# TREATY OBLIGATIONS OF THE UNITED STATES WITH THE POTTAWATOMIE TRIBE OF INDIANS.

August 8, 1888.—Committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union and ordered to be printed.

September 25, 1888.—Ordered to be reprinted, with Appendices A, B, and C attached.

Mr. Peel, from the Committee on Indian Affairs, submitted the following

# REPORT:

[To accompany bill H. R. 11120.]

The bill under consideration is designed to settle certain claims of the Pottawatomie Indians against the United States. The Pottawatomie Indians involved are the members of that nation who now reside in Kansas and the Indian Territory. They are divided into two factions—one, the Prairie Band, numbers 780 souls; they still adhere to the tribal forms and customs and reside on a small reservation in Kansas. The other faction is known as the Citizens Band of Pottawatomie Indians; they number about 1,400 souls, reside in Kansas and in the Indian Territory, and are so called because they became citizens of the United States under the 6th article of the treaty of 1868.

From 1795 to 1860 the Government had made seventeen different treaties with the Pottawatomie Indians, in each of which annuities, moneys for schools, for shops and implements of husbandry, as well as articles in kind, such as tobacco, steel, salt, etc., were promised them; but these stipulations were not always kept, and so the Indians finally complained so loudly of their non-fulfillment by the United States that Congress in 1861 passed the following act:

"Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Interior be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to examine, and report to Congress at its next session, what amount, if any, is due to the Chippewa, Ottawa, and Pottawatomie Indians, now residing in the State of Michigan, under and by virtue of treaties of July 29, 1829, the 26th of September, 1833, and the articles supplementary thereto of September 27, 1833, with said Indians, and under the treaty of the 5th and 17th of June, 1846, with the Pottawatomie Nation of Indians; and the Secretary of the Interior is furthermore hereby authorized and directed to ascertain, and report at the same time, whether there is any money or property heretofore payable to said Pottawatomie Nation, under and by virtue of the treaty of October 26, 1832, or other treaties, which has not been appropriated and paid, and if any, what amount." (See 12 Statutes, p. 207.)

The first clause of this act refers to the Pottawatomies of Michigan. Those Indians appear to have had full settlement with the United States under joint resolution of Congress (14 Statutes, p. 490), and have no part or lot in the matters under consideration.

But the second clause of the act above quoted directs the Secretary of the Interior to examine and report whether any money or property was due the Pottawatomie Indians under the treaty of 1832, or any other treaties of the Government with said Indians.

The Secretary obeyed the instructions of Congress. His detailed report was made on the 19th of December, 1862, and is found in House Executive Document 19, third session Thirty-seventh Congress, which is herewith appended as a part of this report, marked Exhibit A.

To sum up the report, the Secretary finds that there was due the Pottawatomie Indians 11,000 pounds of tobacco; 567 pounds of iron; 855 pounds of steel; 672 pounds of salt, and in money the sum of \$160,540.48. But notwithstanding this acknowledgment of indebtedness the Government did not pay it.
Seven years passed away. Then the Government negotiated a new

treaty with the Pottawatomies, known as the treaty of 1868.

The latter clause of article 10 of that treaty (15 Statutes, p. 536) provides:

That the claim of the Pottawatomies heretofore examined and reported on by the Secretary of the Interior under the act of Congress of March 2, 1861, shall be submitted to two commissioners, to be named by the President of the United States, for examination; and said commissioners after being duly sworn impartially to decide on said claims shall make report of their judgment in the premises, together with the evidence, to the Secretary of the Interior, and the same shall be communicated to Congress at its next session: Provided, That no part of the money reported due by said commissioners shall be paid until the same shall be appropriated by Congress.

In pursuance of this clause of the treaty, commissioners were named by the President, were sworn, examined the claims, and reported their judgment, together with the evidence upon which it was based, and they found that the United States owed the Pottawatomie Indians the sum of \$178,953.43, with 5 per cent. interest from December 19, 1862, on **\$**160.540.48.

This finding was reported to Congress by the Secretary of the Interior December 29, 1869, and is found in detail in House Executive Document 61, third session Fortieth Congress, which is hereto ap-

pended as a part of this report, marked Exhibit B.

Nearly eighteen years have passed by and yet the Government has taken no step toward the payment of this debt, a debt ascertained by its own officers, from its own records, in pursuance of its treaty obligation, in a proceeding purely ex parte, in which the Indian had no voice, no

counsel, offered no evidence, submitted no argument.

The United States is concluded by the finding of their commissioners, by the law of good conscience and fair dealing, as well as by that provision of law, sanctioned by a thousand decisions and opinions, and which is best stated by the Supreme Court in Arredondo's case (6 Peters, 691), in these words: "It is a universal principle, that when power or jurisdiction is delegated to any officer or tribunal over a subject-matter and its exercise is confided to his or their discretion, the acts so done are binding and valid as to the subject-matter, and individual rights will not be disturbed collaterally for anything done in the exercise of that discretion within the power and authority conferred" (6 Peters, 691; 7 Otto, 496; 3 Court of Claims, 147; 98 U.S., 341, and opinions of Attorney Generals from Wirt, 2 Opp., 9, to Devens, 15 Opp., 316). The principle stated can not be gainsaid. In this case, by treaty contract, power and jurisdiction were conferred on two commissioners to hear and decide a certain claim of these Indians. They decided.

No legal power can alter or take one jot or tittle from the binding

force and validity of their decision.

It only remains for the United States to pay the amount found due. The amount of this item in the bill is stated at \$227,851.38, with 5 per cent. interest from December 29, 1869.

This is a serious error. The amount due, as reported in the judgment of the commissioners, is \$178,853.43, with interest at 5 per cent. from December 19, 1862, and on \$160,540.48 your committee report a substitute.

The second section of the bill presents a claim for depredations equally clear, and resting upon the same treaty stipulation and the examination and finding of a special commission appointed in pursuance thereof.

The first clause of article 10, treaty of 1868 (15 Stats., 536), is as follows:

ARTICLE 10. It is further agreed that upon the presentation to the Department of the Interior of the claims of said tribe for depredations committed by others upon their stock, timber, or other property, accompanied by evidences thereof, examination and report should be made to Congress in order that such action shall be taken as shall be just in the premises.

Under this clause a large number of claims for depredations by white men upon their property were presented to the Department of the In-

terior by individuals of the Pottawatomie Indians.

The claims were examined and the evidence in support of them deemed unsatisfactory, and they were forwarded to the United States Indian agent for the Pottawatomies for re-examination and report. This agent (J. H. Morris) seems to have made a careful and thorough examination, and on the 19th of November, 1871, transmitted his report to the Commissioner of Indian Affairs in a letter marked Appendix A, annexed hereto.

The work of the agent was approved by letters of F. A. Walker, Commissioner of Indian Affairs, to Hon. C. Delano, Secretary of the Interior, of date December 6, 1871, and marked Appendix B. The Secretary of the Interior approved the action of the Commissioner and transmitted the report to Congress December 20, 1871. (See Appendix C.)

This report found to be due to some eighty nine of the Pottawatomie Indians various sums, amounting in the aggregate to the sum of \$48,332.80. Their names and the amounts due them respectively are

found in Appendix A, annexed to this report.

The United States have in this way partially carried out their treaty stipulations. They have caused "report" to be made of the amounts due these Indians because of depredations upon their property by citizens of the United States.

"Report shall be made to Congress of the amount found to be equitably due, in order that such action shall be taken as shall be just in the prem-

ises" (vide article 10, treaty of 1868, 15 Stats., 536).

This is the treaty language.

Now what is "just" in the premises? What ought an honest man to do when he admits that he or those for whom he is responsible has

damaged his neighbor in a sum of money?

What ought a nation—rich, strong, with a hundred millions of dollars of surplus money in its Treasury—to do when it admits that it owes a feeble band of its weakest and most dependent wards some thousands of dollars because its citizens have plundered and robbed those wards? What is "just" under such circumstances? The moral law answers that the nation should pay, and pay speedily and fully, a debt of this character.

Equally emphatic is the demand of the written law. These debts should be paid. The Government should not longer stand with the written admission of this debt to those Indians upon the record and

refuse to pay them.

Your committee therefore report a substitute, as suggested in this report, and recommend that as thus amended it be passed.

#### EXHIBIT A.

[House Ex. Doc. No. 19, Thirty-seventh Congress, third session.]

Letter from the Secretary of the Interior, transmitting reports of the amounts due Chippewa,
Ottawa, and other Indians now residing in the State of Michigan.

DECEMBER 23, 1862.—Referred to the Committee on Indian Affairs and ordered to be printed.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, Washington, December 19, 1862.

SIR: An act of Congress approved March 2, 1861, directs the Secretary of the Interior to examine and report to Congress what amount, if any, is due to the Chippewa, Ottawa, and Pottawatomie Indians now residing in the State of Michigan, under and by virtue of the treaties of July 29, 1829, September 26, 1833, and the articlessupplementary thereto of September 27, 1833, and under the treaty of the 5th and 19th June, 1846, with the Pottawatomie nation of Indians; and also to report whether there is any money or property heretofore payable to said Pottawatomie nation under and by virtue of the treaty of October 26, 1832, and other treaties, which has not been appropriated and paid; and if any, what amount.

In compliance with this act, I have the honor to transmit a report from the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, showing that, in the judgment of that officer, based upon the construction given by the Indian Office to the several treaties referred to, there is due to the Pottawatomic nation the sum of \$160,540.48 in cash; and also 11,000 pounds of to-bacco, 5,667 pounds of iron, 855 pounds of steel, and 672 barrels of salt. I have no reason to doubt the correctness of the statement or the construction given by the Com-

missioner to the treaties.

On September 27, 1833, supplementary articles to the treaty of the 26th of the same month were agreed to between the United States commissioners and the Pottawatomies. By these supplementary articles it was stipulated that a portion of the united nation of Pottawatomies, who then lived upon the reservations in Michigan south of Grand River, should be considered as parties to the treaty of the 26th September, and be entitled to participate in all its advantages. It also agreed that a part of the band residing on the reservations in the Territory of Michigan, who had requested permission, on account of their religious creed, to return to the northern part of the peninsula of Michigan, should receive their just proportion of all annuities payable under former treaties and that arising from the sale of the reservation on which they resided at L'arbre Croche.

No payments were made to the Indians who remained in Michigan until 1843. From that date until the last year \$1,587.50 have been paid each year and divided among

them.

I transmit herewith a report of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, in which he estimates the amount due to that portion of the nation who remained in Michigan, in pursuance of the supplementary treaty of September 27, 1833, at \$73,112.50. Whatever sum may be found due to these Indians must be paid from the sum due to the Pottawatomie nation. I am not informed of the data upon which the estimate of the Commissioner is made, nor have I been able to procure from the Indian Office such information as would enable me to report to Congress the amount due to the band remaining in Michigan.

As the report of the Commissioner was only made on the 15th ultimo, there has not been sufficient time to procure the necessary information and enable me to report during

the present session of Congress.

The band which, by the supplementary treaty, was permitted to remain in Michigan must be regarded as a part of the Pottawatomie nation. They are entitled to receive, per capita, their proportion of the annuities and other payments provided for in the several treaties with the nation to the same extent they would have been if they had gone west with the tribe. To determine the amount due to them it is necessary to ascertain the number in Kansas at the date of the several payments, and the number of those of the band who, by the supplementary treaty, were permitted to remain in Michigan, and of their descendants at the same periods. This information can not be obtained from the records of the Indian Office.

Believing the report of the Commissioner upon the amount due to the Pottawatomie nation to be substantially correct, I recommend an appropriation of that amount, with instructions to the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, under the directions of the Secretary of the Interior, to ascertain the amount due to that portion of the nation who remained in Michigan under the stipulations of the supplementary treaty, and to pay the same

from the appropriation for the benefit of the nation.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

Hon. GALUSHA A. GROW, Speaker of the House of Representatives. CALEB B. SMITH, Secretary of the Interior. DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, OFFICE INDIAN AFFAIRS, November 15, 1862.

SIR: I have the honor to report, in compliance with your directions, upon the act of Congress for the relief of certain Chippewa, Ottawa, and Pottawatomie Indians, approved

March 2, 1861.

By this act you were authorized and directed to examine and report to Congress at its next session what amount, if any, is due to the Chippewa, Ottawa, and Pottawatomie Indians, now residing in the State of Michigan, under and by virtue of the treaties of July 29, 1829, September 26, 1833, and the articles supplementary thereto of September 27, 1833, with said Indians, and under the treaty of June 5 and 17, 1846, with the Pottawatomie nation of Indians, and to report at the same time whether (there is) any money or property heretofore payable to said Pottawatomie nation under and by virtue of the treaty of October 26, 1832, or other treaties, which have not been appropriated and paid, and, if any, what amount.

#### EXHIBIT B.

[House Ex. Doc. No. 61, Fortieth Congress, third session.]

Letter from the Secretary of the Interior, submitting a report of commissioners under Pottawatomic treaty of August 7, 1868, to examine the claims of said tribe.

JANUARY 28, 1869 .- Referred to the Committee on Indian Affairs and ordered to be printed.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, Washington, D. C., January 28, 1869.

SIE: I have the honor to transmit to Congress herewith, as provided by the 10th article of the treaty of 7th of August, 1868, with the Pottawatomie Indians, the report of the commissioners appointed to examine the claims of said Indians, dated the 19th instant, and their supplementary report, dated the 22d instant.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

O. H. BROWNING, Secretary.

Hon. Schuyler Colfax,

Speaker of the House of Representatives.

# REPORT OF THE COMMISSION APPOINTED TO EXAMINE THE CLAIMS OF THE POTTAWATOMIE INDIANS.

WASHINGTON, D. C., January 18, 1869.

SIR: The undersigned commissioners appointed by the President under the Senate amendment to the 10th article of the treaty with the Pottawatomie Indians of August 7, 1868, which amendment is in the following words, viz: "It is further agreed that the claims of the Pottawatomies, heretofore reported on by the Secretary of the Interior, under the act of Congress of March 2, 1861, shall be submitted to two commissioners, to be named by the President of the United States, for examination, and said commissioners, after being sworn impartially to decide on said claims, shall make report of their judgment in the premises, with the evidence taken, to the Secretary of the Interior, and the same shall be communicated to Congress at its next session," etc., have the honor to present the following report:

The evident object of the creation of this commission was that a rigid and thorough investigation of the claims of the Pottawatomies should be made, in order that Congress

could legislate understandingly in regard to them.

