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## REPORT

OF THE

# SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY, 

STATE OF THE FINANCES,

THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 1858.

WASHINGTON:
JAMES B. STEEDMAN, PRINTER.

## REPORT

## THE SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY <br> ON

## THE STATE 0F THE FINANCES.

Deoember 6, 1858 -Referred to the Committee of Ways and Means, and ordered to be printed.
December 11, 1858. - Resolved, That there be printed, for the use of the members of the House of Representatives, fifteen thousand copies of the letter of the Secretary of the Treasury on the State of the Finances, and also one thousand additional copies for the use of the Treasury Department.

Treasury Department, December 6, 1858.
Sir: In compliance with the act of Congress entitled "An act supplementary to an act to establish the Treasury Department," approved May 10, 1800, I have the honor to submit the following report:
On the 1st of July, 1857, being the commencement
of the fiscal year 1858, the balance in the treasury
was
$\$ 17,710,11427$
The receipts into the treasury during the fiscal year
1858 were $\$ 70,273,86959$, as follows :
For the quarter ending September 30, 1857-

From miscellaneous sources.......... 296,641 05
For the quarter ending December 31, 1857-
From customs........................... 6,237,723 69
From public lands ..................... 498,781 53
From miscellaneous sources.......... 356,159 78
7,092,665 00
For the quarter ending March 31, 1858-
From customs........................... 7,127,900 69
From public lands ..................... 480,93688
From miscellaneous sources.......... 393,690 78
From treasury notes issued.......... 11,087,600 00
For the quarter ending June 30, 1858-
From customs ........................... $9,850,26721$
From public lands...................... 474,548 07
From miscellaneous sources.......... 207,741 15
From treasury notes issued ........... 12,628,700 00
20,929,819 81
$19,090,12835$

$$
23,161,25643
$$

The aggregate means, therefore, for the service of
the fiscal year ending June 30,1858 , were.
87,983,983 86

The expenditures during the fiscal year ending June 3n, 1858, were $\$ 81,585,66776$.
Being for the quarter ending September 30, 1857
Being for the quarter ending December 31, 1857...
Being for the quarter ending March 31, 1858.
Being for the quarter ending June 30, 1858
Which were applied to the various branches of the public service as follows:
Civil, foreign intercourse, and miscellaneous
Service in charge of Interior Department
Service in charge of War Department.
Service in charge of Navy Department
Public debt and redemption of treasury notes
As shown in detail by Statement No. 1.
Deducting the expenditures from the aggregate means during the fiscal year 1858, a balance remained in the treasury on the 1st July, 1858, of
During the first quarter of the current fiscal year, from July 1 to September 30, 1858, the receipts into the treasury were as follows:
From customs.......................... $\$ 13,444,52028$
From public lands......... ......... 421,171 84
From miscellaneous sources......... 959,98734
From loan of 1858..... ............... $10,000,00000$
From treasury notes issued.......... 405,20000
The estimated receipts during the three remaining quarters of the current fiscal year to June 30, 1859, are-
From customs
$\$ 37,000,00000$
From public lands. $1,000,00000$
From miscellaneous sources .......... 500,00000

Estimated ordinary means for current fiscal year.
The expenditures of the first quarter of the current
fiscal year, ending September 30, 1858, were-
For civil, foreign intercourse, and miscellaneous services

6,392,746 38
For service in charge of Interior Department.........
For service in charge of War Department.
1,994,304 24
For service in charge of Navy Department
For public debt, including redemption of treasury notes 8,224,490 04
4,086,515 48
1,010,142 37
Carried forward
21,708,198 51
The estimated expenditures during the remaining three quarters of the current fiscal year to June30, 1859, are

52,357,698 48
74,065,896 99
Ordinary means as above.
70,129,195 56
Deficit of ordinary means to meet expenditures.
The deficiency in the ordinary estimated means to meet the estimated expenditures during the remainder of the current fiscal year ending June 30,1859 , are therefore $\$ 3,936,70143$.
There are extraordinary means within the command of the department as follows:
Treasury notes which may be issued previous to the 1st January, 1859, under the 10th section of the act of December 23, 1857, say..........................
Balance of loan authorized by act of June 14, 1858
Which added to the ordinary estimated means.
$\$ 1,000,00000$
$10,000,00000$
70,129,195 56
Makes the aggregate means to June 30, 1859........ 81,129,195 56
Deduct the actual and estimated expenditures as heretofore stated

74,065,896 99
Leaves an estimated balance in the treasury, July
1, 1859, of
7,063,298 57
Estimates for the fiscal year from July 1, 1859 to July 1, 1860.

Estimated balance in the treasury.
Estimated receipts from customs for the fiscal year ending June 30,1860
Estimated receipts from public lands.
Estimated receipts from miscellaneous sources.
Aggregate of means for year ending June 30, 1860,
Expenditures estimated as follows:
Balance of existing appropriations
Amount of permanent and indefinite appropriations
Estimated appropriations to be made by law for the service of the fiscal year to June 30, 1860 $\qquad$
12,478,907 28 8,497,724 50

52,162,515 68
73,139,147 46
The estimated receipts being ............................. 69,063,298 57
Deficit............................................... 4, 4,075,848 89
To this estimated deficiency on the 30th June, 1860, should be added the sum of $\$ 3,838,728$, which will be required for the service
of the Post Office Department during the present fiscal year. This latter amount is not taken into the foregoing estimates, but is asked for by that department, as will appear from the letter of the Postmaster General accompanying the annual estimates.

When my last annual report was submitted to Congress, I explained the embarrassments under which the estimated receipts into the treasury were made. A new tariff act had just gone into operation, under circumstances growing out of the then recent revulsion in trade and business, which made all calculation as to its effect upon the revenue doubtful and unsatisfactory. This opinion was frankly expressed to Congress at the time. The present estimates are submitted under somewhat more favorable circumstances, and consequently with greater confidence in their correctness:

The tariff of 1857 has been in operation more than a year, and in ordinary times the experience of that year would afford reliable data to judge of its effect as well upon the trade of the country as the revenues of the government. The continuance of financial difficulties during a large portion of the time, however, and the effects of it, operating to a great extent during the whole period, create serious difficulties in forming a satisfactory judgment upon the question. The present estimates are based upon the opinion that a reaction in the trade and business of the country has commenced, and that we are gradually, but steadily, returning to a healthy and prosperous condition. There seems to be a concurrence in the public mind on this subject, if we may judge from the general tone of public sentiment. The files of the department furnish strong evidence of its truth. Our exports for the year ending the 30th June, 1858, were $\$ 324,644,421$, being a reduction from the preceding year of only $\$ 38,316,261$; whilst the imports for the same time were $\$ 282,613,150$, being $\$ 78,276,991$ less than the year before. This balance in favor of exports over imports was doubtless appropriated to the payment of our foreign debt, thus relieving the country, in part, of that source of embarrassment. It exhibits a large margin for an increase of importations when the business and necessities of the country shall demand it. The restoration of confidence and reaction of trade have already been manifested in this regard.

By referring to the receipts from customs at the port of New York for the months of October and November, 1856, the year preceding the revulsion, the same months of '1857, the year of the revulsion, and the same months of the present year, I find that the receipts of those two months in 1856 were $\$ 6,202,227$; in 1857, were $\$ 2,028,210$; and in 1858 , were $\$ 3,810,819$. Whilst the country has not recovered entirely from the disasters of the last year, the increased receipts of the present year indicate a decided reaction, and the promise of a certain and speedy return of prosperous times.

The foregoing estimates contemplate a deficiency in the means of the government, which, by the 30 th June, 1860, will amount to the sum of $\$ 7,914,576$. Provision should be made by Congress at its present session to supply the deficiency. In what manner shall it be done? A loan for this purpose is not deemed advisable, in view of the addition already made to the public debt. A revision of the tariff of

1857, and the imposition of additional duties is the only remaedy, unless Congress shall take some action to relieve the treasury from a portion of the expenditures it is now required to meet.
In revising the tariff, the same principles should direct and control the action of Congress that would be considered in the adoption of an original act.
I do not deem it proper to enter into any extended discussion of the theoretic principles on which a tariff act should be framed.

They may be briefly stated. Such duties should be laid as will produce the required revenue, by imposing on the people at large the smallest and the most equal burdens.
It is obvious that this is most effectually done by taxing, in preference to others, such articles as are not produced in this country; and among articles produced here, those in which the home product bears the least proportion to the quantity imported are the fittest for taxation. The reason is, that in taxing articles not made in the country the whole sum taken from the consumer goes into the treasury, while in the other class the consumer pays the enhanced value not only on the quantity imported, but on the quantity made at home. This last tax is paid not to the treasury, but to the manufacturer, thereby rendering such a duty not only more burdensome, but grossly unequal; the home producer being benefitted at the expense of the consumer.

If these principles are sound, it is obvious that no tariff, strictly for revenue, has ever yet been enacted in the United States.

The early legislation of the country contemplated other objects, such as fostering our then infant manufactures, and encouraging the production of indispensable articles, so as to render our country independent of foreign governments in case of war.

The objects which originally led to our system of duties have long since been attained; but under that system large interests have grown up which have always claimed and received such consideration from Congress as to prevent the abandonment of the idea of protection.
I do not expect that a tariff will be now framed on rigid revenue principles, but in all changes an effort should be made at least to avoid a further departure from them.
Assuming that the general principles of the present tariff act will be adhered to, all will admit that, having ascertained the additional revenue required as accurately as possible, the least increase of duty that will raise the sum is the proper rate to be adopted.
In determining, however, on what articles the duty is to be increased, a strong appeal will doubtless be made so to discriminate as to afford relief to certain interests said to be unusually depressed.

In a period of general financial distress, such as we have not yet entirely passed, each interest in the country naturally feels the want of any aid that would relieve its embarrassments and restore its prosperity. In responding to such a demand, care should be taken not to afford the required relief at the expense of another interest equally in want of assistance, and equally entitled to receive it at the hands of the government. When a general calamity has paralyzed the hand of industry and cramped the energies of the people, it is unfortunate that at such a time, when the country is least able to bear it, the
wants of the government should force an increase of taxation. In yielding to the necessity which compels the imposition of the burden, let it be done with that spirit of justice which regards with equal care and protection all the varied interests of the country.

In connexion with this branch of the subject, I would respectfully refer to the views presented in my last annual report to Congress.

It is also a subject of regret that a public necessity requires a revision of the tariff act of 1857 before a sufficient time has elapsed to test its legitimate effects upon the business of the country as well as the revenues of the government. False impressions as to its operation must be carefully guarded against. The fact that this act went into operation on the 1st of July, 1857, and wasfollowed sosoon by the disastrous revulsion of that year hasinduced many personsto believe that the one was the necessary cause of the other. The advocates of a high protective tariff havenot failed to avail themselves of this circumstance to press upon the public mind their peculiar system of affording relief to a distressed people, by increasing their taxes. Every interestin the country which suffered in the general calämity has been earnestly appealed to, and no efforts have been spared to induce each and all to believe that their misfortunes have been produced by the passage of the tariff of 1857. There is, however, one important point in the argument where the logic of the protectionists is whinly at fault. The revulsion was not confined to the United States, or even to this continent. It swept over the world, and was felt with equal and perhaps greater severity in other countries than our own. These results have been too universal to have been brought about by a reduction of about twenty per cent. upon the rates of duty in the United States, being a reduction of about five per cent. upon our importations. I'he argument of the protectionists is, that a reduction of our duties stimulates the foreign trade, and in this instance its legitimate effect should have been to relieve the embarrassments of the countries with whom we trade, by opening a larger market for their productions. They charge that the increased importation of foreign goods into the country is disastrous to the business of the home producer and manufacturer, by depriving them of the markets of their own country. Such is the theory of the protectionists. Let us apply to it the facts which have transpired under the operations of the tariff of 1857.

The foreign producer and manufacturer have not been benefited by the reduction. At all events they have not been preserved from the general calamity which has come upon the producers and manufacturers of similar articles in our own country.

The importations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1858, the first and only year of the present tariff amount to $\$ 282,613,150$, being $\$ 78,276,991$ less than the importations of the last year of the tariff of 1846.

These two facts alone furnish a strong refutation of the theory we are combating.

For the purpose, however, of a more thorough examination of the question, I propose to consider the operations of the iron interest during the same period. I have selected iron for two reasons; first, it is one of the most important interests in the country, deserving the care and protection of the government to as great an extent as any
other, and, secondly, because it has suffered as much, if not more than any other interest from the recent revulsion.

By reference to table 6, appended to this report, it will be seen that the importation of iron and steel of all kinds, amounted, in the year ending June 30,1857 , to $\$ 25,954,111$. In the year ending June 30,1858 , it amounted to $\$ 16,328,039$; being a reduction of $\$ 9,626,072$. This reduction is accounted for in part by the reduced prices of the last year; but there is shown by the same table a large reduction in the amount of imported iron and all manufactures of iron. Whatever cause, therefore, may have produced the great depression of the iron interest during the last year, it is very clear that it is not owing to an increased importation of foreign iron under the act of 1857. If, as alleged, the price of iron in this country had been reduced by the increased importations caused by the reduction of duties, then the price of the article in those countries from which we import ought to have been beneficially affected. A comparison of the prices in this and foreign countries, during the last year, will show that such was not the fant, as the price fell, not only in the United States, but in Europe also. The price of pig-iron, on board, at Glasgow, on December 31, 1856, was 74s. 0d.; on December 31, 1857, 52s. 6d.; being a decline of twenty-nine per centum. The average price at New York, for January, 1857, was $\$ 2500$; for January, 1858 , was $\$ 2050$; showing a decline of eighteen per centum. The difference between the highest and lowest prices in New York for the year 1857, being $\$ 31$ in April, 1857, and $\$ 23$ in December, is less than twenty-six per cent., whilst the difference between the highest and lowest for the same year, at Liverpool, was thirty per centum.
The average price of bar iron at Liverpool for January, ..... £ $s d$ 1857, was. ..... 826
The average price of bar iron at Liverpool for January, 1858, was ..... 6126
Difference, 18 per cent.
The average price of bar iron at New York for January, 1857, whs ..... $\$ 55$
The average price of bar iron at New York for January, 1858, was ..... 48
Difference nearly 13 per cent.

Now it will hardly be contended that a reduction of six per cent. in our tariff depressed the price of iron in Glasgow and Liverpool. The argument of the protectionist contemplates a different result. These facts show that the prices have been as well sustained in America as in Europe, and that the depression which occurred must have been brought on by causes common to both countries, and independent of the tariff of 1857 . It may be said that the prices in America would have been better sustained with a higher tariff, by excluding the importation of iron from England at the low prices raling there. The answer is, that if the price of any commodity falls in the markets of the world, our people, as consumers, are entitled to the benefit of the
reduction, and it is not just that the price should be unnaturally sustained by legislation.

This is especially true when the same causes have produced a like decline in almost every important product of our country.
A table is appended, (marked 8,) compiled from the most reliable sources accessible in the absence of any official record, showing the average price for the three last fiscal years, and for each month of each year in the market of New York of a number of leading articles. From this table it will appear that from the year ending June 30, 1857, to that ending June 30, 1858, there was a decline in leading articles as follows, viz:

| Wheat flour ......... 24 | cent. | Hay. | 20 per |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Hemp ................ 36 | ، | Sug |  |
| Molasses . ........... 34 | " | Pig iron | 15 |
| Bar iron............. 12 | " | Leather | 17 |
| Wool................. 16 | " | Whale oil | 19 |
| Rice .................. 131 | '6 | Tobacco | 12 |
| Pork. ................ $9^{9}$ | " | Copper | 17 |
| Butter................ 10 | " |  | 26 |

No class loses more heavily or sustains greater privations in a period of general revulsion than the agriculturists, and it is asking too much of them to submit to additional burdens in order to exempt a favored portion of their fellow citizens from the common calamity.

The above list also shows how little the decline in prices can be ascribed to the change in the tariff made in 1857. It occurred indifferently, in articles imported in the most trivial quantities, and in those most largely imported, in articles the duty on which was unchanged, and in those on which it was diminished ; proving that the cause was outside of all tariff regulations and beyond the control of legislation.

But if it be alleged that although the changes made in 1857 did not injure the American manufacturer, yet that such has been the result of the tariff of 1846 , which was based on the same principles, the answer is, that it does not appear that the manufacturing interest has suffered from that tariff. While some particular branches, prematurely or improvidently entered into, may have failed, yet the fact is well known that all the great manufacturing interests have largely increased since 1846, more rapidly than the population and general production of the country.

An examination of the statistics published under the authority of various States, among which may be specified Massachusetts, New York, and Ohio, will abundantly prove the proposition. One mode of ascertaining the comparative prosperity of the several industrial interests of the country, at different times, is by comparing the amounts of products exported to foreign countries, it being obvious that those who can compete in the common market with the like products of other countries can certainly maintain themselves at home.
Applying this teṣt to the facts, we find the following results :
The export of American manufactures for the year 1847 was
$\$ 10,476,345$
For the year 1858.............................................................. $30,372,180$
Increase, $\$ 19,895,835$, equal to 190 per cent.
In the same years the exports of cotton were, 1847....... 53,415,848
In 1858
131,386,661
Increase, $\$ 77,970,813$, equal to 146 per cent.
Tobacco, 1847
7,242,086
In 1858
17,009,767

Increase, $\$ 9,767,681$, equal to 135 per cent.
The exports of agricultural production, except cotton and tobacco, during the same period, show an actual decrease, which, however, is not a fair comparison, as 1847 was a year of famine in Europe, but the increase of those exports by a fair comperison of the two periods is about from 75 to 100 per cent.

Of the exports of manufactures, those of iron and the manufactures of iron are found to be: 1847, $\$ 1,167,484 ; 1858, \$ 4,729,874$; increase, $\$ 3,562,390$, equal to 305 per cent.
I am aware that large exports of an article may sometimes result from adversity instead of prosperity, as when the holder unable to make sales at home ships goods abroad, as a last resort. But it is taxing our credulity to be told that exports of a large class of articles will go on from year to year, while the manufacturers are unable to compete at home with the importer, though protected by twenty-four or even nineteen per cent. And if it be said that the year 1858 was one in which the state of things referred to especially existed, a comparison of the exports of the preceding year, conceded to be one of remarkable prosperity, will show the same result.

It will not suffice to say that this prosperity is owing to the influx of gold from California. That has been a cause of a general rise in prices, and of increased activity in all industrial departments; but no reason is perceived why the agriculture of the country should not be as much stimulated by that cause as the manufactures. Yet, while both have increased, the manufactures have increased faster, whereas if they had been seriously injured by the tariff of 1846 , they would, at most, have improved more slowly than other interests not so affected.
I proceed to consider the question of the best mode of revising the present tariff, with a view to raising a sufficient sum to meet the demands of the public service. It has been proposed to repeal the act of 1857 , and restore the act of 1846 . To this suggestion there are serious objections, which, to my mind, are insuperable. I am well satisfied that the wants of the government do not require a permanent increase of the taxes to the extent of reviving the tariff of 1846. The duties of forty and one hundred per cent. imposed by that act are, in the present condition of trade and commerce, wholly indefensible. The public mind of the country will scarcely be brought again to acquiesce in any higher schedule than thirty per cent., the maximum of the present law. It would certainly require some more urgent necessity than exists at this time to justify such a measure.

It has also been proposed to adopt the principle of home valuation,
with a view, first, of increasing the rates of duty, and, secondly, of guarding against under valuation and other frauds, which are alleged to exist under our present system.

As a measure for increasing the revenue, this proposition possesses no merit. It seeks to do indirectly what can be better effected directly. If the sole object is to increase the taxes, it is better to do so in a bold and manly way. At present the duty is imposed upon the market value of the merchandise in the principal markets of the country from which the importation is made, including all costs and charges of shipment.

To substitute for this rule the principle of home valuation would be to add to such value of the merchandise the insurance, cost of transportation, duty levied, and profits of the importer.

It ought to be a sufficient reply to the proposition that some of these elements entering into the home value are not legitimate subjects of taxation. Other and more serious objections will be considered in another connexion. The reason in favor of home valuation, which has been pressed with the most earnestness, is, that it will protect the revenue from fraud by under valuation. The advocates of the change allege that, under our present system, the government is defrauded, by various means, of its legitimate duties upon a large portion of the imports. In proof of this charge a comparison has been instituted between the value of our exports and imports for the last three years, showing that the imports were less, by a large amount, than the exports.

This difference is charged to under valuation. The remedy proposed is either home valuation or specific duties. It is true that the exports for the last few years have exceeded the imports, but the inference which has been drawn from it is not necessarily correct. Other causes have contributed to bring about this result. It should be borne in mind that our exports are valued at the port of exportation. When these exports reach a falling market abroad, the return cargo will exhibit in the diminished value of the importation the loss sustained by the persons on whose account the exports have been shipped. This often constitutes an important element in accounting for that excess of exports which has been attributed to fraud. The payment by our citizens of their debts in Europe, which for two years past has been largely done, the transactions of bankers and brokers in exchange, and smuggling, a species of fraud common to every system, all affect the comparative amounts of exports and imports.

If it were true that the difference in favor of exports over imports was chargeable to the ad valorem system and the present mode of valuation, then the fact should be found to exist not only during the last few years, but during the whole period of the existence of the present system. An examination of our exports and imports (as will be seen by reference to Table 4) for a series of years, will show that such is not the case. The tariff of 1846 was in operation over ten years. During that period the whole amount of our exports was $\$ 2,512,681,327$, and our imports during the same period amounted to $\$ 2,566,250,328$. The advocates of home valuation have fallen into the error by confining their comparison to a limited number of years.

The general result which I have stated indicates that if frauds have been practiced upon the revenue it is notowing toour presentad valorem system. This will appear from a comparison of the exports and imports during the operation of the tariff act of 1842. That act, the distinguishing features of which were specific duties and minimum valuations, was in operation nearly four years. During that time our exports amounted to $\$ 423,681,648$, and our imports to $\$ 412,135,195$. If the argument drawn from the excess of exports over imports be correct, this statement would indicate that greater frauds have been committed under a tariff of specific duties than under the ad valorem act of 1846. If, however, it be true that frauds are committed under our present system to the extent charged, will a change to home valuation prevent the evil? To furnish a satisfactory answer to this inquiry, it will be proper to examine the manner of ascertaining the dutiable value of imports under existing laws, and what would be required to be done under the proposed change. At present the appraiser is called upon to ascertain the value of the article in the principal markets of the country from which it is brought. The data upon which he is to make up his judgment are: 1st. The prices current which every commercial community supplies. 2d. The information to be derived from the communications of consuls and other commercial agents. 3d. The inveice of the importer, made under oath, and also made in view of heavy penalties incurred for fraud and under valuation. 4th. A comparison of the invoices of the various importers engaged in the same business, and not unfrequently of the same date. 5th. The experience derived from daily examinations of the character, value, and price of the article.

These, with other ordinary channels of information common to the public, furnish, it would seem, ample means for the correct and faithful discharge of the duty.

The additional element of cost and charges of shipment cannot be calculated with the same certainty. It, however, constitutes a small portion of the dutiable value, and the experience of the appraisers will enable them to guard against any serious injury from that quarter. To substitute for this plan a home valuation, would be to require the appraisers to ascertain the value of the article by an inquiry into its value at the port of importation. In what manner shall he proceed to do so? He must take the price current of the market, furnished in the ordinary mode, and such information as he can gather from his intercourse with commercial men, and his knowledge of the trade and business of his port. The result would be, that the duty levied on the same article would be different in the different ports of the country; and this would happen, though the appraisers might discharge their duty honestly and taithfully. Such would be the case under the most favorable view of the subject; but we cannot close our eyes to the fact that the adoption of the system of home valuation would inevitably lead to difficulties and embarrassments.
It would become the interest of importers to control the market value at their respective ports, with a view to the amount of duty to be paid by them. In what manner, and to what extent, combinations for this object would be made, especially at the smaller ports, it is im-
possible to anticipate. The men who are enabled to evade the present law, and defraud the treasury in spite of its restrictions, and with the checks now thrown around them, would not find it difficult to establish, when it suited their purposes, a fictitious market value for the most if not all of our ports. If the appraiser, convinced that by such combinations, or other means, a fraud was attempted, should find it necessary to ascertain the bona fide market value, his most efficient means of doing so would be to go to the same sources of information that he now uses. He would be compelled then, as now, to look to the foreign market, and the cost and charges of shipment, but he would be required to extend his investigation to the other elements which go to make up the home value of the article. After ascertaining the dutiable value of the goods, as at present, he must ascertain the insurance, the freight, the profits of the importer; and, adding all these together, with the amount of duty to be paid, he would arrive at the home market value. To my mind this process would constitute the fairest and satest check against fraud. As, however, all these elements, except the rate of duty, would differ according to the different modes of transportation to the different ports, it leads in the end to the same objectionable result which I have already considered. Not only so, but each new element entering into the calculation adds to the difficulty of ascertaining the true value, and opens a new door for imposition. If, as charged, we cannot ascertain the value of an article in a foreign market, and the cost of putting it on shipboard, it would be still more difficult to find out not only that, but the additional amounts of insurance, freight, and the profits of the importer. In this view of the subject, it will be perceived, that the change is objectionable for two palpable reasons. 1. By inevitably causing different valuations of the same goods at the different ports; thus violating both the spirit and letter of the Constitution, which declares that "all duties, imposts, and excises, shall be uniform throughout the United States," and that "no preference shall be given (by any regulation of commerce or revenue) to the ports of one State over those of another." Though we may not be able under any system to have the same precise valuation in every port, yet that one which most nearly approximates to it should be adopted. 2. A second objection is, that so far from preventing existing frauds, it offers greater opportunities for fraud than the present law.

