

DECEASED KICKAPOO INDIANS IN KANSAS.

FEBRUARY 24, 1886.—Referred to the House Calendar and ordered to be printed.

Mr. PERKINS, from the Committee on Indian Affairs, submitted the following

REPORT:

[To accompany bill H. R. 710.]

The Committee on Indian Affairs, to whom was referred the bill (H. R. 710) to provide for the settlement of the estates of deceased Kickapoo Indians in the State of Kansas, and for other purposes, have had the same under consideration, and report :

That the necessity for the proposed legislation is shown in Senate Ex. Doc. No. 19 of the present session of Congress, a copy of which is attached hereto and made part of this report. These lands are situated in Atchison County, Kansas, and are quite valuable, but under existing conditions the Indians are not able to secure patents to them from the Government or to control them, as was originally contemplated and designed.

No provision is made in the treaty nor in subsequent treaties or acts of Congress whereby female allottees under the second article of the treaty can obtain patents for their lands, and many members of the tribe, who took lands in severalty in accordance with the provisions of the treaty, deceased before having obtained patents for their allotments, leaving heirs who cannot, under any existing law or treaty provision, obtain title to the same. To cure these evils and others, shown in the letter of Commissioner Price, under date of January 11, 1882, is the object of the proposed bill. The bill was prepared in the Indian Office, and seems to be sufficient to remedy existing difficulties, and is satisfactory to all, and has passed the Senate three different times.

The committee think the bill right, and recommend its passage.

[Senate—Ex. Doc. No. 19, Forty-ninth Congress, first session.]

Message from the President of the United States, transmitting a communication from the Secretary of the Interior relative to the settlement of estates of deceased Kickapoo Indians in Kansas.

DECEMBER 21, 1885.—Read and referred to the Committee on Indian Affairs and ordered to be printed.

To the Senate and House of Representatives :

I transmit herewith a communication of 15th instant from the Secretary of the Interior, submitting, with accompanying papers upon the subject, a draft of a bill "to provide for the settlement of the estates of deceased Kickapoo Indians in the State of Kansas, and for other purposes."

The matter is presented for the favorable consideration of Congress.

GROVER CLEVELAND.

EXECUTIVE MANSION,
December 21, 1885.

DECEASED KICKAPOO INDIANS IN KANSAS.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,
Washington, December 15, 1885.

SIR: I have the honor to submit herewith for your consideration copy of a letter of 28th ultimo from the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, upon the subject of proposed legislation, providing for the settlement of the estates of deceased Kickapoo Indians in the State of Kansas, and for other purposes.

A draft of a bill for the object indicated, and former correspondence with the Executive and Congress upon the subject, will be found in Senate Ex. Doc. No. 16, first session Forty-eighth Congress, copy herewith, in which the existing necessity for the legislation referred to is more particularly set forth.

It appears from the report of the Commissioner that a bill identical with the one now proposed passed the Senate June 2, 1884, but failed to pass the House, and he now recommends that the matter be again presented for the action of Congress.

Concurring in the recommendation of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, I respectfully request that the matter may be presented for the consideration and action of Congress.

I have the honor to be, very respectfully, your obedient servant,
L. Q. C. LAMAR, *Secretary.*

The PRESIDENT.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,
OFFICE OF INDIAN AFFAIRS,
Washington, November 28, 1885.

SIR: On the 26th of November, 1883, this office submitted to the Department for the third time the draft of a bill to provide for the settlement of the estates of deceased Kickapoo Indians in the State of Kansas, and for other purposes, which was transmitted to Congress, through the President, December 3, 1883.

This bill passed the Senate June 2, 1884, but did not receive consideration in the House of Representatives.

The necessity for the passage of this bill is set out in the correspondence printed in House Ex. Doc. No. 16, Forty-eighth Congress, first session, and still exists.

I therefore have the honor to recommend that the bill be again presented to Congress, with request for favorable consideration.

I inclose two copies of the executive document referred to (which contains a draft of the bill) and of this report.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

J. D. C. ATKINS,
Commissioner.

The Hon. SECRETARY OF THE INTERIOR.

[House Ex. Doc. No. 16, Forty-eighth Congress, first session.]

Message from the President of the United States, transmitting communication from the Secretary of the Interior relative to settlement of estates of deceased Kickapoo Indians in Kansas.

DECEMBER 11, 1883.—Referred to Committee on Indian Affairs and ordered to be printed.