Acting upon this conviction of the purpose of our appointment, we have availed ourselves of all the light which could be obtained from a careful rending of all the treaties with the tribe, distinct or in association with others, from 1795 to 1846 inclusive, afforded by an examination of two reports of tabular statements of payments from the Second Auditor of the Treasury, and vouchers sustaining the items of expenditure, embraced in other reports and messages on the subject, or exhibited in any of the books or ducuments at the Indian Office or Congressional Library relative to the matter of investigation. As heretofore stated, two separate reports of tabular payments have emanated

from the office of the Second Auditor. The first originated under a resolution of the House of Representatives, May 17, 1860; the second under a joint resolution of Congress, March 2, 1861. We learn at the Auditor's department that the first report was the production of a clerk, thoroughly reliable and competent, after the labor of many The second is recognized at the Indian Office as being entitled to great credit. Certain discrepancies existing in these books as to the amount of payments made under different treaty stipulations, obliged us to visit the Indian account room of the Second Auditor's department, and there, aided by a gentleman of much experience in the accounts of the Indians, who was kindly designated by the Second Auditor to co-operate with us in the investigation, we carefully compared the items in the two reports of payments. Where these corresponded we made no further inquiry; but where differences were apparent, we consulted the vouchers and fixed the amount of payment to correspond with the discovered fact in the case. We shall hereafter refer to these differences under the notices of the several treaties. It may be proper here to state that our examination has been entirely ex parte. By the Senate amendment, heretofore referred to, the commissioners are required to report their judgment in the premises, together with

the evidence taken, etc.

The first impression of the meaning of these instructions might lead one to believe it would be our duty to hear the Pottawatomies, through their council or authorized agents, as one of the two parties interested in our award; yet we have felt unwilling thus to open the door to a wide field for controversy with reference to a strict fulfillment of treaty stipulations, operative through a period of sixty-five years. To have taken an opposite view would have been to sanction like proceedings with other Indian tribes, a course which if adopted would lead to many vexatious, expensive, and almost interminable investigations. The sphere of our inquiry is confined to claims "previously reported on" by the Hon. Caleb B. Smith, Secretary of the Interior, December 19, 1862; consequently we have followed in the path marked out by him, by estimating the amount due on all the treaties, except those of 1795, 1803, and 1846, to the date of their respective proclamations in 1861. Those of 1795, 1803, and 1846 are brought up to their anniversaries in 1860. All the payments are considered till the close of the year 1860, except those under the treaty of 1846, which are up to July 23, 1860. In making this report we have thought it advisable to present a regular detailed statement of stipulations and payments in connection with the different treaties, so that Congress could learn how and when the balances originated. Statements of stipulations, and the amount due under them, are embraced in the body of this report, while the schedules of rayments, forming part of the same, are appended, and marked A, B, C, etc. The treaty of August 3, 1795, proclaimed December 2, 1795 (which annuls all preceding treaties), is the first to which our attention is invited. By article 4 the Pottawatomies are allowed a permanent annuity of \$1,000, which from December 2, 1795, to December 2, 1860, sixty-five years, would amount to \$65,000.

Schedule A exhibits all the payments to have been \$42,000, showing a halance due the tribe of \$23,000. By article 3 of the treaty of June 7, 1803, proclaimed December 26, 1803, the Pottawatomies are entitled to 40 bushels of salt "yearly and every year." From the time of the said proclamation to December 26, 1860, fifty-seven years, 2,280

, bushels would be due.

Schedule B states the number of bushels delivered to have been 1,320, which, subtracted from the stipulated payments, shows that 960 bushels (320 barrels) are due, which we estimate at \$5, or the total sum of \$1,600. Article 4 of the treaty of August 21, 1805, proclaimed April 24, 1806, provides for the payments to the Pottawatomies of

Huron an annuity of \$500 for ten years. No payments on account of this treaty have been discovered, hence we award the sum of \$5,000 as due the tribe thereon.

Schedule C shows no payments. The treaty of November 17, 1807, proclaimed January 27, 1808, by article 2, provides for the payment of \$1,666,666 in goods, which, it is presumed, were delivered, and a permanent annuity of \$400. From the date of the proclamation of this treaty to January 27, 1861, fifty-three years, the Government would owe \$21,200; \$16,800 has been paid (see Schedule D) on account, leaving a balance due the tribe of \$4,400. By article 4 of the treaty of September 30, 1809, proclaimed January 16, 1810, the Indians are entitled to \$5,000 in goods, which are recognized to have been received; and by article 3 they are allowed a permanent annuity of \$500. annuity, calculated to January 26, 1861, fifty-one years, would amount to \$25,500. Two errors were discovered by us, amounting to \$1,250, in the reported payments allowed in the previous report. It is stated that Marshall and Owen each pay on annuities \$1,000 for 1832 and 1833, when Marshall's accounts exhibit no payments, and Owen's shows the proper voucher therefor. The other error is where Clark is stated to have paid \$500 for annuities in 1846, when the voucher proves but \$250. Subtracting the disbursements (see Schedule E), \$20,250, the sum of \$5,250 is found owing by the Government under this treaty. The tribe, by the treaty of August 24, 1816, is entitled to an annuity of \$1,000 for twelve years.

Schedule F shows the stipulation to have been complied with. Article 4 of the treaty of September 29, 1817, proclaimed January 4, 1819, allows the tribe an annuity of \$1,300 for fifteen years, or the aggregate sum of \$19,500. We find two errors of \$1,300 each, admitted in Dole's report, on payments under this treaty. Simonton repeatedly pays said sums on the stipulation, after the full amount of the limited annuity due had been paid, and after the treaty had expired. No vouchers can be discovered establish-

ing such payments.

Schedule G shows all the payments made (\$19,500) balance the stipulation. The tribe is entitled, by article 3 of the treaty of October 2, 1818, proclaimed January 15, 1819, to a permanent annuity of \$2,500 in silver, which, from the date of said proclamation to January 15, 1861, forty-two years, would amount to \$105,000. We discover an error in payments, heretofore allowed, of \$2,500. Owen charges twice the said sum for 1832, when but one voucher can be found. The payments in fulfillment of this treaty have been \$103,750 (see Schedule H); balance due the Pottawatomies, \$1,250. The tribe is allowed, by article 4 of the treaty of August 29, 1821, proclaimed March 25, 1822, an annuity of \$5,000 for twenty years; also to the services of a blacksmith, who is made permanent by the treaty of September 20, 1828, and teacher for the term of fifteen years, \$1,000 per year being designated for the services of the two persons. The amounts due under these stipulations would be:

For annuities, \$5,000 for twenty years	
For blacksmith, from March 25, 1822, to March, 1861, thirty-nine years,	
at \$750	28, 080. 00
For teacher, fifteen years, at \$280	4, 200.00

132, 280. 00

Schedule I exhibits the payments to have been \$112,235.23. Balance due the Indians

under this treaty, \$20,044.77.

The United States, by article 3 of the treaty of October 16, 1826, proclaimed February 7, 1827, agrees to pay the tribe an annuity of \$2,000 in silver for twenty-two years, to devote \$2,000 per year for educational purposes, to build a mill, and provide and support a miller, and to deliver annually 160 bushels of salt. By article 4 goods to the value of \$31,447.71 are to be paid; and by article 5 debts and claims amounting to \$9,573 are to be settled. No provision is made in the treaty for iron and steel for the shop, but from the fact that large deliveries thereof are shown in the payments, it is inferred that wherever a blacksmith is promised, iron and steel for his use are considered to be gratuities. These articles are commuted in all estimates at \$220 per year. The stipulations in this treaty require the following expenditures (including the estimated value of the salt), viz:

For annuities, \$2,000 per year, twenty-two years	\$44,000.00
years, \$720	24, 480, 00
For iron and steel, thirty-four years, \$220	7, 480.00
For education, thirty-four years, \$2,000	78, 000. 00
For building a mill	1,500.00
For support of miller from February 7, 1827, to December 16, 1834, 7 years,	
10 months, 9 days, \$600	4,716.00
For salt (160 bushels per year) for thirty-four years, 5,440 bushels, 1,8133	
barrels, at \$5	9,066.66
For goods	31, 447. 71
For debts and claims	9, 573. 00

200, 263, 37

It will be observed that we only estimate the services of the miller, named in this treaty, to December 16, 1834, for by article 4 of the treaty of that date it is stipulated that "on and after" the signing of this treaty the miller provided for by the third article of the treaty of October 16, 1826, shall be discontinued. In the previous report on these claims, the services of the miller were improperly calculated in the stipulations to 1860, inclusive. The discovery of this error is in favor of the Government to the amount of \$15,684. (It is understood that the miller is still retained, but at the expense of the tribe.) The payments under this treaty (including salt at its valuation) have been \$208,620.47 (see Schedule K), a balance being due the Government of \$8,357.10. The treaty of September 20, 1828, proclaimed January 7, 1829, stipulates to pay the tribe a permanent annuity of \$2,000; a limited annuity of \$1,000 for twenty years; \$45,000 in goods and specie; \$1,000 per year for education, and the services of three laborers who are to be maintained four months in the year for ten years, and

whose labor is estimated at \$300 per year, or \$3,600 for the period named; 2,000 pounds of tobacco; 1,500 pounds of iron and 350 pounds of steel are also annually to be delivered. By the treaty of June 5 and 17, 1846, it is provided that on and after the ratification of said treaty, which took place July 23, 1846, said tobacco, iron, and steel should be commuted to \$300 per year. Accordingly we estimate said stipulations from the date of the proclamation of this treaty to that of the ratification of the treaty of 1846, which would be 17 years,  $6\frac{1}{2}$  months:

Tobacco for said time	\$17,542.00 2,631.25 1,534.75
	21,708.00

Article 4 stipulates to pay \$7,500 for clearing and fencing lands, \$1,000 to Nancy Burnett, and a life annuity of \$100 to To-pen-i-be, an Indian chief who died in 1853, and whose aggregated annuities would amount to \$2,500. The sum of the stipulations for this treaty are as follows, viz:

For permanent annuity, \$2,000 for 32 years, January 7, 1829, to January	
7, 1861	\$64,000.00
For limited annuity, \$1,000 for 20 years.	20,000.00
For goods and specie	45,000.00
For clearing and fencing	7,500.00
For Nancy Burnett	1,000.00
For education, \$1,000 for 32 years, January 7, 1829, to January 7, 1861	32,000.00
For To-pen-i-be, \$100 per year for 25 years	2,500.00
For three laborers	
For claims	
For tobacco, as aforesaid	17,542.00
For iron, as aforesaid	2,631.25
For steel, as aforesaid	1,534.75

208, 203.00

We perceive an error of \$2,000 in these payments, admitted in the previous report. Porter repeatedly pays \$2,000 for annuities in 1833, and Owen the same amount, for the same purpose, in the same year, for the same year. Porter's voucher can not be found, but Owen's has been discovered and is correct. The sum of the stipulations for this treaty (including the value of tobacco, iron, and steel, as estimated in the preceding statement) amount to \$208,203. The payments, as presented in Schedule L, have been \$194,957.91. A balance of \$13,245.09 is due the tribe under this treaty. By article 2 of the treaty of July 29, 1829, proclaimed January 2, 1830, the Pettawatomies are entitled to a permanent annuity of \$1,600; to goods in October next to the value of \$12,000, and to 50 barrels of salt "annually forever." By article 5 debts and claims to the amount of \$11,601 are to be settled. These stipulations (including the estimated value of the salt) require the following expenditures, viz:

For annuities, \$16,000 per year for 31 years	
For 50 barrels of salt for 31 years=1,550, at \$5	12,000 7,750
For debts and claims	11,601

Total \\_\_\_\_\_\_ 527, 35:

We notice an error allowed in last reports of payments. Mitchell in 1846 charges the sum of \$14,412.50 for annuity, when his voucher shows \$14,212.50. Amount of error, \$200. Schedule M exhibits the payments (including salt) to have been \$501,629.01.

Balance due the Pottawatomies, \$25,721.99.

It will be observed that this deficiency is chiefly in the annuity payments, which are about \$24,000 less than required by the stipulation. By article 3 of the treaty of October 20, 1832, proclaimed January 21, 1833, the tribe is allowed an annuity of \$1,500 for 20 years, Billy Caldwell a life annuity of \$600, Alexander Robinson a life annuity of \$200, and Pierre Le Clere a life annuity of \$200. Caldwell died in 1841, and his annuities calculated to that time amounted to \$5,363.83; Le Clere died in 1848, and the sum of his annuities would be \$3,200; Robinson was living in 1861, and his annuities reckoned to that time would amount to \$5,600. By article 4 debts and claims for \$28,746 are to be paid, \$45,000 in goods is to be delivered after signing the treaty, \$30,000 in goods is to be paid in 1833, and \$1,400 is to be paid for horses stolen. A payment of \$2,200 was admitted for this treaty in the previous report, which is erroneous. Swords repeatedly pays said amount in 1836 for 1837 for annuity, when the voucher

419, 309, 83

says the payment belongs to the treaty of October 26, 1832. The required expenditures for this treaty are as follows, viz:

For annuities, \$15,000 for 20 years	\$300,000.00
For Billy Caldwell	5, 363.83
For Alexander Robinson	4,600.00
For Pierre Le Clere	3, 200, 00
For debts and claims	28,746.00
For goods after signing	45,000.00
For goods in 1833	30,000.00
For horses stolen	1,400.00

Schedule N exhibits the payments on account thereof to be \$413,780.33, a balance being due to the tribe of \$5,529.50. The treaty of October 26, 1832, proclaimed January 21, 1833 (article 3), provides for the payment to the tribe of an annuity of \$20,000 for twenty years, \$100,000 in goods as soon after the signing of the treaty as they can be procured, and \$30,000 in goods in 1833. By article 4 the Government agrees to pay debts amounting to \$62,412. By article 5 "the United States agree to provide for the Pottawatomies, if they shall at any time hereafter wish to change their residence, an amount either in goods, farming utensils, and such other articles as shall be required and necessary, and in good faith and to an extent equal to what has been furnished any other Indian tribe or tribes emigrating, and in just proportion to their numbers." Out of this stipulation arises a claim which will hereafter be considered. Article 6 provides for the erection of a saw-mill on the Pottawatomie lands. The following sums are required to be expended in fulfillment of these stipulations (independent of the aforesaid claim); viz:

