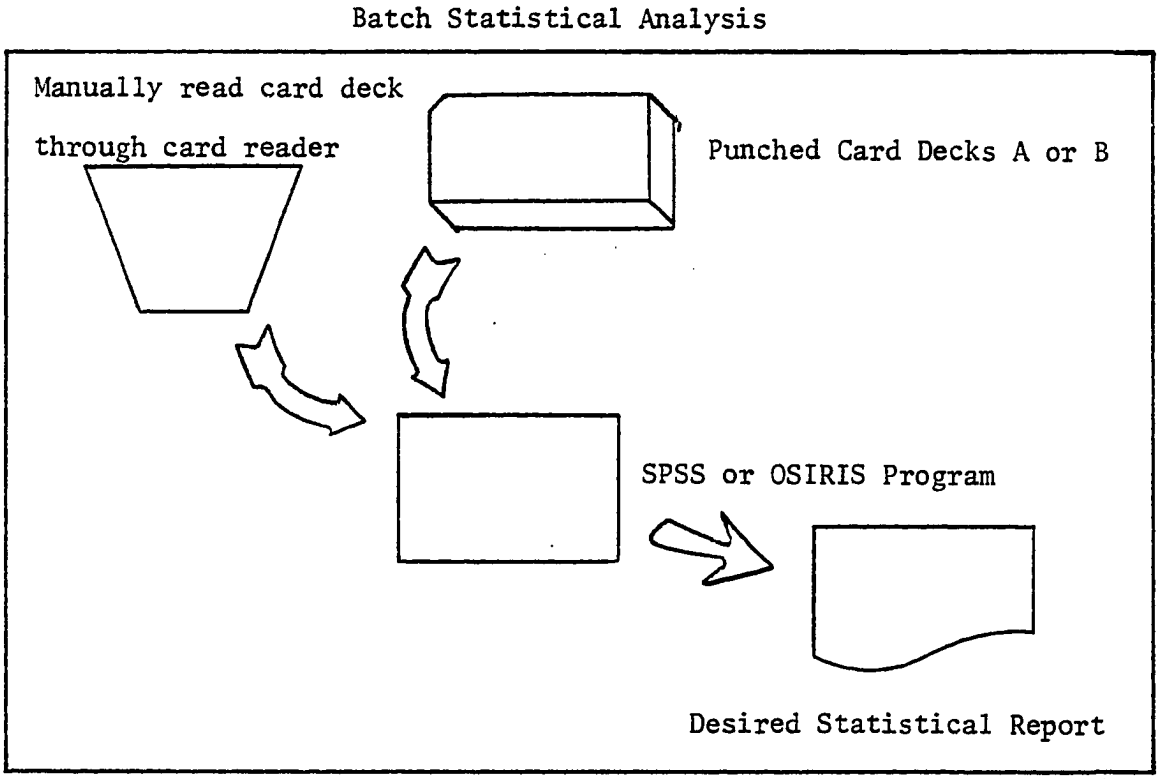
Figure B-1.--Data Storage Procedures

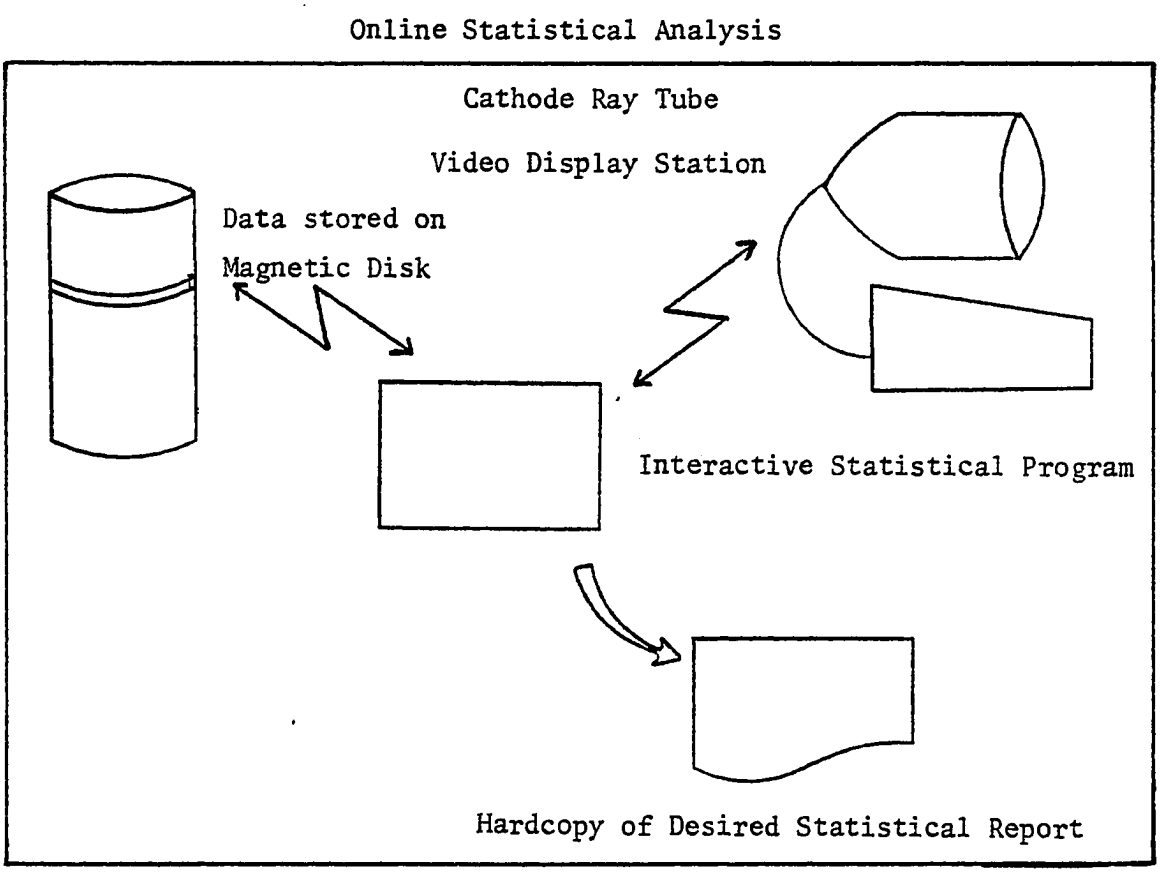


* Standard labeled IBM-type 9 track tape, 1600 bpi, odd parity; Aggregate data put to tape under a fixed blocksize of 3200 and a logical record size of 80 bytes for batch processing

** Stored on an IBM 2314 Disk Drive with attributes similar to that of tape, except primarily for online applications

Figure B-2.--Statistical Analysis Systems Flowchart (Continued from A or B in Figure 2-1)





APPENDIX C

GIPSY ONLINE QUERY PROGRAM

GIPSY--UNIVERSITY OF OKLAHOMA

```
FORM
-------
OKLA STAT
=
 SELECT
 A. TEXT (REFERENDUM)
         STATUTE TEXT:
 B. $  (PETITION)
 C. $  (INITIATIVE)
 D.
 LOGIC a or b or c
     SEARCH
 LOGIC
=
 SEARCH BEGINNING
=
=
 SEARCHED   18547
 SELECTED     813     SUBSET     1
 VARIABLES SATISFIED
      A        32
      B       781
      C        44
 ITERATE?
 YES
 A. TEXT (INITIATIVE) wi a (PETITION)
 B.      STATUTE TEXT:
 LOGIC a
     SEARCH
 LOGIC
 SEARCH BEGINNING
 SEARCHED     813
 SELECTED       0     SUBSET     2
 VARIABLES SATISFIED
      A         0
 ITERATE?
 YES, 1
 A. TEXT (INITIATIVE)
         STATUTE TEXT:
 LOGIC a
     SEARCH
 LOGIC
=
 SEARCH BEGINNING
=
=
 SEARCHED      813
 SELECTED       44
 VARIABLES SATISFIED
      A         44
```

```
 ITERATE?
 NO
 LIST
 PRINT
-------
TERMINAL OR PRINTER?
PRINTER
ENTER A HEADING
INITIATIVE MEYER
 ITERATE?
-------
 YES, 1
 A. TEXT (REFERENDUM)
         STATUTE TEXT:
 B.
 LOGIC a
     SEARCH
 LOGIC
=
 SEARCH BEGINNING
 SEARCHED      813
 SELECTED       32     SUBSET     2
 VARIABLES SATISFIED
      A         32
 ITERATE?
 NO
=
 PRINT
-------
TERMINAL OR PRINTER?
PRINTER
ENTER A HEADING
REFERENDUM MEYER
=
=
=
 SELECT
-------
 A. TEXT (GENERAL ELECTION)
         STATUTE TEXT:
 B. $  (REFERENDUM)
 C. $  (INITIATIVE)
 b.
 LOGIC
 LOGIC a and (b or c)
     SEARCH
 LOGIC
=
 SEARCH BEGINNING
=
=
 SEARCHED   18547
 SELECTED       4     SUBSET     1
```

```
 VARIABLES SATISFIED
      A       133
      B        32
      C        44
=
 ITERATE?
 NO
=
 PRINT
-------
TERMINAL OR PRINTER?
PRINTER
ENTER A HEADING
GENERAL ELECTION (REFERENDUM AND INITIATIVE) MEYER
=
 SELECT
-------
 A. TEXT (PRIMARY)
         STATUTE TEXT:
 B. $ (RUN-OFF)
 C. $ (RUN-OFF)
 D. $ (RUN-OFF)
 E. $ (CONSTITUTION)
 F. $ (CONVENTION)
 G. $ (INITIATIVE)
 H. $ (REFERENDUM)
=
 LOGIC A+B+C+D+E+F+G+H
     SEARCH
 LOGIC
=
 SEARCH BEGINNING
=
 SEARCHED    18547
 SELECTED      781
 VARIABLES SATISFIED
      A        160
      B          9
      C         15
      D          0
      E        561
      F         21
      G         44
      H         32
 ITERATE?
 YES
 A. TEXT (PRIMARY)
         STATUTE TEXT:
 B. $ (INITIATIVE)
 C. $ (REFERENDUM)
 D.
 LOGIC a and (b or c)
     SEARCH
```

```
 LOGIC
=
 SEARCH BEGINNING
=
=
 SEARCHED     781
 SELECTED       1     SUBSET     2
 VARIABLES SATISFIED
      A       160
      B        44
      C        32
=
 ITERATE?
 NO
 PRINT
-------
TERMINAL OR PRINTER?
PRINTER
ENTER A HEADING
PRIMARY ELECTION (INITIATIVE AND REFERENDUM) MEYER
=
 LIST
-------
TERMINAL OR PRINTER?
TERMINAL
ENTER LABEL (S)
TITLE
SECTION
1
TITLE 34 INITIATIVE AND REFERENDUM
SECTION NO.  25  TIME FOR SUBMISSION OF INITIATED AND REFERRED MEASURES
=
 ITERATE?
-------
 SPECIFY SUBSET NO.
 1
 A. TEXT (RUN-OFF)
        STATUTE TEXT:
 B. $ (RUN-OFF)
 C. $ (INITIATIVE)
 D. $ (REFERENDUM)
 E.
 LOGIC (a or b) and (c or d)
     SEARCH
 LOGIC
=
 SEARCH BEGINNING
=
=
 SEARCHED     781
 SELECTED       0     SUBSET     2
 VARIABLES SATISFIED
      A         9
      B        15
      C        44
      D        32
```

```
=
 ITERATE?
 YES, 1
 A. TEXT (CONSTITUTIONAL)
        STATUTE TEXT:
 B. $ (CONVENTION)
 C.
 LOGIC a and b
     SEARCH
 LOGIC a or b
     A
 LOGIC a and not b
     B
 LOGIC
=
 SEARCH BEGINNING
=
=
 SEARCHED      781
 SELECTED        0     SUBSET     2
 VARIABLES SATISFIED
      A        205
      B         21
=
 LOGIC SATISFIED
      A        226
      B        205
 ITERATE?
 NO
=
=
 END
-------
G I P S Y - UNIVERSITY OF OKLAHOMA    MISSION COMPLETED
```

APPENDIX D

ALL PROPOSITIONS SUBMITTED TO THE OKLAHOMA ELECTORATE, 1907-1972, BY SUMMARY COUNTY AND STATEWIDE VOTING CHARACTERISTICS AND BY GIST

APPENDIX D

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TABLE D-1

CREATION OF LIQUOR AGENCY
GEN ELECT NOV 3,08
LEG REF 001 REJECT ST.Q. 001

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	546	786	1033	41.0	81.6
ALFALFA	1648	1482	3370	52.7	92.9
ATOKA	494	971	1739	33.7	84.2
BEAVER	1538	1051	2771	59.2	93.8
BECKHAM	1677	1298	3171	56.4	93.8
BLAINE	1400	1654	3256	45.8	93.8
BRYAN	1332	2059	3721	39.3	91.1
CADDO	2998	2849	6247	50.4	92.0
CANADIAN	1629	2407	4212	40.4	95.8
CARTER	1312	2301	4073	36.3	88.7
CHEROKEE	874	1068	2000	45.0	97.1
CHOCTAW	727	1294	2228	36.0	90.7
CIMARRON	495	308	858	61.6	93.6
CLEVELAND	1294	1538	2943	45.7	96.2
COAL	752	1188	2152	38.8	90.1
COMANCHE	2876	2884	6329	49.9	91.0
COTTON	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
CRAIG	776	1780	2930	30.4	87.2
CREEK	1388	1764	3513	44.0	89.7
CUSTER	1654	1799	3633	47.9	95.0
DELAWARE	639	726	1651	46.8	82.7
DEWEY	906	1650	2771	35.4	92.2
ELLIS	1426	1294	2863	52.4	95.0
GARFIELD	2426	3167	5796	43.4	96.5
GARVIN	1688	1972	4017	46.1	91.1
GRADY	2352	1911	4575	55.2	93.2
GRANT	1669	1997	3767	45.5	97.3
GREER	1886	1229	3329	60.5	93.6
HARMON	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
HARPER	946	713	1823	57.0	91.0
HASKELL	867	1238	2903	41.2	72.5
HUGHES	1379	1602	3488	46.3	85.5
JACKSON	1495	1075	2760	58.2	93.1
JEFFERSON	863	1220	2327	41.4	89.5
JOHNSTON	947	1352	2569	41.2	89.5
KAY	2574	2620	5403	49.6	96.1
KINGFISHER	1587	2029	3873	43.9	93.4
KIOWA	1797	2134	4246	45.7	92.6
LATIMER	599	732	1533	45.0	86.8
LE FLORE	1466	1562	3873	48.4	78.2
LINCOLN	3068	3437	7079	47.2	91.9
LOGAN	2282	3516	6154	39.4	94.2
LOVE	592	566	1501	51.1	77.1
MCCLAIN	714	1341	2377	34.7	86.5
MCCURTAIN	314	951	1195	24.8	105.9
MCINTOSH	1037	1405	2983	42.5	81.9
MAJOR	1139	1544	2786	42.5	96.3
MARSHALL	578	847	1654	40.6	86.2
MAYES	901	1092	2251	45.2	88.5
MURRAY	880	923	1965	48.8	91.8
MUSKOGEE	2193	2707	6553	44.8	74.8
NOBLE	1161	1650	2965	41.3	94.8
NOWATA	847	697	2070	54.9	74.6
OKFUSKEE	792	1251	2571	38.8	79.5
OKLAHOMA	4492	5652	10648	44.3	95.3
OKMULGEE	716	977	2798	42.3	60.5
OSAGE	1402	1429	3271	49.5	86.5
OTTAWA	1016	1015	2564	50.0	79.2
PAWNEE	1764	1363	3355	56.4	93.2
PAYNE	2007	2228	4614	47.4	91.8
PITTSBURG	2305	2929	6257	44.0	83.7
PONTOTOC	1311	1700	3280	43.5	91.8
POTTAWATOMIE	2605	3424	6725	43.2	89.7
PUSHMATAHA	313	496	1234	38.7	65.6
ROGER MILLS	1148	1131	2410	50.4	94.6
ROGERS	1187	1454	2864	44.9	92.2
SEMINOLE	951	1124	2565	45.8	80.9
SEQUOYAH	1000	1913	3816	34.3	76.3
STEPHENS	1476	1355	2776	52.1	102.0
TEXAS	1666	1107	3024	60.1	91.7
TILLMAN	2060	866	2502	70.4	116.9
TULSA	1966	2279	4668	46.3	90.9
WAGONER	923	1175	3425	44.0	61.3
WASHINGTON	1331	1187	3061	52.9	82.3
WASHITA	1529	1603	3394	48.8	92.3
WOODS	1689	1405	3266	54.6	94.7
WOODWARD	1675	1418	3293	54.2	93.9

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
105851	121871	254260	46.5	89.6

TORRENS LAND REGISTRATION
GEN ELECT NOV 3,08
LEG REF 002 REJECT ST.Q. 002

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	525	545	1633	49.1	65.5
ALFALFA	1510	1309	3370	53.6	83.6
ATOKA	760	446	1739	63.0	69.4
BEAVER	1559	729	2771	68.1	82.6
BECKHAM	1236	1391	3171	47.0	82.8
BLAINE	1270	1450	3256	46.7	83.5
BRYAN	1722	1181	3721	59.3	78.0
CADDO	2720	2319	6247	54.0	80.7
CANADIAN	2221	1389	4212	61.5	85.7
CARTER	2116	1064	4073	66.5	78.1
CHEROKEE	1021	503	2000	67.0	76.2
CHOCTAW	1100	608	2228	64.4	76.7
CIMARRON	503	124	858	80.2	73.1
CLEVELAND	1124	1439	2943	43.9	87.1
COAL	1060	652	2152	61.9	79.6
COMANCHE	3482	1590	6329	68.7	80.1
COTTON	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
CRAIG	1178	1045	2930	53.0	75.9
CREEK	1760	1017	3513	63.4	79.0
CUSTER	999	2104	3633	32.2	85.4
DELAWARE	836	361	1651	69.8	72.5
DEWEY	575	1796	2771	24.3	85.6
ELLIS	1264	1070	2863	54.2	81.5
GARFIELD	2943	2072	5796	58.7	86.5
GARVIN	2184	900	4017	70.8	76.8
GRADY	2585	1073	4575	70.7	80.0
GRANT	1914	1347	3767	58.7	86.6
GREER	1484	965	3329	60.6	73.6
HARMON	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
HARPER	1015	538	1823	65.4	85.2
HASKELL	1150	853	2903	57.4	69.0
HUGHES	1605	1004	3488	61.5	74.8
JACKSON	1061	1094	2760	49.2	78.1
JEFFERSON	1091	635	2327	63.2	74.2
JOHNSTON	1423	604	2569	70.2	78.9
KAY	2864	1770	5403	61.8	85.8
KINGFISHER	1639	1634	3873	50.1	84.5
KIOWA	1165	2456	4246	32.2	85.3
LATIMER	780	335	1533	70.0	72.7
LE FLORE	1616	676	3873	70.5	59.2
LINCOLN	3353	2160	7079	60.8	77.9
LOGAN	2131	3207	6154	39.9	86.7
LOVE	686	239	1501	74.2	61.6
MCCLAIN	778	1006	2377	43.6	75.1
MCCURTAIN	615	429	1195	58.9	87.4
MCINTOSH	1171	808	2983	59.2	66.3
MAJOR	478	2004	2786	19.3	89.1
MARSHALL	755	480	1654	61.1	74.7
MAYES	1043	594	2251	63.7	72.7
MURRAY	975	554	1965	63.8	77.8
MUSKOGEE	3036	1589	6553	65.6	70.6
NOBLE	839	1760	2965	32.3	87.7
NOWATA	721	570	2070	55.8	62.4
OKFUSKEE	1079	744	2571	59.2	70.9
OKLAHOMA	5183	3620	10648	58.9	82.7
OKMULGEE	980	727	2798	57.4	61.0
OSAGE	1568	834	3271	65.3	73.4
OTTAWA	1173	502	2564	70.0	65.3
PAWNEE	1992	805	3355	71.2	83.4
PAYNE	2188	1564	4614	58.3	81.3
PITTSBURG	2852	1527	6257	65.1	70.0
PONTOTOC	1535	977	3280	61.1	76.6
POTTAWATOMIE	3518	1901	6725	64.9	80.6
PUSHMATAHA	374	254	1234	59.6	50.9
ROGER MILLS	739	1299	2410	36.3	84.6
ROGERS	1557	681	2864	69.6	78.1
SEMINOLE	1021	595	2565	63.2	63.0
SEQUOYAH	1308	1188	3816	52.4	65.4
STEPHENS	1263	1244	2776	50.4	90.3
TEXAS	1652	584	3024	76.0	80.6
TILLMAN	1510	529	2502	74.1	81.5
TULSA	2446	1437	4668	63.0	83.2
WAGONER	1179	845	3425	58.3	59.1
WASHINGTON	1599	577	3061	73.5	71.1
WASHITA	984	1999	3394	31.8	82.0
WOODS	1888	1120	3266	62.8	92.1
WOODWARD	1568	1071	3293	59.4	80.1

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
114897	84012	254260	57.8	78.2

TABLE D-2

SECURE CAPITOL SITE
GEN ELECT NOV 3.08
LEG REF 003 REJECT ST.Q. 003

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	543	435	1633	55.5	59.9
ALFALFA	1579	1163	3370	57.6	81.4
ATOKA	675	451	1739	59.9	64.7
BEAVER	1483	715	2771	67.5	79.3
BECKHAM	1696	846	3171	66.7	80.2
BLAINE	1181	1600	3256	42.5	85.4
BRYAN	1703	1055	3721	61.7	74.1
CADDO	3169	1763	6247	64.3	78.9
CANADIAN	2354	1270	4212	65.0	86.0
CARTER	2072	916	4073	69.3	73.4
CHEROKEE	983	489	2000	66.8	73.6
CHOCTAW	1091	548	2228	66.6	73.6
CIMARRON	540	171	858	75.9	82.9
CLEVELAND	1374	1181	2943	53.8	86.8
COAL	1114	551	2152	66.9	77.4
COMANCHE	3742	1320	6329	73.9	80.0
COTTON	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
CRAIG	1127	981	2930	53.5	71.9
CREEK	1693	958	3513	63.9	75.5
CUSTER	1413	1683	3633	45.6	85.2
DELAWARE	846	291	1651	74.4	68.9
DEWEY	877	1384	2771	38.8	81.6
ELLIS	1407	936	2863	60.1	81.8
GARFIELD	2949	2080	5796	58.6	86.8
GARVIN	2184	795	4017	73.3	74.2
GRADY	2631	881	4575	74.9	76.8
GRANT	1927	1287	3767	60.0	85.3
GREER	1831	587	3329	75.7	72.6
HARMON	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
HARPER	1008	511	1823	66.4	83.3
HASKELL	1362	548	2903	71.3	65.8
HUGHES	1697	826	3488	67.3	72.3
JACKSON	1422	778	2760	64.6	79.7
JEFFERSON	1102	594	2327	65.0	72.9
JOHNSTON	1283	570	2569	69.2	72.1
KAY	2664	1859	5403	58.9	83.7
KINGFISHER	1689	1529	3873	52.5	83.1
KIOWA	2132	1427	4246	59.9	83.8
LATIMER	672	351	1533	65.7	66.7
LE FLORE	1556	608	3873	71.9	55.9
LINCOLN	3266	1887	7079	63.4	72.8
LOGAN	1523	3823	6154	28.5	86.9
LOVE	733	177	1501	80.5	60.6
MCCLAIN	1053	729	2377	59.1	75.0
MCCURTAIN	583	457	1195	56.1	87.0
MCINTOSH	1028	845	2983	54.9	62.8
MAJOR	1048	1372	2786	43.3	86.9
MARSHALL	821	389	1654	67.9	73.2
MAYES	1019	545	2251	65.2	69.5
MURRAY	1131	413	1965	73.3	78.6
MUSKOGEE	2953	1379	6553	68.2	66.1
NOBLE	1088	1427	2965	43.3	84.8
NOWATA	799	394	2070	67.0	57.6
OKFUSKEE	1022	751	2571	57.6	69.0
OKLAHOMA	6164	2587	10648	70.4	82.2
OKMULGEE	970	659	2798	59.5	58.2
OSAGE	1537	792	3271	66.0	71.2
OTTAWA	1123	505	2564	69.0	63.5
PAWNEE	1875	852	3355	68.8	81.3
PAYNE	2038	1560	4614	56.6	78.0
PITTSBURG	2641	1573	6257	62.7	67.3
PONTOTOC	1750	731	3280	70.5	75.6
POTTAWATOMIE	4117	1285	6725	76.2	80.3
PUSHMATAHA	395	182	1234	68.5	46.8
ROGER MILLS	1030	829	2410	55.4	77.1
ROGERS	1319	650	2864	67.0	68.8
SEMINOLE	984	530	2565	65.0	59.0
SEQUOYAH	1228	1123	3816	52.2	61.6
STEPHENS	1744	679	2776	72.0	87.3
TEXAS	1772	607	3024	74.5	78.7
TILLMAN	1562	467	2502	77.0	81.1
TULSA	2395	1402	4668	63.1	81.3
WAGONER	1037	919	3425	53.0	57.1
WASHINGTON	1511	1134	3061	57.1	86.4
WASHITA	1571	1134	3394	58.1	79.7
WOODS	1617	1039	3266	60.9	81.3
WOODWARD	1674	916	3293	64.6	78.7

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
120892	72681	254260	62.5	76.1

SECURE CAPITOL SITE
GEN ELECT NOV 3.08
LEG REF 004 REJECT ST.Q. 004

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	574	397	1633	59.1	59.5
ALFALFA	1656	1129	3370	59.5	82.6
ATOKA	682	464	1739	59.5	65.9
BEAVER	1534	663	2771	69.8	79.3
BECKHAM	1736	841	3171	67.4	81.3
BLAINE	1176	1456	3256	44.7	80.8
BRYAN	1664	1103	3721	60.1	74.4
CADDO	3180	1762	6247	64.3	79.1
CANADIAN	1980	1581	4212	55.6	84.5
CARTER	2044	966	4073	67.9	73.9
CHEROKEE	1007	445	2000	69.4	72.6
CHOCTAW	1077	564	2228	65.6	73.7
CIMARRON	552	157	858	77.9	82.6
CLEVELAND	1034	1504	2943	40.7	86.2
COAL	1059	593	2152	64.1	76.8
COMANCHE	3791	1329	6329	74.0	80.7
COTTON	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
CRAIG	1123	978	2930	53.5	71.7
CREEK	1648	1009	3513	62.0	75.6
CUSTER	1373	1627	3633	45.8	82.6
DELAWARE	851	276	1651	75.5	68.3
DEWEY	931	1384	2771	40.2	83.5
ELLIS	1472	870	2863	62.9	81.8
GARFIELD	2927	2047	5796	58.8	85.8
GARVIN	1961	1022	4017	65.7	74.3
GRADY	2537	1009	4575	71.5	77.5
GRANT	1996	1265	3767	61.2	86.6
GREER	1801	627	3329	74.2	72.9
HARMON	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
HARPER	1048	460	1823	69.5	82.7
HASKELL	1415	497	2903	74.0	65.9
HUGHES	1703	950	3488	66.7	73.2
JACKSON	1293	880	2760	59.5	78.7
JEFFERSON	1029	644	2327	61.5	71.9
JOHNSTON	1293	570	2569	69.4	72.5
KAY	2618	1863	5403	58.4	82.9
KINGFISHER	1755	1483	3873	54.2	83.6
KIOWA	2159	1373	4246	61.1	83.2
LATIMER	717	424	1533	62.8	74.4
LE FLORE	1614	613	3873	72.5	57.5
LINCOLN	1391	1724	7079	44.7	44.0
LOGAN	1502	3753	6154	28.6	85.4
LOVE	736	184	1501	80.0	61.3
MCCLAIN	944	795	2377	54.3	73.2
MCCURTAIN	567	409	1195	58.1	81.7
MCINTOSH	1069	849	2983	55.7	64.3
MAJOR	996	1391	2786	41.7	85.7
MARSHALL	827	378	1654	68.6	72.9
MAYES	1047	527	2251	66.5	69.9
MURRAY	958	538	1965	64.0	76.1
MUSKOGEE	2992	1360	6553	68.8	66.4
NOBLE	1107	1389	2965	44.4	84.2
NOWATA	829	370	2070	69.1	57.9
OKFUSKEE	959	809	2571	54.2	68.8
OKLAHOMA	4130	4770	10648	46.4	83.6
OKMULGEE	987	644	2798	60.5	58.3
OSAGE	1519	799	3271	65.5	70.9
OTTAWA	1194	460	2564	72.2	64.5
PAWNEE	1901	841	3355	69.3	81.7
PAYNE	2040	1691	4614	54.7	80.9
PITTSBURG	2595	1913	6257	57.6	72.0
PONTOTOC	1692	777	3280	68.5	75.3
POTTAWATOMIE	3576	1895	6725	65.4	81.4
PUSHMATAHA	429	163	1234	72.5	48.0
ROGER MILLS	1069	910	2410	54.0	82.1
ROGERS	1136	636	2864	64.1	61.9
SEMINOLE	980	536	2565	64.6	59.1
SEQUOYAH	1220	1134	3816	51.8	61.7
STEPHENS	1757	703	2776	71.4	88.6
TEXAS	1846	589	3024	75.8	80.5
TILLMAN	1534	477	2502	76.3	80.4
TULSA	2395	1756	4668	63.8	80.4
WAGONER	1078	884	3425	54.9	57.3
WASHINGTON	1511	569	3061	72.6	68.0
WASHITA	1646	1052	3394	61.0	79.5
WOODS	1591	1076	3266	59.7	81.7
WOODWARD	1744	875	3293	66.6	79.5

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
115494	75951	254260	60.3	75.3

TABLE D-3

SALE OF SCHOOL LAND
GEN ELECT NOV 3.08
INT PET 001 REJECT ST.O. 005

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	441	570	1633	43.6	61.9
ALFALFA	1651	1411	3370	53.9	90.9
ATOKA	375	898	1739	29.5	73.2
BEAVER	1415	980	2771	59.1	96.4
BECKHAM	905	1996	3171	31.2	91.5
BLAINE	1262	1520	3256	45.4	85.4
BRYAN	980	2082	3721	32.0	82.1
CADDO	3673	1736	6247	67.9	86.6
CANADIAN	1469	2314	4212	38.8	89.8
CARTER	1220	2076	4073	37.0	80.9
CHEROKEE	751	783	2000	49.0	76.7
CHOCTAW	430	1488	2228	22.4	86.1
CIMARRON	594	167	858	78.1	88.7
CLEVELAND	548	2101	2943	20.7	90.0
COAL	846	868	2152	49.4	79.6
COMANCHE	4039	1932	6329	67.6	94.3
COTTON	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
CRAIG	557	1727	2930	24.4	78.0
CREEK	1230	1550	3513	44.2	79.1
CUSTER	948	2303	3633	29.2	89.5
DELAWARE	553	615	1651	47.3	70.7
DEWEY	914	1375	2771	39.9	82.6
ELLIS	1365	1158	2863	54.1	88.1
GARFIELD	3128	2134	5796	59.4	90.8
GARVIN	1495	1779	4017	45.7	81.5
GRADY	1982	1703	4575	53.8	80.5
GRANT	2115	1373	3767	60.6	92.6
GREER	1409	1560	3329	47.5	89.2
HARMON	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
HARPER	1016	636	1823	61.5	90.6
HASKELL	1079	1058	2903	50.5	73.6
HUGHES	1178	1463	3488	44.6	75.7
JACKSON	800	1563	2760	33.9	85.6
JEFFERSON	864	1019	2327	45.9	80.9
JOHNSTON	924	1127	2569	45.1	79.8
KAY	2806	2057	5403	57.7	90.0
KINGFISHER	1321	2029	3873	39.4	86.5
KIOWA	1381	2399	4246	36.5	89.0
LATIMER	424	750	1533	36.1	76.6
LE FLORE	1563	826	3873	65.4	61.7
LINCOLN	3885	2959	7079	56.8	96.7
LOGAN	2184	3141	6154	41.0	86.5
LOVE	626	366	1501	63.1	66.1
MCCLAIN	480	1472	2377	24.6	82.1
MCCURTAIN	280	1011	1195	21.7	108.0
MCINTOSH	813	1190	2983	40.6	67.1
MAJOR	1096	1428	2786	43.4	90.6
MARSHALL	474	851	1654	35.8	80.1
MAYES	566	1103	2251	35.1	75.5
MURRAY	789	845	1965	48.3	83.2
MUSKOGEE	1804	2522	6553	41.7	66.0
NOBLE	1393	1257	2965	52.6	89.4
NOWATA	823	497	2070	62.3	63.8
OKFUSKEE	719	1085	2571	39.9	70.2
OKLAHOMA	3603	5572	10648	39.3	86.2
OKMULGEE	824	897	2798	47.9	61.5
OSAGE	1332	1106	3271	54.6	74.5
OTTAWA	914	871	2564	51.2	69.6
PAWNEE	1953	941	3355	67.5	86.3
PAYNE	2050	1891	4614	52.0	85.4
PITTSBURG	1955	2905	6257	40.2	77.7
PONTOTOC	1133	1537	3280	42.4	81.4
POTTAWATOMIE	2529	3121	6725	44.8	84.0
PUSHMATAHA	343	320	1234	51.7	53.7
ROGER MILLS	754	1431	2410	34.5	90.7
ROGERS	614	1724	2864	26.3	81.6
SEMINOLE	729	1061	2565	40.7	69.8
SEQUOYAH	920	1626	3416	36.1	66.7
STEPHENS	1364	1219	2776	52.8	91.0
TEXAS	1725	853	3024	66.9	85.3
TILLMAN	1326	846	2502	61.0	86.8
TULSA	1648	2154	4668	43.3	81.4
WAGONER	817	1286	3425	38.8	61.4
WASHINGTON	1267	960	3061	59.6	69.5
WASHITA	897	2104	3394	29.9	88.4
WOODS	1422	1502	3246	48.6	89.5
WOODWARD	1580	1307	3293	54.7	87.7

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
97312	111987	254260	46.5	82.3

CAPITOL SITE SELECTION
SP ELECT JUN 10. 10
INT PET 007 ADOPT ST.O. 015

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	234	675	909	25.7	100.0
ALFALFA	837	1093	1930	43.4	100.0
ATOKA	753	229	982	76.7	100.0
BEAVER	960	848	1808	53.1	100.0
BECKHAM	1941	344	2285	84.9	100.0
BLAINE	1369	383	1752	78.1	100.0
BRYAN	1715	666	2381	72.0	100.0
CADDO	2914	549	3463	84.1	100.0
CANADIAN	848	973	1821	46.6	100.0
CARTER	1561	594	2155	72.4	100.0
CHEROKEE	240	1027	1267	18.9	100.0
CHOCTAW	1301	482	1783	73.0	100.0
CIMARRON	419	227	646	64.9	100.0
CLEVELAND	1748	176	1924	90.9	100.0
COAL	966	269	1235	78.2	100.0
COMANCHE	2645	1181	3826	69.1	100.0
COTTON	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
CRAIG	449	1368	1817	24.7	100.0
CREEK	848	973	1821	46.6	100.0
CUSTER	2100	350	2450	85.7	100.0
DELAWARE	253	855	1108	22.8	100.0
DEWEY	899	747	1646	54.6	100.0
ELLIS	354	1084	1438	24.6	100.0
GARFIELD	926	2501	3427	27.0	100.0
GARVIN	2135	411	2546	83.9	100.0
GRADY	2284	607	2891	79.0	100.0
GRANT	1023	969	1992	51.4	100.0
GREER	1306	291	1597	81.8	100.0
HARMON	655	311	966	67.8	100.0
HARPER	537	768	1305	41.1	100.0
HASKELL	647	828	1475	43.9	100.0
HUGHES	1198	673	1871	64.0	100.0
JACKSON	1972	161	2133	92.5	100.0
JEFFERSON	1437	435	1872	76.8	100.0
JOHNSTON	975	389	1364	71.5	100.0
KAY	1520	1487	3007	50.5	100.0
KINGFISHER	869	1278	2147	40.5	100.0
KIOWA	1765	408	2173	81.2	100.0
LATIMER	523	170	693	75.5	100.0
LE FLORE	1427	480	1907	74.8	100.0
LINCOLN	1522	2292	3814	39.9	100.0
LOGAN	379	5621	6000	6.3	100.0
LOVE	806	281	1087	74.1	100.0
MCCLAIN	1221	205	1426	85.6	100.0
MCCURTAIN	474	363	837	56.6	100.0
MCINTOSH	618	850	1468	42.1	100.0
MAJOR	842	617	1459	57.7	100.0
MARSHALL	827	215	1042	79.4	100.0
MAYES	557	709	1266	44.0	100.0
MURRAY	1061	266	1327	80.0	100.0
MUSKOGEE	514	2722	3236	15.9	100.0
NOBLE	700	974	1674	41.8	100.0
NOWATA	542	410	952	56.9	100.0
OKFUSKEE	478	837	1315	36.3	100.0
OKLAHOMA	17223	236	17459	98.6	100.0
OKMULGEE	586	755	1341	43.7	100.0
OSAGE	842	371	1213	69.4	100.0
OTTAWA	449	817	1266	35.5	100.0
PAWNEE	1058	795	1853	57.1	100.0
PAYNE	906	1690	2596	34.9	100.0
PITTSBURG	2542	889	3431	74.1	100.0
PONTOTOC	1479	481	1960	75.5	100.0
POTTAWATOMIE	1057	4788	5845	18.1	100.0
PUSHMATAHA	408	423	831	49.1	100.0
ROGER MILLS	756	440	1196	63.2	100.0
ROGERS	863	695	1558	55.4	100.0
SEMINOLE	794	539	1333	59.6	100.0
SEQUOYAH	859	863	1722	49.9	100.0
STEPHENS	1658	369	2027	81.8	100.0
TEXAS	876	885	1761	49.7	100.0
TILLMAN	1322	135	1457	90.7	100.0
TULSA	1014	1310	2324	43.6	100.0
WAGONER	339	1522	1861	18.2	100.0
WASHINGTON	667	335	1002	66.6	100.0
WASHITA	1845	494	2339	78.9	100.0
WOODS	915	775	1690	54.1	100.0
WOODWARD	891	1293	2184	40.8	100.0

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
96443	64522	160965	59.9	100.0

TABLE D-4

CORPORATION PRIVILEGES
SP ELECT JUN 11, 10
INT PET 008 REJECT ST.Q. 016

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	177	761	938	18.9	100.0
ALFALFA	516	1369	1885	27.4	100.0
ATOKA	366	734	1100	33.3	100.0
BEAVER	1126	778	1904	59.1	100.0
BECKHAM	626	1561	2187	28.6	100.0
BLAINE	642	1162	1804	35.6	100.0
BRYAN	190	2229	2419	7.9	100.0
CADDO	1198	2367	3565	33.6	100.0
CANADIAN	1060	1640	2700	39.3	100.0
CARTER	816	1483	2299	35.5	100.0
CHEROKEE	185	1089	1274	14.5	100.0
CHOCTAW	1010	756	1766	57.2	100.0
CIMARRON	303	388	691	43.8	100.0
CLEVELAND	620	1202	1822	34.0	100.0
COAL	302	1009	1311	23.0	100.0
COMANCHE	1217	2804	4021	30.3	100.0
COTTON	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
CRAIG	378	1482	1860	20.3	100.0
CREEK	678	1125	1803	37.6	100.0
CUSTER	1264	1136	2400	52.7	100.0
DELAWARE	130	1030	1160	11.2	100.0
DEWEY	714	1161	1875	38.1	100.0
ELLIS	667	1340	2007	33.2	100.0
GARFIELD	1157	2388	3545	32.6	100.0
GARVIN	752	1838	2590	29.0	100.0
GRADY	956	2012	2968	32.2	100.0
GRANT	498	1500	1998	24.9	100.0
GREER	308	996	1304	23.6	100.0
HARMON	165	836	1001	16.5	100.0
HARPER	768	608	1376	55.8	100.0
HASKELL	356	1152	1508	23.6	100.0
HUGHES	369	1596	1965	18.8	100.0
JACKSON	263	1855	2118	12.4	100.0
JEFFERSON	1437	425	1862	77.2	100.0
JOHNSTON	349	1183	1532	22.8	100.0
KAY	789	2306	3095	25.5	100.0
KINGFISHER	491	1703	2194	22.4	100.0
KIOWA	647	1536	2183	29.6	100.0
LATIMER	134	522	656	20.4	100.0
LE FLORE	497	1433	1930	25.8	100.0
LINCOLN	760	2970	3730	20.4	100.0
LOGAN	2030	3708	5738	35.4	100.0
LOVE	313	853	1166	26.8	100.0
MCCLAIN	897	607	1504	59.6	100.0
MCCURTAIN	250	600	850	29.4	100.0
MCINTOSH	592	960	1552	38.1	100.0
MAJOR	603	916	1519	39.7	100.0
MARSHALL	266	869	1135	23.4	100.0
MAYES	271	1050	1321	20.5	100.0
MURRAY	307	919	1226	25.0	100.0
MUSKOGEE	1109	2096	3205	34.6	100.0
NOBLE	420	1399	1819	23.1	100.0
NOWATA	258	702	960	26.9	100.0
OKFUSKEE	633	631	1264	50.1	100.0
OKLAHOMA	8064	7751	15815	51.0	100.0
OKMULGEE	458	907	1365	33.6	100.0
OSAGE	486	791	1277	38.1	100.0
OTTAWA	272	1010	1282	21.2	100.0
PAWNEE	356	1519	1875	19.0	100.0
PAYNE	523	1213	1736	30.1	100.0
PITTSBURG	1230	2445	3675	33.5	100.0
PONTOTOC	590	1402	1992	29.6	100.0
POTTAWATOMIE	2953	2730	5683	52.0	100.0
PUSHMATAHA	297	538	835	35.6	100.0
ROGER MILLS	735	771	1506	48.8	100.0
ROGERS	232	1326	1558	14.9	100.0
SEMINOLE	203	1158	1361	14.9	100.0
SEQUOYAH	319	1443	1762	18.1	100.0
STEPHENS	518	1605	2123	24.4	100.0
TEXAS	604	1258	1862	32.4	100.0
TILLMAN	423	1044	1467	28.8	100.0
TULSA	677	1627	2304	29.4	100.0
WAGONER	278	1623	1901	14.6	100.0
WASHINGTON	309	730	1039	29.7	100.0
WASHITA	534	1734	2268	23.5	100.0
WOODS	619	1256	1875	33.0	100.0
WOODWARD	274	1549	1823	15.0	100.0

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
53784	108205	161989	33.2	100.0

GRANDFATHER CLAUSE
PRI ELECT AUG 2, 10
INT PET ADOPT ST.Q. 017

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	1018	527	1366	65.9	113.1
ALFALFA	839	1353	2119	38.3	103.4
ATOKA	1247	993	2066	55.7	108.4
BEAVER	491	182	1438	73.0	46.8
BECKHAM	2887	1603	2556	64.3	175.7
BLAINE	1161	1321	2513	46.8	98.8
BRYAN	2904	1812	4226	61.6	111.6
CADDO	2743	2394	5008	53.4	102.6
CANADIAN	1993	1286	3473	60.8	94.4
CARTER	2682	1963	3989	57.7	116.4
CHEROKEE	1240	1161	2600	51.6	92.3
CHOCTAW	1604	1621	2500	49.7	129.0
CIMARRON	550	252	1111	68.6	72.2
CLEVELAND	1682	1069	2411	61.1	114.1
COAL	1332	1047	2225	56.0	106.9
COMANCHE	3533	2491	5864	58.6	102.7
COTTON	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
CRAIG	1554	1041	2404	59.9	107.9
CREEK	2081	1785	3594	53.8	107.6
CUSTER	1816	1342	3053	57.5	103.4
DELAWARE	1024	562	1382	64.6	114.8
DEWEY	789	1328	1941	37.3	109.1
ELLIS	833	1404	2093	37.2	106.9
GARFIELD	2308	2269	4355	50.4	105.1
GARVIN	2657	1509	3960	63.8	105.2
GRADY	3112	1411	4459	68.8	101.4
GRANT	1257	1330	2465	48.6	104.9
GREER	1886	491	2260	79.3	105.2
HARMON	1310	366	1397	78.2	120.0
HARPER	489	457	928	51.7	101.9
HASKELL	1627	1333	2756	55.0	107.4
HUGHES	2130	1387	2765	60.6	127.2
JACKSON	2393	722	3334	76.8	93.4
JEFFERSON	1570	1172	3022	57.3	90.7
JOHNSTON	1506	1289	2541	53.9	110.0
KAY	2436	1846	3743	56.9	114.4
KINGFISHER	1213	1690	3720	41.8	78.0
KIOWA	2076	1397	3350	59.8	103.7
LATIMER	763	948	1521	44.6	112.5
LE FLORE	2142	1550	3426	58.0	107.8
LINCOLN	2642	2851	5245	48.1	104.7
LOGAN	2308	2971	5084	43.7	103.8
LOVE	1075	655	1542	62.1	112.2
MCCLAIN	1438	1024	1904	58.4	129.3
MCCURTAIN	1389	1302	2671	51.6	100.7
MCINTOSH	1348	1204	2526	52.8	101.0
MAJOR	583	1251	1708	31.8	107.4
MARSHALL	982	777	1624	55.8	108.3
MAYES	1341	988	2158	58.1	107.0
MURRAY	1093	809	1840	57.5	103.4
MUSKOGEE	4327	3638	6524	54.3	122.1
NOBLE	1114	1341	2335	45.4	105.1
NOWATA	1329	1107	2083	54.6	116.9
OKFUSKEE	1467	1904	2932	43.5	115.0
OKLAHOMA	7193	4443	7812	61.8	149.0
OKMULGEE	1581	1787	2827	46.9	119.1
OSAGE	1666	930	2659	64.2	97.6
OTTAWA	1327	907	2052	59.4	108.9
PAWNEE	1358	1144	2306	54.3	108.5
PAYNE	1872	1537	3208	54.9	106.3
PITTSBURG	3495	3198	6101	52.2	109.7
PONTOTOC	2372	1421	3514	62.5	107.9
POTTAWATOMIE	3703	2700	5920	57.8	108.2
PUSHMATAHA	740	665	1260	52.7	111.5
ROGER MILLS	1030	949	1834	52.0	107.9
ROGERS	1707	1026	2486	62.5	109.9
SEMINOLE	1518	1683	2548	47.4	125.6
SEQUOYAH	2060	1572	3202	56.7	113.4
STEPHENS	1767	1402	3021	55.8	104.9
TEXAS	1098	751	1746	59.4	105.9
TILLMAN	2027	552	2496	78.6	103.3
TULSA	2655	1359	3790	66.1	105.9
WAGONER	1548	2157	2982	41.8	124.2
WASHINGTON	1541	888	2165	63.4	112.2
WASHITA	1778	1032	2588	63.3	109.6
WOODS	1029	1341	2211	43.4	107.2
WOODWARD	1064	1216	2115	46.7	107.8

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
135443	106166	220953	56.1	109.3

TABLE D-5

NEW JERUSALEM PLAN
GEN ELECT NOV 8, 10
INT PET 002 REJECT ST.Q. 006

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	548	770	1481	41.6	89.0
ALFALFA	963	1860	3540	34.1	79.7
ATOKA	549	882	1843	38.4	77.6
BEAVER	976	1019	2435	48.9	81.9
BECKHAM	822	1545	2873	34.7	82.4
BLAINE	1040	1560	3126	40.0	83.2
BRYAN	991	2108	3758	32.0	82.5
CADDO	1875	2948	5986	38.9	80.6
CANADIAN	1506	2041	4403	42.5	80.6
CARTER	1398	1454	3476	49.0	82.0
CHEROKEE	789	1053	2583	42.8	71.3
CHOCTAW	1183	1145	2545	50.8	91.5
CIMARRON	400	402	979	49.9	81.9
CLEVELAND	701	1510	2718	31.7	81.3
COAL	809	933	2180	46.4	79.9
COMANCHE	2286	2963	6335	43.6	82.9
COTTON	379	521	1086	42.1	82.9
CRAIG	797	1598	2900	33.3	82.6
CREEK	1640	1747	3873	48.4	87.5
CUSTER	1027	2403	4009	29.9	85.6
DELAWARE	490	750	1705	39.5	72.7
DEWEY	740	1680	2807	30.6	86.2
ELLIS	1152	1263	3181	47.7	75.9
GARFIELD	2321	3323	6177	41.1	91.4
GARVIN	996	1621	3399	38.1	77.0
GRADY	1347	2370	4366	36.2	85.1
GRANT	1191	2003	3744	37.3	85.3
GREER	644	1101	2198	36.9	79.4
HARMON	372	696	1191	34.8	89.7
HARPER	698	758	1688	47.9	86.3
HASKELL	985	1308	2951	43.0	77.7
HUGHES	1015	1700	3361	37.4	80.8
JACKSON	749	1749	3108	30.0	80.4
JEFFERSON	763	1123	2467	40.5	76.4
JOHNSTON	821	1001	2445	45.1	74.5
KAY	1556	2914	5263	34.8	84.9
KINGFISHER	1315	1700	3498	43.6	86.2
KIOWA	823	1425	2755	36.6	81.6
LATIMER	502	569	1416	46.9	75.6
LE FLORE	1567	1777	3601	46.9	92.9
LINCOLN	2360	2374	5744	49.9	82.4
LOGAN	1437	2201	4318	39.5	84.3
LOVE	498	769	1347	39.3	94.1
MCCLAIN	735	1069	2307	40.7	78.2
MCCURTAIN	489	871	1963	36.0	69.3
MCINTOSH	864	912	2408	48.6	73.8
MAJOR	834	1442	2589	36.6	87.9
MARSHALL	577	720	1760	44.5	73.7
MAYES	769	1070	2652	41.8	69.3
MURRAY	535	929	1930	36.5	75.9
MUSKOGEE	2159	2224	5808	49.3	75.5
NOBLE	1010	1479	2913	40.6	85.4
NOWATA	924	735	2252	55.7	73.7
OKFUSKEE	718	914	2077	44.0	78.6
OKLAHOMA	3805	7063	12104	35.0	89.8
OKMULGEE	996	1262	2787	44.1	81.0
OSAGE	1864	1220	3746	60.4	82.3
OTTAWA	1011	1111	2807	47.6	75.6
PAWNEE	993	1678	3262	37.2	81.9
PAYNE	1278	2145	4123	37.3	83.0
PITTSBURG	1806	2734	5618	39.8	80.8
PONTOTOC	982	1498	3182	39.6	77.9
POTTAWATOMIE	3049	2050	5967	59.8	85.5
PUSHMATAHA	537	505	1465	51.5	71.1
ROGER MILLS	779	1025	2165	43.2	83.3
ROGERS	863	1434	3043	37.6	75.5
SEMINOLE	922	900	2437	50.6	74.8
SEQUOYAH	915	1213	2925	43.0	72.8
STEPHENS	1145	1570	3343	42.2	81.2
TEXAS	978	1137	2606	46.2	81.2
TILLMAN	834	1400	2687	37.3	83.1
TULSA	2059	2225	5147	48.1	83.2
WAGONER	718	1056	2181	40.5	81.3
WASHINGTON	1148	1494	3222	43.5	82.0
WASHITA	767	1884	3335	28.9	79.5
WOODS	1193	1747	3449	40.6	85.2
WOODWARD	1089	1546	3144	41.3	83.8

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
84366	118899	248263	41.5	81.9

WOMAN SUFFRAGE
GEN ELECT NOV 8, 10
INT PET 003 REJECT ST.Q. 009

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	389	602	1481	39.3	66.9
ALFALFA	1405	1659	3540	45.9	86.6
ATOKA	487	1121	1843	30.3	87.2
BEAVER	1089	1161	2435	48.0	93.2
BECKHAM	1168	1516	2873	43.5	93.4
BLAINE	1304	1509	3126	46.4	90.0
BRYAN	970	2404	3758	28.7	89.8
CADDO	2382	2967	5986	44.5	89.4
CANADIAN	1472	2566	4403	36.5	91.7
CARTER	1279	1984	3476	39.2	93.9
CHEROKEE	551	630	2583	46.7	45.7
CHOCTAW	946	999	2545	48.6	76.4
CIMARRON	349	538	979	39.3	90.6
CLEVELAND	999	1471	2718	40.4	90.9
COAL	782	1158	2180	40.3	89.0
COMANCHE	2282	3310	6335	40.8	88.3
COTTON	478	513	1086	48.2	91.3
CRAIG	874	1702	2900	33.9	88.8
CREEK	1424	1953	3873	42.2	87.2
CUSTER	1476	2092	4009	41.4	89.0
DELAWARE	477	1023	1705	31.8	88.0
DEWEY	1386	1217	2807	53.2	92.7
ELLIS	1322	1276	3181	50.9	81.7
GARFIELD	2293	3569	6177	39.1	94.9
GARVIN	975	1920	3399	33.7	85.2
GRADY	1391	2611	4366	34.8	91.7
GRANT	1544	1903	3744	44.8	92.1
GREER	796	1236	2198	39.2	92.4
HARMON	338	707	1191	32.3	87.7
HARPER	709	806	1688	46.8	89.8
HASKELL	893	1625	2951	35.5	85.3
HUGHES	1076	1889	3361	36.3	88.2
JACKSON	1052	1931	3108	35.3	96.0
JEFFERSON	975	1136	2467	46.2	85.6
JOHNSTON	807	1336	2445	37.7	87.6
KAY	1894	2896	5263	39.5	91.0
KINGFISHER	1466	1812	3498	44.7	93.7
KIOWA	983	1452	2755	40.4	88.4
LATIMER	462	787	1416	37.0	88.2
LE FLORE	1212	1339	3601	47.5	76.8
LINCOLN	2303	2847	5744	44.7	89.7
LOGAN	1568	2109	4318	42.6	85.2
LOVE	456	464	1347	49.6	68.3
MCCLAIN	786	1202	2307	39.5	86.2
MCCURTAIN	494	1154	1963	30.0	84.0
MCINTOSH	717	1214	2408	37.1	80.2
MAJOR	1309	1121	2589	53.9	93.9
MARSHALL	702	873	1760	44.6	89.5
MAYES	663	1384	2652	32.4	77.2
MURRAY	753	967	1930	43.8	89.1
MUSKOGEE	1667	3038	5808	35.4	81.0
NOBLE	1144	1505	2913	43.2	90.9
NOWATA	710	1024	2252	40.9	77.0
OKFUSKEE	715	1042	2077	40.7	84.6
OKLAHOMA	4721	6624	12104	41.6	93.7
OKMULGEE	938	1484	2787	38.7	86.9
OSAGE	1477	1585	3746	48.2	81.7
OTTAWA	859	1429	2807	37.5	81.5
PAWNEE	1171	1704	3262	40.7	88.1
PAYNE	1648	2107	4123	43.9	91.1
PITTSBURG	1699	3341	5618	33.7	89.7
PONTOTOC	1047	1758	3182	37.3	88.2
POTTAWATOMIE	2351	3352	5967	41.2	95.6
PUSHMATAHA	413	845	1465	32.8	85.9
ROGER MILLS	947	961	2165	49.6	88.1
ROGERS	1083	1749	3043	38.2	93.1
SEMINOLE	853	1155	2437	42.5	82.4
SEQUOYAH	762	1402	2925	35.2	74.0
STEPHENS	1385	1672	3343	45.3	91.4
TEXAS	1055	1308	2606	44.6	90.7
TILLMAN	871	1628	2687	34.9	93.0
TULSA	1749	2753	5147	38.8	87.5
WAGONER	637	1157	2181	35.3	82.0
WASHINGTON	1126	1666	3222	40.3	86.7
WASHITA	1016	1959	3335	34.2	89.2
WOODS	1450	1575	3449	47.9	87.7
WOODWARD	1410	1423	3144	49.8	90.1

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
88807	128927	248263	40.8	87.7

TABLE D-6

CREATE ELECTION BOARD
GEN ELECT NOV 8, 10
REF PET 012 REJECT ST.Q. 021

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	323	895	1481	26.5	82.2
ALFALFA	849	1878	3540	31.1	77.0
ATOKA	594	792	1843	42.9	75.2
BEAVER	942	998	2435	48.6	79.7
BECKHAM	964	1343	2873	41.8	80.3
BLAINE	1103	1433	3126	43.5	81.1
BRYAN	1016	2064	3758	33.0	82.0
CADDO	2024	2808	5986	41.9	80.7
CANADIAN	1623	1997	4403	44.8	82.2
CARTER	1539	1261	3476	55.0	80.6
CHEROKEE	763	1087	2583	41.2	71.6
CHOCTAW	846	1354	2545	38.5	86.4
CIMARRON	367	350	979	51.2	73.2
CLEVELAND	838	1322	2718	38.8	79.5
COAL	912	789	2180	53.6	78.0
COMANCHE	2566	2471	6335	50.9	79.5
COTTON	377	489	1086	43.5	79.7
CRAIG	932	1390	2900	40.1	80.1
CREEK	1494	1458	3873	50.6	76.2
CUSTER	1221	2059	4009	37.2	81.8
DELAWARE	523	605	1705	46.4	66.2
DEWEY	895	1469	2807	37.5	84.9
ELLIS	1148	1216	3181	48.6	74.3
GARFIELD	2286	3191	6177	41.7	88.7
GARVIN	1162	1343	3399	46.4	73.7
GRADY	1647	1883	4366	46.7	80.9
GRANT	1179	1975	3744	37.4	84.2
GREER	636	1092	2198	36.8	78.6
HARMON	280	727	1191	27.8	84.6
HARPER	598	796	1688	42.9	82.6
HASKELL	1013	1125	2951	47.4	72.5
HUGHES	972	1592	3361	37.9	76.3
JACKSON	879	1465	3108	37.5	75.4
JEFFERSON	941	947	2467	49.8	76.5
JOHNSTON	963	898	2445	51.7	76.1
KAY	1604	2791	5263	36.5	83.5
KINGFISHER	1199	1763	3498	40.5	84.7
KIOWA	852	1319	2755	39.2	78.8
LATIMER	528	572	1416	48.0	77.7
LE FLORE	1021	2069	3601	33.0	85.8
LINCOLN	1857	2643	5744	41.3	78.3
LOGAN	1434	2063	4318	41.0	81.0
LOVE	418	806	1347	34.2	90.9
MCCLAIN	800	959	2307	45.5	76.2
MCCURTAIN	524	788	1963	39.9	66.8
MCINTOSH	857	824	2408	51.0	69.8
MAJOR	769	1420	2589	35.1	84.6
MARSHALL	626	658	1760	48.8	73.0
MAYES	743	1038	2652	41.7	67.2
MURRAY	693	808	1930	46.2	77.8
MUSKOGEE	1976	2237	5808	46.9	72.5
NOBLE	1014	1452	2913	41.1	84.7
NOWATA	857	706	2252	54.8	69.4
OKFUSKEE	666	935	2077	41.6	77.1
OKLAHOMA	5866	4262	12104	57.9	83.7
OKMULGEE	953	1213	2787	44.0	77.7
OSAGE	1675	1285	3746	56.6	79.0
OTTAWA	911	1075	2807	45.9	70.8
PAWNEE	916	1719	3262	34.8	80.8
PAYNE	1278	2057	4123	38.3	80.9
PITTSBURG	2060	2423	5618	46.0	79.8
PONTOTOC	1107	1299	3182	46.0	75.6
POTTAWATOMIE	2430	2473	5967	49.6	82.2
PUSHMATAHA	508	840	1465	37.7	92.0
ROGER MILLS	806	990	2165	44.9	83.0
ROGERS	961	1286	3043	42.8	73.8
SEMINOLE	834	843	2437	49.7	68.8
SEQUOYAH	865	1073	2925	44.6	66.3
STEPHENS	1213	1392	3343	46.6	77.9
TEXAS	884	1160	2606	43.2	78.4
TILLMAN	939	1206	2687	43.8	79.8
TULSA	1985	2205	5147	47.4	81.4
WAGONER	662	1072	2181	38.2	79.5
WASHINGTON	1023	1545	3222	39.8	79.7
WASHITA	968	1702	3335	36.3	80.1
WOODS	1099	1786	3449	38.1	83.6
WOODWARD	1216	1384	3144	46.8	82.7

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
86012	110723	248263	43.7	79.2

REPEAL PROHIBITION
GEN ELECT NOV 8, 10
INT PET 011 REJECT ST.Q. 022

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	412	679	1481	37.8	73.7
ALFALFA	870	2354	3540	27.0	91.1
ATOKA	835	879	1843	48.7	93.0
BEAVER	1044	1253	2435	45.5	94.3
BECKHAM	999	1819	2873	35.5	98.1
BLAINE	1307	1686	3126	43.7	95.7
BRYAN	1354	2288	3758	37.2	96.9
CADDO	2527	3234	5986	43.9	96.2
CANADIAN	2350	1937	4403	54.8	97.4
CARTER	1817	1537	3476	54.2	96.5
CHEROKEE	1123	1107	2583	50.4	86.3
CHOCTAW	969	1048	2545	48.0	79.3
CIMARRON	338	569	979	37.3	92.6
CLEVELAND	1009	1609	2718	38.5	96.3
COAL	1515	587	2180	72.1	96.4
COMANCHE	3075	2975	6335	50.8	95.5
COTTON	440	619	1086	41.5	97.5
CRAIG	1133	1583	2900	41.7	93.7
CREEK	2174	1329	3873	62.1	90.4
CUSTER	1208	2637	4009	31.4	95.9
DELAWARE	556	1042	1705	34.8	93.7
DEWEY	808	1835	2807	30.6	94.2
ELLIS	1257	1492	3181	45.7	86.4
GARFIELD	2613	3425	6177	43.3	97.7
GARVIN	1543	1596	3399	49.2	92.4
GRADY	2090	2199	4366	48.7	98.2
GRANT	1145	2461	3744	31.8	96.3
GREER	731	1466	2198	33.3	100.0
HARMON	261	844	1191	23.6	92.8
HARPER	610	970	1688	38.6	93.6
HASKELL	1298	1371	2951	48.6	90.4
HUGHES	1155	1702	3361	40.4	85.0
JACKSON	876	2219	3108	28.3	99.6
JEFFERSON	1281	985	2467	56.5	91.9
JOHNSTON	1409	852	2445	62.3	92.5
KAY	2194	2918	5263	42.9	97.1
KINGFISHER	1423	1939	3498	42.3	96.1
KIOWA	950	1675	2755	36.2	95.3
LATIMER	843	505	1416	62.5	95.2
LE FLORE	1290	1372	3601	48.5	73.9
LINCOLN	2076	3303	5744	38.6	93.6
LOGAN	1850	1919	4318	49.1	87.3
LOVE	340	628	1347	35.1	71.9
MCCLAIN	938	1205	2307	43.8	92.9
MCCURTAIN	715	1062	1963	40.2	90.5
MCINTOSH	1315	752	2408	63.6	85.8
MAJOR	947	1582	2589	37.4	97.7
MARSHALL	865	794	1760	52.1	94.3
MAYES	910	1280	2652	41.6	82.6
MURRAY	962	877	1930	52.3	95.3
MUSKOGEE	2422	2525	5808	49.0	85.2
NOBLE	1205	1556	2913	43.6	94.8
NOWATA	1143	675	2252	62.9	80.7
OKFUSKEE	806	1109	2077	42.1	92.2
OKLAHOMA	6631	5143	12104	56.3	97.3
OKMULGEE	1307	1284	2787	50.4	93.0
OSAGE	2392	1047	3746	69.6	91.8
OTTAWA	1275	1304	2807	49.4	91.9
PAWNEE	1022	2025	3262	33.5	93.4
PAYNE	1350	2548	4123	34.6	94.5
PITTSBURG	3127	2250	5618	58.2	95.7
PONTOTOC	1293	1710	3182	43.1	94.4
POTTAWATOMIE	3107	2847	5967	52.2	99.8
PUSHMATAHA	812	538	1465	60.1	92.2
ROGER MILLS	863	1222	2165	41.4	96.3
ROGERS	1344	1475	3043	47.7	92.6
SEMINOLE	1015	1123	2437	47.5	87.7
SEQUOYAH	1018	1509	2925	40.3	86.4
STEPHENS	1324	1907	3343	41.0	96.6
TEXAS	826	1641	2606	33.5	94.7
TILLMAN	758	1904	2687	28.5	99.1
TULSA	2626	2242	5147	53.9	94.6
WAGONER	684	1219	2181	35.9	87.3
WASHINGTON	1638	1331	3222	55.2	92.1
WASHITA	999	2085	3335	32.4	92.5
WOODS	1190	2102	3449	36.1	95.4
WOODWARD	1114	1800	3144	38.2	92.7

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
105041	126120	248263	45.4	93.1

TABLE D-7

CORPORATION TAX, SCHOOLS
GEN ELECT NOV 8, 10
LEG REF 013 REJECT ST.Q. 023

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	304	165	1481	64.8	31.7
ALFALFA	1408	920	3540	60.5	65.8
ATOKA	636	253	1843	71.5	48.2
BEAVER	1303	196	2435	86.9	61.6
BECKHAM	1470	482	2873	75.3	67.9
BLAINE	1234	513	3126	70.6	55.9
BRYAN	1406	619	3758	69.4	53.9
CADDO	2825	905	5986	75.7	62.3
CANADIAN	1776	1061	4403	62.6	64.4
CARTER	1739	315	3476	84.7	59.1
CHEROKEE	851	267	2583	76.1	43.3
CHOCTAW	919	280	2545	76.6	47.1
CIMARRON	485	78	979	86.1	57.5
CLEVELAND	1283	319	2718	80.1	58.9
COAL	826	297	2180	73.6	51.5
COMANCHE	3301	732	6335	81.8	63.7
COTTON	544	195	1086	73.6	68.0
CRAIG	996	535	2900	65.1	52.8
CREEK	1192	795	3873	60.0	51.3
CUSTER	1692	811	4009	67.6	62.4
DELAWARE	654	154	1705	80.9	47.4
DEWEY	1650	367	2807	81.8	71.9
ELLIS	1599	269	3181	85.6	58.7
GARFIELD	2508	2201	6177	53.3	76.2
GARVIN	1577	406	3399	79.5	58.3
GRADY	1647	1080	4366	60.4	62.5
GRANT	1696	802	3744	67.9	66.7
GREER	1022	363	2198	73.8	63.0
HARMON	587	167	1191	77.9	63.3
HARPER	801	155	1688	83.8	56.6
HASKELL	1505	295	2951	83.6	61.0
HUGHES	1098	467	3361	70.2	46.6
JACKSON	1163	762	3108	60.4	61.9
JEFFERSON	1011	618	2467	62.1	66.0
JOHNSTON	1455	225	2445	86.6	66.7
KAY	1535	1852	5263	45.3	64.4
KINGFISHER	1537	613	3498	71.5	61.5
KIOWA	1153	433	2755	72.7	57.6
LATIMER	661	150	1416	81.5	57.3
LE FLORE	1222	460	3601	72.7	46.7
LINCOLN	2176	1082	5744	66.8	56.7
LOGAN	1667	813	4318	67.2	57.4
LOVE	519	195	1347	72.7	53.0
MCCLAIN	977	309	2307	76.0	55.7
MCCURTAIN	469	217	1963	68.4	34.9
MCINTOSH	692	184	2408	79.0	36.4
MAJOR	1290	507	2589	71.8	69.4
MARSHALL	1017	179	1760	85.0	68.0
MAYES	1053	276	2652	79.2	50.1
MURRAY	826	283	1930	74.5	57.5
MUSKOGEE	1970	1280	5808	60.6	56.0
NOBLE	1229	602	2913	67.1	62.9
NOWATA	798	277	2252	74.2	47.7
OKFUSKEE	672	238	2077	73.8	43.8
OKLAHOMA	5433	1479	12104	78.6	57.1
OKMULGEE	865	551	2787	61.1	50.8
OSAGE	1264	580	3746	68.5	49.2
OTTAWA	1040	318	2807	76.6	48.4
PAWNEE	1144	759	3262	60.1	58.3
PAYNE	1770	680	4123	72.2	59.4
PITTSBURG	1953	1504	5618	56.5	61.5
PONTOTOC	1548	405	3182	79.3	61.4
POTTAWATOMIE	2917	852	5967	77.4	63.2
PUSHMATAHA	585	83	1465	87.6	45.6
ROGER MILLS	1253	163	2165	88.5	65.4
ROGERS	798	662	3043	54.7	48.0
SEMINOLE	913	195	2437	82.4	45.5
SEQUOYAH	1014	302	2925	77.1	45.0
STEPHENS	1667	366	3343	82.0	60.8
TEXAS	1233	274	2606	81.8	57.8
TILLMAN	1315	448	2687	74.6	65.6
TULSA	1153	1951	5147	37.1	60.3
WAGONER	660	411	2181	61.6	49.1
WASHINGTON	488	1617	3222	23.2	65.3
WASHITA	1552	629	3335	71.2	65.4
WOODS	1751	435	3449	80.1	63.4
WOODWARD	1694	450	3144	79.0	68.2

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
101636	43133	248263	70.2	58.3

CORPORATION RELATIONS
GEN ELECT NOV 8, 10
LEG REF 014 REJECT ST.Q. 024

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	228	210	1481	52.1	29.6
ALFALFA	1141	1106	3540	50.8	63.5
ATOKA	482	367	1843	56.8	46.1
BEAVER	1120	353	2435	76.0	60.5
BECKHAM	995	850	2873	53.9	64.2
BLAINE	1074	710	3126	60.2	57.1
BRYAN	834	992	3758	45.7	48.6
CADDO	2129	1483	5986	58.9	60.3
CANADIAN	1724	1042	4403	62.3	62.8
CARTER	1472	522	3476	73.8	57.4
CHEROKEE	629	380	2583	62.3	39.1
CHOCTAW	757	396	2545	65.7	45.3
CIMARRON	333	212	979	61.1	55.7
CLEVELAND	855	701	2718	54.9	57.2
COAL	673	440	2180	60.5	51.1
COMANCHE	2671	1329	6335	66.8	63.1
COTTON	383	332	1086	53.6	65.8
CRAIG	785	661	2900	54.3	49.9
CREEK	1208	727	3873	62.4	50.0
CUSTER	1416	1022	4009	58.1	60.8
DELAWARE	415	299	1705	58.1	41.9
DEWEY	1431	566	2807	71.7	71.1
ELLIS	1271	531	3181	70.5	56.6
GARFIELD	3068	1490	6177	67.3	73.8
GARVIN	1146	720	3399	61.4	54.9
GRADY	1581	1059	4366	59.9	60.5
GRANT	1296	1079	3744	54.6	63.4
GREER	556	695	2198	44.4	56.9
HARMON	256	430	1191	37.3	57.6
HARPER	719	241	1688	74.9	56.9
HASKELL	1046	554	2951	65.4	54.2
HUGHES	722	722	3361	50.0	43.0
JACKSON	846	908	3108	48.2	56.4
JEFFERSON	994	568	2467	63.6	63.3
JOHNSTON	677	579	2445	53.9	51.4
KAY	1560	1716	5263	47.6	62.2
KINGFISHER	1137	971	3498	53.9	60.3
KIOWA	882	685	2755	56.3	56.9
LATIMER	473	285	1416	62.4	53.5
LE FLORE	952	591	3601	61.7	42.8
LINCOLN	1625	1531	5744	51.5	54.9
LOGAN	1554	904	4318	63.2	56.9
LOVE	395	290	1347	57.7	50.9
MCCLAIN	807	461	2307	63.6	55.0
MCCURTAIN	372	390	1963	48.8	38.8
MCINTOSH	507	293	2408	63.4	33.2
MAJOR	1075	689	2589	60.9	68.1
MARSHALL	602	397	1760	60.3	56.8
MAYES	562	570	2652	49.6	42.7
MURRAY	653	386	1930	62.8	53.8
MUSKOGEE	2034	1120	5808	64.5	54.3
NOBLE	1075	725	2913	59.7	61.8
NOWATA	649	323	2252	66.8	43.2
OKFUSKEE	430	378	2077	53.2	38.9
OKLAHOMA	4929	1975	12104	71.4	57.0
OKMULGEE	785	583	2787	57.4	49.1
OSAGE	1330	564	3746	70.2	50.6
OTTAWA	767	438	2807	63.7	42.9
PAWNEE	806	1030	3262	43.9	56.3
PAYNE	1209	1115	4123	52.0	56.4
PITTSBURG	2048	1288	5618	61.4	59.4
PONTOTOC	1140	634	3182	64.3	55.8
POTTAWATOMIE	2266	1273	5967	64.0	59.3
PUSHMATAHA	518	219	1465	70.3	50.3
ROGER MILLS	1027	359	2165	74.1	64.0
ROGERS	655	740	3043	47.0	45.8
SEMINOLE	631	409	2437	60.7	42.7
SEQUOYAH	673	492	2925	57.8	39.8
STEPHENS	1186	764	3343	60.8	58.3
TEXAS	966	516	2606	65.2	56.9
TILLMAN	1052	653	2687	61.7	63.5
TULSA	1648	1287	5147	56.1	57.0
WAGONER	472	545	2181	46.4	46.6
WASHINGTON	849	1019	3222	45.4	58.0
WASHITA	1098	942	3335	53.8	61.2
WOODS	1423	726	3449	66.2	62.3
WOODWARD	1431	623	3144	69.7	65.3

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
83186	55175	248263	60.1	55.7

TABLE D-8

CORPORATION PRIVILEGES
SP ELECT APR 25, 11
LEG REF 015 REJECT ST.Q. 025

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	59	449	508	11.6	100.0
ALFALFA	454	668	1122	40.5	100.0
ATOKA	193	361	554	34.8	100.0
BEAVER	11	89	100	11.0	100.0
BECKHAM	461	884	1345	34.3	100.0
BLAINE	642	554	1196	53.7	100.0
BRYAN	265	876	1141	23.2	100.0
CADDO	968	1138	2106	46.0	100.0
CANADIAN	846	714	1560	54.2	100.0
CARTER	1206	538	1744	69.2	100.0
CHEROKEE	179	439	618	29.0	100.0
CHOCTAW	962	529	1491	64.5	100.0
CIMARRON	263	94	357	73.7	100.0
CLEVELAND	389	537	926	42.0	100.0
COAL	634	927	1561	40.6	100.0
COMANCHE	1720	714	2434	70.7	100.0
COTTON	343	447	790	43.4	100.0
CRAIG	392	530	922	42.5	100.0
CREEK	471	420	891	52.9	100.0
CUSTER	1664	1215	2879	57.8	100.0
DELAWARE	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
DEWEY	915	402	1317	69.5	100.0
ELLIS	776	382	1158	67.0	100.0
GARFIELD	1360	1100	2460	55.3	100.0
GARVIN	483	960	1443	33.5	100.0
GRADY	1093	842	1935	56.5	100.0
GRANT	501	1043	1544	32.4	100.0
GREER	340	519	859	39.6	100.0
HARMON	107	631	738	14.5	100.0
HARPER	555	148	703	78.9	100.0
HASKELL	237	537	774	30.6	100.0
HUGHES	308	1105	1413	21.8	100.0
JACKSON	296	1048	1344	22.0	100.0
JEFFERSON	739	562	1301	56.8	100.0
JOHNSTON	395	561	956	41.3	100.0
KAY	892	1041	1933	46.1	100.0
KINGFISHER	559	860	1419	39.4	100.0
KIOWA	434	575	1009	43.0	100.0
LATIMER	101	527	628	16.1	100.0
LE FLORE	244	212	456	53.5	100.0
LINCOLN	611	1613	2224	27.5	100.0
LOGAN	824	883	1707	48.3	100.0
LOVE	230	333	563	40.9	100.0
MCCLAIN	596	294	890	67.0	100.0
MCCURTAIN	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
MCINTOSH	153	256	409	37.4	100.0
MAJOR	574	508	1082	53.0	100.0
MARSHALL	120	382	502	23.9	100.0
MAYES	238	378	616	38.6	100.0
MURRAY	357	309	666	53.6	100.0
MUSKOGEE	402	988	1390	28.9	100.0
NOBLE	389	735	1124	34.6	100.0
NOWATA	141	194	335	42.1	100.0
OKFUSKEE	177	357	534	33.1	100.0
OKLAHOMA	3181	1306	4487	70.9	100.0
OKMULGEE	431	364	795	54.2	100.0
OSAGE	458	96	554	82.7	100.0
OTTAWA	275	480	755	36.4	100.0
PAWNEE	263	722	985	26.7	100.0
PAYNE	466	1342	1808	25.8	100.0
PITTSBURG	1004	852	1856	54.1	100.0
PONTOTOC	489	577	1066	45.9	100.0
POTTAWATOMIE	1318	1237	2555	51.6	100.0
PUSHMATAHA	159	181	340	46.8	100.0
ROGER MILLS	626	305	931	67.2	100.0
ROGERS	185	813	998	18.5	100.0
SEMINOLE	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
SEQUOYAH	80	478	558	14.3	100.0
STEPHENS	357	610	967	36.9	100.0
TEXAS	494	309	803	61.5	100.0
TILLMAN	428	395	823	52.0	100.0
TULSA	1182	868	2050	57.7	100.0
WAGONER	98	415	513	19.1	100.0
WASHINGTON	794	781	1575	50.4	100.0
WASHITA	511	842	1353	37.8	100.0
WOODS	805	524	1329	60.6	100.0
WOODWARD	842	520	1362	61.8	100.0

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
41715	46425	88140	47.3	100.0

ELECTION OF SENATORS
PRI ELECT AUG 6, 12
INT PET U26 ADOPT ST.Q. 041

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	878	324	1346	73.0	89.3
ALFALFA	1793	417	1925	81.1	114.8
ATOKA	955	134	1837	87.7	59.3
BEAVER	859	105	1070	89.1	90.1
BECKHAM	2394	287	2402	89.3	111.6
BLAINE	1779	280	1826	86.4	112.8
BRYAN	3074	508	2852	85.8	125.6
CADDO	3377	498	3555	87.1	109.0
CANADIAN	2527	398	2712	86.4	107.9
CARTER	2549	387	3079	86.8	95.4
CHEROKEE	1666	225	2047	88.1	92.4
CHOCTAW	1701	364	2155	82.4	95.8
CIMARRON	378	60	422	86.3	103.8
CLEVELAND	302	1960	2379	13.4	95.1
COAL	1754	367	2148	82.7	98.7
COMANCHE	3469	850	4164	80.3	103.7
COTTON	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
CRAIG	1616	397	2307	80.3	97.3
CREEK	1960	507	2939	79.4	83.9
CUSTER	2333	401	2493	85.3	109.7
DELAWARE	873	224	1545	79.6	71.0
DEWEY	1230	165	1225	88.2	113.9
ELLIS	1138	160	1145	87.7	113.4
GARFIELD	3090	494	3334	86.2	107.5
GARVIN	2757	355	3111	89.6	100.0
GRADY	3321	357	3535	90.3	104.0
GRANT	1965	360	2060	84.5	112.9
GREER	2031	245	2260	89.2	100.7
HARMON	1294	163	1474	88.8	98.8
HARPER	461	113	535	80.3	107.3
HASKELL	1890	294	2290	86.5	95.4
HUGHES	2449	384	2776	86.4	102.1
JACKSON	2655	251	2831	91.4	102.6
JEFFERSON	1789	318	2003	84.9	105.2
JOHNSTON	1797	268	1835	87.0	112.5
KAY	2823	490	2907	85.2	114.0
KINGFISHER	1967	333	2121	85.5	106.4
KIOWA	2388	315	2567	88.3	105.3
LATIMER	1067	171	1381	86.2	89.6
LE FLORE	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
LINCOLN	2849	501	2956	85.0	113.3
LOGAN	2279	473	3324	82.8	82.8
LOVE	980	137	1185	87.7	94.3
MCCLAIN	1648	229	2102	87.8	89.3
MCCURTAIN	782	171	2068	82.1	46.1
MCINTOSH	1500	279	2138	84.3	83.2
MAJOR	1333	248	1451	84.3	109.0
MARSHALL	1337	210	1421	86.4	108.9
MAYES	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
MURRAY	843	95	1182	89.9	79.4
MUSKOGEE	4490	656	5672	87.3	90.7
NOBLE	2219	205	1759	91.5	137.8
NOWATA	1218	255	1597	82.7	92.2
OKFUSKEE	1240	221	1338	84.9	109.2
OKLAHOMA	8587	1358	10061	86.3	98.8
OKMULGEE	1699	302	1949	84.9	102.7
OSAGE	1935	387	2442	83.3	95.1
OTTAWA	1508	399	1864	79.1	102.3
PAWNEE	1314	223	1367	85.5	112.4
PAYNE	2107	309	2133	87.2	113.3
PITTSBURG	1803	329	3971	84.6	53.7
PONTOTOC	1692	257	2416	86.8	80.7
POTTAWATOMIE	4193	634	4283	86.9	112.7
PUSHMATAHA	935	242	1255	79.4	93.8
ROGER MILLS	1259	192	1496	86.8	97.0
ROGERS	1207	335	2166	78.3	71.2
SEMINOLE	1915	304	1801	86.3	123.2
SEQUOYAH	1584	249	2307	86.4	79.5
STEPHENS	2428	290	2338	89.3	116.3
TEXAS	1081	170	1507	86.4	83.0
TILLMAN	2613	302	3085	89.6	94.5
TULSA	3036	445	3600	87.2	96.7
WAGONER	961	286	1703	77.1	73.2
WASHINGTON	1978	338	2271	85.4	102.0
WASHITA	2120	254	2126	89.3	111.7
WOODS	1646	338	1825	83.0	108.7
WOODWARD	923	154	1284	85.7	83.9

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
143591	25706	172036	84.8	98.4

TABLE D-9

BOARD OF AGRICULTURE
GEN ELECT NOV 5, 12
INT PET 023 ADOPT ST.O. 038

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	977	640	1928	60.4	83.9
ALFALFA	2687	792	3377	77.2	103.0
ATOKA	1496	617	2346	70.8	90.1
BEAVER	1619	515	2516	75.9	84.8
BECKHAM	2220	855	3106	72.2	99.0
BLAINE	1257	796	1949	61.2	105.3
BRYAN	2664	835	3812	76.1	91.8
CADDO	4217	1651	5975	71.9	98.2
CANADIAN	1943	992	4220	66.2	69.5
CARTER	2184	828	3225	72.5	93.4
CHEROKEE	976	272	2204	78.2	56.6
CHOCTAW	1808	707	2807	71.9	89.6
CIMARRON	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
CLEVELAND	1953	830	2862	70.2	97.2
COAL	816	398	2303	67.2	52.7
COMANCHE	2755	1087	3883	71.7	98.9
COTTON	1430	534	1938	72.8	101.3
CRAIG	2148	932	3286	69.7	93.7
CREEK	2531	849	4574	74.9	73.9
CUSTER	2682	1293	4010	67.5	99.1
DELAWARE	1123	1200	1901	48.3	122.2
DEWEY	1972	695	2952	68.8	97.1
ELLIS	2114	746	2799	73.9	102.2
GARFIELD	3850	1264	5719	75.3	89.4
GARVIN	2745	1039	3920	72.5	96.5
GRADY	2962	1393	4474	68.0	97.3
GRANT	2727	911	3649	75.0	99.7
GREER	1421	609	2089	70.0	97.2
HARMON	922	454	1383	67.0	99.5
HARPER	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
HASKELL	2375	484	2975	83.1	96.1
HUGHES	2781	1091	4001	71.8	96.8
JACKSON	1736	1080	3094	61.6	91.0
JEFFERSON	1279	559	2152	69.6	85.4
JOHNSTON	1723	658	2553	72.4	93.3
KAY	3794	1295	5270	74.6	96.6
KINGFISHER	2267	822	3116	73.4	99.1
KIOWA	2784	841	3946	76.8	91.9
LATIMER	923	396	1553	70.0	84.9
LE FLORE	2160	922	4075	70.1	75.6
LINCOLN	4050	1557	5567	72.2	100.7
LOGAN	4168	761	4811	84.6	102.5
LOVE	711	502	1361	58.6	89.1
MCCLAIN	1663	572	2276	74.4	98.2
MCCURTAIN	959	597	2611	61.6	59.6
MCINTOSH	1874	512	2835	78.5	84.2
MAJOR	2004	549	2495	78.5	102.3
MARSHALL	1390	422	1975	76.7	91.7
MAYES	1546	621	2685	71.3	80.7
MURRAY	1279	416	1864	75.5	90.9
MUSKOGEE	5193	1083	6602	82.7	95.1
NOBLE	1907	861	2747	68.9	100.8
NOWATA	1024	360	2271	74.0	60.9
OKFUSKEE	1580	643	2343	71.1	94.9
OKLAHOMA	8429	5120	13574	62.2	99.8
OKMULGEE	2057	631	2950	76.5	91.1
OSAGE	2758	864	4101	76.1	88.3
OTTAWA	1735	895	2872	66.0	91.6
PAWNEE	2124	903	3122	70.2	97.0
PAYNE	2573	1049	4011	71.0	90.3
PITTSBURG	3196	1293	5819	71.2	77.1
PONTOTOC	2284	1004	3423	69.5	96.1
POTTAWATOMIE	4535	1613	6219	73.8	98.9
PUSHMATAHA	1085	433	1716	71.5	88.5
ROGER MILLS	1574	334	2190	82.5	87.1
ROGERS	1762	907	3346	66.0	79.8
SEMINOLE	1616	756	2653	68.1	89.4
SEQUOYAH	1590	620	2763	71.9	80.0
STEPHENS	2431	707	3234	77.5	97.0
TEXAS	1022	344	1727	74.8	79.1
TILLMAN	2087	684	2813	75.3	98.5
TULSA	2150	1182	5347	64.5	62.3
WAGONER	844	171	1724	83.2	58.9
WASHINGTON	2322	809	3348	74.2	93.5
WASHITA	2489	1050	3533	70.3	100.2
WOODS	2648	738	3469	78.2	97.6
WOODWARD	2350	643	3082	78.5	97.1

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
165030	64288	251421	72.0	91.2

CAPITOL SITE SELECTION
GEN ELECT NOV 5, 12
INT PET 025 REJECT ST.O. 040

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	544	337	1928	61.7	45.7
ALFALFA	1738	1066	3377	62.0	83.0
ATOKA	600	914	2346	39.6	64.5
BEAVER	924	1016	2516	47.6	77.1
BECKHAM	510	2046	3106	20.0	82.3
BLAINE	499	1015	1949	33.0	77.7
BRYAN	1393	1558	3812	47.2	77.4
CADDO	1345	3075	5975	30.4	74.0
CANADIAN	1369	1992	4220	40.7	79.6
CARTER	941	1558	3225	37.7	77.5
CHEROKEE	978	456	2204	68.2	65.1
CHOCTAW	822	1005	2807	45.0	65.1
CIMARRON	143	424	711	25.2	79.7
CLEVELAND	409	1946	2862	17.4	82.3
COAL	601	1134	2303	34.6	75.3
COMANCHE	1077	1781	3883	37.7	73.6
COTTON	408	1318	1938	23.6	89.1
CRAIG	1124	1097	3286	50.6	67.6
CREEK	1456	1401	4574	51.0	62.5
CUSTER	1051	2138	4010	33.0	79.5
DELAWARE	567	657	1901	46.3	64.4
DEWEY	899	1308	2952	40.7	74.8
ELLIS	1203	915	2799	56.8	75.7
GARFIELD	3540	1115	5719	76.0	81.4
GARVIN	838	2237	3920	27.3	78.4
GRADY	981	2439	4474	28.7	76.4
GRANT	1715	1238	3649	58.1	80.9
GREER	527	1292	2089	29.0	87.1
HARMON	389	826	1383	32.0	87.9
HARPER	541	628	1505	46.3	77.7
HASKELL	1147	1002	2975	53.4	72.2
HUGHES	1190	1641	4001	42.0	70.8
JACKSON	444	1934	3094	18.7	76.9
JEFFERSON	637	1032	2152	38.2	77.6
JOHNSTON	788	1069	2553	42.4	72.7
KAY	2598	1601	5270	61.9	79.7
KINGFISHER	1528	1016	3116	60.1	81.6
KIOWA	1020	1952	3946	34.3	75.3
LATIMER	489	554	1553	46.9	67.2
LE FLORE	965	1463	4075	39.7	59.6
LINCOLN	2292	1809	5567	55.9	73.7
LOGAN	4643	229	4811	95.3	101.3
LOVE	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
MCCLAIN	419	1266	2276	24.9	74.0
MCCURTAIN	641	1144	2611	35.9	68.4
MCINTOSH	1181	633	2835	65.1	64.0
MAJOR	955	1028	2495	48.2	79.5
MARSHALL	605	882	1975	40.7	75.3
MAYES	1031	663	2685	60.9	63.1
MURRAY	551	888	1864	38.3	77.2
MUSKOGEE	4243	708	6602	85.7	75.0
NOBLE	1528	745	2747	67.2	82.7
NOWATA	808	532	2271	60.3	59.0
OKFUSKEE	689	672	2343	50.6	58.1
OKLAHOMA	971	11078	13574	8.1	88.8
OKMULGEE	1191	757	2950	61.1	66.0
OSAGE	1410	1208	4101	53.9	63.8
OTTAWA	1015	858	2872	54.2	65.2
PAWNEE	1288	1064	3122	54.8	75.3
PAYNE	2344	905	4011	72.1	81.0
PITTSBURG	1544	2228	5811	40.9	64.9
PONTOTOC	912	1585	3423	36.5	72.9
POTTAWATOMIE	2234	2417	6219	48.0	74.8
PUSHMATAHA	590	632	1716	48.3	71.2
ROGER MILLS	610	1134	2190	35.0	79.6
ROGERS	1304	978	3346	57.1	68.2
SEMINOLE	643	1055	2653	37.9	64.0
SEQUOYAH	777	754	2763	50.8	55.4
STEPHENS	745	1822	3234	29.0	79.4
TEXAS	570	544	1727	51.2	64.5
TILLMAN	607	1702	2813	26.3	82.1
TULSA	2521	1423	5347	63.9	73.8
WAGONER	727	319	1724	69.5	60.7
WASHINGTON	1050	969	3348	52.0	60.3
WASHITA	733	2200	3533	25.0	83.0
WOODS	1712	980	3469	63.6	77.6
WOODWARD	1223	1181	3082	50.9	78.0

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
86245	102188	252268	45.8	74.7

TABLE D-10

TAXATION FOR SCHOOLS
GEN ELECT NOV 5, 12
LEG REF 017 REJECT ST.Q. 045

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	386	252	1929	60.5	33.1
ALFALFA	1310	1240	3377	51.4	75.5
ATOKA	909	427	2346	68.0	56.9
BEAVER	1200	492	2516	70.9	67.2
BECKHAM	1207	1089	3106	52.6	73.9
BLAINE	729	645	1949	53.1	70.5
BRYAN	1789	774	3812	69.8	67.2
CADDO	2153	1785	5978	54.7	65.9
CANADIAN	1423	1508	4220	48.5	69.5
CARTER	1561	686	3225	69.5	69.7
CHEROKEE	868	294	2204	74.7	52.7
CHOCTAW	1085	476	2807	69.5	55.6
CIMARRON	375	116	711	76.4	69.1
CLEVELAND	1135	840	2862	57.5	69.0
COAL	1031	525	2303	66.3	67.6
COMANCHE	1438	1135	3883	55.9	66.3
COTTON	766	861	1938	47.1	84.0
CRAIG	1226	669	3286	64.7	57.7
CREEK	1708	681	4574	71.5	52.2
CUSTER	1494	1386	4010	51.9	71.8
DELAWARE	782	337	1901	69.9	58.9
DEWEY	1191	799	2952	59.8	67.4
ELLIS	1364	526	2799	72.2	67.5
GARFIELD	3850	1264	5719	75.3	89.4
GARVIN	2145	1039	3920	67.4	81.2
GRADY	1880	1126	4474	62.5	67.2
GRANT	1201	1508	3649	44.3	74.2
GREER	484	1241	2089	28.1	82.6
HARMON	248	945	1383	20.8	86.3
HARPER	589	454	1505	56.5	69.3
HASKELL	1577	302	2975	83.9	63.2
HUGHES	1578	888	4001	64.0	61.6
JACKSON	602	1726	3094	25.9	75.2
JEFFERSON	940	611	2152	60.6	72.1
JOHNSTON	1244	444	2553	73.7	66.1
KAY	1843	1860	5270	49.8	70.3
KINGFISHER	971	1276	3116	43.2	72.1
KIOWA	1244	1406	3946	46.9	67.2
LATIMER	649	260	1553	71.4	58.5
LE FLORE	1531	525	4075	74.5	50.5
LINCOLN	1871	1538	5567	54.9	61.2
LOGAN	2201	1400	4811	61.1	74.8
LOVE	551	341	1361	61.8	65.5
MCCLAIN	984	527	2276	65.1	66.4
MCCURTAIN	1154	435	2611	72.6	60.9
MCINTOSH	1150	468	2835	71.1	57.1
MAJOR	1038	794	2495	56.7	73.4
MARSHALL	1042	287	1975	78.4	67.3
MAYES	952	517	2685	64.8	54.7
MURRAY	937	288	1864	76.5	65.7
MUSKOGEE	2723	1349	6602	66.9	61.7
NOBLE	811	1243	2747	39.5	74.8
NOWATA	824	343	2271	70.6	51.4
OKFUSKEE	779	360	2343	68.4	48.6
OKLAHOMA	5959	4534	13574	56.8	77.3
OKMULGEE	1168	523	2950	69.1	57.3
OSAGE	1558	737	4101	67.9	56.0
OTTAWA	1063	520	2872	67.2	55.1
PAWNEE	1048	994	3122	51.3	65.4
PAYNE	1333	1510	4011	46.9	70.9
PITTSBURG	2394	986	5811	70.8	58.2
PONTOTOC	1599	688	3423	69.9	66.8
POTTAWATOMIE	2583	1425	6219	64.4	64.4
PUSHMATAHA	1085	433	1716	71.5	88.5
ROGER MILLS	1105	523	2190	67.9	74.3
ROGERS	1270	615	3346	67.4	56.3
SEMINOLE	1001	417	2653	70.6	53.4
SEQUOYAH	969	730	2763	74.6	47.0
STEPHENS	1493	858	3234	63.5	72.7
TEXAS	695	403	1727	63.3	63.6
TILLMAN	1039	1057	2813	49.6	74.5
TULSA	2150	1184	5347	64.5	62.4
WAGONER	598	230	1724	72.2	48.0
WASHINGTON	1197	956	3348	68.3	52.4
WASHITA	1068	1468	3533	42.1	71.8
WOODS	1721	738	3469	70.0	70.9
WOODWARD	1377	654	3082	67.8	65.9

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
102196	65691	253629	60.9	66.2

CORPORATION PRIVILEGES
SP ELECT AUG 5, 13
LEG REF 018 ADOPT ST.Q. 046

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	363	217	580	62.6	100.0
ALFALFA	693	453	1146	60.5	100.0
ATOKA	582	286	868	67.1	100.0
BEAVER	830	338	1168	71.1	100.0
BECKHAM	546	623	1169	46.7	100.0
BLAINE	603	372	975	61.8	100.0
BRYAN	1418	1216	2634	53.8	100.0
CADDO	1302	889	2191	59.4	100.0
CANADIAN	774	384	1158	66.8	100.0
CARTER	1040	653	1693	61.4	100.0
CHEROKEE	452	249	701	64.5	100.0
CHOCTAW	783	253	1036	75.6	100.0
CIMARRON	327	83	410	79.8	100.0
CLEVELAND	774	401	1175	65.9	100.0
COAL	1203	546	1749	68.8	100.0
COMANCHE	671	255	926	72.5	100.0
COTTON	498	256	754	66.0	100.0
CRAIG	366	191	557	65.7	100.0
CREEK	647	357	1004	64.4	100.0
CUSTER	1049	460	1509	69.5	100.0
DELAWARE	306	172	478	64.0	100.0
DEWEY	730	406	1136	64.3	100.0
ELLIS	588	304	892	65.9	100.0
GARFIELD	1652	1020	2672	61.8	100.0
GARVIN	822	611	1433	57.4	100.0
GRADY	1182	556	1738	68.0	100.0
GRANT	824	474	1298	63.5	100.0
GREER	638	380	1018	62.7	100.0
HARMON	259	368	627	41.3	100.0
HARPER	615	175	790	77.8	100.0
HASKELL	1279	753	2032	62.9	100.0
HUGHES	683	979	1662	41.1	100.0
JACKSON	521	554	1075	48.5	100.0
JEFFERSON	695	433	1128	61.6	100.0
JOHNSTON	731	666	1397	52.3	100.0
KAY	1000	546	1546	64.7	100.0
KINGFISHER	582	491	1073	54.2	100.0
KIOWA	890	687	1577	56.4	100.0
LATIMER	681	542	1223	55.7	100.0
LE FLORE	2154	802	2956	72.9	100.0
LINCOLN	1175	921	2096	56.1	100.0
LOGAN	1423	480	1903	74.8	100.0
LOVE	292	358	650	44.9	100.0
MCCLAIN	726	263	989	73.4	100.0
MCCURTAIN	495	181	676	73.2	100.0
MCINTOSH	490	216	706	69.4	100.0
MAJOR	499	323	822	60.7	100.0
MARSHALL	966	726	1692	57.1	100.0
MAYES	277	236	513	54.0	100.0
MURRAY	717	465	1182	60.7	100.0
MUSKOGEE	1209	324	1533	78.9	100.0
NOBLE	618	447	1065	58.0	100.0
NOWATA	220	121	341	64.5	100.0
OKFUSKEE	510	318	828	61.6	100.0
OKLAHOMA	2484	828	3312	75.0	100.0
OKMULGEE	388	446	834	46.5	100.0
OSAGE	475	150	625	76.0	100.0
OTTAWA	360	281	641	56.2	100.0
PAWNEE	408	610	1018	40.1	100.0
PAYNE	761	587	1348	56.5	100.0
PITTSBURG	1763	1279	3042	58.0	100.0
PONTOTOC	1236	263	1499	82.5	100.0
POTTAWATOMIE	1614	1015	2629	61.4	100.0
PUSHMATAHA	226	383	609	37.1	100.0
ROGER MILLS	741	277	1018	72.8	100.0
ROGERS	351	331	682	51.5	100.0
SEMINOLE	430	400	830	51.8	100.0
SEQUOYAH	643	236	879	73.2	100.0
STEPHENS	710	437	1147	61.9	100.0
TEXAS	835	280	1115	74.9	100.0
TILLMAN	547	319	866	63.2	100.0
TULSA	520	266	786	66.2	100.0
WAGONER	159	137	296	53.7	100.0
WASHINGTON	897	450	1347	66.6	100.0
WASHITA	862	467	1329	64.9	100.0
WOODS	1141	646	1787	63.9	100.0
WOODWARD	742	473	1215	61.1	100.0

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
59663	35341	95004	62.8	100.0

TABLE D-11

MINE SAFETY
SP ELECT AUG 5, 13
REF PET 019 ADOPT ST.Q. 047

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	437	158	595	73.4	100.0
ALFALFA	796	357	1153	69.0	100.0
ATOKA	687	168	855	80.4	100.0
BEAVER	1024	145	1169	87.6	100.0
BECKHAM	789	381	1170	67.4	100.0
BLAINE	655	305	960	68.2	100.0
BRYAN	1983	791	2774	71.5	100.0
CADDO	1767	379	2146	82.3	100.0
CANADIAN	805	349	1154	69.8	100.0
CARTER	1431	252	1683	85.0	100.0
CHEROKEE	612	77	689	88.8	100.0
CHOCTAW	723	174	897	80.6	100.0
CIMARRON	381	83	464	82.1	100.0
CLEVELAND	1040	148	1188	87.5	100.0
COAL	2037	114	2151	94.7	100.0
COMANCHE	655	263	918	71.4	100.0
COTTON	527	159	686	76.8	100.0
CRAIG	306	237	543	56.4	100.0
CREEK	813	201	1014	80.2	100.0
CUSTER	1208	305	1513	79.8	100.0
DELAWARE	341	117	458	74.5	100.0
DEWEY	831	287	1118	74.3	100.0
ELLIS	717	169	886	80.9	100.0
GARFIELD	1438	1171	2609	55.1	100.0
GARVIN	1140	311	1451	78.6	100.0
GRADY	1256	466	1722	72.9	100.0
GRANT	964	324	1288	74.8	100.0
GREER	854	179	1033	82.7	100.0
HARMON	493	143	636	77.5	100.0
HARPER	635	116	751	84.6	100.0
HASKELL	1759	409	2168	81.1	100.0
HUGHES	1400	260	1660	84.3	100.0
JACKSON	758	314	1072	70.7	100.0
JEFFERSON	833	256	1089	76.5	100.0
JOHNSTON	1257	195	1452	86.6	100.0
KAY	1117	407	1524	73.3	100.0
KINGFISHER	782	311	1093	71.5	100.0
KIOWA	1284	304	1588	80.9	100.0
LATIMER	1112	163	1275	87.2	100.0
LE FLORE	2460	566	3026	81.3	100.0
LINCOLN	1719	375	2094	82.1	100.0
LOGAN	1429	439	1868	76.5	100.0
LOVE	439	202	641	68.5	100.0
MCCLAIN	792	192	984	80.5	100.0
MCCURTAIN	522	137	659	79.2	100.0
MCINTOSH	590	194	784	75.3	100.0
MAJOR	641	180	821	78.1	100.0
MARSHALL	1332	391	1723	77.3	100.0
MAYES	350	165	515	68.0	100.0
MURRAY	915	303	1218	75.1	100.0
MUSKOGEE	1208	319	1527	79.1	100.0
NOBLE	781	273	1054	74.1	100.0
NOWATA	216	134	350	61.7	100.0
OKFUSKEE	717	117	834	86.0	100.0
OKLAHOMA	2286	944	3230	70.8	100.0
OKMULGEE	733	125	858	85.4	100.0
OSAGE	388	219	607	63.9	100.0
OTTAWA	367	272	639	57.4	100.0
PAWNEE	764	240	1004	76.1	100.0
PAYNE	1073	265	1338	80.2	100.0
PITTSBURG	2438	620	3058	79.7	100.0
PONTOTOC	1189	269	1458	81.6	100.0
POTTAWATOMIE	2248	384	2632	85.4	100.0
PUSHMATAHA	452	160	612	73.9	100.0
ROGER MILLS	767	224	991	77.4	100.0
ROGERS	480	205	685	70.1	100.0
SEMINOLE	729	107	836	87.2	100.0
SEQUOYAH	722	161	883	81.8	100.0
STEPHENS	917	209	1126	81.4	100.0
TEXAS	1012	137	1149	88.1	100.0
TILLMAN	629	235	864	72.8	100.0
TULSA	596	191	787	75.7	100.0
WAGONER	212	85	297	71.4	100.0
WASHINGTON	1007	353	1360	74.0	100.0
WASHITA	928	344	1272	73.0	100.0
WOODS	1130	614	1744	64.8	100.0
WOODWARD	833	350	1183	70.4	100.0

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
73658	21648	95306	77.3	100.0

TAXATION FOR SCHOOLS
SP ELECT AUG 5, 13
LEG REF 020 ADOPT ST.Q. 057

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	410	197	607	67.5	100.0
ALFALFA	626	524	1150	54.4	100.0
ATOKA	630	224	854	73.8	100.0
BEAVER	1083	81	1164	93.0	100.0
BECKHAM	867	297	1164	74.5	100.0
BLAINE	636	334	970	65.6	100.0
BRYAN	1877	803	2680	70.0	100.0
CADDO	1606	517	2123	75.6	100.0
CANADIAN	505	664	1169	43.2	100.0
CARTER	1316	331	1647	79.9	100.0
CHEROKEE	633	67	700	90.4	100.0
CHOCTAW	730	259	989	73.8	100.0
CIMARRON	393	18	411	95.6	100.0
CLEVELAND	1000	167	1167	85.7	100.0
COAL	1356	411	1767	76.7	100.0
COMANCHE	654	260	914	71.6	100.0
COTTON	602	143	745	80.8	100.0
CRAIG	319	230	549	58.1	100.0
CREEK	512	487	999	51.3	100.0
CUSTER	948	549	1497	63.3	100.0
DELAWARE	437	50	487	89.7	100.0
DEWEY	957	159	1116	85.8	100.0
ELLIS	725	159	884	82.0	100.0
GARFIELD	1000	1633	2633	38.0	100.0
GARVIN	1079	326	1405	76.8	100.0
GRADY	937	773	1710	54.8	100.0
GRANT	659	628	1287	51.2	100.0
GREER	775	224	999	77.6	100.0
HARMON	474	149	623	76.1	100.0
HARPER	637	85	722	88.2	100.0
HASKELL	1867	305	2172	86.0	100.0
HUGHES	1144	460	1604	71.3	100.0
JACKSON	664	410	1074	61.8	100.0
JEFFERSON	745	332	1077	69.2	100.0
JOHNSTON	1082	313	1395	77.6	100.0
KAY	616	913	1529	40.3	100.0
KINGFISHER	808	254	1062	76.1	100.0
KIOWA	958	604	1562	61.3	100.0
LATIMER	867	353	1220	71.1	100.0
LE FLORE	1542	1435	2977	51.8	100.0
LINCOLN	959	1135	2094	45.8	100.0
LOGAN	750	1133	1883	39.8	100.0
LOVE	487	171	658	74.0	100.0
MCCLAIN	777	186	963	80.7	100.0
MCCURTAIN	589	91	680	86.6	100.0
MCINTOSH	640	64	704	90.9	100.0
MAJOR	578	239	817	70.7	100.0
MARSHALL	1349	377	1726	78.2	100.0
MAYES	367	147	514	71.4	100.0
MURRAY	823	325	1148	71.7	100.0
MUSKOGEE	1258	271	1529	82.3	100.0
NOBLE	457	584	1041	43.9	100.0
NOWATA	140	206	346	40.5	100.0
OKFUSKEE	697	134	831	83.9	100.0
OKLAHOMA	2204	965	3169	69.5	100.0
OKMULGEE	558	286	844	66.1	100.0
OSAGE	283	326	609	46.5	100.0
OTTAWA	257	391	648	39.7	100.0
PAWNEE	436	569	1005	43.4	100.0
PAYNE	794	544	1338	59.3	100.0
PITTSBURG	1897	1063	2960	64.1	100.0
PONTOTOC	1178	275	1453	81.1	100.0
POTTAWATOMIE	2106	485	2591	81.3	100.0
PUSHMATAHA	369	241	610	60.5	100.0
ROGER MILLS	908	95	1003	90.5	100.0
ROGERS	288	409	697	41.3	100.0
SEMINOLE	735	102	837	87.8	100.0
SEQUOYAH	794	96	890	89.2	100.0
STEPHENS	959	179	1138	84.3	100.0
TEXAS	927	202	1129	82.1	100.0
TILLMAN	616	255	871	70.7	100.0
TULSA	261	502	763	34.2	100.0
WAGONER	200	90	290	69.0	100.0
WASHINGTON	145	1250	1395	10.4	100.0
WASHITA	846	415	1261	67.1	100.0
WOODS	1245	500	1745	71.3	100.0
WOODWARD	895	281	1176	76.1	100.0

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
63448	30712	94160	67.4	100.0

TABLE D-12

TOWNSHIP GOVERNMENT
SP ELECT AUG 5, 13
LEG REF 021 ADOPT ST.Q. 058

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	313	222	535	58.5	100.0
ALFALFA	357	770	1127	31.7	100.0
ATOKA	478	340	818	58.4	100.0
BEAVER	795	312	1107	71.8	100.0
BECKHAM	612	521	1133	54.0	100.0
BLAINE	449	469	948	47.4	100.0
BRYAN	1497	1080	2577	58.1	100.0
CADDO	1053	924	1977	53.3	100.0
CANADIAN	439	643	1082	40.6	100.0
CARTER	976	617	1593	61.3	100.0
CHEROKEE	491	166	657	74.7	100.0
CHOCTAW	590	317	907	65.0	100.0
CIMARRON	258	131	389	66.3	100.0
CLEVELAND	706	427	1133	62.3	100.0
COAL	1210	467	1677	72.2	100.0
COMANCHE	504	374	878	57.4	100.0
COTTON	337	383	720	46.8	100.0
CRAIG	310	230	540	57.4	100.0
CREEK	496	471	967	51.3	100.0
CUSTER	743	715	1458	51.0	100.0
DELAWARE	333	125	458	72.7	100.0
DEWEY	542	554	1096	49.5	100.0
ELLIS	488	368	856	57.0	100.0
GARFIELD	752	1773	2525	29.8	100.0
GARVIN	899	513	1412	63.7	100.0
GRADY	903	753	1656	54.5	100.0
GRANT	513	708	1221	42.0	100.0
GREER	557	400	957	58.2	100.0
HARMON	330	226	556	59.4	100.0
HARPER	417	317	734	56.8	100.0
HASKELL	1134	787	1921	59.0	100.0
HUGHES	825	711	1536	53.7	100.0
JACKSON	626	406	1032	60.7	100.0
JEFFERSON	579	459	1038	55.8	100.0
JOHNSTON	807	537	1344	60.0	100.0
KAY	629	853	1482	42.4	100.0
KINGFISHER	496	527	1023	48.5	100.0
KIOWA	806	771	1577	51.1	100.0
LATIMER	796	367	1163	68.4	100.0
LE FLORE	1415	1210	2625	53.9	100.0
LINCOLN	893	1183	2076	43.0	100.0
LOGAN	969	838	1807	53.6	100.0
LOVE	308	318	626	49.2	100.0
MCCLAIN	644	281	925	69.6	100.0
MCCURTAIN	510	137	647	78.8	100.0
MCINTOSH	499	206	705	70.8	100.0
MAJOR	323	474	797	40.5	100.0
MARSHALL	1014	610	1624	62.4	100.0
MAYES	312	194	506	61.7	100.0
MURRAY	615	512	1127	54.6	100.0
MUSKOGEE	1240	286	1526	81.3	100.0
NOBLE	401	612	1013	39.6	100.0
NOWATA	148	182	330	44.8	100.0
OKFUSKEE	581	226	807	72.0	100.0
OKLAHOMA	1924	1186	3110	61.9	100.0
OKMULGEE	583	228	811	71.9	100.0
OSAGE	333	252	585	56.9	100.0
OTTAWA	265	358	623	42.5	100.0
PAWNEE	332	665	997	33.3	100.0
PAYNE	627	672	1299	48.3	100.0
PITTSBURG	1872	1042	2914	64.2	100.0
PONTOTOC	1074	360	1434	74.9	100.0
POTTAWATOMIE	1524	970	2494	61.1	100.0
PUSHMATAHA	308	291	599	51.4	100.0
ROGER MILLS	580	360	940	61.7	100.0
ROGERS	361	290	651	55.5	100.0
SEMINOLE	575	229	804	71.5	100.0
SEQUOYAH	624	241	865	72.1	100.0
STEPHENS	713	387	1100	64.8	100.0
TEXAS	628	457	1085	57.9	100.0
TILLMAN	465	359	824	56.4	100.0
TULSA	408	365	773	52.8	100.0
WAGONER	170	116	286	59.4	100.0
WASHINGTON	468	782	1250	37.4	100.0
WASHITA	707	503	1210	58.4	100.0
WOODS	617	1077	1694	36.4	100.0
WOODWARD	583	550	1133	51.5	100.0

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
50659	39773	90432	56.0	100.0

CREATE AGRICULTURAL BOARD
SP ELECT AUG 5, 13
LEG REF 023 ADOPT ST.Q. 060

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	428	143	571	75.0	100.0
ALFALFA	808	340	1148	70.4	100.0
ATOKA	448	375	823	54.4	100.0
BEAVER	920	216	1136	81.0	100.0
BECKHAM	788	338	1126	70.0	100.0
BLAINE	682	267	949	71.9	100.0
BRYAN	1822	823	2645	68.9	100.0
CADDO	1647	403	2050	80.3	100.0
CANADIAN	870	292	1162	74.9	100.0
CARTER	1041	565	1606	64.8	100.0
CHEROKEE	550	118	668	82.3	100.0
CHOCTAW	669	225	894	74.8	100.0
CIMARRON	256	144	400	64.0	100.0
CLEVELAND	924	226	1150	80.3	100.0
COAL	1243	445	1688	73.6	100.0
COMANCHE	717	178	895	80.1	100.0
COTTON	496	224	720	68.9	100.0
CRAIG	458	95	553	82.8	100.0
CREEK	671	288	959	70.0	100.0
CUSTER	1096	388	1484	73.9	100.0
DELAWARE	356	112	468	76.1	100.0
DEWEY	794	294	1088	73.0	100.0
ELLIS	685	181	866	79.1	100.0
GARFIELD	1706	953	2659	64.2	100.0
GARVIN	1075	353	1428	75.3	100.0
GRADY	1203	505	1708	70.4	100.0
GRANT	1007	373	1380	73.0	100.0
GREER	773	207	980	78.9	100.0
HARMON	420	194	614	68.4	100.0
HARPER	610	145	755	80.8	100.0
HASKELL	1524	512	2036	74.9	100.0
HUGHES	1098	478	1576	69.7	100.0
JACKSON	817	240	1057	77.3	100.0
JEFFERSON	769	294	1063	72.3	100.0
JOHNSTON	832	541	1373	60.6	100.0
KAY	1191	328	1519	78.4	100.0
KINGFISHER	814	241	1055	77.2	100.0
KIOWA	1137	418	1555	73.1	100.0
LATIMER	853	295	1148	74.3	100.0
LE FLORE	1930	826	2756	70.0	100.0
LINCOLN	1504	375	1879	80.0	100.0
LOGAN	1486	366	1852	80.2	100.0
LOVE	355	272	627	56.6	100.0
MCCLAIN	806	146	952	84.7	100.0
MCCURTAIN	500	129	629	79.5	100.0
MCINTOSH	570	132	702	81.2	100.0
MAJOR	633	189	822	77.0	100.0
MARSHALL	1055	590	1645	64.1	100.0
MAYES	404	106	510	79.2	100.0
MURRAY	709	426	1135	62.5	100.0
MUSKOGEE	1387	153	1540	90.1	100.0
NOBLE	786	253	1039	75.6	100.0
NOWATA	232	102	334	69.5	100.0
OKFUSKEE	544	292	836	65.1	100.0
OKLAHOMA	2597	577	3174	81.8	100.0
OKMULGEE	521	295	816	63.8	100.0
OSAGE	372	228	600	62.0	100.0
OTTAWA	414	212	626	66.1	100.0
PAWNEE	594	416	1010	58.8	100.0
PAYNE	927	408	1335	69.4	100.0
PITTSBURG	1956	917	2873	68.1	100.0
PONTOTOC	1211	230	1441	84.0	100.0
POTTAWATOMIE	2017	538	2555	78.9	100.0
PUSHMATAHA	326	279	605	53.9	100.0
ROGER MILLS	752	227	979	76.8	100.0
ROGERS	549	134	683	80.4	100.0
SEMINOLE	529	279	808	65.5	100.0
SEQUOYAH	768	103	871	88.2	100.0
STEPHENS	808	305	1113	72.6	100.0
TEXAS	740	356	1096	67.5	100.0
TILLMAN	658	177	835	78.8	100.0
TULSA	592	197	789	75.0	100.0
WAGONER	221	71	292	75.7	100.0
WASHINGTON	673	575	1248	53.9	100.0
WASHITA	1005	235	1240	81.0	100.0
WOODS	1066	649	1715	62.2	100.0
WOODWARD	855	298	1153	74.2	100.0

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
67250	24820	92070	73.0	100.0

TABLE D-13

TAXATION FOR SCHOOLS
PRI ELECT AUG 4, 14
LEG REF 022 REJECT ST.Q. 059

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	720	362	1644	66.5	65.8
ALFALFA	664	768	1437	46.4	99.7
ATOKA	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
BEAVER	622	332	922	65.2	103.5
BECKHAM	946	1055	2372	47.3	84.4
BLAINE	948	569	1611	62.5	94.2
BRYAN	2265	1163	4602	66.1	74.5
CADDO	2037	1614	4010	55.8	91.0
CANADIAN	1240	1027	2585	54.7	87.7
CARTER	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
CHEROKEE	1115	515	2299	68.4	70.9
CHOCTAW	1378	538	2642	71.9	72.5
CIMARRON	259	138	437	65.2	90.8
CLEVELAND	1091	733	2370	59.8	77.0
COAL	1488	655	2358	69.4	90.9
COMANCHE	1334	704	2985	65.5	68.3
COTTON	673	886	1861	43.2	83.8
CRAIG	862	517	1789	62.5	77.1
CREEK	1490	883	2982	62.8	79.6
CUSTER	869	1129	2264	43.5	88.3
DELAWARE	642	286	1426	69.2	65.1
DEWEY	681	436	978	61.0	114.2
ELLIS	954	582	1539	62.4	100.5
GARFIELD	1412	1243	3001	53.2	88.5
GARVIN	1619	938	3350	63.6	76.9
GRADY	2192	1142	3997	65.7	83.4
GRANT	596	895	1585	40.0	94.1
GREER	914	746	2112	55.1	78.6
HARMON	449	619	1372	42.0	77.8
HARPER	351	244	597	59.0	99.7
HASKELL	1275	459	1984	73.5	97.4
HUGHES	1649	736	2987	69.1	79.8
JACKSON	878	1194	2629	42.4	78.8
JEFFERSON	885	609	2230	59.2	67.0
JOHNSTON	1282	561	2267	69.6	81.3
KAY	1104	1200	2558	47.9	90.1
KINGFISHER	811	1018	1927	44.3	94.9
KIOWA	1135	1090	2563	51.0	86.8
LATIMER	631	334	1185	65.4	81.4
LE FLORE	1021	479	2378	68.1	63.1
LINCOLN	906	2169	3402	29.5	90.4
LOGAN	1226	1305	2800	48.4	90.4
LOVE	690	541	1516	56.1	81.2
MCCLAIN	981	465	1715	67.8	84.3
MCCURTAIN	1169	619	2541	65.4	70.4
MCINTOSH	1048	396	2067	72.6	69.9
MAJOR	388	464	871	45.5	97.8
MARSHALL	968	343	1734	73.8	75.6
MAYES	321	266	1787	54.7	32.8
MURRAY	876	371	1655	70.2	75.3
MUSKOGEE	2849	1123	5053	71.7	78.6
NOBLE	684	787	1621	46.5	90.7
NOWATA	730	334	1452	68.6	73.3
OKFUSKEE	698	345	1445	66.9	72.2
OKLAHOMA	6144	2901	10285	67.9	87.9
OKMULGEE	1401	573	2051	71.0	96.2
OSAGE	1429	832	2513	63.2	90.0
OTTAWA	1140	506	1871	69.3	88.0
PAWNEE	835	647	1653	56.3	89.7
PAYNE	1030	930	2205	52.6	88.9
PITTSBURG	1925	835	4646	69.7	59.4
PONTOTOC	1459	555	3112	72.4	64.7
POTTAWATOMIE	2300	1498	4667	60.6	81.4
PUSHMATAHA	918	310	1557	74.8	78.9
ROGER MILLS	624	415	1303	60.1	79.7
ROGERS	932	475	2157	66.2	65.2
SEMINOLE	979	373	1965	72.4	68.8
SEQUOYAH	1267	358	2221	78.0	73.2
STEPHENS	1519	907	2770	62.6	87.6
TEXAS	585	337	1027	63.4	89.8
TILLMAN	871	927	2280	48.4	78.9
TULSA	2647	1116	4617	70.7	82.4
WAGONER	791	286	1276	73.4	84.4
WASHINGTON	1407	643	2355	68.6	87.0
WASHITA	961	1295	2567	42.6	87.9
WOODS	1040	719	1845	59.1	95.3
WOODWARD	826	655	1594	55.8	92.9

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
97116	56020	176031	60.9	81.3

GAMBLING
PRI ELECT AUG 4, 14
REF PET 024 REJECT ST.Q. 061

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	589	454	1644	56.5	63.4
ALFALFA	504	950	1437	34.7	101.2
ATOKA	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
BEAVER	387	537	922	41.9	100.2
BECKHAM	869	1233	2372	41.3	88.6
BLAINE	682	867	1611	44.0	96.2
BRYAN	1768	1571	4602	52.9	72.6
CADDO	1541	2065	4010	42.7	89.9
CANADIAN	971	1333	2585	42.1	89.1
CARTER	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
CHEROKEE	946	669	2299	58.6	70.2
CHOCTAW	1048	730	2642	58.9	67.3
CIMARRON	165	171	437	49.1	76.9
CLEVELAND	804	1040	2370	43.6	77.8
COAL	998	1094	2358	47.7	88.7
COMANCHE	1106	945	2985	53.9	68.7
COTTON	621	959	1861	39.3	84.9
CRAIG	700	694	1789	50.2	77.9
CREEK	1119	1160	2982	49.1	76.4
CUSTER	680	1279	2264	34.7	86.5
DELAWARE	430	385	1426	52.8	57.2
DEWEY	478	632	978	43.1	113.5
ELLIS	651	920	1539	41.4	102.1
GARFIELD	1120	1485	3001	43.0	86.8
GARVIN	1231	1316	3350	48.3	76.0
GRADY	1570	1880	3997	45.5	86.3
GRANT	560	956	1585	36.9	95.6
GREER	767	926	2112	45.3	80.2
HARMON	381	709	1372	35.0	79.4
HARPER	253	330	597	43.4	97.7
HASKELL	874	812	1984	51.8	85.0
HUGHES	1258	1092	2987	53.5	78.7
JACKSON	755	1392	2629	35.2	81.7
JEFFERSON	678	796	2230	46.0	66.1
JOHNSTON	963	859	2267	52.9	80.4
KAY	936	1435	2558	39.5	92.7
KINGFISHER	719	1101	1927	39.5	94.4
KIOWA	940	1297	2563	42.0	87.3
LATIMER	303	691	1185	30.5	83.9
LE FLORE	739	730	2378	50.3	61.8
LINCOLN	1053	1940	3402	35.2	88.0
LOGAN	1179	1356	2800	46.5	90.5
LOVE	555	657	1516	45.8	79.9
MCCLAIN	732	716	1715	50.6	84.4
MCCURTAIN	1039	924	2541	52.9	77.3
MCINTOSH	519	602	2067	46.3	54.2
MAJOR	306	559	871	35.4	99.3
MARSHALL	781	510	1734	60.5	74.5
MAYES	395	194	1787	67.1	33.0
MURRAY	688	579	1655	54.3	76.6
MUSKOGEE	2232	1639	5053	57.7	76.6
NOBLE	619	851	1621	42.1	90.7
NOWATA	571	494	1452	53.6	73.3
OKFUSKEE	569	528	1445	51.9	75.9
OKLAHOMA	4472	4779	10285	48.3	89.9
OKMULGEE	1012	939	2051	51.9	95.1
OSAGE	1094	1230	2513	47.1	92.5
OTTAWA	860	781	1871	52.4	87.7
PAWNEE	643	825	1653	43.8	88.8
PAYNE	830	1193	2205	41.0	91.7
PITTSBURG	1371	1414	4646	49.2	59.9
PONTOTOC	1034	959	3112	51.9	64.0
POTTAWATOMIE	1756	2153	4667	44.9	83.8
PUSHMATAHA	667	513	1557	56.5	75.8
ROGER MILLS	524	549	1303	48.8	82.3
ROGERS	658	752	2157	46.7	65.4
SEMINOLE	746	536	1965	58.2	65.2
SEQUOYAH	942	662	2221	58.7	72.2
STEPHENS	1114	1277	2770	46.6	86.3
TEXAS	430	472	1027	47.7	87.8
TILLMAN	767	1084	2280	41.4	81.2
TULSA	1977	1943	4617	50.4	84.9
WAGONER	632	476	1276	57.0	86.8
WASHINGTON	1092	969	2355	53.0	87.5
WASHITA	910	1336	2567	40.5	87.5
WOODS	697	1029	1845	40.4	91.6
WOODWARD	550	973	1594	36.1	95.5

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
67120	75888	176031	46.9	81.2

TABLE D-14

SLOT MACHINES
PRI ELECT AUG 4, 14
REF PET 025 REJECT ST.Q. 062

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	559	405	1644	58.0	58.6
ALFALFA	509	899	1437	36.2	98.0
ATOKA	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
BEAVER	375	512	922	42.3	96.2
BECKHAM	846	1183	2372	41.7	85.5
BLAINE	674	821	1611	45.1	92.8
BRYAN	1745	1477	4602	54.2	70.0
CADDO	1559	1976	4010	44.1	88.2
CANADIAN	1001	1242	2585	44.6	86.8
CARTER	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
CHEROKEE	923	658	2299	58.4	68.8
CHOCTAW	1009	746	2642	57.5	66.4
CIMARRON	179	177	437	50.3	81.5
CLEVELAND	783	937	2370	45.5	72.6
COAL	980	1086	2358	47.4	87.6
COMANCHE	1053	918	2985	53.4	66.0
COTTON	595	924	1861	39.2	81.6
CRAIG	712	670	1789	51.5	77.2
CREEK	1130	1088	2982	50.9	74.4
CUSTER	650	1276	2264	33.7	85.1
DELAWARE	459	354	1426	56.5	57.0
DEWEY	455	611	978	42.7	109.0
ELLIS	608	890	1539	40.6	97.3
GARFIELD	1081	1508	3001	41.8	86.3
GARVIN	1272	1246	3350	50.5	75.2
GRADY	1528	1758	3997	46.5	82.2
GRANT	544	927	1585	37.0	92.8
GREER	765	877	2112	46.6	77.7
HARMON	382	659	1372	36.7	75.9
HARPER	249	305	597	44.9	92.8
HASKELL	881	744	1984	54.2	81.9
HUGHES	1241	1045	2987	54.3	76.5
JACKSON	677	1358	2629	33.3	77.4
JEFFERSON	696	728	2230	48.9	63.9
JOHNSTON	916	811	2267	53.0	76.2
KAY	882	1404	2558	38.6	89.4
KINGFISHER	713	1073	1927	39.9	92.7
KIOWA	1033	1220	2563	45.8	87.9
LATIMER	309	658	1185	32.0	81.6
LE FLORE	716	668	2378	51.7	58.2
LINCOLN	1063	1904	3402	35.8	87.2
LOGAN	1176	1321	2800	47.1	89.2
LOVE	531	644	1516	45.2	77.5
MCCLAIN	722	704	1715	50.6	83.1
MCCURTAIN	997	889	2541	52.9	74.2
MCINTOSH	830	562	2067	59.6	67.3
MAJOR	285	533	871	34.8	93.9
MARSHALL	786	469	1734	62.6	72.4
MAYES	411	178	1787	69.8	33.0
MURRAY	657	529	1655	55.4	71.7
MUSKOGEE	2144	1603	5053	57.2	74.2
NOBLE	626	804	1621	43.8	88.2
NOWATA	566	463	1452	55.0	70.9
OKFUSKEE	500	485	1445	50.8	68.2
OKLAHOMA	4321	4707	10285	47.9	87.8
OKMULGEE	1012	904	2051	52.8	93.4
OSAGE	1057	1160	2513	47.7	88.2
OTTAWA	837	760	1871	52.4	85.4
PAWNEE	609	798	1653	43.3	85.1
PAYNE	816	1168	2205	41.1	90.0
PITTSBURG	1261	1392	4646	47.5	57.1
PONTOTOC	1006	927	3112	52.0	62.1
POTTAWATOMIE	1732	2035	4667	46.0	80.7
PUSHMATAHA	666	493	1557	57.5	74.4
ROGER MILLS	495	521	1303	48.7	78.0
ROGERS	662	723	2157	47.8	64.2
SEMINOLE	775	512	1965	60.2	65.5
SEQUOYAH	979	618	2221	61.3	71.9
STEPHENS	1138	1241	2770	47.8	85.9
TEXAS	437	440	1027	49.8	85.4
TILLMAN	722	1064	2280	40.4	78.3
TULSA	1859	1855	4617	50.1	80.4
WAGONER	611	468	1276	56.6	84.6
WASHINGTON	1090	933	2355	53.9	85.9
WASHITA	881	1317	2567	40.1	85.6
WOODS	693	1010	1845	40.7	92.3
WOODWARD	493	972	1594	33.7	91.9

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
66135	72945	176031	47.6	79.0

TAXATION
PRI ELECT AUG 4, 14
INI PET 041 REJECT ST.Q. 068

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	653	305	1644	68.2	58.3
ALFALFA	732	548	1437	57.2	89.1
ATOKA	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
BEAVER	545	313	922	63.5	93.1
BECKHAM	1219	700	2372	63.5	80.9
BLAINE	969	463	1611	67.7	88.9
BRYAN	2155	995	4602	68.4	68.4
CADDO	2136	1192	4010	64.2	83.0
CANADIAN	1372	762	2585	64.3	82.6
CARTER	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
CHEROKEE	1095	482	2299	69.4	68.6
CHOCTAW	1196	508	2642	70.2	64.5
CIMARRON	224	107	437	67.7	75.7
CLEVELAND	1202	445	2370	73.0	69.5
COAL	1239	664	2358	65.1	80.7
COMANCHE	1321	495	2985	72.7	60.8
COTTON	845	607	1861	58.2	78.0
CRAIG	799	462	1789	63.4	70.5
CREEK	1395	781	2982	64.1	73.0
CUSTER	1114	683	2264	62.0	79.4
DELAWARE	510	246	1426	67.5	53.0
DEWEY	699	329	978	68.0	105.1
ELLIS	972	418	1539	69.9	90.3
GARFIELD	1527	869	3001	63.7	79.8
GARVIN	1583	756	3350	67.7	69.8
GRADY	2148	981	3997	68.6	78.3
GRANT	897	472	1585	65.5	86.4
GREER	1019	488	2112	67.6	71.4
HARMON	612	371	1372	62.3	71.6
HARPER	366	171	597	68.2	89.9
HASKELL	1302	336	1984	79.5	82.6
HUGHES	1518	605	2987	71.5	71.1
JACKSON	1104	822	2629	57.3	73.3
JEFFERSON	638	461	2230	58.1	49.3
JOHNSTON	1174	499	2267	70.2	73.8
KAY	1245	855	2558	59.3	82.1
KINGFISHER	954	742	1927	56.3	88.0
KIOWA	1309	747	2563	63.7	80.2
LATIMER	547	326	1185	62.7	73.7
LE FLORE	876	406	2378	68.3	53.9
LINCOLN	1547	1252	3402	55.3	82.3
LOGAN	1485	893	2800	62.4	84.9
LOVE	842	483	1516	57.1	74.2
MCCLAIN	929	401	1715	69.8	77.6
MCCURTAIN	1218	644	2541	65.4	73.3
MCINTOSH	1002	370	2067	73.0	66.4
MAJOR	460	318	871	59.1	89.3
MARSHALL	938	279	1734	77.1	70.2
MAYES	361	220	1787	62.1	32.5
MURRAY	737	330	1655	69.1	64.5
MUSKOGEE	2600	912	5053	74.0	69.5
NOBLE	808	544	1621	59.8	83.4
NOWATA	629	348	1452	64.4	67.3
OKFUSKEE	626	290	1445	68.3	63.4
OKLAHOMA	5815	2516	10285	69.8	81.0
OKMULGEE	1309	538	2051	70.9	90.1
OSAGE	1247	848	2513	59.5	83.4
OTTAWA	985	507	1871	66.0	79.7
PAWNEE	801	525	1653	60.4	80.2
PAYNE	1217	686	2205	64.0	86.3
PITTSBURG	1664	857	4646	66.0	54.3
PONTOTOC	1310	469	3112	73.6	57.2
POTTAWATOMIE	2313	1137	4667	67.0	73.9
PUSHMATAHA	768	350	1557	68.7	71.8
ROGER MILLS	665	321	1303	67.4	75.7
ROGERS	816	493	2157	62.3	60.7
SEMINOLE	894	317	1965	73.8	61.6
SEQUOYAH	1163	347	2221	77.0	68.0
STEPHENS	1579	748	2770	67.9	84.0
TEXAS	583	242	1027	70.7	80.3
TILLMAN	999	690	2280	59.1	74.1
TULSA	2310	1197	4617	65.9	76.0
WAGONER	772	262	1276	74.7	81.0
WASHINGTON	1150	707	2355	61.9	78.9
WASHITA	1282	772	2567	62.4	80.0
WOODS	944	611	1845	60.7	84.3
WOODWARD	838	497	1594	62.8	83.8

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
98617	44313	176031	66.1	74.4

TABLE D-15

DRUNKENNESS
PRI ELECT AUG 4, 14
INT PET 046 ADOPT ST.Q. 073

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	821	256	1644	76.2	65.5
ALFALFA	1142	301	1437	79.1	100.4
ATOKA	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
BEAVER	731	185	922	79.8	99.3
BECKHAM	1638	455	2372	78.3	88.2
BLAINE	1243	309	1611	80.1	96.3
BRYAN	2541	825	4602	75.5	73.1
CADDO	2853	786	4010	78.4	90.7
CANADIAN	1793	516	2585	77.7	89.3
CARTER	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
CHEROKEE	1262	353	2299	78.1	70.2
CHOCTAW	1498	397	2642	79.1	71.7
CIMARRON	293	96	437	75.3	89.0
CLEVELAND	1408	370	2370	79.2	75.0
COAL	1486	606	2358	71.0	86.7
COMANCHE	1621	381	2985	81.0	67.1
COTTON	1193	408	1861	74.5	86.0
CRAIG	1078	329	1789	76.6	78.6
CREEK	1756	526	2982	77.0	76.5
CUSTER	1498	505	2264	74.8	88.5
DELAWARE	688	209	1426	76.7	62.9
DEWEY	902	205	978	81.5	113.2
ELLIS	1277	261	1539	83.0	99.9
GARFIELD	2037	590	3001	77.5	87.5
GARVIN	2008	501	3350	80.0	74.9
GRADY	2671	730	3997	78.5	85.1
GRANT	1208	286	1585	80.9	94.3
GREER	1391	325	2112	81.1	81.3
HARMON	853	231	1372	78.7	79.0
HARPER	480	106	597	81.9	98.2
HASKELL	1435	285	1984	83.4	86.7
HUGHES	1878	414	2987	81.9	76.7
JACKSON	1564	528	2629	74.8	79.6
JEFFERSON	1180	356	2230	76.8	68.9
JOHNSTON	1450	385	2267	79.0	80.9
KAY	1791	523	2558	77.4	90.5
KINGFISHER	1327	514	1927	72.1	95.5
KIOWA	1836	425	2563	81.2	88.2
LATIMER	716	251	1185	74.0	81.6
LE FLORE	1206	308	2378	79.7	63.7
LINCOLN	2161	909	3402	70.4	90.2
LOGAN	1972	586	2800	77.1	91.4
LOVE	880	376	1516	70.1	82.8
MCCLAIN	1127	308	1715	78.5	83.7
MCCURTAIN	1520	501	2541	75.2	79.5
MCINTOSH	1151	279	2067	80.5	69.2
MAJOR	680	161	871	80.9	96.6
MARSHALL	1084	221	1734	83.1	75.3
MAYES	460	127	1787	78.4	32.8
MURRAY	961	252	1655	79.2	73.3
MUSKOGEE	3224	633	5053	83.6	76.3
NOBLE	1086	366	1621	74.8	89.6
NOWATA	809	226	1452	78.2	71.3
OKFUSKEE	790	253	1445	75.7	72.2
OKLAHOMA	7209	1890	10285	79.2	88.5
OKMULGEE	1556	357	2051	81.3	93.3
OSAGE	1504	682	2513	68.8	87.0
OTTAWA	1290	344	1871	78.9	87.3
PAWNEE	1118	356	1653	75.8	89.2
PAYNE	1614	427	2205	79.1	92.6
PITTSBURG	2090	611	4646	77.4	58.1
PONTOTOC	1708	310	3112	84.6	64.8
POTTAWATOMIE	3051	835	4667	78.5	83.3
PUSHMATAHA	967	264	1557	78.6	79.1
ROGER MILLS	832	219	1303	79.2	80.7
ROGERS	1076	326	2157	76.7	65.0
SEMINOLE	1002	232	1965	81.2	62.8
SEQUOYAH	1461	253	2221	85.2	77.2
STEPHENS	1887	487	2770	79.5	85.7
TEXAS	808	141	1027	85.1	92.4
TILLMAN	1486	419	2280	78.0	83.6
TULSA	3019	733	4617	80.5	81.3
WAGONER	901	205	1276	81.5	86.7
WASHINGTON	1585	545	2355	74.4	90.4
WASHITA	1841	441	2567	80.7	88.9
WOODS	1330	396	1845	77.1	93.6
WOODWARD	1159	315	1594	78.6	92.5

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
112152	31023	176031	78.3	81.3

COURT CONSOLIDATION
GEN ELECT NOV 3, 14
INT PET 044 REJECT ST.Q. 071

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	845	509	2342	62.4	57.8
ALFALFA	1439	924	2958	60.9	79.9
ATOKA	673	617	2952	52.2	43.7
BEAVER	1135	518	2147	68.7	77.0
BECKHAM	994	1039	2741	48.9	74.2
BLAINE	1377	830	2834	62.4	77.9
BRYAN	1582	1488	4684	51.5	65.5
CADDO	2484	1569	5474	61.3	74.0
CANADIAN	2086	905	3632	69.7	82.4
CARTER	1522	971	3801	61.1	65.6
CHEROKEE	1136	695	3135	62.0	58.4
CHOCTAW	1100	772	3107	58.8	60.3
CIMARRON	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
CLEVELAND	1227	970	2996	55.8	73.3
COAL	1017	831	2449	55.0	75.5
COMANCHE	1713	884	3533	66.0	73.5
COTTON	901	637	2233	58.6	68.9
CRAIG	1447	750	3064	65.9	71.7
CREEK	606	323	4733	65.2	19.6
CUSTER	1883	918	3438	67.2	81.5
DELAWARE	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
DEWEY	1071	793	2436	57.5	76.5
ELLIS	1233	667	2354	64.9	80.7
GARFIELD	2913	1394	5165	67.6	83.4
GARVIN	1429	1250	4135	53.3	64.8
GRADY	1999	1154	4257	63.4	74.1
GRANT	1730	787	3110	68.7	80.9
GREER	888	555	1928	61.5	74.8
HARMON	425	334	1207	56.0	62.9
HARPER	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
HASKELL	1246	852	3002	59.4	69.9
HUGHES	1120	1270	3602	46.9	66.4
JACKSON	892	803	2521	52.6	67.2
JEFFERSON	1041	701	2455	59.8	71.0
JOHNSTON	1115	810	2674	57.9	72.0
KAY	2387	1335	4546	64.1	81.9
KINGFISHER	1698	914	3143	65.0	83.1
KIOWA	1494	1054	3472	58.6	73.4
LATIMER	650	390	1672	62.5	62.2
LE FLORE	1262	891	3936	58.6	54.7
LINCOLN	2320	1727	5283	57.3	76.6
LOGAN	2361	954	3976	71.2	83.4
LOVE	506	553	1948	47.8	54.4
MCCLAIN	793	713	2052	52.7	73.4
MCCURTAIN	634	835	3391	43.2	43.3
MCINTOSH	982	722	3047	57.6	55.9
MAJOR	1012	805	2089	55.7	87.0
MARSHALL	795	794	2377	50.0	66.8
MAYES	951	531	2770	64.2	53.5
MURRAY	695	522	1858	57.1	65.5
MUSKOGEE	3183	1046	5920	75.3	71.4
NOBLE	1106	687	2538	55.5	78.5
NOWATA	1250	523	2529	70.5	70.1
OKFUSKEE	504	458	2492	52.4	38.6
OKLAHOMA	6796	2726	11182	71.4	85.2
OKMULGEE	1681	792	3332	68.0	74.2
OSAGE	1709	930	3884	64.8	67.9
OTTAWA	1370	616	2996	69.0	66.3
PAWNEE	1337	997	3112	57.3	75.0
PAYNE	2016	1135	3902	64.0	80.8
PITTSBURG	2598	1844	5588	58.5	79.5
PONTOTOC	1464	1106	3540	57.0	72.6
POTTAWATOMIE	2642	1731	5775	60.4	75.7
PUSHMATAHA	192	225	2017	46.0	20.7
ROGER MILLS	789	636	1975	55.4	72.2
ROGERS	1355	828	3277	62.1	66.6
SEMINOLE	966	782	2769	55.3	63.1
SEQUOYAH	1175	532	3218	68.8	53.0
STEPHENS	1451	841	3164	63.3	72.4
TEXAS	621	283	1663	68.7	54.4
TILLMAN	878	549	2481	61.5	57.5
TULSA	3180	1490	6334	68.1	73.7
WAGONER	355	241	2093	59.6	28.5
WASHINGTON	1929	723	3649	72.7	72.7
WASHITA	1322	953	3109	58.1	73.2
WOODS	1432	903	2998	61.3	77.9
WOODWARD	1319	745	2524	63.9	81.8

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
105429	64782	244720	61.9	69.6

TABLE D-16

REDUCE TAX LEVY
GEN ELECT NOV 3, 14
INT PET 047 REJECT ST.Q. 074

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	845	456	2342	65.0	55.6
ALFALFA	1707	780	2958	68.6	84.1
ATOKA	760	528	2952	59.0	43.6
BEAVER	1210	468	2147	72.1	78.2
BECKHAM	1144	967	2741	54.2	77.0
BLAINE	1524	720	2834	67.9	79.2
BRYAN	1767	1347	4684	56.7	66.5
CADDO	2854	1424	5474	66.7	78.2
CANADIAN	2200	672	3632	76.6	79.1
CARTER	1688	874	3801	65.9	67.4
CHEROKEE	1199	640	3135	65.2	58.7
CHOCTAW	1261	762	3107	62.3	65.1
CIMARRON	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
CLEVELAND	1363	899	2996	60.3	75.5
COAL	1150	710	2449	61.8	75.9
COMANCHE	1929	708	3533	73.2	74.6
COTTON	1080	549	2233	66.3	73.0
CRAIG	1628	662	3064	71.1	74.7
CREEK	700	285	4733	71.1	20.8
CUSTER	2034	838	3438	70.8	83.5
DELAWARE	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
DEWEY	1265	667	2436	65.5	79.3
ELLIS	1495	548	2354	73.2	86.8
GARFIELD	3124	1234	5165	71.7	84.4
GARVIN	1634	1139	4135	58.9	67.1
GRADY	2232	1001	4257	69.0	75.9
GRANT	1956	653	3110	75.0	83.9
GREER	988	512	1928	65.9	77.8
HARMON	512	256	1207	66.7	63.6
HARPER	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
HASKELL	1342	768	3002	63.6	70.3
HUGHES	1270	1197	3602	51.5	68.5
JACKSON	1192	677	2521	63.8	74.1
JEFFERSON	1162	650	2455	64.1	73.8
JOHNSTON	1245	758	2674	62.2	74.9
KAY	2670	1138	4546	70.1	83.8
KINGFISHER	1920	767	3143	71.5	85.5
KIOWA	1798	889	3472	66.9	77.4
LATIMER	679	377	1672	64.3	63.2
LE FLORE	1415	819	3936	63.3	56.8
LINCOLN	2653	1541	5283	63.3	79.4
LOGAN	2648	768	3976	77.5	85.9
LOVE	630	477	1948	56.9	56.8
MCCLAIN	922	617	2052	59.9	75.0
MCCURTAIN	740	802	3391	48.0	45.5
MCINTOSH	1029	701	3047	59.5	56.8
MAJOR	1221	677	2089	64.3	90.9
MARSHALL	862	739	2377	53.8	67.4
MAYES	1033	489	2770	67.9	54.9
MURRAY	769	496	1858	60.8	68.1
MUSKOGEE	3477	888	5920	79.7	73.7
NOBLE	1260	886	2538	58.7	84.6
NOWATA	1330	481	2529	73.4	71.6
OKFUSKEE	560	417	2492	57.3	39.2
OKLAHOMA	7177	2398	11182	75.0	85.6
OKMULGEE	1822	685	3332	72.7	75.2
OSAGE	1862	822	3884	69.4	69.1
OTTAWA	1468	616	2996	70.4	69.6
PAWNEE	1491	872	3112	63.1	75.9
PAYNE	2194	1014	3902	68.4	82.2
PITTSBURG	2953	1562	5588	65.4	80.8
PONTOTOC	1645	916	3540	64.2	72.3
POTTAWATOMIE	2995	1523	5775	66.3	78.2
PUSHMATAHA	228	228	2017	50.0	22.6
ROGER MILLS	578	543	1975	64.3	77.0
ROGERS	1556	704	3277	68.8	69.0
SEMINOLE	991	655	2769	60.2	59.4
SEQUOYAH	1272	484	3218	72.4	54.6
STEPHENS	1580	761	3164	67.5	74.0
TEXAS	671	266	1663	71.6	56.3
TILLMAN	1047	468	2481	69.1	61.1
TULSA	3364	1334	6334	71.6	74.2
WAGONER	406	203	2093	66.7	29.1
WASHINGTON	2027	724	3649	73.7	75.4
WASHITA	1547	809	3109	65.7	75.8
WOODS	1761	659	2998	72.8	80.7
WOODWARD	1564	556	2524	73.8	84.0

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
117675	57120	244720	67.3	71.4

MINE PRODUCTION TAX
GEN ELECT NOV 3, 14
INT PET 048 REJECT ST.Q. 075

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	796	487	2342	62.0	54.8
ALFALFA	1434	903	2958	61.4	79.0
ATOKA	716	540	2952	57.0	42.5
BEAVER	1141	513	2147	69.0	77.0
BECKHAM	994	1015	2741	49.5	73.3
BLAINE	1402	778	2834	64.3	76.9
BRYAN	1706	1354	4684	55.8	65.3
CADDO	2626	1496	5474	63.7	75.3
CANADIAN	2121	817	3632	72.2	80.9
CARTER	1536	958	3801	61.6	65.6
CHEROKEE	1097	642	3135	63.1	55.5
CHOCTAW	1123	757	3107	59.7	60.5
CIMARRON	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
CLEVELAND	1277	885	2996	59.1	72.2
COAL	1096	760	2449	59.1	75.8
COMANCHE	1737	816	3533	68.0	72.3
COTTON	1108	613	2233	64.4	77.1
CRAIG	1451	733	3064	66.4	71.3
CREEK	660	306	4733	68.3	20.4
CUSTER	1820	990	3438	64.8	81.7
DELAWARE	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
DEWEY	1090	741	2436	59.5	75.2
ELLIS	1258	646	2354	66.1	80.9
GARFIELD	2757	1486	5165	65.0	82.1
GARVIN	1487	1259	4135	54.2	66.4
GRADY	2101	1044	4257	66.8	73.9
GRANT	1701	744	3110	69.6	78.6
GREER	883	561	1928	61.1	74.9
HARMON	458	320	1207	58.9	64.5
HARPER	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
HASKELL	1284	774	3002	62.4	68.6
HUGHES	1157	1228	3602	48.5	66.2
JACKSON	990	805	2521	55.2	71.2
JEFFERSON	1113	681	2455	62.0	73.1
JOHNSTON	1144	767	2674	59.9	71.5
KAY	2374	1308	4546	64.5	81.0
KINGFISHER	1696	890	3143	65.6	82.3
KIOWA	1592	987	3472	61.7	74.3
LATIMER	662	363	1672	64.6	61.3
LE FLORE	1347	837	3936	61.7	55.5
LINCOLN	2465	1594	5283	60.7	76.8
LOGAN	2381	923	3976	72.1	83.1
LOVE	576	487	1948	54.2	54.6
MCCLAIN	800	677	2052	54.2	72.0
MCCURTAIN	719	814	3391	46.9	45.2
MCINTOSH	1003	687	3047	59.3	55.5
MAJOR	984	811	2089	54.8	85.9
MARSHALL	827	767	2377	51.9	67.1
MAYES	939	502	2770	65.2	52.0
MURRAY	715	519	1858	57.9	66.4
MUSKOGEE	3174	1029	5920	75.5	71.0
NOBLE	1189	930	2538	56.1	83.5
NOWATA	1183	547	2529	68.4	68.4
OKFUSKEE	499	456	2492	52.3	38.3
OKLAHOMA	6955	2539	11182	73.3	84.9
OKMULGEE	1726	781	3332	68.8	75.2
OSAGE	1819	840	3884	68.4	68.5
OTTAWA	1300	632	2996	67.3	64.5
PAWNEE	1426	924	3112	60.7	75.5
PAYNE	2109	1072	3902	66.3	81.5
PITTSBURG	2777	1614	5588	63.2	78.6
PONTOTOC	1515	1072	3540	58.6	73.1
POTTAWATOMIE	2686	1598	5775	62.7	74.2
PUSHMATAHA	209	227	2017	47.9	21.6
ROGER MILLS	852	589	1975	59.1	73.0
ROGERS	1331	814	3277	62.1	65.5
SEMINOLE	933	672	2769	58.1	58.0
SEQUOYAH	1194	488	3218	71.0	52.3
STEPHENS	1478	802	3164	64.8	72.1
TEXAS	584	314	1663	65.0	54.0
TILLMAN	947	522	2481	64.5	59.2
TULSA	2886	1768	6334	62.0	73.5
WAGONER	379	220	2093	63.3	28.6
WASHINGTON	1732	934	3649	65.0	73.1
WASHITA	1305	916	3109	58.8	71.4
WOODS	1475	842	2998	63.7	77.3
WOODWARD	1335	653	2524	67.2	78.8

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
107342	62380	244720	63.2	69.4

TABLE D-17

UNICAMERAL LEGISLATURE
GEN ELECT NOV 3. 14
INT PET 050 REJECT ST.Q. 077

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	641	479	2334	57.2	48.0
ALFALFA	1292	1006	2958	56.1	77.8
ATOKA	518	614	2952	45.8	38.3
BEAVER	953	628	2147	60.3	73.6
BECKHAM	907	1075	2741	45.8	72.3
BLAINE	1251	860	2834	59.3	74.5
BRYAN	1336	1627	4684	45.1	63.3
CADDO	2312	1749	5474	56.9	74.2
CANADIAN	1865	994	3632	65.2	78.7
CARTER	1389	1077	3801	56.3	64.9
CHEROKEE	853	758	3135	52.9	51.4
CHOCTAW	1021	921	3107	52.6	62.5
CIMARRON	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
CLEVELAND	1055	1062	2996	49.8	70.7
COAL	942	860	2449	52.3	73.6
COMANCHE	1580	961	3533	62.2	71.9
COTTON	828	672	2233	55.2	67.2
CRAIG	1206	781	3064	60.7	66.8
CREEK	565	359	4733	61.1	19.5
CUSTER	1625	1075	3438	60.2	78.5
DELAWARE	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
DEWEY	955	845	2436	53.1	73.9
ELLIS	1033	806	2354	56.2	78.1
GARFIELD	2352	1828	5165	56.3	80.9
GARVIN	1357	1348	4135	50.2	65.4
GRADY	1836	1266	4257	59.2	72.9
GRANT	1514	955	3110	61.3	79.4
GREER	802	634	1928	55.8	74.5
HARMON	378	732	1207	34.1	92.0
HARPER	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
HASKELL	1088	921	3002	54.2	66.9
HUGHES	912	1386	3602	39.7	63.8
JACKSON	913	843	2521	52.0	69.7
JEFFERSON	1000	713	2455	58.4	69.8
JOHNSTON	900	942	2674	48.9	68.9
KAY	3318	1576	4546	67.8	107.7
KINGFISHER	1555	961	3143	61.8	80.1
KIOWA	1407	1204	3472	53.9	75.2
LATIMER	546	468	1672	53.8	60.6
LE FLORE	1118	945	3936	54.1	52.5
LINCOLN	2221	1790	5283	55.4	75.9
LOGAN	2166	1106	3976	66.2	82.3
LOVE	458	572	1948	44.5	52.9
MCCLAIN	663	772	2052	46.2	69.9
MCCURTAIN	600	854	3391	41.3	42.9
MCINTOSH	827	787	3047	51.2	53.0
MAJOR	876	928	2089	48.6	86.4
MARSHALL	697	840	2377	45.3	64.7
MAYES	830	568	2770	59.4	50.5
MURRAY	659	529	1858	55.5	63.9
MUSKOGEE	2699	1360	5920	66.5	68.6
NOBLE	896	1096	2538	45.0	78.5
NOWATA	1057	579	2529	64.6	64.7
OKFUSKEE	452	465	2492	49.3	36.8
OKLAHOMA	6435	2976	11182	68.4	84.2
OKMULGEE	1501	891	3332	62.8	71.8
OSAGE	1559	966	3864	61.7	65.0
OTTAWA	1120	744	2996	60.1	62.2
PAWNEE	1233	1031	3112	54.5	72.8
PAYNE	1831	1223	3902	60.0	78.3
PITTSBURG	2337	2001	5588	53.9	77.6
PONTOTOC	1296	1142	3540	53.2	68.9
POTTAWATOMIE	2392	1763	5775	57.6	71.9
PUSHMATAHA	162	281	2017	36.6	22.0
ROGER MILLS	715	681	1975	51.2	70.7
ROGERS	1197	884	3277	57.5	63.5
SEMINOLE	846	773	2769	52.3	58.5
SEQUOYAH	993	613	3218	61.8	49.9
STEPHENS	1306	886	3164	59.6	69.3
TEXAS	501	370	1663	57.5	52.4
TILLMAN	784	632	2481	55.4	57.1
TULSA	2734	1767	6334	60.7	71.1
WAGONER	323	260	2093	55.4	27.9
WASHINGTON	1649	855	3649	65.9	68.6
WASHITA	1170	1009	3109	53.7	70.1
WOODS	1273	1015	2998	55.6	76.3
WOODWARD	1105	795	2924	58.2	75.3

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
94686	71742	244712	56.9	68.0

CREATION TAX COMMISSION
PRI ELECT AUG 1. 16
LEG REF 054 REJECT ST.Q. 081

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	305	1309	1686	18.9	95.7
ALFALFA	514	1507	2024	25.4	99.9
ATOKA	571	1725	2467	24.9	93.1
BEAVER	312	851	1141	26.8	101.9
BECKHAM	521	1866	2356	21.8	101.3
BLAINE	409	1677	1935	19.6	107.8
BRYAN	1169	2883	4127	28.8	98.2
CADDO	814	3598	4182	18.4	105.5
CANADIAN	916	1634	2833	35.9	90.0
CARTER	1135	2678	3908	29.8	97.6
CHEROKEE	442	1799	2281	19.7	98.2
CHOCTAW	695	2206	3011	24.0	96.3
CIMARRON	163	421	560	27.9	104.3
CLEVELAND	677	1840	2560	26.9	98.3
COAL	466	1847	2355	20.1	98.2
COMANCHE	1096	2107	3302	34.2	97.0
COTTON	456	1350	1752	25.2	103.1
CRAIG	588	1770	2513	24.9	93.8
CREEK	1379	2489	3802	35.7	101.7
CUSTER	788	2149	2844	26.8	103.3
DELAWARE	274	1385	1538	16.5	107.9
DEWEY	265	1488	1973	15.1	88.8
ELLIS	371	1255	1662	22.8	97.8
GARFIELD	912	2422	3482	27.4	95.7
GARVIN	818	2504	3590	24.6	92.5
GRADY	1147	2751	4070	29.4	95.8
GRANT	716	1632	2202	30.5	106.6
GREER	524	1575	1979	25.0	106.1
HARMON	259	1049	1274	19.8	102.7
HARPER	283	644	987	30.5	93.9
HASKELL	465	1534	2370	23.3	84.3
HUGHES	589	2567	3315	18.7	95.2
JACKSON	730	1698	2677	30.1	90.7
JEFFERSON	475	1805	2266	20.8	100.6
JOHNSTON	583	1961	2498	22.9	101.8
KAY	726	1983	2693	26.8	100.6
KINGFISHER	532	1897	2319	21.9	104.7
KIOWA	700	2525	3248	21.7	99.3
LATIMER	307	1035	1410	22.9	95.2
LE FLORE	900	2385	3767	27.4	87.2
LINCOLN	683	3644	4237	15.8	102.1
LOGAN	635	2492	2706	20.3	115.6
LOVE	188	1398	1590	11.9	99.7
MCCLAIN	485	1510	2033	24.3	98.1
MCCURTAIN	418	2218	2614	15.9	100.8
MCINTOSH	710	1369	2242	34.2	92.7
MAJOR	278	1278	1513	17.9	102.8
MARSHALL	332	1592	1835	17.3	104.9
MAYES	450	1570	2075	22.3	97.3
MURRAY	332	1484	1829	18.3	99.3
MUSKOGEE	2298	2412	5022	48.8	93.8
NOBLE	425	1562	1986	21.4	100.1
NOWATA	461	1161	1596	28.4	101.6
OKFUSKEE	469	1319	1871	26.2	95.6
OKLAHOMA	3142	5956	9300	34.5	97.8
OKMULGEE	834	1706	2645	32.8	96.0
OSAGE	878	1437	2497	37.9	92.7
OTTAWA	621	1454	2128	29.9	97.5
PAWNEE	551	1749	2318	24.0	99.2
PAYNE	564	2398	2853	19.0	103.8
PITTSBURG	1437	3040	4704	32.1	95.2
PONTOTOC	646	2758	3433	19.0	99.2
POTTAWATOMIE	1048	3452	4566	23.3	98.6
PUSHMATAHA	187	1542	1683	10.8	102.7
ROGER MILLS	259	1196	1376	17.8	105.7
ROGERS	592	1625	2388	26.7	92.8
SEMINOLE	460	1636	2145	21.9	97.7
SEQUOYAH	488	1622	2495	23.1	84.6
STEPHENS	844	2281	2844	27.0	109.9
TEXAS	349	1072	1530	24.6	92.9
TILLMAN	786	1844	2817	29.9	93.4
TULSA	1359	2787	4281	32.8	96.8
WAGONER	356	1108	1415	24.3	103.5
WASHINGTON	546	1696	2294	24.5	97.3
WASHITA	709	1959	2632	26.6	101.4
WOODS	452	1648	2046	21.5	102.6
WOODWARD	393	1364	1671	22.4	105.1

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
50657	146130	200169	25.7	98.3

TABLE D-18

VOTING QUALIFICATIONS
PRI ELECT AUG 1. 16
LEG REF 055 REJECT ST.Q. 082

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	769	1136	1686	40.4	113.0
ALFALFA	661	1547	2024	29.9	109.1
ATOKA	847	1573	2467	35.0	98.1
BEAVER	478	818	1141	36.9	113.6
BECKHAM	962	1599	2356	37.6	108.7
BLAINE	578	1621	1935	26.3	113.6
BRYAN	2244	2497	4127	47.3	114.9
CADDO	1525	3405	4182	30.9	117.9
CANADIAN	1404	1580	2833	47.1	105.3
CARTER	2415	1993	3908	54.8	112.8
CHEROKEE	1243	1503	2281	45.3	120.4
CHOCTAW	1526	1876	3011	44.9	113.0
CIMARRON	187	450	560	29.4	113.8
CLEVELAND	1185	1679	2560	41.4	111.9
COAL	942	1713	2355	35.5	112.7
COMANCHE	1496	2161	3302	40.9	110.8
COTTON	835	1189	1752	41.3	115.5
CRAIG	1010	1738	2513	36.8	109.4
CREEK	2029	2476	3802	45.0	118.5
CUSTER	1083	2158	2844	33.4	114.0
DELAWARE	464	1403	1538	24.9	121.4
DEWEY	403	1448	1973	21.8	93.8
ELLIS	555	1277	1662	30.3	110.2
GARFIELD	1103	2588	3482	29.9	106.0
GARVIN	1910	1960	3590	49.4	107.8
GRADY	2172	2300	4070	48.6	109.9
GRANT	759	1738	2202	30.4	113.4
GREER	923	1355	1979	40.5	115.1
HARMON	489	856	1274	36.4	105.6
HARPER	391	578	987	40.4	98.2
HASKELL	862	1481	2370	36.8	98.9
HUGHES	1411	2232	3315	38.7	109.9
JACKSON	1362	1387	2677	49.5	102.7
JEFFERSON	1015	1603	2266	38.8	115.5
JOHNSTON	1087	1726	2498	38.6	112.6
KAY	1011	1878	2693	35.0	107.3
KINGFISHER	684	1980	2319	25.7	114.9
KIOWA	1251	2336	3248	34.9	110.4
LATIMER	421	1126	1410	27.2	109.7
LE FLORE	1829	2372	3767	43.5	111.5
LINCOLN	1389	3407	4237	29.0	113.2
LOGAN	1147	2256	2706	33.7	125.8
LOVE	658	1100	1590	37.4	110.6
MCCLAIN	995	1326	2033	42.9	114.2
MCCURTAIN	1799	1168	2614	60.6	113.5
MCINTOSH	1514	1052	2242	59.0	114.5
MAJOR	382	1245	1513	23.5	107.5
MARSHALL	895	1274	1835	41.3	118.2
MAYES	867	1517	2075	36.4	114.9
MURRAY	944	1232	1829	43.4	119.0
MUSKOGEE	3610	1857	5022	66.0	108.9
NOBLE	791	1410	1986	35.9	110.8
NOWATA	762	1285	1596	37.2	128.3
OKFUSKEE	1081	1040	1871	51.0	113.4
OKLAHOMA	4297	5760	9300	42.7	108.1
OKMULGEE	1489	1599	2645	48.2	116.7
OSAGE	993	1698	2497	36.9	107.8
OTTAWA	1105	1542	2128	41.7	124.4
PAWNEE	811	1842	2318	30.6	114.5
PAYNE	967	2186	2853	30.7	110.5
PITTSBURG	2693	2286	4704	54.1	105.8
PONTOTOC	1417	2409	3433	37.0	111.4
POTTAWATOMIE	2074	3127	4566	39.9	113.9
PUSHMATAHA	565	1375	1683	29.1	115.3
ROGER MILLS	449	1119	1376	28.6	114.0
ROGERS	827	1707	2388	32.6	106.1
SEMINOLE	1024	1525	2145	40.2	118.8
SEQUOYAH	1180	1594	2495	42.5	111.2
STEPHENS	1429	2004	2844	41.6	120.7
TEXAS	792	845	1530	48.4	107.0
TILLMAN	1781	1426	2817	55.5	113.8
TULSA	2089	2637	4281	44.2	110.4
WAGONER	799	729	1415	52.3	108.0
WASHINGTON	1814	1707	2294	51.5	153.5
WASHITA	1228	1823	2632	40.2	115.9
WOODS	787	1557	2046	33.6	114.6
WOODWARD	540	1340	1671	28.7	112.5

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
91505	133342	200169	40.7	112.3

TAXATION FOR SCHOOLS
PRI ELECT AUG 1. 16
LEG REF 056 REJECT ST.Q. 083

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	448	1199	1686	27.2	97.7
ALFALFA	1031	1047	2024	49.6	102.7
ATOKA	870	1481	2467	37.0	95.3
BEAVER	361	834	1141	30.2	104.7
BECKHAM	625	1768	2356	26.1	101.6
BLAINE	656	1437	1935	31.3	106.2
BRYAN	1393	2743	4127	33.7	100.2
CADDO	1166	3310	4182	26.1	107.0
CANADIAN	1242	1411	2833	46.8	93.6
CARTER	1220	2571	3908	32.2	97.0
CHEROKEE	586	1737	2281	25.2	101.8
CHOCTAW	1256	1915	3011	39.6	105.3
CIMARRON	176	431	560	29.0	108.4
CLEVELAND	681	1859	2560	26.8	99.2
COAL	1446	1111	2355	56.6	108.6
COMANCHE	1166	2066	3302	36.1	97.9
COTTON	569	1325	1752	30.0	108.1
CRAIG	1424	1176	2513	54.8	103.5
CREEK	1431	1642	3802	46.6	80.8
CUSTER	1191	1808	2844	39.7	105.5
DELAWARE	316	1420	1538	18.2	112.9
DEWEY	366	1408	1973	20.6	89.9
ELLIS	501	1169	1662	30.0	100.5
GARFIELD	1524	1828	3482	45.5	96.3
GARVIN	855	2564	3590	25.0	95.2
GRADY	1437	2557	4070	36.0	98.1
GRANT	1022	1257	2202	44.1	105.3
GREER	615	1484	1979	29.3	106.1
HARMON	350	958	1274	26.8	102.7
HARPER	356	566	987	38.6	93.4
HASKELL	402	1846	2370	17.9	94.9
HUGHES	1179	2142	3315	35.5	100.2
JACKSON	878	1631	2677	35.0	93.7
JEFFERSON	685	1704	2266	28.7	105.4
JOHNSTON	798	1821	2498	30.5	104.8
KAY	1391	1426	2693	49.4	104.6
KINGFISHER	632	1811	2319	25.9	105.3
KIOWA	1011	2269	3248	30.8	101.0
LATIMER	823	629	1410	56.7	103.0
LE FLORE	2476	1547	3767	61.5	106.8
LINCOLN	1187	3244	4237	26.8	104.6
LOGAN	1202	2007	2706	37.5	118.6
LOVE	316	1302	1590	19.5	101.8
MCCLAIN	635	1398	2033	31.2	100.0
MCCURTAIN	1326	1355	2614	49.5	102.6
MCINTOSH	782	1330	2242	37.0	94.2
MAJOR	340	1192	1513	22.2	101.3
MARSHALL	678	1364	1835	33.2	111.3
MAYES	633	1513	2075	29.5	103.4
MURRAY	633	1263	1829	33.4	103.7
MUSKOGEE	1864	2599	5022	41.8	88.9
NOBLE	951	1107	1986	46.2	103.6
NOWATA	985	773	1596	56.0	110.2
OKFUSKEE	616	1264	1871	32.8	100.5
OKLAHOMA	3322	5611	9300	37.2	96.1
OKMULGEE	1059	1519	2645	41.1	97.5
OSAGE	1575	1028	2497	60.5	104.2
OTTAWA	996	1233	2128	44.7	104.7
PAWNEE	1333	1100	2318	54.8	105.0
PAYNE	756	2173	2853	25.8	102.7
PITTSBURG	2083	2654	4704	44.0	100.7
PONTOTOC	1043	2431	3433	30.0	101.2
POTTAWATOMIE	1553	3159	4566	33.0	103.2
PUSHMATAHA	343	1420	1683	19.5	104.8
ROGER MILLS	257	1235	1376	17.2	108.4
ROGERS	1417	963	2388	59.5	99.7
SEMINOLE	570	1568	2145	26.7	99.7
SEQUOYAH	434	1858	2495	18.9	91.9
STEPHENS	862	2398	2844	26.4	114.6
TEXAS	433	1044	1530	29.3	96.5
TILLMAN	950	1691	2817	36.0	93.8
TULSA	2668	1809	4281	59.6	104.6
WAGONER	446	1025	1415	30.3	104.0
WASHINGTON	1915	577	2294	76.8	108.6
WASHITA	1004	1848	2632	35.2	108.4
WOODS	709	1404	2046	33.6	103.3
WOODWARD	642	1138	1671	36.1	106.5

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
75073	127545	200169	37.1	101.2

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SUPREME COURT CLERK
PRI ELECT AUG 1, 16
LEG REF 057 REJECT ST.Q. 084

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	353	1248	1686	22.0	95.0
ALFALFA	702	1303	2024	35.0	99.1
ATOKA	588	1705	2467	25.6	92.9
BEAVER	388	777	1141	33.3	102.1
BECKHAM	600	1722	2356	25.8	98.6
BLAINE	510	1548	1935	24.8	106.4
BRYAN	1329	2580	4127	34.0	94.7
CADDO	962	3414	4182	22.0	104.6
CANADIAN	1123	1447	2833	43.7	90.7
CARTER	1129	2592	3908	30.3	95.2
CHEROKEE	587	1701	2281	25.7	100.3
CHOCTAW	791	2107	3011	27.0	95.9
CIMARRON	176	391	560	31.0	101.3
CLEVELAND	745	1751	2560	29.8	97.5
COAL	595	1683	2355	26.1	96.7
COMANCHE	1226	1973	3302	38.3	96.9
COTTON	545	1225	1752	30.8	101.0
CRAIG	724	1625	2513	30.8	93.5
CREEK	1389	2349	3802	37.2	98.3
CUSTER	1024	1831	2844	35.9	100.4
DELAWARE	380	1306	1538	22.5	109.6
DEWEY	381	1393	1973	21.5	89.9
ELLIS	483	1145	1662	29.7	98.0
GARFIELD	1249	2063	3482	37.7	95.1
GARVIN	749	2413	3590	23.7	98.1
GRADY	1339	2581	4070	34.2	96.3
GRANT	844	1448	2202	36.8	104.1
GREER	673	1392	1979	32.6	104.3
HARMON	343	933	1274	26.9	100.2
HARPER	369	559	987	39.8	94.0
HASKELL	578	1413	2370	29.0	84.0
HUGHES	676	2440	3315	21.7	94.0
JACKSON	816	1576	2677	34.1	89.4
JEFFERSON	548	1711	2266	24.3	99.7
JOHNSTON	784	1854	2498	29.7	105.6
KAY	1066	1666	2693	39.0	101.4
KINGFISHER	661	1775	2319	27.1	105.0
KIOWA	818	2394	3248	25.5	98.9
LATIMER	360	944	1410	27.6	92.5
LE FLORE	1216	2086	3767	36.8	87.7
LINCOLN	853	3396	4237	20.1	100.3
LOGAN	840	2273	2706	27.0	115.0
LOVE	237	1361	1590	14.8	100.5
MCCLAIN	609	1356	2033	31.0	96.7
MCCURTAIN	424	2187	2614	16.2	99.9
MCINTOSH	697	1332	2242	34.4	90.5
MAJOR	245	1184	1513	17.1	94.4
MARSHALL	311	1567	1835	16.6	102.3
MAYES	367	1360	2075	21.3	83.2
MURRAY	378	1381	1829	21.5	96.2
MUSKOGEE	2094	2359	5022	47.0	88.7
NOBLE	517	1439	1986	26.4	98.5
NOWATA	566	1025	1596	35.6	99.7
OKFUSKEE	544	1253	1871	30.3	96.0
OKLAHOMA	3322	5679	9300	36.9	96.8
OKMULGEE	886	1627	2645	35.3	95.0
OSAGE	993	1371	2497	42.0	94.7
OTTAWA	825	1260	2128	39.6	98.0
PAWNEE	665	1630	2318	29.0	99.0
PAYNE	741	2101	2853	26.1	99.6
PITTSBURG	1659	2791	4704	37.3	94.6
PONTOTOC	746	2635	3433	22.1	98.5
POTTAWATOMIE	1382	3159	4566	30.4	99.5
PUSHMATAHA	300	1429	1683	17.4	102.7
ROGER MILLS	328	1113	1376	22.8	104.7
ROGERS	721	1467	2388	33.0	91.6
SEMINOLE	543	1585	2145	25.5	99.2
SEQUOYAH	538	1614	2495	25.0	86.3
STEPHENS	1017	2110	2844	32.5	110.0
TEXAS	447	982	1530	31.3	93.4
TILLMAN	972	1635	2817	37.3	92.5
TULSA	1602	2502	4281	39.0	95.9
WAGONER	485	962	1415	33.5	102.3
WASHINGTON	657	1527	2294	30.1	95.2
WASHITA	925	1639	2632	36.1	97.4
WOODS	658	1415	2046	31.7	101.3
WOODWARD	510	1203	1671	30.6	103.7

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
59433	134973	200169	30.6	97.1

CITY DEBT LIMIT
PRI ELECT AUG 1, 16
LEG REF C58 REJECT ST.Q. 085

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	256	1336	1686	16.1	94.4
ALFALFA	493	1472	2024	25.1	97.1
ATOKA	437	1724	2467	20.2	87.6
BEAVER	266	871	1141	23.4	99.6
BECKHAM	405	1839	2356	18.0	95.2
BLAINE	428	1660	1935	20.5	107.9
BRYAN	1023	2914	4127	26.0	95.4
CADDO	724	3588	4182	16.8	103.1
CANADIAN	775	1688	2833	31.5	86.9
CARTER	1034	2661	3908	28.0	94.5
CHEROKEE	358	1882	2281	16.0	98.2
CHOCTAW	609	2236	3011	21.4	94.5
CIMARRON	151	404	560	27.2	99.1
CLEVELAND	561	1893	2560	22.9	95.9
COAL	413	1804	2355	18.6	94.1
COMANCHE	986	2151	3302	31.4	95.0
COTTON	382	1354	1752	22.0	99.1
CRAIG	463	1845	2513	20.1	91.8
CREEK	1266	2494	3802	33.7	98.9
CUSTER	704	2126	2844	24.9	99.5
DELAWARE	213	1437	1538	12.9	107.3
DEWEY	267	1459	1973	15.5	87.5
ELLIS	329	1251	1662	20.8	95.1
GARFIELD	844	2407	3482	26.0	93.4
GARVIN	631	2604	3590	19.5	90.1
GRADY	1014	2787	4070	26.7	93.4
GRANT	561	1579	2202	26.2	97.2
GREER	436	1583	1979	21.6	102.0
HARMON	238	1023	1274	18.9	99.0
HARPER	265	621	987	29.9	89.8
HASKELL	415	1523	2370	21.4	81.8
HUGHES	477	2638	3315	15.3	94.0
JACKSON	604	1709	2677	26.1	86.4
JEFFERSON	427	1788	2266	19.3	97.7
JOHNSTON	482	2042	2498	19.1	101.0
KAY	708	1889	2693	27.3	96.4
KINGFISHER	471	1923	2319	19.7	103.2
KIOWA	667	2532	3248	20.9	98.5
LATIMER	236	1051	1410	18.3	91.3
LE FLORE	784	3127	3767	20.0	103.8
LINCOLN	602	3603	4237	14.3	99.2
LOGAN	619	2457	2706	20.1	113.7
LOVE	154	1416	1590	9.8	98.7
MCCLAIN	493	1508	2033	24.6	98.4
MCCURTAIN	325	2289	2614	12.4	100.0
MCINTOSH	617	1378	2242	30.9	89.0
MAJOR	237	1290	1513	15.5	100.9
MARSHALL	263	1600	1835	14.1	101.5
MAYES	378	1606	2075	19.1	95.6
MURRAY	312	1479	1829	17.4	97.9
MUSKOGEE	1717	2693	5022	38.9	87.8
NOBLE	372	1573	1986	19.1	97.9
NOWATA	430	1126	1596	27.6	97.5
OKFUSKEE	474	1366	1871	25.8	98.3
OKLAHOMA	2918	6022	9300	32.6	96.1
OKMULGEE	748	1754	2645	29.9	94.6
OSAGE	786	1534	2497	33.9	92.9
OTTAWA	555	1411	2128	28.2	92.4
PAWNEE	483	1785	2318	21.3	97.8
PAYNE	505	2388	2853	17.5	101.4
PITTSBURG	1318	3039	4704	30.3	92.6
PONTOTOC	578	2779	3433	17.2	97.8
POTTAWATOMIE	1065	3508	4566	23.3	100.2
PUSHMATAHA	162	1548	1683	9.5	101.6
ROGER MILLS	257	1187	1376	17.8	104.9
ROGERS	524	1620	2388	24.4	89.8
SEMINOLE	404	1640	2145	19.8	95.3
SEQUOYAH	442	1717	2495	20.5	86.5
STEPHENS	710	2338	2844	23.3	107.2
TEXAS	340	1034	1530	24.7	89.8
TILLMAN	664	1855	2817	26.4	89.4
TULSA	1305	2735	4281	32.3	94.4
WAGONER	322	1101	1415	22.6	100.6
WASHINGTON	505	1677	2294	23.1	95.1
WASHITA	544	2031	2632	21.1	97.8
WOODS	449	1617	2046	21.7	101.0
WOODWARD	367	1314	1671	21.8	100.6

