REPORT

OF THE

SECRETARY OF THE INTERIOR,

SUBMITTING

Additional estimates of appropriations for the Indian service in Oregon and Washington, for the current and ensuing fiscal years.

MARCH 2, 1860.—Read, referred to the Committee on Finance, and ordered to be printed.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,

March 2, 1860.

SIR: I have the honor to submit herewith additional estimates of appropriations that will be required for the Indian service in Oregon and Washington, for the current and ensuing fiscal years.

The reasons which have induced the department to submit these estimates will be found in the report, with accompanying documents, of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, copies of which are herewith.

With great respect, your obedient servant,

J. THOMPSON, Secretary.

Hon. John C. Breckinridge, Vice-President of the United States and President of the Senate.

> Department of the Interior, Office Indian Affairs, February 27, 1860.

Sir: I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt, by reference from your department, of the letter from the Hon. Isaac I. Stevens, of the 21st ultimo, asking for a reconsideration of the estimates of appropriations for the Indian service in Oregon and Washington, in which he states that his purpose "in presenting this subject to the department is respectfully to request a reconsideration of the estimates as submitted by the department, and to ask that they be based on a compensation to employés not less than the estimates of Superintendent Geary, and that provision be made for objects provided in the treaties, as per annexed extracts, and for the contingent service of the Territory," and to report thereupon, as follows:

The estimates submitted from this office for the Indian service in Oregon and Washington for the fiscal years ending June 30, 1860 and 1861, were made up on estimates received from the Oregon superintendency previous to those of Superintendent Geary, referred to by Governor Stevens, and which, having been fully considered in connection with the latter after their receipt, and before reporting the estimates to your department, was adopted as offering a more moderate basis for the wants of the service, but which, at the same time, was considered amply sufficient to meet its various demands in those directions.

Having, therefore, given the statements and specifications as contained in his letter careful consideration, in connection with the estimates above specified, I have to state that, for the reason already given, and in view of the fact that a considerable portion of the year 1860 will have passed before the appropriations are made therefor, making thereby a certain part of the same applicable and subservient to the year 1861, I am of opinion that the estimates for these years for this service, now before the committee, should remain unchanged, except as hereinafter specified, believing that they will be sufficient to meet and satisfy the requirements of treaties, &c., to the extent therein embraced.

Partly in concurrence with the views of the governor, and, as I believe, for the efficiency of the service, I have to recommend the following additional items, for appropriations not embraced in the estimates before the committee:

\$35,000

For defraying the expenses of the removal and subsistence of the Indians in Oregon to the reservations therein, aiding them in procuring their own subsistence, purchase of provisions and presents, compensation of laborers and other employés, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1861.......

25,000

For defraying the expenses of the removal and subsistence of the Indians in Washington Territory to the reservation therein, aiding them in procuring their own subsistence, purchase of provisions and presents, and compensation of laborers and other employes, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1861

25,000

The first and last items are the same in amount with the appropriations for similar purposes at the last Congress, the second being less by one half.

For payment of improvements of the Indians west of the	
Cascade mountains, the Nez Percés, the Flatheads, the	
Yakamas, which may have to be abandoned in consequence	
of certain treaty stipulations with them, and for surveys of reservations to which they are to be removed.—(See	
copies of printed treaties, with estimates, before the com-	
mittee)	\$55,000
For insurance, transportation, and the necessary expenses	
of delivery of annuities, goods, and provisions to Yakamas, Flatheads, and Nez Percés, for the years 1860 and 1861.—	
(See printed copies as above)	42,000

There was omitted in the estimates, under these treaties, for 1860 the sum of \$10,000, payable to each of the following tribes, being the first of five installments to be provided for after the ratification of the treaties with them, viz:

For the first of five installments, due and payable to the	
Yakama nation, for the fiscal year ending 30th June,	
1860, per fourth article of treaty of 9th June, 1855	\$10,000
For the first of five installments, due and payable to the Nez	n
Percés for the fiscal year ending 30th June, 1860, per	
fourth article treaty 11th June, 1855	10,000

which are recommended for appropriations.

