

MEASURING THE ECONOMIC IMPACTS OF
SWITCHGRASS AND CELLULOSIC ETHANOL
PRODUCTION IN OKLAHOMA

By

JAMES DAKOTA MOSS

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Thesis Approved:

Dr. Rodney Holcomb

Thesis Adviser

Dr. Phil Kenkel

Dr. Dave Shideler

Dr. Sheryl A. Tucker

Dean of the Graduate College

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CHAPTER I

INTRODUCTION

Due in part to an increasing reliance on foreign fuel supply, consumers in the United States are seeing an increase in fuel prices. Higher fuel prices makes it more expensive for consumers to conduct day to day activities such as driving to work, purchasing goods, and even heating their homes. With this dependence on foreign energy the U.S. could be vulnerable to an energy crisis similar to those in 1973 and 1979. Because of the increase in energy prices, dependence on foreign oil, and government policies, the demand for biofuels has increased greatly. The production of biofuels could hypothetically let consumers see a decrease in their energy costs and communities could see possible economic opportunities through biofuel production. Government policy such as the Energy Independence and Security Act of 2007 was created to help the country become more energy independent and less dependent on foreign energy sources. In Title II, Subtitle A, Section 202, the Renewable Fuel Standard set forth a mandate for 36 billion gallons renewable fuels to be produced in the United States by 2022 (U.S. Congress, 2007). To help meet this rising demand, renewable fuel plants are being built throughout the grain belt in the United States. With renewable fuel plants being highly

dependent on agricultural inputs, they are usually located in rural communities with easy access to feed stock supplies.

With Oklahoma being a major agriculture based state, it could potentially have the opportunity to become a large contributor to the production of alternative energy sources. Currently ethanol plants in the U.S. use mainly corn as their feedstock, but the state of Oklahoma is not a major corn producer. Corn-ethanol production not being present, Oklahoma has a potential advantage in producing an alternative viable renewable energy crop such as switchgrass for a cellulosic feedstock. As the production of cellulosic ethanol from switchgrass in Oklahoma is being considered the direct and indirect economic impacts must be projected and analyzed for the regions they are located.

Switchgrass (*Panicum virgatum*) is a perennial grass native to North America. It is resistant to many pests and plant diseases, and it is capable of producing high yields with very low applications of fertilizer. This means that the need for agricultural chemicals to grow switchgrass is low; however, fertilization may be necessary to maintain harvestable stands. Switchgrass also is very tolerant of poor soils, flooding and drought (Burden 2011). Switchgrass yields in some areas can exceed 10 tons per acre with relatively low amounts of inputs (Ugarte, English, and Jensen, 2007). Epplin (2009) also showed that switchgrass lands are not expected to require many farming activities, which could benefit farmers through collective land use shifts to switch grass production with lower establishment and operating costs compared to other crops. Given these benefits of switchgrass it is being considered as a leading feedstock for cellulosic ethanol production.

Ethanol production from switchgrass has been projected to have a positive economic impact on the county where the biofuel facility is located and surrounding areas where switchgrass would be sourced. Schlosser et al. (2008) showed through multiple scenarios with changes in sales, increasing employment, detailed budget information, and changes in grain procurement how cellulosic ethanol production positively impacted labor markets for the Great Plains region. Swenson (2006) modeled ethanol plant configuration in a three county region in Iowa based on configuration of input and output accounts for the industry with price, cost, and other regional production factors used to modify IMPLAN® sector accounts. Fulton (2010) determined that the impacts of switchgrass farming and cellulosic ethanol conversion in eastern and western Tennessee would have positive economic impacts through the region's output, employment, and total value added.

With the possible installation of a cellulosic biofuel conversion facility and the need for local supplies of biomass, farmers will have the opportunity to expand operations to meet this need or convert crop land over to an energy crop. Research has also examined potential advantages of cellulosic conversion technology using varying feed stocks, including agricultural residues, native grasses, introduced perennials, and dedicated energy crops at the same facility (Thorsel et al. 2004). Because of varying harvest windows across species, specialized harvest and collection equipment could be used throughout many months and reduce the fixed costs of harvest machinery per unit of feedstock. With the need for specialized harvest equipment, agricultural cooperatives may be a viable alternative for producers wanting to produce, harvest, store, and market the energy crops. Incentives such as the Biomass Crop Assistance Program (BCAP) in

the 2008 Farm Bill were designed specifically to spur regional land use transition into switch grass and other biomass feedstock crops, yet the impacts on regional equipment demand were not considered when BCAP was introduced.

Biorefinery locations must have or be near optimal storage facilities that can handle the needed amount of biomass to keep the facilities operational year round. A facility's location must also be close enough to where biomass is being produced so that harvest, production, and logistics costs are economically feasible. The location must also have the utilities and infrastructure to bring in biomass and take out cellulosic ethanol and byproducts. Communities identified as viable locations for a cellulosic biofuel facility have the possibility to see benefits in the form of new jobs, increased economic activity, and advances in local agriculture through crop expansion and use of specialized technology.

The overall objective of this research is to determine the economic impacts of potential bioenergy production on communities and counties in Oklahoma. Specific objectives include:

- A. Measure the direct economic impacts of cellulosic ethanol production.
- B. Measure the indirect economic impacts of cellulosic ethanol production.
- C. Measure the induced economic impacts of cellulosic ethanol production.
- D. Analyze the main industries impacted by cellulosic ethanol production in the region the plant is located.

CHAPTER II

RELATED LITERATURE

In Oklahoma, little research has been conducted on the possible economic impact of cellulosic ethanol conversion facilities that include the needed infrastructure and needed acres for biomass production. In fact, the literature is inconsistent on the optimal locations for biorefineries in Oklahoma. Tembo et al. (2003) identified Canadian, Comanche, Custer, Garfield, Jackson, Okmulgee, Payne, Pontotoc, Texas, Washington, and Woodward counties as the most viable designated cellulosic conversion facility locations. According to the EPA's Renewable Fuel Standard Program (RFS2) Regulatory Impact Analysis, the most viable counties in Oklahoma for biomass production are Craig, Grady, Hughes, Kingfisher, Lincoln, Muskogee, and Osage counties. (U.S. EPA, 2010)

Location Feasibility

With varying viable locations, economical and physical factors will influence the success of a plant. Agricultural supply constraints limit the number of plants an immediate region can support (Low and Isserman, 2008). Low and Isserman (2008) also state that factors that will influence location are access to railways, adequate highways for truck transport, and access to abundant water and power. In the central northern region of the U.S., the

largest plants are adjacent to major grain distribution terminals. For cellulosic ethanol plants to become operational and the industry to reach full potential in Oklahoma a significant investment will be required in infrastructure.

According to Ragan and Kenkel (2007) the full development of a cellulosic based industry could require \$10 billion or more for infrastructure investment in Oklahoma and across the southern plains. Granja et al. (2010) determined that economic success associated with a cellulosic ethanol conversion facility can be analyzed through economic risk associated with development and operation. Economic factors for establishment and operation will be essential in the determination for specific viable locations. Duffy (2008) showed that costs for production, storage, and transportation may vary depending on the practices employed, and optimal practices will most likely vary by plant location in Oklahoma.

Biofuel Demand

Ugarte et al. (2007) discusses the mandates and policies that have brought on the need for research and development of the ethanol industry. In 2005 The Energy Policy Act mandated that 7.5 billion gallons of renewable fuels be produced by 2012. The Biofuels Security Act of 2007 set a series of mandates that required 10 billion gallons of renewable fuels by 2010, 30 billion by 2020, and sixty billion by 2030. Ugarte et al. (2007) concluded that if these mandates are met for the entire period through 2030 the cumulative displacement could be as high as 10.48 billion barrels of oil and a possible reduction in imports of \$629 billion dollars.

With the growing demands and deadlines being set forth for alternative energy sources, cellulosic feedstock such as switchgrass will need to play a major role (Walsh et

al., 2007). Because switchgrass is not a conventionally grown crop, it must compete with conventional crops for land use, and it is assumed that switchgrass can be grown on any land suitable for corn or wheat production (Beckman et al., 2011). Beckman et al. (2011) also determined that the mandates for cellulosic ethanol will have effects strongest in the wheat market, as switchgrass will primarily compete with land used for wheat production. If mandates are met by 2030 estimated cellulosic feedstock production in Oklahoma could be as much as 38 million dry tons annually (Ugarte et al., 2007). Ragan and Kenkel (2007) determined that use of CRP lands to produce biorefinery feedstock would have minimal impacts on other crop and livestock industries due to the current lack of production on those acres. If switchgrass is to become competitive with wheat or corn for land, farmers will need to have incentives to convert crop production and improved pasture acres to a long-term feedstock crop. This could be in the form of subsidies or a premium from the ethanol plant they are to supply.

Cellulosic Ethanol Feasibility

In switchgrass production estimated costs are higher for bales and pellets than for modulated and chopped material based on yield, hauling distance, and truck capacity for estimated delivery cost (Bransby et al., 2005). Popp and Hogan (2007) also concluded that an advantage of the module system is the ability to provide chopped material to the plant where it can be easily metered for the production process, but difficulties associated with module building are uncertainties about whether and how well switchgrass modules will last in the field as well as the high labor and equipment intensity compared to the more easily adoptable round baling or large square baling.

Harvest costs may vary greatly due to differences in harvesting practices and the associated equipment used for these activities. Thorsel et al. (2004) under economies of size for supplying biomass to a biorefinery estimated the optimal harvester unit to be ten laborers, nine tractors, three mowers, three rakes, three balers, and one bale transporter; also it was determined that balers that form large rectangular solid (approximately 1:2 m×1:2 m×2:4 m) bales would be the least-cost method of baling. In general, it is easier to stack and store rectangular solid bales than cylindrical bales. Besides baling or module building switchgrass, another method to consider is loafing of switchgrass, grinding and transportation the biomass by truck to a biorefinery. The cheapest harvest method, depending on location and biorefinery, may be baling, loafing or ensiling (Kumar and Shahab, 2007). Determining possible harvest costs helps to provide the economically efficient scale for a biomass conversion facility.

In the determination of size for a cellulosic ethanol facility, it is important to consider the number of available acres of production that surround the facility's possible location. Size of a cellulosic biomass facility is determined by millions of gallons produced per year at full capacity, such as 20, 50, or 100 million gallons per year. For cellulosic ethanol facilities research has shown that higher the conversion rates (gallons per ton), lower construction costs and lower delivered lignocellulosic biomass costs are necessary to sustain financial viability (Busby et al. 2008).

Biomass conversion facilities must achieve economies of size in order to make ethanol a feasible alternative fuel (Busby et al. 2008). Gill et al. (2003) studied the feasibility of 15, 30, and 80 million gallon-per-year ethanol production facilities, and based on their estimates, each facility required a certain subsidy level to remain

economically feasible. Under a zero subsidy level, the 15 million gallon-per-year facility has no chance of success, but with a .455/gal subsidy the plant has a 100% chance of success. The 30 million gallon-per-year facility was 100% successful with a subsidy value of \$0.375/gal, and the 80 million gallon-per-year facility was 100% successful with a \$0.225/gal subsidy. This study shows that a facility must utilize economies of size in order to be economically efficient. In certain viable locations, economies of size are needed in relation to available biomass resources and infrastructure.

Economic Impact Assessments

Once a facility's location is determined there will be many different economic impacts measured. Using input-output analysis, direct, indirect, and induced impacts can be measured to show how a specific activity such as the operation of an ethanol facility will affect the region's economy in the region. Measuring these impacts at different locations is more beneficial and efficient for the results of the study, and suggests how a plant will affect communities with different levels of urbanization and size. Low and Isserman (2008) conducted a study similar to this for three communities in Illinois and classified the communities as being rural, urban, or mixed rural. This classification in their study helped to show how the establishment and operation of an ethanol plant would affect differing communities.

Measuring the impact of biofuel production has also been conducted through input-output analysis. Swenson (2006) utilized input-output analysis to estimate impacts for ethanol plants for a three county region in Iowa. Focusing his models on accounts for the industries that are sensitive to price, cost and other regional production factors, Swenson (2006) modified industry accounts to show ethanol production. Through this

type of analysis, impacts for output, value added, and jobs were measured. Further, Swenson (2006) assumed that with the production of ethanol corn production would not increase to meet the demand, but did show an increase of 135 jobs. In utilizing input-output analysis software such as IMPLAN® more in depth industry details can also be measured to show how industry change can affect additional industries.

Schlosser et al. (2008) evaluated input-output impact projections by taking actual labor impacts from a Kansas ethanol plant opening and comparing them to the projected impacts before the plant was established. In multiple scenarios with projections based on employment or projected sales, Schlosser et al. (2008) showed pre-opening jobs and income estimates exceeded the actual impacts. In other scenarios with more information on actual production technology estimates were more approximate to what actually took place.

Flanders and McKissick (2007) analyzed a proposed operation of a cellulosic ethanol production from wood cellulose in Georgia. Using input-output analysis on Treutlen County for the plant location, impacts for plant construction and ethanol production were measured. With the construction and operation of the plant, 194 jobs would be created on the county level, 432 jobs for an 18 county region, and, on the state level, and 444 jobs. With no viable operating plant to compare projections, these estimations may be off, as in the case of Schlosser et al. (2008).

Petersan (2002) used input-output analysis to estimate employment and economic impacts for the operation of Nordic Biofuels Ethanol Plant in Ravenna, Nebraska. A nine-county model was developed using industry data from 1999. Variables impacting the analysis included labor income, property income, employment, and industry output.

Input-output analysis measured employment effects, labor effects, output effects, indirect business tax effects, and retail sale effects.

Fulton (2010) used input-output analysis to measure the impact of cellulosic ethanol production in the western and eastern regions of Tennessee and compare the two. In analyzing the two regions, factors included production, storage, transport, and conversion of switchgrass to ethanol. Using the costs from those factors, the study projected the economic impacts of a cellulosic ethanol facility in the two study regions. Fulton concluded that the implementation of a cellulosic facility in either region would have a positive economic impact for the study area.

CHAPTER III

METHODOLOGY

The economic impacts from the operation of cellulosic ethanol facilities in Oklahoma were determined using the input-output analysis software IMPLAN®. IMPLAN® is software that uses a combination of regional social accounts, industry accounts, and multiplier models to provide adaptable models. The IMPLAN® data utilizes county, state, and federal economic statistics by region and uses this data to measure the effect on a region or local economy for a new activity or event such as the operation of a cellulosic ethanol facility.

The first step of the study was to establish the location and number of plants in the state. Secondly, switchgrass production was added to IMPLAN® since it is not currently represented in the industry accounts. Industry accounts and study area data will be modified to show that switchgrass will be in production in the target area. Third, each scenario assumed the ethanol plants were already constructed and the operation activity was modeled through operating and depreciation expenditures. In this study construction cost impacts for an ethanol plant and establishment costs for switchgrass stands were not measured. Construction costs for a plant only occur once, thus are temporary do not sustain long-term employment. Establishment cost for switchgrass stands exist but are

sunk costs and not accounted for in this study. Operating costs for a plant and maintenance costs for switchgrass take place over many years and were measured. Finally, after switchgrass production and cellulosic ethanol plant operation were modeled, economic impacts from the two activities were projected by IMPLAN® for each different scenario.

Input-Output Analysis and IMPLAN®

Input-output analysis is a type of applied economic analysis that tracks the interdependence among various producing and consuming sectors of an economy. More particularly, it measures the relationship between a given set of demands for final goods and services and the inputs required to satisfy those demands (MIG, 2012). When models are run in IMPLAN®, estimates of multipliers are provided to determine the direct economic effects, indirect economic effects, and induced economic effects.

In IMPLAN® multipliers are estimations for the changes in the final demand for a given industry on all other industries in the study region's economy. Type I multipliers are used to measure the direct and indirect economic impacts while Type II multipliers are used to measure direct, indirect, and induced economic impacts. For example an employment multiplier of 1.5 is used for employees of a cellulosic ethanol facility. For every one direct employee at the ethanol plant an additional 1.5 indirect jobs will be created in the local economy. The same is for an income multiplier; with an income multiplier of 1.4 is being used, for every dollar being generated by the ethanol plant an additional \$1.40 will be generated in the local economy.

The direct economic effects that are modeled are expenditures or production changes that consumers make as a result of an activity. Indirect economic effects are the

impacts of local industries from which goods or services are bought due to the new activity in the area (MIG, 2012). Induced economic effects are responses by an economy to the new activity's (direct impacts) payroll and owners spending income locally (MIG, 2012).

The combination of the direct, indirect, and induced effects represent the transfer of money between industries due to the new activity in the modeled region. The three effects represent changes in the region's employment, labor income, total value added, and output. Employment is the number of new jobs created in the region due to the new activity. Labor income represents employee compensation and proprietor income. Total value added represents the cost of production in excess of goods and services purchased from the industry. This category captures labor costs as well as expenses associated with management experience, investor returns, and retained earnings by the firm. Output represents the total revenues, sales, or the total value of the output from the activity.

Switchgrass Production Area and Plant Location Data

In determining the optimal plant locations and switchgrass production areas this study expanded on the dissertation work of Mohua Haque (2010). A comprehensive mathematical programming model was used to determine optimal locations and production areas. The model is designed and solved to determine the area and quantity of switchgrass harvested by county, the number of harvest machines, and the cost to procure, harvest, store, and transport a flow of switchgrass biomass to an optimally located and optimally sized biorefinery (Haque, 2010).

In Haque's model it is assumed that the life of an ethanol plant is twenty years. All plant investment costs will occur in year zero. Biomass harvest and delivery, plant

operation, and ethanol production begins in year one and continues through year twenty. All operation activities in year one through year twenty are assumed to be identical. Biorefinery investment costs for a 50 million gallon capacity facility are assumed to be \$275 million. The biorefinery is assumed to operate 350 days per year, and depends entirely on switchgrass as a single feedstock. A conversion rate of 100 gallons of ethanol per dry ton of switchgrass is assumed. Feedstock delivery takes place in all twelve months of the year. In the model six candidate biorefinery locations are considered in Canadian, Garfield, Okmulgee, Payne, Pontotoc, and Washington counties.

For switchgrass stands total harvested acres in each county may not exceed the number of acres available for harvest in the county. Biomass harvested is equal to the available biomass in the field. Haque's original model was limited to the eastern 57 counties of Oklahoma's 77 counties as production regions. The harvest season begins in July and extends through March. Fields harvested in July are expected to require 80 pounds per acre of nitrogen to achieve highest yields while fields harvested in October through March are expected to require only 63 pounds per acre. Switchgrass production is restricted to cropland and improved pasture land and is limited to no more than ten percent of the each production county's cropland and no more than ten percent of the county's improved pasture land. Storage losses at the biorefinery and in the field are assumed to be one percent per month. Also switchgrass dry matter will be of equivalent value to the biorefinery independent of harvest month and time in storage.

Haque's (2010) model was expanded by Haque in post doctoral research to account for switchgrass production in all 77 counties in Oklahoma. The model identified nine possible optimal locations for ethanol plants in an iterative manner, up to the point

where 10% of all crop and pasture acres in each county was converted to switchgrass production.

Table 3.1. Scenarios 1-9 with ethanol plant locations and needed acres and biomass tonnage to supply the ethanol plants.

Scenario	Assumptions	Biorefinery locations	Total Biomass harvested (tons) For total Cropland and Improve pasture	Acres harvested For total Cropland and Improve pasture
1	Restricted to one biorefinery	Grady	605,320	133,139
2	Restricted to two biorefineries	Grady & Garfield	1,211,188	271,961
3	Restricted to three biorefineries	Grady, Garfield, & Okmulgee	1,818,083	400,967
4	Restricted to four biorefineries	Grady, Garfield, Okmulgee, & Pontotoc	2,423,282	554,783
5	Restricted to five biorefineries	Grady, Garfield, Okmulgee, Pontotoc, & Woods	3,029,439	707,302
6	Restricted to six biorefineries	Grady, Garfield, Okmulgee, Pontotoc, Woods, & Washington	3,634,462	853,002
7	Restricted to seven biorefineries	Canadian, Comanche, Garfield, Okmulgee, Pontotoc, Washington, Woodward	4,239,542	1,023,216
8	Restricted to eight biorefineries	Blaine, Garfield, Grady, Jackson, Okmulgee, Pontotoc, Washington, Woodward	4,846,144	1,223,953
9	Restricted to nine biorefineries	Blaine, Grady, Garfield, Jackson, Okmulgee, Pontotoc, Texas, Woods, Washington	5,454,980	1,450,558

The economic impacts reported in this thesis were measured by modeling the iterative scenarios with one plant one location, two plants two locations, up to nine plant locations. The updated Haque study results of the nine different scenarios are provided.

Biorefinery locations by scenario are shown in Table 3.1. as well as total acres harvested and biomass harvested to supply the biorefineries for each scenario.

In the current study it is assumed that all ethanol plants are 50 million gallon annual capacity. Plants will operate 350 days a year. Payroll for all plant employees is assumed to be \$2.7 million for each plant. Biomass is supplied throughout the year. Also it is assumed that switchgrass stands and ethanol plants are already established. Because both are already established the investment costs for switchgrass stands and ethanol plants are not included in the input-output analysis. Only the switchgrass maintenance costs and ethanol plant operation and depreciation costs are included in the study. Operation and depreciation costs for each plant are assumed to be identical, and maintenance costs for switchgrass are assumed to be identical for both cropland and improved pasture land. Land use is restricted to no more than 10% of cropland acres or pasture land acres by county as in Haque's (2010) earlier model. Land use is restricted to only 10% to keep land prices from rising as ethanol plants are bidding to lease land for switchgrass production.

Switchgrass Production

To account for switchgrass production in the targeted study areas for each differing scenario, the first step was to create a different model for each scenario containing the counties where switchgrass production would be in production for that specific scenario in IMPLAN®. Each scenario's switchgrass production region can be viewed in Appendix A. After the new model is opened and each county with switchgrass production is added to the model, industry accounts were constructed. To show switchgrass production is currently in operation in the targeted region, study area data

and industry production accounts were edited in all other crop farming (IMPLAN® sector 10).

In determining specific industry accounts to edit to account for switchgrass production in the study region, a switchgrass maintenance budget developed by Griffith et al. (2010) was utilized to calculate new coefficients for the costs of DAP, Urea, fertilizer application, swathing, bailing, hauling, and operating capital. The cost of DAP was divided by the total value of production for switchgrass to give the new coefficient for IMPLAN® sector 319 (Wholesale trade businesses). Next urea cost was divided by the total value of production for switchgrass to give the new coefficient for IMPLAN® sector 130 (Fertilizer manufacturing). The three costs for the activities of fertilizer application, swathing, and bailing are combined and then divided by the total value of production to give the new coefficient under sector 19 (Support activities for agriculture and forestry). The cost of hauling from field to plant is divided by total value of production to give the new coefficient under sector 335 (Transport by truck). Operating capital is divided by total value of production to give the final needed coefficient under sector 354 (Monetary authorities and depository credit intermediation activities). These new coefficients are entered into industry production account sector 10 (all other crop farming) to show that switchgrass production is in the study region. To complete the model to account for switchgrass production in the region study area data under sector 10 is also changed. Totals for employment, output, employee compensation proprietor income, other property type income and indirect business tax were altered to reflect switchgrass production in the region. Scenario 1 values used to edit the study area data

and production function under sector 10 can be viewed in Appendix B. After these changes were made, the model was reconstructed through multipliers.

In each scenario for switchgrass production the number of switchgrass supplying counties changed as we add another plant location. As the production region expanded the average yield per acre for switchgrass production also changed. This differing yield per acre in each scenario influences all cost activities in the model and causes differing coefficients used in each scenario.