For annuities, \$20,000 for twenty years.	\$400,000,00
For goods after signing	
For goods in 1833	30, 000. 00
For debts and claims	62, 412.00
For goods, farming tools, etc., appropriated March 2, 1833	99, 379. 00
For goods, farming tools, etc., appropriated March 3, 1835	7, 357. 50
For building a mill	2,000.00

Schedule O shows the payments under this treaty to have been \$661,431.61; balance due the Pottawatomies, \$39,716.89. The Government, by article 4 of the treaty of October 27, 1832, proclaimed January 21, 1833, agrees to pay the tribe \$1,500 for twelve years, \$32,000 in goods soon after the signing of the treaty. \$10,000 in goods the ensuing spring, and \$2,000 annually for education. The sum of \$800 was agreed to be paid the wife of Peter Longlors for certain lands if they could be obtained for said price, but there is no evidence showing that this contract was ever carried into effect. After the signing of this treaty, at the request of the Indians, \$2,700 was paid them, to be deducted from said sum of \$32,000. The following amounts cover the stipulations, viz:

For annuities, \$15,000 for twelve years  For goods after signing  For goods in the spring  For debts  For education from January 21, 1833, to January 21, 1861, twenty-eight years, at \$2,000	\$180,000 32,000 10,000 20,721 56,000
Total	998 791

We find an error, in payments under this treaty, allowed in Commissioner Dole's report, Daniel Sword's charges, as paid in 1836 for 1837, \$2,200 for annuities. The voucher states that this belongs to the treaty of October 26, 1832. The payments under this treaty amount to \$299,349.29. (See Schedule P.) Balance due the United States, \$628.29. By article 3 of the treaty of September 26, 1833, proclaimed February 21, 1835, the Pettawatomies are entitled to \$14,000 annually for twenty years; \$100,000 in goods, part on signing the treaty, and the balance the ensuing year; \$100,000 in lieu of reservations; \$150,000 to satisfy claims; \$150,000 for the erection of mills, houses, shops, purchase of farming implements, etc.; and \$70,000 for purposes of education. These two latter sums are vested for the benefit of the tribe, the interest being carried to the mill and education account. A life annuity, in addition to that previously allowed, of \$400 is granted to Billy Caldwell; one of \$300. in addition to that heretofore mentioned, to Alexander Robinson; and one of \$200 each is allowed to Joseph Lafrombroise and Shebahnay. Caldwell's annuity, under this stipulation, till his death in 1841, would be \$2,800;

Shebahnay's, till his death, in 1858, would be \$4,800; Robinson and Lafrombroise, being alive at the close of 1860, the former would be entitled at that time to \$7,800, the latter to \$5,200. By article 2 "it is further agreed that as fast as the said Indians shall be prepared to emigrate they shall be removed, at the expense of the United States, and shall receive subsistence while upon the journey and for one year after their arrival at their new homes," etc. The tribe presents a large claim under this treaty stipulation, which will be referred to hereafter. The sums of \$2,000 and \$1,500 are respectively to be paid Wauponehsee and band, and Awn Kok and band. The amount owing the tribe, under the provisions of this treaty, less that due under the third article aforesaid, is as follows, viz:

For removal and subsistence by this amount paid	\$391, 606. 65
For satisfying claims	150,000.00
For erecting mills, shops, etc., \$150,000; interest on this sum to 1861	181, 419, 84
For education, \$70,000; interest on this sum to 1861	77, 273, 50
For Billy Caldwell	2,800.00
For Alexander Robinson	7, 800, 00
For Joseph Lafrombroise	5, 200.00
For Shebahnay	4,800.00
For Wauponehsee and band	2,000.00
For Awn Kok and band	1,500.00
For goods	100,000.00
For reservations	100,000.00
For annuity, \$14,000, twenty years	280,000.00
_	

1, 304, 399, 99

An error in payment under this treaty, admitted in the report of 1862, has been discovered. Cummins in 1848, for 1848, charges \$9,000 for annuity, when the voucher shows \$7,000. The sum of \$1,319,664.99 has been expended (see Schedule Q) on account of this treaty; balance due the United States, \$15.265. The tribe, by article 2 of the treaty of September 27, 1833, proclaimed February 21, 1835, are entitled to \$10,000 in lieu of reservations, \$25,000 for claims to be paid, \$25,000 for goods and provisions, and an annuity of \$2,000 for twenty years.

The Government also pays for a change of boundary the sum of \$10,000. The necessary payments in fulfillment of these stipulations would be as follows, viz:

For reservations	\$10,000.00
For claims	25, 000. 00
For goods, provisions, etc.	
For annuity, \$2,000 for twenty years	40,000.00
For changing boundary, treaty September 26, 1833	10, 000.00

110,000.00

The payments have been (see Schedule R) \$112,200; balance due the United States, \$2,200. In making the payments required by this treaty agents appear to exercise great discretionary powers, the annuities being overpaid \$27,490, while no payments are shown on account of claims. The sums due thereon and the payments made on account thereof for the treaties of December 4, 1834, December 10, 1834, December 16, 1834, December 17, 1834, March 26, 1836, March 29, 1836, April 11, 1836, April 23, 1836, April 22, 1836, August 5, 1836, September 20, 1836, September 22, 1836, and September 23, 1836, with certain chiefs, headmen, and warriors of the Pottawatomie nation, as they exactly balance, and are for comparatively unimportant amounts, are not brought into our report. The treaty of February 11, 1837, proclaimed February 18, 1837, provides for the removal of the Indians and for the payment of \$4,000 to Qui-qui-to for certain lands. Schedule S shows the payment of \$131,604.33, in fulfillment of the removal stipulation, and \$4,000 to Qui-qui-to. The accounts balance. The last treaty calling our attention is that of June 5 and 7, 1846. By article 3 the Pottawatomies cede all their lands in the Osage country to the United States for the sum of \$850,000.

By article 4, from said sum of \$850,000 is to be deducted \$87,000 for their new home in Kansas, \$50,000 for debts, \$30,000 for actual expense of removing, and \$40,000 for subsistence after arrival. These several sums, amounting to \$207,000, are to be deducted from the said \$850,000, and the difference, \$643,000, is directed to be invested in United States stocks. The payments on account of this treaty are shown in Schedule S. Said payments balance with the stipulations, estimating the interest, to the date of the proclamation of the treaty in 1860.

Having presented to your notice all the treaty stipulations for the payment of money, goods, etc., or for the fulfillment of any contract by the Government, and referred to the various schedules, which indicate the payments made on account thereof, the branches

of inquiry mentioned in the report of the Hon. William P. Dole, Commissioner of Indian Affairs, November 15, 1862, require our attention. 1st. The amount due the Pottawatomies prior to the year 1819. 2d. The validity and justice of their claims, founded on the 3d article of the treaty of October 26, 1832, and the 5th article of the treaty of Sep-

On arriving at a wise conclusion, whether to admit the payment of \$30,387.34, presumed to have been made by Mason McKinney and others prior to 1819, considerable embarrassment has been felt. If sitting as arbitrators, to decide whether, from all the evidence produced, said amount had been paid, we should hesitate long before answering in the affirmative. Mr. Dole, in his report, states that "the receipts of the Indians do not accompany the reputed payment of \$13,400 by McKinney prior to 1819, and we can find no proof either at the Treasury or Indian Department establishing the fact that this or any other sum, forming part of said \$30,387.34, has been paid. We can only believe that, though evidence of the payments was in the possession of Mr. Dole at the time of making his report, it is now lost or destroyed.

The question then presents itself, to whom shall the benefit of the doubt resting upon

this matter be given-the Indians or the Government?

Justice would seem to indicate that it should be allowed to the unrepresented party to this investigation, yet Congress might consider it due to the Government. Understanding that these claims have been long before Congress, and learning from a distinguished gentleman in that body from the State in which the present reservation of the Pottawatomies is located that the tribe is anxiously waiting for their earliest settlement in order to secure funds with which to remove to their new home in the Cherokee country in the ensuing spring, we shall not, by refusing to recognize the payment of said \$30,387.34, thus increasing the award in favor of the Indians to that extent, stand in the way of the recognition or hazard the payment of other claims which are indisputably owing.

While recognizing the payment of said amount, we can by no means agree with the honorable Commissioner that it should be considered as in full satisfaction of the obli-

gations of the Government prior to 1819.

Let it stand as a payment made, but do not attempt to supply a deficiency by a most illogical suggestion respecting the careless manner in which officers' accounts were kept or by allusions to the disloyalty of the tribe during the war of 1812.

Upon this latter point Mr. Dole says "it (\$30,387.34) is probably as much as they (the Pottawatomies) would be entitled to up to that time (1819), owing to the part

they took against the Government in the war of 1812."

On referring to article 2 of the treaty of September 8, 1815, it will be seen that the United States agree to restore to the Chippewa, Ottawa, and Pottawatomie tribes all the possessions, rights, and privileges which they enjoyed, or were entitled to, prior to the commencement of the late war with Great Britain, etc. By article 5 of the same treaty, "the said States agree to pardon such of the chiefs and warriors of said tribes as may have continued hostilities against them until the close of the war with Great Britain, etc., and by article 4 of the same treaty the United States agree to "renew and confirm the treaty of Greenville, made in the year 1795, and all subsequent treaties to which they were reciprocally parties, and the same are hereby again ratified and confirmed in as full a manner as if they were inserted in this treaty."

The treaty of June 15, 1815, with certain chiefs and warriors of the Pottawatomies

is of like import with that of September 8, 1815.

The several articles of these treaties, each sustaining and affirming the other, operate in our judgment as a full pardon for all warlike acts committed by the tribe during the war of 1812.

Their object is to restore peace and amity between the contracting parties, bringing the two again into accord, and establishing the status of the Indians precisely as it was prior to the war with Great Britain. Entertaining this opinion of the evident intent of the treaties of 1815, we can allow no deduction to the Government from its manifest obligations by reason of the previous temporary hostility of the tribe.

The two claims growing out of the treaties of October 26, 1832, and September 26,

1833, next demand our notice.

Article 3 of the treaty of 1832, heretofore referred to, contains the stipulation for furnishing such of the tribe as desire to remove the usual outfit in goods, farming tools, etc. Congress, March 2, 1833, and March 3, 1835, appropriated the total sum of \$106,736.50

for carrying into effect this provision.

When removed under various contracts to their new home in the Osage country it appears the largest portion of the tribe received their proper outfit, but by reference to the muster-rolls on file in the Second Auditor's Office it appears that 1,138 Indians removed themselves, obtaining an outfit only of the value of \$12,607.50. clearly in the report of 1862 that said Indians were entitled to an outfit worth \$41,-050.42, as the same amount was supplied to the Choctaws, and in due proportion according to numbers. We think the good faith of the Government is pledged to the payment of the difference between the stipulated and furnished outfit, which is \$28,442.92.

In close relation to this claim is the one founded on the treaty of September 26, 1833. Article 3 of this treaty, noticed before in this report, contains the provision for removing the tribes as fast as they are ready to emigrate at the expense of the United States.

The report of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs shows that the Government removed 4,792 Indians, while the 1,138 Indians heretofore referred to removed themselves without expense to the Government. If these Indians removed themselves without expense to the Government, they are evidently entitled to the sum it would have cost the Government to remove them. We have examined several contracts for removal at the Second Auditor's Office, and find that the lowest amount paid per person was \$55.

This was in the agreement between General Hugh Brady and Alexander Coquillard,

June 3, 1840.

There being 1,138 self-emigrating Indians, and the amount unexpended by the Government for their removal being \$55 per person, we award the sum of \$62,590 to be due the tribe under the aforesaid stipulation. If it be suggested that this amount belongs to the self-emigrating Indians and their heirs, the answer is that the Government only recognizes the Indians in all pecuniary relations as a tribe and not as distinct individuals.

The payment for life annuities to chiefs for reservations, etc., all are merged into the

general account against the tribe.

An obligation rests upon us to inform you that many of the vouchers we have examined come to us indeed in a "questionable shape," but being all we had to rely upon to establish the payments, we reluctantly accepted them in view of the fact that by their rejection the award made in this report might have been greatly increased.

Is there any reason for this loose, unmethodical manner of keeping accounts except as a means for facilitating fraud? If Government agents desire to betray their trusts they should at least be compelled to keep their accounts in a business-like shape.

Whether the balances against the Government arise from a deficiency in appropria-

tions or mal-administration of agents, we can not determine.

Many truths in regard to the disbursement of appropriations might possibly be elicited from those who have paid out the funds, but a long period has elapsed since these deficiencies arose, and most of those who acted as agents at the time are scattered or dead.

This report should certainly arouse the attention of Congress to the necessity of yearly settlements in full, if practicable, with all the tribes. Such an arrangement would doubtless give great satisfaction to the different Indian nations and enable the Govern-

ment more readily to detect fraud in the administration of its agents.

We present on the following page, for the more especial information of congressional committees, a statement showing the amount considered to be due by Commissioner Dole in 1862, viz: \$160,540.48; to which we add \$6,512.66 disallowed by Mr. Dole on account of the hostility of the tribe to the Government during the war of 1812; \$6,042 for balance due on stipulation for tobacco; \$647.95 for iron; \$261 for steel, and \$5,678.34 for salt. To this we add \$5, an error discovered in the addition of payments. Subtracting from the total sum the difference in discovered errors in stipulations and payments, which is \$734, we exhibit a balance due the Pottawatomies of \$178,953.43.

#### Recapitulation statement—Report of 1862.

Due under treaties since 1819	\$69, 507. 56 62, 590. 00 28, 442. 92
Total amount of award  Due, but not recognized prior to 1819  Due for tobacco  Due for iron  Due for steel  Due for salt	160, 540. 48 6, 512. 66 6, 042. 00 647. 95
TotalError in addition, education account	
Total	14.7
Total	178, 953. 43

Considering the time these claims have been due, would not the law, as administered for the relief of claimants of our own race, sanction the payment of interest thereon since the time (1862) when they were officially recognized as a debt of the Government by the Committee on Claims of the House of Representatives? We are not at this time willing to recommend such a measure, but propose to present a supplementary report on the

Our duty in connection with this investigation is that of accountants and not of advocates, yet we can not refrain from expressing the hope that in an era of our country's history when the shackles have been stricken from the millions of one race, simple justice will be accorded to the few scattered fragments of another, of whose fortunes and fate the future historian will discourse with melancholy interest. The truest evidence of the civilization of any people is to be seen on those pages of her legislative history which exhibit enactments to protect the weak, to raise the oppressed, and to comfort the dying.