In the estimates for 1860 and 1861, under these treaties, there was also inadvertently asked an amount of five hundred dollars, (\$500,) for the salary of one chief, instead of a like sum for three chiefs, as provided for in the article cited in the estimates before the committee. I therefore respectfully suggest that the following estimates may be adopted in lieu thereof:

For the pay of each of the Flathead, Kootenay, and Upper	
Pend d'Oreilles tribes, per fifth article treaty of 16th July,	
1855, for the year 1860	\$1,500
For the pay of the head chiefs of the Flathead, Kootenay,	n >
and Upper Pend d'Oreilles tribes, per fifth article treaty	
of 16th July, 1855, for the year 1861	1,500

The letter of the Hon. Isaac I. Stevens is herewith returned. The accompanying statement in detail will show specifically the items required under treaty stipulations, for the years 1860 and 1861, inadvertently omitted in making the general estimates, and items of an incidental character to the service, usually asked for, and which were also omitted at that time, for the reason that it was supposed they would not be required, but, upon further consideration, are now deemed necessary for its proper and efficient support.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

A. B. GREENWOOD, Commissioner,

Hon. J. Thompson, Secretary of the Interior

above).

Estimates of funds required for the current expenses of the Indian service within the Oregon superintendency for the year 1861, and for fulfilling certain treaty stipulations with Indian tribes therein for the years 1860 and 1861.

Estimates for 1861, current expenses:		
For the general incidental expenses of the Indian service in Oregon and Washington, including insurance and transportation of annuities, goods, and presents, where no special provision is made by treaties, and for office and traveling expenses of the superintendent, agents, and sub-agents, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1861	\$35,000	00
For defraying the expenses of the removal and subsistence of the Indians in Oregon to the reservations therein, aiding them in procuring their own subsistence, pur- chase of provisions and presents, compensation of laborers and other employés, for the fiscal year ending June 30,		
For defraying the expenses of the removal and subsistence of the Indians in Washington Territory to the reservations therein, aiding them in procuring their own subsistence, purchase of provisions and presents, compensation of laborers and other employés, for the fiscal year ending	25,000	00
June 30, 1861	25,000	00
For fulfilling treaty stipulations for year 1860, omitted in previous estimates:		
For payment of improvements of the Indians west of the Cascade mountains, the Nez Percés, the Flatheads, and the Yakamas, which may have to be abandoned in consequence of certain treaty stipulations with them, and for surveys of reservations to which they are to be removed.—(See copies of printed treaties with estimates		
	55,000	00
Yakamas, Flatheads, and Nez Percés	21,000	00
1855.—(See printed copy treaty before the committee) For the first of five installments due and payable to the Nez Percés, per fourth article treaty of June 11, 1855.—	10,000	00
(See printed copy of treaty, as above)	10,000	00
and the state of t		

1,500 00

For fulfilling treaty stipulations for the year 1861, omitted as the foregoing:

For the pay of each of the head chiefs of the Flathead, Kootenay, and Upper Pend d'Oreille tribes, for the year 1861, per fifth article of treaty July 16, 1855.—(See copy of treaty, as above).....

1,500 00

OFFICE INDIAN AFFAIRS, March 2, 1860.

WASHINGTON CITY, January 21, 1860.

SIR: In the annual estimates, no provision whatever is made for the contingent expenses of the Indian service in the State of Oregon and the Territory of Washington, nor for the removal and subsistence of Indians not included in the treaties, nor for the transportation and insurance of annuity goods, which, by a special provision of the treaties, are not charged upon the annuity or treaty funds.