When the model was reconstructed a new industry change activity was added for the switchgrass supply counties, and an event under this activity was created under sector 10, all other crop farming. The event year was changed to 2009 and under industry sales the total value for production for switchgrass in that scenario was entered. Total value of production was the sum of cash cost, labor cost, and proprietor income for switchgrass. After the switchgrass activity was put into the model, the direct, indirect, and induced economic effects that take place in the targeted production region due to switchgrass production for each scenario were estimated. This process was repeated for all scenarios as the switchgrass production region increased to supply the increasing number of plants.

Modeling Ethanol Production

In cellulosic ethanol production we assumed that the plants were already established in the state of Oklahoma. Because of this assumption, establishment and construction costs were not used in measuring the economic impacts for ethanol production. Expenditures for ethanol plant operation were taken from a Tennessee cellulosic ethanol plant budget created by Ugarte et al. (2006) to measure the impacts of a 69.3 million gal/year cellulosic ethanol plant. All expenditures were converted to be used

for a 50 million gal/year plant for this study by multiplying the original expenditure by a (50/69.3) ratio. Because the budget was from 2006 the IMPLAN® sectors where the expenditures fell had to be edited, as the industry sectors changed from having 509 sectors to 440 sectors. Below is the converted operating budget for ethanol plants in the current study with corresponding IMPLAN® in Table 3.2.

Table. 3.2. IMPLAN® expenditures for ethanol production from switchgrass.

Type	IMPLAN Sector	Description	Expenditures
Operating	10	All Other Crop Farming	\$16,915,300.87
Operating	33	Water, sewage and other treatment and delivery systems	\$299,333.33
Operating	123	Alkalies and chlorine manufacturing	\$175,063.74
Operating	124	Carbon black manufacturing	\$65,651.29
Operating	125	All other basic inorganic chemical manufacturing	\$997,511.53
Operating	126	Other basic organic chemical manufacturing	\$6,621,177.49
Operating	130	Fertilizer manufacturing	\$154,855.70
Operating	164	Lime and gypsum product manufacturing	\$1,132,948.77
Operating	357	Insurance carriers	\$485,111.83
Operating	368	Accounting, tax preparation, bookkeeping, and payroll services	\$484,497.84
Operating	390	Waste management and remediation services	\$1,500,216.45
Operating	417	Commercial and industrial machinery and equipment repair and maintenance	\$1,714,124.82
Depreciation	35	Construction of new nonresidential manufacturing structures	\$36,602.45
Depreciation	123	Alkalies and chlorine manufacturing	\$572.26
Depreciation	124	Carbon black manufacturing	\$214.61
Depreciation	125	All other basic inorganic chemical manufacturing	\$3,260.75
Depreciation	141	All other chemical product and preparation manufacturing	\$1,114.72
Depreciation	188	Power boiler and heat exchanger manufacturing	\$764,256.85
Depreciation	189	Metal tank (heavy gauge) manufacturing Metal can, box, and other metal container (light gauge)	\$650,420.63
Depreciation	190	manufacturing	\$42,170.27
Depreciation	202	Other fabricated metal manufacturing	\$36,533.91
Depreciation	203	Farm machinery and equipment manufacturing	\$122,575.76
Depreciation	207	Other industrial machinery manufacturing	\$640,788.60
Depreciation	213	Other commercial and service industry machinery manufacturing	\$107,266.96
Depreciation	214	Air purification and ventilation equipment manufacturing	\$1,019,031.02
Depreciation	214	Air purification and ventilation equipment manufacturing	\$17,801.59
Depreciation	215	Heating equipment (except warm air furnaces) manufacturing Air conditioning, refrigeration, and warm air heating equipment	\$73,306.64
Depreciation	216	manufacturing	\$220,336.22
Depreciation	222	Turbine and turbine generator set units manufacturing	\$829,566.38

Depreciation	226	Pump and pumping equipment manufacturing	\$490,205.63
Depreciation	227	Air and gas compressor manufacturing	\$80,202.02
Depreciation	228	Material handling equipment manufacturing	\$1,481,998.56
Depreciation	228	Material handling equipment manufacturing	\$11,934.34
Depreciation	230	Other general purpose machinery manufacturing	\$21,563.49
Depreciation	251	Industrial process variable instruments manufacturing	\$42,852.09
Byproduct	31	Electric power generation, transmission, and distribution	\$4,721,594.52

For each scenario the values for the above IMPLAN® sectors were quantified based on the number of ethanol plants in the model. For the first scenario, values were only for one plant and multiplied by one, multiplied by two for two plants in scenario 2, and this continued through all nine scenarios.

For the ethanol plant in IMPLAN® a new model was constructed with the target location for the first scenario. Once the model was constructed a new industry change activity was opened to show ethanol plant operation. Under this activity, the operating and depreciation expenditures were entered under events to show an ethanol plant in operation. The inputs available locally for each scenario, their scenario values, and the total direct impact they had can be seen in Appendix B.

Once the events were entered for ethanol plant operation under the industry exchange activity another activity was created to account for plant employee income in the region. This activity was represented as a labor income change in the region with a new event under it for payroll. A value of \$2.7 million was used as the total salary for plant employees. This value was taken from Hodur and Leistritz (2009) when they analyzed the impacts of a 50 million gal/year cellulosic plant in North Dakota. This salary value was used for each scenario and quantified depending on the number of plants in the given scenario. Once these activities were entered with their corresponding events,

the model showed the direct, indirect, and induced impacts that cellulosic ethanol production was expected to have in the region for the given scenario.

The steps discussed above were followed for each scenario with the values for each activity and event being multiplied corresponding to the number of ethanol plants in the scenario. Among the scenarios the only difference between scenarios took place for the first. For the first scenario model different management scenarios are modeled to compare how a 50% cooperative owned ethanol plant will impact the region compared to a 100% privately owned ethanol plant.

In each scenario, a 100% private ownership was assumed, but in the first we compared private and cooperative ownership impacts. A cooperative business does not retain profits but redistributes them to members through annual cash patronage or qualified stocks. Accounting for private ownership, we just followed the original steps discussed above. To account for cooperative ownership, we took 50% of the plant's profits and kept them in the region. To do this, under the labor income change activity, we added an additional event for proprietor income. Under proprietor income, 50% of the plants profits were entered. Profits were calculated by taking the current market price of \$2.29 gallon (Nebraska Energy Statistics, 2012) and adding a dollar tax credit (DOE, 2011) to give a new ethanol price of \$3.29. The breakeven price from scenario one of \$2.81 (Haque, 2010) was subtracted from the new ethanol price of \$3.29 to give a profit of \$0.48 per gallon of ethanol. The \$0.48 profit per gallon was multiplied by the plant capacity of 50 million gal/year to give plant profits of \$24 million, and 50% of the plant profits (\$12 million) were entered in to the proprietor income event. With this, we were able to model cooperative ownership in IMPLAN® through cash returns to producers in

the region. Once the cooperative and private ownership models were run separately, results were compared from the two to analyze how the different management will affect Grady County.

CHAPTER IV

RESULTS

It is important to remember that investment costs for both switchgrass production and cellulosic ethanol production were treated as temporary costs and not included in the model. Also, switchgrass production and ethanol production were modeled separately as two different models, so results are presented separately for each individual scenario. Results for the two activities were also summed to show the total impact in the given scenario for the study region. For the results we focus on the total impacts from the two activities, as well as go into detail on how they affect industry employment and output. It should also be noted that the methods used for each scenario were the same, except for the first scenario where different ownership/management practices (private ownership versus cooperative ownership) were considered.

Scenario one

For the first scenario, we modeled both a cooperative ownership and private ownership structure. For this we measured the impacts of 0% cooperative ownership (100% private ownership), 50% cooperative ownership (50% private ownership), and 100% cooperative ownership (0% private ownership). Also, switchgrass production to

supply the single ethanol plant was modeled. The impacts from switchgrass production, from private ownership, from the 50% cooperative ownership model, and finally impacts for the 100% model are presented below.

For switchgrass production there were eight counties in the production region for the single plant located in Grady County (scenario one). Industry output for switchgrass production was \$32.2 million in direct effects, \$11.2 million in indirect effects, and \$16.9 million in induced effects. The total industry impacts for the switchgrass production region including direct, induced, and indirect were \$60.3 million. Employment for switchgrass production was 169 direct employees, 123 indirect employees, and 165 induced employees. This gave an impact of 457 total employees for switchgrass production. All impacts are shown below in table 4.1.

Table. 4.1. Switchgrass Production Scenario One. Eight County production region.

	Switchgrass Production			
	Direct Effects	Indirect Effects	Induced Effects	Total Effects
Employment	169	123	165	457
Labor Income	\$9,541,416.85	\$4,553,850.07	\$6,356,543.20	\$20,451,810.11
Total Value Added	\$9,541,416.85	\$6,439,878.17	\$10,746,172.92	\$26,727,467.94
Output	\$32,180,907.10	\$11,239,092.17	\$16,887,026.37	\$60,307,025.64

Employment results showed that the industries affected the most fall under IMPLAN sector 10 (All other crop farming), sector 19 (Support activities for agriculture and forestry), sector 335 (Transport by truck), and sector 319 (Wholesale trade businesses). Industries affected by output from switchgrass production are under sectors 10 (All other crop farming), 319 (Wholesale trade businesses), 335 (Transport by truck), and 361 (Imputed rental activity for owner-occupied dwellings). The top ten industries

affected by switchgrass production for employment, output, labor income, and value added can be seen in Appendix C.

Under private ownership for the ethanol plant in Grady county we see output impacts projected at \$5.3 million direct, \$.68 million indirect, and \$3.7 induced, for total output impacts of \$9.7 million. Under employment for the private ownership ethanol plant there are 52 direct employees, 7 indirect employees, and 40 induced employees, for a total of 99 employees. For employment under operation of the privately owned ethanol plant the industry's most affected areas are IMPLAN® sectors 417 (Commercial and industrial machinery and equipment repair and maintenance), 390 (Waste management and remediation services), 368 (Accounting, tax preparation, bookkeeping, and payroll services), and 413 (Food services and drinking places). Under output the most affected industries are IMPLAN® sectors 417(Commercial and industrial machinery and equipment repair and maintenance), 31 (Electric power generation, transmission, and distribution), 390 (Waste management and remediation services), and 361 (Imputed rental activity for owner-occupied dwellings).

For the first cooperative-owned cellulosic ethanol plant scenario we assume 50% producer ownership and so 50% of the profits will stay in the region and distributed as annual cash patronage. Under the 50% cooperative ownership industry output is \$5.3 million direct, \$.68 million indirect, and \$11.7 million induced, for a total industry output of \$17.7 million. Employment for the cooperative ethanol plant is 52 direct employees, 7 indirect employees, and 125 induced employees, totaling 184 employees. The top ten industries affected for employment, labor income, output, and value added can be seen in Appendix C.

The top industries impacted by employment for the cooperative plant are IMPLAN® sectors 417 (Commercial and industrial machinery and equipment repair and maintenance), 413 (Food services and drinking places), 437 (* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, non-education)), and 368 (Accounting, tax preparation, bookkeeping, and payroll services). For industry output the top sectors affect by ethanol plant operation are 361 (Imputed rental activity for owner-occupied dwellings), 417 (Commercial and industrial machinery and equipment repair and maintenance), 31 (Electric power generation, transmission, and distribution), and 390 (Electric power generation, transmission, and distribution).

The second cooperative owned cellulosic ethanol plant scenario assumes 100% producer ownership with 100% of the profits staying in the region and distributed as annual cash patronage. Under this cooperative ownership model industry output is \$5.3 million direct, \$.68 million indirect, and \$19.7 million induced, for a total of \$25.7 million. Employment for the cooperative ethanol plant is 52 direct employees, 7 indirect employees, and 210 induced employees, for a total of 269 employees. The top ten industries affected for employment, labor income, output, and value added can be seen in Appendix C.

The top industries impacted by employment for the cooperative plant are IMPLAN® sectors 417 (Commercial and industrial machinery and equipment repair and maintenance), 413 (Food services and drinking places), 437 (* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, non-education)), and 394 (Offices of physicians, dentists, and other health practitioners). For industry output the top sectors affect by ethanol plant operation are 361 (Imputed rental activity for owner-occupied dwellings), 417

(Commercial and industrial machinery and equipment repair and maintenance), 31 (Electric power generation, transmission, and distribution), and 413 (Food services and drinking places).

Comparing the three differing ownership structures for the cellulosic ethanol plant we see a decrease in direct output from the 100% private ownership to 50% cooperative ownership of \$112,823. Indirect industry output decreases by \$45,707. However, induced industry output increases by \$7.4 million. Total industry impacts for output increase by \$7.2 million as the plant changes from 100% private ownership to 50% cooperative ownership. There are no direct or indirect changes in employment as the ownership structures change, but induced employment impacts for the region increase from 40 induced employees for the 100% private management to 124 induced employees for the cooperative management. This gives a total of 84 jobs created through the 50% cooperative ownership scenario.

As the model changes from an assumed 50% cooperative ownership to 100% cooperative ownership we see a no changes in the direct or indirect impacts, but a large increase is shown through the induced impacts. Under induced impacts employment jobs increase from 125 to 210, labor income increases from \$4.2 million to \$6.9 million, total value added increases from \$7.5 million to \$12.7 million, and industry output increases from \$11.7 million to \$19.7 million. In Table 4.2 the direct, indirect, induced, and total impacts for each differing management model can be seen and compared. With the increase in cooperative ownership it is shown that there is a large increase in induced impacts from the additional cash returns kept in the study region.

Table 4.2. Scenario 1. Private Ownership, 50% Cooperative Ownership, and 100% Cooperative Ownership Management Impacts.

	Direct Effects	Indirect Effects	Induced Effects	Total Effects
Private Ownership (0% coop ownership)				
Employment	52	7	40	99
Labor Income	\$1,933,639.04	\$228,823.40	\$1,373,056.63	\$3,535,519.08
Total Value Added	\$3,434,784.34	\$355,600.20	\$2,383,011.72	\$6,173,396.25
Output	\$5,336,510.92	\$682,556.55	\$3,687,517.76	\$9,706,585.24
50% Cooperative Ownership				
Employment	52	7	125	184
Labor Income	\$1,933,639.04	\$228,823.40	\$4,158,492.66	\$6,320,955.10
Total Value Added	\$3,434,784.34	\$355,600.20	\$7,527,034.26	\$11,317,418.79
Output	\$5,336,510.92	\$682,556.55	\$11,710,683.67	\$17,729,751.14
100% Cooperative Ownership				
Employment	52	7	210	269
Labor Income	\$1,933,639.04	\$228,823.40	\$6,943,928.51	\$9,106,390.95
Total Value Added	\$3,434,784.34	\$355,600.20	\$12,671,056.49	\$16,461,441.02
Output	\$5,336,510.92	\$682,556.55	\$19,733,849.11	\$25,752,916.59

Scenarios two-six

In scenario one the only ethanol plant located in Oklahoma is in Grady County. In scenario two ethanol plants are located in Grady and Garfield County. In scenario three ethanol plants are located in Grady, Garfield, and Okmulgee County. A plant is added per scenario on top of these first three plant locations up to scenario six. For scenario four a plant is added in Pontotoc county, scenario five a plant is added in Woods County, and in scenario six a plant is added to Washington County. For scenarios seven through nine, plant locations change due to optimal infrastructure and switchgrass supply density, but that will be discussed later.

For scenarios two through six the switchgrass production county area increases with the addition of each plant. In scenario two switchgrass production takes place in 13

counties, scenario three 25 counties, scenario four 37 counties, scenario five 45 counties, and in scenario six 56 counties. Table 4.3 shows the total combined direct, indirect, and induced economic impacts for switchgrass production and ethanol production for scenarios two through six.

Table 4.3. Total impacts for switchgrass and ethanol production in scenarios two-six.

	Scenario 2	Scenario 3	Scenario 4	Scenario 5	Scenario 6
Switchgrass Production					
Employment	925	1,637	2,189	2,672	3,229
Labor Income	\$42,569,270.17	\$67,034,656.26	\$89,755,008.79	\$110,584,794.39	\$132,078,642.37
Total Value Added	\$54,473,637.35	\$87,246,540.41	\$116,273,142.45	\$142,286,205.25	\$169,277,760.58
Output	\$116,931,346.80	\$195,848,404.06	\$262,863,129.26	\$323,230,003.80	\$386,535,038.14
Ethanol Production					
Employment	204	306	410	524	601
Labor Income	\$8,266,028.95	\$12,251,465.29	\$16,516,918.62	\$20,654,685.40	\$24,261,618.53
Total Value Added	\$14,772,697.91	\$22,265,496.10	\$30,753,718.18	\$38,406,041.35	\$45,916,985.24
Output	\$23,435,791.54	\$35,448,042.76	\$48,934,088.92	\$61,274,166.91	\$73,274,947.66

In scenario two an employment impact of 925 jobs is generated from the production of switchgrass. In scenario three employment increases to 1,637, scenario four 2,189, scenario five 2,672, and in scenario six 3,229. From scenario two through six switchgrass production area increases from 13 counties to 56 counties, adding on average 576 jobs per scenario. In scenarios two through six labor income increases from \$42.6 million to \$132 million with an average increase of \$22.3 million for each scenario. Total value added in scenario two is \$54.5 million and increase to \$169.3 million in scenario six, increasing on average \$28.7 million per scenario. Total industry output for scenarios two through six ranges from \$116.9 million to \$368.5 million with an average increase of \$67.4 million from scenario to scenario.

In this study the main focus for the economic impacts are employment and total industry output. In scenarios two through six top industries impacted from switchgrass production for employment are IMPLAN® sectors 10 (All other crop farming) which in this study is switchgrass farming, sector 19 (Support activities for agriculture and forestry), sector 335 (Transportation by truck), and sector 413 (Food services and drinking places). Scenarios two through six industries impacted by total industry output fall under IMPLAN® sector 10 (All other crop farming), sector 335 (Transportation by truck), sector 319 (Wholesale trade businesses), sector 19 (Support activities for agriculture and forestry), and sector 361 (Imputed rental activity for owner-occupied dwellings).

Ethanol production in scenario two has an employment impact of 204 jobs. In scenario three projected employment increases to 306, scenario four to 410, scenario five to 524, and in scenario six 601 jobs. From scenario two through six the projected employment impacts average for ethanol production ninety-nine jobs from the addition of each plant from scenario to scenario. Labor income for scenarios two through six increases from \$8.3 million in scenario two to \$24.3 million in scenario six with an average increase of \$3.9 million for each scenario. Total value added in scenario two is \$14.8 million and increase to \$45.9 million in scenario six, increasing on average \$7.8 million per scenario. Total industry output for scenarios two through six ranges from \$23.4 million to \$73.3 million with an average increase of \$12.5 million from scenario to scenario.

With the main focus of the economic impacts being employment and total industry output for this study in scenarios two through six top industries impacted from

ethanol production under employment fall under IMPLAN® sectors 417 (Commercial and industrial machinery and equipment repair and maintenance), sector 390 (Waste management and remediation services), sector 413 (Food services and drinking places), sector 31 (Electric power generation transmission and distribution), and sector 368 (Accounting, tax preparation, bookkeeping, and payroll services). Scenarios two through six industries impacted by total industry output fall under IMPLAN® sectors 31 (Electric power generation transmission and distribution), 417 (Commercial and industrial machinery and equipment repair and maintenance), sector 390 (Waste management and remediation services), and sector 361 (Imputed rental activity for owner-occupied dwellings).

Scenarios Seven-Nine

As the number of plants increase the optimal locations also change in relation to switchgrass supply density and available infrastructure to supply the switchgrass to the plants. In the previous six scenarios plant locations were added onto the previous scenarios without optimal locations needing to change, but in scenarios seven through nine ethanol plant locations do change in relation to infrastructure and switchgrass production density. Plants for scenario seven are located in Canadian, Comanche, Garfield, Okmulgee, Pontotoc, Washington, and Woodward Counties. The switchgrass production area increases to 64 counties to meet the production demand for the seven ethanol plants. For scenario eight optimal ethanol plant locations change to Blain, Garfield, Grady, Jackson, Okmulgee, Pontotoc, Washington, and Woodward County. The switchgrass production area increases to 71 counties to meet the production demand for eight ethanol plants. For the ninth and final scenario ethanol plant locations are Blain,

Garfield, Grady, Jackson, Okmulgee, Pontotoc, Texas, Woods, and Washington County. The switchgrass production area increases to all 77 counties in Oklahoma to meet the production demand for the nine ethanol plants. In the table below we see the total combined direct, indirect, and induced economic impacts for switchgrass production and ethanol production for scenarios seven through nine.

Table 4.4. Total impacts for switchgrass and ethanol production in scenarios seven-nine.

	Scenario 7	Scenario 8	Scenario 9
Switchgrass Production			
Employment	3,794	4,590	5,160
Labor Income	\$156,365,852.03	\$188,998,798.53	\$215,860,071.22
Total Value Added	\$200,176,761.31	\$240,858,132.41	\$274,675,043.01
Output	\$453,040,482.56	\$540,033,080.10	\$614,732,675.81
Ethanol Production			
Employment	594	795	971
Labor Income	\$25,742,709.62	\$32,700,784.46	\$37,211,089.95
Total Value Added	\$48,856,387.43	\$62,421,963.65	\$70,932,854.86
Output	\$77,374,881.21	\$99,671,514.28	\$114,140,566.82

In scenario seven to nine switchgrass production area increases from sixty-four counties to seventy-seven counties with an employment impacts ranging from 3,794 to 5,160 jobs with an average increase of 683 jobs from scenario to scenario. In scenarios seven through nine labor income increases from \$156.4 million to \$215.8 million with an average increase of \$29.7 million for each scenario. Total value added in scenario seven is \$200 million and increase to \$247.7 million in scenario nine, increasing on average \$37.2 million per scenario. Total industry output for scenario seven through nine ranges from \$453 million to \$614.7 million with an average increase of \$80.8 million from scenario to scenario.

Focusing on the economic impacts from employment and total industry output in scenarios seven through nine top industries impacted from switchgrass production under employment are IMPLAN® sectors 10 (All other crop farming) which in this study is switchgrass farming, sector 19 (Support activities for agriculture and forestry), sector 335 (Transportation by truck), and sector 413 (Food services and drinking places). Scenarios seven through nine industries impacted by total industry output fall under IMPLAN® sector 10 (All other crop farming), sector 335 (Transportation by truck), sector 19 (Support activities for agriculture and forestry), and sector 361 (Imputed rental activity for owner-occupied dwellings).

Ethanol production in scenario seven has an employment impact of 3,794 jobs. In scenario eight projected employment increases to 4,590, and in scenario nine to 5,160. Scenario's seven through nine the projected employment impacts average for ethanol production 189 jobs from the addition of each plant from scenario to scenario. Labor income for scenarios seven through nine increases from \$25.7 million in scenario seven to \$37.2 million in scenario nine with an average increase of \$5.7 million for each scenario. Total value added in scenario seven is \$48.9 million and increase to \$70.9 million in scenario nine, increasing on average \$11 million per scenario. Total industry output for scenarios seven through nine ranges from \$77.4 million to \$114 million with an average increase of \$18.4 million from scenario to scenario.

With the main focus from the economic impacts being employment and total industry output for this study in scenarios seven through nine top industries impacted from ethanol production under employment are IMPLAN® sectors 417 (Commercial and industrial machinery and equipment repair and maintenance), sector 390 (Waste

management and remediation services), sector 413 (Food services and drinking places), and sector 31 (Electric power generation transmission and distribution). Scenarios seven through nine industries impacted by total industry output fall under IMPLAN® sectors 31 (Electric power generation transmission and distribution), 417 (Commercial and industrial machinery and equipment repair and maintenance), sector 390 (Waste management and remediation services), and sector 361 (Imputed rental activity for owner-occupied dwellings).

