## DELAWARE INDIANS.

March 1, 1882.-Committed to the Committee of the Whole House and ordered to be printed.

Mr. Spaulding, from the Committee on Indian Affairs, submitted the following

## REPORT:

[To accompany bill H. R. 4593.]
The Committee on Indian Affairs, to whom was referred the bill (H. $\boldsymbol{R}$. 4593) to authorize the payment to the Delaware Indians of the amount avarded to them under the provisions of the treaty of July 4, 1866, respectfully report:
By the fourteenth article of the treaty of July 4, 1866, between the United States and the Delaware tribe of Indians, it was stipulated as follows, viz:
And inasmuch as the Delawares claim that a large amount of stock has been stolen from them by whites since the treaty of 1854, the United States agree to have a careful examination of such claims made under the direction of the Secretary of the Interior, and when the value of such stolen stock shall have been ascertained the same shall be reported to Congress, with a recommendation for an appropriation to pay for the same; and all moneys appropriated for such purpose shall be paid to the owners of said stock.

On the 31st day of January, 1870, the Secretary of the Interior reported the result of such examination to Congress, in a letter of that date, from which it appears that the amount required to pay the claims of the Delawares for stock proved to have been stolen from them by the whites is $\$ 26,402$.

The accompanying letters of the Secretary of the Interior, the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, and the Indian agent who made the examination fully explain the case.

The names of the parties found to be entitled to this money are in the Office of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, and are printed in Executive Document No. 108 of the second session of the Forty-first Congress.

The Delawares may justly complain at the tardiness of Congress in appropriating money to meet this claim.

It is doubtful if the United States would have tolerated like delay of the Indians in carrying out their treaty obligations. Good faith and fair dealing demand early recognition of the rights of these people in the passage of this bill.

Department of the Interior, H'abhington, D. C., January 31, 1870.
SIR: I have the honor to transmit herewith an abstract of a report of John G. Pratt, United States Indian agent, upon claims for stock stolen from the Delaware Indians since 1854 , provided for in treaty of July 4, 1866, with said tribe.

The fourteenth article of said treaty (copy herewith) stipulates as follows, viz: "And inasmuch as the Delawares claim that a large amount of stock has been stolen from them by whites since the treaty of 1854, the United States agree to have a careful examination of such claims made under the direction of the Secretary of the Interior, and when the value of such stolen stock shall have been ascertained, the same shall be reported to Congress, with a recommendation for an appropriation to pay for the same ; and all moneys appropriated for such purpose shall be paid to the owners of said stock."

A copy of a communication from the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, dated the 28th instant, and the accompanying report of Agent Pratt, therein referred to, are herein inclosed, from which it appears that the amount required to pay the claims of the Delawares for stock proved to have been stolen from them by whites is $\$ 26,402$.
The favorable consideration of Congress is invited to the subject and an appropriation of $\$ 26,402$ for the payment of the claims, as stipulated in the fourteenth article of the treaty aforesaid, is respectfully recommended.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

## J. D. COX,

Secretary.
Hon. James G. Blaine, Speaker House of Representatives.

Department of the Interior,
Office of Indian Afraidis, Washington, D. C., January 27, 1870.
SIR: I have the honor to submit herewith duplicate copies of the report made by John Pratt, special agent, under date of January 19, 1869, upon the claims of the Delaware Indians, for stock stolen from them by whites, since the treaty made with that tribe in 1854 .

By direction of the Acting Secretary of the Interior, said agent was instructed to make a careful examination of said claims, as required by the fourteenth article of the treaty concluded with the Delawares, July 4, 1866 (Undited States Statutes at Large, vol. 14, p. 749.)

I also send herewith duplicate copies of an abstract of the said claims made in this office at yonr request.

The claims reported as equitable" and just by Agent Pratt amonnt in the aggregate to $\$ 26,284$. On account of errors and omissions discovered upon an examination inade in this office, that amount should be increased to $\$ 26,402$.

I think these claims are as satisfactorily established as could well be, under the circumstances, and recommend that the report of Agent Pratt be approved; also that Congress be askod to make an appropriation of this amount of $\$ 26,402$ to pay these claims, according to a provision of the treaty referred to, which is to the effect that, when the value of said stock shall have been ascertained, the same shall be reported to Congress, with a recommendation for an appropriation to pay the same.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

E. S. PARKER,<br>Conmissioner.

Hon. J. D. Cox,
Secretary of the Interior.

## Office of the U. S. Agency for the Delaware Indians, January 19, 1869.

SIr: By direction of the Hon. Charles E. Mix, Acting Commissioner of Indian Affairs, under date of September 9, 1867, I was intrusted with the duty of making an examination of the claims of the Delaware Indians for the walue of stock stolen from them by the whites since the treaty of 1854, as required under the foarteenth article of the treaty of July 4, 1866.

In the discharge of this duty, I-gave notice to the chiefs, councilors, and headmen of the tribe that I would at the payment of their land aud improvement money, in Norember, 186\%, when all were expected to be present, commence and coutinue to take proofs of their claims, and when and where all parties interested should submit the same. I have extended the time to the present date, but that owing to the difficulty of remembering facts and particulars, and that claims for losses occurring between 1854 and 1860 had been taken by the then agent of the tribe, they were not inclined to come forward and present them.

I herewith present you an abstract and report inclosed on all claims submitted, as
well as a revision of the claims presented to Fielding Johmson, former United Statesagent, amounting in the aggregate, for stock evidently stolen by whites, as follows:
428 horses, valued at ..... $\$ 22,97500$
10 mules, valued at ..... 1,150 00
112 cattle, valued at ..... 2,099 00
10 sheep, valued at ..... 3000
6 hogs, valued at. ..... 3000
Total26,284 00
And for stock not clearly proved to have been stolen by whites:
199 horses, valued at ..... $\$ 7,48700$
1 mule, valued at6000
75 cattle, valued at ..... 1,067 00
Total8,614 00
The claims of those Delawares who have become citizens under the treaty of July4, 1866, are properly indicated and indorsed upon the claim.