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
44747	147933	200169	23.2	96.3

TABLE D-20

EMPLOYEE COMPENSATION
PRI ELECT AUG 1, 16
LEG REF 059 REJECT ST.Q. 086

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	297	1373	1686	17.8	99.1
ALFALFA	566	1373	2024	29.2	95.8
ATOKA	496	1700	2467	22.6	89.0
BEAVER	303	804	1141	27.4	97.0
BECKHAM	463	1791	2356	20.5	95.7
BLAINE	474	1529	1935	23.7	103.5
BRYAN	1091	2758	4127	28.3	93.3
CADDO	811	3460	4182	19.0	102.1
CANADIAN	919	1513	2833	37.8	85.8
CARTER	1116	2512	3908	30.8	92.8
CHEROKEE	410	1767	2281	18.8	95.4
CHOCTAW	728	2104	3011	25.7	94.1
CIMARRON	159	384	560	29.3	97.0
CLEVELAND	644	1803	2560	26.3	95.6
COAL	645	1664	2355	27.9	98.0
COMANCHE	1052	2030	3302	34.1	93.3
COTTON	426	1302	1752	24.7	98.6
CRAIG	587	1677	2513	25.9	90.1
CREEK	1379	2289	3802	37.6	96.5
CUSTER	764	1994	2844	27.7	97.0
DELAWARE	245	1370	1538	15.2	105.0
DEWEY	328	1420	1973	18.8	88.6
ELLIS	380	1206	1662	24.0	95.4
GARFIELD	948	2236	3482	29.8	91.4
GARVIN	778	2568	3590	23.3	93.2
GRADY	1128	2597	4070	30.3	91.5
GRANT	610	1517	2202	28.7	96.6
GREER	518	1495	1979	25.7	101.7
HARMON	275	986	1274	21.8	99.0
HARPER	271	622	987	30.3	90.5
HASKELL	437	1461	2370	23.0	80.1
HUGHES	611	2497	3315	19.7	93.8
JACKSON	693	1646	2677	29.6	87.4
JEFFERSON	443	1738	2266	20.3	96.2
JOHNSTON	577	1910	2498	23.2	99.6
KAY	797	2608	2693	23.4	126.4
KINGFISHER	499	1869	2319	21.1	102.1
KIOWA	685	2354	3248	22.5	93.6
LATIMER	394	900	1410	30.4	91.8
LE FLORE	1006	2065	3767	32.8	81.5
LINCOLN	749	3424	4237	17.9	98.5
LOGAN	669	2359	2706	22.1	111.9
LOVE	288	1356	1590	17.5	103.4
MCCLAIN	503	1413	2033	26.3	94.2
MCCURTAIN	371	2183	2614	14.5	97.7
MCINTOSH	628	1330	2242	32.1	87.3
MAJOR	278	1217	1513	18.6	98.8
MARSHALL	318	1560	1835	16.9	102.3
MAYES	512	1443	2075	26.2	94.2
MURRAY	344	1418	1829	19.5	96.3
MUSKOGEE	1916	1369	5022	58.3	65.4
NOBLE	457	1452	1986	23.9	96.1
NOWATA	541	1011	1596	34.9	97.2
OKFUSKEE	465	1268	1871	26.8	92.6
OKLAHOMA	3160	6738	9300	31.9	106.4
OKMULGEE	861	1613	2645	34.8	93.5
OSAGE	896	1402	2497	39.0	92.0
OTTAWA	705	1292	2128	35.3	93.8
PAWNEE	593	1603	2318	27.0	94.7
PAYNE	634	2223	2853	22.2	100.1
PITTSBURG	1397	2889	4704	32.6	91.1
PONTOTOC	646	2646	3433	19.6	95.9
POTTAWATOMIE	1200	3231	4566	27.1	97.0
PUSHMATAHA	200	1485	1683	11.9	100.1
ROGER MILLS	253	1170	1376	17.8	103.4
ROGERS	602	1497	2388	28.7	87.9
SEMINOLE	438	1604	2145	21.4	95.2
SEQUOYAH	452	1670	2495	21.3	85.1
STEPHENS	822	2249	2844	26.8	108.0
TEXAS	415	991	1530	29.5	91.9
TILLMAN	752	1742	2817	30.2	88.5
TULSA	1471	2493	4281	37.1	92.6
WAGONER	402	1008	1415	28.5	99.6
WASHINGTON	622	1437	2294	30.2	89.8
WASHITA	565	1957	2632	22.4	95.8
WOODS	486	1542	2046	24.0	99.1
WOODWARD	431	1257	1671	25.5	101.0

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
50995	139434	200169	26.8	95.1

COURT CONSOLIDATION
PRI ELECT AUG 1, 16
LEG REF 060 REJECT ST.Q. 087

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	236	1358	1686	14.8	94.5
ALFALFA	427	1550	2024	21.6	97.7
ATOKA	396	1834	2467	17.8	90.4
BEAVER	241	917	1141	20.8	101.5
BECKHAM	335	1946	2356	14.7	96.8
BLAINE	437	1688	1935	20.6	105.8
BRYAN	993	2951	4127	25.2	95.6
CADDO	639	3677	4182	14.8	103.2
CANADIAN	758	1717	2833	30.6	87.4
CARTER	953	2766	3908	25.6	95.2
CHEROKEE	413	1846	2281	18.3	99.0
CHOCTAW	597	2242	3011	21.0	94.3
CIMARRON	145	411	560	26.1	99.3
CLEVELAND	530	1929	2560	21.6	96.1
COAL	431	1843	2355	19.0	96.6
COMANCHE	932	2195	3302	29.8	94.7
COTTON	351	1409	1752	19.9	100.5
CRAIG	497	1837	2513	21.3	92.9
CREEK	1127	2530	3802	30.8	96.2
CUSTER	699	2124	2844	24.8	99.3
DELAWARE	303	1404	1538	17.8	111.0
DEWEY	227	1495	1973	13.2	87.3
ELLIS	344	1272	1662	21.3	97.2
GARFIELD	780	2473	3482	24.0	93.4
GARVIN	592	2640	3590	18.3	90.0
GRADY	999	2818	4070	26.2	93.8
GRANT	434	1752	2202	19.9	99.3
GREER	451	1579	1979	22.2	102.6
HARMON	247	947	1274	20.7	93.7
HARPER	254	657	987	27.9	92.3
HASKELL	433	1496	2370	22.4	81.4
HUGHES	469	2610	3315	15.2	92.9
JACKSON	585	1777	2677	24.8	88.2
JEFFERSON	376	1819	2266	17.1	96.9
JOHNSTON	493	2042	2498	19.4	101.5
KAY	701	1942	2693	26.5	98.1
KINGFISHER	927	1921	2319	32.5	122.8
KIOWA	603	2572	3248	19.0	97.8
LATIMER	228	1041	1410	18.0	90.0
LE FLORE	712	2412	3767	22.8	82.9
LINCOLN	614	3624	4237	14.5	100.0
LOGAN	581	2490	2706	18.9	113.5
LOVE	124	1454	1590	7.9	99.2
MCCLAIN	447	1498	2033	23.0	95.7
MCCURTAIN	296	2269	2614	11.5	98.1
MCINTOSH	595	1401	2242	29.8	89.0
MAJOR	217	1310	1513	14.2	100.9
MARSHALL	237	1670	1835	12.4	103.9
MAYES	377	1593	2075	19.1	94.9
MURRAY	242	1533	1829	13.6	97.0
MUSKOGEE	1834	2540	5022	41.9	87.1
NOBLE	360	1593	1986	18.4	98.3
NOWATA	401	1144	1596	26.0	96.8
OKFUSKEE	372	1213	1871	23.5	84.7
OKLAHOMA	2709	6194	9300	30.4	95.7
OKMULGEE	700	1786	2645	28.2	94.0
OSAGE	756	1544	2497	32.9	92.1
OTTAWA	528	1451	2128	26.7	93.0
PAWNEE	439	1797	2318	19.6	96.5
PAYNE	437	2369	2853	15.6	98.4
PITTSBURG	1196	3159	4704	27.5	92.6
PONTOTOC	510	2845	3433	15.2	97.7
POTTAWATOMIE	905	3590	4566	20.1	98.4
PUSHMATAHA	137	1560	1683	8.1	100.8
ROGER MILLS	223	1218	1376	15.5	104.7
ROGERS	492	1672	2388	22.7	90.6
SEMINOLE	385	1670	2145	18.7	95.8
SEQUOYAH	441	1703	2495	20.6	85.9
STEPHENS	734	2347	2844	23.8	108.3
TEXAS	251	1140	1530	18.0	90.9
TILLMAN	641	1899	2817	25.2	90.2
TULSA	1188	2827	4281	29.6	93.8
WAGONER	358	1079	1415	24.9	101.6
WASHINGTON	513	1657	2294	23.6	94.6
WASHITA	605	1995	2632	23.3	98.8
WOODS	413	1646	2046	20.1	100.6
WOODWARD	343	1353	1671	20.2	101.5

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
42896	149272	200169	22.3	96.0

TABLE D-21

SIZE OF JURY
PRI ELECT AUG 1, 16
LEG REF 061 REJECT ST.Q. 088

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	273	1287	1686	17.5	92.5
ALFALFA	587	1405	2024	29.5	98.4
ATOKA	464	1615	2467	22.3	84.3
BEAVER	339	861	1141	28.7	103.4
BECKHAM	449	1831	2356	19.7	96.8
BLAINE	480	1608	1935	23.0	107.9
BRYAN	1118	2717	4127	29.2	92.9
CADDO	818	3766	4182	17.8	109.6
CANADIAN	925	1568	2833	37.1	88.0
CARTER	982	2693	3908	26.7	94.0
CHEROKEE	440	1760	2281	20.0	96.4
CHOCTAW	619	2266	3011	21.5	95.8
CIMARRON	150	419	560	26.4	101.6
CLEVELAND	645	1828	2560	26.1	96.6
COAL	517	1709	2355	23.2	94.5
COMANCHE	1051	2088	3302	33.5	95.1
COTTON	459	1290	1752	26.2	99.8
CRAIG	593	1744	2513	25.4	93.0
CREEK	1187	2494	3802	32.2	96.8
CUSTER	859	1993	2844	30.1	100.3
DELAWARE	342	1312	1538	20.7	107.5
DEWEY	303	1434	1973	17.4	88.0
ELLIS	385	1217	1662	24.0	96.4
GARFIELD	1017	2207	3482	31.5	92.6
GARVIN	749	2522	3590	22.9	91.1
GRADY	1244	2588	4070	32.5	94.2
GRANT	671	1565	2202	30.0	101.5
GREER	500	1552	1979	24.4	103.7
HARMON	285	1002	1274	22.1	101.0
HARPER	306	621	987	33.0	93.9
HASKELL	448	1456	2370	23.5	80.3
HUGHES	525	2579	3315	16.9	93.6
JACKSON	708	1656	2677	29.9	88.3
JEFFERSON	473	1751	2266	21.3	98.1
JOHNSTON	562	1936	2498	22.5	100.0
KAY	844	1929	2693	31.6	99.3
KINGFISHER	549	1830	2319	23.1	102.6
KIOWA	721	2456	3248	22.7	97.8
LATIMER	280	1004	1410	21.8	91.1
LE FLORE	888	2293	3767	27.9	84.4
LINCOLN	776	3475	4237	18.3	100.3
LOGAN	694	2340	2706	22.9	112.1
LOVE	174	1395	1590	11.1	98.7
MCCLAIN	509	1422	2033	26.4	95.0
MCCURTAIN	375	2209	2614	14.5	98.9
MCINTOSH	601	1385	2242	30.3	88.6
MAJOR	291	1230	1513	19.1	100.5
MARSHALL	327	1595	1835	17.0	104.7
MAYES	507	1473	2075	25.6	95.4
MURRAY	308	1445	1829	17.6	95.8
MUSKOGEE	1789	2590	5022	40.9	87.2
NOBLE	450	1498	1986	23.1	98.1
NOWATA	492	1061	1596	31.7	97.3
OKFUSKEE	460	1296	1871	26.2	93.9
OKLAHOMA	2833	6078	9300	31.8	95.8
OKMULGEE	805	1690	2645	32.3	94.3
OSAGE	839	1490	2497	36.0	93.3
OTTAWA	707	1334	2128	34.6	95.9
PAWNEE	543	1715	2318	24.0	97.4
PAYNE	623	2277	2853	21.5	101.6
PITTSBURG	1391	2998	4704	31.7	93.3
PONTOTOC	673	2736	3433	19.7	99.3
POTTAWATOMIE	1060	3431	4566	23.6	98.4
PUSHMATAHA	199	1506	1683	11.7	101.3
ROGER MILLS	264	1176	1376	18.3	104.7
ROGERS	637	1452	2388	30.5	87.5
SEMINOLE	420	1618	2145	20.6	95.0
SEQUOYAH	449	1622	2495	21.7	83.0
STEPHENS	831	2239	2844	27.1	107.9
TEXAS	356	1055	1530	25.2	92.2
TILLMAN	792	1784	2917	30.7	91.4
TULSA	1389	2795	4281	33.8	96.1
WAGONER	393	1028	1415	27.7	100.4
WASHINGTON	569	1564	2294	26.7	93.0
WASHITA	691	1908	2632	26.6	98.7
WOODS	500	1562	2046	24.2	100.8
WOODWARD	482	1286	1671	27.3	105.8

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
49954	142420	200169	26.0	96.1

ABOLISH COUNTY COURT
PRI ELECT AUG 1, 16
LEG REF 062 REJECT ST.Q. 089

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	259	1393	1686	15.7	98.0
ALFALFA	407	1550	2024	20.8	96.7
ATOKA	294	1912	2467	13.3	89.4
BEAVER	212	939	1141	18.4	100.9
BECKHAM	256	2055	2356	11.1	98.1
BLAINE	308	1742	1935	15.0	105.9
BRYAN	830	3134	4127	20.9	96.1
CADDO	527	3792	4182	12.2	103.3
CANADIAN	693	1820	2833	27.6	88.7
CARTER	798	2934	3908	21.4	95.5
CHEROKEE	305	1939	2281	13.6	98.4
CHOCTAW	344	2508	3011	12.1	94.7
CIMARRON	137	423	560	24.5	100.0
CLEVELAND	458	2009	2560	18.6	96.4
COAL	359	1887	2355	16.0	98.4
COMANCHE	876	2271	3302	27.8	95.3
COTTON	302	1491	1752	16.8	102.3
CRAIG	354	1079	2513	24.7	57.0
CREEK	1007	2662	3802	27.4	96.5
CUSTER	663	2144	2844	23.6	98.7
DELAWARE	269	1423	1538	15.9	110.0
DEWEY	203	1514	1973	11.8	87.0
ELLIS	337	1253	1662	21.2	95.7
GARFIELD	805	2448	3482	24.7	93.4
GARVIN	1383	2811	3590	33.0	116.8
GRADY	810	3021	4070	21.1	94.1
GRANT	360	1868	2202	16.2	101.2
GREER	432	1601	1979	21.2	102.7
HARMON	225	994	1274	18.5	95.7
HARPER	239	662	987	26.5	91.3
HASKELL	461	1543	2370	23.0	84.6
HUGHES	410	2744	3315	13.0	95.1
JACKSON	503	1879	2677	21.1	89.0
JEFFERSON	355	1883	2266	15.9	98.8
JOHNSTON	389	2135	2498	15.4	101.0
KAY	560	2073	2693	21.3	97.8
KINGFISHER	394	2002	2319	16.4	103.3
KIOWA	467	2717	3248	14.7	98.0
LATIMER	193	1163	1410	14.2	96.2
LE FLORE	625	2776	3767	18.4	90.3
LINCOLN	461	3749	4237	11.0	99.4
LOGAN	468	2611	2706	15.2	113.8
LOVE	122	1492	1590	7.6	101.5
MCCLAIN	379	1505	2033	20.1	92.7
MCCURTAIN	330	2281	2614	12.6	99.9
MCINTOSH	435	1601	2242	21.4	90.8
MAJOR	174	1356	1513	11.4	101.1
MARSHALL	188	1798	1835	9.5	108.2
MAYES	302	1721	2075	14.9	97.5
MURRAY	189	1605	1829	10.5	98.1
MUSKOGEE	1157	3381	5022	25.5	90.4
NOBLE	334	1632	1986	17.0	99.0
NOWATA	352	1219	1596	22.4	98.4
OKFUSKEE	299	1481	1871	16.8	95.1
OKLAHOMA	6420	6457	9300	49.9	138.5
OKMULGEE	532	1979	2645	21.2	94.9
OSAGE	684	1957	2497	25.9	105.8
OTTAWA	587	1427	2128	29.1	94.6
PAWNEE	384	1861	2318	17.1	96.9
PAYNE	387	2437	2853	13.7	99.0
PITTSBURG	7192	3759	4704	65.7	232.8
PONTOTOC	406	2973	3433	12.0	98.4
POTTAWATOMIE	741	3790	4566	16.4	95.2
PUSHMATAHA	145	1587	1683	8.4	102.9
ROGER MILLS	217	1223	1376	15.1	104.7
ROGERS	401	1725	2388	18.9	89.0
SEMINOLE	338	1721	2145	16.4	96.0
SEQUOYAH	445	1740	2495	20.4	87.6
STEPHENS	578	2535	2844	18.6	109.5
TEXAS	201	1258	1530	13.8	95.4
TILLMAN	507	2094	2917	19.5	92.3
TULSA	1091	2950	4281	27.0	94.4
WAGONER	303	1149	1415	20.9	102.6
WASHINGTON	410	1725	2294	19.2	93.1
WASHITA	553	2115	2632	20.7	101.4
WOODS	388	1658	2046	19.0	100.0
WOODWARD	283	1438	1671	16.4	103.0

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
47192	157184	200169	23.1	102.1

TABLE D-22

ELECTION LAW
GEN ELECT NOV 7, 16
INT PET 051 REJECT ST.Q. 078

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	1036	1225	2421	45.8	93.4
ALFALFA	144	69	3313	67.6	6.4
ATOKA	1466	1364	2940	51.8	96.3
BEAVER	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
BECKHAM	1717	1389	3275	55.3	94.8
BLAINE	2186	942	3268	69.9	95.7
BRYAN	2165	2519	5007	46.2	93.5
CADDO	3322	2594	6181	56.2	95.7
CANADIAN	2048	1931	4259	51.5	93.4
CARTER	2066	1882	4908	52.3	80.4
CHEROKEE	928	1402	3255	39.8	71.6
CHOCTAW	3606	1407	3529	71.9	142.1
CIMARRON	327	367	771	47.1	90.0
CLEVELAND	1638	1400	3234	53.9	93.9
COAL	1533	1196	2830	56.2	96.4
COMANCHE	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
COTTON	1240	1127	2556	52.4	92.6
CRAIG	1874	1438	3744	56.6	98.5
CREEK	4102	2375	7644	63.3	84.7
CUSTER	2201	1528	3917	59.0	95.2
DELAWARE	864	1190	2297	42.1	89.4
DEWEY	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
ELLIS	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
GARFIELD	2950	1650	5895	64.1	78.0
GARVIN	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
GRADY	2203	2690	5356	45.0	91.4
GRANT	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
GREER	1084	1358	2527	44.4	96.6
HARMON	532	881	1494	37.7	94.6
HARPER	709	637	1887	52.7	71.3
HASKELL	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
HUGHES	1924	2080	4206	48.1	95.2
JACKSON	1247	1649	3203	43.1	90.4
JEFFERSON	1532	1481	2862	50.8	105.3
JOHNSTON	1532	1481	3161	50.8	95.3
KAY	3177	1652	5316	65.8	90.8
KINGFISHER	2206	1130	3536	66.1	94.3
KIOWA	2411	1835	4426	56.8	95.9
LATIMER	962	775	1959	55.4	88.7
LE FLORE	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
LINCOLN	3220	2038	5726	61.2	91.8
LOGAN	3105	1216	4597	71.9	94.0
LOVE	642	995	1756	39.2	93.2
MCCLAIN	1148	1316	2716	46.6	90.7
MCCURTAIN	1072	1776	3212	37.6	88.7
MCINTOSH	1411	1704	3202	45.3	97.3
MAJOR	1456	776	2382	65.2	93.7
MARSHALL	1011	941	2425	51.8	80.5
MAYES	1332	1417	3031	48.5	90.7
MURRAY	946	1031	2119	47.9	93.3
MUSKOGEE	3063	3140	6870	49.4	90.3
NOBLE	1578	1144	2823	58.0	96.4
NOWATA	435	917	2861	32.2	47.3
OKFUSKEE	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
OKLAHOMA	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
OKMULGEE	2797	1770	5039	61.2	90.6
OSAGE	1916	1690	4006	53.1	90.0
OTTAWA	1257	1362	3745	48.0	69.9
PAWNEE	2103	1182	3452	64.0	95.2
PAYNE	2585	1650	4809	61.0	88.1
PITTSBURG	2680	2836	6212	48.6	88.8
PONTOTOC	1965	2149	4288	47.8	95.9
POTTAWATOMIE	3475	2646	6473	56.8	94.6
PUSHMATAHA	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
ROGER MILLS	1080	209	2261	83.8	57.0
ROGERS	2143	1357	3881	61.2	90.2
SEMINOLE	1473	1106	3251	57.1	79.3
SEQUOYAH	1533	1558	3338	49.6	92.6
STEPHENS	1878	1920	4048	49.4	93.8
TEXAS	1020	1190	2469	46.2	89.5
TILLMAN	1190	1767	3257	40.2	90.8
TULSA	4933	2422	9240	67.1	79.6
WAGONER	954	785	2092	54.9	83.1
WASHINGTON	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
WASHITA	1823	1862	3784	49.5	97.4
WOODS	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
WOODWARD	1656	1091	2864	60.3	95.9

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
115812	95607	237406	54.8	89.1

REPEAL REGISTRATION LAW
GEN ELECT NOV 7, 16
INT PET 053 REJECT ST.Q. 080

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	923	938	2421	49.6	76.9
ALFALFA	144	60	3313	70.6	6.2
ATOKA	1374	1336	2940	50.7	92.2
BEAVER	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
BECKHAM	1656	1352	3275	55.1	91.8
BLAINE	2133	953	3268	69.1	94.4
BRYAN	1945	2441	5007	44.3	87.6
CADDO	3213	2519	6181	56.1	92.7
CANADIAN	1979	1868	4259	51.4	90.3
CARTER	1924	1791	4908	51.8	75.7
CHEROKEE	742	1343	3255	35.6	64.1
CHOCTAW	1471	1564	3529	48.5	86.0
CIMARRON	342	354	771	49.1	90.3
CLEVELAND	1572	1377	3234	53.3	91.2
COAL	1440	1140	2830	55.8	91.2
COMANCHE	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
COTTON	1173	1086	2556	51.9	88.4
CRAIG	1698	1334	3744	56.0	81.0
CREEK	3907	2167	7644	64.3	79.5
CUSTER	2150	1486	3917	59.1	92.8
DELAWARE	874	1113	2297	44.0	86.5
DEWEY	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
ELLIS	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
GARFIELD	2950	1650	5895	64.1	78.0
GARVIN	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
GRADY	2144	2589	5356	45.3	88.4
GRANT	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
GREER	1028	1351	2527	43.2	94.1
HARMON	507	872	1494	36.8	92.3
HARPER	73	592	1887	11.0	35.2
HASKELL	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
HUGHES	1845	1979	4206	48.2	90.9
JACKSON	1243	1568	3203	44.2	87.8
JEFFERSON	1235	1243	2862	49.8	86.6
JOHNSTON	1476	1461	3161	50.3	92.9
KAY	3068	1577	5316	66.0	87.4
KINGFISHER	2140	1006	3536	68.0	89.0
KIOWA	2283	1750	4426	56.6	91.1
LATIMER	936	740	1959	55.8	85.6
LE FLORE	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
LINCOLN	3007	1896	5726	61.3	85.6
LOGAN	2899	1221	4597	70.4	89.6
LOVE	630	964	1756	39.5	90.8
MCCLAIN	1040	1332	2716	43.8	87.3
MCCURTAIN	1052	1839	3212	36.4	90.0
MCINTOSH	1223	1852	3202	39.3	97.3
MAJOR	1466	737	2382	66.5	92.5
MARSHALL	1008	1158	2425	46.5	89.3
MAYES	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
MURRAY	897	993	2119	47.5	89.2
MUSKOGEE	2953	2674	6870	49.8	86.3
NOBLE	1540	1091	2823	58.5	93.2
NOWATA	1313	917	2861	58.9	77.9
OKFUSKEE	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
OKLAHOMA	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
OKMULGEE	2504	1603	5039	61.0	81.5
OSAGE	1846	1597	4006	53.6	85.9
OTTAWA	1492	1303	3745	53.4	74.6
PAWNEE	2062	1079	3452	65.6	91.0
PAYNE	2268	1532	4809	59.7	79.0
PITTSBURG	2849	3035	6212	48.4	94.7
PONTOTOC	1834	2115	4288	46.4	92.1
POTTAWATOMIE	3361	2503	6473	57.3	90.6
PUSHMATAHA	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
ROGER MILLS	1051	775	2261	57.6	80.8
ROGERS	2022	1361	3881	59.8	87.2
SEMINOLE	1401	1051	3251	57.1	75.4
SEQUOYAH	1466	1253	3338	53.9	81.5
STEPHENS	1822	1867	4048	49.4	91.1
TEXAS	1021	1080	2469	48.6	85.1
TILLMAN	1178	1674	3257	41.3	87.5
TULSA	5213	2670	9240	66.1	85.3
WAGONER	904	756	2092	54.5	79.3
WASHINGTON	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
WASHITA	1811	1882	3784	49.0	97.6
WOODS	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
WOODWARD	1482	1051	2864	58.5	88.4

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
108201	91801	234375	54.1	85.3

TABLE D-23

WOMAN SUFFRAGE
GEN ELECT NOV 5, 18
LEG REF 033 ADOPT ST.Q. 097

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	686	1154	1972	37.3	93.3
ALFALFA	1575	779	2428	66.9	97.0
ATOKA	1076	1283	2433	45.6	97.0
BEAVER	1370	560	1930	71.0	100.0
BECKHAM	1221	688	1991	64.0	95.9
BLAINE	1275	930	2351	57.8	93.8
BRYAN	1706	1188	2952	58.9	98.0
CADDO	2391	1771	4413	57.4	94.3
CANADIAN	1570	1335	3011	54.0	96.5
CARTER	1828	1018	2826	64.2	100.7
CHEROKEE	907	1530	2532	37.2	96.2
CHOCTAW	774	671	1567	53.6	92.2
CIMARRON	540	159	698	77.3	100.1
CLEVELAND	1219	85	2033	93.5	64.1
COAL	742	729	1588	50.4	92.6
COMANCHE	1649	748	2474	68.8	96.9
COTTON	934	675	1671	58.0	96.3
CRAIG	1389	1276	2769	52.1	96.2
CREEK	2702	2445	5313	52.5	96.9
CUSTER	1475	769	2295	65.7	97.8
DELAWARE	697	466	1881	59.9	61.8
DEWEY	1184	496	1741	70.5	96.5
ELLIS	1016	480	1531	67.9	97.7
GARFIELD	2973	1684	4829	63.8	96.4
GARVIN	1483	965	2501	60.6	97.9
GRADY	1866	1238	3157	60.1	98.3
GRANT	1623	889	2604	64.6	96.5
GREER	833	497	1394	62.6	95.4
HARMON	578	321	927	64.3	97.0
HARPER	789	342	1196	69.8	94.6
HASKELL	897	952	1956	48.5	94.5
HUGHES	1233	1285	2606	49.0	96.6
JACKSON	1006	784	1834	56.2	97.6
JEFFERSON	849	604	1500	58.4	96.9
JOHNSTON	934	746	1740	55.6	96.6
KAY	2451	1440	4064	63.0	95.7
KINGFISHER	1433	1058	2463	57.5	101.1
KIOWA	1445	846	2385	63.1	96.1
LATIMER	605	755	1346	44.5	101.0
LE FLORE	1805	1783	3814	50.3	94.1
LINCOLN	2163	1896	4168	53.3	97.4
LOGAN	1811	1535	3345	54.1	100.0
LOVE	598	420	1050	58.7	97.0
MCCLAIN	801	646	1504	55.4	96.2
MCCURTAIN	633	639	1296	49.8	98.1
MCINTOSH	953	954	1975	50.0	96.6
MAJOR	1102	561	1689	66.3	98.5
MARSHALL	757	497	1296	60.4	96.8
MAYES	940	1109	2124	45.9	96.5
MURRAY	716	509	1259	58.4	97.3
MUSKOGEE	2156	1853	4200	53.8	95.5
NOBLE	1242	951	2237	56.6	98.0
NOWATA	1149	843	2138	57.7	93.2
OKFUSKEE	762	714	1496	51.6	98.7
OKLAHOMA	5175	4277	10015	54.8	94.4
OKMULGEE	1845	1393	3473	57.0	93.2
OSAGE	1403	1206	2690	53.8	97.0
OTTAWA	2066	1982	4126	51.0	98.1
PAWNEE	1342	984	2440	57.7	95.3
PAYNE	2115	1230	3457	63.2	96.8
PITTSBURG	2129	1706	3940	55.5	97.3
PONTOTOC	1301	1037	2402	55.6	97.3
POTTAWATOMIE	2165	1478	3821	59.4	95.3
PUSHMATAHA	640	456	1387	58.3	79.2
ROGER MILLS	898	458	1387	66.2	97.8
ROGERS	1304	1307	2685	49.9	97.2
SEMINOLE	1166	947	2231	55.2	94.7
SEQUOYAH	1060	1392	2519	43.2	97.3
STEPHENS	1108	726	1895	60.4	96.8
TEXAS	1066	564	1760	65.4	92.6
TILLMAN	1142	435	1611	72.4	97.9
TULSA	3923	3540	7605	52.6	98.1
WAGONER	829	645	1505	56.2	97.9
WASHINGTON	1408	973	2412	59.1	98.7
WASHITA	1073	1056	2175	50.4	97.9
WOODS	1573	781	2414	66.8	97.5
WOODWARD	1480	556	2043	72.7	99.7

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
106723	79682	194486	57.3	95.8

ROAD BOND
SP ELECT MAY 6, 19
LEG REF 034 REJECT ST.Q. 100

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	189	1293	1482	12.8	100.0
ALFALFA	329	3131	3460	9.5	100.0
ATOKA	1667	685	2352	70.9	100.0
BEAVER	231	2058	2289	10.1	100.0
BECKHAM	501	2569	3070	16.3	100.0
BLAINE	1239	2210	3449	35.9	100.0
BRYAN	2258	784	3042	74.2	100.0
CADDO	738	5227	5965	12.4	100.0
CANADIAN	296	4320	4616	6.4	100.0
CARTER	1800	1892	3692	48.8	100.0
CHEROKEE	508	1401	1909	26.6	100.0
CHOCTAW	2787	337	3124	89.2	100.0
CIMARRON	506	43	549	92.2	100.0
CLEVELAND	721	2231	2952	24.4	100.0
COAL	1386	884	2270	61.1	100.0
COMANCHE	327	3031	3358	9.7	100.0
COTTON	252	1857	2109	11.9	100.0
CRAIG	1369	1623	2992	45.8	100.0
CREEK	1954	2113	4067	48.0	100.0
CUSTER	954	3741	4695	20.3	100.0
DELAWARE	340	1659	1999	17.0	100.0
DEWEY	544	2321	2865	19.0	100.0
ELLIS	284	1810	2094	13.6	100.0
GARFIELD	1112	5348	6460	17.2	100.0
GARVIN	2006	1626	3632	55.2	100.0
GRADY	753	4121	4874	15.4	100.0
GRANT	229	4984	5213	4.4	100.0
GREER	201	1538	1739	11.6	100.0
HARMON	186	803	989	18.8	100.0
HARPER	438	1111	1549	28.3	100.0
HASKELL	631	1418	2049	30.8	100.0
HUGHES	1699	2708	4407	38.6	100.0
JACKSON	554	2116	2670	20.7	100.0
JEFFERSON	493	1503	1996	24.7	100.0
JOHNSTON	1031	1107	2138	48.2	100.0
KAY	803	4745	5548	14.5	100.0
KINGFISHER	244	4033	4277	5.7	100.0
KIOWA	263	3528	3791	6.9	100.0
LATIMER	648	468	1116	58.1	100.0
LE FLORE	3126	1486	4612	67.8	100.0
LINCOLN	577	5703	6280	9.2	100.0
LOGAN	443	4429	4872	9.1	100.0
LOVE	834	550	1384	60.3	100.0
MCCLAIN	484	1915	2399	20.2	100.0
MCCURTAIN	1902	448	2350	80.9	100.0
MCINTOSH	1536	719	2255	68.1	100.0
MAJOR	277	2354	2631	10.5	100.0
MARSHALL	1453	427	1880	77.3	100.0
MAYES	243	2184	2427	10.0	100.0
MURRAY	730	834	1564	46.7	100.0
MUSKOGEE	2129	2475	4604	46.2	100.0
NOBLE	432	2820	3252	13.3	100.0
NOWATA	698	1012	1710	40.8	100.0
OKFUSKEE	753	1566	2319	32.5	100.0
OKLAHOMA	2663	7783	10446	25.5	100.0
OKMULGEE	1497	826	2323	64.4	100.0
OSAGE	754	893	1647	45.8	100.0
OTTAWA	2876	1096	3972	72.4	100.0
PAWNEE	517	2466	2983	17.3	100.0
PAYNE	1010	3457	4467	22.6	100.0
PITTSBURG	2125	3107	5232	40.6	100.0
PONTOTOC	1024	1875	2899	35.3	100.0
POTTAWATOMIE	851	5388	6239	13.6	100.0
PUSHMATAHA	1079	266	1345	80.2	100.0
ROGER MILLS	121	1859	1980	6.1	100.0
ROGERS	562	1659	2221	25.3	100.0
SEMINOLE	329	1586	1915	17.2	100.0
SEQUOYAH	1371	790	2161	63.4	100.0
STEPHENS	720	2219	2939	24.5	100.0
TEXAS	333	1224	1557	21.4	100.0
TILLMAN	364	2224	2588	14.1	100.0
TULSA	1944	1857	3801	51.1	100.0
WAGONER	182	1418	1600	11.4	100.0
WASHINGTON	826	758	1584	52.1	100.0
WASHITA	241	4131	4372	5.5	100.0
WOODS	310	3105	3415	9.1	100.0
WOODWARD	753	2357	3110	24.2	100.0

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
70540	169643	240183	29.4	100.0

TABLE D-24

MEDICAL PRACTICE CONTROL
GEN ELECT NOV 2. 20
REF PET 030 ADOPT ST.Q. 094

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	1167	801	3771	59.3	52.2
ALFALFA	2403	1931	4704	55.4	92.1
ATOKA	1358	1584	4893	46.2	60.1
BEAVER	1460	1349	3328	52.0	84.4
BECKHAM	3448	990	4822	77.7	92.0
BLAINE	2308	1525	4595	60.2	83.4
BRYAN	3016	2435	8084	55.3	67.4
CADDO	4319	2939	9109	59.5	79.7
CANADIAN	3450	2872	8009	54.6	78.9
CARTER	4064	2377	10275	63.1	62.7
CHEROKEE	1175	1080	4476	52.1	50.4
CHOCTAW	1850	1477	4979	55.6	66.8
CIMARRON	617	385	1167	61.6	85.9
CLEVELAND	2243	1832	5052	55.0	80.7
COAL	1804	1445	4024	55.5	80.7
COMANCHE	3119	2696	6889	53.6	84.4
COTTON	1622	1379	4298	54.0	69.8
CRAIG	2227	2116	6098	51.3	71.2
CREEK	6486	4012	14083	61.8	74.5
CUSTER	3730	1757	5910	68.0	92.8
DELAWARE	946	1239	3499	43.3	62.4
DEWEY	2024	1055	3390	65.7	90.8
ELLIS	1591	1182	3013	57.4	92.0
GARFIELD	7519	2747	10833	73.2	94.8
GARVIN	2514	2763	7355	47.6	71.7
GRADY	3316	2984	8224	52.6	76.6
GRANT	2975	2081	5353	58.8	93.8
GREER	1774	918	3119	65.9	86.3
HARMON	721	576	1897	55.6	68.4
HARPER	1122	805	2310	58.2	83.4
HASKELL	1206	1449	5262	45.4	50.5
HUGHES	1434	2509	6666	36.4	59.2
JACKSON	2098	1560	4478	57.4	81.7
JEFFERSON	1643	1562	4409	51.3	72.7
JOHNSTON	1188	1404	4493	45.8	57.7
KAY	4510	4642	10794	49.3	84.8
KINGFISHER	2611	2138	5208	55.0	91.2
KIOWA	3123	1881	5676	62.4	88.2
LATIMER	1457	783	2970	65.0	75.4
LE FLORE	2834	2752	9125	50.7	61.2
LINCOLN	4520	2844	8943	61.4	82.3
LOGAN	3937	2387	7177	62.3	88.1
LOVE	814	1210	2523	40.2	80.2
MCCLAIN	1697	1424	4350	54.4	71.7
MCCURTAIN	1873	1633	4933	53.4	71.1
MCINTOSH	1668	1954	5273	46.1	68.7
MAJOR	1886	1085	3211	63.5	92.5
MARSHALL	1529	1001	3414	60.4	74.1
MAYES	1624	1410	4602	53.5	65.9
MURRAY	1328	984	3291	57.4	70.3
MUSKOGEE	4565	4608	11730	49.8	78.2
NOBLE	2422	1424	4194	63.0	91.7
NOWATA	1865	1480	4513	55.8	74.1
OKFUSKEE	1254	1216	3683	50.8	67.1
OKLAHOMA	16406	12285	34775	57.2	82.5
OKMULGEE	3951	3739	10536	51.4	73.0
OSAGE	4021	3084	8682	56.6	81.8
OTTAWA	3406	3414	9514	49.9	71.7
PAWNEE	2508	2057	5325	54.9	85.7
PAYNE	4860	2544	8749	65.6	84.6
PITTSBURG	4339	4055	11460	51.7	73.2
PONTOTOC	2008	2495	6430	44.6	70.0
POTTAWATOMIE	3586	3861	11378	48.2	65.5
PUSHMATAHA	1181	818	3504	59.1	57.0
ROGER MILLS	1607	775	2578	67.5	92.4
ROGERS	2545	1787	5549	58.7	78.1
SEMINOLE	1538	1347	5666	53.3	50.9
SEQUOYAH	1345	1747	5890	43.5	52.5
STEPHENS	2109	1821	5206	53.7	75.5
TEXAS	1733	1123	3284	60.7	87.0
TILLMAN	2719	1179	4375	69.8	89.1
TULSA	10654	8147	25169	56.7	74.7
WAGONER	1221	1040	2870	54.0	78.8
WASHINGTON	2627	3701	7119	41.5	88.9
WASHITA	2986	1046	4493	74.1	89.7
WOODS	2626	1554	4691	62.2	90.0
WOODWARD	1587	2111	4173	42.9	88.6

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
211017	164442	489933	56.2	76.6

TAXATION FOR SCHOOLS
GEN ELECT NOV 2. 20
INT PET 067 REJECT ST.Q. 099

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	1563	569	3771	73.3	56.5
ALFALFA	950	3155	4704	23.1	87.3
ATOKA	1899	1076	4893	63.8	60.8
BEAVER	1176	1404	3328	45.6	77.5
BECKHAM	2418	1229	4822	66.3	75.6
BLAINE	1521	1823	4595	45.5	72.8
BRYAN	3361	1624	8084	67.4	61.7
CADDO	3418	3062	9109	52.7	71.1
CANADIAN	1356	4682	8009	22.5	75.4
CARTER	3561	2028	10275	63.7	54.4
CHEROKEE	1719	669	4476	72.0	53.4
CHOCTAW	1879	1165	4979	61.7	61.1
CIMARRON	472	430	1167	52.3	77.3
CLEVELAND	2308	1326	5052	63.5	71.9
COAL	1957	1025	4024	65.6	74.1
COMANCHE	2764	2488	6889	52.6	76.2
COTTON	1700	1030	4298	62.3	63.5
CRAIG	1686	2280	6098	42.5	65.0
CREEK	3329	5861	14083	36.2	65.3
CUSTER	1633	3201	5910	33.8	81.8
DELAWARE	1946	679	3499	74.1	75.0
DEWEY	1254	1482	3390	45.8	80.7
ELLIS	874	1793	3013	32.6	88.5
GARFIELD	2708	6226	10833	30.3	82.5
GARVIN	3146	1669	7355	65.3	65.5
GRADY	3119	2624	8224	54.3	69.8
GRANT	1181	3666	5393	24.4	89.9
GREER	1874	533	3119	77.9	77.2
HARMON	975	296	1897	76.7	67.0
HARPER	767	1038	2310	42.5	78.1
HASKELL	2091	812	5262	72.0	55.2
HUGHES	1993	1935	6666	50.7	58.9
JACKSON	2457	776	4478	76.0	72.2
JEFFERSON	1256	1686	4409	42.7	66.7
JOHNSTON	1906	828	4493	69.7	60.9
KAY	2082	6526	10794	24.2	79.7
KINGFISHER	1744	2814	5208	38.3	87.5
KIOWA	2070	2026	5676	50.5	72.2
LATIMER	1433	666	2970	68.3	70.7
LE FLORE	2899	2890	9125	50.1	63.4
LINCOLN	2452	4152	8943	37.1	73.8
LOGAN	1848	3667	7177	33.5	76.8
LOVE	858	1178	2523	42.1	80.7
MCCLAIN	1854	1088	4350	63.0	67.6
MCCURTAIN	2195	1021	4933	68.3	65.2
MCINTOSH	2517	917	5273	73.3	65.1
MAJOR	996	1776	3211	35.9	86.3
MARSHALL	1732	563	3414	75.5	67.2
MAYES	1872	1179	4602	61.4	66.3
MURRAY	1507	593	3291	71.8	63.8
MUSKOGEE	3596	4410	11730	44.9	68.3
NOBLE	943	2690	4194	26.0	86.6
NOWATA	1132	1902	4513	37.3	67.2
OKFUSKEE	1349	1004	3683	57.3	63.9
OKLAHOMA	9373	15870	34775	37.1	72.6
OKMULGEE	3869	2622	10536	59.6	61.6
OSAGE	2797	3817	8682	42.3	76.2
OTTAWA	3496	2498	9514	58.3	63.0
PAWNEE	1517	2475	5325	38.0	75.0
PAYNE	2928	3507	8749	45.5	73.6
PITTSBURG	3894	4366	11460	47.1	72.1
PONTOTOC	2505	1749	6430	58.9	66.2
POTTAWATOMIE	3965	3379	11378	54.0	64.5
PUSHMATAHA	1362	505	3504	73.0	53.3
ROGER MILLS	1240	819	2578	60.2	79.9
ROGERS	1340	2249	5549	37.3	64.7
SEMINOLE	2082	809	5666	72.0	51.0
SEQUOYAH	2245	978	5890	69.7	54.7
STEPHENS	2345	1276	5206	64.8	69.6
TEXAS	1159	1235	3284	48.4	72.9
TILLMAN	1474	1786	4375	45.2	74.5
TULSA	6062	10330	25169	37.0	65.1
WAGONER	1066	875	2870	54.9	67.6
WASHINGTON	1369	4399	7119	23.7	81.0
WASHITA	1955	1420	4493	57.9	75.1
WOODS	1529	2343	4691	39.5	82.5
WOODWARD	878	2715	4173	24.4	86.1

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
163746	179254	489933	47.7	70.0

TABLE D-25

TAXATION FOR SCHOOLS
GEN ELECT NOV 2, 20
INT PET 072 REJECT ST.Q. 109

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	2213	504	3771	81.5	72.0
ALFALFA	524	3671	4704	12.5	89.2
ATOKA	1954	1143	4893	63.1	63.3
BEAVER	827	1849	3328	30.9	80.4
BECKHAM	2311	1403	4822	62.2	77.0
BLAINE	1261	2129	4595	37.2	73.8
BRYAN	4111	1555	8084	72.6	70.1
CADDO	2708	3682	9109	42.4	70.2
CANADIAN	1022	5038	8009	16.9	75.7
CARTER	3510	2051	10275	63.1	54.1
CHEROKEE	1726	695	4476	71.3	54.1
CHOCTAW	3254	613	4979	84.1	77.7
CIMARRON	272	686	1167	28.4	82.1
CLEVELAND	2014	1609	5052	55.6	71.7
COAL	2223	874	4024	71.8	77.0
COMANCHE	2297	2781	6889	45.2	73.7
COTTON	1929	1123	4298	63.2	71.0
CRAIG	1460	2459	6098	37.3	64.3
CREEK	3662	5400	14083	40.4	64.3
CUSTER	938	3895	5910	19.4	81.8
DELAWARE	1642	836	3499	66.3	70.8
DEWEY	681	1995	3390	25.4	78.9
ELLIS	301	2547	3013	10.6	94.5
GARFIELD	1989	6985	10833	22.2	82.8
GARVIN	3600	1560	7355	69.8	70.2
GRADY	3093	2731	8224	53.1	70.8
GRANT	523	4397	5393	10.6	91.2
GREER	1737	640	3119	73.1	76.2
HARMON	1093	318	1897	77.5	74.4
HARPER	377	1448	2310	20.7	79.0
HASKELL	3303	242	5262	93.2	67.4
HUGHES	3366	1220	6666	73.4	68.8
JACKSON	2902	744	4478	79.6	81.4
JEFFERSON	1061	1903	4409	35.8	67.2
JOHNSTON	2556	793	4493	76.3	74.5
KAY	1848	7050	10794	20.8	82.4
KINGFISHER	952	3410	5208	21.8	83.8
KIOWA	1990	2162	5676	47.9	73.2
LATIMER	2076	460	2970	81.9	85.4
LE FLORE	5946	1187	9125	83.4	78.2
LINCOLN	1869	4656	8943	28.6	73.0
LOGAN	1465	4031	7177	26.7	76.6
LOVE	761	1298	2523	37.0	91.6
MCCLAIN	1867	1198	4350	60.9	70.5
MCCURTAIN	3846	667	4933	85.2	91.5
MCINTOSH	2605	944	5273	73.4	67.3
MAJOR	485	2337	3211	17.2	87.9
MARSHALL	2064	626	3414	76.7	78.8
MAYES	1691	1402	4602	54.7	67.2
MURRAY	1779	574	3291	75.6	71.5
MUSKOGEE	2967	5056	11730	37.0	68.4
NOBLE	602	2954	4194	16.9	84.8
NOWATA	1381	1679	4513	45.1	67.8
OKFUSKEE	1272	1055	3683	54.7	63.2
OKLAHOMA	8658	16024	34775	35.1	71.0
OKMULGEE	3774	2549	10536	59.7	60.0
OSAGE	2428	4168	8682	36.8	76.0
OTTAWA	3950	2403	9514	62.2	66.8
PAWNEE	1275	2783	5325	31.4	76.2
PAYNE	2558	3738	8749	40.6	72.0
PITTSBURG	6948	2478	11460	73.7	82.3
PONTOTOC	2369	1814	6430	56.6	65.1
POTTAWATOMIE	5644	2619	11378	68.3	72.6
PUSHMATAHA	2904	332	3504	89.7	92.4
ROGER MILLS	896	1185	2578	42.8	80.3
ROGERS	1181	2401	5549	33.0	64.6
SEMINOLE	3797	594	5666	86.5	77.5
SEQUOYAH	2814	900	5890	75.8	63.1
STEPHENS	2092	1401	5206	59.9	67.1
TEXAS	894	1563	3284	36.4	74.8
TILLMAN	1038	2182	4375	32.2	73.6
TULSA	5618	10482	25169	34.9	64.0
WAGONER	987	920	2870	51.8	66.4
WASHINGTON	1571	4417	7119	26.2	84.1
WASHITA	1372	1904	4493	41.9	72.9
WOODS	1013	2862	4691	26.1	82.6
WOODWARD	542	3086	4173	14.9	86.9

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
170219	187070	489933	47.6	72.9

NON-PROFIT INSURANCE CO.
GEN ELECT NOV 2, 20
LEG REF 038 REJECT ST.Q. 111

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	1199	567	3771	67.9	46.8
ALFALFA	1445	2433	4704	37.3	82.4
ATOKA	1339	1332	4893	50.1	54.6
BEAVER	1102	1279	3328	46.3	71.5
BECKHAM	1764	1537	4822	53.4	68.5
BLAINE	1733	1534	4595	53.0	71.1
BRYAN	2444	1950	8084	55.6	54.4
CADDO	3004	3174	9109	48.6	67.8
CANADIAN	2112	3601	8009	37.0	71.3
CARTER	2871	2418	10275	54.3	51.5
CHEROKEE	1019	780	4476	56.6	40.2
CHOCTAW	1630	1116	4979	59.4	55.2
CIMARRON	454	394	1167	53.5	72.7
CLEVELAND	1699	1541	5052	52.4	64.1
COAL	1546	1074	4024	59.0	65.1
COMANCHE	2368	2410	6889	49.6	69.4
COTTON	1273	1181	4298	51.9	57.1
CRAIG	1555	2171	6098	41.7	61.1
CREEK	4225	4510	14083	48.4	62.1
CUSTER	1802	2823	5910	39.0	78.3
DELAWARE	802	878	3499	47.7	48.0
DEWEY	1078	1442	3390	42.8	74.3
ELLIS	1061	1476	3013	41.8	84.2
GARFIELD	3619	5002	10833	42.0	79.6
GARVIN	2014	2428	7355	45.3	60.4
GRADY	2805	2572	8224	52.2	65.4
GRANT	1690	2937	5393	36.5	85.8
GREER	1439	801	3119	64.2	71.8
HARMON	397	473	1897	45.6	45.9
HARPER	736	921	2310	44.4	71.7
HASKELL	1499	790	5262	65.5	43.5
HUGHES	1589	1582	6666	50.1	47.6
JACKSON	1648	1197	4478	57.9	63.5
JEFFERSON	1153	1506	4409	43.4	60.3
JOHNSTON	1142	1337	4493	46.1	55.2
KAY	3588	4768	10794	42.9	77.4
KINGFISHER	2243	2062	5208	52.1	82.7
KIOWA	1998	1818	5676	52.4	67.2
LATIMER	1204	609	2970	66.4	61.0
LE FLORE	2668	2287	9125	53.8	54.3
LINCOLN	2554	3855	8943	39.9	71.7
LOGAN	2445	3028	7177	44.7	76.3
LOVE	420	1440	2523	22.6	73.7
MCCLAIN	1084	1659	4350	39.5	63.1
MCCURTAIN	1668	1217	4933	57.8	59.5
MCINTOSH	1582	1452	5273	52.1	57.5
MAJOR	1215	1435	3211	45.8	82.5
MARSHALL	1092	990	3414	52.4	61.0
MAYES	1400	1284	4602	52.2	58.3
MURRAY	979	880	3291	52.7	56.5
MUSKOGEE	4151	3658	11730	53.2	66.6
NOBLE	1569	1888	4194	45.4	82.4
NOWATA	1394	1447	4513	49.1	63.0
OKFUSKEE	1002	1130	3683	47.0	57.9
OKLAHOMA	10997	12107	34775	47.6	66.4
OKMULGEE	3767	2162	10536	63.5	56.3
OSAGE	3352	3008	8682	52.7	73.3
OTTAWA	2855	2793	9514	50.5	59.4
PAWNEE	1805	2176	5325	45.3	74.8
PAYNE	3226	3035	8749	51.5	71.6
PITTSBURG	3738	3192	11460	53.9	60.5
PONTOTOC	1785	2046	6430	46.6	59.6
POTTAWATOMIE	3167	3337	11378	48.7	57.2
PUSHMATAHA	818	784	3504	51.1	45.7
ROGER MILLS	935	950	2578	49.6	73.1
ROGERS	1615	1944	5549	45.4	64.1
SEMINOLE	1521	955	5666	61.4	43.7
SEQUOYAH	1336	1379	5890	49.2	46.1
STEPHENS	1810	1446	5206	55.6	62.5
TEXAS	1131	1085	3284	51.0	67.5
TILLMAN	1574	1518	4375	50.9	70.7
TULSA	8408	6637	25169	55.9	59.8
WAGONER	918	896	2870	50.6	63.2
WASHINGTON	3143	2621	7119	54.5	81.0
WASHITA	1538	1515	4493	50.4	69.0
WOODS	1641	1940	4691	45.8	76.3
WOODWARD	1276	2195	4173	36.8	83.2

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
155872	159795	489933	49.4	64.4

TABLE D-26

LEGISLATOR PAY RAISE
GEN ELECT NOV 2, 20
LEG REF 039 REJECT ST.Q. 112

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	924	637	3771	59.2	41.4
ALFALFA	1000	2788	4704	26.4	80.5
ATOKA	975	1385	4893	41.3	48.2
BEAVER	797	1629	3328	32.9	72.9
BECKHAM	1326	1774	4822	42.8	64.3
BLAINE	1009	1968	4595	33.9	64.8
BRYAN	2059	2056	8084	50.0	50.9
CADDO	2040	3684	9109	35.6	62.8
CANADIAN	1446	3669	8009	27.2	66.4
CARTER	2858	2023	10275	58.6	47.5
CHEROKEE	808	819	4476	49.7	36.3
CHOCTAW	1302	1337	4979	49.3	53.0
CIMARRON	301	539	1167	35.8	72.0
CLEVELAND	1377	1707	5052	44.6	61.0
COAL	1327	1170	4024	53.1	62.1
COMANCHE	1943	2675	6889	42.1	67.0
COTTON	1009	1410	4298	41.7	56.3
CRAIG	1206	2318	6098	34.2	57.8
CREEK	3625	4276	14083	45.9	56.1
CUSTER	1333	3065	5910	30.3	74.4
DELAWARE	596	1057	3499	36.1	47.2
DEWEY	684	1588	3390	30.1	67.0
ELLIS	542	1893	3013	22.3	80.8
GARFIELD	2951	5299	10833	35.8	76.2
GARVIN	1810	2337	7355	43.6	56.4
GRADY	2261	2857	8224	44.2	62.2
GRANT	813	3687	5393	18.1	83.4
GREER	1026	1028	3119	50.0	65.9
HARMON	647	421	1897	60.6	56.3
HARPER	515	1147	2310	31.0	71.9
HASKELL	1044	898	5262	53.8	36.9
HUGHES	1405	1615	6666	46.5	45.3
JACKSON	1367	1448	4478	48.6	62.9
JEFFERSON	779	1731	4409	31.0	56.9
JOHNSTON	891	1164	4493	43.4	45.7
KAY	2485	5506	10794	31.1	74.0
KINGFISHER	1290	2840	5208	31.2	79.3
KIOWA	1383	2236	5676	38.2	63.8
LATIMER	1081	665	2970	61.9	58.8
LE FLORE	2154	2266	9125	48.7	48.4
LINCOLN	1450	4560	8943	24.1	67.2
LOGAN	1279	3834	7177	25.0	71.2
LOVE	413	1414	2523	22.6	72.4
MCCLAIN	998	1535	4350	39.4	58.2
MCCURTAIN	1588	1186	4933	57.2	56.2
MCINTOSH	1341	1494	5273	47.3	53.8
MAJOR	710	1830	3211	28.0	79.1
MARSHALL	1017	848	3414	54.5	54.6
MAYES	1033	1510	4602	40.6	55.3
MURRAY	805	860	3291	48.3	50.6
MUSKOGEE	3625	3636	11730	49.9	61.9
NOBLE	946	2335	4194	28.8	78.2
NOWATA	1129	1508	4513	42.8	58.4
OKFUSKEE	831	1157	3683	41.8	54.0
OKLAHOMA	9833	12476	34775	44.1	64.2
OKMULGEE	3379	2341	10536	59.1	54.3
OSAGE	2862	3054	8682	48.4	68.1
OTTAWA	2453	2689	9514	47.7	54.0
PAWNEE	1384	2389	5325	36.7	70.9
PAYNE	2250	3638	8749	38.2	67.3
PITTSBURG	3362	3071	11460	52.3	56.1
PONTOTOC	1480	2151	6430	40.8	56.5
POTTAWATOMIE	2396	3743	11378	39.0	54.0
PUSHMATAHA	682	839	3504	44.8	43.4
ROGER MILLS	624	1218	2578	33.9	71.5
ROGERS	1259	1966	5549	39.0	58.1
SEMINOLE	921	1269	5666	42.1	38.7
SEQUOYAH	1147	1354	5890	45.9	42.5
STEPHENS	1460	1709	5206	46.1	60.9
TEXAS	1019	1166	3284	46.6	66.5
TILLMAN	1218	1786	4375	40.5	68.7
TULSA	7724	6766	25169	53.3	57.6
WAGONER	726	941	2870	43.6	58.1
WASHINGTON	2749	2570	7119	51.7	74.7
WASHITA	940	2038	4493	31.6	66.3
WOODS	1189	2305	4691	34.0	74.5
WOODWARD	883	2344	4173	27.4	77.3

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
123494	174342	489933	41.5	60.8

INCREASE TAX LEVY
SP PRI AUG 1, 22
LEG REF 040 REJECT ST.Q. 114

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	597	1501	2785	28.5	75.3
ALFALFA	689	1510	2565	31.3	85.7
ATOKA	967	2773	4857	25.9	77.0
BEAVER	468	1178	1570	28.4	104.8
BECKHAM	1534	2768	4650	35.7	92.5
BLAINE	1029	1922	2877	34.9	102.6
BRYAN	2685	4192	8410	39.0	81.8
CADDO	1904	3681	5713	34.1	97.8
CANADIAN	1604	3137	4931	33.8	96.1
CARTER	4073	5001	10279	44.9	88.3
CHEROKEE	872	3119	3949	21.8	101.1
CHOCTAW	1368	1286	4936	51.5	53.8
CIMARRON	248	994	1137	20.0	109.2
CLEVELAND	1976	2298	4526	46.2	94.4
COAL	1550	2224	3965	41.1	95.2
COMANCHE	1951	2537	4672	43.5	96.1
COTTON	1129	1429	2770	44.1	92.3
CRAIG	1125	2076	3397	35.1	94.2
CREEK	4686	3517	8719	57.1	94.1
CUSTER	1214	2114	3362	36.5	99.0
DELAWARE	646	2043	2738	24.0	98.2
DEWEY	329	1074	1537	23.4	91.3
ELLIS	473	1437	1775	24.8	107.6
GARFIELD	3220	4006	7184	44.6	100.6
GARVIN	1715	2953	5021	36.7	93.0
GRADY	2240	3264	5902	40.7	93.3
GRANT	898	1798	2631	33.3	102.5
GREER	1053	2122	3392	33.2	93.6
HARMON	773	1196	2444	39.3	80.6
HARPER	378	1058	1423	26.3	100.9
HASKELL	1371	1589	3244	46.3	91.2
HUGHES	2081	2336	4883	47.1	90.5
JACKSON	1823	2325	4409	43.9	94.1
JEFFERSON	1389	2265	3765	38.0	97.1
JOHNSTON	1258	2449	3985	33.9	93.0
KAY	3223	3205	6536	50.1	98.3
KINGFISHER	1079	2694	3604	28.6	104.7
KIOWA	1700	2580	4510	39.7	94.9
LATIMER	1073	1479	2643	42.0	96.6
LE FLORE	1497	2514	7155	37.3	56.1
LINCOLN	1424	3815	5318	27.2	98.5
LOGAN	1985	3033	4886	39.6	102.7
LOVE	515	1917	2612	21.2	93.1
MCCLAIN	1353	1682	3150	44.6	96.3
MCCURTAIN	1169	1652	4495	41.4	62.8
MCINTOSH	950	2406	3459	28.3	97.0
MAJOR	690	1409	1928	32.9	108.9
MARSHALL	1202	1524	3058	44.1	89.1
MAYES	739	2215	3139	25.0	94.1
MURRAY	1231	1126	2533	52.2	93.1
MUSKOGEE	3889	4887	10223	44.3	85.8
NOBLE	917	1938	2904	32.1	98.3
NOWATA	1013	1839	2760	35.5	103.3
OKFUSKEE	696	739	2665	48.5	53.8
OKLAHOMA	11325	12828	26936	46.9	89.7
OKMULGEE	3684	3231	8772	53.3	78.8
OSAGE	2880	2025	5031	58.7	97.5
OTTAWA	2703	2879	6668	48.4	83.7
PAWNEE	1041	1313	2372	44.2	99.2
PAYNE	2233	2629	5652	45.9	86.0
PITTSBURG	5006	4348	9480	53.5	98.7
PONTOTOC	2590	3465	6437	42.8	94.1
POTTAWATOMIE	2929	4367	7662	40.1	95.2
PUSHMATAHA	891	1830	2919	32.7	93.2
ROGER MILLS	523	1169	1690	30.9	100.1
ROGERS	1181	1770	3067	40.0	96.2
SEMINOLE	1306	2051	3766	38.9	89.1
SEQUOYAH	1756	2395	4831	42.3	85.9
STEPHENS	2244	2555	6007	46.8	79.9
TEXAS	743	1363	1994	35.3	105.6
TILLMAN	1064	1786	3196	37.3	89.2
TULSA	8946	6752	16029	57.0	97.9
WAGONER	705	1202	2242	37.0	85.1
WASHINGTON	1583	1859	3327	46.0	103.5
WASHITA	879	2210	3572	28.5	86.5
WOODS	856	1772	2619	32.6	100.3
WOODWARD	1918	155	2302	92.5	90.1

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
136647	189780	358552	41.9	91.0

TABLE D-27

SOLDIER BONUS
GEN ELECT NOV 7, 22
INT PET 076 REJECT ST.Q. 116

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	2656	1425	4568	65.1	89.3
ALFALFA	2449	2177	4829	52.9	95.8
ATOKA	3913	1673	5663	70.1	98.6
BEAVER	1598	1610	3433	49.8	93.4
BECKHAM	2680	2259	5032	52.3	94.2
BLAINE	2757	2335	5276	54.1	96.5
BRYAN	4964	2915	8247	63.0	95.5
CADDO	4867	4491	10020	52.0	93.4
CANADIAN	3368	3834	7653	46.8	94.1
CARTER	5337	4193	10154	56.0	93.9
CHEROKEE	2974	2294	5737	56.5	91.8
CHOCTAW	2829	2573	5636	52.4	95.8
CIMARRON	595	926	1573	39.1	96.7
CLEVELAND	2685	2673	5473	50.1	97.9
COAL	2517	1558	4120	61.8	98.9
COMANCHE	3952	2727	7061	59.2	94.6
COTTON	2446	1575	4120	60.8	97.6
CRAIG	2258	2955	5519	43.3	94.5
CREEK	8015	6308	15557	56.0	92.1
CUSTER	2615	3429	6292	43.3	96.1
DELAWARE	1752	1386	3848	55.8	81.5
DEWEY	1647	1839	3692	47.2	94.4
ELLIS	1535	1382	3069	52.6	95.0
GARFIELD	6142	6103	12762	50.2	95.9
GARVIN	4140	2398	7002	63.3	93.4
GRADY	4076	3817	8109	51.6	97.3
GRANT	2277	2640	5221	46.3	94.2
GREER	1643	1432	3219	53.4	95.5
HARMON	938	1186	2235	44.2	95.0
HARPER	1375	1139	2550	54.7	98.6
HASKELL	3033	2068	5398	59.5	94.5
HUGHES	4196	1919	6210	68.6	98.5
JACKSON	2341	1846	4245	55.9	98.6
JEFFERSON	2007	1632	3969	55.2	91.7
JOHNSTON	3010	1476	4749	67.1	94.5
KAY	4590	5560	10305	45.2	98.5
KINGFISHER	2821	2514	5469	52.9	97.5
KIOWA	2989	2981	6293	50.1	94.9
LATIMER	2090	1252	3626	62.5	92.2
LE FLORE	5987	2454	9164	70.9	92.1
LINCOLN	3704	4310	8223	46.2	97.5
LOGAN	3525	4252	8298	45.3	93.7
LOVE	1666	732	2486	69.5	96.5
MCCLAIN	2248	1510	4002	59.8	93.9
MCCURTAIN	2146	2043	4684	51.2	89.4
MCINTOSH	2545	1746	4500	59.3	95.4
MAJOR	1324	1676	2998	44.1	100.1
MARSHALL	1993	1087	3113	64.7	98.9
MAYES	2166	2477	5049	46.7	92.0
MURRAY	1955	1053	3297	65.0	91.2
MUSKOGEE	4903	7837	13029	38.5	97.8
NOBLE	1301	3137	4649	29.3	95.5
NOWATA	2562	1724	4512	59.8	95.0
OKFUSKEE	2901	1382	4789	67.7	89.4
OKLAHOMA	20384	21877	45254	48.2	93.4
OKMULGEE	4051	5710	11977	41.5	81.5
OSAGE	4412	3047	9239	59.2	80.7
OTTAWA	3773	4137	8174	47.7	96.8
PAWNEE	2848	2570	5696	52.6	95.1
PAYNE	4016	5527	9703	42.1	98.4
PITTSBURG	7088	5147	12933	57.9	94.6
PONTOTOC	4109	2926	7532	58.4	93.4
POTTAWATOMIE	6093	5246	12145	53.7	93.4
PUSHMATAHA	1511	1361	3566	52.6	80.5
ROGER MILLS	1386	1224	2721	53.1	95.9
ROGERS	2507	2751	5484	47.7	95.9
SEMINOLE	3614	1844	5798	66.2	94.1
SEQUOYAH	2943	2908	6460	50.3	90.6
STEPHENS	4227	2714	7323	60.9	94.8
TEXAS	2054	1709	3842	54.6	97.9
TILLMAN	2351	2079	4759	53.1	93.1
TULSA	9254	13841	24755	40.1	93.3
WAGONER	1725	1634	3612	51.4	93.0
WASHINGTON	2143	4186	6610	33.9	95.7
WASHITA	2141	2480	4832	46.3	95.6
WOODS	2413	2206	3856	52.2	119.8
WOODWARD	2041	1865	3564	52.3	109.6

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
255887	234909	520562	52.1	94.3

CONVENING LEGISLATURE
SP ELECT OCT 2, 23
INT PET 079 ADOPT ST.Q. 119

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	1085	456	1750	70.4	88.1
ALFALFA	2331	626	3034	78.8	97.5
ATOKA	985	973	2023	50.3	96.8
BEAVER	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
BECKHAM	1976	804	2941	71.1	94.5
BLAINE	1880	1083	3081	63.4	96.2
BRYAN	1631	218	1946	88.2	94.9
CADDO	3900	1951	5907	66.7	99.1
CANADIAN	3173	1171	4426	73.0	98.1
CARTER	5084	1505	6817	77.2	96.7
CHEROKEE	494	286	805	63.3	96.9
CHOCTAW	1611	950	2650	62.9	96.6
CIMARRON	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
CLEVELAND	2357	795	3331	74.8	94.6
COAL	1330	558	2233	70.4	84.5
COMANCHE	3615	864	4646	80.7	96.4
COTTON	2048	704	2851	74.4	96.5
CRAIG	1426	819	2254	63.5	99.6
CREEK	8397	2104	11885	80.0	88.4
CUSTER	2484	936	3582	72.6	95.5
DELAWARE	467	317	846	59.6	92.7
DEWEY	1129	422	1628	72.8	95.3
ELLIS	588	461	1110	56.1	94.5
GARFIELD	5970	1655	7866	78.3	96.9
GARVIN	2428	717	3330	77.2	94.4
GRADY	4361	982	5353	81.6	99.8
GRANT	2072	848	2986	71.0	97.8
GREER	630	1765	2430	26.3	98.6
HARMON	848	560	1434	60.2	98.2
HARPER	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
HASKELL	2530	1211	3866	67.6	96.3
HUGHES	1845	1371	3237	57.4	99.4
JACKSON	2436	869	3607	73.7	91.6
JEFFERSON	592	121	799	83.0	89.2
JOHNSTON	266	26	303	91.1	96.4
KAY	6436	1280	7897	83.4	97.7
KINGFISHER	1865	1231	3098	60.2	99.9
KIOWA	2581	996	3649	72.2	98.0
LATIMER	1006	484	1582	67.5	94.2
LE FLORE	3350	1321	4694	71.7	95.4
LINCOLN	2864	1378	4429	67.5	95.8
LOGAN	3054	1077	4237	73.9	97.5
LOVE	734	914	1723	44.5	95.6
MCCLAIN	1530	524	2057	74.5	99.9
MCCURTAIN	1687	560	2340	75.1	96.0
MCINTOSH	1669	548	2401	75.3	92.3
MAJOR	504	1134	1807	30.8	90.6
MARSHALL	908	873	1884	51.0	94.5
MAYES	1466	460	1930	76.1	99.8
MURRAY	1220	318	1681	79.3	91.5
MUSKOGEE	6367	884	7358	87.8	98.5
NOBLE	2103	744	2751	73.9	103.5
NOWATA	1345	536	2039	71.5	92.3
OKFUSKEE	1572	601	2256	72.3	96.3
OKLAHOMA	23147	4120	27705	84.9	98.4
OKMULGEE	5496	1073	6733	83.7	97.6
OSAGE	3901	1077	5020	78.4	99.2
OTTAWA	2682	1375	4192	66.1	96.8
PAWNEE	2655	945	3687	73.8	97.6
PAYNE	5277	1313	6771	80.1	97.3
PITTSBURG	4417	1993	6774	68.9	94.6
PONTOTOC	2763	1682	4714	62.2	94.3
POTTAWATOMIE	3890	1013	5131	79.3	95.6
PUSHMATAHA	961	361	1388	72.7	95.2
ROGER MILLS	803	319	1186	71.6	94.6
ROGERS	1668	716	2402	70.0	99.3
SEMINOLE	1234	715	1989	63.3	98.0
SEQUOYAH	1570	649	2494	70.8	89.0
STEPHENS	3812	1168	5169	76.5	96.3
TEXAS	1252	475	1830	72.5	94.4
TILLMAN	3134	403	3635	88.6	97.3
TULSA	18141	2988	21157	85.9	99.9
WAGONER	968	633	1694	60.5	94.5
WASHINGTON	3300	941	4280	77.8	99.1
WASHITA	1442	985	2577	59.4	94.2
WOODS	1623	1032	2753	61.1	96.4
WOODWARD	1086	671	1827	61.8	96.2

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
209452	70638	290100	74.8	96.5

TABLE D-28

WORKMANDS COMPENSATION
SP ELECT OCT 2, 23
LEG REF 041 REJECT ST.Q. 121

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	952	413	1750	69.7	78.0
ALFALFA	1160	1599	3034	42.0	90.9
ATOKA	849	957	2023	47.0	89.3
BEAVER	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
BECKHAM	1262	1259	2941	50.1	85.7
BLAINE	1381	1402	3081	49.6	90.3
BRYAN	868	586	1948	59.7	74.6
CADDO	2442	2939	5907	45.4	91.1
CANADIAN	1903	2153	4426	46.9	91.6
CARTER	3944	2179	6817	64.4	89.8
CHEROKEE	402	342	805	54.0	92.4
CHOCTAW	1065	1152	2650	48.0	83.7
CIMARRON	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
CLEVELAND	1444	1414	3331	50.5	85.8
COAL	917	733	2233	55.6	73.9
COMANCHE	2160	1822	4646	54.2	85.7
COTTON	1316	1026	2851	56.2	82.1
CRAIG	574	1446	2254	28.4	89.6
CREEK	6810	2928	11885	69.9	81.9
CUSTER	1338	1722	3582	43.7	85.4
DELAWARE	358	363	846	49.7	85.2
DEWEY	668	760	1628	46.8	87.7
ELLIS	413	568	1110	42.1	88.4
GARFIELD	3712	4107	7866	47.5	99.4
GARVIN	1298	1315	3330	49.7	78.5
GRADY	2372	2477	5353	48.9	90.6
GRANT	895	1887	2986	32.2	93.2
GREER	1042	1096	2430	48.7	88.0
HARMON	393	861	1434	30.8	86.8
HARPER	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
HASKELL	2152	1144	3886	65.3	84.8
HUGHES	1140	1685	3237	40.4	87.3
JACKSON	1381	1458	3607	48.6	78.7
JEFFERSON	306	304	799	50.2	76.3
JOHNSTON	149	81	303	64.8	75.9
KAY	4431	2738	7897	61.8	90.8
KINGFISHER	1193	1758	3098	40.4	95.3
KIOWA	1310	1737	3649	43.0	83.5
LATIMER	782	547	1582	58.8	84.0
LE FLORE	2891	1341	4894	68.3	86.5
LINCOLN	1691	2269	4429	42.7	89.4
LOGAN	1935	1911	4237	50.3	90.8
LOVE	646	852	1723	43.1	86.9
MCCLAIN	938	889	2057	51.3	88.8
MCCURTAIN	1227	738	2340	62.4	84.0
MCINTOSH	1118	904	2401	55.3	84.2
MAJOR	735	911	1807	44.7	91.1
MARSHALL	767	781	1884	49.5	82.2
MAYES	692	1019	1930	40.4	98.7
MURRAY	880	429	1681	67.2	77.9
MUSKOGEE	3123	3437	7358	47.6	89.2
NOBLE	1211	1413	2751	46.2	95.4
NOWATA	1175	589	2039	66.6	86.5
OKFUSKEE	890	966	2256	48.0	82.3
OKLAHOMA	13253	13670	27705	49.2	97.2
OKMULGEE	3770	2051	6733	64.8	86.5
OSAGE	3319	1264	5020	72.4	91.3
OTTAWA	2176	1716	4192	55.9	92.8
PAWNEE	1952	1387	3687	58.5	90.6
PAYNE	3672	2379	6771	60.7	89.4
PITTSBURG	3100	2611	6774	54.3	84.3
PONTOTOC	1697	2126	4714	44.4	81.1
POTTAWATOMIE	2201	2085	5131	51.4	83.5
PUSHMATAHA	780	419	1388	65.1	86.4
ROGER MILLS	524	498	1186	51.3	86.2
ROGERS	1050	1127	2402	48.2	90.6
SEMINOLE	978	800	1989	55.0	89.4
SEQUOYAH	1395	678	2494	67.1	82.7
STEPHENS	2855	1574	5169	64.5	85.7
TEXAS	1048	617	1830	62.9	91.0
TILLMAN	1576	1400	3635	53.0	81.9
TULSA	9513	8444	21157	53.0	84.9
WAGONER	611	862	1694	41.5	87.0
WASHINGTON	2142	1878	4280	53.3	93.9
WASHITA	821	1386	2577	37.2	85.6
WOODS	1121	1435	2753	43.9	92.8
WOODWARD	725	947	1827	43.4	91.5

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
134960	120761	290100	52.8	88.1

OFFICE QUALIFICATIONS
SP ELECT OCT 2, 23
LEG REF 042 ADOPT ST.Q. 122

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	1099	333	1750	76.7	81.8
ALFALFA	1936	886	3034	68.6	93.0
ATOKA	896	917	2023	49.4	89.6
BEAVER	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
BECKHAM	1689	909	2941	65.0	88.3
BLAINE	1827	1000	3081	64.6	91.8
BRYAN	1171	394	1948	74.8	80.3
CADDO	3357	2217	5907	60.2	94.4
CANADIAN	2654	1476	4426	64.3	93.3
CARTER	4458	1701	6817	72.4	90.3
CHEROKEE	519	233	805	69.0	93.4
CHOCTAW	1466	871	2650	62.7	88.2
CIMARRON	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
CLEVELAND	1906	1092	3331	63.6	90.0
COAL	1093	605	2233	64.4	76.0
COMANCHE	2939	1154	4646	71.8	88.1
COTTON	1721	737	2851	70.0	86.2
CRAIG	1015	1063	2254	48.8	92.2
CREEK	7356	2444	11885	75.1	82.5
CUSTER	2053	1120	3582	64.7	88.6
DELAWARE	435	316	846	57.9	88.8
DEWEY	1031	446	1628	69.8	90.7
ELLIS	665	386	1110	63.3	94.7
GARFIELD	4697	2718	7866	63.3	94.3
GARVIN	1742	960	3330	64.5	81.1
GRADY	3448	1616	5353	68.1	94.6
GRANT	1750	1052	2986	62.5	93.8
GREER	750	1470	2430	33.8	91.4
HARMON	653	634	1434	50.7	89.7
HARPER	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
HASKELL	2568	809	3886	76.0	86.9
HUGHES	1483	1457	3237	50.4	90.8
JACKSON	1980	1027	3607	65.8	83.4
JEFFERSON	480	169	799	74.0	81.2
JOHNSTON	181	67	303	73.0	81.8
KAY	5683	1727	7897	76.7	93.8
KINGFISHER	1662	1322	3098	55.7	96.3
KIOWA	1940	1246	3649	60.9	87.3
LATIMER	869	472	1582	64.8	84.8
LE FLORE	3285	998	4894	76.7	87.5
LINCOLN	2169	1918	4429	53.1	92.3
LOGAN	2585	1357	4237	65.6	93.0
LOVE	799	721	1723	52.6	88.2
MCCLAIN	1280	598	2057	68.2	91.3
MCCURTAIN	1459	559	2340	72.3	86.2
MCINTOSH	1467	626	2401	70.1	87.2
MAJOR	1163	546	1807	68.1	94.6
MARSHALL	945	707	1884	57.2	87.7
MAYES	1057	666	1930	61.3	89.3
MURRAY	1010	353	1681	74.1	81.1
MUSKOGEE	4343	2377	7358	64.6	91.3
NOBLE	1679	1016	2751	62.3	98.0
NOWATA	1299	492	2039	72.5	87.8
OKFUSKEE	1178	751	2256	61.1	85.5
OKLAHOMA	16917	8336	27705	67.0	91.1
OKMULGEE	4729	1395	6733	77.2	91.0
OSAGE	3560	1027	5020	77.6	91.4
OTTAWA	2616	1303	4192	66.8	93.5
PAWNEE	2334	1045	3687	69.1	91.6
PAYNE	4364	1806	6771	70.7	91.1
PITTSBURG	3854	1973	6774	66.1	86.0
PONTOTOC	2256	1698	4714	57.1	83.9
POTTAWATOMIE	3215	1287	5131	71.4	87.7
PUSHMATAHA	900	309	1388	74.4	87.1
ROGER MILLS	785	311	1186	71.6	92.4
ROGERS	1396	818	2402	63.1	92.2
SEMINOLE	1163	657	1989	63.9	91.5
SEQUOYAH	1549	593	2494	72.3	85.9
STEPHENS	3358	1257	5169	72.8	89.3
TEXAS	1425	308	1830	82.2	94.7
TILLMAN	2440	764	3635	76.2	88.1
TULSA	11961	6174	21157	66.0	85.7
WAGONER	858	635	1694	57.5	88.1
WASHINGTON	2574	1499	4280	63.2	95.2
WASHITA	1336	979	2577	57.7	89.8
WOODS	1667	939	2753	64.0	94.7
WOODWARD	1115	601	1827	65.0	93.9

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
173262	86445	290100	66.7	89.5

TABLE D-29

VETERANS' BENEFITS
SP ELECT OCT 2, 23
LEG REF 043 REJECT ST.Q. 123

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	1247	412	1750	75.2	94.8
ALFALFA	1351	1473	3034	47.8	93.1
ATOKA	783	986	2023	44.3	87.4
BEAVER	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
BECKHAM	1136	1538	2941	42.5	90.9
BLAINE	1402	1436	3081	49.4	92.1
BRYAN	810	778	1948	51.0	81.5
CADDO	2412	3147	5907	43.4	94.1
CANADIAN	1558	2575	4426	37.7	93.4
CARTER	2739	3479	6817	44.0	91.2
CHEROKEE	367	388	805	48.6	93.8
CHOCTAW	980	1375	2650	41.6	88.9
CIMARRON	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
CLEVELAND	1266	1663	3331	43.2	87.9
COAL	645	1020	2233	38.7	74.6
COMANCHE	1977	2209	4646	47.2	90.1
COTTON	1400	1121	2851	55.5	88.4
CRAIG	599	1475	2254	28.9	92.0
CREEK	5824	3962	11885	59.5	82.3
CUSTER	1387	1789	3582	43.7	88.7
DELAWARE	339	421	846	44.6	89.8
DEWEY	722	782	1628	48.0	92.4
ELLIS	528	522	1110	50.3	94.6
GARFIELD	2844	4576	7866	38.3	94.3
GARVIN	1293	1500	3330	46.3	83.9
GRADY	2076	3001	5353	40.9	94.8
GRANT	1211	1682	2986	41.9	96.9
GREER	1289	981	2430	56.8	93.4
HARMON	358	943	1434	27.5	90.7
HARPER	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
HASKELL	2322	1193	3886	66.1	90.5
HUGHES	1258	1728	3237	42.1	92.2
JACKSON	1319	1702	3607	43.7	83.8
JEFFERSON	353	323	799	52.2	84.6
JOHNSTON	125	123	383	50.6	82.2
KAY	3768	3521	7897	51.7	92.3
KINGFISHER	1273	1789	3098	41.6	98.8
KIOWA	1326	1929	3649	40.7	89.2
LATIMER	566	805	1582	41.3	86.7
LE FLORE	3084	1368	4894	69.3	91.0
LINCOLN	1623	2495	4429	39.4	93.0
LOGAN	1587	2344	4237	40.4	92.8
LOVE	696	858	1723	44.8	90.2
MCCLAIN	923	1009	2057	47.8	93.9
MCCURTAIN	1111	965	2340	53.5	88.7
MCINTOSH	1030	1072	2401	49.0	87.5
MAJOR	1245	492	1807	71.7	96.1
MARSHALL	797	872	1884	47.8	88.6
MAYES	602	1143	1930	34.5	90.4
MURRAY	810	593	1681	57.7	83.5
MUSKOGEE	2415	5289	7358	31.3	104.7
NOBLE	979	1699	2751	36.6	97.3
NOWATA	1310	587	2039	69.1	93.0
OKFUSKEE	828	1104	2256	42.9	85.6
OKLAHOMA	8882	16297	27705	35.3	90.9
OKMULGEE	2928	3094	6733	48.6	89.4
OSAGE	2987	1714	5020	63.5	93.6
OTTAWA	2020	1937	4192	51.0	94.4
PAWNEE	1664	1743	3687	48.8	92.4
PAYNE	3010	3254	6771	48.1	92.5
PITTSBURG	2676	3234	6774	45.3	87.2
PONTOTOC	1476	2451	4714	37.6	83.3
POTTAWATOMIE	2063	2527	5131	44.9	89.5
PUSHMATAHA	728	509	1388	58.9	89.1
ROGER MILLS	529	554	1186	48.8	91.3
ROGERS	1012	1231	2402	45.1	93.4
SEMINOLE	985	868	1989	53.2	93.2
SEQUOYAH	1462	764	2494	65.7	89.3
STEPHENS	2683	1989	5169	57.4	90.4
TEXAS	1443	376	1830	79.3	99.4
TILLMAN	1438	1674	3635	46.2	85.6
TULSA	7463	10817	21157	40.8	86.4
WAGONER	571	943	1694	37.7	89.4
WASHINGTON	1271	2761	4280	31.5	94.2
WASHITA	885	1482	2577	37.4	91.9
WOODS	1306	1317	2753	49.8	95.3
WOODWARD	843	909	1827	48.1	95.9

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
120219	142682	290100	45.7	90.6

TAX RATE LIMITATION
SP ELECT OCT 2, 23
LEG REF 044 ADOPT ST.Q. 124

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	1326	292	1750	82.0	92.5
ALFALFA	1119	1644	3034	40.5	91.1
ATOKA	1559	397	2023	79.7	96.7
BEAVER	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
BECKHAM	1423	1191	2941	54.4	38.9
BLAINE	1852	1056	3081	63.7	94.4
BRYAN	1147	535	1948	68.2	86.3
CADDO	2796	2756	5907	50.4	94.0
CANADIAN	1754	2319	4426	43.1	92.0
CARTER	3755	2377	6817	61.2	90.0
CHEROKEE	419	332	805	55.8	93.3
CHOCTAW	1755	768	2650	69.6	95.2
CIMARRON	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
CLEVELAND	1804	1114	3331	61.8	87.6
COAL	1308	536	2233	70.9	82.6
COMANCHE	2432	1667	4646	59.3	88.2
COTTON	1530	930	2851	62.2	86.3
CRAIG	562	1497	2254	27.3	91.3
CREEK	6626	3209	11885	67.4	82.8
CUSTER	1661	1559	3582	51.6	89.9
DELAWARE	526	276	846	65.6	94.8
DEWEY	1020	532	1628	65.7	95.3
ELLIS	525	515	1110	50.5	93.7
GARFIELD	2486	4694	7866	34.6	91.3
GARVIN	1675	1132	3330	59.7	84.3
GRADY	2807	2265	5353	55.3	94.8
GRANT	682	2125	2986	24.3	94.0
GREER	786	1585	2430	33.2	97.6
HARMON	634	540	1434	60.7	95.8
HARPER	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
HASKELL	3166	515	3886	86.0	94.7
HUGHES	1862	1203	3237	60.8	94.7
JACKSON	2087	1152	3607	64.4	89.8
JEFFERSON	447	236	799	65.4	85.5
JOHNSTON	284	72	383	74.5	90.4
KAY	4158	3025	7897	57.9	91.0
KINGFISHER	1081	1906	3098	36.2	96.4
KIOWA	1481	1683	3649	46.8	86.7
LATIMER	939	508	1582	64.9	91.5
LE FLORE	3689	871	4894	80.9	93.2
LINCOLN	1558	2458	4429	38.8	90.7
LOGAN	2042	1906	4237	51.7	93.2
LOVE	921	650	1723	58.6	91.2
MCCLAIN	1391	588	2057	70.3	96.2
MCCURTAIN	1943	342	2340	85.0	97.6
MCINTOSH	1668	587	2401	74.0	93.9
MAJOR	717	974	1807	42.4	93.6
MARSHALL	1193	568	1884	67.7	93.5
MAYES	774	1030	1930	42.9	93.5
MURRAY	1167	308	1681	79.1	87.7
MUSKOGEE	2701	3736	7358	42.0	87.5
NOBLE	1136	1529	2751	42.6	96.9
NOWATA	1088	689	2039	61.2	87.2
OKFUSKEE	1004	923	2256	52.1	85.4
OKLAHOMA	11466	13026	27705	46.8	88.4
OKMULGEE	3637	2411	6733	60.1	89.8
OSAGE	2926	1532	5020	65.6	88.8
OTTAWA	2359	1569	4192	60.1	93.7
PAWNEE	1672	1692	3687	49.7	91.2
PAYNE	3149	2878	6771	52.2	89.0
PITTSBURG	3897	2166	6774	64.3	89.5
PONTOTOC	2406	1751	4714	57.9	88.2
POTTAWATOMIE	2945	1705	5131	63.3	90.6
PUSHMATAHA	1160	209	1388	84.7	98.6
ROGER MILLS	807	314	1186	72.0	94.5
ROGERS	1079	1164	2402	48.1	93.4
SEMINOLE	1367	520	1989	72.4	94.9
SEQUOYAH	1997	351	2494	85.1	94.1
STEPHENS	3066	1489	5169	67.3	88.1
TEXAS	1281	470	1830	73.2	95.7
TILLMAN	1979	1177	3635	62.7	86.8
TULSA	6828	10817	21157	38.7	83.4
WAGONER	905	693	1694	57.0	93.7
WASHINGTON	908	3069	4280	22.8	92.9
WASHITA	1207	1159	2577	51.0	91.8
WOODS	1218	1411	2753	46.3	95.5
WOODWARD	920	823	1827	52.8	95.4

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
143765	117686	290100	55.0	90.1

TABLE D-30

DEPOSITORS@ GUARANTEE
SP ELECT OCT 2, 23
LEG REF 045 REJECT ST.Q. 125

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	684	635	1750	51.9	75.4
ALFALFA	937	1774	3034	34.6	89.4
ATOKA	465	1304	2023	26.3	87.4
BEAVER	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
BECKHAM	671	1783	2941	27.3	83.4
BLAINE	892	1835	3081	32.7	88.5
BRYAN	810	677	1948	54.5	76.3
CADDO	1489	3872	5907	27.8	90.8
CANADIAN	1675	2379	4426	41.3	91.6
CARTER	2209	3765	6817	37.0	87.6
CHEROKEE	243	473	805	33.9	88.9
CHOCTAW	748	1455	2650	34.0	83.1
CIMARRON	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
CLEVELAND	937	1886	3331	33.2	84.7
COAL	564	1063	2233	34.7	72.9
COMANCHE	1316	2596	4646	33.6	84.2
COTTON	896	1446	2851	38.3	82.1
CRAIG	415	1562	2254	21.0	87.7
CREEK	5110	4331	11885	54.1	79.4
CUSTER	764	2222	3582	25.6	83.4
DELAWARE	220	489	846	31.0	83.8
DEWEY	481	952	1628	33.6	88.0
ELLIS	336	654	1110	33.9	89.2
GARFIELD	1629	5458	7866	23.0	90.1
GARVIN	833	1676	3330	33.2	75.3
GRADY	1387	3453	5353	28.7	90.4
GRANT	635	2114	2986	23.1	92.1
GREER	1489	645	2430	69.8	87.8
HARMON	204	1006	1434	16.9	84.4
HARPER	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
HASKELL	1147	2100	3886	35.3	83.6
HUGHES	670	2137	3237	23.9	86.7
JACKSON	856	1963	3607	30.4	78.2
JEFFERSON	157	448	799	26.0	75.7
JOHNSTON	126	112	303	52.9	78.5
KAY	2956	3862	7897	43.2	86.7
KINGFISHER	752	2178	3098	25.7	94.6
KIOWA	732	2281	3649	24.3	82.6
LATIMER	320	952	1582	25.2	80.4
LE FLORE	1924	2299	4894	45.6	86.3
LINCOLN	883	3027	4429	22.6	88.3
LOGAN	1761	2153	4237	45.0	92.4
LOVE	355	1093	1723	24.5	84.0
MCCLAIN	556	1234	2057	31.1	87.0
MCCURTAIN	798	1156	2340	40.8	83.5
MCINTOSH	618	1396	2401	30.7	83.9
MAJOR	915	802	1807	53.3	95.0
MARSHALL	417	1118	1884	27.2	81.5
MAYES	519	1166	1930	30.8	87.3
MURRAY	801	592	1681	57.5	82.9
MUSKOGEE	2152	4325	7358	33.2	88.0
NOBLE	775	1794	2751	30.2	93.4
NOWATA	799	858	2039	48.2	81.3
OKFUSKEE	542	1301	2256	29.4	81.7
OKLAHOMA	8679	15527	27705	35.9	87.4
OKMULGEE	2792	3084	6733	47.5	87.3
OSAGE	2141	2276	5020	48.5	88.0
OTTAWA	1270	2473	4192	33.9	8%.3
PAWNEE	1265	2078	3687	37.8	90.7
PAYNE	2498	3533	6771	41.4	89.1
PITTSBURG	1941	3695	6774	34.4	83.2
PONTOTOC	895	2909	4714	23.5	80.7
POTTAWATOMIE	1456	2833	5131	34.0	83.6
PUSHMATAHA	600	550	1388	52.2	82.9
ROGER MILLS	342	691	1186	33.1	87.1
ROGERS	620	1497	2402	29.3	88.1
SEMINOLE	580	1172	1989	33.1	88.1
SEQUOYAH	914	1108	2494	45.2	81.1
STEPHENS	1833	2569	5169	41.6	85.2
TEXAS	636	1005	1830	38.8	89.7
TILLMAN	1225	1733	3635	41.4	81.4
TULSA	6515	11583	21157	36.0	85.5
WAGONER	515	947	1694	35.2	86.3
WASHINGTON	922	3008	4280	23.5	91.8
WASHITA	563	1670	2577	25.2	86.7
WOODS	787	1753	2753	31.0	92.3
WOODWARD	608	1095	1827	35.7	93.2

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
89170	160668	290100	35.7	86.1

TESTING TAX LEVY
PRI ELECT AUG 3, 26
INT PET 092 ADOPT ST.Q. 141

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	636	770	2180	45.2	64.5
ALFALFA	1254	493	1932	71.8	90.4
ATOKA	2241	944	3579	70.4	89.0
BEAVER	733	384	1176	65.6	95.0
BECKHAM	2108	747	3294	73.8	86.7
BLAINE	1480	378	1958	79.7	94.9
BRYAN	3366	1021	6931	76.7	63.3
CADDO	4235	1217	5864	77.7	93.0
CANADIAN	2410	881	3716	73.2	88.6
CARTER	4701	2057	8145	69.6	83.0
CHEROKEE	807	378	2605	68.1	45.5
CHOCTAW	2239	1141	4333	66.2	78.0
CIMARRON	265	235	540	53.0	92.6
CLEVELAND	2913	637	3840	82.1	92.4
COAL	974	542	2965	64.2	51.1
COMANCHE	3165	1071	4730	74.7	89.6
COTTON	1337	565	2475	70.3	76.8
CRAIG	1277	891	2924	58.9	74.1
CREEK	4387	1733	8611	71.7	71.1
CUSTER	2008	594	3019	77.2	86.2
DELAWARE	1023	634	2029	61.7	81.7
DEWEY	843	432	1303	66.1	97.9
ELLIS	1184	463	1677	71.9	98.2
GARFIELD	3298	1168	5093	73.8	87.7
GARVIN	2922	923	4720	76.0	81.5
GRADY	4086	966	5577	80.9	90.6
GRANT	1123	452	1655	71.3	95.2
GREER	1698	500	2596	77.3	84.7
HARMON	839	376	1610	69.1	75.5
HARPER	595	305	1041	66.1	86.5
HASKELL	2478	579	3463	81.1	88.3
HUGHES	2324	1142	4790	67.1	72.4
JACKSON	1858	504	2701	78.7	87.4
JEFFERSON	1134	471	3538	70.7	45.4
JOHNSTON	1903	837	3169	69.5	86.5
KAY	3148	1188	4685	72.6	92.6
KINGFISHER	1768	683	2548	72.1	96.2
KIOWA	1976	515	2889	79.3	86.2
LATIMER	1294	462	1954	73.7	89.9
LE FLORE	2658	870	5268	75.3	67.0
LINCOLN	2725	1115	4186	71.0	91.7
LOGAN	2834	831	3871	77.3	94.7
LOVE	1061	888	2539	54.4	76.8
MCCLAIN	1922	606	2970	76.0	85.1
MCCURTAIN	2230	948	4389	70.2	72.4
MCINTOSH	1708	759	2912	69.2	84.7
MAJOR	916	335	1409	73.2	88.8
MARSHALL	1857	447	2751	80.6	83.8
MAYES	1225	1020	2478	54.6	90.6
MURRAY	1643	705	2863	70.0	82.0
MUSKOGEE	5452	1478	9712	78.7	71.4
NOBLE	2035	811	3036	71.5	93.7
NOWATA	881	721	1729	55.0	92.7
OKFUSKEE	2472	869	3791	74.0	88.1
OKLAHOMA	19019	5671	27325	77.0	90.4
OKMULGEE	4071	1808	6629	69.2	88.7
OSAGE	2413	1302	5552	65.0	66.9
OTTAWA	2614	1312	5104	66.6	76.9
PAWNEE	2075	868	3102	70.5	94.9
PAYNE	2368	725	3420	76.6	90.4
PITTSBURG	4425	1566	7292	73.9	82.2
PONTOTOC	3075	1333	5529	69.8	79.7
POTTAWATOMIE	4126	1164	5941	78.0	89.0
PUSHMATAHA	1144	640	2382	64.1	74.9
ROGER MILLS	646	322	1105	66.7	87.6
ROGERS	1493	918	2767	61.9	87.1
SEMINOLE	2213	1089	3844	67.0	85.9
SEQUOYAH	1513	710	4057	68.1	54.8
STEPHENS	3006	1040	5548	74.3	72.9
TEXAS	1303	727	2008	64.2	101.1
TILLMAN	1984	470	2744	80.5	88.0
TULSA	7037	2876	14362	71.0	69.0
WAGONER	1065	614	2263	63.4	74.2
WASHINGTON	1850	1082	3071	63.1	95.5
WASHITA	1830	611	2929	75.0	83.3
WOODS	1226	691	2063	64.0	92.3
WOODWARD	1210	395	1643	75.4	97.7

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
181315	69616	306439	72.3	81.9

TABLE D-31

REPEAL OF CONVICT LABEL
GEN ELECT NOV 2, 26
REF PET 047 REJECT ST.O. 135

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	752	1248	4080	37.6	49.0
ALFALFA	1012	2327	4022	30.3	83.0
ATOKA	984	1142	3869	46.3	54.9
BEAVER	779	1181	2525	39.7	77.6
BECKHAM	887	1197	2843	42.6	73.3
BLAINE	1208	1750	3768	40.8	78.5
BRYAN	1736	1733	4893	50.0	70.9
CADDO	2261	3975	8604	36.3	72.5
CANADIAN	1498	2511	4972	37.4	80.6
CARTER	1364	5233	8260	20.7	79.9
CHEROKEE	472	1625	3412	22.5	61.5
CHOCTAW	891	1624	4132	35.4	60.9
CIMARRON	273	636	1273	30.0	71.4
CLEVELAND	993	2159	4252	31.5	74.1
COAL	960	1010	2840	48.7	69.4
COMANCHE	1634	3038	6502	35.0	71.9
COTTON	615	1324	3021	31.7	64.2
CRAIG	745	3251	4937	18.6	80.9
CREEK	3159	6992	12590	31.1	80.6
CUSTER	1207	2261	4654	34.8	74.5
DELAWARE	576	1253	2837	31.5	64.5
DEWEY	957	1080	3582	47.0	56.9
ELLIS	686	1255	2325	35.3	83.5
GARFIELD	2835	5317	9497	34.8	85.8
GARVIN	766	2340	4368	24.7	71.1
GRADY	1671	3360	6134	33.2	82.0
GRANT	942	2359	3843	28.5	85.9
GREER	688	815	2003	45.8	75.0
HARMON	277	375	1061	42.5	61.5
HARPER	538	1023	2043	34.5	76.4
HASKELL	1177	1471	4694	44.4	56.4
HUGHES	1094	2305	4986	32.2	68.2
JACKSON	790	1181	2856	40.1	69.0
JEFFERSON	557	1535	3160	26.6	66.2
JOHNSTON	670	928	2588	41.9	61.7
KAY	2537	6177	10586	29.1	82.3
KINGFISHER	840	2750	4371	23.4	82.1
KIOWA	858	1379	3042	38.4	73.5
LATIMER	933	674	2278	58.1	70.5
LE FLORE	1790	2622	6766	40.6	65.2
LINCOLN	1873	3444	6587	35.2	80.7
LOGAN	1185	3375	5529	26.0	82.5
LOVE	284	987	1551	22.3	81.9
MCCLAIN	602	1469	3030	29.1	68.3
MCCURTAIN	1113	1353	3892	45.1	63.4
MCINTOSH	637	1180	2925	35.1	62.1
MAJOR	952	1115	2296	46.1	90.0
MARSHALL	670	870	2268	43.5	67.9
MAYES	562	2068	3640	21.4	72.3
MURRAY	482	1014	2357	32.2	63.5
MUSKOGEE	2291	5501	11143	29.4	69.9
NOBLE	1503	2601	4873	36.6	84.2
NOWATA	529	2002	3518	20.9	71.9
OKFUSKEE	927	2094	4768	30.7	63.4
OKLAHOMA	9125	14647	29090	38.4	81.7
OKMULGEE	2827	4481	9341	38.7	78.2
OSAGE	2688	4717	9066	36.3	81.7
OTTAWA	1942	3066	8035	38.8	62.3
PAWNEE	1385	2605	4756	34.7	83.9
PAYNE	2180	3593	6738	37.8	85.7
PITTSBURG	2784	3686	8497	43.0	76.1
PONTOTOC	1315	2033	5260	39.3	63.7
POTTAWATOMIE	1783	3297	6730	35.1	75.5
PUSHMATAHA	575	992	2751	36.7	57.0
ROGER MILLS	552	1031	2212	34.9	71.6
ROGERS	755	2575	4099	22.7	81.3
SEMINOLE	938	1965	4017	32.3	72.3
SEQUOYAH	849	1653	4855	33.9	51.5
STEPHENS	1014	2464	4528	29.2	76.8
TEXAS	755	1614	2890	31.9	82.0
TILLMAN	547	1394	2586	28.2	75.1
TULSA	7952	11037	24391	41.9	77.9
WAGONER	429	1782	3338	19.4	66.2
WASHINGTON	1396	3493	5787	28.6	84.5
WASHITA	637	1227	2449	34.2	76.1
WOODS	990	2112	3975	31.9	78.0
WOODWARD	1020	1721	3241	37.2	84.6

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
102660	192675	395478	34.8	74.7

FREE TEXTBOOKS
GEN ELECT NOV 2, 26
REF PET 049 REJECT ST.O. 137

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	954	1242	4080	43.4	53.8
ALFALFA	1155	2323	4022	33.2	86.5
ATOKA	1328	949	3869	58.3	58.9
BEAVER	893	1192	2525	42.8	82.6
BECKHAM	946	1218	2843	43.7	76.1
BLAINE	1406	1654	3768	45.9	81.2
BRYAN	2304	1563	4893	59.6	79.0
CADDO	2551	3831	8604	40.0	74.2
CANADIAN	1681	2502	4972	40.2	84.1
CARTER	1909	4877	8260	28.1	82.2
CHEROKEE	889	1513	3412	37.0	70.4
CHOCTAW	1387	1451	4132	48.9	68.7
CIMARRON	362	625	1273	36.7	77.5
CLEVELAND	1205	2093	4252	36.5	77.6
COAL	977	1059	2840	48.0	71.7
COMANCHE	1749	3114	6502	36.0	74.8
COTTON	689	1353	3021	33.7	67.6
CRAIG	860	3219	4937	21.1	82.6
CREEK	3441	6923	12590	33.2	82.3
CUSTER	1437	2217	4654	39.3	78.5
DELAWARE	842	1206	2837	41.1	72.2
DEWEY	1125	1021	3582	52.4	59.9
ELLIS	888	1169	2325	43.2	88.5
GARFIELD	2848	5384	9497	34.6	86.7
GARVIN	1004	2281	4368	30.6	75.2
GRADY	1844	3237	6134	36.3	82.8
GRANT	995	2450	3843	28.9	89.6
GREER	715	853	2003	45.6	78.3
HARMON	328	470	1061	41.1	75.2
HARPER	647	1003	2043	39.2	80.8
HASKELL	1814	1183	4694	60.5	63.8
HUGHES	1388	2309	4986	37.5	74.1
JACKSON	845	1218	2856	41.0	72.2
JEFFERSON	662	1419	3160	31.8	65.9
JOHNSTON	817	911	2588	47.3	66.8
KAY	2901	5929	10586	32.9	83.4
KINGFISHER	1057	2661	4371	28.4	85.1
KIOWA	937	1400	3042	40.1	76.8
LATIMER	1031	654	2278	61.2	74.0
LE FLORE	2471	2227	6766	52.6	69.4
LINCOLN	2229	3277	6587	40.5	83.6
LOGAN	1317	3382	5529	28.0	85.0
LOVE	375	776	1551	32.6	74.2
MCCLAIN	821	1387	3030	37.2	72.9
MCCURTAIN	1604	1201	3892	57.2	72.1
MCINTOSH	1059	1057	2925	50.0	72.3
MAJOR	893	1224	2296	42.2	92.2
MARSHALL	773	856	2268	47.5	71.8
MAYES	680	2071	3640	24.7	75.6
MURRAY	796	848	2357	48.4	69.7
MUSKOGEE	2750	5224	11143	34.5	71.6
NOBLE	1629	2558	4873	38.9	85.9
NOWATA	646	1931	3518	25.1	73.3
OKFUSKEE	1095	2095	4768	34.3	66.9
OKLAHOMA	10522	13679	29090	43.5	83.2
OKMULGEE	2694	4698	9341	36.4	79.1
OSAGE	2878	4705	9066	38.0	83.6
OTTAWA	2259	3242	8035	41.1	68.5
PAWNEE	1599	2581	4756	38.3	87.9
PAYNE	2473	3538	6738	41.1	89.2
PITTSBURG	2808	3596	8497	43.3	75.4
PONTOTOC	1694	1907	5260	47.0	68.5
POTTAWATOMIE	2234	3134	6730	41.6	79.8
PUSHMATAHA	833	907	2751	47.9	63.2
ROGER MILLS	672	1001	2212	40.2	75.6
ROGERS	877	2457	4099	26.3	81.3
SEMINOLE	1217	1772	4017	40.7	74.4
SEQUOYAH	1358	1529	4855	47.0	59.5
STEPHENS	1241	2475	4528	33.4	82.1
TEXAS	799	1716	2890	31.8	87.0
TILLMAN	608	1401	2586	30.3	77.7
TULSA	8500	10811	24391	44.0	79.2
WAGONER	553	1848	3338	23.0	71.9
WASHINGTON	1441	3524	5787	29.0	85.8
WASHITA	758	1204	2449	38.6	80.1
WOODS	1109	2161	3975	33.9	82.3
WOODWARD	1154	1693	3241	40.5	87.8

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
120230	187369	395478	39.1	77.8

TABLE D-32

AD VALOREM TAX
GEN ELECT NOV 2, 26
INT PET 089 REJECT ST.Q. 138

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	573	1267	4080	31.1	45.1
ALFALFA	695	2633	4022	20.9	82.7
ATOKA	988	1140	3869	46.4	55.0
BEAVER	668	1243	2525	35.0	75.7
BECKHAM	764	1302	2843	37.0	72.7
BLAINE	1071	1823	3768	37.0	76.8
BRYAN	1754	1653	4893	51.5	69.6
CADDO	1967	4090	8604	32.5	70.4
CANADIAN	1542	2418	4972	38.9	79.6
CARTER	863	5997	8260	12.6	83.1
CHEROKEE	467	1663	3412	21.9	62.4
CHOCTAW	691	1735	4132	28.5	58.7
CIMARRON	196	685	1273	22.2	69.2
CLEVELAND	1071	2042	4252	34.4	73.2
COAL	762	1119	2840	40.5	66.2
COMANCHE	1335	3218	6502	29.3	70.0
COTTON	637	1391	3021	31.4	67.1
CRAIG	481	3498	4937	12.1	80.6
CREEK	1364	9304	12590	12.8	84.7
CUSTER	1245	2254	4654	35.6	75.2
DELAWARE	526	1263	2837	29.4	63.1
DEWEY	741	1249	3582	37.2	55.6
ELLIS	629	1343	2325	31.9	84.8
GARFIELD	1358	6781	9497	16.7	85.7
GARVIN	762	2434	4368	23.8	73.2
GRADY	1499	3408	6134	30.5	80.0
GRANT	495	2881	3843	14.7	87.8
GREER	659	897	2003	42.4	77.7
HARMON	273	446	1061	38.0	67.8
HARPER	469	1076	2043	30.4	75.6
HASKELL	1251	1552	4694	44.6	59.7
HUGHES	706	2668	4986	20.9	67.7
JACKSON	721	1237	2856	36.8	68.8
JEFFERSON	404	1662	3160	19.6	65.4
JOHNSTON	561	1008	2588	35.8	60.6
KAY	1009	8291	10586	10.8	87.9
KINGFISHER	581	2788	4371	17.2	77.1
KIOWA	809	1393	3042	36.7	72.4
LATIMER	1015	616	2278	62.2	71.6
LE FLORE	1731	2533	6766	40.6	63.0
LINCOLN	925	4487	6587	17.1	82.2
LOGAN	572	3922	5529	12.7	81.3
LOVE	218	855	1551	20.3	69.2
MCCLAIN	617	1419	3030	30.3	67.2
MCCURTAIN	600	1897	3892	24.0	64.2
MCINTOSH	573	1186	2925	32.6	60.1
MAJOR	532	1469	2296	26.6	87.2
MARSHALL	470	1032	2268	31.3	66.2
MAYES	451	2231	3640	16.8	73.7
MURRAY	488	998	2357	32.8	63.0
MUSKOGEE	1662	5962	11143	21.8	68.4
NOBLE	520	3657	4873	12.4	85.7
NOWATA	299	2382	3518	11.2	76.2
OKFUSKEE	678	2446	4768	21.7	65.5
OKLAHOMA	7648	15541	29090	33.0	79.7
OKMULGEE	1371	6082	9341	18.4	79.8
OSAGE	1393	6503	9066	17.6	87.1
OTTAWA	1253	4826	8035	20.6	75.7
PAWNEE	734	3261	4756	18.4	84.0
PAYNE	1087	4798	6738	18.5	87.3
PITTSBURG	1994	4104	8497	32.7	71.8
PONTOTOC	1233	2003	5260	38.1	61.5
POTTAWATOMIE	1579	3511	6730	31.0	75.6
PUSHMATAHA	586	1037	2751	36.1	59.0
ROGER MILLS	506	1030	2212	32.9	69.4
ROGERS	425	2884	4099	12.8	80.7
SEMINOLE	757	2435	4017	23.7	79.5
SEQUOYAH	627	1947	4855	24.4	53.0
STEPHENS	838	2835	4528	22.8	81.1
TEXAS	560	1856	2890	23.2	83.6
TILLMAN	508	1432	2586	26.2	75.0
TULSA	2636	17681	24391	13.0	83.3
WAGONER	385	1992	3338	16.2	71.2
WASHINGTON	598	4302	5787	12.0	86.2
WASHITA	717	1130	2449	38.8	75.4
WOODS	735	2301	3975	24.2	76.4
WOODWARD	791	1857	3241	29.9	81.7

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
72899	225382	395478	24.4	75.4

ANNUITY BONDS
GEN ELECT NOV 2, 26
INT PET 090 REJECT ST.Q. 139

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	654	1107	4080	37.1	43.2
ALFALFA	1080	2127	4022	33.7	79.7
ATOKA	1011	930	3869	52.1	50.2
BEAVER	893	961	2525	48.2	73.4
BECKHAM	1053	888	2843	54.3	68.3
BLAINE	1340	1453	3768	48.0	74.1
BRYAN	1890	1278	4893	59.7	64.7
CADDO	2497	3351	8604	42.7	68.0
CANADIAN	2131	1782	4972	54.5	78.7
CARTER	1460	4919	8260	22.9	77.2
CHEROKEE	463	1504	3412	23.5	57.6
CHOCTAW	934	1390	4132	40.2	56.2
CIMARRON	343	540	1273	38.8	69.4
CLEVELAND	1476	1531	4252	49.1	70.7
COAL	840	954	2840	46.8	63.2
COMANCHE	1982	2444	6502	44.8	68.1
COTTON	662	1180	3021	35.9	61.0
CRAIG	912	2928	4937	23.8	77.8
CREEK	2965	6768	12590	30.5	77.3
CUSTER	1555	1717	4654	47.5	70.3
DELAWARE	574	1101	2837	34.3	59.0
DEWEY	1108	806	3582	57.9	53.4
ELLIS	781	1040	2325	42.9	78.3
GARFIELD	3078	4619	9497	40.0	81.0
GARVIN	1036	1985	4368	34.3	69.2
GRADY	2193	2564	6134	46.1	77.6
GRANT	1211	1997	3843	37.7	83.5
GREER	844	548	2003	60.6	69.5
HARMON	355	327	1061	52.1	64.3
HARPER	681	819	2043	45.4	73.4
HASKELL	1418	1154	4694	55.1	54.8
HUGHES	1153	2083	4986	35.6	64.9
JACKSON	1022	830	2856	55.2	64.8
JEFFERSON	662	1319	3160	33.4	62.7
JOHNSTON	699	776	2588	47.4	57.0
KAY	3017	5408	10586	35.8	79.6
KINGFISHER	1277	2244	4371	36.3	80.6
KIOWA	1064	1037	3042	50.6	69.1
LATIMER	889	594	2278	59.9	65.1
LE FLORE	1959	2204	6766	47.1	61.5
LINCOLN	1984	3130	6587	38.8	77.6
LOGAN	1308	3105	5529	29.6	79.8
LOVE	289	771	1551	27.3	68.3
MCCLAIN	796	1224	3030	39.4	66.7
MCCURTAIN	1350	996	3892	57.5	60.3
MCINTOSH	767	952	2925	44.6	58.8
MAJOR	1136	882	2296	56.3	87.9
MARSHALL	626	783	2268	44.4	62.1
MAYES	503	1961	3640	20.4	67.7
MURRAY	805	802	2357	50.1	68.2
MUSKOGEE	2409	4835	11143	33.3	65.0
NOBLE	1873	2265	4873	45.3	84.9
NOWATA	544	1889	3518	22.4	69.2
OKFUSKEE	949	1874	4768	33.6	59.2
OKLAHOMA	11403	10929	29090	51.1	76.8
OKMULGEE	2697	4139	9341	39.5	73.2
OSAGE	2465	4549	9066	35.1	77.4
OTTAWA	1855	2950	8035	38.6	59.8
PAWNEE	1444	2290	4756	38.7	78.5
PAYNE	2554	3033	6738	45.7	82.9
PITTSBURG	2803	3072	8497	47.7	69.1
PONTOTOC	1640	1529	5260	51.8	60.2
POTTAWATOMIE	2277	2540	6730	47.3	71.6
PUSHMATAHA	651	843	2751	43.6	54.3
ROGER MILLS	655	827	2212	44.2	67.0
ROGERS	707	2269	4099	23.8	72.6
SEMINOLE	916	1762	4017	34.2	66.7
SEQUOYAH	738	1546	4855	32.3	47.0
STEPHENS	1295	1929	4528	40.2	71.2
TEXAS	862	1418	2890	37.8	78.9
TILLMAN	788	1047	2586	42.9	71.0
TULSA	7436	10595	24391	41.2	73.9
WAGONER	516	1818	3338	22.1	69.9
WASHINGTON	1222	3477	5787	26.0	81.2
WASHITA	907	848	2449	51.7	71.7
WOODS	1221	1746	3975	41.2	74.6
WOODWARD	1127	1456	3241	43.6	79.7

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
114680	165288	395478	41.0	70.8

TABLE D-33

LEGISLATOR PAY RAISE
GEN ELECT NOV 2, 26
LEG REF 050 REJECT ST.Q. 144

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	609	1744	4080	25.9	57.7
ALFALFA	330	3134	4022	9.5	86.1
ATOKA	417	1778	3869	19.0	56.7
BEAVER	261	1845	2525	12.4	83.4
BECKHAM	371	1827	2843	16.9	77.3
BLAINE	211	2694	3768	7.3	77.1
BRYAN	814	2937	4893	21.7	76.7
CADDO	996	5324	8604	15.8	73.5
CANADIAN	492	3711	4972	11.7	84.5
CARTER	830	5990	8260	12.2	82.6
CHEROKEE	462	1823	3412	20.2	67.0
CHOCTAW	578	2108	4132	21.5	65.0
CIMARRON	91	831	1273	9.9	72.4
CLEVELAND	579	2731	4252	17.5	77.8
COAL	423	1555	2840	21.4	69.6
COMANCHE	931	3654	6502	20.3	70.5
COTTON	288	1768	3021	14.0	68.1
CRAIG	339	3835	4937	8.1	84.5
CREEK	1592	8709	12590	15.5	81.8
CUSTER	445	3209	4654	12.2	78.5
DELAWARE	400	1708	2837	19.0	74.3
DEWEY	253	1917	3582	11.7	60.6
ELLIS	407	1719	2325	19.1	91.4
GARFIELD	1096	7149	9497	13.3	86.8
GARVIN	403	2863	4368	12.3	74.8
GRADY	812	4329	6134	15.8	83.8
GRANT	288	3141	3843	8.4	89.2
GREER	305	1289	2003	19.1	79.6
HARMON	115	687	1061	14.3	75.6
HARPER	174	1454	2043	10.7	79.7
HASKELL	751	2175	4694	25.7	62.3
HUGHES	572	2971	4986	16.1	71.1
JACKSON	414	1642	2856	20.1	72.8
JEFFERSON	310	1863	3160	14.3	68.8
JOHNSTON	334	1303	2588	20.4	63.3
KAY	1653	7190	10586	18.7	83.5
KINGFISHER	331	3424	4371	8.8	85.9
KIOWA	376	1963	3042	16.1	76.9
LATIMER	415	1262	2278	24.5	74.5
LE FLORE	942	3835	6766	19.7	70.6
LINCOLN	513	4932	6587	9.4	82.7
LOGAN	460	4294	5529	9.7	86.0
LOVE	121	1022	1551	10.6	73.7
MCCLAIN	337	1828	3030	15.6	71.5
MCCURTAIN	654	1994	3892	24.7	68.0
MCINTOSH	414	1543	2925	21.2	66.9
MAJOR	208	1902	2296	9.9	91.9
MARSHALL	199	1444	2268	12.1	72.4
MAYES	433	2439	3640	15.1	78.9
MURRAY	306	1288	2357	19.2	67.6
MUSKOGEE	1581	6080	11143	20.6	68.8
NOBLE	494	3590	4873	12.1	83.8
NOWATA	308	2374	3518	11.5	76.2
OKFUSKEE	527	2640	4768	16.6	66.4
OKLAHOMA	5475	18841	29090	22.5	83.6
OKMULGEE	1569	5826	9341	21.2	79.2
OSAGE	1496	6069	9066	19.8	83.4
OTTAWA	1286	3921	8035	24.7	64.8
PAWNEE	502	3615	4756	12.2	86.6
PAYNE	899	4993	6738	15.3	87.4
PITTSBURG	1341	5225	8497	20.4	77.3
PONTOTOC	689	2927	5260	19.1	68.7
POTTAWATOMIE	866	4361	6730	16.6	77.7
PUSHMATAHA	416	1305	2751	24.2	62.6
ROGER MILLS	216	1488	2212	12.7	77.0
ROGERS	382	2889	4099	11.7	79.8
SEMINOLE	653	2374	4017	21.6	75.4
SEQUOYAH	620	2203	4855	22.0	58.1
STEPHENS	493	3164	4528	13.5	80.8
TEXAS	374	2175	2890	14.7	88.2
TILLMAN	317	1737	2586	15.4	79.4
TULSA	5864	13627	24391	30.1	79.9
WAGONER	307	2154	3338	12.5	73.7
WASHINGTON	1046	3986	5787	20.8	87.0
WASHITA	266	1708	2449	13.5	80.6
WOODS	405	2842	3975	12.5	81.7
WOODWARD	447	2436	3241	15.5	89.0

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
53894	252347	395478	17.6	77.4

INCREASE TAX LEVY
GEN ELECT NOV 2, 26
LEG REF 051 REJECT ST.Q. 145

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	1823	1160	4080	61.1	73.1
ALFALFA	458	3114	4022	12.8	88.8
ATOKA	1469	1024	3869	58.9	64.4
BEAVER	590	1668	2525	26.1	89.4
BECKHAM	1074	1330	2843	44.7	84.6
BLAINE	933	2290	3768	28.9	85.5
BRYAN	2751	1503	4893	64.7	86.9
CADDO	1894	1792	8604	51.4	42.8
CANADIAN	910	3356	4972	21.3	85.8
CARTER	1602	5448	8260	22.7	85.4
CHEROKEE	1556	1364	3412	53.3	85.6
CHOCTAW	839	1560	4132	35.0	58.1
CIMARRON	94	908	1273	9.4	78.7
CLEVELAND	1185	2379	4252	33.2	83.8
COAL	1395	1049	2840	57.1	86.1
COMANCHE	1633	3156	6502	33.8	74.3
COTTON	656	1517	3021	30.2	71.9
CRAIG	457	3702	4937	11.0	84.2
CREEK	2283	8458	12590	21.3	85.3
CUSTER	913	2611	4654	25.9	75.7
DELAWARE	1065	1218	2837	46.6	80.5
DEWEY	982	1404	3582	41.2	66.6
ELLIS	524	1592	2325	24.8	91.0
GARFIELD	1416	7081	9497	16.7	89.5
GARVIN	1213	2417	4368	33.4	83.1
GRADY	1220	3977	6134	23.5	84.7
GRANT	384	3119	3843	11.0	91.2
GREER	1027	694	2003	59.7	85.9
HARMON	496	412	1061	54.6	85.6
HARPER	546	1255	2043	30.3	88.2
HASKELL	3002	1048	4694	74.1	86.3
HUGHES	1780	2318	4986	43.4	82.2
JACKSON	1104	1228	2856	47.3	81.7
JEFFERSON	802	1650	3160	32.7	77.6
JOHNSTON	1330	797	2588	62.5	82.2
KAY	1781	7196	10586	19.8	84.8
KINGFISHER	336	3403	4371	9.0	85.5
KIOWA	804	1726	3042	31.8	83.2
LATIMER	1290	738	2278	63.6	89.0
LE FLORE	2952	2673	6766	52.5	83.1
LINCOLN	1077	4462	6587	19.4	84.1
LOGAN	645	3937	5529	14.1	82.9
LOVE	597	735	1551	44.8	85.9
MCCLAIN	930	1538	3030	37.7	81.5
MCCURTAIN	2343	1057	3892	68.9	87.4
MCINTOSH	1533	1000	2925	60.5	86.6
MAJOR	391	1798	2296	17.9	95.3
MARSHALL	888	975	2268	47.7	82.1
MAYES	640	2228	3640	22.3	76.8
MURRAY	895	988	2357	47.5	79.9
MUSKOGEE	2207	6222	11143	26.2	75.6
NOBLE	599	3589	4873	14.3	85.9
NOWATA	473	2307	3518	17.0	79.0
OKFUSKEE	1067	2317	4768	31.5	71.0
OKLAHOMA	6154	18045	29090	25.4	83.2
OKMULGEE	3337	4842	9341	40.8	87.6
OSAGE	1728	5903	9066	22.6	84.2
OTTAWA	3754	2864	8035	56.7	82.4
PAWNEE	761	3444	4756	18.1	88.4
PAYNE	1204	4807	6738	20.0	89.2
PITTSBURG	2871	4241	8497	40.4	83.7
PONTOTOC	2129	1967	5260	52.0	77.9
POTTAWATOMIE	2250	3467	6730	39.4	84.9
PUSHMATAHA	1730	734	2751	70.2	89.6
ROGER MILLS	726	1088	2212	40.0	82.0
ROGERS	645	2908	4099	18.2	86.7
SEMINOLE	1371	1860	4017	42.4	80.4
SEQUOYAH	2586	1394	4855	65.0	82.0
STEPHENS	1473	2548	4528	36.6	88.8
TEXAS	416	2221	2890	15.8	91.2
TILLMAN	687	1540	2586	30.8	86.1
TULSA	4720	14986	24391	24.0	80.8
WAGONER	457	2077	3338	18.0	75.9
WASHINGTON	589	4451	5787	11.7	87.1
WASHITA	757	1345	2449	36.0	85.8
WOODS	720	2746	3975	20.8	87.2
WOODWARD	599	2416	3241	19.9	93.0

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
104518	220424	395478	32.2	82.2

TABLE D-34

CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION
GEN ELECT NOV 2, 26
LEG REF 052 REJECT ST.Q. 146

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	432	1529	4080	22.0	48.1
ALFALFA	395	2904	4022	12.0	82.0
ATOKA	367	1704	3869	17.7	53.5
BEAVER	310	1668	2525	15.7	78.3
BECKHAM	315	1740	2843	15.3	72.3
BLAINE	358	2540	3768	12.4	76.9
BRYAN	756	2762	4893	21.5	71.9
CADDO	945	5093	8604	15.7	70.2
CANADIAN	528	3406	4972	13.4	79.1
CARTER	738	5821	8260	11.3	79.4
CHEROKEE	338	1761	3412	16.1	61.5
CHOCTAW	410	2142	4132	16.1	61.8
CIMARRON	107	811	1273	11.7	72.1
CLEVELAND	501	2633	4252	16.0	73.7
COAL	365	1523	2840	19.3	66.5
COMANCHE	886	3572	6502	19.9	68.6
COTTON	255	1657	3021	13.3	63.3
CRAIG	346	3640	4937	8.7	80.7
CREEK	1571	8385	12590	15.8	79.1
CUSTER	529	289	4654	64.7	17.6
DELAWARE	322	1521	2837	17.5	65.0
DEWEY	260	1777	3582	12.8	56.9
ELLIS	231	1634	2325	12.4	80.2
GARFIELD	1032	6602	9497	13.5	80.4
GARVIN	363	2623	4368	12.2	68.4
GRADY	910	3912	6134	18.9	78.6
GRANT	259	3059	3843	7.8	86.3
GREER	274	1199	2003	18.6	73.5
HARMON	411	622	1061	39.8	97.4
HARPER	179	1547	2043	10.4	84.5
HASKELL	506	2207	4694	18.7	57.8
HUGHES	442	2905	4986	13.2	67.1
JACKSON	328	1575	2856	17.2	66.6
JEFFERSON	279	1737	3160	13.8	63.8
JOHNSTON	277	1303	2588	17.5	61.1
KAY	1422	7096	10586	16.7	80.5
KINGFISHER	295	3317	4371	8.2	82.6
KIOWA	341	1860	3042	15.5	72.4
LATIMER	302	1280	2278	19.1	69.4
LE FLORE	1742	3651	6766	32.3	79.7
LINCOLN	528	4693	6587	10.1	79.3
LOGAN	409	4162	5529	8.9	82.7
LOVE	153	924	1551	14.2	69.4
MCCLAIN	298	1792	3030	14.3	69.0
MCCURTAIN	441	1977	3892	18.2	62.1
MCINTOSH	347	1323	2925	20.8	57.1
MAJOR	218	1823	2296	10.7	88.9
MARSHALL	168	1292	2268	11.5	64.4
MAYES	238	2380	3640	9.1	71.9
MURRAY	257	1214	2357	17.5	62.4
MUSKOGEE	1558	6112	11143	20.3	68.8
NOBLE	444	3563	4873	11.1	82.2
NOWATA	278	2244	3518	11.0	71.7
OKFUSKEE	499	2447	4768	16.9	61.8
OKLAHOMA	4469	18384	29090	19.6	78.6
OKMULGEE	1423	5497	9341	20.6	74.1
OSAGE	1438	5632	9066	20.3	78.0
OTTAWA	1601	3513	8035	31.3	63.6
PAWNEE	503	3386	4756	12.9	81.8
PAYNE	691	4659	6738	12.9	79.4
PITTSBURG	1101	1923	8497	36.4	35.6
PONTOTOC	583	2709	5260	17.7	62.6
POTTAWATOMIE	912	4036	6730	18.4	73.5
PUSHMATAHA	314	1206	2751	20.7	55.3
ROGER MILLS	171	1334	2212	11.4	68.0
ROGERS	375	2749	4099	12.0	76.2
SEMINOLE	546	2185	4017	20.0	68.0
SEQUOYAH	427	2010	4855	17.5	50.2
STEPHENS	482	2922	4528	14.2	75.2
TEXAS	354	2032	2890	14.8	82.6
TILLMAN	224	1686	2586	11.7	73.9
TULSA	2661	13707	24391	16.3	67.1
WAGONER	290	2090	3338	12.2	71.3
WASHINGTON	693	4125	5787	14.2	83.1
WASHITA	245	1593	2449	13.3	75.1
WOODS	346	2749	3975	11.2	77.9
WOODWARD	333	2351	3241	12.4	92.8

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
46635	235431	395478	16.5	71.3

COURT OF TAX REVIEW
SP PRI ELECT AUG 7,28
INT PET 100 ADOPT ST.Q. 152

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	1828	927	2755	66.4	100.0
ALFALFA	1849	401	2250	82.2	100.0
ATOKA	3225	500	3725	86.6	100.0
BEAVER	1218	286	1504	81.0	100.0
BECKHAM	3960	536	4496	88.1	100.0
BLAINE	2075	342	2417	85.9	100.0
BRYAN	6153	853	7006	87.8	100.0
CADDO	4747	725	5472	86.8	100.0
CANADIAN	3129	395	3524	88.8	100.0
CARTER	7783	1713	9496	82.0	100.0
CHEROKEE	2176	932	3108	70.0	100.0
CHOCTAW	3422	458	3880	88.2	100.0
CIMARRON	966	250	1216	79.4	100.0
CLEVELAND	3989	582	4571	87.3	100.0
COAL	1962	430	2392	82.0	100.0
COMANCHE	2975	593	3568	83.4	100.0
COTTON	1900	391	2291	82.9	100.0
CRAIG	2635	322	2957	89.1	100.0
CREEK	6392	1850	8242	77.6	100.0
CUSTER	2627	466	3093	84.9	100.0
DELAWARE	1950	737	2687	72.6	100.0
DEWEY	1441	249	1690	85.3	100.0
ELLIS	1405	307	1712	82.1	100.0
GARFIELD	5906	1096	7002	84.3	100.0
GARVIN	4884	758	5642	86.6	100.0
GRADY	6481	839	7320	88.5	100.0
GRANT	2216	384	2600	85.2	100.0
GREER	2966	610	3576	82.9	100.0
HARMON	1460	337	1797	81.2	100.0
HARPER	1042	251	1293	80.6	100.0
HASKELL	2458	504	2962	83.0	100.0
HUGHES	4427	739	5166	85.7	100.0
JACKSON	3305	579	3884	85.1	100.0
JEFFERSON	3296	580	3876	85.0	100.0
JOHNSTON	2816	418	3234	87.1	100.0
KAY	4819	1053	5872	82.1	100.0
KINGFISHER	2689	481	3170	84.8	100.0
KIOWA	3976	451	4427	89.8	100.0
LATIMER	2067	311	2378	86.9	100.0
LE FLORE	4327	847	5174	83.6	100.0
LINCOLN	4955	812	5767	85.9	100.0
LOGAN	5040	922	5962	84.5	100.0
LOVE	1751	550	2301	76.1	100.0
MCCLAIN	3325	669	3994	83.2	100.0
MCCURTAIN	4130	782	4912	84.1	100.0
MCINTOSH	2865	639	3504	81.8	100.0
MAJOR	1984	542	2526	78.5	100.0
MARSHALL	2271	522	2793	81.3	100.0
MAYES	1879	949	2828	66.4	100.0
MURRAY	2449	330	2779	88.1	100.0
MUSKOGEE	7387	2085	9472	78.0	100.0
NOBLE	2839	591	3430	82.8	100.0
NOWATA	1577	726	2303	68.5	100.0
OKFUSKEE	3804	898	4702	80.9	100.0
OKLAHOMA	23102	2010	25112	92.0	100.0
OKMULGEE	7919	1341	9260	85.5	100.0
OSAGE	6724	1291	8015	83.9	100.0
OTTAWA	5425	883	6308	86.0	100.0
PAWNEE	2696	709	3405	79.2	100.0
PAYNE	4059	996	5055	80.3	100.0
PITTSBURG	7608	926	8534	89.1	100.0
PONTOTOC	5192	707	5899	88.0	100.0
POTTAWATOMIE	6423	1003	7426	86.5	100.0
PUSHMATAHA	2110	667	2777	76.0	100.0
ROGER MILLS	1597	324	1921	83.1	100.0
ROGERS	2433	672	3105	78.4	100.0
SEMINOLE	4473	959	5432	82.3	100.0
SEQUOYAH	3027	1018	4045	74.8	100.0
STEPHENS	5226	882	6108	85.6	100.0
TEXAS	1700	369	2069	82.2	100.0
TILLMAN	2560	570	3130	81.8	100.0
TULSA	11541	2205	13746	84.0	100.0
WAGONER	1765	668	2433	72.5	100.0
WASHINGTON	3622	789	4411	82.1	100.0
WASHITA	3670	448	4118	89.1	100.0
WOODS	2098	753	2851	73.6	100.0
WOODWARD	1827	409	2236	81.7	100.0

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
291995	56099	348094	83.9	100.0

TABLE D-35

OFFICE QUALIFICATIONS
GEN ELECT NOV 4, 30
LEG REF 042 REJECT ST.Q. 122

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	1386	1193	4925	53.7	52.4
ALFALFA	2742	1195	4776	69.6	82.4
ATOKA	1424	907	3136	61.1	74.3
BEAVER	1592	737	2990	68.4	77.9
BECKHAM	1940	1161	4341	62.6	71.4
BLAINE	2571	1121	5122	69.6	72.1
BRYAN	2763	1366	6457	66.9	63.9
CADDO	4783	2817	10833	62.9	70.2
CANADIAN	3648	1770	6917	67.3	78.3
CARTER	3671	2069	8343	64.0	68.8
CHEROKEE	1774	1311	5273	57.5	58.5
CHOCTAW	1657	1139	4985	59.3	56.1
CIMARRON	913	412	1790	68.9	74.0
CLEVELAND	2718	1292	5675	67.8	70.7
COAL	969	755	2750	56.2	62.7
COMANCHE	3461	1578	7554	68.7	66.7
COTTON	1532	986	4294	60.8	58.6
CRAIG	1972	1723	5688	53.4	65.0
CREEK	7987	2638	14870	75.2	71.5
CUSTER	2900	1494	5923	66.0	74.2
DELAWARE	1215	984	3908	55.3	56.3
DEWEY	1876	1015	3791	64.9	76.3
ELLIS	1478	795	3138	65.0	72.4
GARFIELD	7183	2731	12446	72.5	79.7
GARVIN	2600	1816	7006	58.9	63.0
GRADY	3733	1928	7544	65.9	75.0
GRANT	2627	1691	5111	60.8	84.5
GREER	1502	917	3267	62.1	74.0
HARMON	929	492	2184	65.4	65.1
HARPER	1372	652	2589	67.8	78.2
HASKELL	1691	1118	4805	60.2	58.5
HUGHES	2549	1542	6878	62.3	59.5
JACKSON	1732	995	3843	63.5	71.0
JEFFERSON	1323	987	3462	57.3	66.7
JOHNSTON	1086	1296	3791	45.6	62.8
KAY	7428	2469	12356	75.1	80.1
KINGFISHER	2433	1261	4805	65.9	76.9
KIOWA	2359	1487	5260	61.3	73.1
LATIMER	1057	651	3023	61.9	56.5
LE FLORE	3021	2037	8083	59.7	62.6
LINCOLN	3275	2761	8164	54.3	73.9
LOGAN	3513	1868	7148	65.3	75.3
LOVE	812	603	1976	57.4	71.6
MCCLAIN	1641	1197	4207	57.8	67.5
MCCURTAIN	1825	951	4015	65.7	69.1
MCINTOSH	1846	1164	4887	61.3	61.6
MAJOR	1514	794	2839	65.6	81.3
MARSHALL	805	554	2116	59.2	64.2
MAYES	1628	1217	4991	57.2	57.0
MURRAY	1310	959	3618	57.7	62.7
MUSKOGEE	5733	2454	12458	70.0	65.7
NOBLE	2596	1271	4902	67.1	78.9
NOWATA	1898	919	4328	67.4	65.1
OKFUSKEE	1905	1363	5556	58.3	58.8
OKLAHOMA	21407	6461	34578	76.8	80.6
OKMULGEE	6346	2598	12543	71.0	71.3
OSAGE	6789	2211	11800	75.4	76.3
OTTAWA	4525	1868	10080	70.8	63.4
PAWNEE	2982	1403	5815	68.0	75.4
PAYNE	5203	2213	9429	70.2	78.7
PITTSBURG	4485	2822	9809	61.4	74.5
PONTOTOC	2310	1572	5858	59.5	66.3
POTTAWATOMIE	5792	2965	12789	66.1	68.5
PUSHMATAHA	1292	771	3782	62.6	54.5
ROGER MILLS	1466	1034	3477	58.6	71.9
ROGERS	2008	1316	5068	60.4	65.6
SEMINOLE	5382	2103	11351	71.9	65.9
SEQUOYAH	1652	1088	5560	60.3	49.3
STEPHENS	3054	1712	7357	64.1	64.8
TEXAS	2294	817	4019	73.7	77.4
TILLMAN	1737	859	3427	66.9	75.8
TULSA	19696	6100	34075	76.4	75.7
WAGONER	1626	1031	4474	61.2	59.4
WASHINGTON	3847	1348	6423	74.1	80.9
WASHITA	2183	1236	4985	63.8	68.6
WOODS	2676	1562	5091	63.1	83.2
WOODWARD	2004	1645	4393	54.9	83.1
TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
242654	119338	511320	67.0	70.8

A.&M. BOARD OF REGENTS
GEN ELECT NOV 4, 30
LEG REF 053 REJECT ST.Q. 158

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	1107	1487	4925	42.7	52.7
ALFALFA	1488	2129	4776	41.1	75.7
ATOKA	1129	1251	3136	47.4	75.9
BEAVER	762	1353	2990	36.0	70.7
BECKHAM	1148	1607	4341	41.7	63.5
BLAINE	1637	1888	5122	46.4	68.8
BRYAN	1979	2040	6457	49.2	62.2
CADDO	3243	4017	10833	44.7	67.0
CANADIAN	2658	2412	6917	52.4	73.3
CARTER	3022	2480	8343	54.9	65.9
CHEROKEE	1196	1785	5273	40.1	56.5
CHOCTAW	1585	1378	4985	53.5	59.4
CIMARRON	450	697	1790	39.2	64.1
CLEVELAND	2225	1802	5675	55.3	71.0
COAL	689	978	2750	41.3	60.6
COMANCHE	2557	2282	7554	52.8	64.1
COTTON	1037	1374	4294	43.0	56.1
CRAIG	1345	2356	5688	36.3	65.1
CREEK	6384	3917	14870	62.0	69.3
CUSTER	1875	2199	5923	46.0	68.8
DELAWARE	647	1370	3908	32.1	51.6
DEWEY	1029	1629	3791	38.7	70.1
ELLIS	694	1372	3138	33.6	65.8
GARFIELD	4402	4603	12446	48.9	72.4
GARVIN	2028	2149	7006	48.6	59.6
GRADY	2739	2629	7544	51.0	71.2
GRANT	1440	2662	5111	35.1	80.3
GREER	943	1216	3267	43.7	66.1
HARMON	681	686	2184	49.8	62.6
HARPER	645	1155	2589	35.8	69.5
HASKELL	1166	1294	4805	47.4	51.2
HUGHES	1948	1969	6878	49.7	56.9
JACKSON	1137	1329	3843	46.1	64.2
JEFFERSON	838	1332	3462	38.6	62.7
JOHNSTON	852	1565	3791	35.3	63.8
KAY	6241	3533	12356	63.9	79.1
KINGFISHER	1612	1947	4805	45.3	74.1
KIOWA	1744	1906	5260	47.8	69.4
LATIMER	763	845	3023	47.5	53.2
LE FLORE	1927	2795	8083	40.8	58.4
LINCOLN	2613	3317	8164	44.1	72.6
LOGAN	2519	2637	7148	48.9	72.1
LOVE	495	729	1976	40.4	61.9
MCCLAIN	1261	1457	4207	46.4	64.6
MCCURTAIN	1123	1546	4015	42.1	66.5
MCINTOSH	1585	1432	4887	52.5	61.7
MAJOR	731	1376	2839	34.7	74.2
MARSHALL	461	780	2116	37.1	58.6
MAYES	1110	1696	4991	39.6	56.2
MURRAY	1168	1016	3618	53.5	60.4
MUSKOGEE	4942	3432	12458	59.0	67.2
NOBLE	1972	1812	4902	52.1	77.2
NOWATA	1402	1380	4328	50.4	64.3
OKFUSKEE	1535	1758	5556	46.6	59.3
OKLAHOMA	17604	9231	34578	65.6	77.6
OKMULGEE	5240	3339	12543	61.1	68.4
OSAGE	5351	3321	11800	61.7	73.5
OTTAWA	3169	2817	10080	52.9	59.4
PAWNEE	2153	2060	5815	51.1	72.5
PAYNE	4506	2830	9429	61.4	77.8
PITTSBURG	3709	3524	9809	51.3	73.7
PONTOTOC	1749	2053	5858	46.0	64.9
POTTAWATOMIE	4184	4101	12789	50.5	64.8
PUSHMATAHA	918	1019	3782	47.4	51.2
ROGER MILLS	816	1435	3477	36.3	64.7
ROGERS	1462	1681	5068	46.5	62.0
SEMINOLE	4287	2890	11351	59.7	63.2
SEQUOYAH	1109	1508	5560	42.4	47.1
STEPHENS	2202	2227	7357	49.7	60.2
TEXAS	1364	1447	4019	48.5	69.9
TILLMAN	948	1373	3427	41.3	68.3
TULSA	16608	9238	34075	64.3	75.9
WAGONER	1187	1353	4474	46.7	56.8
WASHINGTON	2962	1823	6423	61.9	74.5
WASHITA	1315	1830	4985	41.8	63.4
WOODS	1994	2520	5091	44.2	86.7
WOODWARD	1248	2357	4393	34.6	82.1
TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
180014	167763	511320	51.8	68.0

TABLE D-36

O.U. BOARD OF REGENTS
GEN ELECT NOV 4, 30
LEG REF 0S4 REJECT ST.Q. 159

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	962	1397	4925	40.8	47.9
ALFALFA	1430	2090	4776	40.6	73.7
ATOKA	1037	1242	3136	45.5	72.7
BEAVER	721	1300	2990	35.7	67.6
BECKHAM	1086	1571	4341	40.9	61.2
BLAINE	1512	1831	5122	45.2	65.3
BRYAN	1889	1992	6457	48.7	60.1
CADDO	3031	3905	10833	43.7	64.0
CANADIAN	2400	2520	6917	48.8	71.1
CARTER	2898	2437	8343	54.3	63.9
CHEROKEE	1072	1723	5273	38.4	53.0
CHOCTAW	1319	1341	4985	49.6	53.4
CIMARRON	421	672	1790	38.5	61.1
CLEVELAND	1982	1884	5675	51.3	68.1
COAL	647	899	2750	41.8	56.2
COMANCHE	2395	2242	7554	51.6	61.4
COTTON	958	1293	4294	42.6	52.4
CRAIG	1281	2300	5688	35.8	63.0
CREEK	6023	3913	14870	60.6	66.8
CUSTER	1791	2114	5923	45.9	65.9
DELAWARE	587	1318	3908	30.8	48.7
DEWEY	1029	1550	3791	39.9	68.0
ELLIS	698	1333	3138	34.4	64.7
GARFIELD	4314	4500	12446	48.9	70.8
GARVIN	1912	2124	7006	47.4	57.6
GRADY	5586	2607	7544	68.2	108.6
GRANT	1384	2598	5111	34.8	77.9
GREER	882	1225	3267	41.9	64.5
HARMON	584	660	2184	46.9	57.0
HARPER	618	1142	2589	35.1	68.0
HASKELL	1104	1277	4805	46.4	49.6
HUGHES	1791	1889	6878	48.7	53.5
JACKSON	1113	1297	3843	46.2	62.7
JEFFERSON	785	1305	3462	37.6	60.4
JOHNSTON	755	1460	3791	34.1	58.4
KAY	5869	3461	12356	62.9	75.5
KINGFISHER	1566	1928	4805	44.8	72.7
KIOWA	1642	1881	5260	46.6	67.0
LATIMER	698	858	3023	44.9	51.5
LE FLORE	1831	2733	8083	40.1	56.5
LINCOLN	2322	3311	8164	41.2	69.0
LOGAN	2315	2565	7148	47.4	68.3
LOVE	463	766	1976	37.7	62.2
MCCLAIN	1140	1468	4207	43.7	62.0
MCCURTAIN	1096	1516	4015	42.0	65.1
MCINTOSH	1449	1411	4887	50.7	58.5
MAJOR	694	1359	2839	33.8	72.3
MARSHALL	424	761	2116	35.8	56.0
MAYES	1031	1650	4991	38.5	53.7
MURRAY	1073	991	3618	52.0	57.0
MUSKOGEE	4765	3409	12458	58.3	65.6
NOBLE	1863	1772	4902	51.3	74.2
NOWATA	1323	1385	4328	48.9	62.6
OKFUSKEE	1323	1726	5556	43.4	54.9
OKLAHOMA	16682	9370	34578	64.0	75.3
OKMULGEE	4946	3336	12543	59.7	66.0
OSAGE	5138	3222	11800	61.5	70.8
OTTAWA	3053	2761	10080	52.5	57.7
PAWNEE	1997	2036	5815	49.5	69.4
PAYNE	4339	2795	9429	60.8	75.7
PITTSBURG	3411	3445	9809	49.8	69.9
PONTOTOC	1584	2030	5858	43.8	61.7
POTTAWATOMIE	3887	3988	12789	49.4	61.6
PUSHMATAHA	853	1044	3782	45.0	50.2
ROGER MILLS	752	1398	3477	35.0	61.8
ROGERS	1362	1698	5068	44.5	60.4
SEMINOLE	4025	2860	11351	58.5	60.7
SEQUOYAH	990	1488	5560	40.0	44.6
STEPHENS	2063	2226	7357	48.1	58.3
TEXAS	1277	1410	4019	47.5	66.9
TILLMAN	910	1326	3427	40.7	65.2
TULSA	16042	8973	34075	64.1	73.4
WAGONER	1114	1334	4474	45.5	54.7
WASHINGTON	2941	1654	6423	64.0	71.5
WASHITA	1234	1775	4985	41.0	60.4
WOODS	1223	2428	5091	33.5	71.7
WOODWARD	1213	2314	4393	34.4	80.3

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
171920	164813	511320	51.1	65.9

NEW INCOME TAX
SP ELECT DEC 18, 31
INT PET 112 REJECT ST.Q. 167

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	2176	537	2720	80.2	99.7
ALFALFA	1614	1875	3524	46.3	99.0
ATOKA	2207	373	2606	85.5	99.0
BEAVER	850	1272	2127	40.1	99.8
BECKHAM	2553	1786	4380	58.8	99.1
BLAINE	1971	1744	3761	53.1	98.8
BRYAN	5155	1026	6235	83.4	99.1
CADDO	4355	2863	7300	60.3	98.9
CANADIAN	1734	3356	5126	34.1	99.3
CARTER	4691	3181	7940	59.6	99.1
CHEROKEE	2760	507	3283	84.5	99.5
CHOCTAW	2332	1088	3435	68.2	99.6
CIMARRON	289	604	901	32.4	99.1
CLEVELAND	2377	3247	5667	42.3	99.2
COAL	1436	483	1914	74.8	100.3
COMANCHE	2649	2618	5301	50.3	99.4
COTTON	2377	581	2977	80.4	99.4
CRAIG	2076	1531	3692	57.6	97.7
CREEK	4654	8806	13662	34.6	98.5
CUSTER	2577	1735	4349	59.8	99.1
DELAWARE	2040	747	2792	73.2	99.8
DEWEY	2030	806	2865	71.6	99.0
ELLIS	953	979	1965	49.3	98.3
GARFIELD	3418	7727	11217	30.7	99.4
GARVIN	3502	1845	5401	65.5	99.0
GRADY	3243	3932	7240	45.2	99.1
GRANT	1828	1958	3808	48.3	99.4
GREER	1764	1157	2934	60.4	99.6
HARMON	1384	280	1670	83.2	99.6
HARPER	906	870	1780	51.0	99.8
HASKELL	2277	293	2608	88.6	98.5
HUGHES	3479	1801	5296	65.9	99.7
JACKSON	2325	1349	3676	63.3	99.9
JEFFERSON	2404	850	3263	73.9	99.7
JOHNSTON	2814	308	3159	90.1	98.8
KAY	5294	7532	12922	41.3	99.3
KINGFISHER	1114	2370	3490	32.0	99.8
KIOWA	2670	1451	4169	64.8	98.8
LATIMER	1408	460	1875	75.4	99.6
LE FLORE	4604	970	5604	82.6	99.5
LINCOLN	3420	2755	6227	55.4	99.2
LOGAN	1415	4235	5657	25.0	99.9
LOVE	1856	183	2052	91.0	99.4
MCCLAIN	2040	1301	3356	61.1	99.6
MCCURTAIN	2637	867	3522	75.3	99.5
MCINTOSH	1896	772	2685	71.1	99.4
MAJOR	994	1282	2284	43.7	99.6
MARSHALL	1776	312	2127	85.1	98.2
MAYES	2538	1280	3833	66.5	99.6
MURRAY	2046	643	2697	76.1	99.7
MUSKOGEE	4575	5837	10516	43.9	99.0
NOBLE	1483	2290	3800	39.3	99.3
NOWATA	1812	1768	3605	50.6	99.3
OKFUSKEE	3074	1363	4472	69.3	99.2
OKLAHOMA	7577	31048	38846	19.6	99.4
OKMULGEE	4212	4266	8488	49.7	99.9
OSAGE	3157	7380	10607	30.0	99.3
OTTAWA	3837	3420	7308	52.9	99.3
PAWNEE	2312	2447	4786	48.6	99.4
PAYNE	3260	5833	9145	35.9	99.4
PITTSBURG	4869	3057	7949	61.4	99.7
PONTOTOC	3505	2031	5583	63.3	99.2
POTTAWATOMIE	5085	6155	11276	45.2	99.7
PUSHMATAHA	2123	351	2502	85.8	98.9
ROGER MILLS	1766	583	2360	75.2	99.5
ROGERS	2114	2080	4248	50.4	98.7
SEMINOLE	4585	7650	12315	37.5	99.4
SEQUOYAH	2679	677	3377	79.8	99.4
STEPHENS	3777	2530	6351	59.9	99.3
TEXAS	737	1407	2152	34.4	99.6
TILLMAN	2323	675	3017	77.5	99.4
TULSA	9130	41038	50368	18.2	99.6
WAGONER	1356	1054	2427	56.3	99.3
WASHINGTON	2013	5615	7653	26.4	99.7
WASHITA	2266	1343	3639	62.8	99.2
WOODS	2140	2038	4201	51.2	99.5
WOODWARD	1469	1454	2936	50.3	99.6

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
208144	235918	447001	46.9	99.3

TABLE D-37

CORPORATION PROPERTY
SP ELECT DEC 18, 31
INT PET 114 REJECT ST.Q. 169

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	2152	549	2720	79.7	99.3
ALFALFA	1473	1987	3524	42.6	98.2
ATOKA	2186	385	2606	85.0	98.7
BEAVER	732	1378	2127	34.7	99.2
BECKHAM	2499	1838	4380	57.6	99.0
BLAINE	1927	1782	3761	52.0	98.6
BRYAN	5066	1085	6235	82.4	98.7
CADDO	4198	2981	7300	58.5	98.3
CANADIAN	1642	3436	5126	32.3	99.1
CARTER	4655	3209	7940	59.2	99.0
CHEROKEE	2728	524	3283	83.9	99.1
CHOCTAW	2264	1128	3435	66.7	98.7
CIMARRON	290	603	901	32.5	99.1
CLEVELAND	2263	3315	5667	40.6	98.4
COAL	1428	481	1914	74.8	99.7
COMANCHE	2602	2648	5301	49.6	99.0
COTTON	2308	635	2977	78.4	98.9
CRAIG	2019	1588	3692	56.0	97.7
CREEK	4598	8856	13662	34.2	98.5
CUSTER	2452	1822	4349	57.4	98.3
DELAWARE	1984	781	2792	71.8	99.0
DEWEY	1978	847	2865	70.0	98.6
ELLIS	908	1020	1965	47.1	98.1
GARFIELD	3093	8021	11217	27.8	99.1
GARVIN	3460	1777	5401	66.1	97.0
GRADY	3144	4016	7240	43.9	98.9
GRANT	1634	2132	3808	43.4	98.9
GREER	1725	1180	2934	59.4	99.0
HARMON	1351	306	1670	81.5	99.2
HARPER	867	898	1780	49.1	99.2
HASKELL	2252	313	2608	87.8	98.4
HUGHES	3423	1836	5296	65.1	99.3
JACKSON	2246	1399	3676	61.6	99.2
JEFFERSON	2362	878	3263	72.9	99.3
JOHNSTON	2792	323	3159	89.6	98.6
KAY	5110	7665	12922	40.0	98.9
KINGFISHER	1050	2417	3490	30.3	99.3
KIOWA	2578	1522	4169	62.9	98.3
LATIMER	1385	416	1875	76.9	96.1
LE FLORE	4526	1013	5604	81.7	98.8
LINCOLN	3337	2824	6227	54.2	98.9
LOGAN	1324	4299	5657	23.5	99.4
LOVE	1841	191	2052	90.6	99.0
MCCLAIN	2035	1310	3356	60.8	99.7
MCCURTAIN	2594	896	3522	74.3	99.1
MCINTOSH	1857	798	2685	69.9	98.9
MAJOR	865	1386	2284	38.4	98.6
MARSHALL	1738	344	2127	83.5	97.9
MAYES	2479	1300	3833	65.6	98.6
MURRAY	2022	663	2697	75.3	99.6
MUSKOGEE	4469	5910	10516	43.1	98.7
NOBLE	1345	2417	3800	35.8	99.0
NOWATA	1782	1783	3605	50.0	98.9
OKFUSKEE	3031	1400	4472	68.4	99.1
OKLAHOMA	7408	31183	38846	19.2	99.3
OKMULGEE	4092	4342	8488	48.5	99.4
OSAGE	3093	7419	10607	29.4	99.1
OTTAWA	3735	3461	7308	51.9	98.5
PAWNEE	2226	2505	4786	47.1	98.9
PAYNE	3127	5940	9145	34.5	99.1
PITTSBURG	4772	3126	7949	60.4	99.4
PONTOTOC	3443	2086	5583	62.3	99.0
POTTAWATOMIE	4967	6223	11276	44.4	99.2
PUSHMATAHA	2086	375	2502	84.8	98.4
ROGER MILLS	1736	608	2360	74.1	99.3
ROGERS	2026	2101	4248	49.1	97.2
SEMINOLE	4547	7652	12315	37.3	99.1
SEQUOYAH	2642	707	3377	78.9	99.2
STEPHENS	3701	2579	6351	58.9	98.9
TEXAS	735	1402	2152	34.4	99.3
TILLMAN	2240	738	3017	75.2	98.7
TULSA	8916	41200	50368	17.8	99.5
WAGONER	1305	1093	2427	54.4	98.8
WASHINGTON	1968	5646	7653	25.8	99.5
WASHITA	2104	1480	3639	58.7	98.5
WOODS	2021	2139	4201	48.6	99.0
WOODWARD	1394	1512	2936	48.0	99.0

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
202353	240028	447001	45.7	99.0

BOARD OF EDUCATION
SP ELECT DEC 18, 31
INT PET 117 REJECT ST.Q. 172

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	2143	556	2720	79.4	99.2
ALFALFA	1345	2121	3524	38.8	98.4
ATOKA	2177	395	2606	84.6	98.7
BEAVER	634	1474	2127	30.1	99.1
BECKHAM	2422	1906	4380	56.0	98.8
BLAINE	1841	1864	3761	49.7	98.5
BRYAN	5006	1143	6235	81.4	98.6
CADDO	3998	3173	7300	55.8	98.2
CANADIAN	1579	3506	5126	31.1	99.2
CARTER	4618	3258	7940	58.6	99.2
CHEROKEE	2697	558	3283	82.9	99.1
CHOCTAW	2223	1181	3435	65.3	99.1
CIMARRON	250	641	901	28.1	98.9
CLEVELAND	2171	3397	5667	39.0	98.3
COAL	1411	501	1914	73.8	99.9
COMANCHE	2480	2766	5301	47.3	99.0
COTTON	2217	716	2977	75.6	98.5
CRAIG	1925	1670	3692	53.5	97.4
CREEK	4585	8848	13662	34.1	98.3
CUSTER	2326	1944	4349	54.5	98.2
DELAWARE	1929	832	2792	69.9	98.9
DEWEY	1887	927	2865	67.1	98.2
ELLIS	821	1114	1965	42.4	98.5
GARFIELD	2925	8164	11217	26.4	98.9
GARVIN	3403	1929	5401	63.8	98.7
GRADY	3055	4102	7240	42.7	98.9
GRANT	1414	2356	3808	37.5	99.0
GREER	1676	1235	2934	57.6	99.2
HARMON	1289	368	1670	77.8	99.2
HARPER	814	947	1780	46.2	98.9
HASKELL	2214	348	2608	86.4	98.2
HUGHES	3393	1874	5296	64.4	99.5
JACKSON	2116	1522	3676	58.2	99.0
JEFFERSON	2332	912	3263	71.9	99.4
JOHNSTON	2764	348	3159	88.8	98.5
KAY	4943	7838	12922	38.7	98.9
KINGFISHER	919	2555	3490	26.5	99.5
KIOWA	2461	1635	4169	60.1	98.2
LATIMER	1346	509	1875	72.6	98.9
LE FLORE	4446	1086	5604	80.4	98.7
LINCOLN	3249	2921	6227	52.7	99.1
LOGAN	1256	4372	5657	22.3	99.5
LOVE	1808	225	2052	88.9	99.1
MCCLAIN	2005	1333	3356	60.1	99.5
MCCURTAIN	2564	927	3522	73.4	99.1
MCINTOSH	1835	817	2685	69.2	98.8
MAJOR	783	1469	2284	34.8	98.6
MARSHALL	1698	380	2127	81.7	97.7
MAYES	2434	1353	3833	64.3	98.8
MURRAY	1989	695	2697	74.1	99.5
MUSKOGEE	4361	6014	10516	42.0	98.7
NOBLE	1225	2521	3800	32.7	98.6
NOWATA	1766	1792	3605	49.6	98.7
OKFUSKEE	2997	1423	4472	67.8	98.8
OKLAHOMA	7216	31318	38846	18.7	99.2
OKMULGEE	4062	4345	8488	48.3	99.0
OSAGE	3045	7462	10607	29.0	99.1
OTTAWA	3716	3523	7308	51.3	99.1
PAWNEE	2136	2583	4786	45.3	98.6
PAYNE	3022	6024	9145	33.4	98.9
PITTSBURG	4657	3239	7949	59.0	99.3
PONTOTOC	3356	2157	5583	60.9	98.7
POTTAWATOMIE	4931	6274	11276	44.0	99.4
PUSHMATAHA	2051	415	2502	83.2	98.6
ROGER MILLS	1658	683	2360	70.8	99.2
ROGERS	1994	2176	4248	47.8	98.2
SEMINOLE	4524	7659	12315	37.1	98.9
SEQUOYAH	2620	721	3377	78.4	98.9
STEPHENS	3621	2653	6351	57.7	98.8
TEXAS	610	1533	2152	28.5	99.6
TILLMAN	2108	862	3017	71.0	98.4
TULSA	8837	41266	50368	17.6	99.5
WAGONER	1285	1119	2427	53.5	99.1
WASHINGTON	1944	5657	7653	25.6	99.3
WASHITA	1969	1606	3639	55.1	98.2
WOODS	1796	2358	4201	43.2	98.9
WOODWARD	1256	1649	2936	43.2	98.9

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
196579	245743	447001	44.4	99.0

TABLE D-38

CREATE BUDGET OFFICER
SP ELECT DEC 18, 31
INT PET 118 REJECT ST.Q. 173

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	2107	578	2720	78.5	98.7
ALFALFA	1327	2128	3524	38.4	98.0
ATOKA	2142	422	2606	83.5	98.4
BEAVER	624	1472	2127	29.8	98.5
BECKHAM	2416	1904	4380	55.9	98.6
BLAINE	1814	1875	3761	49.2	98.1
BRYAN	4796	1157	6235	80.6	95.5
CADDO	4031	3097	7300	56.6	97.6
CANADIAN	1544	3528	5126	30.4	98.9
CARTER	4556	3263	7940	58.3	98.5
CHEROKEE	2665	571	3283	82.4	98.6
CHOCTAW	2223	1160	3435	65.7	98.5
CIMARRON	247	645	901	27.7	99.0
CLEVELAND	2167	3378	5667	39.1	97.8
COAL	1392	501	1914	73.5	98.9
COMANCHE	2466	2760	5301	47.2	98.6
COTTON	2221	708	2977	75.8	98.4
CRAIG	1910	1662	3692	53.5	96.7
CREEK	4507	8913	13662	33.6	98.2
CUSTER	2346	1910	4349	55.1	97.9
DELAWARE	1883	857	2792	68.7	98.1
DEWEY	1876	916	2865	67.2	97.5
ELLIS	825	1105	1965	42.7	98.2
GARFIELD	2869	8192	11217	25.9	98.6
GARVIN	3361	1928	5401	63.5	97.9
GRADY	3020	4103	7240	42.4	98.4
GRANT	1468	2280	3808	39.2	98.4
GREER	1677	1213	2934	58.0	98.5
HARMON	1288	365	1670	77.9	99.0
HARPER	772	984	1780	44.0	98.7
HASKELL	2185	343	2608	86.4	96.9
HUGHES	3349	1885	5296	64.0	98.8
JACKSON	2134	1491	3676	58.9	98.6
JEFFERSON	2309	904	3263	71.9	98.5
JOHNSTON	2744	352	3159	86.6	98.0
KAY	4864	7869	12922	38.2	98.5
KINGFISHER	900	2526	3490	26.3	98.2
KIOWA	2462	1607	4169	60.5	97.6
LATIMER	1319	511	1875	72.1	97.6
LE FLORE	4403	1112	5604	79.8	98.4
LINCOLN	3257	2891	6227	53.0	98.7
LOGAN	1246	4360	5657	22.2	99.1
LOVE	1797	220	2052	89.1	98.3
MCCLAIN	1972	1336	3356	59.6	98.6
MCCURTAIN	2525	943	3522	72.8	98.5
MCINTOSH	1817	816	2685	69.0	98.1
MAJOR	750	1486	2284	33.5	97.9
MARSHALL	1691	371	2127	82.0	96.9
MAYES	2409	1338	3833	64.3	97.8
MURRAY	1970	703	2697	73.7	99.1
MUSKOGEE	4323	5987	10516	41.9	98.0
NOBLE	1282	2447	3800	34.4	98.1
NOWATA	1736	1810	3605	49.0	98.4
OKFUSKEE	2958	1446	4472	67.2	98.5
OKLAHOMA	7088	31353	38846	18.4	99.0
OKMULGEE	3949	4460	8488	47.0	99.1
OSAGE	2961	7472	10607	28.4	98.4
OTTAWA	3630	3531	7308	50.7	98.0
PAWNEE	2141	2562	4786	45.5	98.3
PAYNE	2984	6053	9145	33.0	98.8
PITTSBURG	4634	3246	7949	58.8	99.1
PONTOTOC	3317	2181	5583	60.3	98.5
POTTAWATOMIE	4826	6324	11276	43.3	98.9
PUSHMATAHA	2027	413	2502	83.1	97.5
ROGER MILLS	1670	656	2360	71.8	98.6
ROGERS	1973	2179	4248	47.5	97.7
SEMINOLE	4423	7726	12315	36.4	98.7
SEQUOYAH	2568	740	3377	77.6	98.0
STEPHENS	3583	2661	6351	57.4	98.3
TEXAS	605	1532	2152	28.3	99.3
TILLMAN	2128	824	3017	72.1	97.8
TULSA	8670	41265	50368	17.4	99.1
WAGONER	1268	1121	2427	53.1	98.4
WASHINGTON	1919	5657	7653	25.3	99.0
WASHITA	1902	1558	3639	55.0	95.1
WOODS	1803	2324	4201	43.7	98.2
WOODWARD	1263	1627	2936	43.7	98.4

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
194274	245794	447001	44.1	98.4

LIMITING TAX RATE
SP PRI ELECT JUL 5,32
INT PET 113 REJECT ST.Q. 168

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	1705	1667	3314	50.6	101.8
ALFALFA	1137	1722	2603	39.8	109.8
ATOKA	3156	1474	4353	68.2	106.4
BEAVER	726	1208	1650	37.5	117.2
BECKHAM	2520	3033	5682	45.4	97.7
BLAINE	1376	2417	3531	36.3	107.4
BRYAN	4813	2072	8697	69.9	79.2
CADDO	3677	3456	7444	51.5	95.8
CANADIAN	1781	3168	5204	36.0	95.1
CARTER	5664	4098	10089	58.0	96.8
CHEROKEE	2154	2016	4443	51.7	93.9
CHOCTAW	3334	2009	5374	62.4	99.4
CIMARRON	637	934	1352	40.5	116.2
CLEVELAND	2203	3424	5514	39.2	102.0
COAL	1900	1150	3364	62.3	90.7
COMANCHE	2572	3081	6429	45.5	97.9
COTTON	2138	1248	3792	63.1	89.3
CRAIG	1223	2074	3167	37.1	104.1
CREEK	4495	6741	10512	40.0	106.9
CUSTER	2593	2297	4804	53.0	101.8
DELAWARE	1288	1552	2652	45.4	107.1
DEWEY	1384	1338	2504	50.8	108.7
ELLIS	727	1200	1593	37.7	121.0
GARFIELD	2617	5839	7549	30.9	112.0
GARVIN	3759	2969	6657	55.9	101.1
GRADY	3450	4580	8421	43.0	95.4
GRANT	1068	2209	2959	32.6	110.7
GREER	2328	1606	3890	59.2	101.1
HARMON	1662	916	2450	64.5	105.2
HARPER	619	850	1265	42.1	116.1
HASKELL	2295	1114	3599	67.3	94.7
HUGHES	4327	2308	6314	65.2	105.1
JACKSON	2444	2353	4854	50.9	98.8
JEFFERSON	2414	1528	4150	61.2	95.0
JOHNSTON	2886	998	4138	74.3	93.9
KAY	2835	5111	7557	35.7	105.1
KINGFISHER	816	2361	2719	25.7	116.8
KIOWA	2386	2176	4886	52.3	93.4
LATIMER	1328	961	2607	58.0	87.8
LE FLORE	4089	2134	6519	65.7	95.5
LINCOLN	2515	3875	6200	39.4	103.1
LOGAN	1664	4270	5353	28.0	110.9
LOVE	2197	812	2855	73.0	105.4
MCCLAIN	2164	2260	4256	48.9	103.9
MCCURTAIN	4097	2299	6385	64.1	100.2
MCINTOSH	2385	1525	4056	61.0	96.4
MAJOR	779	1688	1972	31.6	125.1
MARSHALL	2276	920	2925	71.2	109.3
MAYES	1448	1274	2882	53.2	94.4
MURRAY	1965	1173	3254	62.6	96.4
MUSKOGEE	4447	5167	10849	46.3	88.6
NOBLE	1230	2142	3137	36.5	107.5
NOWATA	1359	2444	3223	35.7	118.0
OKFUSKEE	3052	1806	4448	62.8	109.2
OKLAHOMA	7449	25080	33091	22.9	98.3
OKMULGEE	4609	4145	6309	52.7	138.8
OSAGE	2940	6134	8745	31.6	102.6
OTTAWA	2542	3913	6233	39.4	103.6
PAWNEE	1360	1969	3086	40.9	107.9
PAYNE	1828	3273	5156	35.8	98.9
PITTSBURG	4320	4780	9044	47.5	100.6
PONTOTOC	4771	2856	7591	62.6	100.5
POTTAWATOMIE	4542	5180	9062	46.7	107.3
PUSHMATAHA	2359	1230	3261	65.7	110.1
ROGER MILLS	1821	1449	3034	55.7	107.8
ROGERS	1507	2031	3788	42.6	93.4
SEMINOLE	4292	4952	8733	46.4	105.9
SEQUOYAH	2009	1799	4172	52.8	91.3
STEPHENS	3979	2786	7320	58.8	92.4
TEXAS	1203	1731	2560	41.0	114.6
TILLMAN	2206	1879	4198	54.0	97.3
TULSA	7162	17052	22471	29.6	107.8
WAGONER	1481	1683	3296	46.8	96.0
WASHINGTON	2159	4872	6682	30.7	105.2
WASHITA	2094	1946	4400	51.8	91.8
WOODS	1173	1975	2640	37.3	119.2
WOODWARD	1232	1508	2418	45.0	113.3

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
195042	229270	417686	46.0	101.6

TABLE D-39

CROP CONTROL
SP PRI ELECT JUL 5,32
INT PET 115 REJECT ST.Q. 170

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	1188	2034	3314	36.9	97.2
ALFALFA	447	2433	2603	15.5	110.6
ATOKA	2274	2203	4353	50.8	102.8
BEAVER	240	1726	1650	12.2	119.2
BECKHAM	1764	3765	5682	31.9	97.3
BLAINE	720	3129	3531	18.7	109.0
BRYAN	3193	3360	8697	48.6	75.6
CADDO	2413	4728	7444	33.8	95.9
CANADIAN	887	4172	5204	17.5	97.2
CARTER	4175	5458	10089	43.3	95.5
CHEROKEE	1331	2730	4443	32.8	91.4
CHOCTAW	1768	3182	5374	35.7	92.1
CIMARRON	234	1360	1352	14.7	117.9
CLEVELAND	1496	4097	5514	26.7	101.4
COAL	1474	1515	3364	49.3	88.9
COMANCHE	1717	3880	6429	30.7	87.1
COTTON	1602	1835	3792	46.6	90.6
CRAIG	731	2547	3167	22.3	103.5
CREEK	3137	8059	10512	28.0	106.5
CUSTER	1489	3283	4804	31.2	99.3
DELAWARE	781	2019	2652	27.9	105.6
DEWEY	713	2052	2504	25.8	110.4
ELLIS	299	1661	1593	15.3	123.0
GARFIELD	1249	7233	7549	14.7	112.4
GARVIN	2907	3743	6657	43.7	99.9
GRADY	2405	5488	8421	30.5	93.7
GRANT	436	2934	2959	12.9	113.9
GREER	1649	2232	3890	42.5	99.8
HARMON	1151	1432	2450	44.6	105.4
HARPER	237	1227	1265	16.2	115.7
HASKELL	1941	1431	3599	57.6	93.7
HUGHES	2952	3383	6314	46.6	100.3
JACKSON	1576	3274	4854	32.5	99.9
JEFFERSON	1741	2095	4150	45.4	92.4
JOHNSTON	2207	1478	4138	59.9	89.1
KAY	1362	6076	7537	17.4	105.3
KINGFISHER	387	2786	2719	12.2	116.7
KIOWA	1581	2939	4886	35.0	92.5
LATIMER	915	1342	2607	40.5	86.6
LE FLORE	3220	2888	6519	52.7	93.7
LINCOLN	1761	4627	6200	27.6	103.0
LOGAN	1005	4882	5353	17.1	110.0
LOVE	1775	1081	2855	62.1	100.0
MCCLAIN	1718	2754	4256	38.4	105.1
MCCURTAIN	3147	3098	6385	50.4	97.8
MCINTOSH	1849	1949	4056	48.7	93.6
MAJOR	295	2227	1972	11.7	127.9
MARSHALL	1620	1307	2925	58.2	106.9
MAYES	889	1771	2882	33.4	92.3
MURRAY	1519	1567	3254	49.2	94.8
MUSKOGEE	3132	6397	10849	32.9	87.8
NOBLE	531	2832	3137	15.8	107.2
NOWATA	906	2819	3223	24.3	115.6
OKFUSKEE	2489	2267	4448	52.3	106.9
OKLAHOMA	4948	27635	33091	15.2	98.5
OKMULGEE	3029	5661	6309	34.9	137.7
OSAGE	1793	7257	8745	19.8	103.5
OTTAWA	1492	4939	6233	23.2	103.2
PAWNEE	695	2576	3086	21.2	106.0
PAYNE	1112	3993	5156	21.8	99.0
PITTSBURG	2910	6050	9044	32.5	99.1
PONTOTOC	3680	3789	7591	49.3	98.4
POTTAWATOMIE	3175	6537	9062	32.7	107.2
PUSHMATAHA	1672	1731	3261	49.1	104.4
ROGER MILLS	1152	2140	3034	35.0	108.5
ROGERS	910	2552	3788	26.3	91.4
SEMINOLE	3570	5976	8733	37.4	109.3
SEQUOYAH	1562	2229	4172	41.2	90.9
STEPHENS	2813	3823	7320	42.4	90.7
TEXAS	396	2516	2560	13.6	113.8
TILLMAN	1250	2916	4198	30.0	99.2
TULSA	4868	19129	22471	20.4	106.9
WAGONER	899	2266	3296	28.4	96.0
WASHINGTON	1297	5631	6682	18.7	103.7
WASHITA	1306	2814	4400	31.7	93.6
WOODS	451	2674	2640	14.4	118.4
WOODWARD	482	2273	2418	17.5	113.9

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
130327	290416	417686	31.0	100.7

COUNTY ROAD COMMISSIONER
SP PRI ELECT JUL 5,32
INT PET 116 REJECT ST.Q. 171

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	1450	1761	3314	45.2	96.9
ALFALFA	661	2195	2603	23.1	109.7
ATOKA	2594	1828	4353	58.7	101.6
BEAVER	399	1518	1650	20.8	116.2
BECKHAM	2086	3363	5682	38.3	95.9
BLAINE	957	2829	3531	25.3	107.2
BRYAN	3847	2580	8697	59.9	73.9
CADDO	2824	4195	7444	40.2	94.3
CANADIAN	1210	3817	5204	24.1	96.6
CARTER	4791	4686	10089	50.6	93.9
CHEROKEE	1736	2291	4443	43.1	90.6
CHOCTAW	2063	2879	5374	41.7	92.0
CIMARRON	332	1236	1352	21.2	116.0
CLEVELAND	1774	3773	5514	32.0	100.6
COAL	1692	1300	3364	56.6	88.9
COMANCHE	2117	3454	6429	38.0	86.7
COTTON	1782	1496	3792	54.4	86.4
CRAIG	946	2309	3167	29.1	102.8
CREEK	3563	7529	10512	32.1	105.5
CUSTER	1922	2811	4804	40.6	98.5
DELAWARE	1055	1728	2652	37.9	104.9
DEWEY	1036	1685	2504	38.1	108.7
ELLIS	463	1459	1593	24.1	120.7
GARFIELD	1678	6728	7549	20.0	111.4
GARVIN	3286	3286	6657	50.0	98.7
GRADY	2770	4997	8421	35.7	92.2
GRANT	637	2640	2959	19.4	110.7
GREER	1907	1954	3890	49.4	99.3
HARMON	1402	1108	2450	55.9	102.4
HARPER	395	1069	1265	27.0	115.7
HASKELL	2046	1173	3599	63.6	89.4
HUGHES	3342	2962	6314	53.0	99.8
JACKSON	1957	2761	4854	41.5	97.2
JEFFERSON	1965	1816	4150	52.0	91.1
JOHNSTON	2515	1197	4138	67.8	89.7
KAY	2082	5305	7537	26.2	105.2
KINGFISHER	515	2632	2719	16.4	115.7
KIOWA	1697	2581	4886	42.4	91.6
LATIMER	986	1077	2607	47.8	79.1
LE FLORE	3681	2384	6519	60.7	93.0
LINCOLN	1955	4329	6200	31.1	101.4
LOGAN	1180	4548	5353	20.6	107.0
LOVE	1972	854	2855	69.8	99.0
MCCLAIN	1889	2466	4256	43.4	102.3
MCCURTAIN	3684	2528	6385	59.3	97.3
MCINTOSH	1975	1763	4056	52.8	92.2
MAJOR	460	1993	1972	18.8	124.4
MARSHALL	2008	1060	2925	65.4	104.9
MAYES	1059	1542	2882	40.7	90.2
MURRAY	1803	1407	3254	56.2	98.6
MUSKOGEE	3516	5820	10849	37.7	86.1
NOBLE	821	2540	3137	24.4	107.1
NOWATA	1100	2621	3223	29.6	115.5
OKFUSKEE	2661	2055	4448	56.4	106.0
OKLAHOMA	5844	26527	33091	18.1	97.8
OKMULGEE	3520	4998	6309	41.3	135.0
OSAGE	2370	6609	8745	26.4	102.7
OTTAWA	2131	4341	6233	32.9	103.8
PAWNEE	943	2313	3086	29.0	105.5
PAYNE	1351	3736	5156	26.6	98.7
PITTSBURG	3458	5439	9044	38.9	98.4
PONTOTOC	4133	3296	7591	55.6	97.9
POTTAWATOMIE	3789	5783	9062	39.6	105.6
PUSHMATAHA	2002	1308	3261	60.5	101.5
ROGER MILLS	1441	1778	3034	44.8	106.1
ROGERS	1157	2310	3788	33.4	91.5
SEMINOLE	4020	5383	8733	42.8	107.7
SEQUOYAH	1768	1904	4172	48.1	88.0
STEPHENS	3100	3205	7320	49.2	86.1
TEXAS	655	2181	2560	23.1	110.8
TILLMAN	1667	2377	4198	41.2	96.3
TULSA	5635	18163	22471	23.7	105.9
WAGONER	1050	2022	3296	34.2	93.2
WASHINGTON	1682	5267	6682	24.2	104.0
WASHITA	1527	2487	4400	38.0	91.2
WOODS	705	2404	2640	22.7	117.8
WOODWARD	718	1984	2418	26.6	111.7

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
155110	260293	417686	37.3	99.5

TABLE D-40

OLEOMARGARINE TAX
GEN ELECT NOV 8, 32
REF PET 055 REJECT ST.Q. 164

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	1864	2059	5753	47.5	68.2
ALFALFA	1163	4253	5679	21.5	95.4
ATOKA	1373	2218	4240	38.2	84.7
BEAVER	712	2881	3911	19.8	91.9
BECKHAM	2081	4006	6871	34.2	88.6
BLAINE	1720	4156	6447	29.3	91.1
BRYAN	2905	4225	8506	40.7	83.8
CADDO	4107	7736	13973	34.7	84.8
CANADIAN	3566	4637	9316	43.5	98.1
CARTER	4029	5866	11366	40.7	87.1
CHEROKEE	1936	2990	6908	39.3	71.3
CHOCTAW	1665	3038	5948	35.4	79.1
CIMARRON	829	1203	2466	40.8	82.4
CLEVELAND	3414	3568	7837	48.9	89.1
COAL	972	1676	3088	36.7	85.8
COMANCHE	3111	5045	9632	38.1	84.7
COTTON	1232	3148	5184	29.1	84.5
CRAIG	1607	4458	6985	26.5	86.8
CREEK	8296	8505	19749	49.4	85.1
CUSTER	2544	4785	8257	34.7	88.8
DELAWARE	1635	2323	5153	41.3	76.8
DEWEY	1511	2863	4906	34.5	89.2
ELLIS	1056	2482	3884	29.8	91.1
GARFIELD	6068	10391	17610	36.6	93.1
GARVIN	2894	4430	8868	39.5	82.6
GRADY	3872	5836	11281	39.9	86.1
GRANT	1492	4414	6334	25.3	93.2
GREER	1398	2702	4658	34.1	88.0
HARMON	918	1703	3231	35.0	81.1
HARPER	835	1859	2922	31.0	92.2
HASKELL	1771	2531	5796	41.2	74.2
HUGHES	2962	3338	7599	47.0	82.9
JACKSON	2404	2891	6362	45.4	83.2
JEFFERSON	1512	1816	4051	45.4	82.2
JOHNSTON	1476	1483	3606	49.9	82.1
KAY	7007	9922	18725	41.4	90.4
KINGFISHER	1521	4072	6089	27.2	91.9
KIOWA	2206	3257	6170	40.4	88.5
LATIMER	1018	1861	3847	35.4	74.8
LE FLORE	4329	4003	11043	52.0	75.5
LINCOLN	2984	7012	11146	29.1	88.8
LOGAN	2780	5812	9732	32.4	88.3
LOVE	1018	1115	2613	47.7	81.6
MCCLAIN	2078	2659	5905	43.9	80.2
MCCURTAIN	2521	2749	6473	47.8	81.4
MCINTOSH	1793	2594	5610	40.9	78.2
MAJOR	800	2894	3899	21.7	94.7
MARSHALL	821	1989	3555	29.2	79.0
MAYES	1304	3812	6040	25.5	84.7
MURRAY	1297	1713	3618	43.1	83.2
MUSKOGEE	5925	9107	17972	39.4	83.6
NOBLE	1918	3549	6049	35.1	90.4
NOWATA	1878	3027	5673	38.3	86.5
OKFUSKEE	2258	3285	6541	40.7	84.7
OKLAHOMA	38083	19713	62368	65.9	92.7
OKMULGEE	7142	6158	16049	53.7	82.9
OSAGE	6232	7401	15608	45.7	87.3
OTTAWA	4792	4422	11385	52.0	80.9
PAWNEE	1964	4480	7280	30.5	88.5
PAYNE	3686	7339	11693	33.4	94.3
PITTSBURG	4156	6843	13058	37.8	84.2
PONTOTOC	3120	4002	8588	43.8	82.9
POTTAWATOMIE	6372	7576	16631	45.7	83.9
PUSHMATAHA	1369	1694	3909	44.7	78.4
ROGER MILLS	1337	2300	4390	36.8	82.8
ROGERS	2390	3707	7276	39.2	83.8
SEMINOLE	7108	5860	15248	54.8	85.0
SEQUOYAH	2019	2462	6537	45.1	68.5
STEPHENS	3262	4351	9158	42.8	83.1
TEXAS	1409	3659	5844	27.8	86.7
TILLMAN	1838	2679	5602	40.7	80.6
TULSA	31384	22687	61670	58.0	87.7
WAGONER	1598	2660	5520	37.5	77.1
WASHINGTON	5388	5105	11910	51.3	88.1
WASHITA	1657	4308	7157	27.8	83.3
WOODS	1620	4224	6692	27.7	87.3
WOODWARD	1738	3421	5909	33.7	87.3

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
265890	342998	708559	43.7	85.9

TAX REDUCTION
GEN ELECT NOV 8, 32
INT PET 120 REJECT ST.Q. 175

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	2890	1704	5753	62.9	79.9
ALFALFA	3286	2228	5679	59.6	97.1
ATOKA	3053	913	4240	77.0	93.5
BEAVER	2040	1627	3911	55.6	93.8
BECKHAM	3780	2601	6871	59.2	92.9
BLAINE	3037	2903	6447	51.1	92.1
BRYAN	6155	1746	8506	77.9	92.9
CADDO	7896	4769	13973	62.3	90.6
CANADIAN	3449	5014	9316	40.8	90.8
CARTER	5882	4662	11366	55.8	92.8
CHEROKEE	3570	2088	6908	63.1	81.9
CHOCTAW	3493	1769	5948	66.4	88.5
CIMARRON	1757	544	2466	76.4	93.3
CLEVELAND	3054	4293	7837	41.6	93.7
COAL	2062	1010	3088	67.1	99.5
COMANCHE	4365	4223	9632	50.8	89.2
COTTON	3650	1028	5184	78.0	90.2
CRAIG	3482	2600	6985	57.3	87.1
CREEK	7772	10648	19749	42.2	93.3
CUSTER	4857	2769	8257	63.7	92.4
DELAWARE	2989	1519	5153	66.3	87.5
DEWEY	3402	1226	4906	73.5	94.3
ELLIS	1981	1665	3884	54.3	93.9
GARFIELD	7523	9303	17610	44.7	95.5
GARVIN	4916	2993	8868	62.2	89.2
GRADY	5045	5255	11281	49.0	91.3
GRANT	3045	2863	6334	51.5	93.3
GREER	2956	1400	4658	67.9	93.5
HARMON	2254	669	3231	77.1	90.5
HARPER	1993	774	2922	72.0	94.7
HASKELL	3686	1202	5796	75.4	84.3
HUGHES	4364	2560	7599	63.0	91.1
JACKSON	4053	1777	6362	69.5	91.6
JEFFERSON	2616	1072	4051	70.9	91.0
JOHNSTON	2809	609	3606	82.2	94.8
KAY	6714	10774	18725	38.4	93.4
KINGFISHER	2268	3420	6089	39.9	93.4
KIOWA	3519	2240	6170	61.1	93.3
LATIMER	2510	811	3847	75.6	86.3
LE FLORE	7336	2070	11043	78.0	85.2
LINCOLN	5431	4899	11146	52.6	92.7
LOGAN	3283	5659	9732	36.6	92.3
LOVE	1989	412	2613	82.8	91.9
MCCLAIN	3142	2068	5905	60.3	88.2
MCCURTAIN	4814	1241	6473	79.5	93.5
MCINTOSH	3287	1646	5610	66.6	87.9
MAJOR	2141	1685	3899	56.0	98.1
MARSHALL	2066	955	3555	68.4	85.0
MAYES	3164	2238	6040	58.6	89.4
MURRAY	2167	1154	3618	65.3	91.8
MUSKOGEE	6573	9581	17972	40.7	89.9
NOBLE	2619	2940	6049	47.1	91.9
NOWATA	2334	2859	5673	44.9	91.5
OKFUSKEE	3882	2192	6541	63.9	92.9
OKLAHOMA	14361	45510	62368	24.0	96.0
OKMULGEE	7442	6870	16049	52.0	89.2
OSAGE	5112	9176	15608	35.8	91.5
OTTAWA	6434	3584	11385	64.2	88.0
PAWNEE	3464	3399	7280	50.5	94.3
PAYNE	4915	6384	11693	43.5	96.6
PITTSBURG	6070	5780	13058	51.2	90.7
PONTOTOC	5009	2806	8588	64.1	91.0
POTTAWATOMIE	7084	7853	16631	47.4	89.8
PUSHMATAHA	2921	623	3909	82.4	90.7
ROGER MILLS	2737	1085	4390	71.6	87.1
ROGERS	3208	3368	7276	48.8	90.4
SEMINOLE	6427	7606	15248	45.8	92.0
SEQUOYAH	3528	1542	6537	69.6	77.6
STEPHENS	4940	3329	9158	59.7	90.3
TEXAS	2688	2256	5844	54.4	84.6
TILLMAN	3301	1541	5602	68.2	86.4
TULSA	13199	45321	61670	22.6	94.9
WAGONER	2287	2157	5520	51.5	80.5
WASHINGTON	3525	7333	11910	32.5	91.2
WASHITA	3931	2152	7157	64.6	85.0
WOODS	3189	2787	6692	53.4	89.3
WOODWARD	3081	2248	5909	57.8	90.2

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
321254	327620	708559	49.5	91.6

TABLE D-41 ...

