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IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES.

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MAY 7, 1890.—Ordered to be printed.

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Mr. DAVIS, from the Committee on Pensions, submitted the following

REPORT:

[To accompany H. R. 8087.]

The Committee on Pensions, to whom was referred the bill (H. R. 8087) granting a pension to Johnson Reddick, have examined the same, and report:

The report of the Committee on Pensions of the House, hereto appended, is adopted, and the passage of the bill recommended.

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The Committee on Pensions, to whom was referred the bill (H. R. 8087) granting a pension to Johnson Reddick, have considered the same, and report:

The claimant was a private in Capt. John W. Reding's company of Indiana volunteers, Black Hawk war, and served from June 7, 1832, to July 6, 1832. He was mustered in at Indianapolis, and served in the expedition to Chicago.

The claimant resides at Grenola, Elk County, Kans., and his family physician, Dr. Franklin P. Hatfield, who lives at the same place, testifies that the claimant is totally disabled from performing any kind of manual labor by reason of violent attacks of chronic cystitis and hemorrhoids.

S. A. Kingsbury and J. C. Day testify that they have been acquainted with the claimant for sixteen years, and know that owing to age and physical disability he is totally unable to perform any labor to support himself and family. He is very poor, has no means of support, and unless assisted by the Government he will be dependent upon the county for a maintenance.

The claimant is seventy-six years old, and the proof shows him to be of temperate habits and that he is an honest, reputable citizen. His grandfather was a Revolutionary war soldier, his father a soldier of the War of 1812, and his son rendered long and honorable service in the war of the rebellion.

In view of the claimant's service and his great age and destitution your committee think the relief prayed for should be granted, and the passage of the bill is respectfully recommended.

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