It must be remembered that since the settlement of Kansas, commencing about 1855, the emigration into and over the State has passed through portions of this reservation, and that during the robellion a large portion of the military operations along the borders of Kansas and Missoupi, as well as in the Cherokee Nation and Arkansas, passed directly over the same, so that the rights to all kinds of property became insecure, especially stock belonging to the Indians.

Although they formerly owned a large number of animals, many of them, from the above causes, were compelled to purchase horses when they removed, in 1867, to their new homes in the Cherokee Nation.

I am, sir, your obedient servant,

JOHN G. PRATT,<br>Cnited States Agent.

Thomas Murphy, Esq.,
Supt. Indian Affairs, Atchison, Kans.

## Department of the Interior,

 Washington, June 15, 1878.Sik: I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of bill H. R. 1172, entitled "A bil ${ }_{r}$ to authorize the payment to the Delaware Indians the amount awarded to them unde ${ }_{1}$ the provisions of the treaty of July fourth, eighteen hundred and sixty-six," said bil having been referred by you under date of 23d of January last, with request for an ex pression of the views of the department as to the proposed legislation contained therein; also asking to be fnrnished with a copy of the report of John G. Pratt, mentioned in said bill.
The matter presented by you was duly referred to the Commissioner of Indian Affairs. for report, and returned to the department with letter by the Commissioner, under dateof the 7th instant.
I inclose a copy of the letter of the Commissioner for your information; also a copy of the report of United States Indian Agent John G. Pratt, together with the report of the Indian Office to Mr. Secretary Cox, noted in the letter of the 7th instant.
The views of the Commissioner are in accordance with former expressions of both the department and the Indian Office as to the merits of these Delaware claims, in which views I fuily concur.

> Very respectfully,

C. SCHURZ, Secretary.

## Hon. T. M. Gunter, <br> House of Representatives.

Department of the Lnterior, Office Indian Affatrs, January 27; 1870.
SIR: I have the honor to submit herewith duplicate copies of the report made by John G. Pratt, special agent, under date of January 19, 1869, upon the claims of the Delaware Indians for stock stolen from them by whites since the treaty made with that tribe in 1854.

By direction of the acting Secretary of the Interior, said agent was instructed to ruake a careful examination of said claims made in this offce at your request.
I think the claims allowed are as satisfactorily established as could well be under the circumstances, and recommend that the report of Agent Pratt be approved. Also that Congress be asked to make an appropriation to pay these claims, amounting to $\$ 26,402$, according to that report, and agreeably to a provision of the treaty referred to, which is to the effect that when the value of such stock shall have been ascertained the same shall be reported to Congress, with a recommendation for an appropriation to pay the same.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

## E. S. PARKER,

Commissioner.
Hon. J. D. Cox,
Secretary of the Interior.

Report made by John G. Pratt, United States agent, upon stock stolen from the Delaware Indiuns by whites since the treaty of 1854, provided for in the 14th article of the treaty of July 4, 1866. Done in compliance with instructions of the Hon. Charies E. Mix, acting Commissioner of Indian Affairs, under date of September 9, $186 \%$.