It is sought to avoid these difficulties and embarrassments by making the market price at New York the standard of value, and to levy duties not only there but throughout the United States upon that basis. I do not see that it meets the objections which have been presented against the system. The same danger of affecting the market prices by improper combinations would exist. It would be attended with like difficulties in reaching the true valuation of merchandise. The appraisers at other ports would encounter the same attempts at fraud and undervaluation, without possessing equal means of detection. Its operation would be unequal and unjust; the importer at New York paving a duty upon the real value of his merchandise, whilst at all other ports he would be required to pay upon a fictitious value; as the actual value of an article in New York on one day would often be very dif-
ferent from its actual value in New Orleans and San Francisco on another or even the same day. The importer at New York would pay his duty upon the real value of his goods at the time he receives them, whilst at all other places he would be required to pay upon a fictitious value ascertained at some previous period at another point. These objections would seem to be sufficient to reject the proposition, but the impracticability of working such a plan is conclusive against it. The difficulty of ascertaining in Boston, Philadelphia, Charleston, New Orleans, and other points upon the Atlantic and Gulf, the market value of merchandise in New York would be great; but when the rule is extended to the Pacific, its enforcement would be not only violative of the constitutional provisions to which I have referred, but of every principle of justice and equality.

Adhering to the principles of the present tariff act, I would recommend such changes as will produce the amount required for the public service. In accordance with the suggestion contained in my last annual report, I recommend that schedules C, D, F, G, H, be raised respectively to $25,20,15,10$, and 5 per cent. I see no good reason for having departed in the act of 1857 from the system of decimal divisions. The present state of things affords a fit opportunity of correcting the error. This change will increase the revenue from customs $\$ 1,800,000$, upon the basis of the importations of the last fiscal year.

To raise the additional amount needed will not require an increase of all the rates of duty of the present tariff. It will become necessary, therefore, to select certain articles to be transferred from lower to higher schedules. In making such changes, the true principles governing the imposition of duties for revenue should be kept in view, and such discriminations made as, consistently therewith, will best pronote the various interests of our country without doing. injustice to any. The information contained in table 7 will afford to Congress the necessary data for their action. That table contains the importations with the rates of duty and amount of revenue derivable therefrom for each of the three last fiscal years. When the amount which the legislation of Congress shall make it necessary to raise shall have been ascertained with anything like reasonable certainty, the information contained in this table will render the work of making such transfers simple and easy.

The public debt on the 1st July, 1857, was $\$ 29,060,38690$, as stated in my last report. During the last fiscal year there was paid of that debt the sum of $\$ 3,904,40924$, leaving the sum of $\$ 25,155,97766$ outstanding on the 1st July, 1858. To this amount must be added the sum of $\$ 10,000,000$, negotiated during the present fiscal year, of the loan authorized by act of June 14, 1858. There was issued under the provisions of the act of December 23, 1857, during the last fiscal year, treasury notes to the amount of $\$ 23,716,300$, of which there was redeemed, and the department informed thereof, during the same period, $\$ 3,961,500$, leaving the sum of $\$ 19,754,800$ outstanding on the 1st July, 1858. The details are shown by statements marked 1 and 5 . In estimating the receipts and expenditures for the present and next fiscal years, it is not contemplated to redeem the outstanding treasury notes. As these notes will become due and payable during the next fiscal year, some provision should be
made to meet them. I am opposed to the policy of adding this amount to the permanent public debt by funding the notes. On the other hand their entire redemption in one year would call for an increase of the tariff to a point which would render necessary another revision of it in the succeeding year. The true policy is to look in the present revision of the tariff to their gradual redemption, commencing with the next fiscal year. To carry out this policy, Congress should provide for the raising of such amount of revenue as will enable the department to redeem a portion of them, and, at the same time, extend for one year the provision of the act of December 23, 1857, authorizing the re-issue of such portion of them as the means of the government will not enable us to redeem. By this course we shall gradually discharge this part of the public debt without placing upon the people an onerous additional burden in the unnecessary increase of their taxes.
The operations of the independent treasury system have been conducted during the last fiscal year with the usual success. Another year's experience confirms the opinions $I$ expressed on this subject in moy former annual report. I am well satisfied that the wholesome restraint which the collection of the government dues in specie exerts over the operation of our present banking system, contributed in no small degree to mitigate the disasters of the late revulsion. The opportunity which it afforded at an early period of relieving the financial embarrassments of the country by the policy of redeeming a portion of the public debt, and furnishing the country thereby with the specie used in its redemption, was attended with the happiest results. It is difficult to estimate the extent of the relief which was thus afforded, though I believe that the intelligent judgment of business men concurs in according to it the most beneficial effects. The adoption of a similar system by the different States, as suggested in my last report, would afford additional protection to the country against the ruinous effects of over banking, and consequent derangement of the currency. A remedy so simple and just for an evil so great, must commend itself to the favorable consideration of those to whom the subject is entrusted.

The attention of Congress is again called to the provisions of the act of March 3, 1857, on the subject of deposits by the disbursing agents of the government.
In my last report I stated in general terms that it was impracticable to execute the law according to its literal requirements, and the reasons were briefly set forth. The objects which the act sought to accomplish meet the entire approval of the department, and it has been carried out to the utmost extent that was practicable. A few illustrations will show the impossibility of executing the law as it now stands. By its provisions a purser in the navy would be required to deposit the funds placed in his hands for the payment of the officers and crew of a vessel, in one of the public depositories, and he could only draw it out by a draft in favor of the person to whom he desired to make payment. A vessel on a foreign station is absent not unfrequently for two and three years, and whilst thus absent the purser would have to pay the officers and men by drafts on a public deposi-
tory in the United States. He would also have to pay all other expenses, which exceeded the sum of twenty dollars, by similar drafts in favor of the person to whom the payment was to be made. A disbursing agent in the Indian Department would be required to pay the Indians their annuities by similar drafts. The disbursing agents of the army would have to settle with the officers and men of the army, at their distant posts, in the same manner. A collector of the port of Eastport, in the State of Maine, would have to transport the funds with which he is to pay the employés of the government at his port to Boston or some other place where there is a public depository, aud there give drafts on the public depository to each person to whom the payment is to be made. These cases illustrate the impossibility of executing the law as it now stands on the statute book. There are serious and almost insurmountable difficulties in the way of executing it, even in the immediate neighborhood of a public depository. Take, for illustration, a case which can be brought within the personal observation of members of Congress. There are paid monthy in Washington city more than a thousand persons. This law requires that each of these persons should receive a draft from the disbursing agent who settles with him, and present it at the Treasurer's office. The time that would be occupied by the Treasurer in identifying the applicants, and the number of additional clerks which would be required to keep the necessary books, independent of the unusual responsibility which would be put upon the Treasurer of identifying so many persons, render the execution of the law, even in this case, impracticable. For all this additional trouble and difficulty there is no compensating advantage over the present mode of making such payments, which has been found by practice both safe and expedient. It can scarcely be necessary to point out all the difficulties which exist. Congress is again referred to the circular regulations which were adopted by the department on this subject, and the recommendation of amending the law, as suggested in my last report, is repeated.
The report of the Director of the Mint is herewith transmitted, marked 9. It appears that the amount of bullion received at the several mintestablishments during the fiscal year ending June 30,1858 , was $\$ 51,494,31129$ in gold, and $\$ 9,199,95467$ in silver ; and that the coinage during the same period amounted to $\$ 52,889,80029$ in gold, and $\$ 8,233,28777$ in silver, and $\$ 234,000$ in cents.

The director recommends that the law be so amended as to make silver a legal tender to the extent of fifty or one hundred dollars. I am not aware of any serious complaint against the law as it now stands, and can see therefore no urgent necessity for a change.
He also recommends the issuing of mint certificates to depositors, for sums as low as fifty dollars, payable to bearer, with a view of creating a sound paper currency. This suggestion does not meet the approval of the department. I have many objections to the proposition, but do not deem it necessary to enter upon the discussion, as I feel quite confident there will be no serious disposition on the part of Congress to give it a favorable consideration. The nperations of the Mint, during the last fiscal year, have been conducted with energy
and ability, by the officers in charge of this important branch of the public service.
The accompanying report of the engineer in charge of the Bureau of Construction, will exhibit the progress of the various public buildings under the direction of this department. Many of them have been completed, and are ready to be occupied for the various purposes for which they were erected. In all of them, as much progress has been made, as was anticipated at the commencement of the year. No new buildings have been begun since the adjournment of Congress. In my last report I called the attention of Congress to the fact that, owing to the condition of the treasury, the department had postponed the building of a portion of the public works authorized by previous acts of Congress. To have commenced them at that time, or at any period since, would have required the borrowing of the means to construct them. The silence of Congress on the subject, indicated their approval of the policy.

The condition of the treasury at present is not more favorable for the construction of such buildings. At a time when the necessities of the government demand an increase of taxation, I should not feel justified in recommending the construction of such works as are not urgently demanded for the public service. It will be for Congress to decide, in providing the necessary means for the next fiscal year, whether or not they will impose an increased tax for such a purpose.

The occasion is an appropriate one again to call the attention of Congress to the system of erecting public buildings. They are referred to tables (Nos. 5, 6, 7, 8, and 9) appended to the engineer's report. These tables will show the number of public buildings erected at different periods, the cost of their construction, and the necessity which existed for their erection. The revenue received at any port indicates the amount of business which requires a customhouse. The amount received at a post office indicates the necessity of a building for that object, and the number of days of the sitting of the courts will show the necessity for a government building for that object. It will be for Congress to say whether a system which has led to the building of a custom-house at a port yielding \$130 93 of revenue, and a post office which pays $\$ 10765$, and of a court house where the federal courts were in session four days in a year, is entitled to their continued sanction and approvai. It is said that some of these buildings are used for all three of these purposes. This is true; but a reference to the tables alluded to will show that, in that view of the subject, the expenditure in many cases cannot be justified, as the combined services were not of sufficient importance to require the erection of such buildings. If the amount of business done at the places where these buildings have been erected justified the expenditure, then common justice would demand that similar buildings should be put up at every other place in the United States where an equal amount of business is done. To do this would require an expenditure of money which the warmest advocate of the system will not approve.

The recommendations of my last report on this subject, are again submitted to your consideration. In the present state of our finances,
it will hardly be proposed to add to the public expenditures by authorizing the erection of any more public buildings. In no event, however, should suct works be directed without first subjecting the application for them to a rigid inquiry into their necessity and propriety; and when found necessary, the department should be required to submit to Congress suitable plans and estimates of the cost, before an appropriation is made.

Your attention is particularly invited to that portion of the engineer's report which refers to the subject of marine hospitals. Each year's experience adds to the objections which have been presented to Congress to the system of building and maintaining these hospitals. The relief afforded is not more ample, whilst the expense is much greater than exists under the old system. The information which is communicated on this subject must attract the serious attention of Congress, and should lead, in myjudgment, to a radical change. The amount now annually drawn from the treasury to supply the deficiency in the fund for the relief of sick and disabled seamen exceeds the sum raised out of the wages of the seamen for this purpose. It was not so formerly, and the fact is in no small degree attributable to the increased and unnecessary expenditures growing out of the building and keeping up of marine hospitals. Besides, there is no fund disbursed by the government which possesses higher claims for a just and economical expenditure than the one under consideration. The law compels the collection of this money from the wages of the seamen, and the government undertakes to expend it for their benefit and protection. The trust is a sacred one, and can only be faithfully discharged by exercising the greatest care and economy in its disbursement. I renew the recommendations of my last report on this subject.

I deem it my duty to call the attention of Congress to the bill for the revision and consolidation of the revenue laws, reported by me in obedience to a resolution of the House of Representatives at the last session of Congress. For the reasons then suggested, I deem it important that the bill should receive the favorable action of Congress at the present session.

Instead of that portion of the bill as originally reported regulating the collection districts, and appointment and compensation of officers, I propose to submit, at an early day, a substitute suggested by the experience of an additional year in this department, which, it is believed, will obviate many existing inconveniences, and very materially reduce the expense of collecting the revenue.

In this connexion it is deemed proper to refer to a misapprehension which seems to exist, to some extent, in regard to the receipts and expenditures at certain ports.

While the amount of foreign merchandise imported at a given point would clearly indicate the necessity for an adequate provision there for the collection of the retenue, it by no means follows that the interests of the revenue do not require the services of officers at points where few or no duties are collected. A judicious disposition of a preventive force is indispensable to the collection of a revenue from imports. Especially is this true in regard to the United States, along
whose extensive seaboard and frontier boundaries there are so many points through which foreign merchandise might be thrown into the interior free of duty, but for the vigilance of a preventive corps. Upon the principal avenues of trade with foreign countries, provision has been made by law, at ports of entry, for the collection of duties, and at those ports our revenue from customs is mainly collected or secured. Other channels through which foreign merchandise might clandestinely reach the interior are, of necessity, guarded by a preventive force, and often at points where the expenses exceed the amount of collections. Such a force could not be withdrawn without leaving the laws and regulations exposed to evasion and the public revenue to incalculable loss.

Take the districts of Champlain and Vermont on the Canadian frontier as an illustration. There is a large number of officers stationed at various points along the frontier in these districts, and the expenses of collection exceed by more than one-half the amount of revenue received.

What would be the effect on the revenue of a withdrawal of this force from these points may be perceived by a glance at the connexions of those districts, and of the waters of Lake Champlain, with the principal markets and territory of Canada East.

One of these stations, Rouse's Point, where a large portion of Canadiạn commerce first enters the United States, communicates by railroads and the river St. John's with Montreal and the St. Lawrence. If no preventive force were stationed at those points, merchandise of provincial and European origin might be introduced into the United States by those routes, and at various points along the Canadian and Vermont frontier, without the possibility of prevention, and to the serious injury of the revenue from customs. Where articles are taxed by our tariff, but made free by the Canadian, or where the difference of duties in Canada and the United States would insure a profit on the adventure, merchandise might be exported in bond from our own warehouses to Canada, to be thrown thence upon our markets without the payment of any duty whatever to the United States. Merchandise so imported might supply, to a large extent, the consumption of New England and New York, in whose ports so large a portion of the public revenue is now collected.

At the ports of Pensacola, in Florida, and Shieldsboro', near the mouth of Pearl river, in Mississippi, on our Gulf coast, revenue officers are stationed, but no duties of any considerable amount collected. But for the presence of a revenue force at those points, the valuable products of European and West Indian commerce might be introduced, free of duty, into the interior through the waters commanded by those ports, with hardly a possibility of prevention, and to the serious diminution of the revenue now collected at the ports of New Orleans and Mobile.
Other instances of the necessity of a preventive service might be readily suggested, but it is not deemed necessary. It is believed that the expense of maintaining it might, at some points, be reduced without impairing its utility ; and the department has that subject now under consideration.

At the last session of Congress appropriations were made for the purchase of the best self-righting life-boats, to be placed on the coast of New Jersey, and the best life-boats for use on the coast of Long Island. As the government had already provided life-boats for those stations, the object of the law was evidently to ascertain a better boat than those already employed, and, if found, to substitute it for those now in use. Taking this view of the subject, I appointed a commission to test the qualities of the various kind of boats that had been constructed, and which were offered to the government. The report of the commissioners has been received within the last few days-too late for any action of the department before the meeting of Congress. It is herewith submitted, (marked 44,) with a view of placing before Congress all the information on the subject in the possession of the department, and also that such additional action may be had at the present session as may be deemed advisable.

The report of the Superintendent of the Coast Survey, giving a statement of the operations of this service during the last fiscal year, will be submited to Congress at an early day.

The report of the supervising inspectors (marked 12) is herewith submitted.

A report from the president and directors of the Louisville and Portland Canal Company is expected to reach the department in a short time, and when received will be submitted to Congress.
The accompanying reports from the various bureaus of the Treasury Department, (marked A to L, ) will furnish detailed statements of the business transacted in each of them.

In addition to the regular annual report of the Light-House Board, (marked No. 13,) I transmit a report from the Board, (marked No. 45, ) which has been prepared in answer to a resolution of the Senate of February 1, 1858. The information contained in it will be interesting to both Houses, and is therefore communicated at this time. All of which is respectfully submitted.

> HOWELL COBB, Secretary of the Ireasury.

Hon. John C. Breckinridge, Vice President of the United States, and President of the Senate.

## INDEX T0 REPORT 0N THE FINANCES.

Page.
The Secretary's report ..... 3
Statement No. 1 of the receipts and expenditures for the year ending June 30, 1858 . ..... 26
Statement No. 2 of the receipts and expenditures for the quarter of the fiscal year 1859, ending September 30, 1858 ..... 31
Statement No. 3 exhibiting the total value of exports to foreign countries for the fiscal year ending June 30,1858 ..... 31
Statement No. 4 exhibits the value of foreign merchandise, exclusive of specie, and specie imported, and the value of domestic and foreign merchandise, exclu- sive of specie, and specie exportel, during the fiscal years ending June 30, 1843-'44-' 45 and ' 46 ; also, the same exhibits for the fiscal years ending June 30, 1847-'48-'49-'50-'51-'52-'53-'54-'55-'56 and '57 ..... 32
Statement No. 5 showing the amount of the public debt on July 1, 1857 ; also, the amount of public debt on July 1,1858 , including treasury notes issued under act of December 23, 1857 ..... 34
Statement No. 6 exhibiting the quantity and value of iron and steel, and manu- factures thereof, imported into the United States during the fiscal years ending June 30, 1856-'57-'58 ..... 35
Statement No. 7 exhibits the value of merchandise imported during the fiscal years ending June $30,1856-57$ and ' 58 , respectively, with the duties accruing thereon; also, the value of articles imported free of duty during the same period, jncluding those made free by the act of March 3, 1857 ..... 36
Statement No. 8 of the average monthly prices of certain leading articles of domestic produce at New York for the years ending June 30, 1856-'57 and ' 58 ..... 54
Statement No. 9. Annual repert of the Director of the Mint for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1858, and accompanying tables ..... 60
Statement No. 10. Report of the engineer in charge on construction of custom- houses, court-houses, post offices, marine hospitals, and other public build- ings confided to the charge of the Treasury Department ..... 87
Statement No. 11 exhibits the receipts and expenditures of the marine hospital fund for the relief of sick and disabled seamen in the ports of the United States, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1858 ..... 132
Statement A. Report of the First Auditor on the operations of his office ..... 143
Statement B. Report of the Second Auditor on the operations of his office ..... 144
Statement C. Report cf the Third Auditor on the operations of his office. ..... 145
Statement D. Report of the Fourth Auditor on the operations of his office ..... 150
Statement E. Report of the Fifth Auditor on the operations of his office ..... 152
Statement F. Report of the Sixth Auditor on the operations of his office ..... 159
Statement G. Report of the First Comptroller on the operations of his office ..... 162
Statement H. Report of the Second Comptroller on the operations of his office ..... 164
Page.
Statement I. Report of the Commissioner of Custums on the operations of his office ..... 166
Statement J. Report of the Treasurer on the operations of his office ..... 168
Statement K. Report of the Solicitor on the operations of his office ..... 170
Statement L. Report of the Register on the operations of his office ..... 236
Statement No. 12. Report of supervising inspectors of steamboats ..... 260
Statement No. 13. Report of the Light-house Board ..... 281
Statement No. 14. Amount due under treaties with various Indian tribes, payable on time ..... 291
Statement No. 15. Amount of stock held in trust by the United States for the Chickasaw national fund and Smithsonian Institution ..... 300
Statement No. 16. Balance of various other trust funds ..... 301
Statement No. 17 exhibits the gold and silver coinage at the Mint of the United States annually from its establishment in 1792, and including the coinage of the branch mints and the assay office (New York) from their organization to September 30, 1858 ..... 302
Statement No. 18 exhibits the amount of coin and bullion imported and exported annually from 1821 to 1858 , inclusive; also, the amount of importation over exportation, and of exportation over importation during the same years ..... 304
Statement No. 19 exhibits the gross value of exports and imports from the beginning of the government to June 30, 1858 ..... 305
Statement No. 20 exhibits the amount of the tonnage of the United States annually from 1789 to June 30,1858 ; also the registered and enrolled and licensed tonnage employed in steam navigation each year ..... 307
Statement No. 21 exhibits the revenue collected from the beginning of the govern- ment to June 30, 1858, under the several heads of customs, public lands, and miscellaneous sources, including loans and treasury notes; also the expendi- tures during the same period, and the particular tariff, and price of lands under which the revenue from those sources was collected. ..... 309
Statement No. 22 exhibits the value of manufactured articles of domestic produce exported to foreign countries from June 30, 1846, to June 30, 1858 ..... 312
Statement No. 23 exhibits the value of foreign merchandise imported, re-exported, and consumed annually, from 1821 to 1858 , inclusive, and also the estimated population and rate of consumption per capita during the same period ..... 314
Statement No. 24 exhibits the total value of imports and the imports consumed in the United States, exclusive of specie, during each fiscal year from 1821 to 1858; showing, also, the value of foreign and domestic exports, exclusive of specie, and the tonnage employed during the same periods ..... 315
Statement No. 25 exhibits a summary view of the exports of domestic produce, \&c., of the United States annually from 1847 to 1858, inclusive ..... 317
Statement No. 26 exhibits the value of certain articles imported annually from June 30, 1844, to June 30, 1858, (after deducting re-exportations,) and the amount of duty which accrued on each during the same periods, respectively - ..... 318
Statement No. 27 exhibits the value of foreign merchandise and domestic produce exported annually from 1821 to 1858 , inclusive ..... 322
Statement No. 28 exhibits the quantity of wine, spirits, \&c., imported annually from 1843 to 1858, inclusive ..... 324
Statement No. 29 exhibits the value of imports annually from 1821 to 1858 ..... 326

## REPORT ON THE FINANCES.

Statement No. 30 exhibits the value of dutiable merchandise re-exported annuallyfrom 1821 to 1858, inclusive; and showing, also, the value re-exported fromwarehouse, under act of August 6, 1846327Statement No. 31 exhibits the aggregate value of breadstuffs and provisions exported annually from 1821 to 1858 ..... 328
Statement No. 32 exhibits the quantity and value of cotton exported annually from 1821 to 1858 , inclusive, and the average price per pound ..... 329
Statement No. 33 exhibits the quantity and value of tobacco and rice exported an- nually from 1821 to 1858 , inclusive ..... 330
Statement No. 34 exhibits the value of iron and manufactures of iron, and iron and steel, steel, wool and manufactures of wool, manufactures of cotton, silk and manufactures of silk, flax, linen and linen fabrics, hemp and manufactures of hemp, manilla, sun, and other hemps of India, and silk and worsted goods, imported from and exported to foreign countries from 1840 to 1858, inclusive ; and also showing the domestic exports of like articles for the same periods ..... 332
Statement No. 35 exhibits the value of iron, manufactures of iron and iron and steel, steel, sugar, wines, and all fabrics of which wool, cotton, silk, flax, or hemp is a component part, imported annually from 1847 to 1858 , inclusive, with the duties which accrued thereon during each year, respectively, and brandies for the years $1856, ~ ' 57$, and ' 58 ..... 339
Statement No. 36 exhibits the exports to and imports from Canada and other British possessions in North America from July 1, 1851, to June 30, 1858 ..... 343
Statement No. 37 exhibits the amount of goods in warehouse on July 1, 1857, and on the first of each succeding month until June 30, 1858 ..... 344
Statement No. 38 exhibits a synopsis of the returns of the banks in the different States at the dates annexed. ..... 347
Statement No. 39 exhibits a comparative view of the condition of the banks in dif- ferent sections of the Union in 1854-'55, 1855-'56, 1856-'57, and 1857-'58_ ..... 352
Statement No. 40 exhibits a general statement of the condition of the banks, accord- ing to returns dated nearest to January 1, 1858 ..... 356
Statement No. 41 exhibits a comparative view of the condition of the banks of the United States, according to returns nearest to January 1, 1834, 1835, 1836, 1837, 1838, 1839, 1840, 1841, 1842, 1843, 1844, 1845, 1846, 1847, 1848, $1849,1850,1851,1854,1855,1856,1857$, and 1858 ..... 358
Statement No. 42 exhibits the amount of moneys in the United States treasury, amount of drafts outstanding, amount subject to draft, amount of receipts, and amount of drafts paid, as shown by the treasurer's weekly exhibits, rendered during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1858 ..... 361
Statement No. 43, value of exports of the growth, produce, and manafacture of the United States during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1858 ..... 362
Statement No. 44. Report of the board of commissioners appointed by the Secretary of the Treasury upon life and surf boats ..... 367
Statement No. 45 exhibits the annual expense of erecting light-houses and support- ing the light-house system since the creation of the Light-house Board, and also the expense for the same number of years preceeding its establishment.

## No. 1.

Statement of duties, revenues, and public expenditures, during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1858, agreeably to warrants issued, exclusive of trust funds and treasury notes funded.