To the Senate and House of Representatives:

I transmit herewith a communication from the Secretary of the Interior of the 3d instant, submitting with accompanying papers draft of a bill "to provide for the settlement of the estates of deceased Kickapoo Indians in the State of Kansas, and for other purposes."

The matter is presented for the consideration of the Congress.

CHESTER A. ARTHUR.

EXECUTIVE MANSION, December 10, 1883.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,
Washington, December 3, 1883.

SIR: I have the honor to submit herewith a communication of the 26th November, 1883, from the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, with draft of bill therein noted "to provide for the settlement of the estates of deceased Kickapoo Indians in the State of Kansas, and for other purposes."

This matter was the subject of a communication addressed by you to the Congress, under date of January 18, 1882, and the bill, as I am informed, passed the Senate March 29, 1882, but failed to pass the House of Representatives. (See Senate Ex. Doc. No. 55, Forty-seventh Congress, first session, herewith inclosed.)

I now have the honor to renew the recommendation of the Department, and respectfully ask that the matter may again be presented for the consideration and action of the Congress.

I have the honor to be, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

H. M. TELLER,
Secretary.

The PRESIDENT.

KICKAPOO INDIANS IN KANSAS.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,
OFFICE OF INDIAN AFFAIRS,
Washington, November 26, 1883.

SIR: Under date of January 11, 1882, I had the honor to submit for the consideration of the Department a draft of a bill to provide for the settlement of the estates of deceased Kickapoo Indians in the State of Kansas, and for other purposes, which was approved by Secretary Kirkwood and transmitted to Congress through the President January 13, 1882, together with a copy of a letter from Hon. John J. Ingalls, United States Senate, calling the attention of the Department to the necessity of legislative relief upon some of the points provided for in the bill.

The proposed bill passed the Senate March 29, 1882, but failed of passage in the House of Representatives.

As the matters covered by the bill are of great importance to the Indians affected thereby, I have the honor to recommend that it be again transmitted to Congress, with a request for favorable action.

I inclose two copies of the bill and of this report, and also of S. Ex. Doc. No. 55, Forty-seventh Congress, first session (printed), containing office letter of January 11, 1882, and Department letter of January 13, 1882.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

H. PRICE,
Commissioner.

The SECRETARY OF THE INTERIOR.

[Senate Ex. Doc. No. 55, Forty-seventh Congress, first session.]

Message from the President of the United States, transmitting a communication from the Secretary of the Interior, with draft of a bill, in reference to the settlement of estates of deceased Kickapoo Indians in the State of Kansas.

JANUARY 18, 1882.—Read, referred to the Committee on Indian Affairs, and ordered to be printed.

To the Senate and House of Representatives:

I transmit herewith a communication from the Secretary of the Interior, with draft of a bill and accompanying papers in reference to the settlement of the estates of deceased Kickapoo Indians in the State of Kansas, and for other purposes.

The matter is commended to the attention of Congress.

CHESTER A. ARTHUR.

EXECUTIVE MANSION,
January 18, 1882.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,
Washington, January 13, 1882.

SIR: I have the honor to submit herewith for your consideration a draft of a bill to provide for the settlement of the estates of deceased Kickapoos in the State of Kansas, and for other purposes, which has been prepared in the office of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs.

The proposed legislation, which extends the provisions of Article III of the treaty with the Kickapoos of June 28, 1862, proclaimed May 28, 1863 (13 Stats., 623), also provides

for relief in cases where the treaty was silent, as in the rights of heirs of allottees who have died before obtaining patents and the disposals of allotted lands which have been abandoned by the allottees, or where the allottees have died without heirs and have received no patent for their allotments.

Attention is called to the subject in the last annual report of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, and the views expressed in his letter presenting the subject, a copy of which is herewith, have the concurrence of the Department.

A copy of a letter of the 14th instant from Hon. John J. Ingalls, United States Senate, calling the attention of the Department to the necessity of legislative relief upon some of the points provided for in the inclosed bill, is also furnished for your information.

Should the proposed measures meet with your approval, I respectfully request that the matter may be presented to Congress for its consideration.

I have the honor to be, sir, very respectfully, your obedient servant,
S. J. KIRKWOOD.

Secretary.

The PRESIDENT.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,
OFFICE OF INDIAN AFFAIRS,
Washington, January 11, 1882.