3.2 BEER
SP ELECT JULY 11, 33
LEG REF 059 ADOPT ST.Q. 183

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	1148	682	1830	62.7	100.0
ALFALFA	1104	2200	3304	33.4	100.0
ATOKA	1317	400	1717	76.7	100.0
BEAVER	829	1384	2213	37.5	100.0
BECKHAM	1731	1729	3460	50.0	100.0
BLAINE	1749	1135	2884	60.6	100.0
BRYAN	2729	1929	4656	58.6	100.0
CADDO	2978	2687	5665	52.6	100.0
CANADIAN	3174	1753	4927	64.4	100.0
CARTER	4133	2073	6206	66.6	100.0
CHEROKEE	1550	367	1917	80.9	100.0
CHOCTAW	1796	835	2631	68.3	100.0
CIMARRON	606	506	1112	54.5	100.0
CLEVELAND	2180	1930	4110	53.0	100.0
COAL	1276	235	1511	84.4	100.0
COMANCHE	2672	1550	4222	63.3	100.0
COTTON	1053	1426	2479	42.5	100.0
CRAIG	1376	1040	2416	57.0	100.0
CREEK	6912	2151	9063	76.3	100.0
CUSTER	1579	2506	4085	38.7	100.0
DELAWARE	1346	821	2167	62.1	100.0
DEWEY	943	1337	2280	41.4	100.0
ELLIS	876	779	1655	52.9	100.0
GARFIELD	5266	4179	9445	55.8	100.0
GARVIN	2282	1469	3751	60.8	100.0
GRADY	3302	2207	5509	59.9	100.0
GRANT	1463	2056	3519	41.6	100.0
GREER	1220	1613	2833	43.1	100.0
HARMON	584	1626	2210	26.4	100.0
HARPER	605	835	1440	42.0	100.0
HASKELL	1070	645	1715	62.4	100.0
HUGHES	2463	1420	3883	63.4	100.0
JACKSON	1992	2685	4677	42.6	100.0
JEFFERSON	1279	1386	2665	48.0	100.0
JOHNSTON	1538	480	2018	76.2	100.0
KAY	5965	4424	10389	57.4	100.0
KINGFISHER	1590	1373	2963	53.7	100.0
KIOWA	1753	2251	4004	43.8	100.0
LATIMER	1136	299	1435	79.2	100.0
LE FLORE	2909	1348	4257	68.3	100.0
LINCOLN	2749	2376	5125	53.6	100.0
LOGAN	3083	1915	4998	61.7	100.0
LOVE	865	814	1679	51.5	100.0
MCCLAIN	1581	1065	2646	59.8	100.0
MCCURTAIN	2053	697	2750	74.7	100.0
MCINTOSH	1612	297	1909	84.4	100.0
MAJOR	858	1407	2265	37.9	100.0
MARSHALL	1058	484	1542	68.6	100.0
MAYES	1493	815	2308	64.7	100.0
MURRAY	1043	784	1827	57.1	100.0
MUSKOGEE	6844	1904	8748	78.2	100.0
NOBLE	1733	1240	2973	58.3	100.0
NOWATA	1900	1050	2950	64.4	100.0
OKFUSKEE	1832	972	2804	65.3	100.0
OKLAHOMA	26642	9837	36479	73.0	100.0
OKMULGEE	5350	1680	7030	76.1	100.0
OSAGE	5770	1974	7744	74.5	100.0
OTTAWA	3978	1015	4993	79.7	100.0
PAWNEE	1984	1472	3456	57.4	100.0
PAYNE	2679	3097	5776	46.4	100.0
PITTSBURG	4762	1540	6302	75.6	100.0
PONTOTOC	2753	2418	5171	53.2	100.0
POTTAWATOMIE	5323	3531	8854	60.1	100.0
PUSHMATAHA	1458	272	1730	84.3	100.0
ROGER MILLS	822	872	1694	48.5	100.0
ROGERS	2148	795	2943	73.0	100.0
SEMINOLE	5247	1812	7059	74.3	100.0
SEQUOYAH	1588	580	2168	73.2	100.0
STEPHENS	2217	2010	4227	52.4	100.0
TEXAS	1110	1560	2670	41.6	100.0
TILLMAN	1487	1895	3382	44.0	100.0
TULSA	27648	6444	34092	81.1	100.0
WAGONER	1258	414	1672	75.2	100.0
WASHINGTON	4742	1867	6609	71.8	100.0
WASHITA	1444	2980	4424	32.6	100.0
WOODS	1629	2120	3749	43.5	100.0
WOODWARD	1381	1321	2702	51.1	100.0

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
223598	129077	352675	63.4	100.0

CIGARETTE TAX
SP ELECT AUG 15, 33
REF PET 056 ADOPT ST.Q. 179

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	539	771	1371	41.1	95.6
ALFALFA	632	1098	1747	36.5	99.0
ATOKA	469	910	1401	34.0	98.4
BEAVER	406	958	1385	29.8	98.5
BECKHAM	1216	1108	2354	52.3	98.7
BLAINE	961	1055	2060	47.7	97.9
BRYAN	959	1670	2681	36.5	98.1
CADDO	1589	2169	3851	42.3	97.6
CANADIAN	1790	915	2717	66.2	99.6
CARTER	1959	1223	3208	61.6	99.2
CHEROKEE	445	812	1272	35.4	98.8
CHOCTAW	1061	891	1985	54.4	98.3
CIMARRON	167	591	770	22.0	98.4
CLEVELAND	1365	978	2415	56.3	97.0
COAL	614	494	1167	55.4	94.9
COMANCHE	1493	942	2454	61.3	99.2
COTTON	555	764	1346	42.1	98.0
CRAIG	900	785	1693	53.4	99.5
CREEK	4214	1156	5406	78.5	99.3
CUSTER	1084	1618	2745	40.1	98.4
DELAWARE	403	746	1194	35.1	96.2
DEWEY	531	1108	1665	32.4	98.4
ELLIS	404	917	1337	30.6	98.8
GARFIELD	3010	2286	5366	56.8	98.7
GARVIN	1165	1186	2389	49.6	98.4
GRADY	1679	1212	2923	58.1	98.9
GRANT	932	919	1868	50.4	99.1
GREER	770	979	1768	44.0	98.9
HARMON	355	761	1130	31.8	98.8
HARPER	269	794	1075	25.3	98.9
HASKELL	430	937	1437	31.5	95.1
HUGHES	1538	982	2552	61.0	98.7
JACKSON	926	1147	2118	44.7	97.9
JEFFERSON	778	687	1493	53.1	98.1
JOHNSTON	607	895	1541	40.4	97.5
KAY	4440	1648	6135	72.9	99.2
KINGFISHER	834	763	1630	52.2	98.0
KIOWA	1110	899	2048	55.3	98.1
LATIMER	339	524	907	39.3	95.1
LE FLORE	761	2134	2962	26.3	97.7
LINCOLN	1696	1521	3311	52.7	97.2
LOGAN	1700	1065	2785	61.5	99.3
LOVE	453	644	1121	41.3	97.9
MCCLAIN	1022	684	1744	59.9	97.8
MCCURTAIN	653	1088	1769	37.5	98.4
MCINTOSH	780	580	1368	57.4	99.4
MAJOR	665	981	1672	40.4	98.4
MARSHALL	374	583	965	39.1	99.2
MAYES	732	787	1549	48.2	98.1
MURRAY	580	620	1230	48.3	97.6
MUSKOGEE	3716	1154	4937	76.3	98.6
NOBLE	1136	658	1816	63.3	98.8
NOWATA	935	530	1477	63.8	99.2
OKFUSKEE	925	689	1651	57.3	97.8
OKLAHOMA	14300	4106	18607	77.7	98.9
OKMULGEE	2727	1008	3780	73.0	98.8
OSAGE	3585	915	4525	79.7	99.4
OTTAWA	1145	716	1887	61.5	98.6
PAWNEE	1213	1205	2464	50.2	98.1
PAYNE	1692	1382	3134	55.0	98.1
PITTSBURG	2481	1535	4088	61.8	98.2
PONTOTOC	1276	1130	2459	53.0	97.8
POTTAWATOMIE	2902	1648	4613	63.8	98.6
PUSHMATAHA	408	801	1228	33.7	98.5
ROGER MILLS	469	1066	1546	30.6	99.3
ROGERS	1128	825	1975	57.8	98.9
SEMINOLE	2871	1042	4022	73.4	97.3
SEQUOYAH	483	773	1267	38.5	99.1
STEPHENS	1820	962	2830	65.4	98.3
TEXAS	456	730	1194	38.4	99.3
TILLMAN	717	696	1437	50.7	98.3
TULSA	16054	2754	18905	85.4	99.5
WAGONER	577	467	1067	55.3	97.8
WASHINGTON	3084	684	3805	81.8	99.0
WASHITA	913	1271	2233	41.8	97.8
WOODS	937	856	1816	52.3	98.7
WOODWARD	509	1393	1924	26.8	98.9

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
120813	81981	205767	59.6	98.6

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TAX COMMISSION
SP ELECT AUG 15, 33
REF PET 060 ADOPT ST.Q. 184

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	578	753	1371	43.4	97.1
ALFALFA	808	909	1747	47.1	98.3
ATOKA	480	904	1401	34.7	98.8
BEAVER	586	758	1385	43.6	97.0
BECKHAM	1308	1012	2354	56.4	98.6
BLAINE	1245	767	2060	61.9	97.7
BRYAN	1062	1563	2661	40.5	97.9
CADDO	1836	1948	3851	48.5	98.3
CANADIAN	2079	609	2717	77.3	98.9
CARTER	2275	894	3208	71.8	98.8
CHEROKEE	604	650	1272	48.2	98.6
CHOCTAW	1232	716	1985	63.2	98.1
CIMARRON	178	576	770	23.6	97.9
CLEVELAND	1595	784	2415	67.0	98.5
COAL	759	382	1167	66.5	97.8
COMANCHE	1700	741	2454	69.6	99.5
COTTON	588	720	1346	45.0	97.2
CRAIG	1062	621	1693	63.1	99.4
CREEK	4415	952	5406	82.3	99.3
CUSTER	1287	1411	2745	47.7	98.3
DELAWARE	469	686	1194	40.6	96.7
DEWEY	593	1038	1665	36.4	98.0
ELLIS	489	817	1337	37.4	97.7
GARFIELD	3743	1569	5366	70.5	99.0
GARVIN	1337	1012	2389	56.9	98.3
GRADY	1956	896	2923	68.6	97.6
GRANT	1111	720	1868	60.7	98.0
GREER	851	881	1768	49.1	98.0
HARMON	372	734	1130	33.6	97.9
HARPER	321	733	1075	30.5	98.0
HASKELL	541	867	1437	38.4	98.0
HUGHES	1633	886	2552	64.8	98.7
JACKSON	1011	1035	2118	49.4	96.6
JEFFERSON	882	580	1493	60.3	97.9
JOHNSTON	682	821	1541	45.4	97.5
KAY	4859	1224	6135	79.9	99.2
KINGFISHER	1043	562	1630	65.0	98.5
KIOWA	1237	769	2046	61.7	97.9
LATIMER	391	489	907	44.4	97.0
LE FLORE	944	1935	2962	32.8	97.2
LINCOLN	1867	1366	3311	57.5	97.0
LOGAN	1885	867	2785	68.5	98.8
LOVE	529	586	1121	47.4	99.5
MCCLAIN	1168	533	1744	68.7	97.5
MCCURTAIN	785	962	1769	44.9	98.8
MCINTOSH	883	479	1368	64.8	99.6
MAJOR	913	718	1672	56.0	97.5
MARSHALL	496	459	965	51.9	99.0
MAYES	878	647	1549	57.6	98.5
MURRAY	676	530	1230	56.1	98.0
MUSKOGEE	4086	784	4937	83.9	98.6
NOBLE	1280	505	1816	71.7	98.3
NOWATA	1001	461	1477	68.5	99.0
OKFUSKEE	1048	562	1621	65.1	97.5
OKLAHOMA	15463	2936	18607	84.0	98.9
OKMULGEE	3013	730	3780	80.5	99.0
OSAGE	3730	765	4525	83.0	99.3
OTTAWA	1291	567	1887	69.5	98.5
PAWNEE	1343	1079	2464	55.5	98.3
PAYNE	1954	1139	3134	63.2	98.7
PITTSBURG	2741	1294	4088	67.9	98.7
PONTOTOC	1410	1010	2459	58.3	98.4
POTTAWATOMIE	3298	1244	4613	72.6	98.5
PUSHMATAHA	479	729	1228	39.7	98.4
ROGER MILLS	541	974	1546	35.7	98.0
ROGERS	1468	482	1975	75.3	98.7
SEMINOLE	3096	851	4022	78.4	98.1
SEQUOYAH	670	539	1267	55.4	95.4
STEPHENS	2048	737	2830	73.5	98.4
TEXAS	539	623	1194	46.4	97.3
TILLMAN	767	635	1437	54.7	97.6
TULSA	16745	2061	18905	89.0	99.5
WAGONER	659	393	1067	62.6	98.6
WASHINGTON	3252	531	3805	86.0	99.4
WASHITA	1041	1125	2233	48.1	97.0
WOODS	1114	668	1816	62.5	98.1
WOODWARD	603	1284	1924	32.0	98.1

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
134882	67779	205767	66.6	98.5

AD VALOREM TAXES
SP ELECT AUG 15, 33
LEG REF 061 ADOPT ST.Q. 185

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	1189	169	1371	87.6	99.1
ALFALFA	1515	217	1747	87.5	99.1
ATOKA	1276	119	1401	91.5	99.6
BEAVER	1229	145	1385	89.4	99.2
BECKHAM	2075	261	2354	88.8	99.2
BLAINE	1858	133	2060	93.3	98.7
BRYAN	2307	349	2681	86.9	99.1
CADDO	3476	350	3851	90.9	99.4
CANADIAN	2494	223	2717	91.8	100.0
CARTER	2893	295	3208	90.7	99.4
CHEROKEE	1146	124	1272	90.2	99.8
CHOCTAW	1824	146	1985	92.6	99.2
CIMARRON	675	38	770	94.7	92.6
CLEVELAND	2146	254	2415	89.4	99.4
COAL	1083	84	1167	92.8	100.0
COMANCHE	2213	237	2454	90.3	99.8
COTTON	1175	156	1346	88.3	98.9
CRAIG	1427	266	1693	84.3	100.0
CREEK	4694	697	5406	87.1	99.7
CUSTER	2509	216	2745	92.1	99.3
DELAWARE	1008	154	1194	86.7	97.3
DEWEY	1498	151	1665	90.8	99.0
ELLIS	1189	147	1337	89.0	99.9
GARFIELD	4724	625	5366	88.3	99.7
GARVIN	2196	187	2389	92.2	99.7
GRADY	2563	341	2923	88.3	99.3
GRANT	1539	318	1868	82.9	99.4
GREER	1590	167	1768	90.5	99.4
HARMON	982	139	1130	87.6	99.2
HARPER	952	106	1075	90.0	98.4
HASKELL	1353	78	1437	94.5	99.6
HUGHES	2298	234	2552	90.8	99.2
JACKSON	1877	226	2118	89.3	99.3
JEFFERSON	1347	126	1493	91.4	98.7
JOHNSTON	1363	170	1541	88.9	99.5
KAY	5604	508	6135	91.7	99.6
KINGFISHER	1409	207	1630	87.2	99.1
KIOWA	1800	228	2048	88.8	99.0
LATIMER	811	88	907	90.2	99.1
LE FLORE	2772	178	2962	94.0	99.6
LINCOLN	2627	622	3311	80.9	98.1
LOGAN	2425	347	2785	87.5	99.5
LOVE	981	119	1121	89.2	98.1
MCCLAIN	1598	129	1744	92.5	99.0
MCCURTAIN	1612	148	1769	91.6	99.5
MCINTOSH	1217	138	1368	89.8	99.0
MAJOR	1528	129	1672	92.2	99.1
MARSHALL	834	131	965	86.4	100.0
MAYES	1391	136	1549	91.1	98.6
MURRAY	1104	124	1230	89.9	99.8
MUSKOGEE	4517	381	4937	92.2	99.2
NOBLE	1488	328	1816	81.9	100.0
NOWATA	1277	192	1477	86.9	99.5
OKFUSKEE	1438	201	1651	87.7	99.3
OKLAHOMA	17234	1221	18607	93.4	99.2
OKMULGEE	3372	392	3780	89.6	99.6
OSAGE	3960	544	4525	87.9	99.5
OTTAWA	1581	278	1887	85.0	98.5
PAWNEE	2194	248	2464	89.8	99.1
PAYNE	2738	373	3134	88.0	99.3
PITTSBURG	3636	422	4088	89.6	99.3
PONTOTOC	2079	356	2459	85.4	99.0
POTTAWATOMIE	4125	459	4613	90.0	99.4
PUSHMATAHA	1128	94	1228	92.3	99.5
ROGER MILLS	1360	179	1546	88.4	99.5
ROGERS	1812	152	1975	92.3	99.4
SEMINOLE	3603	397	4022	90.1	99.5
SEQUOYAH	1035	185	1267	84.2	96.3
STEPHENS	2648	159	2830	94.3	99.2
TEXAS	1043	135	1194	88.5	98.7
TILLMAN	1211	212	1437	85.1	99.0
TULSA	17423	1420	18905	92.5	99.7
WAGONER	830	228	1067	78.4	99.2
WASHINGTON	3462	321	3805	91.5	99.4
WASHITA	1966	241	2233	89.1	98.8
WOODS	1402	392	1816	78.1	98.8
WOODWARD	1665	249	1924	87.0	99.5

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
181623	20639	205767	89.9	99.3

TABLE D-43

CORPORATION CONTROL
GEN ELECT NOV 6, 34
LEG REF 082 REJECT ST.Q. 186

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	1595	1538	6104	50.9	51.3
ALFALFA	2325	1905	6008	55.0	70.4
ATOKA	1968	1259	4970	61.0	64.9
BEAVER	1621	1192	4092	57.6	68.7
BECKHAM	2327	1399	6158	62.5	60.5
BLAINE	2540	2062	7062	55.2	65.2
BRYAN	3394	1790	8363	65.5	62.0
CADDO	4579	3165	12524	59.1	61.8
CANADIAN	3204	2060	7735	60.9	68.1
CARTER	4425	2262	11171	66.2	59.9
CHEROKEE	1959	1910	7226	50.6	53.5
CHOCTAW	2550	1166	6519	68.6	57.0
CIMARRON	870	546	2434	61.4	58.2
CLEVELAND	2919	1931	7763	60.2	62.5
COAL	1263	741	3156	63.0	63.5
COMANCHE	3581	2171	8827	62.3	65.2
COTTON	1586	1134	5377	58.3	50.6
CRAIG	2671	2117	7477	55.8	64.0
CREEK	8382	3738	17855	69.2	67.9
CUSTER	2759	2016	7372	57.8	64.8
DELAWARE	1673	1492	6028	52.9	52.5
DEWEY	1756	1569	4960	52.8	67.0
ELLIS	1473	1187	4305	55.4	61.8
GARFIELD	6325	4778	15693	57.0	70.8
GARVIN	2119	1650	6193	56.2	60.9
GRADY	3126	2259	8473	58.1	63.6
GRANT	2192	2189	5946	50.0	73.7
GREER	1812	766	4099	70.3	62.9
HARMON	880	549	2360	61.6	60.6
HARPER	1204	832	3183	59.1	64.0
HASKELL	2016	1352	7464	59.9	45.1
HUGHES	2400	1467	6508	62.1	59.4
JACKSON	2092	1210	5244	63.4	63.0
JEFFERSON	1425	1129	4000	55.8	63.8
JOHNSTON	1520	841	3976	64.4	59.4
KAY	7290	4097	16324	64.0	69.8
KINGFISHER	2045	2318	6514	46.9	67.0
KIOWA	2391	1412	5880	62.9	64.7
LATIMER	1462	752	4268	66.0	51.9
LE FLORE	3983	2312	11927	63.3	52.8
LINCOLN	3417	3460	11489	49.7	59.9
LOGAN	3628	2659	9804	57.7	64.1
LOVE	764	642	2390	54.3	58.8
MCCLAIN	1755	1250	5071	58.4	59.3
MCCURTAIN	2460	1156	5747	68.0	62.9
MCINTOSH	2207	1570	7182	58.4	52.6
MAJOR	1474	1533	4200	49.0	71.6
MARSHALL	1044	613	2718	63.0	61.0
MAYES	2074	1603	6893	56.4	53.3
MURRAY	1558	828	4203	65.3	56.8
MUSKOGEE	6349	4707	18057	57.4	61.2
NOBLE	2226	1844	6176	54.7	65.9
NOWATA	1861	1537	5223	54.8	65.1
OKFUSKE	2329	1374	6813	62.9	54.4
OKLAHOMA	24261	9348	45947	72.2	73.1
OKMULGEE	7339	2943	15489	71.4	66.4
OSAGE	5322	2816	11693	65.4	69.6
OTTAWA	4619	2827	11453	62.0	65.0
PAWNEE	2831	2078	7433	57.7	66.0
PAYNE	4756	2584	10637	64.8	69.0
PITTSBURG	5350	2863	12652	65.1	64.9
PONTOTOC	2519	1518	6523	62.4	61.9
POTTAWATOMIE	5472	4005	14692	57.7	64.5
PUSHMATAHA	1465	1037	4313	58.6	58.0
ROGER MILLS	1306	875	3449	59.9	63.2
ROGERS	2345	2057	6876	53.3	64.0
SEMINOLE	4525	2597	12078	63.5	59.0
SEQUOYAH	1960	1745	7161	52.9	51.7
STEPHENS	2340	1577	6229	59.7	62.9
TEXAS	1930	1172	4824	62.2	64.3
TILLMAN	1951	1112	4944	63.7	62.0
TULSA	22774	8432	43569	73.0	71.6
WAGONER	1539	1329	5460	53.7	52.5
WASHINGTON	4427	2468	9836	64.2	70.1
WASHITA	1962	1349	5302	59.3	62.4
WOODS	2330	2018	6179	53.6	70.4
WOODWARD	2460	1541	5695	61.5	70.3

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
254631	155130	639938	62.1	64.1

POLICE PENSION
GEN ELECT NOV 6, 34
LEG REF 083 REJECT ST.Q. 187

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	2238	1722	6104	56.5	64.9
ALFALFA	2576	2206	6008	53.9	79.6
ATOKA	2231	1554	4970	58.9	76.2
BEAVER	1492	1513	4092	49.7	73.4
BECKHAM	2697	1746	6158	60.7	72.2
BLAINE	3065	2286	7062	57.3	75.8
BRYAN	4009	2237	8363	64.2	74.7
CADDO	5827	3624	12524	61.7	75.5
CANADIAN	3761	2532	7735	59.8	81.4
CARTER	5898	2606	11171	69.4	76.1
CHEROKEE	2772	1970	7226	58.5	65.6
CHOCTAW	2721	1458	6519	65.1	64.1
CIMARRON	1094	636	2434	63.2	71.1
CLEVELAND	3245	2424	7763	57.2	73.0
COAL	1552	773	3156	66.8	73.7
COMANCHE	4443	2817	8827	61.2	82.2
COTTON	1958	1430	5377	57.8	63.0
CRAIG	3144	2465	7477	55.9	75.3
CREEK	10754	4018	17855	72.8	82.7
CUSTER	3035	2668	7372	53.2	77.4
DELAWARE	2188	1641	6028	57.1	63.5
DEWEY	1660	1863	4960	50.0	75.1
ELLIS	1601	1466	4305	52.2	71.2
GARFIELD	6992	5825	15693	54.6	81.7
GARVIN	2637	1979	6193	57.1	74.5
GRADY	3601	2828	8473	56.0	75.9
GRANT	2191	2660	5946	45.2	81.6
GREER	2052	1028	4099	65.6	75.1
HARMON	891	750	2360	54.3	69.5
HARPER	1379	1001	3183	57.9	74.8
HASKELL	2587	1509	7464	63.2	54.9
HUGHES	2813	1747	6508	61.7	70.1
JACKSON	2054	1828	5244	52.9	74.0
JEFFERSON	1506	1378	4000	52.2	72.1
JOHNSTON	1986	973	3976	67.1	74.4
KAY	8498	5060	16324	62.7	83.1
KINGFISHER	2357	2629	6514	47.3	76.5
KIOWA	2612	1762	5880	59.7	74.4
LATIMER	1906	813	4268	70.1	63.7
LE FLORE	4629	2738	11927	62.8	61.8
LINCOLN	4392	3797	11489	53.6	71.3
LOGAN	4357	3175	9804	57.8	76.8
LOVE	935	741	2390	55.8	70.1
MCCLAIN	2201	1478	5071	59.8	72.5
MCCURTAIN	2791	1414	5747	66.4	73.2
MCINTOSH	2900	1788	7182	61.9	65.3
MAJOR	1733	1674	4200	50.9	81.1
MARSHALL	1186	708	2718	62.7	69.8
MAYES	2618	1805	6893	59.2	64.2
MURRAY	1861	1037	4203	64.2	69.0
MUSKOGEE	8134	5234	18057	60.8	74.0
NOBLE	2563	2241	6176	53.4	77.8
NOWATA	2220	1520	5223	59.4	71.6
OKFUSKE	2853	1612	6813	63.9	65.5
OKLAHOMA	28103	10838	45947	72.2	84.8
OKMULGEE	8100	3688	15489	68.7	76.1
OSAGE	6622	3065	11693	68.5	82.7
OTTAWA	5798	3158	11453	64.7	78.2
PAWNEE	3498	2283	7433	60.5	77.8
PAYNE	5577	3041	10637	64.7	81.0
PITTSBURG	6249	3463	12652	64.3	76.8
PONTOTOC	2938	1919	6523	60.5	74.5
POTTAWATOMIE	6722	5067	14692	57.0	80.2
PUSHMATAHA	1785	1154	4313	60.7	68.1
ROGER MILLS	1415	1050	3449	57.4	71.5
ROGERS	2908	2389	6876	54.9	77.0
SEMINOLE	5326	3742	12078	58.7	75.1
SEQUOYAH	2533	2047	7161	55.3	64.0
STEPHENS	3037	1795	6229	62.9	77.6
TEXAS	2099	1487	4824	58.5	74.3
TILLMAN	2202	1532	4944	59.0	75.5
TULSA	27312	9595	43569	74.0	84.7
WAGONER	1939	1550	5460	55.6	63.9
WASHINGTON	5231	2651	9836	66.4	80.1
WASHITA	2147	1692	5302	55.9	72.4
WOODS	2758	2345	6179	54.0	82.6
WOODWARD	2721	1917	5695	58.7	81.4

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
302618	183855	639938	62.2	76.0

TABLE D-44

HOMESTEAD EXEMPTION
SP ELECT SEPT 24, 35
INT PET 138 ADOPT ST.Q. 201

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	2072	496	2671	80.7	96.1
ALFALFA	824	1173	2137	41.3	93.4
ATOKA	2215	476	2927	82.3	92.0
BEAVER	677	537	1305	55.8	93.0
BECKHAM	2227	799	3253	73.6	93.0
BLAINE	1583	893	2669	63.9	92.8
BRYAN	3770	948	5085	79.9	92.8
CADDO	3269	1667	5367	66.2	92.0
CANADIAN	1483	1508	3102	49.6	96.4
CARTER	4149	989	5362	80.8	95.8
CHEROKEE	2481	786	3525	75.9	92.7
CHOCTAW	2833	571	3684	83.2	92.4
CIMARRON	266	464	772	36.4	94.6
CLEVELAND	1567	1273	3107	55.2	91.4
COAL	1461	311	1919	82.4	92.3
COMANCHE	2632	1234	4315	68.1	89.6
COTTON	1103	586	1824	65.3	92.6
CRAIG	1563	1011	2667	60.7	96.5
CREEK	5271	1862	7718	73.9	92.4
CUSTER	2111	1241	3606	63.0	93.0
DELAWARE	1521	745	2531	67.1	89.5
DEWEY	1249	610	2009	67.2	92.5
ELLIS	702	510	1322	57.9	91.7
GARFIELD	3215	3293	6959	49.4	93.5
GARVIN	2627	892	3975	74.7	88.5
GRADY	3357	1834	5697	64.7	91.1
GRANT	749	1639	2544	31.4	93.9
GREER	1491	690	2336	68.4	93.4
HARMON	745	438	1227	63.0	96.4
HARPER	532	370	1095	59.0	82.4
HASKELL	2684	338	3203	88.8	94.3
HUGHES	2681	906	3898	74.7	92.0
JACKSON	1989	980	3215	67.0	92.3
JEFFERSON	1402	560	2129	71.5	92.2
JOHNSTON	1927	569	2934	77.2	85.1
KAY	3235	3935	7823	45.1	91.7
KINGFISHER	780	1210	2181	39.2	91.2
KIOWA	1867	991	3103	65.3	92.1
LATIMER	2117	187	2412	91.9	95.5
LE FLORE	4339	863	5814	83.4	89.5
LINCOLN	2430	1608	4405	60.2	91.7
LOGAN	1944	1533	3764	55.9	92.4
LOVE	1043	284	1524	73.6	87.1
MCCLAIN	1497	700	2405	68.1	91.4
MCCURTAIN	3968	393	4522	91.0	96.4
MCINTOSH	2199	657	3145	77.0	90.8
MAJOR	734	964	1837	43.2	92.4
MARSHALL	1436	281	1852	83.6	92.7
MAYES	1866	840	3089	68.7	87.0
MURRAY	1611	441	2407	78.5	85.3
MUSKOGEE	4997	2399	8295	67.6	89.2
NOBLE	927	1163	2202	44.4	94.9
NOWATA	1173	624	1957	65.3	91.8
OKFUSKE	2444	632	3337	79.5	92.2
OKLAHOMA	11633	7360	20140	61.2	94.3
OKMULGEE	5587	1489	7645	79.0	92.6
OSAGE	2904	2153	5589	57.4	90.5
OTTAWA	2543	1458	4515	63.6	88.6
PAWNEE	1781	999	2997	64.1	92.8
PAYNE	2604	1739	4655	60.0	93.3
PITTSBURG	5488	1529	7850	78.2	89.4
PONTOTOC	2517	1141	4128	68.8	88.6
POTTAWATOMIE	5500	1431	7636	79.4	90.8
PUSHMATAHA	2154	526	2936	80.4	91.3
ROGER MILLS	1528	373	2003	80.4	94.9
ROGERS	1946	834	3072	70.0	90.5
SEMINOLE	4574	1233	6305	78.8	92.1
SEQUOYAH	3326	313	3838	91.4	94.8
STEPHENS	2992	1111	4644	72.9	88.4
TEXAS	658	722	1502	47.7	91.9
TILLMAN	1339	774	2378	63.4	88.9
TULSA	7648	7091	15727	51.9	93.7
WAGONER	1297	596	2103	68.5	90.0
WASHINGTON	2078	2409	4876	46.3	92.0
WASHITA	1839	913	2948	66.8	93.4
WOODS	881	1270	2382	41.0	90.3
WOODWARD	1226	819	2193	60.0	93.3

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
185058	91189	300225	67.0	92.0

HOMESTEAD EXEMPTION
SP ELECT SEPT 24, 35
LEG REF 066 REJECT ST.Q. 208

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	2061	495	2671	80.6	95.7
ALFALFA	711	1227	2137	36.7	90.7
ATOKA	1284	1274	2927	50.2	87.4
BEAVER	610	570	1305	51.7	90.4
BECKHAM	1192	1592	3253	42.8	85.6
BLAINE	864	1540	2669	35.9	90.1
BRYAN	1992	2637	5085	43.0	91.0
CADDO	2224	2415	5367	47.9	86.4
CANADIAN	1068	1844	3102	36.7	93.9
CARTER	3411	1407	5362	70.8	89.9
CHEROKEE	2681	617	3525	81.3	93.6
CHOCTAW	1274	1821	3684	41.2	84.0
CIMARRON	198	507	772	28.1	91.3
CLEVELAND	1088	1542	3107	41.4	84.6
COAL	867	773	1919	52.9	85.5
COMANCHE	1879	1763	4315	51.6	84.4
COTTON	937	622	1824	60.1	85.5
CRAIG	961	1342	2667	41.7	86.4
CREEK	3859	2790	7718	58.0	86.1
CUSTER	1218	1901	3606	39.1	86.5
DELAWARE	1465	745	2531	66.3	87.3
DEWEY	671	1031	2009	39.4	84.7
ELLIS	503	623	1322	46.6	88.2
GARFIELD	2000	4319	6959	31.7	90.8
GARVIN	2072	1295	3975	61.5	84.7
GRADY	1857	2988	5697	38.3	85.0
GRANT	617	1735	2544	26.2	92.5
GREER	724	1287	2336	36.0	86.1
HARMON	500	634	1227	44.1	92.4
HARPER	406	477	1095	46.0	80.6
HASKELL	2394	545	3203	81.5	91.8
HUGHES	1714	1630	3898	51.3	85.8
JACKSON	1191	1628	3215	42.2	87.7
JEFFERSON	983	848	2129	53.7	86.0
JOHNSTON	1477	860	2934	63.2	79.7
KAY	2290	4683	7823	32.8	89.1
KINGFISHER	613	1304	2181	32.0	87.9
KIOWA	1215	1467	3103	45.3	86.4
LATIMER	535	1568	2412	25.4	87.2
LE FLORE	3590	1414	5814	71.7	86.1
LINCOLN	1815	1998	4405	47.6	86.6
LOGAN	1193	2200	3764	35.2	90.1
LOVE	1040	285	1524	78.5	86.9
MCCLAIN	1188	868	2405	57.8	85.5
MCCURTAIN	1110	2876	4522	27.8	88.1
MCINTOSH	2048	738	3145	73.5	88.6
MAJOR	584	1081	1837	35.1	90.6
MARSHALL	987	495	1852	66.6	80.0
MAYES	1415	1026	3089	58.0	79.0
MURRAY	1242	742	2407	62.6	82.4
MUSKOGEE	4073	3062	8295	57.1	86.0
NOBLE	696	1327	2202	34.4	91.9
NOWATA	997	654	1957	60.4	84.4
OKFUSKEE	1621	1273	3337	56.0	86.7
OKLAHOMA	7154	10860	20140	39.7	89.4
OKMULGEE	3775	2943	7645	56.2	87.9
OSAGE	2454	2355	5589	51.0	86.0
OTTAWA	2104	1743	4515	54.7	85.2
PAWNEE	1073	1529	2997	41.2	86.8
PAYNE	1562	2558	4655	37.9	88.5
PITTSBURG	3528	2957	7850	54.4	82.6
PONTOTOC	1935	1500	4128	56.3	83.2
POTTAWATOMIE	3704	2787	7636	57.1	85.0
PUSHMATAHA	1400	974	2936	59.0	80.9
ROGER MILLS	674	911	2003	42.5	79.1
ROGERS	1513	1037	3072	59.3	83.0
SEMINOLE	2781	2645	6305	51.3	86.1
SEQUOYAH	3070	468	3838	86.8	92.2
STEPHENS	2030	1651	4644	55.1	79.3
TEXAS	558	745	1502	42.8	86.8
TILLMAN	996	973	2378	50.6	82.8
TULSA	6243	7900	15727	44.1	89.9
WAGONER	1066	769	2103	58.1	87.3
WASHINGTON	1985	2394	4876	45.3	89.8
WASHITA	964	1467	2948	39.7	92.5
WOODS	675	1387	2382	32.7	86.6
WOODWARD	825	1099	2193	42.9	87.7

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
129314	132037	300225	49.5	87.1

TABLE D-45

OLD AGE ASSISTANCE
SP ELECT SEPT 24, 35
LEG REF 067 REJECT ST.Q. 209

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	2259	350	2671	86.6	97.7
ALFALFA	885	1069	2137	45.3	91.4
ATOKA	1003	1601	2927	38.5	89.0
BEAVER	692	491	1305	58.5	90.7
BECKHAM	1086	1732	3253	38.5	86.6
BLAINE	851	1561	2669	35.3	90.4
BRYAN	2072	2699	5085	43.4	93.8
CADDO	2240	2447	5367	47.8	87.3
CANADIAN	974	1962	3102	33.2	94.6
CARTER	3268	1607	5362	67.0	90.9
CHEROKEE	2914	467	3525	86.2	95.9
CHOCTAW	991	2143	3684	31.6	85.1
CIMARRON	327	387	772	45.8	92.5
CLEVELAND	1037	1665	3107	38.4	87.0
COAL	761	905	1919	45.7	86.8
COMANCHE	1525	2208	4315	40.9	86.5
COTTON	1023	578	1824	63.9	87.8
CRAIG	1128	1254	2667	47.4	89.3
CREEK	2989	3672	7718	44.9	86.3
CUSTER	1111	2031	3606	35.4	87.1
DELAWARE	1706	586	2531	74.4	90.6
DEWEY	770	989	2009	43.8	87.6
ELLIS	684	541	1322	55.8	92.7
GARFIELD	1740	4673	6959	27.1	92.2
GARVIN	2097	1351	3975	60.8	86.7
GRADY	1893	3049	5697	38.3	86.7
GRANT	744	1626	2544	31.4	93.2
GREER	731	1295	2336	36.1	86.7
HARMON	548	603	1227	47.6	93.8
HARPER	446	463	1095	49.1	83.0
HASKELL	2430	574	3203	80.9	93.8
HUGHES	1358	1947	3898	41.1	84.8
JACKSON	983	1902	3215	34.1	89.7
JEFFERSON	997	876	2129	53.2	88.0
JOHNSTON	1155	1233	2934	48.4	81.4
KAY	1958	5151	7823	27.5	90.9
KINGFISHER	727	1234	2181	37.1	89.9
KIOWA	1154	1550	3103	42.7	87.1
LATIMER	440	1660	2412	21.0	87.1
LE FLORE	3403	1527	5814	69.0	84.8
LINCOLN	1995	1900	4405	51.2	88.4
LOGAN	1107	2246	3764	33.0	89.1
LOVE	1129	247	1524	82.0	90.3
MCCLAIN	1221	865	2405	58.5	86.7
MCCURTAIN	860	3152	4522	21.4	88.7
MCINTOSH	2079	739	3145	73.8	89.6
MAJOR	626	1040	1837	37.6	90.7
MARSHALL	934	631	1852	59.7	84.5
MAYES	1672	884	3089	65.4	82.7
MURRAY	748	1293	2407	36.6	84.8
MUSKOGEE	2699	4653	8295	36.7	88.6
NOBLE	772	1254	2202	38.1	92.0
NOWATA	1121	541	1957	67.4	84.9
OKFUSKEE	1094	1872	3337	36.9	98.9
OKLAHOMA	6032	12094	20140	33.3	90.0
OKMULGEE	2427	4315	7645	36.0	88.2
OSAGE	2822	2113	5589	57.2	88.3
OTTAWA	2209	1836	4515	54.6	89.6
PAWNEE	1096	1512	2997	42.0	87.0
PAYNE	1578	2584	4655	37.9	89.4
PITTSBURG	2064	4810	7850	30.0	87.6
PONTOTOC	1831	1687	4128	52.0	85.2
POTTAWATOMIE	3035	3462	7636	46.7	85.1
PUSHMATAHA	935	1423	2936	39.7	80.3
ROGER MILLS	681	950	2003	41.8	81.4
ROGERS	1636	993	3072	62.2	85.6
SEMINOLE	2044	3537	6305	36.6	88.5
SEQUOYAH	3101	557	3838	84.8	95.3
STEPHENS	1674	2177	4644	43.5	82.9
TEXAS	747	615	1502	54.8	90.7
TILLMAN	963	1069	2378	47.4	85.4
TULSA	5748	8433	15727	40.5	90.2
WAGONER	940	943	2103	49.9	89.5
WASHINGTON	2132	2322	4876	47.9	91.3
WASHITA	973	1510	2948	39.2	84.2
WOODS	838	1268	2382	39.8	88.4
WOODWARD	949	1043	2193	47.6	90.8

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
119612	146229	300225	45.0	88.5

OFFICE QUALIFICATIONS
SP ELECT SEPT 24, 35
LEG REF 069 REJECT ST.Q. 211

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	1113	1341	2671	45.4	91.9
ALFALFA	748	1232	2137	37.8	92.7
ATOKA	1202	1437	2927	45.5	90.2
BEAVER	524	671	1305	43.8	91.6
BECKHAM	1356	1557	3253	46.5	89.5
BLAINE	1269	1187	2669	51.7	92.0
BRYAN	2331	2411	5085	49.2	93.3
CADDO	2153	2692	5367	44.4	90.3
CANADIAN	1245	1732	3102	41.8	96.0
CARTER	2312	2583	5362	47.2	91.3
CHEROKEE	1322	1926	3525	40.7	92.1
CHOCTAW	896	2304	3684	28.0	86.9
CIMARRON	281	443	772	38.8	93.8
CLEVELAND	1186	1539	3107	43.5	87.7
COAL	879	839	1919	51.2	89.5
COMANCHE	1667	2123	4315	44.0	87.8
COTTON	685	923	1824	42.6	88.2
CRAIG	849	1642	2667	34.1	93.4
CREEK	3471	3486	7718	49.9	90.1
CUSTER	1512	1721	3606	46.8	89.7
DELAWARE	799	1456	2531	35.4	89.1
DEWEY	825	982	2009	45.7	89.9
ELLIS	448	769	1322	36.8	92.1
GARFIELD	2871	3663	6959	43.9	93.9
GARVIN	1555	1918	3975	44.8	87.4
GRADY	2218	2862	5697	43.7	89.2
GRANT	806	1579	2544	33.8	93.8
GREER	570	1516	2336	27.3	89.3
HARMON	363	798	1227	31.3	94.6
HARPER	373	551	1095	40.4	84.4
HASKELL	1206	1773	3203	40.5	93.0
HUGHES	1158	2308	3898	33.4	88.9
JACKSON	1117	1790	3215	38.4	90.4
JEFFERSON	909	1013	2129	47.3	90.3
JOHNSTON	944	1568	2934	37.6	85.6
KAY	2873	4274	7823	40.2	91.4
KINGFISHER	744	1215	2181	38.0	89.8
KIOWA	1246	1531	3103	44.9	89.5
LATIMER	667	1354	2412	33.0	93.8
LE FLORE	1399	3680	5814	27.5	87.4
LINCOLN	1473	2443	4405	37.6	88.9
LOGAN	1355	2070	3764	39.6	91.0
LOVE	606	735	1524	45.2	88.0
MCCLAIN	953	1185	2405	44.6	88.9
MCCURTAIN	837	3177	4522	20.9	88.8
MCINTOSH	1197	1654	3145	42.0	90.7
MAJOR	583	1120	1837	34.2	92.7
MARSHALL	672	955	1852	41.3	87.9
MAYES	846	1746	3089	32.6	83.9
MURRAY	923	1141	2407	44.7	85.7
MUSKOGEE	2977	4352	8295	40.6	88.4
NOBLE	795	1293	2202	38.1	94.8
NOWATA	783	903	1957	46.4	86.2
OKFUSKEE	1283	1732	3337	42.6	90.4
OKLAHOMA	9361	9238	20140	50.3	92.3
OKMULGEE	3255	3571	7645	47.7	89.3
OSAGE	2146	2869	5589	42.8	89.7
OTTAWA	1578	2363	4515	40.0	87.3
PAWNEE	1197	1501	2997	44.4	90.0
PAYNE	1959	2275	4655	46.3	91.0
PITTSBURG	2400	4330	7850	35.7	85.7
PONTOTOC	1506	2084	4128	41.9	87.0
POTTAWATOMIE	3336	3383	7636	49.7	88.0
PUSHMATAHA	880	1526	2936	36.6	81.9
ROGER MILLS	796	981	2003	44.8	88.7
ROGERS	1110	1557	3072	41.6	86.8
SEMINOLE	2754	3029	6305	47.6	91.7
SEQUOYAH	1505	1973	3838	43.3	90.6
STEPHENS	1619	2241	4644	41.9	83.1
TEXAS	514	854	1502	37.6	91.1
TILLMAN	912	1125	2378	44.8	85.7
TULSA	7207	7301	15727	49.7	92.2
WAGONER	813	1071	2103	43.2	89.6
WASHINGTON	2011	2489	4876	44.7	92.3
WASHITA	899	1641	2948	35.4	86.2
WOODS	895	1303	2382	40.7	92.3
WOODWARD	940	1069	2193	46.8	91.6

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
114968	154669	300225	42.6	89.8

TABLE D-46

LAND OFFICE COMMISSION
SP ELECT SEPT 24, 35
LEG REF 070 REJECT ST.Q. 212

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	1409	932	2671	60.2	87.6
ALFALFA	488	1433	2137	25.4	89.9
ATOKA	1395	983	2927	58.7	81.2
BEAVER	327	788	1305	29.3	85.4
BECKHAM	1054	1779	3253	37.2	87.1
BLAINE	1201	1195	2669	50.1	89.8
BRYAN	2518	1970	5085	56.1	88.3
CADDO	2048	2626	5367	43.8	87.1
CANADIAN	1174	1732	3102	40.4	93.7
CARTER	2795	1766	5362	61.3	85.1
CHEROKEE	1597	1430	3525	52.8	85.9
CHOCTAW	1239	1910	3684	39.3	85.5
CIMARRON	142	562	772	20.2	91.2
CLEVELAND	1123	1483	3107	43.1	83.9
COAL	933	711	1919	56.8	85.7
COMANCHE	1856	1732	4315	51.7	83.2
COTTON	671	859	1824	43.9	83.9
CRAIG	772	1570	2667	33.0	87.8
CREEK	3453	3226	7718	51.7	86.5
CUSTER	1273	1847	3606	40.8	86.5
DELAWARE	889	1221	2531	42.1	83.4
DEWEY	607	1079	2009	36.0	83.9
ELLIS	250	949	1322	20.9	90.7
GARFIELD	2302	3973	6959	36.7	90.2
GARVIN	1856	1441	3975	56.3	82.9
GRADY	2322	2534	5697	47.8	85.2
GRANT	519	1819	2544	22.2	91.9
GREER	466	1552	2336	23.1	86.4
HARMON	212	937	1227	18.5	93.6
HARPER	261	659	1095	28.4	84.0
HASKELL	1697	1095	3203	60.8	87.2
HUGHES	1190	2088	3898	36.3	84.1
JACKSON	1243	1539	3215	44.7	86.5
JEFFERSON	914	877	2129	51.0	84.1
JOHNSTON	874	1436	2934	37.8	78.7
KAY	2661	4251	7823	38.5	88.4
KINGFISHER	585	1386	2181	29.7	90.4
KIOWA	1034	1618	3103	39.0	85.5
LATIMER	913	967	2412	48.6	77.9
LE FLORE	2163	2527	5814	46.1	80.7
LINCOLN	1342	2441	4405	35.5	85.9
LOGAN	1101	2199	3764	33.4	87.7
LOVE	597	611	1524	49.4	79.3
MCCLAIN	1044	961	2405	52.1	83.4
MCCURTAIN	762	3165	4522	19.4	86.8
MCINTOSH	1597	1062	3145	60.1	84.5
MAJOR	414	1229	1837	25.2	89.4
MARSHALL	655	871	1852	42.9	82.4
MAYES	1008	1432	3089	41.3	79.0
MURRAY	1165	742	2407	61.1	79.2
MUSKOGEE	3127	3712	8295	45.7	82.4
NOBLE	572	1454	2202	28.2	92.0
NOWATA	695	957	1957	40.6	82.4
OKFUSKEE	1297	1667	3337	43.8	88.8
OKLAHOMA	8783	9239	20140	48.7	89.5
OKMULGEE	4138	2532	7645	62.0	87.2
OSAGE	2047	2616	5589	43.9	83.4
OTTAWA	1855	1869	4515	49.8	82.5
PAWNEE	1050	1528	2997	40.7	86.0
PAYNE	1697	2114	4655	44.5	81.9
PITTSBURG	3321	2922	7850	53.2	79.5
PONTOTOC	1458	1849	4128	44.1	80.1
POTTAWATOMIE	3390	2868	7636	54.2	82.0
PUSHMATAHA	740	1591	2936	31.7	79.4
ROGER MILLS	516	1162	2003	30.8	83.8
ROGERS	1053	1449	3072	42.1	81.4
SEMINOLE	3166	2080	6305	60.4	83.2
SEQUOYAH	2185	1038	3838	67.8	84.0
STEPHENS	1696	1932	4644	46.7	78.1
TEXAS	380	960	1502	28.4	89.2
TILLMAN	912	987	2378	48.0	79.9
TULSA	5096	8807	15727	36.6	98.3
WAGONER	965	829	2103	53.8	85.3
WASHINGTON	1494	2795	4876	34.8	86.0
WASHITA	961	1517	2948	38.8	84.1
WOODS	455	1658	2382	21.5	88.7
WOODWARD	627	1340	2193	31.9	89.7

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
113737	142664	300225	44.4	85.4

OLD AGE ASSISTANCE
SP ELECT SEPT 24, 35
INT PET 144 ST.Q. 214

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	2210	372	2671	85.6	96.7
ALFALFA	1034	997	2137	50.9	95.0
ATOKA	2408	377	2927	86.5	95.1
BEAVER	739	474	1305	60.9	93.0
BECKHAM	2380	711	3253	77.0	95.0
BLAINE	1741	806	2669	68.4	95.4
BRYAN	3943	798	5085	83.2	93.2
CADDO	3592	1465	5367	71.0	94.2
CANADIAN	1656	1374	3102	54.7	97.7
CARTER	4246	897	5362	82.6	95.9
CHEROKEE	2626	694	3525	79.1	94.2
CHOCTAW	3059	419	3684	88.0	94.4
CIMARRON	389	343	772	53.1	94.8
CLEVELAND	1722	1145	3107	60.1	92.3
COAL	1482	293	1919	83.5	92.5
COMANCHE	3113	971	4315	76.2	94.6
COTTON	1275	431	1824	74.7	93.5
CRAIG	1740	825	2667	67.8	96.2
CREEK	5450	1794	7718	75.2	93.9
CUSTER	2396	1054	3606	69.4	95.7
DELAWARE	1756	557	2531	75.9	91.4
DEWEY	1415	485	2009	74.5	94.6
ELLIS	761	475	1322	61.6	93.5
GARFIELD	3723	2945	6959	55.8	95.8
GARVIN	2827	808	3975	77.8	91.4
GRADY	3994	1448	5697	73.4	95.5
GRANT	1015	1442	2544	41.3	96.6
GREER	1638	587	2336	73.6	95.2
HARMON	847	368	1227	69.7	99.0
HARPER	587	330	1095	64.0	83.7
HASKELL	2806	248	3203	91.9	95.3
HUGHES	3023	715	3898	80.9	95.9
JACKSON	2215	848	3215	72.3	95.3
JEFFERSON	1540	457	2129	77.1	93.8
JOHNSTON	2550	245	2934	91.2	95.3
KAY	4584	3004	7823	60.4	97.0
KINGFISHER	943	1076	2181	46.7	92.6
KIOWA	2062	869	3103	70.4	94.5
LATIMER	2234	145	2412	93.9	98.6
LE FLORE	4289	792	5814	84.4	87.4
LINCOLN	2640	1400	4405	65.3	91.7
LOGAN	2196	1388	3764	61.3	95.2
LOVE	1061	267	1524	79.9	87.1
MCCLAIN	1744	513	2405	77.3	93.8
MCCURTAIN	4079	318	4522	92.8	97.2
MCINTOSH	2301	564	3145	80.3	91.1
MAJOR	910	848	1837	51.8	95.7
MARSHALL	1536	239	1852	86.5	95.8
MAYES	2183	657	3089	76.9	91.9
MURRAY	1900	369	2407	83.7	94.3
MUSKOGEE	6119	1821	8295	77.0	95.8
NOBLE	1011	1100	2202	47.9	95.9
NOWATA	1298	520	1957	71.4	92.9
OKFUSKEE	2490	678	3337	78.6	94.9
OKLAHOMA	12655	6774	20140	65.1	96.5
OKMULGEE	5728	1338	7645	81.1	92.4
OSAGE	3624	1622	5589	69.1	93.9
OTTAWA	3101	1128	4515	73.3	93.7
PAWNEE	1866	921	2997	67.0	93.0
PAYNE	2927	1509	4655	66.0	95.3
PITTSBURG	6453	1012	7850	86.4	95.1
PONTOTOC	2665	1053	4128	71.7	90.1
POTTAWATOMIE	5532	1458	7636	79.1	91.5
PUSHMATAHA	2526	223	2936	91.9	93.6
ROGER MILLS	1590	334	2003	82.6	96.1
ROGERS	2064	795	3072	72.2	93.1
SEMINOLE	4868	1120	6305	81.3	95.0
SEQUOYAH	3507	265	3838	93.0	98.3
STEPHENS	3545	813	4644	81.3	93.8
TEXAS	840	557	1502	60.1	93.0
TILLMAN	1587	615	2378	72.1	92.6
TULSA	7788	7142	15727	52.2	94.9
WAGONER	1436	535	2103	72.9	93.7
WASHINGTON	2419	2133	4876	53.1	93.4
WASHITA	2001	805	2948	71.3	95.2
WOODS	1131	1082	2382	51.1	92.9
WOODWARD	1295	773	2193	62.6	94.3

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
204626	78783	300225	72.2	94.4

TABLE D-47

COUNTY WELFARE
SP ELECT DEC 17, 35
INT PET 149 ADOPT ST.Q. 220

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	882	266	1148	76.8	100.0
ALFALFA	434	913	1347	32.2	100.0
ATOKA	1225	236	1461	83.8	100.0
BEAVER	1017	162	1179	86.3	100.0
BECKHAM	713	466	1179	60.5	100.0
BLAINE	585	484	1069	54.7	100.0
BRYAN	1775	348	2123	83.6	100.0
CADDO	1292	945	2237	57.8	100.0
CANADIAN	658	497	1155	57.0	100.0
CARTER	1235	449	1684	73.3	100.0
CHEROKEE	1621	314	1935	83.8	100.0
CHOCTAW	1752	243	1995	87.8	100.0
CIMARRON	391	66	457	85.6	100.0
CLEVELAND	812	669	1481	54.8	100.0
COAL	624	176	800	78.0	100.0
COMANCHE	767	493	1260	60.9	100.0
COTTON	479	190	669	71.6	100.0
CRAIG	677	716	1393	48.6	100.0
CREEK	2325	719	3044	76.4	100.0
CUSTER	686	749	1435	47.8	100.0
DELAWARE	855	328	1183	72.3	100.0
DEWEY	545	558	1103	49.4	100.0
ELLIS	347	344	691	50.2	100.0
GARFIELD	1213	2144	3357	36.1	100.0
GARVIN	781	515	1296	60.3	100.0
GRADY	1050	592	1642	63.9	100.0
GRANT	448	1253	1701	26.3	100.0
GREER	444	352	796	55.8	100.0
HARMON	282	333	615	45.9	100.0
HARPER	547	123	670	81.6	100.0
HASKELL	1538	128	1666	92.3	100.0
HUGHES	942	517	1459	64.6	100.0
JACKSON	596	329	925	64.4	100.0
JEFFERSON	378	347	725	52.1	100.0
JOHNSTON	948	166	1114	85.1	100.0
KAY	1175	1630	2805	41.9	100.0
KINGFISHER	367	838	1205	30.5	100.0
KIOWA	466	361	827	56.3	100.0
LATIMER	1292	170	1462	88.4	100.0
LE FLORE	4857	441	5298	91.7	100.0
LINCOLN	1131	903	2034	55.6	100.0
LOGAN	932	646	1578	59.1	100.0
LOVE	451	168.	619	72.9	100.0
MCCLAIN	753	256	1009	74.6	100.0
MCCURTAIN	1378	309	1687	81.7	100.0
MCINTOSH	1046	478	1524	68.6	100.0
MAJOR	223	982	1205	18.5	100.0
MARSHALL	783	53	836	93.7	100.0
MAYES	743	423	1166	63.7	100.0
MURRAY	577	196	773	74.6	100.0
MUSKOGEE	2036	1954	3990	51.0	100.0
NOBLE	401	984	1385	29.0	100.0
NOWATA	331	418	749	44.2	100.0
OKFUSKEE	1176	340	1516	77.6	100.0
OKLAHOMA	3858	2453	6311	61.1	100.0
OKMULGEE	2332	511	2843	82.0	100.0
OSAGE	1453	749	2202	66.0	100.0
OTTAWA	1763	476	2239	78.7	100.0
PAWNEE	768	645	1413	54.4	100.0
PAYNE	724	717	1441	50.2	100.0
PITTSBURG	3079	1132	4211	73.1	100.0
PONTOTOC	1114	648	1762	63.2	100.0
POTTAWATOMIE	2203	1257	3460	63.7	100.0
PUSHMATAHA	1107	120	1227	90.2	100.0
ROGER MILLS	595	273	868	68.5	100.0
ROGERS	640	432	1072	59.7	100.0
SEMINOLE	1255	465	1720	73.0	100.0
SEQUOYAH	1616	233	1849	87.4	100.0
STEPHENS	734	501	1235	59.4	100.0
TEXAS	722	119	841	85.9	100.0
TILLMAN	606	258	864	70.1	100.0
TULSA	4037	2234	6271	64.4	100.0
WAGONER	456	287	743	61.4	100.0
WASHINGTON	772	932	1704	45.3	100.0
WASHITA	568	481	1049	54.1	100.0
WOODS	448	1030	1478	30.3	100.0
WOODWARD	630	446	1076	58.6	100.0

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
82462	45079	127541	64.7	100.0

OLD AGE ASSISTANCE
SP PRI ELECT JUL 7,36
INT PET 154 ADOPT ST.Q. 225

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	4334	565	4332	88.5	113.1
ALFALFA	1226	2354	3177	34.2	112.7
ATOKA	5348	1055	6397	83.5	100.1
BEAVER	1631	835	2325	66.1	106.1
BECKHAM	3738	2888	7578	56.4	87.4
BLAINE	2382	2638	4511	47.5	111.3
BRYAN	6887	1801	10675	79.3	81.4
CADDO	6158	4585	11291	57.3	95.1
CANADIAN	2454	2583	5165	48.7	97.5
CARTER	7781	3428	12157	69.4	92.2
CHEROKEE	4522	1107	5591	80.3	100.7
CHOCTAW	4356	1921	6822	69.4	92.0
CIMARRON	772	351	1157	68.7	97.1
CLEVELAND	4191	2992	8039	58.3	89.4
COAL	3270	1123	4360	74.4	100.8
COMANCHE	4440	3409	8561	56.6	91.7
COTTON	2747	1699	4843	61.8	91.8
CRAIG	3039	2093	5053	59.2	101.6
CREEK	8307	4460	12655	65.1	100.9
CUSTER	3050	3161	6511	49.1	95.4
DELAWARE	3422	1171	4317	74.5	106.4
DEWEY	1662	1422	2982	53.9	103.4
ELLIS	1235	1161	2085	51.5	114.9
GARFIELD	3867	6124	9989	38.7	100.0
GARVIN	4998	3056	9154	62.1	88.0
GRADY	5721	4498	11214	56.0	91.1
GRANT	1637	2264	3746	42.0	104.1
GREER	2319	2169	5073	51.7	98.5
HARMON	2135	1477	4016	59.1	89.9
HARPER	1168	863	1946	57.5	104.4
HASKELL	3836	1013	4962	79.1	97.7
HUGHES	5394	2216	8370	70.9	90.9
JACKSON	3467	3126	7377	52.6	89.4
JEFFERSON	3566	1533	5563	69.9	91.7
JOHNSTON	4657	675	5594	87.3	95.3
KAY	4793	5264	9959	47.7	101.0
KINGFISHER	2013	2431	3795	45.3	117.1
KIOWA	3654	3034	7564	54.6	88.4
LATIMER	2432	918	3796	72.6	98.3
LE FLORE	9168	1880	10960	83.0	100.8
LINCOLN	4525	3376	7742	57.3	102.1
LOGAN	3558	3177	6421	52.8	104.9
LOVE	2645	966	3768	73.2	95.8
MCCLAIN	3914	1643	6592	70.4	84.3
MCCURTAIN	5366	2620	8620	67.2	92.6
MCINTOSH	5254	1618	7090	76.5	96.9
MAJOR	1037	1474	2076	41.3	121.0
MARSHALL	3996	517	4639	88.5	97.3
MAYES	3793	1359	5193	73.6	99.2
MURRAY	3294	1064	4864	75.6	89.6
MUSKOGEE	8742	5355	14711	62.0	95.8
NOBLE	1826	2054	3596	47.1	107.9
NOWATA	2412	1298	3432	65.0	108.1
OKFUSKEE	4028	2584	6632	60.9	99.7
OKLAHOMA	24041	20231	48774	54.3	90.8
OKMULGEE	8462	3116	11656	73.1	99.3
OSAGE	6633	3026	9900	68.7	97.6
OTTAWA	5726	3004	8637	65.6	101.1
PAWNEE	2759	1868	4229	59.6	109.4
PAYNE	3611	3937	7657	48.5	97.3
PITTSBURG	9008	4094	14019	68.8	93.5
PONTOTOC	6639	3097	10496	68.2	92.8
POTTAWATOMIE	8743	4792	14218	64.6	95.2
PUSHMATAHA	3901	934	5072	80.7	95.3
ROGER MILLS	2255	1576	4026	58.9	95.2
ROGERS	3900	1991	5986	66.2	98.4
SEMINOLE	8081	3446	12810	70.1	90.0
SEQUOYAH	5073	949	5950	84.2	101.2
STEPHENS	5653	2839	9249	66.6	91.8
TEXAS	1890	905	2686	67.6	104.1
TILLMAN	3057	2454	6120	55.5	90.0
TULSA	18127	15854	34377	53.3	98.8
WAGONER	2518	1145	3797	68.7	96.5
WASHINGTON	4316	3622	7596	54.4	104.5
WASHITA	2662	3199	6998	43.9	86.6
WOODS	1900	2128	3716	47.2	108.4
WOODWARD	1828	2133	3734	46.1	106.1

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
344950	210888	580741	62.2	96.1

TABLE D-48

SALES TAX FOR AGED AID
SP PRI ELECT JUL 7.36
INT PET 155 ADOPT ST.Q. 226

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	4482	588	4332	88.4	117.0
ALFALFA	1144	2457	3177	31.4	114.6
ATOKA	5466	985	6397	84.7	100.8
BEAVER	1581	895	2325	63.9	106.5
BECKHAM	3748	3001	7578	55.5	89.1
BLAINE	2336	2718	4511	46.2	112.0
BRYAN	6989	1835	10675	79.2	82.7
CADDO	6257	4717	11291	57.0	97.2
CANADIAN	2390	2700	5165	47.0	98.5
CARTER	7825	3741	12157	67.7	95.1
CHEROKEE	4573	1197	5591	79.3	103.2
CHOCTAW	4315	2022	6822	68.1	92.9
CIMARRON	759	399	1157	65.5	100.1
CLEVELAND	4093	3271	8039	55.6	91.6
COAL	3361	1132	4360	74.8	103.1
COMANCHE	4344	3754	8561	53.6	94.6
COTTON	2776	1757	4843	61.2	93.6
CRAIG	2991	2226	5053	57.3	103.2
CREEK	7933	5173	12655	60.5	103.6
CUSTER	3001	3400	6511	46.9	98.3
DELAWARE	3555	1202	4317	74.7	110.2
DEWEY	1579	1504	2982	51.2	103.4
ELLIS	1233	1201	2085	50.7	116.7
GARFIELD	3585	6516	9989	35.5	101.1
GARVIN	5124	3161	9154	61.8	90.5
GRADY	5655	4813	11214	54.0	93.3
GRANT	1577	2407	3746	39.6	106.4
GREER	2335	2223	5073	51.2	89.8
HARMON	2188	1516	4016	59.1	92.2
HARPER	1117	934	1946	54.5	105.4
HASKELL	3886	1119	4962	77.6	100.9
HUGHES	5407	2374	8370	69.5	93.0
JACKSON	3357	3238	7377	50.9	89.4
JEFFERSON	3546	1595	5563	69.0	92.4
JOHNSTON	4637	701	5594	87.3	99.0
KAY	4342	5675	9959	43.3	100.6
KINGFISHER	2019	2440	3795	45.3	117.5
KIOWA	3736	3157	7564	54.2	91.1
LATIMER	2709	866	3796	75.8	94.2
LE FLORE	9342	1764	10960	84.1	101.3
LINCOLN	4730	3530	7742	57.3	106.7
LOGAN	3537	3342	6421	51.4	107.1
LOVE	2685	1021	3768	72.5	98.4
MCCLAIN	4348	1735	6592	71.5	92.3
MCCURTAIN	5494	2780	8620	66.4	96.0
MCINTOSH	5404	1700	7090	76.1	100.2
MAJOR	989	1574	2076	38.6	123.5
MARSHALL	4159	516	4639	89.0	100.8
MAYES	3874	1435	5193	73.0	102.2
MURRAY	3538	1111	4864	76.1	95.6
MUSKOGEE	8484	5947	14711	58.8	98.1
NOBLE	1858	2165	3596	46.2	111.9
NOWATA	2350	1465	3432	61.6	111.2
OKFUSKEE	3799	2906	6632	56.7	101.1
OKLAHOMA	22876	22155	48774	50.8	92.3
OKMULGEE	7692	4040	11656	65.6	100.7
OSAGE	6128	3680	9900	62.5	99.1
OTTAWA	5525	3236	8637	63.1	101.4
PAWNEE	2594	2061	4229	55.7	110.1
PAYNE	3424	4123	7657	45.4	98.6
PITTSBURG	9132	4305	14019	68.0	95.8
PONTOTOC	6711	3196	10496	67.7	94.4
POTTAWATOMIE	8451	5357	14218	61.2	97.1
PUSHMATAHA	4028	964	5072	80.7	98.4
ROGER MILLS	2376	1585	4026	60.0	98.4
ROGERS	3846	2104	5986	64.6	99.4
SEMINOLE	7955	3934	12810	66.9	92.8
SEQUOYAH	5306	931	5950	85.1	104.8
STEPHENS	5416	3223	9249	62.7	93.4
TEXAS	1812	1008	2686	64.3	105.0
TILLMAN	3150	2521	6120	55.5	92.7
TULSA	14697	19910	34377	42.5	100.7
WAGONER	2548	1296	3797	66.3	101.2
WASHINGTON	3829	4181	7596	47.8	105.5
WASHITA	2681	3545	6998	43.1	89.0
WOODS	1830	2219	3716	45.2	109.0
WOODWARD	1689	2327	3734	42.1	107.6

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
340438	229542	580741	59.7	98.1

SOIL CONSERVATION
SP PRI JULY 7. 36
INT PET 159 REJECT ST.Q. 230

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	3262	1138	4332	74.1	101.6
ALFALFA	672	2812	3177	19.3	109.7
ATOKA	3754	2129	6397	63.8	92.0
BEAVER	618	1724	2325	26.4	100.7
BECKHAM	2511	3630	7578	40.9	81.0
BLAINE	1407	3343	4511	29.6	105.3
BRYAN	4585	3291	10675	58.2	73.8
CADDO	3739	6225	11291	37.5	88.2
CANADIAN	1467	3303	5165	30.8	92.4
CARTER	5624	4483	12157	55.6	83.1
CHEROKEE	2902	2270	5591	56.1	92.5
CHOCTAW	2862	2616	6822	52.2	80.3
CIMARRON	420	666	1157	38.7	93.9
CLEVELAND	2761	3821	8039	41.9	81.9
COAL	2442	1576	4360	60.8	92.2
COMANCHE	2907	4339	8561	40.1	84.6
COTTON	1391	2698	4843	34.0	84.4
CRAIG	1768	2976	5053	37.3	93.9
CREEK	5892	6004	12655	49.5	94.0
CUSTER	1662	4323	6511	27.8	91.9
DELAWARE	2188	1773	4317	55.2	91.8
DEWEY	850	1992	2982	29.9	95.3
ELLIS	665	1606	2085	29.3	108.9
GARFIELD	2361	7154	9989	24.8	95.3
GARVIN	3228	4182	9154	43.6	80.9
GRADY	3494	5921	11214	37.1	84.0
GRANT	808	2983	3746	21.3	101.2
GREER	1446	2669	5073	35.1	81.1
HARMON	682	2879	4016	19.2	88.7
HARPER	618	1263	1946	32.9	96.7
HASKELL	2402	2107	4962	53.3	90.9
HUGHES	3166	3574	8370	47.0	80.5
JACKSON	2331	3768	7377	38.2	82.7
JEFFERSON	2235	2361	5563	48.6	82.6
JOHNSTON	3341	1360	5594	71.1	84.0
KAY	3260	6179	9959	34.5	94.8
KINGFISHER	1197	3007	3795	28.5	110.8
KIOWA	2264	3941	7564	36.5	82.0
LATIMER	1530	1537	3796	49.9	80.8
LE FLORE	6464	3537	10960	64.6	91.3
LINCOLN	2824	4606	7742	38.0	96.0
LOGAN	2464	3812	6421	39.3	97.7
LOVE	1339	1936	3768	40.9	86.9
MCCLAIN	2806	2477	6592	53.1	80.1
MCCURTAIN	3196	4173	8620	43.4	85.5
MCINTOSH	3601	2449	7090	59.5	85.3
MAJOR	522	1906	2076	21.5	117.0
MARSHALL	2779	1023	4639	73.1	82.0
MAYES	2337	2257	5193	50.9	88.5
MURRAY	2374	1644	4864	59.1	82.6
MUSKOGEE	6243	6744	14711	48.1	88.3
NOBLE	1114	2576	3596	30.2	102.6
NOWATA	1446	1847	3432	43.9	95.9
OKFUSKEE	2647	3479	6632	43.2	92.4
OKLAHOMA	17990	23222	48774	43.7	84.5
OKMULGEE	5892	4656	11656	55.9	90.5
OSAGE	4225	4673	9900	47.5	89.9
OTTAWA	3568	3924	8637	50.3	91.4
PAWNEE	1318	2854	4229	31.6	98.7
PAYNE	2325	4690	7657	33.1	91.6
PITTSBURG	6146	6075	14019	50.3	87.2
PONTOTOC	3884	4821	10496	44.6	92.9
POTTAWATOMIE	5158	7206	14218	41.7	87.0
PUSHMATAHA	2340	1805	5072	56.5	81.7
ROGER MILLS	1170	2494	4026	31.9	91.0
ROGERS	2376	2942	5986	44.7	88.8
SEMINOLE	5762	4671	12810	55.2	81.4
SEQUOYAH	2804	2374	5950	54.2	87.0
STEPHENS	2994	4657	9249	39.1	82.7
TEXAS	1156	1427	2686	44.8	96.2
TILLMAN	1433	3837	6120	27.2	86.1
TULSA	11842	19840	34377	37.4	92.2
WAGONER	1794	1632	3797	52.4	90.2
WASHINGTON	2772	4574	7596	37.7	96.7
WASHITA	1572	4154	6998	27.5	81.8
WOODS	1147	2641	3716	30.0	103.0
WOODWARD	900	2943	3734	23.4	102.9

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
223836	290241	580741	43.5	88.5

TABLE D-49

POLICE PENSIONS
GEN ELECT NOV 3, 36
LEG REF 065 ADOPT ST.Q. 207

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	2924	1575	6221	65.0	72.3
ALFALFA	2950	2280	6114	56.7	86.0
ATOKA	1892	1657	4420	53.3	80.3
BEAVER	1650	1624	4012	50.4	81.6
BECKHAM	2474	2794	6915	47.0	76.2
BLAINE	3308	2781	7408	54.3	82.2
BRYAN	4274	3305	9758	56.4	77.7
CADDO	6332	5795	15029	52.2	80.7
CANADIAN	5114	3101	9698	62.3	84.7
CARTER	5995	3630	11969	62.3	80.4
CHEROKEE	3109	2359	7151	56.9	76.5
CHOCTAW	2587	1875	6029	58.0	74.0
CIMARRON	870	583	1950	59.9	74.5
CLEVELAND	4217	3327	9589	55.9	78.7
COAL	1636	920	3233	64.0	79.1
COMANCHE	4600	3768	10544	55.0	79.4
COTTON	1914	1956	5167	49.5	74.9
CRAIG	3301	2725	7528	54.8	80.0
CREEK	11814	5043	20376	70.1	82.7
CUSTER	2977	3320	7691	47.3	81.9
DELAWARE	2648	1685	6234	61.1	69.5
DEWEY	1864	2090	5051	47.1	78.3
ELLIS	1752	1412	3930	55.4	80.5
GARFIELD	10682	5696	18928	65.2	86.5
GARVIN	3665	2817	8225	56.5	78.8
GRADY	5773	4228	12284	57.7	81.4
GRANT	2869	2702	6411	51.5	86.9
GREER	2042	1656	4645	55.2	79.6
HARMON	930	1291	2968	41.9	74.8
HARPER	1259	1167	2999	51.9	80.9
HASKELL	2728	1701	6224	61.6	71.2
HUGHES	4052	2381	8225	63.0	78.2
JACKSON	2560	2662	6761	49.0	77.2
JEFFERSON	1836	1941	5057	48.6	74.7
JOHNSTON	1902	1113	3956	63.1	76.2
KAY	9931	6452	19168	60.6	85.5
KINGFISHER	3317	2520	6791	56.8	86.0
KIOWA	3263	2612	7483	55.5	78.5
LATIMER	2007	1180	4469	63.0	71.3
LE FLORE	5585	3040	12184	64.8	70.8
LINCOLN	4882	4310	11748	53.1	78.2
LOGAN	5559	3065	10522	64.5	82.0
LOVE	1113	919	2788	54.8	72.9
MCCLAIN	2315	1861	5330	55.4	78.3
MCCURTAIN	2902	1735	6284	62.6	73.8
MCINTOSH	3089	1799	6616	63.2	73.9
MAJOR	1791	1757	4325	50.5	82.0
MARSHALL	1403	1098	3999	56.1	62.5
MAYES	2963	2027	6806	59.4	73.3
MURRAY	1947	1323	4104	59.5	79.7
MUSKOGEE	12301	4358	20330	73.8	81.9
NOBLE	3028	2451	6760	55.3	81.1
NOWATA	2987	1941	6278	60.6	78.5
OKFUSKEE	3476	2359	7189	59.6	81.2
OKLAHOMA	47499	20347	76463	70.0	88.7
OKMULGEE	10404	4115	17407	71.7	83.4
OSAGE	9289	3572	15340	72.2	93.6
OTTAWA	6027	3545	12633	63.0	75.8
PAWNEE	3825	2151	7336	64.0	81.5
PAYNE	6837	3980	13544	63.2	79.9
PITTSBURG	6882	4505	13989	60.4	81.4
PONTOTOC	4501	3308	10372	57.6	75.3
POTTAWATOMIE	8336	5771	17255	59.1	81.8
PUSHMATAHA	1768	1263	4666	58.3	65.0
ROGER MILLS	1803	1770	4565	50.5	78.3
ROGERS	3506	2509	7694	58.3	78.2
SEMINOLE	7967	4804	16119	62.4	79.2
SEQUOYAH	3412	1545	7270	68.8	68.2
STEPHENS	3770	2879	8200	56.7	81.1
TEXAS	1983	1564	4577	55.9	77.5
TILLMAN	2619	2438	6527	51.8	77.5
TULSA	48501	13359	71023	78.4	87.1
WAGONER	2664	1390	5239	65.7	77.4
WASHINGTON	6272	3469	11791	64.5	82.5
WASHITA	2611	2763	7160	48.6	75.1
WOODS	2445	3258	6690	42.9	85.2
WOODWARD	2832	2248	6012	55.7	84.5

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
390142	232310	767745	62.7	81.1

A AND M BOARD OF REGENTS
GEN ELECT NOV 3, 36
LEG REF 068 REJECT ST.Q. 210

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	2661	1604	6221	62.4	68.6
ALFALFA	2693	2331	6114	55.4	85.4
ATOKA	1704	1676	4420	50.4	76.5
BEAVER	1569	1721	4012	47.7	82.0
BECKHAM	2480	2759	6915	47.3	75.8
BLAINE	3042	2868	7408	51.5	79.8
BRYAN	4563	2950	9758	60.7	77.0
CADDO	5507	5911	15029	48.2	76.0
CANADIAN	4828	3109	9698	60.8	81.8
CARTER	5798	3334	11969	63.5	76.3
CHEROKEE	2811	2251	7151	55.5	70.8
CHOCTAW	2509	1953	6029	56.2	74.0
CIMARRON	1002	511	1950	66.2	77.6
CLEVELAND	4182	3161	9589	57.0	76.6
COAL	1491	951	3233	61.1	75.5
COMANCHE	4181	3675	10544	53.2	74.5
COTTON	1782	1979	5167	47.4	72.8
CRAIG	3434	2477	7528	58.1	78.5
CREEK	11026	4817	20376	69.6	77.8
CUSTER	2988	3224	7691	48.1	80.8
DELAWARE	2472	1691	6234	59.4	66.8
DEWEY	1661	2215	5051	42.9	76.7
ELLIS	1605	1509	3930	51.5	79.2
GARFIELD	10450	5376	18928	66.0	83.6
GARVIN	3502	2629	8225	57.1	74.5
GRADY	5874	3816	12284	60.6	78.9
GRANT	2835	2685	6411	51.4	86.1
GREER	1980	1630	4645	54.8	77.7
HARMON	823	1396	2968	37.1	74.8
HARPER	1089	1284	2999	45.9	79.1
HASKELL	2417	1810	6224	57.2	67.9
HUGHES	4069	2179	8225	65.1	76.0
JACKSON	2677	2354	6761	53.2	74.4
JEFFERSON	1720	1956	5057	46.8	72.7
JOHNSTON	1897	1061	3956	63.7	75.3
KAY	10727	5107	19168	67.7	82.6
KINGFISHER	3192	2509	6791	56.0	83.9
KIOWA	3110	2603	7483	54.4	76.3
LATIMER	1589	1350	4469	54.1	65.8
LE FLORE	5095	3233	12184	61.2	68.4
LINCOLN	4875	4243	11748	53.5	77.6
LOGAN	5994	2591	10522	69.8	81.6
LOVE	1065	868	2788	54.5	70.1
MCCLAIN	1996	1869	5330	51.6	72.5
MCCURTAIN	3035	1660	6284	64.6	74.7
MCINTOSH	2741	1845	6616	59.8	69.3
MAJOR	1565	1964	4325	44.3	81.6
MARSHALL	1454	1029	3999	58.6	62.1
MAYES	2879	1950	6806	59.6	71.0
MURRAY	1824	1266	4104	59.0	75.3
MUSKOGEE	12043	4050	20330	74.8	79.2
NOBLE	3115	2278	6760	57.8	79.8
NOWATA	2977	1782	6278	62.6	75.8
OKFUSKEE	3208	2223	7189	59.1	75.5
OKLAHOMA	44520	18832	76463	70.3	82.9
OKMULGEE	10348	3685	17407	73.7	80.6
OSAGE	9170	3268	15340	73.7	81.1
OTTAWA	5898	3321	12633	64.0	73.0
PAWNEE	3932	1957	7336	66.8	80.3
PAYNE	7729	3606	13544	68.2	83.7
PITTSBURG	6353	4328	13989	59.5	76.4
PONTOTOC	4309	3137	10372	57.9	71.8
POTTAWATOMIE	7905	5153	17255	60.5	75.7
PUSHMATAHA	1706	1278	4666	57.2	64.0
ROGER MILLS	1374	2122	4565	39.3	76.6
ROGERS	3177	2558	7694	55.4	74.5
SEMINOLE	8032	4197	16119	65.7	75.9
SEQUOYAH	3331	1485	7270	69.2	66.2
STEPHENS	3494	2756	8200	55.9	76.2
TEXAS	2552	1164	4577	68.7	81.2
TILLMAN	2501	2370	6527	51.3	74.6
TULSA	48860	10367	71023	82.5	83.4
WAGONER	2458	1382	5238	64.0	73.3
WASHINGTON	6526	3052	11791	68.1	81.2
WASHITA	2359	2989	7160	44.1	74.7
WOODS	2096	3456	6690	37.8	83.0
WOODWARD	2769	2220	6012	55.5	83.0

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
379405	219996	767745	63.3	78.1

TABLE D-50

REPEAL PROHIBITION
GEN ELECT NOV 3, 36
INT PET 151 REJECT ST.Q. 222

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	2493	2253	6221	52.5	76.3
ALFALFA	869	4839	6114	15.2	93.4
ATOKA	1657	1977	4420	45.6	82.2
BEAVER	820	2595	4012	24.0	85.1
BECKHAM	1499	4615	6915	24.5	88.4
BLAINE	2258	4195	7408	35.0	87.1
BRYAN	2978	5227	9758	36.3	84.1
CADDO	3702	8980	15029	29.2	84.4
CANADIAN	3662	5114	9698	41.7	90.5
CARTER	3991	6147	11969	39.4	84.7
CHEROKEE	2360	3133	7151	43.0	76.8
CHOCTAW	2202	2549	6029	46.3	78.8
CIMARRON	642	1001	1950	39.1	84.3
CLEVELAND	2271	6024	9589	27.4	86.5
COAL	1491	1161	3233	56.2	82.0
COMANCHE	3120	5672	10544	35.5	83.4
COTTON	1012	3301	5167	23.5	83.5
CRAIG	2594	3715	7528	41.1	83.8
CREEK	8242	8853	20376	48.2	83.9
CUSTER	1622	5304	7691	23.4	90.1
DELAWARE	2233	2432	6234	47.9	74.8
DEWEY	1136	3246	5051	25.9	86.8
ELLIS	1116	2414	3930	31.6	89.8
GARFIELD	6211	10906	18928	36.3	90.4
GARVIN	2425	4626	8225	34.4	85.7
GRADY	3257	7362	12284	30.7	86.4
GRANT	1442	4461	6411	24.4	92.1
GREER	985	3026	4645	24.6	86.4
HARMON	490	2059	2968	19.2	85.9
HARPER	630	2010	2999	23.9	88.0
HASKELL	1846	3138	6224	37.0	80.1
HUGHES	2539	4181	8225	37.8	81.7
JACKSON	1257	4612	6761	21.4	86.8
JEFFERSON	1086	3189	5057	25.4	84.5
JOHNSTON	1621	1736	3956	48.3	84.9
KAY	6327	10697	19168	37.2	88.8
KINGFISHER	2196	3898	6791	36.0	89.7
KIOWA	1749	4878	7483	26.4	88.6
LATIMER	1538	1950	4469	44.1	78.0
LE FLORE	4540	5194	12184	46.6	79.9
LINCOLN	3096	6874	11748	31.1	84.9
LOGAN	3300	5776	10522	36.4	86.3
LOVE	814	1547	2788	34.5	84.7
MCCLAIN	1578	2960	5330	34.8	85.1
MCCURTAIN	2592	2569	6284	50.2	82.1
MCINTOSH	2514	2520	6616	49.9	76.1
MAJOR	681	3245	4325	17.3	90.8
MARSHALL	910	1943	3999	31.9	71.3
MAYES	2360	3106	6806	43.2	80.3
MURRAY	1325	2131	4104	38.3	84.2
MUSKOGEE	9379	7645	20330	55.1	83.7
NOBLE	1683	3989	6760	29.7	83.9
NOWATA	2283	2981	6278	43.4	83.8
OKFUSKEE	2351	3584	7189	39.6	82.6
OKLAHOMA	30386	38630	76463	44.0	90.3
OKMULGEE	8324	6514	17407	56.1	85.2
OSAGE	8147	5416	15340	60.1	88.4
OTTAWA	6147	4596	12633	57.2	85.0
PAWNEE	2627	3578	7336	42.3	84.6
PAYNE	3536	7845	13544	31.1	84.0
PITTSBURG	4873	6948	13989	41.2	84.5
PONTOTOC	3079	5810	10372	34.6	85.7
POTTAWATOMIE	5560	9510	17255	36.9	87.3
PUSHMATAHA	1517	1747	4666	46.5	70.0
ROGER MILLS	982	2926	4565	25.1	95.6
ROGERS	3000	3471	7694	46.4	84.1
SEMINOLE	5943	7073	16119	45.7	80.7
SEQUOYAH	2833	2575	7270	52.4	74.4
STEPHENS	2069	5094	8200	28.9	87.4
TEXAS	914	3107	4577	22.7	87.9
TILLMAN	1238	4614	6527	21.2	89.7
TULSA	36565	26401	71023	58.1	88.7
WAGGNER	2148	2151	5238	50.0	82.1
WASHINGTON	4498	5808	11791	43.6	87.4
WASHITA	1426	4839	7160	22.8	87.5
WOODS	1320	4717	6690	21.9	90.2
WOODWARD	1178	4173	6012	22.0	89.0

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
267285	391083	767745	40.6	85.4

MUNICIPAL UTILITIES
GEN ELECT NOV 8, 38
INT PET 142 REJECT ST.Q. 205

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	1131	1948	6092	36.7	50.5
ALFALFA	774	3436	5528	18.4	76.2
ATOKA	969	1514	4000	39.0	62.1
BEAVER	418	1968	3496	17.5	68.2
BECKHAM	768	1954	3940	28.2	69.1
BLAINE	982	3377	6129	22.5	71.1
BRYAN	1398	2737	5788	33.8	71.4
CADDO	1441	5508	10013	20.7	69.4
CANADIAN	1411	4347	7969	24.5	72.3
CARTER	1485	3262	7383	31.3	64.3
CHEROKEE	1106	2313	6469	32.3	52.9
CHOCTAW	938	1681	4494	35.8	58.3
CIMARRON	248	727	1773	25.4	55.0
CLEVELAND	809	2816	4970	22.3	72.9
COAL	558	902	2025	38.2	72.1
COMANCHE	1425	4043	8133	26.1	67.2
COTTON	421	1633	3155	20.5	65.1
CRAIG	1152	2862	6301	28.7	63.7
CREEK	3582	6929	16091	34.1	65.3
CUSTER	848	3221	5660	20.8	71.9
DELAWARE	943	2197	6100	30.0	51.5
DEWEY	570	2481	4363	18.7	69.9
ELLIS	347	2068	3420	14.4	70.6
GARFIELD	1885	10796	15710	14.9	80.7
GARVIN	689	2799	4874	19.8	71.6
GRADY	1023	4115	6873	19.9	74.8
GRANT	529	3935	5633	11.9	79.2
GREER	333	1210	2221	21.6	69.5
HARMON	183	871	1321	17.4	79.8
HARPER	277	1511	2480	15.5	72.1
HASKELL	1074	1765	5301	37.8	53.6
HUGHES	1094	2317	5559	32.1	61.4
JACKSON	443	1892	3119	19.0	74.9
JEFFERSON	453	1666	3196	21.4	66.3
JOHNSTON	592	1550	3396	27.6	63.1
KAY	2390	8491	14775	22.0	73.6
KINGFISHER	691	4097	6184	14.4	77.4
KIOWA	639	2233	4001	22.2	71.8
LATIMER	764	1392	4049	35.4	53.2
LE FLORE	1887	3319	9135	36.2	57.0
LINCOLN	1436	5517	10655	20.7	65.3
LOGAN	1704	4619	9363	26.9	67.5
LOVE	309	898	1936	25.6	62.3
MCCLAIN	424	1404	2563	23.2	71.3
MCCURTAIN	902	1819	4114	33.1	66.1
MCINTOSH	1074	2057	5598	34.3	55.9
MAJOR	393	2760	4124	12.5	76.5
MARSHALL	223	909	1745	19.7	64.9
MAYES	1028	2432	6277	29.7	55.1
MURRAY	564	1299	2979	30.3	62.5
MUSKOGEE	3013	5428	12897	35.7	65.4
NOBLE	809	3188	5470	20.2	73.1
NOWATA	1079	2447	5923	30.6	59.5
OKFUSKEE	1339	2229	5378	37.5	66.3
OKLAHOMA	7751	26364	44419	22.7	76.8
OKMULGEE	3744	4684	12045	44.4	70.0
OSAGE	1983	3818	8245	34.2	70.4
OTTAWA	2520	3990	10643	38.7	61.2
PAWNEE	1159	3049	6444	27.5	65.3
PAYNE	1915	4742	9474	28.8	70.3
PITTSBURG	1777	4105	8813	30.2	66.7
PONTOTOC	926	2795	5109	24.9	72.8
POTTAWATOMIE	2650	6779	15318	28.1	61.6
PUSHMATAHA	889	1754	4928	33.6	53.6
ROGER MILLS	551	1643	3203	25.1	68.5
ROGERS	1167	2594	6091	31.0	61.7
SEMINOLE	2253	3892	9915	36.7	62.0
SEQUOYAH	1135	2044	6363	35.7	50.0
STEPHENS	718	3287	5366	17.9	74.6
TEXAS	651	1709	3946	27.6	59.8
TILLMAN	465	1863	3428	20.0	67.9
TULSA	8051	17848	35271	31.1	73.4
WAGONER	709	2039	4330	25.8	63.5
WASHINGTON	2115	4317	9410	32.9	68.4
WASHITA	576	2113	3683	21.4	73.0
WOODS	855	3576	6193	19.3	71.5
WOODWARD	689	2999	5051	18.7	73.0

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
98216	266893	537829	26.9	67.9

TABLE D-51

PIN BALL MACHINES
GEN ELECT NOV 8, 38
REF PET 071 REJECT ST.Q. 216

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	1071	2028	6092	34.6	50.9
ALFALFA	739	3744	5528	16.5	81.1
ATOKA	801	1797	4000	30.8	64.9
BEAVER	437	2110	3496	17.2	72.9
BECKHAM	586	2292	3940	20.4	73.0
BLAINE	955	3509	6129	21.4	72.8
BRYAN	1106	3179	5788	25.8	74.0
CADDO	1448	5828	10013	19.9	72.7
CANADIAN	1517	4477	7969	25.3	75.2
CARTER	1541	3394	7383	31.2	66.8
CHEROKEE	868	2604	6469	25.0	53.7
CHOCTAW	860	1871	4494	31.5	60.8
CIMARRON	239	880	1773	21.4	63.1
CLEVELAND	778	2995	4970	20.6	75.9
COAL	412	1101	2025	27.2	74.7
COMANCHE	1553	4319	8133	26.4	72.2
COTTON	477	1743	3155	21.5	70.4
CRAIG	1134	2030	6301	35.8	50.2
CREEK	3564	7256	16091	32.9	67.2
CUSTER	914	3400	5660	21.2	76.2
DELAWARE	885	2265	6100	28.1	51.6
DEWEY	643	2548	4363	20.2	73.1
ELLIS	419	2146	3420	16.3	75.0
GARFIELD	2734	9868	15710	21.7	80.2
GARVIN	724	2981	4874	19.5	76.0
GRADY	1281	4031	6873	24.1	77.3
GRANT	720	3922	5633	15.5	82.4
GREER	386	1264	2221	23.4	74.3
HARMON	197	852	1321	18.8	79.4
HARPER	322	1527	2480	17.4	74.6
HASKELL	903	2048	5301	30.6	55.7
HUGHES	875	2649	5559	24.8	63.4
JACKSON	397	2024	3119	16.4	77.6
JEFFERSON	428	1778	3196	19.4	69.0
JOHNSTON	520	1694	3396	23.5	65.2
KAY	2805	8647	14775	24.5	77.5
KINGFISHER	871	4052	6184	17.7	79.6
KIOWA	692	2354	4001	22.7	76.1
LATIMER	676	1545	4049	30.4	54.9
LE FLORE	1702	4044	9135	29.6	62.9
LINCOLN	1314	5715	10655	18.7	66.0
LOGAN	1850	4943	9363	27.2	72.6
LOVE	289	947	1936	23.4	63.8
MCCLAIN	421	1574	2563	21.1	77.8
MCCURTAIN	758	2114	4114	26.4	69.8
MCINTOSH	946	2228	5598	29.8	56.7
MAJOR	469	2862	4124	14.1	80.8
MARSHALL	269	953	1745	22.0	70.0
MAYES	1018	2627	6277	27.9	58.1
MURRAY	547	1326	2979	29.2	62.9
MUSKOGEE	2857	5544	12897	34.0	65.1
NOBLE	831	3316	5470	20.0	75.8
NOWATA	1085	2629	5923	29.2	62.7
OKFUSKEE	1105	2465	5378	31.0	66.4
OKLAHOMA	9307	25527	44419	26.7	78.4
OKMULGEE	3215	5351	12045	37.5	71.1
OSAGE	2143	3954	8245	35.1	73.9
OTTAWA	2218	4501	10643	33.0	63.1
PAWNEE	1145	3308	6444	25.7	69.1
PAYNE	1484	5537	9474	21.1	74.1
PITTSBURG	1711	4689	8813	26.7	72.6
PONTOTOC	811	3047	5109	21.0	75.5
POTTAWATOMIE	2891	6985	15318	29.3	64.5
PUSHMATAHA	699	2069	4928	25.3	56.2
ROGER MILLS	426	1950	3203	17.9	74.2
ROGERS	1085	2885	6091	27.3	65.2
SEMINOLE	1927	4523	9915	29.9	65.1
SEQUOYAH	1032	2239	6363	31.5	51.4
STEPHENS	751	3356	5366	18.3	76.5
TEXAS	594	2002	3946	22.9	65.8
TILLMAN	454	2038	3428	18.2	72.7
TULSA	8632	18119	35271	32.3	75.8
WAGONER	695	2169	4330	24.3	66.1
WASHINGTON	2163	4643	9410	31.8	72.3
WASHITA	500	2380	3683	17.4	79.2
WOODS	863	3741	6193	18.7	74.3
WOODWARD	675	3232	5051	17.3	77.4

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
98360	280284	537829	26.0	70.4

OLEOMARGARINE TAX
GEN ELECT NOV 8, 38
REF PET 073 REJECT ST.Q. 236

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	1398	1772	6092	44.1	52.0
ALFALFA	1362	3275	5528	29.4	83.9
ATOKA	1066	1539	4000	40.9	65.1
BEAVER	793	1824	3496	30.3	74.9
BECKHAM	1069	1930	3940	35.6	76.1
BLAINE	1536	3100	6129	33.1	75.6
BRYAN	1757	2627	5788	40.1	75.7
CADDO	2360	5285	10013	30.9	76.4
CANADIAN	3017	3462	7969	46.4	81.7
CARTER	2206	3107	7383	41.5	72.0
CHEROKEE	1400	2239	6469	38.5	56.3
CHOCTAW	1249	1586	4494	44.1	63.1
CIMARRON	556	633	1773	46.8	67.1
CLEVELAND	1904	2101	4970	47.5	80.6
COAL	623	944	2025	39.8	77.4
COMANCHE	2428	3590	8133	40.3	74.0
COTTON	741	1541	3155	32.5	72.3
CRAIG	1712	2593	6301	39.8	68.3
CREEK	6595	4917	16091	57.3	71.5
CUSTER	1716	2749	5660	38.4	78.9
DELAWARE	1459	1974	6100	42.5	56.3
DEWEY	1064	2203	4363	32.6	74.9
ELLIS	603	1994	3420	23.2	75.9
GARFIELD	5318	8083	15710	39.7	85.3
GARVIN	1326	2644	4874	33.4	81.5
GRADY	2621	3095	6873	45.9	83.2
GRANT	1538	3267	5633	32.0	85.3
GREER	781	974	2221	44.5	79.0
HARMON	429	690	1321	38.3	84.7
HARPER	480	1482	2480	24.5	79.1
HASKELL	1257	1749	5301	41.8	56.7
HUGHES	1612	2081	5559	43.7	66.4
JACKSON	998	1530	3119	39.5	81.1
JEFFERSON	815	1459	3196	35.8	71.2
JOHNSTON	852	1501	3396	36.2	69.3
KAY	6157	5967	14775	50.8	82.1
KINGFISHER	1567	3580	6184	30.4	83.2
KIOWA	1092	2109	4001	34.1	80.0
LATIMER	996	1337	4049	42.7	57.6
LE FLORE	2462	3041	9135	44.7	60.2
LINCOLN	2443	5109	10655	32.3	70.9
LOGAN	2753	4328	9363	38.9	75.6
LOVE	510	826	1936	38.2	69.0
MCCLAIN	735	1298	2563	36.2	79.3
MCCURTAIN	1352	1549	4114	46.6	70.5
MCINTOSH	1289	1916	5598	40.2	57.3
MAJOR	840	2614	4124	24.3	83.8
MARSHALL	302	1070	1745	22.0	78.6
MAYES	1540	2283	6277	40.3	60.9
MURRAY	849	1212	2979	41.2	69.2
MUSKOGEE	4510	4349	12897	50.9	68.7
NOBLE	1621	2767	5470	36.9	80.2
NOWATA	1904	2212	5923	46.3	69.5
OKFUSKEE	1813	2090	5378	46.5	72.6
OKLAHOMA	23300	14515	44419	61.6	85.1
OKMULGEE	5446	3439	12045	61.4	73.7
OSAGE	3880	2658	8245	59.3	79.3
OTTAWA	4218	3241	10643	56.5	70.1
PAWNEE	2110	2563	6444	45.2	72.5
PAYNE	3059	4237	9474	41.9	77.0
PITTSBURG	2935	3528	8813	45.4	73.3
PONTOTOC	1786	2180	5109	45.0	77.6
POTTAWATOMIE	5034	5253	15318	48.9	67.2
PUSHMATAHA	1080	1719	4928	38.6	56.8
ROGER MILLS	640	1878	3203	25.4	78.6
ROGERS	1832	2323	6091	44.1	68.2
SEMINOLE	3491	3155	9915	52.5	67.0
SEQUOYAH	1448	2032	6363	41.6	54.7
STEPHENS	1561	2782	5366	35.9	80.9
TEXAS	1259	1469	3946	46.2	69.1
TILLMAN	1138	1486	3428	43.4	76.5
TULSA	19942	9112	35271	68.6	82.4
WAGONER	1075	1973	4330	35.3	70.4
WASHINGTON	4270	2931	9410	59.3	76.5
WASHITA	837	2117	3683	28.3	80.2
WOODS	1668	3082	6193	35.1	76.7
WOODWARD	1234	2909	5051	29.8	82.0

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
184619	215799	537829	46.1	74.5

TABLE D-52

TAX COMMISSIONER
GEN ELECT NOV 8, 38
REF PET 078 REJECT ST.Q. 238

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	1065	1883	6092	36.1	48.4
ALFALFA	878	3338	5528	20.8	76.3
ATOKA	825	1534	4000	35.0	59.0
BEAVER	539	1979	3496	21.4	72.0
BECKHAM	582	2193	3940	21.0	70.4
BLAINE	917	3398	6129	21.3	70.4
BRYAN	1151	2913	5788	28.3	70.2
CADDO	1404	5608	10013	20.0	70.0
CANADIAN	1437	4259	7969	25.2	71.5
CARTER	1473	3183	7383	31.6	63.1
CHEROKEE	986	2452	6469	28.7	53.1
CHOCTAW	856	1707	4494	33.4	57.0
CIMARRON	211	1074	1773	16.4	72.5
CLEVELAND	824	2718	4970	23.3	71.3
COAL	402	1041	2025	27.9	71.3
COMANCHE	1471	3954	8133	27.1	66.7
COTTON	534	1637	3155	24.6	68.8
CRAIG	974	3016	6301	24.4	63.3
CREEK	3481	6605	16091	34.5	62.7
CUSTER	906	2949	5660	23.5	68.1
DELAWARE	870	2091	6100	29.4	48.5
DEWEY	590	2376	4363	19.9	68.0
ELLIS	388	2164	3420	15.2	74.6
GARFIELD	2577	9499	15710	21.3	76.9
GARVIN	728	2780	4874	20.8	72.0
GRADY	1196	3843	6873	23.7	73.3
GRANT	948	3503	5633	21.3	79.0
GREER	407	1185	2221	25.6	71.7
HARMON	245	849	1321	22.4	82.8
HARPER	312	1523	2480	17.0	74.0
HASKELL	983	1871	5301	34.4	53.8
HUGHES	939	2365	5559	28.4	59.4
JACKSON	411	2066	3119	16.6	79.4
JEFFERSON	443	1748	3196	20.2	68.6
JOHNSTON	518	1552	3396	25.0	61.0
KAY	2795	8020	14775	25.8	73.2
KINGFISHER	716	4044	6184	15.0	77.0
KIOWA	643	2259	4001	22.2	72.5
LATIMER	676	1435	4049	32.0	52.1
LE FLORE	1750	3260	9135	34.9	54.8
LINCOLN	1403	5442	10655	20.5	64.2
LOGAN	1627	4413	9363	26.9	64.5
LOVE	305	870	1936	26.0	60.7
MCCLAIN	456	1353	2563	25.2	70.6
MCCURTAIN	817	1902	4114	30.0	66.1
MCINTOSH	966	1989	5598	32.7	52.8
MAJOR	503	2676	4124	15.8	77.1
MARSHALL	264	965	1745	21.5	70.4
MAYES	992	2576	6277	27.8	56.8
MURRAY	551	1304	2979	29.7	62.3
MUSKOGEE	2787	5194	12897	34.9	61.9
NOBLE	843	3135	5470	21.2	72.7
NOWATA	1033	2567	5923	28.7	60.8
OKFUSKEE	1075	2371	5378	31.2	64.1
OKLAHOMA	8696	24172	44419	26.9	74.4
OKMULGEE	3419	4315	12045	44.2	64.2
OSAGE	2095	3572	8245	37.0	68.7
OTTAWA	2240	4295	10643	34.3	61.4
PAWNEE	1122	2965	6444	27.5	63.4
PAYNE	1722	4839	9474	26.2	69.3
PITTSBURG	1743	4087	8813	29.9	66.2
PONTOTOC	840	2744	5109	23.4	70.2
POTTAWATOMIE	3017	6113	15318	33.0	59.6
PUSHMATAHA	703	1884	4928	27.2	52.5
ROGER MILLS	496	1773	3203	21.9	70.8
ROGERS	1071	2727	6091	28.2	62.4
SEMINOLE	2144	3700	9915	36.7	58.9
SEQUOYAH	1026	2262	6363	31.2	51.7
STEPHENS	856	3074	5366	21.8	73.2
TEXAS	652	2199	3946	22.9	72.3
TILLMAN	472	1948	3428	19.5	70.6
TULSA	9420	15335	35271	38.1	70.2
WAGONER	656	2028	4330	24.4	62.0
WASHINGTON	2254	3968	9410	36.2	66.1
WASHITA	496	2227	3683	18.2	73.9
WOODS	865	3459	6193	20.0	69.8
WOODWARD	735	2923	5051	20.1	72.4

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
99813	259240	537829	27.8	66.7

TEACHER RETIREMENT
GEN ELECT NOV 8, 38
LEG REF 076 REJECT ST.Q. 242

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	1779	1771	6092	50.1	58.3
ALFALFA	1568	2966	5528	34.6	82.0
ATOKA	1214	1560	4000	43.8	69.3
BEAVER	938	1658	3496	36.1	74.3
BECKHAM	1027	1875	3940	35.4	73.7
BLAINE	1428	3017	6129	32.1	72.5
BRYAN	2133	2493	5788	46.1	79.9
CADDO	2157	5093	10013	29.8	72.4
CANADIAN	2523	3632	7969	41.0	77.2
CARTER	2643	2626	7383	50.2	71.4
CHEROKEE	1936	2005	6469	49.1	60.9
CHOCTAW	1240	1613	4494	43.5	63.5
CIMARRON	460	730	1773	38.7	67.1
CLEVELAND	2034	2006	4970	50.3	81.3
COAL	867	805	2025	51.9	82.6
COMANCHE	2460	3609	8133	40.5	74.6
COTTON	735	1503	3155	32.8	70.9
CRAIG	1691	2644	6301	39.0	68.8
CREEK	7420	4521	16091	61.8	74.6
CUSTER	1765	2586	5660	40.6	76.9
DELAWARE	1554	2020	6100	43.5	58.6
DEWEY	943	2236	4363	29.7	72.9
ELLIS	796	1890	3420	29.6	78.5
GARFIELD	5408	7756	15710	41.1	83.8
GARVIN	1223	2490	4874	32.9	76.2
GRADY	1850	3482	6873	34.7	77.6
GRANT	1109	3814	5633	24.0	82.1
GREER	801	1009	2221	44.3	81.5
HARMON	276	831	1321	24.9	83.8
HARPER	571	1331	2480	30.0	76.7
HASKELL	1785	1665	5301	51.7	65.1
HUGHES	1946	2004	5559	49.3	71.1
JACKSON	947	1598	3119	37.2	81.6
JEFFERSON	760	1589	3196	32.4	73.5
JOHNSTON	974	1473	3396	39.8	72.1
KAY	4930	6846	14775	41.9	79.7
KINGFISHER	1263	3726	6184	25.3	80.7
KIOWA	1167	1995	4001	36.9	79.0
LATIMER	1166	1335	4049	46.6	61.8
LE FLORE	2855	3389	9135	45.7	68.4
LINCOLN	2669	4874	10655	35.4	70.8
LOGAN	3028	3778	9363	44.5	72.7
LOVE	545	876	1936	38.4	73.4
MCCLAIN	762	1272	2563	37.5	79.4
MCCURTAIN	1380	1632	4114	45.8	73.2
MCINTOSH	1634	1865	5598	46.7	62.5
MAJOR	881	2455	4124	26.4	80.9
MARSHALL	544	852	1745	39.0	80.0
MAYES	1710	2206	6277	43.7	62.4
MURRAY	866	1181	2979	42.3	68.7
MUSKOGEE	6171	3635	12897	62.9	76.0
NOBLE	1338	2680	5470	33.3	73.5
NOWATA	1930	1964	5923	49.6	65.7
OKFUSKEE	1919	1999	5378	49.0	72.9
OKLAHOMA	16242	19192	44419	45.8	79.8
OKMULGEE	4905	3925	12045	55.5	73.3
OSAGE	3950	2821	8245	58.3	82.1
OTTAWA	4259	3498	10643	54.9	72.9
PAWNEE	2125	2570	6444	45.3	72.9
PAYNE	3259	4003	9474	44.9	76.7
PITTSBURG	4043	3249	8813	55.4	82.7
PONTOTOC	2190	2067	5109	51.4	83.3
POTTAWATOMIE	6805	4743	15318	58.9	75.4
PUSHMATAHA	1066	1688	4928	38.7	55.9
ROGER MILLS	620	1791	3203	25.7	75.3
ROGERS	1931	2298	6091	45.7	69.4
SEMINOLE	3533	3263	9915	52.0	68.5
SEQUOYAH	2333	1683	6363	58.1	63.1
STEPHENS	1305	3019	5366	30.2	80.6
TEXAS	1445	1431	3946	50.2	72.9
TILLMAN	963	1534	3428	38.6	72.8
TULSA	17936	11364	35271	61.2	83.1
WAGONER	1106	1894	4330	36.9	69.3
WASHINGTON	3861	3172	9410	54.9	74.7
WASHITA	824	2120	3683	28.0	79.9
WOODS	1876	3029	6193	38.2	79.2
WOODWARD	1701	2370	5051	41.8	80.6

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
183997	218945	537829	45.7	74.9

TABLE D-53

LEGISLATOR PAY RAISE
GEN ELECT NOV 8, 38
LEG REF 077 REJECT ST.Q. 243

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	957	1827	6092	34.4	45.7
ALFALFA	1086	3009	5528	26.5	74.1
ATOKA	821	1586	4000	34.1	60.2
BEAVER	505	1880	3496	21.2	66.2
BECKHAM	725	1889	3940	27.7	66.3
BLAINE	923	3226	6129	22.2	67.7
BRYAN	1193	2838	5788	29.6	69.6
CADDO	1322	5393	10013	19.7	67.1
CANADIAN	1240	4346	7969	22.2	70.1
CARTER	1366	3104	7383	30.6	60.5
CHEROKEE	836	2272	6469	26.9	48.0
CHOCTAW	779	1699	4494	31.4	55.1
CIMARRON	205	855	1773	19.3	59.8
CLEVELAND	784	2744	4970	22.2	71.0
COAL	448	973	2025	31.5	70.2
COMANCHE	1351	3984	8133	25.3	65.6
COTTON	473	1514	3155	23.8	63.0
CRAIG	1010	2801	6301	26.5	60.5
CREEK	3424	6336	16091	35.1	60.7
CUSTER	1036	2835	5660	26.8	68.4
DELAWARE	856	2105	6100	28.9	48.5
DEWEY	569	2301	4363	19.8	65.8
ELLIS	411	1983	3420	17.2	70.0
GARFIELD	2502	9334	15710	21.1	75.3
GARVIN	721	2721	4874	20.9	70.6
GRADY	1370	3605	6873	27.5	72.4
GRANT	656	3714	5633	15.0	77.6
GREER	422	1112	2221	27.5	69.1
HARMON	208	765	1321	21.4	73.7
HARPER	327	1444	2480	18.5	71.4
HASKELL	770	1714	5301	31.0	46.9
HUGHES	846	2482	5559	25.4	59.9
JACKSON	441	1773	3119	19.9	71.0
JEFFERSON	369	1683	3196	18.0	64.2
JOHNSTON	534	1421	3396	27.3	57.6
KAY	2511	8055	14775	23.8	71.5
KINGFISHER	686	3869	6184	15.1	73.7
KIOWA	640	2175	4001	22.7	70.4
LATIMER	626	1420	4049	30.6	50.5
LE FLORE	1531	3459	9135	30.7	54.6
LINCOLN	1330	5223	10655	20.3	61.5
LOGAN	1542	4253	9363	26.4	62.3
LOVE	281	891	1936	24.0	60.5
MCCLAIN	375	1425	2563	20.8	70.2
MCCURTAIN	856	1830	4114	31.9	65.3
MCINTOSH	835	2069	5598	28.8	51.9
MAJOR	631	2550	4124	19.8	77.1
MARSHALL	244	907	1745	21.2	66.0
MAYES	994	2385	6277	29.4	53.8
MURRAY	482	1256	2979	27.7	58.3
MUSKOGEE	2655	5192	12897	33.8	60.8
NOBLE	735	3086	5470	19.2	69.9
NOWATA	921	2445	5923	27.4	56.8
OKFUSKEE	1104	2198	5378	33.4	61.4
OKLAHOMA	7449	24618	44419	23.2	72.2
OKMULGEE	3104	4759	12045	39.5	65.3
OSAGE	1858	3749	8245	33.1	68.0
OTTAWA	2162	3984	10643	35.2	57.7
PAWNEE	1133	2949	6444	27.8	63.3
PAYNE	1709	4705	9474	26.6	67.7
PITTSBURG	1533	4213	8813	26.7	65.2
PONTOTOC	882	2735	5109	24.4	70.8
POTTAWATOMIE	2418	6519	15318	27.1	58.3
PUSHMATAHA	709	1837	4928	27.8	51.7
ROGER MILLS	461	1776	3203	20.6	69.8
ROGERS	1168	2494	6091	31.9	60.1
SEMINOLE	2006	3940	9915	33.7	60.0
SEQUOYAH	967	2075	6363	31.8	47.8
STEPHENS	757	3171	5366	19.3	73.2
TEXAS	593	1791	3946	24.9	60.4
TILLMAN	381	1922	3428	16.5	67.2
TULSA	7852	16888	35271	31.7	70.1
WAGONER	601	2034	4330	22.8	60.9
WASHINGTON	1677	4386	9410	27.7	64.4
WASHITA	559	2104	3683	21.0	72.3
WOODS	916	3376	6193	21.3	69.3
WOODWARD	904	2724	5051	24.9	71.8

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
92264	256745	537829	26.4	64.9

PROPERTY TAX FOR AGED AID
GEN ELECT NOV 5, 40
INIT PET 145 REJECT ST.Q. 215

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	2754	1130	6749	70.9	57.5
ALFALFA	4251	1315	6604	76.4	84.3
ATOKA	3319	962	6075	77.5	70.5
BEAVER	1640	1629	4405	50.2	74.2
BECKHAM	4022	1237	7032	76.5	74.8
BLAINE	4277	1460	7467	74.6	76.8
BRYAN	6950	1601	11314	81.3	75.6
CADDO	7320	3182	14750	69.7	71.2
CANADIAN	6240	2203	10341	73.9	81.6
CARTER	7155	2922	13904	71.0	72.5
CHEROKEE	2892	2541	8386	53.2	64.8
CHOCTAW	3446	1284	7763	72.9	60.9
CIMARRON	458	826	1913	35.7	67.1
CLEVELAND	4742	2267	9918	67.7	70.7
COAL	2150	715	3634	75.0	78.8
COMANCHE	6067	1985	10823	75.3	74.4
COTTON	2856	738	4950	79.5	72.6
CRAIG	4080	2032	8020	66.8	76.2
CREEK	9312	5528	20974	62.7	70.8
CUSTER	5033	1569	8265	76.2	79.9
DELAWARE	2688	1278	7083	67.8	56.0
DEWEY	2812	959	5225	74.6	72.2
ELLIS	2028	975	3947	67.5	76.1
GARFIELD	12322	4259	20841	74.3	79.6
GARVIN	4865	1920	10400	71.7	65.2
GRADY	6473	2765	12822	70.1	72.0
GRANT	4309	1338	6524	76.3	86.6
GREER	2763	788	4908	77.8	72.4
HARMON	1690	645	3213	72.4	72.7
HARPER	1534	848	3183	64.4	74.8
HASKELL	3148	1005	6783	75.8	61.2
HUGHES	5272	1549	9522	77.3	71.6
JACKSON	4144	986	6505	80.8	78.9
JEFFERSON	2799	1102	5307	71.8	73.5
JOHNSTON	2385	744	4511	76.2	69.4
KAY	10277	5914	21252	63.5	76.2
KINGFISHER	4104	1476	6805	73.5	82.0
KIOWA	4902	951	7491	83.8	78.1
LATIMER	2264	881	5009	72.0	62.8
LE FLORE	5867	2258	13454	72.2	60.4
LINCOLN	5521	2716	12034	67.0	68.4
LOGAN	5058	2449	10426	67.4	72.0
LOVE	1655	469	3292	77.9	64.5
MCCLAIN	3011	933	5850	76.3	67.4
MCCURTAIN	4659	1567	9528	74.8	65.3
MCINTOSH	3159	1375	7463	69.7	60.8
MAJOR	2838	1123	5092	71.6	77.8
MARSHALL	2228	378	3926	85.5	66.4
MAYES	3208	1611	7999	66.6	60.2
MURRAY	2348	975	4515	70.7	73.6
MUSKOGEE	10137	5183	23281	66.2	65.8
NOBLE	3538	1601	6844	68.8	75.1
NOWATA	2710	1939	7293	58.3	63.7
OKFUSKEE	4416	1350	7830	76.6	73.6
OKLAHOMA	39996	24940	91201	61.6	71.2
OKMULGEE	9914	3783	18314	72.4	74.8
OSAGE	7546	3880	15820	66.0	72.2
OTTAWA	9443	3558	13966	60.5	64.4
PAWNEE	4169	1516	7720	73.3	73.6
PAYNE	8522	3262	14920	72.3	79.0
PITTSBURG	6573	3504	14820	65.2	68.0
PONTOTOC	6210	2870	13082	68.4	69.4
POTTAWATOMIE	8771	4365	19768	66.8	66.5
PUSHMATAHA	2473	1055	5960	70.1	59.2
ROGER MILLS	2535	721	4288	77.9	75.9
ROGERS	4197	1675	8403	71.5	69.9
SEMINOLE	8755	4072	18710	68.3	68.6
SEQUOYAH	3260	1299	8631	71.5	52.8
STEPHENS	4486	2318	9880	65.9	71.8
TEXAS	1760	1567	4923	52.9	67.6
TILLMAN	3884	1116	6702	77.7	74.6
TULSA	30228	25776	74667	54.0	75.0
WAGONER	3421	1265	7922	73.0	59.2
WASHINGTON	4694	6014	13977	43.8	76.6
WASHITA	4514	969	7473	82.3	73.4
WOODS	3921	1940	7170	66.9	81.7
WOODWARD	3191	1810	6408	63.8	78.0

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
408559	196711	847770	67.5	71.4

TABLE D-54

MEDICAL EXAMINERS BOARD
GEN ELECT NOV 5, 40
INT PET 166 REJECT ST.Q. 241

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	2059	1085	6749	65.5	46.6
ALFALFA	2775	1798	6604	60.7	69.2
ATOKA	2504	919	6075	73.2	56.3
BEAVER	1122	1635	4405	40.7	62.6
BECKHAM	3024	1423	7032	68.0	63.2
BLAINE	3085	1713	7467	64.3	64.3
BRYAN	5004	1799	11314	73.6	60.1
CADDO	5127	3545	14750	59.1	58.8
CANADIAN	4454	2634	10341	62.8	68.5
CARTER	5271	2823	13904	65.1	58.2
CHEROKEE	2031	2637	8386	43.5	55.7
CHOCTAW	2537	1354	7763	65.2	50.1
CIMARRON	340	720	1913	32.1	55.4
CLEVELAND	3451	2399	9918	59.0	59.0
COAL	1693	700	3634	70.7	65.9
COMANCHE	4245	2317	10823	64.7	60.6
COTTON	1817	848	4950	68.2	53.8
CRAIG	2916	2060	8020	58.6	62.0
CREEK	6700	6193	20974	52.0	61.5
CUSTER	3383	1968	8265	63.2	64.7
DELAWARE	1845	1259	7083	59.4	43.8
DEWEY	1906	1148	5225	62.4	58.4
ELLIS	1337	999	3947	57.2	59.2
GARFIELD	8900	5328	20841	62.6	68.3
GARVIN	2844	2058	10400	58.0	47.1
GRADY	4596	3102	12822	59.7	60.0
GRANT	2727	1936	6524	58.5	71.5
GREER	2112	791	4908	72.8	59.1
HARMON	1041	656	3213	61.3	52.8
HARPER	1070	858	3183	55.5	60.6
HASKELL	1971	1130	6783	63.6	45.7
HUGHES	2913	2637	9522	52.5	58.3
JACKSON	2668	1355	6505	66.3	61.8
JEFFERSON	1754	1177	5307	59.8	55.2
JOHNSTON	1553	740	4511	67.7	50.8
KAY	7398	6778	21252	52.2	66.7
KINGFISHER	2686	1899	6805	58.6	67.4
KIOWA	3297	1222	7491	73.0	60.3
LATIMER	1375	961	5009	58.9	46.6
LE FLORE	3692	2306	13454	61.6	44.6
LINCOLN	3644	2948	12034	55.3	54.8
LOGAN	3875	2580	10426	60.0	61.9
LOVE	978	473	3292	67.4	44.1
MCCLAIN	2017	983	5850	67.2	51.3
MCCURTAIN	3312	1938	9528	63.1	55.1
MCINTOSH	2007	1474	7463	57.7	46.6
MAJOR	1937	1255	5092	60.7	62.7
MARSHALL	1514	383	3926	79.8	48.3
MAYES	2179	1674	7999	56.6	48.2
MURRAY	1491	1065	4515	58.3	56.6
MUSKOGEE	7839	5469	23281	58.9	57.2
NOBLE	2431	1817	6844	57.2	62.1
NOWATA	1981	1896	7293	51.1	53.2
OKFUSKEE	3068	1403	7830	68.6	57.1
OKLAHOMA	32841	24961	91201	56.8	63.4
OKMULGEE	7732	4325	18314	64.1	65.8
OSAGE	5611	4003	15820	58.4	60.8
OTTAWA	4059	3593	13966	53.0	54.8
PAWNEE	3220	1655	7720	66.1	63.1
PAYNE	6597	3602	14920	64.7	68.4
PITTSBURG	4826	3589	14820	57.3	56.8
PONTOTOC	3765	3202	13082	54.0	53.3
POTTAWATOMIE	6258	4594	19768	57.7	54.9
PUSHMATAHA	1737	1077	5960	61.7	47.2
ROGER MILLS	1839	780	4288	70.2	61.1
ROGERS	3152	1736	8403	64.5	58.2
SEMINOLE	5963	4754	18710	55.6	57.3
SEQUOYAH	2232	1344	8631	62.4	41.4
STEPHENS	2969	2603	9480	52.4	57.7
TEXAS	1225	1416	4923	46.4	53.6
TILLMAN	2512	1256	6702	66.7	56.2
TULSA	24912	26652	74667	48.3	69.1
WAGONER	2350	1374	7922	63.1	47.0
WASHINGTON	3345	6623	13977	33.6	71.3
WASHITA	2951	1201	7473	71.1	55.6
WOODS	2652	2143	7170	55.3	66.9
WOODWARD	2202	1950	6408	53.0	64.8

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
294346	212701	847770	58.1	59.8

GAS TAX DISTRIBUTION
GEN ELECT NOV 5, 40
INT PET 176 REJECT ST.Q. 253

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	3195	1057	6749	75.1	63.0
ALFALFA	3656	1318	6604	73.5	75.3
ATOKA	3035	838	6075	78.4	63.8
BEAVER	2156	1204	4405	64.2	76.3
BECKHAM	3732	1138	7032	76.6	69.3
BLAINE	3318	1661	7467	66.6	66.7
BRYAN	5578	1686	11314	76.8	64.2
CADDO	5974	3395	14750	63.8	63.5
CANADIAN	4530	2592	10341	63.6	68.9
CARTER	6811	2554	13904	72.7	67.4
CHEROKEE	3034	2423	8386	55.6	65.1
CHOCTAW	3001	1252	7763	70.6	54.8
CIMARRON	503	690	1913	42.2	62.4
CLEVELAND	3847	2524	9918	60.4	64.2
COAL	2239	543	3634	80.5	76.6
COMANCHE	5110	2148	10823	70.4	67.1
COTTON	2624	800	4950	76.6	69.2
CRAIG	3373	1900	8020	64.0	65.7
CREEK	8228	5326	20974	60.7	64.6
CUSTER	3630	1841	8265	67.5	68.6
DELAWARE	2672	1093	7083	71.0	53.2
DEWEY	2584	1021	5225	71.7	69.0
ELLIS	2427	617	3947	79.7	77.1
GARFIELD	11923	3661	20841	76.5	74.8
GARVIN	3828	1945	10400	66.3	55.5
GRADY	5890	2783	12822	67.9	67.6
GRANT	3918	1308	6524	75.0	80.1
GREER	2353	801	4908	74.6	64.3
HARMON	1550	648	3213	70.5	68.4
HARPER	1486	748	3183	66.5	70.2
HASKELL	2826	993	6783	74.0	56.3
HUGHES	5023	1661	9522	75.1	70.2
JACKSON	2898	1494	6505	66.0	67.5
JEFFERSON	2374	1110	5307	68.1	65.6
JOHNSTON	2030	651	4511	75.7	59.4
KAY	8705	6224	21252	58.3	70.2
KINGFISHER	3448	1581	6805	68.6	73.9
KIOWA	4745	931	7491	83.6	75.8
LATIMER	2070	853	5009	70.8	58.4
LE FLORE	4156	2289	13454	64.5	47.9
LINCOLN	4524	2694	12034	62.7	60.0
LOGAN	4715	2209	10426	68.1	66.4
LOVE	2035	383	3292	84.2	73.5
MCCLAIN	3213	1065	5850	75.1	73.1
MCCURTAIN	3996	1754	9528	69.5	60.3
MCINTOSH	2176	1456	7463	59.9	48.7
MAJOR	2529	1072	5092	70.2	70.7
MARSHALL	2428	328	3926	88.1	70.2
MAYES	2946	1567	7999	65.3	56.4
MURRAY	1669	1214	4515	57.9	63.9
MUSKOGEE	8421	5233	23281	61.7	58.6
NOBLE	3236	1592	6844	67.0	70.5
NOWATA	2137	1898	7293	53.0	55.3
OKFUSKEE	3634	1499	7830	70.8	65.6
OKLAHOMA	31694	27337	91201	53.7	64.7
OKMULGEE	9298	3618	18314	72.0	70.5
OSAGE	6568	3890	15820	62.8	66.1
OTTAWA	4334	3449	13966	55.7	55.7
PAWNEE	4408	1154	7720	79.3	72.0
PAYNE	7728	3233	14920	70.5	73.5
PITTSBURG	6125	3282	14820	65.1	63.5
PONTOTOC	5080	3090	13082	62.2	62.5
POTTAWATOMIE	7311	4576	19768	61.5	60.1
PUSHMATAHA	2071	1117	5960	65.0	53.5
ROGER MILLS	2417	688	4288	77.8	72.4
ROGERS	3558	1648	8403	68.3	62.0
SEMINOLE	6371	4446	18710	58.9	57.8
SEQUOYAH	2955	1245	8631	70.4	48.7
STEPHENS	3675	2634	9480	58.3	66.6
TEXAS	2379	1102	4923	68.3	70.7
TILLMAN	3883	916	6702	80.9	71.6
TULSA	25493	25699	74667	49.8	68.6
WAGONER	2870	1248	7922	69.7	52.0
WASHINGTON	4196	5949	13977	41.4	72.6
WASHITA	4217	984	7473	81.1	69.6
WOODS	3540	1863	7170	65.5	75.4
WOODWARD	2921	1675	6408	63.6	71.7

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
355431	198109	847770	64.2	65.3

TABLE D-55

OFFICE QUALIFICATIONS
GEN ELECT NOV 5, 40
LEG REF 078 REJECT ST.Q. 281

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	2180	1026	6749	68.0	47.5
ALFALFA	3128	1446	6604	68.4	69.3
ATOKA	2722	836	6075	76.5	58.6
BEAVER	1589	1352	4405	54.0	66.8
BECKHAM	3244	1123	7032	74.3	62.1
BLAINE	3331	1507	7467	68.9	64.8
BRYAN	5117	1691	11314	75.2	60.2
CADDO	5802	3113	14750	65.1	60.4
CANADIAN	4918	2251	10341	68.6	69.3
CARTER	6165	2328	13904	72.6	61.1
CHEROKEE	2337	2402	8386	49.3	56.5
CHOCTAW	2837	1285	7763	68.8	53.1
CIMARRON	569	626	1913	47.6	62.5
CLEVELAND	4318	1938	9918	69.0	63.1
COAL	1682	699	3634	70.6	65.5
COMANCHE	5026	1949	10823	72.1	64.4
COTTON	2075	757	4950	73.3	57.2
CRAIG	3265	1760	8020	65.0	62.7
CREEK	8154	4959	20974	62.2	62.5
CUSTER	3937	1559	8265	71.6	66.5
DELAWARE	2101	1123	7083	65.2	45.5
DEWEY	2225	941	5225	70.3	60.6
ELLIS	1724	760	3947	69.4	62.9
GARFIELD	10943	3871	20841	73.9	71.1
GARVIN	3527	1827	10400	65.9	51.5
GRADY	5245	2642	12822	66.5	61.5
GRANT	3349	1522	6524	68.8	74.7
GREER	2216	695	4908	76.1	59.3
HARMON	1258	587	3213	68.2	57.4
HARPER	1379	692	3183	66.6	65.1
HASKELL	2213	977	6783	69.4	47.0
HUGHES	3588	1890	9522	65.5	57.5
JACKSON	2918	1133	6505	72.0	62.3
JEFFERSON	2012	1039	5307	65.9	57.5
JOHNSTON	1777	651	4511	73.2	53.8
KAY	9593	5141	21252	65.1	69.3
KINGFISHER	3167	1581	6805	66.7	69.8
KIOWA	3710	1014	7491	78.5	63.1
LATIMER	1563	869	5009	64.3	48.6
LE FLORE	4309	2033	13454	67.9	47.1
LINCOLN	4210	2680	12034	61.1	57.3
LOGAN	4420	2084	10426	68.0	62.4
LOVE	1151	443	3292	72.2	46.4
MCCLAIN	2338	875	5850	72.7	54.9
MCCURTAIN	3664	1685	9528	68.5	56.1
MCINTOSH	2257	1300	7463	63.5	47.7
MAJOR	2283	1065	5092	68.2	65.8
MARSHALL	1736	372	3926	82.4	53.7
MAYES	2562	1452	7999	63.8	50.2
MURRAY	1794	943	4515	65.5	60.6
MUSKOGEE	9098	4416	23281	67.3	58.0
NOBLE	2906	1532	6844	65.5	64.8
NOWATA	2474	1591	7293	60.9	55.7
OKFUSKEE	3224	1333	7830	70.7	58.2
OKLAHOMA	41934	18670	91201	69.2	66.5
OKMULGEE	8857	3502	18314	71.7	67.5
OSAGE	6935	3234	15820	68.2	64.3
OTTAWA	4962	3020	13966	62.2	57.2
PAWNEE	3578	1398	7720	71.9	64.5
PAYNE	7407	2981	14920	71.4	69.5
PITTSBURG	5860	2964	14820	66.4	59.5
PONTOTOC	4713	2656	13082	64.0	56.3
POTTAWATOMIE	7559	3843	19768	66.3	57.7
PUSHMATAHA	1853	1043	5960	64.0	48.6
ROGER MILLS	2011	643	4288	75.8	61.9
ROGERS	3511	1496	8403	70.1	59.6
SEMINOLE	7296	3521	18710	67.4	57.8
SEQUOYAH	2407	1232	8631	66.1	42.2
STEPHENS	3587	2226	9480	61.7	61.3
TEXAS	1774	1186	4923	59.9	60.1
TILLMAN	3067	950	6702	76.4	59.9
TULSA	34635	17596	74667	66.3	70.0
WAGONER	2578	1172	7922	68.7	47.3
WASHINGTON	5196	4867	13977	51.6	72.0
WASHITA	3290	996	7473	76.8	57.4
WOODS	3339	1762	7170	65.5	71.1
WOODWARD	2754	1621	6408	62.9	68.3

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
354413	169926	847770	67.6	61.9

CORPORATION CONTROL
GEN ELECT NOV 5, 40
LEG REF 079 REJECT ST.Q. 282

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	1797	1142	6749	61.1	43.5
ALFALFA	2071	1957	6604	51.4	61.0
ATOKA	2091	1008	6075	67.5	51.0
BEAVER	875	1688	4405	34.1	58.2
BECKHAM	2069	1397	7032	59.7	49.3
BLAINE	2402	1901	7467	55.8	57.6
BRYAN	3819	2289	11314	62.5	54.0
CADDO	4038	3784	14750	51.6	53.0
CANADIAN	3640	2693	10341	57.5	61.2
CARTER	4697	2948	13904	61.4	55.0
CHEROKEE	1817	2655	8386	40.6	53.3
CHOCTAW	2211	1458	7763	60.3	47.3
CIMARRON	296	745	1913	28.4	54.4
CLEVELAND	2905	2411	9918	54.6	53.6
COAL	1349	857	3634	61.2	60.7
COMANCHE	3768	2384	10823	61.2	56.8
COTTON	1467	955	4950	60.6	48.9
CRAIG	2408	2179	8020	52.5	57.2
CREEK	6208	5902	20974	51.3	57.7
CUSTER	2601	2012	8265	56.4	55.8
DELAWARE	1525	1286	7083	54.3	39.7
DEWEY	1375	1270	5225	52.0	50.6
ELLIS	1049	1065	3947	49.6	53.6
GARFIELD	7737	5224	20841	59.7	62.2
GARVIN	2335	2366	10400	49.7	45.2
GRADY	3584	3144	12822	53.3	52.5
GRANT	2203	2068	6524	51.6	65.5
GREER	1520	878	4908	63.4	48.9
HARMON	775	737	3213	51.3	47.1
HARPER	799	975	3183	45.0	55.7
HASKELL	1664	1153	6783	59.1	41.5
HUGHES	2425	2253	9522	51.8	49.1
JACKSON	1953	1423	6505	57.8	51.9
JEFFERSON	1443	1277	5307	53.1	51.3
JOHNSTON	1348	784	4511	63.2	47.3
KAY	6635	6656	21252	49.9	62.5
KINGFISHER	2205	2000	6805	52.4	61.8
KIOWA	2599	1275	7491	67.1	51.7
LATIMER	1160	1017	5009	53.3	43.5
LE FLORE	2859	2651	13454	91.9	41.0
LINCOLN	2902	3207	12034	47.5	50.8
LOGAN	3223	2621	10426	55.2	56.1
LOVE	815	535	3292	60.4	41.0
MCCLAIN	1693	1120	5850	60.2	48.1
MCCURTAIN	2606	1955	9528	57.1	47.9
MCINTOSH	1720	1468	7463	54.0	42.7
MAJOR	1334	1492	5092	47.2	55.5
MARSHALL	1348	419	3926	76.3	45.0
MAYES	1970	1717	7999	53.4	46.1
MURRAY	1228	1064	4515	53.6	50.8
MUSKOGEE	7330	5107	23281	58.9	53.4
NOBLE	1989	1923	6844	50.8	57.2
NOWATA	1701	1926	7293	46.9	49.7
OKFUSKEE	2548	1533	7830	62.4	52.1
OKLAHOMA	30857	23331	91201	56.9	59.4
OKMULGEE	7122	4225	18314	62.8	62.0
OSAGE	5084	4057	15820	55.6	57.8
OTTAWA	3525	3707	13966	48.7	51.8
PAWNEE	2696	2017	7720	57.2	61.0
PAYNE	5442	3652	14920	59.8	61.0
PITTSBURG	4343	3608	14820	54.6	53.7
PONTOTOC	3177	3293	13082	49.1	49.5
POTTAWATOMIE	5289	4807	19768	52.4	51.1
PUSHMATAHA	1438	1186	5960	54.8	44.0
ROGER MILLS	1332	865	4288	60.6	51.2
ROGERS	2606	1829	8403	58.8	52.8
SEMINOLE	5283	4393	18710	54.6	51.7
SEQUOYAH	1923	1479	8631	56.5	39.4
STEPHENS	2421	2799	9480	46.4	55.1
TEXAS	1071	1451	4923	42.5	51.2
TILLMAN	2060	1261	6702	62.0	49.6
TULSA	26918	22093	74667	54.9	65.6
WAGONER	2123	1356	7922	61.0	43.9
WASHINGTON	3582	5858	13977	37.9	67.5
WASHITA	2241	1235	7473	64.5	46.5
WOODS	2084	2342	7170	47.1	61.7
WOODWARD	1720	2092	6408	45.1	59.5

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
256466	210890	847770	54.9	55.1

TABLE D-56

REPEAL PROHIBITION
GEN ELECT NOV 5, 40
INT PET 210 REJECT ST.Q. 289

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	2021	2059	6749	49.5	60.5
ALFALFA	1332	4598	6604	22.5	89.8
ATOKA	2272	1917	6075	54.2	69.0
BEAVER	857	2723	4405	23.9	81.3
BECKHAM	1986	3837	7032	34.1	82.8
BLAINE	2471	3424	7467	41.9	78.9
BRYAN	3583	5112	11314	41.2	76.9
CADDO	3833	7467	14750	33.9	76.6
CANADIAN	3970	4949	10341	44.5	86.2
CARTER	4949	5902	13904	45.6	78.0
CHEROKEE	2071	3599	8386	36.5	67.6
CHOCTAW	2334	2824	7763	45.3	66.4
CIMARRON	439	1066	1913	29.2	78.7
CLEVELAND	2981	5166	9918	36.6	82.1
COAL	1380	1397	3634	49.7	76.4
COMANCHE	4237	4242	10823	50.0	78.3
COTTON	1202	2602	4950	31.6	76.8
CRAIG	2711	3196	8020	45.9	73.7
CREEK	7049	8671	20974	44.8	74.9
CUSTER	2217	4712	8265	32.0	83.8
DELAWARE	1872	2589	7083	42.0	63.0
DEWEY	1270	2874	5225	30.6	79.3
ELLIS	1045	2144	3947	32.8	80.8
GARFIELD	7457	10390	20841	41.8	85.6
GARVIN	2582	4883	10400	34.6	71.8
GRADY	3681	6625	12822	35.7	80.4
GRANT	1883	3957	6524	32.2	89.5
GREER	1255	2560	4908	32.9	77.7
HARMON	591	2011	3213	22.7	81.0
HARPER	744	1935	3183	27.8	84.2
HASKELL	1393	3728	6783	27.2	75.5
HUGHES	2396	5224	9522	31.4	80.0
JACKSON	1681	3737	6505	31.0	83.3
JEFFERSON	1361	2712	5307	33.4	76.7
JOHNSTON	1665	1837	4511	44.4	73.2
KAY	7565	9974	21252	43.1	82.5
KINGFISHER	2196	3514	6805	38.5	83.9
KIOWA	2229	3692	7491	37.6	79.0
LATIMER	1214	2384	5009	33.7	71.8
LE FLORE	3178	6648	13454	32.3	73.0
LINCOLN	3079	5980	12034	34.0	75.3
LOGAN	3540	4704	10426	42.9	79.1
LOVE	803	1694	3292	32.2	75.9
MCCLAIN	1596	2736	5850	36.8	74.1
MCCURTAIN	3032	4256	9528	41.6	76.5
MCINTOSH	2226	2604	7463	46.1	64.7
MAJOR	1044	3273	5092	24.2	86.8
MARSHALL	1437	1402	3926	50.6	72.3
MAYES	2281	2943	7999	43.7	65.3
MURRAY	1298	2168	4515	37.4	76.8
MUSKOGEE	10057	6626	23281	60.3	71.7
NOBLE	2236	3309	6844	40.3	81.0
NOWATA	2402	2591	7293	48.1	68.5
OKFUSKEE	2526	3558	7830	41.5	77.7
OKLAHOMA	41055	34841	91201	54.1	83.2
OKMULGEE	7362	6632	18314	52.6	76.4
OSAGE	6526	5998	15820	52.1	79.2
OTTAWA	4584	6036	13966	43.2	76.0
PAWNEE	2454	3546	7720	40.9	77.7
PAYNE	4700	7818	14920	37.5	83.9
PITTSBURG	5604	6110	14820	47.8	79.0
PONTOTOC	3210	7291	13082	30.6	80.3
POTTAWATOMIE	6452	8871	19768	42.1	77.5
PUSHMATAHA	1597	2374	5960	40.2	66.6
ROGER MILLS	1248	2112	4288	37.1	78.4
ROGERS	3182	2919	8403	52.2	72.6
SEMINOLE	6062	8374	18710	42.0	77.2
SEQUOYAH	2317	3006	8631	43.5	61.7
STEPHENS	2615	5161	9480	33.6	82.0
TEXAS	1075	2766	4923	28.0	78.0
TILLMAN	1398	4172	6702	25.1	83.1
TULSA	37577	25809	74667	59.3	84.9
WAGONER	2437	2141	7922	53.2	57.6
WASHINGTON	5560	5815	13977	48.9	81.4
WASHITA	1761	4206	7473	29.5	79.8
WOODS	1883	4253	7170	30.7	85.6
WOODWARD	1583	3938	6408	28.7	86.2

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
290752	374911	847770	43.7	78.5

BUDGET BALANCING
SP ELECT MAR 11, 41 L
EG REF 080 ADOPT ST.Q. 298

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	1019	1003	2100	50.4	96.3
ALFALFA	1511	477	2010	76.0	98.9
ATOKA	1346	809	2213	62.5	97.4
BEAVER	767	411	1193	65.1	98.7
BECKHAM	1455	722	2239	66.8	97.2
BLAINE	1659	461	2152	78.3	98.5
BRYAN	1082	2938	4085	26.9	98.4
CADDO	2663	1203	3955	68.9	97.7
CANADIAN	2194	905	3146	70.8	98.5
CARTER	2619	1904	4974	57.9	90.9
CHEROKEE	1216	1022	2337	54.3	95.8
CHOCTAW	985	1820	2860	35.1	98.1
CIMARRON	389	287	688	57.5	98.3
CLEVELAND	1700	1073	2850	61.3	97.3
COAL	653	637	1318	50.6	97.9
COMANCHE	1525	870	2468	63.7	97.0
COTTON	1037	188	1250	84.7	98.0
CRAIG	2174	335	2550	86.6	98.4
CREEK	4609	1276	6007	78.3	98.0
CUSTER	2228	883	3155	71.6	98.6
DELAWARE	1407	568	2032	71.2	97.2
DEWEY	978	704	1715	58.1	98.1
ELLIS	674	378	1074	64.1	98.0
GARFIELD	4116	2596	6840	61.3	98.1
GARVIN	1312	1452	2917	47.5	94.8
GRADY	2578	1252	3952	67.3	96.9
GRANT	1473	837	2332	63.8	99.1
GREER	957	606	1633	61.2	95.7
HARMON	677	386	1115	63.7	95.3
HARPER	786	275	1076	74.1	98.6
HASKELL	1122	587	1754	65.7	97.4
HUGHES	2339	596	2986	79.7	98.3
JACKSON	965	1287	2371	42.9	95.0
JEFFERSON	952	532	1531	64.2	96.9
JOHNSTON	1243	520	1838	70.5	95.9
KAY	4926	1120	6121	81.5	98.8
KINGFISHER	1493	647	2163	69.8	98.9
KIOWA	1529	656	2202	70.0	99.2
LATIMER	427	1321	1901	24.4	92.0
LE FLORE	1642	2374	4160	40.9	96.5
LINCOLN	2186	769	3037	74.0	97.3
LOGAN	1817	1042	2946	63.6	97.0
LOVE	536	527	1132	50.4	93.9
MCCLAIN	1233	552	1821	69.1	98.0
MCCURTAIN	1740	2147	4037	44.8	96.3
MCINTOSH	1002	1081	2126	48.1	98.0
MAJOR	1139	477	1396	70.5	115.8
MARSHALL	951	305	1316	75.7	95.4
MAYES	1866	445	2368	80.7	97.6
MURRAY	850	1040	2051	45.0	92.2
MUSKOGEE	4038	3550	7696	53.2	98.6
NOBLE	1209	776	2023	60.9	98.1
NOWATA	1530	352	1918	81.3	98.1
OKFUSKEE	2189	875	3092	71.4	99.1
OKLAHOMA	15071	9447	25233	61.5	97.2
OKMULGEE	3256	2219	5708	59.5	95.9
OSAGE	3356	1224	4645	73.3	98.6
OTTAWA	1916	833	2856	69.7	96.3
PAWNEE	1626	634	2300	71.9	98.3
PAYNE	2278	1640	4013	58.1	97.6
PITTSBURG	3791	1121	5032	77.2	97.6
PONTOTOC	1021	3037	4241	25.2	95.7
POTTAWATOMIE	3362	1947	5428	63.3	97.8
PUSHMATAHA	2010	350	2383	85.2	99.0
ROGER MILLS	629	1047	1707	37.5	98.2
ROGERS	1972	539	2545	78.5	98.7
SEMINOLE	2415	2002	4566	54.7	96.7
SEQUOYAH	1546	627	2253	71.1	96.4
STEPHENS	2171	483	2716	81.8	97.7
TEXAS	689	569	1289	54.8	97.6
TILLMAN	885	858	1831	50.8	95.2
TULSA	20331	1810	22355	91.8	99.0
WAGONER	1520	704	2295	68.3	96.9
WASHINGTON	3495	392	3939	89.9	98.7
WASHITA	1016	1109	2191	47.8	97.0
WOODS	1369	799	2207	63.1	98.2
WOODWARD	1448	505	1983	74.1	98.5

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
163886	85752	255938	65.6	97.5

TABLE D-57

OLD AGE ASSISTANCE
SP ELECT MAR 11, 41
LEG REF 081 ADOPT ST.Q. 299

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	1328	733	2100	64.4	98.1
ALFALFA	1581	407	2010	79.5	98.9
ATOKA	1711	480	2213	78.1	99.0
BEAVER	738	443	1193	62.5	99.0
BECKHAM	1724	491	2239	77.8	98.9
BLAINE	1639	497	2152	76.7	99.3
BRYAN	2483	1600	4085	60.8	100.0
CADDO	2841	1064	3955	72.8	98.7
CANADIAN	2405	725	3146	76.8	99.5
CARTER	3774	1045	4974	78.3	96.9
CHEROKEE	1589	706	2337	69.2	98.2
CHOCTAW	1380	1441	2860	48.9	98.6
CIMARRON	400	280	688	58.8	98.8
CLEVELAND	1994	814	2850	71.0	98.5
COAL	890	406	1318	68.7	98.3
COMANCHE	1769	664	2468	72.7	98.6
COTTON	1076	162	1250	86.9	99.0
CRAIG	2276	255	2550	89.9	99.3
CREEK	5123	819	6007	86.2	98.9
CUSTER	2510	621	3155	80.2	99.2
DELAWARE	1601	408	2032	79.7	98.9
DEWEY	1150	542	1715	68.0	98.7
ELLIS	779	281	1074	73.5	98.7
GARFIELD	5049	1746	6840	74.3	99.3
GARVIN	1995	833	2917	70.5	96.9
GRADY	3115	789	3952	79.8	98.8
GRANT	1404	895	2332	61.1	98.6
GREER	1275	327	1633	79.6	98.1
HARMON	767	320	1115	70.6	97.5
HARPER	799	268	1076	74.9	99.2
HASKELL	1426	308	1754	82.2	98.9
HUGHES	2524	421	2986	85.7	98.6
JACKSON	1828	517	2371	78.0	98.9
JEFFERSON	1178	396	1531	74.8	102.8
JOHNSTON	1507	312	1838	82.8	99.0
KAY	4752	1301	6121	78.5	98.9
KINGFISHER	1461	693	2163	67.8	99.6
KIOWA	1729	527	2202	76.6	102.5
LATIMER	1503	346	1901	81.3	97.3
LE FLORE	2757	1309	4160	67.8	97.7
LINCOLN	2320	684	3037	77.2	98.9
LOGAN	2122	783	2946	73.0	98.6
LOVE	904	213	1132	80.9	98.7
MCCLAIN	1369	422	1821	76.4	98.4
MCCURTAIN	2787	1197	4037	70.0	98.7
MCINTOSH	1362	737	2126	64.9	98.7
MAJOR	1192	409	1396	74.5	114.7
MARSHALL	1123	200	1316	84.9	100.5
MAYES	2035	325	2368	86.2	99.7
MURRAY	1391	586	2051	70.4	96.4
MUSKOGEE	5672	1997	7696	74.0	99.6
NOBLE	1312	693	2023	65.4	99.1
NOWATA	1609	293	1918	84.6	99.2
OKFUSKEE	2489	575	3092	81.2	99.1
OKLAHOMA	19045	5840	25233	76.5	98.6
OKMULGEE	4524	1073	5708	80.8	98.1
OSAGE	3703	911	4645	80.3	99.3
OTTAWA	2259	546	2856	80.5	98.2
PAWNEE	1709	575	2300	74.8	99.3
PAYNE	2662	1265	4013	67.8	97.9
PITTSBURG	4160	800	5032	83.9	98.6
PONTOTOC	2276	1909	4241	54.4	98.7
POTTAWATOMIE	4028	1328	5428	75.2	98.7
PUSHMATAHA	2154	225	2383	90.5	99.8
ROGER MILLS	999	691	1707	59.1	99.0
ROGERS	2076	448	2545	82.3	99.2
SEMINOLE	3282	1208	4566	73.1	98.3
SEQUOYAH	1801	418	2253	81.2	98.5
STEPHENS	2302	395	2716	85.4	99.3
TEXAS	729	517	1289	58.5	96.7
TILLMAN	1244	560	1831	69.0	98.5
TULSA	19342	2690	22355	87.8	98.6
WAGONER	1927	422	2295	81.2	98.0
WASHINGTON	3388	516	3939	86.8	99.1
WASHITA	1191	972	2191	55.1	98.7
WOODS	1405	807	2207	63.5	100.2
WOODWARD	1547	416	1983	78.8	99.0

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
193170	59838	255938	76.3	98.9

STATE BOARD OF REGENTS
SP ELECT MAR 11, 41
LEG REF 082 ADOPT ST.Q. 300

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	963	1053	2100	47.8	96.0
ALFALFA	1356	630	2010	68.3	98.8
ATOKA	1179	947	2213	55.5	96.1
BEAVER	609	561	1193	52.1	98.1
BECKHAM	1327	833	2239	61.4	96.5
BLAINE	1499	605	2152	71.2	97.8
BRYAN	1014	2992	4085	25.3	98.1
CADDO	2419	1396	3955	63.4	96.5
CANADIAN	2014	1077	3146	65.2	98.3
CARTER	2403	2101	4974	53.4	90.6
CHEROKEE	1124	1100	2337	50.5	95.2
CHOCTAW	953	1802	2860	34.6	96.3
CIMARRON	280	392	688	41.7	97.7
CLEVELAND	1600	1168	2850	57.8	97.1
COAL	607	681	1318	47.1	97.7
COMANCHE	1287	1089	2468	54.2	96.3
COTTON	986	229	1250	81.2	97.2
CRAIG	1958	528	2550	78.8	97.5
CREEK	4551	1301	6007	77.8	97.4
CUSTER	2069	1038	3155	66.6	98.5
DELAWARE	1322	648	2032	67.1	96.9
DEWEY	813	846	1715	49.0	96.7
ELLIS	589	460	1074	56.1	97.7
GARFIELD	3825	2843	6840	57.4	97.5
GARVIN	1162	1586	2917	42.3	94.2
GRADY	2364	1408	3952	62.7	95.4
GRANT	1233	1059	2332	53.8	98.3
GREER	861	683	1633	55.8	94.5
HARMON	604	467	1115	56.4	96.1
HARPER	677	373	1076	64.5	97.6
HASKELL	1043	641	1754	61.9	96.0
HUGHES	2249	686	2986	76.6	98.3
JACKSON	906	1346	2371	40.2	95.0
JEFFERSON	886	590	1531	60.0	96.4
JOHNSTON	1135	609	1838	65.1	94.8
KAY	4576	1410	6121	76.4	97.8
KINGFISHER	1330	792	2163	62.7	98.1
KIOWA	1398	790	2202	63.9	99.4
LATIMER	333	1408	1901	19.1	91.6
LE FLORE	1540	2445	4160	38.6	95.8
LINCOLN	1991	936	3037	68.0	96.4
LOGAN	1640	1206	2946	57.6	96.6
LOVE	464	583	1132	44.3	92.5
MCCLAIN	1163	612	1821	65.5	97.5
MCCURTAIN	1675	2163	4037	43.6	95.1
MCINTOSH	918	1145	2126	44.5	97.0
MAJOR	1008	581	1396	63.4	113.8
MARSHALL	872	380	1316	69.6	95.1
MAYES	1729	568	2368	75.3	97.0
MURRAY	780	1071	2051	42.1	90.2
MUSKOGEE	3851	3688	7696	51.1	98.0
NOBLE	1060	923	2023	53.5	98.0
NOWATA	1452	416	1918	77.7	97.4
OKFUSKEE	2072	927	3092	69.1	97.0
OKLAHOMA	14088	10276	25233	57.8	96.6
OKMULGEE	3072	2343	5708	56.7	94.9
OSAGE	3229	1328	4645	70.9	98.1
OTTAWA	1774	959	2856	64.9	95.7
PAWNEE	1521	724	2300	67.8	97.6
PAYNE	2047	1818	4013	53.0	96.3
PITTSBURG	3612	1275	5032	73.9	97.1
PONTOTOC	893	3248	4241	21.6	97.6
POTTAWATOMIE	3126	2088	5428	60.0	96.1
PUSHMATAHA	1969	375	2383	84.0	98.4
ROGER MILLS	554	1140	1707	32.7	99.2
ROGERS	1899	589	2545	76.3	97.8
SEMINOLE	2253	2113	4566	51.6	95.6
SEQUOYAH	1495	664	2253	69.2	95.8
STEPHENS	2059	569	2716	78.3	96.8
TEXAS	414	838	1289	33.1	97.1
TILLMAN	745	1000	1831	42.7	95.3
TULSA	19652	2213	22355	89.9	97.8
WAGONER	1443	741	2295	66.1	95.2
WASHINGTON	3328	545	3939	85.9	98.3
WASHITA	845	1292	2191	39.5	97.5
WOODS	1137	1024	2207	52.6	97.9
WOODWARD	1299	644	1983	66.9	98.0

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
152173	95617	255938	61.4	96.8

TABLE D-58

TEACHER RETIREMENT
SP PRI ELEC JUL 14.42
INT PST 221 ADOPT ST.Q. 306

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	1928	1386	3493	58.2	94.9
ALFALFA	833	872	1663	48.9	103.8
ATOKA	2067	2500	4808	45.3	95.0
BEAVER	755	1038	1782	42.1	100.6
BECKHAM	2199	2245	4782	49.5	92.9
BLAINE	1077	808	1846	57.1	102.1
BRYAN	5087	3071	8753	62.4	93.2
CADDO	3245	2748	6409	54.1	93.5
CANADIAN	3050	1745	4804	63.6	99.8
CARTER	6868	2675	10245	72.0	93.1
CHEROKEE	2060	1594	4011	56.4	91.1
CHOCTAW	3577	2159	6237	62.4	92.0
CIMARRON	291	404	686	41.9	101.3
CLEVELAND	3385	1589	5255	68.1	94.7
COAL	1803	995	2991	64.4	93.5
COMANCHE	3644	2400	6293	60.3	96.0
COTTON	1932	1295	3601	59.9	89.6
CRAIG	2202	1621	4108	57.6	93.1
CREEK	5993	2334	8316	72.0	100.1
CUSTER	2230	1869	4320	54.4	94.9
DELAWARE	1157	965	2228	54.5	95.2
DEWEY	1318	1616	2884	44.9	101.7
ELLIS	658	818	1461	44.6	101.0
GARFIELD	4403	2725	7166	61.8	99.5
GARVIN	3646	3013	7258	54.8	91.7
GRADY	3660	4326	8816	45.8	90.6
GRANT	792	987	1777	44.5	100.1
GREER	1811	1358	3385	57.1	93.6
HARMON	1262	1356	2860	48.2	91.5
HARPER	670	633	1308	51.4	99.6
HASKELL	2340	1367	3916	63.1	94.7
HUGHES	3531	2234	6029	61.2	95.6
JACKSON	2442	1612	4332	60.2	93.6
JEFFERSON	1789	1700	3727	51.3	93.6
JOHNSTON	2388	1857	4537	56.3	93.6
KAY	3508	1768	5373	66.5	98.2
KINGFISHER	1232	1360	2392	47.5	108.4
KIOWA	2500	1851	5019	57.5	86.7
LATIMER	1532	1240	2977	55.3	93.1
LE FLORE	4802	3247	8259	59.7	97.5
LINCOLN	2940	2599	5672	53.1	97.7
LOGAN	2274	1454	3599	61.0	103.6
LOVE	1371	1166	3035	54.0	83.6
MCCLAIN	1844	1433	3687	56.3	88.9
MCCURTAIN	4914	3032	8963	61.8	88.7
MCINTOSH	2944	2000	5262	59.5	94.0
MAJOR	719	856	1448	45.7	108.8
MARSHALL	2143	1481	3743	59.1	96.8
MAYES	1822	1372	3375	57.0	94.6
MURRAY	1973	1427	3886	58.0	87.5
MUSKOGEE	7492	2569	10424	74.5	96.5
NOBLE	887	658	1547	57.4	99.9
NOWATA	1663	1047	2624	61.4	103.3
OKFUSKEE	3548	1657	5541	68.2	93.9
OKLAHOMA	33563	11141	46906	75.1	95.3
OKMULGEE	5298	2003	7553	72.6	96.7
OSAGE	4282	1745	6177	71.0	97.6
OTTAWA	2964	1442	4561	67.3	96.6
PAWNEE	1974	1334	3191	59.7	103.7
PAYNE	2932	1209	4264	70.8	97.1
PITTSBURG	6249	3526	10134	63.9	96.5
PONTOTOC	5395	2725	9066	66.4	89.6
POTTAWATOMIE	5987	2835	9668	67.9	91.2
PUSHMATAHA	2542	1745	4699	59.3	91.2
ROGER MILLS	1207	1718	3185	41.3	91.8
ROGERS	2333	1574	4144	59.7	94.3
SEMINOLE	7056	3084	10663	69.6	95.1
SEQUOYAH	3148	1435	4894	68.7	93.6
STEPHENS	4794	3127	8360	60.5	94.7
TEXAS	895	805	1705	52.6	99.7
TILLMAN	2341	1559	4191	60.0	93.1
TULSA	18163	7090	25908	71.9	97.5
WAGONER	1628	875	2565	65.0	97.6
WASHINGTON	3375	1695	5188	66.6	97.7
WASHITA	1995	2053	4601	49.3	88.0
WOODS	1852	1296	2994	58.8	105.5
WOODWARD	1566	1303	2813	54.6	102.0

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
257740	151451	430313	63.0	95.1

OFFICE QUALIFICATIONS
GEN ELECT NOV 3. 42
LEG REF 683 ADOPT ST.Q. 302

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	1717	1205	5052	58.8	57.8
ALFALFA	2186	1076	4139	67.0	78.8
ATOKA	1117	645	2327	63.4	75.7
BEAVER	1377	750	2839	64.7	74.9
BECKHAM	1115	565	2190	66.4	76.7
BLAINE	1919	1036	3781	64.9	78.2
BRYAN	2175	842	4068	72.1	74.2
CADDO	3229	1804	7061	64.2	71.3
CANADIAN	2921	1671	5568	63.6	82.5
CARTER	2419	1310	4954	64.9	75.3
CHEROKEE	1927	1266	5409	60.4	59.0
CHOCTAW	1363	684	2996	66.6	68.3
CIMARRON	608	303	1284	66.7	71.0
CLEVELAND	2106	918	4087	69.6	74.0
COAL	721	324	1325	69.0	78.9
COMANCHE	2503	1124	4638	69.0	78.2
COTTON	971	447	2136	68.5	66.4
CRAIG	1931	1471	4785	56.8	71.1
CREEK	4979	2907	10673	63.1	73.9
CUSTER	1753	806	3178	68.5	80.5
DELAWARE	1760	987	4564	64.1	60.2
DEWEY	1625	908	3516	64.2	72.0
ELLIS	935	516	1790	64.4	81.1
GARFIELD	6745	3396	12517	66.5	81.0
GARVIN	1699	1014	4322	62.6	62.8
GRADY	2713	1242	4956	68.6	79.8
GRANT	2041	1236	3957	62.3	82.8
GREER	803	327	1495	71.1	75.6
HARMON	451	211	887	68.1	74.6
HARPER	911	597	2016	60.4	74.8
HASKELL	1618	868	3855	65.1	64.4
HUGHES	2028	1073	4614	65.4	67.2
JACKSON	1012	443	1916	69.6	75.9
JEFFERSON	1004	657	2459	60.4	67.5
JOHNSTON	791	455	1631	63.5	76.4
KAY	6046	2501	10716	70.7	79.8
KINGFISHER	2018	1371	4194	59.5	80.8
KIOWA	1330	507	2331	72.4	78.8
LATIMER	1055	581	2643	64.5	61.9
LE FLORE	2369	1124	5199	67.8	67.2
LINCOLN	3404	2210	8001	60.6	70.2
LOGAN	2993	1579	5895	65.5	77.6
LOVE	456	264	1102	63.3	65.3
MCCLAIN	1039	498	2155	67.6	71.3
MCCURTAIN	1653	779	3016	68.0	80.6
MCINTOSH	1371	901	3276	60.3	69.4
MAJOR	1449	876	2884	62.3	80.6
MARSHALL	685	326	1395	67.8	72.5
MAYES	1649	1091	4266	60.2	64.2
MURRAY	887	495	2024	64.2	68.3
MUSKOGEE	4663	2302	9346	67.0	74.7
NOBLE	1917	1071	3837	64.2	77.9
NOWATA	1938	983	4252	66.3	68.7
OKFUSKEE	1805	785	3320	69.7	78.0
OKLAHOMA	21318	8317	35970	71.9	82.4
OKMULGEE	4920	2405	9409	67.2	77.9
OSAGE	3657	1588	6700	69.7	78.3
OTTAWA	3189	1417	6470	69.2	71.2
PAWNEE	2437	1262	5217	65.9	70.9
PAYNE	4220	1753	7824	70.7	76.3
PITTSBURG	2287	1043	4414	68.7	75.4
PONTOTOC	2173	1312	4942	62.4	70.5
POTTAWATOMIE	3856	1885	8048	67.2	71.3
PUSHMATAHA	881	491	1695	64.2	80.9
ROGER MILLS	986	621	2191	61.4	73.3
ROGERS	2030	1048	4139	66.0	74.4
SEMINOLE	3525	1558	6662	69.3	76.1
SEQUOYAH	1887	1011	5103	65.1	56.8
STEPHENS	2389	1427	5490	62.6	69.5
TEXAS	1322	611	2706	68.4	71.4
TILLMAN	1013	434	1884	70.0	76.8
TULSA	24063	8837	40821	73.1	80.6
WAGONER	2115	1085	5775	66.1	55.4
WASHINGTON	4228	1847	8222	69.6	73.9
WASHITA	1134	608	2386	65.1	71.0
WOODS	2250	1185	4324	65.5	79.4
WOODWARD	1965	938	3670	67.7	79.1

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
201763	98013	400919	67.3	74.8