CHAPTER V

SUMMARY, CONCLUSION, AND RECOMINDATIONS FOR FURTHER RESERCH

In the state of Oklahoma switchgrass production for biomass and cellulosic ethanol production could have a possible positive economic impact for differing communities in the state. Currently in the state switchgrass is not commercially grown so the exact economic effects it would have are unknown. The same is true for cellulosic ethanol production, since no one conversion technology has been proven most effective for switchgrass or similar feedstocks. As a result, there is not currently a plant located in neither the state nor a representative example to show how it would impact the site location community or surrounding communities. These facts notwithstanding, the objective of this study was to project how proposed switchgrass production proposed cellulosic ethanol plants would impact Oklahoma communities.

Through the use of a comprehensive linear mathematical programming model, optimal switchgrass production regions and cellulosic ethanol plant locations were determined for Oklahoma. Using data for switchgrass maintenance and data for cellulosic ethanol conversion, expenditures were entered into IMPLAN® to estimate the direct, indirect, and induced impacts on industries in the study region. This was done for nine scenarios, with an additional biorefinery site being iteratively added with each scenario

and the ninth scenario represents a scenario where all 77 counties in the state are producing switchgrass on 10% of their cropland and pasture land acres. In each scenario ethanol plants are assumed to be 50 million gal/year capacity and already in operation, and switchgrass is assumed to be in existing stands so investment costs are not considered in the economic impacts of either activity.

In scenario one, where a single plant was optimally located in Oklahoma, additional impact assessments were made for varying levels of cooperative and private ownership of the facility. By retaining plant profits in the region through cash patronage to producer owners cooperative ownership was measured for 50% cooperative ownership and 100% cooperative ownership. For the 100% privately owned no profits are retained in the region. For the 100% privately owned scenario there is a combined industry output for switchgrass production and ethanol production of \$70 million, and a combined employment impact of 556 employees for the region. In the 100% cooperative owned scenario there is a combined industry output for switchgrass production and ethanol production of \$86.1 million, and a combined employment impact of 726 employees in the region. Because of the induced impacts that result from the cooperative membership model industry output is \$16.1 million higher than the privately owned and employment has 170 more jobs.

In all other scenarios private equity ownership is assumed. From the establishment of a single plant in the state and the switchgrass production area of only eight counties to supply it a combined economic impact for industry output of \$70 million and an employment impact of 556 jobs from the two activities. In the ninth scenario switchgrass production and ethanol production have a combined industry output

impact of \$728.9 million and the total employee impact is 6,132. From the range of industry output and employment from scenarios one through nine the results show that the production of switchgrass for cellulosic ethanol production will have a large economic impact on the state of Oklahoma.

With the implementation of more plants the economic impact increases but an important factor is the ownership structure for the ethanol plants. In scenario one modeling different management scenarios under cooperative ownership and private ownership a large difference was measured through the induced economic impacts for varying levels of cooperative ownership. Induced economic effects are responses by an economy due to the new activity's (direct impacts) payroll and owners-spending income locally (MIG, 2012). With the induction of cash patronage into the local economy through the cooperative ownership induced impacts were much higher because the cash returns to producers went back into the local economy. In future studies cooperative ownership needs to be measured and compared to private ownership for multiple plant locations to see how these greater induced returns will impact differing local economies and the state as a whole.

Also aspects that are beyond the scope of this study are attitudes toward ethanol production from switchgrass in Oklahoma communities. Currently switchgrass production and cellulosic ethanol production are not present in Oklahoma. For these activities to be feasible attitudes of producers need to be addressed as well as the willingness to adopt switchgrass for cellulosic ethanol production. Currently the impacts for jobs and income from switchgrass production compared to jobs and income from other crops in Oklahoma are being assessed in an alternate study. The needed incentives

to get producers to engage in long term contracts to supply ethanol facilities with biomass would have to be considered.

Further the impacts of ethanol production for multi-year periods are not addressed in the current study. The long term economic effects on the communities where optimal plant locations were found need to be measured. With switchgrass being grown on improved pasture and cropland the Oklahoma livestock market would also see impacts. Studies beyond the present one would need to show if these impacts would be positive or negative on livestock producers and on what scale. Lastly the environmental impacts for both switchgrass production and cellulosic ethanol production need to be analyzed and how they'll affect the involved industries and regions in which they are located.

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APPENDICES

APPENDIX A: TOTAL BIOMASS AND ACERAGE HARVESTED BY COUNTY

Table A.1 Total Acres and Biomass utilized by County for Scenario 1

County	Total acres by county by cropland and improve pasture land for 1 plant		Total biomass harvested by county by cropland and improve pasture land for 1 plant	
	Cropland	Pastureland	Cropland	Pastureland
Caddo	26092.9	12448.6	135719.993	49732.325
Canadian	21412.7		92560.19	
Cleveland	4074.5	3699.2	24094.537	13233.888
Garvin	7653.929		32750.697	
Grady	16645.8	3294.82	90308.865	10200.762
McClain	7062.5	6264.6	35409.963	21299.64
Oklahoma	5525.4	2941.3	33261.803	12375.52
Stephens	6031.1	9991.3	23388.606	30983.021
Total		133,139		605,320

Table A.2 Total Acres and Biomass utilized by County for Scenario 2

County	Total acres by county by cropland and improve pasture land for 2 plant		Total biomass harvested by county by cropland and improve pasture land for 2 plants	
	Cropland	Pastureland	Cropland	Pastureland
Alfalfa	27,196		112,514	
Caddo	26,093	12,449	126,928	38,080
Canadian	21,413		95,253	
Cleveland	4,075	3,699	23,015	12,352
Garfield	37,041	7,731	213,300	30,769
Garvin	9,018		38,130	
Grady	16,646		81,741	
Grant	37,120		137,708	
Jeffers		5,744		20,668
Kingfish	25,921		113,145	
McClain	7,063	6,265	32,528	21,300
Oklahoma	5,525	2,941	33,262	11,550
Stephens	6,031	9,991	30,071	38,875
Total		271,961		1,211,188

Table A.3 Total Acres and Biomass utilized by County for Scenario 3

County	Total acres by county by cropland and improve pasture land for 3 plants		Total biomass harvested by county by cropland and improve pasture land for 3 plants	
	Cropland	Pastureland	Cropland	Pastureland
Alfalfa	27195.5		110737.263	
Caddo	26092.9	12448.6	138719.364	46240.325
Canadian	21412.7		95478.63	
Cherokee	4341.6		19419.977	
Cleveland	4074.5	3699.2	23014.813	13251.393
Creek	6343.9		28674.428	
Garfield	37040.6	7731	224254.43	30769.38
Garvin	9018.4		38129.795	
Grady	16645.8	6406.322	77273.373	19833.973
Grant	34320.542		131647.082	
Haskell	5309.2	1552.834	22670.284	5152.303
Hughes	5410.2	7090	28721.67	25261.67
Kingfish	25920.5		110685.981	
McClain	7062.5	6264.6	32527.756	21299.64
McIntosh	5449.2	5165.4	29992.397	16704.904
Muskogee	11055.2	6067.1	58375.878	19748.411
Okfuskee	3984	5632.5	21058.482	23656.5
Oklahoma	5525.4	2941.3	33261.803	12375.52
Okmulgee	6453	4917.1	38347.598	23300.17
Pittsburg	7263.1	8735.8	35141.653	26355.909
Rogers	7867.8	5368.8	45486.116	24870.966
Seminole	4812.8		22560	
Stephens	6031.1	9991.3	23388.606	30983.021
Tulsa	5156	2920.9	24130.08	13669.812
Wagoner	10248		50912.064	
Total		400,967		1,818,083

Table A.4 Total Acres and Biomass utilized by County for Scenario 4

County	Total acres by county by cropland and improve pasture land for 4 plant		Total biomass harvested by county by cropland and improve pasture land for 4 plants	
	Cropland	Pastureland	Cropland	Pastureland
Alfalfa	27195.5		110345.741	
Caddo	26092.9	12448.6	135957.055	47320.347
Canadian	21412.7	4725.425	95334.759	13268.994
Carter	4592.3	10386.9	18580.446	28356.237
Cherokee	4341.6		19419.977	
Cleveland	4074.5	3699.2	23014.813	14116.147
Coal	3540.3	5358.1	20082.701	21073.407
Creek	6343.9	6763.8	28674.428	18613.978
Garfield	37040.6	7731	229281.314	30769.38
Garvin	9018.4	9006.6	54471.136	34369.186
Grady	16645.8	10013.6	84141.594	31002.106
Grant	37981.496		127902.688	
Haskell	5309.2	5533.5	22670.284	18360.153
Hughes	5410.2	7090	31266.628	31035.766
Jeffers	4618.3	8102.5	17295.533	29152.795
Johnston	3682.6	5945.5	18394.587	21403.8
Kingfish	25920.5		108094.512	
Lincoln	8854		37053.99	
Love	3030.219	5162.5	11645.132	17129.175
Marshall	2267.2		7903.459	
McClain	7062.5	6264.6	32839.804	21299.64
McIntosh	5449.2	5165.4	29992.397	16704.904
Murray	2457.7	2932.8	12099.257	10426.104
Muskogee	11055.2	6067.1	58375.878	19748.411
Okfuskee	3984	5632.5	20237.525	23656.5
Oklahoma	5525.4	2941.3	33261.803	12536.501
Okmulgee	6453	4917.1	38347.598	23300.17
Pittsburg	7263.1	8735.8	38976.7	26355.909
Pontotoc	5604.6	8642.6	32674.818	30257.743
Pottawatomie	7707.7	6801.6	37125.569	20894.515
Rogers	7867.8	5368.8	42245.757	24681.419
Seminole	4812.8	6902.4	23763.2	21369.83
Sequoyah	5895.2	4399.4	25956.566	15582.675
Stephens	6031.1	9991.3	23968.762	37570.192
Tulsa	5156	2920.9	22837.145	12910.378

Wagoner	10248	48083.616
Washing	5186.6	27698.519
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Total	554782.94	2423282.053

Table A.5 Total Acres and Biomass utilized by County for Scenario 5

County	Total acres by county by cropland and improve pasture land for 5 plant		Total biomass harvested by county by cropland and improve pasture land for 5 plants	
	Cropland	Pastureland	Cropland	Pastureland
Alfalfa	27195.5	4995.6	139033.448	15935.964
Caddo	26092.9	12448.6	135957.055	46240.325
Canadian	21412.7	1323.89	94794.098	3717.484
Carter	4592.3	10386.9	18580.446	28356.237
Cherokee	4341.6		19419.977	
Cleveland	4074.5	3699.2	23014.813	14116.147
Coal	3540.3	5358.1	18846.433	20825.145
Comanche	10145.25		32355.714	
Creek	6343.9	6763.8	28630.7	18613.978
Dewey	14441.6	6007.1	66532.451	18381.726
Garfield	37040.6	7731	213227.284	30769.38
Garvin	9018.4	9006.6	46845.177	30677.126
Grady	16645.8	10013.6	75087.539	31002.106
Grant	39051.9		139236.032	
Harper	15227		78419.05	
Haskell	5309.2	5533.5	22670.284	18360.153
Hughes	5410.2	7090	31266.628	31035.766
Jeffers	4618.3	8102.5	17295.533	29152.795
Johnston	3682.6	5945.5	14306.901	16647.4
Kay	28257.4		103456.73	
Kingfish	25920.5		109573.983	
Lincoln	8854		39511.437	
Love	4241.3	5162.5	16299.316	17129.175
Major	18171.8		61379.625	
Marshall	2267.2		7903.459	
McClain	7062.5	6264.6	32939.5	21299.64
McIntosh	5449.2	5165.4	29012.258	16704.904
Murray	2457.7	2932.8	12099.257	10426.104
Muskogee	11055.2	6067.1	58375.878	22111.598
Noble	16213.2		51436.377	
Okfuskee	3984	5632.5	20237.525	23656.5
Oklahoma	5525.4	2941.3	33261.803	13035.547
Okmulgee	6453	4917.1	38347.598	23300.17
Pittsburg	7263.1	8735.8	37650.425	26355.909
Pontotoc	5604.6	8642.6	29407.336	30257.743

Pottawatomie	7707.7	6801.6	37038.343	20894.515
Rogers	7867.8	5368.8	45409.008	25571.614
Seminole	4812.8	6902.4	23763.2	21369.83
Sequoyah	5895.2	4399.4	25956.566	15582.675
Stephens	6031.1	9991.3	23388.606	35173.864
Tulsa	5156	2920.9	24130.08	13669.812
Wagoner	10248		50912.064	
Washing	4737.074		25352.871	
Woods	24699.8	6873.7	129868.709	27288.589
Woodward	9056.68		29547.417	
Total		707302.497		3029438.86

Table A.6 Total Acres and Biomass utilized by County for Scenario 6

County	Total acres by county by cropland and improve pasture land for 6 plants		Total biomass harvested by county by cropland and improve pasture land for 6 plants	
	Cropland	Pastureland	Cropland	Pastureland
Adair	4632.4		20039.762	
Alfalfa	27195.5	4995.6	139033.448	15935.964
Blaine	10120.835		32305.706	
Caddo	26092.9	12448.6	135957.055	46240.325
Canadian	21412.7	9342.5	94786.943	26233.74
Carter	4592.3	10386.9	18580.446	28356.237
Cherokee	4341.6		19419.977	
Cleveland	4074.5	3699.2	23014.813	14116.147
Coal	3540.3	5358.1	17312.421	21073.407
Comanche	2526.175		7939.769	
Craig	10088	5326.5	56638.399	23058.419
Creek	6343.9	6763.8	28674.428	18613.978
Custer	215.614		709.37	
Delaware	6880.7	5524.6	36854.405	27925.308
Dewey	14441.6	6007.1	66532.451	18381.726
Garfield	37040.6	7731	214264.518	30769.38
Garvin	9018.4	9006.6	49205.228	30457.253
Grady	16645.8	10013.6	81740.865	31002.106
Grant	39051.9		135483.47	
Harper	15227		78419.05	
Haskell	5309.2	5533.5	22670.284	18360.153
Hughes	5410.2	7090	31266.628	31035.766
Jeffers	4618.3	8102.5	17295.533	29152.795
Johnston	3682.6	5945.5	14306.901	16647.4
Kay	28257.4		103210.153	
Kingfish	25920.5	11270.1	109902.92	29953.174
Latimer	2669.4		12273.367	
Leflore	9338.558	8455.9	51227.56	35396.397
Lincoln	8854		39524.256	
Love	4241.3	5162.5	16299.316	17129.175
Major	18171.8		61605.326	
Marshall	2267.2	2298.3	7903.459	5727.364
Mayes	9480.5	5655.2	40742.449	16286.976
McClain	7062.5	6264.6	32939.5	21299.64
McIntosh	5449.2	5165.4	29992.397	16704.904

Murray	2457.7	2932.8	13443.619	10426.104
Muskogee	11055.2	6067.1	58375.878	24262.333
Noble	16213.2		51436.377	
Nowata	5378.5	4153.9	27882.144	12972.63
Okfuskee	3984	5632.5	21565.342	23656.5
Oklahoma	5525.4	2941.3	33261.803	13035.547
Okmulgee	6453	4917.1	38347.598	23300.17
Osage	7930.4	9061.9	34973.064	23530.547
Ottawa	9452	3043.2	46071.884	14071.757
Pittsburg	7263.1	8735.8	35804.178	26355.909
Pontotoc	5604.6	8642.6	32674.818	30257.743
Pottawatomi	7707.7	6801.6	37354.127	20894.515
Rogers	7867.8	5368.8	44662.984	24870.966
Seminole	4812.8	6902.4	23763.2	22617.383
Sequoyah	5895.2	4399.4	25956.566	15582.675
Stephens	6031.1	9991.3	23388.606	33456.697
Tulsa	5156	2920.9	24130.08	13669.812
Wagoner	10248		46133.024	
Washing	5186.6	2350.5	35061.416	10976.835
Woods	24699.8	6873.7	129759.11	27288.589
Woodward	12811.1	7769.5	41796.214	19462.597
Total		853,002		3,634,462

Table A.7 Total Acres and Biomass utilized by County for Scenario 7

County	Total acres by county by cropland and improve pasture land for 6 plants		Total biomass harvested by county by cropland and improve pasture land for 4 plants	
	Cropland	Pastureland	Cropland	Pastureland
Adair	4632.4		20039.762	
Alfalfa	27195.5		112863.289	
Blaine	21936.3		84453.373	
Caddo	26092.9	12448.6	120847.335	43350.405
Canadian	21412.7	9342.5	117327.072	26233.74
Carter	4592.3	10386.9	18580.446	28356.237
Cherokee	4341.6		19419.977	
Cleveland	4074.5	3699.2	23014.813	14116.147
Coal	3540.3	5358.1	18006.237	19233.332
Comanche	10689.1	7124.7	41361.823	20455.014
Cotton	11866.2	7642.3	47002.018	22605.923
Craig	10088	5326.5	55593.725	23058.419
Creek	6343.9	6763.8	28674.428	18613.978
Custer	20602		76202.308	
Delaware	6880.7	5524.6	36854.405	28019.666
Dewey	14441.6	6007.1	66532.451	18381.726
Ellis	12612.5	5666.4	49441	14902.632
Garfield	37040.6	7731	229031.05	30769.38
Garvin	9018.4	9006.6	46845.177	34369.186
Grady	16645.8	10013.6	79777.178	31002.106
Grant	39051.9		140847.745	
Harper	15227		78419.05	
Haskell	5309.2	5533.5	22670.284	18360.153
Hughes	5410.2	7090	31266.628	31035.766
Jeffers	4618.3	8102.5	21248.798	29152.795
Johnston	3682.6	5945.5	14306.901	16647.4
Kay	28257.4		103210.153	
Kingfish	25920.5	11270.1	112653.498	28580.974
Kiowa	26136	7948.3	82694.304	19083.868
Latimer	2669.4	3342	12273.367	10527.3
Leflore	10010.5	8455.9	56307.06	35396.397
Lincoln	8854		39066.303	
Logan	1325.755		4518.172	
Love	4241.3	5162.5	16299.316	17129.175
Major	18171.8		61329.825	

Marshall	2267.2	2298.3	7903.459	5727.364
Mayes	9480.5	5655.2	40742.449	16286.976
McClain	7062.5	6264.6	32939.5	21299.64
McIntosh	5449.2	5165.4	29992.397	18457.362
Murray	2457.7	2932.8	12099.257	10426.104
Muskogee	11055.2	6067.1	58375.878	24262.333
Noble	16213.2		51436.377	
Nowata	5378.5	4153.9	27882.144	12972.63
Okfuskee	3984	5632.5	20472.886	23656.5
Oklahoma	5525.4	2941.3	33261.803	14190.596
Okmulgee	6453	4917.1	38347.598	23300.17
Osage	7930.4	9061.9	34973.064	23162.216
Ottawa	9452	3043.2	46071.884	12416.256
Pawnee	4513.9		14360.396	
Pittsburg	7263.1	8735.8	35804.178	26355.909
Pontotoc	5604.6	8642.6	32674.818	30257.743
Pottawatomie	7707.7	6801.6	37158.371	20894.515
Pushmataha	3452.6		13848.379	
RogerMills	8750.5		26400.259	
Rogers	7867.8	5368.8	42203.666	24870.966
Seminole	4812.8	6902.4	23763.2	21369.83
Sequoyah	5895.2	4399.4	25956.566	15582.675
Stephens	6031.1	9991.3	28734.573	42143.366
Tillman	26269.6	6951.2	103160.719	19911.712
Tulsa	5156	2920.9	24130.08	13669.812
Wagoner	10248	570.205	45244.669	1539.553
Washing	5186.6	2350.5	35061.416	10976.835
Woods	24699.8	6873.7	112305.438	20466.442
Woodward	12811.1	7769.5	55728.285	25950.13
Total		1,023,216		4,239,542

Table A.8 Total Acres and Biomass utilized by County for Scenario 8

County	Total acres by county by cropland and improve pasture land for 8 plants		Total biomass harvested by county by cropland and improve pasture land for 4 plants	
	Cropland	Pastureland	Cropland	Pastureland
Adair	4632.4		20039.762	
Alfalfa	27195.5	850.441	113233.781	2034.68
Beaver	31030.8	8493.9	107366.568	24547.371
Beckham	15772.3		50712.676	
Blaine	21936.3	8404.7	85927.078	22163.194
Caddo	26092.9	12448.6	132561.951	46240.325
Canadian	21412.7	9342.5	95299.509	26233.74
Carter	4592.3	10386.9	18580.446	28356.237
Cherokee	4341.6	4855.6	19419.977	13017.864
Cleveland	4074.5	3699.2	23014.813	14116.147
Coal	3540.3	5358.1	18846.433	21073.407
Comanche	10689.1	7124.7	33595.841	15909.455
Cotton	11866.2	7642.3	38707.544	18616.643
Craig	10088	5326.5	53988.941	21777.395
Creek	6343.9	6763.8	28674.428	18613.978
Custer	20602	7810.9	77463.52	17183.98
Delaware	6880.7	5524.6	36854.405	26600.949
Dewey	14441.6	6007.1	64245.44	17300.448
Ellis	12612.5	5666.4	49441	14902.632
Garfield	37040.6	7731	228389.58	30769.38
Garvin	9018.4	9006.6	46845.177	28038.53
Grady	16645.8	10013.6	84619.371	31002.106
Grant	39051.9		136239.794	
Greer	12702	4822.3	44590.371	11067.179
Harmon	10972.9	4796.9	39546.332	11335.075
Harper	15227	5235	78419.05	11045.85
Haskell	5309.2	5533.5	22670.284	18360.153
Hughes	5410.2	7090	31266.628	31035.766
Jackson	25734.5		83478.568	
Jeffers	4618.3	8102.5	17295.533	29152.795
Johnston	3682.6	5945.5	14306.901	16647.4
Kay	28257.4		113718.621	
Kingfish	25920.5	11270.1	115566.335	28580.974
Kiowa	26136	7948.3	100414.512	23173.269
Latimer	2669.4	3342	12273.367	10527.3

Leflore	10010.5	8455.9	56307.06	35396.397
Lincoln	8854	6491.969	37053.99	17723.074
Logan	10271.6		35005.613	
Love	4241.3	5162.5	16299.316	17129.175
Major	18171.8	7280.4	81773.1	18565.02
Marshall	2267.2	2298.3	7903.459	5727.364
Mayes	9480.5	5655.2	40742.449	16286.976
McClain	7062.5	6264.6	35076.151	21299.64
McIntosh	5449.2	5165.4	29992.397	16704.904
Murray	2457.7	2932.8	12099.257	10426.104
Muskogee	11055.2	6067.1	58375.878	22028.693
Noble	16213.2		51436.377	
Nowata	5378.5	4153.9	27882.144	12972.63
Okfuskee	3984	5632.5	20237.525	23656.5
Oklahoma	5525.4	2941.3	33261.803	13200.554
Okmulgee	6453	4917.1	38347.598	23300.17
Osage	7930.4	9061.9	34973.064	23162.216
Ottawa	9452	3043.2	44596.965	12416.256
Pawnee	4513.9		14151.077	
Payne	6612.7		21821.91	
Pittsburg	7263.1	8735.8	38976.7	26355.909
Pontotoc	5604.6	8642.6	32674.818	30257.743
Pottawatomie	7707.7	6801.6	37221.651	20894.515
Pushmataha	3452.6		15628.884	
RogerMills	8750.5	890.82	26400.259	1958.022
Rogers	7867.8	5368.8	42203.666	24870.966
Seminole	4812.8	6902.4	23763.2	21369.83
Sequoyah	5895.2	4399.4	25956.566	15582.675
Stephens	6031.1	9991.3	28734.573	34023.367
Tillman	26269.6	6951.2	92212.912	16397.881
Tulsa	5156	2920.9	24130.08	13669.812
Wagoner	10248	2911.9	43988.339	8910.414
Washing	5186.6	2350.5	33339.628	9879.152
Washita	26691.1		87506.771	
Woods	24699.8	6873.7	112719.539	20466.442
Woodward	12811.1	7769.5	55728.285	25950.13
Total		1,223,953		4,846,144