Claim No. 1.-William H. Shailer, three horses, $\$ 150$.
I am of the opinion that the claim is equitable and just.
Claim No. 2.-Little Jonas, one filly, \$40.
I am of the opinion that this claim is equitable and just.
Claim No. 3.-Joseph Thomas, one horse, $\$ 40$.
I am of the opinion that the evidence is insufficient to support the claim.
Claim No. 4.-James Logan, three horses, $\$ 85$.
I am of the opinion that this claim is equitable and just.
Claim No. 5.-Pa-pa ne-ha-mow, alias Pa-ta-ne-ha-mow, four horses, \$120.
I am of the opinion that the first three anim uls, valued at $\$ 100$, have been stolen by whites, and the claim therefor is equitable and Just, and that the fourth animal, valued at $\$ 20$, was stolen, but recovered by the claimant.
Claim No. 6.-A-noch-nee-ist, three horses, \$120.
I am of the opinion that the evidence in this case is insufficient to support the elaim.
Claim No. 7.-Ton-ga-nox-ie, seven horses, \$205.
I am of the opinion that the horses in this claim strayed from the reservation to the lands sold to the Leavenworth, Pawnee and Western Railroad Company, treaty of May 30, 1860 , to where the claimant had formerly resided; and, if stolen, were taken from the latter place, which may have been the case, and that, Eliza Kinney's animal evidently strayed likewise, and that the animals were ontside of the reservation.
Claim No. 8.-Big Nigger, three horses, \$120.
I am of the opinion that this claim is equitable and just.
Claim No. 9.-Al-le-mon-he-mon, two horses, $\$ 60$.
I an of the opinion that this claim is equitable and just from the circumstances attending the loss.
Claim No. 10.-Guil, two horses, \$140.
I am of the opinion that this claim is equitable and just.
Claim No. 11.-Teel-he-tox-ie, six horses, $\$ 185$.
I am of the opinion that the claim for the fourth, fifth, and sixth animals, valued at $\$ 95$, is equitable and just, and that the evidence is insufficient to support the claim for the first and second animals, and that claimant recovered the third animal, valued at $\$ 40$.
Claim No. 12.-Ina-chut, four horses, \$135.
1 am of the opinion that this claim is equitable and just.
Claim No. 13.-Me-na-toi-a-qua, seven horses, \$185.
I am of the opinion that the claim for the first, second, third, and fourth animals, valued at $\$ 120$, is equitable and just, a 1 d that the evidence is insufficient to snpport the claim for the fifth, sixth, and seventh animals, valued at $\$ 65$.
Claim No. 14.-Moonshine, alias Su-sar-he, four horses, $\$ 130$.
I am of the opinion that the slaim for the third and fourth animals, valued at $\$ 70$,
is equitable and just, and that the evidence is insufficient to support the claim for the first and second animals, valued at $\$ 60$.
Claim No. 15.-Big Nigger, twenty-one cattle, \$166.
I am of the opinion that the loss was sustained, but the evidence is insufficient as to the fact of being stolen by whites.
Claim No. 16.-Bill Lareoxie, one horse, \$30.
I am of the opinion that the claim is equitable and just.
Claim No. 17.-Elizabeth Petchokot, seven cattle, \$126.
I am of the opinion that the evidence is insufficient to support the claim.
Claim No. 18.-Henry B. Bascomb, two horses, \$85.
I am of the opinion that this claim is equitable and just.
Claim No. 19.-Jack Halfmoon, eleven horses, \$180.
I am of the opinion that the claimant recovered the first, second, third, fonrth, fifth, sixth, seventh, and eleventh animals, and that the evidence is insufficient to support the claim for the eighth, ninth, and tenth animals, and is therefore not equitable and just.
Claim No. 20.-Charley, six horses, $\$ 155$.
I am of the opinion that the claim is equitable and just.
Claim No. 21.-Elizabeth Beigler, one yoke oxen, $\$ 60$.
I am of the opinion that this claim is equitable and just.
Claim No. 22.-Arthur Armstrong, two horses, $\$ 80$.
I am of the opinion that this claim is eqnitable and just.
Claim No. 23.-Sarcoxie (chief), four horses, $\$ 120$.
I am of the opinion that this claim is equitable and just.
Claim No. 24.-Wolf, two horses, \$90.
I am of opinion that this claim is equitable and just.
Claim No. 25.-As-cun-cape-hun, three horses, $\$ 60$.
I am of opinion that this claim is equitable and just.
Claim No. 26.-Jack Ned, two horses, $\$ 50$.
I am of the opinion that the evidence is insufficient to support the claim.
Claim No. 27.-Jackson Simon, two horses, $\$ 110$.
I am of the opinion that the claim is equitable and just.
Claim No. 28.-Easy, four horses, $\$ 110$,
I am of the opinion that the evidence is insufficient as to the fact of the animals being stolen by whites.
Claim No. 29.-Su-nan-o-co-qua, two horses, $\$ 110$.
I am of the opinion that the claim is equitable and just.
Claim No. 30.--Frenchman, seven horses, $\$ 206$.
I am of the opinion that the claim is equitable and just.
Claim No. 31.-Lucas Paschal, one pair mated horses, $\$ 400$.
I am of the opinion that the clain is equitable and just, but that the value of the stock is excessive, and therefore should be reduced to $\$ 300$.
Claim No. 32.-John Sarcoxie, one horse, $\$ 80$; one mule, $\$ 60$ - $\$ 140$.

1. I am of the opinion that the claim for the horse, valued at $\$ 80$, is equitable and just,
and that the evideace as to the loss of the mule, valued at $\$ 60$, is insufficient.
Claim No. 33.-Bettie, one pony, $\$ 20$.
I am of the opinion that the claim is notequitable and just, as the animal evidently strayed from the reservation.
Claim No. 34.-Pa-che-pack-ke-lack-qua, four horses, \$210.
I am of the opinion that this claim is equitable and just.
Claim No. 35.-Sarah Ann Rankin, one pony, $\$ 75$.
I am of the opinion that the claim is equitable and just, bat that the value of the animal should be reduced to $\$ 50$.
Claim No. 36.-Pa-he-moh-pah, one pony, $\$ 25$.
I am of the opinion that the claim is equitable and just.
Claim No. 37.-Tus-cus-que-coi-pe, nine horses, $\$ 280$.
I am of the opinion that the claim is equitable and just.

Claim No. 38.-Christian Snake, one yoke oxen, $\$ 60$.
I am of the opinion that the claim is equitable and just.
Claim No. 39.-Mah-me-bund, four horses, \$125.
I am of the opinion that the claim is equitable and just.
Claim No. 40.-Wa-ne-pah-ku-nou, eight horses, five cattle, \$278.
I am of the opinion that the claim is equitable and just.
Claim No. 41.-Pa-ta-le-ku, three horses, \$65.
I am of the opinion that this claim is equitable and just.
Claim No. 42.-Bètsey Sambo, three horses, $\$ 120$.
I am of the opinion that the second and third horse, valued at $\$ 80$, is equitable and just, but that the evidence as to the loss of the first animal, valued at $\$ 40$, is insufficient.