TABLE D-59

TEACHER BENEFITS
GEN ELECT NOV 3, 42
LEG REF 084 REJECT ST.Q. 303

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	1140	1676	5052	40.5	55.7
ALFALFA	1140	2092	4139	35.3	78.1
ATOKA	638	1081	2327	37.1	73.9
BEAVER	626	1474	2839	29.8	74.0
BECKHAM	649	1013	2190	39.0	75.9
BLAINE	1179	1745	3781	40.3	77.3
BRYAN	1459	1514	4068	49.1	73.1
CADDO	1761	3174	7061	35.7	69.9
CANADIAN	2068	2584	5568	44.5	83.5
CARTER	1441	2398	4954	37.5	77.5
CHEROKEE	1289	1823	5409	41.4	57.5
CHOCTAW	869	1176	2996	42.5	68.3
CIMARRON	313	586	1284	34.8	70.0
CLEVELAND	1522	1504	4087	50.3	74.0
COAL	488	542	1325	47.4	77.7
COMANCHE	1660	1898	4638	46.7	76.7
COTTON	681	760	2136	47.3	67.5
CRAIG	1069	2292	4785	31.8	70.2
CREEK	3035	4729	10673	39.1	72.7
CUSTER	987	1482	3178	40.0	77.7
DELAWARE	1057	1571	4564	40.2	57.6
DEWEY	779	1706	3516	31.3	70.7
ELLIS	395	1026	1790	27.8	79.5
GARFIELD	4471	5694	12517	44.0	81.2
GARVIN	933	1731	4322	35.0	61.6
GRADY	1381	2327	4956	37.2	74.8
GRANT	862	2377	3957	26.6	81.9
GREER	462	651	1495	41.5	74.4
HARMON	238	422	887	36.1	74.4
HARPER	400	1094	2016	26.8	74.1
HASKELL	1004	1380	3855	42.1	61.8
HUGHES	1447	1665	4614	46.5	67.4
JACKSON	511	952	1916	34.9	76.4
JEFFERSON	606	1093	2459	35.7	69.1
JOHNSTON	471	763	1631	38.2	75.7
KAY	3764	4571	10716	45.2	77.8
KINGFISHER	1018	2342	4194	30.3	80.1
KIOWA	723	1110	2331	39.4	78.6
LATIMER	704	898	2643	43.9	60.6
LE FLORE	1357	2133	5199	38.9	67.1
LINCOLN	2030	3462	8001	37.0	68.6
LOGAN	1979	2466	5895	44.5	75.4
LOVE	256	501	1102	33.8	68.7
MCCLAIN	611	911	2155	40.1	70.6
MCCURTAIN	1234	1218	3016	50.3	81.3
MCINTOSH	904	1320	3276	40.6	67.9
MAJOR	646	1659	2884	28.0	79.9
MARSHALL	423	613	1395	40.8	74.3
MAYES	993	1698	4266	36.9	63.1
MURRAY	557	844	2024	39.8	69.2
MUSKOGEE	3239	3719	9346	46.6	74.4
NOBLE	1166	1770	3837	39.7	76.5
NOWATA	1237	1601	4252	43.6	66.7
OKFUSKEE	1094	1396	3320	43.9	75.0
OKLAHOMA	14342	15219	35970	48.5	82.2
OKMULGEE	3218	4032	9409	44.4	77.1
OSAGE	2413	2824	6700	46.1	78.2
OTTAWA	2277	2328	6470	49.4	71.2
PAWNEE	1295	2414	5217	34.9	71.1
PAYNE	2805	3056	7824	47.9	74.9
PITTSBURG	1674	1711	4414	49.5	76.7
PONTOTOC	1288	2354	4942	35.4	73.7
POTTAWATOMIE	2165	3742	8048	36.7	73.4
PUSHMATAHA	543	821	1695	39.8	80.5
ROGER MILLS	418	1156	2191	26.6	71.8
ROGERS	1129	1821	4139	38.3	71.3
SEMINOLE	2430	2548	6682	48.8	74.5
SEQUOYAH	1350	1478	5103	47.7	55.4
STEPHENS	1253	2579	5490	32.7	69.8
TEXAS	727	1167	2706	38.4	70.0
TILLMAN	623	777	1884	44.5	74.3
TULSA	15305	16844	40821	47.6	78.8
WAGONER	1518	1550	5775	49.5	53.1
WASHINGTON	2553	3586	8222	41.6	74.7
WASHITA	614	1166	2386	34.5	74.6
WOODS	1212	2235	4324	35.2	79.7
WOODWARD	1111	1800	3670	38.2	79.3

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
125229	171433	400919	42.2	74.0

RECOVERY OF DAMAGES
GEN ELECT NOV 3, 42
LEG REF 085 REJECT ST.Q. 304

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	1251	1056	5052	54.2	45.7
ALFALFA	1349	1453	4139	48.1	67.7
ATOKA	834	672	2327	55.4	64.7
BEAVER	783	944	2839	45.3	60.8
BECKHAM	796	575	2190	58.0	62.6
BLAINE	1276	1212	3781	51.3	65.8
BRYAN	1674	857	4068	66.1	62.2
CADDO	2261	2016	7061	52.9	60.6
CANADIAN	2175	1825	5568	54.4	71.8
CARTER	1816	1370	4954	57.0	64.3
CHEROKEE	1509	1207	5409	55.6	50.2
CHOCTAW	998	674	2996	59.7	55.8
CIMARRON	355	386	1284	47.9	57.7
CLEVELAND	1524	966	4087	61.2	60.9
COAL	584	318	1325	64.7	68.1
COMANCHE	1751	1204	4638	59.3	63.7
COTTON	691	476	2136	59.2	54.6
CRAIG	1358	1485	4785	47.8	59.4
CREEK	3930	2925	10673	57.3	64.2
CUSTER	1075	1012	3178	51.5	65.7
DELAWARE	1236	995	4564	55.4	48.9
DEWEY	1062	1085	3516	49.5	61.1
ELLIS	521	649	1790	44.5	65.4
GARFIELD	4765	4080	12517	53.9	70.7
GARVIN	1118	1048	4322	51.6	50.1
GRADY	1721	1411	4956	54.9	63.2
GRANT	1149	1722	3957	40.0	72.6
GREER	572	341	1495	62.7	61.1
HARMON	280	245	887	53.3	59.2
HARPER	571	709	2016	44.6	63.5
HASKELL	1232	782	3855	61.2	52.2
HUGHES	1682	1011	4614	62.5	58.4
JACKSON	673	504	1916	57.2	61.4
JEFFERSON	692	703	2459	49.6	56.7
JOHNSTON	608	444	1631	57.8	64.5
KAY	4103	3079	10716	57.1	67.0
KINGFISHER	1205	1752	4194	40.8	70.5
KIOWA	856	603	2331	58.7	62.6
LATIMER	834	548	2643	60.3	52.3
LE FLORE	1771	1161	5199	60.4	56.4
LINCOLN	2353	2358	8001	49.9	58.9
LOGAN	2049	1796	5895	53.3	65.2
LOVE	342	304	1102	52.9	58.6
MCCLAIN	757	545	2155	58.1	60.4
MCCURTAIN	1350	770	3016	63.7	70.3
MCINTOSH	1042	956	3276	52.2	61.0
MAJOR	777	1140	2884	40.5	66.5
MARSHALL	512	339	1395	60.2	61.0
MAYES	1216	1058	4266	53.5	53.3
MURRAY	688	483	2024	58.8	57.9
MUSKOGEE	3393	2478	9346	57.8	62.8
NOBLE	1266	1280	3837	49.7	66.4
NOWATA	1336	1053	4252	55.9	56.2
OKFUSKEE	1237	791	3320	61.0	61.1
OKLAHOMA	16127	9268	35970	63.5	70.6
OKMULGEE	3905	2395	9409	62.0	67.0
OSAGE	2805	1655	6700	62.9	66.6
OTTAWA	2368	1594	6470	59.8	61.2
PAWNEE	1786	1446	5217	55.3	62.0
PAYNE	3021	1867	7824	61.8	62.5
PITTSBURG	1750	1086	4414	61.7	64.3
PONTOTOC	1596	1389	4942	53.5	60.4
POTTAWATOMIE	2862	1975	8048	59.2	60.1
PUSHMATAHA	704	483	1695	59.3	70.0
ROGER MILLS	662	652	2191	50.4	60.0
ROGERS	1447	1140	4139	55.9	62.5
SEMINOLE	2876	1570	6682	64.7	66.5
SEQUOYAH	1508	902	5103	62.6	47.2
STEPHENS	1731	1395	5490	55.4	56.9
TEXAS	791	746	2706	51.5	56.8
TILLMAN	647	500	1884	56.4	60.9
TULSA	17311	10796	40821	61.6	68.9
WAGONER	1547	1113	5775	58.2	46.1
WASHINGTON	3068	2257	8222	57.6	64.8
WASHITA	712	711	2386	50.0	59.6
WOODS	1372	1493	4324	47.9	66.3
WOODWARD	1291	1162	3670	52.6	66.8

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
144446	108452	400919	57.2	63.2

TABLE D-60

CREATE PAROLE BOARD
SP PRI ELEC JUL 11,44
LEG REF 086 ADOPT ST.Q. 309

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	612	801	1781	43.3	79.3
ALFALFA	561	524	1274	52.6	86.7
ATOKA	1138	1121	2841	50.4	79.5
BEAVER	382	373	892	50.6	84.6
BECKHAM	1031	840	2616	55.1	71.5
BLAINE	883	820	1954	51.8	87.2
BRYAN	2793	1777	5999	61.1	76.2
CADDO	2337	1476	4791	61.3	79.6
CANADIAN	1605	772	2668	67.5	89.1
CARTER	2992	1134	5756	72.5	71.7
CHEROKEE	1123	1315	2874	46.1	84.8
CHOCTAW	1687	1015	3672	62.4	73.6
CIMARRON	187	168	450	52.7	78.9
CLEVELAND	1592	946	3161	62.7	80.3
COAL	877	691	2071	55.9	75.7
COMANCHE	2339	1300	5036	64.3	72.3
COTTON	1101	466	2241	70.3	69.9
CRAIG	1009	829	2365	54.9	77.7
CREEK	2894	1567	5336	64.9	83.6
CUSTER	1432	976	2916	59.5	82.6
DELAWARE	612	896	2134	40.6	70.7
DEWEY	513	615	1354	45.5	83.3
ELLIS	286	322	751	47.0	81.0
GARFIELD	2703	2246	5797	54.6	85.4
GARVIN	1328	903	3014	59.5	74.0
GRADY	3211	1629	6089	66.3	79.5
GRANT	603	692	1476	46.6	87.7
GREER	1001	510	2182	66.2	69.2
HARMON	656	522	1663	55.7	70.8
HARPER	259	310	667	45.5	85.3
HASKELL	1097	685	2426	61.6	73.5
HUGHES	1936	1015	4021	65.6	73.4
JACKSON	1910	531	3028	78.2	80.6
JEFFERSON	1038	794	2479	56.7	73.9
JOHNSTON	927	755	2363	55.1	71.2
KAY	2479	1234	4262	66.8	87.1
KINGFISHER	863	946	2033	47.7	89.0
KIOWA	1379	703	2898	66.2	71.8
LATIMER	648	536	1683	54.7	70.4
LE FLORE	1502	1166	3680	56.3	72.5
LINCOLN	1010	909	2268	52.6	84.6
LOGAN	1380	1054	2814	56.7	86.5
LOVE	629	336	1373	65.2	70.3
MCCLAIN	456	251	889	64.5	79.5
MCCURTAIN	1828	1293	4281	58.6	72.9
MCINTOSH	1424	1245	3158	53.4	84.5
MAJOR	469	709	1371	39.8	85.9
MARSHALL	1039	613	2469	62.9	66.4
MAYES	1337	949	3203	58.5	71.4
MURRAY	957	641	2147	59.9	74.4
MUSKOGEE	4524	2169	7926	67.6	84.4
NOBLE	722	669	1664	51.9	83.6
NOWATA	1108	972	2565	53.3	81.1
OKFUSKEE	1389	744	2684	65.1	79.5
OKLAHOMA	18297	7531	30042	70.8	86.0
OKMULGEE	3474	1593	6026	68.6	84.1
OSAGE	2114	1253	4089	62.8	82.3
OTTAWA	1518	1143	3439	57.0	77.4
PAWNEE	948	692	1988	57.8	82.5
PAYNE	2141	731	3340	74.5	86.0
PITTSBURG	3187	1785	6383	64.1	77.9
PONTOTOC	2455	1267	5030	66.0	74.0
POTTAWATOMIE	3346	1799	6793	65.0	75.7
PUSHMATAHA	1188	897	2816	57.0	74.0
ROGER MILLS	697	786	2027	47.0	73.2
ROGERS	1415	1062	3127	57.1	79.2
SEMINOLE	2581	1356	5102	65.6	77.2
SEQUOYAH	1323	1154	3524	53.4	70.3
STEPHENS	2301	1054	4671	68.6	71.8
TEXAS	480	295	976	61.9	79.4
TILLMAN	905	441	1752	67.2	76.8
TULSA	14692	4958	22599	74.8	87.0
WAGONER	911	523	1610	60.8	82.9
WASHINGTON	2412	1668	4562	59.1	89.4
WASHITA	1097	978	2895	52.9	71.7
WOODS	558	808	1484	40.8	92.0
WOODWARD	738	662	1680	52.7	83.3

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
140496	82911	279481	62.9	79.9

A AND M BOARD OF REGENTS
SP PRI ELEC JUL 11,44
LEG REF 087 ADOPT ST.Q. 310

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	521	922	1781	36.1	81.0
ALFALFA	473	652	1274	42.0	88.3
ATOKA	891	1276	2841	41.1	76.3
BEAVER	341	433	892	44.1	86.8
BECKHAM	819	1112	2616	42.4	73.8
BLAINE	722	1026	1954	41.3	89.5
BRYAN	2488	2271	5999	52.3	79.3
CADDO	1984	1829	4791	52.0	79.6
CANADIAN	1340	1015	2668	56.9	88.3
CARTER	2561	1546	5756	62.4	71.4
CHEROKEE	897	1504	2874	37.4	83.5
CHOCTAW	1659	1238	3672	57.3	78.9
CIMARRON	164	186	450	46.9	77.8
CLEVELAND	1360	1212	3161	52.9	81.4
COAL	748	826	2071	47.5	76.0
COMANCHE	1872	1698	5036	52.4	70.9
COTTON	1000	520	2241	65.8	67.8
CRAIG	870	1002	2365	46.5	79.2
CREEK	2354	2084	5336	53.0	83.2
CUSTER	1195	1281	2916	48.3	84.9
DELAWARE	502	1080	2134	31.7	74.1
DEWEY	395	783	1354	33.5	87.0
ELLIS	250	395	751	38.8	85.9
GARFIELD	2210	2878	5797	43.4	87.8
GARVIN	1198	1080	3014	52.6	75.6
GRADY	2732	2076	6089	56.8	79.0
GRANT	501	825	1476	37.8	89.8
GREER	844	711	2182	54.3	71.3
HARMON	517	657	1663	44.0	70.6
HARPER	203	373	667	35.2	86.4
HASKELL	939	931	2426	50.2	77.1
HUGHES	1578	1361	4021	53.7	73.1
JACKSON	1750	758	3028	69.8	82.8
JEFFERSON	902	953	2479	48.6	74.8
JOHNSTON	851	905	2363	48.5	74.3
KAY	2122	1629	4262	56.6	88.0
KINGFISHER	733	1060	2033	40.9	88.2
KIOWA	1205	902	2898	57.2	72.7
LATIMER	525	710	1683	42.5	73.4
LE FLORE	1311	1418	3680	48.0	74.2
LINCOLN	834	1129	2268	42.5	86.6
LOGAN	1237	1254	2814	49.7	88.5
LOVE	542	439	1373	55.2	71.4
MCCLAIN	391	319	889	55.1	79.9
MCCURTAIN	1816	1503	4281	54.7	77.5
MCINTOSH	1188	1591	3158	42.7	88.0
MAJOR	359	863	1371	29.4	89.1
MARSHALL	1000	798	2469	55.6	72.2
MAYES	1172	1139	3203	50.7	72.2
MURRAY	787	807	2147	49.4	74.2
MUSKOGEE	4127	2612	7926	61.2	85.0
NOBLE	712	758	1664	48.4	88.3
NOWATA	870	1169	2565	42.7	79.5
OKFUSKEE	1282	996	2684	56.3	84.9
OKLAHOMA	14513	10983	30042	56.9	84.9
OKMULGEE	3052	2053	6026	59.8	84.7
OSAGE	1675	1697	4089	49.7	82.5
OTTAWA	1247	1397	3439	47.2	76.9
PAWNEE	857	832	1988	50.7	85.0
PAYNE	2158	879	3340	71.1	90.9
PITTSBURG	2691	2234	6383	54.6	77.2
PONTOTOC	2026	1756	5030	53.6	75.2
POTTAWATOMIE	2824	2319	6793	54.9	75.7
PUSHMATAHA	1027	1104	2816	48.2	75.7
ROGER MILLS	564	957	2027	37.1	75.0
ROGERS	1115	1340	3127	45.4	78.5
SEMINOLE	2279	1698	5102	57.3	77.9
SEQUOYAH	1145	1439	3524	44.3	73.3
STEPHENS	1960	1257	4671	60.9	68.9
TEXAS	463	309	976	60.0	79.1
TILLMAN	788	581	1752	57.6	78.1
TULSA	10558	8738	22599	54.7	85.4
WAGONER	760	580	1610	56.7	83.2
WASHINGTON	1690	2348	4562	41.9	88.5
WASHITA	860	1288	2895	40.0	74.2
WOODS	443	940	1484	32.0	93.2
WOODWARD	655	823	1680	44.3	88.0

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
117194	108047	279481	52.0	80.6

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O.U. BOARD OF REGENTS
SP PRI ELEC JUL 11,44
LEG REF 088 ADOPT ST.Q. 311

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	484	845	1781	36.4	74.6
ALFALFA	444	598	1274	42.6	81.8
ATOKA	881	1223	2841	41.9	74.1
BEAVER	308	418	892	42.4	81.4
BECKHAM	755	984	2616	43.4	66.5
BLAINE	640	976	1954	39.6	82.7
BRYAN	2323	1985	5999	53.9	71.8
CADDO	1826	1748	4791	51.1	74.6
CANADIAN	1351	924	2668	59.4	85.3
CARTER	2485	1455	5756	63.1	68.5
CHEROKEE	823	1457	2874	36.1	79.3
CHOCTAW	1368	1173	3672	53.8	69.2
CIMARRON	142	187	450	43.2	73.1
CLEVELAND	1356	1081	3161	55.6	77.1
COAL	684	769	2071	47.1	70.2
COMANCHE	1776	1591	5036	52.7	66.9
COTTON	943	505	2241	65.1	64.6
CRAIG	806	945	2365	46.0	74.0
CREEK	2217	1981	5336	52.8	78.7
CUSTER	1122	1138	2916	49.6	77.5
DELAWARE	447	945	2134	32.1	65.2
DEWEY	369	725	1354	33.7	80.8
ELLIS	232	371	751	38.5	80.3
GARFIELD	1975	2749	5797	41.8	81.5
GARVIN	1098	1015	3014	51.8	69.8
GRADY	2607	1885	6089	58.0	73.8
GRANT	441	799	1476	35.6	84.0
GREER	789	611	2182	56.4	64.2
HARMON	507	593	1663	46.1	66.1
HARPER	183	363	667	33.5	81.9
HASKELL	883	750	2426	54.1	67.3
HUGHES	1476	1233	4021	54.5	67.4
JACKSON	1658	683	3028	70.8	77.3
JEFFERSON	811	874	2479	48.1	68.0
JOHNSTON	747	797	2363	48.4	65.3
KAY	1933	1538	4262	55.7	81.4
KINGFISHER	680	1023	2033	39.9	83.8
KIOWA	1086	793	2898	57.8	64.8
LATIMER	497	614	1683	44.7	66.0
LE FLORE	1139	1298	3680	46.7	66.2
LINCOLN	791	1069	2268	42.5	82.0
LOGAN	1093	1177	2814	48.1	80.7
LOVE	461	363	1373	55.9	60.0
MCCLAIN	382	291	889	56.8	75.7
MCCURTAIN	1545	1393	4281	52.6	68.6
MCINTOSH	1090	1355	3158	44.6	77.4
MAJOR	328	800	1371	29.1	82.3
MARSHALL	825	701	2489	54.1	61.3
MAYES	1031	1076	3203	48.9	65.8
MURRAY	731	720	2147	50.4	67.6
MUSKOGEE	3901	2475	7926	61.2	80.4
NOBLE	546	775	1664	41.3	79.4
NOWATA	767	1145	2565	40.1	74.5
OKFUSKEE	1110	890	2684	55.5	74.5
OKLAHOMA	14741	9718	30042	60.3	81.4
OKMULGEE	2939	1895	6026	60.8	80.2
OSAGE	1595	1537	4089	50.9	76.6
OTTAWA	1147	1375	3439	45.5	73.3
PAWNEE	761	781	1988	49.4	77.6
PAYNE	1918	888	3340	68.4	84.0
PITTSBURG	2521	2122	6383	54.3	72.7
PONTOTOC	1945	1507	5030	56.3	68.6
POTTAWATOMIE	2603	2206	6793	54.1	70.8
PUSHMATAHA	971	971	2816	50.0	69.0
ROGER MILLS	494	868	2027	36.3	67.2
ROGERS	1026	1259	3127	44.9	73.1
SEMINOLE	2094	1601	5102	56.7	72.4
SEQUOYAH	1053	1260	3524	45.5	65.6
STEPHENS	1794	1240	4671	59.1	65.0
TEXAS	394	325	976	54.8	73.7
TILLMAN	715	538	1752	57.1	71.5
TULSA	10224	8399	22599	54.9	82.4
WAGONER	701	573	1610	55.0	79.1
WASHINGTON	1548	2320	4562	40.0	84.8
WASHITA	803	1123	2895	41.7	66.5
WOODS	418	892	1484	31.9	88.3
WOODWARD	596	779	1680	43.3	81.8

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
109886	100049	279481	52.3	75.1

RUN-OFF PRIMARY
SP PRI ELEC JUL 11,44
LEG REF 089 ADOPT ST.Q. 312

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	497	871	1781	36.3	76.8
ALFALFA	474	616	1274	43.5	85.6
ATOKA	1438	977	2841	59.5	85.0
BEAVER	290	495	892	36.9	88.0
BECKHAM	1259	711	2616	63.9	75.3
BLAINE	756	916	1954	45.2	85.6
BRYAN	3361	1594	5999	67.8	82.6
CADDO	2228	1582	4791	58.5	79.5
CANADIAN	1418	978	2668	59.2	89.8
CARTER	3393	1130	5756	75.0	78.6
CHEROKEE	832	1542	2874	35.0	82.6
CHOCTAW	1782	1019	3672	63.6	76.3
CIMARRON	128	251	450	33.8	84.2
CLEVELAND	1553	1027	3161	60.2	81.6
COAL	943	683	2071	58.0	78.5
COMANCHE	2334	1357	5036	63.2	73.3
COTTON	1162	479	2241	70.8	73.2
CRAIG	805	1007	2365	44.4	76.6
CREEK	2375	1963	5336	54.7	81.3
CUSTER	1642	851	2916	65.9	85.5
DELAWARE	441	1068	2134	29.2	70.7
DEWEY	534	607	1354	46.8	84.3
ELLIS	302	353	751	46.1	87.2
GARFIELD	2086	2744	5797	43.2	83.3
GARVIN	1423	870	3014	62.1	76.1
GRADY	3261	1636	6089	66.6	80.4
GRANT	496	788	1476	38.6	87.0
GREER	1329	378	2182	77.9	78.2
HARMON	895	428	1663	67.6	79.6
HARPER	206	388	667	34.7	89.1
HASKELL	1035	748	2426	58.0	73.5
HUGHES	1793	1154	4021	60.8	73.3
JACKSON	2091	479	3028	81.4	84.9
JEFFERSON	1183	707	2479	62.6	76.2
JOHNSTON	1035	693	2363	59.9	73.1
KAY	1838	1772	4262	50.9	84.7
KINGFISHER	725	1042	2033	41.0	86.9
KIOWA	1483	677	2898	68.7	74.5
LATIMER	696	531	1683	56.7	72.9
LE FLORE	1463	1247	3680	54.0	73.6
LINCOLN	872	1076	2268	44.8	85.9
LOGAN	1188	1202	2814	49.7	84.9
LOVE	817	312	1373	72.4	82.2
MCCLAIN	446	251	889	64.0	78.4
MCCURTAIN	2284	1188	4281	65.8	81.1
MCINTOSH	1234	1304	3158	48.6	80.4
MAJOR	396	807	1371	32.9	87.7
MARSHALL	1013	689	2489	59.5	68.4
MAYES	1060	1197	3203	47.0	70.5
MURRAY	1024	620	2147	62.3	76.6
MUSKOGEE	3867	2550	7926	60.3	81.0
NOBLE	566	831	1664	40.5	84.0
NOWATA	838	1158	2565	42.0	77.8
OKFUSKEE	1228	857	2684	58.9	77.7
OKLAHOMA	17433	8147	30042	68.2	85.1
OKMULGEE	3336	1692	6026	66.3	83.4
OSAGE	1649	1624	4089	50.4	80.0
OTTAWA	1086	1583	3439	40.7	77.6
PAWNEE	705	892	1988	44.1	80.3
PAYNE	1816	987	3340	64.8	83.9
PITTSBURG	3197	1888	6383	62.9	79.7
PONTOTOC	3304	1009	5030	76.6	85.7
POTTAWATOMIE	3235	1988	6793	61.9	76.9
PUSHMATAHA	1266	890	2816	58.7	76.6
ROGER MILLS	839	722	2027	53.7	77.0
ROGERS	1071	1320	3127	44.8	76.5
SEMINOLE	2442	1494	5102	62.0	77.1
SEQUOYAH	1082	1360	3524	44.3	69.3
STEPHENS	2335	1028	4671	69.4	72.0
TEXAS	368	412	976	47.2	79.9
TILLMAN	1116	339	1752	76.7	83.0
TULSA	10247	8814	22599	53.8	84.3
WAGONER	689	622	1610	52.6	81.4
WASHINGTON	1529	2422	4562	38.7	86.6
WASHITA	1343	826	2895	61.9	74.9
WOODS	540	816	1484	39.8	91.5
WOODWARD	625	782	1680	44.4	83.8

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
131071	94060	279481	58.2	80.6

TABLE D-62

SINKING FUND
SP PRI ELEC JUL 11,44
LEG REF 090 ADOPT ST.Q. 313

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	649	651	1781	49.9	73.0
ALFALFA	676	373	1274	64.4	82.3
ATOKA	1085	996	2841	52.1	73.2
BEAVER	460	290	892	61.3	84.1
BECKHAM	1145	665	2616	63.3	69.2
BLAINE	973	634	1954	60.5	82.2
BRYAN	2703	1627	5999	62.4	72.2
CADDO	2354	1157	4791	67.0	73.3
CANADIAN	1742	536	2668	76.5	85.4
CARTER	2881	1029	5756	73.7	67.9
CHEROKEE	1163	1105	2874	51.3	78.9
CHOCTAW	1507	880	3672	63.1	65.0
CIMARRON	236	130	450	64.5	81.3
CLEVELAND	1544	811	3161	65.6	74.5
COAL	934	510	2071	64.7	69.7
COMANCHE	2345	952	5036	71.1	65.5
COTTON	1086	378	2241	74.2	65.3
CRAIG	1032	688	2365	60.0	72.7
CREEK	2949	1213	5336	70.9	78.0
CUSTER	1588	690	2916	69.7	78.1
DELAWARE	616	747	2134	45.2	63.9
DEWEY	658	409	1354	61.7	78.8
ELLIS	405	228	751	64.0	84.3
GARFIELD	3193	1551	5797	67.3	81.8
GARVIN	1451	701	3014	67.4	71.4
GRADY	3211	1235	6089	72.2	73.0
GRANT	788	479	1476	62.2	85.8
GREER	1081	370	2182	74.5	66.5
HARMON	682	415	1663	62.2	66.0
HARPER	440	174	667	71.7	92.1
HASKELL	1143	544	2426	67.8	69.5
HUGHES	1835	832	4021	68.8	66.3
JACKSON	1889	408	3028	82.2	75.9
JEFFERSON	1052	618	2479	63.0	67.4
JOHNSTON	911	582	2363	61.0	63.2
KAY	2921	800	4262	78.5	87.3
KINGFISHER	1176	611	2033	65.8	87.9
KIOWA	1384	592	2898	70.0	68.2
LATIMER	640	433	1683	59.6	63.8
LE FLORE	1458	971	3680	60.0	66.0
LINCOLN	1194	650	2268	64.8	81.3
LOGAN	1393	853	2814	62.0	79.8
LOVE	595	246	1373	70.7	61.3
MCCLAIN	487	186	889	72.4	75.7
MCCURTAIN	1812	1031	4281	63.7	66.4
MCINTOSH	1326	979	3158	57.5	73.0
MAJOR	623	536	1371	53.8	84.5
MARSHALL	990	524	2489	65.4	60.8
MAYES	1403	725	3203	65.9	66.4
MURRAY	913	520	2147	63.7	66.7
MUSKOGEE	4749	1666	7926	74.0	80.9
NOBLE	813	532	1664	60.4	80.8
NOWATA	1204	708	2565	63.0	74.5
OKFUSKEE	1288	670	2684	65.8	73.0
OKLAHOMA	17940	6092	30042	74.7	80.0
OKMULGEE	3580	1179	6026	75.2	79.0
OSAGE	2252	886	4089	71.8	76.7
OTTAWA	1610	901	3439	64.1	73.0
PAWNEE	1047	482	1988	68.5	76.9
PAYNE	2188	546	3340	80.0	81.9
PITTSBURG	3063	1421	6383	68.3	70.2
PONTOTOC	2516	933	5030	72.9	68.6
POTTAWATOMIE	3433	1406	6793	70.9	71.2
PUSHMATAHA	1033	781	2816	56.9	64.4
ROGER MILLS	775	598	2027	56.4	67.7
ROGERS	1440	810	3127	64.0	72.0
SEMINOLE	2478	1019	5102	70.9	68.5
SEQUOYAH	1278	951	3524	57.3	63.3
STEPHENS	2225	805	4671	73.4	64.9
TEXAS	500	216	976	69.8	73.4
TILLMAN	959	309	1752	75.6	72.4
TULSA	15337	3523	22599	81.3	83.5
WAGONER	810	432	1610	65.2	77.1
WASHINGTON	2985	906	4562	76.7	85.3
WASHITA	1175	714	2895	62.2	65.3
WOODS	709	619	1484	53.4	89.5
WOODWARD	927	446	1680	67.5	81.7

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
145036	63816	279481	69.4	74.7

TAX, SEPARATE SCHOOLS
PRI ELECT JULY 2, 46
LEG REF 091 ADOPT ST.Q. 319

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	1746	823	2805	68.0	91.6
ALFALFA	883	556	1446	61.4	99.5
ATOKA	3383	1050	4837	76.3	91.6
BEAVER	721	421	1143	63.1	99.9
BECKHAM	3379	994	4942	77.3	88.5
BLAINE	1742	880	2502	66.4	104.8
BRYAN	5340	1389	8636	79.4	77.9
CADDO	4003	1437	6126	73.6	88.8
CANADIAN	3591	1309	5419	73.3	90.4
CARTER	5707	1630	9398	77.8	78.1
CHEROKEE	1903	735	3908	72.1	67.5
CHOCTAW	3622	1484	5757	70.9	88.7
CIMARRON	321	233	636	57.9	87.1
CLEVELAND	5078	1523	7405	76.9	89.1
COAL	2252	582	3189	79.5	86.9
COMANCHE	5542	1804	7927	75.4	92.7
COTTON	1910	743	2997	72.0	88.5
CRAIG	2220	1037	4062	68.2	80.2
CREEK	5158	2023	7994	71.8	89.8
CUSTER	2597	767	3739	77.2	90.0
DELAWARE	1566	749	2693	67.6	86.0
DEWEY	985	463	1604	68.0	90.3
ELLIS	605	372	1012	61.9	96.5
GARFIELD	4226	2410	6691	63.7	99.2
GARVIN	4734	1351	7089	77.8	85.8
GRADY	4958	1365	6988	78.4	90.5
GRANT	839	700	1689	54.5	91.1
GREER	2346	703	3480	76.9	87.6
HARMON	1296	404	1943	76.2	87.5
HARPER	642	341	1008	65.3	97.5
HASKELL	1896	596	3276	76.1	76.1
HUGHES	4655	1406	6977	76.8	86.9
JACKSON	3105	758	4299	80.4	89.9
JEFFERSON	2086	862	3909	70.8	75.4
JOHNSTON	2628	786	4099	77.0	83.3
KAY	3617	1587	5340	69.5	97.5
KINGFISHER	1482	1189	2583	55.5	103.4
KIOWA	2740	894	4330	75.4	83.9
LATIMER	1454	554	3229	72.4	62.2
LE FLORE	3902	1256	6252	75.6	82.5
LINCOLN	2826	1456	4627	66.0	92.5
LOGAN	2251	1110	3321	67.0	101.2
LOVE	2012	637	2947	76.0	89.9
MCCLAIN	3089	745	4400	80.6	87.1
MCCURTAIN	4842	1733	7181	73.6	91.6
MCINTOSH	2281	729	4404	75.8	68.3
MAJOR	796	541	1296	59.5	103.2
MARSHALL	2183	728	3532	75.0	82.4
MAYES	2735	905	4621	75.1	78.8
MURRAY	2265	661	3741	77.4	78.2
MUSKOGEE	7899	2770	13193	74.0	80.9
NOBLE	1107	762	1904	59.2	98.2
NOWATA	2178	906	3119	70.6	98.9
OKFUSKEE	3633	1106	5634	76.7	84.1
OKLAHOMA	29325	10280	42925	74.0	92.3
OKMULGEE	6440	1915	9404	77.1	88.8
OSAGE	4819	1399	6748	77.5	92.1
OTTAWA	3308	1253	5075	72.5	89.9
PAWNEE	1986	748	2902	72.6	94.2
PAYNE	3345	1042	4797	76.2	91.5
PITTSBURG	7771	2059	10473	79.1	93.9
PONTOTOC	4812	1453	8768	76.8	71.5
POTTAWATOMIE	6475	2606	10637	71.3	85.4
PUSHMATAHA	2347	811	4297	74.3	73.5
ROGER MILLS	1588	649	2609	71.0	85.7
ROGERS	2347	988	3698	70.4	90.2
SEMINOLE	7350	1572	9773	82.4	91.3
SEQUOYAH	3308	979	5475	77.2	78.3
STEPHENS	5120	1561	7470	76.6	89.4
TEXAS	809	375	1204	68.3	98.3
TILLMAN	2963	859	4267	77.5	89.6
TULSA	22457	7985	33671	73.8	90.4
WAGONER	1739	747	2817	70.0	88.2
WASHINGTON	3113	1070	4314	74.4	97.0
WASHITA	2501	944	4130	72.6	83.4
WOODS	1325	1008	2336	56.8	99.9
WOODWARD	1292	644	2022	66.7	95.7

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
277497	97900	427091	73.9	87.9

TABLE D-63

TAX FOR SCHOOLS
GEN ELECT NOV 5, 46
INT PET 224 ADOPT ST.Q. 314

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	1865	1772	4938	51.3	73.7
ALFALFA	1655	1479	3576	52.8	87.6
ATOKA	1339	1207	2872	52.6	88.6
BEAVER	856	1119	2263	43.3	87.3
BECKHAM	2376	1172	3839	67.0	92.4
BLAINE	1628	2041	4221	44.4	86.9
BRYAN	4054	1280	5696	76.0	93.6
CADDO	4029	2982	8110	57.5	86.4
CANADIAN	3191	2662	6543	54.5	89.5
CARTER	3876	2468	7172	61.1	88.5
CHEROKEE	2980	1732	5463	63.2	86.3
CHOCTAW	1927	1165	3449	62.3	89.6
CIMARRON	178	167	405	51.6	85.2
CLEVELAND	4015	1631	6158	71.1	91.7
COAL	890	770	1876	53.6	88.5
COMANCHE	4020	2402	7449	62.6	86.2
COTTON	1353	758	2400	64.1	88.0
CRAIG	2962	2155	6300	57.9	81.2
CREEK	8033	3156	12386	71.8	90.3
CUSTER	2476	2135	5168	53.7	89.2
DELAWARE	1717	1758	4691	49.4	74.1
DEWEY	1025	1292	2638	44.2	87.8
ELLIS	796	1088	2063	42.3	91.3
GARFIELD	6815	5236	12997	56.6	92.7
GARVIN	2861	1317	4841	68.5	86.3
GRADY	3298	2712	6988	54.9	86.0
GRANT	1587	1829	3673	46.5	93.0
GREER	1745	862	2952	66.9	88.3
HARMON	600	555	1319	51.9	87.6
HARPER	645	1005	1973	39.1	83.6
HASKELL	1731	1160	3575	59.9	80.9
HUGHES	2968	1486	5206	66.6	85.6
JACKSON	2358	1278	4195	64.9	86.7
JEFFERSON	987	942	2355	51.2	81.9
JOHNSTON	1238	1210	2746	50.6	89.1
KAY	8513	4049	13736	67.8	91.5
KINGFISHER	1226	2326	3974	34.5	89.4
KIOWA	1912	1087	3379	63.8	88.8
LATIMER	912	1148	2390	44.3	86.2
LE FLORE	3347	2374	6545	58.5	87.4
LINCOLN	2618	3331	7169	44.0	83.0
LOGAN	2939	2747	6564	51.7	86.6
LOVE	728	594	1542	55.0	85.5
MCCLAIN	1595	915	2907	63.5	86.3
MCCURTAIN	1686	1468	3527	53.5	89.4
MCINTOSH	1684	1177	3521	58.9	81.3
MAJOR	1034	1652	3037	38.5	88.4
MARSHALL	953	779	1998	55.0	86.7
MAYES	3106	2135	6353	59.3	82.5
MURRAY	1544	876	2830	63.8	85.5
MUSKOGEE	8549	3894	13881	68.7	89.6
NOBLE	2255	1518	4212	59.8	89.6
NOWATA	2509	1257	4297	66.6	87.6
OKFUSKEE	1980	1126	3554	63.7	87.4
OKLAHOMA	32154	22482	60523	58.9	90.3
OKMULGEE	6955	2946	11316	70.2	87.5
OSAGE	4855	2403	8121	66.9	89.4
OTTAWA	4217	2489	7878	62.9	85.1
PAWNEE	2697	1657	4935	61.9	88.2
PAYNE	5338	2563	8885	67.6	88.9
PITTSBURG	4235	3325	8333	56.0	90.7
PONTOTOC	3540	2383	6821	59.8	86.8
POTTAWATONIE	5592	3125	10028	64.2	86.9
PUSHMATAHA	2084	754	3097	73.4	91.6
ROGER MILLS	1018	1123	2519	47.5	85.0
ROGERS	2164	2158	4935	50.1	87.6
SEMINOLE	5303	2149	8418	71.2	88.5
SEQUOYAH	2762	1277	5212	68.4	77.5
STEPHENS	2931	1654	5217	63.9	87.9
TEXAS	892	936	2141	48.8	85.4
TILLMAN	1815	1029	3222	63.8	88.3
TULSA	38476	17841	61101	68.3	92.2
WAGONER	1891	1923	4852	49.6	78.6
WASHINGTON	4140	3328	8429	55.4	88.6
WASHITA	1652	1519	3597	52.1	88.2
WOODS	1793	2307	4272	43.7	96.0
WOODWARD	1666	1450	3464	53.5	90.0

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
271331	175257	505228	60.8	88.4

SCHOOL AID
GEN ELECT NOV 5, 46
INT PET 225 ADOPT ST.Q. 315

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	1842	1700	4938	52.0	71.7
ALFALFA	1504	1547	3576	49.3	85.3
ATOKA	1327	1210	2872	52.3	88.3
BEAVER	800	1119	2263	41.7	84.8
BECKHAM	2391	1133	3839	67.8	91.8
BLAINE	1512	2035	4221	42.6	84.0
BRYAN	4055	1251	5696	76.4	93.2
CADDO	3910	2935	8110	57.1	84.4
CANADIAN	2937	2659	6543	52.5	85.5
CARTER	3815	2436	7172	61.0	87.2
CHEROKEE	2920	1673	5463	63.6	84.1
CHOCTAW	1921	1150	3449	62.6	89.0
CIMARRON	155	169	405	47.8	80.0
CLEVELAND	3820	1634	6158	70.0	88.6
COAL	883	742	1876	54.3	86.6
COMANCHE	3935	2317	7449	62.9	83.9
COTTON	1358	747	2400	64.5	87.7
CRAIG	2878	2129	6300	57.5	79.5
CREEK	8123	3069	12386	72.6	90.4
CUSTER	2445	2110	5168	53.7	88.1
DELAWARE	1531	1717	4691	47.1	69.2
DEWEY	1022	1271	2638	44.6	86.9
ELLIS	770	1079	2063	41.6	89.6
GARFIELD	6539	5292	12997	55.3	91.0
GARVIN	2782	1310	4841	68.0	84.5
GRADY	3191	2700	6988	54.2	84.3
GRANT	1661	1857	3673	44.0	90.3
GREER	1741	832	2952	67.7	87.2
HARMON	597	547	1319	52.2	86.7
HARPER	578	1037	1973	35.8	81.9
HASKELL	1669	1135	3575	59.5	78.4
HUGHES	2988	1475	5206	67.0	85.7
JACKSON	2323	1250	4195	65.0	85.2
JEFFERSON	954	940	2355	50.4	80.4
JOHNSTON	1216	1181	2746	50.7	87.3
KAY	8151	4151	13736	66.3	89.6
KINGFISHER	1147	2339	3974	32.9	87.7
KIOWA	1883	1090	3379	63.3	88.0
LATIMER	890	1096	2390	44.8	83.1
LE FLORE	3356	2332	6545	59.0	86.9
LINCOLN	2576	3289	7169	43.9	81.8
LOGAN	2774	2770	6564	50.0	84.5
LOVE	705	586	1542	54.6	83.7
MCCLAIN	1560	902	2907	63.4	84.7
MCCURTAIN	1683	1428	3527	54.1	88.2
MCINTOSH	1631	1132	3521	59.0	78.5
MAJOR	966	1674	3037	36.6	86.9
MARSHALL	932	744	1998	55.6	83.9
MAYES	3015	2073	6353	59.3	80.1
MURRAY	1500	867	2830	63.4	83.6
MUSKOGEE	8373	3824	13881	68.6	87.9
NOBLE	2212	1513	4212	59.4	88.4
NOWATA	2444	1221	4297	66.7	85.3
OKFUSKEE	1893	1127	3554	62.7	85.0
OKLAHOMA	31116	22524	60523	58.0	88.6
OKMULGEE	6802	2880	11316	70.3	85.6
OSAGE	4734	2426	8121	66.1	88.2
OTTAWA	4106	2472	7878	62.4	83.5
PAWNEE	2630	1654	4935	61.4	86.8
PAYNE	5236	2595	8885	66.9	88.1
PITTSBURG	4133	3259	8333	55.9	88.7
PONTOTOC	3509	2316	6821	60.2	85.4
POTTAWATONIE	5466	3184	10028	63.2	86.3
PUSHMATAHA	2065	736	3097	73.7	90.4
ROGER MILLS	1020	1106	2519	48.0	84.4
ROGERS	2101	2143	4935	49.5	86.0
SEMINOLE	5251	2102	8418	71.4	87.3
SEQUOYAH	2674	1248	5212	68.2	75.2
STEPHENS	2844	1654	5217	63.2	86.2
TEXAS	842	962	2141	46.7	84.3
TILLMAN	1768	1037	3222	63.0	87.1
TULSA	37425	17961	61101	67.6	90.6
WAGONER	1812	1882	4852	49.1	76.1
WASHINGTON	3674	3370	8429	54.1	87.1
WASHITA	1643	1486	3597	52.5	87.0
WOODS	1715	2356	4272	42.1	95.3
WOODWARD	1608	1478	3464	52.2	89.0

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
264058	174374	505228	60.2	86.8

TABLE D-64

TAX. SEPARATE SCHOOLS
GEN ELECT NOV 5, 46
INT PET 226 ADOPT ST.Q. 316

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	1849	1692	4938	52.2	71.7
ALFALFA	1546	1492	3576	50.9	85.0
ATOKA	1353	1154	2872	54.0	87.3
BEAVER	765	1112	2263	40.8	82.9
BECKHAM	2637	1093	3839	69.0	92.0
BLAINE	1609	1955	4221	45.1	84.4
BRYAN	4043	1231	5696	76.7	92.6
CADDO	3999	2860	8110	58.5	84.3
CANADIAN	3252	2484	6543	56.7	87.7
CARTER	3845	2391	7172	61.7	86.9
CHEROKEE	2926	1645	5463	64.0	83.7
CHOCTAW	1926	1122	3449	63.2	88.4
CIMARRON	158	165	405	48.9	79.8
CLEVELAND	3835	1614	6158	70.4	88.5
COAL	889	751	1876	54.2	87.4
COMANCHE	3997	2218	7449	64.3	83.4
COTTON	1360	711	2400	65.7	86.3
CRAIG	2930	2070	6300	58.6	79.4
CREEK	8008	3040	12386	72.5	89.2
CUSTER	2499	2033	5168	55.1	87.7
DELAWARE	1644	1689	4691	49.3	71.1
DEWEY	1014	1242	2638	44.9	85.5
ELLIS	770	1064	2063	42.0	88.9
GARFIELD	6789	5067	12997	57.3	91.2
GARVIN	2832	1277	4841	68.9	84.9
GRADY	3247	2606	6988	55.5	83.8
GRANT	1482	1854	3673	44.4	90.8
GREER	1743	812	2952	68.2	86.6
HARMON	611	523	1319	53.9	86.0
HARPER	598	1019	1973	37.0	82.0
HASKELL	1666	1105	3575	60.1	77.5
HUGHES	2996	1447	5206	67.4	85.3
JACKSON	2370	1205	4195	66.3	85.2
JEFFERSON	953	897	2355	51.5	78.6
JOHNSTON	1228	1178	2746	51.0	87.6
KAY	8323	4010	13736	67.5	89.8
KINGFISHER	1229	2297	3974	34.9	88.7
KIOWA	1906	1064	3379	64.2	87.9
LATIMER	924	1075	2390	46.2	83.6
LE FLORE	3350	2298	6545	59.3	86.3
LINCOLN	2574	3246	7169	44.2	81.2
LOGAN	2833	2710	6564	51.1	84.4
LOVE	732	568	1542	56.3	84.3
MCCLAIN	1600	875	2907	64.6	85.1
MCCURTAIN	1703	1406	3527	54.8	88.1
MCINTOSH	1631	1110	3521	59.5	77.8
MAJOR	1011	1606	3037	38.6	86.2
MARSHALL	937	717	1998	56.7	82.8
MAYES	3069	2014	6353	60.4	80.0
MURRAY	1502	845	2830	64.0	82.9
MUSKOGEE	8215	3785	13881	68.5	86.4
NOBLE	2217	1494	4212	59.7	88.1
NOWATA	2481	1172	4297	67.9	85.0
OKFUSKEE	1905	1097	3554	63.5	84.5
OKLAHOMA	31755	21891	60523	59.2	38.6
OKMULGEE	6842	2867	11316	70.5	85.8
OSAGE	4798	2354	8121	67.1	38.1
OTTAWA	4162	2415	7878	63.3	83.5
PAWNEE	2667	1589	4935	62.7	86.2
PAYNE	5298	2525	8885	67.7	88.0
PITTSBURG	4212	3178	8333	57.0	88.7
PONTOTOC	3539	2277	6821	60.8	85.3
POTTAWATOMIE	5540	3080	10028	64.3	86.0
PUSHMATAHA	2070	713	3097	74.4	89.9
ROGER MILLS	1035	1096	2519	48.6	84.6
ROGERS	2147	2083	4935	50.8	85.7
SEMINOLE	5344	2046	8418	72.3	87.8
SEQUOYAH	2676	1217	5212	68.7	74.7
STEPHENS	2944	1556	5217	65.4	86.3
TEXAS	821	959	2141	46.1	83.1
TILLMAN	1804	1002	3222	64.3	87.1
TULSA	37619	17669	61101	68.0	90.5
WAGONER	1809	1831	4852	49.7	75.0
WASHINGTON	4133	3233	8429	56.1	87.4
WASHITA	1666	1448	3597	53.5	86.6
WOODS	1722	2338	4272	42.4	95.0
WOODWARD	1635	1417	3464	53.6	88.1

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
267549	169971	505228	61.2	86.6

FREE TEXTBOOKS
GEN ELECT NOV 5, 46
INT PET 226 ADOPT ST.Q. 316

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	1822	1564	4938	53.8	88.6
ALFALFA	1415	1575	3576	47.3	83.6
ATOKA	1363	1073	2872	56.0	84.8
BEAVER	821	1112	2263	42.5	85.4
BECKHAM	2410	1091	3839	68.8	91.2
BLAINE	1513	2026	4221	42.8	83.8
BRYAN	4064	1157	5696	77.8	91.7
CADDO	3894	2756	8110	58.6	82.0
CANADIAN	2954	2584	6543	53.3	84.6
CARTER	3793	2317	7172	62.1	85.2
CHEROKEE	2841	1550	5463	64.7	80.4
CHOCTAW	1919	1048	3449	64.7	86.0
CIMARRON	153	170	405	47.4	79.8
CLEVELAND	3779	1723	6158	68.7	89.3
COAL	874	720	1876	54.8	85.0
COMANCHE	3925	2155	7449	64.6	81.6
COTTON	1354	659	2400	67.3	83.9
CRAIG	2863	1995	6300	58.9	77.1
CREEK	7873	3011	12386	72.3	87.9
CUSTER	2452	2075	5168	54.2	87.6
DELAWARE	1791	1546	4691	53.7	71.1
DEWEY	1032	1221	2638	45.8	85.4
ELLIS	710	962	2063	42.5	81.0
GARFIELD	6478	5165	12997	55.6	89.6
GARVIN	2780	1269	4841	68.7	83.6
GRADY	3083	2675	6988	53.5	82.4
GRANT	1296	1987	3673	39.5	89.4
GREER	1700	863	2952	66.9	86.1
HARMON	608	533	1319	53.3	86.5
HARPER	657	983	1973	40.1	83.1
HASKELL	1683	1058	3575	61.4	76.7
HUGHES	2953	1402	5206	67.8	83.7
JACKSON	2282	1235	4195	64.9	83.8
JEFFERSON	976	901	2355	52.0	79.7
JOHNSTON	1283	1103	2746	53.8	86.9
KAY	7905	4169	13736	65.5	87.9
KINGFISHER	1109	2345	3974	32.1	86.9
KIOWA	1778	1118	3379	61.4	85.7
LATIMER	958	1045	2390	47.8	83.8
LE FLORE	3339	2190	6545	60.4	84.5
LINCOLN	2516	3167	7169	44.3	79.3
LOGAN	2859	2594	6564	52.4	83.1
LOVE	743	545	1542	57.7	83.5
MCCLAIN	1511	850	2907	64.0	81.2
MCCURTAIN	1739	1291	3527	57.4	85.9
MCINTOSH	1540	1028	3521	60.0	72.9
MAJOR	963	1662	3037	36.7	86.4
MARSHALL	960	693	1998	58.1	82.7
MAYES	3037	1958	6353	60.8	78.6
MURRAY	1515	798	2830	65.5	81.7
MUSKOGEE	8138	3640	13881	69.1	84.8
NOBLE	2179	1484	4212	59.5	87.0
NOWATA	2434	1132	4297	68.3	83.0
OKFUSKEE	1870	1029	3554	64.5	81.6
OKLAHOMA	30696	21963	60523	58.3	87.0
OKMULGEE	6642	2793	11316	70.4	83.4
OSAGE	4712	2312	8121	67.1	86.5
OTTAWA	4205	2267	7878	65.0	82.2
PAWNEE	2555	1614	4935	61.3	84.5
PAYNE	5073	2577	8885	66.3	86.1
PITTSBURG	4119	3113	8333	57.0	86.8
PONTOTOC	3487	2285	6821	60.4	84.6
POTTAWATOMIE	5464	2993	10028	64.6	84.3
PUSHMATAHA	2038	700	3097	74.4	88.4
ROGER MILLS	1016	1075	2519	48.6	83.0
ROGERS	2152	1995	4935	51.9	84.0
SEMINOLE	5304	1978	8418	72.8	86.5
SEQUOYAH	2609	1144	5212	69.5	72.0
STEPHENS	2794	1628	5217	63.2	84.8
TEXAS	861	936	2141	47.9	83.9
TILLMAN	1680	1071	3222	61.1	85.4
TULSA	37093	17033	61101	68.5	88.6
WAGONER	1819	1723	4852	51.4	73.0
WASHINGTON	4127	3106	8429	57.1	85.8
WASHITA	1620	1430	3597	53.1	84.8
WOODS	1663	2389	4272	41.0	94.9
WOODWARD	1591	1456	3464	52.2	88.0

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
261807	167563	505228	61.0	85.0

TABLE D-65

SCHOOL TAX LEVY
SP PRI ELEC JUL 6, 48
LEG REF 092 ADOPT ST.Q. 327

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	1541	830	2711	65.0	87.5
ALFALFA	991	646	1702	60.5	96.2
ATOKA	2551	1239	4393	67.3	86.3
BEAVER	513	411	1046	55.5	88.3
BECKHAM	2549	996	4249	71.9	83.4
BLAINE	1439	859	2310	62.6	99.5
BRYAN	5294	1848	8302	74.1	86.0
CADDO	3291	1692	5672	66.0	87.9
CANADIAN	3091	1335	4693	69.8	94.3
CARTER	6135	1962	9456	75.8	85.6
CHEROKEE	2363	1191	4306	66.5	82.5
CHOCTAW	2905	1101	4858	72.5	82.5
CIMARRON	418	249	752	62.7	88.7
CLEVELAND	4133	1531	6363	73.0	89.0
COAL	1473	809	2684	64.5	85.0
COMANCHE	3790	1534	5915	71.2	90.0
COTTON	1351	753	2587	64.2	81.3
CRAIG	2253	1598	4347	58.5	88.6
CREEK	4771	1573	6701	75.2	94.7
CUSTER	3034	1310	5042	69.8	86.2
DELAWARE	1791	994	3206	64.3	86.9
DEWEY	847	492	1516	63.3	88.3
ELLIS	638	582	1340	52.3	91.0
GARFIELD	4340	2383	7007	64.6	95.9
GARVIN	4138	1517	6806	73.2	83.1
GRADY	4450	1585	7765	73.7	77.7
GRANT	703	823	1592	46.1	95.9
GREER	1954	790	3351	71.2	81.9
HARMON	1038	456	2358	69.5	63.4
HARPER	672	600	1388	52.8	91.6
HASKELL	1869	726	3098	72.0	83.8
HUGHES	3357	1395	5725	70.6	83.0
JACKSON	2996	1030	5004	74.4	80.5
JEFFERSON	1735	803	2956	68.4	85.9
JOHNSTON	2225	949	3797	70.1	83.6
KAY	4323	1992	6659	68.8	94.8
KINGFISHER	1343	1222	2611	52.4	98.2
KIOWA	2559	998	4263	71.9	83.4
LATIMER	1730	824	3114	67.7	82.0
LE FLORE	3485	1591	6085	68.7	83.4
LINCOLN	1957	1242	3575	61.2	89.5
LOGAN	1889	1033	2860	64.6	102.2
LOVE	1402	594	2360	70.2	84.6
MCCLAIN	2209	891	3653	71.3	84.9
MCCURTAIN	4031	1611	6169	71.4	91.5
MCINTOSH	1838	2458	4763	42.8	90.2
MAJOR	658	605	1291	52.1	97.8
MARSHALL	1878	675	3257	73.6	78.4
MAYES	2136	846	3583	71.6	83.2
MURRAY	1862	760	3200	71.0	81.9
MUSKOGEE	8420	3379	13062	71.4	90.3
NOBLE	1048	977	2148	51.8	94.3
NOWATA	1224	557	1857	68.7	95.9
OKFUSKEE	2534	822	4187	75.5	80.2
OKLAHOMA	35250	13723	53287	72.0	91.9
OKMULGEE	4828	1799	7187	72.9	92.2
OSAGE	4151	1295	5877	76.2	92.7
OTTAWA	3874	1528	5915	71.7	91.3
PAWNEE	1521	787	2389	65.9	96.6
PAYNE	3631	1232	5205	74.7	93.4
PITTSBURG	6311	2158	9478	74.5	89.4
PONTOTOC	4691	1618	8083	74.4	78.1
POTTAWATOMIE	5651	2448	9125	69.8	88.8
PUSHMATAHA	2286	1135	3929	66.8	87.1
ROGER MILLS	1252	682	2255	64.7	85.8
ROGERS	2928	1272	4913	69.7	85.5
SEMINOLE	5453	1751	8513	75.7	84.6
SEQUOYAH	3015	755	4636	80.0	81.3
STEPHENS	3334	1233	5362	73.0	85.2
TEXAS	807	454	1372	64.0	91.9
TILLMAN	2494	1000	4095	71.4	85.3
TULSA	19886	5341	25844	78.8	97.6
WAGONER	1722	698	2650	71.2	91.3
WASHINGTON	3288	1120	4543	74.6	97.0
WASHITA	2158	1139	4172	65.5	79.0
WOODS	1300	1065	2574	55.0	91.9
WOODWARD	819	584	1472	58.4	95.3

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
251815	106486	406573	70.4	88.6

STATE COLLEGE REGENTS
SP PRI ELEC JUL 6, 48
LEG REF 093 ADOPT ST.Q. 328

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	1383	846	2711	62.0	82.2
ALFALFA	863	677	1702	56.0	90.5
ATOKA	1670	1421	4393	56.8	74.9
BEAVER	349	468	1046	42.7	78.1
BECKHAM	1813	1230	4249	59.6	71.6
BLAINE	1059	1046	2310	50.3	91.1
BRYAN	4510	1926	8302	70.1	77.5
CADDO	2557	2052	5672	55.5	81.3
CANADIAN	2425	1758	4693	58.0	89.1
CARTER	4918	2444	9458	66.8	77.8
CHEROKEE	2248	1167	4306	65.8	79.3
CHOCTAW	2277	1278	4858	64.1	73.2
CIMARRON	295	307	752	49.0	80.1
CLEVELAND	3421	1746	6363	66.2	81.2
COAL	1139	930	2684	55.1	77.1
COMANCHE	2924	1909	5915	60.5	81.7
COTTON	917	917	2587	50.0	70.9
CRAIG	1799	1772	4347	50.4	82.1
CREEK	3786	1934	6701	66.2	85.4
CUSTER	2487	1532	5042	61.9	79.7
DELAWARE	1411	1149	3206	55.1	79.9
DEWEY	569	672	1516	45.9	81.9
ELLIS	454	686	1340	39.8	85.1
GARFIELD	3174	3053	7007	51.0	88.9
GARVIN	2994	1713	6806	63.6	69.2
GRADY	3231	2071	7765	60.9	68.3
GRANT	497	964	1592	34.0	91.8
GREER	1452	960	3351	60.2	72.0
HARMON	652	575	2358	53.1	52.0
HARPER	493	691	1388	41.6	85.3
HASKELL	1487	766	3098	66.0	72.7
HUGHES	2660	1534	5725	63.4	73.3
JACKSON	2081	1317	5004	61.2	67.9
JEFFERSON	1333	943	2956	58.6	77.0
JOHNSTON	1729	1087	3797	61.4	74.2
KAY	3506	2371	6659	59.7	88.3
KINGFISHER	969	1464	2611	39.8	93.2
KIOWA	1997	1160	4263	63.3	74.1
LATIMER	1211	1017	3114	54.4	71.5
LE FLORE	2614	1726	6085	60.2	71.3
LINCOLN	1361	1559	3575	46.6	81.7
LOGAN	1435	1244	2860	53.6	93.7
LOVE	970	647	2360	60.0	68.5
MCCLAIN	1629	1075	3653	60.2	74.0
MCCURTAIN	2947	1965	6169	60.0	79.6
MCINTOSH	1657	2358	4763	41.3	84.3
MAJOR	423	718	1291	37.1	38.4
MARSHALL	1448	729	3257	66.5	66.8
MAYES	1736	1005	3583	63.3	76.5
MURRAY	1420	874	3200	61.9	71.7
MUSKOGEE	7340	3577	13062	67.2	83.6
NOBLE	756	1126	2148	40.2	87.6
NOWATA	951	674	1857	58.5	87.5
OKFUSKEE	2012	1032	4187	66.1	72.7
OKLAHOMA	29208	16414	53287	64.0	85.6
OKMULGEE	4217	2050	7187	67.3	87.2
OSAGE	3267	1660	5877	66.3	83.8
OTTAWA	3180	1736	5915	64.7	83.1
PAWNEE	1109	1015	2389	52.2	88.9
PAYNE	3081	1486	5205	67.5	87.7
PITTSBURG	4824	2692	9478	64.2	79.3
PONTOTOC	3788	1851	8083	67.2	69.8
POTTAWATOMIE	3830	3347	9125	53.4	78.7
PUSHMATAHA	1660	1348	3929	55.2	76.6
ROGER MILLS	766	899	2255	46.0	73.8
ROGERS	2209	1536	4913	59.0	76.2
SEMINOLE	4198	2154	8513	66.1	74.6
SEQUOYAH	2272	936	4636	70.8	69.2
STEPHENS	2605	1485	5362	63.7	76.3
TEXAS	586	513	1372	53.3	80.1
TILLMAN	1721	1281	4095	57.3	73.3
TULSA	17111	8143	25844	73.6	90.0
WAGONER	1378	757	2650	64.5	80.6
WASHINGTON	2756	1348	4543	67.2	90.3
WASHITA	1508	1372	4172	52.4	69.0
WOODS	1293	1034	2574	55.6	90.4
WOODWARD	642	666	1472	49.1	88.9

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
280988	125585	406573	61.5	80.3

TABLE D-66

LEGISLATOR PAY RAISE
SP PRI ELEC JUL 6, 48
LEG REF 094 ADOPT ST.Q. 329

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	1147	972	2711	54.1	78.2
ALFALFA	556	985	1702	36.1	90.5
ATOKA	1489	1836	4393	44.8	75.7
BEAVER	389	493	1046	44.1	84.3
BECKHAM	1530	1633	4249	48.4	74.4
BLAINE	813	1289	2310	38.7	91.0
BRYAN	3615	2599	8302	58.2	74.8
CADDO	2016	2574	5672	43.9	80.9
CANADIAN	1770	2426	4693	42.2	89.4
CARTER	3879	3237	9458	54.5	75.2
CHEROKEE	1673	1490	4306	52.9	73.5
CHOCTAW	1901	1533	4658	55.4	70.7
CIMARRON	269	335	752	44.5	80.3
CLEVELAND	2677	2529	6363	51.4	81.8
COAL	996	1054	2684	48.6	76.4
COMANCHE	2383	2464	5915	49.2	81.9
COTTON	769	1151	2587	40.1	74.2
CRAIG	1445	2053	4347	41.3	80.5
CREEK	3259	2447	6701	57.1	85.2
CUSTER	1913	2053	5042	48.2	78.7
DELAWARE	1311	1260	3206	51.0	80.2
DEWEY	485	778	1516	38.4	83.3
ELLIS	384	792	1340	32.7	87.8
GARFIELD	2569	3779	7007	40.5	90.6
GARVIN	2486	2281	6806	52.2	70.0
GRADY	2544	2751	7765	48.0	68.2
GRANT	434	1029	1592	29.7	91.9
GREER	1341	1130	3351	54.3	73.7
HARMON	655	619	2358	51.4	54.0
HARPER	439	783	1388	35.9	88.0
HASKELL	1294	917	3098	58.5	71.4
HUGHES	2097	2040	5725	50.7	72.3
JACKSON	1779	1630	5004	52.2	66.1
JEFFERSON	1084	1161	2956	48.3	75.9
JOHNSTON	1438	1423	3797	52.1	72.7
KAY	2812	3042	6659	46.0	87.9
KINGFISHER	721	1724	2611	29.5	93.6
KIOWA	1686	1522	4263	52.6	75.3
LATIMER	961	1303	3114	42.4	72.7
LE FLORE	2192	2125	6085	50.8	70.9
LINCOLN	1046	1891	3575	35.6	82.2
LOGAN	1019	1608	2860	38.8	91.9
LOVE	839	765	2360	52.3	68.0
MCCLAIN	1235	1469	3653	45.7	74.0
MCCURTAIN	2691	2312	6169	53.8	81.1
MCINTOSH	1456	2434	4763	37.4	81.7
MAJOR	356	842	1291	29.8	93.0
MARSHALL	1274	910	3257	58.3	67.1
MAYES	1441	1247	3563	53.6	75.0
MURRAY	1179	1133	3200	51.0	72.3
MUSKOGEE	6771	4006	13062	62.8	82.5
NOBLE	631	1295	2148	32.8	89.7
NOWATA	835	785	1857	51.5	87.2
OKFUSKEE	1860	1115	4187	62.5	71.1
OKLAHOMA	22447	22659	53287	49.8	84.6
OKMULGEE	3678	2453	7187	60.0	85.3
OSAGE	2848	2094	5877	57.6	84.1
OTTAWA	2739	2161	5915	55.9	82.8
PAWNEE	956	1199	2389	44.4	90.2
PAYNE	2418	2168	5205	52.7	88.1
PITTSBURG	3802	3361	9478	53.1	75.6
PONTOTOC	2954	2601	8083	53.2	68.7
POTTAWATOMIE	2932	4636	9125	38.7	82.9
PUSHMATAHA	1411	1559	3929	47.5	75.6
ROGER MILLS	653	1091	2255	37.4	77.3
ROGERS	1995	1844	4913	52.0	78.1
SEMINOLE	3311	3023	8513	52.3	74.4
SEQUOYAH	1998	1251	4636	61.5	70.1
STEPHENS	2051	2002	5362	50.6	75.6
TEXAS	552	602	1372	47.8	84.1
TILLMAN	1541	1505	4095	50.6	74.4
TULSA	15406	7740	25844	66.6	89.6
WAGONER	1223	853	2650	58.9	78.3
WASHINGTON	2473	1650	4543	60.0	90.8
WASHITA	1207	1733	4172	41.1	70.5
WOODS	965	1313	2574	42.4	85.5
WOODWARD	557	773	1472	41.9	90.4

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
165953	159225	406573	51.0	80.0

REPEAL PROHIBITION
SP ELECT SEPT 27, 49
INT PET 248 REJECT ST.Q. 343

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	697	2128	2825	24.7	100.0
ALFALFA	866	3156	4022	21.5	100.0
ATOKA	791	2069	2860	27.7	100.0
BEAVER	600	1770	2370	25.3	100.0
BECKHAM	1393	3996	5389	25.8	100.0
BLAINE	1979	2532	4511	43.9	100.0
BRYAN	2357	5085	7442	31.7	100.0
CADDO	2996	5831	8827	33.9	100.0
CANADIAN	4301	3871	8172	52.6	100.0
CARTER	3920	4892	8812	44.5	100.0
CHEROKEE	1466	2223	3689	39.7	100.0
CHOCTAW	1221	2633	3854	31.7	100.0
CIMARRON	348	893	1241	28.0	100.0
CLEVELAND	5007	4825	9832	50.9	100.0
COAL	975	899	1874	52.0	100.0
COMANCHE	5486	4930	10416	52.7	100.0
COTTON	578	2172	2750	21.0	100.0
CRAIG	2044	2454	4498	45.4	100.0
CREEK	5277	5782	11059	47.7	100.0
CUSTER	2362	4511	6873	34.4	100.0
DELAWARE	1225	1958	3183	38.5	100.0
DEWEY	837	2033	2870	29.2	100.0
ELLIS	673	1829	2502	26.9	100.0
GARFIELD	6542	9723	16265	40.2	100.0
GARVIN	2401	4437	6838	35.1	100.0
GRADY	3471	5527	8998	38.6	100.0
GRANT	1146	2635	3781	30.3	100.0
GREER	759	2401	3160	24.0	100.0
HARMON	308	2104	2412	12.8	100.0
HARPER	574	1442	2016	28.5	100.0
HASKELL	600	2133	2733	22.0	100.0
HUGHES	1543	4310	5853	26.4	100.0
JACKSON	1333	4334	5667	23.5	100.0
JEFFERSON	754	2281	3035	24.8	100.0
JOHNSTON	812	1920	2732	29.7	100.0
KAY	6610	7847	14457	45.7	100.0
KINGFISHER	2070	2420	4490	46.1	100.0
KIOWA	1698	3915	5613	30.3	100.0
LATIMER	753	1735	2488	30.3	100.0
LE FLORE	1563	5940	7503	20.8	100.0
LINCOLN	1978	4574	6552	30.2	100.0
LOGAN	2696	3622	6318	42.7	100.0
LOVE	418	1350	1768	23.6	100.0
MCCLAIN	1304	2171	3475	37.5	100.0
MCCURTAIN	1736	3406	5142	33.8	100.0
MCINTOSH	1472	1743	3215	45.8	100.0
MAJOR	723	2765	3488	20.7	100.0
MARSHALL	728	1647	2375	30.7	100.0
MAYES	2173	3115	5288	41.1	100.0
MURRAY	1092	2111	3203	34.1	100.0
MUSKOGEE	10020	6135	16155	62.0	100.0
NOBLE	1953	2067	4020	48.6	100.0
NOWATA	1582	1689	3271	48.4	100.0
OKFUSKEE	1264	2437	3701	34.2	100.0
OKLAHOMA	58579	37826	96405	60.8	100.0
OKMULGEE	5567	4970	10537	52.8	100.0
OSAGE	4896	3834	8730	56.1	100.0
OTTAWA	3300	4055	7355	44.9	100.0
PAWNEE	1511	2551	4062	37.2	100.0
PAYNE	4177	6804	10981	38.0	100.0
PITTSBURG	4415	4953	9368	47.1	100.0
PONTOTOC	2111	6161	8272	25.5	100.0
POTTAWATOMIE	4499	8228	12727	35.4	100.0
PUSHMATAHA	933	1601	2534	36.8	100.0
ROGER MILLS	563	1632	2195	25.6	100.0
ROGERS	2536	2473	5009	50.6	100.0
SEMINOLE	3743	5748	9491	39.4	100.0
SEQUOYAH	1143	2149	3292	34.7	100.0
STEPHENS	3637	6791	10428	34.9	100.0
TEXAS	1006	2731	3737	26.9	100.0
TILLMAN	804	3963	4767	16.9	100.0
TULSA	43859	24002	67861	64.6	100.0
WAGONER	1552	1758	3310	46.9	100.0
WASHINGTON	5472	4110	9582	57.1	100.0
WASHITA	1273	4215	5488	23.2	100.0
WOODS	1496	3296	4792	31.2	100.0
WOODWARD	1323	3011	4334	30.5	100.0

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
267870	323270	591140	45.3	100.0

TABLE D-67

CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT
SP ELECT SEPT 27, 49
LEG REF 099 ADOPT ST.Q. 368

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	1468	1300	2768	53.0	100.0
ALFALFA	2116	1824	3940	53.7	100.0
ATOKA	862	1902	2764	31.2	100.0
BEAVER	1059	1228	2287	46.3	100.0
BECKHAM	2121	3066	5187	40.9	100.0
BLAINE	2609	1850	4459	58.5	100.0
BRYAN	3049	4269	7318	41.7	100.0
CADDO	4182	4448	8630	48.5	100.0
CANADIAN	5080	3029	8109	62.6	100.0
CARTER	4504	3963	8467	53.2	100.0
CHEROKEE	2278	1374	3652	62.4	100.0
CHOCTAW	1814	1968	3782	48.0	100.0
CIMARRON	674	527	1201	56.1	100.0
CLEVELAND	7234	2488	9722	74.4	100.0
COAL	843	1021	1864	45.2	100.0
COMANCHE	6920	3368	10288	67.3	100.0
COTTON	1045	1601	2646	39.5	100.0
CRAIG	2456	2053	4509	54.5	100.0
CREEK	6365	4591	10956	58.1	100.0
CUSTER	3598	3157	6755	53.3	100.0
DELAWARE	1600	1530	3130	51.1	100.0
DEWEY	1628	1200	2828	57.6	100.0
ELLIS	1101	1343	2444	45.0	100.0
GARFIELD	8527	7555	16082	53.0	100.0
GARVIN	3720	2953	6673	55.7	100.0
GRADY	5238	3604	8842	59.2	100.0
GRANT	1741	2002	3743	46.5	100.0
GREER	1550	1519	3069	50.5	100.0
HARMON	1005	1282	2287	43.9	100.0
HARPER	889	1085	1974	45.0	100.0
HASKELL	1606	1054	2660	60.4	100.0
HUGHES	2980	2723	5703	52.3	100.0
JACKSON	2602	2857	5459	47.7	100.0
JEFFERSON	1058	1894	2952	35.8	100.0
JOHNSTON	759	1875	2634	28.8	100.0
KAY	8624	5563	14187	60.8	100.0
KINGFISHER	2115	2330	4445	47.6	100.0
KIOWA	2481	2973	5454	45.5	100.0
LATIMER	1063	1516	2579	41.2	100.0
LE FLORE	3267	3953	7220	45.2	100.0
LINCOLN	2565	3983	6548	39.2	100.0
LOGAN	3253	2969	6222	52.3	100.0
LOVE	394	1354	1748	22.5	100.0
MCCLAIN	1948	1461	3409	57.1	100.0
MCCURTAIN	2448	2544	4992	49.0	100.0
MCINTOSH	1946	1238	3184	61.1	100.0
MAJOR	1534	1967	3501	43.8	100.0
MARSHALL	303	2074	2377	12.7	100.0
MAYES	3402	1772	5174	65.8	100.0
MURRAY	1839	1299	3138	58.6	100.0
MUSKOGEE	11448	4601	16049	71.3	100.0
NOBLE	1981	2011	3992	49.6	100.0
NOWATA	1767	1425	3192	55.4	100.0
OKFUSKEE	1746	1902	3648	47.9	100.0
OKLAHOMA	64405	31280	95685	67.3	100.0
OKMULGEE	6439	4052	10491	61.4	100.0
OSAGE	5853	2840	8693	67.3	100.0
OTTAWA	4209	3005	7214	58.3	100.0
PAWNEE	1866	2171	4037	46.2	100.0
PAYNE	6878	4019	10897	63.1	100.0
PITTSBURG	3522	5751	9273	38.0	100.0
PONTOTOC	3985	3999	7984	49.9	100.0
POTTAWATOMIE	6415	6142	12557	51.1	100.0
PUSHMATAHA	1060	1407	2467	43.0	100.0
ROGER MILLS	1017	1147	2164	47.0	100.0
ROGERS	3040	1962	5002	60.8	100.0
SEMINOLE	5076	4192	9268	54.8	100.0
SEQUOYAH	2285	982	3267	69.9	100.0
STEPHENS	5728	4408	10136	56.5	100.0
TEXAS	2053	1606	3659	56.1	100.0
TILLMAN	2462	2141	4603	53.5	100.0
TULSA	52168	15342	67760	77.3	100.0
WAGONER	2196	1090	3286	66.8	100.0
WASHINGTON	5716	3814	9530	60.0	100.0
WASHITA	2507	2769	5276	47.5	100.0
WOODS	2230	2497	4727	47.2	100.0
WOODWARD	2185	2086	4271	51.2	100.0

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
343900	239190	583090	59.0	100.0

WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION LAW
SP PRI ELEC JUL 4, 50
LEG REF C96 ADOPT ST.Q. 345

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	2954	642	4009	82.1	89.7
ALFALFA	2291	688	3143	76.9	94.8
ATOKA	3954	899	5496	81.5	88.3
BEAVER	1550	693	2279	69.1	98.4
BECKHAM	4286	1041	6062	80.5	87.9
BLAINE	2743	1028	3862	72.7	97.6
BRYAN	7691	1574	10530	83.0	88.0
CADDO	6592	1454	8883	81.9	90.6
CANADIAN	5144	1334	6873	79.4	94.3
CARTER	8147	1472	11471	84.7	83.9
CHEROKEE	2968	572	4047	83.8	87.5
CHOCTAW	5022	1178	6897	81.0	89.9
CIMARRON	815	312	1223	72.3	92.2
CLEVELAND	7087	1092	8840	86.6	92.5
COAL	2671	474	3316	84.9	94.8
COMANCHE	7431	1632	9689	82.0	93.5
COTTON	1503	502	2383	75.0	84.1
CRAIG	3444	1099	5354	75.8	84.9
CREEK	8139	1081	9554	88.3	96.5
CUSTER	3603	1549	5735	69.9	89.8
DELAWARE	2745	647	3631	80.9	93.4
DEWEY	1835	683	2750	72.9	91.6
ELLIS	1293	527	1946	71.0	93.5
GARFIELD	8152	2180	10216	78.9	101.1
GARVIN	6291	1243	9141	83.5	82.4
GRADY	7754	1430	10173	84.4	90.3
GRANT	2043	1161	3243	63.8	98.8
GREER	2865	677	4061	80.9	87.2
HARMON	1970	566	3074	77.7	82.5
HARPER	1248	514	1857	70.8	94.9
HASKELL	3209	432	4440	88.1	82.0
HUGHES	4957	849	6750	85.4	86.0
JACKSON	5028	902	6723	84.8	88.2
JEFFERSON	3047	691	4258	81.5	87.8
JOHNSTON	3274	576	4586	85.0	84.0
KAY	7848	1927	9883	80.3	98.9
KINGFISHER	2434	1389	3637	63.7	105.1
KIOWA	4339	1175	6374	78.7	86.5
LATIMER	2722	494	3923	84.6	82.0
LE FLORE	6141	929	8765	86.9	80.7
LINCOLN	4297	1164	5828	78.7	93.7
LOGAN	4082	864	4710	82.5	105.0
LOVE	2247	472	3222	82.6	84.4
MCCLAIN	3160	587	4188	84.3	89.5
MCCURTAIN	7273	1248	9658	85.4	88.2
MCINTOSH	3434	866	4951	79.9	86.9
MAJOR	1361	759	2006	64.2	105.7
MARSHALL	2617	502	4157	83.9	75.0
MAYES	4299	896	5675	82.8	91.5
MURRAY	2864	522	4306	84.6	78.6
MUSKOGEE	12043	2051	15741	85.4	89.5
NOBLE	2469	928	3498	72.7	97.1
NOWATA	2601	652	3222	80.0	101.0
OKFUSKEE	3517	802	4877	81.4	88.6
OKLAHOMA	56961	9462	72534	85.8	91.6
OKMULGEE	8157	1121	9630	87.9	96.3
OSAGE	6229	892	7569	87.5	94.1
OTTAWA	3320	3573	6936	48.2	99.4
PAWNEE	2670	697	3575	79.3	94.2
PAYNE	6473	1067	7884	85.8	95.6
PITTSBURG	9819	1196	12931	89.1	85.2
PONTOTOC	7004	1095	9620	86.5	84.2
POTTAWATOMIE	8985	1899	11918	82.6	91.3
PUSHMATAHA	3718	704	5162	84.1	85.7
ROGER MILLS	1993	606	3036	76.7	85.6
ROGERS	4146	780	5254	84.2	93.8
SEMINOLE	8601	1545	11046	84.8	91.9
SEQUOYAH	4612	666	6374	87.4	82.8
STEPHENS	7340	928	8785	88.8	94.1
TEXAS	2127	604	2857	77.9	95.6
TILLMAN	3511	851	4840	80.5	90.1
TULSA	37623	5652	45890	86.9	94.3
WAGONER	3226	606	4052	84.2	94.6
WASHINGTON	5602	898	6547	86.2	99.3
WASHITA	2846	1191	4806	70.5	84.0
WOODS	2557	1172	3685	68.6	101.2
WOODWARD	2504	729	3300	77.5	98.0

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
423518	89555	563347	82.5	91.1

TABLE D-68

CREATION OF HIGHWAY COMMISSION
GEN ELECT NOV 7. 50
INT PET 234 REJECT ST.Q. 325

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	897	2432	5584	26.9	59.6
ALFALFA	353	3564	4730	9.0	82.8
ATOKA	388	2566	4159	13.1	71.0
BEAVER	206	2283	3027	8.3	82.2
BECKHAM	328	4219	5353	7.2	84.9
BLAINE	598	4010	5681	13.0	81.1
BRYAN	860	4180	7236	17.1	69.7
CADDO	1307	6214	10469	17.4	71.8
CANADIAN	1761	5388	8685	24.6	82.3
CARTER	1419	5690	10026	20.0	70.9
CHEROKEE	679	3494	5658	16.3	73.8
CHOCTAW	628	2692	4868	18.9	68.2
CIMARRON	131	1155	1510	10.2	85.2
CLEVELAND	2512	4585	9357	35.4	75.8
COAL	257	1494	2282	14.7	76.7
COMANCHE	1661	5270	9127	24.0	75.9
COTTON	251	1574	2681	13.8	68.1
CRAIG	852	3780	5611	18.4	82.6
CREEK	3678	6997	14211	34.5	75.1
CUSTER	978	4154	6806	19.1	75.4
DELAWARE	694	3191	5847	17.9	66.4
DEWEY	368	2484	3517	12.9	81.1
ELLIS	178	2453	3061	6.8	86.0
GARFIELD	4504	10366	17298	30.3	86.0
GARVIN	748	4736	7168	13.6	76.5
GRADY	1381	5658	9608	19.6	73.3
GRANT	489	3684	4903	11.7	85.1
GREER	159	2718	3388	5.5	84.9
HARMON	84	1794	2193	4.5	85.6
HARPER	246	2170	2973	10.2	81.3
HASKELL	465	1851	3221	20.1	71.9
HUGHES	845	2995	5654	22.0	67.9
JACKSON	685	3171	5315	17.8	72.5
JEFFERSON	276	2067	3031	11.8	77.3
JOHNSTON	404	1799	3349	18.3	65.8
KAY	3832	10414	17663	26.9	80.7
KINGFISHER	509	4242	5613	10.7	84.6
KIOWA	496	3594	5182	12.1	78.9
LATIMER	272	1740	2659	13.5	75.7
LE FLORE	904	4114	7602	18.0	66.0
LINCOLN	980	5333	6696	15.5	94.3
LOGAN	1396	4608	7958	23.3	75.4
LOVE	176	1191	1940	12.9	70.5
MCCLAIN	558	2150	3824	20.6	70.8
MCCURTAIN	578	4058	6337	12.5	73.2
MCINTOSH	661	1810	4252	26.8	58.1
MAJOR	322	2743	3564	10.5	86.0
MARSHALL	314	1135	2385	21.7	60.8
MAYES	1522	3569	7535	29.9	67.6
MURRAY	554	1567	3458	26.1	61.3
MUSKOGEE	4063	7502	16916	35.1	68.4
NOBLE	610	3832	5326	13.7	83.4
NOWATA	1311	2012	5026	39.5	66.1
OKFUSKEE	691	2158	4048	24.3	70.4
OKLAHOMA	24307	45728	90149	34.7	77.7
OKMULGEE	3185	4930	11709	39.2	69.3
OSAGE	2424	5324	10156	31.3	76.3
OTTAWA	1821	4955	9925	26.9	68.3
PAWNEE	1409	2845	5812	33.1	73.2
PAYNE	2428	7536	12172	24.4	81.9
PITTSBURG	1986	5947	10745	25.0	73.8
PONTOTOC	897	5748	8667	13.5	76.7
POTTAWATOMIE	1551	8566	13328	15.3	75.9
PUSHMATAHA	418	1995	3373	17.3	71.5
ROGER MILLS	126	1774	2345	6.6	81.0
ROGERS	1409	3071	6261	31.5	71.6
SEMINOLE	1602	5533	9915	22.5	72.0
SEQUOYAH	694	3326	7094	17.3	56.7
STEPHENS	1429	4609	7906	23.7	76.4
TEXAS	569	2806	4266	16.9	79.1
TILLMAN	306	3329	4345	8.4	83.7
TULSA	39882	20994	76250	65.5	79.8
WAGONER	1107	2443	6098	31.2	58.2
WASHINGTON	4360	5902	12403	42.5	82.7
WASHITA	410	3166	4645	11.5	77.0
WOODS	465	4616	5833	9.2	87.1
WOODWARD	463	3739	4900	11.0	85.8

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
144267	353532	653868	29.0	76.1

HIGHWAY USERS TAX
GEN ELECT NOV 7. 50
INT PET 235 REJECT ST.Q. 326

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	1009	2456	5584	29.1	62.1
ALFALFA	523	3594	4730	12.7	87.0
ATOKA	479	2637	4159	15.4	74.9
BEAVER	286	2313	3027	11.0	85.9
BECKHAM	445	4207	5353	9.6	86.9
BLAINE	774	3979	5681	16.3	83.7
BRYAN	987	4176	7236	19.1	71.4
CADDO	1696	6049	10469	21.9	74.0
CANADIAN	2150	5054	8685	29.8	82.9
CARTER	1644	5725	10026	22.3	73.5
CHEROKEE	739	3679	5658	16.7	78.1
CHOCTAW	681	2791	4868	19.6	71.3
CIMARRON	184	1145	1510	13.8	88.0
CLEVELAND	2791	4384	9357	38.9	76.7
COAL	278	1523	2282	15.4	78.9
COMANCHE	1680	5621	9127	23.0	80.0
COTTON	303	1812	2681	14.3	78.9
CRAIG	993	3791	5611	20.8	85.3
CREEK	4001	6842	14211	36.9	76.3
CUSTER	1356	3940	6806	25.6	77.8
DELAWARE	814	3295	5847	19.8	70.3
DEWEY	473	2308	3517	17.0	79.1
ELLIS	313	2224	3061	12.3	82.9
GARFIELD	5378	9995	17298	35.0	88.9
GARVIN	911	4699	7168	16.2	78.3
GRADY	1640	5643	9608	22.5	75.8
GRANT	633	3744	4903	14.5	89.3
GREER	212	2737	3388	7.2	87.0
HARMON	99	1810	2193	5.2	87.0
HARPER	306	2132	2973	12.6	82.0
HASKELL	492	1859	3221	20.9	73.0
HUGHES	1012	2934	5654	25.6	69.8
JACKSON	801	3120	5315	20.4	73.8
JEFFERSON	350	2086	3031	14.4	80.4
JOHNSTON	440	1808	3349	19.6	67.1
KAY	4970	9543	17663	34.2	82.2
KINGFISHER	703	4175	5613	14.4	86.9
KIOWA	739	3457	5182	17.6	81.0
LATIMER	313	1769	2659	15.0	78.3
LE FLORE	1109	4114	7602	21.2	68.7
LINCOLN	1145	5377	6696	17.6	97.4
LOGAN	1658	4467	7958	27.1	77.0
LOVE	197	1231	1940	13.8	73.6
MCCLAIN	733	2046	3824	26.4	72.7
MCCURTAIN	697	4026	6337	14.8	74.5
MCINTOSH	750	1930	4252	28.0	63.0
MAJOR	556	2565	3564	17.8	87.6
MARSHALL	383	1120	2385	25.5	63.0
MAYES	1610	3525	7535	31.4	68.1
MURRAY	660	1621	3458	28.9	66.0
MUSKOGEE	4419	7860	16916	36.0	72.6
NOBLE	767	3718	5326	17.1	84.2
NOWATA	1337	2182	5026	38.0	70.0
OKFUSKEE	801	2198	4048	26.7	74.1
OKLAHOMA	29661	42459	90149	41.1	80.0
OKMULGEE	3621	4846	11709	42.8	72.3
OSAGE	2711	5373	10156	33.5	79.6
OTTAWA	2143	4914	9925	30.4	71.1
PAWNEE	1607	2801	5812	36.5	75.8
PAYNE	2985	7088	12172	29.6	82.8
PITTSBURG	2285	5972	10745	27.7	76.8
PONTOTOC	1046	5747	8667	15.4	78.4
POTTAWATOMIE	1836	8571	13328	17.6	78.1
PUSHMATAHA	464	2028	3373	18.6	73.9
ROGER MILLS	190	1741	2345	9.8	82.3
ROGERS	1538	3232	6261	32.2	76.2
SEMINOLE	1969	5436	9915	26.6	74.7
SEQUOYAH	757	3490	7094	17.8	59.9
STEPHENS	1839	4366	7906	29.6	78.5
TEXAS	833	2622	4266	24.1	81.0
TILLMAN	436	3323	4345	11.6	86.5
TULSA	42305	20753	76250	67.1	82.7
WAGONER	1251	2453	6098	33.8	60.7
WASHINGTON	3885	6753	12403	36.5	85.8
WASHITA	514	3132	4645	14.1	78.5
WOODS	796	4288	5833	15.7	87.2
WOODWARD	684	3616	4900	15.9	87.8

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
165776	348043	653868	32.3	78.6

TABLE D-69

ENDORSE UNITED NATIONS
GEN ELECT NOV 7, 50
LEG REF CQS REJECT ST.Q. 344

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	1279	2407	5584	34.7	66.0
ALFALFA	568	3667	4730	13.4	89.5
ATOKA	664	2626	4159	20.2	79.1
BEAVER	416	2224	3027	15.8	87.2
BECKHAM	546	4224	5353	11.4	89.1
BLAINE	679	4365	5681	13.5	88.8
BRYAN	1265	4273	7236	22.8	76.5
CADDO	1642	6729	10469	19.6	80.0
CANADIAN	1499	6231	8685	19.4	89.0
CARTER	1604	6361	10026	20.1	79.4
CHEROKEE	762	3950	5658	16.2	83.3
CHOCTAW	878	2723	4868	24.4	74.0
CIMARRON	225	1121	1510	16.7	89.1
CLEVELAND	2439	5337	9357	31.4	83.1
COAL	360	1517	2282	19.2	82.3
COMANCHE	1835	5721	9127	24.3	82.8
COTTON	428	1669	2681	20.4	78.2
CRAIG	927	4067	5611	18.6	89.0
CREEK	2988	8557	14211	25.9	81.2
CUSTER	857	4993	6806	14.6	86.0
DELAWARE	931	3374	5847	21.6	73.6
DEWEY	524	2379	3517	18.1	82.5
ELLIS	350	2369	3061	12.9	88.8
GARFIELD	2889	13672	17298	17.4	95.7
GARVIN	919	4931	7168	15.7	81.6
GRADY	1496	6388	9608	19.0	82.1
GRANT	636	3931	4903	13.9	93.1
GREER	322	2696	3388	10.7	89.1
HARMON	149	1831	2193	7.5	90.3
HARPER	348	2222	2973	13.5	86.4
HASKELL	601	1866	3221	24.4	76.6
HUGHES	1192	2900	5654	29.1	72.4
JACKSON	764	3375	5315	18.5	77.9
JEFFERSON	364	2212	3031	14.1	85.0
JOHNSTON	592	1841	3349	24.3	72.6
KAY	2546	13038	17663	16.3	88.2
KINGFISHER	658	4381	5613	13.1	89.8
KIOWA	567	4014	5182	12.4	88.4
LATIMER	425	1798	2659	19.1	83.6
LE FLORE	1612	3914	7602	29.2	72.7
LINCOLN	1098	5717	6696	16.1	101.8
LOGAN	1469	4940	7958	22.9	80.5
LOVE	268	1244	1940	17.7	77.9
MCCLAIN	719	2257	3824	24.2	77.8
MCCURTAIN	1145	3806	6337	23.1	78.1
MCINTOSH	933	1981	4252	32.0	68.5
MAJOR	381	2857	3564	11.8	90.9
MARSHALL	484	1159	2385	29.5	68.9
MAYES	1289	4373	7535	22.8	75.1
MURRAY	761	1709	3458	30.6	71.4
MUSKOGEE	4202	8840	16916	32.2	77.1
NOBLE	700	3975	5326	15.0	87.8
NOWATA	1262	2267	5026	35.8	70.2
OKFUSKEE	810	2422	4048	25.1	79.8
OKLAHOMA	21655	55350	90149	28.1	85.5
OKMULGEE	2939	6222	11709	32.1	78.2
OSAGE	1993	6526	10156	23.4	83.9
OTTAWA	1868	5888	9925	24.3	78.3
PAWNEE	1242	3417	5812	26.7	80.2
PAYNE	2052	8896	12172	18.7	89.9
PITTSBURG	1658	7428	10745	18.2	84.6
PONTOTOC	1354	5623	8667	19.4	80.5
POTTAWATOMIE	2008	9126	13328	18.0	83.5
PUSHMATAHA	627	1998	3373	23.9	77.8
ROGER MILLS	253	1727	2345	12.8	84.4
ROGERS	1215	3916	6261	23.7	82.0
SEMINOLE	1547	6563	9915	19.1	81.8
SEQUOYAH	1067	3449	7094	23.6	63.7
STEPHENS	1041	5665	7906	15.5	84.8
TEXAS	952	2611	4266	26.7	83.5
TILLMAN	327	3579	4345	8.4	89.9
TULSA	20078	45801	76250	30.5	86.4
WAGONER	1212	2905	6098	29.4	67.5
WASHINGTON	2305	8964	12403	20.5	90.9
WASHITA	483	3449	4645	12.3	84.7
WOODS	510	4854	5833	9.5	92.0
WOODWARD	516	4034	4900	11.3	92.9

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
124189	421472	653868	22.8	83.5

OKLAHOMA MILITARY ACADEMY
GEN ELECT NOV 7, 50
LEG REF 097 REJECT ST.Q. 346

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	1087	2274	5584	32.3	60.2
ALFALFA	555	3464	4730	13.8	85.0
ATOKA	492	2583	4159	16.0	73.9
BEAVER	368	2150	3027	14.6	83.2
BECKHAM	500	4072	5353	10.9	85.4
BLAINE	924	3705	5681	20.0	81.5
BRYAN	1320	3819	7236	25.7	71.0
CADDO	1866	5804	10469	24.3	73.3
CANADIAN	2154	4941	8685	30.4	81.7
CARTER	1821	5503	10026	24.9	73.1
CHEROKEE	918	3510	5658	20.7	78.3
CHOCTAW	839	2545	4868	24.8	69.5
CIMARRON	152	1036	1510	12.8	78.7
CLEVELAND	3195	3874	9357	45.2	75.5
COAL	279	1499	2282	15.7	77.9
COMANCHE	1837	5017	9127	26.8	75.1
COTTON	334	1659	2681	16.8	74.3
CRAIG	1110	3513	5611	24.0	82.4
CREEK	3863	6653	14211	36.7	74.0
CUSTER	1280	3854	6806	24.9	75.4
DELAWARE	818	3161	5847	20.6	68.1
DEWEY	457	2278	3517	16.7	77.8
ELLIS	337	2097	3061	13.8	79.5
GARFIELD	5208	9619	17298	35.1	85.7
GARVIN	1033	4437	7168	18.9	76.3
GRADY	1988	5249	9608	27.5	75.3
GRANT	747	3533	4903	17.5	87.3
GREER	313	2585	3388	10.8	85.5
HARMON	128	1760	2193	6.8	86.1
HARPER	339	2086	2973	14.0	81.6
HASKELL	561	1771	3221	24.1	72.4
HUGHES	1133	2696	5654	29.6	67.7
JACKSON	929	2833	5315	24.7	70.8
JEFFERSON	348	2062	3031	14.4	79.5
JOHNSTON	532	1700	3349	23.8	66.6
KAY	5155	9051	17663	36.3	80.4
KINGFISHER	717	4050	5613	15.0	84.9
KIOWA	731	3385	5182	17.8	79.4
LATIMER	349	1711	2659	16.9	77.5
LE FLORE	1192	3848	7602	23.7	66.3
LINCOLN	1198	5249	6696	18.6	96.3
LOGAN	1846	4259	7958	30.2	76.7
LOVE	216	1145	1940	15.9	70.2
MCCLAIN	882	1863	3824	32.1	71.8
MCCURTAIN	895	3747	6337	19.3	73.3
MCINTOSH	895	1779	4252	33.5	62.9
MAJOR	491	2525	3564	16.3	84.6
MARSHALL	368	1088	2385	25.3	61.0
MAYES	1692	3433	7535	33.0	68.0
MURRAY	717	1519	3458	32.1	64.7
MUSKOGEE	5384	6523	16916	45.2	70.4
NOBLE	883	3508	5326	20.1	82.4
NOWATA	1351	1941	5026	41.0	65.5
OKFUSKEE	812	2110	4048	27.8	72.2
OKLAHOMA	30401	40343	90149	43.0	78.5
OKMULGEE	3346	4891	11709	40.6	70.3
OSAGE	2854	4836	10156	37.1	75.7
OTTAWA	2155	4716	9925	31.4	69.2
PAWNEE	1459	2824	5812	34.1	73.7
PAYNE	3652	6394	12172	36.4	82.5
PITTSBURG	2375	5699	10745	29.4	75.1
PONTOTOC	1197	5427	8667	18.1	76.4
POTTAWATOMIE	2248	7979	13328	22.0	76.7
PUSHMATAHA	526	1947	3373	21.3	73.3
ROGER MILLS	173	1704	2345	9.2	80.0
ROGERS	1690	2936	6261	36.5	73.9
SEMINOLE	2360	4960	9915	32.2	73.8
SEQUOYAH	827	3349	7094	19.8	58.9
STEPHENS	1989	4163	7906	32.3	77.8
TEXAS	989	2343	4266	29.7	78.1
TILLMAN	393	3300	4345	10.6	85.0
TULSA	37486	22692	76250	62.3	78.9
WAGONER	1347	2310	6098	36.8	60.0
WASHINGTON	4862	5429	12403	47.2	83.0
WASHITA	576	2963	4645	16.3	76.2
WOODS	1012	3999	5833	20.2	85.9
WOODWARD	800	3458	4900	18.8	86.9

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
170258	330738	653868	34.0	76.6

TABLE D-70

STATE CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION
GEN ELECT NOV 7, 50
LEG REF 098 REJECT ST.Q. 347

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	956	2428	5584	28.3	60.6
ALFALFA	449	3610	4730	11.1	85.8
ATOKA	413	2679	4159	13.4	74.3
BEAVER	219	2349	3027	8.4	84.7
BECKHAM	409	4050	5353	9.2	83.3
BLAINE	712	3937	5681	15.3	81.8
BRYAN	909	4245	7236	17.6	71.2
CADDO	1510	6151	10469	19.7	73.2
CANADIAN	1819	5338	8685	25.4	82.4
CARTER	1738	5621	10026	23.6	73.4
CHEROKEE	696	3748	5658	15.7	78.5
CHOCTAW	700	2706	4868	20.6	70.0
CIMARRON	112	1194	1510	8.6	86.5
CLEVELAND	3892	3552	9357	52.3	79.6
COAL	266	1502	2282	15.0	77.5
COMANCHE	2003	4950	9127	28.8	76.2
COTTON	285	1763	2681	13.9	76.4
CRAIG	984	3747	5611	20.8	84.3
CREEK	3583	6998	14211	33.9	74.5
CUSTER	996	4160	6806	19.3	75.8
DELAWARE	667	3330	5847	16.7	68.4
DEWEY	308	2441	3517	11.2	78.2
ELLIS	246	2294	3061	9.7	83.0
GARFIELD	4808	10268	17298	31.9	87.2
GARVIN	995	4572	7168	17.9	77.7
GRADY	1431	5841	9608	19.7	75.7
GRANT	481	3778	4903	11.3	86.9
GREER	249	2648	3388	8.6	95.5
HARMON	84	1819	2193	4.4	86.8
HARPER	276	2164	2973	11.3	82.1
HASKELL	440	1883	3221	18.9	72.1
HUGHES	989	2895	5654	25.5	68.7
JACKSON	743	3036	5315	19.7	71.1
JEFFERSON	282	2123	3031	11.7	79.3
JOHNSTON	425	1836	3349	18.8	67.5
KAY	5677	8955	17663	38.8	82.8
KINGFISHER	626	4213	5613	12.9	86.2
KIOWA	595	3542	5182	14.4	79.8
LATIMER	272	1811	2659	13.1	78.3
LE FLORE	998	4079	7602	19.7	66.8
LINCOLN	974	5495	6696	15.1	96.6
LOGAN	1573	4568	7958	25.6	77.2
LOVE	163	1147	1940	12.4	67.5
MCCLAIN	701	1992	3824	26.0	70.4
MCCURTAIN	715	3894	6337	15.5	72.7
MCINTOSH	727	1919	4252	27.5	62.2
MAJOR	348	2716	3564	11.4	86.0
MARSHALL	303	1169	2385	20.6	61.7
MAYES	1347	3658	7535	26.9	66.4
MURRAY	679	1580	3458	30.1	65.3
MUSKOGEE	4320	7845	16916	35.5	71.9
NOBLE	700	3707	5326	15.9	82.7
NOWATA	1096	2189	5026	33.4	65.4
OKFUSKEE	729	2228	4048	24.7	73.0
OKLAHOMA	31096	40878	90149	43.2	79.8
OKMULGEE	3079	5205	11709	37.2	70.7
OSAGE	2652	5164	10156	33.9	77.0
OTTAWA	1898	5057	9925	27.3	70.1
PAWNEE	1409	2911	5812	32.6	74.3
PAYNE	3255	6872	12172	32.1	83.2
PITTSBURG	1842	6258	10745	22.7	75.4
PONTOTOC	1112	5520	8667	16.6	77.2
POTTAWATOMIE	1785	8448	13328	17.4	76.8
PUSHMATAHA	424	2049	3373	17.1	73.3
ROGER MILLS	133	1757	2345	7.0	80.6
ROGERS	1291	3301	6261	28.1	73.3
SEMINOLE	1861	5499	9915	25.3	74.2
SEQUOYAH	748	3471	7094	17.7	59.5
STEPHENS	1687	4440	7906	27.5	77.5
TEXAS	756	2571	4266	22.7	76.0
TILLMAN	299	3431	4385	8.0	85.8
TULSA	39748	22093	76250	64.3	81.1
WAGONER	1125	2521	6098	30.9	56.8
WASHINGTON	4319	6098	12403	41.5	84.0
WASHITA	379	3208	4645	10.6	77.2
WOODS	751	4329	5833	14.8	87.1
WOODWARD	645	3645	4900	15.0	87.6

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
159908	347143	657868	31.5	77.5

AMENDING STATE CONSTITUTION
PRI ELECT JUL 1, 52
LEG REF 100 ADOPT ST.Q. 353

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	1230	901	2131	57.7	100.0
ALFALFA	927	685	1612	57.5	100.0
ATOKA	2025	1189	3214	63.0	100.0
BEAVER	184	148	332	55.4	100.0
BECKHAM	2524	1105	3629	69.6	100.0
BLAINE	1170	784	1954	59.9	100.0
BRYAN	4024	1952	5976	67.3	100.0
CADDO	3455	1989	5444	63.5	100.0
CANADIAN	3111	1455	4566	68.1	100.0
CARTER	5550	2218	7768	71.4	100.0
CHEROKEE	1449	1164	2613	55.5	100.0
CHOCTAW	2797	1337	4134	67.7	100.0
CIMARRON	647	346	993	65.2	100.0
CLEVELAND	3248	1151	4399	73.8	100.0
COAL	1257	662	1919	65.5	100.0
COMANCHE	5198	2133	7331	70.9	100.0
COTTON	1193	711	1904	62.7	100.0
CRAIG	1507	1244	2751	54.8	100.0
CREEK	3209	1431	4640	69.2	100.0
CUSTER	2649	1537	4186	63.3	100.0
DELAWARE	1189	884	2073	57.4	100.0
DEWEY	868	667	1535	56.5	100.0
ELLIS	609	386	995	61.2	100.0
GARFIELD	5736	3009	8745	65.6	100.0
GARVIN	3295	1620	4915	67.0	100.0
GRADY	4144	1963	6107	67.9	100.0
GRANT	926	631	1557	59.5	100.0
GREER	1458	847	2305	63.3	100.0
HARMON	905	642	1547	58.5	100.0
HARPER	440	345	785	56.1	100.0
HASKELL	1784	825	2609	68.4	100.0
HUGHES	2842	1484	4326	65.7	100.0
JACKSON	2127	973	3100	68.6	100.0
JEFFERSON	1455	902	2357	61.7	100.0
JOHNSTON	1416	910	2326	60.9	100.0
KAY	3618	1366	4984	72.6	100.0
KINGFISHER	1469	1298	2767	53.1	100.0
KIOWA	2077	1134	3211	64.7	100.0
LATIMER	1542	830	2372	65.0	100.0
LE FLORE	3432	1757	5189	66.1	100.0
LINCOLN	2311	1583	3894	59.3	100.0
LOGAN	1862	1002	2864	65.0	100.0
LOVE	1042	572	1614	64.6	100.0
MCCLAIN	1504	628	2132	70.5	100.0
MCCURTAIN	3569	1797	5366	66.5	100.0
MCINTOSH	2245	1148	3393	66.2	100.0
MAJOR	970	705	1675	57.9	100.0
MARSHALL	1528	690	2218	68.9	100.0
MAYES	1798	975	2773	64.8	100.0
MURRAY	1669	791	2460	67.8	100.0
MUSKOGEE	8564	3065	11629	73.6	100.0
NOBLE	1584	1126	2710	58.5	100.0
NOWATA	1309	813	2122	61.7	100.0
OKFUSKEE	2266	1074	3340	67.8	100.0
OKLAHOMA	37783	11680	49463	76.4	100.0
OKMULGEE	5443	2199	7642	71.2	100.0
OSAGE	3394	1374	4768	71.2	100.0
OTTAWA	2570	1157	3727	69.0	100.0
PAWNEE	1588	938	2526	62.9	100.0
PAYNE	3284	1207	4491	73.1	100.0
PITTSBURG	5862	2627	8489	69.1	100.0
PONTOTOC	3368	1746	5114	65.9	100.0
POTTAWATOMIE	5154	2597	7751	66.5	100.0
PUSHMATAHA	1761	944	2705	65.1	100.0
ROGER MILLS	1055	767	1822	57.9	100.0
ROGERS	2742	1420	4162	65.9	100.0
SEMINOLE	4787	1834	6621	72.3	100.0
SEQUOYAH	2259	1025	3284	68.8	100.0
STEPHENS	4327	2030	6357	68.1	100.0
TEXAS	1803	757	2560	70.4	100.0
TILLMAN	2234	1121	3355	66.6	100.0
TULSA	24051	5712	29763	80.8	100.0
WAGONER	1482	791	2273	65.2	100.0
WASHINGTON	5210	1672	6882	75.7	100.0
WASHITA	1955	1233	3188	61.3	100.0
WOODS	1059	774	1833	57.8	100.0
WOODWARD	1748	1029	2777	62.9	100.0

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
245826	109218	355044	69.2	100.0

TABLE D-71

DESEGREGATION OF JURY SERVICE
PRI ELEC JUL 1, 52
LEG REF 101 ADOPT ST.Q. 354

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	1133	1041	2174	52.1	100.0
ALFALFA	968	721	1689	57.3	100.0
ATOKA	1943	1470	3413	56.9	100.0
BEAVER	196	155	351	55.8	100.0
BECKHAM	2454	1429	3883	63.2	100.0
BLAINE	1188	806	1994	59.6	100.0
BRYAN	3854	2478	6332	60.9	100.0
CADDO	3401	2231	5632	60.4	100.0
CANADIAN	3026	1731	4757	63.6	100.0
CARTER	5180	2911	8091	64.0	100.0
CHEROKEE	1430	1254	2684	53.3	100.0
CHOCTAW	2602	1707	4309	60.4	100.0
CIMARRON	663	384	1047	63.3	100.0
CLEVELAND	3293	1355	4648	70.8	100.0
COAL	1287	806	2093	61.5	100.0
COMANCHE	4905	2705	7610	64.5	100.0
COTTON	1140	846	1986	57.4	100.0
CRAIG	1498	1407	2905	51.6	100.0
CREEK	3029	1733	4762	63.6	100.0
CUSTER	2710	1760	4470	60.6	100.0
DELAWARE	1121	1040	2161	51.9	100.0
DEWEY	888	775	1663	53.4	100.0
ELLIS	604	494	1098	55.0	100.0
GARFIELD	5613	3418	9031	62.2	100.0
GARVIN	3197	1928	5125	62.4	100.0
GRADY	4035	2322	6357	63.5	100.0
GRANT	940	683	1623	57.9	100.0
GREER	1412	997	2409	58.6	100.0
HARMON	908	827	1735	52.3	100.0
HARPER	470	366	836	56.2	100.0
HASKELL	1609	1137	2746	58.6	100.0
HUGHES	2740	1864	4604	59.5	100.0
JACKSON	2081	1217	3298	63.1	100.0
JEFFERSON	1403	1048	2451	57.2	100.0
JOHNSTON	1416	1037	2453	57.7	100.0
KAY	3538	1712	5250	67.4	100.0
KINGFISHER	1542	1297	2839	54.3	100.0
KIOWA	2095	1327	3422	61.2	100.0
LATIMER	1443	1089	2532	57.0	100.0
LE FLORE	3213	2455	5668	56.7	100.0
LINCOLN	2302	1680	3982	57.8	100.0
LOGAN	1879	1088	2967	63.3	100.0
LOVE	900	734	1634	55.1	100.0
MCCLAIN	1445	765	2210	65.4	100.0
MCCURTAIN	3281	2026	5307	61.8	100.0
MCINTOSH	2140	1357	3497	61.2	100.0
MAJOR	984	803	1787	55.1	100.0
MARSHALL	1516	905	2421	62.6	100.0
MAYES	1697	1243	2940	57.7	100.0
MURRAY	1568	1004	2572	61.0	100.0
MUSKOGEE	8113	3620	11733	69.1	100.0
NOBLE	1647	1221	2868	57.4	100.0
NOWATA	1331	871	2202	60.4	100.0
OKFUSKEE	2006	1362	3368	59.6	100.0
OKLAHOMA	36860	13798	50658	72.8	100.0
OKMULGEE	5199	2633	7832	66.4	100.0
OSAGE	3170	1742	4912	64.5	100.0
OTTAWA	2490	1492	3982	62.5	100.0
PAWNEE	1507	1137	2644	57.0	100.0
PAYNE	3253	1423	4676	69.6	100.0
PITTSBURG	5608	3352	8960	62.6	100.0
PONTOTOC	3434	2132	5566	61.7	100.0
POTTAWATOMIE	5125	3017	8145	63.0	100.0
PUSHMATAHA	1629	1172	2801	58.2	100.0
ROGER MILLS	1048	883	1931	54.3	100.0
ROGERS	2661	1693	4354	61.1	100.0
SEMINOLE	4572	2331	6903	66.2	100.0
SEQUOYAH	1992	1340	3332	59.8	100.0
STEPHENS	4095	2384	6479	63.2	100.0
TEXAS	1730	991	2721	63.6	100.0
TILLMAN	2213	1299	3512	63.0	100.0
TULSA	21965	7733	29698	74.0	100.0
WAGONER	1363	907	2270	60.0	100.0
WASHINGTON	4954	2106	7060	70.2	100.0
WASHITA	1890	1507	3397	55.6	100.0
WOODS	1108	806	1914	57.9	100.0
WOODWARD	1700	1223	2923	58.2	100.0

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
236546	131743	368289	64.2	100.0

MILITARY COMPENSATION
GEN ELECT NOV 4, 52
LEG REF 102 REJECT ST.Q. 355

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	2388	2671	5899	47.2	85.8
ALFALFA	767	4280	5351	15.2	94.3
ATOKA	1910	2187	4749	46.6	86.3
BEAVER	504	2582	3390	16.3	91.0
BECKHAM	1496	6373	8534	19.0	92.2
BLAINE	1173	5062	6778	18.8	92.0
BRYAN	3213	5607	10262	36.4	85.9
CADDO	3364	8240	13133	29.0	86.4
CANADIAN	2851	8068	11566	26.1	94.4
CARTER	4409	10133	16475	30.3	88.3
CHEROKEE	2249	3457	6641	39.4	85.9
CHOCTAW	2133	3411	6819	38.5	81.3
CIMARRON	336	1647	2187	16.9	90.7
CLEVELAND	3207	10320	14451	23.7	93.6
COAL	1146	1428	2944	44.5	87.4
COMANCHE	4805	11571	17934	29.3	91.3
COTTON	1082	2470	4060	30.5	87.5
CRAIG	1624	4447	7059	29.1	88.8
CREEK	4828	11710	18206	29.2	90.8
CUSTER	1649	6465	8953	20.3	90.6
DELAWARE	1652	3435	6299	32.5	80.8
DEWEY	608	2941	3942	17.1	90.0
ELLIS	457	2608	3373	14.9	90.9
GARFIELD	4917	18176	24902	21.3	92.7
GARVIN	3104	6877	11246	31.1	88.8
GRADY	3594	9084	14178	28.3	89.4
GRANT	814	4475	5563	15.4	95.1
GREER	1056	2941	4553	26.4	87.8
HARMON	604	1929	3014	23.8	84.0
HARPER	374	2224	2836	14.4	91.6
HASKELL	2029	1855	4572	52.2	85.0
HUGHES	2202	4467	7752	33.0	86.0
JACKSON	2005	4666	7741	30.1	86.2
JEFFERSON	1229	2281	4348	35.0	80.7
JOHNSTON	1276	2052	3939	38.3	84.5
KAY	5620	17839	24854	24.0	94.4
KINGFISHER	888	5209	6419	14.6	95.0
KIOWA	1647	5267	7690	23.8	89.9
LATIMER	1763	1568	3951	52.9	84.3
LE FLORE	4736	4796	11225	49.7	84.9
LINCOLN	2387	6626	10070	26.5	89.5
LOGAN	2246	6695	9716	25.1	92.0
LOVE	984	1297	2870	43.1	79.5
MCCLAIN	1575	3418	5591	31.5	89.3
MCCURTAIN	3128	3922	8721	44.4	80.8
MCINTOSH	1858	2656	5660	41.2	79.8
MAJOR	635	3447	4379	15.6	93.2
MARSHALL	1099	1890	3571	36.8	83.7
MAYES	2575	4802	8670	34.9	85.1
MURRAY	1375	2890	4898	32.2	87.1
MUSKOGEE	6868	15418	24850	30.8	89.7
NOBLE	1207	4555	6306	20.9	91.4
NOWATA	1576	3550	6016	30.7	85.2
OKFUSKEE	1604	3121	5342	33.9	88.5
OKLAHOMA	38623	18774	166388	24.5	94.6
OKMULGEE	4914	10470	17140	31.9	89.8
OSAGE	3373	9943	14485	25.3	91.9
OTTAWA	4068	8389	14038	32.7	88.7
PAWNEE	1374	4293	6329	24.2	89.5
PAYNE	3179	12340	17246	20.5	90.0
PITTSBURG	5447	8768	15709	38.3	90.5
PONTOTOC	3438	7950	12902	30.2	88.3
POTTAWATOMIE	4991	13126	19847	27.5	91.3
PUSHMATAHA	1733	1909	4462	47.6	81.6
ROGER MILLS	646	2261	3177	22.2	91.5
ROGERS	2201	5686	8962	27.9	88.0
SEMINOLE	3670	8918	13801	29.2	91.2
SEQUOYAH	3626	2210	7706	62.1	75.7
STEPHENS	4113	9682	14708	30.3	92.4
TEXAS	784	5024	6267	13.5	93.0
TILLMAN	1492	4212	6377	25.6	98.8
TULSA	22245	91621	121537	19.5	93.7
WAGONER	1703	3702	6409	31.5	84.3
WASHINGTON	3202	13434	17722	19.2	93.9
WASHITA	1287	5206	7181	19.8	90.4
WOODS	1151	5377	7195	17.6	90.7
WOODWARD	848	5025	6188	14.4	94.9

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
233094	639226	960204	26.7	90.8

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AGE OF ELECTORS
GEN ELECT NOV 4, 52
LEG REF 103 REJECT ST.Q. 356

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	2068	2757	5899	42.9	81.8
ALFALFA	1354	3671	5351	26.9	93.9
ATOKA	1830	2178	4749	45.7	84.4
BEAVER	956	2188	3390	30.4	92.7
BECKHAM	2184	5498	8534	28.4	90.0
BLAINE	1575	4647	6778	25.3	91.8
BRYAN	3487	5314	10262	39.6	85.8
CADDO	3832	7817	13133	33.5	87.2
CANADIAN	3359	7534	11566	30.8	94.2
CARTER	4586	9722	16475	32.1	86.8
CHEROKEE	2149	3299	6641	39.4	82.0
CHOCTAW	2343	3039	6819	43.5	78.9
CIMARRON	629	1350	2187	31.8	90.5
CLEVELAND	3780	9658	14451	28.0	92.9
COAL	1049	1448	2944	42.0	84.8
COMANCHE	5642	10540	17934	34.9	90.2
COTTON	1169	2252	4060	34.2	84.3
CRAIG	2227	4010	7059	35.7	88.4
CREEK	4931	11326	18206	30.3	89.3
CUSTER	2171	6107	8953	26.2	92.5
DELAWARE	1817	3229	6299	36.0	80.1
DEWEY	918	2632	3942	25.9	90.1
ELLIS	834	2247	3373	27.1	91.3
GARFIELD	6676	16539	24902	28.8	93.2
GARVIN	3257	6734	11246	32.6	88.8
GRADY	4570	8100	14178	36.1	89.4
GRANT	1384	3905	5563	26.2	95.1
GREER	1317	2647	4553	33.2	87.1
HARMON	796	1747	3014	31.3	84.4
HARPER	637	1965	2836	24.5	91.7
HASKELL	1608	2068	4572	43.7	80.4
HUGHES	2131	4450	7752	32.4	84.9
JACKSON	2139	4409	7741	32.7	84.6
JEFFERSON	1269	2260	4348	36.0	81.2
JOHNSTON	1293	1959	3939	39.8	82.6
KAY	7433	15902	24854	31.9	93.9
KINGFISHER	1385	4617	6419	23.1	93.5
KIOWA	2215	4575	7690	32.6	88.3
LATIMER	1512	1676	3951	47.4	80.7
LE FLORE	4344	4805	11225	47.5	81.5
LINCOLN	2547	6354	10070	28.6	88.4
LOGAN	2914	5913	9716	33.0	90.9
LOVE	1016	1242	2870	45.0	78.7
MCCLAIN	1770	3204	5591	35.6	89.0
MCCURTAIN	3194	3656	8721	46.6	78.5
MCINTOSH	1753	2640	5660	39.9	77.6
MAJOR	1066	3037	4379	26.3	94.2
MARSHALL	1291	1675	3571	43.5	83.1
MAYES	2397	4829	8670	33.2	83.3
MURRAY	1434	2761	4898	34.0	86.1
MUSKOGEE	7678	14198	24850	35.1	88.0
NOBLE	1595	4165	6306	27.7	91.3
NOWATA	1729	3340	6016	34.1	84.3
OKFUSKEE	1603	3074	5342	34.3	87.6
OKLAHOMA	42577	112617	166388	27.4	93.3
OKMULGEE	4958	10136	17140	32.8	88.1
OSAGE	4086	9173	14485	30.8	91.5
OTTAWA	4600	7721	14038	37.3	87.8
PAWNEE	1521	4205	6329	26.6	90.5
PAYNE	4338	11001	17246	28.3	88.9
PITTSBURG	5329	8603	15709	38.3	88.7
PONTOTOC	3408	7736	12902	30.6	86.4
POTTAWATOMIE	5703	12020	19847	32.2	89.3
PUSHMATAHA	1731	1677	4462	48.0	80.9
ROGER MILLS	919	1973	3177	31.8	91.0
ROGERS	2406	5404	8962	30.8	87.1
SEMINOLE	4210	8118	13801	34.1	89.3
SEQUOYAH	2952	2458	7706	54.6	70.2
STEPHENS	4577	8791	14708	34.2	90.9
TEXAS	1758	3997	6247	30.5	92.1
TILLMAN	2024	3557	6377	36.3	87.5
TULSA	27924	84751	121537	24.8	92.7
WAGONER	1730	3528	6409	32.9	82.0
WASHINGTON	5271	11222	17722	32.0	93.1
WASHITA	1870	4544	7181	29.2	89.3
WOODS	2037	4526	7195	31.0	91.2
WOODWARD	1451	4391	6188	24.8	94.4

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
268223	593076	960204	31.1	89.7

SALES TAX
GEN ELECT NOV 4, 52
INT PET 249 REJECT ST.Q. 349

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	1474	3184	5899	31.6	79.0
ALFALFA	330	4661	5351	6.6	93.3
ATOKA	1028	2877	4749	26.3	82.2
BEAVER	198	2907	3390	6.4	91.6
BECKHAM	824	6990	8534	10.5	91.6
BLAINE	612	5554	6778	9.9	91.0
BRYAN	1857	6725	10262	21.6	83.6
CADDO	1624	9372	13133	14.8	83.7
CANADIAN	1275	9400	11566	11.9	92.3
CARTER	2233	11743	16475	16.0	84.8
CHEROKEE	1227	4098	6641	23.0	80.2
CHOCTAW	1229	3950	6819	23.7	75.9
CIMARRON	117	1856	2187	5.9	90.2
CLEVELAND	1404	11838	14451	10.6	91.6
COAL	644	1800	2944	26.4	83.0
COMANCHE	2356	13460	17934	14.9	88.2
COTTON	523	2812	4060	15.7	82.1
CRAIG	932	5126	7059	15.4	85.8
CREEK	2643	13249	18206	16.6	87.3
CUSTER	803	7281	8953	9.9	90.3
DELAWARE	875	3959	6299	18.1	76.7
DEWEY	259	3271	3942	7.3	89.5
ELLIS	200	2870	3373	6.5	91.0
GARFIELD	2285	20731	24902	9.9	92.4
GARVIN	1516	8205	11246	15.6	86.4
GRADY	2080	10352	14178	16.7	87.7
GRANT	296	4969	5563	5.6	94.6
GREER	558	3347	4553	14.3	85.8
HARMON	260	2269	3014	10.3	83.9
HARPER	169	2333	2836	6.8	88.2
HASKELL	1026	2508	4572	29.0	77.3
HUGHES	1319	4942	7752	21.1	80.8
JACKSON	1074	5387	7741	16.6	83.5
JEFFERSON	758	2705	4348	21.9	79.6
JOHNSTON	750	2442	3939	23.5	81.0
KAY	2600	19949	24854	11.5	90.7
KINGFISHER	349	5620	6419	5.8	93.0
KIOWA	771	5966	7690	11.4	87.6
LATIMER	1067	2077	3951	33.9	79.6
LE FLORE	2604	6370	11225	29.0	79.9
LINCOLN	1213	7556	10070	13.8	87.1
LOGAN	1159	7483	9716	13.4	88.9
LOVE	573	1616	2870	26.2	76.3
MCCLAIN	813	3955	5591	17.1	85.3
MCCURTAIN	1608	4929	8721	24.6	75.0
MCINTOSH	916	3262	5660	21.9	73.8
MAJOR	236	3829	4379	5.8	92.8
MARSHALL	580	2285	3571	20.2	80.2
MAYES	1212	5840	8670	17.2	81.3
MURRAY	887	3287	4898	21.3	85.2
MUSKOGEE	3561	17433	24850	17.0	84.5
NOBLE	539	5119	6306	9.5	89.7
NOWATA	874	4227	6016	17.1	84.8
OKFUSKEE	857	3682	5342	18.9	85.0
OKLAHOMA	17779	134139	166388	11.7	91.3
OKMULGEE	2998	11627	17140	20.5	85.3
OSAGE	1680	11327	14485	12.9	89.8
OTTAWA	2274	9785	14038	18.9	85.9
PAWNEE	690	4944	6329	12.2	89.0
PAYNE	1459	13858	17246	9.5	88.8
PITTSBURG	3049	10532	15709	22.5	86.5
PONTOTOC	1669	9169	12902	15.4	84.0
POTTAWATOMIE	2305	14985	19847	13.3	87.1
PUSHMATAHA	1032	2381	4462	30.2	76.5
ROGER MILLS	291	2523	3177	10.3	88.6
ROGERS	1051	6552	8962	13.8	84.8
SEMINOLE	2065	10149	13801	16.9	88.5
SEQUOYAH	1940	3257	7706	37.3	67.4
STEPHENS	1968	11195	14708	15.0	89.5
TEXAS	224	5597	6247	3.8	93.2
TILLMAN	683	4858	6377	12.3	86.9
TULSA	9593	101781	121537	8.7	91.1
WAGONER	944	4112	6409	18.7	78.9
WASHINGTON	1377	14839	17722	8.5	91.5
WASHITA	513	5692	7181	8.3	86.4
WOODS	490	5833	7195	7.7	87.9
WOODWARD	341	5450	6188	5.9	93.6

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
115592	727540	960204	13.7	87.8

TABLE D-73

PUBLIC SCHOOL BUILDINGS
SP ELECT APR 5, 55
LEG REF 109 ADOPT ST.Q. 368

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	1303	200	1503	86.7	100.0
ALFALFA	1031	837	1868	55.2	100.0
ATOKA	1293	362	1655	78.1	100.0
BEAVER	346	619	965	35.9	100.0
BECKHAM	1800	623	2423	74.3	100.0
BLAINE	1579	1021	2600	60.7	100.0
BRYAN	3298	381	3679	89.6	100.0
CADDO	2825	1033	3858	73.2	100.0
CANADIAN	2796	1313	4109	68.0	100.0
CARTER	2866	469	3335	85.9	100.0
CHEROKEE	3001	341	3342	89.8	100.0
CHOCTAW	1704	207	1911	89.2	100.0
CIMARRON	127	541	668	19.0	100.0
CLEVELAND	3813	1253	5066	75.3	100.0
COAL	822	525	1347	61.0	100.0
COMANCHE	2303	898	3201	71.9	100.0
COTTON	784	338	1122	69.9	100.0
CRAIG	1719	701	2420	71.0	100.0
CREEK	5432	647	6079	89.4	100.0
CUSTER	1267	792	2059	61.5	100.0
DELAWARE	1406	275	1681	83.6	100.0
DEWEY	561	541	1102	50.9	100.0
ELLIS	701	517	1218	57.6	100.0
GARFIELD	5754	3250	9004	63.9	100.0
GARVIN	1768	608	2376	74.4	100.0
GRADY	2734	955	3689	74.1	100.0
GRANT	970	899	1869	51.9	100.0
GREER	822	278	1100	74.7	100.0
HARMON	406	168	574	70.7	100.0
HARPER	408	765	1173	34.8	100.0
HASKELL	1155	222	1377	83.9	100.0
HUGHES	2148	336	2484	86.5	100.0
JACKSON	923	334	1257	73.4	100.0
JEFFERSON	849	202	1051	80.8	100.0
JOHNSTON	1089	423	1512	72.0	100.0
KAY	5983	1536	7519	79.6	100.0
KINGFISHER	1330	1191	2521	52.8	100.0
KIOWA	1011	824	1835	55.1	100.0
LATIMER	1013	312	1325	76.5	100.0
LE FLORE	3081	808	3889	79.2	100.0
LINCOLN	2370	1021	3391	69.9	100.0
LOGAN	2485	1278	3763	66.0	100.0
LOVE	500	1039	1539	32.5	100.0
MCCLAIN	1143	363	1506	75.9	100.0
MCCURTAIN	3199	282	3481	91.9	100.0
MCINTOSH	1065	292	1357	78.5	100.0
MAJOR	471	712	1183	39.8	100.0
MARSHALL	1251	283	1534	81.6	100.0
MAYES	2595	754	3349	77.5	100.0
MURRAY	1000	460	1460	68.5	100.0
MUSKOGEE	6273	571	6844	91.7	100.0
NOBLE	1645	1095	2740	60.0	100.0
NOWATA	1384	289	1673	82.7	100.0
OKFUSKEE	2097	394	2491	84.2	100.0
OKLAHOMA	36328	17124	53452	68.0	100.0
OKMULGEE	3601	655	4256	84.6	100.0
OSAGE	4266	852	5118	83.4	100.0
OTTAWA	3267	330	3597	90.8	100.0
PAWNEE	1776	718	2494	71.2	100.0
PAYNE	4165	1620	5785	72.0	100.0
PITTSBURG	4863	735	5598	86.9	100.0
PONTOTOC	2238	489	2727	82.1	100.0
POTTAWATOMIE	4043	1361	5404	74.8	100.0
PUSHMATAHA	1130	153	1283	88.1	100.0
ROGER MILLS	406	458	864	47.0	100.0
ROGERS	2468	576	3044	81.1	100.0
SEMINOLE	2926	411	3337	87.7	100.0
SEQUOYAH	2566	398	2964	86.6	100.0
STEPHENS	2673	503	3176	84.2	100.0
TEXAS	832	2136	2968	28.0	100.0
TILLMAN	1816	215	2031	89.4	100.0
TULSA	39315	4529	43844	89.7	100.0
WAGONER	1803	211	2014	89.5	100.0
WASHINGTON	4579	717	5296	86.5	100.0
WASHITA	1559	827	2386	65.3	100.0
WOODS	1714	981	2695	63.6	100.0
WOODWARD	1064	644	1708	62.3	100.0

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
231097	73021	304118	76.0	100.0

OKLAHOMA TURNPIKE AUTHORITY
SP ELECT JAN 26, 54
REF PET 105 ADOPT ST.Q. 359

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	437	483	920	47.5	100.0
ALFALFA	922	1250	2172	42.4	100.0
ATOKA	203	2347	2550	8.0	100.0
BEAVER	371	463	834	44.5	100.0
BECKHAM	287	6014	6301	4.6	100.0
BLAINE	943	1728	2671	35.3	100.0
BRYAN	788	2407	3195	24.7	100.0
CADDO	1553	3419	4972	31.2	100.0
CANADIAN	2401	2910	5311	45.2	100.0
CARTER	2072	1956	4028	51.4	100.0
CHEROKEE	707	576	1283	55.1	100.0
CHOCTAW	908	327	1235	73.5	100.0
CIMARRON	226	546	772	29.3	100.0
CLEVELAND	2690	1322	4012	67.0	100.0
COAL	312	378	690	45.2	100.0
COMANCHE	4928	2472	7400	66.6	100.0
COTTON	654	782	1436	45.5	100.0
CRAIG	767	1711	2478	31.0	100.0
CREEK	2389	1805	4194	57.0	100.0
CUSTER	539	4975	5514	9.8	100.0
DELAWARE	847	588	1435	59.0	100.0
DEWEY	425	1527	1952	21.8	100.0
ELLIS	389	762	1151	33.8	100.0
GARFIELD	2739	5933	8672	31.6	100.0
GARVIN	1632	2853	4485	36.4	100.0
GRADY	1580	4636	6216	25.4	100.0
GRANT	1259	1219	2478	50.8	100.0
GREER	612	863	1475	41.5	100.0
HARMON	345	408	753	45.8	100.0
HARPER	530	419	949	55.8	100.0
HASKELL	388	512	900	43.1	100.0
HUGHES	950	635	1585	59.9	100.0
JACKSON	1032	1044	2076	49.7	100.0
JEFFERSON	603	466	1069	56.4	100.0
JOHNSTON	399	987	1386	28.8	100.0
KAY	6184	1906	8090	76.4	100.0
KINGFISHER	1056	1798	2854	37.0	100.0
KIOWA	1125	1539	2664	42.2	100.0
LATIMER	494	435	929	53.2	100.0
LE FLORE	1470	978	2448	60.0	100.0
LINCOLN	1927	1240	3167	60.8	100.0
LOGAN	2089	1208	3297	63.4	100.0
LOVE	202	536	738	27.4	100.0
MCCLAIN	670	1574	2244	29.9	100.0
MCCURTAIN	1283	384	1667	77.0	100.0
MCINTOSH	210	1234	1444	14.5	100.0
MAJOR	432	1773	2205	19.6	100.0
MARSHALL	279	909	1188	23.5	100.0
MAYES	871	1103	1974	44.1	100.0
MURRAY	818	779	1597	51.2	100.0
MUSKOGEE	1551	6323	7874	19.7	100.0
NOBLE	1756	747	2503	70.2	100.0
NOWATA	887	422	1309	67.8	100.0
OKFUSKEE	911	516	1427	63.8	100.0
OKLAHOMA	47601	9617	57218	83.2	100.0
OKMULGEE	3274	1772	5046	64.9	100.0
OSAGE	2565	1230	3795	67.6	100.0
OTTAWA	1016	2951	3967	25.6	100.0
PAWNEE	892	683	1575	56.6	100.0
PAYNE	2875	1414	4289	67.0	100.0
PITTSBURG	1929	1699	3628	53.2	100.0
PONTOTOC	2719	699	3418	79.5	100.0
POTTAWATOMIE	1510	4865	6375	23.7	100.0
PUSHMATAHA	835	217	1052	79.4	100.0
ROGER MILLS	182	1636	1818	10.0	100.0
ROGERS	593	2160	2753	21.5	100.0
SEMINOLE	2588	944	3532	73.3	100.0
SEQUOYAH	550	1461	2011	27.3	100.0
STEPHENS	2601	1689	4290	60.6	100.0
TEXAS	592	907	1499	39.5	100.0
TILLMAN	1226	795	2021	60.7	100.0
TULSA	29924	5049	34973	85.6	100.0
WAGONER	683	552	1235	55.3	100.0
WASHINGTON	5494	1164	6658	82.5	100.0
WASHITA	634	2863	3497	18.1	100.0
WOODS	850	1849	2699	31.5	100.0
WOODWARD	1061	1325	2386	44.5	100.0

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
174236	133668	307904	56.6	100.0

TABLE D-74

TOLL TURNPIKE FINANCING
SP ELECT JAN 26, 54
REF PET 106 ADOPT ST.Q. 360

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	423	476	899	47.1	100.0
ALFALFA	894	1207	2101	42.6	100.0
ATOKA	201	2320	2521	8.0	100.0
BEAVER	358	471	829	43.2	100.0
BECKHAM	277	5931	6208	4.5	100.0
BLAINE	894	1721	2615	34.2	100.0
BRYAN	773	2385	3158	24.5	100.0
CADDO	1508	3356	4864	31.0	100.0
CANADIAN	2348	2881	5229	44.9	100.0
CARTER	2021	1954	3975	50.8	100.0
CHEROKEE	707	577	1284	55.1	100.0
CHOCTAW	898	310	1208	74.3	100.0
CIMARRON	214	539	753	28.4	100.0
CLEVELAND	2636	1313	3949	66.8	100.0
COAL	293	372	665	44.1	100.0
COMANCHE	4800	2440	7240	66.3	100.0
COTTON	644	757	1401	46.0	100.0
CRAIG	746	1678	2424	30.8	100.0
CREEK	2332	1780	4112	56.7	100.0
CUSTER	532	4895	5427	9.8	100.0
DELAWARE	830	577	1407	59.0	100.0
DEWEY	401	1521	1922	20.9	100.0
ELLIS	383	753	1136	33.7	100.0
GARFIELD	2699	5869	8568	31.5	100.0
GARVIN	1591	2820	4411	36.1	100.0
GRADY	1512	4563	6075	24.9	100.0
GRANT	1228	1226	2454	50.0	100.0
GREER	595	848	1443	41.2	100.0
HARMON	326	411	737	44.2	100.0
HARPER	517	415	932	55.5	100.0
HASKELL	379	500	879	43.1	100.0
HUGHES	918	615	1533	59.9	100.0
JACKSON	991	1043	2034	48.7	100.0
JEFFERSON	582	467	1049	55.5	100.0
JOHNSTON	385	974	1359	28.3	100.0
KAY	6090	1893	7983	76.3	100.0
KINGFISHER	1020	1796	2816	36.2	100.0
KIOWA	1100	1491	2591	42.5	100.0
LATIMER	475	424	899	52.8	100.0
LE FLORE	1444	947	2391	60.4	100.0
LINCOLN	1879	1233	3112	60.4	100.0
LOGAN	2035	1190	3225	63.1	100.0
LOVE	195	531	726	26.9	100.0
MCCLAIN	661	1546	2207	30.0	100.0
MCCURTAIN	1268	378	1646	77.0	100.0
MCINTOSH	220	1191	1411	15.6	100.0
MAJOR	411	1752	2163	19.0	100.0
MARSHALL	264	899	1163	22.7	100.0
MAYES	851	1085	1936	44.0	100.0
MURRAY	796	769	1565	50.9	100.0
MUSKOGEE	1517	6196	7713	19.7	100.0
NOBLE	1718	742	2460	69.8	100.0
NOWATA	871	417	1288	67.6	100.0
OKFUSKEE	890	502	1392	63.9	100.0
OKLAHOMA	46888	9656	56544	82.9	100.0
OKMULGEE	3168	1747	4915	64.5	100.0
OSAGE	2506	1222	3728	67.2	100.0
OTTAWA	995	2891	3886	25.6	100.0
PAWNEE	875	679	1554	56.3	100.0
PAYNE	2833	1392	4225	67.1	100.0
PITTSBURG	1890	1693	3583	52.7	100.0
PONTOTOC	2634	656	3290	80.1	100.0
POTTAWATOMIE	1474	4797	6271	23.5	100.0
PUSHMATAHA	814	217	1031	79.0	100.0
ROGER MILLS	173	1631	1804	9.6	100.0
ROGERS	581	2157	2738	21.2	100.0
SEMINOLE	2551	927	3478	73.3	100.0
SEQUOYAH	545	1449	1994	27.3	100.0
STEPHENS	2574	1678	4252	60.5	100.0
TEXAS	577	905	1482	38.9	100.0
TILLMAN	1201	780	1981	60.6	100.0
TULSA	29751	5041	34792	85.5	100.0
WAGONER	644	539	1183	54.4	100.0
WASHINGTON	5461	1152	6613	82.6	100.0
WASHITA	604	2808	3412	17.7	100.0
WOODS	822	1837	2659	30.9	100.0
WOODWARD	1049	1320	2369	44.3	100.0

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
171151	132121	303272	56.4	100.0

CORPORATION REAL ESTATE
SP PRI ELECT JUL 6,54
LEG REF 104 ADOPT ST.Q. 358

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	1526	1329	3919	53.5	72.9
ALFALFA	714	1415	2436	33.5	87.4
ATOKA	1385	1815	4739	43.3	67.5
BEAVER	434	1176	1783	27.0	90.3
BECKHAM	1778	2476	5848	41.8	72.7
BLAINE	946	1440	2797	39.6	85.3
BRYAN	3031	3394	10021	47.2	64.1
CADDO	3049	3923	9462	43.7	73.7
CANADIAN	2509	3025	6632	45.3	83.4
CARTER	4433	4607	13056	49.0	69.2
CHEROKEE	1568	1604	4556	49.4	69.6
CHOCTAW	2503	1992	6529	55.7	68.8
CIMARRON	407	751	1516	35.1	76.4
CLEVELAND	4058	2994	9038	57.5	78.0
COAL	989	1121	2980	46.9	70.8
COMANCHE	4392	4918	11830	47.2	78.7
COTTON	810	1125	2912	41.9	66.4
CRAIG	1447	2203	4847	39.6	75.3
CREEK	4220	3504	9599	54.6	80.5
CUSTER	1604	2371	5382	40.4	73.9
DELAWARE	1053	1365	3266	43.5	74.0
DEWEY	538	1416	2674	27.5	73.1
ELLIS	416	868	1591	32.4	80.7
GARFIELD	3644	5361	10568	40.5	85.2
GARVIN	2879	2658	8400	52.0	65.9
GRADY	3729	3161	9555	54.1	72.1
GRANT	846	1864	3070	31.2	88.3
GREER	969	1343	3645	41.9	63.4
HARMON	677	883	2439	43.4	64.0
HARPER	380	770	1409	33.0	81.6
HASKELL	934	899	3929	51.0	46.7
HUGHES	2308	2009	6577	53.5	65.6
JACKSON	1577	1641	4971	49.0	64.7
JEFFERSON	1195	1375	3896	46.5	66.0
JOHNSTON	1072	1295	4070	45.3	58.2
KAY	4924	5749	12265	46.1	87.0
KINGFISHER	834	2151	3203	27.9	93.2
KIOWA	2010	2074	5801	49.2	70.4
LATIMER	1120	1210	3786	48.1	61.5
LE FLORE	2645	2526	7776	51.2	66.5
LINCOLN	2098	2839	6249	42.5	79.0
LOGAN	1809	2219	4820	44.9	83.6
LOVE	717	881	2623	44.9	60.9
MCCLAIN	1524	1701	4801	47.3	67.2
MCCURTAIN	2915	2682	8925	52.1	62.7
MCINTOSH	1586	1504	4802	51.3	64.3
MAJOR	480	1162	1861	29.2	88.2
MARSHALL	1112	1019	3796	52.2	56.1
MAYES	2006	2048	5904	49.5	68.7
MURRAY	1372	1376	4425	49.9	62.1
MUSKOGEE	7385	5239	17234	58.5	73.3
NOBLE	1094	2198	3761	33.2	87.5
NOWATA	795	1024	2333	43.7	78.0
OKFUSKEE	2154	1576	5132	57.7	72.7
OKLAHOMA	39043	34203	87619	53.3	83.6
OKMULGEE	5191	3747	10782	58.1	92.9
OSAGE	2950	2664	6906	52.5	81.3
OTTAWA	2420	2558	6373	48.6	78.1
PAWNEE	1170	1683	3473	41.0	82.1
PAYNE	3178	2809	7218	53.1	82.9
PITTSBURG	6010	5048	14787	54.3	74.8
PONTOTOC	3039	3178	9532	48.9	65.2
POTTAWATOMIE	4467	4262	11839	51.2	73.7
PUSHMATAHA	1464	1546	4758	48.6	63.3
ROGER MILLS	668	1282	2805	34.3	69.5
ROGERS	2047	2250	5625	47.6	76.4
SEMINOLE	3899	3235	10150	54.7	70.3
SEQUOYAH	1626	1520	4957	51.7	63.5
STEPHENS	3494	3342	8924	51.1	76.6
TEXAS	766	1112	2181	40.8	86.1
TILLMAN	2262	1190	4461	65.5	77.4
TULSA	30652	13600	49969	69.3	88.6
WAGONER	1522	1339	4031	53.2	71.0
WASHINGTON	4983	3568	9623	58.3	88.9
WASHITA	1266	1915	4879	39.8	65.2
WOODS	1190	2234	3935	34.8	87.0
WOODWARD	1150	1817	3653	38.8	81.2

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
227055	215371	577919	51.3	76.6

TABLE D-75

STATE VETERAN BENEFITS
SP PRI ELECT JUL 6,54
LEG REF 108 ADOPT ST.Q. 362

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	1913	1034	3919	64.9	75.2
ALFALFA	1234	1000	2436	55.2	91.7
ATOKA	1994	1448	4739	57.9	72.6
BEAVER	902	801	1783	53.0	95.5
BECKHAM	2397	1964	5848	55.0	74.6
BLAINE	1271	1171	2797	52.0	87.3
BRYAN	4065	2547	10021	61.5	66.0
CADDO	4096	3007	9462	57.7	75.1
CANADIAN	3215	2407	6632	57.2	84.8
CARTER	5485	3800	13056	59.1	71.1
CHEROKEE	1905	1303	4556	59.4	70.4
CHOCTAW	2909	1629	6529	64.1	69.5
CIMARRON	719	526	1516	57.8	82.1
CLEVELAND	4228	2878	9038	59.5	78.6
COAL	1416	803	2980	63.8	74.5
COMANCHE	5228	4036	11830	56.4	78.3
COTTON	1126	883	2912	56.0	69.0
CRAIG	1956	1858	4847	51.3	78.7
CREEK	4733	2918	9599	61.9	79.7
CUSTER	2323	1781	5382	56.6	76.3
DELAWARE	1437	1036	3266	58.1	75.7
DEWEY	1058	990	2674	51.7	76.6
ELLIS	799	580	1591	57.9	86.7
GARFIELD	5252	4132	10568	56.0	88.8
GARVIN	3532	2076	8400	63.0	66.8
GRADY	4480	2454	9555	64.6	72.6
GRANT	1420	1384	3070	50.6	91.3
GREER	1401	1013	3645	58.0	66.2
HARMON	1039	685	2439	60.3	70.7
HARPER	614	571	1409	51.8	84.1
HASKELL	1176	809	3929	59.2	50.5
HUGHES	2784	1662	6577	62.6	67.6
JACKSON	2173	1268	4971	63.2	69.2
JEFFERSON	1502	1163	3896	56.4	68.4
JOHNSTON	1344	1074	4070	55.9	59.9
KAY	6262	4610	12265	57.6	88.6
KINGFISHER	1344	1725	3203	43.8	95.8
KIOWA	2548	1663	5801	60.5	72.6
LATIMER	1564	867	3786	64.3	64.2
LE FLORE	3180	2117	7776	60.0	68.1
LINCOLN	2681	2321	6249	53.6	80.0
LOGAN	2305	1767	4820	56.6	84.5
LOVE	993	662	2623	60.0	53.1
MCCLAIN	2089	1281	4801	62.0	70.2
MCCURTAIN	3664	2123	8925	63.3	64.8
MCINTOSH	1885	1240	4802	60.3	65.1
MAJOR	848	890	1861	48.8	93.4
MARSHALL	1381	809	3796	63.1	57.7
MAYES	2413	1709	5904	58.5	69.8
MURRAY	1695	1039	4425	62.0	61.8
MUSKOGEE	7768	4788	17234	61.9	72.9
NOBLE	1757	1653	3761	51.5	90.7
NOWATA	1051	790	2333	57.1	78.9
OKFUSKEE	2449	1266	5132	65.9	72.4
OKLAHOMA	41497	32022	87619	56.4	83.9
OKMULGEE	5182	3680	10782	58.5	82.2
OSAGE	3523	2209	6906	61.5	83.0
OTTAWA	2987	2109	6373	58.6	80.0
PAWNEE	1534	1369	3473	52.8	83.6
PAYNE	3304	2801	7218	54.1	84.6
PITTSBURG	6523	4610	14787	58.6	75.3
PONTOTOC	3990	2670	9532	59.9	69.9
POTTAWATOMIE	4776	3901	11839	55.0	73.3
PUSHMATAHA	1934	1229	4758	61.2	66.5
ROGER MILLS	1302	872	2805	59.9	77.5
ROGERS	2616	1733	5625	60.2	77.3
SEMINOLE	4446	2714	10150	62.1	70.5
SEQUOYAH	2135	1121	4957	65.6	65.7
STEPHENS	3574	3493	8924	50.6	79.2
TEXAS	1164	760	2181	60.5	88.2
TILLMAN	2225	1191	4461	65.1	76.6
TULSA	23754	19794	49969	54.6	87.1
WAGONER	1781	1111	4031	61.6	71.7
WASHINGTON	4519	3905	9623	53.6	87.5
WASHITA	2000	1428	4879	58.3	70.3
WOODS	1859	1671	3935	52.7	89.7
WOODWARD	1653	1426	3653	53.7	84.3

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
259301	189919	577919	57.7	77.7

REAL ESTATE TAX
GEN ELECT NOV 2, 54
LEG REF 107 ADOPT ST.Q. 361

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	2294	1439	5018	61.5	74.4
ALFALFA	1957	1317	3709	59.8	88.3
ATOKA	2459	910	4070	73.0	82.8
BEAVER	1154	1232	2815	48.4	84.8
BECKHAM	2898	1421	5059	67.1	85.4
BLAINE	2569	2006	5307	56.2	86.2
BRYAN	4899	1377	7374	78.1	85.1
CADDO	4795	2820	9469	63.0	80.4
CANADIAN	4302	2334	7480	64.8	88.7
CARTER	6610	1657	9390	80.0	88.0
CHEROKEE	2824	1841	6171	60.5	75.6
CHOCTAW	2459	1164	4771	67.9	75.9
CIMARRON	1140	381	1817	75.0	83.7
CLEVELAND	4691	2261	8290	67.5	83.9
COAL	1269	496	2145	72.2	83.2
COMANCHE	5220	3548	10020	59.5	87.5
COTTON	1221	796	2540	60.5	79.4
CRAIG	3083	1516	5557	67.0	82.8
CREEK	7819	2844	12087	73.3	88.2
CUSTER	2557	1910	5406	57.2	82.6
DELAWARE	2392	1621	5546	59.6	72.4
DEWEY	1210	1296	3227	48.3	77.7
ELLIS	1323	817	2445	61.8	87.5
GARFIELD	9405	6206	17363	60.2	89.9
GARVIN	3470	1966	6637	63.8	81.9
GRADY	5107	1613	7427	76.0	90.5
GRANT	2443	1697	4601	59.0	90.0
GREER	1204	590	2348	67.1	76.4
HARMON	744	266	1258	73.7	80.3
HARPER	1446	684	2427	67.9	87.8
HASKELL	2229	641	3349	77.7	85.7
HUGHES	3380	554	4460	85.9	88.2
JACKSON	2152	968	3931	69.0	79.4
JEFFERSON	1645	384	2365	81.1	85.8
JOHNSTON	2077	496	3039	80.7	84.7
KAY	10670	4580	16878	70.0	90.4
KINGFISHER	2557	1890	5015	57.5	88.7
KIOWA	2411	1328	4694	64.5	79.7
LATIMER	1403	829	3100	62.9	72.0
LE FLORE	5364	1348	7859	79.9	85.4
LINCOLN	3620	2852	8067	55.9	80.2
LOGAN	3834	2223	7184	63.3	84.3
LOVE	1602	308	2188	83.9	87.3
MCCLAIN	2047	706	3314	74.4	83.1
MCCURTAIN	4411	738	6039	85.7	85.3
MCINTOSH	1881	941	3886	66.7	72.6
MAJOR	1410	1256	3007	52.9	88.7
MARSHALL	1865	739	3460	71.6	75.3
MAYES	3490	1949	7294	64.2	74.6
MURRAY	1665	776	3116	68.2	78.3
MUSKOGEE	10015	2880	14592	77.7	88.4
NOBLE	2522	1652	4640	60.4	90.0
NOWATA	3110	1047	4877	74.8	85.2
OKFUSKEE	2313	782	3688	74.7	83.9
OKLAHOMA	62964	19785	91203	76.1	90.7
OKMULGEE	7041	2821	11427	71.4	86.3
OSAGE	4889	2498	8645	66.2	85.4
OTTAWA	4801	3389	10262	58.6	79.7
PAWNEE	2458	1651	4847	59.8	84.8
PAYNE	6867	2556	10694	72.9	88.1
PITTSBURG	7250	2499	11019	74.4	88.5
PONTOTOC	5898	760	7338	88.6	90.7
POTTAWATOMIE	8038	3023	12343	72.7	89.6
PUSHMATAHA	1724	873	3233	66.4	80.3
ROGER MILLS	820	707	1913	53.7	79.8
ROGERS	3753	1817	6540	67.4	85.2
SEMINOLE	5355	1783	8452	75.0	84.5
SEQUOYAH	2081	1435	5243	59.2	67.1
STEPHENS	4663	1561	6975	74.9	89.2
TEXAS	2872	793	4023	78.4	91.1
TILLMAN	2260	729	3581	75.6	83.5
TULSA	47892	20353	78272	70.2	87.2
WAGONER	2714	1162	4625	70.0	83.8
WASHINGTON	8080	3479	12839	69.9	90.0
WASHITA	2006	963	3706	67.6	80.1
WOODS	2443	2017	5134	54.8	86.9
WOODWARD	3442	1123	4949	75.4	92.2

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
372968	159870	619099	70.0	86.0

TABLE D-76

OKLA. VETERANS LOAN AUTHORITY
SP PRI ELECT JUL 3.56
LEG REF 110 REJECT ST.Q. 369

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	1384	1149	2707	54.6	93.6
ALFALFA	405	1280	1648	24.0	102.2
ATOKA	1286	1259	2845	50.5	89.5
BEAVER	480	1055	1400	31.3	109.6
BECKHAM	1291	2736	4248	31.4	93.9
BLAINE	705	1823	2396	27.9	105.5
BRYAN	2739	2893	6762	48.6	83.3
CADDO	2386	3964	6723	37.6	94.5
CANADIAN	1569	2666	4178	37.0	101.4
CARTER	3492	5344	9209	39.5	95.9
CHEROKEE	1298	1540	3305	45.5	85.6
CHOCTAW	1819	2123	4804	46.1	82.1
CIMARRON	413	667	1016	38.2	106.3
CLEVELAND	1387	3508	5160	28.3	94.9
COAL	893	1013	2079	46.9	91.7
COMANCHE	3307	5579	9430	37.2	94.2
COTTON	935	1080	2203	46.4	91.5
CRAIG	1015	1964	3067	34.1	97.1
CREEK	2586	3912	6889	39.8	94.3
CUSTER	1129	2485	3853	31.2	93.8
DELAWARE	952	1068	2353	47.1	85.8
DEWEY	560	1328	1830	29.7	103.2
ELLIS	478	1147	1558	29.4	104.3
GARFIELD	2391	7707	10065	23.7	100.3
GARVIN	2012	3728	6855	35.1	83.7
GRADY	1945	3375	5846	36.6	91.0
GRANT	628	1703	2257	26.9	103.3
GREER	947	1088	2325	46.5	87.5
HARMON	599	732	1580	45.0	84.2
HARPER	351	848	1175	29.3	102.0
HASKELL	1324	988	2930	57.3	78.9
HUGHES	1539	2479	4399	38.3	91.3
JACKSON	1403	1819	3903	43.5	82.6
JEFFERSON	1117	1322	2804	45.8	87.0
JOHNSTON	1051	934	2298	52.9	86.4
KAY	2250	5957	8112	27.4	101.2
KINGFISHER	880	2483	3086	26.2	109.0
KIOWA	1014	2251	3431	31.1	95.2
LATIMER	1179	1195	2827	49.7	84.0
LE FLORE	2690	2270	6295	56.0	82.0
LINCOLN	1194	2388	3507	33.3	102.1
LOGAN	659	1583	2237	29.4	100.2
LOVE	986	756	2014	56.6	86.5
MCCLAIN	1795	1865	4258	49.0	86.0
MCCURTAIN	2333	2311	5735	50.2	81.0
MCINTOSH	1557	1450	3433	51.8	87.6
MAJOR	383	1254	1535	23.4	106.6
MARSHALL	1040	1067	2536	49.4	83.1
MAYES	1072	1590	2922	40.3	91.1
MURRAY	1160	1518	2865	43.3	93.5
MUSKOGEE	5837	5472	12306	51.6	91.9
NOBLE	795	2068	2780	27.6	103.7
NOWATA	642	1023	1617	38.6	103.0
OKFUSKEE	1797	1779	3733	50.3	95.8
OKLAHOMA	12371	36859	48074	25.1	102.4
OKMULGEE	3722	4110	8372	47.5	93.5
OSAGE	1664	2503	4272	39.9	97.5
OTTAWA	1508	2215	3970	40.5	93.8
PAWNEE	907	1781	2656	33.7	101.2
PAYNE	1245	3213	4624	27.9	96.4
PITTSBURG	3745	5633	11063	39.9	84.8
PONTOTOC	1908	3501	6102	35.3	88.6
POTTAWATOMIE	3472	6576	10215	34.6	98.4
PUSHMATAHA	1354	1238	3478	52.2	74.5
ROGER MILLS	735	1064	1975	40.9	91.1
ROGERS	1669	2115	3875	44.1	97.7
SEMINOLE	2079	3482	5680	37.4	97.9
SEQUOYAH	2043	1281	4136	61.5	80.4
STEPHENS	1932	4317	6285	30.9	99.4
TEXAS	931	1350	2270	40.8	100.5
TILLMAN	1139	1180	2506	49.1	92.5
TULSA	8333	23855	31885	25.9	101.0
WAGONER	1350	1322	2920	50.5	91.5
WASHINGTON	1425	3697	5034	27.8	101.7
WASHITA	1253	2041	3621	38.0	91.0
WOODS	710	2226	2780	24.2	105.6
WOODWARD	517	1856	2239	21.8	106.0

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
133241	216021	389361	36.1	94.8

VETERANS BENEFITS
SP PRI ELECT JUL 3.56
LEG REF 111 REJECT ST.Q. 370

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	1125	1166	2707	46.7	85.4
ALFALFA	461	1089	1648	29.7	94.1
ATOKA	968	1234	2845	44.0	77.4
BEAVER	405	1001	1400	28.8	100.4
BECKHAM	1134	2279	4248	33.2	80.3
BLAINE	794	1523	2396	34.3	96.7
BRYAN	2089	2863	6762	42.2	73.2
CADDO	1984	3572	6723	35.7	82.6
CANADIAN	1416	2535	4178	35.8	94.6
CARTER	3061	4620	9209	39.9	83.4
CHEROKEE	996	1461	3305	40.5	74.3
CHOCTAW	1515	1756	4804	46.3	68.1
CIMARRON	370	609	1016	37.8	96.4
CLEVELAND	1604	2793	5160	36.5	85.2
COAL	673	973	2079	40.9	79.2
COMANCHE	3060	4914	9430	38.4	84.6
COTTON	765	1001	2203	43.3	80.2
CRAIG	841	1862	3067	31.1	88.1
CREEK	2335	3553	6889	39.7	85.5
CUSTER	1060	2167	3853	32.8	83.8
DELAWARE	667	1025	2353	39.4	71.9
DEWEY	462	1174	1830	28.2	89.4
ELLIS	413	1054	1558	28.2	94.2
GARFIELD	3163	6177	10065	33.9	92.8
GARVIN	1719	3294	6855	34.3	73.1
GRADY	1778	2863	5846	38.3	79.4
GRANT	621	1559	2257	28.5	96.6
GREER	701	1011	2325	40.9	73.6
HARMON	422	653	1580	39.3	68.0
HARPER	317	809	1175	28.2	95.8
HASKELL	979	886	2930	52.5	63.7
HUGHES	1277	2077	4399	38.1	76.2
JACKSON	1227	1470	3903	45.5	69.1
JEFFERSON	906	1207	2804	42.9	75.4
JOHNSTON	732	954	2298	43.4	73.4
KAY	2505	5166	8112	32.7	94.6
KINGFISHER	868	2262	3086	27.7	101.4
KIOWA	958	1898	3431	33.5	83.2
LATIMER	837	1128	2827	42.6	69.5
LE FLORE	2107	2180	6295	49.1	68.1
LINCOLN	966	2211	3507	30.4	90.6
LOGAN	599	1445	2237	29.3	91.4
LOVE	659	774	2014	46.0	71.2
MCCLAIN	1397	1669	4258	45.6	72.0
MCCURTAIN	1683	2187	5735	43.5	67.5
MCINTOSH	1106	1347	3433	45.1	71.5
MAJOR	381	1150	1535	24.9	99.7
MARSHALL	696	1057	2536	39.7	69.1
MAYES	1026	1356	2922	43.1	81.5
MURRAY	934	1369	2865	40.6	80.4
MUSKOGEE	4761	4931	12306	49.1	78.8
NOBLE	720	1899	2780	27.5	94.2
NOWATA	531	941	1617	36.1	91.0
OKFUSKEE	1347	1669	3733	44.7	80.8
OKLAHOMA	15131	30667	48074	33.0	95.3
OKMULGEE	3270	3690	8372	47.0	83.1
OSAGE	1538	2207	4272	41.1	87.7
OTTAWA	1403	1928	3970	42.1	83.9
PAWNEE	850	1623	2656	34.4	93.1
PAYNE	1524	2647	4624	36.5	90.2
PITTSBURG	3197	5166	11063	38.2	75.6
PONTOTOC	1718	2862	6102	37.5	75.1
POTTAWATOMIE	3061	6075	10215	33.5	89.4
PUSHMATAHA	951	1261	3478	43.0	63.6
ROGER MILLS	533	1017	1975	34.4	78.5
ROGERS	1485	1905	3875	43.8	87.5
SEMINOLE	2031	2714	5680	42.8	83.5
SEQUOYAH	1422	1289	4136	52.5	65.5
STEPHENS	2456	3053	6285	44.6	87.7
TEXAS	774	1257	2270	38.1	89.5
TILLMAN	981	1075	2506	47.7	82.0
TULSA	13368	16992	31885	44.0	95.2
WAGONER	1091	1264	2920	46.3	80.7
WASHINGTON	2100	2701	5034	43.7	95.4
WASHITA	948	1846	3621	33.9	77.2
WOODS	718	1985	2780	26.5	97.2
WOODWARD	552	1615	2239	25.5	96.8

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
127221	202682	389361	38.6	84.7

TABLE D-77

CREATE NEW BOARD OF REGENTS
SP PRI ELECT JUL 3.56
LEG REF 112 REJECT ST.Q. 371

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	953	1238	2707	43.5	80.9
ALFALFA	458	1075	1648	29.9	93.0
ATOKA	857	1232	2845	41.0	73.4
BEAVER	315	1041	1400	23.2	96.9
BECKHAM	1109	2169	4248	33.8	77.2
BLAINE	823	1449	2396	36.2	94.8
BRYAN	2117	2660	6762	44.3	70.6
CADDO	2031	3395	6723	37.4	80.7
CANADIAN	1308	2513	4178	34.2	91.5
CARTER	3192	4297	9209	42.6	81.3
CHEROKEE	924	1459	3305	38.1	73.3
CHOCTAW	1479	1620	4804	47.7	64.5
CIMARRON	312	621	1016	33.4	91.8
CLEVELAND	1864	2555	5160	42.2	85.6
COAL	608	983	2079	38.2	76.5
COMANCHE	3588	4265	9430	45.7	83.3
COTTON	678	1012	2203	40.1	76.7
CRAIG	745	1866	3067	28.5	85.1
CREEK	2313	3464	6889	40.0	83.9
CUSTER	1140	2050	3853	35.7	82.8
DELAWARE	612	1018	2353	37.5	69.3
DEWEY	395	1194	1830	24.9	86.8
ELLIS	368	1068	1558	25.6	92.2
GARFIELD	3361	5884	10065	36.4	91.9
GARVIN	1711	3156	6855	35.2	71.0
GRADY	2507	2264	5846	52.5	81.6
GRANT	557	1568	2257	26.2	94.2
GREER	604	1041	2325	36.7	70.8
HARMON	354	662	1580	34.8	64.3
HARPER	280	821	1175	25.4	93.7
HASKELL	864	917	2930	48.5	60.8
HUGHES	1240	2049	4399	37.7	74.8
JACKSON	1173	1376	3903	46.0	65.3
JEFFERSON	931	1152	2804	44.7	74.3
JOHNSTON	633	957	2298	39.8	69.2
KAY	2729	4824	8112	36.1	93.1
KINGFISHER	785	2325	3086	25.2	100.8
KIOWA	937	1812	3431	34.1	80.1
LATIMER	808	1071	2827	43.0	66.5
LE FLORE	1891	2202	6295	46.2	65.0
LINCOLN	915	2227	3507	29.1	89.6
LOGAN	674	1327	2237	33.7	89.5
LOVE	510	803	2014	38.8	65.2
MCCLAIN	1279	1661	4258	43.5	69.0
MCCURTAIN	1617	2139	5735	43.1	65.5
MCINTOSH	1035	1336	3433	43.7	69.1
MAJOR	331	1151	1535	22.3	96.5
MARSHALL	627	1054	2536	37.3	66.3
MAYES	874	1403	2922	38.4	77.9
MURRAY	932	1314	2865	41.5	78.4
MUSKOGEE	4802	4739	12306	50.3	77.5
NOBLE	735	1891	2780	28.0	94.5
NOWATA	503	896	1617	36.0	86.5
OKFUSKEE	1286	1664	3733	43.6	79.0
OKLAHOMA	18522	27209	48074	40.5	95.1
OKMULGEE	3253	3562	8372	47.7	81.4
OSAGE	1526	2105	4272	42.0	85.0
OTTAWA	1369	1837	3970	42.7	80.8
PAWNEE	743	1677	2656	30.7	91.1
PAYNE	1814	2362	4624	43.4	90.3
PITTSBURG	3272	4878	11063	40.1	73.7
PONTOTOC	1688	2863	6102	37.1	74.6
POTTAWATOMIE	3045	5838	10215	34.3	87.0
PUSHMATAHA	830	1285	3478	39.2	60.8
ROGER MILLS	400	1075	1975	27.1	74.7
ROGERS	1345	1963	3875	40.7	85.4
SEMINOLE	2089	2546	5680	45.1	81.6
SEQUOYAH	1251	1373	4136	47.7	63.4
STEPHENS	2580	2815	6285	47.8	85.8
TEXAS	742	1228	2270	37.7	86.8
TILLMAN	775	1045	2506	42.6	72.6
TULSA	13395	16396	31885	45.0	93.4
WAGONER	938	1300	2920	41.9	76.6
WASHINGTON	2114	2558	5034	45.2	92.8
WASHITA	746	1878	3621	28.4	72.5
WOODS	813	1866	2780	30.3	96.4
WOODWARD	571	1559	2239	26.8	95.1

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
129495	193188	389361	40.1	82.9

O.M.A. BOARD OF REGENTS
SP PRI ELECT JUL 3.56
LEG REF 113 REJECT ST.Q. 372

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	969	1182	2707	45.0	79.5
ALFALFA	433	1074	1648	28.7	91.4
ATOKA	851	1216	2845	41.2	72.7
BEAVER	322	1018	1400	24.0	95.7
BECKHAM	1071	2118	4248	33.6	75.1
BLAINE	780	1443	2396	35.1	92.8
BRYAN	2111	2588	6762	44.9	69.5
CADDO	1911	3400	6723	36.0	79.0
CANADIAN	1318	2486	4178	34.6	91.0
CARTER	3159	4152	9209	43.2	79.4
CHEROKEE	932	1452	3305	39.1	72.1
CHOCTAW	1445	1584	4804	47.7	63.1
CIMARRON	294	641	1016	31.4	92.0
CLEVELAND	1800	2556	5160	41.3	84.4
COAL	585	971	2079	37.6	74.8
COMANCHE	3478	4180	9430	45.4	81.2
COTTON	659	988	2203	40.0	74.8
CRAIG	778	1816	3067	30.0	84.6
CREEK	2415	3258	6889	42.6	82.3
CUSTER	1140	1940	3853	37.0	79.9
DELAWARE	641	972	2353	39.7	68.6
DEWEY	366	1177	1830	23.7	84.3
ELLIS	356	1042	1558	25.5	89.7
GARFIELD	3358	5759	10065	36.8	90.6
GARVIN	1730	3054	6855	36.2	69.8
GRADY	2087	2388	5846	46.6	76.5
GRANT	548	1554	2257	26.1	93.1
GREER	592	1002	2325	37.1	68.6
HARMON	338	642	1580	34.5	62.0
HARPER	264	822	1175	24.3	92.4
HASKELL	850	862	2930	49.6	58.4
HUGHES	1237	1948	4399	38.8	72.4
JACKSON	1142	1370	3903	45.5	64.4
JEFFERSON	865	1134	2804	43.3	71.3
JOHNSTON	677	900	2298	42.9	68.6
KAY	2719	4758	8112	36.4	92.2
KINGFISHER	747	2301	3086	24.5	98.8
KIOWA	907	1784	3431	33.7	78.4
LATIMER	786	1053	2827	42.7	65.1
LE FLORE	1887	2173	6295	46.5	64.5
LINCOLN	883	2196	3507	28.7	87.8
LOGAN	667	1295	2237	34.0	87.7
LOVE	502	780	2014	39.2	63.7
MCCLAIN	1246	1605	4258	43.7	67.0
MCCURTAIN	1596	2074	5735	43.5	64.0
MCINTOSH	1039	1260	3433	45.2	67.0
MAJOR	327	1124	1535	22.5	94.5
MARSHALL	636	1015	2536	38.5	65.1
MAYES	877	1360	2922	39.2	76.6
MURRAY	936	1262	2865	42.6	76.7
MUSKOGEE	4790	4449	12306	51.8	75.1
NOBLE	715	1818	2780	28.2	91.1
NOWATA	540	871	1617	38.3	87.3
OKFUSKEE	1262	1613	3733	43.9	77.0
OKLAHOMA	18831	26702	48074	41.0	94.1
OKMULGEE	3262	3534	8372	48.0	81.2
OSAGE	1583	2027	4272	43.9	84.5
OTTAWA	1364	1789	3970	43.3	79.4
PAWNEE	758	1626	2656	31.8	89.8
PAYNE	1797	2288	4624	44.0	88.3
PITTSBURG	3304	4737	11063	41.1	72.7
PONTOTOC	1755	2795	6102	38.6	74.6
POTTAWATOMIE	3059	5721	10215	34.8	86.0
PUSHMATAHA	818	1262	3478	39.3	59.8
ROGER MILLS	407	1049	1975	28.0	73.7
ROGERS	1460	1849	3875	44.1	85.4
SEMINOLE	2062	2482	5680	45.4	80.0
SEQUOYAH	1231	1321	4136	48.2	61.7
STEPHENS	2535	2784	6285	47.7	84.6
TEXAS	767	1182	2270	39.4	85.9
TILLMAN	734	1040	2506	41.4	70.8
TULSA	13806	15706	31885	46.8	92.6
WAGONER	988	1209	2920	45.0	75.2
WASHINGTON	2194	2470	5034	47.0	92.6
WASHITA	703	1848	3621	27.6	70.5
WOODS	781	1848	2780	29.7	94.6
WOODWARD	541	1553	2239	25.8	93.5

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
129004	188302	389361	40.7	81.5

TABLE D-78

WATER SUPPLY INDEBTEDNESS
SP PRI ELECT JUL 3.56
LEG REF 114 REJECT ST.Q. 373

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	1030	1138	2707	47.5	80.1
ALFALFA	515	995	1648	34.1	91.6
ATOKA	1214	1067	2845	53.2	80.2
BEAVER	321	1013	1400	24.1	95.3
BECKHAM	1065	2184	4248	32.8	76.5
BLAINE	758	1468	2396	34.1	92.9
BRYAN	3036	2146	6762	58.6	76.6
CADDO	2067	3300	6723	38.5	79.8
CANADIAN	1392	2431	4178	36.4	91.5
CARTER	4157	3680	9209	53.0	85.1
CHEROKEE	960	1396	3305	40.7	71.3
CHOCTAW	2200	1314	4804	62.6	73.1
CIMARRON	289	607	1016	32.3	88.2
CLEVELAND	2494	2064	5160	54.7	88.3
COAL	933	770	2079	54.8	81.9
COMANCHE	3513	4349	9430	44.7	83.4
COTTON	808	930	2203	46.5	78.9
CRAIG	822	1753	3067	31.9	84.0
CREEK	2731	3068	6889	47.1	84.2
CUSTER	1588	1716	3853	48.1	85.8
DELAWARE	589	1004	2353	37.0	67.7
DEWEY	425	1131	1830	27.3	85.0
ELLIS	362	1049	1558	25.7	90.6
GARFIELD	3997	5420	10065	42.4	93.6
GARVIN	2160	2866	6855	43.0	73.3
GRADY	2059	2452	5846	45.6	77.2
GRANT	653	1495	2257	30.4	95.2
GREER	692	940	2325	42.4	70.2
HARMON	374	630	1580	37.3	63.5
HARPER	307	777	1175	28.3	92.3
HASKELL	904	824	2930	52.3	59.0
HUGHES	1325	1883	4399	41.3	72.9
JACKSON	1460	1217	3903	54.5	68.6
JEFFERSON	1120	1025	2804	52.2	76.5
JOHNSTON	903	832	2298	52.0	75.5
KAY	4003	3835	8112	51.1	96.6
KINGFISHER	748	2305	3086	24.5	98.9
KIOWA	1045	1711	3431	37.9	80.3
LATIMER	970	944	2827	50.7	67.7
LE FLORE	2020	2104	6295	49.0	65.5
LINCOLN	1125	2074	3507	35.2	91.2
LOGAN	914	1155	2237	44.2	92.5
LOVE	595	691	2014	46.3	63.9
MCCLAIN	1293	1564	4258	45.3	67.1
MCCURTAIN	1777	1991	5735	47.2	65.7
MCINTOSH	1124	1229	3433	47.8	68.5
MAJOR	419	1068	1535	28.2	96.9
MARSHALL	1185	793	2536	59.9	78.0
MAYES	992	1270	2922	43.9	77.4
MURRAY	1216	1103	2865	52.4	80.9
MUSKOGEE	5186	4248	12306	55.0	76.7
NOBLE	780	1775	2780	30.5	91.9
NOWATA	616	815	1617	43.0	88.5
OKFUSKEE	1412	1476	3733	48.9	77.4
OKLAHOMA	20240	25684	48074	44.1	95.5
OKMULGEE	3504	3176	8372	52.5	79.8
OSAGE	1876	1792	4272	51.1	85.9
OTTAWA	1344	1824	3970	42.4	79.8
PAWNEE	948	1505	2656	38.6	92.4
PAYNE	2601	1736	4624	60.0	93.8
PITTSBURG	3861	4441	11063	46.5	75.0
PONTOTOC	3275	1920	6102	63.0	85.1
POTTAWATOMIE	5084	4443	10215	53.4	93.3
PUSHMATAHA	991	1192	3478	45.4	62.8
ROGER MILLS	516	980	1975	34.5	75.7
ROGERS	1312	1868	3875	41.3	82.1
SEMINOLE	2218	2412	5680	47.9	81.5
SEQUOYAH	1358	1256	4136	52.0	63.2
STEPHENS	2936	2569	6285	53.3	87.6
TEXAS	775	1206	2270	39.1	87.3
TILLMAN	737	1042	2506	41.4	71.0
TULSA	15775	14161	31885	52.7	93.9
WAGONER	1037	1261	2920	45.1	78.7
WASHINGTON	2663	2070	5034	56.3	94.0
WASHITA	849	1793	3621	32.1	73.0
WOODS	758	1882	2780	28.7	95.0
WOODWARD	596	1524	2239	28.1	94.7

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
151897	174822	389361	46.5	83.9