Table A.9 Total Acres and Biomass utilized by County for Scenario 9

County	Total biomass harvested by county by cropland and improve pasture land for 9 plants		Total acres by county by cropland and improve pasture land for 9 plants	
	Cropland	Pastureland	Cropland	Pastureland
Adair	24620.28	15052.006	4632.4	4476.3
Alfalfa	139033.45	11951.973	27195.5	4995.6
Atoka	10752.678	13418.805	5774.8	9881.3
Beaver	95623.667	24547.371	31030.8	8493.8
Beckham	50712.676	18547.478	15772.3	8095.8
Blaine	85715.983	22163.194	21936.3	8404.7
Bryan	16630.625	545.941	9736.9	435.707
Caddo	120739.03	46053.052	26092.9	12448.6
Canadian	94814.794	26233.74	21412.7	9342.5
Carter	18580.446	28356.237	4592.3	10386.9
Cherokee	23858.829	15993.375	4341.6	4855.6
Choctaw	2687.957		1308.645	
Cimarron	128256.81	19614.916	38865.7	8038.9
Cleveland	23014.813	14116.147	4074.5	3699.2
Coal	18846.433	16390.428	3540.3	5358.1
Comanche	33595.841	15909.455	10689.1	7124.7
Cotton	38707.544	18616.643	11866.2	7642.3
Craig	47691.512	20924.013	10088	5326.5
Creek	28674.428	18613.978	6343.9	6763.8
Custer	74685.078	18257.979	20602	7810.9
Delaware	34988.36	26600.949	6880.7	5524.6
Dewey	66532.451	18381.726	14441.6	6007.1
Ellis	42024.85	14900.192	12612.5	5666.4
Garfield	222512.33	27770.267	37040.6	7731
Garvin	46845.177	28874.547	9018.4	9006.6
Grady	75243.418	31002.106	16645.8	10013.6
Grant	131507.27	9871.747	39051.9	4651
Greer	44590.371	11067.179	12702	4822.3
Harmon	32567.567	9334.767	10972	4796.9
Harper	66656.192	9388.972	15227	5235
Haskell	22670.284	18360.153	5309.2	5533.5
Hughes	31266.628	31035.766	5410.2	7090
Jackson	83478.568	8789.85	25734.5	5170.5
Jeffers	21248.798	35816.291	4618.3	8102.5
Johnston	14306.901	16647.4	3682.6	5945.5

Kay	105096.23	7619.518	28257.4	4113.1
Kingfish	110685.9	28580.974	25920.5	11270.1
Kiowa	91954.079	19201.72	26136	7948.3
Latimer	12273.367	11880.81	2669.4	3342
Leflore	56307.06	39947.363	10010.5	8455.9
Lincoln	39524.256	30675.882	8854	10534.3
Logan	35005.613	17723.232	10271.6	7587
Love	16299.316	17129.175	4241.3	5162.5
Major	81773.1	18565.02	18171.8	7280.4
Marshall	7903.459	5727.364	2267.2	2298.3
Mayes	40742.449	16286.976	9480.5	5655.2
McClain	32527.756	21299.64	7062.5	6264.6
McCurtain	32719.893	25224.553	7228.2	7357.1
McIntosh	29992.397	16704.904	5449.2	5165.4
Murray	11561.512	10426.104	2457.7	2932.8
Muskogee	58375.878	23299.522	11055.2	6067.1
Noble	51436.377	7502.796	16213.2	4387.6
Nowata	27882.144	12972.63	5378.5	4153.9
Okfuskee	20493.696	23656.5	3984	5632.5
Oklahoma	33261.803	13200.554	5525.4	2941.3
Okmulgee	38347.598	23300.17	6453	4917.1
Osage	34973.064	23162.216	7930.4	9061.9
Ottawa	43739.13	12416.256	9452	3043.2
Pawnee	14513.003	6378.3	4513.9	3543.5
Payne	23276.704	14879.008	6612.7	7018.4
Pittsburg	38976.7	26355.909	7263.1	8735.8
Pontotoc	28100.343	30257.743	5604.6	8642.6
Pottawatomie	37366.93	20894.515	7707.7	6801.6
Pushmataha	15628.884	18417.934	3452.6	5298.6
RogerMills	29794.577	23337.733	8750.5	9408.1
Rogers	42203.666	21944.97	7867.8	5368.8
Seminole	24064	21604.2	4812.8	6902.4
Sequoyah	25956.566	15582.675	5895.2	4399.4
Stephens	28734.573	39835.313	6031.1	9991.3
Texas	195586.28	14827.7	52436	5113
Tillman	84955.886	16397.881	26269.6	6951.2
Tulsa	24130.08	13669.812	5156	2920.9
Wagoner	50199.117	9434.556	10248	2911.9
Washing	31555.274	9879.152	5186.6	2350.5
Washita	87506.771	19716.386	26691.1	9382.5
Woods	128312.73	27288.589	24699.8	6873.7
Woodward	51254.325	25950.13	12811.1	7769.5
Total		5454980		1450557

**APPENDIX B: ETHANOL PLANT EXPENDITURES FOR OPERATION, LOCAL
AVAILABLE INPUTS BY SCENARIO AND SWITCHGRASS PRODUCTION
FUNCTION SCENARIO 1 EXAMPLE**

Table B.1 IMPLAN Expenditures for Ethanol Production from Switchgrass for Scenario 1

Type	IMPLAN Sector	Description	Expenditures
Operating	2	Grain farming	\$16,915,300.87
Operating	33	Water, sewage and other treatment and delivery systems	\$299,333.33
Operating	123	Alkalies and chlorine manufacturing	\$175,063.74
Operating	124	Carbon black manufacturing	\$65,651.29
Operating	125	All other basic inorganic chemical manufacturing	\$997,511.53
Operating	126	Other basic organic chemical manufacturing	\$6,621,177.49
Operating	130	Fertilizer manufacturing	\$154,855.70
Operating	164	Lime and gypsum product manufacturing	\$1,132,948.77
Operating	357	Insurance carriers	\$485,111.83
Operating	368	Accounting, tax preparation, bookkeeping, and payroll services	\$484,497.84
Operating	390	Waste management and remediation services	\$1,500,216.45
Operating	417	Commercial and industrial machinery and equipment repair and maintenance	\$1,714,124.82
Depreciation	35	Construction of new nonresidential manufacturing structures	\$36,602.45
Depreciation	123	Alkalies and chlorine manufacturing	\$572.26
Depreciation	124	Carbon black manufacturing	\$214.61
Depreciation	125	All other basic inorganic chemical manufacturing	\$3,260.75
Depreciation	141	All other chemical product and preparation manufacturing	\$1,114.72
Depreciation	188	Power boiler and heat exchanger manufacturing	\$764,256.85
Depreciation	189	Metal tank (heavy gauge) manufacturing	\$650,420.63
Depreciation	190	Metal can, box, and other metal container (light gauge) manufacturing	\$42,170.27
Depreciation	202	Other fabricated metal manufacturing	\$36,533.91
Depreciation	203	Farm machinery and equipment manufacturing	\$122,575.76
Depreciation	207	Other industrial machinery manufacturing	\$640,788.60
Depreciation	213	Other commercial and service industry machinery manufacturing	\$107,266.96
Depreciation	214	Air purification and ventilation equipment manufacturing	\$1,019,031.02
Depreciation	214	Air purification and ventilation equipment manufacturing	\$17,801.59
Depreciation	215	Heating equipment (except warm air furnaces) manufacturing	\$73,306.64
Depreciation	216	Air conditioning, refrigeration, and warm air heating equipment manufacturing	\$220,336.22
Depreciation	222	Turbine and turbine generator set units manufacturing	\$829,566.38
Depreciation	226	Pump and pumping equipment manufacturing	\$490,205.63
Depreciation	227	Air and gas compressor manufacturing	\$80,202.02
Depreciation	228	Material handling equipment manufacturing	\$1,481,998.56
Depreciation	228	Material handling equipment manufacturing	\$11,934.34
Depreciation	230	Other general purpose machinery manufacturing	\$21,563.49
Depreciation	251	Industrial process variable instruments manufacturing	\$42,852.09
Byproduct	31	Electric power generation, transmission, and distribution	\$4,721,594.52

Table B.2. Local available inputs by IMPLAN® sector by scenario and total direct impact.

Modified IMPLAN Sector	Description	Expenditures of ethanol plants INCLUDED in the scenarios								
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
10	All other crop farming	\$16,915,301	\$33,830,602	\$50,745,903	\$67,661,203	\$84,576,504	\$101,491,805	\$118,407,106	\$135,322,407	\$152,237,708
31	Electric power generation, transmission, and distribution	\$4,721,595	\$9,443,189	\$14,164,784	\$18,886,378	\$23,607,973	\$28,329,567	\$33,051,162	\$37,772,756	\$42,494,351
33	Water, sewage and other treatment and delivery systems	\$299,333	\$598,667	\$898,000	\$1,197,333	\$1,496,667	\$1,796,000	\$2,095,333	\$2,394,667	\$2,694,000
35	Construction of new nonresidential manufacturing structures	\$36,602	\$73,205	\$109,807	\$146,410	\$183,012	\$219,615	\$256,217	\$292,820	\$329,422
123	Alkalies and chlorine manufacturing									\$1,580,724
126	Other basic organic chemical manufacturing						\$39,727,065	\$46,348,242	\$52,969,420	\$59,590,597
130	Fertilizer manufacturing	\$154,856	\$309,711	\$464,567	\$619,423	\$774,278	\$929,134	\$1,083,990	\$1,238,846	\$1,393,701
141	All other chemical product and preparation manufacturing	\$1,115	\$2,229	\$3,344	\$4,459	\$5,574	\$6,688	\$7,803	\$8,918	\$10,032
164	Lime and gypsum product manufacturing							\$7,930,641	\$9,063,590	\$10,196,539
188	Power boiler and heat exchanger manufacturing			\$2,292,771	\$3,057,027	\$3,821,284	\$4,585,541	\$5,349,798	\$6,114,055	\$6,878,312
189	Metal tank (heavy gauge) manufacturing			\$1,951,262	\$2,601,683	\$3,252,103	\$3,902,524	\$4,552,944	\$5,203,365	\$5,853,786
202	Other fabricated metal manufacturing	\$36,534	\$73,068	\$109,602	\$146,136	\$182,670	\$219,203	\$255,737	\$292,271	\$328,805
203	Farm machinery and equipment manufacturing	\$122,576	\$245,152	\$367,727	\$490,303	\$612,879	\$735,455	\$858,030	\$980,606	\$1,103,182
207	Other industrial machinery manufacturing	\$640,789	\$1,281,577	\$1,922,366	\$2,563,154	\$3,203,943	\$3,844,732	\$4,485,520	\$5,126,309	\$5,767,097
214	Air purification and ventilation equipment manufacturing				\$4,147,330	\$5,184,163	\$6,220,996	\$7,257,828	\$8,294,661	\$9,331,494
216	Air conditioning, refrigeration, and warm air heating equipment manufacturing	\$220,336	\$440,672	\$661,009	\$881,345	\$1,101,681	\$1,322,017	\$1,542,354	\$1,762,690	\$1,983,026
226	Pump and pumping equipment manufacturing	\$490,206	\$980,411	\$1,470,617	\$1,960,823	\$2,451,028	\$2,941,234	\$3,431,439	\$3,921,645	\$4,411,851
228	Material handling equipment manufacturing	\$1,493,933	\$2,987,866	\$4,481,799	\$5,975,732	\$7,469,665	\$8,963,597	\$10,457,530	\$11,951,463	\$13,445,396

230	Other general purpose machinery manufacturing			\$64,690	\$86,254	\$107,817	\$129,381	\$150,944	\$172,508	\$194,071
251	Industrial process variable instruments manufacturing						\$257,113	\$299,965	\$342,817	\$385,669
357	Insurance carriers	\$485,112	\$970,224	\$1,455,335	\$1,940,447	\$2,425,559	\$2,910,671	\$3,395,783	\$3,880,895	\$4,366,006
368	Accounting, tax preparation, bookkeeping, and payroll services	\$484,498	\$968,996	\$1,453,494	\$1,937,991	\$2,422,489	\$2,906,987	\$3,391,485	\$3,875,983	\$4,360,481
390	Waste management and remediation services	\$1,500,216	\$3,000,433	\$4,500,649	\$6,000,866	\$7,501,082	\$9,001,299	\$10,501,515	\$12,001,732	\$13,501,948
417	Commercial and industrial machinery and equipment repair and maintenance	\$1,714,125	\$3,428,250	\$5,142,374	\$6,856,499	\$8,570,624	\$10,284,749	\$11,998,874	\$13,712,999	\$15,427,123
Total		\$29,317,127	\$58,634,253	\$92,260,103	\$127,160,801	\$158,951,001	\$230,725,378	\$277,110,249	\$316,697,428	\$357,865,330

Table B.3. Scenario 1 Switchgrass production function and IMPLAN® industry sectors for switchgrass production.

Counties	Total Acre	Total "Cash" Cost	Labor Cost	Proprietor Income	EMPLOYMENT	VALUE ADDED	TOTAL VALUE OF PRODUCTION
Caddo	38541.5	6553768.701	1138523.618	1623563.296	48.947705	2762086.914	9315855.615
Canadian	21412.7	3641111.089	632535.4405	902011.4367	27.194129	1534546.877	5175657.967
Cleveland	7773.7	1321874.648	229636.6527	327467.6386	9.872599	557104.2913	1878978.939
Garvin	7653.929	1301508.253	226098.5934	322422.2771	9.72048983	548520.8706	1850029.123
Grady	19940.62	3390792.035	589049.9029	839999.967	25.3245874	1429049.87	4819841.905
McClain	13327.1	2266199.573	393685.1994	561404.9894	16.925417	955090.1889	3221289.762
Oklahoma	8466.7	1439715.461	250108.0113	356660.3105	10.752709	606768.3218	2046483.783
Stephens	16022.4	2724520.416	473304.9005	674944.6844	20.348448	1148249.585	3872770.001
Total acre for plantl	133138.649	\$22639490.18	\$3,932,942	\$5,608,475	169	\$9541416.919	\$32,180,907

Table B.3. Scenario 1 Switchgrass production function and IMPLAN® industry sectors for switchgrass production. (Continued)

Note: Data from Scenario 1 used only used as example. Switchgrass production functions for other scenarios too large to be viewed in document.

Fertilizer DAP	Fertilizer Urea	Fert App., Swathing, Baling	Hauling	Operating Capital	IMPLAN Sector 319	IMPLAN Sector 130	IMPLAN Sector 19	IMPLAN Sector 335	IMPLAN Sector 354
1082736.322	0	4107704.281	1073803.31	289524.7865	0.116225108	0	0.440936877	0.1152662	0.031078711
601541.4048	0	2282138.46	596578.445	160852.7794	0.116225108	0	0.440936877	0.1152662	0.031078711
218384.5297	0	828511.1055	216582.769	58396.24387	0.116225108	0	0.440936877	0.1152662	0.031078711
215019.8341	0	815746.0639	213245.8336	57496.52089	0.116225108	0	0.440936877	0.1152662	0.031078711
560186.6447	0	2125246.037	555564.8784	149794.4748	0.116225108	0	0.440936877	0.1152662	0.031078711
374394.7496	0	1420385.448	371305.8416	100113.5343	0.116225108	0	0.440936877	0.1152662	0.031078711
237852.7982	0	902370.1683	235890.4165	63602.07854	0.116225108	0	0.440936877	0.1152662	0.031078711
450113.1106	0	1707647.11	446399.4955	120360.7005	0.116225108	0	0.440936877	0.1152662	0.031078711

APPENDIX C: IMPLAN® RESULT TABLES

Table C.1 Projected Economic Impacts from 50% Cooperative Ownership for Cellulosic Ethanol Production Scenario 1

Impact Type	Employment	Labor Income	Total Value Added	Output
Direct Effect	51.8	\$1,820,397.6	\$3,233,630.0	\$5,223,687.7
Indirect Effect	6.7	\$215,422.6	\$334,774.9	\$636,849.1
Induced Effect	123.5	\$3,861,438.6	\$6,987,389.8	\$11,041,662.9
Total Effect	182.0	\$5,897,258.8	\$10,555,794.6	\$16,902,199.7

Table C.2 Top Ten Industries Impacted By 50% Cooperative Ownership for Cellulosic Ethanol Production Scenario 1

Top Ten for Employment

Sector	Description	Total Employment	Total Labor Income	Total Value Added	Total Output
417	Commercial and industrial machinery and equipment repair and maintenance	31.9	987,967.9	1,246,393.5	1,901,475.4
413	Food services and drinking places	14.5	302,111.9	433,409.6	831,414.9
437	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, non-education)	8.8	383,672.7	435,857.7	435,857.7
368	Accounting, tax preparation, bookkeeping, and payroll services	8.6	238,357.0	307,607.4	419,552.6
390	Waste management and remediation services	8.3	214,104.3	379,332.7	1,054,947.8
438	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, education)	6.0	273,923.6	311,181.1	311,181.1
394	Offices of physicians, dentists, and other health practitioners	6.0	311,845.2	332,691.6	588,492.7
398	Nursing and residential care facilities	5.2	148,777.5	160,584.3	273,398.5
329	Retail Stores - General merchandise	4.9	126,999.7	207,326.5	244,135.8
324	Retail Stores - Food and beverage	4.8	96,643.2	157,264.1	186,200.3

Top Ten for Labor Income

Sector	Description	Total Employment	Total Labor Income	Total Value Added	Total Output
417	Commercial and industrial machinery and equipment repair and maintenance	31.9	987,967.9	1,246,393.5	1,901,475.4
437	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, non-education)	8.8	383,672.7	435,857.7	435,857.7
31	Electric power generation, transmission, and distribution	4.0	357,272.3	1,231,836.1	1,749,427.9
394	Offices of physicians, dentists, and other health practitioners	6.0	311,845.2	332,691.6	588,492.7
413	Food services and drinking places	14.5	302,111.9	433,409.6	831,414.9
438	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, education)	6.0	273,923.6	311,181.1	311,181.1
368	Accounting, tax preparation, bookkeeping, and payroll services	8.6	238,357.0	307,607.4	419,552.6
390	Waste management and remediation services	8.3	214,104.3	379,332.7	1,054,947.8
319	Wholesale trade businesses	3.5	174,854.3	299,820.2	466,562.1
320	Retail Stores - Motor vehicle and parts	3.7	156,232.7	189,049.5	223,592.3

Top Ten for Output

Sector	Description	Total Employment	Total Labor Income	Total Value Added	Total Output
361	Imputed rental activity for owner-occupied dwellings	0.0	0.0	1,584,377.6	2,352,983.4
417	Commercial and industrial machinery and equipment repair and maintenance	31.9	987,967.9	1,246,393.5	1,901,475.4
31	Electric power generation, transmission, and distribution	4.0	357,272.3	1,231,836.1	1,749,427.9
390	Waste management and remediation services	8.3	214,104.3	379,332.7	1,054,947.8
413	Food services and drinking places	14.5	302,111.9	433,409.6	831,414.9
354	Monetary authorities and depository credit intermediation activities	3.2	155,460.1	323,355.7	669,338.2
394	Offices of physicians, dentists, and other health practitioners	6.0	311,845.2	332,691.6	588,492.7
319	Wholesale trade businesses	3.5	174,854.3	299,820.2	466,562.1
437	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, non-education)	8.8	383,672.7	435,857.7	435,857.7
368	Accounting, tax preparation, bookkeeping, and payroll services	8.6	238,357.0	307,607.4	419,552.6

Top Ten for Value Added

Sector	Description	Total Employment	Total Labor Income	Total Value Added	Total Output
361	Imputed rental activity for owner-occupied dwellings	0.0	0.0	1,584,377.6	2,352,983.4
417	Commercial and industrial machinery and equipment repair and maintenance	31.9	987,967.9	1,246,393.5	1,901,475.4
31	Electric power generation, transmission, and distribution	4.0	357,272.3	1,231,836.1	1,749,427.9
437	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, non-education)	8.8	383,672.7	435,857.7	435,857.7
413	Food services and drinking places	14.5	302,111.9	433,409.6	831,414.9
390	Waste management and remediation services	8.3	214,104.3	379,332.7	1,054,947.8
394	Offices of physicians, dentists, and other health practitioners	6.0	311,845.2	332,691.6	588,492.7
354	Monetary authorities and depository credit intermediation activities	3.2	155,460.1	323,355.7	669,338.2
438	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, education)	6.0	273,923.6	311,181.1	311,181.1
368	Accounting, tax preparation, bookkeeping, and payroll services	8.6	238,357.0	307,607.4	419,552.6

Table C.3. Projected Economic Impacts from 100% Cooperative Ownership for Cellulosic Ethanol Production Scenario 1

Impact Type	Employment	Labor Income	Total Value Added	Output
Direct Effect	52	\$1,933,639.04	\$3,434,784.34	\$5,336,510.92
Indirect Effect	7	\$228,823.40	\$355,600.20	\$682,556.55
Induced Effect	210	\$6,943,928.51	\$12,671,056.49	\$19,733,849.11
Total Effect	269	\$9,106,390.95	\$16,461,441.02	\$25,752,916.59

Table C.4. Top Ten Industries Impacted By 100% Cooperative Ownership for Cellulosic Ethanol Production Scenario 1

Top Ten for Employment

Sector	Description	Total Employment	Total Labor Income	Total Value Added	Total Output
417	Commercial and industrial machinery and equipment repair and maintenance	32.2	1,057,717.5	1,334,387.7	1,892,075.1
413	Food services and drinking places	24.4	540,471.7	775,360.5	1,500,142.4
437	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, non-education)	13.9	644,996.6	732,725.3	763,509.2
394	Offices of physicians, dentists, and other health practitioners	10.2	569,779.4	607,868.3	1,127,181.1
438	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, education)	9.5	460,496.1	523,130.1	545,108.3
368	Accounting, tax preparation, bookkeeping, and payroll services	9.4	275,769.1	355,889.0	551,385.4
398	Nursing and residential care facilities	9.0	271,780.9	293,349.1	531,873.8
390	Waste management and remediation services	8.4	229,925.9	407,364.1	1,107,676.0
329	Retail Stores - General merchandise	8.4	233,674.8	381,473.2	433,537.8
324	Retail Stores - Food and beverage	8.3	177,940.2	289,556.0	330,879.5

Top Ten for Labor Income

Sector	Description	Total Employment	Total Labor Income	Total Value Added	Total Output
417	Commercial and industrial machinery and equipment repair and maintenance	32.2	1,057,717.5	1,334,387.7	1,892,075.1
437	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, non-education)	13.9	644,996.6	732,725.3	763,509.2
394	Offices of physicians, dentists, and other health practitioners	10.2	569,779.4	607,868.3	1,127,181.1
413	Food services and drinking places	24.4	540,471.7	775,360.5	1,500,142.4
438	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, education)	9.5	460,496.1	523,130.1	545,108.3
31	Electric power generation, transmission, and distribution	4.1	388,043.3	1,337,931.2	1,808,829.8
319	Wholesale trade businesses	5.8	306,006.7	524,705.4	732,709.1
320	Retail Stores - Motor vehicle and parts	6.5	287,539.7	347,937.7	397,163.4
368	Accounting, tax preparation, bookkeeping, and payroll services	9.4	275,769.1	355,889.0	551,385.4
354	Monetary authorities and depository credit intermediation activities	5.3	272,775.1	567,369.6	1,184,951.7