The receipts into the treasury during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1858, were as follows:

From customs, viz :
During the quarter ending September 30, 1857 ... \$18, 573, 72937
During the quarter ending December 31, 1857... 6, 237,723 69
During the quarter ending March 31, 1858....... 7, 127, 90069
During the quarter ending June 30, $1858 \ldots \ldots . . \quad 9,850,26721$
$\$ 41,789,62096$
From sales of public lands, viz:
During the quarter ending September 30, 1857 _-- 2, 059, 44939
During the quarter ending December 31, 1857... 498,781 53
During the quarter ending March 31, 1858 ....... 480, 93688
During the quarter ending June 30, 1858 ........ 474, 54807
From miscellaneous and incidental sources
From treasury notes issued under act of December 23, 1857

The expenditures for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1858, were as follows:
civil.

| Legislati | \$3,583, 52379 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Executive | 1,856, 017 53 |
| Judiciary | 1,062,631 61 |
| Governmen | 184,673 89 |
| Surveyors and their clerks | 163,717 13 |
| Officers of the Mint and branches, <br> New York | 88,283 33 |
| Assistant treasurers and their cler | 39,215 77 |
| Supervising and local inspectors, | 81,133 70 |

Total civil list
7,059, 19675
foreign intercourge.
Salaries of ministers, \&c $\qquad$ 255,534 12
Salaries of secretaries of legation
20,795 40
Salaries of consuls
296, 18914
Clerical services office legation at London
1,000 00
Salaries of interpreter and secretary to minister to China
6, 15132
Dragoman to legation to Turkey
3, 00000
Contingent expenses of all the missions abroad ......-
Contingent expenses of foreign intercourse .-..........
49,536 84
Intercourse with the Barbary Powers .-.-.................
Interpreters, guards, and other expenses of the consulates in the Turkish dominions
40,002 21
8, 68482
1,01205

Office rent of those consuls who are not allowed to trade
Loss by exchange on drafts of consuls and commercial agents
4,500 00
8,263 00
7,76755

| rchase of blank books, stationery, \&c., for consuls - | \$53,079 62 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Relief and protection of American | 133,648 71 |
| Expenses in acknowledging the services of masters and crews of foreign vessels in rescuing American citir zens, \&c., from shipwreck | 3,000 |
| To carry out the stipulations contained in 3d article between the United States and Denmark. | 393 |
| To carry out the stipulations contained in 6th article between the United States and Denmark | , 720 |
| Compensation of commissioner, secretary to commissioner, to run the boundary between the United States and the British provinces bounding Washington Territory $\qquad$ | 1,000 |
| Compensation to commissioner provided in 1st article reciprocity treaty with Great Britain | 1,500 |
| Expenses attendant on the execution of the neutrality act $\qquad$ | 1,370 00 |
| Expenses of sailing vessels and for surveys and umpirage 1st article reciprocity treaty with Great Britain- | 9,000 00 |
| Prosecution of work, including pay of commissioner, under reciprocity treaty with Great Britain $\qquad$ | 960 |
| Awards under 15th article of treaty | 161 |
| Suppression of the slave trade | 4,375 |
|  | 1,393, 29242 |
| Deduct repayments under appropriations where the repayments exceeded the expenditures, or where there were no expenditures. | 1,884 |


|  | 613,487 21 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Contingent espenses under the act for the safe-keeping of the public revenue $\qquad$ | 35,211 09 |
| Compensation of $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. to designated depositories | 4,818 14 |
| xpenses of loans and treasury notes. | 3,000 |
| Expenses of engraving, \&c., treasury notes, per act of December 23, 1857 | 8,019 58 |
| Building vaults as additional security to the public funds, in sixty-six depositories | 5,796 |
| Survey of the coast of the United Sta | 250, 000 |
| Survey of the western coast of the United | 96,500 |
| Survey of the Florida reefs and keys | 40, 000 |
| Survey of the islands on the coast of | 30,000 |
| Survey of the Florida keys. | 19 |
| Fuel and quarters of the officers of the army serving on the coast survey $\qquad$ | 3,000 |
| Publishing observations made in the progress of the survey of the coast of the United States. | 8,000 |
| Running a line to connect the triangulation of the Atlantic with that on the Gulf of Mexico. | 5,000 |
| Repairs and alterations of steamers and of sailing vessels employed on the survey of the coast. $\qquad$ | 15,000 |
| Payment for horses and other property lost or destroyed in the military service of the United States. | 11, 170 |
| Claims not otherwise provided for | 7,526 |
| Expenses of the Smithsonian Institution, per act of August 10, 1846. | 30,910 |
| Results and account of the explor | 4,00 |
| Preservation of the collection of the exploring expedition $\qquad$ | 3,403 47 |
| To replace the works of the exploring expedition destroved by fire. | 9,010 |

Construction of cases, \&c., for the collection of the exploring expedition

## ---.....-...........................

Payment per act July 4, 1848, on account of Cherokee Indians remaining in North Carolina
For mail services performed for the several departments of government per section 12 act of March 3, 1847
For further compinsation to the Post Office Department for mail service performed for the two Houses of Congress, \&c., per act March 3, 1851
To supply deficiencies in the revenues of the Post Office Department for the year ending June 30, 1858
Tri-monthly mail between Vera Cruz and New Orleans
To continue the mail service between Charleston and Havana during the months of August and September
Expenses incurred by the provisional government of Oregon in defending the people of the Territory from the Cayuse Indians
Public buildings in the Territories
Continuation of the Treasury building
Building post offices, court houses, \&c
Repenses of collecting the revenue from customs......
Repayment to importers of excess of deposits for unascertained duties
Debentures or drawbacks, bounties or allowances
Refanding duties on foreign merchandise imported ...
Refunding duties under the act to extend the warehousing system
Refunding duties on fish and other articles under the reciprocity treaty with Great Britain
Debentures and other charges per act of October 16, 1837
Proceeds of the sales of goods, wares, \&c., per act of April 2, 1844
Salaries of special examiners of drugs and medicines.
Additional compensation to collectors, naval officers, \&c
Support and maintenance of light-honses, \&o...-.....
Building light-houses, and for beacons, buoys, \&c....
Pevenue cutters
Marine hospital establishment.
Building, \&c., marine hospitals
Building, \&c., custom-houses, \&c
Expenses of collecting revenue from sales of public lands
Surveys of public lands
Surver of public and private land claims in Ca ifornia
Preparing unfinished records of public and private surveys
Rent of surveyor generals' offices, \&c
Repayment for land erroneously sold
Indemnity for swamp lands purchased by individuals .
Salaries and incidental expenses of commissioner to settle land claims in California
Engraving maps, views, \&c., of the survey of the boundary between the United States and Mexico...
To establish two additional land districts in Minnesota-
Three per centum to Illinois
Three per centum to Missouri
Five per centum to Michigan
Five per centum to Louisiana
Five per centum to Iowa
Five per centum to Arkansas
Two and three per centum to Mississippi
Two and three per centum to Alabama.
Five per centum to Florida.

329,566 30
$\$ 17,00000$
$4,000 \quad 00$

200,00000

500,00000
3,969, 17300
69,75000
10,00000

1,920 25
24, 25741
541,050 46
138,24141
2,907,431 63
656,226 11
487,755 35
151, 15496
1,775 86
46690
8,28314
39914
6, $748 \quad 27$
6,18045
1,162,857 51
758,663 29
182, 61412
376,806 96
333, 32316
2,021,193 74

386,819 64
186,294 9צ
9, 07498
21,375 82
60,762 19
7,913 11
2,535 85
19, 09754
6,831 74
13,791 69
79,030 09
7,358 24
10,971 30
34,219 34
18,700 79
19,943 26
26,071 76
5,535 18


Total miscellaneous
\$17,937, 21754

## Under the direction of the department or the interior.

Indian department
4, 812,815 09
Pensions, military
1, 075,63714
Pensions, naval
Relief of sundry individuals 143,246 17

Total under the direction of the Interior Department
UNDER THE DIRECTION OP THE WAR DEPARTMENT.
Army proper ..... $17,455,97685$Military Accademy
Arming and equipment of the militia. ..... 361,609 86
Armories, arsenals, \&c ..... 1,443. 23574
Fortifications and other works of defence ..... 2,667,448 11Oonstruction of roads, bridges, \&c.
429,934 18
mprovement of rivers, harbors, \&c
Pay of militia and volunteers
890,000 00
New dome of the Capitol ..... 110,000 00
Sontinuation of the General Post Office building ..... 350,00000
Continuing the Washington aqueductRelief of sundry iadividuals and miscellaneous164, 30131147,857 9850, 23434945,036 99469, 74824

6,051,923 38

## UNDER THE DIRECTION OF THE DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY.

| d subsistence, including medicines, \&c..-.....- | \$4,761, 00089 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Increase, repair, ordnance, and equipments............ | 3,394,646 29 |
| Contingent expenses | 904,314 45 |
| Navy yards | 1,982,923 62 |
| Hospitals | 71,346 70 |
| Magazines | 202,849 14 |
| Naval Academy | 43,731 22 |
| Steam mail servic | 885,322 20 |
| Six steam frigates. | 368,932 41 |
| Five steam sloops-of | 472,390 96 |
| Marine corps, including | 587,242 25 |
| Relief of sundry individuals and miscellaneou | 301,300 46 |

Total under the direction of the Navy Department
$\$ 13,976,00059$

PUBLIC DEBT.

|  | 0 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Redempt | 26,400 00 |
| Redemption of stock loan of 184 | 1,759,950 00 |
| Redemption of stock loan of | 1,435,900 00 |
| Redemption of Texan indemnity | 28,000 00 |
| Payment to such creditors of Texas as are comprehended in act September 9, 1850 | 38,788 42 |
| Redemption of bounty land stock | 22500 |
| Reimbursement of treasury notes paid in sp | 0 |
| Leimbursement of treasury notes, per act of February $24,1815$ | 00 |
| Payment of treasury notes, per act of December 23, 1857 | -3,639,300 00 |
| Premium on stock redeemed | 574,443 08 |
| nterest on public debt, | 1,567,055 67 |

Total public debt

$$
9,684,53799
$$



* In addition to this sum, $\$ 322,200$ were in course of settlement, for which warrants were not issued until after the 30th of June, 1858.
'Treasury Department, Register's Office, September, 1858. F. BIGGER, Register.

No. 2.
Receipts and expenditures of the United States for the quarter ending September 30, 1858, exclusive of trust funds.

| Receipis. |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| From customs. | \$13, 444, 52028 |
| From sales of public lands | 421, 17184 |
| From loan of 1858 | 10,000,000 00 |
| From treasury notes. | 405, 20000 |
| From miscellaneous and incidental sources | 959,987 34 |
| - | 25,230,879 46 |



Treasury Departminnt, Register's Office, November 17, 1858.
F. BIGGER, Register.

No. 3.
Statement exhibiting the total value of exports to foreign countries for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1858.

| Domestic produce, ex- <br> clusive of specie. | Foreign merchandise, <br> exclusive of specie. | Specie. | Totol exports, includ- <br> ing specie. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\$ 251,351,033$ | $\$ 20,660,241$ | $\$ 52,633,147$ | $\$ 324,644,421$ |

Treasuby Degpartieknt, Register's Office, November 9, 1858.
F. BIGGER, Register.

$$
\text { No. } 4 .
$$

Statement exhibiting the value of foreign merchandise, exclusive of specie and specie imported, and the value of domestic produce and foreign merchandise, exclusive of specie and specie exported during the fiscal years ending June 30, 1843, '44,' 45 , and' 46 .

| years. | IMPORTS. |  |  | EXPORTS. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Exclusive of specie. | Specie. | Total. | Ex :lusive of specie. |  | Specie. | Total. |
|  |  |  |  | Domes ic produce. | Foreign merchandise. |  |  |
| 9 months, to June 30, 1843.................. | \$42, 363, 240 | \$22,390,559 | \$64, 753,799 | \$77, 686, 354 | \$5, 139,335 | \$1,520,791 | \$84, 346,480 |
|  | 102,604, 606 | 5,830,429 | 108, 435, 035 | 99, 531, 774 | 6, 214, 058 | 5, 454, 214 | 111, 200, 046 |
| $\begin{array}{lll}\text { " } \\ \text { " } & \text { " } & 1845\end{array}$ | 113, 184, 322 | 4,070, 242 | 117, 254, 564 | 98,455, 330 | 7,584, 781 | 8,606,495 | 114, 646, 606 |
|  | 117, 914,065 | 3,777, 732 | 121, 691, 797 | 101, 718, 042 | 7,865, 206 | 3, 905, 268 | 113,488, 516 |
|  | 376,066, 233 | 36,068,962 | 412,135, 195 | 377, 391, 500 | 26,803, 380 | 19,486, 768 | 423, 681,648 |

## No. 4-Continued.

Statement exhibiting the value of foreign merchandise, exclusive of specie and specie imported, and the value $0_{0}^{\circ}$ domestic produce and foreign merchandise, exclusive of specie and specie exported during the fiscal years ending June 30, 1847, '48, '49, '50, '51, '52, '53, 54, '55, '56, and '57.


## No. 5. <br> Slatement showing the amount of the public debt July 1, 1857.



Statement showing the amount of the public debt July 1, 1858, including Treasury notes issued under act of December 23, 1857.

| Loan of 1842 | \$2,883, 36411 |
| :---: | :---: |
| " 1846 | 7,600 00 |
| " 1847 | 9, 412, 70000 |
| 1848 | 8,908, 34180 |
| Texan indemnity | 3,461,000 00 |
| Texas debt.. | 261,841 57 |
| Old funded and unfunded debt. | 114,118 54 |
| Treasury notes issued under acts previous to December 23, 1857 | 107, 01164 |
|  | 25,155,977 66 |
| Treasury notes issued.under act of December 23, 1857... \$23,716, 300 |  |
| Settled and entered as redeemed on the Treasury books previous to July 1, 1858 ..........\$3, 639, 300 |  |
| Redeemed and under examination in the several offices, but not entered on the Treasury books 322, 200 |  |
| 3, 961, 500 | 19,754, 80000 |
|  | 44,910,777 66 |

F. BIGGER, Register.

Treasury Departhent,<br>Register's Office, November 20, 1858.

Statement exhibiting the quantity and value of iron and steel, and manufactures thereof, imported into the United States during the fiscal years ending June 30, 1856, 1857, and 1858.

| Articles. | 1856. |  | 1857. |  | 1888. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Quantity. | Value. | Quantity. | Value. | Quantity. | Value. |
| Bar iron | 2,163,449 | \$5, 352, 785 | 1,794, 041 | \$4,423, 935 | 1,314,628 | ¢3, 318,913 |
| Rod iron | 193,820 | 478,523 | 315,735 | 809,901 | 167,708 | 426,489 |
| Hoop iron | 13,223, 639 | 345,094 | 12,070,543 | 324,675 | 9,519,581 | 273, 326 |
| Sheet iron | 31,387, 353 | 814,342 | 36, 047, 576 | 1,082, 389 | 29, 523, 002 | $945,073$ |
| Pig iron | 1, 180, 239 | 1,171,085 | 1, 035, 882 | 1,001,742 | 839,717 | $739,949$ |
| Old and scrap iron | 247,769 | 185, 112 | 165,006 | 111,680 | 145, 153 | 87,113 |
| Railroad iron .-..- | 3,109,916 | $6,179,280$ | 3, 586, 107 | 7,455,596 | 1,514,905 | 2,987,576 |
| Wire, cap and bonnet | 155,376 | 4,892 | 162,914 | 6, 168 | 174,067 | 6,900 |
| Nails, spikes and tacks | 2,292,696 | 127,879 | 3,550,329 | 188,756 | 1,483,697 | 100,481 |
| Chain cables.------.- | 15,850,788 | 485,568 | 9,874,762 | 293, 124 | 5, 246, 722 | 155,408 |
| Anchors and parts | 921,123 | 39,866 | 842,828 | $\text { 32, } 980$ | 190, 109 | $8,072$ |
| Anvils and parts .-.------ | 960,809 | $46,828$ | 1,173,877 | $67,926$ | 800, 620 | $45,275$ |
| Manufactures of iron and steel |  | 6,810,685 |  | 7,521,625 | 800,620 | $5,360,343$ |
|  | 271, 079 | 2,538,323 | 292, 154 | 2,633, 614 | 214, 317 | $1,873,111$ |
|  |  | 24, 580, 262 |  | 25, 954, 111 |  | 16,328, 039 |

Trimasury Departmant, Register's Office, November 15, 1858.

Statement exhibiting the value of merchandise imported during the fiscal years ending June 30, 1856-'57 and '58, respectively, with the duties accruing thereon; also, the value of articles imported free of duty during the same period, including those made free by the act of March 3, 1857.

FREE UNDER ACT OF 1846.


## Articles the produce of the United States brought back.

 Articles specially imported for philosophical societies, colleges, seminaries of learning, \&c .-... All other articles not subject to dutyOil, and products of American fisheries-
Oils, spermaceti, whale, and other fish.
Other products of fisheries

1,287,831
331,576
51,462 $19,730,891$


1,244,692 525, 376 64,341 18,225, 696

FREE UNDER ACT OF $185 \%$.

| Species of merchandise. | 1856. |  |  | 1857. |  |  | 1858. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rate. | Value. | Duty. | Rate. | Value. | Duty. | Value. |
| Argols or crude tartar -...-.-.-.-.-.-...-.---.......-Articles in a crude state used in dyeing or tanning-.. |  |  |  |  |  |  | \$66,785 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 322,456 |
| Bark, Peruvian -.-.-.-.-. | 15 | \$402,925 | \$60,438 75 | 15 | \$386, 252 | \$87, 93780 | 813, 184 |
| Berries, nuts, \&c., including nut-galls, safflower, weld, \&c., used in dyeing or composing dyes. |  |  |  |  |  |  | 12,828 |
| Bismuth - .-...........-........-.-. |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3,266 |
| Bitter apples |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1,575 |
| Bolting cloths Bone-black | 25 20 | 70, 146 | 17,53650 29 | $\begin{aligned} & 25 \\ & 20 \end{aligned}$ | 57, 602 | 14,400 50 | 107, 612 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 9, 296 |
| Bras, old... | \} 5 | 26,887 | 1,344 35 | 5 | 18,153 | 90765 | 12,490 |
| Brass, pigs..........-. | ${ }_{10}$ | 86,979 | 8,697 90 | 10 | 111, 211 | 11, 12110 | 65,423 |
|  |  | 1,388, 812 | 69,440 60 | 5 | 1,659,513 | 82,975 65 | 745,932 322,618 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dyewoud in sticks .-. |  | 796,802 | 39,840 10 | 5 | 866, 048 | 43,302 40 | 887,486 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 197, 934 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 364 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 500 401,387 |
| Linseed not embracing flaxseed Madder root. $\qquad$ <br> Madder, ground or prepared. $\qquad$ <br> Manures, substances expressly used for <br> Maps and charts $\qquad$ $\qquad$ |  | 1, 741, 260 | 348, 25200 | 20 | 3, 003,824 | 600,76480 | 3, 243, 174 |
|  |  | 1,671,805 | 89,590 25 | 5 | 1,375,472 | 68,77360 | 78, 144 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 643, 642 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 6,562 |



No. 7.-STATEMENT-Continued.

| Species of merchandise. | 1856. |  |  | 1857. |  |  | 1858. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Ratt | Value. | Duty. | Ratr | Value. | Duty. | Rate | Value. | Duty. |
| Manufactures of wool- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Piece goods, including wool and cotton. | 30 | \$11,683, 476 | \$3, 505,042 80 | 30 | \$11, 009,605 | \$3, 302,881 50 | 24 | \$7, 626,830 | \$1,830,439 20 |
| Shawls of wool, wool and cotton, silk, and silk and cotton | 30 | 2,529,771 | 758,931 30 | 30 | 2,246,351 | 673,905 30 | 24 | 2,002,653 | 480,636 72 |
| Blankets. | 20 | 1,205, 300 | 241, 06000 | 20 | 1,630,973 | 326, 19460 | 15 | 1,574,716 | 236, 20740 |
| Hosiery and articles made on frames. | 30 | 1, 173, 094 | 351,928 20 | 30 | 1,740,829 | 522, 24870 | 24 | 1,837,561 | 441, 01464 |
| Worsted piece goods, including cotton and worsted | 25 | 12, 236, 275 | 3, 059,068 75 | 25 | 11, 365, 669 | 2,841,417 25 | 19 | 10,780, 379 | 2, 048, 27201 |
| Woolen and worsted yar | 25 | 198,746 | 49, 68650 | 25 | 192, 147 | 48, 03675 | 19 | 196, 285 | 37, 29415 |
| Manufactures of, not spe | 30 | 505, 004 | 151,501 20 | 30 | 693, 640 | 208,092 00 | 24 | 663, 372 | 159, 20928 |
| Flannels. | 25 | 100, 248 | 25,062 00 | 25 | 105,779 | 26,444 75 | 19 | 137,687 | 26,160 53 |
| Baizes and bockings | 25 | 117,561 | 29,390 25 | 25 | 119,835 | 29,958 75 | 19 | 124, 008 | 23,561 52 |
| Carpeting- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wilton, Saxony, Aubusson, Brussels, \&c. | 30 | 1,929, 196 | 578,758 80 | 30 | 1,784, 196 | 535, 25880 | 24 | \} $1,542,600$ | 370,224 00 |
| Not specified.-.-.--------------------- | 30 | 283,122 | 84,936 60 | 30 | 397, 094 | 119, 12820 | 24 | ) 1,542,600 | 370,224 00 |
| Manufactures of cotton- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Piece goods | 25 | 19, 110, 752 | 4,777, 68800 | 25 | 21,441, 082 | 5, 360, 27050 | 19 | 741, 077 | 140,804 63 |
| Velvets. | 20 | 565, 883 | 113, 17660 | 20 | 678, 294 | 135, 65880 | 15 | 298, 134 | 44,720 10 |
| Cords, gimps, and galloo | 30 | 194,005 | 58, 20150 | 30 | 213,824 | 64, 14720 | 24 | 40,969 | 9,832 56 |
| Hosiery and articles made on fram | 20 | 2,516,848 | 503, 36960 | 20 | 3,210,287 | 642,057 40 | 15 | 2,120,868 | 318, 13020 |
| Twist, yarn, and thread. | 25 | 1,276, 760 | 319, 19000 | 25 | 1,401, 153 | 350, 28825 | 19 | 1,080, 671 | 205, 32749 |
| Hatters' plush, of silk and cotto | 20 | 26,468 | 5,293 60 | 20 | 11,473 | 2,294 60 | 15 | 4,818 | 72270 |
| Manufactures of, not specified...- .-.. | 25 | 2,227, 283 | 556,820 75 | 25 | 1,729, 613 | 432,403 25 | 19 | 966, 017 | 183,543 23 |
| Cottons bleached, printed, puinted, or dyed- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All other manufactures wholly of cotton |  |  |  |  |  |  | 24 | 320,863 | 77,007 12 |
| Silk and manufactures of silk- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Piece goods.. | 25 | 25, 200,651 | 6, 300, 16275 | 25 | 22,067,369 | 5,516,842 25 |  | 16, 121,395 | $3,063,06505$ 100,12032 |
| Hosiery and articles made on frames | 30 | 611, 298 | 183, 38940 | 30 | 839,299 | 251,789 70 | 24 | 417,168 | 100, 12032 |


| Sewing silk | 30 | 250, 138 | 75, 041 녕 | 30 | 211, \%2 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 63,516 90 | 24 | 111, 012 | 26,858 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Twist.- |  |  |  |  |  |  | 24 | 11,992 | 2,878, |  |
| Hats and bonne | 30 | 102,887 | 30,848 10 | 30 | 151, 192 | 45,357 60 | 24 | 94, 396 | 22,655 |  |
| Manufactures of, not specilied | 25 | 3, 974, 974 | 993,743 50 | 25 | 4,442, 528 | 1,110,630 50 | 19 | 3, 207, 043 | 609, 338 |  |
| Floss | 25 | 16,498 | 4,124 B4 | 25 | 30,612 | 7,65300 | 19 | -16,067 | 3, 052 |  |
| Raw-...-.-.- | 15 | 991, 234 | 148,685 10 | 15 | 953, 734 | 143, 06010 | 12 | 242, 130 | 29,055 |  |
| Bolting cloths | 25 | 70, 146 | 17,536 80 | 25 | 57,602 | 14,400 50 |  |  |  |  |
| Silk and worsted piece goods | 25 | 1,335,247 | 333,811 75 | 25 | 1,580, 246 | 395, 06150 | 19 | 1, 249,385 | 237, 383 |  |
| Goats' hair or mohair piece goods Manufactures of fla | 25 | 307,328 | 76,832 00 | 25 | 503,993 | 125,998 25 | 19 | 515, 64] | 97,971 |  |
| Linens bleached or unbleached | 20 | 9,849,600 | 1,969,920 00 | 20 | 9, 975, 338 | 1,995, 06760 | 15 | 5,598,571 | 839,785 |  |
| Hosiery and articles made on frames.. | 30 | 4,921 | 1,476 30 | 30 | 6,912 | 2,073 60 | 24 | 5,316 | 1, 275 |  |
| Manufactures of, not specified. | 20 | 1,334, 942 | 266,988 40 | 20 | 1,459, 292 | 291,858 40 | 15 | 953,436 | 143, 015 |  |
| Manufactures of hemp- <br> Ticklenburgs, Osmaburgs, and burlaps. | 20 | 88, 051 | 17,610 20 | 20 | 130, 864 | 26,172 80 | 15 | 78,749 | 11,812 |  |
| Articles not specified | 20 | 124,833 | 24,966 60 | 20 | 360,469 | 72,093 80 | 15 | 520, 029 | 78,004 | 35 |
| Sail duck, Russia, Holland, and Ravens. | 20 | 12,850 | 2,570 00 | 20 | 14, 180 | 2,836 00 | 15 | 7,592 | 1, 138 | 80 |
| Cotton bagging | 20 | 27,996 | 5,599 20 | 20 | 14, 069 | 2,813 80 | 15 | 8,296 | 1,244 |  |
| Clothing- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ready made... | 30 | 404,133 | 121, 23990 | 30 | 347, 471 | 104,241 30 | 24 | 322,024 | 77, 285 | 76 |
| $\xrightarrow[\text { Articles of wear }]{ }$ | 30 | 1,574,211 | 472,263 30 | 30 | 1,571,517 | 471,455 10 | 24 | 961,514 | 230,763 |  |
| Laces- <br> Thread and inser | 20 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cotton insertings, trimmings, laces, braids, \&c. $\qquad$ | 20 25 | 410,591 $1,191,019$ | 82,11820 297,754 | 20 25 | 321,961 $1,129,754$ | 64,392 282,438 50 | 15 19 | 189,494 619,680 | 28,424 17,739 |  |
| Embroideries of wool, cotton, silk, and linen | 25 30 | $1,191,019$ $4,664,353$ | 1,399,305 90 | 25 30 | $1,129,754$ $4,443,175$ | 282,43850 $1,332,95250$ | 19 24 | 619,680 $2,845,029$ | 117,739 682,806 |  |
| Floor cloth, patent painted, | 30 | 8,091 | 2,427 30 | 30 | 9,524 | 1,32,857 20 | 24 | 2,845,029 | - 320 | 64 |
| Oil cloth of all kinds......-........--- | 30 | 30,050 | 9,015 00 | 30 | 34, 761 | 10,428 30 | 24 | 21,549 | 5,171 |  |
| Lastings and mohair cloth for shoes and buttons $\qquad$ | 5 | 106,618 | 5,330 90 | 5 | 99,03: | 4,951 70 | , | 65, 090 | 2,603 | 60 |
| Gunny cloth and gunny bags ..-.-.--- | 20 | 1,249, 167 | 249,833 40 | 20 | 2, 139, 793 | 427,958 60 | 15 | 1,437, 767 | 215, 665 | 05 |
| Matting, Chinese and other, of flags -- | 25 | 221,795 | 55,448 75 | 25 | 207,587 | 51,896 75 | 19 | 216,441 | 41, 123 |  |
| Hats, caps, bonnets, flats, braids, and plaits of leghorn, straw, chip, or grass, \&c. $\qquad$ | 30 | 1,935,254 | 580,576 20 | 30 | 2,246, 928 | 674, 078 40 | 24 | 1,182,837 | 283,880 |  |
| Ditto of hair, whalebone, or other material not otherwise provided for. |  |  |  |  |  | 67, 078 - | 24 | 1,182, 3 | 3,444 |  |