CREATE WILDLIFE CONSERV. DEPT.
SP PRI ELECT JUL 3.56
LEG REF 115 ADOPT ST.Q. 374

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	1197	1025	2707	53.9	82.1
ALFALFA	626	899	1648	41.0	92.5
ATOKA	1055	1071	2845	49.6	74.7
BEAVER	531	880	1400	37.6	100.8
BECKHAM	1491	1865	4248	44.4	79.0
BLAINE	911	1378	2396	39.8	95.5
BRYAN	2545	2288	6762	52.7	71.5
CADDO	2496	2977	6723	45.6	81.4
CANADIAN	1747	2147	4178	44.9	93.2
CARTER	3893	3648	9209	51.6	81.9
CHEROKEE	1165	1289	3305	47.5	74.3
CHOCTAW	1860	1408	4804	56.9	68.0
CIMARRON	439	527	1016	45.4	95.1
CLEVELAND	2083	2406	5160	46.4	87.0
COAL	768	836	2079	47.9	77.2
COMANCHE	4426	3667	9430	54.7	85.8
COTTON	876	879	2203	49.9	79.7
CRAIG	1199	1489	3067	44.6	87.6
CREEK	3358	2536	6889	57.0	85.6
CUSTER	1528	1724	3853	47.0	84.4
DELAWARE	853	852	2353	50.0	72.5
DEWEY	632	1000	1830	38.7	89.2
ELLIS	579	885	1558	39.5	94.0
GARFIELD	5472	4097	10065	57.2	95.1
GARVIN	2293	2630	6855	46.6	71.8
GRADY	2380	2071	5846	53.5	76.1
GRANT	843	1342	2257	38.6	96.8
GREER	767	910	2325	45.7	72.1
HARMON	437	586	1580	42.7	64.7
HARPER	399	712	1175	35.9	94.6
HASKELL	1101	735	2930	60.0	62.7
HUGHES	1631	1657	4399	49.6	74.7
JACKSON	1484	1142	3903	56.5	67.3
JEFFERSON	1070	982	2804	52.1	73.2
JOHNSTON	740	878	2298	45.7	70.4
KAY	3850	3819	8112	50.2	94.5
KINGFISHER	1138	2008	3086	36.2	101.9
KIOWA	1113	1662	3431	40.1	80.9
LATIMER	1039	875	2827	54.3	67.7
LE FLORE	2686	1709	6295	61.1	69.8
LINCOLN	1372	1845	3507	42.6	91.7
LOGAN	904	1115	2237	44.8	90.3
LOVE	648	672	2014	49.1	65.5
MCCLAIN	1550	1373	4258	53.0	68.6
MCCURTAIN	2059	1786	5735	53.6	67.0
MCINTOSH	1291	1066	3433	54.8	68.7
MAJOR	542	959	1535	36.1	97.8
MARSHALL	782	926	2536	45.8	67.4
MAYES	1308	1103	2922	54.3	82.5
MURRAY	1158	1152	2865	50.1	80.6
MUSKOGEE	6011	3627	12306	62.4	78.3
NOBLE	1216	1504	2780	44.7	97.8
NOWATA	749	714	1617	51.2	90.5
OKFUSKEE	1608	1368	3733	54.0	79.7
OKLAHOMA	22648	23350	48074	49.2	95.7
OKMULGEE	4618	2456	8372	65.3	84.5
OSAGE	2234	1577	4272	58.6	89.2
OTTAWA	2289	1221	3970	65.2	88.4
PAWNEE	1097	1379	2656	44.3	93.2
PAYNE	2319	1952	4624	54.3	92.4
PITTSBURG	4738	3762	11063	55.7	76.8
PONTOTOC	2192	2440	6102	47.3	75.9
POTTAWATOMIE	4187	4787	10215	46.7	87.9
PUSHMATAHA	1108	1178	3478	48.5	65.7
ROGER MILLS	643	856	1975	42.9	75.9
ROGERS	1767	1592	3875	52.6	86.7
SEMINOLE	2665	2056	5680	56.4	83.1
SEQUOYAH	1549	1107	4136	58.3	64.2
STEPHENS	3208	2259	6285	58.7	87.0
TEXAS	1169	888	2270	56.8	90.6
TILLMAN	1008	898	2506	52.9	76.1
TULSA	19439	11107	31885	63.6	95.8
WAGONER	1243	1032	2920	54.6	77.9
WASHINGTON	2917	1878	5034	60.8	95.3
WASHITA	1091	1596	3621	40.6	74.2
WOODS	1276	1517	2780	45.7	100.5
WOODWARD	890	1310	2239	40.5	98.3

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
172194	156897	389361	52.3	84.5

TABLE D-79

CORPORATE STOCK OWNERSHIP
SP PRI ELECT JUL 3,56
LEG REF 116 REJECT ST.Q. 375

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	843	1199	2707	41.3	75.4
ALFALFA	349	1148	1648	23.3	90.8
ATOKA	720	1155	2845	38.4	65.9
BEAVER	245	1066	1400	18.7	93.6
BECKHAM	809	2269	4248	26.3	72.5
BLAINE	580	1596	2396	26.7	90.8
BRYAN	1594	2853	6762	35.8	65.8
CADDO	1529	3613	6723	29.7	76.5
CANADIAN	996	2529	4178	28.3	84.4
CARTER	2615	4431	9209	37.1	76.5
CHEROKEE	765	1509	3305	33.6	68.8
CHOCTAW	1205	1652	4804	42.2	59.5
CIMARRON	213	681	1016	23.8	88.0
CLEVELAND	1237	2973	5160	29.4	81.6
COAL	495	1005	2079	33.0	72.2
COMANCHE	2500	4901	9430	33.8	78.5
COTTON	503	1087	2203	31.6	72.2
CRAIG	641	1882	3067	25.4	82.3
CREEK	2079	3397	6889	38.0	79.5
CUSTER	862	2172	3853	28.4	78.7
DELAWARE	509	1013	2353	33.4	64.7
DEWEY	302	1211	1830	20.0	82.7
ELLIS	273	1099	1558	19.9	88.1
GARFIELD	2934	6131	10065	32.4	90.1
GARVIN	1210	3086	6855	28.2	62.7
GRADY	1283	2925	5846	30.5	72.0
GRANT	392	1693	2257	18.8	92.4
GREER	524	1003	2325	34.3	65.7
HARMON	254	676	1580	27.3	58.9
HARPER	179	875	1175	17.0	89.7
HASKELL	673	926	2930	42.1	54.6
HUGHES	996	2033	4399	32.9	68.9
JACKSON	848	1511	3903	35.9	60.4
JEFFERSON	699	1143	2804	37.9	65.7
JOHNSTON	501	963	2298	34.2	63.7
KAY	2149	5221	8112	29.2	90.9
KINGFISHER	585	2412	3086	19.5	97.1
KIOWA	691	1790	3431	27.9	72.3
LATIMER	615	1196	2827	34.0	64.1
LE FLORE	1716	2176	6295	44.1	61.8
LINCOLN	727	2276	3507	24.2	85.6
LOGAN	507	1411	2237	26.4	85.7
LOVE	412	799	2014	34.0	60.1
MCCLAIN	976	1714	4258	36.3	63.2
MCCURTAIN	1348	2078	5735	39.3	59.7
MCINTOSH	833	1345	3433	38.2	63.4
MAJOR	280	1165	1535	19.4	94.1
MARSHALL	478	1078	2536	30.7	61.4
MAYES	761	1411	2922	35.0	74.3
MURRAY	775	1319	2865	37.0	73.1
MUSKOGEE	4166	4775	12306	46.6	72.7
NOBLE	516	1949	2780	20.9	88.7
NOWATA	412	950	1617	30.2	84.2
OKFUSKEE	1115	1617	3733	40.8	73.2
OKLAHOMA	14472	28149	48074	34.0	38.7
OKMULGEE	2806	3410	8372	45.1	74.2
OSAGE	1326	2112	4272	38.6	80.5
OTTAWA	1117	2039	3970	35.4	79.5
PAWNEE	588	1751	2656	25.1	88.1
PAYNE	1303	2644	4624	33.0	85.4
PITTSBURG	2741	4915	11063	35.8	69.2
PONTOTOC	1413	2703	6102	34.3	67.5
POTTAWATOMIE	2580	5821	10215	30.7	82.2
PUSHMATAHA	706	1278	3478	35.6	57.0
ROGER MILLS	372	1010	1975	26.9	70.0
ROGERS	1025	2130	3875	32.5	81.4
SEMINOLE	1741	2652	5680	39.6	77.3
SEQUOYAH	1116	1293	4136	46.3	58.2
STEPHENS	2092	3000	6285	41.1	81.0
TEXAS	573	1324	2270	30.2	83.6
TILLMAN	565	1151	2506	32.9	68.5
TULSA	13737	15532	31885	46.9	91.8
WAGONER	823	1267	2920	39.4	71.6
WASHINGTON	2038	2551	5034	44.4	91.2
WASHITA	552	1908	3621	22.4	67.9
WOODS	533	2054	2780	20.6	93.1
WOODWARD	517	1573	2239	24.7	93.3

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
106155	198355	389361	34.9	78.2

CONGRESSIONAL REDISTRICTING
GEN ELECT NOV 6, 56
INT PET 283 REJECT ST.Q. 357

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	1532	2162	5570	41.5	66.3
ALFALFA	2119	1711	4622	55.3	82.9
ATOKA	1066	1818	4155	37.0	69.4
BEAVER	1039	1340	2992	43.7	79.5
BECKHAM	2229	2850	6755	43.9	75.2
BLAINE	2201	2419	5699	47.6	81.1
BRYAN	2392	3666	8668	39.5	69.9
CADDO	3834	4648	11215	45.2	75.6
CANADIAN	4216	4029	9598	51.1	85.9
CARTER	5322	6550	15315	44.8	77.5
CHEROKEE	2077	2810	6268	42.5	78.0
CHOCTAW	1362	2430	5675	35.9	66.8
CIMARRON	679	738	1865	47.9	76.0
CLEVELAND	7344	4039	13753	64.5	82.8
COAL	509	1462	2516	25.8	78.3
COMANCHE	7853	5420	16288	59.2	81.5
COTTON	1133	1189	3287	48.8	70.6
CRAIG	2197	2923	6649	42.9	77.0
CREEK	6516	5700	15397	53.3	79.3
CUSTER	2958	2666	7208	52.6	78.0
DELAWARE	1618	2132	5757	43.1	65.1
DEWEY	959	1558	3344	38.1	75.3
ELLIS	1046	1296	2836	44.7	82.6
GARFIELD	12556	6741	22117	65.1	87.2
GARVIN	3374	4063	10301	45.4	72.2
GRADY	5068	4031	11964	55.7	76.1
GRANT	2002	2114	4741	48.6	86.8
GREER	1154	1220	3406	48.6	69.7
HARMON	564	[illegible]01	2580	33.9	64.5
HARPER	904	[illegible]20	2332	47.0	82.5
HASKELL	1137	1646	4139	40.9	67.2
HUGHES	1915	2843	7061	40.2	67.4
JACKSON	2382	2314	6778	50.7	69.3
JEFFERSON	1263	1261	3725	50.0	67.8
JOHNSTON	825	1500	3389	35.5	68.6
KAY	12560	7026	22908	64.1	85.5
KINGFISHER	2889	2032	5603	58.7	87.8
KIOWA	2162	2215	6084	49.4	71.9
LATIMER	829	1453	3381	36.3	67.5
LE FLORE	2761	3664	9586	43.0	67.0
LINCOLN	2470	4734	8902	34.3	80.9
LOGAN	3626	3035	8201	54.4	81.2
LOVE	443	1320	2487	25.1	70.9
MCCLAIN	1601	1903	5062	45.7	69.2
MCCURTAIN	1707	3432	7468	33.2	68.8
MCINTOSH	1469	1802	4877	44.9	67.1
MAJOR	1504	1527	3777	49.6	80.2
MARSHALL	880	1292	3251	40.5	66.8
MAYES	3039	2986	8437	50.4	71.4
MURRAY	1399	1658	4291	45.8	71.2
MUSKOGEE	10084	7254	21470	58.2	80.8
NOBLE	2334	2215	5553	51.3	81.9
NOWATA	2165	1855	5436	53.9	74.0
OKFUSKEE	1520	1625	4630	45.4	72.2
OKLAHOMA	78455	43539	142907	64.3	85.4
OKMULGEE	6152	4941	14329	55.5	77.4
OSAGE	6645	4086	13235	61.9	81.1
OTTAWA	5518	3909	12451	58.5	75.7
PAWNEE	2383	2058	5654	53.7	78.5
PAYNE	7906	5044	15701	61.1	82.5
PITTSBURG	4231	6308	13621	40.1	77.4
PONTOTOC	3754	4151	10764	47.5	73.4
POTTAWATOMIE	4631	10239	17391	31.1	85.5
PUSHMATAHA	866	1762	3772	33.0	69.7
ROGER MILLS	623	1222	2439	33.8	75.6
ROGERS	3146	3154	7672	49.9	82.1
SEMINOLE	3566	5179	11127	40.8	78.6
SEQUOYAH	1869	2531	6890	42.5	63.9
STEPHENS	6130	4808	13848	56.0	79.0
TEXAS	2439	1667	5206	59.4	78.9
TILLMAN	1786	1859	5176	49.0	70.4
TULSA	80569	29794	127024	73.0	86.9
WAGONER	2093	2075	6081	50.2	68.5
WASHINGTON	11802	3702	18017	76.1	86.1
WASHITA	1768	2209	5743	44.5	69.2
WOODS	2326	2576	5910	47.5	82.9
WOODWARD	2008	2177	5023	48.0	83.3

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
391453	297628	859350	56.8	80.2

TABLE D-80

CREATION OF COUNTY OFFICES
GEN ELECT NOV 6, 56
INT PET 260 REJECT ST.Q. 377

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	1184	2417	5570	32.9	64.6
ALFALFA	1603	2318	4622	40.9	84.8
ATOKA	914	2179	4155	29.6	74.4
BEAVER	843	1767	2992	32.3	87.2
BECKHAM	2127	3185	6755	40.0	78.6
BLAINE	1939	2708	5699	41.7	81.5
BRYAN	2142	4328	8668	33.1	74.6
CADDO	2773	5542	11215	33.3	74.1
CANADIAN	3251	4796	9598	40.4	83.8
CARTER	4021	7328	15315	35.4	74.1
CHEROKEE	1735	2986	6268	36.8	75.3
CHOCTAW	1427	2532	5675	36.0	69.8
CIMARRON	725	828	1865	46.7	83.3
CLEVELAND	4673	6567	13753	41.6	81.7
COAL	500	1518	2516	24.8	80.2
COMANCHE	6129	6864	16288	47.2	79.8
COTTON	1181	1245	3287	48.7	73.8
CRAIG	1734	3242	6649	34.8	74.8
CREEK	5138	6850	15397	42.9	77.9
CUSTER	2534	3134	7208	44.7	78.6
DELAWARE	1380	2483	5757	35.7	67.1
DEWEY	1152	1668	3344	40.9	84.3
ELLIS	951	1451	2836	39.6	84.7
GARFIELD	8520	10355	22117	45.1	85.3
GARVIN	2890	4948	10301	36.9	76.1
GRADY	3635	5557	11964	39.5	76.8
GRANT	1809	2330	4741	43.7	87.3
GREER	989	1520	3406	39.4	73.7
HARMON	553	1297	2580	29.9	71.7
HARPER	1038	1029	2332	50.2	88.6
HASKELL	929	1966	4139	32.1	69.9
HUGHES	1709	3320	7061	34.0	71.2
JACKSON	2042	2746	6778	42.6	70.6
JEFFERSON	1102	1418	3725	43.7	67.7
JOHNSTON	795	1608	3389	33.1	70.9
KAY	9579	9807	22908	49.4	84.6
KINGFISHER	2011	2786	5603	41.9	85.6
KIOWA	1826	2644	6084	40.9	73.5
LATIMER	803	1695	3381	32.1	73.9
LE FLORE	2866	3891	9586	42.4	70.5
LINCOLN	2642	4394	8902	37.5	79.0
LOGAN	3143	3618	8201	46.5	82.4
LOVE	448	1349	2487	24.9	72.3
MCCLAIN	1356	2198	5062	38.2	70.2
MCCURTAIN	1171	4223	7468	21.7	72.2
MCINTOSH	1070	2097	4877	33.8	64.9
MAJOR	1480	1705	3777	46.5	84.3
MARSHALL	828	1407	3251	37.0	68.7
MAYES	2363	3591	8437	39.7	70.6
MURRAY	1193	1857	4291	39.1	71.1
MUSKOGEE	5901	10408	21470	36.2	76.0
NOBLE	2055	2638	5553	43.8	84.5
NOWATA	1794	2276	5436	44.1	74.9
OKFUSKEE	1161	2158	4630	35.0	71.7
OKLAHOMA	48057	69522	142907	40.9	82.3
OKMULGEE	4411	6472	14329	40.5	76.0
OSAGE	5016	5387	13235	48.2	78.6
OTTAWA	4702	4956	12451	48.7	77.6
PAWNEE	1643	2675	5654	38.1	76.4
PAYNE	6400	6513	15701	49.6	82.2
PITTSBURG	4175	6603	13621	38.7	79.1
PONTOTOC	3094	5040	10764	38.0	75.6
POTTAWATOMIE	3718	10523	17391	26.1	81.9
PUSHMATAHA	752	1976	3772	27.6	72.3
ROGER MILLS	555	1342	2439	29.3	77.8
ROGERS	2528	3869	7672	39.5	83.4
SEMINOLE	2840	5681	11127	33.3	76.6
SEQUOYAH	1404	3120	6890	31.0	65.7
STEPHENS	4099	6841	13848	37.5	79.0
TEXAS	2363	2149	5206	52.4	86.7
TILLMAN	1836	1970	5176	48.2	73.5
TULSA	40877	64009	127024	39.0	82.6
WAGONER	1447	2608	6081	35.7	66.7
WASHINGTON	7827	7235	18017	52.0	83.6
WASHITA	2133	2234	5743	48.8	76.0
WOODS	2330	2738	5910	46.0	85.8
WOODWARD	1517	2856	5023	34.7	87.1

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
273481	407091	859350	40.2	79.2

COUNTY OPTION-PROHIBITION
SP ELECT DEC 3, 57
INT PET 259 REJECT ST.Q. 376

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	1872	828	2700	69.3	100.0
ALFALFA	1710	906	2616	65.4	100.0
ATOKA	1300	714	2014	64.5	100.0
BEAVER	1215	398	1613	75.3	100.0
BECKHAM	2470	1340	3810	64.8	100.0
BLAINE	1337	2002	3339	40.0	100.0
BRYAN	3763	1810	5573	67.5	100.0
CADDO	3739	3011	6750	55.4	100.0
CANADIAN	2242	3854	6096	36.8	100.0
CARTER	3686	4140	7826	47.1	100.0
CHEROKEE	1251	1664	2915	42.9	100.0
CHOCTAW	2351	1433	3784	62.1	100.0
CIMARRON	718	212	930	77.2	100.0
CLEVELAND	3264	4171	7435	43.9	100.0
COAL	539	798	1337	40.3	100.0
COMANCHE	3512	5489	9001	39.0	100.0
COTTON	944	606	1550	60.9	100.0
CRAIG	1605	2360	3965	40.5	100.0
CREEK	3576	4646	8222	43.5	100.0
CUSTER	2097	2060	4157	50.4	100.0
DELAWARE	1552	1181	2733	56.8	100.0
DEWEY	949	809	1758	54.0	100.0
ELLIS	948	839	1787	53.0	100.0
GARFIELD	5437	8383	13820	39.3	100.0
GARVIN	3203	2037	5240	61.1	100.0
GRADY	2914	3387	6301	46.2	100.0
GRANT	1283	1718	3001	42.8	100.0
GREER	1218	568	1786	68.2	100.0
HARMON	1237	410	1647	75.1	100.0
HARPER	848	583	1431	59.3	100.0
HASKELL	1365	617	1982	68.9	100.0
HUGHES	2298	1449	3747	61.3	100.0
JACKSON	2630	1202	3832	68.6	100.0
JEFFERSON	1102	704	1806	61.0	100.0
JOHNSTON	1166	794	1960	59.5	100.0
KAY	4764	8720	13484	35.3	100.0
KINGFISHER	1321	2263	3584	36.9	100.0
KIOWA	1829	1476	3305	55.3	100.0
LATIMER	1173	783	1956	60.0	100.0
LE FLORE	4335	1713	6048	71.7	100.0
LINCOLN	2428	2504	4932	49.2	100.0
LOGAN	1826	3207	5033	36.3	100.0
LOVE	777	694	1471	52.8	100.0
MCCLAIN	1527	1155	2682	56.9	100.0
MCCURTAIN	2754	1497	4251	64.8	100.0
MCINTOSH	948	1081	2029	46.7	100.0
MAJOR	1413	1013	2426	58.2	100.0
MARSHALL	1093	724	1817	60.2	100.0
MAYES	2260	2364	4624	48.9	100.0
MURRAY	1316	987	2303	57.1	100.0
MUSKOGEE	3820	7953	11773	32.4	100.0
NOBLE	935	2381	3316	28.2	100.0
NOWATA	1204	1639	2843	42.3	100.0
OKFUSKEE	1229	1518	2747	44.7	100.0
OKLAHOMA	29615	52473	82088	36.1	100.0
OKMULGEE	2903	5309	8212	35.4	100.0
OSAGE	2669	4782	7451	35.8	100.0
OTTAWA	2646	3532	6178	42.8	100.0
PAWNEE	1750	1470	3220	54.3	100.0
PAYNE	3845	5255	9100	42.3	100.0
PITTSBURG	2990	4950	7940	37.7	100.0
PONTOTOC	4285	2253	6538	65.5	100.0
POTTAWATOMIE	4792	6155	10947	43.8	100.0
PUSHMATAHA	1385	799	2184	63.4	100.0
ROGER MILLS	800	505	1305	61.3	100.0
ROGERS	1866	2368	4234	44.1	100.0
SEMINOLE	3440	2990	6430	53.5	100.0
SEQUOYAH	2013	927	2940	68.5	100.0
STEPHENS	4936	2438	7374	66.9	100.0
TEXAS	1913	871	2784	68.7	100.0
TILLMAN	1911	911	2822	67.7	100.0
TULSA	22076	54278	76354	28.9	100.0
WAGONER	938	1612	2550	36.8	100.0
WASHINGTON	3751	6453	10204	36.8	100.0
WASHITA	1916	1080	2998	64.0	100.0
WOODS	1641	1703	3344	49.1	100.0
WOODWARD	1636	1619	3255	50.3	100.0

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
214012	275528	489540	43.7	100.0

TABLE D-81

REAL-PERSONAL AD VALOREM TAX
SP PRI ELECT JUL 1.58
LEG REF 117 ADOPT ST.Q. 379

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	1270	697	3579	64.6	55.0
ALFALFA	1057	765	2307	58.0	79.0
ATOKA	1112	775	4212	58.9	44.8
BEAVER	430	384	1265	52.8	64.3
BECKHAM	1602	1122	4917	58.8	55.4
BLAINE	1271	990	2921	56.2	77.4
BRYAN	3041	1642	8909	64.9	52.6
CADDO	3020	1943	8124	60.9	61.1
CANADIAN	3078	2122	6908	59.2	75.3
CARTER	5650	2629	14206	68.2	58.3
CHEROKEE	1503	813	4799	64.9	48.3
CHOCTAW	1584	968	5541	62.1	46.1
CIMARRON	282	212	632	57.1	78.2
CLEVELAND	5026	2356	9633	68.1	76.6
COAL	1026	654	2727	61.1	61.6
COMANCHE	5045	3739	13689	57.4	64.2
COTTON	702	534	2662	56.8	46.4
CRAIG	1342	1328	4289	50.3	62.3
CREEK	4364	2063	9174	67.9	70.1
CUSTER	2104	1304	5103	61.7	66.8
DELAWARE	1032	796	3355	56.5	54.5
DEWEY	771	769	2391	50.1	64.4
ELLIS	605	648	1722	48.3	72.8
GARFIELD	5742	3558	10672	61.7	87.1
GARVIN	2992	1825	8436	62.1	57.1
GRADY	3248	1906	9213	63.0	55.9
GRANT	1137	926	2539	55.1	81.3
GREER	1163	621	3357	65.2	53.1
HARMON	624	386	2136	61.8	47.3
HARPER	427	616	1428	40.9	73.0
HASKELL	1245	517	3515	70.7	50.1
HUGHES	2765	909	6488	75.3	56.6
JACKSON	1734	1031	4659	62.7	59.3
JEFFERSON	1001	559	3064	64.2	50.9
JOHNSTON	931	605	3650	60.6	42.1
KAY	7191	3140	11998	69.6	86.1
KINGFISHER	1365	860	2617	61.3	85.0
KIOWA	1699	936	4906	64.5	53.7
LATIMER	1262	608	3520	67.5	53.1
LE FLORE	2430	2703	8100	47.3	63.4
LINCOLN	2419	1914	5830	55.8	74.3
LOGAN	2272	1464	5171	60.8	72.2
LOVE	641	488	2576	56.8	43.8
MCCLAIN	1532	768	4685	66.6	49.1
MCCURTAIN	2297	1266	8393	64.1	42.7
MCINTOSH	1300	646	4957	66.8	39.3
MAJOR	562	529	1325	51.5	82.3
MARSHALL	1086	517	3435	67.7	46.7
MAYES	1917	1395	5187	57.9	63.9
MURRAY	1539	937	4308	62.2	57.5
MUSKOGEE	7808	2759	16930	73.9	62.4
NOBLE	1683	1103	3664	60.4	76.0
NOWATA	1348	646	2977	67.6	67.0
OKFUSKEE	1559	589	4815	72.6	44.6
OKLAHOMA	42276	21127	87321	66.7	72.6
OKMULGEE	4274	2119	10413	66.9	61.4
OSAGE	3532	1544	7088	69.6	71.6
OTTAWA	3059	2015	7073	60.3	71.7
PAWNEE	1617	1020	3382	61.3	78.0
PAYNE	4739	1400	7259	77.2	84.6
PITTSBURG	3967	2299	12018	63.3	52.1
PONTOTOC	2847	1567	8868	64.5	49.8
POTTAWATOMIE	6372	3176	12972	66.7	73.6
PUSHMATAHA	1018	774	4240	56.8	42.3
ROGER MILLS	451	454	2097	49.8	43.2
ROGERS	2068	1205	4591	63.2	71.3
SEMINOLE	2987	1372	8227	68.5	53.0
SEQUOYAH	1711	793	6027	68.3	41.5
STEPHENS	4409	2080	9001	67.9	72.1
TEXAS	1312	612	2442	68.2	78.8
TILLMAN	1902	710	3747	72.8	69.7
TULSA	39538	16473	67474	70.6	83.0
WAGONER	1432	756	4210	65.4	52.0
WASHINGTON	6434	2263	9928	74.0	87.6
WASHITA	1142	605	3160	58.7	61.6
WOODS	1205	1215	2972	49.8	81.4
WOODWARD	1189	1193	2986	49.9	79.8

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
251317	132972	575112	65.4	66.8

CITY-PROVIDE WATER FACILITIES
SP PRI ELECT JUL 1.58
LEG REF 118 ADOPT ST.Q. 380

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	1224	643	3579	65.6	52.2
ALFALFA	1026	745	2307	57.9	76.8
ATOKA	1176	699	4212	62.7	44.5
BEAVER	402	376	1265	51.7	61.5
BECKHAM	1619	1022	4917	61.3	53.7
BLAINE	1196	949	2921	55.8	73.4
BRYAN	3169	1445	8909	68.7	51.8
CADDO	3197	1681	8124	65.5	60.0
CANADIAN	3078	2072	6908	59.8	74.6
CARTER	5625	2544	14206	68.9	57.5
CHEROKEE	1429	855	4799	62.6	47.6
CHOCTAW	1747	779	5541	69.2	45.6
CIMARRON	249	215	632	53.7	73.4
CLEVELAND	5253	2110	9633	71.3	76.4
COAL	1285	478	2727	72.9	64.6
COMANCHE	5307	3480	13689	60.4	64.2
COTTON	733	481	2662	60.4	45.6
CRAIG	1335	1274	4289	51.2	60.8
CREEK	4625	1755	9174	72.5	69.5
CUSTER	2159	1167	5103	64.9	65.2
DELAWARE	939	755	3355	55.4	50.5
DEWEY	747	760	2391	49.6	63.0
ELLIS	579	624	1722	48.1	69.9
GARFIELD	6055	3327	10672	64.5	87.9
GARVIN	3097	1618	8436	65.7	55.9
GRADY	3379	1718	9213	66.3	55.3
GRANT	1117	874	2539	56.1	78.4
GREER	1213	589	3357	67.3	53.7
HARMON	608	352	2136	63.3	44.9
HARPER	451	562	1428	44.5	70.9
HASKELL	1143	479	3515	70.5	46.1
HUGHES	2943	788	6488	78.9	57.5
JACKSON	2089	790	4659	72.6	61.8
JEFFERSON	1148	496	3064	69.8	53.7
JOHNSTON	974	537	3650	64.5	41.4
KAY	9042	1886	11998	82.7	91.1
KINGFISHER	1285	864	2617	59.8	82.1
KIOWA	1776	843	4906	67.8	53.4
LATIMER	1428	507	3520	73.8	55.0
LE FLORE	2439	2347	8100	51.0	59.1
LINCOLN	2523	1726	5830	59.4	72.9
LOGAN	2267	1407	5171	61.7	71.1
LOVE	621	440	2576	58.5	41.2
MCCLAIN	1515	705	4685	68.2	47.4
MCCURTAIN	2349	1124	8393	67.6	41.4
MCINTOSH	1274	535	4957	70.4	36.5
MAJOR	516	563	1325	47.8	81.4
MARSHALL	1062	500	3435	68.0	45.5
MAYES	2186	1130	5187	65.9	63.9
MURRAY	1720	745	4308	69.8	57.2
MUSKOGEE	7667	2751	16930	73.6	61.5
NOBLE	2009	855	3664	70.1	78.2
NOWATA	1312	633	2977	67.5	65.3
OKFUSKEE	1546	495	4815	75.7	42.4
OKLAHOMA	43191	18903	87321	69.6	71.1
OKMULGEE	4464	1916	10413	70.0	61.3
OSAGE	3885	1202	7088	76.4	71.8
OTTAWA	3089	1897	7073	62.0	70.5
PAWNEE	1697	910	3382	65.1	77.1
PAYNE	4853	1139	7259	81.0	82.5
PITTSBURG	4315	1995	12018	68.4	52.5
PONTOTOC	3181	1215	8868	72.4	49.6
POTTAWATOMIE	6801	2681	12972	71.7	73.1
PUSHMATAHA	1039	721	4240	59.0	41.5
ROGER MILLS	388	430	2097	47.4	39.0
ROGERS	2133	1034	4591	67.4	69.0
SEMINOLE	3150	1108	8227	74.0	51.8
SEQUOYAH	1911	642	6027	74.9	42.4
STEPHENS	4575	1839	9001	71.3	71.3
TEXAS	902	946	2442	48.8	75.7
TILLMAN	1882	688	3747	73.2	66.6
TULSA	41183	14026	67474	74.6	81.8
WAGONER	1568	719	4210	68.6	54.3
WASHINGTON	7004	1678	9928	80.7	87.4
WASHITA	1235	678	3160	64.6	60.5
WOODS	1291	1068	2972	54.7	79.4
WOODWARD	1242	1084	2986	53.4	77.9

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
261832	117614	575112	69.0	66.0

TABLE D-82

REPEAL OF PROHIBITION
SP ELECT APR 7, 59
LEG REF 121 ADOPT ST.Q. 386

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	892	38	930	95.9	100.0
ALFALFA	22	13	35	62.9	100.0
ATOKA	32	30	62	51.6	100.0
BEAVER	64	68	132	48.5	100.0
BECKHAM	20	33	53	37.7	100.0
BLAINE	27	94	121	22.3	100.0
BRYAN	24	26	50	48.0	100.0
CADDO	16	28	44	36.4	100.0
CANADIAN	14	99	113	12.4	100.0
CARTER	17	106	123	13.8	100.0
CHEROKEE	13	83	96	13.5	100.0
CHOCTAW	11	48	59	18.6	100.0
CIMARRON	3	33	36	8.3	100.0
CLEVELAND	26	57	83	31.3	100.0
COAL	47	67	114	41.2	100.0
COMANCHE	9	127	136	6.6	100.0
COTTON	24	128	152	15.8	100.0
CRAIG	60	243	303	19.8	100.0
CREEK	36	63	99	36.4	100.0
CUSTER	48	205	253	19.0	100.0
DELAWARE	98	259	357	27.5	100.0
DEWEY	59	50	109	54.1	100.0
ELLIS	18	155	173	10.4	100.0
GARFIELD	19	99	118	16.1	100.0
GARVIN	63	114	177	35.6	100.0
GRADY	91	245	336	27.1	100.0
GRANT	17	45	62	27.4	100.0
GREER	994	1907	2901	34.3	100.0
HARMON	389	1529	1918	20.3	100.0
HARPER	722	1088	1810	39.9	100.0
HASKELL	858	1913	2771	31.0	100.0
HUGHES	1722	3434	5156	33.4	100.0
JACKSON	2034	3338	5372	37.9	100.0
JEFFERSON	949	1599	2548	37.2	100.0
JOHNSTON	996	1782	2778	35.9	100.0
KAY	10849	7865	18714	58.0	100.0
KINGFISHER	2701	1840	4541	59.5	100.0
KIOWA	2013	2910	4923	40.9	100.0
LATIMER	795	1541	2336	34.0	100.0
LE FLORE	1660	6065	7725	21.5	100.0
LINCOLN	3272	3529	6801	48.1	100.0
LOGAN	3905	2643	6548	59.6	100.0
LOVE	669	1097	1766	37.9	100.0
MCCLAIN	1824	2218	4042	45.1	100.0
MCCURTAIN	1733	3121	4854	35.7	100.0
MCINTOSH	1543	1440	2983	51.7	100.0
MAJOR	1160	1863	3023	38.4	100.0
MARSHALL	1066	1502	2568	41.5	100.0
MAYES	3201	3330	6531	49.0	100.0
MURRAY	1822	1609	3431	53.1	100.0
MUSKOGEE	11102	6291	17393	63.8	100.0
NOBLE	2855	1457	4312	66.2	100.0
NOWATA	2187	1655	3842	56.9	100.0
OKFUSKEE	1646	2187	3833	42.9	100.0
OKLAHOMA	88195	48071	136266	64.7	100.0
OKMULGEE	6438	4244	10682	60.3	100.0
OSAGE	7039	3868	10907	64.5	100.0
OTTAWA	4445	4645	9090	48.9	100.0
PAWNEE	1886	2303	4189	45.0	100.0
PAYNE	6679	5668	12347	54.1	100.0
PITTSBURG	6041	4756	10797	56.0	100.0
PONTOTOC	3296	5960	9256	35.6	100.0
POTTAWATOMIE	7252	7238	14490	50.0	100.0
PUSHMATAHA	921	1687	2608	35.3	100.0
ROGER MILLS	591	1143	1734	34.1	100.0
ROGERS	3231	2826	6057	53.3	100.0
SEMINOLE	4275	4471	8746	48.9	100.0
SEQUOYAH	1440	3339	4779	30.1	100.0
STEPHENS	5230	6975	12205	42.9	100.0
TEXAS	1712	2505	4217	40.6	100.0
TILLMAN	1263	3133	4416	29.1	100.0
TULSA	80536	32264	112800	71.4	100.0
WAGONER	2250	1774	4024	55.9	100.0
WASHINGTON	10105	5019	15124	66.8	100.0
WASHITA	1417	2665	4082	34.7	100.0
WOODS	2008	2843	4851	41.4	100.0
WOODWARD	1981	2378	4359	45.4	100.0

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
314688	233084	547772	57.4	100.0

COUNTY OPTION PROHIBITION
SP ELECT APR 7, 59
LEG REF 122 REJECT ST.Q. 387

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	1811	1538	3349	54.1	100.0
ALFALFA	1601	1924	3525	45.4	100.0
ATOKA	1170	1484	2654	44.1	100.0
BEAVER	1224	725	1949	62.8	100.0
BECKHAM	2019	3077	5096	39.6	100.0
BLAINE	1228	3247	4475	27.4	100.0
BRYAN	2877	3313	6190	46.5	100.0
CADDO	2899	5978	8877	32.7	100.0
CANADIAN	2019	5986	8005	25.2	100.0
CARTER	4182	7512	11694	35.8	100.0
CHEROKEE	1227	2564	3791	32.4	100.0
CHOCTAW	1706	2022	3728	45.8	100.0
CIMARRON	623	465	1088	57.3	100.0
CLEVELAND	3513	8848	12361	28.4	100.0
COAL	531	1134	1665	31.9	100.0
COMANCHE	4355	9561	13916	31.3	100.0
COTTON	1019	1280	2299	44.3	100.0
CRAIG	1743	3077	4820	36.2	100.0
CREEK	2977	7884	10861	27.4	100.0
CUSTER	2049	4045	6094	33.6	100.0
DELAWARE	1504	1989	3493	43.1	100.0
DEWEY	815	1539	2354	34.6	100.0
ELLIS	923	1163	2086	44.2	100.0
GARFIELD	4451	12653	17104	26.0	100.0
GARVIN	2968	4921	7889	37.6	100.0
GRADY	2887	6479	9366	30.8	100.0
GRANT	1292	2448	3740	34.5	100.0
GREER	1303	1522	2825	46.1	100.0
HARMON	1361	545	1906	71.4	100.0
HARPER	864	914	1778	48.6	100.0
HASKELL	1214	1463	2677	45.3	100.0
HUGHES	2213	2776	4989	44.4	100.0
JACKSON	2331	2904	5235	44.5	100.0
JEFFERSON	1168	1342	2510	46.5	100.0
JOHNSTON	1229	1451	2680	45.9	100.0
KAY	5724	12517	18241	31.4	100.0
KINGFISHER	1003	3445	4448	22.5	100.0
KIOWA	1916	2869	4785	40.0	100.0
LATIMER	1103	1134	2237	49.3	100.0
LE FLORE	4783	2789	7572	63.2	100.0
LINCOLN	1946	4644	6590	29.5	100.0
LOGAN	1807	4572	6379	28.3	100.0
LOVE	908	800	1708	53.2	100.0
MCCLAIN	1429	2501	3930	36.4	100.0
MCCURTAIN	2797	1988	4785	58.5	100.0
MCINTOSH	899	1914	2813	32.0	100.0
MAJOR	1164	1779	2943	39.6	100.0
MARSHALL	1013	1461	2474	40.9	100.0
MAYES	2250	4060	6310	35.7	100.0
MURRAY	1050	2247	3297	31.8	100.0
MUSKOGEE	5354	11170	16524	32.4	100.0
NOBLE	792	3330	4122	19.2	100.0
NOWATA	1279	2440	3719	34.4	100.0
OKFUSKEE	1397	2246	3643	38.3	100.0
OKLAHOMA	37335	95557	132892	28.1	100.0
OKMULGEE	3110	7132	10242	30.4	100.0
OSAGE	3321	7230	10551	31.5	100.0
OTTAWA	3512	5211	8723	40.3	100.0
PAWNEE	1374	2687	4061	33.8	100.0
PAYNE	2994	9003	11997	25.0	100.0
PITTSBURG	3156	7313	10469	30.1	100.0
PONTOTOC	3826	5083	8909	42.9	100.0
POTTAWATOMIE	4378	9707	14085	31.1	100.0
PUSHMATAHA	1174	1318	2492	47.1	100.0
ROGER MILLS	694	1022	1716	40.4	100.0
ROGERS	1755	4104	5859	30.0	100.0
SEMINOLE	2961	5467	8428	35.1	100.0
SEQUOYAH	2392	2188	4580	52.2	100.0
STEPHENS	5223	6782	12005	43.5	100.0
TEXAS	2283	1836	4119	55.4	100.0
TILLMAN	2462	1867	4329	56.9	100.0
TULSA	23711	86653	110364	21.5	100.0
WAGONER	1233	2624	3857	32.0	100.0
WASHINGTON	3805	11037	14842	25.6	100.0
WASHITA	1497	2363	3860	38.8	100.0
WOODS	1726	3015	4741	36.4	100.0
WOODWARD	1570	2645	4215	37.2	100.0

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
221402	469523	690925	32.0	100.0

TABLE D-83

NOMINATION OF CANDIDATES
SP PRI ELECT JUL 5.60
LEG REF 123 ADOPT ST.Q. 388

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	1229	1045	2694	54.0	84.4
ALFALFA	964	1111	2077	46.5	99.9
ATOKA	1155	1307	2815	46.9	87.5
BEAVER	572	783	1336	42.2	101.4
BECKHAM	1935	1874	4246	50.8	89.7
BLAINE	1070	1060	2206	50.2	96.6
BRYAN	2789	2570	6159	52.0	87.0
CADDO	2798	2436	6022	53.5	86.9
CANADIAN	2713	2438	5451	52.7	94.5
CARTER	4957	3402	9703	59.3	86.1
CHEROKEE	2027	1448	4170	58.3	83.3
CHOCTAW	2179	1447	4273	60.1	84.9
CIMARRON	440	720	1121	37.9	103.5
CLEVELAND	3829	2557	6626	60.0	96.4
COAL	609	793	1664	43.4	84.3
COMANCHE	5567	4550	11145	55.0	90.8
COTTON	817	751	1851	52.1	84.7
CRAIG	1636	1809	3734	47.5	92.3
CREEK	3438	2248	6260	60.5	90.8
CUSTER	1671	1356	3360	55.2	90.1
DELAWARE	1194	1133	3040	51.3	76.5
DEWEY	666	1091	1845	37.9	95.2
ELLIS	424	781	1266	35.2	95.2
GARFIELD	3536	3436	7207	50.7	96.7
GARVIN	3015	2496	6407	54.7	86.0
GRADY	2938	2692	6069	52.2	92.8
GRANT	835	1276	2122	39.6	99.5
GREER	958	995	2307	49.1	84.7
HARMON	548	634	1461	46.4	80.9
HARPER	490	916	1401	34.9	100.4
HASKELL	1066	830	2871	56.2	66.0
HUGHES	1800	1646	4644	52.2	74.2
JACKSON	1659	1215	3418	57.7	84.1
JEFFERSON	917	1163	2424	44.1	85.8
JOHNSTON	1039	996	2404	51.1	84.7
KAY	5094	3567	9087	58.8	95.3
KINGFISHER	1361	1695	3066	44.5	99.7
KIOWA	1387	1460	3410	48.7	83.5
LATIMER	814	787	2215	50.8	72.3
LE FLORE	2641	2208	6052	54.5	80.1
LINCOLN	1923	2262	4420	45.9	94.7
LOGAN	1283	1168	2494	52.3	98.3
LOVE	679	720	1736	48.5	80.6
MCCLAIN	1551	1236	3142	55.7	88.7
MCCURTAIN	2674	1664	5342	61.6	81.2
MCINTOSH	1480	1219	3253	54.8	83.0
MAJOR	587	840	1485	41.1	96.1
MARSHALL	1038	860	2335	54.7	81.3
MAYES	1855	1638	4223	53.1	82.7
MURRAY	1195	1070	2625	52.8	86.3
MUSKOGEE	6636	4244	12519	61.0	86.9
NOBLE	1294	1444	2754	47.3	99.4
NOWATA	947	886	1919	51.7	95.5
OKFUSKEE	1781	1184	3643	60.1	81.4
OKLAHOMA	35181	22703	66595	60.8	86.9
OKMULGEE	4187	2513	7530	62.5	89.0
OSAGE	3141	2199	5591	58.8	95.5
OTTAWA	3283	2319	6336	58.6	88.4
PAWNEE	825	886	1803	48.3	94.8
PAYNE	4409	3021	7627	59.3	97.4
PITTSBURG	4999	3244	9824	60.6	83.9
PONTOTOC	2890	2538	6649	53.2	81.6
POTTAWATOMIE	5007	4144	9578	54.7	95.5
PUSHMATAHA	927	1033	2966	47.3	66.1
ROGER MILLS	560	978	1673	36.4	91.9
ROGERS	2073	1802	4329	53.5	89.5
SEMINOLE	2581	1965	5259	56.8	86.4
SEQUOYAH	1685	1437	4589	54.0	68.0
STEPHENS	3374	3015	7130	52.8	89.6
TEXAS	1216	1342	2595	47.5	98.6
TILLMAN	1496	1315	3217	53.2	87.4
TULSA	31465	19076	52542	62.3	96.2
WAGONER	1532	1357	3386	53.0	85.3
WASHINGTON	6356	3656	10273	63.5	97.5
WASHITA	1038	1244	2704	45.5	84.4
WOODS	1440	1724	3321	45.5	95.3
WOODWARD	1210	1555	2829	43.8	97.7

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
220575	172219	439865	56.2	89.3

LEGISLATOR PAY RAISE
SP PRI ELECT JUL 5.60
LEG REF 124 REJECT ST.Q. 389

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	971	1288	2694	43.0	83.9
ALFALFA	670	1443	2077	31.7	101.7
ATOKA	871	1593	2815	35.3	87.5
BEAVER	438	932	1336	32.0	102.5
BECKHAM	1296	2475	4246	34.4	88.8
BLAINE	639	1505	2206	29.8	97.2
BRYAN	1782	3761	6159	32.1	90.0
CADDO	1850	3364	6022	35.5	86.6
CANADIAN	1762	3376	5451	34.3	94.3
CARTER	3887	4505	9703	46.3	86.5
CHEROKEE	1538	1877	4170	45.0	81.9
CHOCTAW	1486	2072	4273	41.8	83.3
CIMARRON	328	850	1121	27.8	105.1
CLEVELAND	2622	3807	6626	40.8	97.0
COAL	486	956	1664	33.7	86.7
COMANCHE	4651	5545	11145	45.6	91.5
COTTON	545	1007	1851	35.1	83.8
CRAIG	1035	2462	3734	29.6	93.7
CREEK	2445	3210	6260	43.2	90.3
CUSTER	1154	1877	3360	38.1	90.2
DELAWARE	941	1360	3040	40.9	75.7
DEWEY	455	1331	1845	25.5	96.8
ELLIS	284	934	1266	23.3	96.2
GARFIELD	2522	4683	7207	36.0	97.2
GARVIN	2175	3291	6407	39.8	85.3
GRADY	1922	3724	6069	34.0	93.0
GRANT	525	1616	2122	24.5	100.9
GREER	709	1258	2307	36.0	85.3
HARMON	372	831	1461	30.9	82.3
HARPER	418	1024	1401	29.0	102.9
HASKELL	773	1159	2871	40.0	67.3
HUGHES	1125	2372	4644	32.2	75.3
JACKSON	1127	1771	3418	38.9	84.3
JEFFERSON	627	1479	2424	29.8	86.9
JOHNSTON	692	1346	2404	33.9	84.9
KAY	3578	5104	9087	41.2	95.5
KINGFISHER	701	2358	3066	22.9	99.8
KIOWA	958	1933	3410	33.1	84.8
LATIMER	672	936	2215	41.8	72.6
LE FLORE	1834	2906	6052	38.7	78.3
LINCOLN	1215	2972	4420	29.0	94.7
LOGAN	809	1657	2494	32.8	98.9
LOVE	534	873	1736	38.0	81.0
MCCLAIN	1112	1664	3142	40.1	88.4
MCCURTAIN	1935	2248	5342	46.3	78.3
MCINTOSH	1130	1538	3253	42.4	82.0
MAJOR	331	1124	1485	22.7	98.0
MARSHALL	779	1122	2335	41.0	81.4
MAYES	1371	2103	4223	39.5	82.3
MURRAY	874	1409	2625	38.3	87.0
MUSKOGEE	5163	5671	12519	47.7	86.5
NOBLE	761	2029	2754	27.3	101.3
NOWATA	687	1163	1919	37.1	96.4
OKFUSKEE	1299	1552	3643	45.6	78.3
OKLAHOMA	25282	32962	66595	43.4	87.5
OKMULGEE	3030	3640	7530	45.4	88.6
OSAGE	2306	3013	5591	43.4	95.1
OTTAWA	2739	2862	6336	46.9	86.4
PAWNEE	482	1223	1803	28.3	94.6
PAYNE	3229	4234	7627	43.3	97.8
PITTSBURG	3535	4740	9824	42.7	84.2
PONTOTOC	2111	3376	6649	38.5	82.5
POTTAWATOMIE	3128	6026	9578	34.2	95.6
PUSHMATAHA	728	1232	2966	37.1	66.1
ROGER MILLS	399	1176	1673	25.3	94.1
ROGERS	1502	2345	4329	39.0	88.9
SEMINOLE	1463	3121	5259	31.9	87.2
SEQUOYAH	1339	1799	4589	42.7	68.4
STEPHENS	2399	4041	7130	37.3	90.3
TEXAS	1016	1544	2595	39.7	98.7
TILLMAN	1083	1749	3217	38.2	88.0
TULSA	21681	28221	52542	43.7	95.4
WAGONER	1192	1637	3386	42.1	83.5
WASHINGTON	4367	5649	10273	43.6	97.5
WASHITA	666	1617	2704	29.2	84.4
WOODS	1114	2032	3321	35.4	94.7
WOODWARD	856	1951	2829	30.5	99.2

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
156713	236438	439865	39.9	89.4

TABLE D-84

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH
SP PRI ELECT JUL 5.60
LEG REF 125 ADOPT ST.Q. 390

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	1490	896	2694	62.4	88.6
ALFALFA	869	1225	2077	41.5	100.8
ATOKA	1275	1301	2815	49.5	91.5
BEAVER	523	827	1336	38.7	101.0
BECKHAM	1394	2245	4246	38.3	85.7
BLAINE	891	1248	2206	41.7	97.0
BRYAN	2640	2730	6159	49.2	87.2
CADDO	2325	2818	6022	45.2	85.4
CANADIAN	2274	2844	5451	44.4	93.9
CARTER	4797	3633	9703	56.9	86.9
CHEROKEE	2002	1538	4170	56.6	84.9
CHOCTAW	2636	1216	4273	68.4	90.1
CIMARRON	427	752	1121	36.2	105.2
CLEVELAND	3861	2552	6626	60.2	96.8
COAL	566	835	1664	40.4	84.2
COMANCHE	5210	5011	11145	51.0	91.7
COTTON	641	868	1851	42.5	81.5
CRAIG	1301	2044	3734	38.9	89.6
CREEK	3340	2448	6260	57.7	92.5
CUSTER	1472	1546	3360	48.8	89.8
DELAWARE	1040	1233	3040	45.8	74.8
DEWEY	586	1149	1845	33.8	94.0
ELLIS	411	794	1266	34.1	95.2
GARFIELD	3128	3927	7207	44.3	97.9
GARVIN	2843	2769	6407	50.7	87.6
GRADY	2825	2843	6069	49.8	93.4
GRANT	720	1379	2122	34.3	98.9
GREER	888	1042	2307	46.0	83.7
HARMON	506	687	1461	42.4	81.7
HARPER	503	918	1401	35.4	101.4
HASKELL	1245	791	2871	61.1	70.9
HUGHES	1886	1686	4644	52.8	76.9
JACKSON	1548	1323	3418	53.9	84.0
JEFFERSON	720	1309	2424	35.5	83.7
JOHNSTON	952	1091	2404	46.6	85.0
KAY	5161	3710	9087	58.2	97.6
KINGFISHER	1124	1939	3066	36.7	99.9
KIOWA	1326	1561	3410	45.9	84.7
LATIMER	976	729	2215	57.2	77.0
LE FLORE	2806	2163	6052	56.5	82.1
LINCOLN	1637	2466	4420	39.9	92.8
LOGAN	1279	1236	2494	50.9	100.8
LOVE	777	700	1736	52.6	85.1
MCCLAIN	1643	1227	3142	57.2	91.3
MCCURTAIN	2536	1767	5342	58.9	80.6
MCINTOSH	1697	1131	3253	60.0	86.9
MAJOR	444	975	1485	31.3	95.6
MARSHALL	1344	802	2335	62.6	91.9
MAYES	1710	1786	4223	48.9	82.8
MURRAY	1091	1182	2625	48.0	86.6
MUSKOGEE	6498	4495	12519	59.1	87.8
NOBLE	1127	1610	2754	41.2	99.4
NOWATA	867	1002	1919	46.4	97.4
OKFUSKEE	1508	1304	3643	53.6	77.2
OKLAHOMA	30217	27579	66595	52.3	86.8
OKMULGEE	4259	2578	7530	62.3	90.8
OSAGE	2801	2445	5591	53.4	93.8
OTTAWA	3213	2403	6336	57.2	88.6
PAWNEE	659	1040	1803	38.8	94.2
PAYNE	4111	3290	7627	55.5	97.0
PITTSBURG	5721	3007	9824	65.5	88.8
PONTOTOC	3008	2736	6649	52.4	86.4
POTTAWATOMIE	5170	4162	9578	55.4	97.4
PUSHMATAHA	913	1039	2966	46.8	65.8
ROGER MILLS	469	1033	1673	31.2	89.8
ROGERS	1919	1996	4329	49.0	90.4
SEMINOLE	2556	2029	5259	55.7	87.2
SEQUOYAH	1693	1441	4589	54.0	68.3
STEPHENS	3363	3091	7130	52.1	90.5
TEXAS	1251	1328	2595	48.5	99.4
TILLMAN	1249	1554	3217	44.6	87.1
TULSA	24593	25165	52542	49.4	94.7
WAGONER	1442	1479	3386	49.4	86.3
WASHINGTON	4131	5826	10273	41.5	96.9
WASHITA	878	1386	2704	38.8	83.7
WOODS	1298	1839	3321	41.4	94.5
WOODWARD	1018	1748	2829	36.8	97.8

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
201218	193497	439865	51.0	89.7

CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS
SP PRI ELECT JUL 5.60
LEG REF 128 ADOPT ST.Q. 393

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	1384	976	2694	58.6	87.6
ALFALFA	1197	1013	2077	54.2	106.4
ATOKA	1372	1245	2815	52.4	93.0
BEAVER	803	651	1336	55.2	108.8
BECKHAM	1949	1953	4246	49.9	91.9
BLAINE	1062	1141	2206	48.2	99.9
BRYAN	3793	2163	6159	63.7	96.7
CADDO	2774	2589	6022	51.7	89.1
CANADIAN	2767	2493	5451	52.6	96.5
CARTER	5388	3308	9703	62.0	89.6
CHEROKEE	2424	1265	4170	65.7	88.5
CHOCTAW	2562	1256	4273	67.1	89.4
CIMARRON	621	611	1121	50.4	109.9
CLEVELAND	4251	2327	6626	64.6	99.3
COAL	800	755	1664	51.4	93.4
COMANCHE	7482	3652	11145	67.2	99.9
COTTON	948	728	1851	56.6	90.5
CRAIG	1821	1798	3734	50.3	96.9
CREEK	3569	2227	6260	61.6	92.6
CUSTER	1875	1325	3360	58.6	95.2
DELAWARE	1326	1068	3040	55.4	78.8
DEWEY	805	1046	1845	43.5	100.3
ELLIS	542	716	1266	43.1	99.4
GARFIELD	3807	3412	7207	52.7	100.2
GARVIN	3118	2562	6407	54.9	88.7
GRADY	3410	2520	6069	57.5	97.7
GRANT	990	1191	2122	45.4	102.8
GREER	1092	988	2307	52.5	90.2
HARMON	646	626	1461	50.8	87.1
HARPER	737	750	1401	49.6	106.1
HASKELL	1159	840	2871	58.0	69.6
HUGHES	1928	1698	4644	53.2	78.1
JACKSON	1748	1215	3418	59.0	86.7
JEFFERSON	871	1279	2424	40.5	88.7
JOHNSTON	1482	901	2404	62.2	99.1
KAY	5655	3382	9087	62.6	99.4
KINGFISHER	1324	1806	3066	42.3	102.1
KIOWA	1571	1470	3410	51.7	89.2
LATIMER	1195	659	2215	64.5	83.7
LE FLORE	2882	2101	6052	57.8	82.3
LINCOLN	2059	2208	4420	48.3	96.5
LOGAN	1331	1179	2494	53.0	100.6
LOVE	769	701	1736	51.7	83.5
MCCLAIN	1601	1261	3142	55.9	91.1
MCCURTAIN	2817	1641	5342	63.2	83.5
MCINTOSH	1579	1186	3253	57.1	85.0
MAJOR	673	829	1485	44.8	101.1
MARSHALL	1244	830	2335	60.0	88.8
MAYES	2126	1497	4223	58.7	85.8
MURRAY	1255	1093	2625	53.4	89.4
MUSKOGEE	6833	4135	12519	62.3	87.6
NOBLE	1428	1406	2754	50.4	102.9
NOWATA	926	943	1919	49.5	97.4
OKFUSKEE	1660	1074	3643	60.7	75.0
OKLAHOMA	37390	22298	66595	62.6	89.6
OKMULGEE	5233	2036	7530	72.0	96.5
OSAGE	3556	1948	5591	64.6	98.4
OTTAWA	4196	1761	6336	70.4	94.0
PAWNEE	898	863	1803	51.0	97.7
PAYNE	5431	2352	7627	69.8	102.0
PITTSBURG	5689	3002	9824	65.5	88.5
PONTOTOC	3389	2670	6649	55.9	91.1
POTTAWATOMIE	5155	4277	9578	54.7	98.5
PUSHMATAHA	1255	896	2966	58.3	72.5
ROGER MILLS	627	952	1673	39.7	94.4
ROGERS	2200	1763	4329	55.5	91.5
SEMINOLE	2629	2021	5259	56.5	88.4
SEQUOYAH	1853	1352	4589	57.8	69.8
STEPHENS	4038	2751	7130	59.5	95.2
TEXAS	2127	723	2595	74.6	109.8
TILLMAN	1671	1339	3217	55.5	93.6
TULSA	33455	17921	52542	65.1	97.8
WAGONER	1629	1331	3386	55.0	87.4
WASHINGTON	5890	4267	10273	58.0	98.9
WASHITA	1192	1242	2704	49.0	90.0
WOODS	2321	1211	3321	65.7	106.4
WOODWARD	1374	1502	2829	47.8	101.7

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
244609	164167	439865	59.8	92.9

TABLE D-85

INDUSTRIAL FINANCE AUTHORITY
SP PRI ELEC JUL 26,60
LEG REF 126 ADOPT ST.Q. 391

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	652	517	1333	55.8	87.7
ALFALFA	192	258	263	42.7	171.1
ATOKA	1216	1440	3314	45.8	80.1
BEAVER	63	165	162	27.6	140.7
BECKHAM	848	1125	2176	43.0	90.7
BLAINE	247	409	442	37.7	148.4
BRYAN	3154	2390	7014	56.9	79.0
CADDO	1189	726	1794	62.1	106.7
CANADIAN	478	664	1034	41.9	110.4
CARTER	5130	3099	9959	62.3	82.6
CHEROKEE	1311	992	2692	56.9	85.5
CHOCTAW	2689	1493	5328	64.3	78.5
CIMARRON	192	558	716	25.6	104.7
CLEVELAND	2268	1643	3606	58.0	108.5
COAL	651	925	1952	41.3	80.7
COMANCHE	1765	1667	3453	51.4	99.4
COTTON	173	210	396	45.2	96.7
CRAIG	1406	1079	2434	56.6	102.1
CREEK	893	627	1332	58.8	114.1
CUSTER	377	441	770	46.1	108.2
DELAWARE	1015	1112	2510	47.7	84.7
DEWEY	338	812	1243	29.4	92.5
ELLIS	124	375	241	24.8	207.1
GARFIELD	1730	1732	1551	50.0	223.2
GARVIN	625	757	1462	45.2	94.5
GRADY	892	753	1664	54.2	98.9
GRANT	267	470	504	36.2	146.2
GREER	422	584	1223	41.9	82.3
HARMON	531	702	1571	43.1	78.5
HARPER	527	1319	1321	28.5	139.7
HASKELL	1040	945	2596	52.4	76.5
HUGHES	1263	689	2224	64.7	87.8
JACKSON	343	381	748	47.4	96.8
JEFFERSON	200	297	565	40.2	98.0
JOHNSTON	961	1126	2819	46.0	74.0
KAY	2591	2451	4315	51.4	116.8
KINGFISHER	337	370	473	47.7	149.5
KIOWA	344	325	658	51.4	101.7
LATIMER	618	590	1430	51.2	84.5
LE FLORE	1803	1274	3881	58.6	79.3
LINCOLN	575	655	996	46.7	123.5
LOGAN	505	406	645	55.4	141.2
LOVE	609	730	1752	45.5	76.4
MCCLAIN	1403	1546	3592	47.6	82.1
MCCURTAIN	1670	1918	4899	46.5	73.2
MCINTOSH	1279	1068	2914	54.5	80.5
MAJOR	150	254	223	37.1	181.2
MARSHALL	855	1026	2608	45.5	72.1
MAYES	1542	1558	3350	49.7	92.5
MURRAY	577	543	1253	51.5	89.4
MUSKOGEE	5946	2609	9039	69.5	94.6
NOBLE	281	332	461	45.8	133.0
NOWATA	358	275	473	56.4	133.4
OKFUSKEE	1393	720	2358	65.9	89.6
OKLAHOMA	27184	22393	53149	54.8	93.3
OKMULGEE	2498	1232	3697	67.0	100.9
OSAGE	1058	545	1397	66.0	114.7
OTTAWA	3491	615	3717	85.0	110.5
PAWNEE	384	328	503	53.9	141.6
PAYNE	1335	668	1682	66.7	119.1
PITTSBURG	1652	961	2686	63.2	97.3
PONTOTOC	2267	2275	5244	49.9	86.6
POTTAWATOMIE	2749	2302	5002	54.4	101.0
PUSHMATAHA	689	950	2396	48.3	76.8
ROGER MILLS	106	279	395	27.5	97.5
ROGERS	1026	1088	2317	48.5	91.2
SEMINOLE	2187	1159	3584	65.4	93.4
SEQUOYAH	682	565	1544	54.7	80.8
STEPHENS	1571	1423	3170	52.5	94.4
TEXAS	655	1073	1764	37.9	98.0
TILLMAN	409	271	671	60.1	101.3
TULSA	13455	7589	16888	63.9	124.6
WAGONER	1013	989	2303	50.6	86.9
WASHINGTON	5193	2440	4918	68.0	155.2
WASHITA	280	492	820	36.3	94.1
WOODS	402	553	545	42.1	175.2
WOODWARD	358	553	533	39.3	170.9

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
128850	101875	236657	55.8	97.5

MULTI-COUNTY LIBRARIES
SP PRI ELEC JUL 26,60
LEG REF 127 ADOPT ST.Q. 392

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	688	492	1333	58.3	88.5
ALFALFA	172	276	263	38.4	170.3
ATOKA	881	1637	3314	35.0	76.0
BEAVER	66	163	162	28.8	141.4
BECKHAM	801	1180	2176	40.4	91.0
BLAINE	231	425	442	35.2	148.4
BRYAN	2188	3090	7014	41.5	75.2
CADDO	909	934	1794	49.3	102.7
CANADIAN	506	647	1034	43.9	111.5
CARTER	4301	3724	9959	53.6	80.6
CHEROKEE	1079	1148	2692	48.5	82.7
CHOCTAW	2084	1845	5328	53.0	73.7
CIMARRON	178	570	716	23.8	104.5
CLEVELAND	2303	1621	3606	58.7	108.8
COAL	544	1055	1952	34.0	81.9
COMANCHE	1933	1877	3453	45.0	98.8
COTTON	139	249	396	35.8	98.0
CRAIG	896	1437	2434	38.4	95.9
CREEK	787	702	1332	52.9	111.8
CUSTER	357	473	770	43.0	107.8
DELAWARE	854	1234	2510	40.9	83.2
DEWEY	350	800	1243	30.4	92.5
ELLIS	141	359	241	28.2	207.5
GARFIELD	1599	1856	1551	46.3	222.8
GARVIN	611	793	1462	43.5	96.0
GRADY	832	814	1664	50.5	98.9
GRANT	213	529	504	28.7	147.2
GREER	406	615	1223	39.8	83.5
HARMON	467	746	1571	38.5	77.2
HARPER	635	1238	1321	33.9	141.8
HASKELL	841	1095	2596	43.4	74.6
HUGHES	843	925	2224	47.7	79.5
JACKSON	319	405	748	44.1	96.8
JEFFERSON	180	286	565	38.6	82.5
JOHNSTON	852	1228	2819	41.0	73.8
KAY	2624	2449	4315	51.7	117.6
KINGFISHER	277	430	473	39.2	149.5
KIOWA	276	392	658	41.3	101.5
LATIMER	430	722	1430	37.3	80.6
LE FLORE	1282	1659	3881	43.6	75.8
LINCOLN	503	693	996	42.1	120.1
LOGAN	437	462	645	48.6	139.4
LOVE	625	708	1752	46.9	76.1
MCCLAIN	1560	1485	3592	51.2	84.8
MCCURTAIN	1403	2068	4899	40.4	70.9
MCINTOSH	1083	1188	2914	47.7	77.9
MAJOR	126	291	223	30.2	187.0
MARSHALL	728	1111	2608	39.6	70.5
MAYES	1305	1770	3350	42.4	91.8
MURRAY	509	609	1253	45.5	89.2
MUSKOGEE	4644	3570	9039	56.5	90.9
NOBLE	229	369	461	38.3	129.7
NOWATA	292	339	473	46.3	133.4
OKFUSKEE	1180	796	2358	59.7	83.8
OKLAHOMA	27724	22381	53149	55.3	94.3
OKMULGEE	2017	1556	3697	56.5	96.6
OSAGE	972	675	1397	59.0	117.9
OTTAWA	2235	1465	3717	60.4	99.5
PAWNEE	360	359	503	50.1	142.9
PAYNE	1174	781	1682	60.1	116.2
PITTSBURG	1109	1368	2686	44.8	92.2
PONTOTOC	1882	2548	5244	42.5	84.5
POTTAWATOMIE	2451	2548	5002	49.0	99.9
PUSHMATAHA	795	1035	2396	43.4	76.4
ROGER MILLS	173	224	395	43.6	100.5
ROGERS	952	1157	2317	45.1	91.0
SEMINOLE	1657	1564	3584	51.4	89.9
SEQUOYAH	535	648	1544	45.2	76.6
STEPHENS	1275	1710	3170	42.7	94.2
TEXAS	692	1041	1764	39.9	98.2
TILLMAN	378	300	671	55.8	101.0
TULSA	13180	7998	16888	62.2	125.4
WAGONER	904	1065	2303	45.9	85.5
WASHINGTON	3519	4022	4918	46.7	153.3
WASHITA	270	505	820	34.8	94.5
WOODS	388	582	545	39.9	177.6
WOODWARD	355	560	533	38.8	171.7

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
114294	113671	236657	50.1	96.3

TABLE D-86

STATE HIGHWAY COMMISSION
SP ELECT SEPT 20, 60
INT PET 265 REJECT ST.Q. 396

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	201	3128	3329	6.0	100.0
ALFALFA	276	2774	3050	9.0	100.0
ATOKA	154	3442	3596	4.3	100.0
BEAVER	72	2330	2402	3.0	100.0
BECKHAM	390	4789	5179	7.5	100.0
BLAINE	465	3119	3584	13.0	100.0
BRYAN	626	4339	4965	12.6	100.0
CADDO	1129	6488	7617	14.8	100.0
CANADIAN	1710	4257	5967	28.7	100.0
CARTER	2739	6028	8767	31.2	100.0
CHEROKEE	953	3631	4584	20.8	100.0
CHOCTAW	175	3774	3949	4.4	100.0
CIMARRON	25	1773	1798	1.4	100.0
CLEVELAND	4249	4640	8889	47.8	100.0
COAL	161	2059	2220	7.3	100.0
COMANCHE	5469	5906	11375	48.1	100.0
COTTON	154	2325	2479	6.2	100.0
CRAIG	411	3600	4011	10.2	100.0
CREEK	1792	5621	7413	24.2	100.0
CUSTER	596	4758	5354	11.1	100.0
DELAWARE	402	3524	3926	10.2	100.0
DEWEY	165	2473	2638	6.3	100.0
ELLIS	80	2255	2335	3.4	100.0
GARFIELD	4593	6978	11571	39.7	100.0
GARVIN	897	6990	7887	11.4	100.0
GRADY	1389	6242	7631	18.2	100.0
GRANT	338	2735	3073	11.0	100.0
GREER	159	2804	2963	5.4	100.0
HARMON	35	2064	2099	1.7	100.0
HARPER	74	2360	2434	3.0	100.0
HASKELL	367	2263	2630	14.0	100.0
HUGHES	506	4373	4879	10.4	100.0
JACKSON	293	3877	4170	7.0	100.0
JEFFERSON	239	2372	2611	9.2	100.0
JOHNSTON	241	2665	2906	8.3	100.0
KAY	4505	7785	12290	36.7	100.0
KINGFISHER	531	3310	3841	13.8	100.0
KIOWA	259	4177	4436	5.8	100.0
LATIMER	275	2192	2467	11.1	100.0
LE FLORE	452	6692	7144	6.3	100.0
LINCOLN	951	5205	6156	15.4	100.0
LOGAN	1165	4119	5284	22.0	100.0
LOVE	104	2033	2137	4.9	100.0
MCCLAIN	550	3131	3681	14.9	100.0
MCCURTAIN	263	6968	7231	3.6	100.0
MCINTOSH	580	2145	2725	21.3	100.0
MAJOR	247	2401	2648	9.3	100.0
MARSHALL	282	2304	2586	10.9	100.0
MAYES	921	4175	5096	18.1	100.0
MURRAY	574	2535	3109	18.5	100.0
MUSKOGEE	4226	7701	11927	35.4	100.0
NOBLE	492	2853	3345	14.7	100.0
NOWATA	552	2912	3464	15.9	100.0
OKFUSKEE	625	2679	3304	18.9	100.0
OKLAHOMA	55560	25313	80873	68.7	100.0
OKMULGEE	2941	4553	7494	39.2	100.0
OSAGE	2041	5281	7322	27.9	100.0
OTTAWA	495	4817	5312	9.3	100.0
PAWNEE	295	3422	3717	7.9	100.0
PAYNE	2475	5824	8299	29.8	100.0
PITTSBURG	2194	7041	9235	23.8	100.0
PONTOTOC	1402	6110	7512	18.7	100.0
POTTAWATOMIE	4012	5982	9994	40.1	100.0
PUSHMATAHA	300	2996	3296	9.1	100.0
ROGER MILLS	163	2279	2442	6.7	100.0
ROGERS	883	4090	4973	17.8	100.0
SEMINOLE	1401	4807	6208	22.6	100.0
SEQUOYAH	576	4382	4958	11.6	100.0
STEPHENS	1605	7232	8837	18.2	100.0
TEXAS	109	4399	4508	2.4	100.0
TILLMAN	518	3171	3689	14.0	100.0
TULSA	50666	23176	73842	68.6	100.0
WAGONER	789	3117	3906	20.2	100.0
WASHINGTON	7779	3903	11682	66.6	100.0
WASHITA	261	4253	4514	5.8	100.0
WOODS	314	3811	4125	7.6	100.0
WOODWARD	318	3742	4060	7.8	100.0

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
186176	351774	537950	34.6	100.0

LEGISLATIVE APPORTIONMENT
SP ELECT SEPT 20, 60
INT PET 266 REJECT ST.Q. 397

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	184	3148	3332	5.5	100.0
ALFALFA	245	2798	3043	8.1	100.0
ATOKA	136	3447	3583	3.8	100.0
BEAVER	56	2349	2405	2.3	100.0
BECKHAM	339	4828	5167	6.6	100.0
BLAINE	400	3186	3586	11.2	100.0
BRYAN	530	4425	4955	10.7	100.0
CADDO	976	6614	7590	12.9	100.0
CANADIAN	1663	4281	5944	28.0	100.0
CARTER	2389	6302	8691	27.5	100.0
CHEROKEE	895	3666	4561	19.6	100.0
CHOCTAW	165	3758	3923	4.2	100.0
CIMARRON	24	1777	1801	1.3	100.0
CLEVELAND	4392	4476	8868	49.5	100.0
COAL	160	2061	2221	7.2	100.0
COMANCHE	5458	5873	11331	48.2	100.0
COTTON	131	2340	2471	5.3	100.0
CRAIG	387	3616	4003	9.7	100.0
CREEK	1716	5662	7378	23.3	100.0
CUSTER	575	4769	5344	10.8	100.0
DELAWARE	377	3524	3901	9.7	100.0
DEWEY	148	2486	2634	5.6	100.0
ELLIS	80	2252	2332	3.4	100.0
GARFIELD	4456	7115	11571	38.5	100.0
GARVIN	849	7005	7854	10.8	100.0
GRADY	1309	6296	7605	17.2	100.0
GRANT	356	2706	3062	11.6	100.0
GREER	159	2797	2956	5.4	100.0
HARMON	32	2071	2103	1.5	100.0
HARPER	65	2366	2431	2.7	100.0
HASKELL	331	2294	2625	12.6	100.0
HUGHES	463	4402	4865	9.5	100.0
JACKSON	257	3899	4156	6.2	100.0
JEFFERSON	219	2392	2611	8.4	100.0
JOHNSTON	208	2688	2896	7.2	100.0
KAY	4364	7896	12260	35.6	100.0
KINGFISHER	515	3318	3833	13.4	100.0
KIOWA	239	4192	4431	5.4	100.0
LATIMER	250	2223	2473	10.1	100.0
LE FLORE	401	6728	7129	5.6	100.0
LINCOLN	883	5262	6145	14.4	100.0
LOGAN	1074	4200	5274	20.4	100.0
LOVE	97	2040	2137	4.5	100.0
MCCLAIN	566	3114	3680	15.4	100.0
MCCURTAIN	249	6955	7204	3.5	100.0
MCINTOSH	503	2202	2705	18.6	100.0
MAJOR	216	2427	2643	8.2	100.0
MARSHALL	269	2301	2570	10.5	100.0
MAYES	879	4216	5095	17.3	100.0
MURRAY	526	2572	3098	17.0	100.0
MUSKOGEE	3963	7899	11862	33.4	100.0
NOBLE	481	2867	3348	14.4	100.0
NOWATA	513	2940	3453	14.9	100.0
OKFUSKEE	568	2725	3293	17.2	100.0
OKLAHOMA	57992	22787	80779	71.8	100.0
OKMULGEE	2859	4635	7494	38.2	100.0
OSAGE	2018	5274	7292	27.7	100.0
OTTAWA	459	4841	5300	8.7	100.0
PAWNEE	292	3417	3709	7.9	100.0
PAYNE	2482	5797	8279	30.0	100.0
PITTSBURG	2006	7196	9202	21.8	100.0
PONTOTOC	1335	6155	7490	17.8	100.0
POTTAWATOMIE	3830	6145	9975	38.4	100.0
PUSHMATAHA	267	3020	3287	8.1	100.0
ROGER MILLS	147	2292	2439	6.0	100.0
ROGERS	823	4141	4964	16.6	100.0
SEMINOLE	1478	4704	6182	23.9	100.0
SEQUOYAH	535	4394	4929	10.9	100.0
STEPHENS	1479	7348	8827	16.8	100.0
TEXAS	93	4411	4504	2.1	100.0
TILLMAN	409	3278	3687	11.1	100.0
TULSA	54750	18786	73536	74.5	100.0
WAGONER	753	3116	3869	19.5	100.0
WASHINGTON	7843	3831	11674	67.2	100.0
WASHITA	238	4264	4502	5.3	100.0
WOODS	277	3849	4126	6.7	100.0
WOODWARD	297	3753	4050	7.3	100.0

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
189348	347180	536528	35.3	100.0

TABLE D-87

CONTROL OF COUNTY ROADS
SP ELECT SEPT 20. 60
INT PET 287 REJECT ST.O. 398

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	200	3128	3328	6.0	100.0
ALFALFA	280	2766	3046	9.2	100.0
ATOKA	140	3445	3585	3.9	100.0
BEAVER	89	2312	2401	3.7	100.0
BECKHAM	413	4764	5177	8.0	100.0
BLAINE	452	3130	3582	12.6	100.0
BRYAN	612	4340	4952	12.4	100.0
CADDO	1120	6493	7613	14.7	100.0
CANADIAN	1651	4304	5955	27.7	100.0
CARTER	2616	6109	8725	30.0	100.0
CHEROKEE	899	3626	4525	19.9	100.0
CHOCTAW	177	3761	3938	4.5	100.0
CIMARRON	27	1773	1800	1.5	100.0
CLEVELAND	4194	4679	8873	47.3	100.0
COAL	167	2064	2231	7.5	100.0
COMANCHE	5260	6076	11336	46.4	100.0
COTTON	133	2336	2469	5.4	100.0
CRAIG	423	3579	4002	10.6	100.0
CREEK	1757	5616	7373	23.8	100.0
CUSTER	654	4686	5340	12.2	100.0
DELAWARE	383	3523	3906	9.8	100.0
DEWEY	183	2452	2635	6.9	100.0
ELLIS	88	2245	2333	3.8	100.0
GARFIELD	4455	7112	11567	38.5	100.0
GARVIN	872	6993	7865	11.1	100.0
GRADY	1357	6258	7615	17.8	100.0
GRANT	322	2748	3070	10.5	100.0
GREER	169	2785	2954	5.7	100.0
HARMON	30	2060	2090	1.4	100.0
HARPER	65	2379	2444	2.7	100.0
HASKELL	354	2259	2613	13.5	100.0
HUGHES	505	4379	4884	10.3	100.0
JACKSON	277	3883	4160	6.7	100.0
JEFFERSON	242	2378	2620	9.2	100.0
JOHNSTON	221	2668	2889	7.6	100.0
KAY	4298	7955	12253	35.1	100.0
KINGFISHER	519	3317	3836	13.5	100.0
KIOWA	241	4190	4431	5.4	100.0
LATIMER	286	2188	2474	11.6	100.0
LE FLORE	466	6655	7121	6.5	100.0
LINCOLN	939	5205	6144	15.3	100.0
LOGAN	1153	4132	5285	21.8	100.0
LOVE	99	2037	2136	4.6	100.0
MCCLAIN	553	3127	3680	15.0	100.0
MCCURTAIN	272	6949	7221	3.8	100.0
MCINTOSH	584	2119	2703	21.6	100.0
MAJOR	247	2405	2652	9.3	100.0
MARSHALL	276	2291	2567	10.8	100.0
MAYES	907	4189	5096	17.8	100.0
MURRAY	563	2534	3097	18.2	100.0
MUSKOGEE	4160	7689	11849	35.1	100.0
NOBLE	505	2844	3349	15.1	100.0
NOWATA	545	2924	3469	15.7	100.0
OKFUSKEE	605	2689	3294	18.4	100.0
OKLAHOMA	54935	25741	80676	68.1	100.0
OKMULGEE	2897	4579	7476	38.8	100.0
OSAGE	1936	5326	7262	26.7	100.0
OTTAWA	500	4813	5313	9.4	100.0
PAWNEE	293	3418	3711	7.9	100.0
PAYNE	2414	5866	8280	29.2	100.0
PITTSBURG	2163	7055	9218	23.5	100.0
PONTOTOC	1362	6117	7479	18.2	100.0
POTTAWATOMIE	3963	5990	9953	39.8	100.0
PUSHMATAHA	298	2982	3280	9.1	100.0
ROGER MILLS	168	2270	2438	6.9	100.0
ROGERS	864	4097	4961	17.4	100.0
SEMINOLE	1365	4830	6195	22.0	100.0
SEQUOYAH	557	4352	4909	11.3	100.0
STEPHENS	1500	7328	8828	17.0	100.0
TEXAS	116	4387	4503	2.6	100.0
TILLMAN	460	3217	3677	12.5	100.0
TULSA	50108	23566	73674	68.0	100.0
WAGONER	777	3103	3880	20.0	100.0
WASHINGTON	7618	4044	11662	65.3	100.0
WASHITA	248	4264	4512	5.5	100.0
WOODS	324	3801	4125	7.9	100.0
WOODWARD	302	3752	4054	7.4	100.0

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
183173	353446	536619	34.1	100.0

LEGISLATIVE SPECIAL SESSION
GEN ELECT NOV 8. 60
LEG REF 129 REJECT ST.O. 394

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	1578	2014	5556	43.9	64.6
ALFALFA	1286	2375	4399	35.1	83.2
ATOKA	915	1726	3651	34.7	72.3
BEAVER	1071	1469	3329	41.8	76.9
BECKHAM	2018	3211	6979	38.6	74.9
BLAINE	1756	2736	5371	39.1	83.6
BRYAN	2497	3008	8273	45.4	66.5
CADDO	3331	4766	11035	41.1	73.4
CANADIAN	3768	4411	9931	46.1	82.4
CARTER	5417	5136	14729	51.3	71.6
CHEROKEE	1959	2494	6258	44.0	71.2
CHOCTAW	1997	1751	5472	53.3	68.5
CIMARRON	650	1003	2012	39.3	82.2
CLEVELAND	6751	6729	15689	50.1	85.9
COAL	600	1183	2288	33.7	77.9
COMANCHE	8428	8098	20253	51.0	81.6
COTTON	950	1266	3253	42.9	68.1
CRAIG	1692	3446	6562	32.9	78.3
CREEK	5474	6690	14990	45.0	81.1
CUSTER	2672	3349	7793	44.4	77.3
DELAWARE	1403	2567	5921	35.3	67.0
DEWEY	771	1645	3197	31.9	75.6
ELLIS	660	1623	2794	28.9	81.7
GARFIELD	7613	10941	21442	41.0	86.5
GARVIN	3159	4161	9920	43.2	73.8
GRADY	3735	5050	11359	42.5	77.3
GRANT	1249	2717	4533	31.5	87.5
GREER	1108	1336	3856	45.3	63.4
HARMON	588	1078	2407	35.3	69.2
HARPER	742	1537	2801	32.6	81.4
HASKELL	1023	1211	3570	45.8	62.6
HUGHES	1743	2512	6174	41.0	68.9
JACKSON	2408	2328	7136	50.8	66.4
JEFFERSON	910	1337	3288	40.5	68.3
JOHNSTON	786	1408	3243	35.8	67.2
KAY	10610	9520	23405	52.7	86.0
KINGFISHER	1607	3268	5322	30.1	87.8
KIOWA	1755	2384	6153	42.4	67.3
LATIMER	842	1132	2988	42.7	66.1
LE FLORE	3011	3704	10146	44.8	66.2
LINCOLN	2531	4376	8783	36.6	78.6
LOGAN	2662	3928	7941	40.4	83.0
LOVE	632	880	2375	41.8	63.7
MCCLAIN	1422	2228	4912	39.0	74.3
MCCURTAIN	2862	2388	7764	54.5	67.6
MCINTOSH	1229	1686	4406	42.2	66.2
MAJOR	1023	1960	3608	34.3	82.7
MARSHALL	831	1214	3118	40.6	65.6
MAYES	2265	4029	8915	36.0	70.6
MURRAY	1230	1644	4122	42.8	69.7
MUSKOGEE	9409	9044	23485	51.0	78.6
NOBLE	1613	2634	5108	38.0	83.1
NOWATA	1662	2257	5139	42.4	76.3
OKFUSKEE	1464	1782	4478	45.1	72.5
OKLAHOMA	66108	59950	167640	52.4	75.2
OKMULGEE	5286	5616	14369	48.5	75.9
OSAGE	4828	5940	13309	44.8	80.9
OTTAWA	4200	5080	12225	45.3	75.9
PAWNEE	1538	2329	4792	39.8	80.7
PAYNE	6655	6212	15637	51.7	82.3
PITTSBURG	5040	4855	13144	50.9	75.3
PONTOTOC	3156	4410	10517	41.7	71.9
POTTAWATOMIE	6328	7590	17488	45.5	79.6
PUSHMATAHA	867	1441	3358	37.6	68.7
ROGER MILLS	550	1205	2272	31.3	77.2
ROGERS	2761	3986	8579	40.9	78.6
SEMINOLE	2919	4253	9761	40.7	73.5
SEQUOYAH	1807	2198	6804	45.1	58.9
STEPHENS	6262	5469	14983	53.4	78.3
TEXAS	2191	2534	5863	46.4	80.6
TILLMAN	1779	2091	5414	46.0	71.5
TULSA	53077	64117	142624	43.8	85.0
WAGONER	1815	2735	6277	39.9	72.5
WASHINGTON	7159	10128	19179	41.4	90.1
WASHITA	1635	2250	5623	42.1	69.1
WOODS	1616	3491	5966	31.6	85.6
WOODWARD	2170	2682	5672	44.7	85.5

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
320915	382952	903150	45.6	77.9

TABLE D-88

WITHHOLDING INCOME TAX
GEN ELECT NOV 8, 60
REF PET 130 REJECT ST.O. 395

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	1235	2222	5556	35.7	62.2
ALFALFA	1004	2607	4399	27.8	82.1
ATOKA	651	1970	3651	24.8	71.8
BEAVER	639	1863	3329	25.5	75.2
BECKHAM	1324	3893	6979	25.4	74.8
BLAINE	1076	3324	5371	24.5	81.9
BRYAN	1781	3663	8273	32.7	65.8
CADDO	2405	5500	11035	30.4	71.6
CANADIAN	2457	5687	9931	30.2	82.0
CARTER	3731	6716	14729	35.7	70.9
CHEROKEE	1588	2735	6258	36.7	69.1
CHOCTAW	1331	2237	5472	37.3	65.2
CIMARRON	396	1238	2012	24.2	81.2
CLEVELAND	5596	7800	15689	41.8	85.4
COAL	381	1392	2288	21.5	77.5
COMANCHE	5792	10353	20253	35.9	79.7
COTTON	615	1534	3253	28.6	66.1
CRAIG	1429	3635	6562	28.2	77.2
CREEK	4448	7228	14990	38.1	77.9
CUSTER	1695	4305	7793	28.3	77.0
DELAWARE	1224	2697	5921	31.2	66.2
DEWEY	534	1872	3197	22.2	75.3
ELLIS	374	1902	2794	16.4	81.5
GARFIELD	6367	11872	21442	34.9	85.1
GARVIN	1918	5370	9920	26.3	73.5
GRADY	2595	5987	11359	30.2	75.6
GRANT	968	2982	4533	24.5	87.1
GREER	697	1729	3856	28.7	62.9
HARMON	283	1390	2407	16.9	69.5
HARPER	442	1834	2801	19.4	81.3
HASKELL	847	1389	3570	37.9	62.6
HUGHES	1283	2787	6174	31.5	65.9
JACKSON	1539	3129	7136	33.0	65.4
JEFFERSON	540	1600	3288	25.2	65.1
JOHNSTON	546	1552	3263	26.0	64.3
KAY	7783	12365	23405	38.6	86.1
KINGFISHER	1067	3548	5322	23.1	86.7
KIOWA	1135	2913	6153	28.0	65.8
LATIMER	635	1290	2988	33.0	64.4
LE FLORE	2112	4270	10146	33.1	62.9
LINCOLN	1874	4966	8783	27.4	77.9
LOGAN	1912	4558	7941	29.6	81.5
LOVE	392	1048	2375	27.2	60.6
MCCLAIN	955	2691	4912	26.2	74.2
MCCURTAIN	1648	3358	7764	32.9	64.5
MCINTOSH	996	1780	4406	35.9	63.0
MAJOR	670	2261	3608	22.9	81.2
MARSHALL	555	1550	3118	26.4	67.5
MAYES	2088	4163	8915	33.4	70.1
MURRAY	867	1976	4122	30.5	69.0
MUSKOGEE	7458	10403	23485	41.8	76.1
NOBLE	1127	3076	5108	26.8	82.3
NOWATA	1423	2474	5139	36.5	75.8
OKFUSKEE	1020	2098	4478	32.7	69.6
OKLAHOMA	43153	83043	167640	34.2	75.3
OKMULGEE	4514	6229	14369	42.0	74.8
OSAGE	4373	6432	13309	40.5	81.2
OTTAWA	3169	6268	12225	33.6	77.2
PAWNEE	1245	2554	4792	32.8	79.3
PAYNE	5209	7427	15637	41.2	80.8
PITTSBURG	3897	5689	13144	40.7	72.9
PONTOTOC	2058	5291	10517	28.0	69.9
POTTAWATOMIE	4716	8823	17488	34.8	77.4
PUSHMATAHA	546	1660	3358	24.8	65.7
ROGER MILLS	367	1359	2272	21.3	76.0
ROGERS	2337	4316	8579	35.1	77.5
SEMINOLE	2223	4918	9761	31.1	73.2
SEQUOYAH	1196	2746	6804	30.3	57.9
STEPHENS	3505	8190	14983	30.0	78.1
TEXAS	1427	3349	5863	29.9	81.5
TILLMAN	1058	2734	5414	27.9	70.0
TULSA	54900	65697	142624	45.5	84.6
WAGONER	1481	2919	6277	31.7	70.1
WASHINGTON	6069	11139	19179	35.3	89.7
WASHITA	1015	2888	5623	26.0	69.4
WOODS	1159	3891	5966	23.0	84.6
WOODWARD	1092	3731	5672	22.6	85.0

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
246157	450075	903150	35.4	77.1

CRIMINAL PROSECUTION
SP ELECT SEPT 12, 61
LEG REF 132 ADOPT ST.O. 401

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	321	92	413	77.7	100.0
ALFALFA	507	148	655	77.4	100.0
ATOKA	800	203	1003	79.8	100.0
BEAVER	246	132	378	65.1	100.0
BECKHAM	632	246	878	72.0	100.0
BLAINE	535	222	757	70.7	100.0
BRYAN	506	118	624	81.1	100.0
CADDO	885	250	1135	78.0	100.0
CANADIAN	1597	692	2289	69.8	100.0
CARTER	1468	389	1857	79.1	100.0
CHEROKEE	428	278	706	60.6	100.0
CHOCTAW	434	159	593	73.2	100.0
CIMARRON	228	95	323	70.6	100.0
CLEVELAND	2184	489	2673	81.7	100.0
COAL	601	60	661	90.9	100.0
COMANCHE	781	243	1024	76.3	100.0
COTTON	267	53	320	83.4	100.0
CRAIG	559	195	754	74.1	100.0
CREEK	1025	377	1402	73.1	100.0
CUSTER	815	216	1031	79.0	100.0
DELAWARE	448	223	671	66.8	100.0
DEWEY	511	112	623	82.0	100.0
ELLIS	840	110	950	88.4	100.0
GARFIELD	1449	332	1781	81.4	100.0
GARVIN	810	244	1054	76.9	100.0
GRADY	817	208	1025	79.7	100.0
GRANT	601	156	757	79.4	100.0
GREER	396	155	551	71.9	100.0
HARMON	192	95	287	66.9	100.0
HARPER	636	96	732	86.9	100.0
HASKELL	232	193	425	54.6	100.0
HUGHES	616	171	787	78.3	100.0
JACKSON	471	123	594	79.3	100.0
JEFFERSON	260	80	340	76.5	100.0
JOHNSTON	460	134	594	77.4	100.0
KAY	1914	664	2578	74.2	100.0
KINGFISHER	567	184	751	75.5	100.0
KIOWA	426	152	578	73.7	100.0
LATIMER	345	216	561	61.5	100.0
LE FLORE	620	318	938	66.1	100.0
LINCOLN	714	246	960	74.4	100.0
LOGAN	489	175	664	73.6	100.0
LOVE	182	110	292	62.3	100.0
MCCLAIN	333	151	484	68.8	100.0
MCCURTAIN	848	148	996	85.1	100.0
MCINTOSH	388	130	518	74.9	100.0
MAJOR	455	156	611	74.5	100.0
MARSHALL	608	34	642	94.7	100.0
MAYES	632	254	886	71.3	100.0
MURRAY	449	106	555	80.9	100.0
MUSKOGEE	2294	568	2862	80.2	100.0
NOBLE	582	132	714	81.5	100.0
NOWATA	487	174	661	73.7	100.0
OKFUSKEE	452	178	630	71.7	100.0
OKLAHOMA	15794	3881	19675	80.3	100.0
OKMULGEE	1319	249	1568	84.1	100.0
OSAGE	1410	341	1751	80.5	100.0
OTTAWA	559	322	881	63.5	100.0
PAWNEE	712	143	855	83.3	100.0
PAYNE	1135	237	1372	82.7	100.0
PITTSBURG	1118	480	1598	70.0	100.0
PONTOTOC	1334	201	1535	86.9	100.0
POTTAWATOMIE	1315	400	1715	76.7	100.0
PUSHMATAHA	432	195	627	68.9	100.0
ROGER MILLS	317	134	451	70.3	100.0
ROGERS	477	215	692	68.9	100.0
SEMINOLE	841	206	1047	80.3	100.0
SEQUOYAH	318	262	580	54.8	100.0
STEPHENS	946	190	1136	83.3	100.0
TEXAS	540	115	655	82.4	100.0
TILLMAN	358	101	459	78.0	100.0
TULSA	18817	3484	22301	84.4	100.0
WAGONER	445	222	667	66.7	100.0
WASHINGTON	5518	532	6050	91.2	100.0
WASHITA	546	191	737	74.1	100.0
WOODS	635	256	891	71.3	100.0
WOODWARD	680	208	888	76.6	100.0

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
91909	23750	115659	79.5	100.0

TABLE D-89

HOUSE APPORTIONMENT FOR CENSUS
SP ELECT SEPT 12. 61
LEG REF 136 REJECT ST.Q. 407

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	139	271	410	33.9	100.0
ALFALFA	177	475	652	27.1	100.0
ATOKA	828	201	1029	80.5	100.0
BEAVER	120	267	387	31.0	100.0
BECKHAM	243	640	883	27.5	100.0
BLAINE	244	495	739	33.0	100.0
BRYAN	308	311	619	49.8	100.0
CADDO	304	829	1133	26.8	100.0
CANADIAN	632	1602	2234	28.3	100.0
CARTER	558	1252	1810	30.8	100.0
CHEROKEE	313	381	694	45.1	100.0
CHOCTAW	237	351	588	40.3	100.0
CIMARRON	151	173	324	46.6	100.0
CLEVELAND	242	2424	2666	9.1	100.0
COAL	586	89	675	86.8	100.0
COMANCHE	411	600	1011	40.7	100.0
COTTON	245	81	326	75.2	100.0
CRAIG	224	526	750	29.9	100.0
CREEK	219	1176	1395	15.7	100.0
CUSTER	245	758	1003	24.4	100.0
DELAWARE	192	475	667	28.8	100.0
DEWEY	417	204	621	67.1	100.0
ELLIS	773	187	960	80.5	100.0
GARFIELD	488	1286	1774	27.5	100.0
GARVIN	388	661	1049	37.0	100.0
GRADY	235	786	1021	23.0	100.0
GRANT	266	488	754	35.3	100.0
GREER	158	390	548	28.8	100.0
HARMON	82	202	284	28.9	100.0
HARPER	590	152	742	79.5	100.0
HASKELL	94	331	425	22.1	100.0
HUGHES	396	394	790	50.1	100.0
JACKSON	273	319	592	46.1	100.0
JEFFERSON	187	157	344	54.4	100.0
JOHNSTON	367	225	592	62.0	100.0
KAY	563	2004	2567	21.9	100.0
KINGFISHER	187	563	750	24.9	100.0
KIOWA	167	406	573	29.1	100.0
LATIMER	239	326	565	42.3	100.0
LE FLORE	206	733	939	21.9	100.0
LINCOLN	297	668	965	30.8	100.0
LOGAN	165	497	662	24.9	100.0
LOVE	81	207	288	28.1	100.0
MCCLAIN	98	385	483	20.3	100.0
MCCURTAIN	708	288	996	71.1	100.0
MCINTOSH	149	365	514	29.0	100.0
MAJOR	254	358	612	41.5	100.0
MARSHALL	582	58	640	90.9	100.0
MAYES	161	707	868	18.5	100.0
MURRAY	290	264	554	52.3	100.0
MUSKOGEE	396	2438	2834	14.0	100.0
NOBLE	372	339	711	52.3	100.0
NOWATA	150	505	655	22.9	100.0
OKFUSKEE	217	409	626	34.7	100.0
OKLAHOMA	2212	17413	19625	11.3	100.0
OKMULGEE	273	1290	1563	17.5	100.0
OSAGE	267	1477	1744	15.3	100.0
OTTAWA	132	746	878	15.0	100.0
PAWNEE	398	452	850	46.8	100.0
PAYNE	271	1099	1370	19.8	100.0
PITTSBURG	494	1066	1560	31.7	100.0
PONTOTOC	881	680	1561	56.4	100.0
POTTAWATOMIE	344	1353	1697	20.3	100.0
PUSHMATAHA	325	304	629	51.7	100.0
ROGER MILLS	167	285	452	36.9	100.0
ROGERS	116	573	689	16.8	100.0
SEMINOLE	492	553	1045	47.1	100.0
SEQUOYAH	110	465	575	19.1	100.0
STEPHENS	300	832	1132	26.5	100.0
TEXAS	339	308	647	52.4	100.0
TILLMAN	142	310	452	31.4	100.0
TULSA	1219	21018	22237	5.5	100.0
WAGONER	151	486	637	23.7	100.0
WASHINGTON	333	5718	6051	5.5	100.0
WASHITA	291	440	731	39.8	100.0
WOODS	274	616	890	30.8	100.0
WOODWARD	262	616	878	29.8	100.0

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
26407	88779	115186	22.9	100.0

INDUSTRIAL BONDS
SP PRI ELECT MAY 1.62
LEG REF 133 ADOPT ST.Q. 404

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	1779	1042	3415	63.1	82.6
ALFALFA	1374	1383	2993	49.8	92.1
ATOKA	2188	1004	4337	68.5	73.6
BEAVER	783	973	1947	44.6	90.2
BECKHAM	2296	2040	5767	52.3	76.1
BLAINE	1820	1545	3472	54.1	96.9
BRYAN	3783	1875	8725	66.9	64.8
CADDO	4447	3451	9373	56.3	84.3
CANADIAN	3319	3108	7124	51.6	90.2
CARTER	4138	6103	12826	40.4	79.8
CHEROKEE	1978	1334	4854	59.7	68.2
CHOCTAW	2999	1563	5992	65.7	76.1
CIMARRON	687	768	1571	47.2	92.6
CLEVELAND	6093	4753	12139	56.2	89.3
COAL	1168	817	2580	58.8	76.9
COMANCHE	7065	4349	14803	61.9	77.1
COTTON	1337	1131	3271	54.2	75.5
CRAIG	1760	1660	4042	51.5	84.6
CREEK	4602	2710	8531	62.9	85.7
CUSTER	2266	2095	5462	52.0	79.8
DELAWARE	1462	1485	3859	49.6	76.4
DEWEY	775	807	1890	49.0	83.7
ELLIS	667	677	1503	49.6	89.4
GARFIELD	6085	5319	12068	53.4	94.5
GARVIN	3856	3425	9481	53.0	76.8
GRADY	4099	3393	9145	54.7	81.9
GRANT	1086	1263	2653	46.2	95.8
GREER	1355	1079	3612	55.7	67.4
HARMON	826	660	2325	55.6	63.9
HARPER	839	918	2029	47.8	86.6
HASKELL	1389	836	3704	62.4	60.1
HUGHES	2999	1908	6071	61.1	80.8
JACKSON	2830	1632	5822	63.4	76.6
JEFFERSON	1538	1171	3466	56.8	78.2
JOHNSTON	1573	976	3965	44.2	41.9
KAY	6656	5743	13180	53.8	94.3
KINGFISHER	1260	1286	2628	49.5	96.9
KIOWA	1863	1433	4663	56.5	70.7
LATIMER	1525	807	3379	65.4	69.0
LE FLORE	4298	2178	9667	66.4	67.0
LINCOLN	2505	2312	5678	52.0	84.8
LOGAN	2076	1917	4431	52.0	90.1
LOVE	1061	697	2269	60.4	77.5
MCCLAIN	780	1182	4530	39.8	43.3
MCCURTAIN	1511	831	8414	64.5	27.8
MCINTOSH	2456	1865	4989	56.8	86.6
MAJOR	716	2063	2086	25.8	133.2
MARSHALL	998	2394	3836	29.4	88.4
MAYES	2378	1376	5934	63.3	63.3
MURRAY	1841	1291	4182	58.8	74.9
MUSKOGEE	10511	3025	18048	77.7	75.0
NOBLE	1396	1576	3309	47.0	89.8
NOWATA	1632	985	3163	62.4	82.7
OKFUSKEE	1812	1044	4526	63.4	63.1
OKLAHOMA	31602	26734	91912	54.2	63.5
OKMULGEE	5144	2626	9465	66.2	82.1
OSAGE	3662	2044	6434	64.2	88.7
OTTAWA	4165	2349	7943	63.9	82.0
PAWNEE	1510	1252	3025	54.7	91.3
PAYNE	5012	2743	8829	64.6	87.8
PITTSBURG	7094	3182	12483	69.0	82.3
PONTOTOC	3907	3494	9285	52.8	79.7
POTTAWATOMIE	5646	4853	13168	53.8	79.7
PUSHMATAHA	2012	1176	4071	63.1	78.3
ROGER MILLS	837	997	2485	45.6	73.8
ROGERS	2804	2322	6070	54.7	84.4
SEMINOLE	3078	2624	7290	54.0	78.2
SEQUOYAH	1939	978	5019	66.5	58.1
STEPHENS	5507	3514	10613	61.0	85.0
TEXAS	1661	1166	3140	58.8	90.0
TILLMAN	1893	1454	4178	56.6	80.1
TULSA	22904	17399	58778	56.8	66.6
WAGONER	2216	1512	4705	59.4	79.2
WASHINGTON	7077	4091	11572	63.4	96.5
WASHITA	1687	1729	4217	49.4	81.0
WOODS	2037	1715	3900	54.3	96.2
WOODWARD	1890	1858	4070	50.4	92.1

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
259850	195020	596171	57.1	78.3

TABLE D-90

LEGISLATIVE SESSION AND PAY
SP PRI ELEC MAY 22.62
LEG REF 134 REJECT ST.Q. 405

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	650	702	1646	48.1	82.1
ALFALFA	799	1355	1301	37.1	165.6
ATOKA	821	1598	3131	33.9	77.3
BEAVER	344	640	1004	35.0	98.0
BECKHAM	1554	2412	5255	39.2	75.5
BLAINE	763	1208	1822	38.7	108.2
BRYAN	1698	3140	7039	35.1	68.7
CADDO	2720	4612	8810	37.1	83.2
CANADIAN	2130	3464	5691	38.1	98.3
CARTER	2567	5845	10289	30.5	81.8
CHEROKEE	1369	1680	3843	44.9	79.3
CHOCTAW	1267	1862	4587	40.5	68.2
CIMARRON	268	543	880	33.0	92.2
CLEVELAND	4078	5230	9759	43.8	95.4
COAL	530	1038	1961	33.8	80.0
COMANCHE	4175	5451	11495	43.4	83.7
COTTON	950	1553	3375	38.0	74.2
CRAIG	981	1796	3111	35.3	89.3
CREEK	2512	2782	5588	47.4	94.7
CUSTER	1576	2315	4601	40.5	84.6
DELAWARE	850	1231	2532	40.8	82.2
DEWEY	505	821	1501	38.1	88.3
ELLIS	297	670	943	30.7	102.5
GARFIELD	2038	3793	5096	35.0	114.4
GARVIN	2298	4274	8250	35.0	79.7
GRADY	2402	4636	8621	34.1	81.6
GRANT	553	1043	1381	34.6	115.6
GREER	856	1391	3260	38.1	68.9
HARMON	393	756	1455	34.2	79.0
HARPER	274	602	815	31.3	107.5
HASKELL	918	1315	3333	41.1	67.0
HUGHES	1571	2567	6000	38.0	69.0
JACKSON	1299	2155	4711	37.6	73.3
JEFFERSON	734	1207	2702	37.8	71.8
JOHNSTON	662	1461	2958	31.2	71.8
KAY	2187	6773	7831	24.4	114.4
KINGFISHER	477	1265	1328	27.4	131.2
KIOWA	1196	1823	3898	39.6	77.4
LATIMER	846	1190	2944	41.6	69.2
LE FLORE	2144	2921	7958	42.3	63.6
LINCOLN	1061	2270	3324	31.9	100.2
LOGAN	1293	1527	2610	45.9	108.0
LOVE	433	697	1614	38.3	70.0
MCCLAIN	972	1820	3428	30.8	81.4
MCCURTAIN	2046	2552	7000	44.5	65.7
MCINTOSH	1158	1669	4333	41.0	65.2
MAJOR	433	1039	686	29.4	214.6
MARSHALL	839	1295	3240	39.3	65.9
MAYES	1502	2181	4502	40.8	81.8
MURRAY	1087	1574	3660	40.8	72.7
MUSKOGEE	5717	6002	13920	48.8	84.2
NOBLE	518	1494	1762	25.7	114.2
NOWATA	739	1111	1972	39.9	93.8
OKFUSKEE	1244	1442	3776	46.3	71.1
OKLAHOMA	23537	32383	73919	42.1	75.7
OKMULGEE	2938	3029	6738	49.2	88.6
OSAGE	1879	2628	4592	41.7	98.1
OTTAWA	2129	2934	6124	42.1	82.7
PAWNEE	593	1422	1993	29.4	101.1
PAYNE	3300	3033	6490	52.1	97.6
PITTSBURG	3417	5265	10898	39.4	79.7
PONTOTOC	2040	5657	9266	26.5	83.1
POTTAWATOMIE	3304	6578	11645	33.4	84.9
PUSHMATAHA	1190	1580	4387	43.0	63.1
ROGER MILLS	626	1152	2247	35.2	79.1
ROGERS	1459	2083	4224	41.2	83.9
SEMINOLE	1593	4217	7129	27.4	81.5
SEQUOYAH	1480	1608	4843	47.9	63.8
STEPHENS	3449	4750	9324	42.1	87.9
TEXAS	883	836	1817	51.4	94.6
TILLMAN	1074	1427	3094	42.9	80.8
TULSA	19063	27998	48786	40.5	96.5
WAGONER	1167	1780	3796	39.6	77.6
WASHINGTON	3274	3096	5696	51.4	111.8
WASHITA	858	1684	3227	33.8	78.8
WOODS	1418	1576	2023	47.4	148.0
WOODWARD	885	1458	1991	37.8	117.6

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
154850	235965	462781	39.6	84.4

LOCAL EMERGENCY JURISDICTION
SP PRI ELEC MAY 22.62
LEG REF 131 ADOPT ST.Q. 400

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	890	543	1646	62.1	87.1
ALFALFA	1236	922	1301	57.3	165.9
ATOKA	1454	998	3131	59.3	78.3
BEAVER	510	490	1004	51.0	99.6
BECKHAM	2305	1691	5255	57.7	76.0
BLAINE	1184	823	1822	59.0	110.2
BRYAN	2784	2047	7039	57.6	66.6
CADDO	3975	3520	8810	53.0	85.1
CANADIAN	3422	2220	5691	60.7	99.1
CARTER	4269	4258	10289	50.1	82.9
CHEROKEE	1863	1307	3843	58.8	82.5
CHOCTAW	2869	1207	4587	63.2	71.4
CIMARRON	459	378	880	54.8	95.1
CLEVELAND	6511	2881	9759	69.3	96.2
COAL	921	694	1961	57.0	82.4
COMANCHE	6303	3473	11495	64.5	85.0
COTTON	1439	1172	3375	55.1	77.4
CRAIG	1536	1302	3111	54.1	91.2
CREEK	3531	1786	5588	66.4	95.2
CUSTER	2431	1514	4601	61.6	85.7
DELAWARE	1146	937	2532	55.0	82.3
DEWEY	728	595	1501	55.0	88.1
ELLIS	502	467	943	51.8	102.8
GARFIELD	3622	2222	5096	62.0	114.7
GARVIN	3395	3164	8250	51.8	79.5
GRADY	3923	3126	8621	55.7	81.8
GRANT	825	751	1381	52.3	114.1
GREER	1311	958	3260	57.8	69.6
HARMON	574	525	1455	52.2	75.5
HARPER	446	428	815	51.0	107.2
HASKELL	1374	871	3333	61.2	67.4
HUGHES	2641	1638	6000	61.7	71.3
JACKSON	2198	1293	4711	63.0	74.1
JEFFERSON	1104	878	2702	55.7	73.4
JOHNSTON	1187	956	2958	55.4	72.4
KAY	5930	3026	7831	66.2	114.4
KINGFISHER	911	824	1328	52.5	130.6
KIOWA	1769	1291	3898	57.8	78.5
LATIMER	1399	795	2944	63.8	74.5
LE FLORE	3347	1835	7958	64.6	65.1
LINCOLN	1887	1470	3324	56.2	101.0
LOGAN	1873	988	2610	65.5	109.6
LOVE	687	466	1614	59.6	71.4
MCCLAIN	1591	1221	3428	56.6	82.0
MCCURTAIN	3047	1745	7000	63.6	68.5
MCINTOSH	1714	1224	4333	58.3	67.8
MAJOR	721	751	686	49.0	214.6
MARSHALL	1276	891	3240	58.9	66.9
MAYES	2187	1553	4502	58.5	83.1
MURRAY	1683	1104	3660	60.4	76.1
MUSKOGEE	8467	3555	13920	70.4	86.4
NOBLE	1200	833	1762	59.0	115.4
NOWATA	1081	774	1972	58.3	94.1
OKFUSKEE	1755	1026	3776	63.1	73.6
OKLAHOMA	38746	17594	73919	68.8	76.2
OKMULGEE	4290	1771	6738	70.8	90.0
OSAGE	3043	1495	4592	67.1	98.8
OTTAWA	3252	1952	6124	62.5	85.0
PAWNEE	1064	982	1993	52.0	102.7
PAYNE	4756	1644	6490	74.3	98.6
PITTSBURG	5911	2970	10898	66.6	81.5
PONTOTOC	4636	3048	9266	60.3	82.9
POTTAWATOMIE	6159	3978	11645	60.8	87.1
PUSHMATAHA	1710	1161	4387	59.6	65.4
ROGER MILLS	920	830	2247	52.6	77.9
ROGERS	2113	1592	4224	57.0	87.7
SEMINOLE	3011	2880	7129	51.1	82.6
SEQUOYAH	2000	1140	4843	63.7	64.8
STEPHENS	5011	2766	9324	64.4	83.4
TEXAS	1192	534	1817	69.1	95.0
TILLMAN	1534	978	3094	61.1	81.2
TULSA	30353	18162	48786	62.6	99.4
WAGONER	1739	1260	3796	58.0	79.0
WASHINGTON	4815	1635	5696	74.7	113.2
WASHITA	1452	1111	3227	56.7	79.4
WOODS	1795	1169	2023	60.6	146.5
WOODWARD	1317	1027	1991	56.2	117.7

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
247412	149086	462781	62.4	85.7

TABLE D-91

DISTRIBUTION OF LIQUOR
GEN ELECT NOV 6, 62
LEG REF 135 REJECT ST.Q. 406

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	1618	2405	5327	40.2	75.5
ALFALFA	1353	2471	4001	35.4	95.6
ATOKA	1697	1429	3562	51.2	42.1
BEAVER	766	1845	2852	29.3	91.5
BECKHAM	2077	3080	5780	40.3	89.2
BLAINE	2035	2264	4740	47.3	90.7
BRYAN	2333	2705	6402	46.3	78.7
CADDO	3611	4768	10075	43.1	83.2
CANADIAN	4045	4011	8492	50.2	94.9
CARTER	5705	4838	12224	54.1	86.2
CHEROKEE	2506	2783	6677	47.4	79.2
CHOCTAW	1816	1858	4435	49.4	82.8
CIMARRON	527	1194	1874	30.6	91.8
CLEVELAND	6549	5808	12952	53.0	95.4
COAL	950	836	2048	53.1	87.3
COMANCHE	7565	5958	14601	55.9	92.6
COTTON	861	1292	2579	40.0	83.5
CRAIG	2145	2577	5457	45.4	86.5
CREEK	4598	5375	11123	46.1	89.7
CUSTER	2464	3262	6424	43.0	89.1
DELAWARE	1853	2671	5653	41.0	80.0
DEWEY	955	1478	2777	39.3	87.6
ELLIS	792	1525	2551	34.2	90.8
GARFIELD	9841	7775	18781	55.9	93.8
GARVIN	2929	4302	8313	40.5	87.0
GRADY	3479	4334	8783	44.5	89.0
GRANT	1633	2074	3993	44.1	92.8
GREER	989	1788	3353	35.6	82.8
HARMON	413	1112	1792	27.1	85.1
HARPER	761	1412	2310	35.0	94.1
HASKELL	1103	1424	3009	43.6	84.0
HUGHES	1464	2778	5063	34.5	83.8
JACKSON	1727	2695	5311	39.1	83.3
JEFFERSON	634	1276	2400	33.2	79.6
JOHNSTON	1171	1334	3026	46.7	82.8
KAY	9385	8273	18960	53.1	93.0
KINGFISHER	2632	2287	5241	53.5	93.9
KIOWA	1660	2522	4947	39.7	84.5
LATIMER	1175	1242	2932	48.6	82.4
LE FLORE	2288	4449	7791	34.0	86.5
LINCOLN	3111	3889	8195	44.4	85.4
LOGAN	3006	3428	6996	46.7	92.0
LOVE	731	647	1794	53.0	76.8
MCCLAIN	1623	1791	3965	47.5	86.1
MCCURTAIN	2326	3011	6436	43.6	82.9
MCINTOSH	1545	1399	3612	52.5	81.5
MAJOR	1102	2109	3513	34.3	91.4
MARSHALL	858	1551	2843	35.6	84.7
MAYES	2977	3797	8277	43.9	81.8
MURRAY	1492	1586	3761	48.5	81.8
MUSKOGEE	10014	5888	18002	63.0	88.3
NOBLE	1524	2921	4780	34.3	93.0
NOWATA	2153	1864	4652	53.6	86.3
OKFUSKEE	1485	1726	3641	46.2	88.2
OKLAHOMA	61639	47058	129344	56.7	84.0
OKMULGEE	5427	4573	11260	54.3	88.8
OSAGE	4763	4048	9526	54.1	92.5
OTTAWA	4039	3930	9314	50.7	85.6
PAWNEE	1381	2145	3956	39.2	89.1
PAYNE	6159	5479	12804	52.9	90.9
PITTSBURG	5036	4929	10870	50.5	91.7
PONTOTOC	3296	4766	9314	40.9	86.6
POTTAWATOMIE	6677	5830	14179	53.4	88.2
PUSHMATAHA	1093	1498	3164	42.2	81.9
ROGER MILLS	724	1214	2228	37.4	87.0
ROGERS	3446	3232	7506	51.6	89.0
SEMINOLE	3530	3455	7965	50.5	87.7
SEQUOYAH	1828	2582	5855	41.5	75.3
STEPHENS	3711	6183	10913	37.5	90.7
TEXAS	1482	2855	4638	34.2	93.5
TILLMAN	1304	2062	4002	38.7	84.1
TULSA	52247	30326	101248	63.3	81.6
WAGONER	2606	2137	5839	54.9	81.2
WASHINGTON	7974	8481	16876	48.5	97.5
WASHITA	1399	2505	4587	35.8	85.1
WOODS	2078	2766	5297	42.9	91.4
WOODWARD	2138	2668	5211	44.3	92.6

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
319809	307861	724974	51.0	86.6

LEGISLATIVE APPORTIONMENT
SP GEN ELECT NOV 6,62
INT PET 271 REJECT ST.Q. 408

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	1405	2371	5327	37.2	70.9
ALFALFA	924	2638	4001	25.9	89.0
ATOKA	1818	1232	3562	59.6	85.6
BEAVER	371	2231	2852	14.3	91.2
BECKHAM	1646	3418	5780	32.5	87.6
BLAINE	1241	3022	4740	29.1	89.9
BRYAN	1600	2366	6402	40.3	61.9
CADDO	2848	5307	10075	34.9	80.9
CANADIAN	2821	5086	8492	35.7	93.1
CARTER	5039	4911	12224	50.6	81.4
CHEROKEE	2120	2955	6677	41.8	76.0
CHOCTAW	1324	2214	4435	37.4	79.8
CIMARRON	251	1426	1874	15.0	89.5
CLEVELAND	8454	3733	12952	69.4	94.1
COAL	938	886	2048	51.4	89.1
COMANCHE	6569	4282	14601	60.5	74.3
COTTON	585	1545	2579	27.5	82.6
CRAIG	1413	3230	5457	30.4	85.1
CREEK	4879	4485	11123	52.1	84.2
CUSTER	2005	3449	6424	36.8	84.9
DELAWARE	1379	2846	5653	32.6	74.7
DEWEY	556	1796	2777	23.6	84.7
ELLIS	422	1837	2551	18.7	88.6
GARFIELD	9775	7333	18781	57.1	91.1
GARVIN	2587	4461	8313	36.7	84.8
GRADY	2855	4941	8783	36.6	88.8
GRANT	1013	2629	3993	27.8	91.2
GREER	766	1879	3353	29.0	78.9
HARMON	260	1270	1792	17.0	85.4
HARPER	315	1867	2310	14.4	94.5
HASKELL	598	1597	3009	27.2	72.9
HUGHES	1466	2827	5063	34.1	84.8
JACKSON	1654	2617	5311	38.7	80.4
JEFFERSON	511	1323	2400	27.9	76.4
JOHNSTON	1170	1300	3026	47.4	81.6
KAY	10687	6169	18960	63.4	88.9
KINGFISHER	1645	3019	5241	35.3	89.0
KIOWA	999	2716	4947	26.9	75.1
LATIMER	795	1564	2932	33.7	80.5
LE FLORE	1294	5564	7791	18.9	88.0
LINCOLN	2591	4297	8195	37.6	84.1
LOGAN	2772	3307	6996	45.6	86.9
LOVE	493	819	1794	37.6	73.1
MCCLAIN	1260	2119	3965	37.3	85.2
MCCURTAIN	1436	3925	6436	26.8	83.3
MCINTOSH	1207	1651	3612	42.2	79.1
MAJOR	644	2474	3513	20.7	88.8
MARSHALL	648	1820	2843	26.3	86.8
MAYES	2614	3838	8277	40.5	78.0
MURRAY	1471	1636	3761	47.3	82.6
MUSKOGEE	9525	5799	18002	62.2	85.1
NOBLE	1370	2922	4780	31.9	89.8
NOWATA	1556	2320	4652	40.1	83.3
OKFUSKEE	1222	1840	3641	39.9	84.1
OKLAHOMA	60803	25734	129344	75.8	82.4
OKMULGEE	5517	3972	11260	58.1	84.3
OSAGE	4937	3539	9526	58.2	89.0
OTTAWA	4037	3754	9314	51.8	83.6
PAWNEE	1075	2047	3956	34.4	78.9
PAYNE	6642	4516	12804	59.5	87.1
PITTSBURG	3676	6228	10870	37.1	91.1
PONTOTOC	4698	3013	9314	60.9	82.8
POTTAWATOMIE	7023	5232	14179	57.3	86.4
PUSHMATAHA	964	1675	3164	36.5	83.4
ROGER MILLS	434	1474	2228	22.7	85.6
ROGERS	3018	3316	7506	47.6	84.4
SEMINOLE	3294	3422	7965	49.0	84.3
SEQUOYAH	1414	2868	5855	32.8	73.6
STEPHENS	4376	5002	10913	46.7	85.9
TEXAS	738	3571	4638	17.1	92.9
TILLMAN	1037	2229	4002	31.8	81.6
TULSA	65043	16902	101248	79.4	80.9
WAGONER	2216	2279	5839	49.3	77.0
WASHINGTON	12744	3633	16876	77.8	97.0
WASHITA	947	2852	4587	24.9	82.8
WOODS	1198	3551	5297	25.2	89.7
WOODWARD	1407	3339	5211	29.6	91.1

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
335045	273287	724974	55.1	83.9

TABLE D-92

CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS
SP ELECT DEC 3, 63
LEG REF 137 ADOPT ST.Q. 411

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	507	403	910	55.7	100.0
ALFALFA	973	313	1286	75.7	100.0
ATOKA	633	328	961	65.9	100.0
BEAVER	422	446	868	48.6	100.0
BECKHAM	1135	284	1419	80.0	100.0
BLAINE	943	407	1350	69.9	100.0
BRYAN	1029	796	1825	56.4	100.0
CADDO	2036	769	2805	72.6	100.0
CANADIAN	1950	901	2851	68.4	100.0
CARTER	2596	679	3275	79.3	100.0
CHEROKEE	929	533	1462	63.5	100.0
CHOCTAW	743	294	1037	71.6	100.0
CIMARRON	241	274	515	46.8	100.0
CLEVELAND	3105	681	3786	82.0	100.0
COAL	546	237	783	69.7	100.0
COMANCHE	3303	870	4173	79.2	100.0
COTTON	464	222	686	67.6	100.0
CRAIG	634	703	1337	47.4	100.0
CREEK	2092	683	2775	75.4	100.0
CUSTER	1259	403	1662	75.8	100.0
DELAWARE	565	621	1186	47.6	100.0
DEWEY	533	346	879	60.6	100.0
ELLIS	430	320	750	57.3	100.0
GARFIELD	3627	1560	5187	69.9	100.0
GARVIN	2083	478	2561	81.3	100.0
GRADY	1853	571	2424	76.4	100.0
GRANT	880	540	1420	62.0	100.0
GREER	951	318	1269	74.9	100.0
HARMON	335	178	513	65.3	100.0
HARPER	539	372	911	59.2	100.0
HASKELL	588	339	927	63.4	100.0
HUGHES	1255	347	1602	78.3	100.0
JACKSON	1292	438	1730	74.7	100.0
JEFFERSON	491	244	735	66.8	100.0
JOHNSTON	586	373	959	61.1	100.0
KAY	3904	1339	5243	74.5	100.0
KINGFISHER	1097	518	1615	67.9	100.0
KIOWA	1063	245	1308	81.3	100.0
LATIMER	492	316	808	60.9	100.0
LE FLORE	1657	526	2183	75.9	100.0
LINCOLN	1427	565	1992	71.6	100.0
LOGAN	1233	799	2032	60.7	100.0
LOVE	370	258	628	58.9	100.0
MCCLAIN	901	282	1183	76.2	100.0
MCCURTAIN	960	456	1416	67.8	100.0
MCINTOSH	680	296	976	69.7	100.0
MAJOR	667	357	1024	65.1	100.0
MARSHALL	448	382	830	54.0	100.0
MAYES	1092	756	1848	59.1	100.0
MURRAY	785	197	982	79.9	100.0
MUSKOGEE	3755	1346	5101	73.6	100.0
NOBLE	993	428	1421	69.9	100.0
NOWATA	717	475	1192	60.2	100.0
OKFUSKEE	906	374	1280	70.8	100.0
OKLAHOMA	28406	5950	34356	82.7	100.0
OKMULGEE	2126	657	2783	76.4	100.0
OSAGE	1871	650	2521	74.2	100.0
OTTAWA	1261	635	1896	66.5	100.0
PAWNEE	706	363	1069	66.0	100.0
PAYNE	2625	671	3296	79.6	100.0
PITTSBURG	2310	728	3038	76.0	100.0
PONTOTOC	2014	484	2498	80.6	100.0
POTTAWATOMIE	2871	1003	3874	74.1	100.0
PUSHMATAHA	585	460	1045	56.0	100.0
ROGER MILLS	592	386	978	60.5	100.0
ROGERS	1254	742	1996	62.8	100.0
SEMINOLE	1945	346	2291	84.9	100.0
SEQUOYAH	573	350	923	62.1	100.0
STEPHENS	2401	684	3085	77.8	100.0
TEXAS	683	574	1257	54.3	100.0
TILLMAN	990	330	1320	75.0	100.0
TULSA	26836	10900	37736	71.1	100.0
WAGONER	808	380	1188	68.0	100.0
WASHINGTON	4262	1246	5508	77.4	100.0
WASHITA	862	388	1250	69.0	100.0
WOODS	1139	486	1625	70.1	100.0
WOODWARD	1123	538	1661	67.6	100.0

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
152938	56137	209075	73.1	100.0

INCREASE COUNTY OFFICE TERMS
SP ELECT DEC 3, 63
LEG REF 143 REJECT ST.Q. 417

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	183	716	899	20.4	100.0
ALFALFA	328	937	1265	25.9	100.0
ATOKA	183	760	943	19.4	100.0
BEAVER	161	700	861	18.7	100.0
BECKHAM	406	990	1396	29.1	100.0
BLAINE	367	965	1332	27.6	100.0
BRYAN	430	1363	1793	24.0	100.0
CADDO	833	1930	2763	30.1	100.0
CANADIAN	722	2111	2833	25.5	100.0
CARTER	662	2542	3204	20.7	100.0
CHEROKEE	607	833	1440	42.2	100.0
CHOCTAW	224	803	1027	21.8	100.0
CIMARRON	117	401	518	22.6	100.0
CLEVELAND	872	2882	3754	23.2	100.0
COAL	115	654	769	15.0	100.0
COMANCHE	1180	2951	4131	28.6	100.0
COTTON	191	484	675	28.3	100.0
CRAIG	380	967	1347	28.2	100.0
CREEK	1000	1738	2738	36.5	100.0
CUSTER	573	1061	1634	35.1	100.0
DELAWARE	300	858	1158	25.9	100.0
DEWEY	244	627	871	28.0	100.0
ELLIS	209	534	743	28.1	100.0
GARFIELD	1318	3838	5156	25.6	100.0
GARVIN	791	1737	2528	31.3	100.0
GRADY	542	1860	2402	22.6	100.0
GRANT	412	1002	1414	29.1	100.0
GREER	285	965	1250	22.8	100.0
HARMON	83	417	500	16.6	100.0
HARPER	237	662	899	26.4	100.0
HASKELL	262	650	912	28.7	100.0
HUGHES	406	1179	1585	25.6	100.0
JACKSON	591	1061	1652	35.8	100.0
JEFFERSON	262	470	732	35.8	100.0
JOHNSTON	134	803	937	14.3	100.0
KAY	1739	3447	5186	33.5	100.0
KINGFISHER	305	1310	1615	18.9	100.0
KIOWA	380	896	1276	29.8	100.0
LATIMER	285	526	811	35.1	100.0
LE FLORE	970	1188	2158	44.9	100.0
LINCOLN	559	1393	1952	28.6	100.0
LOGAN	560	1450	2010	27.9	100.0
LOVE	123	507	630	19.5	100.0
MCCLAIN	305	850	1155	26.4	100.0
MCCURTAIN	438	957	1395	31.4	100.0
MCINTOSH	404	558	962	42.0	100.0
MAJOR	288	716	1004	28.7	100.0
MARSHALL	171	644	815	21.0	100.0
MAYES	597	1240	1837	32.5	100.0
MURRAY	228	741	969	23.5	100.0
MUSKOGEE	2379	2672	5051	47.1	100.0
NOBLE	396	989	1385	28.6	100.0
NOWATA	400	771	1171	34.2	100.0
OKFUSKEE	487	778	1265	38.5	100.0
OKLAHOMA	5624	27967	33591	16.7	100.0
OKMULGEE	1080	1655	2735	39.5	100.0
OSAGE	1298	1205	2503	51.9	100.0
OTTAWA	673	1218	1891	35.6	100.0
PAWNEE	375	683	1058	35.4	100.0
PAYNE	1178	2075	3253	36.2	100.0
PITTSBURG	986	2015	3001	32.9	100.0
PONTOTOC	428	2029	2457	17.4	100.0
POTTAWATOMIE	804	3043	3847	20.9	100.0
PUSHMATAHA	179	848	1027	17.4	100.0
ROGER MILLS	313	654	967	32.4	100.0
ROGERS	864	1117	1981	43.6	100.0
SEMINOLE	869	1410	2279	38.1	100.0
SEQUOYAH	405	680	1085	37.3	100.0
STEPHENS	998	2062	3060	32.6	100.0
TEXAS	428	823	1251	34.2	100.0
TILLMAN	386	896	1282	30.1	100.0
TULSA	17476	19497	36973	47.3	100.0
WAGONER	508	663	1171	43.4	100.0
WASHINGTON	997	4483	5480	18.2	100.0
WASHITA	423	819	1242	34.1	100.0
WOODS	697	919	1616	43.1	100.0
WOODWARD	429	1212	1641	26.1	100.0

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
64042	142057	206099	31.1	100.0

TABLE D-93

COUNTY JUDGE TERM OF OFFICE
SP ELECT DEC 3, 63
LEG REF 144 REJECT ST.Q. 418

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	171	723	894	19.1	100.0
ALFALFA	317	944	1261	25.1	100.0
ATOKA	180	762	942	19.1	100.0
BEAVER	158	701	859	18.4	100.0
BECKHAM	392	988	1380	28.4	100.0
BLAINE	370	953	1323	28.0	100.0
BRYAN	397	1372	1769	22.4	100.0
CADDO	780	1972	2752	28.3	100.0
CANADIAN	732	2092	2824	25.9	100.0
CARTER	674	2476	3150	21.4	100.0
CHEROKEE	601	807	1408	42.7	100.0
CHOCTAW	222	796	1018	21.8	100.0
CIMARRON	109	397	506	21.5	100.0
CLEVELAND	1149	2589	3738	30.7	100.0
COAL	110	656	766	14.4	100.0
COMANCHE	1233	2865	4098	30.1	100.0
COTTON	171	504	675	25.3	100.0
CRAIG	373	952	1325	28.2	100.0
CREEK	976	1761	2737	35.7	100.0
CUSTER	572	1048	1620	35.3	100.0
DELAWARE	318	858	1176	27.0	100.0
DEWEY	228	644	872	26.1	100.0
ELLIS	199	543	742	26.8	100.0
GARFIELD	1380	3765	5145	26.8	100.0
GARVIN	775	1726	2501	31.0	100.0
GRADY	553	1849	2402	23.0	100.0
GRANT	398	1010	1408	28.3	100.0
GREER	279	962	1241	22.5	100.0
HARMON	82	422	504	16.3	100.0
HARPER	223	674	897	24.9	100.0
HASKELL	236	668	904	26.1	100.0
HUGHES	405	1168	1573	25.7	100.0
JACKSON	574	1047	1621	35.4	100.0
JEFFERSON	248	483	731	33.9	100.0
JOHNSTON	107	827	934	11.5	100.0
KAY	1798	3394	5192	34.6	100.0
KINGFISHER	307	1293	1600	19.2	100.0
KIOWA	389	882	1271	30.6	100.0
LATIMER	433	811	1244	34.8	100.0
LE FLORE	276	519	795	34.7	100.0
LINCOLN	939	1191	2130	44.1	100.0
LOGAN	534	1423	1957	27.3	100.0
LOVE	541	1464	2005	27.0	100.0
MCCLAIN	106	493	599	17.7	100.0
MCCURTAIN	308	833	1141	27.0	100.0
MCINTOSH	407	973	1380	29.5	100.0
MAJOR	393	555	948	41.5	100.0
MARSHALL	299	699	998	30.0	100.0
MAYES	167	654	821	20.3	100.0
MURRAY	580	1254	1834	31.6	100.0
MUSKOGEE	223	734	957	23.3	100.0
NOBLE	2468	2579	5047	48.9	100.0
NOWATA	410	963	1373	29.9	100.0
OKFUSKEE	422	746	1168	36.1	100.0
OKLAHOMA	6647	26906	33553	19.8	100.0
OKMULGEE	1123	1595	2718	41.3	100.0
OSAGE	1360	1140	2500	54.4	100.0
OTTAWA	686	1189	1875	36.6	100.0
PAWNEE	371	681	1052	35.3	100.0
PAYNE	1301	1928	3229	40.3	100.0
PITTSBURG	1012	1960	2972	34.1	100.0
PONTOTOC	428	2008	2436	17.6	100.0
POTTAWATOMIE	852	2952	3804	22.4	100.0
PUSHMATAHA	179	843	1022	17.5	100.0
ROGER MILLS	316	652	968	32.6	100.0
ROGERS	871	1101	1972	44.2	100.0
SEMINOLE	818	1435	2253	36.3	100.0
SEQUOYAH	385	658	1043	36.9	100.0
STEPHENS	1050	2010	3060	34.3	100.0
TEXAS	434	818	1252	34.7	100.0
TILLMAN	371	909	1280	29.0	100.0
TULSA	19398	17473	36871	52.6	100.0
WAGONER	499	652	1151	43.4	100.0
WASHINGTON	1460	4020	5480	26.6	100.0
WASHITA	393	828	1221	32.2	100.0
WOODS	651	960	1611	40.4	100.0
WOODWARD	400	1230	1630	24.5	100.0

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
67697	137412	205109	33.0	100.0

INCREASE STATE OFFICE TERMS
SP ELECT DEC 3, 63
LEG REF 145 REJECT ST.Q. 419

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	108	783	891	12.1	100.0
ALFALFA	249	1014	1263	19.7	100.0
ATOKA	141	802	943	15.0	100.0
BEAVER	129	723	852	15.1	100.0
BECKHAM	340	1038	1378	24.7	100.0
BLAINE	262	1062	1324	19.8	100.0
BRYAN	365	1420	1785	20.4	100.0
CADDO	676	2066	2742	24.7	100.0
CANADIAN	552	2270	2822	19.6	100.0
CARTER	467	2675	3142	14.9	100.0
CHEROKEE	497	891	1388	35.8	100.0
CHOCTAW	186	823	1009	18.4	100.0
CIMARRON	86	432	515	16.6	100.0
CLEVELAND	510	3223	3733	13.7	100.0
COAL	99	659	758	13.1	100.0
COMANCHE	997	3075	4072	24.5	100.0
COTTON	155	513	668	23.2	100.0
CRAIG	258	1077	1335	19.3	100.0
CREEK	696	1972	2868	26.1	100.0
CUSTER	430	1184	1614	26.6	100.0
DELAWARE	239	934	1173	20.4	100.0
DEWEY	193	665	858	22.5	100.0
ELLIS	143	594	737	19.4	100.0
GARFIELD	996	4142	5138	19.4	100.0
GARVIN	633	1872	2505	25.3	100.0
GRADY	430	1962	2392	18.0	100.0
GRANT	282	1121	1403	20.1	100.0
GREER	229	1003	1232	18.6	100.0
HARMON	74	429	503	14.7	100.0
HARPER	194	701	895	21.7	100.0
HASKELL	201	701	902	22.3	100.0
HUGHES	319	1254	1573	20.3	100.0
JACKSON	493	1133	1626	30.3	100.0
JEFFERSON	220	502	722	30.5	100.0
JOHNSTON	89	831	920	9.7	100.0
KAY	1074	4100	5174	20.8	100.0
KINGFISHER	222	1379	1601	13.9	100.0
KIOWA	324	944	1268	25.6	100.0
LATIMER	270	520	790	34.2	100.0
LE FLORE	812	1357	2169	37.4	100.0
LINCOLN	404	1544	1948	20.7	100.0
LOGAN	378	1612	1990	19.0	100.0
LOVE	86	529	615	14.0	100.0
MCCLAIN	233	903	1136	20.5	100.0
MCCURTAIN	379	996	1375	27.6	100.0
MCINTOSH	308	642	950	32.4	100.0
MAJOR	215	784	999	21.5	100.0
MARSHALL	135	643	778	17.4	100.0
MAYES	443	1385	1828	24.2	100.0
MURRAY	177	776	953	18.6	100.0
MUSKOGEE	1761	3247	5008	35.2	100.0
NOBLE	286	1084	1370	20.9	100.0
NOWATA	307	863	1170	26.2	100.0
OKFUSKEE	372	876	1248	29.8	100.0
OKLAHOMA	4088	29237	33325	12.3	100.0
OKMULGEE	770	1931	2701	28.5	100.0
OSAGE	771	1710	2481	31.1	100.0
OTTAWA	437	1426	1863	23.5	100.0
PAWNEE	249	797	1046	23.8	100.0
PAYNE	742	2485	3227	23.0	100.0
PITTSBURG	794	2192	2986	26.6	100.0
PONTOTOC	211	2212	2423	8.7	100.0
POTTAWATOMIE	602	3201	3803	15.8	100.0
PUSHMATAHA	164	853	1017	16.1	100.0
ROGER MILLS	280	687	967	29.0	100.0
ROGERS	617	1351	1968	31.4	100.0
SEMINOLE	453	1766	2219	20.4	100.0
SEQUOYAH	355	711	1066	33.3	100.0
STEPHENS	633	2403	3036	20.8	100.0
TEXAS	316	936	1252	25.2	100.0
TILLMAN	309	969	1278	24.2	100.0
TULSA	9995	26941	36936	27.1	100.0
WAGONER	396	769	1165	34.0	100.0
WASHINGTON	469	5004	5473	8.6	100.0
WASHITA	332	884	1216	27.3	100.0
WOODS	524	1096	1620	32.3	100.0
WOODWARD	276	1348	1624	17.0	100.0

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
43907	160639	204546	21.5	100.0

TABLE D-94

RIGHT TO WORK
SP PRI ELECT MAY 5.64
INIT PET 272 REJECT ST.Q. 409

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	1674	2534	3972	39.8	105.9
ALFALFA	2671	680	3235	79.7	103.6
ATOKA	1842	2236	4181	45.2	97.5
BEAVER	1806	335	1991	84.4	107.5
BECKHAM	3467	2026	5273	63.1	104.2
BLAINE	2448	1211	3541	66.9	103.3
BRYAN	4259	3738	8404	53.3	95.2
CADDO	4648	4334	8867	51.7	101.3
CANADIAN	4032	4793	8763	45.7	100.7
CARTER	6018	7316	13510	45.1	98.7
CHEROKEE	2384	3848	5838	38.3	106.7
CHOCTAW	2555	3356	6295	43.2	93.9
CIMARRON	1137	296	1353	79.3	105.9
CLEVELAND	7736	7256	14669	51.6	102.2
COAL	726	1577	2345	31.5	98.2
COMANCHE	7618	8086	15238	48.5	103.1
COTTON	1509	1374	2874	52.3	100.3
CRAIG	2170	2639	4597	45.1	104.6
CREEK	4488	8721	12800	34.0	103.2
CUSTER	4199	2151	6070	66.1	104.6
DELAWARE	1576	2459	3871	39.1	104.2
DEWEY	1805	837	2646	68.3	99.8
ELLIS	1346	459	1700	74.6	106.2
GARFIELD	9996	7584	17296	56.9	101.6
GARVIN	4129	4980	9082	45.3	100.3
GRADY	4401	4355	8497	50.3	103.0
GRANT	2700	782	3403	77.5	102.3
GREER	2539	968	3230	72.4	108.6
HARMON	1317	474	1557	73.5	115.0
HARPER	1806	489	2195	78.7	104.6
HASKELL	1417	2567	3892	35.6	102.4
HUGHES	2460	3772	6207	39.5	100.4
JACKSON	4074	2827	6541	59.0	105.5
JEFFERSON	1516	1532	3075	49.7	99.1
JOHNSTON	1408	1975	3574	41.6	94.7
KAY	8238	9210	17163	47.2	101.7
KINGFISHER	3238	1161	4201	73.6	104.7
KIOWA	3000	1698	4569	63.9	102.8
LATIMER	1014	2500	3512	28.9	100.1
LE FLORE	2768	6761	9839	29.0	96.8
LINCOLN	3178	3300	6367	49.1	101.7
LOGAN	3237	2997	6182	51.9	100.8
LOVE	1298	993	2442	56.7	93.8
MCCLAIN	1919	2838	4754	40.3	100.1
MCCURTAIN	3617	4481	8343	43.3	94.7
MCINTOSH	2024	2713	4613	42.7	102.7
MAJOR	2255	849	3061	72.6	101.4
MARSHALL	1507	1780	3594	45.8	91.5
MAYES	2976	5091	7801	36.9	103.4
MURRAY	1689	2316	4172	42.2	96.0
MUSKOGEE	9263	12020	20496	43.5	103.8
NOBLE	2439	1126	3642	68.4	97.9
NOWATA	1923	1807	3653	51.6	102.1
OKFUSKEE	1802	2789	4359	39.3	105.3
OKLAHOMA	58243	61122	120398	48.8	99.1
OKMULGEE	3654	8871	11670	29.2	107.3
OSAGE	4920	5268	10080	48.3	101.1
OTTAWA	2545	6645	8908	27.7	103.2
PAWNEE	1865	1652	3438	53.0	102.3
PAYNE	6611	5414	11939	55.0	100.7
PITTSBURG	3615	7516	11099	32.5	100.3
PONTOTOC	3671	6925	10583	34.6	100.1
POTTAWATOMIE	5641	8530	13751	39.8	103.1
PUSHMATAHA	1759	2341	4379	42.9	93.6
ROGER MILLS	1554	740	2293	67.7	100.0
ROGERS	2937	4615	7489	38.9	100.8
SEMINOLE	4093	4347	8175	48.5	103.2
SEQUOYAH	1892	4770	6497	28.4	102.5
STEPHENS	5786	6515	11927	47.0	103.1
TEXAS	2528	960	3369	72.5	103.5
TILLMAN	3338	1410	4461	70.3	106.4
TULSA	49809	54076	100539	47.9	103.3
WAGONER	1916	3207	4991	37.4	102.6
WASHINGTON	9430	6423	15645	59.5	101.3
WASHITA	3594	1322	4779	73.1	102.9
WOODS	2755	1429	4086	65.8	102.4
WOODWARD	3049	1460	4408	67.6	102.3

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
352267	376555	716249	48.3	101.5

ELECTOR RESIDENCE
SP PRI ELECT MAY 5.64
LEG REF 138 ADOPT ST.Q. 412

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	1697	1710	3972	49.8	85.8
ALFALFA	2181	926	3235	70.2	96.0
ATOKA	1788	1332	4181	57.3	74.6
BEAVER	1361	591	1991	69.7	98.0
BECKHAM	3116	1566	5273	66.6	88.8
BLAINE	2103	1281	3541	62.1	95.6
BRYAN	3760	2865	8404	56.8	78.8
CADDO	4603	3230	8867	58.8	88.3
CANADIAN	5207	2982	8763	63.6	93.4
CARTER	6992	4500	13510	60.8	85.1
CHEROKEE	2664	2424	5838	52.4	87.2
CHOCTAW	2561	1933	6295	57.0	71.4
CIMARRON	814	494	1353	62.2	96.7
CLEVELAND	9667	4220	14669	69.6	94.7
COAL	911	980	2345	48.2	80.6
COMANCHE	8943	5049	15238	63.9	91.8
COTTON	1447	932	2874	60.8	82.8
CRAIG	2194	2099	4597	51.1	93.4
CREEK	7171	4816	12800	59.8	93.6
CUSTER	3825	1947	6070	66.3	95.1
DELAWARE	1768	1596	3871	52.6	86.9
DEWEY	1533	805	2646	65.6	88.4
ELLIS	1143	480	1700	70.4	95.5
GARFIELD	11524	5098	17296	69.3	96.1
GARVIN	4827	3113	9082	60.8	87.4
GRADY	4575	3099	8497	59.6	90.3
GRANT	2254	1030	3403	68.6	96.5
GREER	1906	946	3230	66.8	88.3
HARMON	883	482	1557	64.7	87.7
HARPER	1447	652	2195	68.9	95.6
HASKELL	1538	1423	3892	51.9	76.1
HUGHES	2777	2332	6207	54.4	82.3
JACKSON	3856	1794	6541	68.2	86.4
JEFFERSON	1330	1105	3075	54.6	79.2
JOHNSTON	1375	1246	3574	52.5	73.3
KAY	10611	5857	17163	64.4	96.0
KINGFISHER	2669	1435	4201	65.0	97.7
KIOWA	2651	1430	4569	65.0	89.3
LATIMER	1387	1349	3512	50.7	77.9
LE FLORE	4243	3519	9839	54.7	78.9
LINCOLN	3186	2529	6367	55.7	89.8
LOGAN	3477	2163	6182	61.6	91.2
LOVE	1050	706	2442	59.8	71.9
MCCLAIN	2410	1681	4754	58.9	86.1
MCCURTAIN	3439	2723	8343	55.8	73.9
MCINTOSH	1880	1640	4613	53.4	76.3
MAJOR	2001	859	3061	70.0	93.4
MARSHALL	1410	1129	3594	55.5	70.6
MAYES	3874	2973	7801	56.6	87.8
MURRAY	2059	1338	4172	60.6	81.4
MUSKOGEE	10909	7125	20496	60.5	88.0
NOBLE	2012	1260	3642	61.5	89.8
NOWATA	2051	1191	3653	63.3	88.7
OKFUSKEE	1967	1845	4359	51.6	87.5
OKLAHOMA	71633	36642	120398	66.2	89.9
OKMULGEE	6121	5050	11670	54.8	95.7
OSAGE	5990	3208	10080	65.1	91.3
OTTAWA	4943	3079	8908	61.6	90.1
PAWNEE	1816	1390	3438	56.6	93.3
PAYNE	7302	3857	11939	65.4	93.5
PITTSBURG	4990	4367	11099	53.4	84.4
PONTOTOC	5113	3807	10583	57.3	84.3
POTTAWATOMIE	7142	5551	13751	56.3	92.3
PUSHMATAHA	1600	1534	4379	51.1	71.6
ROGER MILLS	1246	762	2293	62.1	87.6
ROGERS	3833	2835	7489	57.5	89.0
SEMINOLE	4457	3004	8175	59.7	91.3
SEQUOYAH	2471	2545	6497	49.3	77.2
STEPHENS	7052	4098	11927	63.2	93.5
TEXAS	2292	946	3369	70.8	96.1
TILLMAN	2686	1242	4461	68.4	88.1
TULSA	60790	32298	100539	65.1	92.6
WAGONER	2539	1761	4991	59.0	86.2
WASHINGTON	10395	4743	15645	68.7	96.8
WASHITA	2917	1197	4779	70.9	86.1
WOODS	2531	1366	4086	64.9	95.4
WOODWARD	3104	1187	4408	72.3	97.3

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
401998	240299	718249	62.6	89.4

TABLE D-95

LEGISLATOR COMPENSATION
SP PRI ELECT MAY 9,64
LEG REF 139 REJECT ST.Q. 413

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	998	2315	3972	30.1	83.4
ALFALFA	858	2162	3235	28.4	93.4
ATOKA	1073	1907	4181	36.0	71.3
BEAVER	780	1103	1991	41.4	94.6
BECKHAM	1437	3058	5273	32.0	85.2
BLAINE	877	2429	3541	26.5	93.4
BRYAN	2026	4489	8404	31.1	77.5
CADDO	2300	5334	8867	30.1	86.1
CANADIAN	2297	5785	8763	28.4	92.2
CARTER	3388	7782	13510	30.3	82.7
CHEROKEE	1692	3272	5838	34.1	85.0
CHOCTAW	1667	2599	6295	39.1	67.8
CIMARRON	403	872	1353	31.6	94.2
CLEVELAND	3891	9648	14669	28.3	93.7
COAL	516	1313	2345	28.2	78.0
COMANCHE	5485	7889	15238	41.0	67.8
COTTON	759	1443	2874	34.5	76.6
CRAIG	1076	3055	4597	26.0	89.9
CREEK	3423	8393	12800	29.0	92.3
CUSTER	1750	3609	6070	32.7	88.3
DELAWARE	1045	2163	3871	32.6	82.9
DEWEY	627	1606	2646	28.1	84.4
ELLIS	506	1090	1700	31.7	93.9
GARFIELD	4598	11767	17296	28.1	94.6
GARVIN	2199	5514	9082	28.5	84.9
GRADY	2256	5275	8497	30.0	88.6
GRANT	797	2429	3403	24.7	94.8
GREER	929	1846	3230	33.5	85.9
HARMON	443	880	1557	33.5	85.0
HARPER	709	1320	2195	34.9	92.4
HASKELL	926	1886	3892	32.9	72.3
HUGHES	1166	3819	6207	23.4	80.3
JACKSON	2112	3121	6541	40.4	80.0
JEFFERSON	813	1530	3075	34.7	76.2
JOHNSTON	759	1715	3574	30.7	69.2
KAY	4801	11381	17163	29.7	94.3
KINGFISHER	986	3015	4201	24.6	95.2
KIOWA	1229	2759	4569	30.8	87.3
LATIMER	800	1831	3512	30.4	74.9
LE FLORE	2451	5043	9839	32.7	76.2
LINCOLN	1473	4116	6367	26.4	87.8
LOGAN	1764	3777	6182	31.8	89.6
LOVE	611	1031	2442	37.2	67.2
MCCLAIN	1078	2917	4754	27.0	84.0
MCCURTAIN	2245	3715	8343	37.7	71.4
MCINTOSH	1181	2230	4613	34.6	73.9
MAJOR	714	2040	3061	25.9	90.0
MARSHALL	716	1598	3594	30.9	64.4
MAYES	1746	5097	7801	25.5	87.7
MURRAY	943	2334	4172	28.8	78.5
MUSKOGEE	7084	10252	20496	40.9	84.6
NOBLE	909	2298	3642	28.3	88.1
NOWATA	1139	2018	3653	36.1	86.4
OKFUSKEE	913	2810	4359	24.5	85.4
OKLAHOMA	28603	78868	120398	26.6	89.3
OKMULGEE	3201	7625	11670	29.6	92.8
OSAGE	2899	6121	10080	32.1	89.5
OTTAWA	2992	4796	8908	38.4	87.4
PAWNEE	918	2173	3438	29.7	89.9
PAYNE	3669	7149	11939	33.9	90.6
PITTSBURG	2604	6512	11099	28.6	82.1
PONTOTOC	2211	6345	10583	25.8	80.8
POTTAWATOMIE	3349	9110	13751	26.9	90.6
PUSHMATAHA	1011	2138	4379	32.1	71.9
ROGER MILLS	609	1284	2293	32.2	82.6
ROGERS	1968	4655	7489	29.7	88.4
SEMINOLE	1632	5604	8175	22.6	88.5
SEQUOYAH	1648	3202	6497	34.0	74.6
STEPHENS	2899	7845	11927	27.0	90.1
TEXAS	1302	1852	3369	41.3	93.6
TILLMAN	1450	2272	4461	39.0	83.4
TULSA	21620	69968	100539	23.6	91.1
WAGONER	1272	2890	4991	30.6	83.4
WASHINGTON	4622	10252	15645	31.1	95.1
WASHITA	1403	2544	4779	35.5	82.6
WOODS	1014	2803	4086	26.6	93.4
WOODWARD	1122	3083	4408	26.7	95.4

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
183382	443971	718249	29.2	87.3

LEGISLATIVE REAPPORTIONMENT
SP PRI ELEC MAY 26,64
LEG REF 142 ADOPT ST.Q. 416

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	2060	735	2645	73.7	105.7
ALFALFA	2041	164	1141	92.6	193.3
ATOKA	3232	377	3624	89.6	99.6
BEAVER	2784	33	1707	98.8	165.0
BECKHAM	3579	702	4131	83.6	103.6
BLAINE	1822	509	1493	78.2	156.1
BRYAN	5388	1623	7480	76.9	93.7
CADDO	4842	1355	5779	78.1	107.2
CANADIAN	3453	1850	4732	65.1	112.1
CARTER	5155	2023	7194	71.8	99.8
CHEROKEE	3135	1694	4743	64.9	101.8
CHOCTAW	4161	805	5227	83.8	95.0
CIMARRON	1098	68	852	94.2	136.9
CLEVELAND	4170	6212	9534	40.2	108.9
COAL	2072	213	2280	90.7	100.2
COMANCHE	5670	7387	12731	43.4	102.6
COTTON	2332	400	2616	85.4	104.4
CRAIG	2506	638	2833	79.7	111.0
CREEK	5806	3827	9171	60.3	105.0
CUSTER	3302	987	4012	77.0	106.9
DELAWARE	2042	762	2627	72.8	106.7
DEWEY	1912	229	1610	89.3	133.0
ELLIS	1786	77	1079	95.9	172.7
GARFIELD	3570	3033	4937	54.1	133.7
GARVIN	5297	1013	6168	83.9	102.3
GRADY	4942	1923	6467	72.0	106.2
GRANT	2191	231	1568	90.5	154.5
GREER	2652	545	2920	83.0	109.5
HARMON	1332	80	1347	94.3	104.8
HARPER	1946	170	1457	92.0	145.2
HASKELL	2397	171	2439	93.3	105.3
HUGHES	4544	812	5446	84.8	98.3
JACKSON	4278	817	4970	84.0	102.5
JEFFERSON	2025	620	2711	76.6	97.6
JOHNSTON	1999	217	2148	90.2	102.2
KAY	5255	5598	7290	48.4	148.9
KINGFISHER	2110	439	1519	82.8	167.8
KIOWA	3058	492	3293	86.1	107.8
LATIMER	2503	408	2963	86.0	98.2
LE FLORE	5276	826	5949	86.5	102.6
LINCOLN	3082	1571	4179	66.2	111.3
LOGAN	2444	889	2528	73.3	131.8
LOVE	2140	282	2491	88.4	97.2
MCCLAIN	2198	644	2824	77.3	100.6
MCCURTAIN	6820	982	7935	87.4	98.3
MCINTOSH	2598	1044	3899	71.3	93.4
MAJOR	1636	204	841	88.9	218.8
MARSHALL	2721	267	2927	91.1	102.1
MAYES	2837	1166	3782	70.9	105.8
MURRAY	2683	663	3394	80.2	98.6
MUSKOGEE	9798	6722	16962	59.3	97.4
NOBLE	1646	449	1546	78.6	135.5
NOWATA	1748	435	1728	80.1	126.3
OKFUSKEE	1956	503	2436	79.5	104.9
OKLAHOMA	18278	64775	82592	22.0	100.6
OKMULGEE	4560	2993	7431	60.4	101.6
OSAGE	3745	3640	6604	50.7	111.8
OTTAWA	2963	1910	4564	60.8	106.8
PAWNEE	1895	480	1784	79.8	133.1
PAYNE	4209	2703	6047	60.9	114.3
PITTSBURG	6999	1430	8445	83.0	99.8
PONTOTOC	6478	1916	8536	77.2	98.3
POTTAWATOMIE	7440	3280	10593	69.4	101.2
PUSHMATAHA	3594	666	4397	84.4	96.9
ROGER MILLS	1693	198	1739	89.5	108.7
ROGERS	2499	1551	3844	61.7	105.4
SEMINOLE	3358	1917	5182	63.7	101.8
SEQUOYAH	2787	634	3334	81.5	102.6
STEPHENS	6221	3088	8953	66.8	104.0
TEXAS	3647	158	2644	95.8	143.9
TILLMAN	3646	502	3806	87.9	109.0
TULSA	6820	53089	47113	11.4	127.2
WAGONER	1848	1582	3426	53.9	100.1
WASHINGTON	1487	7701	6259	16.2	146.8
WASHITA	3370	378	3569	89.9	105.0
WOODS	2351	322	1637	88.0	163.3
WOODWARD	3179	526	2589	85.8	143.1

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
277097	221325	455413	55.6	109.4

TABLE D-96

LEGISLATOR PAY RAISE
GEN ELECT NOV 3, 64
LEG REF 140 REJECT ST.Q. 414

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	920	3902	6024	19.1	80.0
ALFALFA	649	3106	4209	17.3	89.2
ATOKA	655	2504	3988	20.7	79.2
BEAVER	683	2312	3530	22.0	84.0
BECKHAM	1360	4140	6772	24.7	81.2
BLAINE	682	3871	5176	15.0	88.0
BRYAN	1940	4471	8707	30.3	73.6
CADDO	2066	7295	11466	22.1	81.6
CANADIAN	1843	7917	10923	18.9	89.4
CARTER	3608	9010	15896	28.6	79.4
CHEROKEE	1409	5382	8092	20.7	83.9
CHOCTAW	1735	2421	5878	41.7	70.7
CIMARRON	398	1359	2113	22.7	83.2
CLEVELAND	4799	14688	21516	24.6	90.6
COAL	375	1550	2367	19.5	81.3
COMANCHE	6705	11949	21785	35.9	85.6
COTTON	807	1864	3405	30.2	78.4
CRAIG	1053	4554	6502	18.8	86.2
CREEK	3506	10558	16371	24.9	85.9
CUSTER	1604	5333	7967	23.1	87.1
DELAWARE	1216	3780	6607	24.3	75.6
DEWEY	408	2323	3092	14.9	88.3
ELLIS	402	1824	2662	18.1	83.6
GARFIELD	3807	17010	22633	18.3	92.0
GARVIN	1700	7299	10724	18.9	83.9
GRADY	2147	7112	11154	23.2	83.0
GRANT	570	3329	4151	14.6	93.9
GREER	699	2426	3995	22.4	78.2
HARMON	437	1339	2294	24.6	77.4
HARPER	365	1962	2663	15.7	87.4
HASKELL	626	2379	3940	20.8	76.3
HUGHES	907	3855	6283	19.0	75.8
JACKSON	2312	4196	8383	35.5	77.6
JEFFERSON	740	1766	3450	29.5	72.6
JOHNSTON	555	2195	3550	20.2	77.5
KAY	4181	16589	23588	20.1	88.1
KINGFISHER	747	4348	5655	14.7	90.1
KIOWA	1210	3624	6000	25.0	80.6
LATIMER	648	1853	3216	25.9	77.8
LE FLORE	1779	6960	11356	20.4	77.0
LINCOLN	1211	6122	9059	16.5	80.9
LOGAN	1382	5628	8256	19.7	84.9
LOVE	654	1188	2587	35.5	71.2
MCCLAIN	831	3656	5377	18.5	83.4
MCCURTAIN	1687	5223	9298	24.4	74.3
MCINTOSH	1059	2792	5036	27.5	76.5
MAJOR	399	3020	3787	11.7	90.3
MARSHALL	676	2048	3508	24.8	77.7
MAYES	1638	6717	9861	19.6	84.7
MURRAY	808	2833	4403	22.2	82.7
MUSKOGEE	7072	13970	25143	33.6	83.7
NOBLE	661	3696	4946	15.2	88.1
NOWATA	844	3155	4928	21.1	81.1
OKFUSKEE	948	2733	4590	25.8	80.2
OKLAHOMA	31846	100265	177113	24.1	74.6
OKMULGEE	4209	8127	15142	34.1	81.5
OSAGE	2652	8728	13199	23.3	86.2
OTTAWA	3415	6002	11812	36.3	79.7
PAWNEE	740	3247	4723	18.6	84.4
PAYNE	4325	10542	17052	29.1	87.2
PITTSBURG	3014	8034	13648	27.3	80.9
PONTOTOC	1839	7999	11811	18.7	83.3
POTTAWATOMIE	3364	11965	17969	21.9	85.2
PUSHMATAHA	737	2342	3969	23.9	77.6
ROGER MILLS	366	1568	2308	18.9	83.8
ROGERS	1942	6304	9833	23.6	83.9
SEMINOLE	1599	7027	11067	18.5	77.9
SEQUOYAH	1301	4353	7486	23.0	75.5
STEPHENS	2530	10236	14764	19.8	86.5
TEXAS	1437	3573	5980	28.7	83.8
TILLMAN	1363	3038	5428	31.0	81.1
TULSA	30142	82727	141955	26.7	79.5
WAGONER	1451	4030	6927	26.5	79.1
WASHINGTON	5302	13890	21175	27.6	90.6
WASHITA	885	3740	5554	19.1	83.3
WOODS	1249	4074	5691	23.5	93.5
WOODWARD	952	4533	5842	17.4	93.9

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
188753	583480	949330	24.4	81.3

CREATE JUDICIARY COURT
GEN ELECT NOV 3, 64
LEG REF 141 REJECT ST.Q. 415

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	1370	3314	6024	29.2	77.8
ALFALFA	1501	2180	4209	40.8	87.5
ATOKA	1072	2032	3988	34.5	77.8
BEAVER	1193	1689	3530	41.4	61.6
BECKHAM	2640	2758	6772	48.9	79.7
BLAINE	1640	2853	5176	36.5	86.8
BRYAN	3179	3138	8707	50.3	72.6
CADDO	3928	5307	11466	42.5	80.5
CANADIAN	4386	5235	10923	45.6	80.1
CARTER	7451	5172	15896	59.0	79.4
CHEROKEE	2480	4231	8092	37.0	82.9
CHOCTAW	2542	1574	5878	61.8	70.0
CIMARRON	658	1037	2113	38.8	80.2
CLEVELAND	11692	7586	21516	60.6	89.6
COAL	634	1408	2367	31.0	86.3
COMANCHE	10094	8162	21785	55.3	83.8
COTTON	1364	1269	3405	51.8	77.3
CRAIG	2240	3473	6502	39.2	87.9
CREEK	6682	7149	16371	48.3	84.5
CUSTER	3304	3481	7967	48.7	85.2
DELAWARE	1905	3010	6607	38.8	74.4
DEWEY	957	1749	3092	35.4	87.5
ELLIS	831	1333	2662	38.4	81.3
GARFIELD	10485	10248	22633	50.6	91.6
GARVIN	3429	5392	10724	38.9	82.3
GRADY	4291	4937	11154	46.5	82.7
GRANT	1563	2308	4151	40.4	93.3
GREER	1369	1747	3995	43.9	78.0
HARMON	744	994	2294	42.8	75.8
HARPER	991	1302	2663	43.2	86.1
HASKELL	1075	1885	3940	36.3	75.1
HUGHES	1749	3006	6283	36.8	75.7
JACKSON	3966	2476	8383	61.6	76.8
JEFFERSON	1071	1426	3450	42.9	72.4
JOHNSTON	1048	1699	3550	38.2	77.4
KAY	10135	10604	23588	48.9	87.9
KINGFISHER	1982	3083	5655	39.1	89.6
KIOWA	2147	2611	6000	45.1	79.3
LATIMER	1041	1503	3216	40.9	79.1
LE FLORE	3198	5921	11356	35.1	80.3
LINCOLN	2661	4890	9059	35.2	83.4
LOGAN	2972	3913	8256	43.2	83.4
LOVE	937	881	2587	51.5	70.3
MCCLAIN	1712	2704	5377	38.8	82.1
MCCURTAIN	2621	4244	9298	38.2	73.8
MCINTOSH	1717	2038	5036	45.7	74.6
MAJOR	1359	2025	3787	40.2	89.4
MARSHALL	1125	1548	3508	42.1	76.2
MAYES	3377	4965	9861	40.5	84.6
MURRAY	1644	1914	4403	46.2	80.8
MUSKOGEE	11764	8926	25143	56.9	82.3
NOBLE	1514	2876	4946	34.5	88.8
NOWATA	1650	2310	4928	41.7	80.4
OKFUSKEE	1509	2078	4590	42.1	78.1
OKLAHOMA	81589	54855	177113	59.8	77.0
OKMULGEE	6856	5361	15142	56.1	80.7
OSAGE	5742	5543	13199	50.9	85.5
OTTAWA	4881	4327	11812	53.0	78.0
PAWNEE	1874	2124	4723	46.9	84.6
PAYNE	8016	6676	17052	54.6	86.2
PITTSBURG	4890	5897	13648	45.3	79.0
PONTOTOC	3903	5897	11811	39.8	83.0
POTTAWATOMIE	6778	8578	17989	44.1	85.4
PUSHMATAHA	1170	1863	3969	38.6	76.4
ROGER MILLS	675	1184	2308	36.3	80.5
ROGERS	3804	4371	9833	46.5	83.1
SEMINOLE	3804	4863	11067	43.9	78.3
SEQUOYAH	1842	3814	7486	32.6	75.6
STEPHENS	6263	6416	14764	49.4	85.9
TEXAS	2462	2405	5980	50.6	81.4
TILLMAN	2242	2068	5428	52.0	79.4
TULSA	70005	39767	141955	63.8	77.3
WAGONER	2644	2663	6927	49.8	76.6
WASHINGTON	11549	7563	21175	60.4	90.3
WASHITA	1832	2681	5554	40.6	81.3
WOODS	2037	3096	5691	39.7	90.2
WOODWARD	2376	3088	5842	43.5	93.5

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
397823	370694	949330	51.8	81.0

TABLE D-97

REPEAL GOV. APPOINT. PRIVILEGE
GEN ELECT NOV 3, 64
REF PET 17 REJECT ST.Q. 420

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	1338	3564	6024	27.3	81.4
ALFALFA	1250	2458	4209	33.7	88.1
ATOKA	1125	2034	3988	35.6	79.2
BEAVER	1323	1592	3530	45.4	82.6
BECKHAM	2421	3019	6772	44.5	80.3
BLAINE	1381	3117	5176	30.7	86.9
BRYAN	3064	3321	8707	48.0	73.3
CADDO	3511	5754	11466	37.9	80.8
CANADIAN	3669	5994	10923	38.0	88.5
CARTER	5634	6921	15896	44.9	79.0
CHEROKEE	2126	4581	8092	31.7	82.9
CHOCTAW	2421	1759	5878	57.9	71.1
CIMARRON	768	954	2113	44.6	81.5
CLEVELAND	8812	10543	21516	45.5	90.0
COAL	459	1573	2367	22.6	85.8
COMANCHE	10263	8282	21785	55.3	85.1
COTTON	1304	1332	3405	49.5	77.4
CRAIG	1872	3869	6502	32.6	88.3
CREEK	9802	8003	16371	42.0	84.3
CUSTER	3179	3883	7967	45.0	88.6
DELAWARE	1758	3180	6607	35.6	74.7
DEWEY	899	1825	3092	33.0	88.1
ELLIS	813	1389	2662	36.9	82.7
GARFIELD	7725	12945	22633	37.4	91.3
GARVIN	3141	5767	10724	35.3	83.1
GRADY	3729	5449	11154	40.6	82.3
GRANT	1113	2725	4151	29.0	92.5
GREER	1292	1885	3995	40.7	79.5
HARMON	725	1013	2294	41.7	75.8
HARPER	864	1456	2663	37.2	87.1
HASKELL	1109	1893	3940	36.9	76.2
HUGHES	1635	3162	6283	34.1	76.3
JACKSON	3810	2660	8383	58.9	77.2
JEFFERSON	1098	1375	3450	44.4	71.7
JOHNSTON	884	1341	3550	32.4	76.8
KAY	7399	13391	23588	35.6	88.1
KINGFISHER	1671	3373	5655	33.1	89.2
KIOWA	2057	2751	6000	42.8	80.1
LATIMER	1003	1492	3216	40.2	77.6
LE FLORE	2970	5961	11356	33.3	78.6
LINCOLN	2333	5297	9059	30.6	84.2
LOGAN	2459	4478	8256	35.4	84.0
LOVE	945	901	2587	51.2	71.4
MCCLAIN	1655	2824	5377	37.0	83.3
MCCURTAIN	2565	4334	9298	37.2	74.2
MCINTOSH	1583	2155	5036	42.3	74.2
MAJOR	1083	2317	3787	31.9	89.8
MARSHALL	1000	1699	3508	37.1	76.9
MAYES	2821	5563	9861	33.6	85.2
MURRAY	1326	2237	4403	37.2	80.9
MUSKOGEE	10719	10040	25143	51.6	82.6
NOBLE	1314	3101	4946	29.8	89.3
NOWATA	1474	2490	4928	37.2	80.4
OKFUSKEE	1421	2203	4590	39.2	79.0
OKLAHOMA	53623	79205	177113	40.4	75.0
OKMULGEE	6292	5861	15142	51.8	80.3
OSAGE	4667	6660	13199	41.2	85.8
OTTAWA	4858	4407	11812	52.4	78.4
PAWNEE	1388	2594	4723	34.9	84.3
PAYNE	6486	8313	17052	43.8	86.8
PITTSBURG	4790	6159	13640	43.7	80.2
PONTOTOC	3504	6386	11811	35.4	83.7
POTTAWATOMIE	8689	9669	17989	37.0	85.4
PUSHMATAHA	1136	1908	3969	37.3	76.7
ROGER MILLS	751	1142	2308	39.7	82.0
ROGERS	3421	4809	9833	41.6	83.7
SEMINOLE	2948	5688	11067	34.1	78.0
SEQUOYAH	1878	3866	7486	32.7	76.7
STEPHENS	5493	7236	14764	43.2	86.2
TEXAS	2724	2243	5980	54.8	83.1
TILLMAN	2129	2241	5428	48.7	80.5
TULSA	43136	67338	141955	39.0	77.8
WAGONER	2391	3067	6927	43.8	78.8
WASHINGTON	7492	11699	21175	39.0	90.6
WASHITA	1740	2871	5554	37.7	83.0
WOODS	1747	3402	5691	33.9	90.5
WOODWARD	1960	3528	5842	35.7	93.9
TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
310758	458037	949330	40.4	80.9

SCHOOL SUPPORT LEVY
GEN ELECT NOV 3, 64
INT PET 274 REJECT ST.Q. 421

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	1465	3557	6024	29.2	83.4
ALFALFA	1500	2355	4209	38.9	91.6
ATOKA	1158	2191	3988	34.6	84.0
BEAVER	1343	1735	3530	43.6	87.2
BECKHAM	2840	3026	6772	48.4	86.6
BLAINE	1553	3124	5176	33.2	90.4
BRYAN	3797	3136	8707	54.8	79.6
CADDO	4129	5722	11466	41.9	85.9
CANADIAN	4379	5702	10923	43.4	92.3
CARTER	7846	5791	15896	57.5	85.8
CHEROKEE	2615	4474	8092	36.9	87.6
CHOCTAW	2844	1716	5878	62.4	77.6
CIMARRON	818	993	2113	45.2	85.7
CLEVELAND	11503	8502	21516	57.5	93.0
COAL	445	1679	2367	21.0	89.7
COMANCHE	11924	7543	21785	61.3	89.4
COTTON	1524	1361	3405	52.8	84.7
CRAIG	1993	3994	6502	33.3	92.1
CREEK	7187	7513	16371	48.9	89.8
CUSTER	3589	3593	7967	50.0	90.1
DELAWARE	1953	3350	6607	36.8	80.3
DEWEY	982	1851	3092	34.7	91.6
ELLIS	956	1361	2662	41.3	87.0
GARFIELD	8869	12314	22633	41.9	93.6
GARVIN	3732	5844	10724	39.0	89.3
GRADY	4647	5248	11154	47.0	88.7
GRANT	1115	2815	4151	28.4	94.7
GREER	1522	1891	3995	44.6	85.4
HARMON	1061	979	2294	52.0	88.9
HARPER	997	1390	2663	41.8	89.6
HASKELL	1175	2068	3940	36.2	82.3
HUGHES	2095	3118	6283	40.2	83.0
JACKSON	4704	2541	8383	64.9	86.4
JEFFERSON	1415	1346	3450	51.2	80.0
JOHNSTON	1081	1851	3550	36.9	82.6
KAY	7197	14308	23588	33.5	91.2
KINGFISHER	1875	3355	5655	35.9	92.5
KIOWA	2561	2635	6000	49.3	86.6
LATIMER	1249	1522	3216	45.1	86.2
LE FLORE	2997	6601	11356	31.2	84.5
LINCOLN	2687	5268	9059	33.8	87.8
LOGAN	2992	4243	8256	41.4	87.6
LOVE	1282	846	2587	60.2	82.3
MCCLAIN	1905	2850	5377	40.1	88.4
MCCURTAIN	2608	4818	9298	35.1	79.9
MCINTOSH	2063	2151	5036	49.0	83.7
MAJOR	1156	2355	3787	32.9	92.7
MARSHALL	1190	1701	3508	41.2	82.4
MAYES	3222	5465	9861	37.1	88.1
MURRAY	1543	2252	4403	40.7	86.2
MUSKOGEE	12479	9578	25143	56.6	87.7
NOBLE	1262	3294	4946	27.7	92.1
NOWATA	1713	2535	4928	40.3	86.2
OKFUSKEE	1735	2171	4590	44.4	85.1
OKLAHOMA	85247	59168	177113	59.0	81.5
OKMULGEE	8341	5104	15142	62.0	88.8
OSAGE	5607	6544	13199	45.2	90.5
OTTAWA	6512	3948	11812	62.3	88.6
PAWNEE	1515	2647	4723	36.4	88.1
PAYNE	8323	7235	17052	53.5	91.2
PITTSBURG	6031	5843	13648	50.8	87.0
PONTOTOC	3746	6675	11811	35.9	88.2
POTTAWATOMIE	8898	9101	17989	43.1	88.9
PUSHMATAHA	1332	1978	3969	40.2	83.4
ROGER MILLS	812	1205	2308	40.3	87.4
ROGERS	3938	4645	9833	45.9	87.3
SEMINOLE	3423	5604	11067	37.9	81.6
SEQUOYAH	2180	4123	7486	34.6	84.2
STEPHENS	5564	7856	14764	41.5	90.9
TEXAS	2783	2385	5980	53.9	86.4
TILLMAN	2435	2282	5428	51.6	86.9
TULSA	79395	43396	141955	64.7	86.5
WAGONER	2987	2844	6927	51.2	84.2
WASHINGTON	9855	9936	21175	49.8	93.5
WASHITA	2098	2796	5554	42.9	88.1
WOODS	1977	3322	5691	37.3	93.1
WOODWARD	2367	3353	5842	41.4	97.9
TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
417638	405612	949330	50.7	86.7