Top Ten for Output

Sector	Description	Total Employment	Total Labor Income	Total Value Added	Total Output
361	Imputed rental activity for owner-occupied dwellings	0.0	0.0	2,928,606.8	3,848,343.8
417	Commercial and industrial machinery and equipment repair and maintenance	32.2	1,057,717.5	1,334,387.7	1,892,075.1
31	Electric power generation, transmission, and distribution	4.1	388,043.3	1,337,931.2	1,808,829.8
413	Food services and drinking places	24.4	540,471.7	775,360.5	1,500,142.4
354	Monetary authorities and depository credit intermediation activities	5.3	272,775.1	567,369.6	1,184,951.7
394	Offices of physicians, dentists, and other health practitioners	10.2	569,779.4	607,868.3	1,127,181.1
390	Waste management and remediation services	8.4	229,925.9	407,364.1	1,107,676.0
437	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, non-education)	13.9	644,996.6	732,725.3	763,509.2
319	Wholesale trade businesses	5.8	306,006.7	524,705.4	732,709.1
432	Other state and local government enterprises	2.1	122,268.8	137,339.0	574,324.9

Top Ten for Value Added

Sector	Description	Total Employment	Total Labor Income	Total Value Added	Total Output
361	Imputed rental activity for owner-occupied dwellings	0.0	0.0	2,928,606.8	3,848,343.8
31	Electric power generation, transmission, and distribution	4.1	388,043.3	1,337,931.2	1,808,829.8
417	Commercial and industrial machinery and equipment repair and maintenance	32.2	1,057,717.5	1,334,387.7	1,892,075.1
413	Food services and drinking places	24.4	540,471.7	775,360.5	1,500,142.4
437	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, non-education)	13.9	644,996.6	732,725.3	763,509.2
394	Offices of physicians, dentists, and other health practitioners	10.2	569,779.4	607,868.3	1,127,181.1
354	Monetary authorities and depository credit intermediation activities	5.3	272,775.1	567,369.6	1,184,951.7
319	Wholesale trade businesses	5.8	306,006.7	524,705.4	732,709.1
438	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, education)	9.5	460,496.1	523,130.1	545,108.3
390	Waste management and remediation services	8.4	229,925.9	407,364.1	1,107,676.0

Table C.5. Projected Economic Impacts from Private Ownership for Cellulosic Ethanol Production Scenario 1

Impact Type	Employment	Labor Income	Total Value Added	Output
Direct Effect	51.8	1,933,639.0	3,434,784.3	5,336,510.9
Indirect Effect	6.7	228,823.4	355,600.2	682,556.6
Induced Effect	40.3	1,373,056.6	2,383,011.7	3,687,517.8
Total Effect	98.8	3,535,519.1	6,173,396.2	9,706,585.2

Table C.6. Top Ten Industries Impacted By Private Ownership for Cellulosic Ethanol Production Scenario 1

Top Ten for Employment

Sector	Description	Total Employment	Total Labor Income	Total Value Added	Total Output
417	Commercial and industrial machinery and equipment repair and maintenance	31.7	1,041,466.9	1,313,886.4	1,863,005.6
390	Waste management and remediation services	8.2	225,020.4	398,672.9	1,084,043.5
368	Accounting, tax preparation, bookkeeping, and payroll services	7.9	231,503.1	298,762.4	462,877.9
413	Food services and drinking places	5.0	110,121.7	157,980.5	305,655.6
31	Electric power generation, transmission, and distribution	3.9	371,292.8	1,280,177.3	1,730,748.9
437	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, non-education)	3.9	179,581.4	204,007.0	212,577.9
438	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, education)	2.7	128,212.3	145,651.0	151,770.3
394	Offices of physicians, dentists, and other health practitioners	1.8	102,250.4	109,085.7	202,279.5
398	Nursing and residential care facilities	1.6	48,834.1	52,709.5	95,568.1
33	Water, sewage and other treatment and delivery systems	1.6	110,095.5	209,841.8	296,821.5

Top Ten for Labor Income

Sector	Description	Total Employment	Total Labor Income	Total Value Added	Total Output
417	Commercial and industrial machinery and equipment repair and maintenance	31.7	1,041,466.9	1,313,886.4	1,863,005.6
31	Electric power generation, transmission, and distribution	3.9	371,292.8	1,280,177.3	1,730,748.9
368	Accounting, tax preparation, bookkeeping, and payroll services	7.9	231,503.1	298,762.4	462,877.9
390	Waste management and remediation services	8.2	225,020.4	398,672.9	1,084,043.5
437	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, non-education)	3.9	179,581.4	204,007.0	212,577.9
438	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, education)	2.7	128,212.3	145,651.0	151,770.3
413	Food services and drinking places	5.0	110,121.7	157,980.5	305,655.6
33	Water, sewage and other treatment and delivery systems	1.6	110,095.5	209,841.8	296,821.5
394	Offices of physicians, dentists, and other health practitioners	1.8	102,250.4	109,085.7	202,279.5
319	Wholesale trade businesses	1.3	70,267.2	120,486.2	168,249.4

Top Ten for Output

Sector	Description	Total Employment	Total Labor Income	Total Value Added	Total Output
417	Commercial and industrial machinery and equipment repair and maintenance	31.7	1,041,466.9	1,313,886.4	1,863,005.6
31	Electric power generation, transmission, and distribution	3.9	371,292.8	1,280,177.3	1,730,748.9
390	Waste management and remediation services	8.2	225,020.4	398,672.9	1,084,043.5
361	Imputed rental activity for owner-occupied dwellings	0.0	0.0	487,093.9	640,067.1
368	Accounting, tax preparation, bookkeeping, and payroll services	7.9	231,503.1	298,762.4	462,877.9
413	Food services and drinking places	5.0	110,121.7	157,980.5	305,655.6
33	Water, sewage and other treatment and delivery systems	1.6	110,095.5	209,841.8	296,821.5
354	Monetary authorities and depository credit intermediation activities	1.2	61,792.4	128,527.6	268,429.9
437	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, non-education)	3.9	179,581.4	204,007.0	212,577.9
394	Offices of physicians, dentists, and other health practitioners	1.8	102,250.4	109,085.7	202,279.5

Top Ten for Value Added

Sector	Description	Total Employment	Total Labor Income	Total Value Added	Total Output
417	Commercial and industrial machinery and equipment repair and maintenance	31.7	1,041,466.9	1,313,886.4	1,863,005.6
31	Electric power generation, transmission, and distribution	3.9	371,292.8	1,280,177.3	1,730,748.9
361	Imputed rental activity for owner-occupied dwellings	0.0	0.0	487,093.9	640,067.1
390	Waste management and remediation services	8.2	225,020.4	398,672.9	1,084,043.5
368	Accounting, tax preparation, bookkeeping, and payroll services	7.9	231,503.1	298,762.4	462,877.9
33	Water, sewage and other treatment and delivery systems	1.6	110,095.5	209,841.8	296,821.5
437	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, non-education)	3.9	179,581.4	204,007.0	212,577.9
413	Food services and drinking places	5.0	110,121.7	157,980.5	305,655.6
438	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, education)	2.7	128,212.3	145,651.0	151,770.3
354	Monetary authorities and depository credit intermediation activities	1.2	61,792.4	128,527.6	268,429.9

Table C.7. Projected Economic Impacts from Switchgrass Production for Scenario 1

Impact Type	Employment	Labor Income	Total Value Added	Output
Direct Effect	169.0	9,541,416.8	9,541,416.8	\$32,180,907.1
Indirect Effect	122.9	4,553,850.1	6,439,878.2	\$11,239,092.2
Induced Effect	165.2	6,356,543.2	10,746,172.9	\$16,887,026.4
Total Effect	457.1	20,451,810.1	26,727,467.9	\$60,307,025.6

Table C.8. Top Ten Industries Impacted By Switchgrass Production Scenario 1

**Top Ten for
Employment**

Sector	Description	Total Employment	Total Labor Income	Total Value Added	Total Output
10	All other crop farming	169.0	9,541,590.3	9,541,590.3	32,181,492.0
19	Support activities for agriculture and forestry	46.1	939,058.5	810,981.8	1,106,982.6
335	Transport by truck	26.9	1,224,669.8	1,575,218.5	3,519,599.6
319	Wholesale trade businesses	24.4	1,533,546.7	2,633,720.2	4,038,460.7
413	Food services and drinking places	16.9	329,248.4	474,093.3	930,864.7
360	Real estate establishments	9.3	78,908.2	585,672.3	778,936.0
437	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, non-education)	9.2	463,764.0	526,842.6	526,842.6
438	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, education)	7.4	377,749.7	429,129.1	429,129.1
394	Offices of physicians, dentists, and other health practitioners	7.2	534,614.8	570,335.0	905,569.1
354	Monetary authorities and depository credit intermediation activities	7.1	385,381.2	801,936.3	1,594,105.3

**Top Ten for
Labor Income**

Sector	Description	Total Employment	Total Labor Income	Total Value Added	Total Output
10	All other crop farming	169.0	9,541,590.3	9,541,590.3	32,181,492.0
319	Wholesale trade businesses	24.4	1,533,546.7	2,633,720.2	4,038,460.7
335	Transport by truck	26.9	1,224,669.8	1,575,218.5	3,519,599.6
19	Support activities for agriculture and forestry	46.1	939,058.5	810,981.8	1,106,982.6
394	Offices of physicians, dentists, and other health practitioners	7.2	534,614.8	570,335.0	905,569.1
437	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, non-education)	9.2	463,764.0	526,842.6	526,842.6
354	Monetary authorities and depository credit intermediation activities	7.1	385,381.2	801,936.3	1,594,105.3
438	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, education)	7.4	377,749.7	429,129.1	429,129.1
397	Private hospitals	6.1	370,784.6	395,813.3	796,875.9
413	Food services and drinking places	16.9	329,248.4	474,093.3	930,864.7

Top Ten for Output

Sector	Description	Total Employment	Total Labor Income	Total Value Added	Total Output
10	All other crop farming	169.0	9,541,590.3	9,541,590.3	32,181,492.0
319	Wholesale trade businesses	24.4	1,533,546.7	2,633,720.2	4,038,460.7
335	Transport by truck	26.9	1,224,669.8	1,575,218.5	3,519,599.6
361	Imputed rental activity for owner-occupied dwellings	0.0	0.0	1,340,942.4	1,991,453.7
354	Monetary authorities and depository credit intermediation activities	7.1	385,381.2	801,936.3	1,594,105.3
19	Support activities for agriculture and forestry	46.1	939,058.5	810,981.8	1,106,982.6
413	Food services and drinking places	16.9	329,248.4	474,093.3	930,864.7
394	Offices of physicians, dentists, and other health practitioners	7.2	534,614.8	570,335.0	905,569.1
357	Insurance carriers	4.0	213,734.2	573,559.0	869,705.0
397	Private hospitals	6.1	370,784.6	395,813.3	796,875.9

Top Ten for Value Added

Sector	Description	Total Employment	Total Labor Income	Total Value Added	Total Output
10	All other crop farming	169.0	9,541,590.3	9,541,590.3	32,181,492.0
319	Wholesale trade businesses	24.4	1,533,546.7	2,633,720.2	4,038,460.7
335	Transport by truck	26.9	1,224,669.8	1,575,218.5	3,519,599.6
361	Imputed rental activity for owner-occupied dwellings	0.0	0.0	1,340,942.4	1,991,453.7
19	Support activities for agriculture and forestry	46.1	939,058.5	810,981.8	1,106,982.6
354	Monetary authorities and depository credit intermediation activities	7.1	385,381.2	801,936.3	1,594,105.3
360	Real estate establishments	9.3	78,908.2	585,672.3	778,936.0
357	Insurance carriers	4.0	213,734.2	573,559.0	869,705.0
394	Offices of physicians, dentists, and other health practitioners	7.2	534,614.8	570,335.0	905,569.1
437	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, non-education)	9.2	463,764.0	526,842.6	526,842.6

Table C.9. Projected Economic Impacts from Ethanol Production for Scenario 2

Impact Type	Employment	Labor Income	Total Value Added	Output
Direct Effect	89.7	4,118,264.5	8,018,621.8	12,596,866.7
Indirect Effect	16.5	587,465.9	912,017.7	1,732,459.0
Induced Effect	97.9	3,560,298.5	5,842,058.4	9,106,465.8
Total Effect	204.1	8,266,029.0	14,772,697.9	23,435,791.5

Table C.10. Top Ten Industries Impacted By Ethanol Production Scenario 2

Top Ten for Employment

Sector	Description	Total Employment	Total Labor Income	Total Value Added	Total Output
417	Commercial and industrial machinery and equipment repair and maintenance	53.9	2,066,592.1	2,604,275.4	3,782,990.8
390	Waste management and remediation services	14.3	337,233.1	594,029.1	1,855,125.8
413	Food services and drinking places	11.7	215,271.1	309,158.1	622,076.9
368	Accounting, tax preparation, bookkeeping, and payroll services	10.6	431,801.7	555,183.4	888,068.5
31	Electric power generation, transmission, and distribution	10.3	1,168,272.8	4,011,917.2	5,657,776.8
437	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, non-education)	8.1	354,315.7	402,507.7	402,507.7
438	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, education)	5.9	262,489.5	298,191.8	298,191.8
397	Private hospitals	4.4	255,192.5	272,391.3	563,788.9
398	Nursing and residential care facilities	4.2	112,980.9	121,930.5	211,609.3
394	Offices of physicians, dentists, and other health practitioners	4.1	281,122.9	299,874.4	487,361.3

Top Ten for Labor Income

Sector	Description	Total Employment	Total Labor Income	Total Value Added	Total Output
417	Commercial and industrial machinery and equipment repair and maintenance	53.9	2,066,592.1	2,604,275.4	3,782,990.8
31	Electric power generation, transmission, and distribution	10.3	1,168,272.8	4,011,917.2	5,657,776.8
368	Accounting, tax preparation, bookkeeping, and payroll services	10.6	431,801.7	555,183.4	888,068.5
437	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, non-education)	8.1	354,315.7	402,507.7	402,507.7
390	Waste management and remediation services	14.3	337,233.1	594,029.1	1,855,125.8
440	* Employment and payroll only (federal govt, military)	3.3	332,038.6	479,735.5	479,735.5
394	Offices of physicians, dentists, and other health practitioners	4.1	281,122.9	299,874.4	487,361.3
438	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, education)	5.9	262,489.5	298,191.8	298,191.8
397	Private hospitals	4.4	255,192.5	272,391.3	563,788.9
33	Water, sewage and other treatment and delivery systems	3.7	225,868.8	427,909.9	642,343.0

Top Ten for Output

Sector	Description	Total Employment	Total Labor Income	Total Value Added	Total Output
31	Electric power generation, transmission, and distribution	10.3	1,168,272.8	4,011,917.2	5,657,776.8
417	Commercial and industrial machinery and equipment repair and maintenance	53.9	2,066,592.1	2,604,275.4	3,782,990.8
390	Waste management and remediation services	14.3	337,233.1	594,029.1	1,855,125.8
361	Imputed rental activity for owner-occupied dwellings	0.0	0.0	945,232.3	1,403,778.9
368	Accounting, tax preparation, bookkeeping, and payroll services	10.6	431,801.7	555,183.4	888,068.5
33	Water, sewage and other treatment and delivery systems	3.7	225,868.8	427,909.9	642,343.0
413	Food services and drinking places	11.7	215,271.1	309,158.1	622,076.9
397	Private hospitals	4.4	255,192.5	272,391.3	563,788.9
354	Monetary authorities and depository credit intermediation activities	2.6	129,667.7	269,782.4	549,458.6
394	Offices of physicians, dentists, and other health practitioners	4.1	281,122.9	299,874.4	487,361.3

Top Ten for Value Added

Sector	Description	Total Employment	Total Labor Income	Total Value Added	Total Output
31	Electric power generation, transmission, and distribution	10.3	1,168,272.8	4,011,917.2	5,657,776.8
417	Commercial and industrial machinery and equipment repair and maintenance	53.9	2,066,592.1	2,604,275.4	3,782,990.8
361	Imputed rental activity for owner-occupied dwellings	0.0	0.0	945,232.3	1,403,778.9
390	Waste management and remediation services	14.3	337,233.1	594,029.1	1,855,125.8
368	Accounting, tax preparation, bookkeeping, and payroll services	10.6	431,801.7	555,183.4	888,068.5
440	* Employment and payroll only (federal govt, military)	3.3	332,038.6	479,735.5	479,735.5
33	Water, sewage and other treatment and delivery systems	3.7	225,868.8	427,909.9	642,343.0
437	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, non-education)	8.1	354,315.7	402,507.7	402,507.7
413	Food services and drinking places	11.7	215,271.1	309,158.1	622,076.9
394	Offices of physicians, dentists, and other health practitioners	4.1	281,122.9	299,874.4	487,361.3

Table C.11. Projected Economic Impacts from Switchgrass Production for Scenario 2

Impact Type	Employment	Labor Income	Total Value Added	Output
Direct Effect	345.0	20,702,553.0	20,702,553.0	61,331,790.6
Indirect Effect	263.4	9,018,753.5	11,977,517.0	21,273,865.2
Induced Effect	316.8	12,847,963.7	21,793,567.4	34,325,691.0
Total Effect	925.1	42,569,270.2	54,473,637.3	116,931,346.8

Table C.12. Top Ten Industries Impacted By Switchgrass Production Scenario 2

Top Ten for Employment

Sector	Description	Total Employment	Total Labor Income	Total Value Added	Total Output
10	All other crop farming	345.0	20,703,080.5	20,703,080.5	61,333,353.5
19	Support activities for agriculture and forestry	125.9	2,588,080.7	2,229,556.5	2,880,289.8
335	Transport by truck	59.0	2,895,362.9	3,723,417.7	8,356,922.9
413	Food services and drinking places	32.7	672,974.0	968,971.3	1,923,575.8
319	Wholesale trade businesses	26.8	1,765,098.9	3,031,098.7	4,173,851.9
360	Real estate establishments	16.9	154,384.2	1,145,469.3	1,581,014.5
437	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, non-education)	16.8	885,071.3	1,005,453.7	1,047,695.7
354	Monetary authorities and depository credit intermediation activities	15.2	870,367.9	1,811,511.9	3,644,525.2
394	Offices of physicians, dentists, and other health practitioners	13.9	1,090,460.8	1,163,311.7	1,937,126.9
438	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, education)	13.3	720,609.7	818,623.0	853,015.7

Top Ten for Labor Income

Sector	Description	Total Employment	Total Labor Income	Total Value Added	Total Output
10	All other crop farming	345.0	20,703,080.5	20,703,080.5	61,333,353.5
335	Transport by truck	59.0	2,895,362.9	3,723,417.7	8,356,922.9
19	Support activities for agriculture and forestry	125.9	2,588,080.7	2,229,556.5	2,880,289.8
319	Wholesale trade businesses	26.8	1,765,098.9	3,031,098.7	4,173,851.9
394	Offices of physicians, dentists, and other health practitioners	13.9	1,090,460.8	1,163,311.7	1,937,126.9
437	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, non-education)	16.8	885,071.3	1,005,453.7	1,047,695.7
354	Monetary authorities and depository credit intermediation activities	15.2	870,367.9	1,811,511.9	3,644,525.2
397	Private hospitals	12.0	776,124.8	828,509.2	1,731,252.7
438	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, education)	13.3	720,609.7	818,623.0	853,015.7
413	Food services and drinking places	32.7	672,974.0	968,971.3	1,923,575.8

Top Ten for Output

Sector	Description	Total Employment	Total Labor Income	Total Value Added	Total Output
10	All other crop farming	345.0	20,703,080.5	20,703,080.5	61,333,353.5
335	Transport by truck	59.0	2,895,362.9	3,723,417.7	8,356,922.9
319	Wholesale trade businesses	26.8	1,765,098.9	3,031,098.7	4,173,851.9
361	Imputed rental activity for owner-occupied dwellings	0.0	0.0	2,792,352.5	3,669,297.7
354	Monetary authorities and depository credit intermediation activities	15.2	870,367.9	1,811,511.9	3,644,525.2
19	Support activities for agriculture and forestry	125.9	2,588,080.7	2,229,556.5	2,880,289.8
394	Offices of physicians, dentists, and other health practitioners	13.9	1,090,460.8	1,163,311.7	1,937,126.9
413	Food services and drinking places	32.7	672,974.0	968,971.3	1,923,575.8
357	Insurance carriers	7.4	419,936.1	1,126,935.1	1,901,414.5
397	Private hospitals	12.0	776,124.8	828,509.2	1,731,252.7

Top Ten for Value Added

Sector	Description	Total Employment	Total Labor Income	Total Value Added	Total Output
10	All other crop farming	345.0	20,703,080.5	20,703,080.5	61,333,353.5
335	Transport by truck	59.0	2,895,362.9	3,723,417.7	8,356,922.9
319	Wholesale trade businesses	26.8	1,765,098.9	3,031,098.7	4,173,851.9
361	Imputed rental activity for owner-occupied dwellings	0.0	0.0	2,792,352.5	3,669,297.7
19	Support activities for agriculture and forestry	125.9	2,588,080.7	2,229,556.5	2,880,289.8
354	Monetary authorities and depository credit intermediation activities	15.2	870,367.9	1,811,511.9	3,644,525.2
394	Offices of physicians, dentists, and other health practitioners	13.9	1,090,460.8	1,163,311.7	1,937,126.9
360	Real estate establishments	16.9	154,384.2	1,145,469.3	1,581,014.5
357	Insurance carriers	7.4	419,936.1	1,126,935.1	1,901,414.5
437	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, non-education)	16.8	885,071.3	1,005,453.7	1,047,695.7

Table C.13. Projected Economic Impacts from Ethanol Production for Scenario 3

Impact Type	Employment	Labor Income	Total Value Added	Output
Direct Effect	131.5	6,083,011.4	12,188,725.8	19,210,598.5
Indirect Effect	24.0	849,683.7	1,311,945.0	2,527,555.1
Induced Effect	150.7	5,318,770.2	8,764,825.2	13,709,889.2
Total Effect	306.2	12,251,465.3	22,265,496.1	35,448,042.8

Table C.14. Top Ten Industries Impacted By Ethanol Production Scenario 3

Top Ten for Employment

Sector	Description	Total Employment	Total Labor Income	Total Value Added	Total Output
417	Commercial and industrial machinery and equipment repair and maintenance	75.5	2,777,700.7	3,502,461.3	5,100,328.8
390	Waste management and remediation services	23.0	687,696.2	1,202,329.9	3,291,654.9
413	Food services and drinking places	18.1	322,656.0	463,420.1	942,592.7
31	Electric power generation, transmission, and distribution	16.2	1,842,805.3	6,332,485.1	8,930,376.6
368	Accounting, tax preparation, bookkeeping, and payroll services	14.8	577,024.1	742,064.9	1,187,445.0
437	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, non-education)	12.1	527,501.8	599,249.6	599,249.6
438	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, education)	11.8	533,228.6	605,755.3	605,755.3
398	Nursing and residential care facilities	7.2	180,625.4	194,927.9	349,189.0
33	Water, sewage and other treatment and delivery systems	6.5	343,731.3	652,583.5	979,544.9
397	Private hospitals	6.4	358,113.7	382,250.0	800,401.8

Top Ten for Labor Income

Sector	Description	Total Employment	Total Labor Income	Total Value Added	Total Output
417	Commercial and industrial machinery and equipment repair and maintenance	75.5	2,777,700.7	3,502,461.3	5,100,328.8
31	Electric power generation, transmission, and distribution	16.2	1,842,805.3	6,332,485.1	8,930,376.6
390	Waste management and remediation services	23.0	687,696.2	1,202,329.9	3,291,654.9
368	Accounting, tax preparation, bookkeeping, and payroll services	14.8	577,024.1	742,064.9	1,187,445.0
438	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, education)	11.8	533,228.6	605,755.3	605,755.3
437	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, non-education)	12.1	527,501.8	599,249.6	599,249.6
440	* Employment and payroll only (federal govt, military)	4.4	419,001.2	605,380.6	605,380.6
394	Offices of physicians, dentists, and other health practitioners	6.0	390,816.0	416,869.4	687,110.9
397	Private hospitals	6.4	358,113.7	382,250.0	800,401.8
33	Water, sewage and other treatment and delivery systems	6.5	343,731.3	652,583.5	979,544.9