Claim No. 43.-Henry Tiblon, four cattle, \$105.
I am of the opinion that the evidence is insufficient to support the claim.
Claim No. 44.-Ka-kal-ka-na-o-qua, one horse, \$45.
I am of the opinion that the claim is equitable and just.
Claim No. 45.-Matilda Johneycake, one side saddle, \$20.
I am of opinion that this is not covered by the treaty of July 4, 1866, or instructions of the Hon. Charles E. Mix, under date of September 9, 1867.
Claim No. 46.-James Ketchum, three horses, $\$ 200$.
I am of the opinion that the claim for the second and third animals, valued at $\$ 160$, is equitable aud just, and that the evidence as to the loss of the first animal, valued at $\$ 40$, is insufficient.
Claim No. 47.-Joseph Armstrong, six horses, $\$ 305$.
I am of the opinion that the claim is equitable and just.
Claim No. 48.-George Washington, two horses, $\$ 100$.
I am of the opinion that the evidence is insufficient to support the claim.
Claim No. 49.-James Conner, one horse, \$40.
I am of the opinion that the claim is equitable and just.
Claim No. 50.-Johu Brellett, three horses, \$135.
I am of the opinion that the claim is equitable and just.
Claim No. 51.-Carleton Conner, three horses, $\$ 245$.
I am of the opinion that the claim is equitable and just.
Claim No. 52.-Young Martin, twelve horses, $\$ 325$; five cattle, $\$ 55-\$ 380$.
I am of the opinion that the claim is equitable and just.
Claim No. 53.--Jim Snake, six horses, $\$ 165$.
I am of the opinion that this claim is equitable and just.
Clainn No. 54.-Henry Armstrong, eleven horses, \$280.
I am of the opinion that this claim is equitable and just.
Claim No. 55.-She-She, two horses, $\$ 70$.
I am of the opinion that the evidence is insufficient to support the claim.
Claim No. 56.-Big Beaver, two horses, $\$ 60$.
I am of the opinion that the claim is equitable and just.
Claim No. 57.-We-to-qua-e, seven horses, \$155.
I am of the opinion that the claim is not sufficiently proved.
Claim No. 58. -Ah-huny-gu-nah-o, six horses, \$145.
I am of the opinion that the evidence is insufficient to support the claim.
Claim No. 59.-As-sah-kee-non, eight horses, $\$ 235$.
I am of the opinion that the claim is equitable and just.
Claim No. 60.-Delaware Charley, four horses, \$85.
I am of the opinion that the claim is not sufficiently proved.
Claim No. 61.-Lem-ba-lease, eleven horses, $\$ 300$.
I am of the opinion that the claim for the second, third, fourth, fifth, sixth, and seventh animals, valued at $\$ 160$, is equitable and just; but that the evidence is insufficient to support the claim for the first, eighth, ninth, tenth, and eleventh animals, valued at $\$ 140$.

Claim No. 62.-Wa-ci-pah-coo-wha, two horses, \$65.
I am of opinion that the claim is worthless.
Claim No. 63.-Frenchrian, two horses, \$75.
I am of the opinion that the claim is equitable and just.
Claim No. 64.-George Williams, two horses, $\$ 33$.
I am of the opinion that the claim is equitable and just.
Claim No. 65.-Necon-Hecon (chief) two cows and calves, $\$ 40$; ten horses, \$716.
I am of the opinion that the claim for the secoud, third, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh, eighth, and ninth animals, valued at $\$ 531$, is equitable and just; but that the claim for the first and tenth animals, valued at $\$ 165$, and also the two cows and calves, valued at $\$ 40$, mentioned therein, has not been sufficiently proved.
Claim No. 66.-Widow Secondine, ten horses, $\$ 460$.
I am of the opinion that the claim for the fourth and fifth animals, valued at $\$ 140$, is equitable and just; but that the claim for the first, second, third, sixth, seventh, eighth, ninth, and tenth animals, valued at $\$ 320$, is not sufficiently proved.
Claim No. 67.-Ta-tu-ox-qua, five horses, $\$ 160$.
I am of the opinion that the evidence in this claim is insufficient.
Claim No. 68.-Qua-we-Shon, two horses, $\$ 60$.
I am of the opinion that the claim for the first animal, valued at $\$ 30$, is equitable and just, but that the evidence is insufficient to support the claim for the second animal, valued at $\$ 30$.
Claim No. 69.-Widow Newcomb, two horses, $\$ 80$.
I am of the opinion that the claim for the first animal, valued at $\$ 40$, is equitable and just, but that the evidence is insufficient to support the claim for the second animal, valued at $\$ 40$.
Claim No. 70.-George Lucoson, four horses, $\$ 230$.
I am of the opinion that the claim for the first, second, and third animals, valued at $\$ 190$, is equitable and just, but that the evidence is insufficient to support the claim for the fourth animal, valued at $\$ 40$.
Claim No. 71.-Jane McCulloch, 6 horses, $\$ 300$; four cattle, $\$ 53$ - $\$ 353$.
I am of the opinion that the claim for the second and sixth animals, valued at $\$ 160$, is equitable and just, but that the evidence is insufficient to support the claim for the first, fourth, and fifth horses, valued at $\$ 140$, and also the four cattle, valued at $\$ 53$.
Claim No. 72.-Tote-ki-pah-coo-wha, five horses, $\$ 121$.
I am of the opinion that the claim is equitable and just.
Claim No. 73.-Jacob Ketchum, one horse, $\$ 75$.
I am of the opinion that the claim is equitable and just.
Claim No. 74.-John Conner (chief), one horse, $\$ 60$; fifteen cattle, \$175-\$235.
I am of the opinion that the claim is equitable and just.
Claim No. 75.-Little Buffalo, two horses, $\$ 180$; three cattle, $\$ 60$ - $\$ 240$.
I am of the opinion that the claim is equitable and just.
Claim No. 76.-Elizabeth Conner, one horse, $\$ 50$.
I am of the opinion that the claim is equitable and just.
Claim No. 77.-Nancy Ketchum, two horses, \$115.
I am of the opinion that the claim for the first animal, valued at $\$ 50$, is equitable and just, but that the evidence is insufficient to support the claim for the second animal, valued at \$65.
Claim No. 78. -To-boo-qua, eight horses, $\$ 199$.
I am of the opinion that the claim is equitable and just.
Claim No. 79.-Mary Wilson, three horses, $\$ 90$; one cattle, $\$ 20-\$ 110$.
I am of the opinion that the claim is equitable and just.
Claim No. 80.-Sarah Ann Ketchum, one horse, $\$ 40$.
I am of the opinion that the evidence is insufficient to support the claim.
Claim No. 81.-Katy Ketchum, one colt, $\$ 20$.
I am of the opinion that there is no foundation for this claim.
Claim No. 82.-Capt. John Conner for Jim.Wolf, one horse, \$45.
I am of the opinion that the claim is equitable and just.
Claim No. 83.-Diek Brown, two horses, $\$ 50$; one mule, $\$ 75-\$ 125$.
I am of the opinion that the claim is equitable and just.