In conclusion (see recapitulation statement) we award the amount due the Pottawatomies on these claims previously reported on, to be (without estimating interest since 1862) \$178,953.43.

We have the honor to be, sir, very respectfully, your obedient servants,

CHARLES ROWLAND, STEPHEN D. MILLS,

Hon. O. H. BROWNING, Secretary of the Interior, Washington, D. C.

#### Treaty August 3, 1795; proclaimed December 2, 1795.

#### SCHEDULE A-ANNUITY.

By whom payments made.	When.	For what year.	Amount
Lewis Cass	1819	Nov., 1819	\$1,00
Do	1820	Oct., 1820	1,00
Do	1821	Oct., 1821	1,00
Do	1822	Aug., 1822	1,00
	1823	Aug., 1022	1,00
Do	1824	Oct., 1823	1,00
Do		July, 1824	1,00
Do		Sept., 1825	75
Alexander Wolcott	1823	Feb., 1822	25
Do	1823	Sept., 1823	25
Do	1824	Aug., 1824	25
Do,	1825	Oct., 1825	25
ewis Cass	.1827	July, 1827	1.00
Alexander Wolcott	1828	Aug., 1827	1,00
Do	1829	Aug., 1829	1,00
	1830	Aug., 1029	1,00
Do		Oct., 1830	1,00
ohn Tipton	1831	Aug., 1831	1,00
Villiam Marshall	1833	1832	1,00
Do	1833		1,00
r.J. V. Owen	1833	1833	1,00
Villiam Marshall	1834	Nov., 1834	1,00
.P.Simonton	1835	Aug., 1835	1,00
Do	1836	Sept., 1836	1,00
	1837	Sept., 1837	
S.S.Sibley		Sept., 1807	1,00
. C. Reynolds	1839	May & Dec., 1838	1,00
Cooper and A. L. Davis	1839	Aug., 1839	1,00
oshua Pelcher	1840	Oct., 1840	1,00
A. L. Davis and R. W. Cummings	1841	Oct. & Nov., 1841	1,00
ohn B. Luce and A. L. Davis	1842	Nov., 1842	1,00
R.S. Elliott and R. W. Cummings	1843	Sept. & Nov., 1843	1,00
P. H. Harvey and R. W. Cummings	1844	Sept., 1844	1,00
.J. Vaughn	1845	1845	50
	1845	1845	50
R. S. Elliott		O-4 6-3T 1040	
R. B. Mitchell and A. J. Vaughn	1846	Oct. & Nov., 1846	1,00
Do	1847	Oct., 1847	1,00
C. W. Cummings	1848	May & Nov., 1848	1,00
D. D. Mitchell	1849	1848	1,00
uke Lea	1851	May, 1851	1.00
obn R. Chenault	1851	1851	1,00
. W. Lea	1852	1852	1,00
W. Whitfield	1853	1853	1,00
W. Clark.	1854		1,00
Do.		1854	
Do	1856	1855	1,00
Do	1856	1856	50
V. E. Murphy	1856	1856	. 50
Do	1857	1857	50
ohn Haverty, Wm. E. Murphy, and A. M. Robinson, ex-		1857, 1858, 1859	50
pense of outfit for sundry Indians amounting to \$3,000, to		,	
be charged to annuity.			
Vm. E. Murphy	1858	1858	1.00
Do	1859	1859	1,00
Do	1860	1860	1,00
Total			42,00

# POTTAWATOMIE INDIANS.

#### Treaty June 7, 1803; proclaimed December 26, 1803.

#### SCHEDULE B-ANNUITY.

By whom payments made.	When,	For what year.	Amount.	By whom payments made.	When.	For what year.	Amount.
			Bushels.	200			Bushels.
John Tipton	1826	1819	40	A. L. Davis	1841		40
Do	1826	1820	40	Do	1842		40
Do	1826	1821	40	D. D. Mitchell	1842		40
Do	1826	1822	40	Do	1843		80
Do	1826	1823	40	A. H. Vaughn	1844		40
Do	1826	1824	40	Do	1846		160
Do		1825	40	R. W. Cummings	1848		40
Do	1826	1826	40	Luke Lea	1850		80
Do		1827	40	F. W. Lea	1852		40
Do		1828	40	J. W. Whitfield	1853		40
Do		1829	40	G. W. Clark	1855		40
Wm. Marshall			40	Do	1856		40
Do			40	A			
John H. Miller			40	Total			1,320
Stephen Cooper			40				
A. L. Davis	1840		40	Or 440 barrels at \$5, equal to			\$2,200

Treaty August 21, 1805; proclaimed April 24, 1806.

# SCHEDULE C.

There seems to have been no payments made upon this treaty.

Treaty November 17, 1807; proclaimed January 27, 1808.

#### SCHEDULE D.

By whom payments made.	When.	For what year.	Amount.	By whom payments made.	When.	For what year.	Amount.
Lewis Cass	1819	1819	\$400	William A. Richmond.	1841	1841	\$400
Do	1820	1820	400	Do	1842	1842	400
Do	1821	1821	400	Do	1843	1843	400
Do	1822	1822	400	Do	1844	1844	400
Do	1823	1823	400	Do	1845	1845	400
John Tipton.	1824	1824	400	Do	1846	1846	400
Do	1825	1825	400	Do	1847	1847	400
Do	1826	1826	400	Do	1848	1848	400
Do	1827	1827	400	C. P. Babcock	1849	1849	400
Do	1828	1828	400	Do	1850	1850	400
Do	1829	1829	400	William Sprague	1851	1851	400
Do	1830	1830	400	Do	1852	1852	400
Do	1831	1831	400	H. C. Gilbert		1853	400
William Marshall	1832	1832	400	Do	1854	1854	400
Do	1833	1833	400	Do	1855	1855	400
Do	1834	1834	400	Do	1856	1856	400
J. P. Simonton	1835	1835	400	A. M. Fitch	1858	1857	400
Do	1836	1836	400	Do	1858	1858	400
William A. Richmond	1837	1837	400	Do	1860	1859	400
Do		1838	400	Do	1860	1860	400
Do	1839	1839	400				
Do		1840	400	Total	***********	********	16,800

#### POTTAWATOMIE INDIANS.

#### Treaty September 30, 1809; proclaimed January 16, 1810.

#### SCHEDULE E-ANNUITY.

By whom payments made.	When.	For what year.	Amount.	By whom payments made.	When.	For what year.	Amount.
Lewis Cass	1819	1819	\$500	R. S. Elliott	1843	1843	\$250
Do	1820	1820	500	R. W. Cummings	1843	1843	250
Do	1821	1821	500	T. H. Harvey	1844	1844	250
Do	1822	1822	500	R. W. Cummings	1844	1844	250
Do	1823	1823	500	A. J. Vaughn	1845	1845	250
Do	1824	1824	500	R.S. Elliott	1845	1845	250
Do	1825	1825	500	A.J. Vaughn		1846	250
Dø	1827	1827	500	R. B. Mitchell	1846	1846	250
Alex. Wolcott	1828	1828	500	Do		1847	500
Do	1829	1829	500	A. J. Vaughn	1848	1848	250
Do	1830	1830	500	R. W. Cummins	1848	1848	250
T. J. V. Owen	1831	1831	500	D. D. Mitchell	1849	1818	500
Do	1832	1832	500	Luke Lea	1851	1850	500
Do	1833	1833	500	Do	1851	1851	250
William Marshall	1834	1834	500	J. R. Chenault	1851	1851	250
J. P. Simonton	1835	1835	500	F. W. Lea		1852	500
Do	1836	1836	500	J. W. Whitfield	1853	1853	500
E.S. Sibley	1837	1837	500	G. W. Clark		1854	500
J. C. Reynolds	1839	1838	500	Do		1855	500
Stephen Cooper	1839	1839	500	Do		1856	250
Joshua Pelcher	1840	1840	250	William E. Murphy	1857	1857	500
A. L. Davis	1840	1840	250	Do		1859	500
R. W. Cummins	1841	1841	250	Do	1859	1859	500
Do	1841	1841	250	Do		1860	500
A. L. Davis	1842	1842	250	20	1000	1000	300
J. B. Luce	1842	1842	250	Total	-		20, 250

#### Treaty August 24, 1816; proclaimed December 30, 1816.

#### SCHEDULE F-ANNUITY.

Richard Grugham	1820	1819	\$1,000	James Latham	1826	1826	\$1,000
Lewis Cass	1820	1820	1,000	William Clark	1827	1827	1,000
Do	1821	1821	1,000	Pierre Menard	1828	1828	1,000
Alex. Wolcott	1823	1822	1,000	T. J. V. Owens	1831		1,000
James Latham	1823	1823	1,000	Do	1933		1,000
Do	1824	1824	1,000				
Alex. Wolcott	1825	1825	1,000	Total			12,000
	11/11/11		,				

# Treaty September 29, 1817; proclaimed January 4, 1819.

#### SCHEDULE G-ANNUITY.

Lewis Cass	1819	1819	\$1,300	John Tipton	1828	1828	\$1,300
Do	1820	1820	1,300	Do	1829	1829	1,300
Do	1821	1821	1,300	Do	1831	1831	1,300
Do	1822	1822	1,300	William Marshall	1832	1832	1,300
Do	1823	1824	1,300	Do	1833	1833	1,300
John Tipton	1824	1824	1,300	Do	1834	1834	1,800
Do	1825	1825	1.300			-	
Do	1826	1826	1,300	Total			19,500
Do	1827	1827	1,300				

# Treaty October 2, 1818; proclaimed January 15, 1819.

#### SCHEDULE H-ANNUITY.

By whom payments made.	When.	For what year.	Amount.	By whom payments made.	When.	For what year.	Amount.
Lewis Cass	1819	1819	\$2,500	A. L. Davis	1842	1842	\$1,250
Do	1820	1820	2,500	J. B. Luce	1842	1842	1,250
Do	1821	1821	2,500	R. S. Elliott	1843	1843	1,265
Do	1822	1822	1,250	R. W. Cummins	1843	1843	1,250
Alex. Wolcott	1823	1822	1,250	Do		1844	1,250
	1823	1823	1,250	T. H. Harvey		1844	1,250
Do	1823	1823	1,250	R. S. Elliott	1845	1845	1,250
Lewis Cass	1824	1824	1,250	A. J. Vaughn	1845	1845	1,250
Do	1824	1324	1,250		1846	1846	1,250
Alex. Wolcott	1825	1825		Do	1846	1846	1,250
Do			1, 250	R. B. Mitchell		1847	
Lewis Cass	1825	1825	1,250	Do			1,250
Do	1826	1826	2,500	A. J. Vaughn		1847	1,250
Do	1827	1827	2,500	R. W. Cummins		1848	2,500
Alex. Wolcott	1828	1828	2,500	D. D. Mitchell		1849	2,500
Do	1829	1829	2,500	Luke Lea		1850	2,500
Do	1830	1830	2,500	Do	1851	1851	1,250
T. J. V. Owen	1831	1831	2,500	J. R. Chenault		1851	1,250
Do	1832	1832	2,500	F. W. Lea	1852	1852	2,500
William Marshall	1833	1833	2,500	J. W. Whitfield	1853	1853	2,500
Do	1834	1834	2,500	G. W. Clark	1854	1854	2,500
J. P. Simonton	1835	1835	2,500	Do		1855	2,500
Do		1836	2,500	Do		1855	1.250
E. S. Sibley		1837	2,500	William E. Murphy		1857	1,250
J. C. Reynolds	1839	1838	2,500	Do		1857	1,250
A. L. Davis		1839	1,250	Do		1858	2,500
Stephen Cooper		1839	1, 250	Do		1859	2,500
Joshua Pilcher		1840	1, 250	Do		1860	2,500
A. L. Davis	1840	1840	1,250	DO	2000	2000	2,000
		1841		Total	1 30 40		103,750
R. W. Cummins		1841	1,250 1,250	Total		*************	100, 700

# Treaty August 29, 1821; proclaimed March 25, 1822.

#### SCHEDULE I-ANNUITY.

Alex. Wolcott	1823	1822	\$5,000	L. T. Jemison	1834	1833	\$5,000
Do	1823	1823	5,000	Do	1834	1834	5,000
Do	1824	1824	5,000	E.S. Sibley	1837	1837	5,000
Do	1825	1825	5,000	J. C. Reynolds and			
Do	1826	1826	5,000	S. Cooper	1838-9	1838	5,000
Lewis Cass	1827	1827	5,000	A. L. Davis	1839	1839	5,000
Alex. Wolcott	1828	1828	5,000	Joshua Pelcher	1840	1840	5,000
Do	1829	1829	5,000	R. W. Cummins	1841	1841	5,000
Do	1830	1840	5,000			-	
T. J. V. Owen	1831	1841	5,000	Total			90,000
Do	1832	1832	5,000				

#### SCHEDULE I-BLACKSMITH.

Lewis Cass	1825		\$1,451.86	A. L. Davis	1841		\$720.00
Do	1826		299.91	R. W. Cummins			360.00
· Do	1826		122,00	J. B. Luce			559.01
. Do	1827	1827	181.00	A. L. Davis	1842		720.00
Do	1827-8		213,00	R. W. Cummins	1844		240,00
Henry Connor	1829 1829		457.00	A. J. Vaughn {	1844 1845-6	}	1,440,00
Do	1830	}	427.00	T. H. Harvey		)	350.97
John Tipton	1829		529, 98	Do	1844		138.69
Do	1830		356.66	A. J. Vaughn			360,00
T. J. V. Owen	1831	1831	72.00	R. W. Cummins	1846		165.00
Do	1832	1832	629.64	Do			343.30
Do	1833		325, 20	F. W. Lea			720.00
Do	1833		438.00	J. W. Whitfield	1853-4		720.00
Do	1834		348, 60	G. W. Clark	1855		720.00
Stephen Cooper	1839		480,00	Do	1856		273.90
A. L. Davis	1839		720,00	William E. Murphy	1857-8		1,500.00
A. J. Vaughn	1839		1,260.00				
A. L. Davis	1840		720.00	Total			18, 362, 72