TABLE D-98

STATE AID TO SCHOOLS
GEN ELECT NOV 3, 64
INT PET 275 REJECT ST.O. 422

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	1550	3534	6024	30.5	84.4
ALFALFA	1155	2715	4209	29.8	91.9
ATOKA	1113	2298	3988	32.6	85.5
BEAVER	1377	1776	3530	43.7	89.3
BECKHAM	2597	3359	6772	43.6	88.0
BLAINE	1234	3470	5176	26.2	90.9
BRYAN	3855	3209	8707	54.6	81.1
CADDO	3840	6118	11466	38.6	86.8
CANADIAN	3857	6324	10923	37.9	93.2
CARTER	7002	6592	15896	51.5	85.5
CHEROKEE	2624	4505	8092	36.8	88.1
CHOCTAW	2799	1823	5878	60.6	78.6
CIMARRON	826	1007	2113	45.1	86.7
CLEVELAND	9758	10379	21516	48.5	93.6
COAL	440	1707	2367	20.5	90.7
COMANCHE	12206	7589	21785	61.7	90.8
COTTON	1532	1374	3405	52.7	85.3
CRAIG	1955	4037	6502	32.6	92.2
CREEK	6856	8027	16371	46.1	90.9
CUSTER	3221	4058	7967	44.3	91.4
DELAWARE	2054	3351	6607	38.0	81.8
DEWEY	872	1964	3092	30.7	91.7
ELLIS	887	1446	2662	38.0	87.6
GARFIELD	7707	13685	22633	36.0	94.5
GARVIN	3544	6017	10724	37.1	89.2
GRADY	4157	5781	11154	41.8	89.1
GRANT	946	3014	4151	23.9	95.4
GREER	1398	2051	3995	40.5	86.3
HARMON	976	1065	2294	47.8	89.0
HARPER	881	1554	2663	36.2	91.4
HASKELL	1175	2098	3940	35.9	83.1
HUGHES	2002	3332	6283	37.5	84.9
JACKSON	4554	2744	8383	62.4	87.1
JEFFERSON	1379	1394	3450	49.7	80.4
JOHNSTON	1140	1843	3550	38.2	84.0
KAY	6215	15349	23588	28.8	91.4
KINGFISHER	1514	3772	5655	28.6	93.5
KIOWA	2361	2877	6000	45.1	87.3
LATIMER	1227	1563	3216	44.0	86.8
LE FLORE	3159	6629	11356	32.3	86.2
LINCOLN	2465	5580	9059	30.6	88.8
LOGAN	2631	4653	8256	36.1	88.2
LOVE	1269	881	2587	59.0	83.1
MCCLAIN	1803	3002	5377	37.5	89.4
MCCURTAIN	2728	4803	9298	36.2	81.0
MCINTOSH	2099	2191	5036	48.9	85.2
MAJOR	913	2603	3787	26.0	92.8
MARSHALL	1141	1849	3508	38.2	85.2
MAYES	3137	5632	9861	35.8	88.9
MURRAY	1368	2501	4403	35.4	87.9
MUSKOGEE	12153	10142	25143	54.5	88.7
NOBLE	1080	3496	4946	23.6	92.5
NOWATA	1629	2675	4928	37.8	87.3
OKFUSKEE	1617	2325	4590	41.0	85.9
OKLAHOMA	64339	78282	177113	45.1	80.5
OKMULGEE	7664	5791	15142	57.0	88.9
OSAGE	5025	7033	13199	41.7	91.4
OTTAWA	6601	3803	11812	63.4	88.1
PAWNEE	1370	2813	4723	32.8	88.6
PAYNE	7585	8009	17052	48.6	91.4
PITTSBURG	5758	6284	13648	47.8	88.2
PONTOTOC	3399	7180	11811	32.1	89.6
POTTAWATOMIE	6203	9971	17989	38.4	89.9
PUSHMATAHA	1286	1999	3969	39.1	82.8
ROGER MILLS	825	1228	2308	40.2	89.0
ROGERS	3918	4877	9833	44.5	89.4
SEMINOLE	3069	6139	11067	33.3	83.2
SEQUOYAH	2303	4051	7486	36.2	84.9
STEPHENS	5286	8262	14764	39.0	91.9
TEXAS	2835	2409	5980	54.1	87.7
TILLMAN	2327	2403	5428	49.2	87.1
TULSA	61895	58415	141955	51.4	84.8
WAGONER	2898	3016	6927	49.0	85.4
WASHINGTON	8344	11530	21175	42.0	93.9
WASHITA	1886	3076	5554	38.0	89.3
WOODS	1851	3513	5691	34.5	94.3
WOODWARD	1823	3870	5842	32.0	97.4

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
382468	461717	949330	44.0	86.8

SCHOOL CONSOLIDATION
GEN ELECT NOV 3, 64
INT PET 276 REJECT ST.O. 423

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	1420	3607	6024	28.2	83.4
ALFALFA	1320	2550	4209	34.1	91.9
ATOKA	1041	2310	3988	31.1	84.0
BEAVER	1261	1850	3530	40.5	48.1
BECKHAM	2810	3062	6772	47.9	86.7
BLAINE	1347	3326	5176	28.8	90.3
BRYAN	3844	3155	8707	54.9	80.4
CADDO	3999	5891	11466	40.4	86.3
CANADIAN	4017	6119	10923	39.6	92.8
CARTER	8027	5576	15896	59.0	85.6
CHEROKEE	2452	4648	8092	34.5	87.7
CHOCTAW	2827	1758	5878	61.7	78.0
CIMARRON	740	1089	2113	40.5	86.6
CLEVELAND	11623	8553	21516	57.6	93.8
COAL	451	1702	2367	20.9	91.0
COMANCHE	12258	7390	21785	62.4	90.2
COTTON	1528	1364	3405	52.8	84.9
CRAIG	1711	4273	6502	28.6	92.0
CREEK	6820	7870	16371	46.4	85.7
CUSTER	3492	3738	7967	48.3	90.7
DELAWARE	1736	3636	6607	32.3	81.3
DEWEY	832	2012	3092	29.3	92.0
ELLIS	894	1416	2662	38.7	86.8
GARFIELD	8087	13147	22633	38.1	93.8
GARVIN	3437	6150	10724	35.9	89.4
GRADY	4374	5558	11154	44.0	89.0
GRANT	979	2989	4151	24.7	95.6
GREER	1571	1843	3995	46.0	85.5
HARMON	1049	1001	2294	51.2	89.4
HARPER	931	1483	2663	38.6	90.6
HASKELL	1111	2145	3940	34.1	82.6
HUGHES	2063	3192	6283	39.3	83.6
JACKSON	4720	2503	8383	65.3	86.2
JEFFERSON	1337	1426	3450	48.4	80.1
JOHNSTON	1130	1835	3550	38.1	83.5
KAY	5767	15654	23588	26.9	90.8
KINGFISHER	1656	3565	5655	31.7	92.3
KIOWA	2593	2591	6000	50.0	86.4
LATIMER	1198	1590	3216	43.0	86.7
LE FLORE	2735	7794	11356	26.0	92.7
LINCOLN	2427	5591	9059	30.3	88.5
LOGAN	2773	4470	8256	38.3	87.7
LOVE	1305	857	2587	60.4	83.6
MCCLAIN	1801	2944	5377	38.0	88.2
MCCURTAIN	2504	5002	9298	33.4	80.7
MCINTOSH	2058	2173	5036	48.6	84.0
MAJOR	1009	2215	3787	31.3	85.1
MARSHALL	1276	1594	3508	44.5	81.8
MAYES	2920	5808	9861	33.5	88.5
MURRAY	1550	2276	4403	40.5	86.9
MUSKOGEE	12710	9410	25143	57.5	88.0
NOBLE	1144	3428	4946	25.0	92.4
NOWATA	1666	2607	4928	39.0	86.7
OKFUSKEE	1680	2226	4590	43.0	85.1
OKLAHOMA	84959	59292	177113	58.9	81.4
OKMULGEE	7943	5306	15142	60.0	87.5
OSAGE	5166	6794	13199	43.2	90.6
OTTAWA	6228	4109	11812	60.2	87.5
PAWNEE	1400	2761	4723	33.6	88.1
PAYNE	7690	7914	17052	49.3	91.5
PITTSBURG	5984	5829	13648	50.7	86.6
PONTOTOC	3568	6976	11811	33.8	89.3
POTTAWATOMIE	6566	9524	17989	40.8	89.4
PUSHMATAHA	1215	2080	3969	36.9	83.0
ROGER MILLS	773	1217	2308	38.8	86.2
ROGERS	3873	4845	9833	44.4	88.7
SEMINOLE	3588	5575	11067	39.2	82.8
SEQUOYAH	1971	4426	7486	30.8	85.5
STEPHENS	5130	9384	14764	38.0	91.5
TEXAS	2645	2584	5980	50.6	87.4
TILLMAN	2214	2475	5428	47.2	86.4
TULSA	75795	43548	141955	63.5	84.1
WAGONER	2865	2882	6927	49.9	83.0
WASHINGTON	10519	9343	21175	53.0	93.8
WASHITA	1919	3039	5554	38.7	89.3
WOODS	1700	3649	5691	31.8	94.0
WOODWARD	2143	3556	5842	37.6	97.6

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
403865	418070	949130	49.1	86.6

TABLE D-99

COUNTY SCHOOL SUPERINTENDENTS
GEN ELECT NOV 3. 64
INT PET 277 REJECT ST.Q. 424

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	1349	3599	6024	27.3	82.1
ALFALFA	1035	2770	4209	27.2	90.4
ATOKA	996	2290	3488	30.3	82.4
BEAVER	1191	1878	3530	38.8	86.9
BECKHAM	2283	3436	6772	39.9	84.5
BLAINE	1040	3432	5176	23.3	86.4
BRYAN	3459	3392	8707	50.5	78.7
CADDO	3397	6196	11466	35.4	83.7
CANADIAN	3246	6663	10923	32.8	90.7
CARTER	6361	6922	15896	47.9	83.6
CHEROKEE	2028	4903	8092	29.3	85.7
CHOCTAW	2632	1784	5878	59.6	75.1
CIMARRON	714	1089	2113	39.6	85.3
CLEVELAND	7559	12298	21516	38.1	92.3
COAL	439	1852	2367	21.0	86.3
COMANCHE	11397	7922	21785	59.0	88.7
COTTON	1318	1499	3405	46.8	82.7
CRAIG	1550	4315	6502	26.4	90.2
CREEK	5822	8687	16371	40.1	88.6
CUSTER	2507	4555	7967	35.5	88.6
DELAWARE	1664	3402	6607	32.8	76.7
DEWEY	757	2045	3092	27.0	90.6
ELLIS	815	1464	2662	35.8	85.6
GARFIELD	6220	14732	22633	29.7	92.6
GARVIN	2858	6510	10724	30.5	87.4
GRADY	3749	5932	11154	38.7	86.8
GRANT	752	3129	4151	19.4	93.5
GREER	1238	2100	3995	37.1	83.6
HARMON	873	1122	2294	43.8	87.0
HARPER	779	1592	2663	32.9	89.0
HASKELL	996	2165	3940	31.5	80.2
HUGHES	1774	3315	6283	34.9	81.0
JACKSON	4107	2942	8383	58.3	84.1
JEFFERSON	1219	1362	3450	47.2	74.8
JOHNSTON	928	1916	3550	32.6	80.1
KAY	4965	16247	23588	23.4	89.9
KINGFISHER	1357	3796	5655	26.3	91.1
KIOWA	1874	3195	6000	37.0	84.5
LATIMER	1100	1614	3216	40.5	84.4
LE FLORE	2521	6803	11356	27.0	82.1
LINCOLN	2119	5730	9059	27.0	86.6
LOGAN	2174	4915	8256	30.7	85.9
LOVE	1180	902	2587	56.7	80.5
MCCLAIN	1551	3087	5377	33.4	86.3
MCCURTAIN	2296	4985	9298	31.5	78.3
MCINTOSH	1851	2257	5036	45.1	81.6
MAJOR	768	2666	3787	22.4	90.7
MARSHALL	1019	1782	3508	36.4	79.8
MAYES	2678	5895	9861	31.2	86.9
MURRAY	1267	2476	4403	33.8	85.0
MUSKOGEE	11099	10456	25143	51.5	85.7
NOBLE	966	3537	4946	21.5	91.0
NOWATA	1420	2749	4928	34.1	84.6
OKFUSKEE	1417	2363	4590	37.5	82.4
OKLAHOMA	55339	85677	177113	39.2	79.6
OKMULGEE	6883	6017	15142	53.4	85.2
OSAGE	4120	7665	13199	35.0	89.3
OTTAWA	5810	4316	11812	57.4	85.7
PAWNEE	1130	2932	4723	27.8	86.0
PAYNE	6083	9179	17052	39.9	89.5
PITTSBURG	5183	6333	13648	45.0	84.4
PONTOTOC	2865	7200	11811	28.5	85.2
POTTAWATOMIE	5485	10195	17989	35.0	87.2
PUSHMATAHA	1121	2061	3969	35.2	80.2
ROGER MILLS	639	1345	2308	32.2	86.0
ROGERS	3335	5228	9833	38.9	87.1
SEMINOLE	2628	6201	11067	29.8	79.8
SEQUOYAH	1929	4188	7486	31.5	81.7
STEPHENS	4381	8834	14764	33.2	89.5
TEXAS	2602	2539	5980	50.6	86.0
TILLMAN	2013	2569	5428	43.9	84.4
TULSA	49879	68360	141955	42.2	83.3
WAGONER	2444	3232	6927	43.1	81.9
WASHINGTON	6088	13523	21175	31.0	92.6
WASHITA	1645	3188	5554	34.0	87.0
WOODS	1414	3840	5691	26.9	92.3
WOODWARD	1483	4111	5842	26.5	95.8

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
307173	497198	949330	38.2	84.7

SALES TAX INCREASE
SP ELECT APR 27. 65
LEG REF 146 REJECT ST.Q. 425

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	1032	1208	2240	46.1	100.0
ALFALFA	793	1728	2521	31.5	100.0
ATOKA	878	1275	2153	40.8	100.0
BEAVER	465	970	1435	32.4	100.0
BECKHAM	1232	2370	3602	34.2	100.0
BLAINE	896	2260	3156	28.4	100.0
BRYAN	1353	2504	3857	35.1	100.0
CADDO	1849	4185	6034	30.6	100.0
CANADIAN	2142	4417	6559	32.7	100.0
CARTER	2410	4705	7115	33.9	100.0
CHEROKEE	1421	2103	3524	40.3	100.0
CHOCTAW	818	1531	2349	34.8	100.0
CIMARRON	156	682	838	18.6	100.0
CLEVELAND	6454	5512	11966	53.9	100.0
COAL	498	918	1416	35.2	100.0
COMANCHE	4647	4720	9367	49.6	100.0
COTTON	966	915	1881	51.4	100.0
CRAIG	1158	2354	3512	33.0	100.0
CREEK	2479	5361	7840	31.6	100.0
CUSTER	1920	2530	4450	43.1	100.0
DELAWARE	1081	1633	2714	39.8	100.0
DEWEY	522	1435	1957	26.7	100.0
ELLIS	394	979	1373	28.7	100.0
GARFIELD	3339	8361	11700	28.5	100.0
GARVIN	2094	3483	5577	37.5	100.0
GRADY	2156	3635	5791	37.2	100.0
GRANT	709	1807	2516	28.2	100.0
GREER	868	1087	1955	44.4	100.0
HARMON	388	820	1208	32.1	100.0
HARPER	344	1095	1439	23.9	100.0
HASKELL	681	1124	1805	37.7	100.0
HUGHES	1146	1962	3108	36.9	100.0
JACKSON	1996	1875	3871	51.6	100.0
JEFFERSON	545	1016	1561	34.9	100.0
JOHNSTON	738	1155	1893	39.0	100.0
KAY	3948	8088	12036	32.8	100.0
KINGFISHER	844	2603	3447	24.5	100.0
KIOWA	929	1938	2867	32.4	100.0
LATIMER	865	1171	2036	42.5	100.0
LE FLORE	2152	2952	5104	42.2	100.0
LINCOLN	1302	3626	4928	26.4	100.0
LOGAN	1405	2934	4339	32.4	100.0
LOVE	506	771	1277	39.6	100.0
MCCLAIN	1156	1714	2870	40.3	100.0
MCCURTAIN	1514	2402	3916	38.7	100.0
MCINTOSH	846	1245	2091	40.5	100.0
MAJOR	374	1891	2265	16.5	100.0
MARSHALL	324	1427	1751	18.5	100.0
MAYES	1413	3387	4800	29.4	100.0
MURRAY	1103	1240	2343	47.1	100.0
MUSKOGEE	4173	7317	11490	36.3	100.0
NOBLE	697	2270	2967	23.5	100.0
NOWATA	876	1505	2381	36.8	100.0
OKFUSKEE	799	1584	2383	33.5	100.0
OKLAHOMA	37154	45783	82937	44.8	100.0
OKMULGEE	2816	4574	7390	38.1	100.0
OSAGE	2235	4363	6598	33.9	100.0
OTTAWA	1688	2940	4628	36.5	100.0
PAWNEE	686	2061	2747	25.0	100.0
PAYNE	4541	5326	9867	46.0	100.0
PITTSBURG	2753	4264	7017	39.2	100.0
PONTOTOC	2381	3990	6371	37.4	100.0
POTTAWATOMIE	2841	6727	9568	29.7	100.0
PUSHMATAHA	543	1249	1792	30.3	100.0
ROGER MILLS	383	919	1302	29.4	100.0
ROGERS	1257	3401	4658	27.0	100.0
SEMINOLE	1688	3525	5213	32.4	100.0
SEQUOYAH	1234	1542	2776	44.5	100.0
STEPHENS	2312	4648	6960	33.2	100.0
TEXAS	707	1574	2281	31.0	100.0
TILLMAN	1488	1103	2591	57.4	100.0
TULSA	19961	45682	65643	30.4	100.0
WAGONER	1010	2175	3185	31.7	100.0
WASHINGTON	4147	7543	11690	35.5	100.0
WASHITA	1117	1962	3079	36.3	100.0
WOODS	1372	1739	3111	44.1	100.0
WOODWARD	1015	2408	3423	29.7	100.0

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
171123	293278	464401	36.8	100.0

TABLE D-100

CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS
SP ELECT APR 27, 65
LEG REF 147 REJECT ST.Q. 426

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	997	1212	2209	45.1	100.0
ALFALFA	838	1669	2507	33.4	100.0
ATOKA	825	1313	2138	38.6	100.0
BEAVER	406	1006	1412	28.8	100.0
BECKHAM	1168	2386	3554	32.9	100.0
BLAINE	979	2159	3138	31.2	100.0
BRYAN	1360	2447	3807	35.7	100.0
CADDO	1917	4101	6018	31.9	100.0
CANADIAN	2592	3920	6512	39.8	100.0
CARTER	2720	4327	7047	38.6	100.0
CHEROKEE	1469	2030	3499	42.0	100.0
CHOCTAW	877	1450	2327	37.7	100.0
CIMARRON	143	689	832	17.2	100.0
CLEVELAND	7389	4532	11921	62.0	100.0
COAL	520	886	1406	37.0	100.0
COMANCHE	4324	4939	9263	46.7	100.0
COTTON	727	1137	1864	39.0	100.0
CRAIG	1209	2293	3502	34.5	100.0
CREEK	2933	4869	7802	37.6	100.0
CUSTER	2029	2398	4427	45.8	100.0
DELAWARE	1132	1570	2702	41.9	100.0
DEWEY	485	1447	1932	25.1	100.0
ELLIS	340	1022	1362	25.0	100.0
GARFIELD	4688	6955	11643	40.3	100.0
GARVIN	2061	3440	5501	37.5	100.0
GRADY	2333	3438	5771	40.4	100.0
GRANT	799	1705	2504	31.9	100.0
GREER	764	1148	1912	40.0	100.0
HARMON	372	824	1196	31.1	100.0
HARPER	342	1088	1430	23.9	100.0
HASKELL	725	1068	1793	40.4	100.0
HUGHES	1221	1873	3094	39.5	100.0
JACKSON	1805	2015	3820	47.3	100.0
JEFFERSON	481	1065	1546	31.1	100.0
JOHNSTON	725	1145	1870	38.8	100.0
KAY	5219	6651	11870	44.0	100.0
KINGFISHER	1002	2432	3434	29.2	100.0
KIOWA	885	1937	2822	31.4	100.0
LATIMER	904	1096	2000	45.2	100.0
LE FLORE	2165	2880	5045	42.9	100.0
LINCOLN	1404	3492	4896	28.7	100.0
LOGAN	1625	2680	4305	37.7	100.0
LOVE	463	795	1258	36.8	100.0
MCCLAIN	1115	1728	2843	39.2	100.0
MCCURTAIN	1555	2316	3871	40.2	100.0
MCINTOSH	841	1225	2066	40.7	100.0
MAJOR	524	1727	2251	23.3	100.0
MARSHALL	337	1399	1736	19.4	100.0
MAYES	1701	3041	4742	35.9	100.0
MURRAY	1216	1115	2331	52.2	100.0
MUSKOGEE	4857	6578	11435	42.5	100.0
NOBLE	813	2140	2953	27.5	100.0
NOWATA	887	1481	2368	37.5	100.0
OKFUSKEE	862	1475	2337	36.9	100.0
OKLAHOMA	43710	38074	81784	53.4	100.0
OKMULGEE	3380	3932	7312	46.2	100.0
OSAGE	2661	3898	6559	40.6	100.0
OTTAWA	1791	2792	4583	39.1	100.0
PAWNEE	871	1863	2734	31.9	100.0
PAYNE	5308	4624	9930	53.4	100.0
PITTSBURG	3416	3490	6906	49.5	100.0
PONTOTOC	2790	3532	6322	44.1	100.0
POTTAWATOMIE	3374	6171	9545	35.3	100.0
PUSHMATAHA	441	1276	1717	25.7	100.0
ROGER MILLS	319	976	1295	24.6	100.0
ROGERS	1544	3119	4663	33.1	100.0
SEMINOLE	2062	3095	5157	40.0	100.0
SEQUOYAH	1133	1603	2736	41.4	100.0
STEPHENS	2624	4280	6904	38.0	100.0
TEXAS	675	1586	2261	29.9	100.0
TILLMAN	1177	1360	2537	46.4	100.0
TULSA	29982	35661	65643	45.7	100.0
WAGONER	1172	1983	3155	37.1	100.0
WASHINGTON	5369	6279	11648	46.1	100.0
WASHITA	1091	1950	3041	35.9	100.0
WOODS	1399	1693	3092	45.2	100.0
WOODWARD	1155	2238	3393	34.0	100.0

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
199512	261229	460741	43.3	100.0

CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS-HIGHWAY
SP ELECT APR 27, 65
LEG REF 148 REJECT ST.Q. 427

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	1028	1181	2209	46.5	100.0
ALFALFA	995	1497	2492	39.9	100.0
ATOKA	889	1247	2136	41.6	100.0
BEAVER	452	973	1425	31.7	100.0
BECKHAM	1203	2358	3561	33.8	100.0
BLAINE	1100	2047	3147	35.0	100.0
BRYAN	1444	2369	3813	37.9	100.0
CADDO	2019	3977	5996	33.7	100.0
CANADIAN	2911	3629	6540	44.5	100.0
CARTER	3007	4025	7032	42.8	100.0
CHEROKEE	1550	1966	3516	44.1	100.0
CHOCTAW	977	1354	2331	41.9	100.0
CIMARRON	165	671	836	19.7	100.0
CLEVELAND	7455	4470	11925	62.5	100.0
COAL	558	840	1398	39.9	100.0
COMANCHE	4288	5019	9307	46.1	100.0
COTTON	768	1101	1869	41.1	100.0
CRAIG	1263	2232	3495	36.1	100.0
CREEK	3262	4532	7794	41.9	100.0
CUSTER	2088	2337	4425	47.2	100.0
DELAWARE	1188	1504	2692	44.1	100.0
DEWEY	608	1329	1937	31.4	100.0
ELLIS	382	984	1366	28.0	100.0
GARFIELD	5388	6296	11684	46.1	100.0
GARVIN	2071	3445	5516	37.5	100.0
GRADY	2543	3243	5786	44.0	100.0
GRANT	1004	1510	2514	39.9	100.0
GREER	815	1105	1920	42.4	100.0
HARMON	385	810	1195	32.2	100.0
HARPER	387	1044	1431	27.0	100.0
HASKELL	882	919	1801	49.0	100.0
HUGHES	1326	1751	3077	43.1	100.0
JACKSON	1874	1956	3830	48.9	100.0
JEFFERSON	529	1015	1544	34.3	100.0
JOHNSTON	746	1118	1864	40.0	100.0
KAY	6625	5404	12029	55.1	100.0
KINGFISHER	1195	2243	3438	34.8	100.0
KIOWA	991	1846	2837	34.9	100.0
LATIMER	928	1070	1998	46.4	100.0
LE FLORE	2309	2701	5010	46.1	100.0
LINCOLN	1634	3276	4910	33.3	100.0
LOGAN	1813	2514	4327	41.9	100.0
LOVE	480	787	1267	37.9	100.0
MCCLAIN	1160	1691	2851	40.7	100.0
MCCURTAIN	1651	2238	3889	42.5	100.0
MCINTOSH	869	1190	2059	42.2	100.0
MAJOR	623	1626	2249	27.7	100.0
MARSHALL	349	1382	1731	20.2	100.0
MAYES	1866	2883	4749	39.3	100.0
MURRAY	1297	1045	2342	55.4	100.0
MUSKOGEE	5229	6183	11412	45.8	100.0
NOBLE	1051	1906	2957	35.5	100.0
NOWATA	994	1374	2368	42.0	100.0
OKFUSKEE	956	1394	2350	40.7	100.0
OKLAHOMA	44423	37328	81751	54.3	100.0
OKMULGEE	3625	3717	7342	49.4	100.0
OSAGE	3069	3491	6560	46.8	100.0
OTTAWA	1909	2682	4591	41.6	100.0
PAWNEE	1012	1717	2729	37.1	100.0
PAYNE	5653	4278	9931	56.9	100.0
PITTSBURG	3571	3344	6915	51.6	100.0
PONTOTOC	3002	3334	6336	47.4	100.0
POTTAWATOMIE	3721	5845	9566	38.9	100.0
PUSHMATAHA	559	1222	1781	31.4	100.0
ROGER MILLS	329	965	1294	25.4	100.0
ROGERS	1696	2971	4667	36.3	100.0
SEMINOLE	2375	2792	5167	46.0	100.0
SEQUOYAH	1153	1579	2732	42.2	100.0
STEPHENS	2763	4150	6913	40.0	100.0
TEXAS	781	1489	2270	34.4	100.0
TILLMAN	1224	1343	2567	47.7	100.0
TULSA	32502	33072	65574	49.6	100.0
WAGONER	1278	1885	3163	40.4	100.0
WASHINGTON	5739	5925	11664	49.2	100.0
WASHITA	1164	1863	3027	38.5	100.0
WOODS	1532	1563	3095	49.5	100.0
WOODWARD	1303	2094	3397	38.4	100.0

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
213953	247256	461209	46.4	100.0

TABLE D-101

LEVY FOR SCHOOL BENEFITS
SP ELECT SEPT 14, 65
LEG REF 151 ADOPT ST.Q. 430

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	426	292	718	59.3	100.0
ALFALFA	650	357	1007	64.5	100.0
ATOKA	328	384	712	46.1	100.0
BEAVER	325	213	538	60.4	100.0
BECKHAM	685	521	1206	56.8	100.0
BLAINE	631	573	1204	52.4	100.0
BRYAN	854	732	1586	53.8	100.0
CADDO	1183	1099	2282	51.8	100.0
CANADIAN	1438	973	2411	59.6	100.0
CARTER	1474	661	2135	69.0	100.0
CHEROKEE	761	589	1350	56.4	100.0
CHOCTAW	501	264	765	65.5	100.0
CIMARRON	216	168	384	56.3	100.0
CLEVELAND	3491	1339	4830	72.3	100.0
COAL	259	390	649	39.9	100.0
COMANCHE	2003	1108	3111	64.4	100.0
COTTON	265	337	602	44.0	100.0
CRAIG	883	646	1529	57.8	100.0
CREEK	2013	889	2902	69.4	100.0
CUSTER	746	869	1615	46.2	100.0
DELAWARE	417	543	960	43.4	100.0
DEWEY	445	352	797	55.8	100.0
ELLIS	375	295	670	56.0	100.0
GARFIELD	3187	1256	4443	71.7	100.0
GARVIN	1256	654	1910	65.8	100.0
GRADY	1327	780	2107	63.0	100.0
GRANT	675	567	1242	54.3	100.0
GREER	392	317	709	55.3	100.0
HARMON	215	239	454	47.4	100.0
HARPER	383	261	644	59.5	100.0
HASKELL	257	394	651	39.5	100.0
HUGHES	710	335	1045	67.9	100.0
JACKSON	775	559	1334	58.1	100.0
JEFFERSON	334	306	640	52.2	100.0
JOHNSTON	244	410	654	37.3	100.0
KAY	3959	1510	5469	72.4	100.0
KINGFISHER	642	567	1209	53.1	100.0
KIOWA	1156	1151	2307	50.1	100.0
LATIMER	146	533	679	21.5	100.0
LE FLORE	1220	866	2086	58.5	100.0
LINCOLN	1316	1068	2384	55.2	100.0
LOGAN	1162	806	1968	59.0	100.0
LOVE	222	252	474	46.8	100.0
MCCLAIN	475	756	1231	38.6	100.0
MCCURTAIN	565	585	1150	49.1	100.0
MCINTOSH	414	372	786	52.7	100.0
MAJOR	451	401	852	52.9	100.0
MARSHALL	250	353	603	41.5	100.0
MAYES	1012	804	1816	55.7	100.0
MURRAY	434	430	864	50.2	100.0
MUSKOGEE	3223	1500	4723	68.2	100.0
NOBLE	586	551	1137	51.5	100.0
NOWATA	473	456	929	50.9	100.0
OKFUSKEE	628	328	956	65.7	100.0
OKLAHOMA	24397	8036	32433	75.2	100.0
OKMULGEE	2034	710	2744	74.1	100.0
OSAGE	1864	641	2505	74.4	100.0
OTTAWA	1145	984	2129	53.8	100.0
PAWNEE	606	519	1125	53.9	100.0
PAYNE	2510	1059	3569	70.3	100.0
PITTSBURG	1302	818	2120	61.4	100.0
PONTOTOC	1546	797	2343	66.0	100.0
POTTAWATOMIE	2135	1415	3550	60.1	100.0
PUSHMATAHA	347	273	620	56.0	100.0
ROGER MILLS	242	349	591	40.9	100.0
ROGERS	1029	522	1551	66.3	100.0
SEMINOLE	1223	650	1873	65.3	100.0
SEQUOYAH	653	379	1032	63.3	100.0
STEPHENS	2153	938	3091	69.7	100.0
TEXAS	910	264	1174	77.5	100.0
TILLMAN	552	572	1124	49.1	100.0
TULSA	25207	4782	29989	84.1	100.0
WAGONER	728	411	1139	63.9	100.0
WASHINGTON	4330	996	5326	81.3	100.0
WASHITA	686	547	1233	55.6	100.0
WOODS	812	476	1288	63.0	100.0
WOODWARD	910	436	1346	67.6	100.0

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
125779	59535	185314	67.9	100.0

CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS-HIGHWAY
SP ELECT DEC 14, 65
LEG REF 154 ADOPT ST.Q. 433

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	352	99	451	78.0	100.0
ALFALFA	538	144	682	78.9	100.0
ATOKA	330	142	472	69.9	100.0
BEAVER	277	142	419	66.1	100.0
BECKHAM	1178	203	1381	85.3	100.0
BLAINE	669	270	939	71.2	100.0
BRYAN	831	223	1054	78.8	100.0
CADDO	1062	468	1530	69.4	100.0
CANADIAN	1020	491	1511	67.5	100.0
CARTER	2500	1472	3972	62.9	100.0
CHEROKEE	957	126	1083	88.4	100.0
CHOCTAW	338	132	470	71.9	100.0
CIMARRON	192	94	286	67.1	100.0
CLEVELAND	3531	552	4083	86.5	100.0
COAL	327	121	448	73.0	100.0
COMANCHE	2037	351	2388	85.3	100.0
COTTON	321	144	465	69.0	100.0
CRAIG	920	287	1207	76.2	100.0
CREEK	1173	334	1507	77.8	100.0
CUSTER	1416	249	1665	85.0	100.0
DELAWARE	382	184	566	67.5	100.0
DEWEY	364	145	509	71.5	100.0
ELLIS	263	247	510	51.6	100.0
GARFIELD	1887	700	2587	72.9	100.0
GARVIN	1134	275	1409	80.5	100.0
GRADY	1494	348	1842	81.1	100.0
GRANT	571	297	868	65.8	100.0
GREER	419	153	572	73.3	100.0
HARMON	160	123	283	56.5	100.0
HARPER	301	213	514	58.6	100.0
HASKELL	305	121	426	71.6	100.0
HUGHES	557	151	708	78.7	100.0
JACKSON	718	287	1005	71.4	100.0
JEFFERSON	294	141	435	67.6	100.0
JOHNSTON	481	126	607	79.2	100.0
KAY	3306	1828	5134	64.4	100.0
KINGFISHER	588	297	885	66.4	100.0
KIOWA	464	243	707	65.6	100.0
LATIMER	345	157	502	68.7	100.0
LE FLORE	740	359	1099	67.3	100.0
LINCOLN	821	341	1162	70.7	100.0
LOGAN	951	195	1146	83.0	100.0
LOVE	308	226	534	57.7	100.0
MCCLAIN	558	184	742	75.2	100.0
MCCURTAIN	602	185	787	76.5	100.0
MCINTOSH	354	135	489	72.4	100.0
MAJOR	323	191	514	62.8	100.0
MARSHALL	268	219	487	55.0	100.0
MAYES	607	267	874	69.5	100.0
MURRAY	822	229	1051	78.2	100.0
MUSKOGEE	2344	529	2873	81.6	100.0
NOBLE	639	283	922	69.3	100.0
NOWATA	339	235	574	59.1	100.0
OKFUSKEE	529	134	663	79.8	100.0
OKLAHOMA	19994	4016	24010	83.3	100.0
OKMULGEE	2031	232	2263	89.7	100.0
OSAGE	1476	351	1827	80.8	100.0
OTTAWA	1053	349	1402	75.1	100.0
PAWNEE	511	187	698	73.2	100.0
PAYNE	3141	420	3561	88.2	100.0
PITTSBURG	2617	1122	3739	70.0	100.0
PONTOTOC	1932	513	2445	79.0	100.0
POTTAWATOMIE	2081	933	3014	69.0	100.0
PUSHMATAHA	258	164	422	61.1	100.0
ROGER MILLS	222	131	353	62.9	100.0
ROGERS	525	230	755	69.5	100.0
SEMINOLE	844	177	1021	82.7	100.0
SEQUOYAH	419	100	519	80.7	100.0
STEPHENS	1340	412	1752	76.5	100.0
TEXAS	910	133	1043	87.2	100.0
TILLMAN	591	282	873	67.7	100.0
TULSA	12244	3888	16132	75.9	100.0
WAGONER	401	126	527	76.1	100.0
WASHINGTON	2138	611	2749	77.8	100.0
WASHITA	569	237	806	70.6	100.0
WOODS	1112	279	1391	79.9	100.0
WOODWARD	724	431	1155	62.7	100.0

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
101340	31116	132456	76.5	100.0

TABLE D-102

SEPARATE SCHOOLS
SP PRI ELEC MAY 3, 66
LEG REF 149 ADOPT ST.Q. 428

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	1514	950	3069	61.4	80.3
ALFALFA	1442	844	2558	63.1	89.4
ATOKA	1767	1152	3871	60.5	75.4
BEAVER	724	498	1304	59.2	93.7
BECKHAM	2777	1384	5162	66.7	80.6
BLAINE	1906	1163	3322	62.1	92.4
BRYAN	3227	1881	6838	63.2	74.7
CADDO	4013	2380	7543	62.8	84.8
CANADIAN	4996	2715	8469	64.8	91.0
CARTER	5817	3391	11536	63.2	79.8
CHEROKEE	2987	1877	5823	61.4	83.5
CHOCTAW	2791	1460	5955	65.7	71.4
CIMARRON	665	615	1387	52.0	92.3
CLEVELAND	9139	3572	13647	71.9	93.1
COAL	942	708	2144	57.1	77.0
COMANCHE	8331	4510	14599	64.9	88.0
COTTON	1331	868	2772	60.5	79.3
CRAIG	2202	1401	4043	61.1	89.1
CREEK	6258	2966	10444	67.8	88.3
CUSTER	3322	1691	5861	66.3	85.5
DELAWARE	2072	1360	4268	60.4	80.4
DEWEY	1074	708	2084	60.3	85.5
ELLIS	778	517	1409	60.1	91.9
GARFIELD	8104	3664	12363	68.9	95.2
GARVIN	4540	2506	8798	64.4	80.1
GRADY	4671	2512	8652	65.0	83.0
GRANT	1334	827	2304	61.7	93.8
GREER	1597	815	3302	66.2	73.0
HARMON	870	573	2096	60.3	68.8
HARPER	1066	722	1925	59.6	92.9
HASKELL	1575	976	3626	61.7	70.4
HUGHES	2733	1421	5429	65.8	76.5
JACKSON	3409	1661	6288	67.2	80.6
JEFFERSON	1364	885	3095	60.6	72.7
JOHNSTON	1438	1047	3508	57.9	70.8
KAY	7403	3528	11487	67.7	95.2
KINGFISHER	2027	1147	3374	63.9	94.1
KIOWA	2809	1348	5180	67.6	80.3
LATIMER	1420	945	3260	60.0	72.5
LE FLORE	4324	2403	8923	64.3	75.4
LINCOLN	3225	1894	5835	63.0	87.7
LOGAN	2580	1693	4649	60.4	91.9
LOVE	1064	675	2538	61.2	68.5
MCCLAIN	2077	1298	4135	61.5	81.6
MCCURTAIN	3861	1996	8276	65.9	70.8
MCINTOSH	1879	1185	4069	61.3	75.3
MAJOR	1271	753	2197	62.8	92.1
MARSHALL	1639	859	3572	65.6	69.9
MAYES	3346	2108	6354	61.3	85.8
MURRAY	2096	1026	4022	67.1	77.6
MUSKOGEE	8470	4826	15804	63.7	84.1
NOBLE	1747	1030	2968	62.9	93.6
NOWATA	1901	1192	3496	61.5	88.5
OKFUSKEE	1915	1230	4179	60.9	75.3
OKLAHOMA	44348	18318	92084	70.8	68.1
OKMULGEE	5754	2798	9629	67.3	88.8
OSAGE	4757	2231	7707	68.1	90.7
OTTAWA	4018	2545	7738	61.2	84.8
PAWNEE	1870	998	3239	65.2	88.5
PAYNE	6631	2865	10531	69.8	90.2
PITTSBURG	5640	3028	10174	65.1	85.2
PONTOTOC	4240	2400	8681	63.9	76.5
POTTAWATOMIE	7256	3666	12513	66.4	87.3
PUSHMATAHA	1860	1206	4187	60.7	73.2
ROGER MILLS	1055	783	2274	57.4	80.8
ROGERS	3873	2186	6954	63.9	87.1
SEMINOLE	4494	2309	8254	66.1	82.4
SEQUOYAH	2386	1509	5345	61.3	72.9
STEPHENS	5631	3051	10167	64.9	85.4
TEXAS	1776	1006	3008	63.8	92.5
TILLMAN	2068	1224	4075	62.8	80.8
TULSA	45262	19650	75305	69.7	86.2
WAGONER	2454	1408	4762	63.5	81.1
WASHINGTON	8173	2685	11340	75.3	95.7
WASHITA	2102	1193	4198	63.8	78.5
WOODS	1960	1163	3389	62.8	92.2
WOODWARD	2489	1363	4157	64.6	92.7

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
327927	166941	603523	66.3	82.0

IMPEACHMENT OF STATE OFFICIALS
SP PRI ELEC MAY 3, 66
LEG REF 150 ADOPT ST.Q. 429

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	1707	696	3069	71.0	78.3
ALFALFA	1847	494	2558	78.9	91.5
ATOKA	1923	829	3871	69.9	71.1
BEAVER	935	270	1304	77.6	92.4
BECKHAM	3298	792	5162	80.6	79.2
BLAINE	2364	658	3322	78.2	91.0
BRYAN	3663	1240	6838	74.7	71.7
CADDO	4737	1491	7543	76.1	82.6
CANADIAN	6317	1283	8469	83.1	89.7
CARTER	6982	1992	11536	77.8	77.8
CHEROKEE	3531	1225	5823	74.2	81.7
CHOCTAW	3063	949	5955	76.3	67.4
CIMARRON	929	423	1387	68.7	97.5
CLEVELAND	11173	1532	13647	87.9	93.1
COAL	1099	534	2144	67.3	76.2
COMANCHE	10276	2384	14599	81.2	86.7
COTTON	1604	530	2772	75.2	77.0
CRAIG	2645	866	4043	75.3	86.8
CREEK	7434	1575	10444	82.5	86.3
CUSTER	4085	861	5861	82.6	84.4
DELAWARE	2391	890	4268	72.9	76.9
DEWEY	1331	466	2084	74.1	86.2
ELLIS	1001	284	1409	77.9	91.2
GARFIELD	10049	1623	12363	86.1	94.4
GARVIN	5472	1470	8798	78.8	78.9
GRADY	5553	1413	8652	79.7	80.5
GRANT	1684	441	2304	79.2	92.2
GREER	1842	506	3302	78.4	71.1
HARMON	1029	344	2096	74.9	65.5
HARPER	1280	470	1925	73.1	90.9
HASKELL	1718	664	3626	72.1	65.7
HUGHES	3139	883	5429	78.0	74.1
JACKSON	4027	824	6288	83.0	77.1
JEFFERSON	1500	602	3095	71.4	67.9
JOHNSTON	1616	729	3508	68.9	66.6
KAY	9451	1436	11487	86.8	94.8
KINGFISHER	2540	627	3374	80.2	93.9
KIOWA	3325	739	5180	81.8	78.5
LATIMER	1598	656	3260	70.9	69.1
LE FLORE	4702	1559	8923	75.1	70.2
LINCOLN	3854	1195	5835	76.3	86.5
LOGAN	3340	877	4649	79.2	90.7
LOVE	1149	469	2538	71.0	63.8
MCCLAIN	2547	769	4135	76.8	80.2
MCCURTAIN	4297	1212	8276	78.0	66.6
MCINTOSH	2044	823	4069	71.3	70.5
MAJOR	1573	428	2197	78.6	91.1
MARSHALL	1843	579	3572	76.1	67.8
MAYES	4124	1273	6354	76.4	84.9
MURRAY	2422	617	4022	79.7	75.6
MUSKOGEE	10403	2644	15804	79.7	82.6
NOBLE	2136	603	2968	78.0	92.3
NOWATA	2250	738	3496	75.3	85.5
OKFUSKEE	2177	907	4179	70.6	73.8
OKLAHOMA	54492	7856	92084	87.4	67.7
OKMULGEE	6828	1506	9629	81.9	86.6
OSAGE	5892	994	7707	85.6	89.3
OTTAWA	4862	1514	7738	76.3	82.4
PAWNEE	2204	625	3239	77.9	87.3
PAYNE	7977	1431	10531	84.8	89.3
PITTSBURG	6653	1809	10174	78.6	83.2
PONTOTOC	5099	1407	8681	78.4	74.9
POTTAWATOMIE	8549	2136	12513	80.0	85.4
PUSHMATAHA	2098	834	4187	71.6	70.0
ROGER MILLS	1226	531	2274	69.8	77.3
ROGERS	4624	1339	6954	77.5	85.7
SEMINOLE	5410	1262	8254	81.1	80.8
SEQUOYAH	2564	1081	5345	70.3	68.2
STEPHENS	7217	1435	10167	83.4	85.1
TEXAS	2246	450	3008	83.3	89.6
TILLMAN	2655	566	4075	82.4	79.0
TULSA	55131	9022	75305	85.9	85.2
WAGONER	2886	859	4762	77.1	78.6
WASHINGTON	9626	1171	11340	89.2	95.2
WASHITA	2536	664	4198	79.3	76.2
WOODS	2431	644	3389	79.1	90.7
WOODWARD	3070	733	4157	80.7	91.5

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
395295	90253	603523	81.4	80.5

TABLE D-103

COURT ON JUDICIARY
SP PRI ELEC-MAY 3, 66
LEG REF 152 ADOPT ST.Q. 431

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	1409	871	3069	61.8	74.3
ALFALFA	1417	771	2558	64.8	85.5
ATOKA	1421	1073	3871	57.0	64.4
BEAVER	562	526	1304	51.7	83.4
BECKHAM	2428	1197	5162	67.0	70.2
BLAINE	1834	975	3322	65.3	84.6
BRYAN	2778	1674	6838	62.4	65.1
CADDO	3770	2052	7543	64.8	77.2
CANADIAN	5050	2153	8469	70.1	85.1
CARTER	5414	2738	11536	66.4	70.7
CHEROKEE	2974	1544	5823	65.8	77.6
CHOCTAW	2683	1214	5955	68.8	65.4
CIMARRON	607	534	1387	53.2	82.3
CLEVELAND	9217	2606	13647	78.0	86.6
COAL	790	707	2144	52.8	69.8
COMANCHE	8124	3616	14599	69.2	80.4
COTTON	1194	737	2772	61.8	69.7
CRAIG	2089	1173	4043	64.0	80.7
CREEK	6365	2321	10444	73.3	83.2
CUSTER	3186	1314	5861	70.8	76.8
DELAWARE	1918	1151	4268	62.5	71.9
DEWEY	555	592	2084	61.7	74.2
ELLIS	675	489	1409	58.0	82.6
GARFIELD	8458	2763	12363	75.4	90.8
GARVIN	4272	2085	8798	67.2	72.3
GRADY	4348	1964	8652	68.9	73.0
GRANT	1246	731	2304	63.0	85.8
GREER	1481	635	3302	70.0	64.1
HARMON	698	474	2096	59.6	55.9
HARPER	887	730	1925	54.9	84.0
HASKELL	1282	886	3626	59.1	59.8
HUGHES	2508	1215	5429	67.4	68.6
JACKSON	3153	1257	6288	71.5	70.1
JEFFERSON	1107	801	3095	58.0	61.6
JOHNSTON	1226	923	3508	57.0	61.3
KAY	7847	2545	11487	75.5	90.5
KINGFISHER	1968	1064	3374	64.9	89.9
KIOWA	2549	1073	5180	70.4	69.9
LATIMER	1144	826	3260	58.1	60.4
LE FLORE	3801	2039	8923	65.1	55.4
LINCOLN	3010	1713	5835	63.7	80.9
LOGAN	2601	1359	4649	65.7	85.2
LOVE	827	622	2538	57.1	57.1
MCCLAIN	1955	1110	4135	63.8	74.1
MCCURTAIN	3365	1610	8276	67.6	60.1
MCINTOSH	1648	1012	4069	62.0	65.4
MAJOR	1180	687	2197	63.2	85.0
MARSHALL	1429	762	3572	65.2	61.3
MAYES	3376	1723	6354	66.2	80.2
MURRAY	1969	817	4022	70.7	69.3
MUSKOGEE	8763	3697	15804	70.3	78.8
NOBLE	1709	874	2968	66.2	87.0
NOWATA	1786	1058	3496	62.8	81.4
OKFUSKEE	1747	1086	4179	61.7	67.8
OKLAHOMA	49240	11196	92084	81.5	65.6
OKMULGEE	5931	2006	9629	74.7	82.4
OSAGE	4968	1563	7707	76.1	84.7
OTTAWA	3785	2239	7738	62.8	77.8
PAWNEE	1878	823	3239	69.5	83.4
PAYNE	6517	2321	10531	73.7	83.9
PITTSBURG	5551	2480	10174	69.1	78.9
PONTOTOC	3966	1978	8681	66.7	68.5
POTTAWATOMIE	6956	3102	12513	69.2	80.4
PUSHMATAHA	1590	1114	4187	58.8	64.6
ROGER MILLS	827	741	2274	52.7	69.0
ROGERS	3772	1895	6954	66.6	81.5
SEMINOLE	4300	1845	8254	70.0	74.4
SEQUOYAH	1983	1350	5345	59.5	62.4
STEPHENS	5570	2355	10167	70.3	77.9
TEXAS	1624	855	3008	65.5	82.4
TILLMAN	2009	965	4075	69.9	70.5
TULSA	50227	11074	75305	81.9	81.4
WAGONER	2341	1197	4762	66.2	74.3
WASHINGTON	8713	1823	11340	82.7	92.9
WASHITA	1847	988	4198	65.1	67.5
WOODS	1858	1036	3389	64.2	85.4
WOODWARD	2359	1192	4157	66.4	85.4

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
328012	128267	603523	71.9	75.6

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS
SP PRI ELEC MAY 3, 66
LEG REF 153 ADOPT ST.Q. 432

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	1502	793	3069	65.4	74.8
ALFALFA	1610	664	2558	70.8	88.9
ATOKA	1630	972	3871	62.6	67.2
BEAVER	786	393	1304	66.7	90.4
BECKHAM	2760	1060	5162	72.3	74.0
BLAINE	2022	913	3322	68.9	88.4
BRYAN	3043	1587	6838	65.7	67.7
CADDO	3966	1950	7543	67.0	78.4
CANADIAN	5572	1872	8469	74.9	87.9
CARTER	5836	2614	11536	69.1	73.2
CHEROKEE	3034	1506	5823	66.8	78.0
CHOCTAW	2568	1155	5955	69.0	62.5
CIMARRON	727	460	1387	61.2	85.6
CLEVELAND	10110	2280	13647	81.6	90.8
COAL	883	688	2144	56.2	73.3
COMANCHE	8936	3236	14599	73.4	83.4
COTTON	1306	710	2772	64.8	72.7
CRAIG	2138	1095	4043	66.1	80.0
CREEK	6749	2069	10444	76.5	84.4
CUSTER	3537	1165	5861	75.2	80.2
DELAWARE	2108	1052	4268	66.6	74.2
DEWEY	1095	599	2084	64.6	81.3
ELLIS	856	382	1409	69.1	87.9
GARFIELD	9019	2430	12363	78.8	92.6
GARVIN	4785	1848	8798	72.1	75.4
GRADY	4728	1862	8652	71.7	76.2
GRANT	1415	630	2304	69.2	88.8
GREER	1597	616	3302	72.2	67.0
HARMON	795	456	2096	63.5	59.7
HARPER	1090	578	1925	65.3	86.6
HASKELL	1376	843	3626	62.0	61.2
HUGHES	2583	1129	5429	69.6	68.4
JACKSON	3482	1136	6288	75.4	73.4
JEFFERSON	1235	777	3095	61.4	65.0
JOHNSTON	1269	895	3508	58.6	61.7
KAY	8462	2168	11487	79.6	92.5
KINGFISHER	2199	895	3374	71.1	91.7
KIOWA	2811	994	5180	73.9	73.5
LATIMER	1290	803	3260	61.6	64.2
LE FLORE	4152	1901	8923	68.6	67.8
LINCOLN	3337	1558	5835	68.2	83.9
LOGAN	2857	1232	4649	69.9	88.0
LOVE	924	565	2538	62.1	58.7
MCCLAIN	2187	963	4135	69.4	76.2
MCCURTAIN	3561	1501	8276	70.3	61.2
MCINTOSH	1658	1048	4069	61.3	66.5
MAJOR	1322	617	2197	68.2	88.3
MARSHALL	1626	660	3572	71.1	64.0
MAYES	3598	1606	6354	69.1	81.9
MURRAY	2055	811	4022	71.7	71.3
MUSKOGEE	8953	3632	15804	71.1	79.6
NOBLE	1830	864	2968	67.9	90.8
NOWATA	1974	931	3496	68.0	83.1
OKFUSKEE	1895	998	4179	65.5	69.2
OKLAHOMA	49790	11428	92084	81.3	66.5
OKMULGEE	6099	2008	9629	75.2	84.2
OSAGE	5260	1416	7707	78.9	86.9
OTTAWA	4303	1878	7738	69.6	79.9
PAWNEE	1922	777	3239	71.2	83.3
PAYNE	7071	2079	10531	77.3	86.9
PITTSBURG	5537	2481	10174	69.1	78.8
PONTOTOC	4264	1857	8681	69.7	70.5
POTTAWATOMIE	7612	2657	12513	74.1	82.1
PUSHMATAHA	1780	985	4187	64.4	66.0
ROGER MILLS	962	686	2274	58.4	72.5
ROGERS	3985	1702	6954	70.1	81.8
SEMINOLE	4632	1661	8254	73.6	76.2
SEQUOYAH	2168	1233	5345	63.7	63.6
STEPHENS	6222	2055	10167	75.2	81.4
TEXAS	1911	727	3008	72.4	87.7
TILLMAN	2157	865	4075	71.4	74.2
TULSA	50576	12190	75305	80.6	83.3
WAGONER	2444	1158	4762	67.9	75.6
WASHINGTON	8914	1711	11340	83.9	93.7
WASHITA	2123	886	4198	70.6	71.7
WOODS	2125	870	3389	71.0	88.4
WOODWARD	2724	977	4157	73.6	89.0

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
347440	120455	603523	74.3	77.5

TABLE D-104

REELECTION OF GOVERNOR
SP PRI ELEC MAY 3, 66
LEG REF 157 ADOPT ST.Q. 436

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	1449	960	3065	60.1	78.5
ALFALFA	1286	1095	2558	54.0	93.1
ATOKA	1437	1173	3871	55.1	67.4
BEAVER	626	588	1304	51.6	93.1
BECKHAM	2399	1660	5162	59.1	78.6
BLAINE	1671	1384	3322	54.7	92.0
BRYAN	2699	2241	6838	54.6	72.2
CADDO	3434	2862	7543	54.5	83.5
CANADIAN	4448	3223	8469	58.0	90.6
CARTER	4577	4046	11536	53.1	74.7
CHEROKEE	2904	1776	5823	62.1	80.4
CHOCTAW	2497	1380	5955	64.4	65.1
CIMARRON	676	590	1387	53.4	91.3
CLEVELAND	7166	5563	13647	56.3	93.3
COAL	770	859	2144	47.3	76.0
COMANCHE	7897	4732	14599	62.5	86.5
COTTON	1179	963	2772	55.0	77.3
CRAIG	2167	1329	4043	62.0	86.5
CREEK	6241	2815	10444	68.9	86.7
CUSTER	2997	1925	5861	60.9	84.0
DELAWARE	2026	1274	4268	61.4	77.3
DEWEY	954	847	2084	53.0	86.4
ELLIS	660	637	1409	50.9	92.1
GARFIELD	7020	4658	12363	60.1	94.5
GARVIN	4054	2946	8798	57.9	79.6
GRADY	4175	2826	8652	59.6	80.9
GRANT	1133	1018	2304	52.7	93.4
GREER	1395	1003	3302	58.2	72.6
HARMON	729	635	2096	53.4	65.1
HARPER	912	853	1925	51.7	91.7
HASKELL	1363	998	3626	57.7	65.1
HUGHES	2339	1645	5429	58.7	73.4
JACKSON	3171	1712	6288	64.9	77.7
JEFFERSON	1106	1030	3095	51.8	69.0
JOHNSTON	1096	1322	3508	45.3	68.9
KAY	7246	3694	11487	66.2	95.2
KINGFISHER	1639	1561	3374	51.2	94.8
KIOWA	2526	1588	5180	61.4	79.4
LATIMER	1195	1070	3260	52.8	69.5
LE FLORE	3923	2488	8923	61.2	71.8
LINCOLN	2808	2297	5835	55.0	87.5
LOGAN	2338	1908	4649	55.1	91.3
LOVE	826	776	2538	51.6	63.1
MCCLAIN	1825	1529	4135	54.4	81.1
MCCURTAIN	3323	2073	8276	61.6	65.2
MCINTOSH	1631	1231	4069	57.0	70.3
MAJOR	1123	925	2197	54.8	93.2
MARSHALL	1466	995	3572	59.6	68.9
MAYES	3443	1934	6354	64.0	84.6
MURRAY	1837	1194	4022	60.6	75.4
MUSKOGEE	8502	4465	15804	65.6	82.0
NOBLE	1491	1299	2968	53.4	94.0
NOWATA	1833	1193	3496	60.6	86.6
OKFUSKEE	1684	1284	4179	56.7	71.0
OKLAHOMA	37184	25382	92084	59.4	67.9
OKMULGEE	5497	2640	9629	67.6	84.5
OSAGE	4923	1964	7707	71.5	89.4
OTTAWA	4009	2460	7738	62.0	83.6
PAWNEE	1793	1048	3239	63.1	87.7
PAYNE	6100	3391	10531	64.3	90.1
PITTSBURG	4858	3627	10174	57.3	83.4
PONTOTOC	3563	3012	8681	54.2	75.7
POTTAWATOMIE	6563	4154	12513	61.2	85.6
PUSHMATAHA	1579	1348	4187	53.9	69.9
ROGER MILLS	847	968	2274	46.7	79.8
ROGERS	3880	2068	6954	65.2	85.5
SEMINOLE	3620	3009	8254	54.6	80.3
SEQUOYAH	2086	1528	5345	57.7	67.6
STEPHENS	5310	3350	10167	61.3	85.2
TEXAS	1681	1084	3008	60.8	91.9
TILLMAN	1955	1269	4075	60.6	79.1
TULSA	47989	14905	75305	76.3	83.5
WAGONER	2256	1416	4762	61.4	77.1
WASHINGTON	7934	2923	11340	73.1	95.7
WASHITA	1902	1399	4198	57.6	78.6
WOODS	1825	1290	3389	58.6	91.9
WOODWARD	2288	1543	4157	59.7	92.2

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
300956	183850	603523	62.1	80.3

VOCATIONAL EDUCATION PROGRAM
SP PRI ELEC MAY 24,66
LEG REF 155 ADOPT ST.Q. 434

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	880	738	1931	54.4	83.8
ALFALFA	998	1196	2324	45.5	94.4
ATOKA	1207	1462	3482	45.2	76.7
BEAVER	351	521	923	40.3	94.5
BECKHAM	2087	1668	4206	55.1	88.3
BLAINE	1172	1443	2835	44.8	92.2
BRYAN	2116	2823	6471	42.8	76.3
CADDO	2057	3645	6262	36.1	91.1
CANADIAN	3386	3446	7468	49.6	91.5
CARTER	4609	4000	10462	53.5	82.3
CHEROKEE	2321	2241	5509	50.9	82.8
CHOCTAW	2236	1658	5478	57.4	71.1
CIMARRON	347	448	876	43.6	90.8
CLEVELAND	6342	5439	12886	53.8	91.4
COAL	454	1316	2043	25.6	86.6
COMANCHE	5153	4829	10932	51.6	91.3
COTTON	931	1128	2623	45.2	78.5
CRAIG	1237	1724	3308	41.8	89.5
CREEK	3398	2629	6571	56.4	91.7
CUSTER	2143	1952	4622	52.3	88.6
DELAWARE	1566	1328	3446	54.1	84.0
DEWEY	658	833	1683	44.1	88.6
ELLIS	388	676	1139	36.5	93.4
GARFIELD	7152	6327	14195	53.1	95.0
GARVIN	2958	2737	6731	51.9	84.6
GRADY	3090	2985	7174	50.9	84.7
GRANT	858	1201	2175	41.7	94.7
GREER	985	974	2626	50.3	74.6
HARMON	520	631	1596	45.2	72.1
HARPER	512	758	1370	40.3	92.7
HASKELL	1012	1208	3071	45.6	72.3
HUGHES	1898	1722	4397	52.4	82.3
JACKSON	2032	1318	3830	60.7	87.5
JEFFERSON	850	868	2224	49.5	77.2
JOHNSTON	906	1448	3199	38.5	73.6
KAY	5052	5046	10773	50.0	93.7
KINGFISHER	1049	1813	2998	36.7	95.5
KIOWA	1459	1339	3270	52.1	85.6
LATIMER	936	1025	2563	47.7	76.5
LE FLORE	3304	2831	7765	53.9	79.0
LINCOLN	1927	2009	4443	49.0	88.6
LOGAN	1484	1606	3463	48.0	89.2
LOVE	637	759	2009	45.6	69.5
MCCLAIN	1457	1641	3617	47.0	85.7
MCCURTAIN	3073	2431	4334	55.8	127.0
MCINTOSH	1132	945	2542	54.5	81.7
MAJOR	842	930	1878	47.5	94.4
MARSHALL	1274	1376	3563	48.1	74.4
MAYES	2088	2102	4819	49.8	86.9
MURRAY	1259	1337	3157	48.5	82.2
MUSKOGEE	6651	4570	12877	59.3	87.1
NOBLE	1049	1358	2527	43.6	95.3
NOWATA	1169	1255	2747	48.2	88.2
OKFUSKEE	1111	938	2427	54.2	84.4
OKLAHOMA	24541	25492	81693	49.0	61.2
OKMULGEE	3695	2957	7361	55.5	90.4
OSAGE	2949	2418	5760	54.9	93.2
OTTAWA	3441	2714	7093	55.9	86.8
PAWNEE	1046	1167	2414	47.3	91.7
PAYNE	4380	3587	8452	55.0	94.3
PITTSBURG	6143	3534	11106	63.5	87.1
PONTOTOC	1492	3902	6239	27.7	86.5
POTTAWATOMIE	4684	4544	10414	50.8	88.6
PUSHMATAHA	1315	1261	3474	51.0	74.2
ROGER MILLS	558	1010	1878	35.6	83.5
ROGERS	2284	2391	5334	46.9	87.6
SEMINOLE	2884	3869	7798	42.7	86.6
SEQUOYAH	2033	1755	5026	53.7	75.4
STEPHENS	4675	3345	9237	58.3	86.8
TEXAS	891	713	1738	55.5	92.3
TILLMAN	1262	1133	2751	52.7	87.1
TULSA	28334	26633	64159	51.5	85.7
WAGONER	1718	1617	4148	51.5	80.4
WASHINGTON	6232	3680	10186	62.9	97.3
WASHITA	1238	1229	2859	50.2	86.3
WOODS	1573	1200	2908	56.7	95.4
WOODWARD	1607	1675	3551	49.0	92.4

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
214698	206458	507419	51.0	83.0

TABLE D-105

LINE? LEGISLATIVE SESSIONS
SP PRI ELEC MAY 24.66
LEG REF 156 ADOPT ST.Q. 435

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	803	763	1931	51.3	81.1
ALFALFA	989	1162	2324	46.0	92.6
ATOKA	1266	1262	3482	50.1	72.6
BEAVER	364	478	923	43.2	91.2
BECKHAM	1455	2143	4206	40.4	85.5
BLAINE	1245	1303	2835	48.9	89.9
BRYAN	2069	2695	6471	43.5	73.5
CADDO	2184	3240	6262	40.3	86.6
CANADIAN	3672	3043	7468	54.7	89.9
CARTER	3940	4416	10462	47.2	79.9
CHEROKEE	2275	2107	5509	51.9	79.5
CHOCTAW	2132	1554	5478	57.8	67.3
CIMARRON	381	399	876	48.8	89.0
CLEVELAND	6728	4813	12886	58.3	89.6
COAL	495	1168	2043	29.8	81.4
COMANCHE	5360	4362	10932	55.1	88.9
COTTON	964	958	2623	50.2	73.3
CRAIG	1268	1558	3308	44.9	85.4
CREEK	3111	2779	6571	52.8	89.6
CUSTER	2058	1856	4622	52.6	84.7
DELAWARE	1510	1182	3446	56.1	78.1
DEWEY	679	786	1683	46.3	87.0
ELLIS	396	638	1139	38.3	90.8
GARFIELD	6951	6117	14195	53.2	92.1
GARVIN	2915	2516	6731	53.7	80.7
GRADY	3189	2757	7174	53.6	82.9
GRANT	903	1130	2175	44.4	93.5
GREER	976	899	2626	52.1	71.4
HARMON	533	558	1596	48.9	68.4
HARPER	564	686	1370	45.1	91.2
HASKELL	1064	1026	3071	50.9	68.1
HUGHES	1714	1728	4397	49.8	78.3
JACKSON	1835	1295	3830	58.6	81.7
JEFFERSON	787	845	2224	48.2	73.4
JOHNSTON	861	1422	3199	37.7	71.4
KAY	5196	4811	10773	51.9	92.9
KINGFISHER	1257	1594	2998	44.1	95.1
KIOWA	1407	1283	3270	52.3	82.3
LATIMER	943	941	2563	50.1	73.5
LE FLORE	3162	2744	7765	53.5	76.1
LINCOLN	1932	1918	4443	50.2	86.7
LOGAN	1627	1433	3463	53.2	88.4
LOVE	617	695	2009	47.0	65.3
MCCLAIN	1458	1480	3617	49.6	81.2
MCCURTAIN	2896	2210	4334	56.7	117.8
MCINTOSH	1101	877	2542	55.7	77.8
MAJOR	885	867	1878	50.5	93.3
MARSHALL	1242	1293	3563	49.0	71.1
MAYES	2046	2045	4819	50.0	84.9
MURRAY	1352	1131	3157	54.5	78.7
MUSKOGEE	6236	4420	12877	58.5	82.8
NOBLE	1155	1206	2527	48.9	93.4
NOWATA	1241	1122	2747	52.5	86.0
OKFUSKEE	1013	949	2427	51.6	80.8
OKLAHOMA	23014	26212	81693	46.8	60.3
OKMULGEE	3448	2989	7361	53.6	87.4
OSAGE	2798	2449	5760	53.3	91.1
OTTAWA	3095	2866	7093	51.9	84.0
PAWNEE	1072	1114	2414	49.0	90.6
PAYNE	4260	3467	8452	55.1	91.4
PITTSBURG	5346	3674	11106	59.3	81.2
PONTOTOC	2034	3210	6239	38.8	84.1
POTTAWATOMIE	4935	4018	10414	55.1	86.0
PUSHMATAHA	1256	1172	3474	51.7	69.9
ROGER MILLS	569	935	1878	37.8	80.1
ROGERS	2248	2331	5334	49.1	85.8
SEMINOLE	2606	3921	7798	39.9	83.7
SEQUOYAH	1947	1638	5026	54.3	71.3
STEPHENS	4240	3388	9237	55.6	82.6
TEXAS	844	725	1738	53.8	90.3
TILLMAN	1156	1128	2751	50.6	83.0
TULSA	27652	26399	64159	51.2	84.2
WAGONER	1648	1508	4148	52.2	76.1
WASHINGTON	6308	3526	10186	63.0	93.6
WASHITA	1204	1167	2859	50.8	82.9
WOODS	1472	1226	2908	54.6	92.8
WOODWARD	1640	1524	3551	51.8	89.1

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
208894	199240	507419	51.2	80.4

FIX CONGRESSIONAL BOUNDARIES
SP GEN ELEC NOV 8. 66
REF PET 18 REJECT ST.Q. 437

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	1129	2686	5118	29.6	74.5
ALFALFA	742	2372	3404	23.8	91.5
ATOKA	1019	1323	3080	43.5	76.0
BEAVER	567	1607	2435	26.1	89.3
BECKHAM	1394	2656	4873	34.4	83.1
BLAINE	984	2702	4167	26.7	88.5
BRYAN	1704	2489	5438	40.6	77.1
CADDO	2132	4570	7953	31.8	84.3
CANADIAN	2872	5183	8955	35.7	89.9
CARTER	3259	5019	10420	39.4	79.4
CHEROKEE	1875	3769	7257	33.2	77.8
CHOCTAW	1254	1401	3605	47.2	73.6
CIMARRON	420	936	1590	31.0	85.3
CLEVELAND	5455	9544	16463	36.4	91.1
COAL	669	802	1783	45.5	82.5
COMANCHE	4365	9749	15849	30.9	89.1
COTTON	663	1373	2498	32.6	81.5
CRAIG	1130	3047	4958	27.1	84.2
CREEK	3220	7389	12010	30.4	88.3
CUSTER	1749	3515	6125	33.2	85.9
DELAWARE	1339	2634	4974	33.7	79.9
DEWEY	580	1679	2689	25.7	84.0
ELLIS	461	1434	2121	24.3	89.3
GARFIELD	4201	12646	18403	24.9	91.5
GARVIN	2494	3780	7684	39.8	81.7
GRADY	1670	5405	8287	23.6	85.4
GRANT	714	2430	3374	22.7	93.2
GREER	810	1407	2901	36.5	76.4
HARMON	318	807	1442	28.3	78.0
HARPER	506	1440	2138	26.0	91.0
HASKELL	896	1336	2810	40.1	79.4
HUGHES	1583	1931	4468	45.0	78.6
JACKSON	1836	2531	5512	42.0	79.2
JEFFERSON	789	948	2153	45.4	80.7
JOHNSTON	776	1270	2516	37.9	81.3
KAY	4972	10921	17627	31.3	90.2
KINGFISHER	1140	3155	4628	26.5	92.8
KIOWA	1355	2350	4515	36.6	82.1
LATIMER	738	983	2170	42.9	79.3
LE FLORE	1986	3493	6928	36.2	79.1
LINCOLN	1777	4225	6964	29.6	86.2
LOGAN	1935	4098	6922	32.1	87.2
LOVE	437	669	1527	39.5	72.4
MCCLAIN	1113	2019	3704	35.5	84.6
MCCURTAIN	2073	2815	6393	42.4	76.5
MCINTOSH	1249	1642	3602	43.2	80.3
MAJOR	457	2405	3109	16.0	92.1
MARSHALL	663	1265	2453	34.4	78.6
MAYES	1682	4352	7221	27.9	83.6
MURRAY	984	1436	3091	40.7	78.3
MUSKOGEE	5599	9874	18454	36.2	83.8
NOBLE	1049	2786	4266	27.4	89.9
NOWATA	1074	2298	3944	31.9	85.5
OKFUSKEE	824	1914	3282	30.1	83.4
OKLAHOMA	25440	50729	124162	33.4	61.3
OKMULGEE	3064	6448	11044	32.2	86.1
OSAGE	1703	6878	9372	19.8	91.6
OTTAWA	2846	4026	8175	41.4	84.1
PAWNEE	846	2696	3905	23.9	90.7
PAYNE	3763	8047	13176	31.9	89.6
PITTSBURG	3478	4843	9970	41.8	83.5
PONTOTOC	3567	3610	8366	49.7	85.8
POTTAWATOMIE	4288	6759	13020	38.8	84.8
PUSHMATAHA	779	1280	2712	37.8	75.9
ROGER MILLS	550	1247	2260	30.6	79.5
ROGERS	1646	4615	7089	26.3	88.3
SEMINOLE	2980	3794	7648	44.0	88.6
SEQUOYAH	1565	2398	5357	39.5	74.0
STEPHENS	3046	5197	9772	37.0	84.4
TEXAS	1175	2618	4383	31.0	86.5
TILLMAN	981	1937	3559	33.6	82.0
TULSA	5817	68369	104976	7.8	70.7
WAGONER	1150	3446	5510	25.0	83.4
WASHINGTON	3876	12329	17424	23.9	93.0
WASHITA	1062	2078	3976	33.8	79.0
WOODS	903	3303	4711	21.5	89.3
WOODWARD	1239	3112	4698	28.5	92.6

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
162446	386269	695518	29.6	78.9

TABLE D-106

JUDICIAL NOMINATING
SP ELECT JULY 11, 67
LEG REF 163 ADOPT ST.Q. 447

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	183	506	689	26.6	100.0
ALFALFA	236	294	530	44.5	100.0
ATOKA	132	426	558	23.7	100.0
BEAVER	134	172	306	43.8	100.0
BECKHAM	444	642	1086	40.9	100.0
BLAINE	175	873	1048	16.7	100.0
BRYAN	283	1147	1430	19.8	100.0
CADDO	662	885	1547	42.8	100.0
CANADIAN	984	1035	2019	48.7	100.0
CARTER	913	1121	2034	44.9	100.0
CHEROKEE	488	627	1115	43.8	100.0
CHOCTAW	354	431	785	45.1	100.0
CIMARRON	66	321	387	17.1	100.0
CLEVELAND	2585	1208	3793	68.2	100.0
COAL	104	356	460	22.6	100.0
COMANCHE	930	1779	2709	34.3	100.0
COTTON	119	335	454	26.2	100.0
CRAIG	573	959	1532	37.4	100.0
CREEK	833	1630	2463	33.8	100.0
CUSTER	479	662	1141	42.0	100.0
DELAWARE	322	713	1035	31.1	100.0
DEWEY	141	343	484	29.1	100.0
ELLIS	118	644	762	15.5	100.0
GARFIELD	1489	1425	2914	51.1	100.0
GARVIN	631	1184	1815	34.8	100.0
GRADY	567	1151	1718	33.0	100.0
GRANT	342	976	1318	25.9	100.0
GREER	293	608	901	32.5	100.0
HARMON	93	301	394	23.6	100.0
HARPER	293	376	669	43.8	100.0
HASKELL	85	882	967	8.8	100.0
HUGHES	320	609	929	34.4	100.0
JACKSON	331	790	1121	29.5	100.0
JEFFERSON	97	478	575	16.9	100.0
JOHNSTON	94	639	733	12.8	100.0
KAY	1983	2560	4543	43.6	100.0
KINGFISHER	395	512	907	43.6	100.0
KIOWA	168	1187	1355	12.4	100.0
LATIMER	120	471	591	20.3	100.0
LE FLORE	2733	3581	6314	43.3	100.0
LINCOLN	855	973	1828	46.8	100.0
LOGAN	516	1507	2023	25.5	100.0
LOVE	61	643	704	8.7	100.0
MCCLAIN	228	520	748	30.5	100.0
MCCURTAIN	307	484	791	38.8	100.0
MCINTOSH	272	513	785	34.6	100.0
MAJOR	180	465	645	27.9	100.0
MARSHALL	167	315	482	34.6	100.0
MAYES	537	759	1296	41.4	100.0
MURRAY	242	393	635	38.1	100.0
MUSKOGEE	1846	1446	3292	56.1	100.0
NOBLE	258	630	888	29.1	100.0
NOWATA	211	602	813	26.0	100.0
OKFUSKEE	224	590	814	27.5	100.0
OKLAHOMA	21530	7441	28971	74.3	100.0
OKMULGEE	986	1215	2201	44.8	100.0
OSAGE	1044	1208	2252	46.4	100.0
OTTAWA	748	568	1316	56.8	100.0
PAWNEE	359	497	856	41.9	100.0
PAYNE	2403	1741	4144	58.0	100.0
PITTSBURG	793	1727	2520	31.5	100.0
PONTOTOC	720	741	1461	49.3	100.0
POTTAWATOMIE	1157	1570	2727	42.4	100.0
PUSHMATAHA	135	340	475	28.4	100.0
ROGER MILLS	102	240	342	29.8	100.0
ROGERS	918	1784	2702	34.0	100.0
SEMINOLE	692	1154	1846	37.5	100.0
SEQUOYAH	1094	1841	2935	37.3	100.0
STEPHENS	1004	648	1652	60.8	100.0
TEXAS	226	478	704	32.1	100.0
TILLMAN	215	833	1048	20.5	100.0
TULSA	20524	6537	27061	75.8	100.0
WAGONER	370	810	1180	31.4	100.0
WASHINGTON	2903	1110	4013	72.3	100.0
WASHITA	373	794	1167	32.0	100.0
WOODS	314	701	1015	30.9	100.0
WOODWARD	377	623	1000	37.7	100.0

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
86183	79280	165463	52.1	100.0

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT
SP ELECT JULY 11, 67
LEG REF 164 ADOPT ST.Q. 448

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	178	516	694	25.6	100.0
ALFALFA	240	291	531	45.2	100.0
ATOKA	144	415	559	25.8	100.0
BEAVER	141	167	308	45.8	100.0
BECKHAM	489	598	1087	45.0	100.0
BLAINE	173	874	1047	16.5	100.0
BRYAN	339	1095	1434	23.6	100.0
CADDO	704	851	1555	45.3	100.0
CANADIAN	1125	881	2006	56.1	100.0
CARTER	972	1068	2040	47.6	100.0
CHEROKEE	518	596	1114	46.5	100.0
CHOCTAW	370	421	791	46.8	100.0
CIMARRON	69	318	387	17.8	100.0
CLEVELAND	2733	1058	3791	72.1	100.0
COAL	110	366	476	23.1	100.0
COMANCHE	1041	1672	2713	38.4	100.0
COTTON	142	313	455	31.2	100.0
CRAIG	631	912	1543	40.9	100.0
CREEK	1137	1327	2464	46.1	100.0
CUSTER	539	604	1143	47.2	100.0
DELAWARE	369	666	1035	35.7	100.0
DEWEY	145	339	484	30.0	100.0
ELLIS	124	639	763	16.3	100.0
GARFIELD	1524	1394	2918	52.2	100.0
GARVIN	687	1125	1812	37.9	100.0
GRADY	589	1128	1717	34.3	100.0
GRANT	370	945	1315	28.1	100.0
GREER	335	580	915	36.6	100.0
HARMON	95	298	393	24.2	100.0
HARPER	314	356	670	46.9	100.0
HASKELL	93	876	969	9.6	100.0
HUGHES	368	563	931	39.5	100.0
JACKSON	367	757	1124	32.7	100.0
JEFFERSON	109	467	576	18.9	100.0
JOHNSTON	101	632	733	13.8	100.0
KAY	2115	2443	4558	46.4	100.0
KINGFISHER	398	508	906	43.9	100.0
KIOWA	170	1185	1355	12.5	100.0
LATIMER	128	464	592	21.6	100.0
LE FLORE	2803	3504	6307	44.4	100.0
LINCOLN	887	944	1831	48.4	100.0
LOGAN	577	1448	2025	28.5	100.0
LOVE	62	642	704	8.8	100.0
MCCLAIN	248	503	751	33.0	100.0
MCCURTAIN	307	482	789	38.9	100.0
MCINTOSH	281	504	785	35.8	100.0
MAJOR	191	454	645	29.6	100.0
MARSHALL	185	294	479	38.6	100.0
MAYES	579	716	1295	44.7	100.0
MURRAY	257	381	638	40.3	100.0
MUSKOGEE	1930	1359	3289	58.7	100.0
NOBLE	296	594	890	33.3	100.0
NOWATA	214	592	806	26.6	100.0
OKFUSKEE	272	544	816	33.3	100.0
OKLAHOMA	21501	5936	27437	78.4	100.0
OKMULGEE	1079	1122	2201	49.0	100.0
OSAGE	1099	1158	2257	48.7	100.0
OTTAWA	803	522	1325	60.6	100.0
PAWNEE	399	460	859	46.4	100.0
PAYNE	2554	1594	4148	61.6	100.0
PITTSBURG	832	1685	2517	33.1	100.0
PONTOTOC	744	714	1458	51.0	100.0
POTTAWATOMIE	1362	1371	2733	49.8	100.0
PUSHMATAHA	159	315	474	33.5	100.0
ROGER MILLS	116	226	342	33.9	100.0
ROGERS	1000	1706	2706	37.0	100.0
SEMINOLE	744	1105	1849	40.2	100.0
SEQUOYAH	1133	1815	2948	38.4	100.0
STEPHENS	1059	594	1653	64.1	100.0
TEXAS	268	436	704	38.1	100.0
TILLMAN	226	818	1044	21.6	100.0
TULSA	21229	5836	27065	78.4	100.0
WAGONER	402	786	1188	33.8	100.0
WASHINGTON	3019	998	4017	75.2	100.0
WASHITA	412	780	1192	34.6	100.0
WOODS	340	676	1016	33.5	100.0
WOODWARD	402	597	999	40.2	100.0

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
90167	73919	164086	55.0	100.0

TABLE D-107

CHANGE IN ESTIMATE OF REVENUES
SP ELECT APR 16, 68
LEG REF 166 ADOPT ST.Q. 453

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	388	67	455	85.3	100.0
ALFALFA	507	107	614	82.6	100.0
ATOKA	310	150	460	67.4	100.0
BEAVER	307	73	380	80.8	100.0
BECKHAM	593	173	766	77.4	100.0
BLAINE	608	148	756	80.4	100.0
BRYAN	755	155	910	83.0	100.0
CADDO	1168	265	1433	81.5	100.0
CANADIAN	1216	281	1497	81.2	100.0
CARTER	1233	273	1506	81.9	100.0
CHEROKEE	1022	457	1479	69.1	100.0
CHOCTAW	334	138	472	70.8	100.0
CIMARRON	164	97	261	62.8	100.0
CLEVELAND	3234	311	3545	91.2	100.0
COAL	270	149	419	64.4	100.0
COMANCHE	1383	277	1660	83.3	100.0
COTTON	253	81	334	75.7	100.0
CRAIG	682	171	853	80.0	100.0
CREEK	1266	253	1519	83.3	100.0
CUSTER	792	195	987	80.2	100.0
DELAWARE	452	115	567	79.7	100.0
DEWEY	666	487	1153	57.8	100.0
ELLIS	310	100	410	75.6	100.0
GARFIELD	2023	474	2497	81.0	100.0
GARVIN	967	170	1137	85.0	100.0
GRADY	1027	206	1233	83.3	100.0
GRANT	597	192	789	75.7	100.0
GREER	430	118	548	78.5	100.0
HARMON	171	103	274	62.4	100.0
HARPER	396	152	548	72.3	100.0
HASKELL	334	108	442	75.6	100.0
HUGHES	591	165	756	78.2	100.0
JACKSON	531	201	732	72.5	100.0
JEFFERSON	230	104	334	68.9	100.0
JOHNSTON	404	256	660	61.2	100.0
KAY	2876	515	3391	84.8	100.0
KINGFISHER	705	206	911	77.4	100.0
KIOWA	554	183	737	75.2	100.0
LATIMER	274	162	436	62.8	100.0
LE FLORE	732	253	985	74.3	100.0
LINCOLN	784	207	991	79.1	100.0
LOGAN	1043	209	1252	83.3	100.0
LOVE	241	107	348	69.3	100.0
MCCLAIN	446	133	579	77.0	100.0
MCCURTAIN	782	166	948	82.5	100.0
MCINTOSH	368	137	505	72.9	100.0
MAJOR	385	123	508	75.8	100.0
MARSHALL	327	100	427	76.6	100.0
MAYES	671	190	861	77.9	100.0
MURRAY	470	139	609	77.2	100.0
MUSKOGEE	1755	244	1999	87.8	100.0
NOBLE	577	172	749	77.0	100.0
NOWATA	394	134	528	74.6	100.0
OKFUSKEE	443	111	554	80.0	100.0
OKLAHOMA	16406	2333	18739	87.6	100.0
OKMULGEE	1238	164	1402	88.3	100.0
OSAGE	1288	291	1579	81.6	100.0
OTTAWA	1013	164	1177	86.1	100.0
PAWNEE	550	144	694	79.3	100.0
PAYNE	1874	257	2131	87.9	100.0
PITTSBURG	928	397	1325	70.0	100.0
PONTOTOC	1117	222	1339	83.4	100.0
POTTAWATOMIE	1600	440	2040	78.4	100.0
PUSHMATAHA	258	151	409	63.1	100.0
ROGER MILLS	218	87	305	71.5	100.0
ROGERS	1646	703	2349	70.1	100.0
SEMINOLE	858	148	1006	85.3	100.0
SEQUOYAH	518	72	590	87.8	100.0
STEPHENS	1265	244	1509	83.8	100.0
TEXAS	593	97	690	85.9	100.0
TILLMAN	495	184	679	72.9	100.0
TULSA	15057	2315	17372	86.7	100.0
WAGONER	420	114	534	78.7	100.0
WASHINGTON	2135	171	2306	92.6	100.0
WASHITA	627	219	846	74.1	100.0
WOODS	754	150	904	83.4	100.0
WOODWARD	795	183	978	81.3	100.0

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
91094	19513	110607	82.4	100.0

INVESTMENT OF SCHOOL FUNDS
SP PRI ELEC AUG 27,68
LEG REF 158 ADOPT ST.Q. 442

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	1149	574	1984	66.7	86.8
ALFALFA	1446	567	1704	71.8	118.1
ATOKA	1474	958	2972	60.6	81.8
BEAVER	825	365	1080	69.3	110.2
BECKHAM	2695	1086	4271	71.3	88.5
BLAINE	1570	818	2108	65.7	113.3
BRYAN	3091	1621	6075	65.6	77.6
CADDO	3131	1784	5550	63.7	88.6
CANADIAN	4445	2564	7215	63.4	97.1
CARTER	6243	2453	9690	71.8	89.7
CHEROKEE	2748	1212	4655	69.4	85.1
CHOCTAW	2416	1106	4292	68.6	82.1
CIMARRON	628	493	1079	56.0	103.9
CLEVELAND	7852	2073	9880	79.1	100.5
COAL	728	805	1778	47.5	86.2
COMANCHE	7658	4735	13440	61.8	92.2
COTTON	994	796	2077	55.5	86.2
CRAIG	2244	1162	3872	65.9	98.0
CREEK	4896	1620	6951	75.1	93.7
CUSTER	3106	1095	4495	73.9	93.5
DELAWARE	2006	899	3249	69.1	89.4
DEWEY	931	574	1577	61.9	95.4
ELLIS	764	490	1177	60.9	106.5
GARFIELD	9024	2421	10559	78.8	108.4
GARVIN	3850	1999	6803	65.8	96.0
GRADY	3780	1713	6203	68.8	88.6
GRANT	1540	655	1952	70.2	112.4
GREER	1551	564	2413	73.3	87.7
HARMON	688	382	1416	64.3	75.6
HARPER	579	334	845	63.4	108.0
HASKELL	1457	1042	3394	58.3	73.6
HUGHES	1732	1151	3546	60.1	81.3
JACKSON	2899	934	4796	75.6	79.9
JEFFERSON	993	697	2266	58.8	74.6
JOHNSTON	1139	1003	2527	53.2	84.8
KAY	7550	1766	8572	81.0	108.7
KINGFISHER	2355	1014	2969	69.9	113.5
KIOWA	1753	911	2865	65.8	93.0
LATIMER	1237	669	2550	64.9	74.7
LE FLORE	4243	2088	7827	67.0	80.9
LINCOLN	2538	1364	3997	65.0	97.6
LOGAN	2760	1280	3843	68.3	105.1
LOVE	906	519	1964	63.6	72.6
MCCLAIN	2203	1178	3981	65.2	84.9
MCCURTAIN	4040	2020	7664	66.7	79.1
MCINTOSH	1468	893	2871	62.2	82.2
MAJOR	1251	538	1451	69.9	123.3
MARSHALL	1403	776	2864	64.4	76.1
MAYES	2800	1336	4660	67.7	98.8
MURRAY	1791	929	2910	65.8	93.5
MUSKOGEE	9024	2933	12719	73.2	86.1
NOBLE	1618	843	2462	65.7	100.0
NOWATA	1445	841	2376	63.2	96.2
OKFUSKEE	1812	949	3083	65.6	89.6
OKLAHOMA	42745	13760	57283	75.6	98.6
OKMULGEE	4456	1393	6720	76.2	97.0
OSAGE	3939	1240	5405	76.1	95.8
OTTAWA	3297	1613	5327	67.1	92.2
PAWNEE	1463	714	2250	67.2	96.8
PAYNE	4960	1392	6175	78.1	102.9
PITTSBURG	6297	2468	10643	71.8	82.4
PONTOTOC	3499	1759	5995	66.5	87.7
POTTAWATOMIE	6772	2474	10329	73.2	89.5
PUSHMATAHA	1369	1250	3388	52.3	77.3
ROGER MILLS	738	586	1430	55.7	92.6
ROGERS	3174	1498	5079	67.9	92.0
SEMINOLE	2800	1174	4332	70.5	91.7
SEQUOYAH	2178	1423	4750	60.5	75.8
STEPHENS	4814	2533	7975	65.5	92.1
TEXAS	2124	759	2901	73.7	99.4
TILLMAN	1750	766	2842	69.6	88.5
TULSA	34443	7072	40938	83.0	101.4
WAGONER	2191	1045	3673	67.7	98.1
WASHINGTON	8771	1678	10191	83.9	102.5
WASHITA	1602	752	2608	68.1	90.3
WOODS	1794	722	2234	71.3	112.6
WOODWARD	2006	670	2561	75.0	104.4

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
290651	114333	434550	71.8	93.2

TABLE D-108

LEGISLATIVE REGULATION OF TAX
SP PRI ELEC AUG 27.68
LEG REF 160 ST.Q. 444

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	756	811	1984	48.2	79.0
ALFALFA	901	1015	1704	47.0	112.4
ATOKA	889	1364	2972	39.5	75.8
BEAVER	540	589	1080	47.8	104.5
BECKHAM	1649	1802	4271	47.8	80.8
BLAINE	952	1303	2108	42.2	107.0
BRYAN	1842	2482	6075	42.6	71.2
CADDO	1965	2658	5550	42.1	84.0
CANADIAN	3102	3609	7215	46.2	93.0
CARTER	3136	4906	9690	39.0	83.0
CHEROKEE	1887	1905	4655	49.8	81.5
CHOCTAW	1523	1642	4292	48.1	73.7
CIMARRON	344	706	1079	32.8	97.3
CLEVELAND	5931	3591	9880	62.3	96.4
COAL	424	1037	1778	29.0	82.2
COMANCHE	4855	6953	13440	41.1	87.9
COTTON	577	1117	2077	34.1	81.6
CRAIG	1391	1822	3872	43.3	83.0
CREEK	3461	2688	6951	56.3	88.5
CUSTER	1552	2489	4495	38.4	89.9
DELAWARE	1336	1408	3249	48.7	84.5
DEWEY	503	891	1577	36.1	88.4
ELLIS	425	748	1177	36.2	99.7
GARFIELD	6707	4258	10559	61.2	103.8
GARVIN	2454	2994	6803	45.0	80.1
GRADY	2345	2702	6203	46.5	81.4
GRANT	993	1072	1952	48.1	105.8
GREER	999	897	2413	52.7	78.6
HARMON	388	579	1416	40.1	68.3
HARPER	336	537	845	38.5	103.3
HASKELL	869	1444	3394	37.6	68.1
HUGHES	1103	1596	3546	40.9	76.1
JACKSON	1905	1594	4796	54.4	73.0
JEFFERSON	645	929	2266	41.0	69.5
JOHNSTON	643	1371	2527	31.9	79.7
KAY	5388	3552	8572	60.3	104.3
KINGFISHER	1474	1768	2969	45.5	109.2
KIOWA	1056	1355	2865	43.8	84.2
LATIMER	737	1020	2550	41.9	68.9
LE FLORE	2589	3159	7827	45.0	73.4
LINCOLN	1589	2105	3997	43.0	92.4
LOGAN	1700	2106	3843	44.7	99.0
LOVE	475	784	1964	37.7	64.1
MCCLAIN	1421	1723	3981	45.2	79.0
MCCURTAIN	2560	2969	7664	46.3	72.1
MCINTOSH	929	1255	2871	42.5	76.1
MAJOR	828	865	1451	48.9	116.7
MARSHALL	809	1208	2864	40.1	70.4
MAYES	1940	2011	4660	49.1	84.8
MURRAY	966	1452	2910	40.0	83.1
MUSKOGEE	5782	4643	12719	55.5	82.0
NOBLE	1060	1272	2462	45.5	94.7
NOWATA	809	1333	2376	37.8	90.2
OKFUSKEE	1221	1260	3083	49.2	80.5
OKLAHOMA	31353	23520	57283	57.1	95.8
OKMULGEE	3075	2404	6720	56.1	81.5
OSAGE	2711	2213	5405	55.1	91.1
OTTAWA	1936	2718	5327	41.6	87.4
PAWNEE	1040	1031	2250	50.2	92.0
PAYNE	3516	2521	6175	58.2	97.8
PITTSBURG	4012	4013	10643	50.0	75.4
PONTOTOC	2190	2709	5995	44.7	81.7
POTTAWATOMIE	4457	4257	10329	51.1	84.4
PUSHMATAHA	846	1514	3388	35.8	69.7
ROGER MILLS	400	806	1430	33.2	84.3
ROGERS	2227	2212	5079	50.2	87.4
SEMINOLE	1820	1832	4332	49.8	84.3
SEQUOYAH	1538	1921	4750	44.5	72.8
STEPHENS	2961	3957	7975	42.8	86.7
TEXAS	1392	1289	2901	51.9	92.4
TILLMAN	931	1334	2842	41.1	79.7
TULSA	28122	11538	40938	70.9	96.9
WAGONER	1500	1533	3673	49.5	82.6
WASHINGTON	5671	4407	10191	56.3	98.9
WASHITA	834	1295	2608	39.2	81.6
WOODS	942	1477	2234	38.9	109.3
WOODWARD	1286	1235	2563	51.0	98.4

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
197421	185125	434550	51.6	88.0

PARDON AND PAROLE BOARD
SP PRI ELEC AUG 27.68
LEG REF 162 REJECT ST.Q. 446

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	722	813	1984	47.0	77.4
ALFALFA	948	957	1704	49.8	111.8
ATOKA	943	1263	2972	42.7	74.2
BEAVER	510	610	1080	45.5	103.7
BECKHAM	1746	1704	4271	50.6	80.8
BLAINE	896	1357	2108	39.8	106.9
BRYAN	1930	2341	6075	45.2	70.3
CADDO	2095	2540	5550	45.2	83.5
CANADIAN	2833	3815	7215	42.6	92.1
CARTER	3288	4639	9690	41.5	81.8
CHEROKEE	1852	1929	4655	49.0	91.2
CHOCTAW	1627	1490	4292	52.2	72.6
CIMARRON	320	736	1079	30.3	97.9
CLEVELAND	5852	3577	9880	62.1	95.4
COAL	410	1057	1778	27.9	82.5
COMANCHE	5099	6517	13440	43.9	86.4
COTTON	607	1045	2077	36.7	79.5
CRAIG	1282	1934	3872	39.9	83.1
CREEK	2866	3273	6951	46.7	88.3
CUSTER	1980	2022	4495	49.5	89.0
DELAWARE	1208	1496	3249	44.7	83.2
DEWEY	514	848	1577	37.7	86.4
ELLIS	429	738	1177	36.8	99.2
GARFIELD	6813	4146	10559	62.2	103.8
GARVIN	2542	2888	6803	46.8	79.8
GRADY	2439	2574	6203	48.7	80.8
GRANT	932	1123	1952	45.4	105.3
GREER	1074	859	2413	55.6	80.1
HARMON	386	568	1416	40.5	67.4
HARPER	392	483	845	44.8	103.6
HASKELL	899	1386	3394	39.3	67.3
HUGHES	1133	1544	3546	42.3	75.5
JACKSON	2072	1373	4796	60.1	71.8
JEFFERSON	635	890	2266	41.6	67.3
JOHNSTON	696	1328	2527	34.4	80.1
KAY	3407	5515	8572	38.2	104.1
KINGFISHER	1247	1956	2969	38.9	107.9
KIOWA	1166	1313	2865	47.0	86.5
LATIMER	798	918	2550	46.5	67.3
LE FLORE	2661	2961	7827	47.3	71.8
LINCOLN	1430	2202	3997	39.4	90.9
LOGAN	1758	2048	3843	46.2	99.0
LOVE	504	723	1964	41.1	62.5
MCCLAIN	1354	1772	3981	43.3	78.5
MCCURTAIN	2393	2973	7664	44.6	70.0
MCINTOSH	918	1204	2871	43.3	73.9
MAJOR	809	887	1451	47.7	116.9
MARSHALL	854	1165	2864	42.3	70.5
MAYES	1669	2236	4660	42.7	83.8
MURRAY	973	1410	2910	40.8	81.9
MUSKOGEE	5220	5066	12719	50.7	80.9
NOBLE	965	1378	2462	41.2	95.2
NOWATA	792	1348	2376	37.0	90.1
OKFUSKEE	1216	1201	3083	50.3	78.4
OKLAHOMA	26566	27442	57283	49.6	95.0
OKMULGEE	2847	2533	6720	52.9	80.1
OSAGE	2273	2660	5405	46.1	91.3
OTTAWA	1579	3178	5327	33.2	89.3
PAWNEE	871	1210	2250	41.9	92.5
PAYNE	3150	2854	6175	52.5	97.2
PITTSBURG	4142	3865	10643	51.7	75.2
PONTOTOC	2244	2595	5995	46.4	80.7
POTTAWATOMIE	3452	4995	10329	40.9	81.8
PUSHMATAHA	929	1489	3388	38.4	71.4
ROGER MILLS	448	784	1430	37.0	84.8
ROGERS	2234	2174	5079	50.7	86.8
SEMINOLE	1646	2054	4332	44.5	85.4
SEQUOYAH	1341	1995	4750	40.2	70.2
STEPHENS	3075	3790	7975	44.8	86.1
TEXAS	1390	1290	2901	51.9	92.4
TILLMAN	1009	1240	2842	44.9	79.1
TULSA	23097	16766	40938	57.9	97.4
WAGONER	1390	1588	3673	46.7	81.1
WASHINGTON	5160	4944	10191	51.1	99.1
WASHITA	918	1204	2608	43.3	81.4
WOODS	1209	1185	2234	50.5	107.2
WOODWARD	1268	1265	2563	50.1	98.8

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
182742	197219	434550	48.1	87.4

TABLE D-109

SALARIES FOR ELECTED OFFICIALS
SP PRI ELEC AUG 27,68
LEG REF 169 REJECT ST.Q. 456

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	689	872	1984	44.1	78.7
ALFALFA	793	1133	1704	41.2	113.0
ATOKA	782	1438	2972	35.2	74.7
BEAVER	450	693	1080	39.4	105.8
BECKHAM	1469	2000	4271	42.3	81.2
BLAINE	769	1493	2108	34.0	107.3
BRYAN	1661	2663	6075	38.4	71.2
CADDO	1808	2903	5550	38.4	84.9
CANADIAN	2384	4349	7215	35.4	93.3
CARTER	3412	4686	9690	42.1	83.6
CHEROKEE	1655	2141	4655	43.6	81.5
CHOCTAW	1462	1658	4292	46.9	72.7
CIMARRON	307	769	1079	28.5	99.7
CLEVELAND	5200	4291	9880	54.6	96.1
COAL	332	1096	1778	23.2	80.3
COMANCHE	5126	6677	13440	43.4	87.8
COTTON	566	1088	2077	34.2	79.6
CRAIG	1217	1987	3872	38.0	82.7
CREEK	2769	3381	6951	45.0	88.5
CUSTER	1296	2740	4495	32.1	89.8
DELAWARE	1143	1581	3249	42.0	83.8
DEWEY	426	976	1577	30.4	88.9
ELLIS	369	817	1177	31.1	100.8
GARFIELD	5503	5505	10559	50.0	104.3
GARVIN	2153	3341	6803	39.2	80.8
GRADY	2108	3013	6203	41.2	82.6
GRANT	835	1288	1952	39.3	108.8
GREER	887	1068	2413	45.4	81.0
HARMON	358	629	1416	36.3	69.7
HARPER	298	586	845	33.7	104.6
HASKELL	799	1513	3394	34.6	68.1
HUGHES	969	1651	3546	37.0	73.9
JACKSON	1736	1791	4796	49.2	73.5
JEFFERSON	580	993	2266	36.9	69.4
JOHNSTON	810	1407	2527	30.4	80.1
KAY	4269	4758	8572	47.3	105.3
KINGFISHER	1047	2169	2969	32.6	108.3
KIOWA	935	1511	2865	38.2	85.4
LATIMER	725	1009	2550	41.8	68.0
LE FLORE	2392	3320	7827	41.9	73.0
LINCOLN	1326	2368	3997	35.9	92.4
LOGAN	1450	2342	3843	38.2	98.7
LOVE	455	771	1964	37.1	62.4
MCCLAIN	1241	1848	3981	40.2	77.6
MCCURTAIN	2037	3404	7664	37.4	71.0
MCINTOSH	844	1313	2871	39.1	75.1
MAJOR	664	1056	1451	38.6	118.5
MARSHALL	699	1307	2864	34.8	70.0
MAYES	1625	2304	4660	41.4	84.3
MURRAY	867	1559	2910	35.7	83.4
MUSKOGEE	5242	4981	12719	51.3	80.4
NOBLE	828	1505	2462	35.5	94.8
NOWATA	716	1465	2376	32.8	91.8
OKFUSKEE	1046	1379	3083	43.1	78.7
OKLAHOMA	27722	26907	57283	50.7	95.4
OKMULGEE	2670	2756	6720	49.2	80.7
OSAGE	2168	2770	5405	43.9	91.4
OTTAWA	1790	2861	5327	38.5	87.3
PAWNEE	882	1190	2250	42.6	92.1
PAYNE	2812	3256	6175	46.3	98.3
PITTSBURG	3477	4472	10643	43.7	74.7
PONTOTOC	1873	2994	5995	38.5	81.2
POTTAWATOMIE	3820	4926	10329	43.7	84.7
PUSHMATAHA	767	1620	3388	32.1	70.5
ROGER MILLS	346	861	1430	28.7	84.4
ROGERS	1957	2472	5079	44.2	87.2
SEMINOLE	1598	2173	4332	42.4	87.0
SEQUOYAH	1347	1954	4750	40.8	69.5
STEPHENS	2524	4534	7975	35.8	98.5
TEXAS	1176	1525	2901	43.5	93.1
TILLMAN	883	1434	2842	38.1	81.5
TULSA	26011	13543	40938	65.8	96.6
WAGONER	1309	1661	3673	44.1	80.9
WASHINGTON	5095	4980	10191	50.6	98.9
WASHITA	770	1417	2608	35.2	83.9
WOODS	934	1496	2234	38.4	108.8
WOODWARD	1035	1504	2563	40.8	99.1

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
174301	207894	434550	45.6	88.0

PETITION FOR GRAND JURIES
SP PRI ELEC AUG 27,68
LEG REF 170 ADOPT ST.Q. 457

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	815	732	1984	52.7	78.0
ALFALFA	731	1137	1704	39.1	109.6
ATOKA	897	1280	2972	41.2	73.3
BEAVER	551	547	1080	50.2	101.7
BECKHAM	1725	1622	4271	51.5	78.4
BLAINE	955	1224	2108	43.8	103.4
BRYAN	1946	2255	6075	46.3	69.2
CADDO	2186	2352	5550	48.2	81.8
CANADIAN	2634	3795	7215	41.0	89.1
CARTER	3334	4506	9690	42.5	80.9
CHEROKEE	2151	1618	4655	57.1	81.0
CHOCTAW	1586	1505	4292	51.3	72.0
CIMARRON	357	686	1079	34.2	96.7
CLEVELAND	5649	3649	9880	60.8	94.1
COAL	464	964	1778	32.5	80.3
COMANCHE	5938	5625	13440	51.4	86.0
COTTON	639	963	2077	39.9	77.1
CRAIG	1492	1578	3872	48.6	79.3
CREEK	3521	2516	6951	58.3	86.9
CUSTER	2194	1713	4495	56.2	86.9
DELAWARE	1365	1282	3249	51.6	81.5
DEWEY	535	825	1577	39.3	86.2
ELLIS	426	698	1177	37.9	95.5
GARFIELD	4964	5697	10559	46.6	101.0
GARVIN	2367	2895	6803	45.0	77.3
GRADY	2440	2487	6203	49.5	79.4
GRANT	786	1242	1952	38.8	103.9
GREER	954	851	2413	52.9	74.8
HARMON	373	563	1416	39.9	66.1
HARPER	366	483	845	43.1	100.5
HASKELL	903	1345	3394	40.2	66.2
HUGHES	1080	1493	3546	42.0	72.6
JACKSON	1860	1518	4796	55.1	70.4
JEFFERSON	645	842	2266	43.4	65.6
JOHNSTON	719	1253	2527	36.5	78.0
KAY	5329	3477	8572	60.5	102.7
KINGFISHER	1276	1872	2969	40.5	106.0
KIOWA	1065	1272	2865	45.6	81.6
LATIMER	772	927	2550	45.4	66.6
LE FLORE	2647	2939	7827	47.4	71.4
LINCOLN	1506	2083	3997	42.0	89.8
LOGAN	1731	1977	3843	46.7	96.5
LOVE	488	722	1964	40.3	61.6
MCCLAIN	1330	1729	3981	43.5	76.8
MCCURTAIN	2521	2750	7664	47.8	68.8
MCINTOSH	950	1130	2871	45.7	72.4
MAJOR	618	973	1451	38.8	109.6
MARSHALL	809	1142	2864	41.5	68.1
MAYES	1986	1822	4660	52.2	81.7
MURRAY	1006	1318	2910	43.3	79.9
MUSKOGEE	6198	3864	12719	61.6	79.1
NOBLE	1025	1251	2462	45.0	92.4
NOWATA	1014	1133	2376	47.2	90.4
OKFUSKEE	1188	1165	3083	50.5	76.3
OKLAHOMA	32313	21020	57283	60.6	93.1
OKMULGEE	3115	2193	6720	58.7	79.0
OSAGE	2671	2172	5405	55.2	89.6
OTTAWA	2459	2077	5327	54.2	85.2
PAWNEE	994	1027	2250	49.2	89.8
PAYNE	3368	2491	6175	57.5	94.9
PITTSBURG	3940	3869	10643	50.5	73.4
PONTOTOC	2254	2526	5995	47.2	79.7
POTTAWATOMIE	3525	5001	10329	41.3	82.5
PUSHMATAHA	874	1443	3388	37.7	68.4
ROGER MILLS	395	740	1430	34.8	79.4
ROGERS	2187	2202	5079	49.8	86.4
SEMINOLE	1754	1875	4332	48.3	83.8
SEQUOYAH	1519	1728	4750	46.8	68.4
STEPHENS	3211	3522	7975	47.7	84.4
TEXAS	1338	1259	2901	51.5	89.5
TILLMAN	985	1227	2842	44.5	77.8
TULSA	28337	9071	40938	75.8	91.4
WAGONER	1533	1399	3673	52.3	79.8
WASHINGTON	6311	3682	10191	63.2	98.1
WASHITA	964	1134	2608	45.9	80.4
WOODS	1127	1248	2234	47.5	106.3
WOODWARD	1225	1219	2563	50.1	95.4

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
199406	171412	434550	53.8	85.3

TABLE D-110

INTANGIBLE PROPERTY TAX
SP PRI ELEC AUG 27.68
LEG REF 173 ADOPT ST.Q. 460

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	1332	494	1984	72.9	92.0
ALFALFA	1503	537	1704	73.7	119.7
ATOKA	1523	944	2972	61.7	83.0
BEAVER	1000	248	1080	80.1	115.6
BECKHAM	3234	863	4271	78.9	95.9
BLAINE	1714	700	2108	71.0	114.5
BRYAN	2902	1803	6075	61.7	77.4
CADDO	3696	1541	5550	70.6	94.4
CANADIAN	5847	1519	7215	79.4	102.1
CARTER	6747	2285	9690	74.7	93.2
CHEROKEE	3565	893	4655	80.0	95.8
CHOCTAW	2084	1180	4292	63.8	76.0
CIMARRON	784	364	1079	68.3	106.4
CLEVELAND	8237	1799	9880	82.1	101.6
COAL	752	762	1778	49.7	85.2
COMANCHE	9802	2845	13440	77.5	94.1
COTTON	1106	701	2077	61.2	87.0
CRAIG	2959	811	3872	78.5	97.4
CREEK	5307	1413	6951	79.0	96.7
CUSTER	3539	981	4495	78.3	100.6
DELAWARE	2133	827	3249	72.1	91.1
DEWEY	1236	412	1577	75.0	104.5
ELLIS	941	386	1177	70.9	112.7
GARFIELD	9303	2286	10559	80.3	109.8
GARVIN	4842	1569	6803	75.5	94.2
GRADY	4400	1459	6203	75.1	94.5
GRANT	1432	652	1952	68.7	106.8
GREER	1900	468	2413	80.2	98.1
HARMON	774	368	1416	67.8	80.6
HARPER	771	186	845	80.6	113.3
HASKELL	1493	1038	3394	59.0	74.6
HUGHES	1939	1073	3546	64.4	84.9
JACKSON	3387	851	4796	79.9	88.4
JEFFERSON	1310	548	2266	70.5	82.0
JOHNSTON	1084	1011	2527	51.8	83.0
KAY	7827	1086	8572	87.8	104.0
KINGFISHER	2616	785	2969	76.9	114.6
KIOWA	2244	694	2865	76.4	102.5
LATIMER	1261	665	2550	65.5	75.5
LE FLORE	4355	2124	7827	67.2	82.8
LINCOLN	3154	987	3997	76.2	103.6
LOGAN	3185	977	3843	76.5	108.3
LOVE	1199	430	1964	73.6	82.9
MCCLAIN	2548	1027	3981	71.3	89.8
MCCURTAIN	3373	2332	7664	59.1	74.4
MCINTOSH	1660	795	2871	67.6	85.5
MAJOR	1392	456	1451	75.3	127.4
MARSHALL	1542	781	2864	66.4	81.1
MAYES	3154	1199	4660	72.5	93.4
MURRAY	1954	809	2910	70.7	94.9
MUSKOGEE	8609	2383	12719	78.3	86.4
NOBLE	2132	475	2462	81.8	105.9
NOWATA	1492	813	2376	64.7	97.0
OKFUSKEE	1884	886	3083	68.0	89.8
OKLAHOMA	51579	8922	57283	85.3	105.6
OKMULGEE	5143	1246	6720	80.5	95.1
OSAGE	4177	1204	5405	77.6	99.6
OTTAWA	3759	1438	5327	72.3	97.6
PAWNEE	1762	536	2250	76.7	102.1
PAYNE	5478	1112	6175	83.1	106.7
PITTSBURG	7714	1986	10643	79.5	91.1
PONTOTOC	3947	1604	5995	71.1	92.6
POTTAWATOMIE	7602	2114	10329	78.2	94.1
PUSHMATAHA	1909	890	3388	68.2	82.6
ROGER MILLS	796	525	1430	60.3	92.4
ROGERS	3680	1241	5079	74.8	96.9
SEMINOLE	3205	1043	4332	75.4	98.1
SEQUOYAH	2129	1462	4750	59.3	75.6
STEPHENS	6038	1757	7975	77.5	97.7
TEXAS	2782	397	2901	87.5	109.6
TILLMAN	2120	625	2842	77.2	96.6
TULSA	38547	4513	40938	89.5	105.2
WAGONER	2334	931	3673	71.5	88.9
WASHINGTON	8554	1961	10191	81.4	103.2
WASHITA	2078	589	2608	77.9	102.3
WOODS	1839	715	2234	72.0	114.3
WOODWARD	2515	378	2563	86.9	112.9

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
329848	92710	434550	78.1	97.2

CHANGE IN ESTIMATE OF REVENUES
SP PRI ELEC AUG 27.68
LEG REF 174 REJECT ST.Q. 461

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	749	772	1984	49.2	76.7
ALFALFA	634	1276	1704	33.2	112.1
ATOKA	948	1247	2972	43.2	73.9
BEAVER	567	548	1080	50.9	103.2
BECKHAM	1591	1779	4271	47.2	78.9
BLAINE	882	1333	2108	39.8	105.1
BRYAN	1954	2194	6075	47.1	68.3
CADDO	2070	2458	5550	45.7	81.6
CANADIAN	2765	3813	7215	42.0	91.2
CARTER	3521	4302	9690	45.0	80.7
CHEROKEE	1824	1873	4655	49.3	79.4
CHOCTAW	1647	1428	4292	53.6	71.6
CIMARRON	417	617	1079	40.3	95.8
CLEVELAND	4214	5099	9880	45.2	94.3
COAL	456	984	1778	31.7	81.0
COMANCHE	5140	6381	13440	44.6	85.7
COTTON	634	986	2077	39.1	78.0
CRAIG	1303	1853	3872	41.3	81.5
CREEK	3047	2998	6951	50.4	87.0
CUSTER	1485	2440	4495	37.8	87.3
DELAWARE	1286	1366	3249	48.5	81.6
DEWEY	507	849	1577	37.4	86.0
ELLIS	409	747	1177	35.4	98.2
GARFIELD	4209	6580	10559	39.0	102.2
GARVIN	2498	2776	6803	47.4	77.5
GRADY	2381	2563	6203	48.2	79.7
GRANT	734	1310	1952	35.9	104.7
GREER	960	847	2413	53.1	74.9
HARMON	358	566	1416	38.7	65.3
HARPER	330	544	845	37.8	103.4
HASKELL	884	1342	3394	39.7	65.6
HUGHES	1053	1535	3546	40.7	73.0
JACKSON	1977	1375	4796	59.0	69.9
JEFFERSON	628	880	2266	41.6	66.5
JOHNSTON	676	1284	2527	35.0	74.4
KAY	3570	5305	8572	40.2	103.5
KINGFISHER	1235	1954	2969	38.7	107.4
KIOWA	1101	1265	2865	46.5	82.6
LATIMER	783	906	2550	46.4	66.2
LE FLORE	2662	2871	7827	48.1	70.7
LINCOLN	1446	2176	3997	39.9	90.6
LOGAN	1746	1996	3843	46.7	97.4
LOVE	531	696	1964	43.3	62.5
MCCLAIN	1317	1752	3981	42.9	77.1
MCCURTAIN	2404	2800	7664	46.2	67.9
MCINTOSH	923	1166	2871	44.2	72.8
MAJOR	591	1079	1451	35.4	115.1
MARSHALL	847	1111	2864	43.3	68.4
MAYES	1560	2293	4660	40.5	82.7
MURRAY	993	1312	2910	43.1	79.2
MUSKOGEE	4936	4929	12719	50.0	77.6
NOBLE	1003	1314	2462	43.3	94.1
NOWATA	762	1352	2376	36.0	89.0
OKFUSKEE	1133	1238	3083	47.8	76.9
OKLAHOMA	25969	27466	57283	48.6	93.3
OKMULGEE	2776	2539	6720	52.2	79.1
OSAGE	2135	2707	5405	44.1	89.6
OTTAWA	2459	2130	5327	53.6	86.1
PAWNEE	787	1259	2250	38.5	90.9
PAYNE	3278	2679	6175	55.0	96.5
PITTSBURG	4116	3593	10643	53.4	72.4
PONTOTOC	2167	2544	5995	46.0	78.6
POTTAWATOMIE	3665	4803	10329	43.3	82.0
PUSHMATAHA	889	1488	3388	37.4	70.2
ROGER MILLS	399	771	1430	34.1	81.8
ROGERS	1921	2544	5079	43.0	87.9
SEMINOLE	1763	1892	4332	48.2	84.4
SEQUOYAH	1445	1761	4750	45.1	67.5
STEPHENS	2904	3887	7975	42.8	85.2
TEXAS	1495	1142	2901	56.7	90.9
TILLMAN	1063	1151	2842	48.0	77.9
TULSA	14833	24547	40938	37.7	96.2
WAGONER	1260	1666	3673	43.1	79.7
WASHINGTON	4066	5915	10191	40.7	97.9
WASHITA	889	1194	2608	42.7	79.9
WOODS	903	1474	2234	38.0	106.4
WOODWARD	1260	1206	2563	51.1	96.2

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
166723	206788	434550	44.6	86.0

TABLE D-111

CONFLICT OF INTEREST
SP PRI ELEC AUG 27,68
LEG REF 175 ADOPT ST.Q. 462

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	826	695	1984	54.3	76.7
ALFALFA	683	1257	1704	35.2	113.8
ATOKA	1034	1117	2972	48.1	72.4
BEAVER	635	506	1080	55.7	105.6
BECKHAM	1886	1484	4271	56.0	78.9
BLAINE	935	1320	2108	41.5	107.0
BRYAN	2166	2088	6075	50.9	70.0
CADDO	2281	2270	5550	50.1	82.0
CANADIAN	3568	3129	7215	53.3	92.8
CARTER	3779	4163	9690	47.6	82.0
CHEROKEE	2007	1732	4655	53.7	80.3
CHOCTAW	1751	1306	4292	57.3	71.2
CIMARRON	410	645	1079	38.9	97.8
CLEVELAND	6124	3371	9880	64.5	96.1
COAL	441	983	1778	31.0	80.1
COMANCHE	5807	5824	13440	49.9	86.5
COTTON	706	931	2077	43.1	78.8
CRAIG	1494	1723	3872	46.4	83.1
CREEK	3439	2680	6951	56.2	88.0
CUSTER	1750	2234	4495	43.9	88.6
DELAWARE	1464	1236	3249	54.2	83.1
DEWEY	598	796	1577	42.9	88.4
ELLIS	471	690	1177	40.6	98.6
GARFIELD	4894	6100	10559	44.5	104.1
GARVIN	2806	2583	6803	52.1	79.2
GRADY	2731	2363	6203	53.6	82.1
GRANT	838	1227	1952	40.6	105.8
GREER	1056	817	2413	56.4	77.6
HARMON	458	506	1416	47.5	68.1
HARPER	404	473	845	46.1	103.8
HASKELL	977	1271	3394	43.5	66.2
HUGHES	1151	1423	3546	44.7	72.6
JACKSON	2223	1236	4796	64.3	72.1
JEFFERSON	669	835	2266	44.5	66.4
JOHNSTON	752	1183	2527	38.9	76.6
KAY	4107	4866	8572	45.8	104.7
KINGFISHER	1288	1923	2969	40.1	108.2
KIOWA	1203	1191	2865	50.3	83.6
LATIMER	864	842	2550	50.6	66.9
LE FLORE	2973	2619	7827	53.2	71.4
LINCOLN	1592	2054	3997	43.7	91.2
LOGAN	1884	1903	3843	49.7	98.5
LOVE	544	659	1964	45.2	61.3
MCCLAIN	1558	1550	3981	50.1	78.1
MCCURTAIN	2726	2535	7664	51.8	68.6
MCINTOSH	1062	1028	2871	50.8	72.8
MAJOR	691	1006	1451	40.7	117.0
MARSHALL	923	1046	2864	46.9	68.8
MAYES	1853	2002	4660	48.1	82.7
MURRAY	1072	1265	2910	45.9	80.3
MUSKOGEE	6438	3737	12719	63.3	80.0
NOBLE	1068	1252	2462	46.0	94.2
NOWATA	947	1170	2376	44.7	89.1
OKFUSKEE	1215	1159	3083	51.2	77.0
OKLAHOMA	29811	24643	57283	54.7	95.1
OKMULGEE	3144	2236	6720	58.4	80.1
OSAGE	2630	2276	5405	53.6	90.8
OTTAWA	2644	2017	5327	56.7	87.5
PAWNEE	983	1081	2250	47.6	91.7
PAYNE	3619	2458	6175	59.6	98.4
PITTSBURG	4661	3300	10643	58.5	74.8
PONTOTOC	2456	2380	5995	50.8	80.7
POTTAWATOMIE	4115	4576	10329	47.3	84.1
PUSHMATAHA	959	1388	3388	40.9	69.3
ROGER MILLS	532	664	1430	44.5	83.6
ROGERS	2415	2010	5079	54.6	87.1
SEMINOLE	1951	1766	4332	52.5	85.8
SEQUOYAH	1567	1643	4750	48.8	67.6
STEPHENS	3344	3577	7975	48.3	86.8
TEXAS	1577	1108	2901	58.7	92.6
TILLMAN	1149	1119	2842	50.7	79.8
TULSA	24647	14975	40938	62.2	96.8
WAGONER	1540	1390	3673	52.6	79.8
WASHINGTON	6633	3485	10191	65.6	99.3
WASHITA	1081	1078	2608	50.1	82.8
WOODS	1105	1286	2234	46.2	107.0
WOODWARD	1322	1192	2563	52.6	98.1

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
201107	177652	434550	53.1	87.2

JUDICIAL REFORM
SP.PRI ELEC SEP 17,68
INT PET 201 REJECT ST.Q. 441

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	151	866	1037	14.8	98.1
ALFALFA	164	939	1081	14.9	102.0
ATOKA	644	1581	2833	28.9	78.5
BEAVER	133	733	828	15.4	104.6
BECKHAM	1268	1788	3252	41.5	94.0
BLAINE	304	1722	1966	15.0	103.1
BRYAN	1322	2571	5461	34.0	71.3
CADDO	1587	2091	4148	43.1	88.7
CANADIAN	1894	4518	6370	29.5	100.7
CARTER	2396	4076	7215	37.0	89.7
CHEROKEE	1068	2622	4166	28.9	88.6
CHOCTAW	1512	2163	5038	41.1	72.9
CIMARRON	41	541	532	7.0	109.4
CLEVELAND	5428	3144	8752	63.3	97.9
COAL	127	430	585	22.8	95.2
COMANCHE	5306	6106	12525	46.5	91.1
COTTON	157	457	624	25.6	98.4
CRAIG	268	852	1154	23.9	97.1
CREEK	1579	3896	5496	28.8	99.6
CUSTER	1489	1772	3389	45.7	96.2
DELAWARE	589	1831	2819	24.3	85.8
DEWEY	118	718	832	14.1	100.5
ELLIS	142	714	819	16.6	104.5
GARFIELD	1980	5673	7729	25.9	99.0
GARVIN	1389	1894	3772	42.3	87.0
GRADY	1869	2748	5131	40.5	90.0
GRANT	216	1249	1425	14.7	102.8
GREER	685	1368	2457	33.4	83.6
HARMON	425	783	1569	35.2	77.0
HARPER	206	558	744	27.0	102.7
HASKELL	367	1297	2088	22.1	79.7
HUGHES	285	980	1326	22.5	95.4
JACKSON	1507	2630	4725	36.4	87.6
JEFFERSON	101	593	701	14.6	99.0
JOHNSTON	144	902	1086	13.8	96.3
KAY	1981	2703	4675	42.3	100.2
KINGFISHER	391	1440	1799	21.4	101.8
KIOWA	788	1812	2938	30.3	88.5
LATIMER	645	1425	2711	31.2	76.4
LE FLORE	755	5641	6714	11.8	95.3
LINCOLN	689	863	1570	44.4	98.9
LOGAN	638	1241	1833	34.0	102.5
LOVE	74	371	470	16.6	94.7
MCCLAIN	917	1210	2506	43.1	84.9
MCCURTAIN	2371	3303	8149	41.8	69.6
MCINTOSH	208	535	795	28.0	93.5
MAJOR	184	1346	1489	12.0	102.8
MARSHALL	336	829	1325	28.8	87.9
MAYES	930	2486	3629	27.2	94.1
MURRAY	232	685	950	25.3	96.5
MUSKOGEE	1908	4853	7140	28.2	94.7
NOBLE	925	1133	2218	44.9	92.8
NOWATA	207	614	835	25.2	98.3
OKFUSKEE	274	647	950	29.8	96.9
OKLAHOMA	28214	12969	35836	68.5	114.9
OKMULGEE	1499	3342	5371	31.0	90.1
OSAGE	899	1668	2602	35.0	98.7
OTTAWA	772	1335	2099	36.6	100.4
PAWNEE	503	976	1550	34.0	95.4
PAYNE	2088	1332	3410	61.1	100.3
PITTSBURG	700	2430	3318	22.4	94.3
PONTOTOC	1628	1732	3882	48.5	86.6
POTTAWATOMIE	2046	5056	7690	28.8	92.4
PUSHMATAHA	658	1530	2945	30.1	74.3
ROGER MILLS	120	388	522	23.6	97.3
ROGERS	1488	3329	5365	30.9	89.8
SEMINOLE	731	1187	1972	38.1	97.3
SEQUOYAH	122	1400	1474	8.0	103.3
STEPHENS	1678	2648	4664	38.8	92.8
TEXAS	646	2256	2939	22.3	98.7
TILLMAN	338	1268	1591	21.0	100.9
TULSA	16114	17508	30899	47.9	108.8
WAGONER	677	1518	2495	30.8	88.0
WASHINGTON	1971	5595	7203	26.1	105.0
WASHITA	482	783	1311	38.1	96.5
WOODS	311	1159	1426	21.2	103.1
WOODWARD	772	1359	2110	36.2	101.0

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
115771	172711	299045	40.1	96.5

TABLE D-112

TAXATION OF TRANSIENT PROPERTY
SP PRI ELEC SEP 17.68
LEG REF 159 ADOPT ST.Q. 443

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	416	493	1037	45.8	87.7
ALFALFA	673	409	1081	62.2	100.1
ATOKA	911	1142	2833	44.4	72.5
BEAVER	442	381	828	53.7	99.4
BECKHAM	1782	1129	3252	61.2	89.5
BLAINE	1019	885	1966	53.5	96.8
BRYAN	1949	1835	5461	51.5	69.3
CADDO	2075	1436	4148	59.1	84.6
CANADIAN	3478	2628	6370	57.0	95.9
CARTER	4022	2090	7215	65.8	84.7
CHEROKEE	1814	1521	4166	54.4	80.1
CHOCTAW	1669	1596	5038	51.1	64.8
CIMARRON	228	319	532	41.7	102.8
CLEVELAND	6277	2127	8752	74.7	96.0
COAL	303	251	585	54.7	94.7
COMANCHE	6659	4174	12525	61.5	86.5
COTTON	286	294	624	49.3	92.9
CRAIG	628	453	1154	58.1	93.7
CREEK	3419	1870	5496	64.6	96.2
CUSTER	2111	1042	3389	67.0	93.0
DELAWARE	1095	1215	2819	47.4	81.9
DEWEY	333	448	832	42.6	93.9
ELLIS	351	443	819	44.2	96.9
GARFIELD	5438	2042	7729	72.7	96.8
GARVIN	1965	1189	3772	62.3	83.6
GRADY	2652	1624	5131	62.0	83.3
GRANT	841	569	1425	59.6	98.9
GREER	1145	742	2457	60.7	76.8
HARMON	556	524	1569	51.5	68.8
HARPER	443	311	744	58.8	101.3
HASKELL	584	903	2088	39.3	71.2
HUGHES	662	538	1326	55.2	90.5
JACKSON	2074	1530	4725	57.5	76.3
JEFFERSON	293	330	701	47.0	88.9
JOHNSTON	434	574	1086	43.1	92.8
KAY	3296	1290	4675	71.9	98.1
KINGFISHER	1123	664	1799	62.8	99.3
KIOWA	1346	1058	2938	56.0	81.8
LATIMER	891	990	2711	47.4	69.4
LE FLORE	1933	2997	6714	39.2	73.4
LINCOLN	1028	499	1570	67.3	97.3
LOGAN	1261	591	1833	68.1	101.0
LOVE	182	221	470	45.2	85.7
MCCLAIN	1135	894	2506	55.9	81.0
MCCURTAIN	2736	2677	8149	50.5	66.4
MCINTOSH	403	289	795	58.2	87.0
MAJOR	815	627	1489	56.5	96.8
MARSHALL	530	518	1325	50.6	79.1
MAYES	1732	1433	3629	54.7	87.2
MURRAY	511	360	950	58.7	91.7
MUSKOGEE	3862	2433	7140	61.4	88.2
NOBLE	1276	752	2218	62.9	91.4
NOWATA	507	321	835	61.2	99.2
OKFUSKEE	481	382	950	55.7	90.8
OKLAHOMA	32583	7671	35836	80.9	112.3
OKMULGEE	2693	1940	5371	58.1	86.3
OSAGE	1925	616	2602	75.8	97.7
OTTAWA	1189	808	2099	59.5	95.1
PAWNEE	924	530	1550	63.5	93.8
PAYNE	2634	731	3410	78.3	98.7
PITTSBURG	1874	1084	3318	63.4	89.2
PONTOTOC	1824	1367	3882	57.2	82.2
POTTAWATOMIE	4158	2558	7690	61.9	87.3
PUSHMATAHA	815	1189	2945	40.7	68.0
ROGER MILLS	211	272	522	43.7	92.5
ROGERS	2819	1866	5365	60.2	87.3
SEMINOLE	1213	657	1972	64.9	94.8
SEQUOYAH	475	818	1474	36.7	87.7
STEPHENS	2749	1482	4664	65.0	90.7
TEXAS	1623	1070	2939	60.3	91.6
TILLMAN	1029	503	1591	67.2	96.3
TULSA	26574	5671	30899	82.6	105.7
WAGONER	1161	940	2495	55.3	84.2
WASHINGTON	6455	992	7203	86.7	103.4
WASHITA	782	462	1311	61.6	91.8
WOODS	887	563	1426	61.2	101.7
WOODWARD	1294	758	2110	63.1	97.3

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
182126	92601	299045	66.3	91.9

FIXING MAXIMUM INTEREST RATES
SP PRI ELEC SEP 17.68
LEG REF 167 ADOPT ST.Q. 454

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	575	376	1037	60.5	91.7
ALFALFA	800	287	1081	73.6	100.6
ATOKA	1366	890	2833	60.5	79.6
BEAVER	564	285	828	66.4	102.5
BECKHAM	2212	844	3252	72.4	94.0
BLAINE	1322	639	1966	67.4	99.7
BRYAN	2507	1519	5461	62.3	73.7
CADDO	2739	1027	4148	72.7	90.8
CANADIAN	4229	1952	6370	68.4	97.0
CARTER	5085	1372	7215	78.8	89.5
CHEROKEE	2391	1233	4166	66.0	87.0
CHOCTAW	1969	1401	5038	58.4	66.9
CIMARRON	292	253	532	53.6	102.4
CLEVELAND	7148	1465	8752	83.0	98.4
COAL	372	188	585	66.4	95.7
COMANCHE	9205	2417	12525	79.2	92.8
COTTON	452	172	624	72.4	100.0
CRAIG	855	260	1154	76.7	96.6
CREEK	4114	1347	5496	75.3	99.4
CUSTER	2611	677	3389	79.4	97.0
DELAWARE	1472	923	2819	61.5	85.0
DEWEY	525	297	832	63.9	98.8
ELLIS	525	301	819	63.6	100.9
GARFIELD	6281	1425	7729	81.5	99.7
GARVIN	2761	734	3772	79.0	92.7
GRADY	3544	1097	5131	76.4	90.5
GRANT	985	425	1425	69.9	98.9
GREER	1447	602	2457	70.6	83.4
HARMON	735	420	1569	63.6	73.6
HARPER	565	186	744	75.2	100.9
HASKELL	928	686	2088	57.5	77.3
HUGHES	954	401	1326	68.0	94.6
JACKSON	2923	1077	4725	73.1	84.7
JEFFERSON	479	214	701	69.1	98.9
JOHNSTON	583	439	1086	57.0	94.1
KAY	3924	772	4675	83.6	100.4
KINGFISHER	1361	460	1799	74.7	101.2
KIOWA	1803	782	2938	69.7	88.0
LATIMER	1259	779	2711	61.8	75.2
LE FLORE	3477	2227	6714	61.0	85.0
LINCOLN	1203	350	1570	77.5	98.9
LOGAN	1488	393	1833	79.1	102.6
LOVE	282	164	470	63.2	94.9
MCCLAIN	1640	553	2506	74.8	87.5
MCCURTAIN	3161	2301	8149	57.9	67.0
MCINTOSH	561	175	795	76.2	92.6
MAJOR	1086	416	1489	72.3	100.9
MARSHALL	671	442	1325	60.3	84.0
MAYES	2302	1055	3629	68.6	92.5
MURRAY	661	247	950	72.8	95.6
MUSKOGEE	4967	1595	7140	75.7	91.9
NOBLE	1610	502	2218	76.2	95.2
NOWATA	636	208	835	75.4	101.1
OKFUSKEE	653	245	950	72.7	94.5
OKLAHOMA	34991	5781	35836	85.8	113.8
OKMULGEE	3738	1150	5371	76.5	91.0
OSAGE	2208	386	2602	85.1	99.7
OTTAWA	1485	559	2099	72.7	97.4
PAWNEE	1099	374	1550	74.6	95.0
PAYNE	2853	589	3410	82.9	100.9
PITTSBURG	2483	660	3318	79.0	94.7
PONTOTOC	2353	1070	3882	68.7	88.2
POTTAWATOMIE	5281	1760	7690	75.0	91.6
PUSHMATAHA	1103	987	2945	52.8	71.0
ROGER MILLS	324	182	522	64.0	96.9
ROGERS	3655	1244	5365	74.6	91.3
SEMINOLE	1483	460	1972	76.3	98.5
SEQUOYAH	736	711	1474	50.9	98.2
STEPHENS	3565	894	4664	80.0	95.6
TEXAS	2099	711	2939	74.7	95.6
TILLMAN	1220	342	1591	78.1	98.2
TULSA	29647	3854	30899	88.5	108.4
WAGONER	1405	689	2495	67.1	83.9
WASHINGTON	6813	698	7203	90.7	104.3
WASHITA	986	297	1311	76.9	97.9
WOODS	1074	413	1426	71.5	101.5
WOODWARD	1694	453	2110	78.9	101.8

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
220415	65761	299045	77.0	95.7

TABLE D-113

CORPORATION REPORTS
SP PRI ELEC SEP 17.68
LEG REF 168 ADOPT ST.O. 455

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	314	563	1037	35.8	84.6
ALFALFA	589	484	1081	54.9	99.3
ATOKA	711	1280	2833	35.7	70.3
BEAVER	315	480	828	39.6	96.0
BECKHAM	1557	1255	3252	55.4	86.5
BLAINE	855	1024	1966	45.5	95.6
BRYAN	1649	2011	5461	45.1	67.0
CADDO	1733	1722	4148	50.2	83.3
CANADIAN	2889	3086	6370	48.4	93.8
CARTER	3182	2812	7215	53.1	83.1
CHEROKEE	1365	1905	4166	41.7	78.5
CHOCTAW	1419	1703	5038	45.5	62.0
CIMARRON	146	384	532	27.5	99.6
CLEVELAND	5100	3153	8752	61.8	94.3
COAL	220	314	585	41.2	91.3
COMANCHE	5078	5478	12525	48.1	84.3
COTTON	219	346	624	38.8	90.5
CRAIG	458	605	1154	43.1	92.1
CREEK	2730	2449	5496	52.7	94.2
CUSTER	1516	1551	3389	49.4	90.5
DELAWARE	859	1352	2819	38.9	78.4
DEWEY	252	516	832	32.8	92.3
ELLIS	287	489	819	37.0	94.7
GARFIELD	4813	2621	7729	64.7	96.2
GARVIN	1649	1419	3772	53.7	81.3
GRADY	2140	1974	5131	52.0	80.2
GRANT	691	685	1425	50.2	96.6
GREER	957	840	2457	53.3	73.1
HARMON	460	577	1569	44.4	66.1
HARPER	360	375	744	49.0	98.8
HASKELL	471	982	2088	32.4	69.6
HUGHES	480	681	1326	41.3	87.6
JACKSON	1679	1785	4725	48.5	73.3
JEFFERSON	216	381	701	36.2	85.2
JOHNSTON	241	728	1088	24.9	39.2
KAY	2507	2031	4675	55.2	97.1
KINGFISHER	902	847	1799	51.6	97.2
KIOWA	1080	1261	2938	46.1	79.7
LATIMER	694	1123	2711	38.2	67.0
LE FLORE	1488	3267	6714	31.3	70.8
LINCOLN	842	656	1570	56.2	95.4
LOGAN	1145	660	1833	63.4	98.5
LOVE	135	249	470	35.2	81.7
MCCLAIN	980	1010	2506	49.2	79.4
MCCURTAIN	2331	2865	8149	44.9	63.8
MCINTOSH	295	361	795	45.0	82.5
MAJOR	723	729	1489	49.8	97.5
MARSHALL	366	633	1325	36.6	75.4
MAYES	1400	1741	3629	44.6	86.6
MURRAY	427	430	950	49.8	90.2
MUSKOGEE	2988	3178	7140	48.5	86.4
NOBLE	1024	945	2218	52.0	88.8
NOWATA	394	412	835	48.9	96.5
OKFUSKEE	389	430	950	47.5	86.2
OKLAHOMA	29220	10599	35836	73.4	111.1
OKMULGEE	2125	2369	5371	47.3	83.7
OSAGE	1542	948	2602	61.9	95.7
OTTAWA	803	1147	2099	41.2	92.9
PAWNEE	767	643	1550	54.4	91.0
PAYNE	2063	1244	3410	62.4	97.0
PITTSBURG	1374	1481	3318	48.1	86.0
PONTOTOC	1417	1649	3882	46.2	79.0
POTTAWATOMIE	3451	2934	7690	54.0	83.0
PUSHMATAHA	656	1253	2945	34.4	64.8
ROGER MILLS	152	321	522	32.1	90.6
ROGERS	2170	2364	5365	47.9	84.5
SEMINOLE	864	965	1972	47.2	92.7
SEQUOYAH	360	872	1474	29.2	83.6
STEPHENS	1962	2086	4664	48.5	86.8
TEXAS	1164	1680	2939	44.4	89.3
TILLMAN	818	632	1591	56.4	91.1
TULSA	23219	8588	30899	73.0	102.9
WAGONER	920	1124	2495	45.0	81.9
WASHINGTON	5684	1686	7203	77.1	102.3
WASHITA	623	568	1311	52.3	70.8
WOODS	727	699	1426	51.0	100.0
WOODWARD	1049	951	2110	52.4	94.8

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
150840	117421	299045	56.2	89.7

ISSUANCE OF CORPORATE STOCK
SP PRI ELEC SEP 17.68
LEG REF 171 ADOPT ST.O. 458

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	338	540	1037	38.5	84.7
ALFALFA	557	474	1081	54.0	95.4
ATOKA	776	1217	2833	38.9	70.3
BEAVER	328	466	828	41.3	95.9
BECKHAM	1559	1193	3252	56.6	84.6
BLAINE	873	978	1966	47.2	94.2
BRYAN	1626	2032	5461	44.5	67.0
CADDO	1810	1596	4148	53.1	82.1
CANADIAN	2995	2944	6370	50.4	93.2
CARTER	3075	2834	7215	52.0	81.9
CHEROKEE	1432	1801	4166	44.3	77.6
CHOCTAW	1447	1630	5038	47.0	61.1
CIMARRON	150	368	532	29.0	97.4
CLEVELAND	5334	2891	8752	64.9	94.0
COAL	227	310	585	42.3	91.8
COMANCHE	5279	5067	12525	51.0	82.6
COTTON	222	340	624	39.5	90.1
CRAIG	481	567	1154	45.9	90.8
CREEK	2878	2229	5496	56.4	92.9
CUSTER	1603	1430	3389	52.9	89.5
DELAWARE	901	1261	2819	41.7	76.7
DEWEY	270	480	832	36.0	90.1
ELLIS	289	485	819	37.3	94.5
GARFIELD	4971	2432	7729	67.1	95.8
GARVIN	1730	1309	3772	56.9	80.6
GRADY	2196	1833	5131	54.5	78.5
GRANT	706	681	1425	50.9	97.3
GREER	978	802	2457	54.9	72.4
HARMON	446	558	1569	44.4	64.0
HARPER	377	353	744	51.6	98.1
HASKELL	482	942	2088	33.8	68.2
HUGHES	495	652	1326	43.2	86.5
JACKSON	1765	1642	4725	51.8	72.1
JEFFERSON	223	363	701	38.1	83.6
JOHNSTON	304	760	1088	21.2	98.8
KAY	2663	1847	4675	59.0	96.5
KINGFISHER	901	844	1799	51.6	97.0
KIOWA	1084	1205	2938	47.4	77.9
LATIMER	751	1019	2711	42.4	65.3
LE FLORE	1545	3082	6714	33.4	68.9
LINCOLN	864	593	1570	59.3	92.8
LOGAN	1172	653	1833	64.2	99.6
LOVE	135	243	470	35.7	80.4
MCCLAIN	1000	949	2506	51.3	77.8
MCCURTAIN	2408	2691	8149	47.2	62.6
MCINTOSH	298	344	795	46.4	80.8
MAJOR	729	683	1489	51.6	94.8
MARSHALL	401	603	1325	39.9	75.8
MAYES	1442	1683	3629	46.1	86.1
MURRAY	425	396	950	51.8	86.4
MUSKOGEE	3072	2997	7140	50.6	85.0
NOBLE	1079	885	2218	54.9	98.5
NOWATA	409	386	835	51.4	95.2
OKFUSKEE	417	419	950	49.9	88.0
OKLAHOMA	29658	9837	35836	75.1	110.2
OKMULGEE	2229	2251	5371	49.8	83.4
OSAGE	1638	824	2602	66.5	94.6
OTTAWA	845	1081	2099	43.9	91.8
PAWNEE	794	615	1550	56.4	90.9
PAYNE	2213	1067	3410	67.5	96.2
PITTSBURG	1394	1453	3318	49.0	85.8
PONTOTOC	1471	1581	3882	48.2	79.6
POTTAWATOMIE	3458	2740	7690	55.8	80.6
PUSHMATAHA	666	1249	2945	34.8	65.0
ROGER MILLS	176	295	522	37.4	90.2
ROGERS	2322	2168	5365	51.7	83.7
SEMINOLE	917	924	1972	49.8	93.4
SEQUOYAH	384	852	1474	31.1	83.9
STEPHENS	2023	1977	4664	50.6	85.8
TEXAS	1247	1313	2939	48.7	87.1
TILLMAN	849	591	1591	59.0	90.5
TULSA	24345	7519	30899	76.4	103.1
WAGONER	935	1060	2495	46.9	80.0
WASHINGTON	5857	1473	7203	79.9	101.8
WASHITA	625	958	1311	52.8	90.2
WOODS	733	680	1426	51.9	99.1
WOODWARD	1095	887	2110	55.2	93.9

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
155692	109977	299045	58.6	88.8

TABLE D-114

JURY TRIALS
SP PRI ELEC SEP 17,68
LEG REF 172 ADOPT ST.Q. 459

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	392	510	1037	43.5	87.0
ALFALFA	646	424	1081	60.4	99.0
ATOKA	839	1142	2833	42.4	69.9
BEAVER	350	457	828	43.4	97.5
BECKHAM	1700	1126	3252	60.2	86.9
BLAINE	964	905	1966	51.6	95.1
BRYAN	1606	2086	5461	43.5	67.6
CADDO	2021	1425	4148	58.6	83.1
CANADIAN	3375	2583	6370	56.6	93.5
CARTER	3617	2367	7215	60.4	82.9
CHEROKEE	1614	1510	4166	51.7	75.0
CHOCTAW	1599	1484	5038	51.9	61.2
CIMARRON	195	334	532	36.9	99.4
CLEVELAND	6068	2203	8752	73.4	94.5
COAL	183	350	585	34.3	91.1
COMANCHE	6305	4226	12525	59.9	84.1
COTTON	281	290	624	49.2	91.5
CRAIG	581	485	1154	54.5	92.4
CREEK	3131	2002	5496	61.0	93.4
CUSTER	1959	1115	3389	63.7	90.7
DELAWARE	1009	1217	2819	45.3	79.0
DEWEY	305	457	832	40.0	91.6
ELLIS	325	450	819	41.9	94.6
GARFIELD	5275	2175	7729	70.8	96.4
GARVIN	1857	1197	3772	60.8	81.0
GRADY	2464	1641	5131	60.0	80.0
GRANT	778	595	1425	56.7	96.4
GREER	1042	759	2457	57.9	73.3
HARMON	523	496	1569	51.3	64.9
HARPER	389	364	744	53.1	98.5
HASKELL	535	904	2088	37.2	68.9
HUGHES	545	606	1326	47.4	86.8
JACKSON	1984	1484	4725	57.2	73.4
JEFFERSON	244	344	701	41.5	83.9
JOHNSTON	210	743	1066	22.0	87.8
KAY	3141	1413	4675	69.0	97.4
KINGFISHER	1008	771	1799	56.7	98.9
KIOWA	1315	1018	2938	56.4	79.4
LATIMER	854	952	2711	47.3	66.6
LE FLORE	1692	3026	6714	35.9	70.3
LINCOLN	870	625	1570	58.2	95.2
LOGAN	1236	569	1833	68.5	98.5
LOVE	164	227	470	41.9	83.2
MCCLAIN	1088	872	2506	55.5	78.2
MCCURTAIN	2613	2525	8149	50.9	63.1
MCINTOSH	373	283	795	56.9	82.5
MAJOR	759	666	1489	53.3	95.7
MARSHALL	461	546	1325	45.8	76.0
MAYES	1665	1520	3629	52.3	87.8
MURRAY	461	384	950	54.6	88.9
MUSKOGEE	3404	2699	7140	55.8	85.5
NOBLE	1211	765	2218	61.3	89.1
NOWATA	484	329	835	59.5	97.4
OKFUSKEE	470	350	950	57.3	86.3
OKLAHOMA	31433	8497	35836	78.7	111.4
OKMULGEE	2437	2061	5371	54.2	83.7
OSAGE	1747	746	2602	70.1	95.8
OTTAWA	1023	937	2099	52.2	93.4
PAWNEE	832	558	1550	59.9	89.7
PAYNE	2498	807	3410	75.6	96.9
PITTSBURG	1615	1206	3318	57.2	85.0
PONTOTOC	1726	1345	3882	56.2	79.1
POTTAWATOMIE	3894	2579	7690	60.2	84.2
PUSHMATAHA	757	1171	2945	39.3	65.5
ROGER MILLS	198	276	522	41.8	90.8
ROGERS	2583	1977	5365	56.6	85.0
SEMINOLE	1169	678	1972	63.3	93.7
SEQUOYAH	427	812	1474	34.5	84.1
STEPHENS	2393	1670	4664	58.9	87.1
TEXAS	1437	1202	2939	54.5	89.8
TILLMAN	910	542	1591	62.7	91.3
TULSA	25739	6556	30899	79.7	104.5
WAGONER	1030	972	2495	51.4	80.2
WASHINGTON	6075	1294	7203	82.4	102.3
WASHITA	691	501	1311	58.0	90.9
WOODS	819	597	1426	57.8	99.3
WOODWARD	1241	776	2110	61.5	95.6

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
170854	97736	299045	63.6	89.8

REPEAL OATH OF OFFICE
GEN ELECT NOV 5, 68
LEG REF 161 ADOPT ST.Q. 445

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	1816	1835	5645	49.7	64.7
ALFALFA	1297	1974	3886	39.7	86.2
ATOKA	1471	1497	4232	49.6	70.1
BEAVER	930	1505	3110	38.2	78.3
BECKHAM	2774	2433	6941	53.3	75.0
BLAINE	2145	2150	5075	49.9	84.6
BRYAN	3034	2240	8302	57.5	63.5
CADDO	4276	3574	11008	54.5	71.3
CANADIAN	5466	4677	12032	53.9	84.3
CARTER	5726	4958	14579	53.6	73.3
CHEROKEE	3117	2606	8605	54.5	66.5
CHOCTAW	1897	1307	5501	59.2	58.2
CIMARRON	728	1048	2103	41.0	84.5
CLEVELAND	12675	8686	25892	59.3	82.5
COAL	719	860	2290	45.0	69.8
COMANCHE	10214	6473	23383	61.2	71.4
COTTON	1049	1103	3195	48.7	67.4
CRAIG	2210	2154	6089	50.6	71.7
CREEK	7509	5596	16265	57.3	80.6
CUSTER	3666	3039	8473	54.7	79.1
DELAWARE	2266	2129	6834	51.6	64.3
DEWEY	888	1215	2879	42.2	73.0
ELLIS	913	1114	2619	45.0	77.4
GARFIELD	9846	10726	23387	47.9	88.0
GARVIN	4064	3488	10617	53.8	71.1
GRADY	4322	3676	11255	54.0	71.1
GRANT	1389	2127	3916	39.5	89.8
GREER	1160	1174	3540	49.7	65.9
HARMON	550	605	2144	47.6	53.9
HARPER	839	1225	2376	40.6	86.9
HASKELL	1185	1386	4249	46.1	60.5
HUGHES	1890	2183	5719	46.4	71.2
JACKSON	3005	1952	7596	60.6	65.3
JEFFERSON	940	845	3114	52.7	57.3
JOHNSTON	1292	1059	3308	54.3	72.3
KAY	10682	7101	21754	60.1	81.7
KINGFISHER	2184	2591	5522	45.7	86.5
KIOWA	1955	1825	5654	51.7	66.9
LATIMER	982	1203	3377	44.9	64.7
LE FLORE	3378	3935	11209	46.2	65.2
LINCOLN	3188	3123	8183	50.5	77.1
LOGAN	3212	3344	8251	49.0	79.5
LOVE	687	696	2394	49.7	57.8
MCCLAIN	2136	2156	5619	49.8	76.4
MCCURTAIN	2831	2257	8773	55.6	58.0
MCINTOSH	1613	1635	4617	49.7	70.3
MAJOR	1403	1725	3521	44.9	88.8
MARSHALL	1131	1087	3408	51.0	65.1
MAYES	3326	3245	9695	50.6	67.8
MURRAY	1578	1393	4322	53.1	68.7
MUSKOGEE	10003	6473	22699	60.7	72.6
NOBLE	2170	1923	4985	53.0	82.1
NOWATA	1756	1904	4581	48.0	79.9
OKFUSKEE	1552	1508	4496	50.7	68.1
OKLAHOMA	53330	41881	89818	56.0	50.2
OKMULGEE	5588	4360	13621	56.2	73.0
OSAGE	5221	4032	11908	56.4	77.7
OTTAWA	4384	4036	11332	52.1	74.3
PAWNEE	1954	1729	4818	53.1	76.4
PAYNE	8931	5607	17975	61.4	80.9
PITTSBURG	5210	4563	14092	53.3	69.4
PONTOTOC	4343	3579	10936	54.8	72.4
POTTAWATOMIE	8185	5329	17683	60.6	76.4
PUSHMATAHA	1187	1231	3806	49.1	63.5
ROGER MILLS	712	1043	2471	40.6	71.0
ROGERS	4027	3691	10587	52.2	72.9
SEMINOLE	4212	3311	9852	56.0	76.4
SEQUOYAH	2059	2602	7776	44.2	59.9
STEPHENS	6408	4450	14417	59.0	75.3
TEXAS	2615	2203	5909	54.3	81.5
TILLMAN	1790	1788	4950	50.0	72.3
TULSA	52320	30679	153437	63.0	54.1
WAGONER	2800	2541	7828	52.4	68.2
WASHINGTON	12757	5737	20640	69.0	89.6
WASHITA	2013	1723	5225	53.9	71.5
WOODS	2462	2208	5541	52.9	84.6
WOODWARD	2277	2532	5887	47.3	81.7

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
357840	284656	963728	55.7	66.7

TABLE D-115

STATE INDEBTEDNESS
SP ELECT DEC 10, 68
LEG REF 176 ADOPT ST.Q. 463

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	390	127	517	75.4	100.0
ALFALFA	580	319	899	64.5	100.0
ATOKA	344	142	486	70.8	100.0
BEAVER	353	169	522	67.6	100.0
BECKHAM	816	275	1091	74.8	100.0
BLAINE	762	257	1019	74.8	100.0
BRYAN	623	327	950	65.6	100.0
CADDO	1372	531	1903	72.1	100.0
CANADIAN	1796	524	2320	77.4	100.0
CARTER	1859	279	2138	87.0	100.0
CHEROKEE	1298	670	1968	66.0	100.0
CHOCTAW	803	233	1036	77.5	100.0
CIMARRON	197	95	292	67.5	100.0
CLEVELAND	5521	764	6285	87.8	100.0
COAL	228	186	414	55.1	100.0
COMANCHE	2665	345	3010	88.5	100.0
COTTON	305	154	459	66.4	100.0
CRAIG	712	327	1039	68.5	100.0
CREEK	1745	428	2173	80.3	100.0
CUSTER	2282	236	2518	90.6	100.0
DELAWARE	506	253	759	66.7	100.0
DEWEY	395	175	570	69.3	100.0
ELLIS	396	173	569	69.6	100.0
GARFIELD	3155	3366	6521	48.4	100.0
GARVIN	1221	356	1577	77.4	100.0
GRADY	2086	607	2693	77.5	100.0
GRANT	564	580	1144	49.3	100.0
GREER	450	159	609	73.9	100.0
HARMON	324	91	415	78.1	100.0
HARPER	424	200	624	67.9	100.0
HASKELL	388	160	548	70.8	100.0
HUGHES	732	223	955	76.6	100.0
JACKSON	977	250	1227	79.6	100.0
JEFFERSON	336	96	432	77.8	100.0
JOHNSTON	467	176	643	71.5	100.0
KAY	3099	898	3997	77.5	100.0
KINGFISHER	819	354	1173	69.8	100.0
KIOWA	642	202	844	76.1	100.0
LATIMER	544	93	637	85.4	100.0
LE FLORE	1112	334	1446	76.9	100.0
LINCOLN	939	389	1328	70.7	100.0
LOGAN	1297	675	1972	65.8	100.0
LOVE	212	119	331	64.0	100.0
MCCLAIN	644	288	932	69.1	100.0
MCCURTAIN	707	317	1024	69.0	100.0
MCINTOSH	401	195	596	67.3	100.0
MAJOR	412	434	846	48.7	100.0
MARSHALL	393	95	488	80.5	100.0
MAYES	947	416	1363	69.5	100.0
MURRAY	706	132	838	84.2	100.0
MUSKOGEE	2830	550	3380	83.7	100.0
NOBLE	616	402	1018	60.5	100.0
NOWATA	392	307	699	56.1	100.0
OKFUSKEE	672	155	827	81.3	100.0
OKLAHOMA	35549	5502	41051	86.6	100.0
OKMULGEE	1842	333	2175	84.7	100.0
OSAGE	1465	778	2243	65.3	100.0
OTTAWA	1811	882	2693	67.2	100.0
PAWNEE	630	241	871	72.3	100.0
PAYNE	3219	567	3786	85.0	100.0
PITTSBURG	1421	295	1716	82.8	100.0
PONTOTOC	1471	379	1850	79.5	100.0
POTTAWATOMIE	2136	820	2956	72.3	100.0
PUSHMATAHA	314	299	613	51.2	100.0
ROGER MILLS	247	104	351	70.4	100.0
ROGERS	792	337	1129	70.2	100.0
SEMINOLE	1245	247	1492	83.4	100.0
SEQUOYAH	519	131	650	79.8	100.0
STEPHENS	1606	479	2085	77.0	100.0
TEXAS	811	105	916	88.5	100.0
TILLMAN	541	199	940	57.6	100.0
TULSA	16986	5522	22508	75.5	100.0
WAGONER	606	204	810	74.8	100.0
WASHINGTON	2459	802	3261	75.4	100.0
WASHITA	776	297	1071	72.3	100.0
WOODS	995	358	1353	73.5	100.0
WOODWARD	1436	560	1996	71.9	100.0

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
133313	39251	172564	77.3	100.0

OATH FOR PUBLIC OFFICERS
SP ELECT SEPT 9, 69
LEG REF 178 ADOPT ST.Q. 466

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	409	224	633	64.6	100.0
ALFALFA	254	155	409	62.1	100.0
ATOKA	164	200	364	45.1	100.0
BEAVER	111	135	246	45.1	100.0
BECKHAM	270	184	454	59.5	100.0
BLAINE	251	232	483	52.0	100.0
BRYAN	303	204	507	59.8	100.0
CADDO	483	321	804	60.1	100.0
CANADIAN	1260	589	1849	68.1	100.0
CARTER	474	334	808	58.7	100.0
CHEROKEE	757	468	1225	61.8	100.0
CHOCTAW	186	136	322	57.8	100.0
CIMARRON	81	98	179	45.3	100.0
CLEVELAND	930	586	1516	61.3	100.0
COAL	109	160	269	40.5	100.0
COMANCHE	743	513	1256	59.2	100.0
COTTON	236	284	520	45.4	100.0
CRAIG	199	286	485	41.0	100.0
CREEK	608	415	1023	59.4	100.0
CUSTER	426	230	656	64.9	100.0
DELAWARE	268	250	518	51.7	100.0
DEWEY	177	195	372	47.6	100.0
ELLIS	148	138	286	51.7	100.0
GARFIELD	1241	960	2201	56.4	100.0
GARVIN	540	292	832	64.9	100.0
GRADY	422	287	709	59.5	100.0
GRANT	301	270	571	52.7	100.0
GREER	743	225	968	76.8	100.0
HARMON	82	123	205	40.0	100.0
HARPER	149	163	312	47.8	100.0
HASKELL	119	197	316	37.7	100.0
HUGHES	235	188	423	55.6	100.0
JACKSON	352	211	563	62.5	100.0
JEFFERSON	155	109	264	58.7	100.0
JOHNSTON	119	213	332	35.8	100.0
KAY	996	539	1535	64.9	100.0
KINGFISHER	291	214	505	57.6	100.0
KIOWA	734	266	1000	73.4	100.0
LATIMER	200	116	316	63.3	100.0
LE FLORE	1318	1456	2774	47.5	100.0
LINCOLN	372	351	723	51.5	100.0
LOGAN	340	312	652	52.1	100.0
LOVE	636	400	1036	61.4	100.0
MCCLAIN	155	204	359	43.2	100.0
MCCURTAIN	385	258	643	59.9	100.0
MCINTOSH	174	134	308	56.5	100.0
MAJOR	142	265	407	34.9	100.0
MARSHALL	105	94	199	52.8	100.0
MAYES	285	219	504	56.5	100.0
MURRAY	182	114	296	61.5	100.0
MUSKOGEE	2344	854	3198	73.3	100.0
NOBLE	499	298	797	62.6	100.0
NOWATA	827	497	1324	62.5	100.0
OKFUSKEE	264	144	408	64.7	100.0
OKLAHOMA	6680	3398	10078	66.3	100.0
OKMULGEE	596	243	839	71.0	100.0
OSAGE	1094	606	1700	64.4	100.0
OTTAWA	339	287	626	54.2	100.0
PAWNEE	284	214	498	57.0	100.0
PAYNE	744	495	1239	60.0	100.0
PITTSBURG	681	405	1086	62.7	100.0
PONTOTOC	1042	615	1657	62.9	100.0
POTTAWATOMIE	795	511	1306	60.9	100.0
PUSHMATAHA	138	173	311	44.4	100.0
ROGER MILLS	361	298	659	54.8	100.0
ROGERS	260	238	498	52.2	100.0
SEMINOLE	430	149	579	74.3	100.0
SEQUOYAH	298	132	430	69.3	100.0
STEPHENS	2546	1132	3678	69.2	100.0
TEXAS	269	192	461	58.4	100.0
TILLMAN	330	158	488	67.6	100.0
TULSA	34026	28775	62801	54.2	100.0
WAGONER	467	289	756	61.8	100.0
WASHINGTON	4287	1549	5836	73.5	100.0
WASHITA	423	227	650	65.1	100.0
WOODS	416	223	639	65.1	100.0
WOODWARD	316	257	573	55.1	100.0

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
80376	56876	137252	58.6	100.0

TABLE D-116

STATE INDUSTRIAL FINANCE BONDS
SP ELECT SEPT 9, 69
LEG REF 179 REJECT ST.Q. 466

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	351	254	605	58.0	100.0
ALFALFA	241	167	408	59.1	100.0
ATOKA	148	218	366	40.4	100.0
BEAVER	81	163	244	33.2	100.0
BECKHAM	237	216	453	52.3	100.0
BLAINE	239	242	481	49.7	100.0
BRYAN	281	228	509	55.2	100.0
CADDO	426	367	793	53.7	100.0
CANADIAN	1050	747	1797	58.4	100.0
CARTER	433	360	793	54.6	100.0
CHEROKEE	580	614	1194	48.6	100.0
CHOCTAW	168	153	321	52.3	100.0
CIMARRON	65	113	178	36.5	100.0
CLEVELAND	800	703	1503	53.2	100.0
COAL	96	173	269	35.7	100.0
COMANCHE	643	607	1250	51.4	100.0
COTTON	169	316	485	34.8	100.0
CRAIG	159	313	472	33.7	100.0
CREEK	477	535	1012	47.1	100.0
CUSTER	374	278	652	57.4	100.0
DELAWARE	178	332	510	34.9	100.0
DEWEY	142	235	377	37.7	100.0
ELLIS	111	175	286	38.8	100.0
GARFIELD	1186	1011	2197	54.0	100.0
GARVIN	515	321	836	61.6	100.0
GRADY	369	335	704	52.4	100.0
GRANT	246	322	568	43.3	100.0
GREER	672	266	938	71.6	100.0
HARMON	55	150	205	26.8	100.0
HARPER	125	185	310	40.3	100.0
HASKELL	83	235	318	26.1	100.0
HUGHES	207	215	422	49.1	100.0
JACKSON	281	275	556	50.5	100.0
JEFFERSON	145	119	264	54.9	100.0
JOHNSTON	96	233	329	29.2	100.0
KAY	890	629	1519	58.6	100.0
KINGFISHER	232	278	510	45.5	100.0
KIOWA	639	373	1012	63.1	100.0
LATIMER	175	134	309	56.6	100.0
LE FLORE	884	1841	2725	32.4	100.0
LINCOLN	309	409	718	43.0	100.0
LOGAN	294	358	652	45.1	100.0
LOVE	510	456	966	52.8	100.0
MCCLAIN	148	212	360	41.1	100.0
MCCURTAIN	322	309	631	51.0	100.0
MCINTOSH	135	172	307	44.0	100.0
MAJOR	106	299	405	26.2	100.0
MARSHALL	96	100	196	49.0	100.0
MAYES	229	272	501	45.7	100.0
MURRAY	153	145	298	51.3	100.0
MUSKOGEE	2046	1064	3110	65.8	100.0
NOBLE	348	426	774	45.0	100.0
NOWATA	665	647	1312	50.7	100.0
OKFUSKEE	244	157	401	60.8	100.0
OKLAHOMA	5664	4373	10037	56.4	100.0
OKMULGEE	511	327	838	61.0	100.0
OSAGE	859	814	1673	51.3	100.0
OTTAWA	279	354	633	44.1	100.0
PAWNEE	230	261	491	46.8	100.0
PAYNE	640	599	1239	51.7	100.0
PITTSBURG	667	415	1082	61.6	100.0
PONTOTOC	767	832	1599	48.0	100.0
POTTAWATOMIE	746	560	1306	57.1	100.0
PUSHMATAHA	137	186	323	42.4	100.0
ROGER MILLS	259	388	647	40.0	100.0
ROGERS	221	274	495	44.6	100.0
SEMINOLE	383	193	576	66.5	100.0
SEQUOYAH	280	148	428	65.4	100.0
STEPHENS	1789	1712	3501	51.1	100.0
TEXAS	213	251	464	45.9	100.0
TILLMAN	264	221	485	54.4	100.0
TULSA	27198	35194	62392	43.6	100.0
WAGONER	364	391	755	48.2	100.0
WASHINGTON	3585	2168	5753	62.3	100.0
WASHITA	419	219	638	65.7	100.0
WOODS	367	273	640	57.3	100.0
WOODWARD	279	294	573	48.7	100.0

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
65975	69904	135879	48.6	100.0

CONSTITUTION CONVENTION
SP ELECT MARCH 17, 70
LEG REF 180 REJECT ST.Q. 472

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	37	894	931	4.0	100.0
ALFALFA	67	1329	1396	4.8	100.0
ATOKA	65	1804	1869	3.5	100.0
BEAVER	25	1891	1916	1.3	100.0
BECKHAM	206	1793	1999	10.3	100.0
BLAINE	165	1708	1873	8.8	100.0
BRYAN	108	2757	2865	3.8	100.0
CADDO	390	2363	2753	14.2	100.0
CANADIAN	569	2621	3190	17.8	100.0
CARTER	913	2576	3489	26.2	100.0
CHEROKEE	157	1227	1384	11.3	100.0
CHOCTAW	68	1917	1985	3.4	100.0
CIMARRON	13	1394	1407	0.9	100.0
CLEVELAND	2934	3481	6415	45.7	100.0
COAL	56	1004	1062	5.6	100.0
COMANCHE	1454	4556	6010	24.2	100.0
COTTON	44	1546	1590	2.8	100.0
CRAIG	70	1185	1255	5.6	100.0
CREEK	490	2318	2808	17.5	100.0
CUSTER	595	2690	3285	18.1	100.0
DELAWARE	62	1502	1564	4.0	100.0
DEWEY	56	1526	1582	3.5	100.0
ELLIS	44	1602	1646	2.7	100.0
GARFIELD	915	4990	5905	15.5	100.0
GARVIN	370	2645	3015	12.3	100.0
GRADY	662	2797	3459	19.1	100.0
GRANT	47	1416	1463	3.2	100.0
GREER	77	1712	1789	4.3	100.0
HARMON	27	1080	1107	2.4	100.0
HARPER	46	1531	1577	2.9	100.0
HASKELL	77	1712	1789	4.3	100.0
HUGHES	172	1855	2027	8.5	100.0
JACKSON	279	2042	2321	12.0	100.0
JEFFERSON	24	1446	1470	1.6	100.0
JOHNSTON	54	1392	1446	3.7	100.0
KAY	1067	3677	4744	22.5	100.0
KINGFISHER	274	1405	1679	16.3	100.0
KIOWA	132	2223	2355	5.6	100.0
LATIMER	108	1306	1414	7.6	100.0
LE FLORE	160	3345	3505	4.6	100.0
LINCOLN	312	1783	2095	14.9	100.0
LOGAN	313	1950	2263	13.8	100.0
LOVE	18	1854	1872	1.0	100.0
MCCLAIN	191	1544	1735	11.0	100.0
MCCURTAIN	231	2018	2249	10.3	100.0
MCINTOSH	108	2268	2376	4.5	100.0
MAJOR	64	1564	1628	3.9	100.0
MARSHALL	49	1489	1538	3.2	100.0
MAYES	214	1409	1623	13.2	100.0
MURRAY	90	1509	1599	5.6	100.0
MUSKOGEE	1797	4850	6647	27.0	100.0
NOBLE	99	1442	1541	6.4	100.0
NOWATA	78	471	549	14.2	100.0
OKFUSKEE	117	1133	1250	9.4	100.0
OKLAHOMA	12863	17754	30617	42.0	100.0
OKMULGEE	685	3346	4031	17.0	100.0
OSAGE	439	1566	2005	21.9	100.0
OTTAWA	330	1126	1456	22.7	100.0
PAWNEE	298	1114	1412	21.1	100.0
PAYNE	1543	2341	3884	39.7	100.0
PITTSBURG	925	3790	4715	19.6	100.0
PONTOTOC	739	2892	3631	20.4	100.0
POTTAWATOMIE	1365	3703	5068	26.9	100.0
PUSHMATAHA	80	1430	1510	5.3	100.0
ROGER MILLS	17	1372	1389	1.2	100.0
ROGERS	338	1706	2044	16.5	100.0
SEMINOLE	472	2690	3162	14.9	100.0
SEQUOYAH	111	2760	2871	3.9	100.0
STEPHENS	1169	5502	6671	17.5	100.0
TEXAS	94	1936	2030	4.6	100.0
TILLMAN	153	2398	2551	6.0	100.0
TULSA	17750	13884	31634	56.1	100.0
WAGONER	204	1098	1302	15.7	100.0
WASHINGTON	1453	1313	2766	52.5	100.0
WASHITA	118	2331	2449	4.8	100.0
WOODS	152	1998	2150	7.1	100.0
WOODWARD	163	2342	2505	6.5	100.0

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
58223	187934	246157	23.7	100.0

TABLE D-117

CONSTITUTION-ARTICLE REVISION
SP ELECT MARCH 17, 70
LEG REF 181 REJECT ST.Q. 473

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	48	894	942	5.1	100.0
ALFALFA	186	1205	1391	13.4	100.0
ATOKA	95	1754	1849	5.1	100.0
BEAVER	50	1852	1902	2.6	100.0
BECKHAM	265	1717	1982	13.4	100.0
BLAINE	244	1609	1853	13.2	100.0
BRYAN	155	2689	2844	5.5	100.0
CADDO	489	2247	2736	17.9	100.0
CANADIAN	717	2467	3184	22.5	100.0
CARTER	992	2460	3452	28.7	100.0
CHEROKEE	182	1189	1371	13.3	100.0
CHOCTAW	139	1794	1933	7.2	100.0
CIMARRON	55	1323	1378	4.0	100.0
CLEVELAND	3011	3304	6315	47.7	100.0
COAL	80	977	1057	7.6	100.0
COMANCHE	1502	4394	5896	25.5	100.0
COTTON	77	1497	1574	4.9	100.0
CRAIG	110	1112	1222	9.0	100.0
CREEK	765	2024	2789	27.4	100.0
CUSTER	916	2304	3220	28.4	100.0
DELAWARE	112	1240	1352	8.3	100.0
DEWEY	91	1485	1576	5.8	100.0
ELLIS	91	1530	1621	5.6	100.0
GARFIELD	1626	4264	5890	27.6	100.0
GARVIN	637	2357	2994	21.3	100.0
GRADY	946	2478	3424	27.6	100.0
GRANT	166	1297	1463	11.3	100.0
GREER	161	1605	1766	9.1	100.0
HARMON	137	952	1089	12.6	100.0
HARPER	107	1460	1567	6.8	100.0
HASKELL	137	1628	1765	7.8	100.0
HUGHES	292	1722	2014	14.5	100.0
JACKSON	732	1528	2260	32.4	100.0
JEFFERSON	74	1379	1453	5.1	100.0
JOHNSTON	109	1322	1431	7.6	100.0
KAY	1581	3154	4735	33.4	100.0
KINGFISHER	333	1338	1671	19.9	100.0
KIOWA	203	2160	2363	8.6	100.0
LATIMER	160	1205	1365	11.7	100.0
LE FLORE	288	3177	3465	8.3	100.0
LINCOLN	408	1667	2075	19.7	100.0
LOGAN	403	1871	2274	17.7	100.0
LOVE	20	1836	1856	1.1	100.0
MCCLAIN	224	1501	1725	13.0	100.0
MCCURTAIN	450	1752	2202	20.4	100.0
MCINTOSH	171	2132	2303	7.4	100.0
MAJOR	144	1476	1620	8.9	100.0
MARSHALL	113	1397	1510	7.5	100.0
MAYES	254	1379	1633	15.6	100.0
MURRAY	180	1398	1578	11.4	100.0
MUSKOGEE	2039	4536	6575	31.0	100.0
NOBLE	208	1321	1529	13.6	100.0
NOWATA	113	432	545	20.7	100.0
OKFUSKEE	131	1121	1252	10.5	100.0
OKLAHOMA	13531	16938	30469	44.4	100.0
OKMULGEE	861	3254	4115	20.9	100.0
OSAGE	525	1461	1986	26.4	100.0
OTTAWA	343	1104	1447	23.7	100.0
PAWNEE	388	1016	1404	27.6	100.0
PAYNE	1701	2161	3862	44.0	100.0
PITTSBURG	990	3659	4649	21.3	100.0
PONTOTOC	790	2779	3569	22.1	100.0
POTTAWATOMIE	1524	3500	5024	30.3	100.0
PUSHMATAHA	121	1314	1435	8.4	100.0
ROGER MILLS	22	1362	1384	1.6	100.0
ROGERS	357	1696	2053	17.4	100.0
SEMINOLE	794	2328	3122	25.4	100.0
SEQUOYAH	150	2650	2800	5.4	100.0
STEPHENS	1321	5220	6541	20.2	100.0
TEXAS	222	1774	1996	11.1	100.0
TILLMAN	355	2134	2489	14.3	100.0
TULSA	17662	13668	31330	56.4	100.0
WAGONER	229	1074	1303	17.6	100.0
WASHINGTON	1670	1080	2750	60.7	100.0
WASHITA	225	2192	2417	9.3	100.0
WOODS	257	1870	2127	12.1	100.0
WOODWARD	401	2091	2492	16.1	100.0

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
67358	176237	243595	27.7	100.0

STATE INDUSTRIAL FINANCE BONDS
SP ELECT MARCH 17, 70
LEG REF 182 REJECT ST.Q. 474

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	247	694	941	26.2	100.0
ALFALFA	338	1050	1388	24.4	100.0
ATOKA	239	1608	1847	12.9	100.0
BEAVER	373	1535	1908	19.5	100.0
BECKHAM	467	1511	1978	23.6	100.0
BLAINE	359	1516	1875	19.1	100.0
BRYAN	484	2353	2837	17.1	100.0
CADDO	857	1887	2744	31.2	100.0
CANADIAN	988	2210	3198	30.9	100.0
CARTER	1373	2086	3459	39.7	100.0
CHEROKEE	230	1140	1370	16.8	100.0
CHOCTAW	313	1625	1938	16.2	100.0
CIMARRON	226	1154	1380	16.4	100.0
CLEVELAND	2760	3565	6325	43.6	100.0
COAL	189	863	1052	18.0	100.0
COMANCHE	1687	4084	5971	31.6	100.0
COTTON	192	1385	1577	12.2	100.0
CRAIG	222	1000	1222	18.2	100.0
CREEK	991	1822	2813	35.2	100.0
CUSTER	1230	2062	3292	37.4	100.0
DELAWARE	203	1343	1546	13.1	100.0
DEWEY	193	1388	1581	12.2	100.0
ELLIS	237	1387	1624	14.6	100.0
GARFIELD	1684	4243	5927	28.4	100.0
GARVIN	1054	1956	3010	35.0	100.0
GRADY	1679	1797	3476	48.3	100.0
GRANT	344	1120	1464	23.5	100.0
GREER	322	1444	1766	18.2	100.0
HARMON	199	888	1087	18.3	100.0
HARPER	265	1303	1568	16.9	100.0
HASKELL	346	1405	1751	19.8	100.0
HUGHES	412	1605	2017	20.4	100.0
JACKSON	876	1411	2287	38.3	100.0
JEFFERSON	264	1197	1461	18.1	100.0
JOHNSTON	234	1202	1436	16.3	100.0
KAY	1775	2975	4750	37.4	100.0
KINGFISHER	377	1297	1674	22.5	100.0
KIOWA	683	1639	2322	29.4	100.0
LATIMER	316	1052	1368	23.1	100.0
LE FLORE	673	2700	3373	20.0	100.0
LINCOLN	550	1531	2081	26.4	100.0
LOGAN	515	1754	2269	22.7	100.0
LOVE	515	1263	1778	29.0	100.0
MCCLAIN	355	1377	1732	20.5	100.0
MCCURTAIN	1015	1230	2245	45.2	100.0
MCINTOSH	367	1955	2322	15.8	100.0
MAJOR	283	1338	1621	17.5	100.0
MARSHALL	307	1213	1520	20.2	100.0
MAYES	377	1273	1650	22.8	100.0
MURRAY	293	1289	1582	18.5	100.0
MUSKOGEE	2644	4140	6784	39.0	100.0
NOBLE	308	1236	1544	19.9	100.0
NOWATA	158	389	547	28.9	100.0
OKFUSKEE	373	864	1237	30.2	100.0
OKLAHOMA	13260	17315	30575	43.4	100.0
OKMULGEE	1183	3021	4204	28.1	100.0
OSAGE	645	1348	1993	32.4	100.0
OTTAWA	421	1035	1456	28.9	100.0
PAWNEE	509	901	1410	36.1	100.0
PAYNE	1622	2248	3870	41.9	100.0
PITTSBURG	1329	3403	4732	28.1	100.0
PONTOTOC	1115	2503	3618	30.8	100.0
POTTAWATOMIE	1915	3179	5094	37.6	100.0
PUSHMATAHA	317	1183	1500	21.1	100.0
ROGER MILLS	143	1231	1374	10.4	100.0
ROGERS	509	1541	2050	24.8	100.0
SEMINOLE	1164	2001	3165	36.8	100.0
SEQUOYAH	406	2415	2821	14.4	100.0
STEPHENS	1796	4787	6583	27.3	100.0
TEXAS	558	1453	2011	27.7	100.0
TILLMAN	736	1791	2527	29.1	100.0
TULSA	16844	14637	31481	53.5	100.0
WAGONER	329	957	1286	25.6	100.0
WASHINGTON	1677	1074	2751	61.0	100.0
WASHITA	955	1470	2425	39.4	100.0
WOODS	460	1683	2143	21.5	100.0
WOODWARD	707	1803	2510	28.2	100.0