No. 7.-STATEMENT-Continued.

| Species of merchandise. | 1856. |  |  | 1857. |  |  | 1858. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rate | Value. | Duty. | Rate | Value. | Duty. | Rate | Value. | Duty. |
| Manufactures of iron and steel- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Muskets and rifles | 30 | \$40, 946 | \$12,283 80 | 30 | \$61, 170 | \$18,351 00 | 24 | \$17, 024 | \$4,085 76 |
| Fire-arms not specified | 30 | 576,435 | 172,930 50 | 30 | 541, 175 | 162,352 50 | 24 | 382, 610 | 91,826 40 |
| Side-arms ----- | 30 | 3,015 | 90450 | 30 | 5,294 | 1,588 20 | 24 | 4,747 | 1,139 28 |
| Needles | 20 | 246, 060 | 49,212 00 | 20 | 250, 320 | 50,064 00 | 15 | 202, 163 | 30, 32445 |
| Cutlery | 30 | 1, 698, 094 | 509,428 20 | 30 | 2,140,824 | 642,24720 | 24 | 1,489, 054 | 357,39276 |
| Other manufactures and ware specified | 30 | 4,191, 147 | 1, 257, 34410 | 30 | 4,475,545 | 1,342,663 50 | 24 | 2,260,402 | 542,496 48 |
| Cap or bonnet wire -----.- | 30 | 4,892 | 1,467 60 | 30 | 6,168 | 1,850 40 | 24 | 6,900 | 1,656 00 |
| Nails, spikes, tacks, | 30 | 127, 879 | 38,363 70 | 30 | 188, 756 | 56,626 80 | 24 | 100, 481 | 24, 11544 |
| Chain cables. | 30 | 485, 568 | 145,670 40 | 30 | 293, 124 | 87,937 20 | 24 | 155,408 | 37,297 92 |
| Mill saws, cross cut and pit | 30 | 54,988 | 16,496 40 | 30 | 47, 297 | 14,189 10 | 24 | 34,210 | 8,210 40 |
| Anchors and parts thereof | 30 | 39,866 | 11,959 80 | 30 | 32,980 | 9,894 00 | 24 | 8,072 | 1,937 28 |
| Anvils and parts thereof | 30 | 46,828 | 14,048 40 | 30 | 67,926 | 20,377 80 | 24 | 45,275 | 10,866 00 |
| Bar iron. | 30 | 5, 352,785 | 1,605,835 50 | 30 | 4,423,935 | 1,327, 18050 | 24 | 3, 318, 913 | 796,539 12 |
| Rod | 30 | 478,523 | 143,556 90 | 30 | 809, 901 | 242,970 30 | 24 | 426,499 | 102,359 76 |
| Hoop | 30 | 345, 094 | 103,528 20 | 30 | 324, 675 | 97,402 50 | 24 | 273, 326 | 65,598 24 |
| Sheet | 30 | 814, 342 | 244,302 60 | 30 | 1, 082, 389 | 324, 71670 | 24 | 945,073 | 226,817 52 |
| Pig--- | 30 | 1,171, 085 | 351, 32550 | 30 | 1, 001, 742 | 300,522 60 | 24 | 739,949 | 177,587 76 |
| Old and scrap | 30 | 185, 112 | 55,533 60 | 30 | 111, 680 | 33, 50400 | 24 | 87, 113 | 20,907 12 |
| Railroad. | 30 | 6,179, 280 | 1,853,784 00 | 30 | 7,455,596 | 2,236, 67880 | 24 | 2,987,576 | 717,018 24 |
| Steel, cast shear and Ger | 15 | 1,698,355 | 254,743 25 | 15 | 1,775,292 | 266, 29380 | 12 | 1, 147, 773 | 137,732 76 |
| All other----.-............... | 20 | 839,968 | 167,993 60 | 20 | 858,322 | 171, 66440 | 15 | 725, 338 | 108,800 70 |
| Manufactures of steel, all othe |  |  |  |  |  |  | 21 | 970,133 | 231,831 92 |
| Copper and manufactures of copper- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| In pires, bars, and old.-...-- | 5 30 | 1,388, 812 | 69,440 60 | 5 | 1,659,513 | 82,975 65 | Free |  |  |
| Braziers' | 20 | 1,350 | 27000 | 30 20 | 1,355 |  | 24 | 243 |  |

Copper bottoms
Manufactures of, not specified
Rods and bolts
Nails and spikes
Brass and manufactures of brass
In pigs, bars and old.
Wire.
Sheet and rolled.
and manufactures of tin-
In pigs and bars.
heets
$\qquad$
In $p$
Toil
Manufactures of, not specifed
Lead and manufactures of lead-
Pig, bar, sheot, and old
Shot.
Pipes
Manufactures of, not specified
Pewter,
Manufactures
Zinc and manufactures of
In pigs.
In sheet $\qquad$
In nails $\qquad$
Spelter
Manufactures of, not specified
Manufactures of gold and silver-
Epaulets, wings, lace, galloons, tresses, tassels, \&c.
Gold and silver leaf
Jewelry, real or imitations
Gems, set
Gems, otherwise
Manufactures of, not specified
Glaziers
Clocks
Chronometers
Watches and parts of




3,823 , 09

| $\begin{array}{r} 5,194 \\ 104,032 \\ 8 \\ 68 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 77910 \\ 24,96768 \\ 120 \\ 1020 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2,136 | 51264 |
| 281 | 6744 |
| 166,935 | 40,064 40 |
| 3,842,968 | 307,437 44 |
| 25,317 | 3, 03804 |
| 27,675 | 6,642 00 |
| 1,972,243 | 295,836 45 |
| 8,132 | 1, 21980 |
| 1,501 | 22515 |
| 855 | 20520 |
| 2,543 | 10172 |
| 2,062 | 49488 |
| 28,701 | 1,148 04 |
| 209,736 | 25, 16832 |
| 1,156 | 27744 |
| 212,823 | 8,51292 |
| 4,865 | 1,167 60 |
| 35, 294 | 8,470 56 |
| 40, 087 | 4,810 44 |
| 385, 945 | 92,626 80 |
| 3, 915 | 93960 |
| 339,241 | 13,569 64 |
| 55, 288 | 13,267 68 |
| 1,683 | 18396 |
| 54,058 | 12,973 92 |
| 9, 090 | 72720 |
| 2,118,838 | 169,507 04 |

No. 7.-STATEMENT-Continued.

| Species of merchandise. | 1856. |  |  | 1857. |  |  | 1858. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rate | Value. | Duty. | Rate | Value. | Duty. | Rate | Value. | Duty. |  |
| Watch materials and unfinished parts of watches. |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4 | \$44, 135 | \$1,765 | 56 |
| Metallic pens | 30 | \$116, 155 | \$34, 84650 | 30 | \$108, 661 | \$32,598 30 | 24 | 83, 630 | 20,071 2 |  |
| Pins in packs or otherwise | 30 | 40,255 | 12,076 50 | 30 | 56, 110 | 16,833 00 | 24 | 33, 132 | 7,951 6 | 68 |
| Buttons, metal.-------. | 25 | 24,672 | 6,168 00 | 25 | 13,178 | 3,294 50 | 19 | 12,788 | 2,429 | 72 |
| All other, and button moulds. | 25 | 816,383 | 204,095 75 | 25 | 912,871 | 228,217 75 | 19 | 483, 141 | 91,796 7 | 79 |
| Glass and manafactures of glass- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 30 | 330, 720 | 99.21600 | 30 | 243, 762 | 73, 12860 | 24 | 198, 109 | 47,546 |  |
| Paintings on glass, porcelain and colored | 30 | 43,578 | 13,073 40 | 30 | 33, 783 | 10, 13490 | 24 | 36, 379 | 8.730 9 | 96 |
| Polished plate.-----.------------- | 30 | 473,205 | 141,961 00 | 30 | 525, 061 | 157,518 30 | 24 | 397, 310 | 95, 354 | 40 |
| Manufactures of, not specified | 30 | 108,416 | 32,524 80 | 30 | 142, 904 | 42,871 20 | 24 | 138, 249 | 33, 1797 | 76 |
| Glassware, cut.-.- | 40 | 80,978 | 32,391 20 | 40 | 112,940 | 45, 17600 | 30 | 101, 496 | 30,448 | 80 |
| Glassware, plain | 30 | 74,976 | 22,492 80 | 30 | 79,738 | 23,921 40 | 24 | 63, 681 | 15, 2834 | 44 |
| Watch crystals | 30 | 30,036 | 9, 01080 | 30 | 32,170 | 9,651 00 | 24 | 35, 141 | 8,43:3 | 84 |
| Bottles. | 30 | 95,292 | 28,587 60 | 30 | 39,225 | 11,76750 | 24 | 29,841 | 7,161 8 | 84 |
| Demijohns | 30 | 19,414 | 6,824 20 | 30 | 30,399 | 9,119 70 | 24 | 32,016 | 7,6838 | 84 |
| Window glass, broad, crown, and cylinder | 20 | 488,437 | 97,687 40 | 20 | 641, 093 | 128,218 60 | 15 | 626,747 | 94,012 | 05 |
| Taper and manufactures of paper- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 28 |
| Writing paper....-. Sheathing paper.-. | 30 20 | 272,010 5,530 | 81,603 1,106 00 | 30 20 | 343, 240 | 102,972 00 | 15 | 256,322 | 61,517 |  |
| Playing cards. | 30 | 10,577 | 3,173 10 | 30 | 17, 281 | 5,184 30 | 24 | 18,595 | 4,462 8 | 80 |
| Papier mache, articles and wares of | 30 | 25, 051 | 7,515 30 | 30 | 33, 948 | 10, 18440 | 24 | 22,954 | 5,508 | 96 |
| Puper hangings | 20 | 228,577 | 45,715 40 | 20 | 254,591 | 50, 91820 | 15 | 104,758 | 15,71370 |  |
| Paper boxes and fancy boxes..------- | 30 | 36, 700 | 11,010 00 | 30 | 36,900 | 11,070 00 | 24 | 33, 523 | 8,045 | 52 |
| Paper, and manufactures of, not specified $\qquad$ | 30 | 135, 167 | 40,550 10 | 30 | 178, 228 | 53,468 40 | 24 | 123, 169 | 29,560 | 56 |
|  | 20 | 12,940 | 2,588 00 | 20 | 18,884 | 3,776 80 | 15 | 18, 343 | 2,751 | 45 |
| Parchment | 30 | 6,049 | 1,814 70 | 30 | 5,750 | 1,725 00 | 24 | 4,340 | 1,041 6 |  |


| Printed books, magazines, \&c.In English. | 10 | 560, 147 | 56,014 80 | 10 | 663,487 | 66,359 70 | 8 | 456,450 | 36,516 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| In other languages | $10{ }^{\text {a }}$ | 180,755 | 18,075 80 | 10 | 179,084 | 17,908 40 | 8 | 175,508 | 14,040 | 64 |
| Periodicals and illustrated newspapers. | 10 | 26;863 | 2,626 30 | 10 | 30,497 | 3,049 70 | 8 | 21,964 | 1,757 | 12 |
| Periodicals and other works in course of republication $\qquad$ | 20 | 143 |  | 20 |  | 6520 | 15 | 158 |  |  |
| Engravings .-- | 10 | 162,439 | 16,243 90 | 10 | 182,369 | 18,236 90 | 8 | 133, 059 | 10, 644 | 72 |
| Mathematical instrum | 30 | 162,826 | 11,647 80 | 30 | 34,925 | 10,477 50 | 24 | 21, 437 | 5,144 | 88 |
| Musical instruments. | 20 | 431, 084 | 86, 33680 | 20 | 494,374 | 98,874 80 | 15 | 378,928 | 56,839 | 20 |
| Daguerreotype plates | 30 | 104, 057 | 31, 21710 | 30 | 10,968 | 3, 29040 | 24 | 1,828 | 438 | 72 |
| Ink and ink powders......-- | 30 | 26,793 | 8,037 90 | 30 | 47,734 | 14,320 20 | 24 | 23,410 | 5, 618 | 40 |
| Leather and manufactures of leatherTanned, bend, sole, and upper | 20 | 1, 913, 95\% | 382,797 40 | 20 | 1,606, 458 | 321,291 60 | 15 | 1,259,711 | 188,956 | 65 |
| Skins tanned and dressed | 20 | 758,758 | 151,751 60 | 20 | 809, 273 | 161,854 60 | 15 | 806,412 | 120,961 | 80 |
| Skivers | 20 | 69,212 | 13,842 40 | 20 | 68,194 | 13, 63880 | 15 | 35,976 | 5,396 | 40 |
| Boots and shoes | 30 | 138,372 | 41,511 60 | 30 | 127, 651 | 38,295 30 | 24 | 87, 101 | 20,904 | 24 |
| Gloves for men, women, and children. | 30 | 1,344,550 | 403, 36500 | 30 | 1,559,332 | 467,799 60 | 24 | 1,449,672 | 347, 921 | 28 |
| Manufactures of, not specified...--.... | 30 | 310,243 | 93,072 90 | 30 | 459,161 | 137, 74830 | 24 | -278,946 | 66,947 | 04 |
| Wares- Japanned leather or skins of all kinds. |  |  |  |  |  |  | 19 | 226,142 | 42,966 | 98 |
| China, porcelain, earthen, and stone | 30 | 3, 347, 884 | 1,004,365 20 | 30 | 4, 037, 064 | 1,211,119 20 | 24 |  |  |  |
| Plated or gilt ...-----.-................. | 30 | 160, 198 | 48,059 40 | 30 | 160,824 | - 48,247 20 | 24 | 95,991 | 23,037 | $84$ |
| Japanned. | 30 | 39,605 | 11,881 50 | 30 | 46,333 | 13,899 90 | 24 | 29,863 | 7,167 |  |
| Britannia | 30 | 8,198 | 2,459 40 | 30 | 8,984 | 2,695 20 | 24 | 4,275 | 1,026 |  |
| Chemical earthen or pottery, of a capacity exceeding ten gallons | 15 |  |  | 15 | 8, 81 | 2,655 20 | 15 | 4,275 18,959 | 1,026 | 85 |
| Silver plated metal | 30 | 2,218 | 66540 | 30 | 1,993 | 59790 | 24 | 6,731 | 1,615 | 44 |
| Silver plated wire Saddlery- | 30 | 7,084 | 2,125 20 | 30 | 2,948 | 88440 | 24 | 8,439 | 2,025 |  |
| Common tinned or japann | 15 | 65, 359 | 13, 07180 | 15 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Plated, brass, or polished steel | 30 | 154, 054 | 46,216 20 | 30 | 195, 164 | 158,549 20 | 24 | 56,669 138,490 | $\begin{array}{r} 8,500 \\ 33,237 \end{array}$ |  |
| Furs- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 138,490 | 33, 237 |  |
| Undressed on the skin -...-....-.-.-. | 10 | 665, 607 | 66,560 70 | 10 | 518,792 | 51,879 20 | 8 | 321,935 | 25,754 |  |
| Hatters' furs, dressed or undressed, upon the skin. | 10 | 1,755, 704 | 175,570 40 | 10 | 1,572,388 | 157, 23880 | 8 | 876, 156 | 25,754 70,092 | 88 |
| Dressed on the skin | 20 | 157, 200 | 31,440 OC | 20 | 214,405 | 42,881 00 | 15 | 199, 714 | 29,957 | 10 |
| Manufactures of fur... | 30 | 41,924 | 12,577 20 | 30 | 49, 255 | 14,986 50 | 24 | 54, 412 | 13, 058 |  |
| Wood, m uactures of Cabinet and household furniture. | 30 | 46, 781 | 14,034 80 | 30 | 47, *) | $14,30880$ | 24 | 51,958 | 12,469 | 92 |

No. 7.-STATEMENT-Continued.

| Species of merchandise. | 1856. |  |  | 1857. |  |  | 1858. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rate | Value. | Duty. | Rate | Value. | Duty. | Rate | Value. | Duty. |  |
| Wood, manufactures of-Continued- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cedar, mahogany, rose, and satin wood. | 40 | \$22,307 | \$8,922 80 | 40 | \$15, 185 | \$6,074 00 | 30 | \$25, 348 | \$7, 604 |  |
| Willow --.----- --- | 30 | 125, 808 | 37,742 40 | 30 | 175, 484 | 52,645 20 | 24 | 112, 725 | 27,054 |  |
| Wood, uvmanufactured- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Willow .-.-......... | 20 | 36,554 | 7,310 80 | 20 | 41,773 | 8,354 60 | 15 | 35, 141 | 5, 271 |  |
| Firewood and other not specifled | 30 | 25,157 | \%,547 10 | 30 | 29,457 | 8,837 10 | 24 | 5,057 | 1,213 |  |
| Dye-wood in stick . | 5 | 796,802 | 39,840 10 | 5 | 866,048 | 43,302 40 | Free |  |  |  |
| Bark of the cork tree- <br> Corks $\qquad$ | 30 | 202,567 | 60,770 10 | 30 | 209, 572 | 62,871 60 | 24 | 167, 181 | 40,123 | 44 |
| Manufactures of |  |  |  |  |  |  | 24 | 86 |  | 64 |
| Unmanufactured | 15 | 9, 130 | 1,369 50 | 15 | 17, 692 | 2, 65380 | 4 | 13, 922 | 656 | 88 |
| Ivory- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unmanufactured | 5 | 320, 100 | 16,005 00 | 5 | 507,483 | 25, 37415 | Free | 15,09 | 3,622 |  |
| Marble- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Manufactures of | 30 | 38, 054 | 11,416 20 | 30 | 25, 253 | 7,575 90 | 24 | 16,491 | 3,957 | 84 |
| Unmanufactured | 20 | 177, 967 | 35, 59340 | 20 | 201, 978 | 40,395 60 | 15 | 167,634 | 25, 145 |  |
| Burr stones | 10 | 86, 979 | 8,697 90 | 10 | 111, 211 | 11, 12110 | Free |  |  |  |
| Quicksilver | 20 | 3, 625 | 72500 | 20 | ${ }^{961}$ | 19220 | 15 | 1,029 | 154 | 35 |
| Brushes and brooms | 30 | 252,643 | 75,792 90 | 30 | 283, 968 | 85, 19040 | 24 | 170, 078 | 40, 818 | 72 |
| Black lead pencils. | 30 | 72,687 | 21,80610 | 30 | 88, 089 | 26,426 70 | 24 | 93,779 | 22,506 | 96 |
| Slates of all kinds. | 25 | 86, 248 | 21,562 00 | 25 | -96,176 | 24, 04400 | 19 | 85,775 | 16,297 | 25 |
| Raw hides and skins -........-- Boots and shoes other than leath | 5 30 | $8,083,292$ 32,742 | $\begin{array}{r}404,164 \\ 9,822 \\ \hline 10\end{array}$ | 30 | $10,010,090$ 30,525 | 500,50450 9,15750 | 4 24 | $9,884,358$ 30,754 | 395,374 7,380 |  |
| India rubber- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Manufactures of | 30 | 97,796 | 29,338 80 | 30 | 180,585 | 54,175 50 | 24 | 89,245 | 21,418 | 80 |
| Unmanufactured | 10 | 1,045,576 | 104,557 60 | 10 | 832, 058 | 83,205 80 | 4 | 666,583 | 26,663 | 32 |


| Hair - |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |
| Un |  |
| Grass cloth |  |
| Umbrellas, parasols, and sun-shades of silk and other $\qquad$ |  |
|  |  |
| Angora, Thibet, and other goats' hair, and mohair. |  |
|  |  |
| Wines in casks- |  |
| Burgundy --- |  |
| Madeira |  |
| Sherry and St. Lucar. |  |
|  |  |
| Claret |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| Sicily and other Mediterranean .-....- |  |
| Austria and other of Germany .-....... |  |
| Red wines not enumerated.-.-------- |  |
| White wines not enumerated. |  |
| Wine, in bottles- |  |
| Burgundy |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| Port - .-. |  |
|  |  |
| Champagne |  |
|  |  |
| Spirits, foreign distilled-Brandy |  |
|  |  |
| From gra |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| Beer, ale, and porter- |  |
| In casks. <br> In bottles |  |
|  |  |

Honey


| 129,860 | 38,958 | 00 | 30 | 129,571 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 427, 870 | 42,787 | 00 | 10 | 453, 705 |
| 29,387 | 7,346 7 |  | 25 | 43,804 |
| 69,274 | 20,782 | 20 | 30 | 65, 360 |
| 1,741, 260 | 348,252 | 00 | 20 | 3,003, 824 |
| 13, 184 | 2,636 | 80 | 20 | 575 |
| 1,665, 064 | 499,519 2 | 20 | 20 | 2,125,744 |
| 5,863 | 2,345 | 20 | 40 | 21,627 |
| 32,031 | 12,812 | 40 | 40 | 65, 880 |
| 270,317 | 108, 126 | 80 | 40 | 364, 906 |
| 158,729 | 63,491 60 | 60 | 40 | 407, 564 |
| 561,440 | 224,576 | 00 | 40 | 669,403 |
| 3, 380 | 1,352 | 00 | 40 | 565 |
| 7,795 | 3,118 | 00 | 40 | 4,704 |
| 61,954 | 24,781 6 | 60 | 40 | 133,894 |
| 19,749 | 7,899 | 60 | 40 | 27, 259 |
| 279,248 | 111,699 20 | 20 | 40 | 500, 527 |
| 158,575 | 63,430 | 00 | 40 | 252, 584 |
| 5,715 | 2,286 | 00 | 40 | 7,064 |
| 3,597 | 1,438 | 80 | 40 | 2,734 |
| 16,893 | 6,757 20 | 20 | 40 | 11, 139 |
| 9,590 | 3,836 | 00 | 40 | 16,837 |
| 305,912 | 122,364 | 80 | 40 | 365,807 |
| 970,706 | 388,282 | 40 | 40 | 1,148, 469 |
| 292,946 | 117, 178 | 40 | 40 | 273, 242 |
| 2,859,342 | 2,859,342 0 | 00 | 100 | 2,527, 262 |
| 772, 276 | 772,276 | 00 | 100 | 1, 125, 160 |
| 288,494 | 288,494 | 00 | 100 | 218, 907 |
| 81,463 | 81,463 |  | 100 | 92,396 |
| 190,554 | 57,166 20 | 20 | 30 | 221, 290 |
| 520,343 | 156,102 |  | 30 | 628, 550 |
| 169,643 | 50,8 |  | 30 | 202 |



No. 7.-STATEMENT-Continued.