# Treaty August 29, 1821; proclaimed March 25, 1822. SCHEDULE I—TEACHER.

By whom payments made.	When.	For what year.	Amount.	By whom payments made.	When.	For what year.	Amount
Lewis Cass Do Do	1825 1826 1826		166.66 133.33	Henry Conner { John Tipton	1829 1830 1830	}	\$466.65 507.37
Do	1827 1827-8	1827	200.00 299.99	Total			3, 872.51
Henry Conner	1829		499.99	Grand total			112, 235. 23

#### Treaty October 16, 1826; proclaimed February 7, 1827.

#### SCHEDULE K-ANNUITY.

John Tipton	1827	1827	\$2,000	A. L. Davis	1840	1840	\$2,000
Do	1828	1828	2,000	Do	1841	1841	2,000
Do	1830	1829	2,000	J. B. Luce	1842	1842	2,000
Do	1831	1830	2,000	R. S. Elliott	1843	1843	2,000
Do	1831	1831	2,000	T. H. Harvey	1844	1844	2,000
L. T. Jemison	1834	1833	2,000	A. J. Vaughn	1845	1845	2,000
Do	1834	1834	2,000	Do	1846	1846	2,000
Do	1835	1835	2,000	Do	1847	1847	2,000
Do	1836	1836	2,000	R. W. Cummins	1848	1848	2,000
E. S. Sebley	1837	1837	2,000	D. D. Mitchell	1849	1849	2,000
J. C. Reynolds	1838-9	1838	2,000			-	
A. L. Davis	1839	1839	2,000	Total	******		44,000

#### SCHEDULE K-BLACKSMITH.

		10.012.22	The same of the sa	2011011011		,	
John Tipton	1827	1827	\$107.54	A. L. Davis	1841	1841	\$720.00
Do	1828	1828	434.79	J. B. Luce	1842	1842	720.00
Do	1830	1829	145.00	J. Pilcher	1840		300.00
Do	1831	1831	580, 00	R. S. Elliott	1844		416,50
William Marshall	1832		580,00	(	1844	)	
Do	1833		145,00	A. J. Vaughn	1845-6	}	1,440.00
. Do	1833		435, 00	Joshua Carpenter	1844	1842-3	1,560,00
Do	1834		290.00	T. H. Harvey	1845		120,00
A. C. Pepper	1834		840,00	R. S. Efliott	1845		640.00
William Marshall	1835		360.00	Do	1845		225,00
J. H. Miller	1837		900.00	R. B. Mitchell	1846		360,00
V. Van Antwerp	1838		360,00	A. J. Vaughn	1846		1,080,00
J. Pilcher	1839		180.00	Do	1847		720,00
J. C. Reynolds	1839		150.00	R. B. Mitchell	1847		423, 42
A. L. Davis	1839		360.00	R. W. Cummins	1848		1,074.80
Do	1840		720,00	Do	1849		704,00
A. J. Vaughn	1848		191.00	William E. Murphy			780, 00
Luke Lea	1849		360,00	Do			480.00
(	1850	)		Do	1860		1,920,00
Do	1851-2		121.32	Requisition 2049-50	1828		360,00
Do	1850	,	366, 66	Do1964	1831		180,00
Do	1850		670, 54	Do2078	1830		180,00
F. W. Lea	1852		1,303,60	Do786	1830		360,00
Do	1853		840.00	Do786			180.00
Do	1853		240, 00	Do787	1836		180,00
J. W. Whitfield	1853		922, 66	John Tipton	1828		140 15
G. W. Clark	1854-5		1,702.18	Do			289, 98
Do	1856		878.00	Do			211,66
Do	1856		731.86	A. J. Vaughn			133, 33
Isaac Winton	1857		489.69	Do	1836		840.00
William E. Murphy	1857		988, 99	20	_000		
Do	1857		1, 232, 81	Total			35, 025, 48
Do	1859		660,00	2002			00, 500, 20
20	2000		000.00	·			

#### SCHEDULE K-GOODS.

By whom payments made.	When.	For what year.	Requisitions.	Amount.	Total.
Zeno Jennings Lewis Cass	1827			\$1,296 2,550	
Henry Connor Requisition 197, etc Requisition 541, etc	1827		\$31,447.71	2,127	\$81,447.71
Total			81,447.71	9,573	31, 447. 71

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# Treaty October 16, 1826; proclaimed February 7, 1827—Continued.

# SCHEDULE K-EDUCATION.

By whom payments made.	When.	To whom paid,	Amoun
John Tioton	1827		\$161.6
Do			64.5
Chamas Handarson	1827-'9		2,879.0
Requisition 1032, 203	1827	Thomas Henderson	1,394.0
Requisition 1480, etc.	1828	mi TT	2, 235, 0
Requisition 2785	1829	Thomas Henderson	625.0
Requisition 1118	1831 1832	do	5,577.0 1,680.0
Requisition 3095	1832	do,	765.7
Requisition 3209	1832	do	935. 0
Requisition 3519	1833	do	60.5
Requisition 3674	1833	do	876.2
Requisition 7240	1836	do	945,
Requisition 8002	1837	do	1,050.0
Requisition 8559, etc	1837	do	885.0
Requisition 8670	1837	do'	1,102.
Requisition 9050	1837	do	444.8
Requisition 9055	1837	do	630.
Requisition 9179	1837	do	207.
Requisition 70	1838	do	997.
Requisition 411	1838 1838	dodo	997. 220.
Requisition 460	1838		997.
Requisition 110	1838		593.
Requisition 33%5	1840	do	525.
Requisition 3386	1840	do,	250.
Requisition 4178	1841	do	525.
Requisition 4200	1841	do	525. 256.
requisition 5032	1841	R. M. Johnson	21.
Requisition 5786	1841	D. Vanderslice	895.
equisition 5135	1.41	do	33.
equisition 5153	1841	do	892.
equisition 5947	1841	,do,	892.
equisition 5973	1841	do	25.
equisition 6044	1841	do	892.
tequisition 6111	1 41 1-41	,do	24.4 187.2
requisition 6112	1844	do	41.9
Requisition 7644	1844	do.	787.
tequisition 7651tequisition 7906	1844	do	1,050.
Pequisition 7992	1844	do	39 (
tequisition 7992tequisition 8064	1814	do,	39. 22.
Requisition 8065	1844	do	2.6
Requisition 8148	1844	do	88.1
Lequisition 8272	1844	do	30.
lequisition 8304	1844	do	1, 155.
Lequisition 8644	1844	,do	73,
Requisition 8667	1844	,do	1, 155.0
Requisition 8681	1844	do	144. 4 17. 9 236.
Requisition 8754	1844	do	17.
Requisition 8844	1844 1845	do	81.
Requisition 9043		do.	
tequisition 9049tequisition 9059	1845 1845	do	1,050.
Lequisition 9185	1845	do	19.
equisition 7659	1845	do.	233.
Requisition 9411	1845	do	57.
equisition 9412	1845	do.	1,050.
equisition 9802	1845	do	1, 145.
equisition 9802	1847		1, 145. 364.
equisition 447	1446		1,063.
equisition 447equisition 732	1846		1,062.
equisition 733	1846		1.
P.O. Lauglin	1854	December, September 18	1,516. 1,487.
	1855	July, September 17	1, 487.
-	1855	August 25 November 14	2,000.
	1855	November 14	2, 472.
	1852	May 81	1, 202,
Company of the Compan	1856 1857	August 5February 23	2, 522. 2, 362.
remain Authority, and and and the	1857	November 17	4, 617.
Requisition 3732	1858	November 17 F. P. O. Lauglin	501
oduranon otos	1009	dodo.	591.2 2,831.2
		do	530.8
		do	2, 846.

# Treaty October 16, 1826; proclaimed February 7, 1827—Continued.

# SCHEDULE K-IRON AND STEEL.

By whom payments made.	When.	For what year.	Amount.	By whom payments made.	When.	For what year.	Amount
John Tipton	1831	1831	\$451.00	F. W. Lea	1852		\$435.83
A. L. Davis	1839		439, 93	Do			454.19
Do	1841		182.15	Do		*****	461.00
Do	1841	1841	440,00	J. W. Whitfield	1853		786, 49
J. B. Luce	1842	1842	440,00	G. W. Clark	1856		254.39
A: J. Vaughn	1844-'45-'46		880.00	Do	1856		447.14
Joshua Carpenter			185,00	Wm. E. Murphy			387.25
R.S. Elliott			94,04	Do			280, 21
Do			273.25	Do			404, 75
A. J. Vaughn			220.00	Do			691.11
R. W. Cummins			393, 90	17 160 1	April -		
Do			256, 27	Total	107		9, 435, 84
Luke Lea	1850		647.94	2 12 11			- ET. +

#### SCHEDULE K-SALT.

By whom payments made.	When.	For what year.	Bush- els.	By whom payments made.	When.	For what year.	Bush- els.
John Tipton	1827	1827	160	D. D. Mitchell	1843	1843-'4	320
Do	1828	1828	160	T. H Harvey	1845		160
Do	1830	1829	160	Do	1846		160
William Marshall	1832		160	A. J. Vaughn			100
Do	1834		160	. Do			160
J. P. Simonton	1836		160	R. W. Cummins	1848		160
J. H. Miller	1837		160	Luke Lea	1850-'51-'52		160
Stephen Cooper	1839		160	F. W. Lea			160
A. L. Davis	1839		160	J. W. Whitfield	1853		160
Do		1841	160	G. W. Clark	1854-'55		160
J. B. Luce	1842	1842	160			-	
D. D. Mitchell		1842	160	- 0		COLUMN 4	4,000
R. W. Cummins		1843	160	and the same of th		AND STATE	717
A. J. Vaughn	1845	1845	160	Or, 1, 3331 bbls., at \$5		***************************************	\$6,666.66

#### SCHEDULE K-SUPPORT OF MILLER, ETC.

By whom payments made.	When.	For what year.	Amount.	By whom payments made.	When.	For what year.	Amount.
John Tipton	1827 1828	1827 1828	\$1,450.00 212.50	William Marshall R. S. Elliott	1835 1844	1843	\$150.00
Do	1829 1830	1829	300.00 75.00	R. W. Cummins R. S. Elliott	1844		300, 00
Do Do	1830		125.00	A. J. Vaughn	1846		300, 00 857, 66
William Marshall	1831 1832	1830	300, 00 300, 00	Do	1831		50.00 100.00
Do	1833 1833		75.00 225.00	Total		1016	208, 620, 47
Do	1834		150.00	The street of the street of the			

#### Treaty September 20, 1828; proclaimed January 7, 1829.

#### SCHEDULE L-PERMANENT ANNUITY.

By whom payments made.	When.	For what year	Amount.	By whom payments made.	When.	For what year.	Amount.
John Tipton	1829	1829	\$2,000.00	R. W. Cummins		1848	\$2,000.00
Do		1831	2,000.00	R. B. Mitchell	1849	1849	2,000.00
T.J.V. Owen		1832	1,000.00	Luke Lee		1850	2,000.00
Do	1333	1833	2,000.00	J. R. Chenault	1851	1851	2,000.00
L. T. Jemison	1834	1834	2,000.00	F. W. Lea	1852	1852	2,000.00
Do	1835		2,000.00	J. W. Whitfield	1853	1853	2,000.00
Do	1836	1836	2,000.00	G. W. Clark	1854	1854	2,000.00
E.S. Sibley	1837	1837	2,000.00	Do	1856	1855	2,000.00
S. Cooper	1839	1839	2,000.00	Do	1856	1856	1,000.00
A. L. Davis		1840	2,000.00	William E. Murphy		1857	1,000.00
Do	1841	1841	2,000.00	. Do		1857	1,000.00
Do	1842	1842	2,000.00	Do	1858	1858	2,000.00
R. W. Cummins		1843	2, 600, 00	Do		1859	2,000.00
T. H. Harvey	1844		2,000.00	Do	1860	1860	2,000.00
A. J. Vaughn	1845	1845	2,000.00	*A. M. Robinson,	10.39		
Do	1846	1846	2,000.00	John Haverty,			
Do	1847	1847	2,000.00	Peter Lammon,			7 0
	-			and William E.			10
				Murphy		1857	1,000.00
A	100	15.15.1		Total			59,000,00

<sup>\*</sup>Paid sundry Indians expense of outfit, transportation, etc., amounting to \$3,000, chargeable to their annuities for 1857, 1858, 1859.

#### SCHEDULE L-CLEARING AND FENCING.

	By whom payments made,	When.	For what year.	Amount.
Alexander Wolcott			1829 1829	\$2,500 5,000
Total				7,500

#### SCHEDULE L-LIMITED ANNUITY.

By whom payments made,	When.	For what year.	Amount.	By whom payments made.	When.	For what year.	Amount.
Alexander Wolcott	1831 1832 1832 1833 1835 1836	1829 1831 1830 1832 1833 1836 1837	\$1,000.00 1,000.00 1,000.00 1,000.00 1,000.00 1,000.00 1,000.00	A. L. Davis	1841 1842 1843 1844 1845 1846 1847	1841 1842 1843 1845 1846 1847 1848	\$1,000.00 1,000.00 1,000.00 1,000.00 1,000.00 1,000.00 1,000.00
S. Cooper A. L. Davis	1839	1839 1840	1,000.00 1,000.00	R.B. Mitchell	1849	1849	1,000.00

# Treaty Seplember 20, 1828; proclaimed January 7, 1829—Continued. SCHEDULE L—EDUCATION.

By whom payments made.	When.	Amount.	By whom payments made.	When.	Amount.
Requisition 4479	1833	\$202.00	Requisition 1619, 1942	1839	\$1,470.00
Requisition 4697	1834	316.29	Requisition 307, 2206, 2374	1839	179.00
Requisition 5812		1,260.00	Requisition 2376, etc	1840	2, 846, 72
Requisition 6352	1835	840.00	Requisition 6213	1842	109.00
Requisition 6040	1835	1, 428, 25	Requisition 6383, etc	1843	2, 957, 64
Requisition 6604	1835	945.00	Requisition 7539	1843	72.80
Requisition 6746	1835	630.00	Requisition 9982	1845	1,955.54
Requisition 7338	1835	1,050.00	Requisition 496, etc	1846	2,542.83
Requisition 7615		207.00	Requisition 2278, etc	1847	5, 830, 94
Requisition 7616		1,050.00	Requisition 4882, etc	1848	4,445.00
Requisition 8305	1837	1,105.50		-	
Requisition 1197	1838	1,102,50	Total		32, 546, 01