Claim No. 84.-Billy Paschal, 1 horse, \$40.
I am of the opinion that the claim is equitable and just.
Claim No. 85.-Jim White, three horses, $\$ 170$.
I am of the opinion that the claim for the second and third animals, valued at $\$ 120$, is equitable and just, but that the evidence is insufficient to support the claim for the first animal, valued at $\$ 50$.
Claim No. 86.-Oh-le-now, fonr horses, \$150.
I am of the opinion that the claim is not sufficiently proved.
Claim No. 87.-Willey Halfmoon, four horses, $\$ 135$; nine cattle, $\$ 71-\$ 206$.
I am of the opinion that the claim is equitable and just.
Claim No. 88. -Seen noo, two horses, $\$ 50$.
I am of the opinion that the claim for the second animal, valued at $\$ 10$, is equitable and just, but the evidence is insufficient to support the claim for the first animal, valued at $\$ 40$.

Claim No. 89.-George Ketchum, ten horses, $\$ 275$.
I am of the opinion that the claim for the fourth, sixth, eighth, and ninth animals, valued at $\$ 130$, is equitable and just, but that the evidence is insufficient to support the claim for the first, second, third, fifth, seventh, and tenth animals, valued at $\$ 143$.
Claim No. 90.-John W. Ketchum, one horse, $\$ 65$.
I am of the opinion that the claim is equitable and just.
Claim No. 91.-Charles H. Armstrong, four horses, $\$ 380$; one yoke cattle, $\$ 85-\$ 465$.
I am of the opinion that the claim is equitable and just.
Claim No. 92.-Wah ho-ney, twenty-two horses, \$641; two cattle, \$30-\$671.
I am of the opinion that the claim for the first, second, third, fourth, fifth, sixth; seventh, eighth, and ninteenth, animals, valued at *257, is equitable and just, as well as the two cattle valued at $\$ 30$, mentioned therein; but that the evidence is insufficient to support the claim for the ninth, tenth, eleventh, twelfth, thirteenth, fourteenth, fifteenth, sixteenth, seventeenth, eighteenth, twentieth, twenty-first, and twentysecond, animals, valued at $\$ 384$.
Claim No. 93.-John Noah, one horse, $\$ 30$.
I am of the opinion that the claim is equitable and just.
Claim No. 94.-Mary Half, two horses, $\$ 50$; six cattle, $\$ 88$ - $\$ 138$.
I am of the opinion that the claim is equitable and just.
Claim No. 95.-Wa-bun-doh-nah-oh-qua, seven horses, \$195; one steer", \$8--\$203.
I am of the opinion that the claim is equitable and just.
Claim No. 96.-Artemus Newcomb, one horse, \$75.
I am of the opinion that no loss was sustained by the claimant, as I know that the animal was a stray and had been taken up by him apd stolen as he alleged.
Claim No. 97.-Jim Harrison, six horses, \$190.
I am of the opinion that the claim for the first animal, valued at $\$ 65$, is equitable and just, but that the evidence is insufficient to support the claim for the second, third, fourth, and fifth animals, valued at $\$ 125$.
Claim No. 98.-Ina-chut-chn, three horses, $\$ 55$.
I am of the opinion that the claim is equitable and just.
Claim No. 99.-Wa lun-do-ku-ob-qua, four horses, $\$ 135$.
I am of the opinion that the claim is equitable and just.
Claim No. 100.-Curley Head, two horses, $\$ 80$.
I am of the opinion that the claim is equitable and just, but that it should be allowed according to proof, to wit, $\$ 70$.
Claim No. 101.-Puate-pah-coo-who, two horses, $\$ 90$.
I am of the opinion that the claim indicates the stock was stolen outside of the reservation.
Claim No. 102.-As-sun-cope-hund, four horses, $\$ 165$.
I am of the opinion that the claim is equitable and just.
Claim No. 103.-Wm. Adams, one saddle and bridle, $\$ 20$.
I am of the opinion that the loss is not covered by treaty of July 4,1866 , or instructions of the Hon. Chas. E. Mix, dated September 9, 1867.
Claim No. 104.-Charles Journeycake (chief), one horse, $\$ 60$; five cattle, $\$ 90$; six horses, $\$ 30-\$ 180$.
I am of the opinion that the claim is equitable and just.

Claim No. 105.-Eliza Bullett, one horse, \$30; five cattle, $\$ 55-\$ 85$.
I am of the opinion that the claim for the horse, valued at $\$ 30$, is equitable and just, but that the evidence is insufficient to support the claim for the five cattle, valued at $\$ 55$.
Claim No. 106.-Sally Day, alias Sally Conner, one horse, $\$ 50$; three cattle, $\$ 90$ - $\$ 140^{\circ}$
I am of the opinion that the claim for the horse and cattle, valued at $\$ 140$, is equitable and just.
Claim No. 107.-Rachael Tanner, two horses, $\$ 140$.
I am of the opinion that the claim is equitable and just.
Claim No. 108.-Jones Ketchum, one horse, $\$ 60$; bridle, saddle, \&c., $\$ 18$; three cattle, $\$ 61$ - $\$ 139$.
I am of the opinion that the claim for the five cattle, valued at $\$ 61$, is equitable and just, but that the horse, valued at $\$ 60$, as well as the bridle, saddle, \&c., valued at $\$ 18$, was stolen outside of the reservation.
Claim No. 109.--Sally Honeywell, one horse, $\$ 100$.
I am of the opinion that the claim is equitable and just.
Claim No. 110.-Wm. R. Ketchum, two horses, $\$ 60$.
I am of the opinion that the claim is equitable and just.
Claim No. 111.-Joe Griffy, one horse, $\$ 30$; one heifer, $\$ 10-\$ 40$.
I am of the opinion that the claim is equitable and just.
Claim No. 112.-Mary Bullets, two cattle, \$21.
I am of the opinion that the claim is equitable and just.
Claim No. 113.-Chris Snake, one horse, $\$ 50$.
I am of the opinion that the claim is not sufficiently supported by evidence.
Claim No. 114.-John Bullett, four horses, \$135.
I am of the opinion that the claim for the first, second, and third animals, valued at $\$ 86$, is equitable and just, but that the evidence is insufficient to support the claim for the fourth animal, valued at $\$ 50$.
Claim No. 115.-Nancy M, Pratt, one horse, \$100. I am of the opinion that the claim is equitable and just.
Claim No. 116.-Mary Ketchum, two horses, $\$ 110$.
I am of the opinion that the claim is equitable and just.
Claim No. 117.-Charles Ketchum, two horses, $\$ 60$.
I am of the opinion that theclaim for the first animal, valued at $\$ 30$, is equitable and just, but that the evidence is insufficient to support the claim for the second animal, valued at $\$ 30$.