| Species of merchandise. | 1856. |  |  | 1857. |  |  | 1858. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rate | Value. | Duty. | Rate | Value. | Duty. | Rate | Value. | Duty. |  |
| Molasses | 30 | \$4, 334, 668 | \$1,300,400 40 | 30 | \$8, 259, 175 | \$2,477, 75250 | 24 | \$4, 116, 759 | \$988, 022 | 16 |
| Spermaceti .-.-- | 20 | 73 | 1460 | 20 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Whale and other fish. | 20 | 7,971 | 1,594 20 | 20 | 17,280 | 8260 45600 | 15 | 157 | 23 | 55 |
| Oil- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Olive, in casks | 30 | 94, 163 | 28,248 90 | 30 | 74, 028 | 22,208 40 | 24 | 110, 172 | 26,441 | 28 |
| Olive, in bottles | 30 | 376,356 | 112,906 80 | 30 | 347, 396 | 104,218 80 | 24 | 199,615 | 26,441 | 60 |
| Castor | 20 | -96,371 | 19,274 20 | 20 | 102,502 | 20,500 40 | 15 | 143, 458 | 21,518 | 70 |
| Linseed --.-.-.-- | 20 20 | 1,063,771 | 212,754 20 | 20 | 958, 200 | 191,640 00 | 15 | 164,757 | 24,713 | 55 |
| Palm. .-. --...-. | 10 | 416, 317 | 41,631 70 | 10 | 11,601 | $\begin{array}{r}2,320 \\ 33,788 \\ \hline 10\end{array}$ | 15 | 14,531 | 2,179 | 65 |
| Neatsfoot and other anima | 20 | 416, 276 | 41, 5520 | 20 | 337,881 153 | 33,788 10 | + | 405,681 4,127 | 16,227 619 | 24 05 |
| Tea and coffee from places other than those of their poduction and not excepted by treaty stipulations- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 20 | 39,323 | 7,864 60 | 20 | 17,315 | 3,463 00 | 15 | 484, 520 | 72,678 | 00 |
| Coffee | 20 | 59,362 | 11,872 40 | 20 | 39,879 | 7,975 80 | 15 | 28,759 | 4,313 | 85 |
| Sugars- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Brown | 30 | 22, 400, 353 | 6,720, 10590 | 30 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White, clayed, or powd | 30 | 22, 61,504 | 6, 18,451 20 | 30 | $42,614,604$ 86,820 | $12,784,381$ 26,046 00 | 24 24 | $23,317,435$ 109,887 | 5, 596, 26,34 26 | $40$ |
| Loaf and other refined | 30 | 68,109 | 20,432 70 | 30 | 68,906 | 20,671 80 | 24 | 109,881 | 26,372 240 | 88 |
| Candy ----------.- | 30 | 4,239 | 1,271 70 | 30 | 1,887 | 20,671 566 | 24 | 1, 205 | 240 529 | 24 20 |
| Syrup of sugar cane. | Fruits- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 40 |
| Almonds. | 40 | 334,529 | 133,811 60 | 40 | 209,605 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Currants. | 40 | 127, 089 | 50,835 60 | 40 | 151, 418 | 60,567 20 | 8 | 213,145 | 63,943 | $50$ |



| Species of merchandise. | 1856. |  |  | 1857. |  |  | 1858. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rate | Value. | Duty. | Rate | Value. | Duty. | Rate | Value. | Duty. |  |
| Saltpetre- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Crude. | 5 | \$1, 199, 243 | \$59,962 15 | 5 | \$1, 156, 463 | \$57, 82315 | 4 | \$1, 270, 251 | \$50,810 | 24 |
| Refined | 10 | 27,499 | 2,749 90 | 10 | , 362 | 3620 | 8 | 383 | 306 | 64 |
| Iedigo | 10 | 1, 063, 743 | 106, 374.30 | 10 | 1,010,509 | 101, 05090 | 4 | 945, 083 | 37,803 | 32 |
| Woad or pastel | 10 | 682 | 6820 | 10 | 1,201 | 12010 | 4 | 1,203 | -48 | 12 |
| Cochineal. | 10 | 249,057 | 24, 90570 | 10 | 440, 707 | 44,070 70 | 4 | 221,332 | 8,853 | 28 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other gums.....-. | 20 | 233,016 | 46, 60320 | 20 | 456,432 | 91,286 40 | 8 | 118, 277 | 9,462 | 16 |
| Gum benzoin, or Benjamin, | 30 | 233,016 |  | 30 |  |  | 24 | 6,803 | 1,632 | 72 |
|  | 25 | 158,276 | 38,319 00 | 25 | 94,844 | 23,711 00 | 4 | 67,890 | 2,715 | 60 |
| Copperas | 20 | 2,628 | 52560 | 20 | 6,446 | 1,289 20 | 15 | 2,414 | 362 | 10 |
|  | 20 | 57,939 | 11,587 80 | 20 | 9,690 | 1,938 00 | 15 | 21, 142 | 3,171 | 30 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Crude. | 15 | 163,500 6,100 | 24,52500 1,220 | 20 | 152,330 12,305 | 22,849 2,46100 | 15 | 249,317 9,639 | 9,972 | 85 |
| Chloride of lime, cr bleaching po | 10 | 210,877 | 21,087 70 | 10 | 320,895 | 32,089 50 | 4 | 387, 101 | 15,484 | 04 |
| Soda ash. | 10 | 997, 309 | 99,730 90 | 10 | 1,084, 021 | 108,402 10 | 4 | 1,211, 305 | 48,452 | 20 |
| Soda sal. | 20 | 143, 936 | 28,787 20 | 20 | 86, 483 | 17, 29660 | 8 | -373, 599 | 29,887 | 92 |
| Soda carb. | 20 | 318,387 | 63,677 40 | 20 | 424,024 | 84,804 80 | 8 | 123,083 | 9,846 | 64 |
| Barilla. | 10 | 14,575 | 1,457 50 | 10 | 31,018 | 3,10180 | 4 |  |  |  |
| Sulphate of baryles | 20 | 86, 193 | 17,238 60 | 20 | 48,567 | 9,713 40 | 15 | 39,958 | 5,993 | 70 |
| Acids, acetic, \&c.-....----- | 20 | 190,049 | 38,009 80 | 20 | 78,271 | 15,654 20 | 4 | 113,736 | 4,549 | 44 |
| Acet jus, chromic, nitric, \&c., | 20 |  |  | 20 |  |  | 15 | 592 | 88 | 80 |
| Blue or Roman | Vitriol- 20 - 186808080 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 70 |
| Oil of | 10 | 39 | 390 | 10 | 98 | 980 | 4 | 25 | 1 | 00 |
| White, (sulphate of zinc,) (N | 20 |  |  | 20 |  |  | 15 | 1,515 | 227 | 25 |



| 20 | 253 | 50,754 20 | 20 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 20 | 9, | 1,994 80 | 20 |
| 20 | 301,4m | 60,285 00 | 20 |
| 15 | 402,925 | 60,438 75 | 15 |
| 20 | 227, 007 | 45,401 40 | 20 |
| 20 | 148 | 2900 | 20 |
| 20 | 485,846 | 97,169 20 | 20 |
| 20 | 30,745 | 6, 14900 | 20 |
| 20 | 5, 043 | 1, 00860 | 20 |
| 20 | 29,849 | 5,969 80 | 20 |
| 20 |  |  | 20 |
| 10 |  |  | 10 |
| 30 | 1,009, 044 | 302,713 20 | 30 |
| 40 | 4, 078 | 1,631 20 | 40 |
| 40 | 3,741,460 | 1,496,584 00 | 40 |
| 40 | 35,962 | 14,384 80 | 40 |
| 30 | 21,033 | 6, 30990 | 36 |
| 20 | 174, 125 | 34,825 00 | 20 |
| 20 | 23, 823 | 4,764 60 | 20 |
| 20 | 17, 058 | 3,411 60 | 20 |
| 20 | 45,312 | 9, 06240 | 20 |
| 30 |  |  | 30 |
| 20 |  |  | 20 |
| 25 | 79, 122 | 19,780 50 | 25 |
| 25 | 53, 050 | 13,262 50 | 25 |
| 30 | 53, 821 | 16,146 30 | 30 |
| 30 | 57,676 | 17,302 80 | 30 |
| 25 | 1,945, 044 | 486, 26100 | 25 |
| 25 | 205,889 | 51,472 25 | 25 |
| 15 | 11,271 | 1,690 65 | 15 |


$\dagger$ Bone-black free.

8, 12490
2,732 55 71,699 25

7200
2, 15704
675 67,130 10
2, 19555 66870 52710

8790
1,665 92
301, 39944
1,545 90
1,236,962 40
6,869 40
1,880 10
16,413 90
3,865 50
1, 13085
1,896 30
6,962 88
34, 12620
13,989 13
18,360 08
17,757 36
79,513 68
436,754 71
8,47464

STATEMENT—Continued.

| Species of merchandise. | 1856. |  |  | 1857. |  |  | 1858. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rate | Value. | Duty. | Rate | Value. | Duty. | Rate | Value. | Duty. |  |
| Flax, unmanufactured | 15 | \$132, 461 | \$19,869 15 | 15 | \$220, 738 | \$33, 11070 | free. |  |  |  |
| Rags of all kinds. | 5 | 1,239, 168 | 61,958 40 | 5 | 1,448, 125 | 72,406 25 | free. |  |  |  |
| Salt. | 20 | 1,991, 065 | 398, 21300 | 20 | 2,032,583 | 406,516 60 | 15 | \$1,124, 920 | \$168, 738 | 00 |
| Coal ..... | 30 | 604, 187 | 181, 25610 | 30 | 772, 663 | 231,798 90 | 24 | 772,925 | 185,502 | 00 |
| Coke, or culm | 30 | 2,535 | 76050 | 30 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Breadstuffis Wheat |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wheat | 20 | 2,546 | 50920 | 20 | 909 | 18180 | 15 | 26,651 | 3,997 | 65 |
| Barley Oats | 20 | 2, 054 | 41080 | 20 | 3, 068 | 61360 | 15 | 10,368 | 1,555 | 20 |
| Rye, (N. E.) | 20 | 538 |  | 20 | 110 | 2200 | 15 15 | 95 772 |  | 25 |
| Wheat flour | 20 | 3, 772 | 75440 | 20 | 477 | 9540 | 15 | 19,818 | 2,972 |  |
| Rye meal. | 20 |  |  | 20 | 2,070 | 41400 | 15 | 9 | 13 | 35 |
|  | 20 | 900 | 18000 | 20 | 559 | 11180 | 15 | 3,305 | 495 | 75 |
| Indian corn and corn meal, (N. E.) | 20 |  |  | 20 |  |  | 15 | 34,936 | 5, 240 | 20 |
|  | 30 | 71,218 | 21,365 40 | 30 | 87,572 | 26,271 60 | 24 | 97, 160 | 23,318 | 40 |
| Meats, game, poultry, and vegetables, prepared in cans or otherwise, (N. E.)-...... <br> Fish, dried, smoked, or pickled- | 40 |  |  | 40 |  |  | 30 | 45,320 | 13,596 | 00 |
|  | 20 | 158, 233 | 31, 64660 | 20 | 96,607 | 19,321 40 | 15 | 111,709 | 16,756 | 35 |
| Salmon - | 20 | 3, 106 | 62120 | 20 | 3,949 | 78980 | 15 | 2,446 | 366 | 90 |
|  | 20 | 138 | 2760 | 20 | 144 | 2880 | 15 | 369 | 55 | 35 |
| Herrings and shad | 20 | 22,808 | 4,561 60 | 20 | 49,213 | 9, 84260 | 15 | 18,905 | 2,835 | 75 |
| All other--..--.---.-.-...............- | 20 | 2,658 | 53160 | 20 | 4,633 | r, 92660 | 15 | 5, 209 | -781 | 35 |
| Fish in oil-sardines and all other, (N. E.) | 40 |  |  | 40 |  |  | 30 | 274, 137 | 82, 241 | 10 |
| Extracts and decoctions of logwood and other dyewoods not otherwise provided for, (N. E.) | 20 |  |  | 20 |  |  | 4 | 4,038 | 161 | 52 |
| Extract of madder, (N. E.) | 20 |  |  | 20 |  |  | 4 | 40,567 | 1,622 | 68 |
| Extract of indigo, (N. E.) | 20 |  |  | 20 |  |  | 4 | 382 |  | 28 |

Feathers and flowers, artificial and ornamental, (N. E.)
Dolls and toys of all kinds
Machinery exclusively designed and expressly imported for the manufacture of flax and linen goods
Value of merchandise not enumerated

$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
Do. .-..-----
$\qquad$ do.
do.
do.
do. o. --------

| 30 |  |  | 30 30 |  |  | 24 | 654,452 350,486 | $\begin{array}{r} 157,06848 \\ 84,116 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 30 |  |  | 30 |  |  | 8 | 1,643 | 13144 |
| 5 | 1,416,190 | 70,809 50 | 5 | 1,347, 024 | 67,351 20 | 4 | 1,367,425 | 54,697 00 |
| 10 | -449,952 | 44,995 20 | 10 | 646,016 | 64,601 60 | 8 | 291, 633 | 23,330 64 |
| 15 | 6,704 | 1,005 60 | 15 | 1,698 | 25470 | 12 | 8,576 | 1, 02912 |
| 20 | 3, 604, 863 | 720,972 60 | 20 | 3,604, 767 | 720,953 40 | 15 | 2,314, 065 | 347, 10975 |
| 25 | 151, 784 | 37,946 00 | 25 | 183,493 | 45,873 25 | 19 | 169, 254 | 32, 15826 |
| 30 | 2,101, 090 | 630,32700 | 30 | 2,624,645 | 787,393 50 | 24 | 1,495, 074 | 358,817 76 |
| 40 | 303, 980 | 121,592 00 | 40 | 541,815 | 216,726 00 | 30 | 35, 017 | 10,505 10 |
|  | 257, 684, 236 | $65,341,51040$ |  | 294, 160,835 | 75,445,426 25 |  | 202, 293, 875 | 38,671, 24210 |

Statement of the average monthly prices of certain leading articles of domestic produce at New York for the years ending June 30, 1856, 1857, and 1858.




| Naval stores- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Spirits turpentine ---------- -- ${ }^{\text {gall }--~}$ | 57 | 42 | 43 | 42 | 43 | 45 | 51 | 52 | 49 | $47 \frac{1}{8}$ | 50 | 471 | 453 |
| Rosin, common (310 lbs) --...bbl.- | 165 | 160 | 165 | $162 \frac{1}{2}$ | 160 | 158 | 162 | 168 | 173 | $180^{\circ}$ | 190 | 192 | $168 \frac{3}{4}$ |
|  | 152 | 150 | 150 | 148 | 135 | 130 | 132 | 160 |  | 148 | 135 |  |  |
|  | 76 | 80 | 82 | -81 | +81 | 180 | 132 78 | $1{ }^{16}$ | $1{ }^{1} 70$ | 148 73 | $\begin{array}{r}135 \\ 71 \\ \hline 80\end{array}$ | 129 | 1424 |
| Provisions- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pork, mess.-...-.....-. .-. . . . bbl..- | 2025 | 1950 | 1987 | 2050 | 1850 | 1950 | 2050 | 2200 | 2375 | 2300 | 2375 | 2330 | 2120 |
| Beef, state mess.........-.-.-. - do.- | 900 | 890 | 895 | 900 | 900 | 1050 | 1175 | 1200 | 1275 | $13 \quad 25$ | 1400 | 1450 | 1113 |
|  | $12 \frac{1}{2}$ | 13 | $13{ }^{\text {a }}$ | $13 \frac{1}{2}$ | 123 | 121 | 123 | 133 | $14 \frac{1}{2}$ | 141 | 143 | 145 | 135 |
| Butter --.------------------ - - ${ }^{\text {do-- }}$ | $17^{2}$ | $17 \frac{1}{2}$ | 18 | 20 | 20 | 21 | $20^{2}$ | 22 | $22 \frac{1}{4}$ | $20 \frac{1}{2}$ | 20 | 20 | 197 |
|  | 8 | - $8{ }^{\frac{2}{2}}$ | 83 | 9 | $4{ }^{97}$ | 913 | 10 | $11{ }_{4}^{4}$ | $12 \frac{4}{4}$ | $13^{2}$ | 121 | 10 | $10 \frac{1}{4}$ |
|  | 437 | $425^{2}$ | $437{ }^{4}$ | 450 | $437{ }^{8}$ | $425^{2}$ | 400 | $412 \frac{1}{2}$ | $462 \frac{1}{2}$ | 4871 | $487 \frac{1}{2}$ | 500 | 446 |
|  | - 12 | $12 \frac{1}{2}$ | 133 | 13 | 12 | 121 | 12 | 12 ${ }^{\frac{2}{2}}$ | - $14 \frac{2}{4}$ | $12 \frac{3}{2}$ | $11 \frac{2}{4}$ | 111 | 1238 |
| Stel timothy------------------bush.-- | 325 | 350 |  | 350 |  |  | 325 | $325^{2}$ | 375 | 387 | $362 \frac{1}{2}$ | 362 | 3488 |
| Steel, spring $\qquad$ .lb. - | 5 | $5 \frac{1}{4}$ | 53 | $5 \frac{1}{4}$ | 5 | $5^{5}$ | 4 | 44 | 5 | $5 \frac{1}{4}$ | $5 \frac{1}{2}$ | $5 \frac{3}{4}$ | 5 51 |
|  | 81 | $8 \frac{1}{2}$ | $8{ }^{2}$ | 9 | $8 \frac{3}{4}$ | 9 | $9{ }^{4}$ | 10 | $9 \frac{4}{8}$ | 9 | $9{ }^{\text {9 }}$ | $9{ }^{4}$ | 9 9 |
|  | $10 \frac{1}{4}$ | $11^{2}$ | 12 | $12 \frac{1}{2}$ | 13, ${ }^{\frac{4}{4}}$ | 117 | $11 \frac{1}{4}$ | 124 | $11{ }^{\text {a }}$ | 11暏 | $11 \frac{1}{2}$ | $11 \frac{4}{8}$ | $11 \frac{8}{4}$ |
|  | 13 | 14 | 143 | $13 \frac{3}{4}$ | 14 | $14 \frac{1}{2}$ | $14 \frac{1}{2}$ | 13 | $12 \frac{1}{2}$ | $15^{8}$ | $16^{2}$ | $16^{8}$ | $14{ }^{4}$ |
| Wool, common, fleece..--.---.-.... do.- | 32 | 33 | $33^{2}$ | 34 | 35 | $36{ }^{2}$ | $38^{2}$ | 39 | $39^{2}$ | 40 | 40 | 37 | 36 咢 |
| Wool, medium, fleece...--.-......-d. ${ }^{\text {do.- }}$ | 43 | 43 | 43 | 45 | 45 | 47 | 50 | 50 | 49 | 50 | 50 | 48 | 478 |


| Articles． | Fiscal year 1857－3 58. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 訔 |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 俞 } \\ & \text { 畨 } \\ & \text { に } \end{aligned}$ | February. |  |  | $\stackrel{\text { © }}{8}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { థ्డ゙ } \\ & \text { ºn } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Breadstuffs－ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wheat flour，superfine．．．．．．．．－bbl．－ | \＄6 35 | \＄6 20 | \＄5 65 | \＄455 | \＄4 85 | \＄4 40 | \＄4 25 | \＄4 20 | \＄4 25 | \＄4 25 | \＄4 00 | \＄3 85 |  |  |
|  | 415 | 425 | 425 | 380 | 355 | 350 | 325 | 325 | 325 | 345 | 365 | 365 |  |  |
| Wheat，white，western ．－．．．．．bush－－ | 192 | 175 | 160 | 137 | 142 | 140 | 130 | 135 | 132 | 130 | 120 | 122 |  |  |
| Wheat，red，winter．－－．．．．．．－．－．${ }^{\text {do．－}}$ | 175 | 155 | 140 | 117 | 119 | 117 | 112 | 117 | 115 | 117 | 104 | 102 |  |  |
| Wheat，spring－－－－．．．．．．．．．－．．．．．do．－ | 146 | $127 \frac{1}{2}$ | 112 | 102 | 100 | 96 | 90 | 90 | 95 | 96 | 857 | 87 |  |  |
|  | 114 | 101 | 85 | $78 \frac{1}{2}$ | $77 \frac{3}{2}$ | 73 | 71 | 71 | $69 \frac{1}{2}$ | 69 | 67 | 69 |  | $78 \frac{3}{4}$ |
|  | 54 | 52 | 46 | 42 | 401 | $40 \frac{1}{2}$ | 38 | 38 | － 37 | 43 | 39 | 43 |  | 423 |
| Corn＿－．－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－do－－ | $86 \frac{1}{2}$ | 87 | 82 | 71 | 79 | 75. | $69 \frac{1}{2}$ | $66 \frac{1}{2}$ | 69 | $73 \frac{1}{2}$ | 73 | $73 \frac{3}{4}$ |  | $75 \frac{1}{2}$ |
| Cotton，mid．，uplands．－．－．．．．．．．．．．．．－ 1 lb －－ | $14 \frac{3}{4}$ | 155 | 155 | 124 | $12 \frac{1}{8}$ | $10 \frac{1}{4}$ | 9 | $11 \frac{3}{8}$ | $11 \frac{7}{8}$ | $12 \frac{1}{4}$ | 124 | 12 |  | 12，$\frac{1}{2}$ |
| Cotton sheetings，heavy－．．－－－－－－－－－yd．－－ | $8 \frac{7}{8}$ | 91 | $9 \frac{8}{8}$ | $8 \frac{7}{8}$ | $8 \frac{1}{4}$ | $8 \frac{3}{4}$ | 8 | $7{ }^{\frac{5}{8}}$ | $8 \frac{1}{8}$ | $8 \frac{1}{2}$ | $8 \frac{1}{3}$ | $8 \frac{1}{2}$ |  | $8 \frac{1}{2}$ |
| Copper，American ingot．．．．．．．．－．．．．．lb－－ | $23 \frac{1}{2}$ | $23 \frac{1}{2}$ | $24{ }^{6}$ | 25 | $19^{*}$ | 19 | 181 | $21{ }^{8}$ | $24^{\circ}$ | $22 \frac{1}{2}$ | $20^{\circ}$ | 21 |  | $21 \frac{3}{4}$ |
| Glass，window， $8 \times 11$ to $10 \times 15$ ．box－． | 155 | 155 | 155 | 153 | 153 | 153 | 151 | 151 | 151 | 151 | 151 | 151 | 1 |  |
|  | 70 | 70 | 67 | 60 | 57 | 56 | ${ }^{67}{ }^{2}$ | 70 | 65 | 43 | 42 | $41 \frac{1}{2}$ |  | 591 |
|  | 18500 | 17750 | 17000 | 13000 | 11000 | 10000 | 9250 | 10250 | 10500 | 12500 | 12000 | 12000 | 128 | 12 |
|  | 2650 | 2550 | 2475 | 2400 | 2425 | 2300 | 2050 | 2125 | 2200 | 2100 | 2075 | 1975 |  |  |
| Iron，common bar－．．．－－．．．－－．－．－－．－do．－ | 5500 | 5500 | 5000 | 5000 | 5000 | 5000 | 4800 | 5000 | 5000 | 4750 | 4750 | 4750 |  |  |
| Iron，railroad bar．－．－．－．．．．．．．．．－．．．．．do－－ | 5500 | 5500 | 5250 | 5000 | 4500 | 4400 | 4300 | 4500 | 4600 | 4750 | 4500 | 4500 |  |  |
|  | 725 | 725 | 700 | 600 | 550 | 525 | 550 | $587 \frac{1}{2}$ | 625 | 650 | 650 | 625 | 6 |  |
| Leather，hemlock sole．．．．．－．－．．．．．．．．．1b－－ | － 27 | 271 | 27 | 25 | $21 \frac{1}{2}$ | 20 | 22 | $20^{2}$ | 22 | $22 \frac{1}{2}$ | 23 | 23 |  | 238 |
| Molasses，New Orleans．．－．－．－－．．－．gall．－ | 72 | 71 | 60 | 42 | 39 | 342 | 35 | 27 | $31 \frac{3}{4}$ | $35 \frac{3}{4}$ | 364 | $37 \frac{1}{4}$ |  | 43롤 |
|  | 35 | $3{ }^{3}$ | 35 | $3{ }_{4}$ | 38 | 31 | 31 | $3 \frac{1}{2}$ | $3{ }^{1}$ | $3 \frac{1}{2}$ | 31 | $3{ }^{1}$ |  | $3 \frac{1}{2}$ |

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Naval stores- \\
Spirita turpentine. \(\qquad\) gall.- \\
Rosin, common, ( 310 lbs .)..... .bbl.-
\end{tabular} \& 47
190 \& \(1 \begin{aligned} \& 47 \% \\ \& 190\end{aligned}\) \& \(1{ }^{4} 85\) \& 40
150 \& \(1 \begin{aligned} \& 42 \\ \& 1 \\ \& 37\end{aligned}\) \& 1 (30 \& 39
1225 \& \(\begin{array}{r}145 \\ 137 \\ \hline\end{array}\) \& \(1 \begin{array}{r}48 \frac{3}{4} \\ 153 \frac{3}{4}\end{array}\) \& 48
150 \& \(47 \frac{1}{2}\)
\(144 \frac{1}{2}\) \& \(1{ }^{462}\) \& \& \begin{tabular}{l}
447 \\
53 \\
\hline 8
\end{tabular} \\
\hline Oils- \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Sperm, crude.-..-............gall \(=-\) \& \(127 \frac{1}{2}\) \& 130 \& 129 \& 130 \& 1023 \& 101 \& 100 \& \(1 \begin{aligned} \& 17 \frac{1}{2} \\ \& \\ \& 53\end{aligned}\) \& \(1 \begin{aligned} \& 125 \\ \& 55+\end{aligned}\) \& 125 \& 123

55 \& 121 \& \& 1914 <br>
\hline Whale, crude.... .-...........-. - do. \& 68 \& 73 \& $73 \frac{1}{2}$ \& 70 \& 65 \& 60 \& 57 \& 53 \& 554 \& $55 \frac{1}{2}$ \& 55 \& 51. \& \& $61 \frac{8}{8}$ <br>
\hline  \& 77 \& $78 \frac{1}{2}$ \& 76 ${ }^{2}$ \& 67 \& 56 \& 54 \& $54 \frac{1}{2}$ \& $56 \frac{1}{2}$ \& 60 \& 65 \& 642 \& $62 \frac{1}{2}$ \& \& 64\% <br>
\hline Provisions- \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline  \& 2350 \& 2500 \& $25 \quad 25$ \& 2230 \& 19 37 \& 1600 \& 1480 \& 1610 \& 1675 \& 1810 \& 1780 \& $1687 \frac{1}{2}$ \& 19 \& 32 <br>
\hline  \& 1450 \& 1475 \& 1500 \& 1300 \& 1025 \& 9 50 \& 950 \& 1000 \& 1050 \& 1075 \& 11 121 \& 11 121 \& 1 \& 66 <br>
\hline  \& 145 \& $15 \frac{7}{8}$ \& 154 \& 14 \& 121 \& 97 \& 9 \& 92 \& $10 \frac{1}{8}$ \& 11 \& $11 \frac{1}{4}$ \& 11 \& \& 12 <br>
\hline  \& $19^{8}$ \& $19 \frac{1}{2}$ \& $19 \frac{1}{2}$ \& $16 \frac{1}{2}$ \& 17 \& $16 \frac{1}{1}$ \& 16 \& $16 \frac{1}{2}$ \& 20 \& 171 \& $20 \frac{1}{2}$ \& 171 \& \& 18 <br>
\hline  \& $8 \frac{1}{2}$ \& 8 8 \& $8 \frac{1}{2}$ \& $7 \frac{1}{8}$ \& 7 \& $6 \frac{7}{8}$ \& 7 \& $7 \frac{1}{4}$ \& 91 \& 84 \& 63 \& $5 \frac{7}{8}$ \& \& 7t <br>
\hline  \& $487 \frac{1}{2}$ \& $537 \frac{1}{2}$ \& $487 \frac{1}{2}$ \& 425 \& 330 \& $322 \frac{1}{2}$ \& 325 \& 325 \& $337 \frac{1}{2}$ \& 360 \& 358 \& 3 314 \& 3 \& 85 <br>
\hline  \& $11{ }^{1}$ \& $11 \frac{2}{4}$ \& $11 \frac{3}{4}$ \& 10 \& 938 \& 10 \& 8 $8 \frac{7}{8}$ \& 87 ${ }^{\frac{7}{8}}$ \& ${ }^{8}$ \& $7 \frac{3}{4}$ \& $6 \frac{7}{8}$ \& $20^{7 \frac{5}{8}}$ \& \& 98 晨 <br>
\hline timothy ...-.-.-.-...-...-...-. - bush.-- \& 375 \& 375 \& 370 \& 300 \& 250 \& 285 \& 225 \& $218 \frac{3}{4}$ \& 225 \& 225 \& $212 \frac{1}{2}$ \& 200 \& 2 \& $66 \frac{3}{4}$ <br>
\hline  \& 53 \& 51 \& $5 \frac{1}{8}$ \& $4 \frac{7}{8}$ \& $4 \frac{5}{8}$ \& 48 \& $5 \frac{1}{4}$ \& $5 \frac{1}{4}$ \& $5 \frac{1}{4}$ \& $5 \frac{1}{4}$ \& 54 \& 54 \& \& $5 \frac{1}{8}$ <br>
\hline  \& $10 \frac{1}{2}$ \& $9 \frac{7}{8}$ \& $9 \frac{5}{8}$ \& $6 \frac{5}{8}$ \& 7 \& $6 \frac{7}{8}$ \& $6 \frac{1}{2}$ \& $5 \frac{3}{4}$ \& $5 \frac{7}{8}$ \& 57 \& 61 \& $6 \frac{8}{8}$ \& \& 74 <br>
\hline  \& $11 \frac{1}{8}$ \& 12 \& $11 \frac{3}{4}$ \& $9 \frac{1}{4}$ \& 92 \& 10 \& $10 \frac{1}{8}$ \& 11 \& 108 \& $10 \frac{1}{4}$ \& $10 \frac{3}{8}$ \& 93 \& \& 102 <br>
\hline  \& $15 \frac{1}{2}$ \& $14 \frac{1}{2}$ \& 15 \& $11 \frac{1}{2}$ \& 112 \& $11 \frac{1}{4}$ \& 11 \& 113 \& $11 \frac{1}{2}$ \& 12 \& 12 \& 12 \& \& 121 <br>
\hline Wool, common, fleece.................do.- \& $36{ }^{2}$ \& 38 \& 37 \& 35 \& 33 \& 29 \& 26 \& 27 \& 26 \& 26 \& 24 \& 26 \& \& 301 <br>
\hline Wool, medium, fleece................-do.-. \& 48 \& 50 \& 47 \& 46 \& 45 \& 42 \& 38 \& 38 \& 37 \& 37 \& 36 \& 37 \& \& 413 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

No. 9.
Report of the Director of the Mint.