#### SCHEDULE L-TOPENEBE.

By whom payments made.	When.	For what year.	Amount.	By whom payments made.	When.	For what year.	Amount.
Alexander Wolcott	1829	1829	\$100,00	R. W. Cummins	1843	1843	\$100,00
T. J. V. Owen	1831	1831	100.00	A. J. Vaughn	1845	1845	100,00
Do		1832	100.00	Do	1845	1844	100.00
Do		1833	100.00	Do	.1846	1846	100,00
L. T. Jemison	1834		100.00	Do	1847	1847	100.00
Do			100.00	R. W. Cummins	1848	1848	100.00
Do			100,00	R. B. Mitchell	1849	1849	100,00
E. S. Sibley	1837	1837	100.00	J. R. Chenault	1851	1851	100.00
J. C. Reynolds	1838	1838	100.00	F. W. Lea	1852	1852	100.00
A. L. Davis	1839	1839	100.00	Do	1852	1850	100.00
Do		1840	100.00	J. W. Whitfield	1853	1853	100.00
Do	1841	1841	100.00				
Do		1842	100.00	Total			2,400,00

#### SCHEDULE L-LABORERS.

T. J. V. Owens	1831 1832	1831 1830	\$283.00 381.62	A. L. Davis Do	1841 1843	1841 1843	\$150.00 540.00
Do	1832	1832		Joshua Carpenter	1844	1843	462,50
Do	1833	1833	184.62	A. J. Vaughn	1845	1845	180.00
J. P. Simonton	1834 1836		135.00 152.00	Do	1845	1844	180,00
E. N. Hitchcock	1838		685.87	Total			3, 859. 85
A. L. Davis	1840	1840	329.00				

#### SCHEDULE L-CLAIMS, ETC.

By whom payments made,	When.	For what year.	Claims.
John Tipton	1829	1829	\$10,895

# Treaty September 20, 1828; proclaimed January 7, 1829—Continued. SCHEDULE L—TOBACCO, IRON, AND STEEL.

By whom payments made.	When.	For what year.	Tobacco.	Iron.	Steel.
John Tipton	1829 1832 1834 1835 1836 1836 1837 1840 1841 1842 1843 1844 1845 1845	1839 1841 1842 1843 1844 1845 1844 1846	1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 2,000 1,000 2,000 2,000 2,000 2,000 2,000 2,000 2,000 2,000 2,000 2,000	1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500	800 850 850 850 850 850 850 850 850 850
Total, pounds			23,000	19,833	5,095
Tobacco, 50c.; iron, 10c.; steel, 25c			\$11,500	\$1,985:30	\$1,273.75

#### SCHEDULE L-SPECIE AND GOODS.

By whom payment made.	When.	For what year.	Specie and goods.
John Tipton	. 1829	1829	\$45,000

#### Treaty July 29, 1829; proclaimed January 2, 1830.

#### SCHEDULE M-ANNUITY.

By whom payments made.	When.	For what year.	Amount.	By whom payments made.	When.	For what year.	Amount.
Alex. Wolcott	1830	1830	\$16,000.00	R. B. Mitchell	1847		\$14, 412.50
T. J. V. Owens	1831	1831	16,000.00	R. W. Cummins			14, 412.50
Do	1832	1832	16,000.00	D. D. Mitchell			14, 412, 50
Do		1833	16,000.00	Do	1850	1850	2,000.00
L. T. Jemison		1834	16,000.00	Luke Lea	1851	1850	14, 412, 50
Do	1835	1835	16,000.00	J. R. Chenault	1851	1851	14, 412, 50
Do	1836	1836	16,000,00	F. W. Lee	1852	1852	14, 412, 00
E. S. Sibley	1837	1837	16,000.00	J. W. Whitfield	1853	1853	14,412.00
F M. Hill	1837		5, 216, 00	G. W. Clark	1854	1854	14,412.50
J. C. Reynolds	1838		12, 665, 00	Do	1855	1855	14, 412, 50
Stephen Cooper		1839	16,000.00	Do	1856	1856	7, 206, 25
Joshua Pilcher		1840	16,000,00	William E. Murphy	1860	1856	7, 206, 25
R. W. Cummins	1841	1841	16,000.00	Da	1857	1857	14, 412, 50
J. B. Luce		1842	16,000,00	Do	1858	1858	14, 412, 50
R. S. Elliott	1843	1843	16,000,00	Do	1859	1859	14, 412, 50
T. H. Harvey			14, 087, 50	Do	1860	1860	14, 412.50
R. S. Elliott		1845	16,000.00	-			
R. B. Mitchell	1846		14, 212, 50	Total			471, 956, 35

#### Treaty July 29, 1829; proclaimed January 2, 1830—Continued.

#### SCHEDULE M-SALT.

By whom payments made.	When.	For what year.	Amount.	By whom payments made.	When.	For what year.	Amount.
12/10/			Barrels.	1.1		- 1	Barrels
Alex. Wolcott	1830	1830	50	G. W. Clark	1855	1855	50
T. J. V. Owens	1831	1831	. 50	Do	1856	1856	50
Do	1832	1832	50	William E. Murphy	1857	1857	50
Do	1833	1833	50	Do	1858	1858	50
L. T. Jemison	1834	1834	50	Do	1859	1859	50
Do	1835	1835	50	Do	1860	1860	50
Do	1836	1836	50				
E. S. Sibley	1837	1837	. 50	10.19	-		1,214
A. L. Davis	1840		50	This salt, at \$5 per			
Do	1842	1842	50	barrel			\$6,071.6
D. D. Mitchell	1842		50	The state of the s			
Joshua Cooper	1842		. 521			4000	
Do	1842	******	50	*Requisition 288, etc	1830	1830	12,000.00
T. H. Harvey	1846	***********	50 /			- 1	
R. W. Cummins	1848	***************************************	12	1.50 1.111 000 -1	7000	1000	11 CO1 O
D. D. Mitchell	1850	1850	50	†Requisition 238, etc.	1830	1830	11,601.00
F. W. Lea	1852	1852	50				
J. W. Whitfield	1853	1853	50	G 14-4-1	1		E01 600 01
G. W. Clark	1854	1854	50	Grand total		**********	501, 629. 0

\* Goods.

†Claims.

#### Treaty October 20, 1832; proclaimed January 21, 1833.

#### SCHEDULE N-ANNUITY, ETC.

T. J. V. Owens	1833	1833	\$15 000,00	R. W. Cummins	1848	1848	\$15,000.00
L. T. Jemison	1834	1834	15,000.00	D. D. Mitchell		1849	15, 000, 00
Do	1835	1835	15,000.00	Luke Lea	1850	1850	15, 000, 00
Do	1836	1836	15, 000, 00	J. R. Chenault	1851	1851	15, 000, 00
	1835	1834	1, 399, 50	F. W. Lea.	1852	1852	15, 000.00
G. P. Kingsbury							
E. S. Sibley	1837	1837	3,742.00	J. W. Whitfield	1853	1853	15,000.00
E. A. Hithcock	1838						201 000 5
S. Cooper	1839	1839	7,500.00	Total		************	294, 870, 50
A. L. Davis	1839	1839	7,500.00			17 1177 118	2
Do	1840	1840	7,500.00	A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR		1	
Joshua Pilcher	1840	1840	7, 500, 00	* William Clark	1833		1, 386, 37
R. W. Cummins	1841	1841	7,500,00	(	1833	)	No.
A. L. Davis	1841	1841	7,500.00	*Requisition 3,535,	1834		40, 613, 63
Do	1842	1842	7,500.00	etc	1835	1	
J. B. Luce	1842	1842	7,500.00	By direction of com-		1	and the same
R. W. Cummins	1843	1843	7,500.00	mission for horses		2.0	3,000.00
R. S. Elliott	1843	1843	7,500.00	mission for norses			0,000.00
TO TT TT				Total			45, 000.00
T. H. Harvey	1844	1844	15,000.00	Total	***********		90,000.00
R. S. Elliott	1845	1845	7,500.00	At the party of the same		1	
A. J. Vaughn	1845	1845	7,500.00	†Requisition 3,535,etc	1833		28, 746.0
Do	1846	1846	7,500.00	11004 0151010110,000,000	2000	- 181	20, 120, 0
R. B. Mitchell	1846	1846	7,500.00				1-11
A. J. Vaughn	1847	1847	15,000.00	1 T. J. V. Owens	1833	1833	1,400.0
THEORY II		1 15		The same of the sa		I was not to be	selle it

\*Goods on signing treaty.

† Debts and claims.

‡ Horses stolen.

#### SCHEDULE N-BILLY COLWELL.

T. J. V. Owen L. T. Jemison	1833 1834 1835	1833 1834 1835	\$600.00 600.00	Joshua Pelcher { D. D. Mitchell	1840 1842 1841	1840	} \$600.00 563.83
Thomas Swords	1836 1837	1836 1837	600, 00 300, 00	Total			5, 363. 83
J. C. Reynolds	1837	1837 1838	300, 00 600, 00 600, 00	* G. B. Porter	1834	1834	30, 000, 00
S. Cooper	1839	1839	600.00	G. B. Porter	1004	1004	30,000.00

<sup>\*</sup> Goods at Chicago.

# Treaty October 20, 1832; proclaimed January 21, 1833-Continued.

#### SCHEDULE N .- ALX. ROBINSON.

By whom payments made.	When.	For what year.	Amount.	By whom payments made.	When.	For what year.	Amount.
T. J. V. Owen	1833	1833	\$200,00	Thomas Dyer	1848	1847	\$200,00
L. T. Jemison		1834	200.00	J. W. Whitfield		1849	200.00
Do	-1835	1835	200,00	Do	1851	1850	200.00
Do	1836	1836	200.00	Do		1851	200.00
E. S. Sibley	1837	1837	200,00	Do		1852	200.00
R. W. Cummins	1838	1838	200.00	E.B. Williams	1853	1853	200.00
S. Cooper	1839	1839	200.00	Requisition 2242	1855	1854	200.00
Joshua Piicher	1840	1840	200,00	Requisition 2546	1856	1855	200.00
J. B. Luce	1842	1842	200,00	Requisition 3155		1856	200.00
T. H. Harvey	1844	1844	200.00	Requisition 3670		1857	200,00
D. D. Mitchell	1842	1841	200.00	Requisition 4118		1858	200,00
T. H. Harvey	1845	1845	200,00	Requisition 4609	1860	1859	200,00
Do	1847	1846	200.00				
Thomas Dyer	1849	1848	200.00				5, 200, 00

#### SCHEDULE N .- PIERRE LE CLERC.

T. J. V. Owen	1833	1833	\$200.00	R. S. Elliott	1843	1843	\$200,00
L. T. Jemison	1834	1834	200.00	T. H. Harvey		1844	200,00
Do	1835	1835	200.00	R. S. Elliott		1845	200,00
Do	1836	1836	200.00	A. J. Vaughn	1846	1846	200.00
T. M. Hill	1837	1837	200.00	R. W. Cummins	1848	1848	200.00
J. C. Reynolds	1837	1837	200.00	R. B. Mitchell	1847	1847	200.00
S. Cooper	1839	1839	200.00			100	
Joshua Pilcher,	1840	1840	200.00	Total			3, 200, 00
R. W. Cummins	1841	1841	200.00			1	
J. B. Luce	1842	1842	200.00	Grand total			413, 780. 33

# Treaty October 26, 1832; proclaimed January 21, 1833.

#### SCHEDULE O-ANNUITY, ETC.

Villiam Marshall	1833	1833	\$20,000.00	R. B. Mitchell	1847	1847	\$20,000.00
Do	1834	1834	20,000,00	R. W. Cummins	1848	1848	20,000.00
. P. Simonton	1835	1835	20,000.00	D. D. Mitchell	1849	1849	20,000.00
Do	1836	1836	20,000.00	L. Lea	1851	1850	20,000.00
C. S. Sibley	1837	1837	20,000.00	J. R. Chenault	1851	1851	20,000.00
. C. Reynolds	1838-9	1838	8,773.39	F. W. Lea	1852	1852	20,000.00
Daniel Kurtz	.1838-9	1838	11, 226, 61	J. W. Whitfield	1853	1853	20,000.00
Do	1838-9	********	12, 798, 90			-	
L. Davis	1840	1840	12,000.00	Total			406, 598. 90
Do		1841	20,000.00				
Do		1842	20,000.00	*Requisition 3535, etc {	1833	15	100,000.00
Thomas Swords		********	2,200,00	. (	1834-5		
R. W. Cummins		1843	20,000.00	† G. B. Porter	1833	1833	30,000,00
Do		1844	19,600.00	‡ Requisition 3535,etc {	1833	}	62, 412, 00
A.J. Vaughn	1845	1845	20,000.00		1834-5	5	1112
Do	1846	1846	20,000.00	₹T. H. Harvey	1844		2,000.00

# SCHEDULE O-GOODS AND FARMING IMPLEMENTS.

R. W. Cummins	1834	1834	\$247.00	(	1833	)	
L. H. Sands				A. C. Pepper	1834 1835-6	·····	\$5, 425. 83
William Clark	1834-5			(	1835-6		
William R. Montgom-	1835		5, 462, 56	D. D. Mitchell			501.06
ery.		311		Do			4,619.75
E. S. Sibley	1837-8	1837	2, 126, 15	T. H. Harvey	1844		445.00
A. L. Davis			16, 932, 55	Joshua Carpenter	1844		805,00
H. W. Tilley	1838-9		100.00				
R. W. Cummins	1835		174.65	Total			60, 420. 71
A. L. Davis	1839		2, 139, 36				
Do	1842	1842	2, 380, 26	Grand total			661, 431. 61
Lien E. Dear	1840		11, 214, 93				

<sup>&</sup>amp; Saw-mill.

#### POTTAWATOMIE INDIANS.

# Treaty October 27, 1832; proclaimed January 21, 1833.

#### SCHEDULE P-ANNUITY, ETC.

By whom payments made.	When.	For what year.	Amount.	By whom payments made.	When.	For what year.	Amount.
T. J. V. Owen		1833 1834	\$15,000.00 7,500.00	A. L. Davis R. W. Cummin	1842 1843	1842 1843	\$15,000.00 15,000.00
L. T. Jemison Do	1835	1835 1835	7,500.00	Do,	1844	1844	15,000.00
J. P. Simonton L. T. Jemison	1836	1836 1836	7,500.00	Total			184, 311. 15
J. P. Simonton E. S. Sibley J. H. Reynolds	1837	1837 1838	15,000.00 6,580.04	*J. P. Simonton *Requisition 3543, (	1836 1833,	1836	2,700.00
Daniel Kurtz	1838	1838	8, 419. 96 10, 271. 00	etc	1834-5 1833	1833	29, 300, 00
T. M. Hill	1839	1837 1840	4,729.00	Requisition 8543, {	1833 1834-5	}	20,721.00
A. L. Davis Do Do		1839 1841	11,811.15 15,000.00	Total		,	62, 721. 00

<sup>\*</sup>Goods after signing treaty.