The following comparative table shows the appropriations for the service of the present fiscal year, and the estimates of the superin-

tendent of Indian affairs for the next fiscal year:

General incidental expenses of \$26,000 Oregon. Indian service in Oregon and \$ \$35,000 33,000 Washington. Washington..... Removal and subsistence of Indians in Oregon..... ... 50,000 100,000 Removal and subsistence of Indians in Washington..... 25,000 50,000 Adjusting difficulties and preventing outbreaks in Oregon..... 5,000 Adjusting difficulties and preventing outbreaks in Washington..... 5,000

In both Oregon and Washington are Indian tribes, not parties to the existing treaties, for whom some provision is absolutely indispensable to maintain the peace of the country and protect the Indians from destitution and suffering. In Washington Territory, the tribes in the southwestern portion, in the upper and lower Chehalis, the Cowlitz and lower Chinooks, numbering about seven hundred souls, are in immediate contact with the settlements, and are eminently entitled to the fostering care of the government. The Indians of the northern central portion of the Territory, the Spokanes, Cœur d'Alénes, Lower Pend d'Oreilles, Okinakanes, and Colvilles, numbering nearly three thousand souls, inhabit a gold-bearing region, already settling up, and where there will be a large movement of population early in the spring. The information comes from official sources of the discovery of rich gold mines, and unless some means are placed at

the disposal of the superintendent to provide for the contingency, there will be reason to apprehend trouble. Besides this, the Indians who formerly inhabited the country on the Columbia river, from the Cowlitz to the White Salmon, numbering some five hundred souls, were actually removed to the White Salmon river in 1856, and are there located at the present time. Thus, in Washington Territory are over four thousand Indians not included in existing treaty arrangements, for whom some special provision should be made.

The following appropriations are the least which, in my judgment, Congress ought to make for the service of the next fiscal year, for the purposes to which the attention of the department is called in this

communication:

General incidental expenses of the Indian service ington Territory.	
Removal and subsistence of Indians in Washing	4 M 000
Adjusting difficulties and suppressing outbreaks.	10,000

I will observe that the discovery of the new gold fields in Washington Territory were made known since the estimates of the superintendent were transmitted, and thus the necessity created of making larger provision to secure the peace of the country than was anticipated at the time of making the estimate. The superintendent has written me very pointedly in regard to this matter, as will appear from the inclosed

extract of his letter to me of November 23, 1859:

"The recently discovered mines on the Similkannan, as well as those at other points, will attract a large emigration in that direction in the early spring; and this consideration alone should induce Congress to immediate action and to make an appropriation at least equal to my There would, indeed, be wisdom in placing, in addition to the estimates, at least \$50,000 at the disposal of the superintendent, for the purpose of maintaining peace and preventing outbreaks among the transmountain Indians yet untreated with, whose country especially will be traversed by miners during the ensuing summer. I would respectfully press this matter on your consideration. Your knowledge of the subject renders any further remark unnecessary in regard to it. Lieutenant Mullan writes me that he regards the condition of affairs among the tribes of the region he has been traversing as requiring the prompt attention of the Indian department. The fact that a great thoroughfare is opening through their country, and that many whites are coming with large herds of horses and cattle, together with the protracted delay in fulfilling treaty stipulations, keep the Indians in constant anxiety and ferment, and the slightest indiscretion or misadventure might give rise to the most deplorable results."

In all the treaties provision is made for valuing and making payment for any substantial improvements which may have to be abandoned by the Indians in consequence of a removal to the reservations, and for surveying and marking out, so far as necessary, all the Indian reservations. Such is the present progress of the settlements that it is essential that appropriations for this purpose should not be delayed. In the case of the Medicine Creek treaty, made with the Indians at the

head of Puget's Sound, two thousand dollars was appropriated for valuing and making payment for improvements. I will respectfully submit to the favorable consideration of the department the following estimates for surveys of reservations, and estimates of Indian improvements:

Estimate of Governor and Superintendent Stevens, 1856.

Indians west of the Cascade mountains Nez Percés	
Estimate of Superintendent Geary.	
Flatheads	13,000

In the treaties with the Nez Percés, Flatheads, and Yakima Indians, it is expressly stipulated that the cost of transporting the goods for the annuity payments shall be defrayed by the United States, and shall not be charged to the annuities. The following are the

Estimates of Superintendent Geary.