Claim No. 118.-Robert Williams, five cattle, $\$ 43$.
I am of the opinion that the claim is equitable and just.
Claim No. 119.- John Wesley Rogers, one horse, \$75; four cattle, \$42-\$117.
I am of the opinion that the claim for the horse valued at $\$ 75$ is equitable and just, but that the evidence is insufficient to support the claim for the four cattle, valued at $\$ 42$.
Claim No. 120.-Little Buffalo, one horse, \$50.
I am of the opinion that the claim is equitable and just.
Claizn No. 121.-Te-ki-ete-pame-scot, one horse, $\$ 30$.
I am of the opinion that this animal when strayed or stolen was outside of the reservation, and has therefore no claim on the United States.

Claim No. 122.-Wm. Swannock, twenty-three horses, $\$ 540$.
I am of the opinion that the evidence is entirely inadeqaate to sustain the claim.
Claim No. 123.-Annie Grinter, four cattle, $\$ 170$.
I am of the opinion that the claim for one large speckled ox valued at $\$ 80$ is equitable and just, and that the claim for the other three cattle, valued at $\$ 190$, is not sufficiently proved.
Claim No. 124.-Rosanna Grinter, one maxe, $\$ 150$; one jack, $\$ 75-\$ 225$.
I am of the opinion that the claim is equitable and just.
Claim No, 125.-George Conner; three horses, $\$ 155$.
I am of the opinion that the claim is equitable and just, except that the value of the last two'animals should be reduced $\$ 10$ and $\$ 15$, respectively, making the value of the three animals so stolen, $\$ 130$.

Claim No. 126.-Jim Conner, two horses, \$90.
I am of the opinion that the claim is equitable and just.
Claim No. 127.-James Ketchnm, two horses, $\$ 90$; two cattle, $\$ 50-\$ 140$.
I am of the opinion that the claim is not equitable and just, as the evidence is insufficient.
Claim No. 128.-Nancy Scondine, one horse, $\$ 70$.
I am of the opinion that the claim is equitable and just.
Claim No. 129.-Pa-che-pah-ku-con, two horses, $\$ 180$.
I am of the opinion that the claim is equitable and just.
Claim No. 130.-Fillmore Scondine, three horsès, \$270.
I am of the opinion that the claim for the second and third animals, valued at \$185, is equitable and just, and that the evidence is insufficient to support the claim for the first animal, valued at $\$ 85$.
Claim No. 131.-John Conner (chief), one horse, $\$ 125$.
I am of the opinion that the claim is equitable and just.
Claim No. 132.-Capt. Anderson Sarcoxie (chief), two horses, $\$ 140$.
I am of the opinion that the ciaim is equitable and just.
Claim No. 133.-Loo-wan-ne-cum-un, one horse, \#75.
I am of the opinion that the claim is equitable and just, but that the value thereof should be reduced from $\$ 75$ to $\$ 50$.
Claim No. 134.-Henry Tiblon, three horses, $\$ 600$.
I am of the opinion that the claim is equitable and just, except that the prices thereof are excessive, and should be reduced from $\$ 600$ to $\$ 500$.
Claim N $\rho$ 135.-End-he-pah-kee-not-o, two horses, $\$ 130$.
I am of the opinion that the claim is equitable and just.
Claim No. 136.-Ah-sah-cah-pah-na-qua, seven horses, $\$ 230$; one mule, $\$ 50-\$ 280$.
I am of the opinion that the claim is equitable and just, but that the price for the mule should be reduced from $\$ 50$ to $\$ 40$, making the claim $\$ 270$.
Claim No. 137.-Nelson I. Tanner, two horses, $\$ 225$.
I am of the opinion that the claim is equitable and just, and that of my own knowledge the animals were worth $\$ 225$ as claimed.
Claim No. 138.-Nancy Scondine, one horse, $\$ 60$.
I am of the opinion that the claim is equitable and just.
Claim No. 139.-Sarah A. Ketchum, two horses, $\$ 80$.
I am of the opinion that the claim is equitable and just.
Claim No. 140.-Matilda Bullett, one horse, \$40.
I am of the opinion that the claim is equitable and just.
Claim No. 141.-Little Buffalo, one mule, $\$ 125$; one horse, $\$ 100-\$ 225$.
I am of the opinion that the claim is equitable and just, except that the value of the mule should be reduced from $\$ 125$ to $\$ 100$, thereby making the claim favorably reported upon $\$ 200$.
Claim No. 142.-James Harrison, two horses, $\$ 140$.
I am of the opinion that the first animal, valued at $\$ 80$, was stolen outside of the reservation, and that the evidence as to the loss of the second animal, valued at $\$ 60$, is insufficient.
Claim No. 143.-Nancy Cook, five horses, $\$ 180$.
I am of the opinion that the claim is equitable and just.
Claim No. 144.-George Washington, seven horses, \$470; two cattle, \$50-\$520.
I am of the opinion that the claim for the first, second, and last animals, valued at $\$ 265$, and also the two cows, valued at $\$ 50$, is equitable and just, except that the value of the first animal is excessive and should be reduced from $\$ 150$ to $\$ 100$, making the claim allowed $\$ 265$, and that the evidence is insufficient to support the claim for the loss of the remaining horses, valued at $\$ 205$.
Claim No. 145.-Andrew Miller, one horse, $\$ 60$.
I am of the opinion that the claim is equitable and just.
Claim No. 146.-Wa-ho-ney, one horse, \$80.
I am of the opinion that the claim is equitable and just.
Claim No. 147.-Charles Journey Cake (chief), two horses, $\$ 300$; two mules, $\$ 350$ $\$ 650$.