## Mint of the United States, Philadelphia, November 9, 1858.

SIR: I have the honor to present the following report of the operations of the Mint and its branches, including the assay office, for the year ending June 30, 1858.

The deposits received and coinage executed at the principal mint during the year, that is to say, from the 1st July, 1857, to the 30th of June, 1858, inclusive, were as follows : gold deposits $\$ 9,876,842$ 30, gold coins struck, $\$ 10,200,78850$; fine gold bars, $\$ 21,08810$; silver deposits and purchases, including silver parted from California gold, and amount received in exchange for cents of the new issues, $\$ 3,337,54158$; silver coins executed, $\$ 4,970,980$; silver bars, $\$ 84337$; cents coined, $\$ 234,000$; total deposits of gold and silver, $\$ 13,214,38388$; total coinage, $\$ 15,427,69997$. The coinage was comprised in 44,833,766 pieces.

The deposits received at the branch mint at New Orleans amounted to $\$ 4,455,46054$; of which the sum of $\$ 1,148,79333$, was in gold, and $\$ 3,306,66721$, in silver. The coinage amounted to $\$ 1,315,000$ in gold, and $\$ 2,942,000$ in silver; total coinage $\$ 4,257,000$, comprised in $10,226,000$ pieces.

The branch mint at San Francisco received gold deposits to the amount of $\$ 19,123,11128$, and silver, the sum of $\$ 193,38824$. The coinage operations were as follows: gold coin, $\$ 18,459,800$, unparted gold bars, $\$ 816,29565$; silver coins, $\$ 127,750$; silver bars, $\$ 19,75261$; total coinage, $\$ 19,423,59826$; comprised in $1,362,028$ pieces.

The deposits at the branch mint at Dahlonega amounted to $\$ 95,61458$; the coinage, $\$ 100,167$; the number of pieces struck was 21,793.

At the branch mint at Charlotte, the sum of $\$ 176,06749$ was deposited for coinage ; the coinage, comprised in 40,122 pieces, amounted to $\$ 177,970$.

The operations of the two last named institutions are confined to gold.

The assay office at New York received, during the year, the sum of $\$ 21,073,88231$ in gold bullion, and $\$ 2,362,35764$, in silver; the number of fine gold bars stamped at this office was 7,052, of the aggregate value of $\$ 21,798,69104$; silver bars, 894 , of the value of \$171,961 79.
The entire amount of bullion received at the several minting establishments during the year were as follows:
Gold ......................................................... .. \$51,494,311 29
Silver ........................................................... 9, 199,954 67
Total
60,694,265 96

The coinage operations during the same period, were as follows: Gold, number of pieces....... .... 2,085,755 value.. \$52,889,800 29 Silver, number of pieces............ 31,005,900 value.. 8,233,287 77 Cents, number of pieces............ $23,400,000$ value.. 234,00000

Total number of pieces.......... 56,491,655 61,357,088 06

The total deposits received at all the mints, as above stated, amount to $\$ 60,694,2659$; in this sum, however, are embraced the re-deposits at the different institutions. Deducting these re-deposits, the actual amount of the precious metals brought to the mint and its branches during the period embraced in this report was $\$ 49,821,50187$.

The amount of gold of domestic production deposited during the year was $\$ 40,977,16855$; derived as follows: from California, $\$ 40,591,14088$; from Oregon, $\$ 9,181$; and from the Atlantic States, $\$ 376,84667$.
The deposits of Spanish and Mexican fractions of the dollar at the principal mint, the branch mint at New Orleans, and the assay office at New York, from the passage of the act of February 21, 1857, entitled "An act relating to foreign coins and to the coinage of cents at the Mint of the United States," to the 30th of June, 1858, have amounted to $\$ 1,072,434$; of this amount the sum of $\$ 293,246$ was deposited at the principal mint for exchange for cents coined under the act above cited.

The amount transferred to the Treasury of the United States from the mint and its branches on account of the charge on gold coinage of the half of one per cent. and of the profits on the coinage of silver are as follows: Gold coinage charge, $\$ 148,67459$; profits on silver purchases, $\$ 120,79132$. If we add the balance which stands to the credit of the cent coinage account, which may be stated at $\$ 50,000$, it will be seen that the amount paid, or transferable, into the Treasury of the United States from the Mint and its branches for the period embraced in this report is $\$ 319,46591$. The act of Congress approved February 21, 1853, which authorized a deduction of the one-half of one per cent. from depositors of gold, as a coinage charge, applied "in all cases, whether the gold deposited be coined or cast into bars or ingots;" but a subsequent law, section 7, act of March 3, 1853, relieved deposits paid in bars from this charge, and made it applicable to coin only. The amount in value of fine gold bars paid out to depositors during the year was $\$ 14,070,33072$. If the charge above stated had been imposed upon the depositors of this bullion, it would have yielded $\$ 70,35165$ to the Treasury of the United States. I think it is inexpedient to make this distinction in favor of bars ; and I therefore beg to repeat the suggestion contained in my last report, namely, that the law in question be so altered as to restore the former act, and thus authorize the charge to be made to depositors of bullion, whether they are paid in fine bars or in coin.

The third section of the act of Congress approved February 21, 1857, makes it my duty to cause assays to be made, from time to time, of such foreign coins as may be known to our commerce, to determine
their average weight, fineness, and value, and to present a statement thereof in my annual report. In my last report I embraced a very full and particular statement on this subject. Since then we have made many assays of the more important varieties of foreign coins, and such as enter into our commerce, but I have nothing material to add to the facts set forth in that statement, except so far as it presents the present values of foreign silver coins. These values have been materially changed, in consequence of the reduction of the mint price of silver. This reduction has become necessary, because the supply of silver coins in several of the Atlantic cities is too abundant, especially in such of them as permit the circulation of bank notes of a less denomination than five dollars. The price per ounce, of standard fineness, has been reduced from $122 \frac{1}{2}$ to 121 cents. I have therefore caused tables of weight, fineness, and value to be constructed conformable to the latter rate, and have attached them to this report.

Within the last year some new varieties of bullion have been brought to our notice. The gold of the Frazer river region, of which, however, but little has reached us, is one of these varieties. It is found to be considerably alloyed with silver-more so than the average of California gold. With our present scanty knowledge we cannot rate it higher than 840 thousandths fine, on the average, which, allowing for the silver, would be $\$ 1750$ per ounce, after melting.

Another variety which has been brought to our attention is the gold from the Platte river, of which we have had but one sample. This was of high fineness, equal to that of Australia, and a little superior to that which was formerly received from Santa Fé, through the overland traders. The sample alluded to gave a fineness of 964 thousandths; equal to $\$ 1992$ per ounce, after melting. A deduction of from two to four per cent. upon the values above stated will give a proximate valuation of native unmelted grains, free from the gangue or stony substance.

The Mint has lately received a deposit of Chinese stamped ingots of gold. They were sufficiently uniform in weight and fineness to induce the belief that they were intended to be of a definite value for the purposes of currency. In fact the gold and silver currency of China is always in stamped bars or ingots, and never in coined pieces, in the sense commonly understood in other parts of the world, except so far as Spanish and Mexican dollars are used, and these receive a Chinese stamp as they pass from one merchant to another. The gold ingots just mentioned were of the fineness of 966 thousandths, which probably is considered "sycee," or fine gold, in a commercial way, the value per ounce troy of which would be $\$ 1997$. The average weight was eleven ounces eighty-hundredths (11.80) nearly, and the average value $\$ 23550$, without the mint deduction for coinage. In Chinese language they were pieces of ten taels each, making the golden tael $\$ 2355$. These particulars may be interesting to commercial men, and to the public, especially if it should be one of the effects of the recent treaty of our government with China to cause a current of gold in this direction, in payment for our manufactured exports. This was the first opportunity we have had of testing Chinese gold bars.

The production of silver from the mines of Lake Superior increases from year to year, but usually with the disadvantage of a large alloy with copper, so that the latter metal has to be sacrificed by the owner to render the silver available. The working of silver ores in other regions, however, has usually much greater difficulty and cost to contend with. Heretofore the yield of silver from Lake Superior was too inconsiderable to require a place in the statistical tables, but in view of the increased value of the deposits from thence during the last year, they will be found stated in this report, and will hereafter be regularly noticed.

For various reasons, growing out of production and trade, we now receive more of the Mexican dollars than for some years past. And the removal of the restrictions which formerly prohibited the exportation, from that country, of silver bars and amalgams, has much increased the supply of silver bullion. Much of it finds its way from the Mexican States, through Matamoras, to New Orleans; and I have reason to beliere that the supplies from that direction will continue to be large and regular. The growing abundance of silver currencythough it is by no means excessive, nor can be while so many small bank notes are freely circulated-seems to open two questions to our consideration, namely: 1. Whether some measure cannot be adopted by which bank notes under the denomination of twenty, or at least of ten dollars, may be withdrawn from circulation. 2. Whether it is not expedient to extend the limit to which the silver coinage is now restricted as a legal tender. I do not purpose to enter upon the discussion of either of these questions further than to make one or two observations. 1. It is now quite evident that gold and silver are supplied and produced in sufficient quantities to provide the country with money and change. 2. It is not intended, by the suggestion in reference to the silver coinage, to extend the limit so as to interfere with gold as the chief medium of payments; but only so far as to increase the usefulness of the silver coins. If the limit were extended to fifty, or even a hundred dollars, no inconvenience or injustice, it is believed, would be produced, but, on the contrary, many advantages would result from it.

In a former communication (November 4, 1857) I presented to your consideration some views upon the propriety of extending the benefits of a gold currency by authorizing the issuing of certificates on the deposit of gold bullion, and gold coins, at the mints ; and of similar certificates on the deposit of gold coins at the Treasury and assistant treasuries of the United States. It seems appropriate that I should, in this report, call your attention to that part of the suggestion which relates to the issuing of mint certificates for deposits of gold bullion. The 19th section of the act supplementary to the act establishing the Mint, approved January 18, 1837, authorizes "the Treasurer to give to the depositor a certificate of the net amount of the deposit, to be paid in coins of the same species of bullion as that deposited." This section might, with great propriety, and with advantage to the public, be so altered as to permit the certificates for gold deposits to be issued in such sums as the depositor may desire, restricted to sums not less than fifty dollars, and made payable to the bearer on demand. The
issuing of such certificates would induce a more general use of gold coins and their undoubted equivalent, and prepare the way for the expulsion of the paper money, which now, in violation of the Constitution, and to the injury of the people, usurps their place.

The tabular statements attached to this report exhibit in detail the operations of the Mint and its branches for the last fiscal year, and for previous years. The following statistics are presented by these tables, viz: The deposits and coinage at the Mint and its branches, and the assay office, during the year ending June 30,1858 ; the coinage operations of all the minting establishments of the United States, from their respective organizations to the 30th of June, 1858; the entire deposits of domestic gold at the mints and assay office for the same period; also the production, since January 1, 1841, of domestic silver, including amount parted from domestic gold; the amount of silver coined since the passage of the act approved February 21, 1853; the amount and denomination of fractions of the Spanish and Mexican dollar, and the cents of former issues, deposited at the Mint of the United States for the new cent ; also the amount of fractions of the Spanish and Mexican dollar purchased since the passage of the act of February 21, 1857.

I have the honor to be, with great respect, your faithful servant, JAMES ROSS SNOWDEN, Director of the Mint.

Hon. Howell Cobb, Secretary of the Treasury.

> A statement of foreign gold and silver coins, prepared by the Director of the Mint to accompany lis annual report, in pursuance of the act of February 21, 1857.

## EXPLANATORY REMARKS.

Only the principal denominations of coin in each country are set down, other sizes being proportional. When this is not the case, the deriation is stated.
The weight is given in the troy ounce, and decimal fractions thereof, without being carried out to an extreme. This method is preferable to the weight in grains for commercial uses, and corresponds better with the terms of the Mint.
The valuation of gold is given in two columns. In the first is shown the value as compared with the legal content or amount of fine gold in our coin. In the second is shown the value as paid at the Mint after the uniform deduction of one-half of one per cent. The former is the value for any other purposes than recoinage, and especially for the purpose of comparison; the latter is the value in exchange for our coins at the Mint.
For the silver there is no fixed legal valuation. The law provides for a shifting of price according to the circumstances of demand and supply. At the moment of making this report, the price, which previously was $122 \frac{1}{2}$ cents per ounce of standard fineness, has been reduced to 121 cents, at which rate the ensuing values are calculated.

Gold coins.

| Country. | Denomination. | Weight. | Fineness. | Value. | Value after deduction. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $O_{z}$. dec. | Thous. | D. C. M. | D.C.M. |
| Australia. | Pound of 1852 | 0.281 | 916.5 | 5.32. 0 | 5. 29. 3 |
| Do........ | Do. of 1855 | 0.256 | 916.5 | 4.85. 0 | 4. 82.6 |
| Austria | Ducat | 0.112 | 986 | 2.28.0 | 2. 26.9 |
| Do. | Souverain | 0. 363 | 900 | 6. 77.0 | 6. 73.6 |
| Belgium | Twenty-five france | 0.254 | 899 | 4.72.0 | 4. 69.7 |
| Bolivia. | Doubloon | 0.867 | 870 | 15.58.0 | 15.59.2 |
| Brazil | 20,000 reis. | 0. 575 | 917.5 | 10.90.5 | 10.85. 1 |
| Central America. | Two escudors | 0.209 | 853.5 | 3.68.0 | 3. 66.2 |
| Chili. ........... | Old doubloon | 0.867 | 870 | 15.57.0 | 15. 49.2 |
| Do | Ten pesos. | 0.492 | 900 | 9.15. 3 | 9. 10.7 |
| Denmar | Ten thaler | 0.427 | 895 | 7.90.0 | 7.86 .1 |
| Ecuador | Four escudors | 0. 433 | 844 | 7.61. 0 | 7. 56. 2 |
| Magland | Pound, or sovereign, n | 0.256 .7 | 916.5 | 4.86.3 | 4. 83.9 |
| Do. | Do. average | 0.256 | 915.5 | 4.84.8 | 4. 82.4 |
| France | Twenty francs, new | 0.207 .5 | 899.5 | 3. 8 E. 0 | 3. 84. 1 |
| Do ........... | Do. averag | 0.207 | 899 | 3. 84.5 | 3. 82.6 |
| Germany, north.. | Ten thaler | 0. 427 | 895 | 7.90. 0 | 7.86. |
| Do. | Do. Prussian | 0.427 | 903 | 8.00.0 | 7.96 |
| Do. south | Ducat | 0.112 | 986 | 2.28. 3 | 2. 27.2 |
| Greeee | Twenty drachms | 0. 185 | 900 | 3. 45.0 | 3. 43.3 |
| Hindusta | Mohur | 0.374 | 916 | 7. 08.0 | 7. 04.5 |
| Mexico | Doubloon, average | 0.867 .5 | 866 | 15.53.4 | 15. 45.6 |
| Naples | Six ducati, ne | 0.245 | 996 | 5.04.0 | 5. 01.5 |
| Netberlands | Ten guilders.. | 0.215 | 899 | 3. 99. 0 | 3. 97. 0 |
| New Granada | Old doubloon, Bogota. | 0.868 | 870 | 15.61.7 | 15.53. 9 |
| Do | Do. Popayan | 0.867 | 858 | 15. 39, 0 | 15. 31.3 |
| Do | Ten pesos, new | 0. 525 | 891.5 | 9.67.5 | 9. 62.7 |
| Peru | Old doubloon.. | 0.867 | 868 | 15.56.0 | 15.48.2 |
| Do.. | New, not ascertained |  |  |  |  |
| Portugal | Gold crown. | 0. 308 | 912 | 5. 81.3 | 5. 78.4 |
| Rome | 2d sculi, new | 0. 140 | 900 | 2. 60.0 | 2.58. 7 |
| Russia. | Five roubles.. | 0. 210 | 916 | 3. 97.6 | 3. 95.7 |
| Sardinia | Same as Franc |  |  |  |  |
| Spain | 100 reals | 0. 268 | 896 | 4. 96.3 | 4. 93.9 2.25.6 |
| Turkey | 100 pias | 0. 231 | 915 | 4. 37.4 | 4.35. 2 |
| Tuscany ........ | Sequin.. | 0.112 | 999 | 2.30.0 | 2.28. 9 |

JAMES ROSS SNOWDEN, Director of the Mint.
Mint of the United States,
Philadelphia, November 9, 1858.

## Silver Coins.

| Country. | Denomination. | Weight. | Finenesm. | Value. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Oz. dec. | Thous. | D. C. M. |
| Austria | Rix dollar | 0.902 | 833 | 1.01.3 |
| Anstria | Scudo of six lire | 0.836 | 912 | 1.01.5 |
| Austria | 20 kreutzer | 0.215 | 582 | 16.8 |
| Belgium | Five francs | 0.803 | 897 | 96.8 |
| Bolivia | Dollar | 0.871 | 900.5 | 1.05.4 |
| Bolivia | Half dollar, 1830 | 0.433 | 670 | 38.5 |
| Bolivia | Quarter dollar, 1830 | 0.216 | 670 | 19.2 |
| Brazil | 2,000 reis ......... | 0.820 | 918.5 | 1. 01.3 |
| Central America. | Dollar . | 0.866 | 850 | 97.3 |
| Chili | Old dollar | 0.864 | 908 | 1.04. 7 |
| Chili . | New dollar | 0.801 | 900.5 | 97.0 |
| Denmark | Two rigsdaler | 0.927 | 877 | 1.09.4 |
| Englaud | Shilling, new | 0.182 .5 | 924.5 | 22.7 |
| England | Shilling, average. | 0. 178 | 925 | 22.2 |
| France | Five francs, average | 0.800 | 900 | 96.8 |
| Gormany, north | Thaler...... | 0.712 | 750 | 71.7 |
| Germany, south. | Gulden or florin. | 0.340 | 900 | 41.2 |
| Germany, north and | 2 thaler or 3t gul | 1. 192 | 900 | 1.44.3 |
| Greece. .......... | Five drachms. | 0.719 | 900 | 86.9 |
| Hindust | Rupee. | 0.374 | 916 | 46. 0 |
| Japan | Itzebu. | 0.279 | 991 | 37.0 |
| Mexico | Dollar, averag | 0.866 | 901 | 1. 04.9 |
| Naples | Scudo. | 0.881 | 830 | 98.8 |
| Netherlands | 21 guilder. | 0.804 | 944 | 1. 02.3 |
| Norway | Specic-daler | 0.927 | 877 | 1.09.4 |
| New Granada | Dollar of 1857 | 0.803 | 896 | 96.8 |
| Peru. | Old dollar | 0.866 | 901 | 1. 04.9 |
| Peru | Old dollar of 1855 | 0.766 | 909 | 93.6 |
| Peru | Half dollar, 1835-33 | 0.433 | 650 | 37.7 |
| Portugal | Silver crown | 0.950 | 912 | 1.16.6 |
| Rome. | Scudo | 0.864 | 900 | 1.04.7 |
| Russia | Rouble | 0.667 | 875 | 78.4 |
| Sardinia | Five lire | 0.800 | 910 | 96.8 |
| Spain | New pistareen | 0.166 | 899 | 20.1 |
| Sweden | Rix dollar. | 1. 092 | 750 | 1.10.1 |
| Switzerland | Two francs. | 0.323 | 899 | 39.0 |
| Turkey. | Twenty piastres | 0.770 | 830 | 86.5 |
| Tuscany. | Florin.. | 0.230 | 935 | 27.4 |

JAMES ROSS SNOWDEN,
Director of the Mint.
Mint of the United States, Philadelphia, Novmber 9, 1858.

Statement of deposits ande coinage at the Mint of the United Sidtes and its branches ditring the year ending June 30, 1588.
DEPOSITS.


COINAGE.

| Denomination. | Mint of United Stater, Philadelphia. |  | Branch Mint, New Orleans. |  | Branch Mint, San Francisco. |  | Branch Mint, Dahlonega. |  | Branch Mint, Charlotte. |  | Assay Office, New York. |  | Total. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Pieces. | Value. | Pieces. | Value. | Pieces. | Value. | Pieces. | Value. | Pieces. | Value. | Pieces. | Value. | Piecss. | Value. |
| Double eagles.. | 468,504 | \$9,370,080 00 | 47,500 | \$950,000 | 885,940 | \$17, 718,800 00 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1,401,944 | \$28, 048, 88000 |
| Eagles ..... | 13,690 | 136,900 00 | 21,500 | 215, 000 | 27,800 | 278,000 00 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 62,990 | 629,900 00 |
| Haif eagles... | 32,633 | 163,165 00 | 13, 000 | 65,000 | 58,600 | 293,000 00 | 19,256 | \$96,280 | 31,066 | \$155,330 |  |  | 154,555 | $772,77500$ |
| Three dollars. ............ | 13,059 | 39, 17740 |  |  | 9,000 | 27,010000 |  |  |  |  |  | .............. | 29,059 206,253 | $66,17700$ |
| Quarter eagles.... . . . . . . | 113,097 | 282, 74250 | 34,000 | 85, 000 | 49,200 | 123,000 20 2000 | 900 1,637 | 2,250 | 9,056 | 22,640 | ... .... | .............. | 206, 253 | 515,632 230 230100 |
| Dollars................... | 208, 724 | 208,724 00 |  |  | 20,000 | 20,000 00 | 1,637 | 1,637 | ..... ... | . . . . . . . |  |  | 230, 7 , 105 | 21,819,779 14 |
| Fine hars .... . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 53 | 21,088 10 |  |  | 488 | 816,295 65 |  | ...... |  |  | 7,052 | 221, 798, 69104 | 7, 488 | 21,819,295 65 |
| Total gold......... | 849,760 | 10,221,876 60 | 116,000 | 1,315,000 | 1,051,028 | 19,276,095 65 | 21,793 | 100, 167 | 40, 122 | 177,970 | 7,052 | 21,798,691 04 | 2,085,755 | 52, 880,800 29 |
| Dollars... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Half dollars | 4,028,000 | 2,014,001) 00 | 4,614,000 | 2,307,000 | 218,000 | 109,000 00 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 8,860,000 | 4, 430, ${ }^{\text {3 }}$ |
| Quarter dolla | 10,600,000 | 2,650,000 00 | 1,416,000 | 354,000 | 63,000 | 15,750 00 |  |  | . | ........ |  |  | 12,079,000 | $\begin{array}{r} 3,019,75000 \\ 226,00009 \end{array}$ |
| Dimes..... | 690,000 | 69,000 00 | 1,540,000 | 154,030 | 30, 000 | 3, 00000 | ....... |  |  |  |  |  | 2,260, 000 |  |
| Half dimes .... | 4,000,000 | $\begin{array}{r}200,000 \\ 37,980 \\ \hline 100\end{array}$ | 2,540,000 | 127,000 |  |  | ........ |  |  |  |  |  | $6,540,000$ $1,266,000$ | $\begin{array}{r} 327,000 \\ 37.880 \end{array} 00$ |
| Three cent pieoes Fine bars. | 1,266,000 6 | 37, 98000 |  |  | ........... | 19,75261 | ..... . . |  |  | ........... | 894 | 171,96979 | 1,266, 900 | $\begin{array}{r} 37,980 \\ 192,557 \\ \hline 77 \end{array}$ |
| Total silve | 20,584, 006 | 4,971,823 37 | 10,110,000 | 2,942,000 | 311,000 | 147,502 61 |  | ........ |  |  | 894 | 171. 16179 | 31,005,900 | 8,233,287 77 |
| Cents (Jopper. | 23,400,000 | 234,000 00 |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  | 23,400,000 | 234,000 00 |
| - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | .... ... |  |  |  |
| Total copper ...... | 23,400,000 | 234,000 00 |  | ........... | .......... | ............... | ........ |  |  |  |  | ...... ...... | 23, 400,000 | 934,000 00 |
| RECAPITULATIOM. <br> Total gold | 849,760 | 10,221,876 60 | 118,000 | 1,315,000 | 1,051, 028 | 19,276,095 65 | 21,793 | 100, 167 | 40,122 | 177,970 | 7,052 | 21,798,691 04 | 2,085, 755 | 52, 889, 80029 |
| Total silver | $20,584,006$ |  | 10,110,000 | 2,942,000 | 311,000 | 147,502 61 |  |  |  |  |  | 171,961 79 | $\begin{aligned} & 31,005,900 \\ & 02 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8,233,28777 \\ & 234,00000 \end{aligned}$ |
| Total copper | $23,400,000$ | 234, 00000 | ..... .. ... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total ooinage...... | 44, 833, 766 | 15, 427,699 97 | 10, 226, 000 | 4,257,000 | 1,362,02 | 19, 423,598 26 | 21,793 | 100, 167 | 40, 122 | 177,970 | 7,946 | 21,970,652 83 | 56,491, 555 | 61,35\%, 08806 |

Mint of the Unıted Stateg, Philadelphia, November 9, 1858.