Yakimas	\$15,000
Flatheads	12,000
Nez Percés	15,000

It does not seem to me that this estimate is an excess.

The following comparative table exhibits, in particulars not mentioned above, the printed estimates of the department for the present year, of Governor Stevens in 1856, and of Superintendent Geary in 1859.

100,01	Estimate of the depart- ment.	Estimate of Governor Stevens.	Estimate of Sup't Geary.
DWAMISH AND OTHER ALLIED TRIBES IN WASHING- TON TERRITORY.		1856.	1859.
First installment on \$150,000 under the direction of the President	\$15,000	\$15,000	\$15,000
tion, to be laid out and expended under the direction of the President	15,000	45,000	45,000
school, and to provide said school with a suitable teacher or teachers	3,000	***************************************	5,200
to furnish them with the necessary tools First of twenty installments for the employment of a blacksmith, carpenter, farmer, and physician,	2,500	***************************************	10,900
who shall furnish medicines for the sick	3,000)
MAKA TRIBE.			
First installment on \$300,000 under the direction of the President First of twenty installments for the support of an	3,000	3,000	3,000
agricultural and industrial school, and for pay of teachers	2,500	************	2,000
First of twenty installments for the employment of a blacksmith, carpenter, and farmer, and a phy-	2,500	***************************************	4,600
sician, who shall furnish medicines for the sick To enable them to remove to and settle upon their reservations, and to clear, fence, and break up a sufficient quantity of land for cultivation, under	3,000)
the direction of the President	3,000	6,000	6,000
YAKIMA NATION.			
First installment on \$200,000 for beneficial objects, under the direction of the President	60,000	70,000	70,000
and for providing suitable furniture, books, and stationery.	3,200	2,400	2,400
First of twenty installments for the employment of one superintendent of teaching and two teachers.	2,200	3,200	
First of twenty installments for the building of two blacksmiths' shops, to one of which shall be attached a tin shop, and to the other a gunsmith's shop; one carpenter's shop, and one wagon and	2,200	3,200	3,200
plow-maker's shop, and for furnishing the neces-	3,500	3,600	3,800

	Estimate of the depart- ment.	Estimate of Governor Stevens.	Estimate of Sup't Geary.
YAKIMA NATION—Continued.		1856.	1859.
First of twenty installments for the employment of one superintendent of farming and two farmers, two millers, two blacksmiths, one tinner, one gunsmith, one carpenter, and one wagon and			mercroman as Administrative
plow-maker First of twenty installments for the erection of one	\$6,400	\$9,000	\$11,920
saw-mill and one flouring-mill, and furnishing the necessary tools and fixtures	9,000	15,000	15,000
hospital and providing the necessary medicines and furniture	1,200	1,500	1,500
First of twenty installments for the pay of a physician	1,000	1,000	1,200
First of twenty installments for the erection of buildings for the use of employes	3,500	10,900	1,200
person as the said confederated tribes and bands of Indians may select to be their head chief For building for said chief a comfortable house,	500	500	500
and properly furnishing the same, and to plow and fence for him ten acres of land Other public buildings	350	$^{800}_{2,700}$	800
NEZ PERCÉS INDIANS.			
First installment on \$200,000 for beneficial objects, at the discretion of the President	60,000	70,000	70,000
and for providing suitable furniture, books, and stationery	3,200	2,400	2,400
First of twenty installments for the employment of one superintendent of teaching and two teachers. First of twenty installments for the building of two blacksmiths' shops, to one of which shall be attached a tinsmith's shop, and to the other a	2,200	3,200	3,200
gunsmith's shop; one carpenter's shop and one wagon and plow-maker's shop, and for furnishing the necessary tools	3,500	3,600	3,800
gunsmith, one capenter, and one wagon and plow-maker	6,400	9,000	11,920
saw-mill and one flouring-mill, and furnishing the necessary tools and fixtures	9,000	15.000	15,000
hospital and providing the necessary medicines and furniture	1,200	1,500	1,500
First of twenty installments for the pay of a physician	1,000	1,000	1,200
First of twenty installments for the crection of buildings required for the use of the employes First of twenty installments for the salary of such	3,500	10,900	12,100
person as the tribe may select to be their head chief	500	500	500