I am of the opinion that the claim for the above stock is just and equitable, and from my personal knowledge state that they were fine stock, and were worth the value claimed.
Claim No. 148.-Katy Ketchum Long, three horses, \$325.
I am of the opinion that the claim is equitable and just.
Claim No. 149.-Charles H. Armstrong, three horses, $\$ 335$.
I am of the opinion that the claim is equitable and just.
Claim No. 150.-William R. Ketchum, two horses, $\$ 180$.
I am of the opinion that the claim for the first animal, valued at $\$ 150$, is equitable and just, but that the claim for the second animal, valued at $\$ 40$, is not supported by proof.
Claim No. 151.—Sally Honeywell, nine horses, $\$ 1,340$; one mule, \$125; four cattle, \$265——1,730.
I am of the opinion that the claim for the above stock is equitable and just, and that the same was worth $\$ 1,730$.
Claim No. 152.-Eliza Bullit, three horses, \$235; six cattle, $\$ 95-\$ 330$.
I am of the opinion that the claim for the first horse, valued at $\$ 120$, and the six cattle, valued at $\$ 95$, is equitable and just, but that the loss of the remaining two horses, valued at $\$ 115$, is not sufficiently proved.
Claim No. 153.-Mary E. Rogers, two horses, $\$ 250$.
I am of the opinion that the claim is equitable and just, except that the value of the first horse should be reduced from $\$ 150$ to $\$ 100$.
Claim No. 154.-John George, one horse, \$70.
I am of the opinion that the claim is equitable and just.
Claim No. 155.-Mary Thomas, two horses, $\$ 180$; one cattle, $\$ 30-\$ 210$.
I am of the opinion that the claim for the second horse, valued at $\$ 100$, is equitable and just, and that the first horse and the cow, valued at $\$ 80$ and $\$ 30$, respectively, are not sufficiently proved.
Claim No..156.-Ina-sho-qua-e, three horses, $\$ 240$.
I am of the opinion that the claim for the last two horses, valued at $\$ 160$, is equitable and just, and that the claim for the.first horse, valued at $\$ 80$, is not supported by proof.
Claim No. $157 .-B i g$ Beaver, two horses, $\$ 140$.
I am of the opinion that the claim for the above two horses, valued at $\$ 140$, is not established by the evidence in the case.
Claim No. 158.-Little Jonas, two horses, \$175.
I am of the opinion that the claim is equitable and just.
Claim No. 159.-Virginia Hill, five horses, $\$ 300$.
I am of the opinion that the above claim for five head of stock is equitable and just, except that the first horse and yearling colt are valued too high by $\$ 25$ and $\$ 10$, respectively, and that the value of the whole claim should be $\$ 265$, instead of $\$ 300$ as claimed.
Claim No. 160,-Widow Good Traveller, alias Jane McCullock, six cattle, $\$ 120$; two horses, $\$ 100-\$ 220$.
I am of opimion that the claimant has not established an equitable right to the cattle, valued at $\$ 125$, or last horse mentioned, valued at $\$ 50$, and that the first horse, valued at $\$ \check{0} 0$, was outside the reservation when lost or stolen.
Claim No. 161.-Big Nigger, two horses, \$220; three cattle, \$40-\$260.
I am of the opinion that the claimant is equitably entitled to the first horse, valued at $\$ 150$, but that the claim for the other horse, valued at $\$ 70$, and the three head of cattle, valued at $\$ 40$, is not sufficiently proved.
Claim No. 162.-Rachel Wolf, three cattle, \$40.
I am of the opinion that the claim is equitable and just.
Claim No. 162.-Sally Raccoon, six horses, $\$ 560$.
I am of the opinion that the claim for the first, third, fourth, fifth, and sixth animals is equitable and, just, but that the value of the third, fifth, and sixth animals should be redueed $\$ 25$, $\$ 25$, and $\$ 30$, respectively, making the total value of all stock stolen $\$ 400$, and that the elaim for the second horse is not sufficiently proved.
Claim No. 164.-George Ketchum, four horses, $\$ 270$; three cattle, $\$ 48$ - $\$ 318$.
I am of opinion that the claim for two head of cattle, valued at $\$ 40$, is equitable and
just, and that the claim for the last bull, valued at $\$ 8$, and for the four horses, valued at 路 $^{2} 0$, is not sufficiently proved.
Claim No. 165.-George Wilson, two horses, $\$ 100$.
I am of the opinion that the claim for the first horse, valued at $\$ 35$, is equitable and jnst, and that the proof $m s$ to the loss of the other horse, valued at $\$ 65$, is not sufficient.

Claim No. 166.-Ina-cha-che-heese, one horse, \$65.
I am of the opinion that the claim is just and equitable.
Claim No. 167.-Widow Everett, one stud horse, $\$ 125$; ten head of sheep, $\$ 30-\$ 155$.
I am of opinion that the claim for the ten head of sheep, valued at $\$ 30$, is equitable and just, and that the evidence as to the loss of the horse, valued at $\$ 125$, is insufficient.