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
82761	162333	245094	33.8	100.0

TABLE D-118

LEGISLATIVE REAPPORTIONMENT
SP PRI ELEC AUG 25,70
LEG REF 185 REJECT ST.Q. 477

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	1231	1515	2746	44.8	100.0
ALFALFA	584	1241	1825	32.0	100.0
ATOKA	1048	1915	2963	35.4	100.0
BEAVER	294	656	950	30.9	100.0
BECKHAM	1054	1595	2649	39.8	100.0
BLAINE	768	1769	2537	30.3	100.0
BRYAN	2541	2684	5225	48.6	100.0
CADDO	2524	3500	6024	41.9	100.0
CANADIAN	2044	2732	4776	42.8	100.0
CARTER	3534	5255	8789	40.2	100.0
CHEROKEE	1780	2518	4298	41.4	100.0
CHOCTAW	1522	2186	3708	41.0	100.0
CIMARRON	338	868	1206	28.0	100.0
CLEVELAND	4379	5044	9423	46.5	100.0
COAL	943	1037	1980	47.6	100.0
COMANCHE	5450	5067	10517	51.8	100.0
COTTON	646	918	1566	41.4	100.0
CRAIG	1291	2260	3551	36.4	100.0
CREEK	3262	3660	6922	47.1	100.0
CUSTER	1374	2167	3541	38.8	100.0
DELAWARE	1302	2107	3409	38.2	100.0
DEWEY	443	1199	1642	27.0	100.0
ELLIS	356	833	1189	29.9	100.0
GARFIELD	3265	4416	7681	42.5	100.0
GARVIN	2699	3857	6556	41.2	100.0
GRADY	2449	3117	5566	44.0	100.0
GRANT	613	1466	2079	29.5	100.0
GREER	867	1277	2144	40.4	100.0
HARMON	605	835	1440	42.0	100.0
HARPER	333	776	1109	30.0	100.0
HASKELL	1043	1969	3012	34.6	100.0
HUGHES	1372	2209	3581	38.3	100.0
JACKSON	2422	1443	3865	62.7	100.0
JEFFERSON	1068	1076	2144	49.8	100.0
JOHNSTON	891	1814	2705	32.9	100.0
KAY	2198	3109	5307	41.4	100.0
KINGFISHER	979	1918	2897	33.8	100.0
KIOWA	1446	2039	3485	41.5	100.0
LATIMER	901	1719	2620	34.4	100.0
LE FLORE	2918	4460	7378	39.6	100.0
LINCOLN	1031	1911	2942	35.0	100.0
LOGAN	1363	1965	3328	41.0	100.0
LOVE	503	972	1475	34.1	100.0
MCCLAIN	1096	1543	2639	41.5	100.0
MCCURTAIN	2194	2825	5019	43.7	100.0
MCINTOSH	1462	2047	3509	41.7	100.0
MAJOR	550	1381	1931	28.5	100.0
MARSHALL	938	1576	2514	37.3	100.0
MAYES	2180	3054	5234	41.7	100.0
MURRAY	1026	1800	2826	36.3	100.0
MUSKOGEE	5813	5993	11806	49.2	100.0
NOBLE	880	1630	2510	35.1	100.0
NOWATA	991	1337	2328	42.6	100.0
OKFUSKEE	1930	1549	3479	55.5	100.0
OKLAHOMA	10414	17860	28274	36.8	100.0
OKMULGEE	3280	3734	7014	46.8	100.0
OSAGE	2815	3423	6238	45.1	100.0
OTTAWA	1947	2514	4461	43.6	100.0
PAWNEE	774	1367	2141	36.2	100.0
PAYNE	3472	3927	7399	46.9	100.0
PITTSBURG	4286	5410	9696	44.2	100.0
PONTOTOC	2492	3876	6368	39.1	100.0
POTTAWATOMIE	4136	5059	9195	45.0	100.0
PUSHMATAHA	726	1520	2246	32.3	100.0
ROGER MILLS	441	1097	1538	28.7	100.0
ROGERS	2486	3321	5807	42.8	100.0
SEMINOLE	2275	2640	4915	46.3	100.0
SEQUOYAH	1779	2606	4385	40.6	100.0
STEPHENS	3116	3932	7048	44.2	100.0
TEXAS	1043	1815	2858	36.5	100.0
TILLMAN	1153	2075	3228	35.7	100.0
TULSA	15089	21824	36913	40.9	100.0
WAGONER	1643	2103	3746	43.9	100.0
WASHINGTON	2477	3769	6246	39.7	100.0
WASHITA	1059	1811	2870	36.9	100.0
WOODS	1026	2065	3091	33.2	100.0
WOODWARD	888	1395	2283	38.9	100.0

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
155553	218952	374505	41.5	100.0

PUBLIC SCHOOL DESEGREGATION
SP ELECT SEPT 15, 70
LEG REF 183 REJECT ST.Q. 475

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	411	583	994	41.3	100.0
ALFALFA	461	596	1057	43.6	100.0
ATOKA	969	1819	2808	35.2	100.0
BEAVER	227	352	579	39.2	100.0
BECKHAM	1051	1420	2471	42.5	100.0
BLAINE	820	1443	2263	36.2	100.0
BRYAN	1944	2654	4598	42.3	100.0
CADDO	2278	2683	4961	45.9	100.0
CANADIAN	1934	2144	4078	47.4	100.0
CARTER	2953	3709	6662	44.3	100.0
CHEROKEE	1493	1868	3361	44.4	100.0
CHOCTAW	1252	1705	2957	42.3	100.0
CIMARRON	296	685	981	30.2	100.0
CLEVELAND	5308	3157	8465	62.7	100.0
COAL	486	551	1037	46.9	100.0
COMANCHE	4195	2991	7186	58.4	100.0
COTTON	720	994	1714	42.0	100.0
CRAIG	552	978	1530	36.1	100.0
CREEK	2084	2205	4289	48.6	100.0
CUSTER	1375	1448	2823	48.7	100.0
DELAWARE	768	1359	2127	36.1	100.0
DEWEY	367	693	1060	34.6	100.0
ELLIS	267	439	706	37.8	100.0
GARFIELD	4987	4295	9282	53.7	100.0
GARVIN	1701	3319	5020	33.9	100.0
GRADY	1771	1975	3746	47.3	100.0
GRANT	565	787	1352	41.8	100.0
GREER	517	864	1381	37.4	100.0
HARMON	458	442	900	50.9	100.0
HARPER	319	420	739	43.2	100.0
HASKELL	685	1374	2059	33.3	100.0
HUGHES	815	1266	2081	39.2	100.0
JACKSON	1730	1251	2981	58.0	100.0
JEFFERSON	397	393	790	50.3	100.0
JOHNSTON	895	1592	2487	36.0	100.0
KAY	2049	2745	4794	42.7	100.0
KINGFISHER	1098	2146	3244	33.8	100.0
KIOWA	1307	1672	2979	43.9	100.0
LATIMER	924	1447	2371	39.0	100.0
LE FLORE	1302	1904	3206	40.6	100.0
LINCOLN	901	1319	2220	40.6	100.0
LOGAN	939	1313	2252	41.7	100.0
LOVE	476	836	1312	36.3	100.0
MCCLAIN	642	1400	2042	31.4	100.0
MCCURTAIN	903	997	1900	47.5	100.0
MCINTOSH	1039	1659	2698	38.5	100.0
MAJOR	548	834	1382	39.7	100.0
MARSHALL	702	1292	1994	35.2	100.0
MAYES	1928	3187	5115	37.7	100.0
MURRAY	642	942	1584	40.5	100.0
MUSKOGEE	3698	3518	7216	51.2	100.0
NOBLE	585	902	1487	39.3	100.0
NOWATA	848	1176	2024	41.9	100.0
OKFUSKEE	638	720	1358	47.0	100.0
OKLAHOMA	21749	20160	41909	51.9	100.0
OKMULGEE	1869	2373	4242	44.1	100.0
OSAGE	2321	2809	5130	45.2	100.0
OTTAWA	1244	1243	2487	50.0	100.0
PAWNEE	777	1165	1942	40.0	100.0
PAYNE	3511	2596	6107	57.5	100.0
PITTSBURG	2406	2699	5105	47.1	100.0
PONTOTOC	1904	2576	4480	42.5	100.0
POTTAWATOMIE	3712	5141	8853	41.9	100.0
PUSHMATAHA	474	913	1387	34.2	100.0
ROGER MILLS	463	1133	1596	29.0	100.0
ROGERS	2127	2931	5058	42.1	100.0
SEMINOLE	1310	1586	2896	45.2	100.0
SEQUOYAH	1358	2232	3590	37.8	100.0
STEPHENS	1844	1675	3519	52.4	100.0
TEXAS	748	869	1617	46.3	100.0
TILLMAN	676	968	1644	41.1	100.0
TULSA	16593	16640	33233	49.9	100.0
WAGONER	839	1157	1996	42.0	100.0
WASHINGTON	2329	1784	4113	56.6	100.0
WASHITA	1031	1704	2735	37.7	100.0
WOODS	635	896	1531	41.5	100.0
WOODWARD	727	981	1708	42.6	100.0

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
138887	160694	299581	46.4	100.0

TABLE D-119

CREATION OF HOSPITAL DISTRICTS
SP ELECT SEPT 15, 70
LEG REF 184 REJECT ST.Q. 476

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	303	679	982	30.9	100.0
ALFALFA	194	843	1037	18.7	100.0
ATOKA	599	2158	2757	21.7	100.0
BEAVER	137	449	586	23.4	100.0
BECKHAM	821	1673	2494	32.9	100.0
BLAINE	276	2028	2304	12.0	100.0
BRYAN	1154	3364	4518	25.5	100.0
CADDO	1943	3067	5010	38.8	100.0
CANADIAN	1014	3031	4045	25.1	100.0
CARTER	1380	5013	6393	21.6	100.0
CHEROKEE	1036	2220	3256	31.8	100.0
CHOCTAW	821	1951	2772	29.6	100.0
CIMARRON	188	765	953	19.7	100.0
CLEVELAND	3280	5031	8311	39.5	100.0
COAL	176	843	1019	17.3	100.0
COMANCHE	3068	4001	7069	43.4	100.0
COTTON	510	1130	1640	31.1	100.0
CRAIG	294	1238	1532	19.2	100.0
CREEK	840	3379	4219	19.9	100.0
CUSTER	444	2350	2794	15.9	100.0
DELAWARE	469	1541	2010	23.3	100.0
DEWEY	169	884	1053	16.0	100.0
ELLIS	103	584	687	15.0	100.0
GARFIELD	2425	6664	9089	26.7	100.0
GARVIN	868	4058	4926	17.6	100.0
GRADY	964	2722	3686	26.2	100.0
GRANT	204	1147	1351	15.1	100.0
GREER	298	1045	1343	22.2	100.0
HARMON	375	512	887	42.3	100.0
HARPER	225	507	732	30.7	100.0
HASKELL	404	1575	1979	20.4	100.0
HUGHES	487	1551	2038	23.9	100.0
JACKSON	1264	1602	2866	44.1	100.0
JEFFERSON	330	463	793	41.6	100.0
JOHNSTON	491	2031	2522	19.5	100.0
KAY	769	4011	4780	16.1	100.0
KINGFISHER	208	3110	3318	6.3	100.0
KIOWA	872	2013	2885	30.2	100.0
LATIMER	564	1728	2292	24.6	100.0
LE FLORE	890	2317	3207	27.8	100.0
LINCOLN	485	1718	2203	22.0	100.0
LOGAN	456	1774	2230	20.4	100.0
LOVE	321	952	1273	25.2	100.0
MCCLAIN	281	1794	2075	13.5	100.0
MCCURTAIN	647	1184	1831	35.3	100.0
MCINTOSH	764	1787	2551	29.9	100.0
MAJOR	232	1142	1374	16.9	100.0
MARSHALL	281	1791	2072	13.6	100.0
MAYES	1126	3825	4951	22.7	100.0
MURRAY	345	1243	1588	21.7	100.0
MUSKOGEE	2382	4708	7090	33.6	100.0
NOBLE	274	1201	1475	18.6	100.0
NOWATA	424	1513	1937	21.9	100.0
OKFUSKEE	377	952	1329	28.4	100.0
OKLAHOMA	10661	30327	40988	26.0	100.0
OKMULGEE	1003	3160	4163	24.1	100.0
OSAGE	1213	3825	5038	24.1	100.0
OTTAWA	566	1866	2432	23.3	100.0
PAWNEE	373	1503	1876	19.9	100.0
PAYNE	1710	4199	5909	28.9	100.0
PITTSBURG	1255	3780	5035	24.9	100.0
PONTOTOC	1023	3323	4346	23.5	100.0
POTTAWATOMIE	1640	7118	8758	18.7	100.0
PUSHMATAHA	295	1035	1330	22.2	100.0
ROGER MILLS	227	1317	1544	14.7	100.0
ROGERS	1561	3411	4972	31.4	100.0
SEMINOLE	591	2241	2832	20.9	100.0
SEQUOYAH	919	2393	3312	27.7	100.0
STEPHENS	1220	2233	3453	35.3	100.0
TEXAS	403	1172	1575	25.6	100.0
TILLMAN	342	1266	1608	21.3	100.0
TULSA	6609	25856	32465	20.4	100.0
WAGONER	462	1467	1929	24.0	100.0
WASHINGTON	1232	2821	4053	30.4	100.0
WASHITA	488	2195	2683	18.2	100.0
WOODS	295	1197	1492	19.8	100.0
WOODWARD	313	1385	1698	18.4	100.0

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
73653	219952	293605	25.1	100.0

ELECTION LAW-VOTING MACHINES
GEN ELECT NOV 3, 70
REF PET 19 REJECT ST.Q. 464

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	1435	1929	5209	42.7	64.6
ALFALFA	1041	1793	3351	36.7	84.6
ATOKA	662	1582	3722	35.3	65.7
BEAVER	708	1229	2323	36.6	83.4
BECKHAM	1316	2162	4445	37.8	78.2
BLAINE	1132	2230	3990	33.7	84.3
BRYAN	2006	2471	6705	44.8	66.8
CADDO	2668	4223	9033	38.7	76.3
CANADIAN	3319	4826	9449	40.7	86.2
CARTER	3096	5039	10790	38.1	75.4
CHEROKEE	2179	2545	6465	46.1	73.1
CHOCTAW	1171	1630	4798	41.8	58.4
CIMARRON	442	813	1511	35.2	83.1
CLEVELAND	9298	8328	20270	52.8	87.0
COAL	430	868	1782	33.1	72.8
COMANCHE	6273	6703	15500	48.3	83.7
COTTON	584	978	2125	37.4	73.5
CRAIG	1457	2039	4616	41.7	75.7
CREEK	4728	5403	12314	46.7	82.3
CUSTER	2046	2805	6087	42.2	79.7
DELAWARE	2005	2559	6781	43.9	67.3
DEWEY	559	1245	2281	31.0	79.1
ELLIS	625	1138	2223	35.5	79.3
GARFIELD	6567	8727	17380	42.9	88.0
GARVIN	2048	3567	7957	36.5	70.6
GRADY	2739	3695	8609	42.6	74.7
GRANT	947	1738	3089	35.3	86.9
GREER	696	1230	2823	36.1	68.2
HARMON	428	590	1486	42.0	68.5
HARPER	651	1023	1978	38.9	84.6
HASKELL	739	1231	2936	37.5	67.1
HUGHES	1096	1809	4236	37.7	68.6
JACKSON	2221	2161	6160	50.7	71.1
JEFFERSON	504	843	2008	37.4	67.1
JOHNSTON	536	1424	2670	27.3	70.4
KAY	7072	7084	16708	50.0	84.7
KINGFISHER	1502	2783	4894	35.1	87.6
KIOWA	1382	2207	4922	38.5	72.9
LATIMER	850	1267	3378	40.2	62.7
LE FLORE	2121	3210	7447	39.8	71.6
LINCOLN	1941	3520	6958	35.5	78.5
LOGAN	2234	3254	6779	40.7	91.0
LOVE	377	834	1860	31.1	65.1
MCCLAIN	1218	1964	4043	38.3	78.7
MCCURTAIN	1508	1805	5186	45.5	63.9
MCINTOSH	969	1390	3423	41.1	68.9
MAJOR	875	1638	2927	34.8	85.9
MARSHALL	719	1434	2975	33.4	72.4
MAYES	2714	3393	8407	44.4	72.6
MURRAY	881	1448	3227	37.8	72.2
MUSKOGEE	6471	6765	17027	48.9	77.7
NOBLE	1296	2190	4042	37.2	86.2
NOWATA	1259	1598	3698	44.1	77.3
OKFUSKEE	1019	1324	3243	43.5	72.2
OKLAHOMA	28833	54344	124067	34.7	67.0
OKMULGEE	3728	3739	9860	49.9	75.7
OSAGE	3902	3665	9259	51.6	81.7
OTTAWA	3351	3407	8519	49.6	79.3
PAWNEE	1467	1792	4043	45.0	80.6
PAYNE	6712	5258	14473	56.1	82.7
PITTSBURG	3330	4298	10241	43.7	74.5
PONTOTOC	2568	3194	7962	44.6	72.4
POTTAWATOMIE	4412	6431	13729	40.7	79.0
PUSHMATAHA	631	1089	2642	36.7	65.1
ROGER MILLS	454	1041	1966	30.4	76.0
ROGERS	3391	3863	9023	46.7	80.4
SEMINOLE	1973	3557	7532	35.7	73.4
SEQUOYAH	1790	2572	6625	41.0	65.8
STEPHENS	3579	4624	10279	43.6	79.8
TEXAS	1737	2059	4609	45.8	82.4
TILLMAN	1140	1675	3725	40.5	75.6
TULSA	61102	36071	110556	62.9	97.9
WAGONER	2299	2387	6199	49.1	75.6
WASHINGTON	6998	6085	15060	53.5	86.9
WASHITA	1327	1723	4031	43.5	75.7
WOODS	1567	2434	4737	39.2	84.5
WOODWARD	1667	2663	5042	38.5	85.9

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
252918	299654	712425	45.8	77.6

TABLE D-120

DEPOSIT OF STATE FUNDS
GEN ELECT NOV 3, 70
REF PET 20 REJECT ST.O. 469

"BLUE LAWS"-SATURDAY & SUNDAY
SP ELECT DEC 7, 71
INT PET 287 REJECT ST.O. 478

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART	COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	1201	2009	5209	37.4	61.6	ADAIR	471	1009	1480	31.8	100.0
ALFALFA	891	1987	3351	31.0	85.9	ALFALFA	403	602	1005	40.1	100.0
ATOKA	974	1504	3722	39.3	66.6	ATOKA	217	350	567	38.3	100.0
BEAVER	613	1334	2323	31.5	83.8	BEAVER	243	308	551	44.1	100.0
BECKHAM	1211	2315	4445	34.3	79.3	BECKHAM	661	693	1354	48.8	100.0
BLAINE	1072	2317	3990	31.6	84.9	BLAINE	347	789	1136	30.5	100.0
BRYAN	2055	2416	6705	46.0	66.7	BRYAN	554	678	1232	45.0	100.0
CADDO	2659	4265	9033	38.4	76.7	CADDO	940	1393	2333	40.3	100.0
CANADIAN	2980	5076	9449	37.0	85.3	CANADIAN	1286	1698	2984	43.1	100.0
CARTER	2832	5237	10790	35.1	74.8	CARTER	1545	1216	2761	56.0	100.0
CHEROKEE	1960	2818	6465	41.0	73.9	CHEROKEE	622	1302	1924	32.3	100.0
CHOCTAW	1088	1615	4798	40.3	56.3	CHOCTAW	273	434	707	38.6	100.0
CIMARRON	386	897	1511	30.1	84.9	CIMARRON	96	274	370	25.9	100.0
CLEVELAND	7392	10100	20270	42.3	86.3	CLEVELAND	3093	4846	7939	39.0	100.0
COAL	514	821	1782	38.5	74.9	COAL	172	254	426	40.4	100.0
COMANCHE	6210	6701	15500	48.1	83.3	COMANCHE	4310	3164	7474	57.7	100.0
COTTON	615	960	2125	39.0	74.1	COTTON	336	302	638	52.7	100.0
CRAIG	1272	2265	4616	36.0	76.6	CRAIG	425	918	1343	31.6	100.0
CREEK	4184	5875	12314	41.6	81.7	CREEK	1538	1905	3443	44.7	100.0
CUSTER	1895	3018	6087	38.6	80.7	CUSTER	1380	1437	2817	49.0	100.0
DELAWARE	1820	2695	6781	40.3	66.6	DELAWARE	475	1152	1627	29.2	100.0
DEWEY	609	1248	2281	32.8	81.4	DEWEY	222	467	689	32.2	100.0
ELLIS	561	1162	2223	32.6	77.5	ELLIS	186	437	623	29.9	100.0
GARFIELD	5508	9946	17380	35.6	88.9	GARFIELD	2948	4303	7251	40.7	100.0
GARVIN	1958	3693	7957	34.6	71.0	GARVIN	708	1394	2102	33.7	100.0
GRADY	2586	3815	8609	40.4	74.4	GRADY	1002	1335	2337	42.9	100.0
GRANT	831	1880	3089	30.7	87.8	GRANT	373	783	1156	32.3	100.0
GREER	805	1136	2823	41.5	68.8	GREER	241	450	691	34.9	100.0
HARMON	490	559	1486	46.7	70.6	HARMON	138	218	356	38.8	100.0
HARPER	643	1057	1978	37.8	85.9	HARPER	161	495	656	24.5	100.0
HASKELL	762	1190	2936	39.0	66.5	HASKELL	263	393	656	40.1	100.0
HUGHES	1208	1725	4236	41.2	69.2	HUGHES	381	668	1049	36.3	100.0
JACKSON	2199	2149	6160	50.6	70.6	JACKSON	874	1072	1946	44.9	100.0
JEFFERSON	526	814	2008	39.3	66.7	JEFFERSON	184	267	451	40.8	100.0
JOHNSTON	577	1341	2670	30.1	71.8	JOHNSTON	225	335	560	40.2	100.0
KAY	5422	8914	16708	37.8	85.8	KAY	2892	2602	5494	52.6	100.0
KINGFISHER	1383	2922	4894	32.1	88.0	KINGFISHER	458	991	1449	31.6	100.0
KIOWA	1404	2179	4922	39.2	72.8	KIOWA	498	729	1227	40.6	100.0
LATIMER	872	1232	3378	41.4	62.3	LATIMER	231	602	833	27.7	100.0
LE FLORE	2246	3041	7447	42.5	71.0	LE FLORE	632	1098	1730	36.5	100.0
LINCOLN	1821	3688	6958	33.1	79.2	LINCOLN	500	1198	1698	29.4	100.0
LOGAN	2070	3425	6779	37.7	81.1	LOGAN	851	1266	2117	40.2	100.0
LOVE	402	814	1860	33.1	65.4	LOVE	173	215	388	44.6	100.0
MCCLAIN	1163	1985	4043	36.9	77.9	MCCLAIN	366	692	1058	34.6	100.0
MCCURTAIN	1340	1947	5186	40.8	63.4	MCCURTAIN	355	571	926	38.3	100.0
MCINTOSH	926	1388	3423	40.0	67.6	MCINTOSH	494	700	1194	41.4	100.0
MAJOR	713	1718	2927	29.3	83.1	MAJOR	336	576	912	36.8	100.0
MARSHALL	748	1376	2975	35.2	71.4	MARSHALL	184	397	581	31.7	100.0
MAYES	2432	3667	8407	39.9	72.5	MAYES	716	1223	1939	36.9	100.0
MURRAY	958	1389	3227	40.8	72.7	MURRAY	228	613	841	27.1	100.0
MUSKOGEE	5719	6969	17027	45.1	74.5	MUSKOGEE	3298	3453	6751	48.9	100.0
NOBLE	1243	2244	4042	35.6	86.3	NOBLE	426	945	1371	31.1	100.0
NOWATA	1100	1772	3698	38.3	77.7	NOWATA	256	618	874	29.3	100.0
OKFUSKEE	945	1341	3243	41.3	70.5	OKFUSKEE	283	476	759	37.3	100.0
OKLAHOMA	27625	55917	124067	33.1	67.3	OKLAHOMA	26215	22988	49203	53.3	100.0
OKMULGEE	3208	4196	9860	43.3	75.1	OKMULGEE	1349	2003	3352	40.2	100.0
OSAGE	3351	4325	9259	43.7	82.9	OSAGE	1216	1572	2788	43.6	100.0
OTTAWA	2760	3826	8519	41.9	77.3	OTTAWA	966	2212	3178	30.4	100.0
PAWNEE	1190	2049	4043	36.7	80.1	PAWNEE	526	767	1293	40.7	100.0
PAYNE	5262	6630	14473	44.2	82.2	PAYNE	1992	3312	5304	37.6	100.0
PITTSBURG	3158	4479	10241	41.4	74.6	PITTSBURG	1570	1310	2880	54.5	100.0
PONTOTOC	2488	3350	7962	42.6	73.3	PONTOTOC	892	1248	2140	41.7	100.0
POTTAWATCHIE	4010	6776	13729	37.2	78.6	POTTAWATOMIE	2139	2251	4390	48.7	100.0
PUSHMATAHA	712	1017	2642	41.2	65.4	PUSHMATAHA	182	413	595	30.6	100.0
ROGER MILLS	443	1074	1966	29.2	77.2	ROGER MILLS	148	310	458	32.3	100.0
ROGERS	2921	4273	9023	40.6	79.7	ROGERS	1084	1325	2409	45.0	100.0
SEMINOLE	1950	3492	7532	35.8	72.3	SEMINOLE	685	1289	1974	34.7	100.0
SEQUOYAH	1670	2595	6625	39.2	64.4	SEQUOYAH	411	832	1243	33.1	100.0
STEPHENS	3529	4795	10279	42.4	81.0	STEPHENS	1673	1414	3087	54.2	100.0
TEXAS	1733	2165	4609	44.5	84.6	TEXAS	696	808	1504	46.3	100.0
TILLMAN	1220	1612	3725	43.1	76.0	TILLMAN	498	764	1262	39.5	100.0
TULSA	41244	54172	110556	43.2	86.3	TULSA	22990	20785	43775	52.5	100.0
WAGONER	2006	2600	6199	43.6	74.3	WAGONER	637	927	1564	40.7	100.0
WASHINGTON	5160	7755	15060	40.0	85.8	WASHINGTON	2697	3616	6313	42.7	100.0
WASHITA	1364	1776	4031	43.4	77.9	WASHITA	568	786	1354	41.9	100.0
WOODS	1351	2572	4737	34.4	82.8	WOODS	426	1326	1752	24.3	100.0
WOODWARD	1520	2820	5042	35.0	86.1	WOODWARD	789	914	1703	46.3	100.0

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART	TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
215869	334217	712425	39.2	77.2	110819	129478	240297	46.1	100.0

TABLE D-121

GENERAL OBLIGATION TAX BONDS
SP ELECT DEC 7, 71
LEG REF 186 REJECT ST.Q. 479

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	406	993	1399	29.0	100.0
ALFALFA	284	698	982	28.9	100.0
ATOKA	156	382	538	29.0	100.0
BEAVER	158	383	541	29.2	100.0
BECKHAM	467	815	1302	37.4	100.0
BLAINE	335	773	1108	30.2	100.0
BRYAN	411	727	1138	36.1	100.0
CADDO	728	1488	2216	32.9	100.0
CANADIAN	1027	1844	2871	35.8	100.0
CARTER	963	1462	2445	40.2	100.0
CHEROKEE	687	1139	1826	37.6	100.0
CHOCTAW	248	414	662	37.5	100.0
CIMARRON	63	300	363	17.4	100.0
CLEVELAND	3783	3817	7600	49.8	100.0
COAL	129	295	424	30.4	100.0
COMANCHE	3036	4006	7042	43.1	100.0
COTTON	202	399	601	33.6	100.0
CRAIG	377	944	1321	28.5	100.0
CREEK	1377	1904	3281	42.0	100.0
CUSTER	791	1912	2703	29.3	100.0
DELAWARE	497	1062	1559	31.9	100.0
DEWEY	165	487	652	25.3	100.0
ELLIS	171	428	599	28.5	100.0
GARFIELD	2588	4398	6986	37.0	100.0
GARVIN	506	1522	2028	25.0	100.0
GRADY	882	1313	2195	40.2	100.0
GRANT	330	795	1125	29.3	100.0
GREER	180	475	655	27.5	100.0
HARMON	111	222	333	33.3	100.0
HARPER	133	512	645	20.6	100.0
HASKELL	256	366	622	41.2	100.0
HUGHES	340	648	988	34.4	100.0
JACKSON	649	1103	1752	37.0	100.0
JEFFERSON	163	270	433	37.6	100.0
JOHNSTON	173	371	544	31.8	100.0
KAY	2084	3070	5154	40.4	100.0
KINGFISHER	369	1037	1406	26.2	100.0
KIOWA	334	800	1134	29.5	100.0
LATIMER	231	560	791	29.2	100.0
LE FLORE	586	1047	1633	35.9	100.0
LINCOLN	490	1167	1657	29.6	100.0
LOGAN	631	1416	2047	30.8	100.0
LOVE	114	251	365	31.2	100.0
MCCLAIN	330	676	1006	32.8	100.0
MCCURTAIN	314	576	890	35.3	100.0
MCINTOSH	440	637	1077	40.9	100.0
MAJOR	230	663	893	25.8	100.0
MARSHALL	182	369	551	33.0	100.0
MAYES	599	1239	1838	32.6	100.0
MURRAY	231	586	817	28.3	100.0
MUSKOGEE	2724	3659	6383	42.7	100.0
NOBLE	386	965	1351	28.6	100.0
NOWATA	259	584	843	30.7	100.0
OKFUSKEE	231	460	691	33.4	100.0
OKLAHOMA	20498	25480	45978	44.6	100.0
OKMULGEE	1176	2048	3224	36.5	100.0
OSAGE	980	1658	2638	37.1	100.0
OTTAWA	1050	1948	2998	35.0	100.0
PAWNEE	368	905	1273	28.9	100.0
PAYNE	2650	2494	5144	51.5	100.0
PITTSBURG	1142	1487	2629	43.4	100.0
PONTOTOC	737	1241	1978	37.3	100.0
POTTAWATOMIE	1506	2561	4067	37.0	100.0
PUSHMATAHA	163	417	580	28.1	100.0
ROGER MILLS	116	325	441	26.3	100.0
ROGERS	803	1493	2296	35.0	100.0
SEMINOLE	807	1095	1902	42.4	100.0
SEQUOYAH	392	747	1139	34.4	100.0
STEPHENS	1169	1747	2916	40.1	100.0
TEXAS	442	984	1426	31.0	100.0
TILLMAN	294	934	1228	23.9	100.0
TULSA	19999	20964	40963	48.8	100.0
WAGONER	525	965	1490	35.2	100.0
WASHINGTON	2552	3578	6130	41.6	100.0
WASHITA	389	886	1275	30.5	100.0
WOODS	525	1187	1712	30.7	100.0
WOODWARDD	542	1097	1639	33.1	100.0

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
92402	134670	227072	40.7	100.0

INVESTMENT OF EDUCATIONAL FUNDS
SP ELECT DEC 7, 71
LEG REF 187 ADOPT ST.Q. 481

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	541	825	1366	39.6	100.0
ALFALFA	447	520	967	46.2	100.0
ATOKA	241	292	533	45.2	100.0
BEAVER	238	301	539	44.2	100.0
BECKHAM	734	528	1262	58.2	100.0
BLAINE	466	625	1091	42.7	100.0
BRYAN	537	567	1104	48.6	100.0
CADDO	1060	1119	2179	48.6	100.0
CANADIAN	1533	1283	2816	54.4	100.0
CARTER	1495	924	2419	61.8	100.0
CHEROKEE	996	842	1838	54.2	100.0
CHOCTAW	320	316	636	50.3	100.0
CIMARRON	123	241	364	33.8	100.0
CLEVELAND	4954	2563	7517	65.9	100.0
COAL	205	206	411	49.9	100.0
COMANCHE	4207	2697	6904	60.9	100.0
COTTON	275	310	585	47.0	100.0
CRAIG	596	673	1269	47.0	100.0
CREEK	1841	1391	3232	57.0	100.0
CUSTER	1281	1345	2626	48.8	100.0
DELAWARE	665	855	1520	43.8	100.0
DEWEY	272	379	651	41.8	100.0
ELLIS	256	336	592	43.2	100.0
GARFIELD	3782	3016	6798	55.6	100.0
GARVIN	892	1062	1954	45.6	100.0
GRADY	1228	893	2121	57.9	100.0
GRANT	497	615	1112	44.7	100.0
GREER	308	341	649	47.5	100.0
HARMON	159	167	326	48.8	100.0
HARPER	260	378	638	40.8	100.0
HASKELL	325	278	603	53.9	100.0
HUGHES	437	500	937	46.6	100.0
JACKSON	999	686	1685	59.3	100.0
JEFFERSON	209	213	422	49.5	100.0
JOHNSTON	229	296	525	43.6	100.0
KAY	3322	2084	5406	61.5	100.0
KINGFISHER	566	826	1392	40.7	100.0
KIOWA	536	554	1090	49.2	100.0
LATIMER	328	457	785	41.8	100.0
LE FLORE	810	801	1611	50.3	100.0
LINCOLN	706	925	1631	43.3	100.0
LOGAN	922	1081	2003	46.0	100.0
LOVE	171	184	355	48.2	100.0
MCCLAIN	465	519	984	47.3	100.0
MCCURTAIN	417	439	856	48.7	100.0
MCINTOSH	577	496	1073	53.8	100.0
MAJOR	363	514	877	41.4	100.0
MARSHALL	228	309	537	42.5	100.0
MAYES	893	925	1818	49.1	100.0
MURRAY	395	396	791	49.9	100.0
MUSKOGEE	3598	2640	6238	57.7	100.0
NOBLE	602	727	1329	45.3	100.0
NOWATA	372	460	832	44.7	100.0
OKFUSKEE	336	347	683	49.2	100.0
OKLAHOMA	28970	16394	45364	63.9	100.0
OKMULGEE	1673	1484	3157	53.0	100.0
OSAGE	1419	1195	2614	54.3	100.0
OTTAWA	1526	1445	2971	51.4	100.0
PAWNEE	520	713	1233	42.2	100.0
PAYNE	3691	1406	5097	72.4	100.0
PITTSBURG	1496	1078	2574	58.1	100.0
PONTOTOC	1033	906	1939	53.3	100.0
POTTAWATOMIE	2127	1847	3974	53.5	100.0
PUSHMATAHA	213	343	556	38.3	100.0
ROGER MILLS	177	254	431	41.1	100.0
ROGERS	1202	1053	2255	53.3	100.0
SEMINOLE	1038	816	1854	56.0	100.0
SEQUOYAH	504	610	1114	45.2	100.0
STEPHENS	1718	1134	2852	60.2	100.0
TEXAS	776	625	1401	55.4	100.0
TILLMAN	472	720	1192	39.6	100.0
TULSA	24689	15853	40542	60.9	100.0
WAGONER	729	731	1460	49.9	100.0
WASHINGTON	3405	2644	6049	56.3	100.0
WASHITA	575	666	1241	46.3	100.0
WOODS	866	811	1677	51.6	100.0
WOODWARDD	809	806	1615	50.1	100.0

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
127843	95801	223644	57.2	100.0

TABLE D-122

SELF INCRIMINATING TESTIMONY
SP ELECT DEC 7, 71
LEG REF 188 ADOPT ST.Q. 482

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	543	810	1353	40.1	100.0
ALFALFA	424	540	964	44.0	100.0
ATOKA	200	323	523	38.2	100.0
BEAVER	207	312	519	39.9	100.0
BECKHAM	655	562	1217	53.8	100.0
BLAINE	415	655	1070	38.8	100.0
BRYAN	531	564	1095	48.5	100.0
CADDO	1051	1103	2154	48.8	100.0
CANADIAN	1445	1338	2783	51.9	100.0
CARTER	1298	1040	2338	55.5	100.0
CHEROKEE	904	904	1808	50.0	100.0
CHOCTAW	307	329	636	48.3	100.0
CIMARRON	105	251	356	29.5	100.0
CLEVELAND	3991	3485	7476	53.4	100.0
COAL	193	221	414	46.6	100.0
COMANCHE	3635	3001	6836	56.1	100.0
COTTON	274	307	581	47.2	100.0
CRAIG	581	689	1270	45.7	100.0
CREEK	1874	1345	3219	58.2	100.0
CUSTER	1182	1408	2590	45.6	100.0
DELAWARE	711	786	1497	47.5	100.0
DEWEY	240	395	635	37.8	100.0
ELLIS	241	335	576	41.8	100.0
GARFIELD	3503	3313	6816	51.4	100.0
GARVIN	872	1059	1931	45.2	100.0
GRADY	1076	1012	2088	51.5	100.0
GRANT	479	624	1103	43.4	100.0
GREER	275	365	640	43.0	100.0
HARMON	167	149	316	52.8	100.0
HARPER	229	405	634	36.1	100.0
HASKELL	312	297	609	51.2	100.0
HUGHES	440	511	951	46.3	100.0
JACKSON	832	805	1637	50.8	100.0
JEFFERSON	171	236	407	42.0	100.0
JOHNSTON	222	293	515	43.1	100.0
KAY	2692	2336	5028	53.5	100.0
KINGFISHER	550	831	1381	39.8	100.0
KIOWA	472	600	1072	44.0	100.0
LATIMER	314	458	772	40.7	100.0
LE FLORE	775	798	1573	49.3	100.0
LINCOLN	719	903	1622	44.3	100.0
LOGAN	866	1133	1999	43.3	100.0
LOVE	151	206	357	42.3	100.0
MCCLAIN	451	520	971	46.4	100.0
MCCURTAIN	411	443	854	48.1	100.0
MCINTOSH	522	531	1053	49.6	100.0
MAJOR	357	511	868	41.1	100.0
MARSHALL	238	301	539	44.2	100.0
MAYES	873	917	1790	48.8	100.0
MURRAY	380	415	795	47.8	100.0
MUSKOGEE	3595	2581	6176	58.2	100.0
NOBLE	587	732	1319	44.5	100.0
NOWATA	359	474	833	43.1	100.0
OKFUSKEE	305	366	671	45.5	100.0
OKLAHOMA	27617	18039	45656	60.5	100.0
OKMULGEE	1693	1435	3128	54.1	100.0
OSAGE	1464	1116	2580	56.7	100.0
OTTAWA	1350	1599	2949	45.8	100.0
PAWNEE	636	593	1229	51.7	100.0
PAYNE	3065	1980	5045	60.8	100.0
PITTSBURG	1476	1068	2544	58.0	100.0
PONTOTOC	1012	898	1910	53.0	100.0
POTTAWATOMIE	1979	1993	3972	49.8	100.0
PUSHMATAHA	218	352	570	38.2	100.0
ROGER MILLS	174	251	425	40.9	100.0
ROGERS	1218	1034	2252	54.1	100.0
SEMINOLE	1020	841	1861	54.8	100.0
SEQUOYAH	479	643	1122	42.7	100.0
STEPHENS	1593	1184	2777	57.4	100.0
TEXAS	617	771	1388	44.5	100.0
TILLMAN	443	720	1163	38.1	100.0
TULSA	25781	13886	39667	65.0	100.0
WAGONER	723	726	1449	49.9	100.0
WASHINGTON	3513	2497	6010	58.5	100.0
WASHITA	526	687	1213	43.4	100.0
WOODS	794	871	1665	47.7	100.0
WOODWARDO	678	891	1569	43.2	100.0

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
122471	98903	221374	55.3	100.0

GRAND JURY REORGANIZATION
SP ELECT DEC 7, 71
LEG REF 189 ADOPT ST.Q. 483

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	667	707	1374	48.5	100.0
ALFALFA	539	420	959	56.2	100.0
ATOKA	263	273	536	49.1	100.0
BEAVER	255	261	516	49.4	100.0
BECKHAM	719	491	1210	59.4	100.0
BLAINE	503	568	1071	47.0	100.0
BRYAN	610	463	1073	56.8	100.0
CADDO	1205	954	2159	55.8	100.0
CANADIAN	1696	1085	2781	61.0	100.0
CARTER	1443	873	2316	62.3	100.0
CHEROKEE	1141	676	1817	62.8	100.0
CHOCTAW	354	271	625	56.6	100.0
CIMARRON	124	232	356	34.8	100.0
CLEVELAND	5435	2007	7442	73.0	100.0
COAL	253	159	412	61.4	100.0
COMANCHE	4587	2264	6851	67.0	100.0
COTTON	290	279	569	51.0	100.0
CRAIG	692	581	1273	54.4	100.0
CREEK	2111	1101	3212	65.7	100.0
CUSTER	1460	1137	2597	56.2	100.0
DELAWARE	820	684	1504	54.5	100.0
DEWEY	277	344	621	44.6	100.0
ELLIS	294	283	577	51.0	100.0
GARFIELD	4301	2462	6763	63.6	100.0
GARVIN	1019	920	1939	52.6	100.0
GRADY	1304	777	2081	62.7	100.0
GRANT	549	543	1092	50.3	100.0
GREER	313	327	640	48.9	100.0
HARMON	191	129	320	59.7	100.0
HARPER	271	363	634	42.7	100.0
HASKELL	344	249	593	58.0	100.0
HUGHES	513	437	950	54.0	100.0
JACKSON	1012	632	1644	61.6	100.0
JEFFERSON	198	204	402	49.3	100.0
JOHNSTON	254	262	516	49.2	100.0
KAY	3159	1810	4969	63.6	100.0
KINGFISHER	638	735	1373	46.5	100.0
KIOWA	553	514	1067	51.8	100.0
LATIMER	379	395	774	49.0	100.0
LE FLORE	921	668	1589	58.0	100.0
LINCOLN	830	798	1628	51.0	100.0
LOGAN	1039	934	1973	52.7	100.0
LOVE	155	185	340	45.6	100.0
MCCLAIN	537	437	974	55.1	100.0
MCCURTAIN	487	380	867	56.2	100.0
MCINTOSH	642	412	1054	60.9	100.0
MAJOR	431	451	882	48.9	100.0
MARSHALL	280	262	542	51.7	100.0
MAYES	1040	755	1795	57.9	100.0
MURRAY	447	343	790	56.6	100.0
MUSKOGEE	4140	2059	6199	66.8	100.0
NOBLE	678	631	1309	51.8	100.0
NOWATA	464	363	827	56.1	100.0
OKFUSKEE	338	330	668	50.6	100.0
OKLAHOMA	31482	13344	44826	70.2	100.0
OKMULGEE	1937	1188	3125	62.0	100.0
OSAGE	1692	880	2572	65.8	100.0
OTTAWA	1675	1263	2938	57.0	100.0
PAWNEE	741	499	1240	59.8	100.0
PAYNE	3845	1212	5057	76.0	100.0
PITTSBURG	1677	842	2519	66.6	100.0
PONTOTOC	1215	703	1918	63.3	100.0
POTTAWATOMIE	2358	1565	3923	60.1	100.0
PUSHMATAHA	255	301	556	45.9	100.0
ROGER MILLS	202	222	424	47.6	100.0
ROGERS	1428	791	2219	64.4	100.0
SEMINOLE	1194	678	1872	63.8	100.0
SEQUOYAH	558	557	1115	50.0	100.0
STEPHENS	1843	914	2757	66.8	100.0
TEXAS	759	657	1416	53.6	100.0
TILLMAN	500	648	1148	43.6	100.0
TULSA	30616	9632	40248	76.1	100.0
WAGONER	832	617	1449	57.4	100.0
WASHINGTON	4251	1655	5906	72.0	100.0
WASHITA	638	572	1210	52.7	100.0
WOODS	903	765	1668	54.1	100.0
WOODWARD	860	712	1572	54.7	100.0

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
144626	76097	220723	65.5	100.0

TABLE D-123

ELECTOR-EIGHTEEN YEAR OLDS
SP ELECT DEC 7, 71
LEG REF 190 ADOPT ST.Q. 484

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	617	823	1440	42.8	100.0
ALFALFA	493	498	991	49.7	100.0
ATOKA	257	289	546	47.1	100.0
BEAVER	221	325	546	40.5	100.0
BECKHAM	743	551	1294	57.4	100.0
BLAINE	549	559	1108	49.5	100.0
BRYAN	603	559	1162	51.9	100.0
CADDO	1129	1139	2268	49.8	100.0
CANADIAN	1614	1290	2904	55.6	100.0
CARTER	1422	1094	2516	56.5	100.0
CHEROKEE	1028	847	1875	54.8	100.0
CHOCTAW	351	313	664	52.9	100.0
CIMARRON	120	247	367	32.7	100.0
CLEVELAND	5192	2541	7733	67.1	100.0
COAL	227	179	406	55.9	100.0
COMANCHE	4098	3008	7106	57.7	100.0
COTTON	302	305	607	49.8	100.0
CRAIG	694	612	1306	53.1	100.0
CREEK	1896	1398	3294	57.6	100.0
CUSTER	1533	1194	2727	56.2	100.0
DELAWARE	762	832	1594	47.8	100.0
DEWEY	341	317	658	51.8	100.0
ELLIS	302	303	605	49.9	100.0
GARFIELD	4137	2908	7045	58.7	100.0
GARVIN	929	1088	2017	46.1	100.0
GRADY	1263	980	2243	56.3	100.0
GRANT	578	552	1130	51.2	100.0
GREER	343	330	673	51.0	100.0
HARMON	164	177	341	48.1	100.0
HARPER	292	359	651	44.9	100.0
HASKELL	337	285	622	54.2	100.0
HUGHES	446	559	1005	44.4	100.0
JACKSON	945	844	1789	52.8	100.0
JEFFERSON	197	250	447	44.1	100.0
JOHNSTON	276	271	547	50.5	100.0
KAY	2999	2238	5237	57.3	100.0
KINGFISHER	692	721	1413	49.0	100.0
KIOWA	593	558	1151	51.5	100.0
LATIMER	349	436	785	44.5	100.0
LE FLORE	840	811	1651	50.9	100.0
LINCOLN	851	829	1680	50.7	100.0
LOGAN	989	1079	2068	47.8	100.0
LOVE	196	184	380	51.6	100.0
MCCLAIN	510	513	1023	49.9	100.0
MCCURTAIN	454	466	920	49.3	100.0
MCINTOSH	649	493	1142	56.8	100.0
MAJOR	420	476	896	46.9	100.0
MARSHALL	285	269	554	51.4	100.0
MAYES	923	942	1865	49.5	100.0
MURRAY	427	391	818	52.2	100.0
MUSKOGEE	3677	2777	6454	57.0	100.0
NOBLE	699	644	1343	52.0	100.0
NOWATA	409	439	848	48.2	100.0
OKFUSKEE	341	372	713	47.8	100.0
OKLAHOMA	27926	18141	46067	60.6	100.0
OKMULGEE	1747	1504	3251	53.7	100.0
OSAGE	1476	1242	2718	54.3	100.0
OTTAWA	1691	1377	3068	55.1	100.0
PAWNEE	599	669	1268	47.2	100.0
PAYNE	3628	1461	5089	71.3	100.0
PITTSBURG	1601	1083	2684	59.6	100.0
PONTOTOC	1149	862	2011	57.1	100.0
POTTAWATOMIE	2397	1756	4153	57.7	100.0
PUSHMATAHA	281	300	581	48.4	100.0
ROGER MILLS	196	249	445	44.0	100.0
ROGERS	1202	1117	2319	51.8	100.0
SEMINOLE	1139	787	1926	59.1	100.0
SEQUOYAH	528	620	1148	46.0	100.0
STEPHENS	1710	1245	2955	57.9	100.0
TEXAS	806	652	1458	55.3	100.0
TILLMAN	524	702	1226	42.7	100.0
TULSA	26103	15471	41574	62.8	100.0
WAGONER	775	730	1505	51.5	100.0
WASHINGTON	3821	2357	6178	61.8	100.0
WASHITA	659	623	1282	51.4	100.0
WOODS	992	730	1722	57.6	100.0
WOODWARD	871	768	1639	53.1	100.0

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
132525	96910	229435	57.8	100.0

STATE INDEBTEDNESS-HIGHWAYS
SP ELECT MAR 7, 72
LEG REF 191 REJECT ST.Q. 485

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	628	1302	1930	32.5	100.0
ALFALFA	302	1955	2257	13.4	100.0
ATOKA	1017	756	1773	57.4	100.0
BEAVER	157	1470	1627	9.6	100.0
BECKHAM	522	2649	3171	16.5	100.0
BLAINE	351	2566	2917	12.0	100.0
BRYAN	1058	2078	3136	33.7	100.0
CADDO	1134	3780	4914	23.1	100.0
CANADIAN	1189	5437	6626	17.9	100.0
CARTER	1382	4562	5944	23.3	100.0
CHEROKEE	1326	2226	3552	37.3	100.0
CHOCTAW	550	1104	1654	33.3	100.0
CIMARRON	201	838	1039	19.3	100.0
CLEVELAND	3937	11960	15897	24.8	100.0
COAL	585	637	1222	47.9	100.0
COMANCHE	4561	5336	9897	46.1	100.0
COTTON	379	716	1095	34.6	100.0
CRAIG	582	2497	3079	18.9	100.0
CREEK	2151	5330	7481	28.8	100.0
CUSTER	1211	3761	4972	24.4	100.0
DELAWARE	1096	1989	3085	35.5	100.0
DEWEY	311	1436	1747	17.8	100.0
ELLIS	202	1391	1593	12.7	100.0
GARFIELD	2437	9176	11613	21.0	100.0
GARVIN	1041	4629	5670	18.4	100.0
GRADY	1896	4151	6047	31.4	100.0
GRANT	580	1653	2233	26.0	100.0
GREER	881	910	1791	49.2	100.0
HARMON	240	617	857	28.0	100.0
HARPER	213	1423	1636	13.0	100.0
HASKELL	1008	916	1924	52.4	100.0
HUGHES	1099	1940	3039	36.2	100.0
JACKSON	2445	1250	3695	66.2	100.0
JEFFERSON	259	775	1034	25.0	100.0
JOHNSTON	441	1100	1541	28.6	100.0
KAY	2273	9484	11757	19.3	100.0
KINGFISHER	562	2950	3512	16.0	100.0
KIOWA	1020	1825	2845	35.9	100.0
LATIMER	789	820	1609	49.0	100.0
LE FLORE	1952	2380	4332	45.1	100.0
LINCOLN	824	3746	4570	18.0	100.0
LOGAN	1229	3502	4731	26.0	100.0
LOVE	252	586	838	30.1	100.0
MCCLAIN	687	2120	2807	24.5	100.0
MCCURTAIN	880	1468	2348	37.5	100.0
MCINTOSH	976	1085	2061	47.4	100.0
MAJOR	285	1974	2259	12.6	100.0
MARSHALL	351	1330	1681	20.9	100.0
MAYES	1638	3356	4994	32.8	100.0
MURRAY	527	1548	2075	25.4	100.0
MUSKOGEE	4430	5675	10105	43.8	100.0
NOBLE	559	2448	3007	18.6	100.0
NOWATA	383	1690	2073	18.5	100.0
OKFUSKEE	631	1516	2147	29.4	100.0
OKLAHOMA	15709	74127	89836	17.5	100.0
OKMULGEE	2268	3897	6165	36.8	100.0
OSAGE	1640	4504	6144	26.7	100.0
OTTAWA	969	3607	4576	21.2	100.0
PAWNEE	607	2385	2992	20.3	100.0
PAYNE	2462	8418	10880	22.6	100.0
PITTSBURG	2570	3811	6381	40.3	100.0
PONTOTOC	1646	3576	5222	31.5	100.0
POTTAWATOMIE	2635	6436	9071	29.0	100.0
PUSHMATAHA	740	799	1539	48.1	100.0
ROGER MILLS	188	982	1170	16.1	100.0
ROGERS	1021	4334	5355	19.1	100.0
SEMINOLE	1121	4283	5404	20.7	100.0
SEQUOYAH	1739	1347	3086	56.4	100.0
STEPHENS	1571	4416	5987	26.2	100.0
TEXAS	456	2809	3265	14.0	100.0
TILLMAN	1298	909	2207	58.8	100.0
TULSA	12224	67701	79925	15.3	100.0
WAGONER	1175	2536	3711	31.7	100.0
WASHINGTON	2695	8117	10812	24.9	100.0
WASHITA	992	1883	2875	34.5	100.0
WOODS	465	2680	3145	14.8	100.0
WOODWARD	682	3023	3705	18.4	100.0

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
114493	360399	474892	24.1	100.0

TABLE D-124

ELECTORS-PUBLIC UTILITY BONDS
SP PRI ELEC AUG 22.72
LEG REF 194 REJECT ST.Q. 488

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	1289	2310	4255	35.8	84.6
ALFALFA	696	1066	1811	39.5	97.3
ATOKA	1028	1723	3226	37.4	85.3
BEAVER	584	1294	1901	31.1	98.8
BECKHAM	1409	2662	4409	34.6	92.3
BLAINE	1175	2042	3395	36.5	94.8
BRYAN	2317	3152	6038	42.4	90.6
CADDO	1479	2672	4409	35.6	94.1
CANADIAN	3132	5442	8930	36.5	96.0
CARTER	3343	5418	9754	38.2	89.8
CHEROKEE	2337	3797	6750	38.1	90.9
CHOCTAW	1921	2419	4882	44.3	88.9
CIMARRON	309	1079	1357	22.3	102.3
CLEVELAND	4936	6808	11966	42.0	98.1
COAL	825	1164	2126	41.5	93.6
COMANCHE	4889	7293	12892	40.1	94.5
COTTON	585	1180	2032	33.1	86.9
CRAIG	1282	2754	4495	31.8	89.8
CREEK	3087	4760	8124	39.3	96.6
CUSTER	1384	2654	4179	34.3	96.6
DELAWARE	1636	2691	5032	37.8	86.0
DEWEY	472	1166	1738	28.8	94.2
ELLIS	480	1058	1615	31.2	95.2
GARFIELD	4249	6937	11500	38.0	97.3
GARVIN	2481	4740	8154	34.4	88.6
GRADY	2089	3322	5925	38.6	91.3
GRANT	783	1665	2499	32.0	98.0
GREER	867	1393	2585	36.7	85.1
HARMON	481	829	1574	36.7	93.2
HARPER	489	1083	1600	31.1	98.3
HASKELL	1244	2098	4267	37.2	78.3
HUGHES	1644	2537	4959	39.3	84.3
JACKSON	1955	2705	5207	42.0	89.5
JEFFERSON	948	1302	2534	42.1	98.8
JOHNSTON	838	1547	2740	35.1	87.0
KAY	2765	5673	8336	32.8	101.2
KINGFISHER	796	1994	2842	28.5	98.2
KIOWA	1264	2135	3854	37.2	88.2
LATIMER	1089	1680	3149	39.3	87.9
LE FLORE	3412	5375	9741	38.8	90.2
LINCOLN	1537	2668	4375	36.6	96.1
LOGAN	1451	2706	4117	34.9	101.0
LOVE	371	757	1283	32.9	87.9
MCCLAIN	1348	2392	4138	36.0	90.4
MCCURTAIN	3233	4255	7863	43.2	95.2
MCINTOSH	1572	2315	4759	40.4	81.7
MAJOR	569	1242	1877	31.4	96.5
MARSHALL	951	1556	2906	37.9	86.3
MAYES	2214	3624	6511	37.9	89.7
MURRAY	1290	2120	3822	37.8	89.2
MUSKOGEE	6170	9418	17381	39.6	89.7
NOBLE	898	1997	2966	31.0	97.6
NOWATA	1081	1838	3048	37.0	95.8
OKFUSKEE	1387	1780	3607	43.8	87.8
OKLAHOMA	20637	40502	79197	33.8	77.2
OKMULGEE	3097	4561	8419	40.4	91.0
OSAGE	2432	4598	7304	34.6	96.2
OTTAWA	2940	4542	8210	39.3	91.1
PAWNEE	1258	2124	3468	37.2	97.5
PAYNE	2853	4279	7277	40.0	98.0
PITTSBURG	5298	7539	14426	41.3	89.0
PONTOTOC	2600	4328	8016	37.5	86.4
POTTAWATOMIE	3151	5290	8916	37.3	94.7
PUSHMATAHA	1078	1856	3465	36.7	84.7
ROGER MILLS	454	1101	1630	29.2	95.4
ROGERS	2756	4479	7647	38.1	94.6
SEMINOLE	2450	3068	6016	44.4	91.7
SEQUOYAH	2869	3700	7891	43.7	83.2
STEPHENS	3099	5735	9414	35.1	93.8
TEXAS	646	1562	2199	29.3	110.4
TILLMAN	961	2133	3319	31.1	93.2
TULSA	29898	29389	66851	50.4	88.7
WAGONER	2005	3075	5385	39.5	94.3
WASHINGTON	4654	7069	11976	39.7	97.9
WASHITA	1070	1923	3360	35.8	89.1
WOODS	787	1724	2519	31.3	99.7
WOODWARD	951	1806	2814	34.5	98.0

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
189945	298670	545154	38.9	89.6

CITY-TOWN INDEBTEDNESS
SP PRI ELEC AUG 22.72
LEG REF 195 ADOPT ST.Q. 489

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	1517	1980	4255	43.4	82.2
ALFALFA	931	794	1811	54.0	95.3
ATOKA	1144	1425	3226	44.5	79.6
BEAVER	855	969	1901	46.9	95.9
BECKHAM	1897	2002	4409	48.7	88.4
BLAINE	1491	1631	3395	47.8	92.0
BRYAN	2742	2495	6038	52.4	86.7
CADDO	1911	2111	4409	47.5	91.2
CANADIAN	4346	3885	8930	52.8	92.2
CARTER	4119	4198	9754	49.5	85.3
CHEROKEE	2812	3123	6750	47.4	87.9
CHOCTAW	2126	1977	4882	51.8	84.0
CIMARRON	461	887	1357	34.2	99.3
CLEVELAND	6657	4914	11966	57.5	96.7
COAL	905	971	2126	48.2	88.2
COMANCHE	6971	4972	12892	58.4	92.6
COTTON	781	899	2032	46.5	82.7
CRAIG	1649	2241	4495	42.4	86.5
CREEK	3986	3658	8124	52.1	94.1
CUSTER	1912	2017	4179	48.7	94.0
DELAWARE	2005	2168	5032	48.0	82.9
DEWEY	632	947	1738	40.0	90.9
ELLIS	685	793	1615	46.3	91.5
GARFIELD	5919	5034	11500	54.0	95.2
GARVIN	3165	3766	8154	45.7	85.0
GRADY	2686	2452	5925	52.3	86.7
GRANT	1108	1276	2499	46.5	95.4
GREER	1006	1079	2585	48.2	80.7
HARMON	606	601	1574	50.2	76.7
HARPER	699	811	1600	46.3	94.4
HASKELL	1396	1773	4267	44.1	74.3
HUGHES	1845	2242	4959	45.1	82.4
JACKSON	2621	1803	5207	59.2	85.0
JEFFERSON	1026	1122	2534	47.8	84.8
JOHNSTON	1005	1263	2740	44.3	82.8
KAY	4006	4215	8336	48.7	98.6
KINGFISHER	1211	1529	2842	44.2	96.4
KIOWA	1632	1627	3854	50.1	84.6
LATIMER	1176	1462	3149	44.6	83.8
LE FLORE	3982	4332	9741	47.9	85.4
LINCOLN	1964	2116	4375	48.1	93.3
LOGAN	1842	1973	4117	48.3	92.7
LOVE	462	610	1283	43.1	83.6
MCCLAIN	1734	1854	4138	48.3	86.7
MCCURTAIN	3370	3718	7863	47.5	90.1
MCINTOSH	1817	1928	4759	48.5	78.7
MAJOR	810	958	1877	45.8	94.2
MARSHALL	1162	1220	2906	48.8	82.0
MAYES	2766	2880	6511	49.0	86.7
MURRAY	1583	1730	3822	47.8	86.7
MUSKOGEE	8056	7078	17381	53.2	87.1
NOBLE	1175	1634	2966	41.8	94.7
NOWATA	1309	1491	3048	46.8	91.9
OKFUSKEE	1532	1480	3607	50.9	83.5
OKLAHOMA	28504	31166	79197	47.8	75.3
OKMULGEE	3767	3557	8419	51.4	87.0
OSAGE	3097	3702	7304	45.6	93.1
OTTAWA	3781	3479	8210	52.1	88.4
PAWNEE	1605	1669	3468	49.0	94.4
PAYNE	4034	2905	7277	58.1	95.4
PITTSBURG	6268	6087	14426	50.7	85.6
PONTOTOC	3778	3588	8016	47.0	84.4
POTTAWATOMIE	4249	4006	8916	51.5	92.6
PUSHMATAHA	1202	1561	3465	43.5	79.7
ROGER MILLS	641	851	1630	43.0	91.5
ROGERS	3345	3622	7647	48.0	91.1
SEMINOLE	2993	2382	6016	55.7	89.3
SEQUOYAH	3124	3206	7891	49.4	80.2
STEPHENS	4478	3968	9414	53.0	89.7
TEXAS	1045	1101	2199	48.7	97.6
TILLMAN	1340	1564	3319	46.1	87.5
TULSA	35844	22208	66851	61.7	86.8
WAGONER	2465	2421	5385	50.5	90.7
WASHINGTON	6422	5062	11976	55.9	95.9
WASHITA	1353	1508	3360	47.3	85.1
WOODS	1062	1399	2519	43.2	97.7
WOODWARD	1366	1307	2814	51.1	95.0

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
242369	230433	545154	51.3	86.7

TABLE D-125

LIQUOR BY THE DRINK
GEN ELECT NOV 7, 72
INIT PET 288 REJECT ST.Q. 480

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	2249	3669	6668	38.0	88.8
ALFALFA	1033	2825	3978	26.8	97.0
ATOKA	994	2994	4226	24.9	94.4
BEAVER	697	2434	3249	22.0	96.1
BECKHAM	1572	4525	6407	25.8	95.2
BLAINE	1618	3352	5200	32.6	95.6
BRYAN	2584	5919	9057	30.4	93.9
CADDO	3276	7409	11389	30.7	93.8
CANADIAN	6413	8046	14764	44.4	97.9
CARTER	5119	8493	14416	37.6	94.4
CHEROKEE	4981	4677	10618	51.6	91.0
CHOCTAW	1577	3255	5583	32.6	86.5
CIMARRON	467	1380	1925	25.3	95.9
CLEVELAND	20631	16780	37997	55.1	98.5
COAL	635	1507	2261	29.6	94.7
COMANCHE	13050	10859	25188	54.6	94.9
COTTON	811	1991	3063	28.9	91.5
CRAIG	2685	3056	6122	46.8	93.8
CREEK	7205	8963	16903	44.6	95.7
CUSTER	3554	6355	9918	35.9	99.9
DELAWARE	3523	3773	7987	48.3	91.3
DEWEY	793	1973	2873	28.7	96.3
ELLIS	700	1878	2720	27.2	94.8
GARFIELD	10094	14186	24625	41.5	98.6
GARVIN	2915	7213	10692	28.8	94.7
GRADY	3988	7226	11753	35.6	95.4
GRANT	1200	2509	3801	32.4	97.6
GREER	742	2408	3340	23.6	94.3
HARMON	285	1498	1901	16.0	93.8
HARPER	681	1752	2401	28.0	101.3
HASKELL	1418	2808	4636	33.6	91.2
HUGHES	1512	3723	5612	28.9	93.3
JACKSON	2799	4737	7940	37.1	94.9
JEFFERSON	649	1980	2848	24.7	92.3
JOHNSTON	837	2390	3421	25.9	94.3
KAY	9638	11982	22379	44.6	96.6
KINGFISHER	2357	3553	6072	39.9	97.3
KIOWA	1348	3831	5451	26.0	95.0
LATIMER	1321	2354	4025	35.9	91.3
LE FLORE	2977	8611	12540	25.7	92.4
LINCOLN	2962	5740	9097	34.0	95.8
LOGAN	4019	5238	9676	43.4	95.7
LOVE	580	1447	2225	28.6	91.1
MCCLAIN	2024	3683	5972	35.5	95.6
MCCURTAIN	2940	5329	9517	35.6	86.9
MCINTOSH	2035	2748	5234	42.5	91.4
MAJOR	949	2804	3877	25.3	96.8
MARSHALL	923	2486	3580	27.1	95.2
MAYES	4898	5060	10742	49.2	92.7
MURRAY	1503	2875	4642	34.3	94.3
MUSKOGEE	11218	11342	23786	49.7	94.8
NOBLE	2088	3007	5252	41.0	97.0
NOWATA	2009	2322	4640	46.4	93.3
OKFUSKEE	1438	2645	4377	35.2	93.3
OKLAHOMA	99980	88535	210326	53.0	89.6
OKMULGEE	6402	6776	13744	48.6	95.9
OSAGE	6400	6004	12848	51.6	96.5
OTTAWA	5191	6620	12578	44.0	93.9
PAWNEE	2293	3082	6455	42.7	83.3
PAYNE	11123	11803	22787	48.5	100.6
PITTSBURG	6264	8135	15302	43.5	94.1
PONTOTOC	3454	8535	12681	28.8	94.5
POTTAWATOMIE	4545	11741	19096	35.8	95.8
PUSHMATAHA	1139	2262	4360	33.5	78.0
ROGER MILLS	542	1565	2236	25.7	94.2
ROGERS	6305	6128	13043	50.7	95.3
SEMINOLE	3277	6413	10171	33.8	95.3
SEQUOYAH	3255	5169	10001	38.6	84.2
STEPHENS	4143	10265	14905	28.8	96.7
TEXAS	1919	4900	7180	28.1	95.0
TILLMAN	1147	3447	4891	25.0	93.9
TULSA	103280	52133	168358	66.5	92.3
WAGONER	4527	4170	9382	52.1	92.7
WASHINGTON	10154	10117	20727	50.1	97.8
WASHITA	1222	3711	5161	24.8	95.6
WOODS	2134	3619	5857	37.1	98.2
WOODWARD	2215	4418	6761	33.4	98.1

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
463405	529148	1057396	46.9	93.5

FARM LAND LOAN VALUATION
SP PRI ELEC AUG 22,72
LEG REF 196 REJECT ST.Q. 490

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	1346	2040	4255	39.8	79.6
ALFALFA	921	797	1811	53.6	94.9
ATOKA	1243	1341	3226	48.1	80.1
BEAVER	854	987	1901	46.4	96.8
BECKHAM	1942	1957	4409	49.8	88.4
BLAINE	1565	1544	3395	50.3	91.6
BRYAN	2743	2513	6038	52.2	87.0
CADDO	2034	1977	4409	50.7	91.0
CANADIAN	4238	4011	8930	51.4	92.4
CARTER	3613	4586	9754	44.1	84.1
CHEROKEE	2556	3367	6750	43.2	87.7
CHOCTAW	2136	1964	4882	52.1	84.0
CIMARRON	504	859	1357	37.0	100.4
CLEVELAND	6478	4952	11966	56.7	95.5
COAL	869	1027	2126	45.8	89.2
COMANCHE	6076	5509	12892	52.4	89.9
COTTON	742	953	2032	43.8	83.4
CRAIG	1565	2309	4495	40.4	86.2
CREEK	3442	4155	8124	45.3	93.5
CUSTER	2027	1880	4179	51.9	93.5
DELAWARE	1750	2421	5032	42.0	82.9
DEWEY	774	836	1738	48.1	92.6
ELLIS	723	767	1615	48.5	92.3
GARFIELD	5347	5445	11500	49.5	93.8
GARVIN	2957	3889	8154	43.2	84.0
GRADY	2682	2447	5925	52.3	86.6
GRANT	1166	1237	2499	48.5	96.2
GREER	1029	1067	2585	49.1	81.1
HARMON	645	616	1574	51.1	80.1
HARPER	693	826	1600	45.6	94.9
HASKELL	1333	1858	4267	41.8	74.8
HUGHES	1838	2225	4959	45.2	81.9
JACKSON	2380	2038	5207	53.9	84.8
JEFFERSON	1030	1123	2534	47.8	85.0
JOHNSTON	1043	1214	2740	46.2	82.4
KAY	3949	4208	8336	48.4	97.9
KINGFISHER	1261	1464	2842	46.3	95.9
KIOWA	1587	1646	3854	49.1	83.9
LATIMER	1075	1524	3149	41.4	82.5
LE FLORE	3280	4623	9741	41.5	81.1
LINCOLN	1957	2111	4375	48.1	93.0
LOGAN	1836	1962	4117	48.3	92.3
LOVE	441	631	1283	41.1	83.6
MCCLAIN	1714	1895	4138	47.5	87.2
MCCURTAIN	3409	3600	7863	48.6	89.1
MCINTOSH	1761	1953	4759	47.4	78.0
MAJOR	840	932	1877	47.4	94.4
MARSHALL	1036	1309	2906	44.2	80.7
MAYES	2512	3053	6511	45.1	85.5
MURRAY	1521	1718	2822	47.0	84.7
MUSKOGEE	7416	7520	17381	49.7	85.9
NOBLE	1308	1500	2966	46.6	94.7
NOWATA	1183	1623	3048	42.2	92.1
OKFUSKEE	1426	1583	3607	47.4	83.4
OKLAHOMA	28956	29951	79197	49.2	74.4
OKMULGEE	3256	3976	8419	45.0	85.9
OSAGE	2730	4026	7304	40.4	92.5
OTTAWA	3266	3914	8210	45.5	87.5
PAWNEE	1439	1813	3468	44.2	93.8
PAYNE	3793	3051	7277	55.4	94.0
PITTSBURG	5785	6531	14426	47.0	85.4
PONTOTOC	2962	3642	8016	44.9	82.4
POTTAWATOMIE	3865	4269	8916	47.5	91.2
PUSHMATAHA	1147	1605	3465	41.7	79.4
ROGER MILLS	739	763	1630	49.2	92.1
ROGERS	3291	3646	7647	47.4	90.7
SEMINOLE	2676	2608	6016	50.6	87.8
SEQUOYAH	3064	3242	7891	48.6	79.9
STEPHENS	4074	4278	9414	48.8	88.7
TEXAS	1036	1120	2199	48.1	98.0
TILLMAN	1365	1526	3319	47.2	87.1
TULSA	26901	29928	66851	47.3	85.0
WAGONER	2222	2641	5385	45.7	90.3
WASHINGTON	5499	5883	11976	48.3	95.0
WASHITA	1451	1451	3360	50.0	86.4
WOODS	1151	1298	2519	47.0	97.2
WOODWARD	1330	1323	2814	50.1	94.3

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
223794	244077	545154	47.8	85.8

TABLE D-126

AD VALOREM TAXATION
GEN ELECT NOV 7, 72
LEG REF 192 ADOPT ST.Q. 486

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	3115	2353	6668	57.0	82.0
ALFALFA	2447	1274	3978	65.8	93.5
ATOKA	1750	1757	4226	49.9	83.0
BEAVER	1876	1062	3249	63.9	90.4
BECKHAM	3609	2007	6407	64.3	87.7
BLAINE	3216	1507	5200	68.1	90.8
BRYAN	3530	3846	9057	47.9	81.4
CADDO	6702	3184	11389	67.8	86.8
CANADIAN	10303	3736	14764	73.4	95.1
CARTER	6317	5771	14416	52.3	83.9
CHEROKEE	5720	3380	10618	62.9	85.7
CHOCTAW	1741	2317	5583	42.9	72.7
CIMARRON	1061	740	1925	58.9	93.6
CLEVELAND	26791	9262	37997	74.3	94.9
COAL	791	1087	2261	42.1	83.1
COMANCHE	11253	11146	25188	50.2	88.9
COTTON	1122	1298	3063	46.4	79.0
CRAIG	3213	2196	6122	59.4	88.4
CREEK	8389	6998	16903	54.5	91.0
CUSTER	6121	3744	9918	62.0	99.5
DELAWARE	3512	3237	7987	52.0	84.5
DEWEY	1764	821	2873	68.2	90.0
ELLIS	1728	770	2720	69.2	91.8
GARFIELD	16163	6944	24625	69.9	93.8
GARVIN	6404	2971	10692	68.3	87.7
GRADY	7407	3097	11753	70.5	89.4
GRANT	2356	1226	3801	65.8	94.2
GREER	1850	926	3340	66.6	83.1
HARMON	974	537	1901	64.5	79.5
HARPER	1612	757	2401	68.0	98.7
HASKELL	2601	1257	4636	67.4	83.2
HUGHES	2915	2005	5612	59.2	87.7
JACKSON	4778	2051	7940	70.0	86.0
JEFFERSON	1105	1146	2848	49.1	79.0
JOHNSTON	1413	1387	3421	50.5	81.8
KAY	13495	7228	22379	65.1	92.6
KINGFISHER	4207	1540	6072	73.2	94.6
KIOWA	3093	1620	5451	65.6	86.5
LATIMER	1956	1394	4025	58.4	83.2
LE FLORE	4894	5269	12540	48.2	81.0
LINCOLN	5484	2737	9087	66.7	90.5
LOGAN	5722	2933	9676	66.1	89.4
LOVE	1116	665	2225	62.7	80.0
MCCLAIN	4094	1384	5972	74.7	91.7
MCCURTAIN	3539	3791	9517	48.3	77.0
MCINTOSH	3060	1337	5234	69.6	84.0
MAJOR	2498	1118	3877	69.1	93.3
MARSHALL	1442	1528	3580	48.6	83.0
MAYES	6060	3368	10742	64.3	87.8
MURRAY	2475	1504	4642	62.2	85.7
MUSKOGEE	12364	9041	23786	57.8	90.0
NOBLE	3456	1345	5252	72.0	91.4
NOWATA	2546	1553	4640	62.1	88.3
OKFUSKEE	2254	1497	4377	60.1	85.7
OKLAHOMA	88180	87608	210326	50.2	83.6
OKMULGEE	7956	4401	13744	64.4	89.9
OSAGE	7374	4513	12848	62.0	92.5
OTTAWA	3428	7674	12578	30.9	88.3
PAWNEE	3230	1878	6455	63.2	79.1
PAYNE	16048	5964	22787	72.9	96.6
PITTSBURG	8558	5038	15302	62.9	88.9
PONTOTOC	6753	4083	12681	62.3	85.5
POTTAWATOMIE	11785	5595	19086	67.8	91.1
PUSHMATAHA	1534	1400	4360	52.3	67.3
ROGER MILLS	1254	760	2236	62.3	90.1
ROGERS	7751	4158	13043	65.1	91.3
SEMINOLE	4893	4083	10171	54.5	88.3
SEQUOYAH	3825	3921	10001	49.4	77.5
STEPHENS	7166	5981	14905	54.5	88.2
TEXAS	4065	2421	7180	62.7	90.3
TILLMAN	2848	1373	4891	67.5	86.3
TULSA	74483	70560	168358	51.4	86.2
WAGONER	5231	2908	9382	64.3	86.8
WASHINGTON	10742	8571	20727	55.6	93.2
WASHITA	3151	1406	5161	69.1	88.3
WOODS	3289	2265	5857	59.2	94.8
WOODWARD	4362	2062	6761	67.9	95.0

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
537310	387272	1057396	58.1	87.4

EMERGENCY TAXATION LEVY
GEN ELECT NOV 7, 72
LEG REF 193 ADOPT ST.Q. 487

COUNTY	YES	NO	TOTAL	%YES	%PART
ADAIR	2528	2610	6668	49.2	77.1
ALFALFA	1717	1904	3978	47.4	91.0
ATOKA	1355	2016	4226	40.2	79.8
BEAVER	1317	1606	3249	45.1	90.0
BECKHAM	2739	2647	6407	50.9	84.1
BLAINE	2139	2394	5200	47.2	87.2
BRYAN	3004	4070	9057	42.5	78.1
CADDO	4560	4826	11389	48.6	82.4
CANADIAN	6723	6938	14764	49.2	92.5
CARTER	4882	6895	14416	41.5	81.7
CHEROKEE	4802	3889	10618	55.3	81.9
CHOCTAW	1783	2191	5583	44.9	71.2
CIMARRON	738	1010	1925	42.2	90.8
CLEVELAND	19330	15306	37997	55.8	91.2
COAL	615	1214	2261	33.6	80.9
COMANCHE	11017	11081	25188	49.9	87.7
COTTON	1052	1386	3063	43.2	79.6
CRAIG	2467	2715	6122	47.6	84.6
CREEK	6621	8207	16903	44.7	87.7
CUSTER	4220	5650	9918	42.8	99.5
DELAWARE	3002	3315	7987	47.5	79.1
DEWEY	1117	1350	2873	45.3	85.9
ELLIS	1156	1239	2720	48.3	88.1
GARFIELD	11855	10894	24625	52.1	92.4
GARVIN	4037	4721	10692	46.1	81.9
GRADY	5348	4657	11753	53.5	85.1
GRANT	1347	2132	3801	38.7	91.5
GREER	1410	1185	3340	54.3	77.7
HARMON	800	622	1901	56.3	74.8
HARPER	986	1313	2401	42.9	95.8
HASKELL	1685	1789	4636	48.5	74.9
HUGHES	2008	2581	5612	43.8	81.8
JACKSON	4210	2480	7940	62.9	84.3
JEFFERSON	942	1139	2848	45.3	73.1
JOHNSTON	1122	1571	3421	41.7	78.7
KAY	10594	9563	22379	52.6	90.1
KINGFISHER	2669	2932	6072	47.7	92.2
KIOWA	2190	2270	5451	49.1	81.8
LATIMER	1528	1633	4025	48.3	78.5
LE FLORE	4698	5042	12540	48.2	77.7
LINCOLN	3657	4137	9087	46.9	85.8
LOGAN	3951	4412	9676	47.2	86.4
LOVE	820	887	2225	48.0	76.7
MCCLAIN	2640	2617	5972	50.2	88.0
MCCURTAIN	3106	3944	9517	44.1	74.1
MCINTOSH	2310	1756	5234	56.8	77.7
MAJOR	1482	2021	3877	42.3	90.4
MARSHALL	1015	1825	3580	35.7	79.3
MAYES	4645	4049	10742	53.4	80.9
MURRAY	1700	2094	4642	44.8	81.7
MUSKOGEE	11338	9277	23786	55.0	86.7
NOBLE	2144	2586	5252	45.3	90.1
NOWATA	1981	1947	4640	50.4	84.7
OKFUSKEE	1638	1827	4377	47.3	79.2
OKLAHOMA	123853	58917	210326	67.8	86.9
OKMULGEE	6645	4985	13744	57.1	84.6
OSAGE	5956	5420	12848	52.4	88.5
OTTAWA	4065	6550	12578	38.3	84.4
PAWNEE	2473	2408	6455	50.7	75.6
PAYNE	12900	8701	22787	59.7	94.8
PITTSBURG	6856	5988	15302	53.4	83.9
PONTOTOC	4804	5503	12681	46.6	81.3
POTTAWATOMIE	7443	9117	19086	44.9	86.8
PUSHMATAHA	1175	1589	4360	42.5	63.4
ROGER MILLS	877	1008	2236	46.5	84.3
ROGERS	5589	5562	13043	50.1	85.5
SEMINOLE	3582	5101	10171	41.3	85.4
SEQUOYAH	3573	3891	10001	47.9	74.6
STEPHENS	6023	6750	14905	47.2	85.7
TEXAS	3031	3145	7180	49.1	86.0
TILLMAN	2253	1831	4891	55.2	83.5
TULSA	79826	61062	168358	56.7	83.7
WAGONER	4162	3494	9382	54.4	81.6
WASHINGTON	9495	9303	20727	50.5	90.7
WASHITA	2041	2245	5161	47.6	83.0
WOODS	2545	2918	5857	46.6	93.3
WOODWARD	3059	3173	6761	49.1	92.2

TOTAL YES	TOTAL NO	TOTAL VOTE	MEAN% YES	MEAN% PART
490966	413023	1057396	54.3	85.5

STATE QUESTION NO. 1
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 1
ISSUE TITLE: CREATION OF LIQUOR AGENCY
GENERAL ELECTION, NOVEMBER 3, 1908
STATE RETURNS YES 105,392 NO 121,573
AMENDMENT REJECTED

SUBMITTED BY JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 3, PAGE 770, SESSION LAWS 1907-08

PROPOSITION GIST:
THE CREATION OF A STATE AGENCY FOR THE PURPOSE OF DISPENSING SPIRITUOUS LIQUORS IN ORIGINAL PACKAGES ON PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS.

STATE QUESTION NO. 2
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 2
ISSUE TITLE: TORRENS LAND REGISTRATION
GENERAL ELECTION, NOVEMBER 3, 1908
STATE RETURNS YES 114,394 NO 83,888
AMENDMENT REJECTED

SUBMITTED BY JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 3 PAGE 775, SESSION LAWS 1907-08

PROPOSITION GIST:
TO ESTABLISH THE TORRENS LAND REGISTRATION SYSTEM FOR THE PURPOSE OF ADJUDICATING LAND TITLES, DETERMINING THE RIGHTFUL OWNER OF LAND, ISSUING PROPER CERTIFICATES OF TITLE AND PROVIDING FOR REGISTRATION AND TRANSFER OF TITLE OF REALTY.

STATE QUESTION NO. 3
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 3
ISSUE TITLE: SECURE CAPITOL SITE
GENERAL ELECTION, NOVEMBER 3, 1908
STATE RETURNS YES 120,352 NO 71,933
AMENDMENT REJECTED

SUBMITTED BY HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 11, PAGE 779,
SESSION LAWS 1907-08

PROPOSITION GIST:
THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE MAY AT ANY TIME SELECT A CAPITOL LOCATION BY A MAJORITY OF THE VOTES CAST ON THE QUESTION AT ANY ELECTION WHEREIN THE QUESTION HAS BEEN SUBMITTED.

STATE QUESTION NO. 4
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 4
ISSUE TITLE: SECURE CAPITOL SITE
GENERAL ELECTION, NOVEMBER 3, 1908
STATE RETURNS YES 117,441 NO 75,792
AMENDMENT REJECTED

SUBMITTED BY SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 8, PAGE 775,
SESSION LAWS 1907-08

PROPOSITION GIST:
THE STATE SECURE A SITE FOR THE CAPITOL, EMBRACING AMPLE GROUNDS AND LOTS IN SAID SITE TO BE SOLD FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE STATE.

STATE QUESTION NO. 5
INITIATIVE PETITION NO. 1
ISSUE TITLE: SALE OF SCHOOL LAND
GENERAL ELECTION, NOVEMBER 3, 1908
STATE RETURNS YES 96,745 NO 110,840
ACT REJECTED

PROPOSITION GIST:
THE AUTHORIZATION OF THE SALE OF SCHOOL AND OTHER PUBLIC LANDS AT AUCTION, GIVING THE LESSEE THE RIGHT OF ACCEPTANCE OF THE LAND AT THE HIGHEST BID, LIMITING THE SALES TO ONE HUNDRED AND SIXTY ACRES OF LAND TO THE INDIVIDUAL, ALLOWING LONG TERM DEFERRED PAYMENTS AT SIX PER CENT INTEREST AND MAKING THE LAND TAXABLE AT THE INITIAL SALE.

STATE QUESTION NO. 15
INITIATIVE PETITION NO. 7
ISSUE TITLE: CAPITOL SITE SELECTION
SPECIAL ELECTION JUNE 11, 1910
STATE RETURNS 96,448 NO 64,522
ACT ADOPTED

PROPOSITION GIST:
A PROPOSITION TO PERMANENTLY LOCATE STATE CAPITOL; CREATING COMMISSION OF THREE TO BE APPOINTED BY GOVERNOR, JANUARY 1, 1911, OR SOONER; DEFINES POWERS AND DUTIES; APPROPRIATES SIX HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS TO PURCHASE NOT TO EXCEED TWO THOUSAND ACRES; STATE TO BE REIMBURSED FROM SALE OF LOTS; CAPITOL FUND CREATED THEREFROM; BOARD MAY EXERCISE POWER OF EMINENT DOMAIN.

SAID COMMISSION AND SCHOOL LAND COMMISSION TO APPRAISE VALUE OF LANDS AND IMPROVEMENTS SEPARATELY. MAKES OKLAHOMA CITY, GUTHRIE AND SHAWNEE CANDIDATES: PROVIDES FOR OTHERS BY PETITION.

PROPOSED SEPARATELY TO DETERMINE QUESTIONS; (1) SHALL CAPITOL BE LOCATED, AND (2) WHERE.

STATE QUESTION NO 16
INITIATIVE PETITION NO. 8
ISSUE TITLE: CORPORATION PRIVILEGES
SPECIAL ELECTION, JUNE 11, 1910
STATE RETURNS YES 53,784 NO 108,205
AMENDMENT REJECTED

PROPOSITION GIST:
THAT AN EXTRA SECTION BE ADDED TO ARTICLE 9 OF THE CONSTITUTION DIRECTING THAT ANY RAILROAD, TRANSPORTATION OR TRANSMISSION COMPANY ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAWS, OF ANY OTHER STATE, THE UNITED STATES OR ANY TERRITORY THEREOF, OWNING OR OPERATING, OR WISHING TO EXTEND A LINE OR LINES THROUGH THIS STATE MAY HAVE THE RIGHT AND POWER TO CONDUCT SUCH BUSINESS AFTER THEY HAVE FILED A COPY OF THEIR ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION WITH THE SECRETARY OF STATE AND APPOINTED A RESIDENT AGENT UPON WHOM LEGAL PROCESS MAY BE SERVED.

STATE QUESTION NO. 17
INITIATIVE PETITION NO. 10
ISSUE TITLE: GRANDFATHER CLAUSE
PRIMARY ELECTION, AUGUST 2, 1910
STATE RETURNS YES 135,443 NO 106,222
AMENDMENT ADOPTED

PROPOSITION GIST:
THAT NO PERSON SHALL BE REGISTERED AS AN ELECTOR IN THIS STATE, BE ALLOWED TO VOTE IN ANY ELECTION HELD HEREIN, UNLESS HE BE ABLE TO READ AND WRITE ANY SECTION OF THE CONSTITUTION OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA; BUT NO PERSON WHO WAS, ON JANUARY 1, 1866, OR AT ANY TIME PRIOR THERETO, ENTITLED TO VOTE, UNDER ANY FORM OF GOVERNMENT, OR WHO AT THAT TIME RESIDED IN SOME FOREIGN NATION, AND NO LINEAL DESCENDANT OF SUCH PERSON, SHALLL BE DENIED THE RIGHT TO REGISTER AND VOTE BECAUSE OF HIS INABILITY TO SO READ AND WRITE SECTIONS OF THE CONSTITUTION.

PRECINCT ELECTION INSPECTORS HAVING IN CHARGE THE REGISTRATION OF ELECTORS SHALL ENFORCE THE PROVISIONS OF THIS SECTION AT THE TIME OF REGISTRATION PROVIDED REGISTRATION BE REQUIRED. SHOULD REGISTRATION BE DISPENSED WITH, THE PROVISIONS OF THIS SECTION SHALL BE ENFORCED BY THE PRECINCT ELECTION OFFICERS WHEN ELECTORS APPLY FOR BALLOTS TO VOTE.

STATE QUESTION NO. 6
INITIATIVE PETITION NO. 2
ISSUE TITLE: NEW JERUSALEM PLAN
GENERAL ELECTION, NOVEMBER 8, 1910
STATE RETURNS YES 84,366 NO 118,899
ACT REJECTED

PROPOSITION GIST:
THE SELECTION BY A MAJORITY VOTE OF NEW JERUSALEM DISTRICT COMPOSED OF NOT LESS THAN SIX SECTIONS OF LAND COMPACTLY LOCATED WITHIN FIFTY MILES OF THE CENTER OF THE STATE; CITIZENS MAY OFFER SITE, DESCRIPTION, DESCRIPTIONS AND OPTIONS SHOWING COST FILED WITH SECRETARY AND PRINTED FOR INFORMATION OF VOTER; PLATTING MODEL CITY, PUBLIC BUILDING RESERVATIONS, REMAINDER SOLD AT PUBLIC AUCTION AT APPRAISED VALUE OR MORE; AFTER REPAYING COST OF PUBLIC PROCEEDS USED EQUALLY FOR PUBLIC BUILDINGS AND IMPROVEMENTS WITHIN DISTRICT; STATE INSTITUTIONS HEREAFTER LOCATED MUST BE IN DISTRICTS.

STATE QUESTION NO. 8
INITIATIVE PETITION NO. 3
ISSUE TITLE: WOMAN SUFFRAGE
GENERAL ELECTION NOVEMBER 8, 1910
STATE RETURNS YES 88,808 NO 128,928
AMENDMENT REJECTED

PROPOSITION GIST:
TO AUTHORIZE WOMEN TO VOTE UNDER THE SAME CIRCUMSTANCES AND CONDITIONS AS MEN MAY NOW DO UNDER THE LAWS OF THIS STATE, AND THIS PURPOSE IS EFFECTED BY STRIKING OUT THE WORD "MALE" WHEREVER IT EXISTS AS A LIMITATION IN SECTION 1 OF ARTICLE 3 OF THE CONSTITUTION.

STATE QUESTION NO. 21
REFERENDUM PETITION NO. 12
ISSUE TITLE: CREATE ELECTION BOARD
GENERAL ELECTION NOVEMBER 8, 1910
STATE RETURNS YES 80,146 NO 106,459
ACT REJECTED, LAW SUSTAINED

PROPOSITION GIST
HOUSE BILL NO. 125, PAGE 209, SESSION LAWS 1910.
PRESCRIBING THE TIME AND MANNER OF CONDUCTING GENERAL ELECTIONS, CREATES A STATE ELECTION BOARD, APPOINTED BY THE GOVERNOR, NOT MORE THAN TWO OF THE SAME POLITICAL PARTY; CHAIRMAN OF THE MANAGING COMMITTEE OF EACH OF THE TWO POLITICAL PARTIES HAVING CAST THE LARGEST NUMBER OF VOTES IN THE LAST PRECEDING GENERAL ELECTION MAY AT ANY TIME SUBMIT TO THE GOVERNOR THE NAMES OF NOT LESS THAN FIVE MEMBERS OF THEIR RESPECTIVE POLITICAL PARTIES. IN MAKING SAID APPOINTMENTS PREFERENCE SHALL BE GIVEN TO THE NAMES SO SUBMITTED.

STATE QUESTION NO. 22
INITIATIVE PETITION NO. 11
ISSUE TITLE: REPEAL PROHIBITION
GENERAL ELECTION, NOVEMBER 8, 1910
STATE RETURNS YES 105,041 NO 126,118
AMENDMENT REJECTED

PROPOSITION GIST:
TO AMEND SECTION 7, ARTICLE 1 OF THE CONSTITUTION AND TO PROVIDE FOR THE LICENSED SALE OF INTOXICATING LIQUORS IN INCORPORATED CITIES, TOWNS AND VILLAGES AFTER AN ELECTION TO DETERMINE WHETHER SAID MUNICIPALITY SHALL LICENSE THE SALE OF LIQUORS TO BE CONSUMED ON THE PREMISES AT A COST OF TWO THOUSAND DOLLARS PER YEAR, AND THE SALE IN ORIGINAL PACKAGES NOT TO BE THERE CONSUMED AT A COST OF FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS PER YEAR FOR EACH LICENSE, WITH RESTRICTIONS, AS TO SUNDAY AND MIDNIGHT CLOSING, PROHIBITING TREATING AND OTHER RESTRICTIONS.

STATE QUESTION NO. 23
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 13
ISSUE TITLE: CORPORATION TAX, SCHOOLS
GENERAL ELECTION, NOVEMBER 8, 1910
STATE RETURNS YES 101,636 NO 43,133
AMENDMENT REJECTED

SUBMITTED BY SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 1, PAGE 278, SESSION LAWS 1910

PROPOSITION GIST:
THAT ALL TAXES DERIVED FROM PUBLIC SERVICE CORPORATIONS OPERATING IN MORE THAN ONE COUNTY OF THE STATE TO BE PAID INTO THE STATE TREASURY AND DISTRIBUTED AS ARE OTHER COMMON SCHOOL FUNDS.

STATE QUESTION NO. 24
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 14
ISSUE TITLE: CORPORATION RELATIONS
GENERAL ELECTION, NOVEMBER 8, 1910
STATE RETURNS YES 83,169 NO 55,175
AMENDMENT REJECTED

SUBMITTED BY SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 12, PAGE 645, SESSION LAWS 1909

PROPOSITION GIST:
PUBLIC SERVICE CORPORATIONS THAT HAVE ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA SHALL NOT BE ALLOWED TO ABATE FULL JURISDICTION OVER THEM

BY SAID STATE ON ACCOUNT OF ANY TRANSFER TO OR CONSOLIDATION WITH A FOREIGN CORPORATION.

STATE QUESTION NO. 25
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 15
ISSUE TITLE: CORPORATION PRIVILEGES
SPECIAL ELECTION, APRIL 25, 1911
STATE RETURNS YES 41,768 NO 46,662
AMENDMENT REJECTED

SUBMITTED BY SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 4, PAGE 395, SESSION LAWS 1910-11

PROPOSITION GIST:
THAT AN EXTRA SECTION BE ADDED TO ARTICLE 9 OF THE CONSTITUTION DIRECTING THAT ANY RAILROAD TRANSPORTATION OR TRANSMISSION COMPANY ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAWS OF ANY OTHER STATE, THE UNITED STATES OR ANY TERRITORY THEREOF OWNING OR OPERATING OR WISHING TO EXTEND A LINE OR LINES THROUGH THIS STATE MAY HAVE THE RIGHT AND POWER TO CONDUCT SUCH BUSINESS AFTER THEY HAVE FILED A COPY OF THEIR ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION WITH THE SECRETARY OF STATE AND APPOINTED A RESIDENT AGENT UPON WHOM LEGAL PROCESS MAY BE SERVED.

STATE QUESTION NO. 41
INITIATIVE PETITION NO. 26
ISSUE TITLE: ELECTION OF SENATORS
PRIMARY ELECTION, AUGUST 6, 1912
STATE RETURNS 139,844 NO 23,400
ACT ADOPTED

PROPOSITION GIST:
THAT THE UNITED STATES SENATORS SHOULD BE SELECTED BY DIRECT VOTE OF THE PEOPLE.

STATE QUESTION NO. 38
INITIATIVE PETITION NO. 23
ISSUE TITLE: BOARD OF AGRICULTURE
GENERAL ELECTION, NOVEMBER 5, 1912
AMENDMENT ADOPTED

PROPOSITION GIST:
THAT SECTION 31, ARTICLE 6 OF THE CONSTITUTION BE SO AMENDED AS TO THE QUALIFICATIONS, DUTIES OF MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF AGRICULTURE AND THE MANNER OF SELECTING SAME.

STATE QUESTION NO. 40
INITIATIVE PETITION NO. 25
ISSUE TITLE: CAPITOL SITE SELECTION
GENERAL ELECTION, NOVEMBER 5, 1912
STATE RETURNS YES 86,549 NO 103,106
AMENDMENT REJECTED

PROPOSITION GIST:
THAT THE STATE CAPITOL BE LOCATED AT GUTHRIE.

STATE QUESTION NO. 45
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 17
ISSUE TITLE: TAXATION FOR SCHOOLS
GENERAL ELECTION, NOVEMBER 5, 1912
STATE RETURNS YES 100,042 NO 65,436
AMENDMENT REJECTED

SUBMITTED BY HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 2, PAGE 416, SESSION LAWS, 1911

PROPOSITION GIST:
THAT SECTION 12, ARTICLE 10 OF THE CONSTITUTION BE AMENDED SO THAT THE LEGISLATURE SHALL HAVE THE POWER TO LEVY SUCH TAXES AS WILL MAINTAIN ALL PUBLIC SCHOOLS FOR AT LEAST FIVE MONTHS IN THE YEAR.

STATE QUESTION NO. 46
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 18
ISSUE TITLE: CORPORATION PRIVILEGES
SPECIAL ELECTION, AUGUST 5, 1913

STATE RETURNS 59,437 NO 35,115
AMENDMENT ADOPTED

SUBMITTED BY SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 3, PAGE 269, SESSION LAWS 1913

PROPOSITION GIST:
THAT SECTION 9, ARTICLE 9 OF THE CONSTITUTION BE AMENDED SO THAT ANY FOREIGN OR DOMESTIC RAILROAD, TRANSPORTATION OR TRANSMISSION COMPANY OR CORPORATION MAY LEASE, SELL OR OTHERWISE DISPOSE OF ITS PROPERTY OR FRANCHISE TO, OR MAY LEASE, BUY OR OTHERWISE ACQUIRE THE PROPERTY OR FRANCHISE OF ANY LIKE COMPANY OR CORPORATION. THIS AMENDMENT IS NOT OPERATIVE UNTIL THE CONSENT OF THE CORPORATION COMMISSION TO THE PROPOSED TRANSFER IS FIRST GIVEN IN WRITING AND THE LEGISLATURE MAY IMPOSE OTHER RESTRICTIONS ON THE RIGHT TO CONSOLIDATE.

STATE QUESTION NO. 47
REFERENDUM PETITION NO. 19
ISSUE TITLE: MINE SAFETY
SPECIAL ELECTION, AUGUST 5, 1913
STATE RETURNS YES 73,345 NO 21,559
ACT ADOPTED, SECTION VETOED

PROPOSITION GIST:
TO VETO SECTION 18 OF AN ACT OF THE OKLAHOMA LEGISLATURE, PASSED AND APPROVED AT THE FOURTH REGULAR SESSION, ENTITLED "AN ACT TO PROMOTE THE HEALTH AND SAFETY OF EMPLOYEES IN COAL MINES; PRESCRIBING THE QUALIFICATIONS FOR MINE INSPECTORS; PROVIDING FOR A SYSTEM OF MINE TELEPHONES, AND FOR THE CONSTRUCTION AND MAINTENANCE OF BATH HOUSES FOR THE USE OF THE MINERS, PROHIBITING ANY INTERFERENCE OR ATTEMPT TO INTERFERE WITH THE FIRE BOSS IN THE PERFORMANCE OF HIS DUTIES; PRESCRIBING PENALTIES FOR VIOLATION OF ANY OF THE PROVISIONS THEREOF AND REPEALING CERTAIN STATUTES IN CONFLICT."

STATE QUESTION NO. 57
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 20
ISSUE TITLE: TAXATION FOR SCHOOLS
SPECIAL ELECTION, AUGUST 5, 1913
STATE RETURNS YES 63,330 NO 30,295
AMENDMENT ADOPTED

SUBMITTED BY SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 1, PAGE 705, SESSION LAWS 1913

PROPOSITION GIST:
TO PROVIDE THAT ALL TAXES LEVIED FOR THE MAINTENANCE OF THE COMMON SCHOOLS OF THE STATE UPON THE PROPERTY OF ANY RAILROAD, PIPE LINE OR TELEGRAPH COMPANY OR ANY OTHER PUBLIC SERVICE CORPORATION WHICH OPERATES IN MORE THAN ONE COUNTY IN THIS STATE, SHALL BE PAID INTO THE COMMON SCHOOL FUND AND DISTRIBUTED AS A PART OF SAID FUND.

STATE QUESTION NO. 58
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 21
ISSUE TITLE: TOWNSHIP GOVERNMENT
SPECIAL ELECTION AUGUST 5, 1913
STATE RETURNS YES 50,634 NO 39,690
AMENDMENT ADOPTED

SUBMITTED BY HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 13, PAGE 721, SESSION LAWS, 1913

PROPOSITION GIST:
TO AMEND THE CONSTITUTION OF THE STATE BY THE ADOPTION OF AN ADDITIONAL SECTION PROVIDING FOR THE CALLING OF AN ELECTION IN ANY COUNTY UPON A PETITION SIGNED BY SIXTEEN PERCENTUM OF THE TOTAL VOTES CAST AT THE LAST GENERAL ELECTION FOR THE COUNTY OFFICE RECEIVING THE HIGHEST NUMBER OF VOTES, TO ABOLISH OR ESTABLISH TOWNSHIP GOVERNMENT THEREIN.

STATE QUESTION NO. 60
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 23
ISSUE TITLE: CREATE AGRICULTURAL BOARD
SPECIAL ELECTION, AUGUST 5, 1913
STATE RETURNS YES 67,367 NO 25,087
AMENDMENT ADOPTED

SUBMITTED BY HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 4, PAGE 731, SESSION LAWS 1913

PROPOSITION GIST:

TO CREATE A NEW BOARD OF AGRICULTURE OF FIVE INSTEAD OF ELEVEN MEMBERS AND TO REPEAL ALL THAT PORTION OF SECTION 31 OF ARTICLE 6 OF THE CONSTITUTION EXCEPT THE FIRST SUBDIVISION THEREOF, THAT IS, TO REPEAL ALL THAT PORTION DEALING WITH ANY MATTER EXCEPT THE NUMBER AND QUALIFICATIONS AS MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF AGRICULTURE AND PRESCRIBING THEIR JURISDICTION AND DUTIES.

STATE QUESTION NO. 59
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 22
ISSUE TITLE: TAXATION FOR SCHOOLS
PRIMARY ELECTION, AUGUST 4, 1914
STATE RETURNS YES 89,653 NO 56,916
AMENDMENT REJECTED

SUBMITTED BY HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 2, PAGE 722, SESSION LAWS, 1913

PROPOSITION GIST:
TO AMEND THE CONSTITUTION OF THE STATE, SO THAT THE LEGISLATURE SHALL HAVE POWER TO LEVY TAXES IN AID OF THE COMMON SCHOOLS OF THE STATE, AND TO PROVIDE FOR THE APPORTIONMENT AND DISTRIBUTION THEREOF AMONG THOSE SCHOOL DISTRICTS OF THE STATE IN WHICH A TEN MILL AD VALOREM LEVY AND MONEY DERIVED FROM ALL OTHER SOURCES IS SUFFICIENT TO MAINTAINING COMMON SCHOOLS FOR FIVE MONTHS IN A YEAR, GIVING TO SUCH DISTRICTS OUT OF SAID FUND HEREBY AUTHORIZED, SUCH ADDITIONAL SUM AS IS NECESSARY TO MAINTAIN SCHOOLS THEREIN FIVE MONTHS IN EACH YEAR.

STATE QUESTION NO. 61
REFERENDUM PETITION NO. 24
ISSUE TITLE: GAMBLING
PRIMARY ELECTION, AUGUST 4, 1914
STATE RETURNS YES 68,878 NO 76,495
ACT REJECTED, LAW SUSTAINED.

PROPOSITION GIST:
TO REPEAL CHAPTER 185, SESSION LAWS OF 1913, WHICH WAS AN ACT TO PREVENT GAMBLING, BOOKMAKING, ETC.

STATE QUESTION NO. 62
REFERENDUM PETITION NO. 25
ISSUE TITLE: SLOT MACHINES
PRIMARY ELECTION, AUGUST 4, 1914
STATE RETURNS YES 67,562 NO 73,770
ACT REJECTED, LAW SUSTAINED

PROPOSITION GIST:
TO INVALIDATE CHAPTER 128 OF THE SESSION LAWS OF 1913, WHICH PENALIZED GAMBLING AND THE RUNNING OF SLOT MACHINES AND BUILDINGS IN WHICH THEY ARE OPERATED.

STATE QUESTION NO. 68
INITIATIVE PETITION NO. 41
ISSUE TITLE: TAXATION
PRIMARY ELECTION, AUGUST 4, 1914
STATE RETURNS YES 88,994 NO 45,232
ACT REJECTED, LAW NOT AMENDED.

PROPOSITION GIST:
TO RE-ENACT THE DIRECT AND REDIRECT SYSTEM OF TAXATION CONTAINED IN CHAPTER NO. 240, SESSION LAWS, 1913. IN PROVIDING (1) AMENDMENT TO PRESENT METHODS OF ASSESSMENT LEVY AND APPEALS, EXEMPT BONDS OF STATE AND ITS MUNICIPALITIES FROM AD VALOREM TAX; (2) METHODS OF TAXATION OF BANKS BOTH STATE AND NATIONAL, EFFECTIVE PRIOR TO MAY 16, 1913; (3) MINING PROPERTY TAX LAW, RAISING RATE ON OIL PRODUCTION TAX TO TEN MILLS; (4) TAXATION OF CERTAIN TRANSMISSION COMPANIES ACCORDING TO GROSS RECEIPTS ONLY; (5) GRADUATED TAX ON LAND HOLDINGS EXCEEDING SIX HUNDRED AND FORTY ACRES AND OF VALUE EXCEEDING TEN THOUSAND DOLLARS.

STATE QUESTION NO. 73
INITIATIVE PETITION NO. 46
ISSUE TITLE: DRUNKENNESS
PRIMARY ELECTION, AUGUST 4, 1914
STATE RETURNS YES 114,833 NO 31,659
AMENDMENT ADOPTED

PROPOSITION GIST:
TO AMEND SECTION 11 OF ARTICLE 2 OF THE CONSTITUTION SO AS TO MAKE DRUNKENNESS AND EXCESSIVE USE OF INTOXICATING LIQUORS CAUSE FOR IMPEACHMENT OR REMOVAL FROM OFFICE.

STATE QUESTION NO. 71
INITIATIVE PETITION NO. 44
ISSUE TITLE: COURT CONSOLIDATION
GENERAL ELECTION, NOVEMBER 3, 1914
STATE RETURNS YES 105,529 NO 64,782
AMENDMENT REJECTED

PROPOSITION GIST:
TO AMEND SECTIONS THREE AND FIVE OF ARTICLE SEVEN OF THE STATE CONSTITUTION BY REDUCING THE NUMBER OF FINAL APPELLATE COURTS IN THE STATE FROM TWO TO ONE, STYLED 'THE SUPREME COURT', TO COMPRISE NINE ASSOCIATE JUSTICES AND ONE CHIEF JUSTICE; FIXING THEIR TERMS AND METHODS OF ELECTION; PRESCRIBING THEIR QUALIFICATIONS; DEFINING THEIR DUTIES, POWERS AND ACCOUNTABILITY; PROVIDING FOR ESCHEATS TO THE STATE IN JUDICIAL PROCEEDINGS; TO FACILITATE THE BUSINESS OF THE COURT, AND TO REPEAL SECTIONS 22 AND 23 OF ARTICLE VII, IN CONFORMITY THERETO.

STATE QUESTION NO. 74
INITIATIVE PETITION NO. 47
ISSUE TITLE: REDUCE TAX LEVY
GENERAL ELECTION, NOVEMBER 3, 1914
STATE RETURNS YES 117,675 NO 57,120
AMENDMENT REJECTED

PROPOSITION GIST:
TO AMEND SECTION 9, ARTICLE 10, OF THE CONSTITUTION, SO AS TO REDUCE THE MAXIMUM LEVY OF STATE TAXES, ASSESSED ON AN AD VALOREM BASIS, FROM THREE AND ONE-HALF MILLS (.0031/2) TO TWO AND ONE-HALF MILLS (.0021/2) AND PROHIBITING THE LEGISLATURE FROM MAKING APPROPRIATIONS IN EXCESS THEREOF.

STATE QUESTION NO. 75
INITIATIVE PETITION NO. 48
ISSUE TITLE: MINE PRODUCTION TAX
GENERAL ELECTION, NOVEMBER 3, 1914
STATE RETURNS YES 107,342 NO 62,380
AMENDMENT REJECTED

PROPOSITION GIST:
TO ADOPT A NEW SECTION TO THE CONSTITUTION, TO BE UNDER SECTION 20 (B) OF ARTICLE 10, LEVYING AND COLLECTING A MINE PRODUCTION TAX, NOT EXCEEDING TWO PER CENT UPON THE GROSS VALUE OF SUCH PRODUCTION, UPON NATURAL GAS, PETROLEUM AND OTHER CRUDE OILS; DIVIDING THE NET COLLECTIONS, ONE-HALF TO THE STATE THE REMAINING HALF IN EQUAL PARTS TO THE ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND AND THE COMMON SCHOOL FUND OF THAT COUNTY WHERE PRODUCTION OCCURRED, AND APPROPRIATING FROM THE FUNDS SO COLLECTED THE EXPENSES INCIDENTAL TO SUBMITTING THE AMENDMENT.

STATE QUESTION NO. 77
INITIATIVE PETITION NO. 50
ISSUE TITLE: UNICAMERAL LEGISLATURE
GENERAL ELECTION, NOVEMBER 3, 1914
STATE RETURNS YES 94,686 NO 71,742
AMENDMENT REJECTED

PROPOSITION GIST:
TO AMEND THE CONSTITUTION SO AS TO REDUCE THE LEGISLATURE TO ONE BODY OF EIGHTY MEMBERS, STYLED "THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES," AND ONE SUBORDINATE LEGISLATIVE BODY, TO BE SELECTED THEREFROM STYLED "COMMISSIONERS," WHICH WITH THE LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR, SHALL SUCCEED TO ALL POWERS NOW CONFERRED ON THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES: TO FIX QUALIFICATIONS, COMPENSATIONS, PRIVILEGES AND POWERS THEREOF, AND AMENDING SECTIONS 3 AND 53 OF ARTICLE 5 AND SECTIONS 7 AND 11 OF ARTICLE 6 OF THE CONSTITUTION TO CONFORM THERETO.

STATE QUESTION NO. 81
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 54
ISSUE TITLE: CREATION TAX COMMISSION
SPECIAL ELECTION (PRIMARY ELECTION) AUGUST 1, 1916
STATE RETURNS YES 50,656 NO 146,130

AMENDMENT REJECTED

SUBMITTED BY HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 17, PAGE 716, SESSION LAWS, 1915

PROPOSITION GIST:
THAT AN AMENDMENT BE ADDED TO SECTION 21, ARTICLE 10, OF THE CONSTITUTION, CREATING A STATE TAX COMMISSION AND ABOLISHING THE STATE BOARD OF EQUALIZATION.

STATE QUESTION NO. 82
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 55
ISSUE TITLE: VOTING QUALIFICATIONS
SPECIAL ELECTION (PRIMARY ELECTION) AUGUST 1, 1916
STATE RETURNS YES 90,605 NO 133,140
AMENDMENT REJECTED

SUBMITTED BY SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 6, PAGE 144, SESSION LAWS, 1916

PROPOSITION GIST:
THERE SHALL BE NO PROPERTY QUALIFICATION BUT ONE IMPOSING A LITERARY TEST FOR ELECTORS, EXCEPTING THOSE WHO SERVED IN ARMY OR NAVY OF THE UNITED STATES IN WAR WITH MEXICO, OR ON EITHER SIDE IN WARS WITH CERTAIN INDIAN TRIBES.

STATE QUESTION NO. 83
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 56
ISSUE TITLE: TAXATION FOR SCHOOLS
SPECIAL ELECTION (PRIMARY ELECTION) AUGUST 1, 1916
STATE RETURNS YES 76,093 NO 127,525
AMENDMENT REJECTED, SECTION SUSTAINED.

SUBMITTED BY SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 12, PAGE 690, SESSION LAWS, 1915

PROPOSITION GIST:
TO REPEAL SECTION 12-A OF ARTICLE 10, OF THE CONSTITUTION, WHICH SECTION PROVIDES THAT ALL TAXES COLLECTED FOR THE MAINTENANCE OF THE COMMON SCHOOLS OF THE STATE AND WHICH ARE LEVIED UPON THE PROPERTY OF ANY PUBLIC SERVICE CORPORATION OPERATING IN MORE THAN ONE COUNTY IN THE STATE, SHALL BE PAID INTO THE COMMON SCHOOL FUNDS OF THE STATE.

STATE QUESTION NO. 84
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 57
ISSUE TITLE: SUPREME COURT CLERK
SPECIAL ELECTION (PRIMARY ELECTION) AUGUST 1, 1916
STATE RETURNS YES 58,933 NO 134,963
AMENDMENT REJECTED

SUBMITTED BY SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 27, PAGE 697, SESSION LAWS, 1915

PROPOSITION GIST:
THAT THE SALARY OF THE CLERK OF THE SUPREME COURT BE FIXED AT TWO THOUSAND FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS, INSTEAD OF THREE THOUSAND DOLLARS, AND THAT THE SAID CLERK IS TO BE APPOINTED BY THE SUPREME COURT.

STATE QUESTION 85
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 58
ISSUE TITLE: CITY DEBT LIMIT
SPECIAL ELECTION (PRIMARY ELECTION) AUGUST 1, 1916
STATE RETURNS YES 44,687 NO 147,933
AMENDMENT REJECTED

SUBMITTED BY SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 20, PAGE 695, SESSION LAWS, 1915

PROPOSITION GIST:
A PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO SECTION 27, ARTICLE 10 OF THE CONSTITUTION, LIMITING INCORPORATED CITIES AND TOWNS TO AN INDEBTEDNESS OF ONLY FIVE PER CENT OF THE ASSESSED VALUATION AND PROPERTY THEREIN OVER THE AMOUNT ALLOWED UNDER SECTION 26, ARTICLE 10, OF THE CONSTITUTION.

STATE QUESTION NO. 86
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 59

ISSUE TITLE: EMPLOYEE COMPENSATION
SPECIAL ELECTION (PRIMARY ELECTION) AUGUST 1, 1916
STATE RETURNS YES 50,998 NO 139,132
AMENDMENT REJECTED

SUBMITTED BY HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 1, PAGE 715, SESSION LAWS, 1915

PROPOSITION GIST:
AN AMENDMENT TO SECTION 7, ARTICLE 23, AUTHORIZING THE LEGISLATURE TO PROVIDE FOR THE COMPULSORY OR ELECTIVE COMPENSATION BY THE EMPLOYER TO THE EMPLOYEE IN CASE OF DEATH, PERMANENT OR PARTIAL DISABILITY.

STATE QUESTION NO. 87
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 60
ISSUE TITLE: COURT CONSOLIDATION
SPECIAL ELECTION (PRIMARY ELECTION) AUGUST 1, 1916
STATE RETURNS YES 42,896 NO 149,272
AMENDMENT REJECTED

SUBMITTED BY SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 18, PAGE 693, SESSION LAWS, 1915

PROPOSITION GIST:
THAT THE SUPREME COURT BE CONSOLIDATED WITH THE CRIMINAL COURT OF APPEALS AND BE KNOWN AS THE "SUPREME COURT OF OKLAHOMA."

STATE QUESTION NO. 88
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 61
ISSUE TITLE: SIZE OF JURY
SPECIAL ELECTION (PRIMARY ELECTION) AUGUST 1, 1916
STATE RETURNS YES 49,954 NO 142,333
AMENDMENT REJECTED

SUBMITTED BY SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 22, PAGE 696, SESSION LAWS, 1915

PROPOSITION GIST:
AN AMENDMENT TO SECTION 19, ARTICLE 2, PROVIDING THAT JURIES IN COURTS OF RECORD, OTHER THAN COUNTY COURT, SHALL CONSIST OF EIGHT MEN, EXCEPT IN CAPITAL CASES, TO CONSIST OF TWELVE MEN; JURIES IN COUNTY COURTS AND COURTS NOT OF RECORD TO CONSIST OF SIX MEN.

STATE QUESTION NO. 89
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 62
ISSUE TITLE: ABOLISH COUNTY COURT
SPECIAL ELECTION (PRIMARY ELECTION) AUGUST 1, 1916
STATE RETURNS YES 47,194 NO 157,284
AMENDMENT REJECTED

SUBMITTED BY SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 16, PAGE 691, SESSION LAWS, 1915

PROPOSITION GIST:
THAT AN AMENDMENT BE ADDED, ABOLISHING COUNTY COURT AND VESTING JURISDICTION OF COUNTY COURT, INCLUDING PROBATE MATTERS, IN DISTRICT COURT--DISTRICT COURT TO HAVE ORIGINAL JURISDICTION IN ALL CIVIL AND CRIMINAL MATTERS WHATSOEVER, EXCEPT WHERE THE LEGISLATURE HEREAFTER CONFERS EXCLUSIVE JURISDICTION IN SOME OTHER COURT.

STATE QUESTION NO. 78
INITIATIVE PETITION NO. 51
ISSUE TITLE: ELECTION LAW
GENERAL ELECTION, NOVEMBER 7, 1916
STATE RETURNS YES 147,087 NO 119,602
AMENDMENT REJECTED

PROPOSITION GIST:
AN AMENDMENT TO ARTICLE 2 OF THE CONSTITUTION BY ADDING SECTIONS ABOLISHING ALL EXISTING ELECTION BOARDS AND PROVIDING FOR STATE ELECTION BOARD OF THREE ELECTORS ELECTED ONE EACH BY STATE CHAIRMAN OF EACH OF THE THREE POLITICAL PARTIES CASTING GREATEST NUMBER OF VOTES FOR GOVERNOR AT LAST GENERAL ELECTION.

STATE QUESTION NO. 80
INITIATIVE PETITION NO. 53
ISSUE TITLE: REPEAL REGISTRATION LAW
GENERAL ELECTION. NOVEMBER 7. 1916
STATE RETURNS YES 140.366 NO 114.824
AMENDMENT REJECTED

PROPOSITION GIST:
TO PREVENT LEGISLATURE FROM PASSING ANY LAW CONCERNING REGISTRATION OF ELECTORS PROVIDING THE INITIATIVE AS THE ONLY METHOD TO ENACT SUCH LAW AND PROVIDING FOR REGISTRATION IN CITIES AND TOWNS.

STATE QUESTION NO. 97
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 33
ISSUE TITLE: WOMAN SUFFRAGE
GENERAL ELECTION. NOVEMBER 5. 1918
STATE RETURNS YES 106.909 NO 81.481
AMENDMENT ADOPTED

SUBMITTED BY SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 5. PAGE 498. SESSION LAWS. 1917

PROPOSITION GIST:
THAT WOMEN BE ALLOWED UNIVERSAL SUFFRAGE.

STATE QUESTION NO. 100
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO 34
ISSUE TITLE: ROAD BOND
SPECIAL ELECTION. MAY 6. 1919
STATE RETURNS YES 69.917 NO 171.327
AMENDMENT REJECTED

SUBMITTED BY SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 10. PAGE 445. SESSION LAWS. 1919

PROPOSITION GIST:
THAT THE STATE BE BONDED TO THE AMOUNT OF $50.000.000.00 FOR THE PURPOSE OF ESTABLISHING A SYSTEM OF DURABLE HARD-SURFACED HIGHWAYS.

STATE QUESTION NO. 94
REFERENDUM PETITION NO. 30
ISSUE TITLE: MEDICAL PRACTICE CONTROL
GENERAL ELECTION. NOVEMBER 2. 1920
STATE RETURNS YES 211.252 NO 164.788
ACT ADOPTED. LAW VETOED

PROPOSITION GIST:
TO VETO AND RENDER INOPERATIVE SENATE BILL NO. 111. PASSED BY THE 1917 SESSION OF THE LEGISLATURE AND APPROVED BY THE GOVERNOR MARCH 27. 1917. WHICH ACT PROVIDES WHO SHOULD BE CONSIDERED AS PRACTICING MEDICINE; PROVIDES THAT ANY PERSON CLAIMING TO PRACTICE ANY DRUGLESS SYSTEM OF HEALING MUST SHOW AN ATTENDANCE UPON A REPUTABLE COLLEGE FOR A PERIOD OF TWENTY-SEVEN (27) MONTHS AND PASS AN EXAMINATION IN CERTAIN SUBJECTS BEFORE A LICENSE SHALL BE GRANTED. SUCH LICENSE WHEN ISSUED TO ENTITLE THE HOLDER TO PRACTICE DRUGLESS PRACTICE ONLY; PROVIDES THAT ONE CHIROPRACTOR SHALL BE APPOINTED ON THE STATE BOARD OF MEDICAL EXAMINERS WHO SHALL EXAMINE APPLICANTS AS TO THEIR KNOWLEDGE OF THE TECHNIQUE OF CHIROPRACTIC THE BALANCE OF THE EXAMINATION TO BE CONDUCTED ACCORDING TO THE RULES NOW PROVIDED FOR OTHER APPLICANTS.

STATE QUESTION NO. 99
INITIATIVE PETITION NO. 67
ISSUE TITLE: TAXATION FOR SCHOOLS
GENERAL ELECTION. NOVEMBER 2. 1920
STATE RETURNS YES 162.749 NO 179.271
AMENDMENT REJECTED

PROPOSITION GIST:
TO VITALIZE SECTION 12A. ARTICLE 10. OF THE STATE CONSTITUTION. LEVYING UPON THE PROPERTY OF THE GENERAL PUBLIC SERVICE CORPORATIONS OF THE STATE. THOSE OPERATING IN MORE THAN ONE COUNTY. AN ANNUAL TAX FOR MAINTAINING COMMON SCHOOLS; SAME TO BE EQUAL. AS NEAR AS MAY BE. TO THE AVERAGE RATE OF TAX FOR SUCH PURPOSE APPLYING UPON OTHER PROPERTY THROUGHOUT THE STATE FOR ANY GIVEN TAX YEAR. PROVIDES FOR THE COLLECTION OF SUCH TAX AND THE APPORTIONMENT

THEREOF AS OTHER COMMON SCHOOL FUNDS OF THIS STATE ARE APPORTIONED.

STATE QUESTION NO. 109
INITIATIVE PETITION NO. 72
ISSUE TITLE: TAXATION FOR SCHOOLS
GENERAL ELECTION, NOVEMBER 2, 1920
STATE RETURNS YES 169,639 NO 188,574
AMENDMENT REJECTED

PROPOSITION GIST:
A NEW SECTION TO THE CONSTITUTION OF OKLAHOMA TO BE KNOWN AS SECTION 9-A, ARTICLE 10, PROVIDING FOR LEVYING UPON ALL PROPERTY WITHIN THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA NOT EXEMPT FROM TAXATION AN ANNUAL TAX OF NOT LESS THAN SIX MILLS AND NOT MORE THAN TEN MILLS FOR THE MAINTENANCE OF THE COMMON SCHOOLS OF SAID STATE AND PROVIDING FOR THE COLLECTION, APPORTIONMENT AND DISTRIBUTION THEREOF.

STATE QUESTION NO. 111
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 38
ISSUE TITLE: NON-PROFIT INSURANCE CO.
GENERAL ELECTION, NOVEMBER 2, 1920
STATE RETURNS YES 157,064 NO 159,919
AMENDMENT REJECTED

SUBMITTED BY HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 14, PAGE 484, SESSION LAWS, 1919

PROPOSITION GIST:
TO AMEND SECTION 3, ARTICLE 19, OF THE CONSTITUTION OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA, SO AS TO AUTHORIZE THE STATE TO PROVIDE FOR CERTAIN CLASSES OF INSURANCE ORGANIZATIONS CONDUCTED WITHOUT PROFIT, AND INSURING THEIR OWN MEMBERS; AND SUCH MINOR CHILDREN AS MAY BE PROVIDED BY LAW, TO-WIT:
FARM COMPANIES INSURING FARM PROPERTY AND FARM PRODUCTS THEREON; TRADES INSURANCE COMPANIES INSURING THE PROPERTY AND INTEREST OF ONE LINE OF BUSINESS; FRATERNAL LIFE, HEALTH AND ACCIDENT INSURANCE IN FRATERNAL AND CIVIC ORDERS.

STATE QUESTION NO. 112
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 39
ISSUE TITLE: LEGISLATOR PAY RAISE
GENERAL ELECTION, NOVEMBER 2, 1920
STATE RETURNS YES 125,463 NO 173,274
AMENDMENT REJECTED

SUBMITTED BY HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 3, PAGE 464, SESSION LAWS, 1919

PROPOSITION GIST:
TO AMEND SECTION 21, ARTICLE 5, OF THE CONSTITUTION OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA SO THAT MEMBERS OF THE LEGISLATURE SHALL RECEIVE SIX ($6.00) DOLLARS PER DAY FOR THEIR SERVICES DURING THE NINETY ACTUAL WORKING DAYS OF THE LEGISLATURE, AND TEN CENTS PER MILE FOR EVERY MILE NECESSARILY TRAVELED IN GOING TO AND RETURNING FROM THE PLACE OF MEETING OF THE LEGISLATURE, AND PROVIDED, THAT NO BILL SHALL BE INTRODUCED IN EITHER HOUSE, AFTER THE SIXTIETH DAY OF SUCH SESSION EXCEPT UPON RECOMMENDATION OF THE GOVERNOR.

STATE QUESTION NO. 114
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 40
ISSUE TITLE: INCREASE TAX LEVY
PRIMARY ELECTION, AUGUST 1, 1922
STATE RETURNS YES 136,647 NO 191,180
AMENDMENT REJECTED

SUBMITTED BY SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 8, PAGE 162, SESSION LAWS, 1921

PROPOSITION GIST:
TO AMEND SECTION 9, ARTICLE 10, OF THE CONSTITUTION OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA, SO THAT THE MAXIMUM OF THE TOTAL TAXES AUTHORIZED TO BE LEVIED ON AN AD VALOREM BASIS FOR ALL PURPOSES, STATE, COUNTY, TOWNSHIP, CITY OR TOWN AND SCHOOL DISTRICTS TAXES WILL BE INCREASED FROM THIRTY-ONE (31) MILLS ON THE DOLLAR TO FORTY-ONE AND ONE-HALF; (41 1/2) MILLS, AND THE SCHOOL DISTRICT LEVY FROM FIVE (5) TO FIFTEEN (15) MILLS ON THE DOLLAR FOR SCHOOL PURPOSES FOR THE SUPPORT OF COMMON SCHOOLS.

STATE QUESTION NO. 116
INITIATIVE PETITION NO. 76
ISSUE TITLE: SOLDIER BONUS
GENERAL ELECTION. NOVEMBER 7, 1922
STATE RETURNS YES 255,887 NO 234,909
AMENDMENT REJECTED

PROPOSITION GIST:
TO MAKE PROVISION FOR PAYING A BONUS TO EACH SOLDIER, SAILOR, MARINE AND NURSE INDUCTED INTO THE ARMY OR NAVY OF THE UNITED STATES DURING THE WAR WITH GERMANY AND FOR THE ISSUANCE AND SALE OF INTEREST-BEARING COUPON BONDS OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA, NOT EXCEEDING FIFTY MILLION DOLLARS AND MAKING AN ADVANCE APPROPRIATION AND CREATING A SINKING FUND FOR PAYMENT OF INTEREST AND PRINCIPAL AT MATURITY, AND CREATING A VETERANS COMMISSION COMPOSED OF THE TWELVE MEMBERS OF THE SUPREME COURT AND CRIMINAL COURT OF APPEALS AND DEFINING IT POWERS AND DUTIES.

STATE QUESTION NO. 119
INITIATIVE PETITION NO. 79
ISSUE TITLE: CONVENING LEGISLATURE
SPECIAL ELECTION OCTOBER 2, 1923
STATE RETURNS YES 209,452 NO 70,638
AMENDMENT ADOPTED

PROPOSITION GIST:
TO PROVIDE A METHOD FOR PROMPTLY CONVENING THE LEGISLATURE FOR INVESTIGATING THE CONDUCT OF STATE OFFICIALS, SUBJECT TO IMPEACHMENT AND FOR SUCH ACTION AS THE LAW AND THE FACTS MAY WARRANT UNDER THE PROVISIONS OF ARTICLE 8 OF THE CONSTITUTION-THE CALL FOR SUCH ASSEMBLING OF THE LEGISLATURE TO BE MADE UPON WRITTEN REQUESTS BY A MAJORITY OF THE MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.
A LEGISLATURE SO CONVENED SHALL BE FORBIDDEN TO PASS OR APPROPRIATE PUBLIC FUNDS, EXCEPT AS MAY BE NECESSARY FOR THE PROPER PERFORMANCE OF DUTIES, PROVIDED UNDER ARTICLE 8, OF THE CONSTITUTION OF OKLAHOMA.

STATE QUESTION NO. 121
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 41
ISSUE TITLE: WORKMAN'S COMPENSATION
SPECIAL ELECTION, OCTOBER 2, 1923
STATE RETURNS YES 137,358 NO 120,761
AMENDMENT REJECTED

SUBMITTED BY SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 4, PAGE 444, SESSION LAWS 1923

PROPOSITION GIST:
A PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION OF OKLAHOMA AUTHORIZING THE ENACTMENT OF APPROPRIATE LEGISLATION, PROVIDING FOR THE COMPULSORY COMPENSATION OF EMPLOYEES AND THEIR DEPENDENTS, IN CASE OF DEATH, OR PERMANENT, OR PARTIAL DISABILITY, AUTHORIZING THE LEGISLATURE TO MAKE A COMPLETE SYSTEM AND SCHEDULE OF COMPENSATION FOR ALL INJURIES, INCLUDING DEATH, UNDER THE WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION ACT.

STATE QUESTION NO. 122
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 42
ISSUE TITLE: OFFICE QUALIFICATIONS
SPECIAL ELECTION, OCTOBER 2, 1923
STATE RETURNS YES 173,262 NO 86,445
AMENDMENT ADOPTED

SUBMITTED BY SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 5, PAGE 445, SESSION LAWS 1923

PROPOSITION GIST:
THAT SECTION 3, ARTICLE 6, OF THE CONSTITUTION OF OKLAHOMA BE AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS:
NO PERSON SHALL BE ELIGIBLE TO THE OFFICE OF GOVERNOR, LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR, SECRETARY OF STATE, STATE AUDITOR, ATTORNEY GENERAL, STATE TREASURER, SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION, STATE EXAMINER AND INSPECTOR, EXCEPT A CITIZEN OF THE UNITED STATES, OF THE AGE OF NOT LESS THAN THIRTY YEARS, AND WHO SHALL HAVE BEEN THREE YEARS NEXT PRECEDING THE ELECTION, QUALIFIED ELECTOR OF THIS STATE.

STATE QUESTION NO. 123
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 43

ISSUE TITLE: VETERANS BENEFITS
SPECIAL ELECTION, OCTOBER 2, 1923
STATE RETURNS YES 120,219 NO 142,082
AMENDMENT REJECTED

SUBMITTED BY HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 17, PAGE 462, SESSION LAWS 1923

PROPOSITION GIST:
A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT DESIGNATED AS ARTICLE 26, PROVIDING FOR INDUSTRIAL REHABILITATION, EQUALIZED COMPENSATION, FARM OR HOME AID TO SOLDIERS WHO SERVED HONORABLY FROM OKLAHOMA IN THE WORLD WAR, PRESCRIBING QUALIFICATIONS OF BENEFICIARIES, FIXING AMOUNT OF SUCH LOAN OR COMPENSATION AT FIFTY MILLION DOLLARS, APPROPRIATING SAME, CREATING AND DEFINING THE POWERS AND DUTIES OF A 'SOLDIER'S STATE AID' COMMISSION, AUTHORIZING THE ISSUANCE AND PRESCRIBING THE CHARACTER AND AMOUNT OF BONDS ISSUED, CREATING A SPECIAL FUND PROVIDING FOR THE ISSUANCE, SALE AND THE PAYMENT OF PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST OF SAID BONDS BY TAX LEVY.'

STATE QUESTION NO. 124
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 44
ISSUE TITLE: TAX RATE LIMITATION
SPECIAL ELECTION, OCTOBER 2, 1923
STATE RETURNS YES 144,758 NO 116,711
AMENDMENT ADOPTED

SUBMITTED BY HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 18, PAGE 495, SESSION LAWS 1923

PROPOSITION GIST:
THAT SECTION 9, OF THE CONSTITUTION BE AMENDED, LIMITING AD VALOREM TAX TO THIRTY-ONE AND ONE-HALF MILLS, AS FOLLOWS: STATE 31/2; COUNTY, 8, AND 2 MILLS ADDITIONAL FOR AID FOR COMMON SCHOOLS; TOWNSHIP 5; CITY OR TOWN, 10; SCHOOL DISTRICT, 5, PROVIDING THAT THE SCHOOL DISTRICT MAY INCREASE NOT TO EXCEED 10 MILLS; PROVIDED THAT A STATE LEVY CREATING A FUND EQUAL TO $15.00 PER CHILD IN DAILY ATTENDANCE BE MADE AND AUTHORIZING THE APPROPRIATION OF SAME.

STATE QUESTION NO. 125
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 45
ISSUE TITLE: DEPOSITORS' GUARANTEE
SPECIAL ELECTION, OCTOBER 2, 1923
STATE RETURNS YES 111,081 NO 160,668
AMENDMENT REJECTED

SUBMITTED BY SENATE BILL NO. 408, PAGE 229, SESSION LAWS 1923

PROPOSITION GIST:
THAT SECTION 4, OF ARTICLE 14, OF THE CONSTITUTION, BE AMENDED TO AUTHORIZE THE LEGISLATURE TO PROVIDE FOR THE PAYMENT OF ALL LAWFUL DEMANDS AND CLAIMS AGAINST THE DEPOSITORS' GUARANTY FUND BY REASON OF STATE BANKS WHICH FAILED PRIOR TO THE ADJOURNMENT OF THE NINTH LEGISLATURE, PROVIDING NO MONEY COLLECTED BY DIRECT AD VALOREM TAX SHALL BE USED FOR SUCH PURPOSE.

STATE QUESTION NO. 141
INITIATIVE PETITION NO. 92
ISSUE TITLE: TESTING TAX LEVY
PRIMARY ELECTION, AUGUST 3, 1926
STATE RETURNS YES 182,012 NO 68,975
ACT ADOPTED

PROPOSITION GIST:
PROVIDES AUTHORITY AND PROCEDURE FOR TESTING ANY TAX LEVY AND STRIKING THE ILLEGAL PORTION, IF ANY, BEFORE SAME IS SPREAD OF RECORD. CONSTITUTIONAL TAX LEVIES NOT CONTESTED WITHIN THIRTY DAYS TO BE THEREAFTER INCONTESTABLE. WARRANTS DRAWN AGAINST ANY APPROPRIATION, THE LEVY FOR WHICH IS BEING CONTESTED, SHALL, DURING THE PENDENCY OF SUCH SUIT, BE LEGAL ONLY WHEN DRAWN FOR FIXED EXPENSES OF GOVERNMENT, NECESSARILY INCURRED.

STATE QUESTION NO. 135
REFERENDUM PETITION NO. 47
ISSUE TITLE: REPEAL OF CONVICT LABEL
GENERAL ELECTION, NOVEMBER 2, 1926
STATE RETURNS YES 102,660 NO 192,484
ACT REJECTED, LAW SUSTAINED

PROPOSITION GIST:

THE TENTH LEGISLATURE OF OKLAHOMA, BY THE PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL NO. 369, APPROVED MARCH 27, 1925, REPEALED SECTIONS 11.015 AND 11.016, COMPILED OKLAHOMA STATUTES, 1921, WHICH REQUIRED THE LABELING OF CONVICT-MADE GOODS IN THE PENITENTIARY.

THE OBJECT OF THIS REFERENDUM IS TO REPEAL SAID HOUSE BILL NO. 369, AND THUS PREVENT THE REPEAL OF THE SO-CALLED CONVICT LABEL LAW, AND COMPEL THE LABELING OF CONVICT-MADE GOODS AS SUCH.

STATE QUESTION NO. 137
REFERENDUM PETITION NO. 49
ISSUE TITLE: FREE TEXTBOOKS
STATE RETURNS YES 120,210 NO 187,369
GENERAL ELECTION, NOVEMBER 2, 1926
ACT REJECTED, LAW SUSTAINED

PROPOSITION GIST:

TO VETO SENATE BILL NO. 54, PASSED BY THE TENTH LEGISLATURE. VETOING THIS BILL WILL LEAVE THE FREE TEXT BOOK LAW IN FULL FORCE AND EFFECT, EXACTLY AS PASSED BY THE NINTH LEGISLATURE.

STATE QUESTION NO. 138
INITIATIVE PETITION NO. 89
ISSUE TITLE: AD VALOREM TAX
GENERAL ELECTION, NOVEMBER 2, 1926
STATE RETURNS YES 72,652 NO 220,382
ACT REJECTED

PROPOSITION GIST:

TO PROVIDE A METHOD FOR ASCERTAINING THE AVERAGE AD VALOREM RATE EFFECTIVE FOR EACH YEAR, SAME TO BE THE BASIS FOR GROSS PRODUCTION TAX RATES FOR THE SUCCEEDING YEAR. TAX RATE UPON CRUDE OIL AND NATURAL GAS TO BE THE SAME AS THE AVERAGE AD VALOREM RATE AND THE RATE UPON ASPHALT, LEAD, ZINC AND OTHER ORES BEARING RATE TO BE ONE-SIXTH OF THE AVERAGE AD VALOREM RATE. SUCH TAXES TO BE COLLECTED, APPORTIONED AND DISTRIBUTED AS NOW PROVIDED BY LAW. EFFECTIVE AT THE BEGINNING OF FIRST QUARTERLY ANNUAL PERIOD AFTER ADOPTION.

STATE QUESTION NO. 139
INITIATIVE PETITION NO. 90
ISSUE TITLE: ANNUITY BONDS
GENERAL ELECTION, NOVEMBER 2, 1926
STATE RETURNS YES 114,479 NO 165,288
ACT REJECTED

PROPOSITION GIST:

THAT ALL BONDS HEREAFTER AUTHORIZED IN THIS STATE, WHETHER VOTED FUNDING, OR REFUNDING, SHALL BECOME DUE AND PAYABLE IN EQUAL ANNUAL INSTALLMENTS AS NEAR AS PRACTICABLE. PAYMENT TO BEGIN NOT LESS THAN THREE YEARS FROM DATE. ALL BOND ISSUES AGGREGATING FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS OR MORE TO BE SOLD AT ADVERTISED SALE, ALL SALES TO BE TO THE BIDDER WHO WILL PAY PAR AND ACCRUED INTEREST FOR THE LOWEST INTEREST RATE BOND. AUTHORITY TO REJECT ALL BIDS AND RE-ADVERTISE BONDS FOR SALE. NO PERSON TO BE INTERESTED IN PURCHASE OF BONDS WHO HAS AIDED IN PREPARATION OF PROCEDURE FOR COMPENSATION.

STATE QUESTION NO. 144
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 50
ISSUE TITLE: LEGISLATOR PAY RAISE
GENERAL ELECTION, NOVEMBER 2, 1926
STATE RETURNS YES 54,007 NO 251,332
AMENDMENT REJECTED

SUBMITTED BY SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 5, PAGE 206, SESSION LAWS 1923-24

PROPOSITION GIST:

A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT, AMENDING SECTION 21, ARTICLE 5 OF THE CONSTITUTION, INCREASING COMPENSATION OF MEMBERS OF THE LEGISLATURE FROM SIX TO TEN DOLLARS PER DIEM; LIMITING LENGTH OF SESSIONS OF LEGISLATURES TO NINETY DAYS, PROVIDING TEN CENTS PER MILE FOR MEMBERS OF LEGISLATURE GOING TO AND FROM PLACE OF MEETING; AND PROVIDING THAT NO BILL SHALL BE INTRODUCED IN EITHER HOUSE AFTER THE SIXTIETH DAY OF THE SESSION, EXCEPT UPON RECOMMENDATION OF THE GOVERNOR.

PLEASE NOTE:

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STATE QUESTION NO. 145
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 51
ISSUE TITLE: INCREASE TAX LEVY
GENERAL ELECTION. NOVEMBER 2. 1926
STATE RETURNS YES 105.588 223.625
AMENDMENT REJECTED

SUBMITTED BY HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 7. PAGE 345. SESSION LAWS 1925

PROPOSITION GIST:
TO AMEND SECTION 9. ARTICLE 10. CONSTITUTION. CREATING SPECIAL TAX APPORTIONMENT FUND. PROVIDING METHOD OF RAISING SAME BY STATE LEVY. WHICH MAY EXCEED OTHER CONSTITUTIONAL LIMITS TO EQUAL AT LEAST FIFTEEN DOLLARS AND NOT MORE THAN SIXTEEN DOLLARS PER ANNUM PER PUPIL IN AVERAGE DAILY SCHOOL ATTENDANCE; AUTHORIZING THE LEGISLATURE TO REDUCE LEVY BY APPROPRIATIONS FROM OTHER REVENUES; FIXING DUTIES OF BOARD OF EQUALIZATION AND PROVIDING METHOD OF APPORTIONMENT AMONG SCHOOL DISTRICTS AND COMMON SCHOOLS OF THE STATE.

STATE QUESTION NO. 146
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 52
ISSUE TITLE: CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION
GENERAL ELECTION. NOVEMBER 2. 1926
STATE RETURNS YES 47.510 NO 241.040
ACT REJECTED

SUBMITTED BY SENATE BILL NO. 282. PAGE 119. SESSION LAWS 1925

PROPOSITION GIST:
AN ACT CALLING A CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION ON THE FIRST TUESDAY IN NOVEMBER. 1927. FOR THE PURPOSE OF ALTERING. REVISING OR AMENDING THE PRESENT CONSTITUTION OR TO PROPOSE A NEW CONSTITUTION FOR THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA; FIXING THE TIME AND PLACE THEREOF; DEFINING THE NUMBER OF DELEGATES AND PROVIDING THE MANNER OF THEIR ELECTION AND THE AMOUNT OF THEIR COMPENSATION. AND PROVIDING FOR THE SUBMISSION OF THE PROPOSED CONSTITUTION. ALTERATIONS. REVISIONS OR AMENDMENTS TO THE PEOPLE FOR THEIR APPROVAL.

STATE QUESTION NO. 152
INITIATIVE PETITION NO. 100
ISSUE TITLE: COURT OF TAX REVIEW
PRIMARY ELECTION. AUGUST 7. 1928
STATE RETURNS YES 291.995 NO 56.099
ACT ADOPTED

PROPOSITION GIST:
AN ACT PROVIDING A METHOD OF CONTESTING ALLEGED ILLEGAL AD VALOREM TAX LEVIES; REQUIRING COPIES OF ALL APPROPRIATIONS AND LEVIES TO BE FILED WITH THE COUNTY CLERK AND STATE AUDITOR; FIXING THE TIME AND METHOD OF FILING PROTESTS; CREATING A COURT OF TAX REVIEW. CONFERRING JURISDICTION THEREON. PRESCRIBING PROCEDURE THEREFOR. MAKING THE STATE AUDITOR CLERK OF SAID COURT. PROVIDING A METHOD OF APPEAL THEREFROM TO THE SUPREME COURT. PROVIDING FOR CORRECTION OF APPROPRIATION. LEVIES AND TAX ROLLS; PROVIDING FOR REFUND OF THE ILLEGAL TAXES THAT MAY BE COLLECTED. LIMITING THE CONTRACTING OF DEBTS AND ISSUING OF WARRANTS PENDING DETERMINATION OF LEGALITY OF TAX LEVY. AND REPEALING ALL ACTS AND PARTS OF ACTS IN CONFLICT HEREWITH.

STATE QUESTION NO. 160
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 42
ISSUE TITLE: OFFICE QUALIFICATIONS
GENERAL ELECTION. NOVEMBER 4. 1930
STATE RETURNS YES 242.656 NO 119.338
AMENDMENT REJECTED

SUBMITTED BY SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 5. PAGE 445. SESSION LAWS 1923

PROPOSITION GIST:
THAT SECTION 3. ARTICLE 6. OF THE CONSTITUTION OF OKLAHOMA BE AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS:
NO PERSON SHALL BE ELIGIBLE TO THE OFFICE OF GOVERNOR. LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR. SECRETARY OF STATE. STATE AUDITOR. ATTORNEY GENERAL. STATE TREASURER. SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION. STATE EXAMINER AND INSPECTOR. EXCEPT A CITIZEN OF THE UNITED STATES OF THE AGE OF NOT LESS THAN THIRTY YEARS. AND WHO SHALL HAVE BEEN THREE YEARS NEXT PRECEDING THE ELECTION. A QUALIFIED ELECTOR OF THIS STATE.

STATE QUESTION NO. 158
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 53
ISSUE TITLE: A. & M. BOARD OF REGENTS
GENERAL ELECTION. NOVEMBER 4, 1930
STATE RETURNS YES 180,014 NO 167,763
AMENDMENT REJECTED

SUBMITTED BY HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 1, PAGE 495, SESSION LAWS 1929

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL SECTION 31, ARTICLE 6, OF THE CONSTITUTION OF OKLAHOMA, BE AMENDED BY RELIEVING THE STATE BOARD OF AGRICULTURE OF ITS DUTIES AS A BOARD OF REGENTS OF THE STATE AGRICULTURAL AND MECHANICAL COLLEGES AND ADDING THERETO PROVISIONS FOR A SEPARATE BOARD OF REGENTS FOR THE STATE AGRICULTURAL AND MECHANICAL COLLEGES, AND PROVIDING FOR THE APPOINTMENT AND REMOVAL FROM OFFICE OF THE MEMBERS OF SAID BOARD.

STATE QUESTION NO. 159
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 54
ISSUE TITLE: O.U. BOARD OF REGENTS
GENERAL ELECTION. NOVEMBER 4, 1930
STATE RETURNS YES 171,906 NO 164,813
AMENDMENT REJECTED

SUBMITTED BY HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 2, PAGE 496, SESSION LAWS 1929

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL THE CONSTITUTION BE AMENDED BY INSERTING A NEW SECTION WHICH SHALL PROVIDE FOR A BOARD OF REGENTS FOR THE UNIVERSITY OF OKLAHOMA, AND FOR THE APPOINTMENT AND REMOVAL FROM OFFICE OF THE MEMBERS OF SAID BOARD.

STATE QUESTION NO. 167
INITIATIVE PETITION NO. 112
ISSUE TITLE: NEW INCOME TAX
SPECIAL ELECTION. DECEMBER 18, 1931
STATE RETURNS YES 208,144 NO 235,918
ACT REJECTED

PROPOSITION GIST:
AN ACT REPEALING EXISTING STATE INCOME TAX LAWS AND MONEY AND CREDITS TAX LAW; PROVIDING FOR THE LEVYING OF AN ANNUAL NET INCOME TAX ON THE INCOME OF PERSONS, FIRMS, ASSOCIATIONS AND CORPORATIONS DERIVED FROM PROPERTY OWNED AND BUSINESS DONE IN OKLAHOMA AND FIXING THE RATE THEREOF; EXEMPTING CERTAIN PERSONS, INSTITUTIONS, COMPANIES, ASSOCIATIONS AND CORPORATIONS FROM THE PROVISIONS OF ACT; CLASSIFYING CERTAIN TAXPAYERS; PROVIDING FOR COLLECTION OF TAX WITH PENALTIES FOR NON-PAYMENT OR FOR FAILURE TO MAKE RETURNS; PROVIDING APPORTIONMENT OF REVENUE BETWEEN EXPENSE OF COLLECTION, COST OF STATE GOVERNMENT, AND SUPPORT OF COMMON SCHOOLS.

STATE QUESTION NO. 169
INITIATIVE PETITION NO. 114
ISSUE TITLE: CORPORATION PROPERTY
SPECIAL ELECTION. DECEMBER 18, 1931
STATE RETURNS YES 202,353 NO 240,028
AMENDMENT REJECTED

PROPOSITION GIST:
THAT SECTION 2, ARTICLE XXII, OF THE CONSTITUTION FORBIDDING THE OWNERSHIP OF LANDS BY CORPORATIONS OUTSIDE OF CITIES AND TOWNS, EXCEPT SUCH AS MAY BE NECESSARY FOR USE UNDER THEIR CHARTERS OR LICENSES, AND EXCEPT SUCH AS MAY BE ACQUIRED UNDER MORTGAGES, CONDITIONED THAT SUCH LANDS SHALL BE DISPOSED OF WITHIN SEVEN YEARS, BE AMENDED SO AS TO PROVIDE THAT SUCH LANDS SO ACQUIRED UNDER MORTGAGE AND NOT DISPOSED OF IN TEN YEARS SHALL ESCHEAT TO THE STATE, AND FURTHER PROVIDING THAT LANDS ACQUIRED BY CORPORATIONS, EXCEPT AS PERMITTED BY SAID SECTION, SHALL ESCHEAT TO THE STATE.

STATE QUESTION NO. 172
INITIATIVE PETITION NO. 117
ISSUE TITLE: BOARD OF EDUCATION
SPECIAL ELECTION. DECEMBER 18, 1931
STATE RETURNS YES 196,579 NO 245,743
ACT REJECTED

PROPOSITION GIST:

AN ACT CREATING A STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION OF NINE MEMBERS. EACH APPOINTED BY GOVERNOR AND CONFIRMED BY SENATE AND TO RECEIVE FOR SERVICES TEN DOLLARS PER DAY AND EXPENSES; MAKING STATE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION SECRETARY BUT NOT MEMBER OF BOARD; CREATING A TEXT BOOK COMMITTEE OF SEVEN MEMBERS TO RECEIVE SIMILAR COMPENSATION; PROVIDING FOR UNIFORM FREE TEXT BOOKS IN FIRST EIGHT GRADES FOR CHILDREN ATTENDING EITHER PUBLIC OR OTHER SCHOOLS IN OKLAHOMA. APPROPRIATING TWO MILLION DOLLARS THEREFOR; LIMITING TIME WHEN TEXT BOOKS MAY BE CHANGED AND AUTHORIZING SALE OF SAME TO HIGH SCHOOL PUPILS.

STATE QUESTION NO. 173
INITIATIVE PETITION NO. 118
ISSUE TITLE: CREATE BUDGET OFFICER
SPECIAL ELECTION, DECEMBER 18, 1931
STATE RETURNS YES 194,274 NO 245,794
AMENDMENT REJECTED

PROPOSITION GIST:

AN AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION CREATING A BUDGET OFFICER APPOINTED BY THE GOVERNOR, CONFIRMED BY THE SENATE AND REMOVABLE AT PLEASURE OF GOVERNOR; FIXING TENURE OF OFFICE AND SALARY AND AUTHORIZING HIM TO EMPLOY ASSISTANTS WITH CONSENT OF THE GOVERNOR; SAID OFFICER UNDER THE SUPERVISION OF THE GOVERNOR TO PREPARE THE BIENNIAL BUDGET FOR ALL STATE INSTITUTIONS AND DEPARTMENTS; AUTHORIZING THE GOVERNOR TO REVISE THE BUDGETS; PROVIDING THAT THE LEGISLATURE MAY DECREASE THE BUDGET BUT PROHIBITING THE LEGISLATURE INCREASING BUDGET OR ANY ITEM WITHOUT CONSENT OF THE GOVERNOR EXCEPT BY A THREE-FOURTHS MAJORITY VOTE IN BOTH HOUSES.

STATE QUESTION NO. 168
INITIATIVE PETITION NO. 113
ISSUE TITLE: LIMITING TAX RATE
PRIMARY ELECTION, JULY 5, 1932
STATE RETURNS YES 195,042 NO 229,270
AMENDMENT REJECTED

PROPOSITION GIST:

THAT SECTION 9, ARTICLE X, CONSTITUTION, BE AMENDED BY LIMITING AD VALOREM RATE UPON PERSONAL PROPERTY TO NOT EXCEED TWENTY-THREE MILLS, UPON REAL PROPERTY TO NOT EXCEED FIFTEEN MILLS, AND APPORTIONING SAME TO SUBDIVISIONS OF GOVERNMENT; PROHIBITING LEVY OF AD VALOREM TAXES FOR STATE PURPOSES; PERMITTING COUNTIES TO LEVY NOT EXCEEDING EIGHT MILLS ADDITIONAL ON ALL PROPERTY FOR SCHOOLS; PERMITTING SCHOOL DISTRICTS BY MAJORITY OF ALL VOTERS IN DISTRICT AT ELECTION HELD UNDER SUPERVISION OF COUNTY ELECTION BOARD TO INCREASE RATE NOT EXCEEDING TEN MILLS; AND PERMITTING ADDITIONAL LEVIES FOR BONDS AND DEBTS EXISTING WHEN AMENDMENT BECOMES EFFECTIVE.

STATE QUESTION NO. 170
INITIATIVE PETITION NO. 115
ISSUE TITLE: CROP CONTROL
PRIMARY ELECTION, JULY 5, 1932
STATE RETURNS YES 130,327 NO 290,416
ACT REJECTED

PROPOSITION GIST:

AN ACT MAKING UNLAWFUL THE PLANTING OF COTTON, WHEAT OR OTHER SOIL EXHAUSTING PLANTS IN EXCESS OF THIRTY PER CENT OF AREA OF EACH SEPARATELY OWNED TRACT OF LAND IN CULTIVATION PREVIOUS YEAR; CREATING NEW COMMISSION TO DETERMINE AND CONTROL CROP LIMITATION; GIVING GOVERNOR CONDITIONAL POWER TO LIMIT PLANTING OF SAID CROPS; PROVIDING FOR INJUNCTIONS AND MONEY PENALTIES AGAINST THOSE VIOLATING ACT; GIVING STATE, AND SPECIAL ATTORNEYS APPOINTED BY GOVERNOR, TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT OF FINES COLLECTED; DEFINING DUTIES OF VARIOUS STATE AND COUNTY OFFICERS AND IMPOSING PENALTIES ON CERTAIN COUNTY OFFICERS VIOLATING ACT.

STATE QUESTION NO. 171
INITIATIVE PETITION NO. 116
ISSUE TITLE: COUNTY ROAD COMMISSIONER
PRIMARY ELECTION, JULY 5, 1932
STATE RETURNS YES 155,110 NO 260,265
ACT REJECTED. LAW SUSTAINED.

PROPOSITION GIST:

AN ACT CREATING NEW COMMISSION, MAKING GOVERNOR MEMBER; AUTHORIZING CONSTRUCTION OF RESERVOIRS, FARM-TO-MARKET ROADS SUSPENDING COUNTY CONTROL

THEREOVER; FIXING COMPENSATION; AUTHORIZING AGENTS AND EMPLOYEES; EXTENDING IMPOSITION OF EXTRA ONE CENT GASOLINE TAX, ASSIGNING SUCH TAX TOGETHER WITH PRESENT COUNTY'S SHARE OF AUTOMOBILE AND GASOLINE TAX TO SUCH COMMISSION; AUTHORIZING SUCH COMMISSION TO AUDIT ITS OWN EXPENDITURES; MAKING EMBEZZLEMENT OF FUNDS IN ANY AMOUNT A MISDEMEANOR WITH MAXIMUM PENALTY OF ONE HUNDRED DOLLAR FINE AND POSSIBLE JAIL SENTENCE OF ONE HUNDRED DAYS. THIS ACT WITH ABOVE AND OTHER LIMITATIONS BEING FOR UNEMPLOYMENT RELIEF IN OKLAHOMA FOR LIMITED TIME.

STATE QUESTION NO. 164
REFERENDUM PETITION NO. 55
ISSUE TITLE: OLEOMARGINE TAX
GENERAL ELECTION, NOVEMBER 8, 1932
STATE RETURNS YES 265,890 NO 342,998
ACT REJECTED. LAW SUSTAINED

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL ARTICLE 4, CHAPTER 23, OKLAHOMA SESSION LAWS, 1931, DEFINING "OLEOMARGARINE," IMPOSING STAMP TAX OF TEN CENTS PER POUND THERON, REGULATING DEALING IN SAME BY WHOLESALERS AND RETAILERS AND REQURING THEM TO PAY TEN DOLLARS AND FIVE DOLLARS RESPECTIVELY, AS ANNUAL LICENSE TAX AND TO KEEP RECORDS OF THEIR SAID DEALINGS, FORBIDDING COLORING OLEOMARGARINE LIKE BUTTER, PROHIBITING CERTAIN PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS PURCHASING OLEOMARGARINE WITH PUBLIC FUNDS, MAKING ABOVE AND OTHER SPECIFIED ACTS UNLAWFUL AND FIXING PENALTIES FOR VIOLATION THEREOF, BE REPEALED?

STATE QUESTION NO. 175
INITIATIVE PETITION NO. 120
ISSUE TITLE: TAX REDUCTION
GENERAL ELECTION, NOVEMBER 8, 1932
STATE RETURNS YES 321,254 NO 327,620
ACT REJECTED

PROPOSITION GIST:
AN ACT FOR REDUCTION OF AD VALOREM TAXES BY LEVYING TAXES ON INCOMES OF INDIVIDUALS, ASSOCIATIONS AND TRUSTS, AND EXCISE TAXES ON INCOMES OF CORPORATIONS AND BANKS; EXEMPTING RELIGIOUS, CHARITABLE, ELEEMOSYNARY, EDUCATIONAL, BENEVOLENT, FRATERNAL AND OTHER ORGANIZATIONS NOT OPERATING FOR PROFIT; FIXING TIME AND MANNER OF RETURNS; PROVIDING REMEDY FOR AGGRIEVED TAXPAYERS; PROVIDING FOR COLLECTION OF SUCH TAXES; MAKING APPORTIONMENT THEREOF TO STATE GOVERNMENT, COMMON SCHOOLS AND EXPENSES OF COLLECTION; AND REPEALING EXISTING INCOME AND MONEY AND CREDITS TAX LAWS.

STATE QUESTION NO. 183
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 59
ISSUE TITLE: 3.2 BEER
SPECIAL ELECTION, JULY 11, 1933
STATE RETURNS YES 224,598 NO 129,582
ACT ADOPTED

SUBMITTED BY HOUSE BILL NO. 647, PAGE 338, SESSION LAWS 1933

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL HOUSE BILL NUMBER 647 OF FOURTEENTH LEGISLATURE OF OKLAHOMA, DEFINING NON-INTOXICATING BEVERAGES AS THOSE CONTAINING NOT TO EXCEED 3.2 PER CENTUM OF ALCOHOL MEASURED BY WEIGHT; AMENDING SECTIONS 2618, 2626 AND 2627, OKLAHOMA STATUTES 1931, MAKING UNLAWFUL THE SALE OF INTOXICATING BEVERAGES, PRESCRIBING PUNISHMENT FOR VIOLATING ACT; REGULATING AND LICENSING MANUFACTURERS AND RETAIL DEALERS OF SUCH NONINTOXICATING BEVERAGES LEVYING TAX UPON SALE AND DISTRIBUTION THEREOF IN OKLAHOMA, AND PROVIDING FOR DISPOSITION OF REVENUE DERIVED THEREFROM, BE ADOPTED?

STATE QUESTION NO. 179
REFERENDUM PETITION NO. 56
ISSUE TITLE: CIGARETTE TAX
SPECIAL ELECTION, AUGUST 15, 1933
STATE RETURNS YES 120,863 NO 81,981
ACT ADOPTED. LAW VETOED.

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL HOUSE BILL NO. 229, LEVYING A STAMP TAX ON SALES OF CIGARETTES WHERE SALES MADE BY PERSONS IN OKLAHOMA TO OKLAHOMA DEALERS OR SALES MADE BY OKLAHOMA DEALERS IN OKLAHOMA TO PERSONS IN OKLAHOMA, FIXING THE RATE OF THREE CENTS ON PACKAGE OF TWENTY, DECLARING PURPOSE, PROVIDING FOR ENFORCEMENT AND

PRESCRIBING PENALTIES. PASSED BY FOURTEENTH REGULAR SESSION OF 1933 OKLAHOMA LEGISLATURE AND APPROVED BY THE GOVERNOR ON APRIL 17TH, 1933, BE VETOED AND RENDERED INOPERATIVE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 184
REFERENDUM PETITION NO. 60
ISSUE TITLE: TAX COMMISSION
SPECIAL ELECTION, AUGUST 15, 1933
STATE RETURNS YES 134,882 NO 67,779
ACT ADOPTED. LAW VETOED.

PROPOSITION GIST:
HOUSE BILL NO. 236, PAGE 315, SESSION LAWS 1933 AMENDING SECTION 12656, OKLAHOMA STATUTES, 1931, RELATING TO THE DUTIES, POWERS AND AUTHORITY OF THE STATE BOARD OF EQUALIZATION; PROVIDING ADDITIONAL POWERS AND AUTHORITY AS TO EQUALIZATION AND ADJUSTMENT OF CERTAIN PROPERTY; AUTHORIZING THE OKLAHOMA TAX COMMISSION TO MAKE INVESTIGATIONS, HOLD HEARINGS AND MAKE ADDITIONAL FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS RELATING TO THE VALUATION AND EQUALIZATION OF PROPERTY SUBJECT TO AD VALOREM TAXATION; PROVIDING FOR FORMS FOR LISTING PROPERTY FOR AD VALOREM TAXATION; REQUIRING INFORMATION FROM LOCAL OFFICERS RELATING TO THE ASSESSMENT OF PROPERTY; PROVIDING FOR HEARINGS OF COUNTY OFFICIALS AND AGGRIEVED TAXPAYERS; REPEALING CONFLICTING LAWS.

STATE QUESTION NO. 185
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 61
ISSUE TITLE: AD VALOREM TAXES
SPECIAL ELECTION, AUGUST 15, 1933
STATE RETURNS YES 183,623 NO 20,739
AMENDMENT ADOPTED

SUBMITTED BY SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 1, PAGE 386, SESSION LAWS 1933

PROPOSITION GIST:
AMENDING SECTION 9, ARTICLE 10, OKLAHOMA CONSTITUTION; LIMITING AD VALOREM TAX TO 15 MILLS FOR COUNTY, CITY, TOWN AND SCHOOL DISTRICTS; AUTHORIZING EXCISE BOARDS TO APPORTION SAME UNTIL FIXED BY LEGISLATURE; PROHIBITING AD VALOREM TAX FOR STATE PURPOSES; PERMITTING AN ADDITIONAL 2 MILL LEVY FOR SEPARATE SCHOOLS; PROVIDING BY MAJORITY OF THOSE VOTING, SCHOOL DISTRICT LEVY MAY BE INCREASED NOT EXCEEDING 10 MILLS; LEGISLATURE MAY FURTHER LIMIT SUCH LEVY; STATE AND SUBDIVISIONS MAY MAKE ADDITIONAL LEVIES FOR BONDED AND OTHER INDEBTEDNESS NOT EXCEEDING LIMITATIONS EXISTING PRIOR TO THIS AMENDMENT. THIS AMENDMENT NOT CONSTRUABLE AS TAXING CHURCHES AND SCHOOLS.

STATE QUESTION NO. 186
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 62
ISSUE TITLE: CORPORATION CONTROL
GENERAL ELECTION, NOVEMBER 6, 1934
STATE RETURNS YES 254,631 NO 155,330
AMENDMENT REJECTED

SUBMITTED BY SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 15, PAGE 391, SESSION LAWS 1933

PROPOSITION GIST:
REQUIRING PUBLIC SERVICE CORPORATIONS TO SECURE THE CONSENT AND APPROVAL OF THE CORPORATION COMMISSION BEFORE CONSOLIDATING WITH, OR PURCHASING, OR LEASING THE STOCK, PROPERTY, WORKS OR FRANCHISE OF, ANY OTHER PUBLIC SERVICE CORPORATION OWNING OR HAVING UNDER ITS CONTROL A PARALLEL OR COMPETING LINE. AMENDING SECTION EIGHT OF ARTICLE NINE OF THE CONSTITUTION.

STATE QUESTION NO. 187
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 63
ISSUE TITLE: POLICE PENSION
GENERAL ELECTION, NOVEMBER 6, 1934
STATE RETURNS YES 302,618 NO 183,855
AMENDMENT REJECTED

SUBMITTED BY HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 10, PAGE 394, SESSION LAWS, 1933

PROPOSITION GIST:
TO AMEND ARTICLE 5 OF THE OKLAHOMA CONSTITUTION BY ADDING AN ADDITIONAL SECTION THERETO TO BE KNOWN AS SECTION 61 OF ARTICLE 5 OF SAID OKLAHOMA CONSTITUTION, GIVING THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA POWER TO ENACT LAWS TO AUTHORIZE CITIES TO PENSION MERITORIOUS AND DISABLED POLICE OFFICERS.

STATE QUESTION NO. 201
INITIATIVE PETITION NO. 138
ISSUE TITLE: HOMESTEAD EXEMPTION
SPECIAL ELECTION, SEPTEMBER 24, 1935
STATE RETURNS YES 185,058 NO 91,189
AMENDMENT ADOPTED

PROPOSITION GIST:
A PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA, PROVIDING THAT ALL HOMESTEADS WITHIN SAID STATE MAY BE EXEMPTED FROM AD VALOREM TAXATION BY THE LEGISLATURE, EXCEPTING ALL ASSESSMENTS, LEVIES, ENCUMBRANCES AND CONTRACT OBLIGATIONS MADE PREVIOUS TO SUCH ACT OF THE LEGISLATURE AND PROVIDING THAT SUCH ACT OF THE LEGISLATURE SHALL REMAIN IN FORCE FOR A PERIOD OF NOT LESS THAN TWENTY YEARS IN WHICH TIME THE AMOUNT OF HOMESTEAD EXEMPTION MAY BE INCREASED BUT NOT DIMINISHED.

STATE QUESTION NO. 208
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 66
ISSUE TITLE HOMESTEAD EXEMPTION
SPECIAL ELECTION SEPTEMBER 24, 1935
STATE RETURNS YES 129,314 NO 132,037
AMENDMENT REJECTED

SUBMITTED BY HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 4, PAGE 399, SESSION LAWS 1935

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL ARTICLE 10, OF THE OKLAHOMA CONSTITUTION BE AMENDED BY ADDING SECTION DESIGNATED 6-A; PROVIDING FOR EXEMPTING FROM AD VALOREM TAXATION OF HOMESTEADS IN AMOUNT TO BE FIXED BY LEGISLATURE, NOT EXCEEDING FIFTEEN HUNDRED DOLLARS; PROVIDED, AMENDMENT SHALL NOT APPLY TO INDEBTEDNESS OR OTHER VALID OUTSTANDING OBLIGATIONS HERETOFORE INCURRED, OR TO SPECIAL BENEFIT ASSESSMENTS ALREADY OR HEREAFTER LEVIED; PROVIDED NOTHING CONTAINED IN AMENDMENT SHALL EXEMPT ANY HOMESTEAD OR VALUATION THEREOF FROM LEVY OF AD VALOREM TAXES NOW AUTHORIZED FOR SUPPORT AND MAINTENANCE OF COMMON SCHOOLS, INCLUDING SPECIAL TEN MILL LEVY NOW PROVIDED BY THE CONSTITUTION AND LAW.

STATE QUESTION NO. 209
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 67
ISSUE TITLE: OLD AGE ASSISTANCE
SPECIAL ELECTION, SEPTEMBER 24, 1935
STATE RETURNS YES 119,612 NO 146,229
AMENDMENT REJECTED

SUBMITTED BY HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 6, PAGE 400, SESSION LAWS 1935

PROPOSITION GIST:
TO AMEND OKLAHOMA CONSTITUTION TO AUTHORIZE LEGISLATURE TO PROVIDE PENSIONS, PAYABLE SOLEY FROM CASH RAISED FROM SPECIAL EXCISE OR LICENSE TAXES, FOR INDIGENT, AGED OKLAHOMA CITIZENS WHO WHEN PENSION APPLICATION IS FILED WILL HAVE CONTINUOUSLY RESIDED IN OKLAHOMA FIFTEEN YEARS AND FOR FUTURE SUCH CITIZENS WHO WHEN PENSION APPLICATION IS FILED SHALL HAVE SO RESIDED TWENTY YEARS; PENSIONS NOT TO EXCEED FIFTEEN DOLLARS MONTHLY TO ANY PERSON OR TWENTY DOLLARS TO FAMILY: ANY PENSION GRANTED BY FEDERAL GOVERNMENT CONSIDERED PART OF SAID AMOUNTS; DEFINING AGED DEPENDENT CITIZENS AND PRESCRIBING CERTAIN REQUIREMENTS AND RESTRICTIONS AS TO PAYMENT OF PENSIONS.

STATE QUESTION NO. 211
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 69
ISSUE TITLE: OFFICE QUALIFICATIONS
SPECIAL ELECTION, SEPTEMBER 24, 1935
STATE RETURNS YES 114,968 NO 154,669
AMENDMENT REJECTED

SUBMITTED BY SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 1, PAGE 397, SESSION LAWS 1935

PROPOSITION GIST:
TO AMEND SECTION 3, ARTICLE 6, OF THE CONSTITUTION OF OKLAHOMA, SO THAT WOMEN, AS WELL AS MEN, SHALL BE ELIGIBLE TO OFFICE OF GOVERNOR, LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR, SECRETARY OF STATE, STATE AUDITOR, ATTORNEY GENERAL, STATE TREASURER, SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION, AND STATE EXAMINER AND INSPECTOR.

STATE QUESTION NO. 212
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 70
ISSUE TITLE: LAND OFFICE COMMISSION
SPECIAL ELECTION, SEPTEMBER 24, 1935
STATE RETURNS YES 113,737 NO 142,664
AMENDMENT REJECTED

SUBMITTED BY SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 4, PAGE 398, SESSION LAWS 1935

PROPOSITION GIST:
TO AMEND SECTION 32, ARTICLE 6, OF THE CONSTITUTION OF OKLAHOMA SO AS TO ABOLISH THE BOARD KNOWN AS "COMMISSIONERS OF THE LAND OFFICE" AND TO CREATE IN LIEU THEREOF THE OFFICE OF "THE COMMISSIONERS OF THE LAND OFFICE." SAME TO BE SELECTED IN THE MANNER PROVIDED BY LAW, THE GOVERNOR TO FILL SAID OFFICE BY APPOINTMENT UNTIL SAID LAW IS ENACTED AND COMMISSIONERS SELECTED, SAID COMMISSIONERS TO HAVE CHARGE OF THE SALE, RENTAL, DISPOSAL AND MANAGING OF THE SCHOOL AND OTHER PUBLIC LANDS OF THE STATE AND OF THE FUNDS AND PROCEEDS DERIVED THEREFROM, UNDER RULES AND REGULATIONS PRESCRIBED BY SUCH LEGISLATURE.

STATE QUESTION NO. 214
INITIATIVE PETITION NO. 144
ISSUE TITLE: OLD AGE ASSISTANCE
SPECIAL ELECTION, SEPTEMBER 24, 1935
STATE RETURNS YES 204,626 NO 78,783
SUPREME COURT RULED AMENDMENT ILLEGALLY SUBMITTED.

PROPOSITION GIST:
ACT AMENDING THE CONSTITUTION OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA BY ADDING AT THE END OF ARTICLE XXIII THEREOF SECTIONS 12 AND 13: AUTHORIZING OLD AGE PENSIONS AND SOCIAL SECURITY LEGISLATION; CREATING A COMMISSION TO BE KNOWN AS "COMMISSION OF OLD AGE PENSIONS AND SECURITY," AUTHORIZING THE LEVYING AND COLLECTION OF NECESSARY TAXES THEREFOR; MAKING APPROPRIATION FOR THE PURPOSES THEREOF; DECLARING STATE QUESTION NO. 209, REFERENDUM NO. 67, AND VOTE THEREON, OF NO FORCE OR EFFECT; PRESCRIBING POWERS AND DUTIES OF CERTAIN OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES; PROVIDING FOR APPEALS FROM ORDERS AND RULINGS; AND FIXING PENALTIES FOR VIOLATIONS OF THIS ACT.

STATE QUESTION NO. 220
INITIATIVE PETITION NO. 149
ISSUE TITLE: COUNTY WELFARE
SPECIAL ELECTION, DECEMBER 17, 1935
STATE RETURNS YES 82,462 NO 45,079
ACT ADOPTED

PROPOSITION GIST:
AN ACT APPROPRIATING FROM STATE TREASURY TO STATE BOARD OF PUBLIC WELFARE, $1,500,000.00 AND $1,000,000.00 RESPECTIVELY, FOR FISCAL YEARS ENDING JUNE 30, 1936, AND JUNE 30, 1937, TO BE ALLOCATED TO COUNTIES IN AMOUNTS SAID BOARD DETERMINES NECESSARY TO SUPPLEMENT COUNTY FUNDS FOR INDIGENTS AND WIDOWS, SAID AMOUNTS TO BE EXPENDED BY COUNTY WELFARE BOARDS FOR NECESSITIES FOR DESTITUTE UNEMPLOYABLES WHO HAVE BEEN BONA FIDE OKLAHOMA CITIZENS AND RESIDENTS FOR ONE YEAR PRIOR TO PASSAGE OF ACT; GRANTING SAID STATE BOARD OTHER POWERS; AMENDING DESIGNATED LAWS; AND APPROPRIATING $65,000.00 FOR EXPENSES OF ELECTION ON THIS ACT.

STATE QUESTION NO. 225
INITIATIVE PETITION NO. 154
OFFICE TITLE: OLD AGE ASSISTANCE
PRIMARY ELECTION, JULY 7, 1936
STATE RETURNS YES 346,950 NO 210,888
AMENDMENT ADOPTED

PROPOSITION GIST:
A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT AUTHORIZING LEGISLATION PROVIDING FOR RELIEF AND CARE OF NEEDY AGED PERSONS WHO ARE UNABLE TO PROVIDE FOR THEMSELVES AND FOR OTHER NEEDY PERSONS WHO, ON ACCOUNT OF IMMATURE AGE, PHYSICAL INFIRMITY, DISABILITY, OR OTHER CAUSE, ARE UNABLE TO PROVIDE FOR THEMSELVES; PROHIBITING SUCH LEGISLATION GRANTING ASSISTANCE (INCLUDING ANY FEDERAL CONTRIBUTION) TO A NEEDY AGED PERSON IN AN AMOUNT WHICH WHEN ADDED TO HIS OTHER INCOME EXCEEDS THIRTY DOLLARS A MONTH; AUTHORIZING LEVY OF NECESSARY TAXES THEREFOR; CREATING A DEPARTMENT, COMMISSION AND DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC WELFARE; PRESCRIBING THEIR POWERS AND DUTIES; AND AUTHORIZING CONTEMPORANEOUS LEGISLATION VITALIZING AMENDMENT.