	Estimate of the depart- ment.	Estimate of Governor Stevens.	Estimate of Sup't Geary.
NEZ PERCÉS INDIANS—Continued.		1856.	1859.
For building for said chief a comfortable house, and properly furnishing the same, and to plow and fence for him five acres of land	\$350	\$800 2,700	\$800
FLATHEADS AND OTHER CONFEDERATED TRIBES.			
First installment on \$120,000 for beneficial objects, at the discretion of the President	36,000	36,000	36,000
and stationery	2,400	1,200	1,200
suitable instructors	1,200	1,000	1,800
First of twenty installments for furnishing one blacksmith's shop, to which shall be attached a tin and gun-shop, one carpenter's shop, one wagon and plow-maker's shop, and furnishing the necessary tools	1,800	1,900	3,400
gunsmith, one carpenter, two millers, and one wagon and plow-maker First of twenty installments for the erecting of one	5,400	6,750	9,100
saw-mill and one flouring-mill, with the neces- sary tools and fixtures	9,000	15,000	15,000
hospital, and providing the necessary medicines and furniture thereforFirst of twenty installments for the pay of a phy-	1,200	1,500	1,500
sician Pay of hospital stewart	•1,000	1,000	1,000 720
First of twenty installments for the erection of buildings required for the use of the employes First of twenty installments for the pay of such person as the confederated tribes may select to	3,000	6,000	7,800
be their head chiefFor building for said chief a comfortable house,	500	2,700	1,500
and properly furnishing the same, and to plow and fence for him ten acres of land	350	1,500 2,250	2,400
QUI-NAI-ELT AND QUIL-LET-UTE INDIANS.			
First installment on \$25,000 under the direction of the President	2,500	2,500	2,500
quantity of land for cultivation, to be expended under the direction of the PresidentFirst of twenty installments for the establishment and support of an agricultural and industrial	2,500	6,000	6,000
school, and to provide the same with a suitable instructor or instructors	2,500		2,700

	Estimate of the depart- ment.	Estimate of Governor Stevens.	Estimate of Sup't Geary.
QUI-NAI-ELT AND QUIL-LET-UTE INDIANS—Continued.		1856.	1859.
First of twenty installments for providing a smith and carpenter's shop, and furnishing them with the necessary tools First of twenty installments for the employment of a blacksmith, carpenter, and farmer, to instruct the Indians in their respective occupations,	\$2,500		\$11,300
and a physician, who shall furnish medicine for the sick	3,800		
s'KALLAMS. First installment on \$60,000 under the direction of the President	6,000	\$6,000	6,000
sufficient quantity of land for cultivation; to be expended under the direction of the President First of twenty installments for the establishment	6,000	18,000	18,000
and support of an agricultural and industrial school, and for the pay of suitable teachers	2,500		3,500
First of twenty installments for a smith and car- penter's shop, and to provide the necessary tools. First of twenty installments for the employment of a blacksmith, carpenter, farmer, and a physician,	2,500		7,300
who shall furnish medicines to the sick	3,000		j

Moreover, on the general reservation on Puget's Sound, are land claims which will require a further appropriation of \$9,000, to buy up, as per my estimate of 1856.

For purchasing land claims on general reservation, \$9,000.