Claim No. 168.-Isaac Fish, four horses, \$250.
I am of the opinion that the claim is equitable and just.
Claim No. 169.-White Turkey, two horses, $\$ 950$.
I am of the opinion that the claim is just and equitable.
Claim No. 170.-John Noah, one horse, \$40.
I am of the opinion that the claim is not sufficiently proved.
Claim No, 171.-Big Shawnee, one horse, $\$ 150$.
I am of opinion that the claim is equitable and just, lut that the value thereof should be reduced to $\$ 125$.
Claim No. 172.-Sally Shawree, one horse, $\$ 100$.
I am of opinion that the claim is equitable and just, but that the value thereof should be reduced to $\$ 75$.
Claim No. 173.-Thomas Hill, one horse, $\$ 85$.
I am of opinion that the claim is equitable and just.
Claim No. 174.-Ne-latch-che-non, two horses, \$110.
I am of opinion that the claim is equitable and just.
Clain No. 175.-Eliza Lócust, two horses, $\$ 90$.
I am of the opinion that the claim is equitable and just.
Claim No. 176.-Leonard Snake, oue horse, $\$ 75$.
I am of opinion that the evidence is insufficient to support the claim.
Claim No. 177.-Martha Jacbes, one horse, $\$ 100$.
I am of opinion that the evidence is insufficient to support the claim.
Claim No. 178.-Jane Anderson, three horses, $\$ 200$; two cattle, $\$ 25-\$ 225$.
I am of the opinion that the claim for three horses, valued at $\$ 200$, is equitable and just, but that the evidence is insufficient to support the claim for the two cattle, valued at \$25.
Claim No. 179.-John Bullitt, two horses, \$150.
I am of opinion that the claim for the second animal valued at $\$ 80$, is equitable and just, but that the evidence as to the loss of the first horse, valued at \$70, is insufficient.
Claim No. 180. Jonas Ketchum, three horses, 130 ; two mules, $\$ 205-\$ 335$.
I ain of opinion that the claim for the three horses, valued at $\$ 130$, and two mules, valued at $\$ 205$, is equitable and just, but that the price for the first mule should be reduced to $\$ 100$.
Claim No. 181.-George Lucason, three horses, $\$ 120$.
I am of opinion that the claim is equitable and just.
Olaim No. 182.-San-ta-pe-he-lay-qua, four horses, \$270.
I am of opinion that the evidence is insufficient to support the claim.
Claim No. 183.-Cabbage-qua, one horse, $\$ 60$.
I am of opinion that the claim is equitable and just.
Claim No. 184.-Kah-kat-que-nah-o, eight cattle, $\$ 155$.
I am of opinion that the claim is equitable and just.
Claim No. 185.-Ar-sar-kee-non, five horses, $\$ 410$; four cattle, $\$ 60$ - $\$ 470$.
I am of opinion that the claim for the five horses, valued at $\$ 410$, is equitable and just, but that the evidence is insufficient to support the claim for the four cattle, valued at $\$ 60$.

Claim No. 186.-Eliza Ketchum, two horses, \$100.
I am of opinion that the claim is equitable and just, but that value of the colt should be reduced to $\$ 20$.

Claim No. 187.-Big Buffalo, three horses, $\$ 100$.
I am of opinion that the claim for the third horse, valued at $\$ 30$, is just and equitable, and that the evidence is insufficient to support the clairn for the first and second animals, valued at $\$ 70$.
Claim No. 188.-Chuck-ko-que-nah-o, one horse, $\$ 100$.
I am of opinion that the claim is equitable and just.
Claim No. 189.-Chaloneese, alias Delaware Charley, five horses, $\$ 270$.
I am of opinion that the claim for the first two animals, valued at $\$ 150$, is equitable aud just, and that the claim for the last three horses, valued at $\$ 120$, is not supported by evidence.
Claim No. 190,--Wa-lun-dah-kah-oh-qua, twenty-two horses, \$935.
I am of opinion that the claim is equitable and just.
Claim No. 191.-Lemuel P. Ketchum, one horse, $\$ 100$.
I am of opinion that the claim is equitable and just.
Claim No. 192.-John Johneycake, one horse, $\$ 150$.
I am of opinion that the claim is equitable and jinst, but that the value of the animal should be reduced to $\$ 75$.
Claim No. 193.-Sally O. Smith, one horse, $\$ 150$.
I am of opinion that the claim is equitable and just.
Claim No. 194.-Eliza Kinney, two horses, \$215.
I am of opinion that the claim for the last horse, valued at $\$ 140$, is equitable and just, but that the claim for the first animal, valued at $\$ 175$, is not sufficiently established.
Claim No. 195.-Nancy Ketchum, administratrix, three horses, $\$ 335$.
I am of the opinion that the claim for the first two animals, valued at $\$ 275$, is equitable and just, but that the claim for the last horse, valued at $\$ 60$, is not sufficiently proved.
Claim No. 196.-Isaac Johneycake, one horse, $\$ 100$; one mule, $\$ 125$; four cattle, $\$ 69$一 $\$ 294$.
I am of the opinion that the claim for oue horse and one mule, valued at $\$ 225$, is equitable and jnst, and that the claim for the four cattle, valued at $\$ 69$, is not sufhciently proved.
Claim No. 197.-George Washington, four horses, \$235.
I am of the opinion that the claim for the first three animals, valued at $\$ 175$, is equitable and just, and that the claim for the last horse, valued at $\$ 60$, is not sufficiently proved.
Claim No. 193.-Captain Anderson Sarcoxie, six horses, \$520.
I am of the opinion that the claim for the first five amimals, valued at $\$ 450$, is equitable and just, and that the claim for the last mare and colt, valued at $\$ 70$, is not suffciently established.
Claim No. 199.-Charles Journeycake, seventeen cattle, $\$ 357$.
I am of the opinion that the claim is equitable and just.
Claim No. 200.-Sally Raccoon, two horses, \$110.
I am of the opinion that the claim is not sufficiently established.
Claim No. 201.-Nanuie M. Bartles, four horses, $\$ 450$; one mule, $\$ 80-\$ 530$.
I am of the opinion that the claim is equitable and just.