Coinage of the Mint and branches from their organization to the close of the fiscal year ending June 30, 1858.

1. Mift of the united states at philadelphia.


MINT OF THE UNITED STATES AT PHILADELPHIA-Continued.

| Period. | SILVER COINAGE. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Dollars. | Half dollars. | Quarter dollars. | Dimes. | Half dimes. | Three cents. | Fine bars. |
| 1793 to 1817 | Picces. | Pieces. | Pieces, | Pieces. | Pieces. | Pieces, | Value, |
| 1818 to 1837 | 439, 517 | 13, 104, 433 | 650,280 | 11, 854,949 | 265,543 |  |  |
| 1838 to 1847 | 879,873 | 20, 203,333 | 4,952,073 | 11,387,995 | 11, 093, 285 |  |  |
| 1848 | 15, 000 | 580, 000 | 146,000 | 451,500 | 668,000 |  |  |
| 1849 | 62, 600 | 1,252,000 | 340,000 | 839,000 | 1, 309, 000 |  |  |
| 1850 | 7,500 | 227, 000 | 190, 800 | 1,931,500 | 955, 000 |  |  |
| 1851 | 1,300 | 200,750 | 160,000 | 1,026,500 | 781,000 | 5, 447, 400 |  |
| 1852 | 1,100 | 77, 130 | 177, 060 | 1,535,500 | 1,000,500 | 18,663,500 |  |
| 1853 | 46, 110 | 3,532,708 | 15, 254, 220 | 12,173,010 | 13, 345, 020 | 11,400, 000 |  |
| 1854 | 33, 140 | 2,982,000 | 12,380, 000 | 4,470, 000 | 5,740, 000 | 671,000 |  |
| 1855 | 26,000 | 759,500 | 2, 857,000 | 2,075,000 | 1,750,000 | 139,000 |  |
| 1856 | 63,500 | 938,000 | 7, 264,000 | 5,780,000 | 4, 880, 000 | 1,458, 000 | \$31,028 09 |
| 1857 | 94,000 | 142,000 | 2,304,000 | 4,890,000 | 3,940,000 |  | 1,327 46 |
| 1858 |  | 4,028, 000 | 10,600, 000 | 690, 000 | 4,000, 000 | 1,266, 000 | 84337 |
| Total | 2,670,640 | 122, 820, 414 | 62,317, 182 | 60,112, 105 | 64, 190,980 | 39, 044, 900 | 33,198 92 |

## COINAGE OF THE MINT AND BRANCHES—Continued.

MINT OF THE UNITED STATES AT PHILADELPHIA-Continued.

| Per | COPPER COINAGE. |  | total colnage. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Cents. | Half-cents. | No. pieces coined. | Value of gold. | Value of silver. | Value of copper. | Total value coined. |
| 1793 to 1817 | Pieces. $29,316,272$ | Pieces. $5,235,513$ | 52,019,407 | \$5,610,957 50 | \$8, 268, 29575 | \$319,340 28 | \$14,198,593 53 |
| 1818 to 1837 | 46,554,830 | 2, 205, 200 | 158,882, 816 | 17, 639, 38250 | 40,566,897 15 | 476,574 30 | 58,682,853 95 |
| 1838 to 1847 | 34, 967, 663 |  | 88,327, 378 | 29,491, 01000 | 13, 913, 01900 | 349,676 63 | 43,753,705 63 |
| 1848. | 6,415, 799 |  | 8,691, 444 | 2,780,930 00 | 420, 05000 | 64, 15799 | 3, 265, i37 99 |
| 1849 | 4,178,500 | 39, 864 | 9,519,513 | 7, 948,332 00 | 922,950 00 | 41,984 32 | 8, 913, 26632 |
| 185 | 4,426, 844 | 39, 812 | 10,039,535 | 27,756, 44550 | 409,600 00 | 44,467 50 | 28, 210,513 00 |
| 1851 | 9, 889, 707 | 147, 672 | 24,985, 736 | 52,143,446 00 | 446,79700 | 99,635 43 | 52, 689, 87843 |
| 1852 | 5,063, 094 |  | 32,612, 949 | 51, 505,638 50 | 847, 41000 | 50,630 94 | 52,403, 67944 |
| 185 | 6,641, 131 | 129, 694 | 69,775,537 | 52, 191,618 94 | 7,852,571 60 | 67,059 78 | 60, 111, 24972 |
| 1854 | 4, 236, 156 | 55, 358 | 33, 919,921 | 37, 693,069 58 | 5, 373, 27000 | 42,638 35 | 43 108,977 93 |
| 1855 | 1,574, 829 | 56,500 | 10,885,619 | 10,610,752 14 | 1,419,170 00 | 16,030 79 | 12, 045,95293 |
| 185 | 2, 690, 463 | 40,430 | 25,876, 288 | 11, 074,388 12 | 3, 245, 26809 | 27, 10678 | 14,346,762 99 |
| 1857 | 6, 333, 456 | 35, 180 | 18,602, 020 | 3, 245, 85368 | 1,428,327 46 | 63,510 46 | 4,737,691 60 |
| 1858 | 23, 400, 000 |  | 44,833, 766 | 10,221,876 60 | 4,971,823 37 | 234, 00000 | 15,427,699 97 |
| Total | 185, 688, 744 | 7, 985, 223 | 588, 971, 899 | 319,913,701 06 | $90,085,44882$ | 1,896,813 55 | 411,895,963 43 |

2. BRANCH MINT, SAN FRANCISCO.


COINAGE OF THE MINT AND BRANCHES-Continued.
3. BRANCH MINT, NEW ORLEANS.

3. BRANCH MINT, NEW ORLEANS-Continued.

| Period. | silver coinage. |  |  |  |  |  | total coinage. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Dollars. | Half dollars. | Qr. dollars. | Dimes. | Half dimes. | Three-cent pieces. | Number of pieces. | Value of gold. | Valne of silver. | Total value coined. |
| 1838 to 1847 _ | Pieces. $59,000$ | Pieces. $13,509,000$ | Pieces. $3,273,600$ | Pieces. $6,473,500$ | Pieces. $2,789,000$ | Pieces. | 28, 390, 895 | \$15, 189, 365 | \$8,418,700 | \$23, 608, 065 |
| 1848 |  | 3,180, 000 |  |  | 600,000 |  | 3,815,850 | 358,500 | 1,620,000 | 1, 978, 500 |
| 1849 |  | 2,310,000 |  | 300, 000 | 140.000 |  | 2, 988,900 | 454,000 | 1,192,000 | 1,646,000 |
| 1850 | 40, 000 | 2,456, 000 | 412, 000 | 510, 000 | 690, 000 |  | 4,404,500 | 3, 619,000 | 1,456, 500 | 5, 075, 500 |
| 1851 |  | 402,000 | 88,000 | 400, 000 | 860, 000 | 720,000 | 3, 527, 000 | 9,795, 000 | 327, 600 | 10,122, 600 |
| 1852 |  | 144,000 | 96,000 | 430,000 | 260, 000 |  | 1,418, 000 | 4,470,000 | 152, 000 | 4,622,000 |
| 1853 |  | 1,328, 000 | 1,332,000 | 1,100,000 | 2,360, 000 |  | 6,532, 000 | 2, 220,000 | 1,225, 000 | 3,445, 000 |
| 1854 |  | 5, 240, 000 | 1,484,000 | 1,770,000 | 1,560, 000 |  | 10, 332, 750 | 1,274,500 | 3,246, 000 | 4,520,500 |
| 1855 |  | 3, 688, 000 | 176,000 |  | 1,600,000 |  | 4,556, 100 | 450,500 | 1,918, 000 | 2, 368, 500 |
| 1856 |  | 2,658, 000 | 968,000 | 1,180,000 | 1, 100, 000 |  | 5,953,850 | 292, 750 | 1,744, 000 | 2,036,750 |
| 1857 |  | 4, 614, 000 | 1,416, 000 | 1, 540,000 | 2, 540, 000 |  | 10,226, 000 | 1,315, 000 | 2,942,000 | 4,257,000 |
| Total.-.-- | 99,000 | 39,529, 000 | 9, 245, 600 | 13,703,500 | 13, 499, 000 | 720,000 | 82, 145,845 | 39,438,615 | 24,241,800 | 63, 680,415 |

COINAGE OF THE MINT AND BRANCHES-Continued.
4. BRANCH MINT, CHARLOTTE, NORTH CAROLINA.

5. BKANCH MINT, DAHLONEGA; GEORGIA.

| Period. | gold coinage. |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Half eagles. | Three dollars. | Quarter eagles. | Dollars. | Total pieces. | Total value. |
|  | Pieces. | Preces. | Pieces. | Pieces. |  |  |
| 1848 | 57,553 |  | 134, 101 |  | 710,654 | \$3, 218,01750 |
| 1849. | 39,036 |  | 10,945 | 21,588 | 71,569 | 271,75250 244,13050 |
| 1850 | 43,950 |  | 12, 148 | 8,382 | 64,480 | 258,502 00 |
| 1851 | 62,710 |  | 11,264 | 9,882 | 83, 856 | 351,592 00 |
| 1852 | 91,452 |  | 4,078 | 6,360 | 101, 890 | 473,815 00 |
| 1853 | 89,678 |  | 3,178 | 6,583 | 99,439 | 462,918 00 |
| 1854 | 56,413 | 1,120 | 1,760 | 2.935 | 62,228 | 292,760 00 |
| 1855 | 22,432 |  | 1,123 | 1,811 | 25,366 | 116, 77850 |
| 1856 | 19,786 |  | 874 | 1,460 | 22, 120 | 102,575 00 |
| 1857 | 5,470 |  | 1,464 | 1,896 | 8,830 | 32, 90600 |
| 1858. | 19,256 |  | 900 | 1,637 | 21,793 | 100,167 00 |
| Total | 1,074, 201 | 1,120 | 195,606 | 62,534 | 1, 333,461 | 5,925,914 00 |

## COINAGE OF THE MINT AND BRANCHES

S-Continued.
6. ASSAY OFFICE, NEW YORK.

|  | Period. | Fine gold bars. | Value. | Fine silver bars. | Value. | Total pieces. | Total value. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1854 |  | Pieces. $822$ | \$2,888, 05918 | Pieces. |  | 822 | \$2,888, 05918 |
| 1855 |  | 6, 182 | 20,441, 81363 |  |  | 6,182 | 20,441,813 63 |
| 1856 |  | 4,727 | 19, 396,046 89 | 52 | \$6,792 63 | 4,779 | 19,402,839 52 |
| 1857 |  | 2,230 | 9,335,414 00 | 550 | 123, 31700 | 2,780 | 9,458,731 00 |
| 1858 |  | 7,052 | 21,798, 69104 | 894 | 171,961 79 | 7,946 | 21,970,652 83 |
|  |  | 21, 013 | 73,860,024 74 | 1,496 | 302, 07142 | 22,509 | 74,162,096 16 |

7. SUMMARY EXHIBIT OF THE COINAGE OF THE MINTS TO THE CLOSE OF THE YEAR ENDING JUNE $30,1858$.

| Mints. | Commencement of coinage. | Gold coinage. | Silver coinage. | Copper coinage. | Entire coinage |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Philadelphia | 1793 | Value. $\$ 319,913,70106$ | Value. $\$ 90,085,44882$ | Value. $\$ 1,896,81355$ | Pieces. $588,971,929$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Value. } \\ \$ 411,895,96343 \end{gathered}$ |
| San Francisco | 1854 | 90,770,885 13 | 562,187 06 |  | 5,894, 071 | 91, 333, 07219 |
| New Orleans.. | 1838 | 39,438,615 00 | 24, 241, 80000 |  | 82, 145,845 | 63, 680, 41500 |
| Charlotte. | 1838 | 4,641,629 00 |  |  | 1,117, 629 | 4,641,629 00 |
| Dablonega | 1838 | 5, 925,914 00 |  |  | 1, 333, 461 | 5, 925,914 00 |
| Assay office, New York | 1854 | 73.860, 02474 | 302,071 42 |  | 22,509 | 74, 162,096 16 |
| Total |  | 534,550,768 93 | 115, 191, 50730 | 1,896,813 55 | 679,485, 444 | 651, 639, 08978 |

Statement of gold of domestic production deposited at the Mint of the United States and its branches, to the close of the year ending June 30, 1858.

1. Mint of the tinited scates at philadelphia.

| Period. | Virginia. | North Carolina. | South Carolina. | Georgia. | Tennessee | Alabama. | New Mexico. | California. | Oregon. | Other sources | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1804 to 1827. |  | \$110,000 00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \$110, 00000 |
| 1828 to 1837. | \$427,000 00 | 2,519,500 00 | \$327, 500 | \$1,763,900 00 | \$12,400 |  |  |  |  | \$13, 200 | 5,063,500 00 |
| 1838 to 1847. | 518, 29400 | 1,303,636 00 | 152,366 | 566,316 00 | 16,499 | \$45, 493 |  |  |  | 21,037 | 2,623,641 00 |
| 1848 | 57,886 00 | 109, 03400 | 19,228 | 3,370 00 | 3,497 | 3, 670 | \$682 | \$44, 17700 |  |  | 241,544 00 |
| 1849 | 129,382 00 | 102,688 0 ( | 4,309 | 10,525 00 | 2,739 | 2,977 | 32,889 | 5,481,439 00 |  | 144 | 5, 767, 09200 |
| 1850 | 65,991 00 | 43, 73400 | 759 | 5,114 00 | 307 | 1,178 | 5,392 | 31, 667, 50500 |  | 326 | 31,790,306 00 |
| 1851 | 69,05 300 | 49,440 00 | 12,338 | 2,490 00 | 126 | 817 | 890 | 46, 939, 36700 |  |  | 47, 074, 52000 |
| 1852 | 83,626 00 | 65, 24800 | 4,505 | 3,420 00 |  | 254 | 814 | 49,663,623 00 |  |  | 49, 821,49000 |
| 1853 | 52,200 00 | 45,690 00 | 3,522 | 1,912 00 |  |  | 3,632 | 52,732, 22700 | \$13,535 | 5,213 | 52, 857, 93100 |
| 1854 | 23,347 00 | 9, 06200 | 1,220 | 7,561 00 |  | 245 | 738 | 35, 671,18500 |  |  | 35, 713, 35800 |
| 1855 | 28,895 50 | 22,626 00 | 1,200 | 1,733 50 |  | 310 | 900 | 2,634, 29763 |  | 1,535 | 2,691,497 63 |
| 1856 | 21,607 00 | 12,910 00 | 5,980 | 4,910 00 |  |  | 2,460 | 1,440,134 58 | 40, 750 |  | 1,528,751 58 |
| 1857 | 2,505 00 | 6,805 00 | 2,565 | 3,542 00 |  |  |  | 565.56641 |  |  | 580,983 41 |
| 1858 | 18,377 00 | 15, 17500 | 300 | 18,365 00 |  |  |  | 1,372,506 07 | 3,600 |  | 1,428,323 07 |
| Total. | 1,498, 16250 | 4,415,548 00 | 535,792 | 2,393,158 50 | 35,568 | 54,944 | 48, 397 | 228, 212, 02769 | 57,885 | 41,455 | 237, 292,937 69 |

Statement of gold of domestic production deposited at the United States Mint and branches-Continued.
2. BRANCH MINT AT SAN FRANCISCO.

|  | Period. | California. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1854 |  | \$10,842, 28123 | \$10,842, 28123 |
| 1855 |  | 20, 860, 43720 | 20, 860, 43720 |
| 1856 |  | 29, 209, 21824 | 29, 209, 21824 |
| 1857 |  | 12,526,826 93 | 12,526,826 93 |
| 1858 |  | 19, 104, 36999 | 19, 104,369 99 |
|  |  | 92, 543, 13359 | 92,543,133 59 |

Statement of gold of domestic production deposited at the United States Mint and branches-Continued.
3. BRANCH MINT AT NEW ORLEANS.

4. BRANCH MINT AT CHARLOTTE, NORTH CAROLINA.


Statement of gold of domestic production deposited at the United States Mint and branches-Continued.
5. BRANCH MINT AT DAHLONEGA, GEORGIA.

| Period. | North Carolina. | South Carolina. | Georgia. | Tennessee. | Alabama. | California. | Other sources | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1838 to 1847 | \$64,351 00 | \$95,427 00 | \$2,978,353 00 | \$32,175 00 | \$47, 71100 |  |  | \$3,218, 01700 |
| 1848 | 5,434 00 | 8,15100 | 251,37600 | 2,717 00 | 4,075 00 |  |  | 271,753 00 |
| 1849 | 4,882 00 | 7,323 00 | 225, 82400 | 2,441 00 | 3,661 00 |  |  | 244,13100 |
| 1850 | 4,500 00 | 5,700 00 | 204,473 00 | 1,200 00 | 1,800 00 | \$30,025 00 |  | 247,698 00 |
| 18.51 | 1,971 00 | 3,236 00 | 154,723 00 | 2,251 00 | 2,105 00 | 214,072 00 | \$951 00 | 379,309 00 |
| 1852 | 44300 | 57,543 00 | 93,122 00 | 75000 |  | 324,931 00 |  | 476,789 00 |
| 1853 | 2,085 00 | 33,950 00 | 56,984 00 | 14900 | -0-2------ | 359, 12200 |  | 452,290 00 |
| 1854 | 5,818 00 | 15,988 00 | 47,027 00 | 22300 |  | 211, 16900 |  | 280,225 00 |
| 1855 | 3,145 82 | 9,113 27 | 56,686 36 |  | 27792 | 47,428 70 |  | 116,652 07 |
| 1856 |  | 25,723 75 | 44,107 99 | 10642 |  | 31,467 10 |  | 101,405 26 |
| 1857 |  | 8,083 89 | 25,097 63 |  |  | 6,498 02 |  | 39,679 54 |
| 1858 |  | 32,322 28 | 57,891 45 | 10733 |  | 5,293 52 |  | 95,614 58 |
| Total | 92,629 82 | 302,561 19 | 4,195,665 43 | 42,119 75 | 59,629 92 | 1,230,006 34 | 95100 | 5, 923,56345 |

## 6. ASSAY OFFICE, NEW YORK.

| Period. | Virginia. | North Carolina. | South Carolina. | Georgia. | Alabama. | ${ }^{\text {California. }}$ | Oregon. | Other sources. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1854. | \$167 00 | \$3,916 00 | \$395 00 | \$1,242 00 |  | \$9,221,457 00 |  |  | \$9,227, 17700 |
| 1855 | 2,370 00 | 3,750 00 | 7,620 00 | 13, 10000 | \$350 00 | 25,025,896 11 |  | \$1,600 00 | 25, 054, 68611 |
| 1856 | 6,928 00 | 80507 | 4,052 29 | 41,101 28 | 23362 | 16,529,008 90 |  |  | 16,582, 12916 |
| 1857 | 1,531 00 | 1,689 00 | 2,663 00 | 10,451 00 | 1,545 00 | 9,899,957 00 |  |  | 9, 917,836 00 |
| 1858 | 50100 | 7,007 00 | 6,354 00 | 12,951 00 | 2,18100 | 19,660,531 46 | \$5,581 00 | 27,523 00 | 19,722, 62946 |
| Total | 11,497 00 | 17, 16707 | 21,084 29 | 78,845 28 | 4,309 62 | 80,336,850 47 | 5,581 00 | 29, 12300 | 80,504,457 73 |

Statement of amount of gold of domestic production deposited at the United States Mint and branches-Continued.
7. summary exhibit of the entire deposits of domestic gold at the united states mint and branches to june 30, 1858.

| Mints. | Virginia. | North Carolina. | South Oarolina. | Georgia. | Tennessee. | Alabama. | N. Mexico. | California. | Oregon. | Other sources. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Philadelphia... | 81,498, 16250 | (4, 415,548 00 | \$535,792 00 | \$2,393,158 50 | \$35,568 00 | \$54,944,00 | \$48,397 00 | \$228,212, 02769 | \$57,885 00 | \$41,455 00 | $\text { *237,292,937 } 69$ |
| San francisco . | 741700 |  | 16,721700 | 4i,2911 000 | $\cdots 2,889{ }^{\text {i2 }}$ | -77, 282000 | ........... | 22,054,901 38 |  | 7,290000 | - $22,2003,53550$ |
| Charlotte..... |  | 4, 203,75000 | 372, 20233 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $4,663,27335$ |
| Dahlonega..... | , 49700 | $\begin{aligned} & 98,629 \\ & 17,167 \\ & 07 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 300,561 \\ 21,084 \\ 29 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 4,195,66543 \\ 78,845 \\ \hline 28 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 42,11975 \\ 4,30962 \end{array}$ | 59,629 92 |  | $\begin{array}{r} 1,290,00634 \\ 80,336,85047 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 5,581 00 | $\begin{array}{r} 95100 \\ 29,12300 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 5,923,56345 \\ 80,504,45773 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| Total. | 1,510,400 50 | 8,729,094 90 | 1,247,856 81 | 6,708,910 21 | 84,880 49 | 191,855 92 | 48,397 00 | 424,464,240 48 | 63,466 00 | 78,819 00 | 443, 127, 22131 |

Statement of the amount of silver of domestic production deposited at the Mint of the United States, its branches, and the assay office, New York, from January, 1841, to June 30, 1858.

| Year. | Lake Superior. | Parted from California gold. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1841 to 1851. |  | \$768,509 00 | \$768,509 00 |
| 1852. |  | 404,494 00 | 404, 49400 |
| 1853 |  | 417, 27900 | 417,279 00 |
| 1854 |  | 328,199 00 | 328, 19900 |
| 1855 |  | 333, 05300 | 333, 05300 |
| 1856. |  | 321,938 38 | 321,938 38 |
| 1857 |  | 127, 25612 | 127, 25612 |
| 1858. | \$15,623 00 | 300,849 36 | 316,472 36 |
| Total | 15,623 00 | 3,001,577 86 | 3,017,200 86 |

Statement of amount of silver coined at the Mint of the United States and the branch mints at San Francisco and New Orleans under the act of February 21, 1853.

| Year. | Mint of the U.S, Philadelphia. | Branch mint, San Francisco. | Branch mint, New Orleans. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1853. | \$7, 517, 161 |  | \$1,137,000 | \$8, 654, 161 |
| 1854 | 5, 373, 270 |  | 3, 246,000 | 8,619, 270 |
| 1855 | 1,419,170 | \$164.075 | 1,918,000 | 3,501, 245 |
| 1856 | 3, 214, 240 | 177, 000 | 1, 744,000 | 5, 135, 240 |
| 1857 | 1,427, 000 | 50, 000 |  | 1,477, 000 |
| 1858 | 4,970,980 | 127,750 | 2,942,000 | 8,040,730 |
| Total | 23, 921, 821 | 518, 825 | 10,987, 000 | 35, 427, 646 |

atement of the amount and denomination of fractions of the Spanish and Mexican dollar deposited at the Mint of the United States for exchange for the new cent to June 30, 1858.


Statement of cents of former issue deposited at the Mint of the United States for exchange for new cents to June 30, 1858.


Statement of the amount of fractions of the Spanish and Mexican dollars purchased at the Mint of the United States, the branch mint, New Orleans, and the assay office, New York, and paid for in silver coins, to June 30, 1858.

| Year. | Mint of the U. S., Philadelphia. | Branch mint, New Orleans. | Assay office, New York. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1857 | \$174, 485 | \$1,360 | \$112, 502 | \$288, 347 |
| 1858 | 326,033 | 17,355 | 147, 453 | 490,841 |
| Total. ---- | 500,518 | 18,695 | 259,955 | 779, 188 |

No. 10.
REPORT OF TIIE ENGINEER IN CHARGE OF THE OFFICE OF CONSTRUCTION, UNDER THE TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

Treasury Department, September 30, 1858.
Srr: I have the honor to submit the following report of the progress of the various public buildings under my charge during the year ending September 30, 1858:

On the 30th September, 1857, the amount in the treasury and in the hands of disbursing agents for the construction of public buildings authorized to be constructed under this department was $\$ 5,716,-$ 068 72. Congress, at its last session, appropriated $\$ 1,504,600$ for the continuation, completion, fencing, grading and furnishing of the various works nearly finished, making, with other changes, a total available balance for the year of $\$ 7,117,54412$.

Of this amount, $\$ 1,101,45823$ was for works not commenced at the date of my last report, and which, under your instructions, have not since been commenced. These works were: custom-houses at Ogdensburg, New York, Perth Amboy, New Jersey, Knoxville, Tennessee, Nashville, Tennessee, and Cairo, Illinois, with the one previously authorized at Astoria, Oregon; and court-houses and post offices at Boston, Massachusetts, Baltimore, Maryland, Columbia, South Carolina, Raleigh, North Carolina, Key West, Florida, Tallahassee, Florida, Memphis, Tennessee, Springfield, Illinois, and Madison, Wisconsin, and warehouses at the quarantine station below New Orleans.

For many of these works the appropriation is insufficient, others are without appropriation for sites, and all were without the customary ten per centum for contingent expenses, as detailed in my last annual report. Before these works can be properly commenced, appropriations for furnishing sites and contingent expenses will be required, as well as additional appropriations where the amounts are insufficient to complete suitable buildings.