†Goods next spring.

‡Debts and claims.

#### SCHEDULE P-EDUCATION.

By whom payments made.	When.	To whom pald.	Amount.
Victoria de la companya della companya della companya de la companya de la companya della compan			•
Requisition 4198, etc	1833	Thomas Henderson	\$1,470.00
Do4611, etć	1834	do	3, 198, 37
Do6795	1836	Nich. D. Grove & Co	131.19
Do7962	1837	Thomas Henderson	192.12
Do 224	1838	do,	75.00
Do6027	1838	D. Vanderslice	1,091.1
Do1198	1839	Thomas Henderson	650, 0
Do1173, 2007	1839	do	684.00
Do4349	1833	do	150.00
Do5229, 5250	1834	do.	1,719.88
Do6203, 6605, 6606	1835	do	526, 00
	1837		309.10
A. C. Pepper	1839		1, 325, 00
A. L. Davis	1840		27, 00
Samuel Milroy		T. Henderson	
Requisition 7072	1843		787.50
Do6135, 202, 6026	1848	D. Vanderslice	600.8
Do6136	1848	R. M. Johnson	150.00
Do2957, 3826	1832-3	T. Henderson	1,522.5
Do4795	1841	P. P. Pitchlynn	1, 258, 00
Do1169,663,1149	1851	S. Dyer	6, 518. 9
Do1803, 1672	1853	J. E. Tyler	777.73
Do1718, 1804*	1853	S. L. Helm	993, 5
Do1873, 2204	1854-5	do	83.07
Requisition 2399	1854-5	T. McFaughn	662.50
Do1511	1852	T. R. Pitts	595, 0
Do1870	1852	S. Dyer	491.7
Do4620	1856	F. P. O'Laughlin	2,531.2
Do3997	1858	R. Holman	1, 195, 8
Do4500	1858	John O'Neill	809.8
Do 4010	1858	F. P. O'Laughlin	972.9
Do4010	1859		1, 343, 3
Do4417	1859	R. Holman	1, 179. 9
Do4522		do	
Do,4766	1860	do	1,487.8
Do4898	1860	do	278.6
Date of settlement September 22	1851	F. P. O'Laughlin	1,401.0
DoJanuary 12	1852	do	1,421.8
DoAugust 4	1853	dodo	3, 563. 5
DoAugust 23	1853	do	1,512.5
DoDecember 24	1853	do	867.2
DoApril 8	1854	do	554.3
DoOctober 13	1854	do	1,542,4
DoApril 20	1859	do	4, 912.5
			50 217 1
Total			52, 317.1
Grand total			299, 349, 2

#### Treaty September 26, 1833; proclaimed February 21, 1835.

#### SCHEDULE Q-ANNUITY.

By whom payments made.	When.	For what year.	Amount.	By whom payments made.	When.	For what year.	Amount.
L. T. Jemison	1835	1835	\$14,000	R. B. Mitchell	1847	1847	\$14,000
Do	1836	1836	14,000	R. W. Cummins	1848	1848	7,000
E. S. Sibley	1837	1837	7,500	D. D. Mitchell	1848	1848	5,000
H. W. Tilley	1837	1837	5, 215	Do	1849	1849	14,000
J. C. Reynolds	1838	1838.	14,000	Luke Lea	1851	1850	14,000
Stephen Cooper	1839	1839	14,000	John Chenault	1851	1851	14,000
Joseph Pilcher	1840	1840	9,000	F. W. Lea	1852	1852	14,000
R. W. Cummins		1841	14,000	J. W. Whitfield	1854	1853	14,000
J. B. Luce	1842		14,000	G. W. Clark	1854	1854	14,000
R. S. Elliott	1843	1843	14,000	Do	1856	1855	14,000
T. H. Harvey	1844	. 1844	14,000	100			
R. S. Elliott	1845 1846	1846	14,000 14,000	Total			285, 718

# SCHEDULE Q-REMOVAL AND SUBSISTENCE.

E. H. Hitchcock	1837			Joseph Pilcher	1839 1840-1	3	\$37,560.95
V. Vanantwerp	1838		2,713.90		1840-1	3	7-
J. D. Searight	1838-9		1,374.76	Samuel Milroy	1840		1, 122, 30
E. A. Hitchcock	1838-9		98, 945, 37	Hugh Brady	1840-1		27, 400, 23
Do	1839		14, 371, 22	D. D. Mitchell	1841-2		12, 302, 34
J. B. Brant	1835	1	34, 826, 14	Lien E. Dear	1840		3, 211.76
J. B. Brant	1836-7	· · · · · · · · · ·	04, 020, 14	Lorin Marsh	1845		957.00
John Garland	1837-8		1,500.00	Requisition 179	1845		461.00
L. H. Sands	1837		1,748.26	F. W. Lea	1851		2, 915.58
J. B. F. Russell	1835-6		26, 259.70	Do	1852	1852	11, 912, 06
T III Come out	1837	1	48, 525, 30	John Haverty	1857		215.09
J. T. Sprague	1838-9	}	40, 020. 00	A. M. Robinson	1858		230.00
H. W. Tilley	1838-9		52, 254, 72				
A. C. Pepper	1837		976.70	Total			391, 606, 65

# SCHEDULE Q-BILLY COLWELL.

L. T. Jemison	1835 1836 1837 1839 1839	1835 1836 1837 1838 1839	\$400 400 400 400 400	Joseph Pilcher	1843	1840	\$400 400 2,800
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#### SCHEDULE Q-ERECTING MILL.

D. D. Mitchell	1839	1839	\$820.00	P.J. Dessmit	1848-9	}	\$4, 980.76
Joseph Pilcher			1,192.00	21012000221011111111	1850-1	3	42,000110
Do			900.00	J. Lykins	1849	1	3, 220, 47
D. D. Mitchell	1843	1843	1, 150.00		1850	}	
T. H. Harvey	1844	1844	850.00	Luke Lea	1851	1850	13, 355. 43
Do	1844		3,774.75	F. W. Lea	1852	1852	6,094.05
R. S. Elliott			669.50	Do	1853		92, 012, 31
D. D. Mitchell	1846	1846	5, 951, 88	J. W. Whitfield	1854	1853	4, 534, 16
Do	1846	1846	592.66	G. W. Clark	1854	1854	3, 441.55
R. B. Mitchell			2,844.30	Do	1855-6	1856	5, 833, 23
A. J. Vaughn			1,764,25	Requisition 2678	1856		75,00
R. W. Cummins	1848	1848	437.99	William E. Murphy	1857-8	1857-8	3, 689, 24
Do	1348		1,845.00		1859	3	145
Do			5, 070, 10	Do	1860	¿	3,807.47
J. E. Burrows	1849		97.50	Isaac Winton	1857		300.00
Luke Lea	1849 1850	}	12,116.24	Total			181, 419. 84

# Treaty September 26, 1833; proclaimed February 21, 1835—Continued.

# SCHEDULE Q-EDUCATION.

By whom payments made.	When.	To whom paid.	For what year.	Amount.
S. H. Sands	1839		- 1	\$600.00
Requisitions 2007, 1173	1839	T. Henderson		769.50
Do2993	1840	I. T. Douglass		71.18
Do4795	1841	P. P. Pitchlynn		251.75
Do9049, 9365	1837	T. Henderson		1, 233, 32
Do70, 411, 460, 307	1888	do		1,386.00
Do1197, 1619, 1942, 3206	1839	do		1,042.50
Do 2376 2990 3087 etc	1840	do		471.58
Do4178, 4199, 4570	1841	Vanderslice & Henderson		2, 321, 64
Do5198, 5786	1842	D. Vanderslice		942. 28
Do6383, 6714, etc	1843	do		662, 02
Do7072	1843			185.68
R. S. Elliott	1843	do	1843	459.00
Requisitions 7644, 7660, etc	1844	D. Vanderslice		2, 949. 31
Do9850, 9411, etc	1845	do		4, 843.57
Daniel Kurtz	1839			155.00
T. H. Harvey	1846		1846	28.00
Requisitions 447, 732, 733, etc	1846	D. Vanderslice		3,569.47
Requisitions 447, 732, 733, etc Do3101, 3827, 3833, etc	1846	do		4, 494. 2
R. W. Cummins	1848			33.6
P.J. Dessmit	1848-9 1850-1	}		4,000.00
J. Lykins	1849 1850	}		2,000.00
Requisition 1274	1852	Sidney Dyer		983, 33
Do1603	1853	J. E. Tyler		188.54
Do2232	1855	T. M. Faughn		1, 183.59
Do2539, 2626 Do2724, 2789, 3006	1856			4, 223. 35
Do2724, 2789, 3006	1856			2,871.08
Do3199	1857	Russell Holmes		906. 2
Do3200	1857	F. P. O. Laughlin		2, 480. 4
Do 3693, 3840, 4011	1858	Russell Holmes		3,692.5
Do3782, 4010	1858	F. P. O. Laughlin.		3, 280. 7
Do4500	1858 1859	Rev. John O'Neill		1,868.3 2,837.4
Do4295	1859	F. P. O. Laughlin	***************************************	
Do4296	1859	Russell Holmes		3, 238. 5 2, 531. 2
Do4990	1860	do		2, 606, 2
Do4898	1860	Russell Holmes		1,029.6
Do4601	1860			824.9
F. P. O. Laughlin.	1852	Date of settlement September 7		1,536.4
Do	1853	doAugust 4,		1,000.00
Do	1853	doDecember 24,		620.7
DO	1854	doApril 8		983. 2
und i - 185 . I t	1001	doMay 30		1, 575, 0
	1855	do,		2,013.2
	1856	doMay 31		1,407.8
	1857	doNovember 17		1, 415. 9
Total				77, 268. 50
Requisition 5845, etc	1835	In lieu of reservation		99, 833, 3
	1835	Claims	" ATT	161, 021. 6
Do5795, etc	1836-7	The second secon		
L. T. Jemison	1835	Wah-gow-eh-en and Aunkoto		3,500.0
Do	1835	Goods and provisions		65,000.0
Do	1835-6	do		35,000.0
Total				100,000.0

# Treaty September 26, 1833; proclaimed February 21, 1835—Continued.

# SCHEDULE Q-SHEBEHNEY.

By whom payments made.	When.	For what year.	Amount.	By whom payments made.	When.	For what year.	Amount.
L. T. Jemison Do. T. M. Hill J. C. Reynolds. Stephen Cooper. Jos. Petcher. R. W. Cummins. J. B. Luce. R. S. Elliott. T. H. Harvey.	1839 1839 1840 1841 1842 1843 1844	1835 1836 1837 1838 1839 1840 1841 1842 1843	\$200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200	T. H. Harvey	1849 1850 1851	1848 1850 1851 1852 1854 1855-6 1857-8	\$200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200
D.D. Mitchell	1845 1846	1845 1846	200 200	Total			4, 400

# SCHEDULE Q-LAFROMBOIS.

L. T. Jemison	1835	1835	\$200	Luke Lea	1849		3		\$200
Do	1836	1836	200	Dane Douming	1850		5	1.17	9200
E.S. Sibley	1837	1837	200	Do	1851	1850		1	200
J. C. Reynolds	1838	1838	200	John Chenault	1851	1851			200
Stephen Cooper	1839	1839	200	F. W. Lea	1852	1852			200
Joseph Petcher	1840	1840	200	G. W. Clark	1854	1854			200
R. W. Cummins	1841	1841	200	Do		1855			200
J. B. Luce	1842	1842	200	Do		1856			200
R. S. Elliott	1843	1843	200	(	1857	1857	1		
T. H. Marvey	1844	1844	200	Wm. E. Murphy	1858	1858	5		600
R. S. Eliott.	1845	1845	200			1859	1	٠	
D. D. Mitchell	1846	1846	200	- (	1859		3		
R. B. Mitchell	1847	1847	200	Do	1869		1		200
R. W. Cummins	1848	1848	200		2000		,		
D. D. Mitchell	1849	1849	200	Total		-		5	, 200

# SCHEDULE Q-ALEX. ROBINSON.

L. T. Jemison	1837 1839	1835 1836 1837 1839 1840	\$300.00 300.00 300.00 300.00	J. H. Kenzie		1849 1850 1851 1852	\$600,000 300,000 300,000
Jos. Petcher	1841 1843	1838 1843 1844	300.00 300.00 300.00 300.00	B. B. Williams	1855 1856	1853 1854 1855 1856	300.00 300.00 300.00 300.00
Do Do Thomas Dyer	1845 1846 1847	1845 1846 1847	300.00 300.00 300.00	Do4118	1859	1857 1858	300,00
Requisition 5174	1848-9 1850	1848 1842	300.00 300.00	Grand total			6, 900. 00 1,819,664.99

#### Treaty September 27, 1833; proclaimed February 21, 1835.

#### SCHEDULE R-ANNUITY.

By whom payments made.	When.	For what year.	Amount.	By whom payments made.	When.	For what year.	Amount.
L. T. Jemison	1835	1835	\$2,000.00	G. W. Clark	1854	1854	\$2,000.00
Do	1836	1836	2, 000, 00	Do	1856	1855	2,000.00
J.C. Reynolds	1839	1838	2,000,00	C. P. Babcock	1849	1849	1,587.50
S. Cooper	1838	1839	2,000,00	Do	1850	1850	1,587.50
R. W. Cummins	1841	1841	2,000.00	William Sprague	1851	1851	1,587.50
Robert Stewart	1843	1843	1,587.50	Do	1852	1852	1,587.50
Do	1844	1844	1,587.50	H. C. Gilbert	1853	1853	1,587,50
W. A. Richmond	1845	1845	1,587.50	Do	1854	1854	1,587,50
R. S. Elliott	1845	1845	412.50	Do	1855	1855	1,587.50
		1842	1	Do	1856	1856	1,587.50
A. J. Vaughn	1845	1843	8,000.00	A. M. Fitch	1858	1857	1,587.50
al. o. vaugini	1010	1844	0,000.00	Do	1858	1858	1,587.50
	-	1845	)	Do	1860	1859	1,587.50
R. S. Elliott	1843	1843	412.50	Do	1860	1.860	1,587.50
W. A. Richmond	1846	1846	1,587.50				
A. J. Vaughn	1846	1846	2,000.00	Total		**********	67, 400, 00
R. B. Mitchell	1847	1847	1,587.50	47 111 1000 1			0.000.00
A.J. Vaughn	1847	1847	412.50	*Requisition 5877, etc	1835-6		9,800.00
W. A. Richmond	1847	1847	1,587.50	ID	1005		05 000 00
Do	1848	1848	1,587.50	†Requisition 5808, etc	1835		25,000.00
R. W. Cummins	1848	1848	2,000.00	AA T Wanaha	1847		10,000,00
D. D. Mitchell	1849 1850	1849 1850	2,000.00 2,000.00	‡A.J. Yaughn	104/	************	10,000.00
J.R. Chenault	1850	1851	2,000.00	Grand total			112, 200.00
F. W. Lea	1852	1852	2,000.00	Grand botal		****** *****	114, 400.00
J. W. Whitfield	1853	1853	2,000.00				

\*In lieu of reservation.