Top Ten for Output

Sector	Description	Total Employment	Total Labor Income	Total Value Added	Total Output
31	Electric power generation, transmission, and distribution	16.2	1,842,805.3	6,332,485.1	8,930,376.6
417	Commercial and industrial machinery and equipment repair and maintenance	75.5	2,777,700.7	3,502,461.3	5,100,328.8
390	Waste management and remediation services	23.0	687,696.2	1,202,329.9	3,291,654.9
361	Imputed rental activity for owner-occupied dwellings	0.0	0.0	1,495,259.3	2,220,632.2
368	Accounting, tax preparation, bookkeeping, and payroll services	14.8	577,024.1	742,064.9	1,187,445.0
33	Water, sewage and other treatment and delivery systems	6.5	343,731.3	652,583.5	979,544.9
413	Food services and drinking places	18.1	322,656.0	463,420.1	942,592.7
354	Monetary authorities and depository credit intermediation activities	4.1	200,899.1	417,899.1	859,623.8
397	Private hospitals	6.4	358,113.7	382,250.0	800,401.8
394	Offices of physicians, dentists, and other health practitioners	6.0	390,816.0	416,869.4	687,110.9

Top Ten for Value Added

Sector	Description	Total Employment	Total Labor Income	Total Value Added	Total Output
31	Electric power generation, transmission, and distribution	16.2	1,842,805.3	6,332,485.1	8,930,376.6
417	Commercial and industrial machinery and equipment repair and maintenance	75.5	2,777,700.7	3,502,461.3	5,100,328.8
361	Imputed rental activity for owner-occupied dwellings	0.0	0.0	1,495,259.3	2,220,632.2
390	Waste management and remediation services	23.0	687,696.2	1,202,329.9	3,291,654.9
368	Accounting, tax preparation, bookkeeping, and payroll services	14.8	577,024.1	742,064.9	1,187,445.0
33	Water, sewage and other treatment and delivery systems	6.5	343,731.3	652,583.5	979,544.9
438	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, education)	11.8	533,228.6	605,755.3	605,755.3
440	* Employment and payroll only (federal govt, military)	4.4	419,001.2	605,380.6	605,380.6
437	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, non-education)	12.1	527,501.8	599,249.6	599,249.6
413	Food services and drinking places	18.1	322,656.0	463,420.1	942,592.7

Table C.15. Projected Economic Impacts from Switchgrass Production for Scenario 3

Impact Type	Employment	Labor Income	Total Value Added	Output
Direct Effect	509.0	28,735,421.1	28,735,421.1	96,917,674.0
Indirect Effect	562.1	16,620,692.7	21,782,205.3	40,090,693.0
Induced Effect	565.8	21,678,542.5	36,728,914.1	58,840,037.1
Total Effect	1,636.9	67,034,656.3	87,246,540.4	195,848,404.1

Table C.16. Top Ten Industries Impacted By Switchgrass Production Scenario 3

Top Ten for Employment

Sector	Description	Total Employment	Total Labor Income	Total Value Added	Total Output
10	All other crop farming	509.0	28,737,280.0	28,737,280.0	96,923,943.8
19	Support activities for agriculture and forestry	326.7	6,401,672.7	5,511,660.4	7,557,191.6
335	Transport by truck	88.1	4,175,610.5	5,367,692.2	11,788,541.1
413	Food services and drinking places	56.1	1,075,702.2	1,547,780.8	3,058,786.2
319	Wholesale trade businesses	40.5	2,648,697.4	4,553,819.3	6,966,982.3
437	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, non-education)	33.3	1,605,707.9	1,824,107.2	1,824,107.1
360	Real estate establishments	31.2	279,835.5	2,074,550.5	2,759,123.0
438	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, education)	30.5	1,507,009.4	1,711,984.3	1,711,984.3
354	Monetary authorities and depository credit intermediation activities	23.5	1,331,041.8	2,767,502.0	5,442,659.8
394	Offices of physicians, dentists, and other health practitioners	23.1	1,788,290.6	1,907,504.4	2,988,725.1

Top Ten for Labor Income

Sector	Description	Total Employment	Total Labor Income	Total Value Added	Total Output
10	All other crop farming	509.0	28,737,280.0	28,737,280.0	96,923,943.8
19	Support activities for agriculture and forestry	326.7	6,401,672.7	5,511,660.4	7,557,191.6
335	Transport by truck	88.1	4,175,610.5	5,367,692.2	11,788,541.1
319	Wholesale trade businesses	40.5	2,648,697.4	4,553,819.3	6,966,982.3
394	Offices of physicians, dentists, and other health practitioners	23.1	1,788,290.6	1,907,504.4	2,988,725.1
437	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, non-education)	33.3	1,605,707.9	1,824,107.2	1,824,107.1
438	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, education)	30.5	1,507,009.4	1,711,984.3	1,711,984.3
354	Monetary authorities and depository credit intermediation activities	23.5	1,331,041.8	2,767,502.0	5,442,659.8
397	Private hospitals	21.7	1,262,560.0	1,347,760.4	2,776,933.8
413	Food services and drinking places	56.1	1,075,702.2	1,547,780.8	3,058,786.2

Top Ten for Output

Sector	Description	Total Employment	Total Labor Income	Total Value Added	Total Output
10	All other crop farming	509.0	28,737,280.0	28,737,280.0	96,923,943.8
335	Transport by truck	88.1	4,175,610.5	5,367,692.2	11,788,541.1
19	Support activities for agriculture and forestry	326.7	6,401,672.7	5,511,660.4	7,557,191.6
319	Wholesale trade businesses	40.5	2,648,697.4	4,553,819.3	6,966,982.3
361	Imputed rental activity for owner-occupied dwellings	0.0	0.0	4,467,360.1	6,634,544.3
354	Monetary authorities and depository credit intermediation activities	23.5	1,331,041.8	2,767,502.0	5,442,659.8
130	Fertilizer manufacturing	1.4	612,455.3	1,182,916.2	3,374,553.6
413	Food services and drinking places	56.1	1,075,702.2	1,547,780.8	3,058,786.2
394	Offices of physicians, dentists, and other health practitioners	23.1	1,788,290.6	1,907,504.4	2,988,725.1
397	Private hospitals	21.7	1,262,560.0	1,347,760.4	2,776,933.8

Top Ten for Value Added

Sector	Description	Total Employment	Total Labor Income	Total Value Added	Total Output
10	All other crop farming	509.0	28,737,280.0	28,737,280.0	96,923,943.8
19	Support activities for agriculture and forestry	326.7	6,401,672.7	5,511,660.4	7,557,191.6
335	Transport by truck	88.1	4,175,610.5	5,367,692.2	11,788,541.1
319	Wholesale trade businesses	40.5	2,648,697.4	4,553,819.3	6,966,982.3
361	Imputed rental activity for owner-occupied dwellings	0.0	0.0	4,467,360.1	6,634,544.3
354	Monetary authorities and depository credit intermediation activities	23.5	1,331,041.8	2,767,502.0	5,442,659.8
360	Real estate establishments	31.2	279,835.5	2,074,550.5	2,759,123.0
394	Offices of physicians, dentists, and other health practitioners	23.1	1,788,290.6	1,907,504.4	2,988,725.1
437	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, non-education)	33.3	1,605,707.9	1,824,107.2	1,824,107.1
438	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, education)	30.5	1,507,009.4	1,711,984.3	1,711,984.3

Table C.17. Projected Economic Impacts from Ethanol Production for Scenario 4

Impact Type	Employment	Labor Income	Total Value Added	Output
Direct Effect	173.9	8,162,595.8	17,291,161.4	27,185,389.7
Indirect Effect	34.1	1,202,502.6	1,853,453.3	3,619,303.4
Induced Effect	201.8	7,151,820.1	11,609,103.5	18,129,395.9
Total Effect	409.7	16,516,918.6	30,753,718.2	48,934,088.9

Table C.18. Top Ten Industries Impacted By Ethanol Production Scenario 4

Top Ten for Employment

Sector	Description	Total Employment	Total Labor Income	Total Value Added	Total Output
417	Commercial and industrial machinery and equipment repair and maintenance	84.9	3,137,926.1	3,956,656.9	5,759,784.2
390	Waste management and remediation services	33.0	1,112,600.2	1,942,742.6	4,996,003.9
31	Electric power generation, transmission, and distribution	32.3	2,857,166.8	9,809,844.1	13,833,967.4
413	Food services and drinking places	25.3	447,171.0	642,103.8	1,311,225.0
368	Accounting, tax preparation, bookkeeping, and payroll services	20.9	769,017.0	989,228.8	1,583,379.8
438	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, education)	20.0	962,803.6	1,093,758.6	1,093,758.7
437	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, non-education)	16.3	732,152.8	831,736.1	831,736.1
398	Nursing and residential care facilities	9.4	236,287.4	255,001.7	454,640.0
33	Water, sewage and other treatment and delivery systems	8.9	462,955.5	878,761.6	1,319,128.5
397	Private hospitals	8.6	437,592.4	467,089.9	1,032,692.5

Top Ten for Labor Income

Sector	Description	Total Employment	Total Labor Income	Total Value Added	Total Output
417	Commercial and industrial machinery and equipment repair and maintenance	84.9	3,137,926.1	3,956,656.9	5,759,784.2
31	Electric power generation, transmission, and distribution	32.3	2,857,166.8	9,809,844.1	13,833,967.4
390	Waste management and remediation services	33.0	1,112,600.2	1,942,742.6	4,996,003.9
438	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, education)	20.0	962,803.6	1,093,758.6	1,093,758.7
368	Accounting, tax preparation, bookkeeping, and payroll services	20.9	769,017.0	989,228.8	1,583,379.8
437	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, non-education)	16.3	732,152.8	831,736.1	831,736.1
394	Offices of physicians, dentists, and other health practitioners	8.1	506,488.8	540,291.3	899,801.6
440	* Employment and payroll only (federal govt, military)	5.2	488,431.3	705,694.5	705,694.5
33	Water, sewage and other treatment and delivery systems	8.9	462,955.5	878,761.6	1,319,128.5
413	Food services and drinking places	25.3	447,171.0	642,103.8	1,311,225.0

Top Ten for Output

Sector	Description	Total Employment	Total Labor Income	Total Value Added	Total Output
31	Electric power generation, transmission, and distribution	32.3	2,857,166.8	9,809,844.1	13,833,967.4
417	Commercial and industrial machinery and equipment repair and maintenance	84.9	3,137,926.1	3,956,656.9	5,759,784.2
390	Waste management and remediation services	33.0	1,112,600.2	1,942,742.6	4,996,003.9
361	Imputed rental activity for owner-occupied dwellings	0.0	0.0	1,918,907.9	2,849,799.4
368	Accounting, tax preparation, bookkeeping, and payroll services	20.9	769,017.0	989,228.8	1,583,379.8
33	Water, sewage and other treatment and delivery systems	8.9	462,955.5	878,761.6	1,319,128.5
413	Food services and drinking places	25.3	447,171.0	642,103.8	1,311,225.0
354	Monetary authorities and depository credit intermediation activities	5.8	270,907.2	563,785.4	1,176,911.4
438	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, education)	20.0	962,803.6	1,093,758.6	1,093,758.7
397	Private hospitals	8.6	437,592.4	467,089.9	1,032,692.5

Top Ten for Value Added

Sector	Description	Total Employment	Total Labor Income	Total Value Added	Total Output
31	Electric power generation, transmission, and distribution	32.3	2,857,166.8	9,809,844.1	13,833,967.4
417	Commercial and industrial machinery and equipment repair and maintenance	84.9	3,137,926.1	3,956,656.9	5,759,784.2
390	Waste management and remediation services	33.0	1,112,600.2	1,942,742.6	4,996,003.9
361	Imputed rental activity for owner-occupied dwellings	0.0	0.0	1,918,907.9	2,849,799.4
438	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, education)	20.0	962,803.6	1,093,758.6	1,093,758.7
368	Accounting, tax preparation, bookkeeping, and payroll services	20.9	769,017.0	989,228.8	1,583,379.8
33	Water, sewage and other treatment and delivery systems	8.9	462,955.5	878,761.6	1,319,128.5
437	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, non-education)	16.3	732,152.8	831,736.1	831,736.1
440	* Employment and payroll only (federal govt, military)	5.2	488,431.3	705,694.5	705,694.5
413	Food services and drinking places	25.3	447,171.0	642,103.8	1,311,225.0

Table C.19. Projected Economic Impacts from Switchgrass Production for Scenario 4

Impact Type	Employment	Labor Income	Total Value Added	Output
Direct Effect	705.0	39,758,657.2	39,758,657.2	132,590,769.0
Indirect Effect	728.5	21,428,955.0	28,217,770.9	52,552,507.2
Induced Effect	755.5	28,567,396.6	48,296,714.3	77,719,853.1
Total Effect	2,189.0	89,755,008.8	116,273,142.4	262,863,129.3

Table C.20. Top Ten Industries Impacted By Switchgrass Production Scenario 4

Top Ten for Employment

Sector	Description	Total Employment	Total Labor Income	Total Value Added	Total Output
10	All other crop farming	705.0	39,761,223.2	39,761,223.2	132,599,326.3
19	Support activities for agriculture and forestry	408.5	7,936,635.4	6,833,001.7	9,377,550.1
335	Transport by truck	119.4	5,584,130.3	7,180,511.3	15,863,909.7
413	Food services and drinking places	75.9	1,445,858.5	2,080,832.6	4,123,379.7
319	Wholesale trade businesses	53.8	3,442,715.3	5,918,340.7	9,065,280.7
437	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, non-education)	45.1	2,138,628.2	2,429,512.3	2,429,512.3
438	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, education)	41.9	2,047,240.3	2,325,694.4	2,325,694.5
360	Real estate establishments	38.6	348,810.4	2,585,389.8	3,438,532.4
354	Monetary authorities and depository credit intermediation activities	32.5	1,795,720.7	3,734,644.5	7,399,142.6
394	Offices of physicians, dentists, and other health practitioners	31.0	2,365,156.7	2,522,821.1	3,966,870.7

Top Ten for Labor Income

Sector	Description	Total Employment	Total Labor Income	Total Value Added	Total Output
10	All other crop farming	705.0	39,761,223.2	39,761,223.2	132,599,326.3
19	Support activities for agriculture and forestry	408.5	7,936,635.4	6,833,001.7	9,377,550.1
335	Transport by truck	119.4	5,584,130.3	7,180,511.3	15,863,909.7
319	Wholesale trade businesses	53.8	3,442,715.3	5,918,340.7	9,065,280.7
394	Offices of physicians, dentists, and other health practitioners	31.0	2,365,156.7	2,522,821.1	3,966,870.7
437	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, non-education)	45.1	2,138,628.2	2,429,512.3	2,429,512.3
438	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, education)	41.9	2,047,240.3	2,325,694.4	2,325,694.5
354	Monetary authorities and depository credit intermediation activities	32.5	1,795,720.7	3,734,644.5	7,399,142.6
397	Private hospitals	29.0	1,655,623.7	1,767,338.2	3,672,215.9
413	Food services and drinking places	75.9	1,445,858.5	2,080,832.6	4,123,379.7

Top Ten for Output

Sector	Description	Total Employment	Total Labor Income	Total Value Added	Total Output
10	All other crop farming	705.0	39,761,223.2	39,761,223.2	132,599,326.3
335	Transport by truck	119.4	5,584,130.3	7,180,511.3	15,863,909.7
19	Support activities for agriculture and forestry	408.5	7,936,635.4	6,833,001.7	9,377,550.1
319	Wholesale trade businesses	53.8	3,442,715.3	5,918,340.7	9,065,280.7
361	Imputed rental activity for owner-occupied dwellings	0.0	0.0	6,048,439.0	8,982,627.8
354	Monetary authorities and depository credit intermediation activities	32.5	1,795,720.7	3,734,644.5	7,399,142.6
130	Fertilizer manufacturing	1.8	819,243.6	1,582,313.7	4,513,931.3
413	Food services and drinking places	75.9	1,445,858.5	2,080,832.6	4,123,379.7
394	Offices of physicians, dentists, and other health practitioners	31.0	2,365,156.7	2,522,821.1	3,966,870.7
397	Private hospitals	29.0	1,655,623.7	1,767,338.2	3,672,215.9

Top Ten for Value Added

Sector	Description	Total Employment	Total Labor Income	Total Value Added	Total Output
10	All other crop farming	705.0	39,761,223.2	39,761,223.2	132,599,326.3
335	Transport by truck	119.4	5,584,130.3	7,180,511.3	15,863,909.7
19	Support activities for agriculture and forestry	408.5	7,936,635.4	6,833,001.7	9,377,550.1
361	Imputed rental activity for owner-occupied dwellings	0.0	0.0	6,048,439.0	8,982,627.8
319	Wholesale trade businesses	53.8	3,442,715.3	5,918,340.7	9,065,280.7
354	Monetary authorities and depository credit intermediation activities	32.5	1,795,720.7	3,734,644.5	7,399,142.6
360	Real estate establishments	38.6	348,810.4	2,585,389.8	3,438,532.4
394	Offices of physicians, dentists, and other health practitioners	31.0	2,365,156.7	2,522,821.1	3,966,870.7
437	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, non-education)	45.1	2,138,628.2	2,429,512.3	2,429,512.3
438	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, education)	41.9	2,047,240.3	2,325,694.4	2,325,694.5

Table C.21. Projected Economic Impacts from Ethanol Production for Scenario 5

Impact Type	Employment	Labor Income	Total Value Added	Output
Direct Effect	228.0	10,241,436.1	21,618,835.5	34,150,852.2
Indirect Effect	42.8	1,504,398.2	2,321,770.3	4,550,184.9
Induced Effect	252.8	8,908,851.1	14,465,435.6	22,573,129.8
Total Effect	523.7	20,654,685.4	38,406,041.4	61,274,166.9

Table C.22. Top Ten Industries Impacted By Ethanol Production Scenario 5

Top Ten for Employment

Sector	Description	Total Employment	Total Labor Income	Total Value Added	Total Output
417	Commercial and industrial machinery and equipment repair and maintenance	110.9	3,958,262.7	4,992,959.2	7,284,473.1
390	Waste management and remediation services	42.3	1,417,662.7	2,475,978.3	6,386,665.1
31	Electric power generation, transmission, and distribution	40.2	3,535,974.1	12,140,292.0	17,120,392.0
413	Food services and drinking places	31.6	554,228.3	795,865.7	1,630,014.1
368	Accounting, tax preparation, bookkeeping, and payroll services	26.0	952,376.1	1,225,262.6	1,960,881.6
438	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, education)	26.0	1,236,452.7	1,404,627.9	1,404,627.9
437	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, non-education)	21.2	935,889.5	1,063,183.8	1,063,183.9
398	Nursing and residential care facilities	11.6	291,928.3	315,069.5	562,928.8
33	Water, sewage and other treatment and delivery systems	11.4	579,747.5	1,100,262.1	1,651,624.4
397	Private hospitals	10.4	529,568.9	565,268.3	1,249,619.5

Top Ten for Labor Income

Sector	Description	Total Employment	Total Labor Income	Total Value Added	Total Output
417	Commercial and industrial machinery and equipment repair and maintenance	110.9	3,958,262.7	4,992,959.2	7,284,473.1
31	Electric power generation, transmission, and distribution	40.2	3,535,974.1	12,140,292.0	17,120,392.0
390	Waste management and remediation services	42.3	1,417,662.7	2,475,978.3	6,386,665.1
438	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, education)	26.0	1,236,452.7	1,404,627.9	1,404,627.9
368	Accounting, tax preparation, bookkeeping, and payroll services	26.0	952,376.1	1,225,262.6	1,960,881.6
437	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, non-education)	21.2	935,889.5	1,063,183.8	1,063,183.9
394	Offices of physicians, dentists, and other health practitioners	9.9	621,400.4	662,877.1	1,105,231.0
440	* Employment and payroll only (federal govt, military)	6.3	583,356.7	842,844.4	842,844.4
33	Water, sewage and other treatment and delivery systems	11.4	579,747.5	1,100,262.1	1,651,624.4
413	Food services and drinking places	31.6	554,228.3	795,865.7	1,630,014.1

Top Ten for Output

Sector	Description	Total Employment	Total Labor Income	Total Value Added	Total Output
31	Electric power generation, transmission, and distribution	40.2	3,535,974.1	12,140,292.0	17,120,392.0
417	Commercial and industrial machinery and equipment repair and maintenance	110.9	3,958,262.7	4,992,959.2	7,284,473.1
390	Waste management and remediation services	42.3	1,417,662.7	2,475,978.3	6,386,665.1
361	Imputed rental activity for owner-occupied dwellings	0.0	0.0	2,406,184.3	3,573,460.9
368	Accounting, tax preparation, bookkeeping, and payroll services	26.0	952,376.1	1,225,262.6	1,960,881.6
33	Water, sewage and other treatment and delivery systems	11.4	579,747.5	1,100,262.1	1,651,624.4
413	Food services and drinking places	31.6	554,228.3	795,865.7	1,630,014.1
354	Monetary authorities and depository credit intermediation activities	7.3	343,825.0	715,644.2	1,493,849.6
438	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, education)	26.0	1,236,452.7	1,404,627.9	1,404,627.9
397	Private hospitals	10.4	529,568.9	565,268.3	1,249,619.5

Top Ten for Value Added

Sector	Description	Total Employment	Total Labor Income	Total Value Added	Total Output
31	Electric power generation, transmission, and distribution	40.2	3,535,974.1	12,140,292.0	17,120,392.0
417	Commercial and industrial machinery and equipment repair and maintenance	110.9	3,958,262.7	4,992,959.2	7,284,473.1
390	Waste management and remediation services	42.3	1,417,662.7	2,475,978.3	6,386,665.1
361	Imputed rental activity for owner-occupied dwellings	0.0	0.0	2,406,184.3	3,573,460.9
438	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, education)	26.0	1,236,452.7	1,404,627.9	1,404,627.9
368	Accounting, tax preparation, bookkeeping, and payroll services	26.0	952,376.1	1,225,262.6	1,960,881.6
33	Water, sewage and other treatment and delivery systems	11.4	579,747.5	1,100,262.1	1,651,624.4
437	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, non-education)	21.2	935,889.5	1,063,183.8	1,063,183.9
440	* Employment and payroll only (federal govt, military)	6.3	583,356.7	842,844.4	842,844.4
413	Food services and drinking places	31.6	554,228.3	795,865.7	1,630,014.1

Table C.23. Projected Economic Impacts from Switchgrass Production for Scenario 5

Impact Type	Employment	Labor Income	Total Value Added	Output
Direct Effect	898.0	50,689,025.3	50,689,025.3	167,122,696.8
Indirect Effect	872.3	25,720,891.6	33,844,043.7	63,470,394.4
Induced Effect	901.7	34,174,877.5	57,753,136.2	92,636,912.7
Total Effect	2,672.1	110,584,794.4	142,286,205.3	323,230,003.8

Table C.24. Top Ten Industries Impacted By Switchgrass Production Scenario 5

Top Ten for Employment

Sector	Description	Total Employment	Total Labor Income	Total Value Added	Total Output
10	All other crop farming	898.1	50,692,112.3	50,692,112.3	167,132,874.7
19	Support activities for agriculture and forestry	479.9	9,445,605.1	8,138,631.0	11,152,683.6
335	Transport by truck	146.5	6,822,889.5	8,774,307.4	19,417,945.9
413	Food services and drinking places	91.8	1,740,821.8	2,505,147.1	4,972,296.0
319	Wholesale trade businesses	64.8	4,118,567.2	7,079,530.7	10,847,734.9
437	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, non-education)	52.5	2,483,657.0	2,821,469.9	2,821,469.5
438	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, education)	49.8	2,406,726.7	2,734,076.1	2,734,076.1
360	Real estate establishments	44.8	405,969.0	3,008,583.4	4,001,373.3
354	Monetary authorities and depository credit intermediation activities	41.3	2,225,387.0	4,628,506.4	9,238,871.3
394	Offices of physicians, dentists, and other health practitioners	36.8	2,774,170.7	2,959,134.4	4,669,647.7