STATE QUESTION NO. 226
INITIATIVE PETITION NO. 155
ISSUE TITLE: SALES TAX FOR AGED AID
PRIMARY ELECTION, JULY 7, 1936
STATE RETURNS YES 340,438 NO 229,542
ACT ADOPTED

PROPOSITION GIST:
AN ACT PROVIDING ASSISTANCE TO NEEDY PERSONS AGED SIXTY-FIVE OR OVER, NEEDY BLIND PERSONS, NEEDY CRIPPLED CHILDREN, AND NEEDY PERSONS AGED FIFTEEN OR YOUNGER; PRESCRIBING FURTHER QUALIFICATIONS OF RECIPIENTS OF SUCH ASSISTANCE, THE REQUIRED PERIODS OF OKLAHOMA RESIDENCE THEREOF, AND MAXIMUM AMOUNTS OF ASSISTANCE PAID SAME; INCREASING THE OKLAHOMA CONSUMERS' (SALES) TAX AND OKLAHOMA MOTOR VEHICLE EXCISE TAX (EACH) FROM ONE (1) TO TWO (2) PERCENTUM TO PROVIDE FUNDS TO PAY SAID ASSISTANCE AND COST OF ADMINISTERING ACT; MAKING NECESSARY APPROPRIATIONS THEREFOR; AUTHORIZING ACCEPTANCE OF FEDERAL GRANTS, IF ANY; PROVIDING NECESSARY PERSONNEL TO ADMINISTER ACT, AND PRESCRIBING PENALTIES FOR VIOLATION THEREOF.

STATE QUESTION NO. 230
INITIATIVE PETITION NO. 159
ISSUE TITLE: SOIL CONSERVATION
PRIMARY ELECTION, JULY 7, 1936
STATE RETURNS YES 223,836 NO 290,241
ACT REJECTED

PROPOSITION GIST:
AN ACT DESIGNATING THE OKLAHOMA CONSERVATION COMMISSION AS STATE AGENCY TO CO-OPERATE WITH FEDERAL GOVERNMENT IN DESIGNATED PROJECTS UNDER PROVISIONS OF THE "SOIL CONSERVATION AND DOMESTIC ALLOTMENT ACT" OF THE SEVENTY-FOURTH CONGRESS; SETTING FORTH CERTAIN POWERS AND DUTIES OF SAID COMMISSION; AND APPROPRIATING $500,000.00 AND CERTAIN UNEXPENDED BALANCES IN THE STATE TREASURY TO SAID COMMISSION FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30,1937, TO PAY SALARIES AND EXPENSES OF COMMISSION, ITS MEMBERS AND EMPLOYEES AND OTHER AUTHORIZED EXPENDITURES.

STATE QUESTION NO. 207
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 65
ISSUE TITLE: POLICE PENSIONS
GENERAL ELECTION, NOVEMBER 3, 1936
STATE RETURNS YES 390,142 NO 232,310
AMENDMENT ADOPTED

SUBMITTED BY HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 11, PAGE 402, SESSION LAWS 1935

PROPOSITION GIST:
TO AMEND ARTICLE 5, OF THE CONSTITUTION OF OKLAHOMA BY ADDING A NEW SECTION DESIGNATED SECTION 61, PROVIDING THAT THE LEGISLATURE MAY ENACT LAWS AUTHORIZING CITIES TO PENSION MERITORIOUS AND DISABLED POLICE OFFICERS.

STATE QUESTION NO. 210
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 68
ISSUE TITLE: A & M BOARD OF REGENTS
GENERAL ELECTION, NOVEMBER 3, 1936
STATE RETURNS YES 379,405 NO 219,996
AMENDMENT REJECTED

SUBMITTED BY HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 34, PAGE 402, SESSION LAWS 1935

PROPOSITION GIST:
TO AMEND ARTICLE 6, SECTION 31, OF THE CONSTITUTION OF OKLAHOMA SO AS TO RELIEVE THE STATE BOARD OF AGRICULTURE OF ITS DUTIES AS A BOARD OF REGENTS FOR THE OKLAHOMA AGRICULTURE AND MECHANICAL COLLEGES AND SCHOOLS, AND TO CREATE AND PROVIDE FOR THE APPOINTMENT OF A SEPARATE BOARD OF REGENTS FOR SAID COLLEGES AND SCHOOLS TO BE COMPOSED OF NINE MEMBERS, REMOVABLE ONLY BY IMPEACHMENT OR COURT PROCEDURE, AND WITH THE TERM OF OFFICE OF ONE MEMBER OF SAID BOARD EXPIRING EACH YEAR.

STATE QUESTION NO. 222
INITIATIVE PETITION NO. 151
ISSUE TITLE: REPEAL PROHIBITION
GENERAL ELECTION, NOVEMBER 3, 1936

STATE RETURNS YES 267,285 NO 391,083
AMENDMENT REJECTED

PROPOSITION GIST:
A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT REPEALING PROHIBITION PROVISIONS OF OKLAHOMA CONSTITUTION; AUTHORIZING MANUFACTURE, SALE AND TRANSPORTATION OF ALCOHOL AND ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES IN OKLAHOMA UNDER RULES AND REGULATIONS, HAVING EFFECT OF LAW, OF COMMISSION APPOINTED BY GOVERNOR; PRESCRIBING COMMISSION'S DUTIES; AUTHORIZING COMMISSION TO APPOINT AND FIX COMPENSATION OF EMPLOYEES DEEMED NECESSARY, BORROW NOT EXCEEDING $400,000.00 FOR INITIAL EXPENSES, ESTABLISH STATE LIQUOR SYSTEM, FUNDS DERIVED THEREFROM TO BE USED IN ADMINISTERING SYSTEM, REPAYMENT OF BORROWED MONEY, BALANCE, IF ANY, CREDITED UNTIL OTHERWISE PROVIDED BY LAW, TO OLD AGE PENSION FUND, CREATING A REVIEW BOARD AND LAW ENFORCEMENT ORGANIZATION; PRESCRIBING THEIR DUTIES; PROVIDING PENALTIES.

STATE QUESTION NO. 205
INITIATIVE PETITION NO. 142
ISSUE TITLE: MUNICIPAL UTILITIES
GENERAL ELECTION, NOVEMBER 8, 1938
STATE RETURNS YES 98,216 NO 266,893
AMENDMENT REJECTED

PROPOSITION GIST:
PROPOSED CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT EMPOWERING BODIES POLITIC, INCLUDING RURAL UTILITY DISTRICTS, ORGANIZED THEREUNDER, TO ASSUME REVENUE INDEBTEDNESS, IF AUTHORIZED BY ELECTION, TO ACQUIRE, CONSTRUCT AND EXTEND PUBLIC UTILITIES, AND WITHOUT ELECTION, TO MAINTAIN, REPAIR, REPLACE, ENLARGE AND IMPROVE PUBLIC UTILITIES, AND TO ISSUE AUTHORIZED CERTIFICATES OF REVENUE SCHOOL DISTRICTS AND STATE INSTITUTIONS TO ISSUE SUCH CERTIFICATES TO CONSTRUCT, PURCHASE AND OPERATE PUBLIC BUILDINGS AND PARKS, FOR HIRE; AUTHORIZING MORTGAGING OF UTILITY PROPERTY AND REFUNDING OF CERTIFICATES; REQUIRING GOVERNING BODY TO FIX UTILITY RATES SUFFICIENT TO PAY CERTIFICATES; CONFERRING ADDITIONAL POWERS; AND PROVIDING PROCEDURE.

STATE QUESTION NO. 216
REFERENDUM PETITION NO. 71
ISSUE TITLE: PIN BALL MACHINES
GENERAL ELECTION, NOVEMBER 8, 1938
STATE RETURNS YES 98,360 NO 280,284
ACT REJECTED. LAW SUSTAINED.

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL HOUSE BILL NO. 410, OF THE FIFTEENTH LEGISLATURE, WHICH BILL: (A) AMENDS SECTION 2193, AND REPEALS SECTION 2194 OKLAHOMA STATUTES 1931 (THEREBY REPEALING STATUTORY PROVISIONS WHICH MADE UNLAWFUL THE OPERATION, ETC., OF SLOT MACHINES FOR PROPERTY, CHECKS, CREDITS, OR ANY REPRESENTATIVE OF VALUE), AND (B) DEFINES AUTOMATIC VENDING MACHINES AND PIN OR MARBLE MACHINES AND LEGALIZES THE OPERATION, ETC., THEREOF ON A STATE LICENSE FEE BASIS.

STATE QUESTION NO. 236
REFERENDUM PETITION NO. 73
ISSUE TITLE: OLEOMARGARINE TAX
GENERAL ELECTION, NOVEMBER 8, 1938
STATE RETURNS YES 184,619 NO 215,799
ACT REJECTED

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL SENATE BILL NO. 217 OF THE SIXTEENTH OKLAHOMA LEGISLATURE, WHICH BILL: VESTS EXCLUSIVE ADMINISTRATION, REGULATION AND SUPERVISION IN OKLAHOMA TAX COMMISSION OF SECTIONS 4599 TO 4609, INCLUSIVE, OKLAHOMA STATUTES 1931, RELATING TO THE SALE AND TAXATION OF OLEOMARGARINE; PROVIDES THAT NINETY-FIVE PERCENTUM OF TAXES COLLECTED THEREUNDER BE USED TO SUPPORT COMMON SCHOOLS AND REMAINDER BE USABLE BY COMMISSION TO COLLECT TAXES AND ENFORCE LAW; AND DECLARES THAT PROVISIONS OF SAID LAW SHALL NOT APPLY TO OLEOMARGARINE UNLESS SAME CONTAINS DESIGNATED FATS AND OILS, NOR TO CERTAIN DESIGNATED MANUFACTURERS, DEALERS AND PROPRIETORS, BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 238
REFERENDUM PETITION NO. 75
ISSUE TITLE: TAX COMMISSIONER
GENERAL ELECTION, NOVEMBER 8, 1938
INDEBTEDNESS PAYABLE FROM UTILITY REVENUES, WITHOUT TAXATION; EMPOWERING
STATE RETURNS YES 99,613 NO 259,240
ACT REJECTED. LAW SUSTAINED.

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL SENATE BILL NO. 123, OF THE 16TH LEGISLATURE, PROVIDING THAT OKLAHOMA TAX COMMISSIONER, INSTEAD OF "CHIEF OIL AND GAS CONSERVATION AGENT OF THE CORPORATION COMMISSION," BE STATE OIL INSPECTOR; AUTHORIZING SAID INSPECTOR TO APPOINT DEPUTY OIL INSPECTORS (COMMONLY CALLED "GASOLINE INSPECTORS"); PRESCRIBING DUTIES AND COMPENSATION THEREOF; AUTHORIZING RULES AND REGULATIONS FOR ENFORCEMENT OF ACT; REQUIRING ALL FEES COLLECTED TO BE DEPOSITED IN "OIL INSPECTION ENFORCEMENT FUND," DEPUTY OIL INSPECTORS PAID THEREFROM AND BALANCE TRANSFERRED TO STATE TREASURY; AND AMENDING SECTIONS 11591 AND 11592 AND REPEALING SECTIONS 11595 AND 11604, OKLAHOMA STATUTES 1931, BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 242
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 76
ISSUE TITLE: TEACHER RETIREMENT
GENERAL ELECTION, NOVEMBER 8, 1938
STATE RETURNS YES 183,997 NO 218,945
AMENDMENT REJECTED

SUBMITTED BY HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 15, PAGE 561, SESSION LAWS 1936-37

PROPOSITION GIST:
TO AMEND ARTICLE 5, OF THE CONSTITUTION OF OKLAHOMA, BY ADDING A NEW SECTION DESIGNATED SECTION 62, PROVIDING THAT THE LEGISLATURE MAY ENACT LAWS AUTHORIZING THE STATE, STATE INSTITUTIONS AND SCHOOL DISTRICTS COLLECTIVELY OR SEVERALLY, TO PROVIDE RETIREMTNT ALLOWANCES AND DEATH AND, OR DISABILITY BENEFFITS FOR TEACHERS AND OTHER EMPLOYEES IN THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS, COLLEGES, AND UNIVERSITIES IN THE STATE SUPPORTED WHOLLY OR IN PART BY PUBLIC FUNDS.

STATE QUESTION NO. 243
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 77
ISSUE TITLE: LEGISLATOR PAY RAISE
GENERAL ELECTION, NOVEMBER 8, 1938
STATE RETURNS YES 92,264 NO 256,745
AMENDMENT REJECTED

SUBMITTED BY HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 27, PAGE 560, SESSION LAWS 1936-37

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL THE CONSTITUTION OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA BE AMENDED BY ADDING THERETO AN ADDITIONAL SECTION TO BE KNOWN AS SECTION 1-A OF ARTICLE 5, PROVIDING FOR THE STATE LEGISLATURE, COMMENCING IN 1940, TO BE COMPOSED OF SEVENTY-SEVEN MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES AND THIRTY-FOUR (34) MEMBERS OF THE SENATE, EACH OF WHOM SHALL RECEIVE AN ANNUAL SALARY OF, NOT TO EXCEED THE SUM OF TWO THOUSAND FOUR HUNDRED DOLLARS ($2,400.00), PAYABLE OUT OF THE STATE TREASURY; PROVIDING FOR LEGISLATIVE APPORTIONMENTS EVERY TEN (10) YEARS.

STATE QUESTION NO. 215
INITIATIVE PETITION NO. 145
ISSUE TITLE: PROPERTY TAX FOR AGED AID
GENERAL ELECTION, NOVEMBER 5, 1940
STATE RETURNS YES 408,559 NO 196,711
AMENDMENT REJECTED

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT AUTHORIZING THE LEVY OF A GRADUATED TAX ON LAND; LEVYING FOR STATE OLD AGE SECURITY, UNTIL OTHERWISE PROVIDED, AN ADDITIONAL TAX UPON LAND OWNED BY ANY PERSON IN EXCESS OF SIX HUNDRED AND FORTY ACRES, GRADUATED FROM A MINIMUM OF FIVE MILLS TO A MAXIMUM OF FIFTY MILLS ON THE VALUATION OF SUCH LAND ACCORDING TO THE NUMBER OF YEARS SUCH EXCESS LAND IS HELD AND THE AMOUNT THEREOF; EXEMPTING GRAZING, FOREST, RECLAMATION, AND CERTAIN CORPORATELY OWNED LANDS; PROVIDING FOR REFUNDS AND FOR ENFORCEMENT AND COLLECTION OF THE TAX, BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 241
INITIATIVE PETITION NO. 166
ISSUE TITLE: MEDICAL EXAMINERS BOARD
GENERAL ELECTION, NOVEMBER 5, 1940
STATE RETURNS YES 294,346 NO 212,701
ACT REJECTED

PROPOSITION GIST:

SHALL AN ACT ABOLISHING ALTERNATE MEMBERS OF STATE BOARD OF MEDICAL EXAMINERS; PROHIBITING ONE SCHOOL OF MEDICAL PRACTICE FROM HAVING MAJORITY MEMBERSHIP ON SAID BOARD; REQUIRING HEARINGS BY BOARD BEFORE IT CAN REVOKE OR SUSPEND LICENSES OF PHYSICIANS CONVICTED OF CERTAIN CRIMES OR WHO ARE FUGITIVES FROM JUSTICE; CHANGING APPEAL PROCEDURE TO PROVIDE FOR TRIALS DE NOVO IN DISTRICT COURT AND SUBSEQUENT APPEALS TO SUPREME COURT; AND PROVIDING THAT EMPLOYMENT OF AGENTS OF CERTAIN HOSPITALS OR CLINICS BY A PHYSICIAN TO PROCURE PRACTICE THEREFOR WILL NOT CONSTITUTE GROUNDS FOR REVOCATION OR SUSPENSION OF PHYSICIAN'S LICENSE, BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE.

STATE QUESTION NO. 253
INITIATIVE PETITION NO. 176
ISSUE TITLE: GAS TAX DISTRIBUTION
GENERAL ELECTION NOVEMBER 5, 1940
STATE RETURNS YES 355,431 NO 198,109
ACT REJECTED

PROPOSITION GIST:

SHALL AN ACT PROVIDING FOR ALLOCATION, APPORTIONMENT, DISTRIBUTION AND USE OF MONEYS RECEIVED BY STATE OF OKLAHOMA THROUGH LEVY, AND COLLECTION OF MOTOR VEHICLE MILEAGE TAXES, VEHICLE LICENSE AND REGISTRATION TAXES AND EXCISE TAXES ON SALE AND CONSUMPTION OF GASOLINE; PROVIDING FOR APPORTIONMENT OF GREATER PERCENTAGES OF SUCH MONEYS TO COUNTIES, CITIES AND INCORPORATED TOWNS, AND FOR APPORTIONMENT OF SMALLER PERCENTAGES OF SUCH MONEYS TO STATE HIGHWAY CONSTRUCTION AND MAINTENANCE FUND, THAN IS NOW PROVIDED BY LAW; FIXING THE PURPOSES FOR WHICH SUCH MONEYS SHALL BE USED AND REGULATING EXPENDITURE THEREOF; AND REPEALING CONFLICTING LAWS BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 281
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 78
ISSUE TITLE: OFFICE QUALIFICATIONS
GENERAL ELECTION, NOVEMBER 5, 1940
STATE RETURNS YES 354,433 NO 169,926
AMENDMENT REJECTED

SUBMITTED BY HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 1, PAGE 659, SESSION LAWS 1939

PROPOSITION GIST:

THAT SECTION 3, ARTICLE 6, OF THE CONSTITUTION OF OKLAHOMA BE AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS: "NO PERSON SHALL BE ELIGIBLE TO THE OFFICE OF GOVERNOR, LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR, SECRETARY OF STATE, STATE AUDITOR, ATTORNEY GENERAL, STATE TREASURER , SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION, STATE EXAMINER AND INSPECTOR, EXCEPT A CITIZEN OF THE UNITED STATES OF THE AGE OF NOT LESS THAN THIRTY-ONE YEARS AND WHO SHALL HAVE BEEN TEN YEARS NEXT PRECEDING HIS OR HER ELECTION, A QUALIFIED ELECTOR OF THIS STATE."

STATE QUESTION NO. 282
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 79
ISSUE TITLE: CORPORATION CONTROL
GENERAL ELECTION, NOVEMBER 5, 1940
STATE RETURNS YES 256,466 NO 210,890
AMENDMENT REJECTED

SUBMITTED BY SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 6, PAGE 653, SESSION LAWS 1939

PROPOSITION GIST:

THAT SECTION 8, ARTICLE 9, OF THE CONSTITUTION OF OKLAHOMA BE AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS: "NO PUBLIC SERVICE CORPORATION, OR THE LESSEES, PURCHASERS, OR MANAGERS THEREOF, SHALL CONSOLIDATE THE STOCK, PROPERTY OR FRANCHISES, OF SUCH CORPORATION WITH, OR LEASE OR PURCHASE THE WORKS OR FRANCHISES OF, OR IN ANY WAY CONTROL, ANY OTHER PUBLIC SERVICE CORPORATION OWNING OR HAVING UNDER ITS CONTROL A PARALLEL OR COMPETING LINE, WITHOUT THE CONSENT AND APPROVAL OF THE CORPORATION COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA. (THIS SECTION SHALL NOT BE CONSTRUED TO AFFECT RAILROADS, BUS AND TRUCK LINES.)"

STATE QUESTION NO. 289
INITIATIVE PETITION NO. 210
ISSUE TITLE: REPEAL PROHIBITION
GENERAL ELECTION, NOVEMBER 5, 1940
STATE RETURNS YES 290,752 NO 374,911
AMENDMENT REJECTED

PROPOSITION GIST:

SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT AUTHORIZING AND REGULATING IMPORTATION, MANUFACTURE, TRANSPORTATION AND SALE OF WHISKEY AND OTHER ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES; REQUIRING LICENSES; FIXING AND APPORTIONING FEES AND TAXES, AND AUTHORIZING DECREASE BY LEGISLATURE OR INCREASE NOT OVER FIFTY PERCENT; CREATING ENFORCEMENT DEPARTMENT, FIXING SALARIES, AND PROVIDING APPOINTMENT AND REMOVAL OF OFFICERS; PROVIDING DISTRICT JUDGES' NOMINATING COMMITTEE AND FIXING COMPENSATION; AUTHORIZING MUNICIPALITIES TO LEVY CERTAIN FEES; FIXING PENALTIES; PROHIBITING EMPLOYMENT OF MINORS AND FEMALES TO SERVE LIQUORS, OTHER THAN BEER, EXCEPT IN HOTELS, RESTAURANTS AND CAFES; AND PROVIDING FOR COUNTY LOCAL OPTION EXCEPT AS TO BEER; BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 298
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 80
ISSUE TITLE: BUDGET BALANCING
SPECIAL ELECTION, MARCH 11, 1941
STATE RETURNS YES 163,886 NO 85,752
AMENDMENT ADOPTED

SUBMITTED BY HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 10, PAGE 547, SESSION LAWS 1941

PROPOSITION GIST:

SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT AMENDING SECTION 23, ARTICLE 10, OKLAHOMA CONSTITUTION, PROHIBITING LEGISLATURE APPROPRIATING IN EXCESS OF LEGAL ESTIMATE OF REVENUES, MAKING PARTS OF APPROPRIATIONS IN EXCESS OF REVENUES COLLECTED VOID, PROHIBITING EXPENDITURES EXCEEDING PRO RATA ALLOCATION OF REVENUES, REQUIRING LEGISLATION FOR REDUCTION OF ALL APPROPRIATIONS TO COME WITHIN REVENUES COLLECTED, AUTHORIZING ISSUANCE OF DEFICIENCY CERTIFICATES NOT EXCEEDING $500,000.00 ANNUALLY, PROHIBITING ANY DEBT OR DEFICIT EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN THIS AMENDMENT AND SECTIONS 24 AND 25, ARTICLE 10, OKLAHOMA CONSTITUTION, AND PROVIDING LEGISLATURE MAY FUND DEBT ARISING PRIOR TO JULY 1, 1941, BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 299
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 81
ISSUE TITLE: OLD AGE ASSISTANCE
SPECIAL ELECTION, MARCH 11, 1941
STATE RETURNS YES 193,170 NO 59,838
AMENDMENT ADOPTED

SUBMITTED BY SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 4, PAGE 551, SESSION LAWS 1941

PROPOSITION GIST:

SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT AMENDING SECTION 1, ARTICLE 25, OKLAHOMA CONSTITUTION, KNOWN AS THE "SOCIAL SECURITY AMENDMENT"; STRIKING PROVISION LIMITING AMOUNT OF ASSISTANCE THAT MAY BE GRANTED TO NEEDY AGED PERSONS; AUTHORIZING THE LEGISLATURE, OR PEOPLE BY INITIATIVE PETITION, TO PROVIDE BY APPROPRIATE LEGISLATION FOR RELIEF AND CARE OF AGED OR NEEDY PERSONS IN COOPERATION WITH AND UNDER ANY PLAN AUTHORIZED BY FEDERAL GOVERNMENT FOR STATE PARTICIPATION; AND PROVIDING FOR LEVY OF TAXES, OTHER THAN AD VALOREM NECESSARY TO CARRY INTO EFFECT LEGISLATION ENACTED PURSUANT THERETO, BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 300
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 82
ISSUE TITLE: STATE BOARD OF REGENTS
SPECIAL ELECTION, MARCH 11, 1941
STATE RETURNS YES 152,173 NO 95,617
AMENDMENT ADOPTED

SUBMITTED BY HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 19, PAGE 549, SESSION LAWS 1941

PROPOSITION GIST:

SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT ADDING A NEW ARTICLE TO OKLAHOMA CONSTITUTION TO BE ARTICLE XIII-A; CO-ORDINATING ALL STATE SUPPORTED INSTITUTIONS OF HIGHER LEARNING IN A SYSTEM TO BE KNOWN AS "THE OKLAHOMA STATE SYSTEM OF HIGHER EDUCATION"; CREATING A BOARD OF REGENTS THEREFOR; PROVIDING FOR THEIR APPOINTMENT, QUALIFICATIONS AND TENURE; REQUIRING SINGLE CONSOLIDATED APPROPRIATION FOR ALL SAID INSTITUTIONS AND AUTHORIZING BOARD TO ALLOCATE FUNDS TO EACH INSTITUTION ACCORDING TO NEEDS AND FUNCTIONS THEREOF; AND AUTHORIZING PRIVATE, DENOMINATIONAL AND OTHER INSTITUTIONS OF HIGHER LEARNING TO BECOME CO-ORDINATED IN SAID SYSTEM UNDER REGULATIONS OF BOARD, BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 306
INITIATIVE PETITION NO. 221
ISSUE TITLE: TEACHER RETIREMENT
PRIMARY ELECTION. JULY 14. 1942
STATE RETURNS YES 257.740 NO 151.451
AMENDMENT ADOPTED

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT AUTHORIZING THE LEGISLATURE TO ENACT LAWS TO PROVIDE FOR THE RETIREMENT OF MERITORIOUS SERVICE OF TEACHERS AND OTHER EMPLOYEES IN THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS. COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES IN THIS STATE SUPPORTED WHOLLY OR IN PART BY PUBLIC FUNDS. AND MAY PROVIDE FOR PAYMENTS TO BE MADE AND ACCUMULATED FROM PUBLIC FUNDS. EITHER OF THE STATE OR OF THE SEVERAL SCHOOL DISTRICTS. PAYMENTS FROM PUBLIC FUNDS SHALL BE MADE IN CONFORMITY TO EQUALITY AND UNIFORMITY WITHIN THE SAME CLASSIFICATIONS ACCORDING TO DURATION OF SERVICE AND REMUNERATION RECEIVED DURING SUCH SERVICE; BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 302
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 83
ISSUE TITLE: OFFICE QUALIFICATIONS
GENERAL ELECTION. NOVEMBER 3. 1942
STATE RETURNS YES 201.763 NO 98.013
AMENDMENT ADOPTED

SUBMITTED BY SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 18. PAGE 542. SESSION LAWS 1941

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT AMENDING SECTION 3. ARTICLE 6. CONSTITUTION OF OKLAHOMA. PROVIDING THAT NO PERSON SHALL BE ELIGIBLE TO THE OFFICE OF GOVERNOR. LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR. SECRETARY OF STATE. STATE AUDITOR. ATTORNEY GENERAL. STATE TREASURER. SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION OR STATE EXAMINER AND INSPECTOR. EXCEPT A CITIZEN OF THE UNITED STATES OF THE AGE OF NOT LESS THAN THIRTY-ONE (31) YEARS AND WHO SHALL HAVE BEEN TEN (10) YEARS NEXT PRECEDING HIS OR HER ELECTION. A QUALIFIED ELECTOR OF THIS STATE. BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 303
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 84
ISSUE TITLE: TEACHER BENEFITS
GENERAL ELECTION. NOVEMBER 3. 1942
STATE RETURNS YES 125.229 NO 171.433
AMENDMENT REJECTED

SUBMITTED BY HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 20. PAGE 542. SESSION LAWS 1941

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT AMENDING ARTICLE 5 OF THE CONSTITUTION OF OKLAHOMA. BY ADDING A NEW SECTION DESIGNATED SECTION 62. PROVIDING THAT THE LEGISLATURE MAY ENACT LAWS AUTHORIZING THE STATE. STATE INSTITUTIONS AND SCHOOL DISTRICTS. COLLECTIVELY OR SEVERALLY. TO PROVIDE RETIREMENT ALLOWANCES AND DEATH AND/OR DISABILITY BENEFITS FOR TEACHERS AND OTHER EMPLOYEES IN THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS. COLLEGES. AND UNIVERSITIES IN THE STATE SUPPORTED WHOLLY OR IN PART BY PUBLIC FUNDS. BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 304
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 85
ISSUE TITLE: RECOVERY OF DAMAGES
GENERAL ELECTION. NOVEMBER 3. 1942
STATE RETURNS YES 144.846 NO 108.452
AMENDMENT REJECTED

SUBMITTED BY SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 10. PAGE 543. SESSION LAWS 1941

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT AMENDING SECTION 7. ARTICLE 23 OF THE CONSTITUTION OF OKLAHOMA. SO AS TO PROVIDE THAT THE RIGHT OF ACTION TO RECOVER DAMAGES FOR INJURIES RESULTING IN DEATH SHALL NOT BE ABROGATED OR THE AMOUNT RECOVERABLE SUBJECT TO STATUTORY LIMITATION EXCEPT BY LEGISLATION GOVERNING CASES. WHERE DEATH RESULTS FROM INJURIES OTHERWISE SUBJECT TO WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION LAWS. AND PROVIDING THAT SUCH LEGISLATION SHALL NOT DEPRIVE ANY PERSONS OF RIGHT. AT HIS OPTION. TO RECOVER DAMAGES FOR SUCH INJURIES IN AN ORDINARY ACTION AT LAW WITHOUT LIMITATION AS TO AMOUNT. BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 309
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 86
ISSUE TITLE: CREATE PAROLE BOARD
SPECIAL ELECTION (PRIMARY ELECTION) JULY 11, 1944
STATE RETURNS YES 140,496 NO 82,911
AMENDMENT ADOPTED

SUBMITTED BY SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 10, PAGE 341, SESSION LAWS 1943

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT AMENDING SECTION 10, ARTICLE 6, CONSTITUTION OF OKLAHOMA; CREATING A PARDON AND PAROLE BOARD AND DEFINING ITS DUTIES; PROVIDING TENURE OF OFFICE OF ITS MEMBERS AND MANNER OF THEIR APPOINTMENT AND REMOVAL; AUTHORIZING THE GOVERNOR TO GRANT, AFTER CONVICTION AND FAVORABLE RECOMMENDATION BY MAJORITY VOTE OF SAID BOARD, COMMUTATIONS, PARDONS AND PAROLES EXCEPT IN CASES OF IMPEACHMENT, AND TO GRANT, AFTER CONVICTION AND WITHOUT SUCH RECOMMENDATION, REPRIEVES AND LEAVES OF ABSENCE FOR NOT TO EXCEED 60 DAYS; AND REQUIRING THE GOVERNOR TO REPORT ALL ACTS OF CLEMENCY TO THE LEGISLATURE, BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 310
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 87
ISSUE TITLE: A & M BOARD OF REGENTS
SPECIAL ELECTION (PRIMARY ELECTION) JULY 11, 1944
STATE RETURNS YES 117,194 NO 108,047
AMENDMENT ADOPTED

SUBMITTED BY SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 9, PAGE 340, SESSION LAWS 1943

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT CREATING A BOARD OF REGENTS COMPOSED OF 9 MEMBERS FOR THE OKLAHOMA AGRICULTURAL AND MECHANICAL COLLEGE AND ALL AGRICULTURAL AND MECHANICAL SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES MAINTAINED IN WHOLE OR IN PART BY STATE, PROVIDING THAT ONE MEMBER OF BOARD SHALL BE THE PRESIDENT OF STATE BOARD OF AGRICULTURE AND THE OTHER MEMBERS SHALL BE APPOINTED BY THE GOVERNOR BY AND WITH THE ADVICE AND CONSENT OF THE STATE SENATE, AND MAKING MEMBERS OF SAID BOARD REMOVABLE ONLY FOR CAUSE AS PROVIDED BY LAW FOR THE REMOVAL OF OFFICERS NOT SUBJECT TO IMPEACHMENT, BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 311
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 88
ISSUE TITLE: O.U. BOARD OF REGENTS
SPECIAL ELECTION (PRIMARY ELECTION) JULY 11, 1944
STATE RETURNS YES 109,886 NO 100,049
AMENDMENT ADOPTED

SUBMITTED BY SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 2, PAGE 349, SESSION LAWS 1943

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT AMENDING ARTICLE 13 OF OKLAHOMA CONSTITUTION; CREATING A BOARD OF REGENTS OF SEVEN MEMBERS WITH TERMS OF OFFICE OF SEVEN YEARS FOR THE UNIVERSITY OF OKLAHOMA, SAME TO BE APPOINTED BY THE GOVERNOR WITH THE ADVICE AND CONSENT OF THE STATE SENATE; PROVIDING THAT MEMBERS OF PRESENT BOARD IN OFFICE AT TIME AMENDMENT IS APPROVED SHALL HOLD OFFICE UNTIL THE END OF THEIR CURRENT TERMS OF OFFICE; AND MAKING BOARD MEMBERS REMOVABLE FROM OFFICE ONLY AS PROVIDED BY LAW FOR ELECTIVE OFFICERS NOT LIABLE TO IMPEACHMENT, BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 312
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 89
ISSUE TITLE: RUN-OFF PRIMARY
SPECIAL ELECTION (PRIMARY ELECTION) JULY 11, 1944
STATE RETURNS YES 131,071 NO 94,060
ACT ADOPTED

SUBMITTED BY SENATE BILL NO. 1, PAGE 88, SESSION LAWS 1943

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL SENATE BILL NO. 1 OF THE NINETEENTH OKLAHOMA LEGISLATURE PROVIDING FOR A RUN-OFF PRIMARY ELECTION SYSTEM FOR THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 313
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 90
ISSUE TITLE: SINKING FUND
SPECIAL ELECTION (PRIMARY ELECTION) JULY 11, 1944
STATE RETURNS YES 145,039 NO 63,816
AMENDMENT ADOPTED

SUBMITTED BY SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 1, PAGE 23, SESSION LAWS 1944 (FIRST EXTRAORDINARY SESSION)

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT PROVIDING THAT ANY SURPLUS WHICH HAS ACCRUED TO STATE GENERAL REVENUE FUND SHALL BE PLACED MONTHLY IN SINKING FUND TO BE USED SOLELY TO PAY STATE'S BONDED INDEBTEDNESS; PLACING MONIES AND SECURITIES IN SURPLUS ACCOUNTS OF STATE'S FUNDING BOND FUNDS OF 1935, 1939 AND 1941 IN SAID SINKING FUND; AUTHORIZING INVESTMENT OF MONIES, AND SALE OF SECURITIES PURCHASED, TO MEET MATURING BONDS AND COUPONS; MAKING SECTION SELF-EXECUTING; AND PROVIDING WHEN SUFFICIENT MONIES HAVE ACCUMULATED TO PAY OUTSTANDING BONDS AND COUPONS HERETOFORE ISSUED, SURPLUS MONIES MAY BE APPROPRIATED BY LEGISLATURE, BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 319
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 91
ISSUE TITLE: TAX, SEPARATE SCHOOLS
PRIMARY ELECTION, JULY 2, 1946
STATE RETURNS YES 277,497 NO 97,900
AMENDMENT ADOPTED

SUBMITTED BY SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 8, PAGE 484, SESSION LAWS 1945

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL A PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO SECTION 9, ARTICLE 10, OKLAHOMA CONSTITUTION, PROVIDING THAT UPON CERTIFICATION OF THE NEED THEREFOR BY THE GOVERNING BOARD, AN ADDITIONAL LEVY OF NOT TO EXCEED ONE MILL ON THE DOLLAR VALUATION ON ANY PROPERTY WITHIN THE COUNTY SHALL BE LEVIED BY THE EXCISE BOARD, THE PROCEEDS THEREFROM TO BE USED EXCLUSIVELY FOR THE PURCHASE OF EQUIPMENT, ACQUISITION OF SITES AND ERECTION OF BUILDINGS FOR SEPARATE SCHOOLS FOR WHITE AND NEGRO CHILDREN, BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 314
INITIATIVE PETITION NO. 224
ISSUE TITLE: TAX FOR SCHOOLS
GENERAL ELECTION, NOVEMBER 5, 1946
STATE RETURNS YES 271,331 NO 175,257
AMENDMENT ADOPTED

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL A PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO SECTION 9, ARTICLE X, OKLAHOMA CONSTITUTION, PROVIDING THAT THE ANNUAL AD VALOREM TAX RATE FOR SCHOOL PURPOSES MAY BE INCREASED, IN ANY SCHOOL DISTRICT, BY NOT TO EXCEED FIFTEEN (15) MILLS ON THE DOLLAR VALUATION, UPON ALL PROPERTY THEREIN, IF A MAJORITY OF THE QUALIFIED VOTERS OF SUCH DISTRICT VOTING AT AN ELECTION, VOTE FOR SUCH INCREASE, BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 315
INITIATIVE PETITION NO. 225
ISSUE TITLE: SCHOOL AID
GENERAL ELECTION, NOVEMBER 5, 1946
STATE RETURNS YES 264,058 NO 174,374
AMENDMENT ADOPTED

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL A PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO ARTICLE XIII, OKLAHOMA CONSTITUTION, PROVIDING THE LEGISLATURE SHALL RAISE AND APPROPRIATE FUNDS FOR ANNUAL SUPPORT OF COMMON SCHOOLS TO THE EXTENT OF $42 PER CAPITA BASED ON TOTAL STATE-WIDE ENROLLMENT FOR THE PRECEDING YEAR; AUTHORIZING DISTRIBUTION OF SUCH MONEYS TO DISTRICTS BY AN AGENCY PER CAPITA AMOUNT, AND AUTHORIZING THE DISTRIBUTING AGENCY TO DETERMINE AMOUNT OF FUNDS ALLOCABLE TO ANY DISTRICT, SUCH FUNDS TO BE IN ADDITION TO PERMANENT SCHOOL FUND APPORTIONMENTS OTHERWISE PROVIDED BY LAW, BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 316
INITIATIVE PETITION NO. 226

ISSUE TITLE: TAX, SEPARATE SCHOOLS
GENERAL ELECTION, NOVEMBER 5, 1946
STATE RETURNS YES 267,549 NO 169,971
AMENDMENT ADOPTED

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL A PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO SECTION 9, ARTICLE X, OKLAHOMA CONSTITUTION, PROVIDING THAT UPON CERTIFICATION OF THE NEED THEREFOR BY THE GOVERNING BOARD, AN ADDITIONAL LEVY OF NOT TO EXCEED ONE (1) MILL ON THE DOLLAR VALUATION ON ANY PROPERTY WITHIN THE COUNTY SHALL BE LEVIED BY THE EXCISE BOARD, THE PROCEEDS THEREFROM TO BE USED EXCLUSIVELY FOR THE ACQUISITION OF SITES AND ERECTION OF BUILDINGS FOR SEPARATE SCHOOLS FOR WHITE AND NEGRO CHILDREN, BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO, 318
INITIATIVE PETITION NO, 228
ISSUE TITLE: FREE TEXTBOOKS
GENERAL ELECTION, NOVEMBER 5, 1946
STATE RETURNS YES 261,807 NO 167,563
AMENDMENT ADOPTED

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL A PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO SECTION 6, ARTICLE XIII, OKLAHOMA CONSTITUTION, DIRECTING THE LEGISLATURE TO PROVIDE A SYSTEM OF FREE TEXTBOOKS FOR USE BY ALL PUPILS IN THE COMMON SCHOOLS OF THE STATE, AND REQUIRING THE LEGISLATURE TO AUTHORIZE THE GOVERNOR TO APPOINT A COMMITTEE COMPOSED OF ACTIVE EDUCATORS OF THE STATE, WHOSE DUTY IT SHALL BE TO PREPARE OFFICIAL MULTIPLE TEXTBOOK LISTS FROM WHICH TEXTBOOKS FOR USE IN SUCH SCHOOLS SHALL BE SELECTED BY COMMITTEES COMPOSED OF ACTIVE EDUCATORS IN THE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICTS IN A MANNER TO BE DESIGNATED BY THE LEGISLATURE, BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO, 327
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO, 92
ISSUE TITLE: SCHOOL TAX LEVY
SPECIAL ELECTION (PRIMARY ELECTION) JULY 6, 1948
STATE RETURNS YES 253,815 NO 106,486
AMENDMENT ADOPTED

SUBMITTED BY HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO, 10, PAGE 723, SESSION LAWS 1947

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT AMENDING SECTION 9, ARTICLE 10, OKLAHOMA CONSTITUTION, SO AS TO PROVIDE THAT UPON CERTIFICATION OF THE NEED THEREFOR BY THE GOVERNING BOARD AN ADDITITONAL LEVY OF NOT TO EXCEED ONE (1) MILL ON THE DOLLAR VALUATION ON ANY PROPERTY WITHIN THE COUNTY SHALL BE MADE BY THE COUNTY EXCISE BOARD FOR SEPARATE SCHOOLS FOR WHITE AND NEGRO CHILDREN BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO, 328
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO, 93
ISSUE TITLE: STATE COLLEGE REGENTS
SPECIAL ELECTION (PRIMARY ELECTION) JULY 6, 1948
STATE RETURNS YES 200,848 NO 125,585
AMENDMENT ADOPTED

SUBMITTED BY SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO, 16, PAGE 721, SESSION LAWS 1947

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL A PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION OF OKLAHOMA, TO BE KNOWN AS ARTICLE XIII-B, CREATING A BOARD OF REGENTS FOR THE CENTRAL STATE COLLEGE AT EDMOND, OKLAHOMA, THE EAST CENTRAL STATE COLLEGE AT ADA, OKLAHOMA, THE SOUTHWESTERN INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AT WEATHERFORD, OKLAHOMA, THE SOUTHEASTERN STATE COLLEGE AT DURANT, OKLAHOMA, THE NORTHWESTERN STATE COLLEGE AT ALVA, OKLAHOMA, AND THE NORTHEASTERN STATE COLLEGE AT TAHLEQUAH; PROVIDING FOR THE APPOINTMENT OF ITS MEMBERS, AND FIXING THE POWERS, RESTRICTIONS, DUTIES AND COMPENSATION THEREOF; AND PROVIDING FOR THE PAYMENT OF THE EXPENSES OF SAID BOARD, BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO, 329
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO, 94
ISSUE TITLE: LEGISLATOR PAY RAISE
SPECIAL ELECTION (PRIMARY ELECTION) JULY 6, 1948

STATE RETURNS YES 165,953 NO 159,225
AMENDMENT ADOPTED

SUBMITTED BY HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 17, PAGE 720, SESSION LAWS 1947

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL A PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO SECTION 21, ARTICLE V, OKLAHOMA CONSTITUTION PROVIDING THAT MEMBERS OF THE LEGISLATURE SHALL RECEIVE MONTHLY SALARIES OF ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS ($100.00) DURING THEIR TERM OF OFFICE REGARDLESS OF WHEN THEIR TERM COMMENCES OR EXPIRES, EXCEPT THAT IN LIEU THEREOF THEY SHALL RECEIVE FIFTEEN ($15.00) DOLLARS PER DIEM FOR NOT TO EXCEED SEVENTY-FIVE (75) LEGISLATIVE DAYS FOR THEIR SERVICES DURING THE REGULAR OR SPECIAL SESSION OF THE LEGISLATURE, BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 343
INITIATIVE PETITION NO. 248
ISSUE TITLE: REPEAL PROHIBITION
SPECIAL ELECTION, SEPTEMBER 27, 1949
STATE RETURNS YES 267,870 NO 323,270
AMENDMENT REJECTED

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL A PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION OF OKLAHOMA REPEALING THE PROHIBITION ORIDINANCE AND ARTICLE 1, SECTION 7 OF THE CONSTITUTION OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA; DIRECTING THE LEGISLATURE TO ENACT LAWS FOR THE STRICT REGULATION, CONTROL, LICENSING AND TAXATION OF THE MANUFACTURE, SALE AND DISTRIBUTION OF INTOXICATING LIQUORS; PROHIBITING THE SALE OF INTOXICATING LIQUORS TO MINORS AND ON SUNDAYS; FOREVER PROHIBITING THE OPEN SALOON FOR THE SALE OF INTOXICATING LIQUORS; AND EMPOWERING AND DIRECTING THE LEGISLATURE TO DEFINE THE TERM "OPEN SALOON" AND TO ENACT LAWS AGAINST THE SAME, BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 348
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 99
ISSUE TITLE: CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT
SPECIAL ELECTION, SEPTEMBER 27, 1949
STATE RETURNS YES 343,900 NO 239,190
AMENDMENT ADOPTED

SUBMITTED BY HOUSE BILL NO. 465, PAGE 802, SESSION LAWS 1949

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT AUTHORIZING THE LEGISLATURE TO ENACT A LAW WHEREBY THE STATE MAY BECOME INDEBTED NOT TO EXCEED THIRTY-SIX MILLION DOLLARS ($36,000,000.00), FOR PURPOSE OF CONSTRUCTING, EQUIPPING, REMODELING AND REPAIRING STATE BUILDINGS; PROVIDING THAT TWO CENTS (2) OF TAX ON EACH PACKAGE OF CIGARETTES, IF NECESSARY, BE PLEDGED AND USED TO PAY AND DISCHARGE WITHIN TWENTY-FIVE (25) YEARS THE INTEREST AND PRINCIPAL ON SAID DEBT; AND AUTHORIZING LEGISLATURE TO IMPOSE AND COLLECT, IF NECESSARY, AN ADDITIONAL TAX, OTHER THAN AD VALOREM, TO PAY AND DISCHARGE SAID INTEREST AND PRINCIPAL BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 345
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 96
ISSUE TITLE: WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION LAW
SPECIAL ELECTION (PRIMARY ELECTION) JULY 4, 1950
STATE RETURNS YES 423,518 NO 89,555
AMENDMENT ADOPTED

SUBMITTED BY SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 22, PAGE 804, SESSION LAWS 1949

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT AMENDING SECTION 7, ARTICLE 23 OF THE CONSTITUION OF OKLAHOMA, SO AS TO AUTHORIZE THE LEGISLATURE TO ENACT A LAW, UNDER THE PROVISIONS OF WHICH COMPENSATION WOULD BE ALLOWABLE UNDER THE WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION LAW FOR DEATH RESULTING FROM INJURIES SUFFERED IN EMPLOYMENT COVERED BY SUCH LAW, BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 325
INITIATIVE PETITION NO. 234
ISSUE TITLE: CREATION OF HIGHWAY COMMISSION
GENERAL ELECTION, NOVEMBER 7, 1950
STATE RETURNS YES 144,267 NO 353,532
AMENDMENT REJECTED

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL A PROPOSED CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT, CREATING A FOUR MEMBER HIGHWAY COMMISSION OF NOT EXCEEDING TWO MEMBERS FROM ANY POLITICAL PARTY NOR ONE FROM ANY CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT, MEMBERS TO BE APPOINTED BY GOVERNOR, CONFIRMED BY SENATE, REMOVABLE ONLY BY COURTS FOR CAUSE, TO SERVE STAGGERED TERMS OF EIGHT YEARS AND RECEIVE ANNUAL SALARIES FIXED BY LEGISLATURE AT NOT LESS THAN $6,000.00; PRESCRIBING POWERS AND DUTIES OF COMMISSION, INCLUDING EXCLUSIVE AUTHORITY OVER STATE HIGHWAYS AND FUNDS, AND POWER TO EMPLOY, REGARDLESS OF POLITICAL AFFILIATION, AN ENGINEER AND OTHER NECESSARY EMPLOYEES AND TO FIX THEIR COMPENSATION, BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 326
INITIATIVE PETITION NO. 235
ISSUE TITLE: HIGHWAY USER'S TAX
GENERAL ELECTION, NOVEMBER 7, 1950
STATE RETURNS YES 165,776 NO 348,044
AMENDMENT REJECTED

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL A PROPOSED CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT, WHICH PROHIBITS THE DIVERSION OF ANY HIGHWAY USERS' REVENUES, INCLUDING GASOLINE TAXES, REGISTRATION FEES AND OPERATORS' LICENSES, IN EXCESS OF THE COST OF COLLECTION AND ADMINISTRATION, FROM THE EXCLUSIVE PURPOSE OF HIGHWAY CONSTRUCTION, MAINTENANCE AND ADMINSTRATION, INCLUDING A STATE HIGHWAY PATROL, BUT WHICH SHALL NOT APPLY TO REVENUES DERIVED FROM THAT PORTION OF MOTOR VEHICLE LICENSE TAX IMPOSED IN LIEU OF ADVALOREM TAX, NOR TO EXCISE TAXES UPON THE SALE OF MOTOR VEHICLES, NOR TO FUELS USED FOR FARM TRACTORS, AIRPLANES OR OTHER NON-HIGHWAY PURPOSES, BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 344
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 95
ISSUE TILE: ENDORSE UNITED NATIONS
GENERAL ELECTION, NOVEMBER 7, 1950
STATE RETURNS YES 124,189 NO 421,472
SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION REJECTED

SUBMITTED BY SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 3, PAGE 779, SESSION LAWS 1949

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL THE GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA INFORM THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES, THE SECRETARY OF STATE OF THE UNITED STATES, THE SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE UNITED STATES, AND THE PRESIDENT OF THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES, AND EACH MEMBER OF THE OKLAHOMA DELEGATION IN CONGRESS, THAT IT IS THE WISH OF THE PEOPLE OF OKLAHOMA THAT THE DELEGATES OF THE UNITED STATES TO THE UNITED NATIONS SHALL PROPOSE OR SUPPORT AMENDMENTS TO THE CHARTER OF THE UNITED NATIONS WHICH WILL STRENGTHEN THE UNITED NATIONS AND MAKE IT A WORLD FEDERAL GOVERNMENT ABLE TO PREVENT WAR?

STATE QUESTION NO. 346
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 97
ISSUE TITLE: OKLAHOMA MILITARY ACADEMY
GENERAL ELECTION, NOVEMBER 7, 1950
STATE RETURNS YES 170,258 NO 330,738
AMENDMENT REJECTED

SUBMITTED BY HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 12, PAGE 803, SESSION LAWS 1949

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT PROVIDING THAT THE GOVERNMENT OF THE OKLAHOMA MILITARY ACADEMY SHALL BE VESTED IN A BOARD OF REGENTS CONSISTING OF FIVE (5) MEMBERS TO BE APPOINTED BY THE GOVERNOR BY AND WITH THE ADVICE AND CONSENT OF THE SENATE AND FIXING THEIR TERMS OF OFFICE, BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 347
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 98
ISSUE TITLE: STATE CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION
GENERAL ELECTION, NOVEMBER 7, 1950
STATE RETURNS YES 159,908 NO 347,143
ACT REJECTED

SUBMITTED BY SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 11, PAGE 782, SESSION LAWS 1949

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL AN ACT (SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 11 OF THE REGULAR SESSION OF THE TWENTY-SECOND OKLAHOMA LEGISLATURE) CALLING A CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION ON THE FIRST TUESDAY IN SEPTEMBER, 1951, FOR THE PURPOSE OF ALTERING, REVISING OR AMENDING THE PRESENT CONSTITUTION, OR TO PROPOSE A NEW CONSTITUTION FOR THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA; FIXING THE TIME AND PLACE THEREOF; DEFINING THE NUMBER OF DELEGATES AND PROVIDING THE MANNER OF THEIR ELECTION AND THE AMOUNT OF THEIR COMPENSATION; PROVIDING FOR THE SUBMISSION OF SAID ACT TO THE PEOPLE FOR THEIR APPROVAL; AND DECLARING AN EMERGENCY, BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 353
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 100
ISSUE TITLE: AMENDING STATE CONSTITUTION
PRIMARY ELECTION, JULY 1, 1952
STATE RETURNS YES 245,826 NO 109,218
AMENDMENT ADOPTED

SUBMITTED BY HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 1, PAGE 341, SESSION LAWS 1951

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT AMENDING SECTION 1, PARAGRAPH 2, ARTICLE 24, CONSTITUTION OF OKLAHOMA, SO AS TO PROVIDE THAT NO PROPOSAL FOR THE AMENDMENT OR ALTERATION OF THIS CONSTITUTION WHICH IS SUBMITTED TO THE VOTERS SHALL EMBRACE MORE THAN ONE GENERAL SUBJECT AND THE VOTERS SHALL VOTE SEPARATELY FOR OR AGAINST EACH PROPOSAL SUBMITTED; PROVIDED, HOWEVER, THAT IN THE SUBMISSION OF PROPOSALS FOR THE AMENDMENT OF THIS CONSTITUTION BY ARTICLES, WHICH EMBRACE ONE GENERAL SUBJECT, EACH PROPOSED ARTICLE SHALL BE DEEMED A SINGLE PROPOSAL OR PROPOSITION, BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 354
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 101
ISSUE TITLE: DESEGREGATION OF JURY SERVICE
PRIMARY ELECTION, JULY 1, 1952
STATE RETURNS YES 236,546 NO 131,743
AMENDMENT ADOPTED

SUBMITTED BY HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 2, PAGE 342, SESSION LAWS 1951

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT AMENDING SECTIONS 18 AND 19, ARTICLE 2 OF THE CONSTITUTION OF OKLAHOMA BY PROVIDING THAT SERVICE ON GRAND JURIES AS WELL AS JURIES TRYING CIVIL AND CRIMINAL CASES IN COURTS OF RECORD AND COURTS NOT OF RECORD SHALL NOT BE LIMITED TO MALE PERSONS, BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 355
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 102
ISSUE TITLE: MILITARY COMPENSATION
GENERAL ELECTION, NOVEMBER 4, 1952
STATE RETURNS YES 233,094 NO 639,226
AMENDMENT REJECTED

SUBMITTED BY HOUSE BILL NO. 6, PAGE 343, SESSION LAWS 1951

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT AUTHORIZING THE STATE TO BECOME INDEBTED NOT EXCEEDING ONE HUNDRED TWENTY FIVE MILLION DOLLARS TO PAY COMPENSATION FOR ACTIVE DUTY DURING PRESCRIBED PERIODS IN THE ARMED FORCES OF THE UNITED STATES TO PERSONS DOMICILED AND HAVING LEGAL RESIDENCE IN OKLAHOMA NOT LESS THAN ONE YEAR IMMEDIATELY PRECEDING THEIR ENTRY INTO SUCH ARMED FORCES, INCLUDING COSTS OF ADMINISTRATION; AND TO LEVY TAXES TO DISCHARGE SAID INDEBTEDNESS UPON THE SEVERANCE OF DEFINED NATURAL RESOURCES, UPON NON-INTOXICATING BEVERAGES, UPON CIGARS, TOBACCO PRODUCTS AND CIGARETTES AND A SURTAX UPON ALL NET INCOMES, BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 356
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 103
ISSUE TITLE: ELECTOR REQUIREMENTS
GENERAL ELECTION, NOVEMBER 4, 1952
STATE RETURNS YES 268,223 NO 593,076
AMENDMENT REJECTED

SUBMITTED BY HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 9, PAGE 349, SESSION LAWS 1951

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT AMENDING ARTICLE III, SECTION 1, OF THE CONSTITUTION OF OKLAHOMA, REDUCING THE AGE REQUIREMENT FOR QUALIFIED ELECTORS TO EIGHTEEN (18) YEARS, BUT IN NO OTHER MANNER CHANGING SAID SECTION, BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 349
INITIATIVE PETITION NO. 249
GENERAL ELECTION, NOVEMBER 4, 1952
STATE RETURNS YES 115,592 NO 727,540
ACT REJECTED

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL AN ACT AMENDING 68 O.S. 1941, SESTION 1251 C, TO INCREASE THE TAX RATE FROM TWO PERCENT TO THREE PERCENT UPON THE GROSS PROCEEDS OF SALES TO CONSUMERS OR USERS; AMENDING 56 O.S. 1941, SECTION 180, BY REDUCING MAXIMUM PAYABLE FROM STATE ASSISTANCE FUND FOR ADMINISTERING OKLAHOMA SOCIAL SECURITY ACT FROM FIVE TO THREE AND ONE-HALF PERCENT OF TOTAL ASSISTANCE GRANTS; AMENDING 68 O.S. 1941, SECTION 1251 B, BY INCREASING REVENUES PAYABLE TO STATE ASSISTANCE FUND UNDER SALES TAX ACT FROM NINETY SEVEN TO NINETY EIGHT PERCENT AND DECREASING BALANCE PAYABLE TO TAX COMMISSION FUND, BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 359
REFERENDUM PETITION NO. 105
ISSUE TITLE: OKLAHOMA TURNPIKE AUTHORITY
SPECIAL ELECTION, JANUARY 26, 1954
STATE RETURNS YES 174,236 NO 133,650
ACT ADOPTED LAW SUSTAINED

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL SENATE BILL NUMBER 454, TWENTY-FOURTH OKLAHOMA LEGISLATURE RELATING TO TOLL TURNPIKES AND THE OKLAHOMA TURNPIKE AUTHORITY; AMENDING CHAPTER 6, TITLE 69, OKLAHOMA STATUTES 1951, AS AMENDED BY HOUSE BILL NUMBER 933, TWENTY-FOURTH OKLAHOMA LEGISLATURE; RELATING TO CONSTRUCTION, OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE OF OKLAHOMA PORTIONS OF TOLL TURNPIKES FROM TULSA TO JOPLIN, MISSOURI, OKLAHOMA CITY TO WICHITA, KANSAS, AND OKLAHOMA CITY TO WICHITA FALLS, TEXAS; CORRECTING TYPOGRAPHICAL ERRORS; RELATING TO TURNPIKE ROUTES, WAGES AND CONTRACTS; REQUIRING REPAYMENT TO STATE HIGHWAY COMMISSION FROM TURNPIKE BONDS FOR COST OF ENGINEERING SERVICES FURNISHED NOT EXCEEDING $1,5000.00 PER TURNPIKE MILES, BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 360
REFERENDUM PETITION NO. 106
ISSUE TITLE: TOLL TURNPIKE FINANCING
SPECIAL ELECTION, JANUARY 26, 1954
STATE RETURNS YES 171,151 NO 132,121
ACT ADOPTED, LAW SUSTAINED

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL HOUSE BILL NUMBER 933, TWENTY-FOURTH OKLAHOMA LEGISLATURE, CONCERNING TOLL TURNPIKES; AMENDING CHAPTER 6, TITLE 69, OKLAHOMA STATUTES 1951, AND REENACTING PART THEREOF; RELATING TO CONSTRUCTION, OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE OF OKLAHOMA PORTIONS OF TOLL TURNPIKES FROM TULSA TO JOPLIN, MISSOURI, OKLAHOMA CITY TO WICHITA, KANSAS, AND OKLAHOMA CITY TO WICHITA FALLS, TEXAS; PROVIDING FOR CREATION, LEGAL SUCCESSION, POWERS AND DUTIES OF OKLAHOMA TURNPIKE AUTHORITY AND REMOVAL OF MEMBERS BY GOVERNOR; RELATING TO TURNPIKE FINANCES, CONCESSIONS, ROUTES, REVENUES, BONDS PAYABLE SOLELY FROM REVENUES, PROPERTY, FACILITIES, CONDEMNATION PROCEDURE, AND RIGHTS OF AFFECTED COMMON CARRIERS AND PUBLIC UTILITIES, BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 358
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 104
ISSUE TITLE: CORPORATION REAL ESTATE
SPECIAL ELECTION (PRIMARY ELECTION) JULY 6, 1954
STATE RETURNS YES 227,055 NO 215,371
AMENDMENT ADOPTED

SUBMITTED BY SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 18, PAGE 495, SESSION LAWS 1953

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT AMENDING SECTION 2, ARTICLE XXII, OKLAHOMA CONSTITUTION, BY PROVIDING THAT UNDER LIMITATIONS PRESCRIBED BY LEGISLATURE ANY CORPORATION MAY ACQUIRE REAL ESTATE FOR LEASE OR SALE TO ANY

OTHER CORPORATION IF LATTER CORPORATION COULD HAVE LEGALLY ACQUIRED SAME IN THE FIRST INSTANCE; AND BY REMOVING PROHIBITION AGAINST CREATION OR LICENSING OF A CORPORATION "FOR THE PURPOSE OF ACTING AS AGENT IN BUYING AND SELLING LAND," AND SUBSTITUTING PROHIBITION AGAINST CREATION OR LICENSING OF A CORPORATION "FOR THE PURPOSE OF ACTING AS AGENT IN BUYING AND SELLING OR LEASING LAND FOR AGRICULTURAL PURPOSES." BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 362
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 108
ISSUE TITLE: STATE VETERAN BENEFITS
SPECIAL ELECTION (PRIMARY ELECTION) JULY 6, 1954
STATE RETURNS YES 259,301 NO 189,819
AMENDMENT ADOPTED

SUBMITTED BY HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 519, PAGE 496, SESSION LAWS 1953

PROPOSITION GIST:

SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT AUTHORIZING INVESTMENT OF PERMANENT COMMON SCHOOL AND OTHER EDUCATIONAL FUNDS OF STATE IN LOANS SECURED BY FIRST MORTGAGES BEARING THREE PERCENT ANNUAL INTEREST GIVEN BY ANY HONORABLY DISCHARGED MEMBER OF ARMED FORCES OF THE UNITED STATES, OR AN ALLY THEREOF, WHO SERVED IN WORLD WARS I OR II OR KOREAN WAR OR ANY FUTURE WAR IN WHICH THE UNITED STATES MAY BECOME ENGAGED, ON IMPROVED OR UNIMPROVED FARM LANDS OF STATE, WHICH LOANS SHALL NOT EXCEED NINETY-THREE AND ONE-HALF PER CENTUM OF REASONABLE VALUE OF LAND AND IMPROVEMENTS, AND PRESCRIBING PROCEDURE, BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 361
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 107
ISSUE TITLE: REAL ESTATE TAX
GENERAL ELECTION, NOVEMBER 2, 1954
STATE RETURNS YES 372,968 NO 159,670
AMENDMENT ADOPTED

SUBMITTED BY HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 526, PAGE 497, SESSION LAWS 1953

PROPOSITION GIST:

SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT AMENDING SECTION 53, ARTICLE 5, OKLAHOMA CONSTITUTION, SO AS TO PROVIDE THAT THE LEGISLATURE SHALL HAVE POWER TO RELEASE OR EXTINGUISH, OR TO AUTHORIZE THE RELEASING OR EXTINGUISHING, IN WHOLE OR IN PART, TAX AND ASSESSMENT CHARGES AGAINST REAL PROPERTY REMAINING DELINQUENT AND UNPAID FOR A PERIOD OF TIME AS LONG OR LONGER THAN THAT PROVIDED BY LAW TO AUTHORIZE THE TAKING TITLE TO REAL PROPERTY BY PRESCRIPTION, BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 368
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 109
ISSUE TITLE: PUBLIC SCHOOL BUILDINGS
SPECIAL ELECTION, APRIL 5, 1955
STATE RETURNS YES 231,097 NO 73,021
AMENDMENT ADOPTED

SUBMITTED BY HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 504, PAGE 560, SESSION LAWS 1955

PROPOSITION GIST:

SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT AMENDING ARTICLE X, OKLAHOMA CONSTITUTION, SECTIONS 9, 10, AND 26, BY PROVIDING FOR AD VALOREM TAXES FOR PUBLIC SCHOOLS AND PLACING RESTRICTIONS THEREON AND LIMITING CONSIDERATION THEREOF IN STATE GUARANTEED SCHOOL PROGRAM, AUTHORIZING ADDITIONAL USES OF LEVY HERETOFORE MADE FOR ERECTING PUBLIC BUILDINGS, INCREASING DEBT LIMIT OF SCHOOL DISTRICTS FOR CERTAIN PURPOSES, REMOVING LIMITATIONS ON CERTAIN CONTRACTS BEYOND CURRENT YEAR, AND BY ADDING SECTIONS 32 AND 33 TO SAID ARTICLE X TO PROVIDE ADDITIONAL FUNDS FOR BUILDINGS FOR SCHOOL DISTRICTS, AND FOR BUILDINGS AND CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS AT STATE INSTITUTIONS, BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 369
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 110
ISSUE TITLE: OKLA. VETERANS LOAN AUTHORITY
SPECIAL ELECTION (PRIMARY ELECTION) JULY 3, 1956
STATE RETURNS YES 133,248 NO 236,021
AMENDMENT REJECTED

SUBMITTED BY SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 1, PAGE 570, SESSION LAWS 1955 (SEC. 1 ET SEQ.)

PROPOSITION GIST:

SHALL AN AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA AUTHORIZING THE LEGISLATURE TO CREATE AN "OKLAHOMA VETERANS LOAN AUTHORITY," WITH POWER TO ISSUE GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS OF THE STATE, WITH TOTAL UNPAID PRINCIPAL NOT EXCEEDING FIFTY MILLION DOLLARS ($50,000,000.00) AT ANY TIME, TO OBTAIN FUNDS TO BE LOANED BY SAID AUTHORITY TO RESIDENT VETERANS OF THE ARMED SERVICES OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA FOR PURCHASING OR IMPROVING FARMS OR HOMES, AND WITH ANY SUCH BONDS TO BE PAID FROM SOURCES OTHER THAN AD VALOREM TAXATION, PRESCRIBED BY THE LEGISLATURE, IN NOT MORE THAN THIRTY-FIVE (35) YEARS, FROM DATE OF ISSUANCE, BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 370
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 111
ISSUE TITLE: VETERANS' BENEFITS
SPECIAL ELECTION (PRIMARY ELECTION) JULY 3, 1956
STATE RETURNS YES 127,241 NO 202,682
AMENDMENT REJECTED

SUBMITTED BY SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 1, PAGE 570, SESSION LAWS 1955 (SEC. 3 ET SEQ.)

PROPOSITION GIST:

SHALL AN AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA AMENDING SECTION 6 OF ARTICLE XI THEREOF SO AS TO DELETE THEREFROM THE PARAGRAPH THEREOF WHICH AUTHORIZED THE COMMISSIONERS OF THE LAND OFFICE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA TO INVEST THE COMMON SCHOOL FUNDS AND OTHER EDUCATIONAL FUNDS UNDER ITS CONTROL IN LOANS SECURED BY FIRST MORTGAGES ON REAL ESTATE GIVEN BY RESIDENT VETERANS OF THE ARMED SERVICES OF THE UNITED STATES AND ITS ALLIES IN EXCESS OF FIFTY PER CENTUM (50%) OF THE RESONABLE VALUATION OF THE MORTGAGED LANDS WITHOUT IMPROVEMENTS, BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 371
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 112
ISSUE TITLE: CREATE NEW BOARD OF REGENTS
SPECIAL ELECTION (PRIMARY ELECTION) JULY 3, 1956
STATE RETURNS YES 129,495 NO 193,114
AMENDMENT REJECTED

SUBMITTED BY SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 6, PAGE 565, SESSION LAWS 1955

PROPOSITION GIST:

SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT ADDING A NEW ARTICLE XIII-D TO THE OKLAHOMA CONSTITUTION: CREATING A BOARD OF REGENTS OF SEVEN (7) MEMBERS WITH TERMS OF OFFICE OF SEVEN (7) YEARS FOR THE OKLAHOMA COLLEGE FOR WOMEN; SAME TO BE APPOINTED BY THE GOVERNOR WITH THE ADVICE AND CONSENT OF THE STATE SENATE; PROVIDING THAT MEMBERS OF PRESENT BOARD IN OFFICE AT TIME AMENDMENT IS APPROVED SHALL HOLD OFFICE UNTIL THE END OF THEIR CURRENT TERMS; AND MAKING BOARD MEMBERS REMOVABLE FROM OFFICE ONLY AS PROVIDED BY LAW FOR ELECTIVE OFFICERS, NOT LIABLE TO IMPEACHMENT, BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 372
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 113
ISSUE TITLE: O.M.A. BOARD OF REGENTS
SPECIAL ELECTION (PRIMARY ELECTION) JULY 3, 1956
STATE RETURNS YES 129,064 NO 188,302
AMENDMENT REJECTED

SUBMITTED BY SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 8, PAGE 564, SESSION LAWS 1955

PROPOSITION GIST:

SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT ADDING A NEW ARTICLE XIII-C TO THE OKLAHOMA CONSTITUTION; CREATING A BOARD OF REGENTS OF SEVEN (7) MEMBERS WITH TERMS OF OFFICE OF SEVEN (7) YEARS FOR THE OKLAHOMA MILITARY ACADEMY AT CLAREMORE, OKLAHOMA; SAME TO BE APPOINTED BY THE GOVERNOR WITH THE ADVICE AND CONSENT OF THE STATE SENATE; PROVIDING THAT MEMBERS OF PRESENT BOARD IN OFFICE AT TIME AMENDMENT IS APPROVED SHALL HOLD OFFICE UNTIL THE END OF THEIR CURRENT TERMS; AND MAKING BOARD MEMBERS REMOVABLE FROM OFFICE ONLY AS PROVIDED BY LAW FOR ELECTIVE OFFICERS NOT LIABLE TO IMPEACHMENT, BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 373
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 114
ISSUE TITLE: WATER SUPPLY INDEBTEDNESS
SPECIAL ELECTION (PRIMARY ELECTION) JULY 3, 1956

STATE RETURNS YES 151,875 NO 174,822
AMENDMENT REJECTED

SUBMITTED BY SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 3, PAGE 556, SESSION LAWS 1955

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT AMENDING ARTICLE X, OKLAHOMA CONSTITUTION, BY ADDING NEW SECTION AT END THEREOF, PROVIDING THAT CITIES AND TOWNS MAY, BY MAJORITY VOTE OF QUALIFIED PROPERTY TAXPAYING VOTERS, BECOME INDEBTED IN LARGER AMOUNT THAN SPECIFIED IN SECTION 26, ARTICLE X, FOR MUNICIPAL WATER SUPPLY AND WATER FACILITIES, WHETHER OWNED EXCLUSIVELY THEREBY OR NOT; AND PROVIDING CITIES AND TOWNS MAY CONTRACT TO BIND REVENUE BEYOND FISCAL YEAR IN WHICH THE CONTRACT IS MADE, WITHOUT VOTE OF QUALIFIED VOTERS, FOR PURCHASE OR SALE OF WATER FROM THE UNITED STATES, THE STATE, OR ANY SUBDIVISION THEREOF, BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 374
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 115
ISSUE TITLE: CREATE WILDLIFE CONSERV. DEPT.
SPECIAL ELECTION (PRIMARY ELECTION) JULY 3, 1956
STATE RETURNS YES 172,164 NO 157,097
AMENDMENT ADOPTED

SUBMITTED BY SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 22, PAGE 567, SESSION LAWS 1955

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT AMENDING THE CONSTITUTION OF OKLAHOMA BY ADDING THERETO AN ARTICLE, TO BE KNOWN AS ARTICLE XXVI, CREATING A DEPARTMENT OF WILDLIFE CONSERVATION OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA, AND CREATING AN OKLAHOMA WILDLIFE CONSERVATION COMMISSION, AND PRESCRIBING THE POWERS OF SUCH COMMISSION, BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 375
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 116
ISSUE TITLE: CORPORATE STOCK OWNERSHIP
SPECIAL ELCTION (PRIMARY ELECTION) JULY 3, 1956
STATE RETURNS YES 106,155 NO 198,355
AMENDMENT REJECTED

SUBMITTED BY SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 35, PAGE 569, SESSION LAWS 1955

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT AMENDING SECTION 41, ARTICLE IX, OF THE CONSTITUTION OF OKLAHOMA, SO AS TO PERMIT THE OWNERSHIP BY CORPORATIONS OF STOCK IN COMPETITIVE CORPORATIONS, OR CORPORATIONS ENGAGED IN THE SAME LINE OF BUSINESS, WHERE SUCH OWNERSHIP DOES NOT RESULT IN UNDUE RESTRAINT OF TRADE, BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 357
INITIATIVE PETITION NO. 253
ISSUE TITLE: CONGRESSIONAL REDISTRICTING
GENERAL ELECTION, NOVEMBER 6, 1956
STATE RETURNS YES 391,453 NO 297,628
ACT REJECTED

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL A PROPOSED ACT AMENDING 14 O.S. 1951 SECTION 1, SO AS TO DIVIDE THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA INTO SIX NEW CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS WITH POPULATIONS, ACCORDING TO THE 1950 FEDERAL DECENNIAL CENSUS, AS FOLLOWS:
DISTRICT ONE, 374,396; DISTRICT TWO, 373,887; DISTRICT THREE, 371,986;
DISTRICT FOUR, 374,193; DISTRICT FIVE, 366,795; DISTRICT SIX, 372,094; INSTEAD OF THE PRESENT SIX CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS WITH POPULATIONS, ACCORDING TO SAID CENSUS, AS FOLLOWS:
DISTRICT ONE, 439,518; DISTRICT TWO, 394,872; DISTRICT THREE, 266,995;
DISTRICT FOUR, 294,577; DISTRICT FIVE, 436,620; DISTRICT SIX, 400,769; BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 377
INITIATIVE PETITION NO. 260
ISSUE TITLE: CREATION OF COUNTY OFFICES
GENERAL ELECTION, NOVEMBER 6, 1956
STATE RETURNS YES 273,481 NO 407,091
AMENDMENT REJECTED

PROPOSITION GIST:

SHALL AN AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA, AMENDING SECTION 2, ARTICLE XVII OF CONSTITUTION OF OKLAHOMA AND SECTION 11, ARTICLE VII OF CONSTITUTION OF OKLAHOMA CREATING THE COUNTY OFFICES OF COUNTY ATTORNEY, COUNTY CLERK, COURT CLERK, SHERIFF, COUNTY TREASURER, COUNTY SURVEYOR, COUNTY ASSESSOR, COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT OF SCHOOLS, AND THREE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS, AND THE COUNTY COURTS AND JUDGES THEREOF, AND PROVIDING FOR THE ELECTION OF ALL SUCH COUNTY OFFICERS FOR A TERM OF FOUR YEARS, SUCH TERMS OF OFFICE TO BEGIN ON THE DATES FOLLOWING THEIR ELECTION AS PROVIDED BY LAW, BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 376
INITIATIVE PETITION NO. 259
ISSUE TITLE: COUNTY OPTION-PROHIBITION
SPECIAL ELECTION, DECEMBER 3, 1957
STATE RETURNS YES 214,012 NO 275,528
AMENDMENT REJECTED

PROPOSITION GIST:

SHALL THE CONSTITUTION OF OKLAHOMA BE AMENDED TO AUTHORIZE COUNTY OPTION AND THE HOLDING OF SPECIAL ELECTIONS IN AND BY COUNTIES OF THE STATE AT COUNTY EXPENSE NOT OFTENER THAN EVERY TWO YEARS, TO PROHIBIT OR PERMIT BEVERAGES CONTAINING MORE THAN ONE-HALF OF ONE PERCENT OF ALCOHOL BY VOLUME AND NOT MORE THAN THREE AND TWO-TENTHS PERCENT OF ALCOHOL BY WEIGHT; AND THE MANUFACTURE, SALE, BARTER, GIVING AWAY, FURNISHING, RECEIVING OR TRANSPORTING OF SUCH BEVERAGES; PROVIDING PROCEDURE FOR SUCH ELECTIONS; AND FIXING PENALTIES FOR VIOLATION IN COUNTIES ADOPTING THE PROHIBITORY PROVISIONS?

STATE QUESTION NO. 379
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 117
ISSUE TITLE: REAL-PERSONAL AD VALOREM TAX
SPECIAL ELECTION, JULY 1, 1958
STATE RETURNS YES 251,317 NO 132,972
AMENDMENT ADOPTED

SUBMITTED BY SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 38, PAGE 649, SESSION LAWS 1957

PROPOSTION GIST:

SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT, AMENDING ARTICLE X, SECTION 8, OKLAHOMA CONSTITUTION, PROVIDING THAT REAL PROPERTY AND TANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY TAXED AD VALOREM SHALL BE ASSESSED FOR TAXATION AT NOT MORE THAN THIRTY-FIVE PERCENT OF FAIR CASH VALUE ESTIMATED AT PRICE IT WOULD BRING AT FAIR VOLUNTARY SALE; AND PROVIDING ANY OFFICER OR OTHER PERSON AUTHORIZED TO ASSESS VALUES OR SUBJECTS FOR TAXATION, WHO SHALL COMMIT ANY WILFUL ERROR IN THE PERFORMANCE OF HIS DUTY, SHALL BE GUILTY OF MALFEASANCE AND UPON CONVICTION FORFEIT HIS OFFICE AND OTHERWISE BE PUNISHED AS PROVIDED BY LAW, BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 380
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 118
ISSUE TITLE: CITY-PROVIDE WATER FACILITIES
SPECIAL ELECTION, JULY 1, 1958
STATE RETURNS YES 261,832 NO 117,614
AMENDMENT ADOPTED

SUBMITTED BY HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 518, PAGE 647, SESSION LAWS 1957

PROPOSITION GIST:

SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT AUTHORIZING CITIES AND TOWNS, AFTER APPROVAL AT ELECTION, TO ENTER INTO CONTRACTS AND PLEDGE REVENUES FOR A TERM OF YEARS WITH OTHER GOVERNMENTAL UNITS FOR PURCHASE OF WATER, AND SECURING WATER FACILITIES; AUTHORIZING ONE OR MORE CITIES AND TOWNS, AFTER APPROVAL AT AN ELECTION, TO ISSUE BONDS FOR TERM NOT EXCEEDING THIRTY YEARS; BINDING REVENUES DERIVED FROM THE SALE OF WATER FOR JOINT WATER FACILITIES, AND PROVIDING THAT SECTION 27, ARTICLE X OF THE CONSTITUTION SHALL BE AMENDED TO PERMIT JOINT OWNERSHIP BY CITIES AND TOWNS OF WATER FACILITIES, BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 386
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 121
ISSUE TITLE: REPEAL OF PROHIBITION
SPECIAL ELECTION, APRIL 7, 1959
STATE RETURNS YES 396,845 NO 314,380
AMENDMENT ADOPTED

SUBMITTED BY SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 1, PAGE 479, SESSION LAWS 1959

PROPOSITION GIST:

SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT REPEALING THE PROHIBITION ORDINANCE AND ARTICLE 1, SECTION 7, OF THE CONSTITUTION OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA; AND AMENDING THE CONSTITUTION OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA, BY ADDING A NEW ARTICLE TO BE KNOWN AS ARTICLE XXVII, PROVIDING FOR THE CREATION OF THE OKLAHOMA ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGE CONTROL BOARD; PROVIDING FOR PRIVATELY OWNED PACKAGE STORES; PROVIDING FOR REGULATIONS AND RESTRICTIONS ON THE MANUFACTURE, SALE, DISTRIBUTION AND TAXATION OF ALCOHOLIC LIQUOR IN THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA, BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 387
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 122
ISSUE TITLE: COUNTY OPTION PROHIBITION
SPECIAL ELECTION, APRIL 7, 1959
STATE RETURNS YES 221,404 NO 469,503
AMENDMENT REJECTED

SUBMITTED BY SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 2, PAGE 472, SESSION LAWS 1959

PROPOSITION GIST:

SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT ADDING A NEW ARTICLE XXVIII TO THE OKLAHOMA CONSTITUTION PROVIDING COUNTY OPTION UPON ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES, DEFINING TERMS AND PROVIDING: FOR ELECTIONS IN COUNTIES UPON THE PROPOSITION OF WHETHER THE MANUFACTURE, SALE AND DISTRIBUTION OF ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES SHALL BE LEGAL THEREIN; LIMITATIONS ON THE FREQUENCY OF SUCH ELECTIONS; THAT WITH CERTAIN EXCEPTIONS EXISTING PROHIBITORY STATUTES CONCERNING ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES SHALL BE IN EFFECT IN DRY COUNTIES; PENALTIES; THAT SAID ARTICLE SHALL BE SELF EXECUTING AND FULLY OPERATIVE ON THE DATE ARTICLE XXVIII, OKLAHOMA CONSTITUTION, PROPOSED BY THE TWENTY-SEVENTH OKLAHOMA LEGISLATURE, IS APPROVED, BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 388
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 123
ISSUE TITLE: NOMINATION OF CANDIDATES
SPECIAL ELECTION (PRIMARY ELECTION) JULY 5, 1960
STATE RETURNS YES 229,575 NO 172,219
AMENDMENT ADOPTED

SUBMITTED BY HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 527, PAGE 478, SESSION LAWS 1959

PROPOSITION GIST:

SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT AMENDING SECTION 5, ARTICLE III OF THE CONSTITUTION OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA, WHICH REQUIRES THE NOMINATION OF ALL CANDIDATES FOR PUBLIC OFFICE BY PRIMARY ELECTION, BY ALLOWING CANDIDATES FOR THE OFFICE OF PRESIDENTIAL ELECTOR TO BE NOMINATED AT CONVENTIONS OF THE POLITICAL PARTIES, BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 389
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 124
ISSUE TITLE: LEGISLATOR PAY RAISE
SPECIAL ELECTION (PRIMARY ELECTION) JULY 5, 1960
STATE RETURNS YES 156,723 NO 236,438
AMENDMENT REJECTED

SUBMITTED BY HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 519, PAGE 477, SESSION LAWS 1959

PROPOSITION GIST:

SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT AMENDING SECTION 21, ARTICLE V, CONSTITUTION OF OKLAHOMA, BY PROVIDING THAT MEMBERS OF THE LEGISLATURE SHALL RECEIVE MONTHLY SALARIES OF TWO HUNDRED DOLLARS ($200.00) FOR THEIR SERVICES DURING THEIR TERM OF OFFICE REGARDLESS OF WHEN THEIR TERM COMMENCES OR EXPIRES, AND THEY SHALL RECEIVE FIFTEEN DOLLARS ($15.00) PER DIEM FOR NOT TO EXCEED SEVENTY-FIVE (75) LEGISLATIVE DAYS DURING THE REGULAR OR SPECIAL SESSION OF THE LEGISLATURE, AND TEN CENTS PER MILE FOR EVERY MILE OF NECESSARY TRAVEL FOR NOT TO EXCEED EIGHT (8) TRIPS IN GOING TO AND RETURNING FROM THE PLACE OF MEETING OF THE LEGISLATURE, ON THE MOST USUAL ROUTE, AND SHALL RECEIVE NO OTHER COMPENSATION, BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 390
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 125
ISSUE TITLE: DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH
SPECIAL ELECTION (PRIMARY ELECTION) JULY 5, 1960
STATE RETURNS YES 201,218 NO 193,497
AMENDMENT ADOPTED

SUBMITTED BY HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 518, PAGE 471, SESSION LAWS 1959

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT AMENDING ARTICLE X, OKLAHOMA CONSTITUTION, BY ADDING THERETO SECTION 9A, TO AUTHORIZE AN ADDITIONAL COUNTY AD VALOREM TAX LEVY NOT EXCEEDING TWO AND ONE-HALF MILLS ON THE DOLLAR OF ASSESSED VALUATION, WHEN APPROVED BY A VOTE OF THE PEOPLE, FOR A DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, PROVIDING SUCH DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH MAY BE MAINTAINED WITH OTHER COUNTIES, CITIES, TOWNS OR SCHOOL DISTRICTS OR ANY COMBINATION THEREOF, AND PROVIDING OTHER LEVIES AND USE OF OTHER PUBLIC FUNDS FOR SAME PURPOSE SHALL NOT THEREBY BE PROHIBITED, BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 393
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 128
ISSUE TITLE: CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS
SPECIAL ELECTION (PRIMARY ELECTION) JULY 5, 1960
STATE RETURNS YES 244,609 NO 164,167
AMENDMENT ADOPTED

SUBMITTED BY HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 517, PAGE 476, SESSION LAWS 1959

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT AMENDING ARTICLE X, OKLAHOMA CONSTITUTION, BY ADDING A NEW SECTION THERETO TO BE DENOMINATED AS SECTION 34 OF SAID ARTICLE X, AUTHORIZING THE LEGISLATURE TO ENACT A LAW WHEREBY THE STATE MAY BECOME INDEBTED NOT TO EXCEED THIRTY FIVE MILLION, FIVE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS ($35,500,000.00) FOR THE PURPOSE OF CONSTRUCTING NEW BUILDINGS AND OTHER CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS AND FOR EQUIPPING, REMODELING, MODERNIZING AND REPAIRING ANY AND ALL EXISTING BUILDINGS AND CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS AT STATE INSTITUTIONS OF HIGHER EDUCATION; PROVIDING THAT FIVE MILLION DOLLARS ($5,000,000.00) OF SAID MONIES SHALL BE USED TO CONSTRUCT AND EQUIP A SCHOOL AND HOSPITAL FOR THE MENTALLY RETARDED; AUTHORIZING THE LEGISLATURE TO PROVIDE FOR THE PAYMENT AND DISCHARGE OF PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST ON SAID DEBT FROM SOURCES OF STATE INCOME, BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 391
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 126
ISSUE TITLE: INDUSTRIAL FINANCE AUTHORITY
SPECIAL ELECTION (RUN-OFF PRIMARY ELECTION) JULY 26, 1960
STATE RETURNS YES 128,850 NO 101,875
AMENDMENT ADOPTED

SUBMITTED BY HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 513, PAGE 483, SESSION LAWS 1959

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT, ESTABLISHING A PLAN OF STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE TO OKLAHOMA COMMUNITIES TO FACILITATE OKLAHOMA'S INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT, BY ADDING TO ARTICLE X A NEW SECTION TO BE KNOWN AS SECTION 34, PROVIDING FOR THE CREATION OF A STATE INDUSTRIAL FINANCE AUTHORITY AND AUTHORIZING SAID AUTHORITY TO ISSUE FULL FAITH AND CREDIT INDUSTRIAL FINANCE BONDS OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA, MATURING WITHIN THIRTY (30) YEARS FROM THEIR DATE, IN AMOUNTS NOT TO EXCEED IN THE AGGREGATE TEN MILLION DOLLARS ($10,000,000.00) OUTSTANDING AT ANY ONE TIME, THE PROCEEDS THEREOF TO BE PLACED IN A STATE INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT REVOLVING LOAN FUND, TO BE LOANED BY SAID AUTHORITY TO INCORPORATE LOCAL INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AGENCIES IN OKLAHOMA COMMUNITIES, IN AMOUNTS NOT TO EXCEED TWENTY-FIVE PERCENT (25%) OF THE TOTAL COST OF VALUE OF SUCH INDUSTRIAL PROPERTIES, TO BE SECURED EITHER BY FIRST OR SECOND MORTGAGE THEREON, PLEDGING THE NET PROCEEDS FROM REPAYMENT OF SUCH INDUSTRIAL LOANS AND INTEREST THEREON, TOGETHER WITH OTHER STATE REVENUES, TO THE PAYMENT OF PRINCIPAL AND OF ENACTMENT OF THIS ACT THE OKLAHOMA LEGISLATURE MAY RAISE THE AMOUNT NOT TO EXCEED TWENTY MILLION DOLLARS ($20,000,000.00) AS PROVIDED IN THIS ACT, AND REQUIRING THE LEGISLATURE TO ENACT APPROPRIATE LEGISLATION VITALIZING THIS SECTION AND SAFEGUARDING THE LENDING OF SUCH FUNDS, BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 392
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 127
ISSUE TITLE: MULTI-COUNTY LIBRARIES
SPECIAL ELECTION (RUN-OFF PRIMARY ELECTION) JULY 26, 1960
STATE RETURNS YES 114,294 NO 113,671
AMENDMENT ADOPTED

SUBMITTED BY HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 540, PAGE 470, SESSION LAWS 1959

PROPOSITION GIST:

SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT ADDING A NEW SECTION 10A, ARTICLE X, OF THE OKLAHOMA CONSTITUTION, PERMITTING A RECURRING ADDITIONAL TAX LEVY OF NOT LESS THAN ONE (1) NOR MORE THAN TWO (2) MILLS ON THE DOLLAR OF THE VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY IN THE COUNTY, FOR PUBLIC LIBRARY PURPOSES IN COUNTIES OF LESS THAN TWO HUNDRED FIFTY THOUSAND (250,000) POPULATION, IN COOPERATION WITH OTHER SUCH COUNTIES, FOR PUBLIC JOINT CITY-COUNTY LIBRARY PURPOSES IN COUNTIES OF MORE THAN TWO HUNDRED FIFTY THOUSAND (250,000) TO BE AUTHORIZED OR TERMINATED AT AN ELECTION CALLED BY THE BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS, AND REQUIRING SUCH ELECTIONS ON INITIATIVE PETITION, BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 396
INITIATIVE PETITION NO. 265
ISSUE TITLE: STATE HIGHWAY COMMISSION
SPECIAL ELECTION, SEPTEMBER 20, 1960
STATE RETURNS YES 186,176 NO 351,774
AMENDMENT REJECTED

PROPOSITION GIST:

SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT CREATING A CONSTITUTIONAL STATE HIGHWAY COMMISSION TO DEVELOP AND PLAN A STATE-WIDE ROAD PROGRAM TO HAVE SUPERVISION AND CONTROL OF THE DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS AND HIGHWAYS AND BRIDGES ON THE STATE HIGHWAY SYSTEM AND TO EXPEND ANY FUNDS RELATING THERETO; DEFINING DISTRICTS, MEMBERSHIP, TERM OF OFFICE, METHOD OF APPOINTMENT, QUALIFICATIONS AND OTHER PROVISIONS; PROVIDING FOR REMOVAL ONLY FOR CAUSE; RE-ENACTING CERTAIN CONSTITUTIONAL PROVISIONS; MAKING AMENDMENT SELF-EXECUTING; AND AMENDING SECTION 1, ARTICLE XVI, CONSTITUTION OF OKLAHOMA, BE APPROVED AND ADOPTED?

STATE QUESTION NO. 397
INITIATIVE PETITION NO. 266
ISSUE TITLE: LEGISLATIVE APPORTIONMENT
SPECIAL ELECTION, SEPTEMBER 20, 1960
STATE RETURNS YES 189,348 NO 347,180
AMENDMENT REJECTED

PROPOSITION GIST:

SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT PROVIDING FOR LEGISLATIVE APPORTIONMENT BY A COMMISSION COMPOSED OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL, STATE TREASURER AND SECRETARY OF STATE; ONE REPRESENTATIVE PER COUNTY AND CERTAIN ADDITIONAL REPRESENTATIVES; FORTY-EIGHT SENATORIAL DISTRICTS CONSISTING OF CONTIGUOUS TERRITORY WITH A MINIMUM VARIANCE OF POPULATION BETWEEN DISTRICTS; LEGISLATIVE TERMS; DISTRICTING; ORIGINAL JURISDICTION IN STATE SUPREME COURT UNDER PRESCRIBED CONDITIONS; ELECTIONS COMPLYING WITH EFFECTIVE APPORTIONMENTS; AMENDMENT SELF-EXECUTING; RELATED PROVISIONS; AND REPEALING SECTIONS 9(A), 9(B) AND 16 AND AMENDING SECTIONS 9 THROUGH 15 INCLUSIVE, ARTICLE V, CONSTITUTION OF OKLAHOMA, BE APPROVED AND ADOPTED?

STATE QUESTION NO. 398
INITIATIVE PETITION NO. 267
ISSUE TITLE: CONTROL OF COUNTY ROADS
SPECIAL ELECTION, SEPTEMBER 20, 1960
STATE RETURNS YES 183,173 NO 353,446
ACT REJECTED

PROPOSITION GIST:

SHALL AN ACT PROVIDING EACH COUNTY DETERMINE WHETHER IT SHALL TRANSFER THE CONSTRUCTION AND MAINTENANCE OF COUNTY ROADS TO STATE HIGHWAY COMMISSION OR CONTINUE BY COUNTY COMMISSIONERS; SUBSEQUENT ELECTIONS UPON PETITION; DEFINITIONS; PROCEDURE FOR CONTINUAL IMPROVEMENT AND NEW CONSTRUCTION, ANNUAL PLANS, CONTROLS BY COUNTY COMMISSIONERS, RESIDENT ROAD SUPERVISOR, LOCAL PURCHASES, TRANSFER OF PROPERTY WITH ADDITIONAL ROADS THEREFOR AND OTHER PROVISIONS IN ADOPTING COUNTIES; AMENDING OR REPEALING SECTIONS APPORTIONING CERTAIN TAXES TO CAUSE DISTRIBUTION IN CONFORMITY WITH PEOPLE'S WILL IN EACH COUNTY; OTHER PROVISIONS, AND DECLARING PROVISIONS SEVERABLE, BE APPROVED AND ADOPTED?

STATE QUESTION NO. 394
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 129
ISSUE TITLE: LEGISLATIVE SPECIAL SESSION
GENERAL ELECTION, NOVEMBER 8, 1960
STATE RETURNS YES 320,915 NO 382,952
AMENDMENT REJECTED

SUBMITTED BY HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 520, PAGE 482, SESSION LAWS 1959

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT ADDING A NEW ARTICLE V, SECTION 27A TO THE OKLAHOMA CONSTITUTION, PROVIDING THAT THE LEGISLATURE MAY BY A WRITTEN CALL SIGNED BY TWO-THIRDS (2/3) OF THE MEMBERSHIP OF EACH HOUSE THEREOF CALL ITSELF INTO SPECIAL SESSION; AND RESERVING THE GOVERNOR'S EXISTING RIGHT, BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 395
REFERENDUM PETITION NO. 130
ISSUE TITLE: WITHHOLDING INCOME TAX
GENERAL ELECTION, NOVEMBER 8, 1960
STATE RETURNS YES 246,157 NO 450,015
LAW VETOED

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL SENATE BILL NUMBER 153 OF THE TWENTY-SEVENTH OKLAHOMA LEGISLATURE, RELATING TO INCOME TAXES, PROVIDING FOR WITHHOLDING OF INCOME TAXES FROM EMPLOYEES BY EMPLOYERS; DEFINING TERMS; PROVIDING FOR ISSUANCE AND USE OF PRESCRIBED FORMS; PROVIDING FOR DISPOSITION OF COLLECTIONS; AMENDING 68 O.S. 1951 SECTION 901, AS AMENDED, RELATING TO FILING OF RETURNS AND PAYMENT OF TAX AND PENALTIES, BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 401
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 132
ISSUE TITLE: CRIMINAL PROSECUTION
SPECIAL ELECTION, SEPTEMBER 12, 1961
STATE RETURNS YES 91,909 NO 23,750
AMENDMENT ADOPTED

SUBMITTED BY SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 15, PAGE 710, SESSION LAWS 1961

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT AMENDING SECTION 20, ARTICLE II OF THE CONSTITUTION OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA, WHICH ESTABLISHES THE RIGHTS OF AN ACCUSED IN CRIMINAL PROSECUTIONS, BY PROVIDING THAT WHERE UNCERTAINTY EXISTS AS TO THE COUNTY IN WHICH A CRIME WAS COMMITTED THE ACCUSED MAY BE TRIED IN ANY COUNTY IN WHICH THE EVIDENCE INDICATES THE CRIME MIGHT HAVE BEEN COMMITTED, BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 407
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 136
ISSUE TITLE: HOUSE APPORTIONMENT FOR CENSUS
SPECIAL ELECTION, SEPTEMBER 12, 1961
STATE RETURNS YES 26,407 NO 88,779
AMENDMENT REJECTED

SUBMITTED BY HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 527, PAGE 709, SESSION LAWS 1961

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT AMENDING SECTION 10, ARTICLE V, OF THE OKLAHOMA CONSTITUTION TO EMPOWER AND DIRECT THE STATE ELECTION BOARD TO USE A CERTAIN PRESCRIBED FORMULA FOR EACH FEDERAL DECENNIAL CENSUS TO APPORTION MEMBERSHIP IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES; VESTING ORIGINAL JURISDICTION IN OKLAHOMA SUPREME COURT TO FORCE SAID BOARD TO MAKE SUCH APPORTIONMENT; AND REPEALING SECTIONS 12, 13, 14, 15 AND 16, ARTICLE V, OF THE OKLAHOMA CONSTITUTION, BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 404
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 133
ISSUE TITLE: INDUSTRIAL BONDS
SPECIAL ELECTION (PRIMARY ELECTION) MAY 1, 1962
STATE RETURNS YES 263,850 NO 195,020
AMENDMENT APPROVED

SUBMITTED BY SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 12, PAGE 713, SESSION LAWS 1961

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT TO ARTICLE X, CONSTITUTION OF OKLAHOMA, SAME TO BE ADDED AS SECTION 35, RELATING TO MUNICIPAL AND COUNTY LEVY FOR THE PURPOSE OF SECURING AND DEVELOPING INDUSTRY AND AUTHORIZING ANY INCORPORATED TOWN, OR ANY COUNTY, BY AND WITH THE CONSENT OF THE MAJORITY OF QUALIFIED

TAXPAYING VOTERS. TO ISSUE BONDS FOR THE PURPOSE OF SECURING AND DEVELOPING INDUSTRY, WITHIN OR NEAR THE MUNICIPALITY OR WITHIN THE COUNTY. BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 405
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 134
ISSUE TITLE: LEGISLATIVE SESSION AND PAY
SPECIAL ELECTION (RUN-OFF PRIMARY ELECTION) MAY 22, 1962
STATE RETURNS YES 154,413 NO 235,965
AMENDMENT REJECTED

SUBMITTED BY HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 525, PAGE 712, SESSION LAWS 1961

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT AMENDING SECTION 21 OF ARTICLE 5, OF THE OKLAHOMA CONSTITUTION TO PROVIDE THAT NO REGULAR SESSION SHALL EXCEED 91 LEGISLATIVE DAYS AND NO SPECIAL SESSION SHALL EXCEED 20 LEGISLATIVE DAYS, AND TO PROVIDE THAT SENATORS AND REPRESENTATIVES SHALL RECEIVE SALARIES OF $300.00 PER MONTH, PLUS $10.00 EXPENSES FOR EACH LEGISLATIVE DAY PRESENT AND MILEAGE OR NECESSARY TRAVEL TO AND FROM THE CAPITOL EACH WEEK DURING THE SESSION AND NO OTHER COMPENSATION, BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 400
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 131
ISSUE TITLE: LOCAL EMERGENCY JURISDICTION
SPECIAL ELECTION (RUN-OFF PRIMARY ELECTION) MAY 22, 1962
STATE RETURNS YES 247,332 NO 149,086
AMENDMENT ADOPTED

SUBMITTED BY HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 523, PAGE 711, SESSION LAWS 1961

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT ADDING AS ARTICLE V, SECTION 63 OF THE CONSTITUTION OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA EMPOWERING THE LEGISLATURE TO INSURE CONTINUITY OF STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL OPERATIONS IN PERIODS OF EMERGENCY RESULTING FROM DISASTERS CAUSED BY ENEMY ATTACK OR IN PERIODS OF EMERGENCY RESULTING FROM THE IMMINENT THREAT OF SUCH DISASTERS BY (1) PROVIDING FOR THE PROMPT AND TEMPORARY SUCCESSION TO THE POWERS AND DUTIES OF BOTH ELECTED AND APPOINTED PUBLIC OFFICIALS WHO MAY BECOME UNAVAILABLE AND (2) TO ADOPT SUCH OTHER MEASURES AS MAY BE NECESSARY AND PROPER FOR SO INSURING THE CONTINUTIY OF GOVERNMENTAL OPERATIONS, BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 406
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 135
ISSUE TITLE: DISTRIBUTION OF LIQUOR
GENERAL ELECTION, NOVEMBER 6, 1962
STATE RETURNS YES 319,809 NO 307,861
AMENDMENT REJECTED

SUBMITTED BY HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 543, PAGE 715, SESSION LAWS 1961

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT AMENDING SECTION 3 OF ARTICLE 27 OF THE OKLAHOMA CONSTITUTION BY STRIKING AND ELIMINATING THE PROVISIONS THEREOF REQUIRING THAT MANUFACTURERS, DISTILLERS, RECTIFIERS, BOTTLERS, WINE MAKERS, BREWERS OR IMPORTERS OF ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES, SHALL SELL SUCH ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES TO EVERY LICENSED WHOLESALE DISTRIBUTOR WHO DESIRES TO PURCHASE THE SAME, ON THE SAME PRICE BASIS AND WITHOUT DISCRIMINATION, BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 408
INITIATIVE PETITION NO. 271
ISSUE TITLE: LEGISLATIVE APPORTIONMENT
SPECIAL ELECTION, NOVEMBER 6, 1962
STATE RETURNS YES 335,045 NO 273,287
AMENDMENT REJECTED

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT PROVIDING METHOD FOR ENFORCEMENT OF THE PRESENT CONSTITUTIONAL FORMULAE APPORTIONING MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES AND SENATE; VESTING THIS DUTY IN THE ATTORNEY GENERAL, SECRETARY OF STATE AND STATE TREASURER ACTING EX-OFFICIO AS A LEGISLATIVE APPORTIONMENT COMMISSION; CONFERRING ORIGINAL JURISDICTION UPON STATE SUPREME COURT TO REVIEW ANY APPORTIONMENT UPON PETITON OF ANY QUALIFIED ELECTOR

UNDER PRESCRIBED CONDITIONS; DEFINING SENATORIAL TERMS; REQUIRING ELECTIONS IN ACCORDANCE WITH APPORTIONMENTS; DECLARING AMENDMENT SELF-EXECUTING; REPEALING SUBSECTIONS A. B. I. AND J. SECTION 10. AND AMENDING SECTIONS 11-16 INCLUSIVE. ARTICLE V. CONSTITUTION OF OKLAHOMA. BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 411
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 137
ISSUE TITLE: CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS
SPECIAL ELECTION. DECEMBER 3. 1963
STATE RETURNS YES 152.940 NO 56.137
AMENDMENT ADOPTED

SUBMITTED BY HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 535. PAGE 730. SESSION LAWS 1963

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT AMENDING ARTICLE X. OKLAHOMA CONSTITUTION. BY ADDING A NEW SECTION THERETO TO BE DENOMINATED AS SECTION 35 OF SAID ARTICLE X. AUTHORIZING THE LEGISLATURE TO ENACT A LAW WHEREBY THE STATE MAY BECOME INDEBTED NOT TO EXCEED SEVEN MILLION DOLLARS ($7.000.000.00) FOR THE PURPOSE OF CONSTRUCTING NEW BUILDINGS AND OTHER CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS AND FOR EQUIPPING. REMODELING. MODERNIZING AND REPAIRING ANY AND ALL EXISTING BUILDINGS AND CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS AT THE UNIVERSITY OF OKLAHOMA MEDICAL CENTER; AUTHORIZING THE LEGISLATURE TO PROVIDE FOR THE PAYMENT AND DISCHARGE OF PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST ON SAID DEBT FROM SOURCES OF STATE INCOME. BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 417
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 143
ISSUE TITLE: INCREASE COUNTY OFFICE TERMS
SPECIAL ELECTION. DECEMBER 3. 1963
STATE RETURNS YES 64.042 NO 142.057
ACT REJECTED

SUBMITTED BY SENATE BILL NO. 139. PAGE 696. SESSION LAWS. 1963

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL AN ACT REPEALING SECTION 131 AND ENACTING SECTION 131.1. TITLE 19. OKLAHOMA STATUTES. INCREASING TERMS OF OFFICE OF COUNTY OFFICERS FROM TWO TO FOUR YEARS FOR TERMS BEGINNING ON THE FIRST MONDAYS OF THE FOLLOWING MONTHS:
JANUARY. 1965. COUNTY AND COURT CLERKS. SURVEYOR. AND COMMISSIONERS OF DISTRICTS TWO AND THREE;
JULY. 1965. SUPERINTENDENT OF SCHOOLS;
JANUARY. 1967. COUNTY ATTORNEY. SHERIFF. ASSESSOR. WEIGHER. AND COMMISSIONER OF DISTRICT ONE;
JULY 1967. COUNTY TREASURER.
AND PROHIBITING SAID OFFICERS. AND COUNTY JUDGES. FROM BEING CANDIDATES FOR ANY OTHER OFFICE WHILE SERVING THEIR TERMS OF OFFICE. BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 418
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 144
ISSUE TITLE: COUNTY JUDGE TERM OF OFFICE
STATE RETURNS YES 67.703 NO 137.412
AMENDMENT REJECTED

SUBMITTED BY SENATE BILL NO. 139. PAGE 696. SESSION LAWS. 1963

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL A CONSITUTIONAL AMENDMENT AMENDING SECTION 11. ARTICLE VII. OKLAHOMA CONSTITUTION. SO AS TO INCREASE THE TERM OF OFFICE OF COUNTY JUDGES OF THIS STATE FROM TWO YEARS TO FOUR YEARS. BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 419
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 145
ISSUE TITLE: INCREASE STATE OFFICE TERMS
SPECIAL ELECTION. DECEMBER 3. 1963
STATE RETURNS YES 43.907 NO 160.649
AMENDMENTS REJECTED

SUBMITTED BY SENATE BILL NO. 139. PAGE 696. SESSION LAWS. 1963

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS AMENDING SECTION 10. REPEALING SECTION 9. AND ADOPTING SECTION 9A1. ALL IN ARTICLE V. OKLAHOMA CONSTITUTION. INCREASING

TERMS OF OFFICE OF MEMBERS OF STATE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES TO FOUR YEARS. SUCH TERMS TO COMMENCE AFTER THE NOVEMBER, 1964, GENERAL ELECTION; INCREASING THE TERMS OF OFFICE OF STATE SENATORS TO SIX YEARS; PROVIDING THAT SENATORS NOW SERVING SHALL COMPLETE THEIR TERMS; THAT SENATORS ELECTED IN 1964 FROM DISTRICTS TWO, FOUR, SIX, EIGHT, TEN, TWELVE, THIRTEEN, FOURTEEN, FIFTEEN, SIXTEEN AND SEVENTEEN, SHALL SERVE TO 1968, THEREAFTER, ALL SENATORS SHALL SERVE SIX-YEAR TERMS, BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 409
INITIATIVE PETITION NO. 272
ISSUE TITLE: RIGHT TO WORK
SPECIAL ELECTION (PRIMARY ELECTION) MAY 5, 1964
STATE RETURNS YES 352,267 NO 376,555
AMENDMENT REJECTED

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT ADDING SELF-EXECUTING SECTION TWELVE, ARTICLE TWENTY-THREE, OKLAHOMA CONSTITUTION; ANNOUNCING STATE POLICY, AND PROVIDING THAT NEITHER MEMBERSHIP NOR NON-MEMBERSHIP IN ANY LABOR ORGANIZATION, NOR THE PAYMENT OR NON-PAYMENT OF ANY DUES, FEES OR OTHER CHARGES TO ANY LABOR ORGANIZATION, SHALL BE REQUIRED AS A CONDITION TO OBTAINING OR RETAINING EMPLOYMENT WITHIN THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA; PROHIBITING AGREEMENTS TO DENY EMPLOYMENT OR CONTINUATION OF EMPLOYMENT TO ANY PERSON BECAUSE OF MEMBERSHIP OR NON-MEMBERSHIP IN ANY LABOR ORGANIZATION; SUPERSEDING CONFLICTING PROVISIONS, AND AUTHORIZING LEGISLATION CONSISTENT THEREWITH, BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 412
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 138
ISSUE TITLE: ELECTOR RESIDENCE
SPECIAL ELECTION (PRIMARY ELECTION) MAY 5, 1964
STATE RETURNS YES 401,998 NO 240,299
AMENDMENT APPROVED

SUBMITTED BY SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 11, PAGE 727, SESSION LAWS 1963

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT AMENDING SECTION 1, ARTICLE III, OKLAHOMA CONSTITUTION, BY PROVIDING THAT QUALIFIED ELECTORS SHALL HAVE RESIDED IN THE STATE AT LEAST SIX MONTHS, IN THE COUNTY TWO MONTHS, AND IN THE ELECTION PRECINCT TWENTY DAYS BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 413
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 139
ISSUE TITLE: LEGISLATOR COMPENSATION
SPECIAL ELECTION (PRIMARY ELECTION) MAY 5, 1964
STATE RETURNS YES 183,382 NO 443,971
AMENDMENT REJECTED

SUBMITTED BY HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 528, PAGE 731, SESSION LAWS 1963

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT AMENDING SECTION 21, ARTICLE V OF THE CONSTITUTION OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA TO PROVIDE THAT MEMBERS OF THE LEGISLATURE SHALL RECEIVE SUCH COMPENSATION AS MAY BE PROVIDED BY LAW BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 416
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 142
ISSUE TITLE: LEGISLATIVE REAPPORTIONMENT
SPECIAL ELECTION (RUN-OFF PRIMARY ELECTION) MAY 26, 1964
STATE RETURNS YES 277,097 NO 221,325
AMENDMENT APPROVED

SUBMITTED BY SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 4, PAGE 736, SESSION LAWS 1963

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT REPEALING SECTIONS 9 THROUGH 16; ADOPTING SECTIONS 9A, 10A, 11A, 11B, 11C AND 11D, ARTICLE V, OKLAHOMA CONSTITUTION; APPORTIONING OKLAHOMA INTO 19 ONE-COUNTY, AND 29 TWO-COUNTY SENATORIAL DISTRICTS ELECTING ONE SENATOR EACH; APPORTIONING COUNTIES ONE STATE REPRESENTATIVE FOR EACH ONE-PERCENT OR FRACTION THEREOF, OF STATE'S POPULATION THERIN UP TO FOUR REPRESENTATIVES, THEN ONE FOR EACH TWO-PERCENT; UPON FAILURE OF LEGISLATURE, REAPPORTIONMENT COMMISSION SHALL APPORTION

LEGISLATURE, WITH REVIEW BY OKLAHOMA SUPREME COURT; AND ESTABLISHING TWO AND FOUR YEAR TERMS OF OFFICE FOR REPRESENTATIVES AND SENATORS, RESPECTIVELY, BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 414
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 140
ISSUE TITLE: LEGISLATOR PAY RAISE
GENERAL ELECTION, NOVEMBER 3, 1964
STATE RETURNS YES 188,753 NO 583,480
AMENDMENT REJECTED

SUBMITTED BY HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 537, PAGE 728, SESSION LAWS 1963

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT AMENDING SECTION 21 OF ARTICLE V OF THE CONSTITUTION OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA TO PROVIDE FOR COMPENSATION OF LEGISLATORS AT TWENTY-FIVE DOLLARS ($25.00) PER DIEM FOR NOT TO EXCEED SEVENTY-FIVE (75) LEGISLATIVE DAYS AND TWENTY-FIVE DOLLARS ($25.00) PER DIEM FOR NOT TO EXCEED FORTY (40) DAYS FOR LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL MEETINGS DURING THE TIME THE LEGISLATURE IS NOT IN SESSION AND TEN CENTS (10) PER MILE FOR MILEAGE TRAVELED FROM PLACE OF RESIDENCE TO PLACE OF LEGISLATURE OR LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL MEETING, BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 415
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 141
ISSUE TITLE: CREATE JUDICIARY COURT
GENERAL ELECTION, NOVEMBER 3, 1964
STATE RETURNS YES 397,823 NO 370,694
AMENDMENT REJECTED

SUBMITTED BY SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 3, PAGE 733, SESSION LAWS 1963

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT ADDING ARTICLE VII-A TO OKLAHOMA CONSTITUTION: CREATING COURT ON THE JUDICIARY WITH TRIAL AND APPELLATE DIVISIONS HAVING EXCLUSIVE JURISDICTION TO REMOVE OR COMPEL RETIREMENT OF PERSONS EXERCISING CONSTITUTIONAL JUDICIAL POWERS, FOR SPECIFIED CAUSES; COURT MEMBERS SELECTED BY SUPREME COURT, COURT OF CRIMINAL APPEALS AND BAR ASSOCIATION; PROSECUTIONS INSTITUTED BY SUPREME COURT, GOVERNOR, ATTORNEY GENERAL, BAR ASSOCIATION, OR HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES; SUPREME COURT TO SELECT PROSECUTOR FROM BAR ASSOCIATION'S LIST; COURT MEMBERS TO RECEIVE NO COMPENSATION EXCEPT EXPENSE ALLOWANCE AS FOR DISTRICT JUDGES. PROSECUTOR'S COMPENSATION AWARDED BY AND IN EACH DIVISION OF COURT, BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 420
REFERENDUM NO. 17
ISSUE TITLE: REPEAL GOV. APPOINT. PRIVILEGE
GENERAL ELECTION, NOVEMBER 3, 1964
STATE RETURNS YES 310,358 NO 458,037
BILL REJECTED

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL SENATE BILL NUMBER 56 OF THE TWENTY-NINTH OKLAHOMA LEGISLATURE, RELATING TO APPOINTMENTS AND ELECTIONS, AMENDING 26 O.S. 1961 SEC. 548, AND 51 O.S. 1961 SECS. 10 AND 12, REPEALING THE AUTHORITY OF THE GOVERNOR TO FILL VACANCIES IN THE OFFICES OF DISTRICT JUDGE, SUPERIOR JUDGE AND UNITED STATES SENATOR BY APPOINTMENT, AND PROVIDING FOR SPECIAL ELECTIONS TO FILL SUCH VACANCIES, BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 421
INITIATIVE PETITION NO. 274
ISSUE TITLE: SCHOOL SUPPORT LEVY
GENERAL ELECTION, NOVEMBER 3, 1964
STATE RETURNS YES 417,638 NO 405,612
AMENDMENT REJECTED

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT AMENDING SECTION 9, ARTICLE 10, OKLAHOMA CONSTITUTION; ABOLISHING AUTHORIZATION FOR EMERGENCY LEVY FOR SCHOOL DISTRICTS, AND AUTHORIZING A LOCAL SUPPORT LEVY FOR BENEFIT OF SCHOOLS OF A SCHOOL DISTRICT OF NOT TO EXCEED 15 MILLS ON DOLLAR VALUATION OF TAXABLE PROPERTY OF DISTRICT WHEN APPROVED BY ELECTORS OF DISTRICT, BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 422
INITIATIVE PETITION NO. 275
ISSUE TITLE: STATE AID TO SCHOOLS
GENERAL ELECTION, NOVEMBER 3, 1964
STATE RETURNS YES 362,468 NO 461,717
BILL REJECTED

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL A BILL RELATING TO THE PAYMENT OF STATE AID TO SCHOOL DISTRICTS; AMENDING 70 O.S. 1961, 18-4, AS AMENDED; INCREASING ALLOWANCE IN MINIMUM PROGRAM OF SCHOOL DISTRICTS FOR CERTAIN ITEMS OF EXPENDITURES; FIXING BASIS FOR CALCULATION FOR TEACHERS' SALARIES IN MINIMUM PROGRAM OF SCHOOL DISTRICTS; PROVIDING FOR PAYMENT OF STATE AID TO SCHOOL DISTRICTS FOR ADDITIONAL TEACHING UNITS APPROVED BY THE STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION; AND FIXING EFFECTIVE DATE OF ACT, BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 423
INITIATIVE PETITION NO. 276
ISSUE TITLE: SCHOOL CONSOLIDATION
GENERAL ELECTION, NOVEMBER 3, 1964
STATE RETURNS YES 403,865 NO 418,070
BILL REJECTED

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL A BILL RELATING TO SCHOOL DISTRICTS; PROVIDING FOR DISORGANIZATION OF SCHOOL DISTRICTS NOT MAINTAINING 12 YEARS OF ACCREDITED INSTRUCTION AND ANNEXATION OF TERRITORY THEREOF TO HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICTS PROVIDING TRANSPORTATION WITHIN TRANSPORTATION AREAS IN WHICH TERRITORY IS LOCATED; PROVIDING FOR CONTINUED EMPLOYMENT OF TEACHERS OF DISORGANIZED DISTRICTS, AND FOR USE OF FUNDS APPROPRIATED FOR PAYMENT OF STATE AID TO SCHOOL DISTRICTS FOR SUCH PURPOSE UNDER CERTAIN CIRCUMSTANCES; AND MAKING PROVISIONS OF ACT SEVERABLE, BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 424
INITIATIVE PETITION NO. 277
ISSUE TITLE: COUNTY SCHOOL SUPERINTENDENTS
GENERAL ELECTION, NOVEMBER 3, 1964
STATE RETURNS YES 307,173 NO 497,198
BILL REJECTED

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL A BILL RELATING TO COUNTY SUPERINTENDENTS OF SCHOOLS; PROVIDING COUNTY SUPERINTENDENTS SHALL CONDUCT JOINT PROGRAMS FOR SCHOOL DISTRICTS WHEN REQUESTED TO DO SO, AND PRESCRIBING MANNER OF PAYMENT OF COST THEREOF; FIXING TOTAL COMPENSATION OF COUNTY SUPERINTENDENTS OF SCHOOLS; AND REPEALING CONFLICTING LAWS, BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 425
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 146
ISSUE TITLE: SALES TAX INCREASE
SPECIAL ELECTION, APRIL 27, 1965
STATE RETURNS YES 171,123 NO 293,278
ACT REJECTED

SUBMITTED BY HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 511, PAGE 1190, SESSION LAWS 1965

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL A LEGISLATIVE ACT PROVIDING FOR A ONE CENT INCREASE IN SALES TAX IN ADDITION TO THE TWO CENT SALES TAX LEVY; AMENDING SECTIONS 1304,1303,1307, SUBSECTION D, OF OKLAHOMA SALES TAX CODE, AS ENACTED BY CHAPTER 367, OKLAHOMA SESSION LAWS 1963 (68 O.S. SUPP. 1963, SECTION 13-1304, 13-1303, AND 13-1307, SUBSECTION D); DIRECTING ADDITIONAL REVENUE TO BE CREDITED TO GENERAL REVENUE FUND OF STATE; FIXING BRACKETS FOR CONVENIENCE IN COLLECTING TAX; MAKING OTHER PROVISIONS OF LAW RELATING TO SALES TAX APPLICABLE; DESIGNATING PURPOSES OF STATE ASSISTANCE FUND; AND FIXING EFFECTIVE DATE, BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 426
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 147
ISSUE TITLE: CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS
SPECIAL ELECTION, APRIL 27, 1965
STATE RETURNS YES 199,512 NO 261,229
AMENDMENT REJECTED

SUBMITTED BY HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 530, PAGE 1171, SESSION LAWS 1965

PROPOSITION GIST:

SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT ADDING NEW SECTION 37 TO ARTICLE X, OKLAHOMA CONSTITUTION, AUTHORIZING STATE INDEBTEDNESS NOT TO EXCEED FIFTY-SIX MILLION, SEVEN HUNDRED FIFTY THOUSAND DOLLARS ($56,750,000.00) FOR CONSTRUCTING BUILDINGS AND OTHER CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS FOR DEPARTMENTS OF STATE GOVERNMENT; REMODELING, MODERNIZING AND REPAIRING EXISTING BUILDINGS AND CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS; AND PURCHASE OF LAND, EQUIPMENT AND FURNISHINGS FOR SUCH CONSTRUCTION AND REMODELING; AUTHORIZING RETIREMENT OF DEBT FROM (1) UNCOMMITTED CIGARETTE TAX REVENUES, (2) ALLOCATIONS FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND, AND (3) PROCEEDS OF ANY TAX IMPOSED FOR THE PURPOSE; AND AUTHORIZING THE LEGISLATURE TO IMPOSE SUCH TAX, BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 427
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 148
ISSUE TITLE: CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS-HIGHWAY
SPECIAL ELECTION, APRIL 27, 1965
STATE RETURNS YES 213,953 NO 247,256
JOINT RESOLUTION REJECTED

SUBMITTED BY SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 22, PAGE 1195, SESSION LAWS 1965

PROPOSITION GIST:

SHALL A JOINT RESOLUTION AUTHORIZING THE STATE HIGHWAY COMMISSION TO ISSUE PERIODICALLY UP TO SIXTY MILLION DOLLARS ($60,000,000) IN HIGHWAY REVENUE NOTES MATURING ON OR BEFORE JULY 15, 1985, FOR CONSTRUCTING, WIDENING, STRAIGHTENING, IMPROVING AND RESURFACING ROADS, TO BEAR INTEREST NOT TO EXCEED THREE AND FIVE-TENTHS PER CENT (3.5%), PROVIDING FORM OF NOTES, CONDITIONS OF SALE AND REDEMPTION, JUDICIAL APPROVAL AND INCONTESTABILITY; PROVIDING PAYMENT ONLY OUT OF THE HIGHWAY COMMISSION NOTE FUND OF 1965; AND IRREVOCABLY PLEDGING THAT PORTION OF FIRST PROCEEDS OF SEVENTY PER CENT (70%) OF PRESENT FOUR CENTS (4) PER GALLON MOTOR FUEL EXCISE TAXES NECESSARY TO PAY PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST THEREON, BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 430
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 151
ISSUE TITLE: LEVY FOR SCHOOL BENEFITS
SPECIAL ELECTION, SEPTEMBER 14, 1965
STATE RETURNS YES 125,779 NO 59,535
AMENDMENT ADOPTED

SUBMITTED BY SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 2, PAGE 1240, SESSION LAWS 1965

PROPOSITION GIST:

SHALL A CONSTITUIONAL AMENDMENT AMENDING SECTION 9, ARTICLE X, OKLAHOMA CONSTITUTION; AUTHORIZING A LOCAL SUPPORT LEVY FOR BENEFIT OF SCHOOLS OF A SCHOOL DISTRICT OF NOT TO EXCEED 10 MILLS ON DOLLAR VALUATION OF TAXABLE PROPERTY OF DISTRICT WHEN APPROVED BY AD VALOREM TAXPAYING ELECTORS OF THE DISTRICT, AT ANNUAL ELECTIONS OR SPECIAL ELECTIONS CALLED FOR SAID PURPOSE, AND PROVIDING NO PART OF SUCH LOCAL SUPPORT LEVY AND EXISTING EMERGENCY LEVY SHALL BE REQUIRED TO FINANCE THE STATE GUARANTEED PROGRAM OF A SCHOOL DISTRICT BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 433
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 154
ISSUE TITLE: CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS-HIGHWAY
SPECIAL ELECTION, DECEMBER 14, 1965
STATE RETURNS YES 101,340 NO 31,116
AMENDMENT ADOPTED

SUBMITTED BY HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 552, PAGE 1182, SESSION LAWS 1965

PROPOSITION GIST:

SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT ADDING NEW SECTION 37 TO ARTICLE X, OKLAHOMA CONSTITUTION, AUTHORIZING STATE INDEBTEDNESS NOT TO EXCEED FIFTY-FOUR MILLION, SEVEN HUNDRED FIFTY THOUSAND DOLLARS ($54,750,000.00) FOR CONSTRUCTING CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS FOR INSTITUTIONS AND DEPARTMENTS OF STATE GOVERNMENT; REMODELING, MODERNIZING AND REPAIRING EXISTING CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS; AND PURCHASE OF LAND, EQUIPMENT AND FURNISHINGS FOR SUCH CONSTRUCTION AND REMODELING; AUTHORIZING RETIREMENT OF DEBT FROM (1) UNCOMMITTED CIGARETTE TAX REVENUES, (2) ALLOCATIONS FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND, (3) PROCEEDS OF ANY TAX IMPOSED FOR THE PURPOSE, AND (4) ISSUANCE OF BONDS PLEDGING FULL FAITH AND CREDIT OF STATE, BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 428
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 149
ISSUE TITLE: SEPARATE SCHOOLS
SPECIAL ELECTION (REGULAR PRIMARY ELECTION), MAY 3, 1966
STATE RETURNS YES 327,927 NO 166,941
AMENDMENT ADOPTED

SUBMITTED BY SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 10, PAGE 1174, SESSION LAWS 1965

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT REPEALING SECTION 3 OF ARTICLE XIII OF THE CONSTITUION OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA REQUIRING THE LEGISLATURE TO PROVIDE SEPARATE SCHOOLS WITH LIKE ACCOMMODATIONS FOR WHITE AND COLORED CHILDREN BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 429
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 150
ISSUE TITLE: IMPEACHMENT OF STATE OFFICIALS
SPECIAL ELECTION (REGULAR PRIMARY ELECTION), MAY 3, 1966
STATE RETURNS YES 395,295 NO 90,253
AMENDMENT ADOPTED

SUBMITTED BY SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 19, PAGE 1175, SESSION LAWS 1965

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT PROVIDING FOR IMPEACHMENT AND REMOVAL FROM OFFICE OF ELECTED STATE OFFICIALS, INCLUDING THE JUSTICES OF THE SUPREME COURT AND THE JUDGES OF THE COURT OF CRIMINAL APPEALS; PROVIDING FOR AUTOMATIC SUSPENSION OF SUCH OFFICIALS FROM OFFICE UPON VERDICT OF GUILTY OF A FELONY BY A TRIAL COURT OF COMPETENT JURISDICATION; DIRECTING WITHHOLDING OF PAY AND ALLOWANCES DURING PERIOD OF SUSPENSION; AUTHORIZING REINSTATEMENT IN OFFICE AND RECEIPT OF ACCUMULATED WITHHELD PAY AND ALLOWANCES UPON REVERSAL OF CONVICTION BY A COURT OF COMPETENT JURISDICTION, AND AUTHORIZING TEMPORARY APPOINTMENTS BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 431
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 152
ISSUE TITLE: COURT ON JUDICIARY
SPECIAL ELECTION (REGULAR PRIMARY ELECTION), MAY 3, 1966
STATE RETURNS YES 328,012 NO 128,207
AMENDMENT ADOPTED

SUBMITTED BY HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 512, PAGE 1177, SESSION LAWS 1965

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT ADDING ARTICLE VII-A TO OKLAHOMA CONSTITUTION; CREATING COURT ON THE JUDICIARY WITH TRIAL AND APPELLATE DIVISIONS HAVING EXCLUSIVE JURISDICTION TO REMOVE OR COMPEL RETIREMENT OF PERSONS EXERCISING CONSTITUTIONAL JUDICIAL POWERS; PROVIDING FOR THE SELECTION OF JUDGES THEREOF; AUTHORIZING SUPREME COURT, GOVERNOR, ATTORNEY GENERAL OR HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES TO INSTITUTE PROSECUTIONS THEREIN; PROVIDING FOR THE SELECTION OF PROSECUTORS FROM LIST OF FIVE NAMES FURNISHED BY BAR ASSOCIATION; LIMITING COMPENSATION OF COURT MEMBERS TO EXPENSE ALLOWANCE AS FOR DISTRICT JUDGES; AND EMPOWERING EACH COURT DIVISION TO FIX COMPENSATION OF PROSECUTORS, BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 432
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 153
ISSUE TITLE: PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS
SPECIAL ELECTION (REGULAR PRIMARY ELECTION), MAY 3, 1966
STATE RETURNS YES 347,440 NO 120,455
AMENDMENT ADOPTED

SUBMITTED BY HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 523, PAGE 1181, SESSION LAWS 1965

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT AMENDING ARTICLE III OF THE CONSTITUTION OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA BY ADDING SECTION 1A, PROVIDING THAT ANY CITIZEN OF THE UNITED STATES WHO IMMEDIATELY PRIOR TO HIS REMOVAL TO THIS STATE WAS A QUALIFIED ELECTOR OF ANOTHER STATE AND WHO HAS BEEN A RESIDENT OF OKLAHOMA FOR LESS THAN SIX MONTHS PRIOR TO A PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION IS ENTITLED TO VOTE FOR PRESIDENT AND VICE PRESIDENT AT THAT ELECTION, BUT FOR NO OTHER OFFICES, IF HE MEETS STATUTORY REQUIREMENTS THEREFOR; AND

AUTHORIZING THE LEGISLATURE TO VITALIZE SAID SECTION, BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 436
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 157
ISSUE TITLE: REELECTION OF GOVERNOR
SPECIAL ELECTION (REGULAR PRIMARY ELECTION), MAY 3, 1966
STATE RETURNS YES 300,954 NO 183,850
AMENDMENT ADOPTED

SUBMITTED BY HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 515, PAGE 1187, SESSION LAWS 1965

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT PROVIDING THAT NO PERSON SHALL BE ELECTED GOVERNOR MORE THAN TWO TIMES IN SUCCESSION AND THAT THE SECRETARY OF STATE, STATE AUDITOR AND STATE TREASURER SHALL BE ELIGIBLE TO SUCCEED THEMSELVES BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 434
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 155
ISSUE TITLE: VOCATIONAL EDUCATION PROGRAM
SPECIAL ELECTION (RUN-OFF PRIMARY ELECTION), MAY 24, 1966
STATE RETURNS YES 214,698 NO 206,458
AMENDMENT ADOPTED

SUBMITTED BY HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 520, PAGE 1185, SESSION LAWS 1965

PROPOSITION GIST
SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT AUTHORIZING ESTABLISHMENT OF AREA SCHOOL DISTRICTS BY THE STATE BOARD FOR VOCATIONAL EDUCATION; PROVIDING FOR AN ANNUAL FIVE (5) MILL ADDITIONAL PROPERTY TAX LEVY WHEN APPROVED BY A MAJORITY OF THE AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT ELECTORS; PROVIDING SUCH LEVY SHALL BE MADE ANNUALLY UNTIL REPEALED BY A MAJORITY OF THE AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT ELECTORS VOTING ON THE QUESTION AT AN ELECTION CALLED FOR SUCH PURPOSE; PERMITTING AREA SCHOOL DISTRICTS TO BECOME INDEBTED UP TO FIVE PER CENT (5%) OF THEIR NET VALUATION FOR CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS; PROVIDING FOR AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT GOVERNING BODY BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 435
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 156
ISSUE TITLE: LIMIT LEGISLATIVE SESSIONS
SPECIAL ELECTION (RUN-OFF PRIMARY ELECTION), MAY 24, 1966
STATE RETURNS YES 208,894 NO 199,240
AMENDMENT ADOPTED

SUBMITTED BY SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 7, PAGE 1186, SESSION LAWS 1965

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT AMENDING SECTIONS 26 AND 27 OF ARTICLE V OF THE CONSTITUTION OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA PROVIDING FOR ANNUAL REGULAR LEGISLATIVE SESSIONS WITH A LIMIT OF NINETY (90) LEGISLATIVE DAYS FOR EACH SESSION BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QEUSTION NO. 437
REFERENDUM PETITION NO. 18
ISSUE TITLE: FIX CONGRESSIONAL BOUNDARIES
SPECIAL ELECTION (GENERAL ELECTION), NOVEMBER 8, 1966
STATE RETURNS YES 162,446 NO 386,269
BILL REJECTED

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL HOUSE BILL NO. 669 OF THE 30TH OKLAHOMA LEGISLATURE RELATING TO CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS; FIXING BOUNDARIES; PROVIDING ACT SHALL NOT AFFECT MEMBERSHIP OF GOVERNMENTAL ENTITIES WHOSE MEMBERSHIP IS BASED ON CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS HERETOFORE CREATED BY LAW; REPEALING 14 O.S. 1961, SECTION 1; MAKING PRESENT LAW APPLICABLE IF ACT NOT EFFECTIVE PRIOR TO NEXT CONGRESSIONAL OFFICE FILING DATE; AND PROVIDING FOR SEVERABILITY, BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 447
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 163
ISSUE TITLE: JUDICIAL NOMINATING
SPECIAL ELECTION, JULY 11, 1967

STATE RETURNS YES 86,183 NO 79,280
AMENDMENT ADOPTED

SUBMITTED BY SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 16, PAGE 694, SESSION LAWS 1967

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT AMENDING OKLAHOMA CONSTITUTION BY ADDING ARTICLE VII-B; PROVIDING FOR SELECTION AND TENURE OF JUSTICES OF SUPREME COURT AND JUDGES OF COURT OF CRIMINAL APPEALS; DEFINING TERMS; PRIVIDING FOR RETENTION ON "YES" AND "NO" BALLOT WITHOUT OPPOSING CANDIDATE; ESTABLISHING JUDICIAL NOMINATING COMMISSION, SELECTION OF MEMBERS, AND FIXING MEMBERS' QUALIFICATIONS, TENURE, POWERS AND DUTIES; RETAINING PRESENT JUDICIAL OFFICERS; PROVIDING THIS AMENDMENT SHALL CONTROL OVER OTHER CONSTITUTIONAL PROVISIONS AND STATUTES CONTRARY THERETO AND BECOME OPERATIVE ONLY UPON APPROVAL OF CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT PROPOSED BY HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 508, FIRST SESSION, THIRTY-FIRST OKLAHOMA LEGISLATURE, BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 448
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 164
ISSUE TITLE: JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT
SPECIAL ELECTION, JULY 11, 1967
STATE RETURNS YES 90,167 NO 73,919
AMENDMENT ADOPTED

SUBMITTED BY HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 508, PAGE 698, SESSION LAWS 1967

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT AMENDING THE CONSTITUTION OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA BY REPEALING ARTICLE VII THEREOF, ESTABLISHING A NEW ARTICLE VII, PROVIDING FOR A JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT CONSISTING OF THE SUPREME COURT, DISTRICT COURTS, OTHER COURTS, AND AGENCIES, INCLUDING INTERMEDIATE APPELLATE COURTS; PROVIDING FOR JUDICIAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE DISTRICTS; ABOLISHING ALL COURTS NOT PROVIDED FOR HEREIN INCLUDING JUSTICE OF THE PEACE COURTS; PROVIDING FOR CLASSES OF JUDGES, QUALIFICATIONS, METHOD OF COMPENSATION, EXPENSES, DUTIES AND JURISDICTION; AUTHORIZING LEGISLATION FOR RETIREMENT SYSTEM; PROVIDING FOR NON-PARTISAN ELECTION OF JUDGES; PROVIDING FOR APPOINTMENT OF CLERK OF SUPREME COURT, BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 442
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 158
ISSUE TITLE: INVESTMENT OF SCHOOL FUNDS
SPECIAL ELECTION (REGULAR PRIMARY ELECTION) AUGUST 27, 1968
STATE RETURNS YES 290,651 NO 114,333
AMENDMENT ADOPTED

SUBMITTED BY HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 524, PAGE 687, SESSION LAWS, 1967

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT AUTHORIZING THE INVESTMENT OF PERMANENT COMMON SCHOOL AND OTHER EDUCATIONAL FUNDS IN DEPOSITS IN BANKS OR TRUST COMPANIES IN OKLAHOMA TO THE EXTENT SUCH DEPOSIT IS INSURED BY THE FEDERAL DEPOSIT INSURANCE CORPORATION BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 444
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 160
ISSUE TITLE: LEGISLATIVE REGULATION OF TAX
SPECIAL ELECTION (REGULAR PRIMARY ELECTION), AUGUST 27, 1968
STATE RETURNS YES 197,421 NO 185,125
AMENDMENT ADOPTED

SUBMITTED BY SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 30, PAGE 689, SESSION LAWS 1967

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT AMENDING SECTION 12 OF ARTICLE X, OF THE OKLAHOMA CONSTITUTION AUTHORIZING THE LEGISLATURE TO DEFINE THE AMOUNT, IMPOSITION OR METHOD OF MEASURING LICENSE, FRANCHISE, GROSS REVENUE, EXCISE, INCOME, INHERITANCE, SUCCESSION, STAMP, REGISTRATION, PRODUCTION AND OTHER SPECIFIC TAXES BY REFERENCE TO THE LAWS, RULES AND REGULATIONS OF THE UNITED STATES AND THE AMOUNT SUBJECT TO TAXATION OR THE AMOUNT ASCERTAINED TO BE PAYABLE TO THE UNITED STATES, BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 446
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 162

ISSUE TITLE: PARDON AND PAROLE BOARD
SPECIAL ELECTION (REGULAR PRIMARY ELECTION), AUGUST 27, 1968
STATE RETURNS YES 182,742 NO 197,219
AMENDMENT REJECTED

SUBMITTED BY HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 502, PAGE 692, SESSION LAWS 1967

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT AMENDING SECTION 10, ARTICLE VI OF THE CONSTITUTION OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA BY REPEALING A PORTION OF SAID SECTION WHICH PROVIDES FOR A CONSTITUTIONAL PARDON AND PAROLE BOARD AND SUBSTITUTING IN LIEU THEREOF A PROVISION AUTHORIZING AND DIRECTING THE LEGISLATURE TO CREATE A STATE PARDON AND PAROLE BOARD, WITH SUCH COMPOSITION, QUALIFICATIONS, TERMS, COMPENSATION, POWERS AND DUTIES AND SUCH OTHER PROVISIONS AS MAY BE NECESSARY TO EFFECTUATE THE PURPOSES OF SAID SECTION 10, BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 456
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 169
ISSUE TITLE: SALARIES FOR ELECTED OFFICIALS
SPECIAL ELECTION (REGULAR PRIMARY ELECTION), AUGUST 27, 1968
STATE RETURNS YES 174,301 NO 207,894
AMENDMENT REJECTED

SUBMITTED BY SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 49, PAGE 793, SESSION LAWS 1968

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT AMENDING SECTION 10 OF ARTICLE XXIII OF THE OKLAHOMA CONSTITUTION BY REMOVING THEREFROM THE PROHIBITION AGAINST CHANGING THE SALARY OR EMOLUMENTS OF ANY PUBLIC OFFICIAL AFTER HIS ELECTION OR APPOINTMENT, OR DURING HIS TERM OF OFFICE, AND INCORPORATING THEREIN A PROHIBITION AGAINST CHANGING THE SALARY OR EMOLUMENTS OF ANY ELECTIVE OFFICIAL AFTER HIS ELECTION OR APPOINTMENT, OR DURING HIS TERM OF OFFICE, BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 457
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 170
ISSUE TITLE: PETITION FOR GRAND JURIES
SPECIAL ELECTION (REGULAR PRIMARY ELECTION), AUGUST 27, 1968
STATE RETURNS YES 199,406 NO 171,412
AMENDMENT ADOPTED

SUBMITTED BY HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 541, PAGE 794, SESSION LAWS 1968

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT AMENDING ARTICLE 2, SECTION 18, OF THE CONSTITUTION OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA WHICH WOULD MAKE QUALIFIED ELECTORS INSTEAD OF RESIDENT TAXPAYERS ELIGIBLE TO SIGN PETITIONS FOR CALLING OF GRAND JURIES; PROVIDING THAT THE SIGNATURES OF ONE PERCENT (1%) OF THE POPULATION OF A COUNTY SHALL BE SUFFICIENT TO CALL A GRAND JURY, WITH A MINIMUM REQUIREMENT OF TWO HUNDRED (200) SIGNATURES AND A MAXIMUM REQUIREMENT OF FIVE HUNDRED (500) SIGNATURES; AND PROVIDING THAT SECOND AND SUBSEQUENT PETITION IN ANY ONE CALENDAR YEAR SHALL REQUIRE TWICE THE NUMBER OF SIGNATURES AS THE FIRST PETITION FILED IN ANY CALENDAR YEAR BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 460
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 173
ISSUE TITLE: INTANGIBLE PROPERTY TAX
SPECIAL ELECTION (REGULAR PRIMARY ELECTION), AUGUST 27, 1968
STATE RETURNS YES 329,848 NO 92,710
AMENDMENT ADOPTED

SUBMITTED BY HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 505, PAGE 802, SESSION LAWS 1968

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT PROHIBITING THE TAXATION OF INTANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 461
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 174
ISSUE TITLE: CHANGE IN ESTIMATE OF REVENUES
SPECIAL ELECTION (REGULAR PRIMARY ELECTION), AUGUST 27, 1968
STATE RETURNS YES 166,723 NO 206,788
AMENDMENT REJECTED

SUBMITTED BY SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 71, PAGE 800, SESSION LAWS 1968

PROPOSITION GIST:

SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT AMENDING SECTION 23, ARTICLE X OF THE OKLAHOMA CONSTITUTION, TO PROVIDE THAT THE STATE BOARD OF EQUALIZATION SHALL MAKE AN ESTIMATE OF REVENUES TO BE RECEIVED BY THE STATE FOR THE NEXT ENSUING FISCAL YEAR; PROVIDING THAT ESTIMATE BE THE TOTAL REVENUE ACCRUED TO ANY FUND FOR PRECEDING FISCAL YEAR PLUS OR MINUS AVERAGE PERCENTAGE RATE OF INCREASE OR DECREASE DURING THE LAST PRECEDING THREE YEAR PERIOD AND PLUS ANY CASH SURPLUS FOR PRECEDING FISCAL YEAR; PROHIBITING LEGISLATURE FROM MAKING APPROPRIATIONS UNTIL ESTIMATE IS MADE; AND MAKING NULL AND VOID APPROPRIATIONS IN EXCESS OF ESTIMATE; BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 462
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 175
ISSUE TITLE: CONFLICT OF INTEREST
SPECIAL ELECTION (REGULAR PRIMARY ELECTION), AUGUST 27, 1968
STATE RETURNS YES 201,107 NO 177,672
AMENDMENT ADOPTED

SUBMITTED BY HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 557, PAGE 808, SESSION LAWS 1968

PROPOSITION GIST:

SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT OF SECTION 21 OF ARTICLE V OF THE OKLAHOMA CONSTITUTION, REQUIRING THE LEGISLATURE TO ENACT LAWS TO PROHIBIT MEMBERS OF THE LEGISLATURE FROM ENGAGING IN ACTIVITIES OR HAVING INTERESTS WHICH CONFLICT WITH THE PROPER DISCHARGE OF THEIR DUTIES AND RESPONSIBILITIES; CREATING THE BOARD OF LEGISLATIVE COMPENSATION; PROVIDING FOR APPOINTMENT, QUALIFICATIONS, TERMS, DUTIES, AUTHORITY AND EXPENSES THEREOF; PROVIDING LEGISLATORS SHALL NOT BE ELIGIBLE TO SERVE ON SAID BOARD; AUTHORIZING SAID BOARD TO FIX COMPENSATION FOR MEMBERS OF THE LEGISLATURE; AND PROVIDING A REVIEW OF SUCH COMPENSATION EACH TWO YEARS, BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 441
INITIATIVE PETITION NO. 281
ISSUE TITLE: JUDICIAL REFORM
SPECIAL ELECTION (RUNOFF PRIMARY ELECTION), SEPTEMBER 17, 1968
STATE RETURNS YES 115,771 NO 172,711
AMENDMENT REJECTED

PROPOSITION GIST:

SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT REPEALING ARTICLE 7 AND ADOPTING A NEW ARTICLE CREATING A JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT; VESTING JUDICIAL POWER; PROVIDING FOR THE ESTABLISHMENT, ORGANIZATION AND JURISDICTION OF THE COURT; THE NOMINATION, SELECTION, COMPENSATION, TERMS AND TENURE OF JUSTICES, JUDGES, MAGISTRATES AND OTHER PERSONNEL; GRANTING RULE-MAKING POWER; DELINEATING THE RESPECTIVE AUTHORITY OF THE COURTS AND THE LEGISLATURE; AND PROVIDING FOR THE TRANSITION FROM THE OLD TO THE NEW ARTICLE, BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 443
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 159
ISSUE TITLE: TAXATION OF TRANSIENT PROPERTY
SPECIAL ELECTION (RUNOFF PRIMARY ELECTION), SEPTEMBER 17, 1968
STATE RETURNS YES 182,326 NO 92,601
AMENDMENT ADOPTED

SUBMITTED BY SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 44, PAGE 690, SESSION LAWS 1967

PROPOSITION GIST:

SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT AMENDING ARTICLE X OF THE CONSTITUTION OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA BY ADDING A NEW SECTION THERETO, TO BE DESIGNATED AS SECTION 6A, PROVIDING THAT TANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY MOVING THROUGH OKLAHOMA FROM ONE STATE TO ANOTHER STATE SHALL NOT ACQUIRE SITUS WITHIN OKLAHOMA FOR PURPOSES OF TAXATION; AND PROVIDING TANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY HELD FOR ASSEMBLY, STORAGE, MANUFACTURING, PROCESSING OR FABRICATING PURPOSES SHALL NOT BE SUBJECT TO TAXATION IN OKLAHOMA IF SUCH PROPERTY IS NOT DETAINED IN THE STATE MORE THAN NINE (9) MONTHS, BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 449
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 165
ISSUE TITLE: JURY TRIALS

SPECIAL ELECTION (RUNOFF PRIMARY ELECTION). SEPTEMBER 17. 1968
(HJR 511 REPEALED BY HOUSE BILL 1351. PAGE 241. SESSION LAWS 1968. SEE STATE QUESTION NO. 459)

SUBMITTED BY HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 511. PAGE 704. SESSION LAWS 1967

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT AMENDING SECTION 19. ARTICLE II OF THE CONSTITUTION OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA; PROVIDING FOR RIGHT OF TRIAL BY JURY TO REMAIN INVIOLATE AS EXISTING EXCEPT IN CIVIL CASES INVOLVING TWENTY DOLLARS ($20.00). OR LESS. OR VIOLATIONS OF CITY ORDINANCES PUNISHABLE BY FINE ONLY OF NOT EXCEEDING TWENTY DOLLARS ($20.00); PROVIDING JURY SHALL CONSIST OF TWELVE PERSONS EXCEPT IN TRIAL OF MISDEMEANORS AND CIVIL ACTIONS INVOLVING LESS THAN TWO THOUSAND FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS ($2,500.00); PRESCRIBING NUMBER AND SIGNATURE OF CONCURRING JURORS REQUIRED FOR VERDICTS IN PARTICULAR CASES; AND PROVIDING EFFECTIVE DATE. BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 454
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 167
ISSUE TITLE: FIXING MAXIMUM INTEREST RATES
SPECIAL ELECTION (RUNOFF PRIMARY ELECTION). SEPTEMBER 17. 1968
STATE RETURNS YES 220,415 NO 65,761
AMENDMENT ADOPTED

SUBMITTED BY SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 60. PAGE 790. SESSION LAWS 1968

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT AMENDING SECTION 2. OF ARTICLE XIV. AUTHORIZING THE LEGISLATURE TO CLASSIFY LOANS AND LENDERS. TO LICENSE AND REGULATE LENDERS. TO DEFINE INTEREST AND FIX MAXIMUM RATES OF INTEREST; PROVIDING. IN THE ABSENCE OF LEGISLATION FIXING MAXIMUM RATES OF INTEREST. ALL CONTRACTS FOR GREATER RATE OF INTEREST THAN TEN PER CENT (10%) PER ANNUM SHALL BE DEEMED USURIOUS; AND PROVIDING IN CONTRACTS WHERE NO RATE OF INTEREST IS AGREED UPON . THE RATE SHALL NOT EXCEED SIX PER CENT (6%) PER ANNUM. BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 455
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 168
ISSUE TITLE: CORPORATION REPORTS
SPECIAL ELECTION (RUNOFF PRIMARY ELECTION). SEPTEMBER 17. 1968
STATE RETURNS YES 150,340 NO 117,421
AMENDMENT ADOPTED

SUBMITTED BY SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 46. PAGE 792. SESSION LAWS 1968

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT AMENDING SECTION 43 OF ARTICLE IX OF THE OKLAHOMA CONSTITUTION TO ELIMINATE THE NECESSITY OF FILING CERTAIN CORPORATION REPORTS CONTAINING A LIST OF THE NAMES AND ADDRESSES OF STOCKHOLDERS. OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS. AND THE AMOUNT OF STOCK HELD BY EACH WITH THE CORPORATION COMMISSION BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 458
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 171
ISSUE TITLE: ISSUANCE OF CORPORATE STOCK
SPECIAL ELECTION (RUNOFF PRIMARY ELECTION). SEPTEMBER 17. 1968
STATE RETURNS YES 155,692 NO 109,977
AMENDMENT ADOPTED

SUBMITTED BY SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 18. PAGE 796. SESSION LAWS 1968

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT AMENDING SECTIONS 39. 41 AND 43. ARTICLE IX. OKLAHOMA CONSTITUTION; AMENDING SECTION 39 TO RESTRICT ISSUANCE OF CORPORATE STOCK EXCEPT FOR MONEY. LABOR DONE. OR PROPERTY ACTUALLY RECEIVED. AT A STATED VALUE AND RESERVING TO LEGISLATURE ENACTMENT OF REGULATIONS ON ISSUANCE OF FICTITIOUS STOCK AND INDEBTEDNESS; AMENDING SECTION 41 BY REMOVING THEREFROM PORHIBITION AGAINST CORPORATION OWNING. HOLDING OR CONTROLLING STOCK OF COMPETITIVE CORPORATIONS; AMENDING SECTION 43 BY REMOVING THEREFROM REQUIREMENT THAT ALL CORPORATIONS MUST FILE LIST WITH CORPORATION COMMISSION OF NAMES. ADDRESSES. AND STOCK HELD BY STOCKHOLDERS. OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS. BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 459

LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 172
ISSUE TITLE: JURY TRIALS
SPECIAL ELECTION (RUNOFF PRIMARY ELECTION), SEPTEMBER 17, 1968
STATE RETURNS YES 170,854 NO 97,736
AMENDMENT ADOPTED

SUBMITTED BY HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 559, PAGE 798, SESSION LAWS 1968

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT AMENDING SECTION 19, ARTICLE II, OKLAHOMA CONSTITUTION; PROVIDING JURY TRIAL INVIOLATE EXCEPT WHERE AMOUNT OR FINE IS UNDER $100.00; LEGISLATURE MAY PROVIDE FOR JURY IN CASES INVOLVING LESSER AMOUNTS; JURIES SHALL CONSIST OF TWELVE PERSONS EXCEPT SIX PERSON JURY MAY TRY MISDEMEANORS, VIOLATIONS OF CITY ORDINANCES, FORCIBLE ENTRY AND DETAINER AND CIVIL CASES INVOLVING UNDER $2,500.00; THREE-FOURTHS OF JURY CAN DECIDE CIVIL CASES AND CRIMINAL CASES LESS THAN FELONIES BUT VERDICT MUST BE WRITTEN, SIGNED BY THOSE CONCURRING; OTHER CASES ALL JURORS MUST CONCUR; EFFECTIVE DATE JANUARY 13, 1969, BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 445
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 161
ISSUE TITLE: REPEAL OATH OF OFFICE
GENERAL ELECTION, NOVEMBER 5, 1968
STATE RETURNS YES 357,840 NO 284,656
AMENDMENT REJECTED

SUBMITTED BY HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 520, PAGE 693, SESSION LAWS, 1967

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT AMENDING SECTION 1 OF ARTICLE XV OF THE CONSTITUTION OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA BY REPEALING THE OATH OF OFFICE CONTAINED IN SAID SECTION AND SUBSTITUTING IN LIEU THEREOF A NEW FORM OF OATH OF OFFICE TO BE TAKEN AND SUBSCRIBED BY ALL PUBLIC OFFICERS OF OKLAHOMA, BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 463
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 176
ISSUE TITLE: STATE INDEBTEDNESS
SPECIAL ELECTION, DECEMBER 10, 1968
STATE RETURNS YES 133,313 NO 39,251
AMENDMENT ADOPTED

SUBMITTED BY SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 52, PAGE 804, SESSION LAWS 1968

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT AMENDING ARTICLE X, OKLAHOMA CONSTITUTION, BY ADDING A NEW SECTION 38 THERETO, AUTHORIZING THE LEGISLATURE TO ENACT NECESSARY LEGISLATION WHEREBY STATE MAY BECOME INDEBTED NOT TO EXCEED NINETY-NINE MILLION, EIGHT HUNDRED EIGHT THOUSAND DOLLARS ($99,808,000), FOR THE PURPOSE OF PLANNING, PURCHASING LAND, CONSTRUCTING AND EQUIPPING NEW BUILDINGS, REMODELING AND EQUIPPING OLD BUILDINGS, OTHER CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS AT INSTITUTIONS OF HIGHER EDUCATION, MENTAL HEALTH, VOCATIONAL EDUCATION DEPARTMENT AND OTHER NAMED STATE DEPARTMENTS AND INSTITUTIONS; OBLIGATING REMAINDER OF CIGARETTE TAX; AUTHORIZING LEGISLATURE TO PROVIDE FOR ISSUANCE OF BONDS AND DISCHARGE OF DEBT, BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 466
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 178
ISSUE TITLE: OATH FOR PUBLIC OFFICER
SPECIAL ELECTION, SEPTEMBER 9, 1969
STATE RETURNS YES 80,376 NO 56,876
AMENDMENT ADOPTED

SUBMITTED BY SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 17, 1ST SESSION 32ND LEGISLATURE

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT PROVIDING FOR THE FORM OF OATH OF OFFICE BE TAKEN AND SUBSCRIBED TO BY ALL PUBLIC OFFICERS OF OKLAHOMA, BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 465
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 177
ISSUE TITLE: STATE INDUSTRIAL FINANCE BONDS
SPECIAL ELECTION, SEPTEMBER 9, 1969
NULLIFIED, SEE STATE QUESTION NO. 468 BELOW NO. 1011, PAGE 612, SESSION LAWS 1969

AMENDED BY HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION

SUBMITTED SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 7. PAGE 609. SESSION LAWS 1969

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT AMENDING ARTICLE X OF THE OKLAHOMA CONSTITUTION BY ADDING A NEW SECTION TO BE DESIGNATED SECTION 34A. AUTHORIZING THE ISSUANCE AND SALE OF ADDITIONAL STATE INDUSTRIAL FINANCE BONDS NOT TO EXCEED TEN MILLION DOLLARS (10,000,000.00) OUTSTANDING AT ANY ONE TIME. BUT AUTHORIZING THE LEGISLATURE TO RAISE THE AMOUNT WHICH MAY BE OUTSTANDING TO AN AMOUNT NOT TO EXCEED FIFTY MILLION DOLLARS ($50,000,000.00) ADDITIONALLY OUTSTANDING AT ANY ONE TIME. PROVIDING THAT ALL SUCH BONDS SHALL BE BACKED BY THE FULL FAITH AND CREDIT OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA. AND PROVIDING FOR REPAYMENT OF THE BONDS. BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 468
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 179
ISSUE TITLE: STATE INDUSTRIAL FINANCE BONDS
SPECIAL ELECTION. SEPTEMBER 9. 1969
STATE RETURNS YES 65,975 NO 69,904
AMENDMENT REJECTED

SUBMITTED BY HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 1011. 1ST SESSION. 32ND LEGISLATURE.

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT AMENDING ARTICLE X OF THE OKLAHOMA CONSTITUTION BY ADDING A NEW SECTION TO BE DESIGNATED SECTION 34A. AUTHORIZING THE ISSUANCE AND SALE OF ADDITIONAL STATE INDUSTRIAL FINANCE BONDS NOT TO EXCEED TEN MILLION DOLLARS ($10,000,000.00) OUTSTANDING AT ANY ONE TIME. BUT AUTHORIZING THE LEGISLATURE TO RAISE THE AMOUNT WHICH MAY BE OUTSTANDING TO AN AMOUNT NOT TO EXCEED FIFTY MILLION DOLLARS ($50,000,000.00) ADDITIONALLY OUTSTANDING AT ANY ONE TIME. PROVIDING THAT ALL SUCH BONDS SHALL BE BACKED BY THE FULL FAITH AND CREDIT OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA. AND PROVIDING FOR REPAYMENT OF THE BONDS BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 472
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 180
ISSUE TITLE: CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION
SPECIAL ELECTION. MARCH 17. 1970
STATE RETURNS YES 58,223 NO 187,934
AMENDMENT REJECTED

SUBMITTED BY HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 1004. PAGE 673. SESSION LAWS 1970

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL THE LEGISLATURE CALL A CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION WHICH SHALL BE AUTHORIZED TO PROPOSE ALTERATIONS. REVISIONS. OR AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION. OR TO PROPOSE A NEW CONSTITUTION FOR THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA?

STATE QUESTION NO. 473
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 181
ISSUE TITLE: CONSTITUTION-ARTICLE REVISION
SPECIAL ELECTION. MARCH 17. 1970
STATE RETURNS YES 67,358 NO 176,237
AMENDMENT REJECTED

SUBMITTED BY HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 1008. PAGE 665. SESSION LAWS 1970

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT AMENDING SECTION 1 OF ARTICLE XXIV OF THE CONSTITUTION OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA AUTHORIZING THE AMENDMENT OF THE CONSTITUTION BY PROPOSING AN ENTIRE ARTICLE OR ADDITION OF A NEW ARTICLE AS A SINGLE QUESTION AND AUTHORIZING THE DELETION. REVISION AND TRANSFER OF PROVISIONS IN OTHER ARTICLES WHERE GERMANE TO THE PROPOSED ARTICLE AS A PART OF THE SAME QUESTION BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 474
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 182
ISSUE TITLE: STATE INDUSTRIAL FINANCE BONDS
SPECIAL ELECTION. MARCH 17. 1970
STATE RETURNS YES 82,761 NO 162,333
AMENDMENT REJECTED

SUBMITTED BY SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 28, PAGE 666, SESSION LAWS 1970

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT AMENDING ARTICLE X, OKLAHOMA CONSTITUTION, BY ADDING NEW SECTION 34A, AUTHORIZING ISSUANCE AND SALE OF STATE INDUSTRIAL FINANCE BONDS, IN ADDITION TO TWENTY MILLION DOLLARS ($20,000,000.00) HERETOFORE AUTHORIZED, NOT EXCEEDING TEN MILLION DOLLARS ($10,000,000.00) AT ANY ONE TIME; AUTHORIZING LEGISLATURE TO APPROVE ADDITIONAL SIXTY MILLION DOLLARS ($60,000,000.00) OUTSTANDING AT ANY ONE TIME, FOR SAME PURPOSES HERETOFORE AUTHORIZED; ADDING TO PURPOSES BY AUTHORIZING LEGISLATURE TO APPROVE LOAN OF ONE MILLION DOLLARS ($1,000,000.00) FOR TOURISM AND THREE MILLION DOLLARS ($3,000,000.00) FOR RURAL WATER DISTRICTS; PROVIDING BONDS BACKED BY FULL FAITH AND CREDIT OF STATE AND FOR REPAYMENT, BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 477
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 185
ISSUE TITLE: LEGISLATIVE REAPPORTIONMENT
SPECIAL ELECTION (REGULAR PRIMARY ELECTION), AUGUST 25, 1970
STATE RETURNS YES 155,553 NO 218,952
AMENDMENT REJECTED

SUBMITTED BY HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 1032, PAGE 671, SESSION LAWS 1970

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT AMENDING ARTICLE V OF THE OKLAHOMA CONSTITUTION BY REPEALING SECTIONS 11A, 11B, 11C, 11D AND 11E THEREOF WHICH NOW DIRECTS THE SECRETARY OF STATE, STATE TREASURER AND ATTORNEY GENERAL TO REAPPORTION THE MEMBERSHIP OF THE STATE LEGISLATURE IF THE LEGISLATURE FAILS TO ADOPT AN APPORTIONMENT WITHIN SIXTY (60) DAYS AFTER CONVENING AFTER EACH FEDERAL DECENNIAL CENSUS AND WHICH PROVIDE FOR OKLAHOMA SUPREME COURT REVIEW OF SUCH REAPPORTIONMENT ORDERS BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 475
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 183
ISSUE TITLE: PUBLIC SCHOOL DESEGREGATION
SPECIAL ELECTION (RUNOFF PRIMARY ELECTION) SEPTEMBER 15, 1970
STATE RETURNS YES 138,887 NO 160,694
AMENDMENT REJECTED

SUBMITTED BY HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 1049, PAGE 668, SESSION LAWS 1970

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT AMENDING SECTION 5 OF ARTICLE I OF THE CONSTITUTION OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA; PROVIDING THAT SEGREGATION OF CHILDREN IN PUBLIC SCHOOLS OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA ON ACCOUNT OF RACE, CREED, COLOR OR NATIONAL ORIGIN IS PROHIBITED BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 476
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 184
ISSUE TITLE: CREATION OF HOSPITAL DISTRICTS
SPECIAL ELECTION (RUNOFF PRIMARY ELECTION) SEPTEMBER 15, 1970
STATE RETURNS YES 73,653 NO 219,952
AMENDMENT REJECTED

SUBMITTED BY HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 1033, PAGE 669, SESSION LAWS 1970

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT AUTHORIZING THE CREATION OF HOSPITAL DISTRICTS BY LAW AND AUTHORIZING A DULY ORGANIZED AND AUTHORIZED HOSPITAL DISTRICT TO ISSUE BONDS IN SUMS PROVIDED BY A MAJORITY OF TAXPAYING VOTERS IN A HOSPITAL DISTRICT FOR PURPOSES OF BUILDING, OPERATING AND MAINTAINING A DISTRICT HOSPITAL; PROVIDING FOR INTEREST ON THE BONDS; PROVIDING PROCEDURE FOR SALE OF BONDS; AUTHORIZING A SPECIAL, ANNUAL, RECURRING AD VALOREM TAX UPON THE PROPERTY WITHIN THE HOSPITAL DISTRICT NOT TO EXCEED TEN (10) MILLS ON THE DOLLAR AFTER APPROVAL OF A MAJORITY OF THE QUALIFIED ELECTORS OF A HOSPITAL DISTRICT VOTING AT AN ELECTION CALLED FOR THAT PURPOSE; PROVIDING FOR EXCHANGE, MATURITY, AND MAXIMUM OUTSTANDING AMOUNT OF BONDS; AUTHORIZING A FIVE-MILL TAX FOR OPERATION AFTER APPROVAL BY THE VOTERS OF THE DISTRICT AT AN ELECTION AND PROVIDING FOR APPROPRIATE LEGISLATION, BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 464
REFERENDUM PETITION NO. 19

ISSUE TITLE: ELECTION LAW-VOTING MACHINES
GENERAL ELECTION, NOVEMBER 3, 1970
STATE RETURNS YES 252,908 NO 299,654
BILL REJECTED

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL HOUSE BILL NO. 1267 OF THE 31ST OKLAHOMA LEGISLATURE, SECOND SESSION, PROVIDING, IN ANY ELECTION WHERE THERE ARE CANDIDATES FOR ELECTION ON A NON-PARTISAN BASIS OR CANDIDATES FOR RETENTION IN OFFICE ON A NON-COMPETITIVE BASIS, UNDER ARTICLE VII AND VII-B OF THE OKLAHOMA CONSTITUTION, THEN THE VOTING MACHINES SHALL BE PROGRAMMED SO THAT THE PARTY-VOTING LEVERS WILL NOT BE OPERATIVE AND PARTY-VOTING LEVERS SHALL NOT BE USED IN SUCH ELECTION, BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 469
REFERENDUM PETITION NO. 20
ISSUE TITLE: DEPOSIT OF STATE FUNDS
GENERAL ELECTION, NOVEMBER 3, 1970
STATE RETURNS YES 215,869 NO 334,217
BILL REJECTED

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL HOUSE BILL NO. 1129 OF THE FIRST SESSION OF THE 32ND LEGISLATURE, VESTING, THE STATE TREASURER WITH SOLE AUTHORITY TO DETERMINE AMOUNT OF PUBLIC FUNDS TO BE DEPOSITED IN ANY BANK APPROVED BY DEPOSITORY BOARD, AND REQUIRING NO LESS THAN 4.10% PER ANNUM INTEREST FROM TIME DEPOSITS ONLY, PROVIDING PENALTY FOR STATE TREASURER OR ANY BANK OFFICIAL TO KNOWINGLY VIOLATE ACT, AND REPEALING ALL CONFLICTING LAWS BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 478
INITIATIVE PETITION NO. 287
ISSUE TITLE: "BLUE LAWS"-SATURDAY & SUNDAY
SPECIAL ELECTION, DECEMBER 7, 1971
STATE RETURNS YES 109,409 NO 127,080
ACT REJECTED

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL AN ACT RELATING TO RETAIL SALES; MAKING IT UNLAWFUL TO SELL CERTAIN ENUMERATED MERCHANDISE ON THE CONSECUTIVE DAYS OF SATURDAY AND SUNDAY AT THE SAME LOCATION; DEFINING TERMS; EXEMPTING CERTAIN SALES; PROVIDING PENALTY FOR VIOLATIONS; DECLARING PROHIBITED SALES TO BE A PUBLIC NUISANCE AND PROVIDING REMEDY THEREFOR; MAKING ACT SEVERABLE AND REPEALING 21 O.S. 1961 SECTIONS 907, 908, 909 AND 911, BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 479
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 186
ISSUE TITLE: GENERAL OBLIGATION TAX BONDS
SPECIAL ELECTION, DECEMBER 7, 1971
STATE RETURNS YES 91,191 NO 132,176
AMENDMENT REJECTED

SUBMITTED BY SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 8, PAGE 1005, SESSION LAWS 1971

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT AMENDING SECTION 35, ARTICLE X, TO THE OKLAHOMA STATE CONSTITUTION, PRESCRIBING THE PROCEDURE FOR ISSUING BONDS AND ADMINISTERING ELECTIONS ON CITY, TOWN AND COUNTY GENERAL OBLIGATION LIMITED TAX BONDS FOR SECURING AND DEVELOPING INDUSTRY AND TO REMOVE THE REQUIREMENT THAT VOTERS IN SUCH ELECTIONS BE PROPERTY TAXPAYERS, BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 481
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 187
ISSUE TITLE: INVESTMENT OF EDUCATIONAL FUNDS
SPECIAL ELECTION, DECEMBER 7, 1971
STATE RETURNS YES 125,902 NO 94,176
AMENDMENT ADOPTED

SUBMITTED BY SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 24, PAGE 1008, SESSION LAWS 1971

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT AMENDING SECTION 6 OF ARTICLE XI OF THE OKLAHOMA CONSTITUTION BY AUTHORIZING AND ALLOWING THE INVESTMENT OF PERMANENT COMMON SCHOOL AND OTHER EDUCATIONAL FUNDS IN PROMISSORY NOTES EVIDENCING

FEDERAL AND STATE INSURED LOANS MADE TO STUDENTS UNDER FEDERAL OR STATE OF OKLAHOMA INSURED STUDENT LOAN PROGRAMS; DELETING EXISTING PROVISIONS REQUIRING SPECIFIC VITALIZING ACTS BY THE LEGISLATURE REGARDING INVESTMENTS OF DEPOSITS IN BANKS AND TRUST COMPANIES. BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 482
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 188
ISSUE TITLE: SELF INCRIMINATING TESTIMONY
SPECIAL ELECTION. DECEMBER 7. 1971
STATE RETURNS YES 120.842 NO 96.935.
AMENDMENT ADOPTED

SUBMITTED BY SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 22. PAGE 1009. SESSION LAWS 1971

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT AMENDING SECTION 27 OF ARTICLE II OF THE CONSTITUTION OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA TO PROVIDE THAT PERSONS MAY BE REQUIRED TO TESTIFY OR PRODUCE EVIDENCE TENDING TO ESTABLISH THE GUILT OF OTHERS ALTHOUGH INCRIMINATING AS TO THEMSELVES AND PROVIDING FOR IMMUNITY FROM PROSECUTION. PENALTY. OR FORFEITURE FOR PERSONS SO REQUIRED TO TESTIFY OR PRODUCE EVIDENCE. BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 483
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 189
ISSUE TITLE: GRAND JURY REORGANIZATION
SPECIAL ELECTION. DECEMBER 7. 1971
STATE RETURNS YES 142.436 NO 74.736
AMENDMENT ADOPTED

SUBMITTED BY SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 23. PAGE 1011. SESSION LAWS 1971

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT AMENDING ARTICLE II. SECTION 18. OF THE CONSTITUTION OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA TO PROVIDE FOR COMPOSITION OF GRAND JURIES; PROVIDING THAT GRAND JURIES BE CONVENED UPON THE FILING OF A PETITION SIGNED BY THE QUALIFIED ELECTORS OF A COUNTY; ESTABLISHING NUMERICAL SIGNATURE REQUIREMENTS FOR THE SUFFICIENCY OF SUCH PETITIONS; ALLOWING THE ATTORNEY GENERAL TO CONVENE AND CONDUCT GRAND JURIES. UPON THE FILING OF A VERIFIED APPLICATION. TO INVESTIGATE CRIMES ALLEGED TO HAVE BEEN COMMITTED IN ONE COUNTY OR INVOLVING MULTI-COUNTY CRIMINAL ACTIVITES; GRANTING SUCH GRAND JURIES POWER TO INDICT FOR ALL CHARACTER AND GRADES OF CRIMES. BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 484
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 190
ISSUE TITLE: ELECTOR-EIGHTEEN YEAR OLDS
SPECIAL ELECTION. DECEMBER 7. 1971
STATE RETURNS YES 130.284 NO 95.400
AMENDMENT ADOPTED

SUBMITTED BY SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 4. PAGE 1012. SESSION LAWS 1971

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT AMENDING ARTICLE 3. SECTION 1. OF THE CONSTITUTION OF OKLAHOMA. REDUCING THE AGE REQUIREMENT FOR QUALIFIED ELECTORS TO EIGHTEEN YEARS. BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 485
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 191
ISSUE TITLE: STATE INDEBTEDNESS-HIGHWAYS
SPECIAL ELECTION. MARCH 7. 1972
STATE RETURNS YES 114.493 NO 360.399
AMENDMENT REJECTED

SUBMITTED BY HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 1037. PAGE 603. SESSION LAWS 1972

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT AUTHORIZING LEGISLATURE TO ENACT LEGISLATION WHEREBY THE STATE MAY BECOME INDEBTED NOT TO EXCEED TWO HUNDRED FIFTY MILLION DOLLARS ($250.000.000) FOR THE PURPOSE OF PROVIDING SAFE HIGHWAYS. ELIMINATING HAZARDOUS HIGHWAY CONDITIONS. ACQUIRING. CONSTRUCTING. RECONSTRUCTING. EXTENDING AND IMPROVING HIGHWAY FACILITES; SPECIFYING EXPENDITURES IN EXISTING DISTRICTS; PROVIDING DEBT PAYMENT FROM A PORTION OF EXISTING GASOLINE TAX ALLOCATED TO STATE HIGHWAY DEPARTMENT. AND OTHER

UNOBLIGATED FUNDS; IF SUCH FUNDS SHOULD BECOME INSUFFICIENT, THEN FROM OTHER STATE INCOME; CREATING BOND COMMISSION AND SINKING FUND, DIRECTING INVESTMENT; ATTORNEY GENERAL TO PERFORM LEGAL WORK; PROVIDING ISSUANCE OF GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS WITH FULL FAITH AND CREDIT OF STATE BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 488
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 194
ISSUE TITLE: ELECTORS-PUBLIC UTILITY BONDS
SPECIAL ELECTION (REGULAR PRIMARY ELECTION), AUGUST 22, 1972
STATE RETURNS YES 189,945 NO 298,670
AMENDMENT REJECTED

SUBMITTED BY SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 10, PAGE 609, SESSION LAWS 1972

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT AMENDING SECTION 27, ARTICLE X, OKLAHOMA CONSTITUTION, TO REMOVE THE REQUIREMENT THAT VOTERS IN MUNICIPAL PUBLIC UTILITY BOND ELECTIONS BE PROPERTY TAXPAYERS BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 489
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 195
ISSUE TITLE: CITY-TOWN INDEBTEDNESS
SPECIAL ELECTION (REGULAR PRIMARY ELECTION), AUGUST 22, 1972
STATE RETURNS YES 242,369 NO 230,433
AMENDMENT ADOPTED

SUBMITTED BY SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 18, PAGE 610, SESSION LAWS 1972

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT AMENDING ARTICLE X, SECTION 26, OF THE OKLAHOMA CONSTITUTION BY PROVIDING THE MAXIMUM INDEBTEDNESS THAT MAY BE INCURRED IN ANY YEAR BY ANY CITY OR TOWN OF THE STATE SHALL NOT EXCEED, IN THE AGGREGATE, TEN PERCENT (10%) OF THE VALUATION OF THE TAXABLE PROPERTIES THEREIN, BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 490
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 196
ISSUE TITLE: FARM LAND LOAN VALUATION
SPECIAL ELECTION (REGULAR PRIMARY ELECTION), AUGUST 22, 1972
STATE RETURNS YES 223,794 NO 244,077
AMENDMENT REJECTED

SUBMITTED BY SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 42, PAGE 612, SESSION LAWS 1972

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT AMENDING SECTION 6, ARTICLE XI, OKLAHOMA CONSTITUTION, TO INCREASE FROM FIFTY PERCENT (50%) TO SEVENTY PERCENT (70%) THE PERCENTAGE OF THE REASONABLE VALUATION OF FARM LAND WHICH MAY BE LOANED ON SUCH LAND OUT OF THE PERMANENT COMMON SCHOOL AND OTHER EDUCATIONAL FUNDS AND AUTHORIZING INVESTMENT IN UNITED STATES GUARANTEED SECURITIES BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 480
INITIATIVE PETITION NO. 288
ISSUE TITLE: LIQUOR BY THE DRINK
GENERAL ELECTION, NOVEMBER 7, 1972
STATE RETURNS YES 463,405 NO 525,148
AMENDMENT REJECTED

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT: AN AMENDMENT TO SECTIONS 3, 4 AND 5 OF ARTICLE XXVII OF THE CONSTITUTION OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA PERMITTING THE SALE OF INTOXICATING ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES BY INDIVIDUAL DRINK FOR ON PREMISE CONSUMPTION; ALLOWING AREA FRANCHISE AGREEMENTS FOR THE MARKETING OF INTOXICATING ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES; PERMITTING ADVERTISING; PROVIDING FOR ENACTMENT OF LEGISLATION REGULATING THE MANUFACTURE, SALE DISTRIBUTION, POSSESSION, AND TRANSPORTATION OF INTOXICATING ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES AND THE LICENSING AND TAXATION THEREOF CONSISTENT WITH THE PROVISION OF THIS AMENDMENT; PROHIBITING SALES TO CERTAIN PERSONS AND PRESCRIBING PENALTIES, BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 486

LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 192
ISSUE TITLE: AD VALOREM TAXATION
GENERAL ELECTION, NOVEMBER 7, 1972
STATE RETURNS YES 537,310 NO 387,272
AMENDMENT ADOPTED

SUBMITTED BY HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 1005, PAGE 607, SESSION LAWS 1972

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT AMENDING SECTION 8, ARTICLE X, OKLAHOMA CONSTITUTION, WHICH RELATES TO ASSESSMENT OF PROPERTY FOR AD VALOREM TAXATION, TO PROVIDE FOR ASSESSMENT OF REAL PROPERTY AT NOT MORE THAN THIRTY-FIVE PERCENT (35%) OF ITS FAIR CASH VALUE FOR THE HIGHEST AND BEST USE AS ACTUALLY USED, OR WAS PREVIOUSLY CLASSIFIED FOR USE, DURING THE PREVIOUS CALENDAR YEAR; PROVIDED THAT A TRANSFER OF PROPERTY WITHOUT A CHANGE IN USE SHALL NOT REQUIRE A REASSESSMENT BASED EXCLUSIVELY UPON THE SALE VALUE; AND DIRECTING THE LEGISLATURE TO ENACT LAWS DEFINING CLASSIFICATIONS OF USE TO FACILITATE UNIFORM ASSESSMENT PROCEDURES IN THIS STATE BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

STATE QUESTION NO. 487
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 193
ISSUE TITLE: EMERGENCY TAXATION LEVY
GENERAL ELECTION, NOVEMBER 7, 1972
STATE RETURNS YES 490,966 NO 413,023
AMENDMENT REJECTED

SUBMITTED BY SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 12, PAGE 605, SESSION LAWS 1972

PROPOSITION GIST:
SHALL A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT AMENDING ARTICLE 10, SECTION 9, OF THE CONSTITUTION OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA PROVIDING FOR AN EMERGENCY TAX LEVY OF NOT TO EXCEED 5 MILLS AND THE LOCAL SUPPORT TAX LEVY OF NOT TO EXCEED 10 MILLS, AFTER ONCE BEING APPROVED BY A MAJORITY OF THE ELECTORS IN A SCHOOL DISTRICT, SHALL CONTINUE TO BE EFFECTIVE UNTIL REPEALED BY A VOTE OF THE PEOPLE BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?