In reference to the appropriations required for the next fiscal year, (year ending June 30, 1861,) I herewith present the following comparative table of the estimates of the department and of Superintendent Geary:

	Estimate of the department.	Estimate of Supt. Geary.
DWAMISH AND OTHER ALLIED TRIBES IN WASHINGTON TERRITORY.		
Second installment on \$150,000, under the direction of the President. Second of twenty installments for the establishment and support of an agricultural and industrial school, and to provide	\$12,000	\$12,000
port of an agricultural and industrial school, and to provide said school with a suitable instructor, or instructors Second of twenty installments for the establishment and sup-	3,000	
port of a smith and carpenter's shop, and to provide them with the necessary tools	500	10,000
Second of twenty installments for the employment of a black- smith, carpenter, farmer, and physician, who shall furnish medicines for the sick.	3,000	

	Estimate of the department.	Estimate of Supt. Geary
MAKA TRIBE.		
Second of twenty installments on \$30,000, under the direction of the President	\$2,500	\$2,500
Second of twenty installments for the support of an agricul- tural and industrial school, and for pay of teachers	2,500)
Second of twenty installments for support of a smith and car- penter's shop, and to provide the necessary tools therefor Second of twenty installments for the employment of a black-	500	4,000
smith, carpenter, farmer, and physician, who shall furnish medicines for the sick.	3,000	J
YAKIMA NATION.		
Second of five installments for beneficial objects, at the discretion of the President	10,000	10,000
able furniture, books, and stationery	500	. 100
superintendent of teaching, and two teachers	2,200	3,200
Second of twenty installments for the employment of one superintendent of farming, and two farmers, two millers,	500	125
two blacksmiths, one tinner, one gunsmith, one carpenter, and one wagon and plowmaker. Second of twenty installments for keeping in repair saw and flouring mills, and for furnishing the necessary tools and	6,400	11,720
fixtures Second of twenty installments for keeping in repair the hos- pital, and providing the necessary medicines and fixtures	500	125
thereforSecond of twenty installments for the pay of a physician Second of twenty installments for keeping in repair the buildings required for the various employes, and for providing	300 1,000	100 1,200
the necessary furniture therefor	300	
select to be their head chief	500	2,000
NEZ PERCÉS.		
Second of five installments for beneficial objects, at the discretion of the President	10,000	10,000
keeping in repair certain school buildings, and for pro- viding suitable furniture, books, and stationery	500	100
superintendent of teaching, and two teachers	2,200	3,200
second of twenty installments for the employment of one superintendent of farming and two farmers, two millers,	500	. 125
two blacksmiths, one tinner, one gunsmith, one carpen- penter, and one wagon and plowmaker	6,400	11,720

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	Estimate of the department.	Estimate of Supt. Geary
NEZ PERCÉS—Continued.		
Second of twenty installments for keeping in repair saw and flouring mills, and for furnishing the necessary tools and fixtures therefor. Second of twenty installments for keeping in repair the hospital, and providing the necessary medicines and furniture	\$500	\$125
therefor	300 1,000	100 1,200
sary furniture therefor	300	
as the tribe may select to be their head chief		500 2,000
FLATHEADS, AND OTHER CONFEDERATED TRIBES.		
Second installment on \$120,000, for beneficial objects, at the discretion of the President	6,000	6,000
and providing suitable books and stationery	300	100
Second of twenty installments for providing suitable instruct- ors therefor	1,100	1,800
plowmaker's shops, and providing necessary tools there- for	500	125
smith, one carpenter, and one wagon and plowmaker Second of twenty installments for keeping in repair saw and	5,400	9,820
flouring mills, and for furnishing the necessary tools and fixtures therefor. Second of twenty installments for keeping in repair the hospital, and providing the necessary medicines and furniture	500	125
therefor Second of twenty installments for pay of a physician. Second of twenty installments for keeping in repair the buildings required for the various employes, and furnishing	300 1,000	100 1,200
necessary furniture therefor	300	
as the confederated bands may select to be their head chief. Cost of transportation of annuity goods	500	1,500 3,000
QUI-NAI-ELT AND QUIL-LEH-UTE INDIANS.		
Second installment on \$25,000 for beneficial objects, under the direction of the President	2,000	2,000
structors	2,500	1,400
therefor	500	6,600
nish medicines for the sick	3,000)