Top Ten for Labor Income

Sector	Description	Total Employment	Total Labor Income	Total Value Added	Total Output
10	All other crop farming	898.1	50,692,112.3	50,692,112.3	167,132,874.7
19	Support activities for agriculture and forestry	479.9	9,445,605.1	8,138,631.0	11,152,683.6
335	Transport by truck	146.5	6,822,889.5	8,774,307.4	19,417,945.9
319	Wholesale trade businesses	64.8	4,118,567.2	7,079,530.7	10,847,734.9
394	Offices of physicians, dentists, and other health practitioners	36.8	2,774,170.7	2,959,134.4	4,669,647.7
437	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, non-education)	52.5	2,483,657.0	2,821,469.9	2,821,469.5
438	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, education)	49.8	2,406,726.7	2,734,076.1	2,734,076.1
354	Monetary authorities and depository credit intermediation activities	41.3	2,225,387.0	4,628,506.4	9,238,871.3
397	Private hospitals	33.9	1,929,939.2	2,060,159.5	4,292,487.2
413	Food services and drinking places	91.8	1,740,821.8	2,505,147.1	4,972,296.0

Top Ten for Output

Sector	Description	Total Employment	Total Labor Income	Total Value Added	Total Output
10	All other crop farming	898.1	50,692,112.3	50,692,112.3	167,132,874.7
335	Transport by truck	146.5	6,822,889.5	8,774,307.4	19,417,945.9
19	Support activities for agriculture and forestry	479.9	9,445,605.1	8,138,631.0	11,152,683.6
319	Wholesale trade businesses	64.8	4,118,567.2	7,079,530.7	10,847,734.9
361	Imputed rental activity for owner-occupied dwellings	0.0	0.0	7,303,869.4	10,847,087.1
354	Monetary authorities and depository credit intermediation activities	41.3	2,225,387.0	4,628,506.4	9,238,871.3
130	Fertilizer manufacturing	2.2	822,163.1	1,584,461.1	5,043,484.3
413	Food services and drinking places	91.8	1,740,821.8	2,505,147.1	4,972,296.0
394	Offices of physicians, dentists, and other health practitioners	36.8	2,774,170.7	2,959,134.4	4,669,647.7
397	Private hospitals	33.9	1,929,939.2	2,060,159.5	4,292,487.2

Top Ten for Value Added

Sector	Description	Total Employment	Total Labor Income	Total Value Added	Total Output
10	All other crop farming	898.1	50,692,112.3	50,692,112.3	167,132,874.7
335	Transport by truck	146.5	6,822,889.5	8,774,307.4	19,417,945.9
19	Support activities for agriculture and forestry	479.9	9,445,605.1	8,138,631.0	11,152,683.6
361	Imputed rental activity for owner-occupied dwellings	0.0	0.0	7,303,869.4	10,847,087.1
319	Wholesale trade businesses	64.8	4,118,567.2	7,079,530.7	10,847,734.9
354	Monetary authorities and depository credit intermediation activities	41.3	2,225,387.0	4,628,506.4	9,238,871.3
360	Real estate establishments	44.8	405,969.0	3,008,583.4	4,001,373.3
394	Offices of physicians, dentists, and other health practitioners	36.8	2,774,170.7	2,959,134.4	4,669,647.7
437	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, non-education)	52.5	2,483,657.0	2,821,469.9	2,821,469.5
438	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, education)	49.8	2,406,726.7	2,734,076.1	2,734,076.1

Table C.25. Projected Economic Impacts from Ethanol Production for Scenario 6

Impact Type	Employment	Labor Income	Total Value Added	Output
Direct Effect	246.1	11,746,510.8	25,759,094.6	40,611,039.6
Indirect Effect	50.5	1,767,397.0	2,732,877.3	5,328,908.6
Induced Effect	304.0	10,747,710.8	17,425,013.4	27,334,999.5
Total Effect	600.7	24,261,618.5	45,916,985.2	73,274,947.7

Table C.26. Top Ten Industries Impacted By Ethanol Production Scenario 6

Top Ten for Employment

Sector	Description	Total Employment	Total Labor Income	Total Value Added	Total Output
417	Commercial and industrial machinery and equipment repair and maintenance	110.2	3,944,004.3	4,974,386.0	7,255,925.0
390	Waste management and remediation services	50.6	1,771,758.7	3,094,471.0	7,802,025.7
31	Electric power generation, transmission, and distribution	47.7	4,473,851.7	15,360,108.4	21,661,209.3
413	Food services and drinking places	39.1	670,875.8	963,510.7	1,990,691.8
368	Accounting, tax preparation, bookkeeping, and payroll services	30.4	1,106,172.8	1,422,538.0	2,278,149.4
438	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, education)	30.3	1,433,403.3	1,628,366.6	1,628,366.6
437	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, non-education)	25.6	1,121,294.1	1,273,806.1	1,273,806.2
397	Private hospitals	13.7	698,522.5	745,608.1	1,641,905.2
398	Nursing and residential care facilities	13.0	336,173.3	362,819.5	640,763.4
394	Offices of physicians, dentists, and other health practitioners	12.3	852,363.7	909,119.9	1,471,100.8

Top Ten for Labor Income

Sector	Description	Total Employment	Total Labor Income	Total Value Added	Total Output
31	Electric power generation, transmission, and distribution	47.7	4,473,851.7	15,360,108.4	21,661,209.3
417	Commercial and industrial machinery and equipment repair and maintenance	110.2	3,944,004.3	4,974,386.0	7,255,925.0
390	Waste management and remediation services	50.6	1,771,758.7	3,094,471.0	7,802,025.7
438	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, education)	30.3	1,433,403.3	1,628,366.6	1,628,366.6
437	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, non-education)	25.6	1,121,294.1	1,273,806.1	1,273,806.2
368	Accounting, tax preparation, bookkeeping, and payroll services	30.4	1,106,172.8	1,422,538.0	2,278,149.4
394	Offices of physicians, dentists, and other health practitioners	12.3	852,363.7	909,119.9	1,471,100.8
33	Water, sewage and other treatment and delivery systems	10.7	723,980.8	1,371,855.2	2,057,870.4
397	Private hospitals	13.7	698,522.5	745,608.1	1,641,905.2
413	Food services and drinking places	39.1	670,875.8	963,510.7	1,990,691.8

Top Ten for Output

Sector	Description	Total Employment	Total Labor Income	Total Value Added	Total Output
31	Electric power generation, transmission, and distribution	47.7	4,473,851.7	15,360,108.4	21,661,209.3
390	Waste management and remediation services	50.6	1,771,758.7	3,094,471.0	7,802,025.7
417	Commercial and industrial machinery and equipment repair and maintenance	110.2	3,944,004.3	4,974,386.0	7,255,925.0
361	Imputed rental activity for owner-occupied dwellings	0.0	0.0	2,912,142.0	4,324,866.3
368	Accounting, tax preparation, bookkeeping, and payroll services	30.4	1,106,172.8	1,422,538.0	2,278,149.4
33	Water, sewage and other treatment and delivery systems	10.7	723,980.8	1,371,855.2	2,057,870.4
413	Food services and drinking places	39.1	670,875.8	963,510.7	1,990,691.8
354	Monetary authorities and depository credit intermediation activities	8.4	417,865.7	869,459.9	1,783,457.1
397	Private hospitals	13.7	698,522.5	745,608.1	1,641,905.2
438	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, education)	30.3	1,433,403.3	1,628,366.6	1,628,366.6

Top Ten for Value Added

Sector	Description	Total Employment	Total Labor Income	Total Value Added	Total Output
31	Electric power generation, transmission, and distribution	47.7	4,473,851.7	15,360,108.4	21,661,209.3
417	Commercial and industrial machinery and equipment repair and maintenance	110.2	3,944,004.3	4,974,386.0	7,255,925.0
390	Waste management and remediation services	50.6	1,771,758.7	3,094,471.0	7,802,025.7
361	Imputed rental activity for owner-occupied dwellings	0.0	0.0	2,912,142.0	4,324,866.3
438	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, education)	30.3	1,433,403.3	1,628,366.6	1,628,366.6
368	Accounting, tax preparation, bookkeeping, and payroll services	30.4	1,106,172.8	1,422,538.0	2,278,149.4
33	Water, sewage and other treatment and delivery systems	10.7	723,980.8	1,371,855.2	2,057,870.4
437	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, non-education)	25.6	1,121,294.1	1,273,806.1	1,273,806.2
413	Food services and drinking places	39.1	670,875.8	963,510.7	1,990,691.8
440	* Employment and payroll only (federal govt, military)	7.2	631,338.0	912,168.7	912,168.7

Table C.27. Projected Economic Impacts from Switchgrass Production for Scenario 6

Impact Type	Employment	Labor Income	Total Value Added	Output
Direct Effect	1,083.0	61,130,671.6	61,130,671.6	201,548,949.4
Indirect Effect	1,071.7	30,716,317.1	39,987,709.0	75,212,562.4
Induced Effect	1,074.0	40,231,653.6	68,159,380.0	109,773,526.4
Total Effect	3,228.8	132,078,642.4	169,277,760.6	386,535,038.1

Table C.28. Top Ten Industries Impacted By Switchgrass Production Scenario 6

Top Ten for Employment

Sector	Description	Total Employment	Total Labor Income	Total Value Added	Total Output
10	All other crop farming	1,083.1	61,134,675.2	61,134,675.2	201,562,149.0
19	Support activities for agriculture and forestry	600.4	11,839,849.4	10,200,438.4	13,975,334.8
335	Transport by truck	173.2	7,970,506.6	10,252,945.9	22,808,023.3
413	Food services and drinking places	109.5	2,059,040.2	2,963,119.7	5,901,271.7
319	Wholesale trade businesses	75.4	4,743,420.3	8,153,140.2	12,500,133.1
437	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, non-education)	63.8	2,967,134.0	3,370,706.7	3,370,706.1
438	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, education)	61.2	2,919,806.9	3,316,942.5	3,316,942.1
360	Real estate establishments	51.3	462,046.2	3,424,601.9	4,554,672.2
354	Monetary authorities and depository credit intermediation activities	49.8	2,644,535.6	5,500,851.4	11,031,366.9
394	Offices of physicians, dentists, and other health practitioners	43.2	3,224,838.8	3,439,861.8	5,443,013.2

Top Ten for Labor Income

Sector	Description	Total Employment	Total Labor Income	Total Value Added	Total Output
10	All other crop farming	1,083.1	61,134,675.2	61,134,675.2	201,562,149.0
19	Support activities for agriculture and forestry	600.4	11,839,849.4	10,200,438.4	13,975,334.8
335	Transport by truck	173.2	7,970,506.6	10,252,945.9	22,808,023.3
319	Wholesale trade businesses	75.4	4,743,420.3	8,153,140.2	12,500,133.1
394	Offices of physicians, dentists, and other health practitioners	43.2	3,224,838.8	3,439,861.8	5,443,013.2
437	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, non-education)	63.8	2,967,134.0	3,370,706.7	3,370,706.1
438	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, education)	61.2	2,919,806.9	3,316,942.5	3,316,942.1
354	Monetary authorities and depository credit intermediation activities	49.8	2,644,535.6	5,500,851.4	11,031,366.9
397	Private hospitals	39.5	2,244,403.8	2,395,839.5	4,994,982.2
413	Food services and drinking places	109.5	2,059,040.2	2,963,119.7	5,901,271.7

Top Ten for Output

Sector	Description	Total Employment	Total Labor Income	Total Value Added	Total Output
10	All other crop farming	1,083.1	61,134,675.2	61,134,675.2	201,562,149.0
335	Transport by truck	173.2	7,970,506.6	10,252,945.9	22,808,023.3
19	Support activities for agriculture and forestry	600.4	11,839,849.4	10,200,438.4	13,975,334.8
361	Imputed rental activity for owner-occupied dwellings	0.0	0.0	8,824,885.1	13,105,970.0
319	Wholesale trade businesses	75.4	4,743,420.3	8,153,140.2	12,500,133.1
354	Monetary authorities and depository credit intermediation activities	49.8	2,644,535.6	5,500,851.4	11,031,366.9
413	Food services and drinking places	109.5	2,059,040.2	2,963,119.7	5,901,271.7
130	Fertilizer manufacturing	2.5	860,087.0	1,657,285.2	5,523,512.1
394	Offices of physicians, dentists, and other health practitioners	43.2	3,224,838.8	3,439,861.8	5,443,013.2
397	Private hospitals	39.5	2,244,403.8	2,395,839.5	4,994,982.2

Top Ten for Value Added

Sector	Description	Total Employment	Total Labor Income	Total Value Added	Total Output
10	All other crop farming	1,083.1	61,134,675.2	61,134,675.2	201,562,149.0
335	Transport by truck	173.2	7,970,506.6	10,252,945.9	22,808,023.3
19	Support activities for agriculture and forestry	600.4	11,839,849.4	10,200,438.4	13,975,334.8
361	Imputed rental activity for owner-occupied dwellings	0.0	0.0	8,824,885.1	13,105,970.0
319	Wholesale trade businesses	75.4	4,743,420.3	8,153,140.2	12,500,133.1
354	Monetary authorities and depository credit intermediation activities	49.8	2,644,535.6	5,500,851.4	11,031,366.9
394	Offices of physicians, dentists, and other health practitioners	43.2	3,224,838.8	3,439,861.8	5,443,013.2
360	Real estate establishments	51.3	462,046.2	3,424,601.9	4,554,672.2
437	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, non-education)	63.8	2,967,134.0	3,370,706.7	3,370,706.1
438	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, education)	61.2	2,919,806.9	3,316,942.5	3,316,942.1

Table C.29. Projected Economic Impacts from Ethanol Production for Scenario 7

Impact Type	Employment	Labor Income	Total Value Added	Output
Direct Effect	237.2	12,664,714.8	27,455,190.3	43,521,188.2
Indirect Effect	52.5	1,833,791.3	2,900,002.1	5,608,682.8
Induced Effect	303.9	11,244,203.5	18,501,195.0	28,245,010.1
Total Effect	593.6	25,742,709.6	48,856,387.4	77,374,881.2

Table C.30. Top Ten Industries Impacted By Ethanol Production Scenario 7

Top Ten for Employment

Sector	Description	Total Employment	Total Labor Income	Total Value Added	Total Output
417	Commercial and industrial machinery and equipment repair and maintenance	92.4	4,338,785.2	5,466,233.7	7,853,549.1
390	Waste management and remediation services	52.0	1,922,531.7	3,358,521.6	8,247,038.2
31	Electric power generation, transmission, and distribution	48.1	4,560,758.8	15,656,617.7	22,079,489.5
413	Food services and drinking places	42.0	742,100.7	1,066,533.6	2,175,924.8
438	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, education)	28.1	1,324,585.1	1,504,747.6	1,504,747.6
368	Accounting, tax preparation, bookkeeping, and payroll services	26.2	850,884.3	1,094,711.1	1,758,087.1
437	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, non-education)	23.6	1,102,922.5	1,252,935.7	1,252,935.9
440	* Employment and payroll only (federal govt, military)	14.4	1,468,162.4	2,121,228.0	2,121,227.9
33	Water, sewage and other treatment and delivery systems	11.9	826,063.8	1,565,172.7	2,348,366.9
394	Offices of physicians, dentists, and other health practitioners	11.8	762,301.9	813,131.6	1,341,480.3

Top Ten for Labor Income

Sector	Description	Total Employment	Total Labor Income	Total Value Added	Total Output
31	Electric power generation, transmission, and distribution	48.1	4,560,758.8	15,656,617.7	22,079,489.5
417	Commercial and industrial machinery and equipment repair and maintenance	92.4	4,338,785.2	5,466,233.7	7,853,549.1
390	Waste management and remediation services	52.0	1,922,531.7	3,358,521.6	8,247,038.2
440	* Employment and payroll only (federal govt, military)	14.4	1,468,162.4	2,121,228.0	2,121,227.9
438	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, education)	28.1	1,324,585.1	1,504,747.6	1,504,747.6
437	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, non-education)	23.6	1,102,922.5	1,252,935.7	1,252,935.9
368	Accounting, tax preparation, bookkeeping, and payroll services	26.2	850,884.3	1,094,711.1	1,758,087.1
33	Water, sewage and other treatment and delivery systems	11.9	826,063.8	1,565,172.7	2,348,366.9
394	Offices of physicians, dentists, and other health practitioners	11.8	762,301.9	813,131.6	1,341,480.3
413	Food services and drinking places	42.0	742,100.7	1,066,533.6	2,175,924.8

Top Ten for Output

Sector	Description	Total Employment	Total Labor Income	Total Value Added	Total Output
31	Electric power generation, transmission, and distribution	48.1	4,560,758.8	15,656,617.7	22,079,489.5
390	Waste management and remediation services	52.0	1,922,531.7	3,358,521.6	8,247,038.2
417	Commercial and industrial machinery and equipment repair and maintenance	92.4	4,338,785.2	5,466,233.7	7,853,549.1
361	Imputed rental activity for owner-occupied dwellings	0.0	0.0	3,009,542.7	4,469,517.0
33	Water, sewage and other treatment and delivery systems	11.9	826,063.8	1,565,172.7	2,348,366.9
413	Food services and drinking places	42.0	742,100.7	1,066,533.6	2,175,924.8
440	* Employment and payroll only (federal govt, military)	14.4	1,468,162.4	2,121,228.0	2,121,227.9
354	Monetary authorities and depository credit intermediation activities	9.1	410,246.4	853,363.9	1,808,772.7
368	Accounting, tax preparation, bookkeeping, and payroll services	26.2	850,884.3	1,094,711.1	1,758,087.1
438	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, education)	28.1	1,324,585.1	1,504,747.6	1,504,747.6

Top Ten for Value Added

Sector	Description	Total Employment	Total Labor Income	Total Value Added	Total Output
31	Electric power generation, transmission, and distribution	48.1	4,560,758.8	15,656,617.7	22,079,489.5
417	Commercial and industrial machinery and equipment repair and maintenance	92.4	4,338,785.2	5,466,233.7	7,853,549.1
390	Waste management and remediation services	52.0	1,922,531.7	3,358,521.6	8,247,038.2
361	Imputed rental activity for owner-occupied dwellings	0.0	0.0	3,009,542.7	4,469,517.0
440	* Employment and payroll only (federal govt, military)	14.4	1,468,162.4	2,121,228.0	2,121,227.9
33	Water, sewage and other treatment and delivery systems	11.9	826,063.8	1,565,172.7	2,348,366.9
438	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, education)	28.1	1,324,585.1	1,504,747.6	1,504,747.6
437	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, non-education)	23.6	1,102,922.5	1,252,935.7	1,252,935.9
368	Accounting, tax preparation, bookkeeping, and payroll services	26.2	850,884.3	1,094,711.1	1,758,087.1
413	Food services and drinking places	42.0	742,100.7	1,066,533.6	2,175,924.8

Table C.31. Projected Economic Impacts from Switchgrass Production for Scenario 7

Impact Type	Employment	Labor Income	Total Value Added	Output
Direct Effect	1,299.0	73,329,026.1	73,329,026.1	236,213,287.0
Indirect Effect	1,227.4	35,718,729.6	46,541,721.5	87,296,040.9
Induced Effect	1,268.0	47,318,096.3	80,306,013.6	129,531,154.7
Total Effect	3,794.3	156,365,852.0	200,176,761.3	453,040,482.6

Table C.32. Top Ten Industries Impacted By Switchgrass Production Scenario 7

**Top Ten for
Employment**

Sector	Description	Total Employment	Total Labor Income	Total Value Added	Total Output
10	All other crop farming	1,299.1	73,333,808.0	73,333,808.0	236,228,690.6
19	Support activities for agriculture and forestry	685.1	13,847,078.7	11,936,949.0	16,310,589.4
335	Transport by truck	198.1	9,128,532.0	11,742,612.4	26,105,780.8
413	Food services and drinking places	129.6	2,431,042.9	3,498,521.8	6,972,109.3
319	Wholesale trade businesses	89.7	5,622,340.8	9,663,831.8	14,818,889.0
437	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, non-education)	74.2	3,436,181.7	3,903,551.6	3,903,550.8
438	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, education)	70.9	3,377,302.7	3,836,664.3	3,836,663.7
360	Real estate establishments	59.7	537,861.5	3,986,574.7	5,302,088.4
354	Monetary authorities and depository credit intermediation activities	58.8	3,110,576.1	6,470,561.1	12,991,538.4
394	Offices of physicians, dentists, and other health practitioners	51.2	3,813,051.5	4,067,317.0	6,441,453.2

**Top Ten for
Labor Income**

Sector	Description	Total Employment	Total Labor Income	Total Value Added	Total Output
10	All other crop farming	1,299.1	73,333,808.0	73,333,808.0	236,228,690.6
19	Support activities for agriculture and forestry	685.1	13,847,078.7	11,936,949.0	16,310,589.4
335	Transport by truck	198.1	9,128,532.0	11,742,612.4	26,105,780.8
319	Wholesale trade businesses	89.7	5,622,340.8	9,663,831.8	14,818,889.0
394	Offices of physicians, dentists, and other health practitioners	51.2	3,813,051.5	4,067,317.0	6,441,453.2
437	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, non-education)	74.2	3,436,181.7	3,903,551.6	3,903,550.8
438	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, education)	70.9	3,377,302.7	3,836,664.3	3,836,663.7
354	Monetary authorities and depository credit intermediation activities	58.8	3,110,576.1	6,470,561.1	12,991,538.4
397	Private hospitals	46.5	2,636,275.6	2,814,152.0	5,869,795.0
413	Food services and drinking places	129.6	2,431,042.9	3,498,521.8	6,972,109.3

Top Ten for Output

Sector	Description	Total Employment	Total Labor Income	Total Value Added	Total Output
10	All other crop farming	1,299.1	73,333,808.0	73,333,808.0	236,228,690.6
335	Transport by truck	198.1	9,128,532.0	11,742,612.4	26,105,780.8
19	Support activities for agriculture and forestry	685.1	13,847,078.7	11,936,949.0	16,310,589.4
361	Imputed rental activity for owner-occupied dwellings	0.0	0.0	10,492,993.5	15,583,304.7
319	Wholesale trade businesses	89.7	5,622,340.8	9,663,831.8	14,818,889.0
354	Monetary authorities and depository credit intermediation activities	58.8	3,110,576.1	6,470,561.1	12,991,538.4
413	Food services and drinking places	129.6	2,431,042.9	3,498,521.8	6,972,109.3
130	Fertilizer manufacturing	2.9	1,040,899.8	2,007,006.7	6,464,835.6
394	Offices of physicians, dentists, and other health practitioners	51.2	3,813,051.5	4,067,317.0	6,441,453.2
397	Private hospitals	46.5	2,636,275.6	2,814,152.0	5,869,795.0

Top Ten for Value Added

Sector	Description	Total Employment	Total Labor Income	Total Value Added	Total Output
10	All other crop farming	1,299.1	73,333,808.0	73,333,808.0	236,228,690.6
19	Support activities for agriculture and forestry	685.1	13,847,078.7	11,936,949.0	16,310,589.4
335	Transport by truck	198.1	9,128,532.0	11,742,612.4	26,105,780.8
361	Imputed rental activity for owner-occupied dwellings	0.0	0.0	10,492,993.5	15,583,304.7
319	Wholesale trade businesses	89.7	5,622,340.8	9,663,831.8	14,818,889.0
354	Monetary authorities and depository credit intermediation activities	58.8	3,110,576.1	6,470,561.1	12,991,538.4
394	Offices of physicians, dentists, and other health practitioners	51.2	3,813,051.5	4,067,317.0	6,441,453.2
360	Real estate establishments	59.7	537,861.5	3,986,574.7	5,302,088.4
437	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, non-education)	74.2	3,436,181.7	3,903,551.6	3,903,550.8
438	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, education)	70.9	3,377,302.7	3,836,664.3	3,836,663.7

