IN SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES.

JANUARY 4, 1839.
Submitted, and ordered to be printed.

Mr. TIPTON submitted the following

REPORT:

[To accompany Senate bill No. 121.]

The Committee of Claims, to which was referred a bill for the relief of John Richey, report:

That Captain William Ralls testifies that he commanded a company of mounted volunteers, in the brigade commanded by General Whitesides, in 1832, against the Sac and Fox Indians; that he applied to the quarter-master general for arms for the use of his company, who told him he had no public arms, but gave him an order, signed officially, to procure arms from private individuals; that, upon this order, he procured a sufficient number to equip his company; that, after the army was mustered out of service at Ottowa, the deponent was called on by the quartermaster general for all the arms which he had procured on his order, for the purpose of distributing to other soldiers, then raising for another campaign; that said arms were surrendered to the quartermaster, and were actually distributed for the use of the Government; and that there were three rifle guns, &c. remaining unpaid for, to wit: Two received from John Richey, and one from John L. Scott, valued at \$20 each. The committee think this claim well founded, and report a bill.

Blair & Rives, printers.