WILLIAM QUAIT.

June 14, 1850.

Laid upon the table, and ordered to be printed.

Mr. Waldo, from the Committee on Revolutionary Pensions, made the following

REPORT:

The Committee on Revolutionary Pensions, to whom was referred the petition of William Quait, respectfully report:

The petitioner represents that he enlisted in the army of the United States in the year 1814, and served in the first regiment of artillery, under Colonel James Bankhead, in a company commanded by Captain Saunders Donoho; that he was in an engagement with the Indians at Fort Hughes, in Florida, also at Ockloconee swamp, and at Fort St. Marks; that he was wounded at the last-mentioned place, in the year 1817, by a musket-ball, in his hip, from which he has never recovered, and which has entirely disabled him; that he is in indigent circumstances;

and he asks to be placed on the pension list.

He has furnished the committee with copies of what purports to be a certificate, signed by two members of the medical profession, in which they say that, upon an examination of William Quait, they find that he is, from a wound in his hip by a musket-ball, not only incapacitated for military duty, but wholly disabled from obtaining his subsistence by manual labor. He has also furnished what purports to be a copy of an affidavit by Levin Ogment, a fellow-soldier, who testifies to the identity of Quait, and knows him to be the person who received the wound in his hip at Fort St. Marks. If these representations are true, the case of the petitioner is provided for by existing laws, and he can be placed upon the list of invalid pensioners. The committee can discover nothing in this case to justify or require any special legislation, and therefore ask to be discharged from the further consideration of the subject, and recommend that the petition be laid upon the table.