	Estimate of the department.	Estimate of Supt. Geary.	
SKLALLAMS.		-	
Second installment on \$6,000, under the direction of the President.	\$5,000)	\$5,000
Second of twenty installments for the support of an agricul- tural and industrial school, and for pay of suitable teachers. Second of twenty installments for the employment of a black- smith, carpenter, farmer, and a physician, who shall fur- nish medicines for the sick	2,500		6,720
nish medicines for the sick	3,000]	

My purpose in presenting this subject to the department is to respectfully request a reconsideration of the estimates as submitted by the department, and to ask that they be based on a compensation to employés not less than the estimates of Superintendent Geary, and that provision be made for objects provided for in the treaties as per annexed extracts, and for the contingent service of the Territory.

I am, sir, very respectfully, your obedient servant,
ISAAC I. STEVENS.

Hon. JACOB THOMPSON. Secretary of the Interior, Washington city.

Extracts showing stipulation in regard to transportation of goods.

(Nez Percés-Art. V, treaty April 29, 1859.)

"Nor shall the cost of transporting the goods for the annuity payments be a charge upon the annuities, but shall be defrayed by the United States."

(Flatheads—Art. V, treaty April 18, 1859.)

"Nor shall the cost of transporting the goods for the annuity payments be a charge upon the annuities, but shall be defrayed by the United States."

(Yakimas-Art. V, treaty March 8, 1859.)

"Nor shall the cost of transporting the goods for the annuity payments be a charge upon the annuities, but shall be defraved by the United States."

Extract.—Head Chiefs.

(Flatheads—Art. V, treaty April 18, 1859.)

"And in view of the fact that the head chiefs of the said confederated tribes of Indians are expected, and will be called upon to perform many services of a public character, occupying much of their time, the United States further agree to pay to each of the Flathead, Kootenay, and Upper Pend d'Oreilles tribes five hundred dollars per year for the term of twenty years after the ratification hereof, as a salary for such persons as the said confederated tribes may select to be their head chiefs; and to build for them, at suitable points on the reservation, a comfortable house, and properly furnish the same; and to plow and fence for each of them ten acres of land; the salary to be paid to, and the said houses to be occupied by such head chiefs so long as they may be elected to that position by their tribes, and no longer."

Extracts.—Survey of Reservations.

(Nez Percés—Art. II, treaty April 29, 1859.)

"All which tract shall be set apart and, so far as necessary, surveyed and marked out for the exclusive use and benefit of said tribe, as an Indian reservation."

(Flatheads—Art. II, treaty April 18, 1859.)

"All which tract shall be set apart and, so far as necessary, surveyed and marked out for the exclusive use and benefit of said confederated tribes, as an Indian reservation."

(Yakimas—Art. II, treaty March 8, 1859.)

"All which tract shall be set apart and, so far as necessary, surveyed and marked out for the exclusive use and benefit of the confederated tribes and bands of Indians, as an Indian reservation."

(Dwamish-Art. II, treaty April 11, 1859.)

"All which tracts shall be set apart and, so far as necessary, surveyed and marked out for their exclusive use."

(S'Kallams—Art. II, written treaty.)

"All which tracts shall be set apart and, so far as necessary, surveyed and marked out for their exclusive use."

(Maka—Art. II, treaty April 18, 1859.)

"Which said tract shall be set apart and, so far as necessary, surveyed and marked out for their exclusive use."

(Qui-nai-elt and Quil-leh-ute-Art. II, treaty March 8, 1859.)

"There shall, however, be reserved for the use and occupation of the tribes and bands aforesaid a tract, or tracts, of land sufficient for their wants within the Territory of Washington, to be selected by the President of the United States, and hereafter surveyed, or located, and set apart for their exclusive use."

listing below him him to the of the district to and at the letter has