†Goods and provisions.

Change of boundary.

#### Treaty February 11, 1837; proclaimed February 18, 1837.

#### SCHEDULE S-ARTICLES 3 AND 4.

E. A. Hitchcock		}	28, 930.00	Requisition 2989	1851-2 1840 1852	 36, 065. 33 421. 75
Requisitions 3912, etc Thomas Moseby	1840		591.00 1,265.62	Total		 135, 604. 33

<sup>\*</sup> Article 4, \$4,000.

#### Treaty June 5 and 17, 1846; proclaimed July 23, 1846.

#### SCHEDULE T-IMPROVEMENTS, ETC.

R. B. Mitchell*	1847	. 20,000.00	R. W. Cummins † R. W. Cummins † D. D. Mitchell †	1848		\$80,000.00 8,422.14 1,577.86 120,000.00
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<sup>\*</sup>Improvements.

‡ Subsistence.

<sup>†</sup> Removal.

# Treaty June 5 and 17, 1846; proclaimed July 23, 1846-Continued.

# SCHEDULE T-IN LIEU OF TOBACCO, ETC.

By whom payments made,	When.	For what year.	Amount.	By whom payments made.	When.	For what year.	Amount.
A, J. Vaughn	1847 1848 1849 1850 1851 1852 1858 1854		\$136.00 300.00 300.00 300.00 300.00 300.00 600.00 300.00	G. W. Clark	1858		\$300,00 300,00 300,00 300,00 300,00 300,00

#### SCHEDULE T-INTEREST ON TRUST FUND.

R. W. Cummins	1848	 \$32, 150, 00	Wm. E. Murphy	1858		\$32, 150, 00
D. D. Mitchell	1849	 32, 150.00	Do	1859		32, 150, 00
Luke Lea	1850		Do	1860		16,075.00
J. R. Chenault	1851	 82, 150.00	Do	1860		32, 150, 00
F. W. Lea	1852	 82, 150, 00	C. M. William T. B. C.		100000	
J. W. Whitfield			Total	**********		417, 950, 00
G. W. Clark	1854	 32, 150, 00	Direction Committee			Modern Committee
Do	1856	 32, 150.00	For their new home			
Do	1856	 16,075.00	in Kansas			87,000.00
Wm. E. Murphy	1856	 16,075.00	THE RESERVE STATES			
Do.,	1857	 16,075.00	Grand total			629, 286, 00
		4	THE PROPERTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND ADDR		457.5	

#### RECAPITULATION.

#### Statement of stipulations, payments, and balances.

Schedule—	When pro- claimed.	To what date calculated.	Stipulations.	Payments.	Due Indians.	Due United States.
A	Dec. 2, 1795 Dec. 26, 1803 Apr. 24, 1806 Apr. 24, 1806 Jan. 27, 1908 Jan. 16, 1810 Dec. 30, 1816 Jan. 4, 1819 Jan. 15, 1819 Jan. 5, 1822 Feb. 7, 1827 Jan. 7, 1829 Jan. 21, 1833 Jan. 21, 1833 Jan. 21, 1833 Jan. 21, 1835 Feb. 21, 1835 Feb. 21, 1835 Feb. 21, 1835 Feb. 18, 1837 July 23, 1846			\$42,000.00 2,200.00 16,800.00 20,250.00 12,200.00 19,500.00 103,750.00 112,225.23 208,620.47 1501,629.01 413,750.36 661,431.51 299,349.29 1,12,200.0 135,604.33 629,286.00	\$23,000,00 1,600,00 5,000,00 4,400,00 5,250,00 20,044,77 13,245,09 25,721,99 5,529,50 39,716,89	\$3,357,10 \$3,357,10 628,29 15,265,00 2,200,00
For emigrating Indians Payment to Pottawatomies prior to 1819				62, 590. 00	30, 387, 34	
					235, 791.16 56, 837.73	56, 837. 78
Balance due P	ottawatomie	s, as awarded.		******	178, 953, 43	

Report (supplementary) of the commissioners appointed to examine the claims of the Pottawatomie Indians.

WASHINGTON, D. C., January 22, 1869.

SIR: The undersigned commissioners, appointed by the President, under the Senate amendment to the 10th article of the treaty with the Pottawatomie Indians, August 7. 1868, beg leave to present the following supplementary report to that of January 18th instant, which we have heretofore had the honor of communicating to you:

As intimated in the previous report, the purpose of the present is briefly to express our views in regard to a claim for interest on the sum of \$160,540.48, said specified sum having been awarded to be due the Pottawatomies by the Committee of Claims of the House of Representatives, on or about the 19th day of December, 1862.

It is not our intention to discuss the legality of this claim. Members of Congress. many of whom are learned and eminent lawyers, are presumed to be familiar with the precedents which will govern their decisions in the present case.

However much opinions may vary in regard to the strict legality of this claim, we

have no doubt of its justice.

We take the broad and general ground that every debt is unquestionably due from the moment it is recognized by the debtor, and that said debtor, from such time for ward, by using the amount of said indebtedness for his own advantage and aggrandize ment, deprives the creditor of his just right in doing the same with the amount of said indebtedness.

Again, as men of honor are most sensitive to their obligations in their intercourse with the weak and unprotected, so should an enlightened nation guard with the most scrupulous care, and accord the most liberal construction to the rights of those for whon

they are the exclusive guardians.

The largest proportion of these claims have been due for thirty years.

We do not propose to allow interest for such period, but since the time when the

debt was officially recognized as aforesaid, on the 19th of December, 1862.

The interest on the aforesaid sum of \$160,540.48, at 5 per cent., from December 19 1862, to January 22, 1869, six years, one month, and three days, would be \$48,897.95 and we do hereby award the said sum to be equitably and justly due the Pottawatomie

We have the honor to be, sir, very respectfully, your obedient servants, CHARLES ROWLAND, STEPHEN D. MILLS, Commissioners.

Hon. O. H. BROWNING, Secretary of the Interior, Washington, D, C.

#### APPENDIX A.

POTTAWATOMIE INDIAN AGENCY, Eleventh Month 19th, 1871.

To the honorable Commissioner of Indian Affairs, Washington, D. C.:

Respectfully I herewith forward ninety-one claims of Pottawatomie Indians for depredations committed upon their stock, timber, and other property while living upon their reservation in Kansas, for the payment of which provision is made by the tenth article of the treaty of February 27, 1867 (certified and known as the treaty of 1868). In accordance with the instructions of Hon. E. S. Parker, Commissioner of Indian affairs, dated at Washington, D. C., March 8, 1870, I have given notice to all Indians having claims to present to come forward and prove them up, and also employed J. S. Merritt, a notary public of Pottawatomie County, Kans., duly commissioned

and qualified, to take affidavits.

For my guidance in ascertaining the true value of property upon the reservation I called upon Alexander Peltier, Sidney W. Smith, and John D. Lasley, three disinterested, intelligent, and honest men, who have lived upon the reservation during the period covered by the losses for which claim is made, and I consulted with them frequently during the taking of the proof of the claims, and have had them subscribe the accompanying affidavits. I have taken especial care to guard against spurious claims that might have been presented, and I carefully investigated each aleiment and the witnesses he introduced to prove up his or her claim as they presented. claimant and the witnesses he introduced to prove up his or her claim as they presented themselves. I also inquired into the character of the claimants for truth and veracity; and such claims as were to all appearance spurious or dependent upon the testimony of witnesses not truthful for their substantiation I have rejected, and refused to present them to the Department for consideration.

From the testimony of all there were many depredations committed upon these Indians during the great immigration to California and Pike's Peak. Through this reserve was the main thoroughfare upon which many of the principal stock-growers and farmers lived, over which these immigrants traveled, and they seemed to be lawand farmers fived, over which these immigrants traveled, and they seemed to be law-less when they had reached so far west as to be beyond civilization; and there is no doubt in my mind, from the testimony of all the witnesses, that these Indians suf-fered very much at their hands. It appears that immense trains of immigrants passed along this road daily during the immigration, and were constantly driving off their stock and destroying their timber and other property, and the Indians were powerless to oppose them, there being no law in force to which they could appeal for

protection.

Very respectfully,

J. H. MORRIS, United States Indian Agent.

The list of claims furnished was as follows:

To Kap-shuh-wid, one hundred and seventy-five dollars.

To Shmah-gah, one hundred dollars.

To Ah-got, three hundred and thirty-five dollars.
To Louis H. Ogee, one thousand one hundred and sixty-dollars.
To Lucius R. Darling, six hundred and five dollars.

To M-tah-mah, four hundred and twenty dollars.

To Samuel Cummings, three hundred and twenty-eight dollars. To Pe-tah, one hundred and twenty dollars.

To Mnuh-quet, one hundred and sixty dollars.

To An-twain (Curly Head), one thousand three hundred and twenty-five dollars. To Shah-we, two hundred and twenty dollars.

To Wah-kas, one hundred and thirty dollars.
To M-kuh-da-mko-qua, two hundred and seventy-eight dollars.
To Anthony Tissier, one hundred and thirty dollars. To Kahn-sah qua, one hundred and ninety dollars.
To Margaret Fregor, nine hundred and fifteen dollars.

To M. B. Beaubien, one thousand six hundred and thirty-five dollars.

To James Baldwin, three hundred and twenty dollars. To Josette Van Arsdale, four hundred and fifty dollars. To Kah-dot, one hundred and ninety-five dollars.

To the administrator of the estate of Mitchell Willmett, deceased, four hundred

To E. R. Kennedy, five hundred and fifty-five dollars.
To Thomas J. Lazzell, four hundred dollars.
To the administrator of the estate of John S. Young, deceased, four thousand three hundred and fifty-eight dollars.

To James Kennedy, one hundred and forty dollars. To the administrator of the estate of Mitchell Lafromboise, deceased, one thousand

and thirty-five dollars. To M. S. Beal, administrator of the estate of Me-yain-co, deceased, six hundred and

sixty dollars.

To Mah-jwas, five hundred dollars.

To M. S. Beal, administrator of the estate of Pahs-kah-we, deceased, one hundred and twenty five dollars.

To Pam-bo-go, one hundred and forty dollars.

To Napoleon Bertrand, three hundred and twenty-five dollars.

To Sang mag, one hundred and fifty dollars. To Ah-got, three hundred dollars.

To John Neely, two hundred and thirty-five dollars.
To Ash-nick Pes-qua-je, one hundred and thirty-five dollars.
To Kuh-bah Lafromboise, four hundred and twenty-five dollars.

To John Pah-mah-me, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-five dollars. To the administrator of the estate of Charles Vieux, deceased, two thousand and

thirty-five dollars. To Eliza A. Bertrand, five hundred dollars.

To Ozette Tromble, five hundred and sixty-five dollars. To Louis Tromble, one thousand and nine hundred dollars.

To N-wak-tose, two hundred dollars.

To Pe-beje-mah, two hundred and eighty dollars. To John B. Perish, seven hundred dollars.

To J. S. Merritt, executor of the estate of Louis Vieux, deceased, one thousand and five dollars.

To Kah-das Shop-kuk, three hundred and thirty dollars.

To the administrator of the estate of Catharine Gremore, deceased, five hundred and sixty-five dollars.

To Shaw-gwee, two hundred and forty-nine dollars. To Adelaide Bertrand, eighty-five dollars and fifty cents. To John B. Letende, five hundred and ninety dollars.

To Monica Lafromboise, ninety dollars. To Eli G. Nadeau, two thousand dollars. To Na-bna-shkuk, two hundred and sixty dollars.

#### APPENDIX B.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR. OFFICE OF INDIAN AFFAIRS, Washington, D. C., December 6, 1871.

SIR: The tenth article of the treaty with the Pottawatomie Indians, of February 27, 1867 (Stat., vol. 15, p. 533), provides "that upon the presentation to the Department of the Interior of the claims of said tribe for depredations committed by others upon their stock, timber, or other property, accompanied by evidence thereof, examination and report shall be made to Congress of the amount found to be equitably due, in order that such action may be taken as shall be just in the premises."

Under this provision of the treaty a number of claims were presented by late Agent Palmer, under date of December 24, 1869, extending as far back as the year 1846. These, after examination in this office, were, on the 27th of February, 1870, I had the honor to submit the claims for consideration and appropriate action by the Depart-

ment.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

F. A. WALKER, Commissioner.

H. Rep.——3210.

#### APPENDIX C.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, Washington, D. C., December 20, 1871.

SIR: I have the honor to transmit herewith a copy of a report, dated the 6th instant, from Commissioner of Indian Affairs, together with the claims therein referred to, of certain Pottawatomie citizens, for depredations committed upon their property

while they were members of the Pottawatomie tribe of Indians.

The tenth article of the treaty with said Indians of February 27, 1867, provides that the claims referred to, accompanied by the evidence taken therein, shall be reported to Congress, with the amount found to be equitably due, in order that such action may be taken as shall be just in the premises.

The claims, with the evidence taken, and a schedule thereof, with the amounts allowed in each case as reported to the Department by Commissioner of Indian Affairs, are respectfully submitted to Congress for such action as the treaty contemplates.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

C. DELANO, Secretary.

Hon. JAS. G. BLAINE, Speaker House of Representatives, Washington, D. C.