Table C.33. Projected Economic Impacts from Ethanol Production for Scenario 8

Impact Type	Employment	Labor Income	Total Value Added	Output
Direct Effect	344.8	16,743,501.0	36,691,773.5	57,929,383.5
Indirect Effect	68.4	2,400,823.5	3,774,364.8	7,446,203.7
Induced Effect	381.4	13,556,460.0	21,955,825.4	34,295,927.1
Total Effect	794.6	32,700,784.5	62,421,963.6	99,671,514.3

Table C.34. Top Ten Industries Impacted By Ethanol Production Scenario 8

Top Ten for Employment

Sector	Description	Total Employment	Total Labor Income	Total Value Added	Total Output
417	Commercial and industrial machinery and equipment repair and maintenance	158.9	5,876,071.4	7,418,137.6	10,797,866.5
31	Electric power generation, transmission, and distribution	68.0	6,310,111.7	21,665,096.7	30,552,617.9
390	Waste management and remediation services	60.0	2,259,343.2	3,940,592.6	9,583,807.4
413	Food services and drinking places	51.1	869,752.4	1,249,042.4	2,587,323.0
438	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, education)	37.0	1,759,834.4	1,999,197.1	1,999,197.3
368	Accounting, tax preparation, bookkeeping, and payroll services	36.2	1,264,419.9	1,626,392.1	2,605,281.3
437	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, non-education)	33.9	1,487,876.9	1,690,249.4	1,690,249.5
397	Private hospitals	16.3	827,535.7	883,314.5	1,949,203.4
398	Nursing and residential care facilities	15.8	415,838.1	448,813.3	787,493.1
394	Offices of physicians, dentists, and other health practitioners	15.1	1,002,316.7	1,069,056.6	1,750,067.1

Top Ten for Labor Income

Sector	Description	Total Employment	Total Labor Income	Total Value Added	Total Output
31	Electric power generation, transmission, and distribution	68.0	6,310,111.7	21,665,096.7	30,552,617.9
417	Commercial and industrial machinery and equipment repair and maintenance	158.9	5,876,071.4	7,418,137.6	10,797,866.5
390	Waste management and remediation services	60.0	2,259,343.2	3,940,592.6	9,583,807.4
438	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, education)	37.0	1,759,834.4	1,999,197.1	1,999,197.3
437	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, non-education)	33.9	1,487,876.9	1,690,249.4	1,690,249.5
368	Accounting, tax preparation, bookkeeping, and payroll services	36.2	1,264,419.9	1,626,392.1	2,605,281.3
394	Offices of physicians, dentists, and other health practitioners	15.1	1,002,316.7	1,069,056.6	1,750,067.1
440	* Employment and payroll only (federal govt, military)	10.8	985,945.6	1,424,512.3	1,424,512.3
33	Water, sewage and other treatment and delivery systems	13.9	947,011.0	1,794,490.3	2,692,256.7
413	Food services and drinking places	51.1	869,752.4	1,249,042.4	2,587,323.0

Top Ten for Output

Sector	Description	Total Employment	Total Labor Income	Total Value Added	Total Output
31	Electric power generation, transmission, and distribution	68.0	6,310,111.7	21,665,096.7	30,552,617.9
417	Commercial and industrial machinery and equipment repair and maintenance	158.9	5,876,071.4	7,418,137.6	10,797,866.5
390	Waste management and remediation services	60.0	2,259,343.2	3,940,592.6	9,583,807.4
361	Imputed rental activity for owner-occupied dwellings	0.0	0.0	3,627,891.6	5,387,836.7
33	Water, sewage and other treatment and delivery systems	13.9	947,011.0	1,794,490.3	2,692,256.7
368	Accounting, tax preparation, bookkeeping, and payroll services	36.2	1,264,419.9	1,626,392.1	2,605,281.3
413	Food services and drinking places	51.1	869,752.4	1,249,042.4	2,587,323.0
354	Monetary authorities and depository credit intermediation activities	11.1	540,663.3	1,124,768.7	2,320,847.5
438	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, education)	37.0	1,759,834.4	1,999,197.1	1,999,197.3
397	Private hospitals	16.3	827,535.7	883,314.5	1,949,203.4

Top Ten for Value Added

Sector	Description	Total Employment	Total Labor Income	Total Value Added	Total Output
31	Electric power generation, transmission, and distribution	68.0	6,310,111.7	21,665,096.7	30,552,617.9
417	Commercial and industrial machinery and equipment repair and maintenance	158.9	5,876,071.4	7,418,137.6	10,797,866.5
390	Waste management and remediation services	60.0	2,259,343.2	3,940,592.6	9,583,807.4
361	Imputed rental activity for owner-occupied dwellings	0.0	0.0	3,627,891.6	5,387,836.7
438	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, education)	37.0	1,759,834.4	1,999,197.1	1,999,197.3
33	Water, sewage and other treatment and delivery systems	13.9	947,011.0	1,794,490.3	2,692,256.7
437	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, non-education)	33.9	1,487,876.9	1,690,249.4	1,690,249.5
368	Accounting, tax preparation, bookkeeping, and payroll services	36.2	1,264,419.9	1,626,392.1	2,605,281.3
440	* Employment and payroll only (federal govt, military)	10.8	985,945.6	1,424,512.3	1,424,512.3
413	Food services and drinking places	51.1	869,752.4	1,249,042.4	2,587,323.0

Table C.35. Projected Economic Impacts from Switchgrass Production for Scenario 8

Impact Type	Employment	Labor Income	Total Value Added	Output
Direct Effect	1,554.0	87,714,870.2	87,714,870.2	279,232,366.4
Indirect Effect	1,512.1	44,615,236.0	57,040,819.6	105,863,405.4
Induced Effect	1,523.7	56,668,692.3	96,102,442.5	154,937,308.3
Total Effect	4,589.8	188,998,798.5	240,858,132.4	540,033,080.1

Table C.36. Top Ten Industries Impacted By Switchgrass Production Scenario 8

Top Ten for Employment

Sector	Description	Total Employment	Total Labor Income	Total Value Added	Total Output
10	All other crop farming	1,554.1	87,722,928.4	87,722,928.4	279,258,019.0
19	Support activities for agriculture and forestry	870.6	18,940,243.8	16,344,776.6	22,163,610.6
335	Transport by truck	231.0	10,603,160.5	13,640,190.7	30,372,759.9
413	Food services and drinking places	157.1	2,930,850.7	4,217,635.1	8,424,490.2
319	Wholesale trade businesses	106.1	6,625,507.6	11,387,674.9	17,465,848.3
438	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, education)	90.2	4,298,439.2	4,883,088.4	4,883,087.6
437	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, non-education)	87.9	4,059,327.7	4,611,454.4	4,611,453.1
354	Monetary authorities and depository credit intermediation activities	70.9	3,733,690.7	7,766,867.2	15,618,885.8
360	Real estate establishments	70.7	637,736.7	4,726,382.3	6,286,022.7
394	Offices of physicians, dentists, and other health practitioners	61.3	4,531,949.0	4,834,199.9	7,672,261.7

Top Ten for Labor Income

Sector	Description	Total Employment	Total Labor Income	Total Value Added	Total Output
10	All other crop farming	1,554.1	87,722,928.4	87,722,928.4	279,258,019.0
19	Support activities for agriculture and forestry	870.6	18,940,243.8	16,344,776.6	22,163,610.6
335	Transport by truck	231.0	10,603,160.5	13,640,190.7	30,372,759.9
319	Wholesale trade businesses	106.1	6,625,507.6	11,387,674.9	17,465,848.3
394	Offices of physicians, dentists, and other health practitioners	61.3	4,531,949.0	4,834,199.9	7,672,261.7
438	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, education)	90.2	4,298,439.2	4,883,088.4	4,883,087.6
437	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, non-education)	87.9	4,059,327.7	4,611,454.4	4,611,453.1
354	Monetary authorities and depository credit intermediation activities	70.9	3,733,690.7	7,766,867.2	15,618,885.8
397	Private hospitals	54.5	3,095,071.3	3,303,899.4	6,890,749.4
413	Food services and drinking places	157.1	2,930,850.7	4,217,635.1	8,424,490.2

Top Ten for Output

Sector	Description	Total Employment	Total Labor Income	Total Value Added	Total Output
10	All other crop farming	1,554.1	87,722,928.4	87,722,928.4	279,258,019.0
335	Transport by truck	231.0	10,603,160.5	13,640,190.7	30,372,759.9
19	Support activities for agriculture and forestry	870.6	18,940,243.8	16,344,776.6	22,163,610.6
361	Imputed rental activity for owner-occupied dwellings	0.0	0.0	12,626,103.6	18,751,219.1
319	Wholesale trade businesses	106.1	6,625,507.6	11,387,674.9	17,465,848.3
354	Monetary authorities and depository credit intermediation activities	70.9	3,733,690.7	7,766,867.2	15,618,885.8
413	Food services and drinking places	157.1	2,930,850.7	4,217,635.1	8,424,490.2
394	Offices of physicians, dentists, and other health practitioners	61.3	4,531,949.0	4,834,199.9	7,672,261.7
130	Fertilizer manufacturing	3.4	1,228,665.3	2,369,046.0	7,631,012.3
397	Private hospitals	54.5	3,095,071.3	3,303,899.4	6,890,749.4

Top Ten for Value Added

Sector	Description	Total Employment	Total Labor Income	Total Value Added	Total Output
10	All other crop farming	1,554.1	87,722,928.4	87,722,928.4	279,258,019.0
19	Support activities for agriculture and forestry	870.6	18,940,243.8	16,344,776.6	22,163,610.6
335	Transport by truck	231.0	10,603,160.5	13,640,190.7	30,372,759.9
361	Imputed rental activity for owner-occupied dwellings	0.0	0.0	12,626,103.6	18,751,219.1
319	Wholesale trade businesses	106.1	6,625,507.6	11,387,674.9	17,465,848.3
354	Monetary authorities and depository credit intermediation activities	70.9	3,733,690.7	7,766,867.2	15,618,885.8
438	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, education)	90.2	4,298,439.2	4,883,088.4	4,883,087.6
394	Offices of physicians, dentists, and other health practitioners	61.3	4,531,949.0	4,834,199.9	7,672,261.7
360	Real estate establishments	70.7	637,736.7	4,726,382.3	6,286,022.7
437	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, non-education)	87.9	4,059,327.7	4,611,454.4	4,611,453.1

Table C.37. Projected Economic Impacts from Ethanol Production for Scenario 9

Impact Type	Employment	Labor Income	Total Value Added	Output
Direct Effect	458.0	19,111,605.0	41,605,141.1	66,680,465.1
Indirect Effect	78.4	2,731,667.1	4,316,626.8	8,487,563.2
Induced Effect	434.9	15,367,817.8	25,011,087.0	38,972,538.5
Total Effect	971.3	37,211,090.0	70,932,854.9	114,140,566.8

Table C.38. Top Ten Industries Impacted By Ethanol Production Scenario 9

Top Ten for Employment

Sector	Description	Total Employment	Total Labor Income	Total Value Added	Total Output
417	Commercial and industrial machinery and equipment repair and maintenance	195.9	6,298,154.1	7,963,991.5	12,119,093.1
390	Waste management and remediation services	82.9	2,737,850.4	4,772,553.2	11,745,921.7
31	Electric power generation, transmission, and distribution	81.9	7,017,174.1	24,109,736.7	34,240,140.3
413	Food services and drinking places	58.4	977,940.0	1,404,714.4	2,928,981.7
368	Accounting, tax preparation, bookkeeping, and payroll services	55.0	1,806,705.8	2,323,830.8	3,169,524.2
438	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, education)	44.0	2,072,990.8	2,354,947.3	2,354,947.2
437	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, non-education)	39.9	1,727,652.5	1,962,637.9	1,962,638.2
2	Grain farming	33.5	305,166.5	572,497.6	1,437,452.9
33	Water, sewage and other treatment and delivery systems	18.0	1,083,805.1	2,053,678.4	3,013,950.5
398	Nursing and residential care facilities	17.5	454,181.2	490,219.3	863,630.5

Top Ten for Labor Income

Sector	Description	Total Employment	Total Labor Income	Total Value Added	Total Output
31	Electric power generation, transmission, and distribution	81.9	7,017,174.1	24,109,736.7	34,240,140.3
417	Commercial and industrial machinery and equipment repair and maintenance	195.9	6,298,154.1	7,963,991.5	12,119,093.1
390	Waste management and remediation services	82.9	2,737,850.4	4,772,553.2	11,745,921.7
438	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, education)	44.0	2,072,990.8	2,354,947.3	2,354,947.2
368	Accounting, tax preparation, bookkeeping, and payroll services	55.0	1,806,705.8	2,323,830.8	3,169,524.2
437	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, non-education)	39.9	1,727,652.5	1,962,637.9	1,962,638.2
394	Offices of physicians, dentists, and other health practitioners	17.0	1,123,743.9	1,198,656.2	1,963,378.2
440	* Employment and payroll only (federal govt, military)	12.2	1,107,813.7	1,600,589.5	1,600,589.4
33	Water, sewage and other treatment and delivery systems	18.0	1,083,805.1	2,053,678.4	3,013,950.5
413	Food services and drinking places	58.4	977,940.0	1,404,714.4	2,928,981.7

Top Ten for Output

Sector	Description	Total Employment	Total Labor Income	Total Value Added	Total Output
31	Electric power generation, transmission, and distribution	81.9	7,017,174.1	24,109,736.7	34,240,140.3
417	Commercial and industrial machinery and equipment repair and maintenance	195.9	6,298,154.1	7,963,991.5	12,119,093.1
390	Waste management and remediation services	82.9	2,737,850.4	4,772,553.2	11,745,921.7
361	Imputed rental activity for owner-occupied dwellings	0.0	0.0	4,212,992.1	6,256,778.7
368	Accounting, tax preparation, bookkeeping, and payroll services	55.0	1,806,705.8	2,323,830.8	3,169,524.2
33	Water, sewage and other treatment and delivery systems	18.0	1,083,805.1	2,053,678.4	3,013,950.5
413	Food services and drinking places	58.4	977,940.0	1,404,714.4	2,928,981.7
354	Monetary authorities and depository credit intermediation activities	12.6	621,095.1	1,291,936.3	2,657,643.6
438	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, education)	44.0	2,072,990.8	2,354,947.3	2,354,947.2
397	Private hospitals	17.3	879,632.5	938,926.1	2,071,307.6

Top Ten for Value Added

Sector	Description	Total Employment	Total Labor Income	Total Value Added	Total Output
31	Electric power generation, transmission, and distribution	81.9	7,017,174.1	24,109,736.7	34,240,140.3
417	Commercial and industrial machinery and equipment repair and maintenance	195.9	6,298,154.1	7,963,991.5	12,119,093.1
390	Waste management and remediation services	82.9	2,737,850.4	4,772,553.2	11,745,921.7
361	Imputed rental activity for owner-occupied dwellings	0.0	0.0	4,212,992.1	6,256,778.7
438	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, education)	44.0	2,072,990.8	2,354,947.3	2,354,947.2
368	Accounting, tax preparation, bookkeeping, and payroll services	55.0	1,806,705.8	2,323,830.8	3,169,524.2
33	Water, sewage and other treatment and delivery systems	18.0	1,083,805.1	2,053,678.4	3,013,950.5
437	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, non-education)	39.9	1,727,652.5	1,962,637.9	1,962,638.2
440	* Employment and payroll only (federal govt, military)	12.2	1,107,813.7	1,600,589.5	1,600,589.4
413	Food services and drinking places	58.4	977,940.0	1,404,714.4	2,928,981.7

Table C.39. Projected Economic Impacts from Switchgrass Production for Scenario 9

Impact Type	Employment	Labor Income	Total Value Added	Output
Direct Effect	1,842.0	103,954,556.7	103,954,556.7	323,056,301.7
Indirect Effect	1,602.3	48,340,775.8	62,658,920.0	117,249,078.7
Induced Effect	1,715.9	63,564,738.7	108,061,566.3	174,427,295.4
Total Effect	5,160.2	215,860,071.2	274,675,043.0	614,732,675.8

Table C.40. Top Ten Industries Impacted By Switchgrass Production Scenario 9

Top Ten for Employment

Sector	Description	Total Employment	Total Labor Income	Total Value Added	Total Output
10	All other crop farming	1,842.2	103,963,705.9	103,963,705.9	323,084,734.5
19	Support activities for agriculture and forestry	886.1	19,272,398.5	16,628,516.6	22,549,395.7
335	Transport by truck	259.3	11,836,216.1	15,227,735.8	33,993,938.1
413	Food services and drinking places	178.3	3,314,287.9	4,769,371.0	9,539,149.8
319	Wholesale trade businesses	122.5	7,601,108.7	13,064,151.0	20,044,668.7
438	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, education)	99.7	4,748,748.5	5,394,646.4	5,394,645.9
437	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, non-education)	97.1	4,464,590.3	5,071,838.6	5,071,837.4
354	Monetary authorities and depository credit intermediation activities	81.5	4,272,580.0	8,887,705.8	17,899,194.6
360	Real estate establishments	78.2	706,010.3	5,232,273.3	6,958,850.6
394	Offices of physicians, dentists, and other health practitioners	69.6	5,120,055.9	5,461,551.7	8,677,732.8

Top Ten for Labor Income

Sector	Description	Total Employment	Total Labor Income	Total Value Added	Total Output
10	All other crop farming	1,842.2	103,963,705.9	103,963,705.9	323,084,734.5
19	Support activities for agriculture and forestry	886.1	19,272,398.5	16,628,516.6	22,549,395.7
335	Transport by truck	259.3	11,836,216.1	15,227,735.8	33,993,938.1
319	Wholesale trade businesses	122.5	7,601,108.7	13,064,151.0	20,044,668.7
394	Offices of physicians, dentists, and other health practitioners	69.6	5,120,055.9	5,461,551.7	8,677,732.8
438	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, education)	99.7	4,748,748.5	5,394,646.4	5,394,645.9
437	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, non-education)	97.1	4,464,590.3	5,071,838.6	5,071,837.4
354	Monetary authorities and depository credit intermediation activities	81.5	4,272,580.0	8,887,705.8	17,899,194.6
397	Private hospitals	61.1	3,465,137.7	3,698,934.4	7,715,962.8
413	Food services and drinking places	178.3	3,314,287.9	4,769,371.0	9,539,149.8

Top Ten for Output

Sector	Description	Total Employment	Total Labor Income	Total Value Added	Total Output
10	All other crop farming	1,842.2	103,963,705.9	103,963,705.9	323,084,734.5
335	Transport by truck	259.3	11,836,216.1	15,227,735.8	33,993,938.1
19	Support activities for agriculture and forestry	886.1	19,272,398.5	16,628,516.6	22,549,395.7
361	Imputed rental activity for owner-occupied dwellings	0.0	0.0	14,431,420.3	21,432,319.8
319	Wholesale trade businesses	122.5	7,601,108.7	13,064,151.0	20,044,668.7
354	Monetary authorities and depository credit intermediation activities	81.5	4,272,580.0	8,887,705.8	17,899,194.6
413	Food services and drinking places	178.3	3,314,287.9	4,769,371.0	9,539,149.8
130	Fertilizer manufacturing	3.9	1,399,864.2	2,699,142.4	8,694,296.7
394	Offices of physicians, dentists, and other health practitioners	69.6	5,120,055.9	5,461,551.7	8,677,732.8
397	Private hospitals	61.1	3,465,137.7	3,698,934.4	7,715,962.8

Top Ten for Value Added

Sector	Description	Total Employment	Total Labor Income	Total Value Added	Total Output
10	All other crop farming	1,842.2	103,963,705.9	103,963,705.9	323,084,734.5
19	Support activities for agriculture and forestry	886.1	19,272,398.5	16,628,516.6	22,549,395.7
335	Transport by truck	259.3	11,836,216.1	15,227,735.8	33,993,938.1
361	Imputed rental activity for owner-occupied dwellings	0.0	0.0	14,431,420.3	21,432,319.8
319	Wholesale trade businesses	122.5	7,601,108.7	13,064,151.0	20,044,668.7
354	Monetary authorities and depository credit intermediation activities	81.5	4,272,580.0	8,887,705.8	17,899,194.6
394	Offices of physicians, dentists, and other health practitioners	69.6	5,120,055.9	5,461,551.7	8,677,732.8
438	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, education)	99.7	4,748,748.5	5,394,646.4	5,394,645.9
360	Real estate establishments	78.2	706,010.3	5,232,273.3	6,958,850.6
437	* Employment and payroll only (state & local govt, non-education)	97.1	4,464,590.3	5,071,838.6	5,071,837.4

VITA

James Dakota Moss

Candidate for the Degree of

Master of Science

Thesis: MEASURING THE ECONOMIC IMPACTS OF SWITCHGRASS AND
CELLULOSIC ETHANOL PRODUCTION IN OKLAHOMA

Major Field: Agricultural Economics

Biographical:

Education: Completed the requirements for the Master of Science in Agricultural Economics at Oklahoma State University, Stillwater, Oklahoma in May, 2012. Received Bachelors of Science degree in Agribusiness from Oklahoma State University, Stillwater, OK in May, 2010.

Experience: Graduate Research Assistant in the Department of Agricultural Economics at Oklahoma State University, Stillwater, Oklahoma, Dec 2010- May 2012

Name: James Dakota Moss

Date of Degree: May, 2012

Institution: Oklahoma State University

Location: Stillwater, Oklahoma

Title of Study: MEASURING THE ECONOMIC IMPACTS OF SWITCHGRASS AND
CELLULOSIC ETHANOL PRODUCTION IN OKLAHOMA

Pages in Study: 129

Candidate for the Degree of Master of Science

Major Field: Agricultural Economics

Scope and Method of Study: Oklahoma, being a major agricultural based state, will have the opportunity to become a large contributor to the production of alternative energy sources such as cellulosic ethanol from switchgrass. The goal of this study is to measure the economic impacts of switchgrass production for cellulosic biomass and the operation of cellulosic ethanol plants in Oklahoma. Utilizing results from a comprehensive linear mathematical programming model the locations for cellulosic ethanol plants and switchgrass production areas were found for nine different scenarios. With information on optimal plant locations and switchgrass production areas IMPLAN® study area data and industry accounts are edited to show how the two activities will impact the study area. Also with a large agricultural cooperative presence in Oklahoma the model will show how different management practices such as coop owned vs. private ownership will affect the study area.

Findings and Conclusions: In scenario one, for single plant additional impact assessments made for varying levels of cooperative and private ownership. By retaining plant profits in the region through cash patronage to producer owners cooperative ownership was measured for 50% cooperative ownership and 100% cooperative ownership. For the 100% privately owned no profits are retained in the region. For the 100% privately owned scenario there is a combined industry output for switchgrass production and ethanol production of \$70 million, and a combined employment impact of 556 employees for the region. In the 100% cooperative owned scenario there is a combined industry output for switchgrass production and ethanol production of \$86.1 million, and a combined employment impact of 726 employees in the region. Because of the induced impacts that result from the cooperative membership model industry output is \$16.1 million higher than the privately owned and employment has 170 more jobs. In all other scenarios private equity ownership is assumed with the establishment of a single plant in the state and the switchgrass production area of only eight counties to supply it a combined economic impact for industry output of \$70 million and an employment impact of 556 jobs from the two activities. In the ninth scenario switchgrass production and ethanol production have a combined industry output impact of \$728.9 million and the total employee impact is 6,132. From the range of industry output and employment from scenarios one through nine the results show that the production of switchgrass for cellulosic ethanol production will have a large economic impact on the state of Oklahoma.

ADVISER'S APPROVAL: Dr. Rodney Holcomb