SIR: I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt, by your reference, for report and recommendation thereon, of a letter dated the 14th ultimo from Senator J. J. Ingalls, relative to certain Kickapoo Indian lands in Kansas.

In reply I have to state that in my annual report for the year 1881 attention is called to the condition of affairs relative to the estates of certain deceased Kickapoo Indians, to whom lands were allotted in severalty, under the provisions of the treaty made with them June 28, 1862 (13 Stats., 623), and relative to the acquirement by the adult female members of said tribe of patents for their lands.

The amended 2d article of said treaty provides for the assignment of land to the members of said tribe either in severalty or in common, at their option.

By the amended 3d article of said treaty it is provided that, whenever the President of the United States shall become satisfied that any of the adult members of said tribe, "being males and heads of families," to whom lands were assigned in severalty in accordance with the provisions of said 2d article, are sufficiently intelligent and prudent to control their affairs and interests, he may cause patents in fee simple to issue to them for the lands so assigned, provided said persons shall, before making application for patents, as provided in this article, appear before the United States district court for Kansas, and make the same proof and take the same oath of allegiance as is required by law for the naturalization of aliens.

No provision is made in said treaty, nor in any subsequent treaty or act of Congress, whereby female allottees under said 2d article can obtain patents for their lands; and as many of them are sufficiently intelligent and prudent to control their own affairs, it is desired that the provisions of the 3d article of said treaty be extended to them.

Many of those members of said tribe, who took lands in severalty in accordance with the provisions of the 2d article of said treaty, deceased before having obtained patents for their allotments, leaving heirs who cannot, under any existing law or treaty provision, obtain title to the same; and it is deemed desirable that the laws of the State of Kansas applicable to the settlement of the estates of deceased citizens thereof be extended to the estates of deceased Kickapoo Indians. The attempted settlement of white men upon these lands has been the cause of much trouble to the tribe and to this office.

Numbers of the allottees under said 2d article deceased before receiving patents, leaving *no heirs*, and the lands allotted to them should be sold for the benefit of the Kickapoo tribe of Indians.

For the purpose of acquiring the desired legislation relative to the matters mentioned herein, I have prepared and submit herewith a draft of a bill, which I respectfully recommend may be transmitted for appropriate Congressional action.

The letter of Senator Ingalls is herewith returned.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

H. PRICE,
Commissioner.

The Hon. SECRETARY OF THE INTERIOR.

A BILL to provide for the settlement of the estates of deceased Kickapoo Indians in the State of Kansas, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the beneficial provisions of the amended third article of the treaty between the United States and the Kickapoo tribe of Indians of Kansas, made June twenty-eighth, eighteen hundred and sixty two, and proclaimed May twenty-eighth, eighteen hundred and sixty-three, be, and the same hereby are, extended to all adult allottees under said treaty, without regard to their being "males and heads of families," and without distinction as to sex.

SEC. 2. Where allottees under the aforesaid treaty shall have died or shall hereafter de cease, leaving heirs surviving them, and without having obtained patents for lands allotted to them in accordance with the provisions of said treaty, the Secretary of the Interior shall cause patents in fee simple to issue for the lands so allotted, in the names of the original allottees, and such allottees shall be regarded, for the purpose of a careful and just settlement of their estates, as citizens of the United States and of the State of Kansas; and it shall be competent for the proper courts to take charge of the settlement of their estates, under all the forms, and in accordance with the laws of the State of Kansas, as in the case of other citizens deceased; and where there are children of allottees left orphans, guardians for such orphans may be appointed by the probate court of the county in which such orphans may reside; and such guardians shall give bonds, to be approved by the said court, for the proper care of the person and property of such orphans as provided by law.

SEC. 3. Where allottees under said treaty shall have died, or shall hereafter de cease, leaving no heirs surviving them, and without having become citizens and received patents for their allotments, as provided in the third article of said treaty, the Secretary of the Interior shall cause to be appraised and sold for cash, in such manner as he may direct, the lands of such allottees; and after paying the expense incident to such appraisalment and sale, the net proceeds thereof shall be deposited in the Treasury of the United States to the credit of the said Kickapoo tribe of Indians, to be expended in such manner as the Secretary of the Interior may deem best for the benefit of the said tribe.

SEC. 4. The Secretary of the Interior shall cause patent in fee simple to be issued for the lands sold under the provisions of the preceding section, in the same manner as patents are issued for the public lands.