The total amount drawn from the treasury for disbursements upon public buildings during the year ending September 30, 1858, has been $\$ 2,902,01475$, being $\$ 350,000$ less than last year; and during this period the following buildings have been completed, and most of them enclosed and occupied, viz:

Custom-houses at Bath, Maine, Belfast, Maine, Ellsworth, Maine, Buffalo, New York, Oswego, New York, Plattsburg, New York, Georgetown, District of Columbia, Alexandria, Virginia, Richmond, Virginia, Pensacola, Florida, Louisville, Kentucky, Sandusky, Ohio, Toledo, Ohio; and Marine Hospitats at Burlington, Vermont, Chelsea, Massachusetts, St. Mark's, Florida, Detroit, Michigan, and Burlington, Iowa-making 21 buildings in all.

For some of them, some out door work, such as fencing, grading, \&c., yet remains to be done, but does not prevent occupancy.
No contracts for new works have been made since my last annual report.

The total number of buildings, and the uses for which they were

designed, or for which unexpended balances remain of former appro
priations, is as follows:

Custom-houses, court-houses and post offices......................... 80
Marine hospitals................................................................ 24
Mints and branch mints and assay offices................................ 6
Territorial public buildings................................................. 5
Extension of Treasury......................................................... 1
Ventilation of old Treasury building...................................... 1
Warehouses ........................................................................... 4
Fire-proof vaults .............................................................. 67
Total ..................................................................... .. 188
Toial amount available for the prosecution of these works on the 30th of September, 1857
$\$ 5,716,06872$
Of this amount, there has been transferred to the Department of the Interior for the United States courthouse at Boston, Massachusetts.

105,000 00

| Amount appropriated last session........................ | $5,504,600$ 00 <br> Repaid into the treasury from the New Orleans cus-  <br> tom-house................................................. 1,675 |
| :--- | :--- | ---: |

Amount available for the year 1857-'58................. 7,117,344 12

Unexpended amount now in the treasury appropriated to these works on the 30th September, 1858.........
Amount in the hands of disbursing agents on the 30th September, 1858

4,215,329 41
128,496 51
Total amount available September 30, 1858
4,343,825 92
All the buildings now in course of construction under this department are being executed by contract, except the extension of the Treasury, the custom-houses at New Orleans, Charleston, New Haven, Detroit, Michigan, Portsmouth, N. H., and the court-house and post office at Indianapolis, Indiana.

The works at New Haven, Detroit, Portsmouth, and Indianapolis were given out by contract. On the contractors failing to fulfil their conditions, they were taken from them, under a clause providing for such an emergency, and are now being prosecuted to completion, under the government, by day's work and partial contracts.

For general suggestions upon the present unsatisfactory method of making appropriations for public works, as well as a detailed history and statement of the highly important and rapidly increasing use of iron in the various public works under the government, and for the legal reorganization of this office, I respectfully refer you to my last report. Another year's experience has strengthened and confirmed
the correctness of the views therein presented to you, and has rendered still more apparent the fact that the enormous consumption of iron by the government is materially promoting the general welfare of the great interest involved in its production.
The preparations are nearly completed for carrying into effect the instructions of Congress in reference to the analyses of the various iron ores of the country; and although the proper discharge of the duty involved in those instructions is necessarily a work of much time, it is hoped that an approximate result can be arrived at during the coming season.*

## BATH, MAINE.

The building designed for a custom-house and post office at Bath, Maine, is finished and occupied. The fencing and grading for which an appropriation was made at the last session of Congress is now nearly finished, and will be completed this fall. The sale of the old building was directed by the last Congress, and it has been advertised to be sold by public auction on the 11th of December next.
Total amount of appropriation $\$ 100,10000$
Amount withdrawn to September 30, 1858
92,964 46
Balance available
7,135 54

## BELFAST, MAINE.

The custom-house and post office building at Belfast is completed and occupied. The fencing and grading will be finished during the coming month.
Total amount of appropriation................................. $\$ 31,45000$
Amount withdrawn to September 30, 1858 ................. 30,529 79
Balance available 3,920 21

## BANGOR, MAINE.

The city of Bangor having to this date omitted to furnish its agreed upon moiety for the bridges of the Kenduskeag river at the Bangor custom-house, for which an appropriation was made, nothing has been done towards commencing the work, and steps to that end cannot properly be taken until the promised amount is furnished by the city. The approaches to the custom-house requiring repair during the season have been thoroughly and, it is believed, permanently put in order. Total amount of appropriation \$109,800 00
Amount withdrawn to September 30, 1858. 104,012 13

Balance available
5,787 87

[^0]
## WALDOBORO', MAINE.

The condition of this building was fully detailed in my last annual report, and its restoration was completed last month at a total cost of thirteen hundred dollars.

Total amount of appropriation................................ $\$ 25,00000$
Amount withdrawn to September 30, 1858 ............... 24,32468
Balance available .................................. 67532

## PORTSMOUTH, NEW HAMPSHIRE.

In my last report the probable failure of the contractor to go on with the work upon the new custom-house, court-house, and post office at Portsmouth was intimated, and fears were expressed that government would be compelled to take the work in hand. My fears have been realized by the total failure of the contractor, and the subsequent failure of his securities, who undertook the work in his behalf. It has been taken in hand by the government, the stone and iron work contracted for with responsible parties, and the remainder of the work is being carried on by day's labor. It has been pushed as vigorously as possible ; the outer walls are carried halfway up the second story, and the partition of the entrance and two-thirds of the second story are built. Nearly all the columns and antae of these two floors, with the iron beams and girders, are in place and arches turned. Some of the third story floor beams are also in place. Some delay has been occasioned by unexpected difficulty in quarrying the stone as fast as required, but the work of cutting can be so advanced during the winter as to cause no further delay. The building is of cut granite of the dimensions required by Congress, is well located, and promises to make a fine appearance.


## bURLINGTON, VERMONT.

The fencing and grading of the new custom-house grounds at Burlington, Vermont, for which an appropriation was made at the last Congress, has been commenced, and will probauly be completed this fall.
Total amount of appropriation................................. $\$ 48,60000$
Amount withdrawn to September 30, 1858 .................. 43,451 33
Balance available
5,14867

## RUTLAND, VERMONT.

The court-house and post office at Rutland, Vermont, has been commenced under the contract alluded to in my last annual report, and during the season the work has been pushed with commendable vigor. The exterior and partition walls are all complete, the roof on, iron beams, girders, and columns all set, and the floor arches turned. The plastering is nearly completed and the wood work well advanced. The building will probably be completed by the specified time and ready for occupancy.

Nothing will be done the present season towards fencing and grading the grounds, but it is expected to give out the work as early as the season will admit the coming spring,

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \$ 72,90000 \\
& \text { Amount withdrawn to September 30, } 1858 \\
& \text { 42,362 } 90 \\
& \text { Balance available } \\
& \text { 30,537 } 10
\end{aligned}
$$

## WINDSOR, VERMONT.

The court-house and post office at Windsor, Vermont, will probably be completed the present year. All the brick walls are built, and, with but few exceptions, the iron work all in place. The plastering of walls and ceiling is nearly finished. The floors will be laid, and the carpentry put in place as soon as the walls are sufficiently dried. This building, like that at Rutland, is of brick, with iron exterior ornamentation, and presents a fine appearance. Proposals have been accepted for grading and fencing the grounds, and the work will be carried on as rapidly as the weather admits. The contractor has pushed the work faithfully and vigorously sinse its commencement, and will, no doubt, have it completed according to the contract by the time agreed upon.
Total amount of appropriation ................................. \$76,000 00
Amount withdrawn to September 30, 1858................. 44,050 02
Balance available.................................... 31,949 98

## BRISTOL, RHODE ISLAND.

The grading and paving of the grounds about the new customhouse at Bristol has not yet been commenced, although the building has been occupied the past year. The appropriation for the purpose by the last Congress will be made available early in the spring.

[^1]
## NEW HAVEN, CONNECTICUT.

The work upon the new custom-house at New Haven, commenced by the department after contractor's default, was suspended last April, the appropriation being exhausted. An additional appropriation was made by the last Congress, and the work recommenced in August. The exterior walls, including the cut-stone cornice, are completed. The floor beams and girders are all in place, and it is expected that the iron roof, which is all ready, will be put in place this fall, to protect it during the winter. The building is constructed of Portland freestone, and presents a beautiful façade.
Total amount of appropriation............................................ $\$ 191,70000$
Amount withdrawn to September $30,1858,45000$
Balance available.................................. 63,25000

## BUFFALO, NEW YORK.

The building originally designed to be used as a custom-house, court-house, and post office, at Buffalo, New York, is completed, except in a few trifling matters, which are now being executed, and is occupied by the proper officers. The grounds are all paved, and only a small portion of fencing is yet to be done to enclose the rear passage way.

In connexion with this building, I respectfllly refer you to my last annual report, where the action of Congress was invited to make the additional appropriation for an enlarged work, available for the purpose of constructing a separate building to be used as a custom-house. This will be a more economical method of using the appropriation, and will better promote the interests of the service than to expend it in enlarging the present building. The adjoining land is held at an exorbitant rate by the present owners, and a more convenient site can be obtained at a much lower price for a separate custom-house, for which it is believed the remainder of the appropriation is amply sufficient.
Total amount of appropriation............................... \$290,000 00
Amount withdrawn to September 30, 1858................ 189,138 64
Balance available .................................. 100,861 36

## OSWEGO, NEW YORK.

The new custom-house and post office at Oswego, New York, is now complete and occupied, the ground graded and enclosed. The work is well done, and the building an ornament to the city.
Total amount of appropriation.............................. $\quad \$ 131,10000$
Amount withdrawn to September $30,1858 . . . . . . . . . . .$.
118,850 00
Balance available

## OGDENSBURG, NEW YORK.

The building designed to be used for a custom-house and other purposes at Ogdensburg, New York, had not been commenced at the date of your instructions to commence no new works, and consequently no steps have been taken for its construction. The site had already been selected, title certified to by the Attorney General, State jurisdiction ceded, and the land has been paid for.
Totai amount of appropriation................................ \$118,000 00
Amount withdrawn to September 30, 1858................ 9, 00875
Balance available.................................. 108,991 25

PLATTSBURG, NEW YORK.
The new custom-house and post office at Plattsburg, New York, has been completed by the contractors during the past year, and is now occupied by the collector. The additional appropriation by Congress at its last session is sufficient to grade and enclose the grounds and furnish the rooms in the building. Proposals for fencing and grading have been invited by advertisement, and the work will be put under contract after it has been advertised for the period prescribed by law. Instructions will be given to furnish the postmaster's rooms, so that he can occupy them this winter.

> Total amount of appropriation
> \$79,900 00
> Amount withdrawn to September 30, 1858................... 78,788 23
> Balance available .................................... 21,111 77

NEWARK, NEW JERSEY.
The new custom-house, post office, and court-house, at Newark, New Jersey, is nearly completed. The part of it designed for the postmaster is already occupied by that officer. The remainder of the building is now being finished and furnished, and the grounds in process of enclosure. It will be entirely completed this fall. Total amount of appropriation................................ . $\$ 162,00000$
Amount withdrawn to September 30, 1858................ 140,287 61
Balance available
21,712 39

## PERTH AMBOY, NEW JERSEY.

The proposals for constructing a new custom-house and post office, which were noted as having been invited by advertisement in my last report, have been received and opened, but no award has yet been made upon them.

Among the proposals received, several of the lowest bids are at a less sum than I deem the work can be properly done for according to the plans and specifications; and in this connexion your attention is respectfully called to the fact in the history of this office, that in every instance where a contract has been awarded at less than what the department deemed a fair cost of the work, it has resulted in the failure of the contractor, his abandonment of the work, and its subsequent assumption by the government to be constructed at a larger cost than contract price on account of the securities; but in no one instance, that I am aware of, have the securities been prosecuted to successful issue for the result. I am well aware of the many difficulties which attend the rejection of a low bid and acceptance of a higher offer; but in view of this unvarying result, I respectfully recommend to your consideration the policy of exercising a discretionary power in awarding bids, having reference to the computed cost made in this department, (with a sole reference to the actual cost of the work,) and thus awarding the contract irrespective of the lowest bid.
Total amount of the appropriation
$\$ 24,00000$
Amount withdrawn to September 30, 1858.
3,087 16
Balance available
20,912 84

## WILMINGTON, DELAWARE.

The appropriation fur placing iron shutters and window bars upon the custom-house at Wilmington, Delaware, have been made available since my last report, and the work completed.
Total amount of appropriation................................ $\left.\begin{array}{l}\$ 41,500 \\ \text { Amount withdrawn to September } 30,1858 \\ 41,096 \\ 02\end{array}\right)$
Balance available. 40398

## BALTIMORE POST OFFICE.

The alterations and repairs necessary to convert the property purchased of the Baltimore Exchange Company into suitable accommodations for a post office have been commenced under the contract made with the vendors at the time of purchase, and have steadily progressed. The wooden floors have been removed, and iron beams with brick arches introduced; the partition and extension walls have been built and altered as the contract requaired, and the plastering and joiner's work well under way. The building will be finished entirely within the six working months required by the contract, and be ready for occupancy this winter.

During the month of September a fire occurred in the building and produced some damage to the custom-house portion, which will require an appropriation for its restoration. It is estimated that the sum of fifteen thousand dollars will be required for the purpose.
Total amount appropriated. ..... $\$ 300,00000$
Amount withdrawn to September 30, 1858. ..... 238,958 79
Balance available ..... 61,041 21
GEORGETOWN, DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

Since my last report, the building for a custom-house and post office at Georgetown has been entirely completed, furnished, and occupied; the grounds graded, and enclosed with a heavy wall and suitable iron fence. The building has a massive appearance, and is well located for its uses.

| Total amount of appropriation. | \$60,000 00 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Amount withdrawn to September 30, 1858 | 48,561 71 |
| Balance available. | 11,438 29 |

## ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA.

The custom-house and post office building at Alexandria, Virginia, has been completed and furnished, and is now occupied. The work of grading was commenced, when it was found necessary to purchase an additional parcel of land on the west side of the lot. Negotiations have been entered into for this purpose, and the land purchased, conditioned upon its title meeting the requirements of the joint resolution of Congress approved September 11, 1841. If the Attorney General finds the title valid, the work of grading and fencing will be immediately resumed.

The building is of brick, with a granite base, and the whole is highly ornamental to the city, and creditable to the government.


## NORFOLK, VIRGINIA.

Various causes have continued to delay the completion of the new custom-house and post office at Norfolk, Virginia, but the new appropriation for its completion has been made available, and the work is progressing. The postmaster has for some time occupied the rooms designed for him, and it is expected the collector will move in during the coming month, his furniture being now nearly ready. The grounds will be immediately graded, and enclosed with a suitable iron fence.

[^2]
## PETERSBURG, VIRGINIA.

The walls of the new custom-house and post office at Petersburg, Virginia, are completed, the roof and plastering finished, and the stairs now being put up. The wood work is well advanced, and the iron doors and shutters being made. The post office boxing is now constructing, and it is expected the postmaster's rooms will be ready for occupancy by the 1st of January next. The building is constructed of granite ; has a beautiful and imposing exterior, and is admirably located, not only for architectural effect, but for the convenience of the public and the accommodation of the federal officers.

| Total amount of appropriation.. | \$103,200 00 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Amount withdrawn to September 30, 1858. | 51,153 80 |
| Balance available | 52,046 20 |

RICHMOND, VIRGINIA.
The completion of the new custom-house, post office, and courthouse, at Richmond, Virginia, has been delayed beyond my anticipation by the unfortunate lunacy of the contractor's agent, (and de facto contractor, who was also the security,) and the consequent assumption of the work by the government ; but it is now completed, and occupied by the various officers of the customs, post office, and federal courts. The building is of granite, beautifully wrought, and the two fronts, on Bank and Main streets, have a fine appearance. The grounds are graded and enclosed, but the areas on both streets require turfing and planting.
Total amount of appropriation................................ $\$ 250,00000$
Amount withdrawn to September 30, $1858 . . . . . . . . . .$.
Some portion of the work is yet unpaid for.

## WHEELING, VIRGINIA.

The new custom-house and post office at Wheeling is expected to be completed during the coming winter. The plastering is nearly done, the iron work mostly in place, and only a small portion of the carpentry yet to do. A portion of the painting is done, and the remainder will be done as soon as the work is ready for it. The paving of the side-walks and entrances, and the work of enclosing the grounds, is now in progress.
Total amount of appropriation. ..... \$117,300 00
Amount withdrawn to September 30, 1858. ..... 99,102 03Balance available18,197 97

## CHARLESTON, SOUTH CAROLINA.

The exterior of the new custom-house at Charleston, South Carolina, has not progressed as rapidly as I had hoped during the past year, owing to the same cause which retarded its progress during the previous years, as noted in my last report, viz: the difficulty of obtaining marble of a suitable quality. In quarrying, it is necessary to get out large quantities which can only be worked into later portions of the building, in order to procure those suitable for immediate use. In this way, although the contractors have delivered on the building during the year 657 pieces of marble, all cut and ready to set in place, yet it has been possible to place only 140 of them, and the remainder cannot be set until the sections of columns and capitals are received. These are prepared as fast as the various quarries now under contribution will yield suitable material. When the work becomes so far advanced as to receive the accumulation of sut stone the work will progress very rapidly; 1,445 pieces have been set during the year, but 1,305 of them were from the deliveries of previous years.

The exterior walls have been completed up to the lower member of the architraves, and both exterior and interior window trimmings of marble are all set. The iron work of the principal story is finished, the beams and girders of the third story floor set in place, and the arches turned between them. The interior walls have been carried up level with the exterior walls, and it is hoped that nearly all the exterior marble work will be completed during the coming year. Total amount of appropriation $\$ 1,903,00000$
Amount withdrawn to September 30, 1858.............. 1,573,616 63
Balance available
329,383 37

## MOBILE, ALABAMA.

The delays and dangers attending the transportation of materials from the north for the new custom-house and post office at Mobile have seriously retarded the progress of the work and delayed its completion beyond the anticipated time, but the building itself is now done and the interior is rapidly finishing. The iron doors are yet to be put up, a few floors are to be laid, and some of the joiner's work for the custom-house portion yet remains to be done. The plastering is nearly all completed, and the building will soon be ready for occupancy.

A large fire has recently occurred in the building adjoining the custom-house, which has seriously damaged the government property, and will require an appropriation by Congress for its repair. This fire originated in a livery stable where hay was stored, and spread opposite to the south side and southwest corner of the custom-house, totally destroying many buildings, and creating an intense heat, which spauled off some of the plain ashlar as well as ornamental work, and it is estimated that it will cost at least $\$ 10,000$ to effect the proper repair. This appropriation has been asked for in the proper place.
Total amount of appropriation................................. \$392,600 00
Amount withdrawn to September 30, 1858 .................. 342,849 11

$$
\text { Balance available..................................... } 49,75089
$$

## PENSACOLA, FLORIDA.

The new custom-house, post office, and court-house at Pensacola, Florida, is finished. The iron fence is yet to be erected, and a portion of the furniture to be obtained, which will be done the coming month. The last session of the United States courts was held in the courtrooms, and the post office has been removed to the building. The collector is expected to move in next month. The building is strong, sabstantial, sightly, and convenient, and constructed of excellent and durable materials. Carelessness or wantoness may deface but cannot seriously injure it.

The original appropriation is ample for the small remainder of work. Total amount of appropriation.................................. $\$ 50,50000$ Amount withdrawn to September 30, 1858 ................... 48,004 27

Balance available.......... .......................... 2,495 73

## NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA.

The new custom-house at New Orleans has steadily advanced since my last report, and the delivery of the materials by the different contractors has been in accordance with the superintendent's requisitions. The number of operatives has been increased and the work pushed with satisfactory vigor. The iron work of the third story floor has been completed, and the beams and girders of the fourth story floor nearly all placed. The flooring of the collector's room is finished and its marble walls complete to a height of 37 feet. The sculpture of Italian marble is finished and in its place. The large cast iron columns of the Canal street vestibule are set up, und the entablature :above them nearly completed. More than $3,000,000$ pounds of iron thave been used upon the work during the year; over 670,000 bricks, :223, 000 feet of lumber, 187 tons of granite, and 745 tons of marble.

The building still continues to settle, and, from some unexplained carse, at an increased rate during the past year. This may be, and probably is, owing to the increased weight of material upon the exterior walls of the superstructure, as it is not to be supposed there has been any change in the nature of the sub-soil.
Maximum settlement since December 6, 1851..................... $20_{10,}^{88}$
Minimum settlement since December 6, 1851...................... 13
Mean settlement since December 6, 1851............................. $16 \frac{94}{100}$
Maximum settlement in 1856 and 1857 .............................. $29{ }^{9}{ }^{7}{ }^{7}$
Minimum settlement in 1856 and 1857 ............................... ${ }^{\frac{7}{15}}$
Mean settlement in 1856 and 1857 .................................... $1_{\frac{17}{100}}$
Maximum settlement during the past year.......................... $3 \frac{1}{2}$
Minimum settlement during the past year .......................... ${ }_{\frac{8}{86}}^{100^{2}}$
Mean settlement during the past year............................... $2_{180}^{80}$
Total amount of appropriation.............................. \$2,925,258 00
.Amount withdrawn to 30 th September, 1858............ 2,576,312 62
Balance available

The construction of the warehouses at the quarantine station, nine miles below New Orleans, for which an appropriation of fifty thousand dollars was made, has not been commenced. A site has been donated by the State, jurisdiction thereof ceded, and the plans and elevation of the building prepared.
Total amount of appropriation.................................. \$50,000 00
Amount withdrawn to September 30, 1858.................. 296,000 00
Balance available........................................... 49,704 0)
GALVEGTON, TEXAS.
The building designed to be used as a custom-house, court-house and post office at Galveston has not progressed satisfactorily. Many months of delay occurred at the commencement, from the tardiness or neglect of the contractors; and since the prevailing epidemic they have asked suspension of the work, which has been authorized. It is contemplated to resume it on the 1st December, or earlier, if the abatement of the fever will permit. The expectation, expressed in my last report, that the work would be vigorously pushed the past summer has, thus far, been frustrated, and it has been more lingeringly performed than that upon any building now constructing under this office.

The foundations have been laid, but only a portion of the basement story has been built. Beyond this, except the delivery of some materials, nothing has been done.

ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI.
The exterior of the building designed as custom-house, court-house and post office at St. Louis is finished ; but some changes having been authorized, the interior is not so far advanced at this date as I had expected. The iron stairs are yet to be put up, the inner doors still to be hung, and nearly all the joiners' work remains unfinished. The plastering is nearly completed, and the plumbers' work well advanced.

The building is of cut stone, and presents a fine appearance. Total amount of appropriation................................. \$387,900 00 Amount withdrawn to September 30, 1858.................. 318,723 71

Balance available 69,17629

## LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY.

The new custom-house, court-house and post office at Louisville is completed, with the exception of some work in the third story, and the postmaster and surveyor, with their force, are now occupying the
quarters designed for them. Instructions have been given for the finish of the court-rooms in the third story.

The sessions of the United States courts are now held at Frankfort, and the rooms will be ready for occupancy before the contemplated change of place to Louisville can be legalized.

$$
\text { Total amount of appropriation.................................. } \$ 262,64500
$$

Amount withdrawn to September 30, 1858................... 256,778 23
Balance available.
5,866 77

## KNOXVILLE, NASHVILLE, AND MEMPHIS, TENN.

Nothing has been done towards commencing the authorized works in Tennessee since my last report.
Total amount of appropriation at Nashville. ............... \$124,500 00
Amount withdrawn to September 30, 1858.................. 20,251 31
Balance available......................................... 104,248 69
Total amount of appropriation at Knoxville................ \$96,800 00
Amount withdrawn to September 30, 1858.................. 19881
Balance available......................................... 96,601 19
Total amount of appropriation at Memphis................. $\$ 50,00000$
Amount withdrawn to September 30, 1858.
6390
Balance available......................................... 49,936 10

CLEVELAND, OHIO.
The construction of the new custom-house, court-house, and post office, at Cleveland, Ohio, has been retarded by unseasonable weather, but is now rapidly approaching completion. Since my last annual report, the exterior walls have been finished, the cornice built, iron roof put on, floor arches turned, and partition walls built, iron shutters, doors, and stairs are put up, and a large force of carpenters are now employed upon the interior finish. The plastering and plumbing is in a forward state; the outside area walls have been built; the flagging of the walks partly done, and the enclosing fence commenced. It is expected the building will be entirely completed by the close of the present year.
Total amount of appropriation................................ $\$ 166,90000$
Amount withdrawn to September 30, 1858.................. 125,515 35
Balance available .................................. 41,384 65

## SANDUSKY, OHIO.

The new custom-house and post office at Sandusky is completed, furnished, and occupied. It only remains to enclose the grounds, for which no acceptable offer has yet been made.
Total amount of appropriation. ..... $\$ 76,45000$
Amount withdrawn to September 30, 1858 ..... 74,17616
Amount available ..... 2,273 84

TOLEDO, OHIO.

The court-house and post office at Toledo, Ohio, is completed and turned over to its proper occupants. The grounds are graded and properly secured by retaining walls against the action of frost, but the unexpended portion of the appropriation is barely sufficient for a suitable iron fence. They will be enclosed as durably as the amount will admit at the opening of another season.
Total amount of appropriation................................. \$77,450 00
Amount withdrawn to September 30, 1858 ................ 75,692 20
Balance available................................... 1,757 80
DETROIT, MICHIGAN.
At the close of my last report the building intended for a customhouse, court-house, and post office, at Detroit, had been taken in hand by the department, upon the contractor's faill re to comply with his contract, and has since been vigorously prosecuted by the local superintendent, under the direction of this office. The foundations were then only commenced, but since that date the exterior walls have been carried nearly up to the 3d story floor, and before winter sets in it is hoped the iron roof, which is already built, may be put on, and the building covered in. The work was for a time delayed by the exhaustion of the quarry from which the ashlar was taken, and some time necessarily elapsed before other suitable stone could be found.

All the lumber necessary for the interior finish is on hand, and much of the joiner work is ready to be put up. The iron work is well forward; iron beams and girders of the entrance and 2d story floor in place, together with the basement and entrance story's columns and antae. This building is of cut stone, and promises to be an imposing structure. An additional appropriation will be required to complete it, which has been asked for in the proper place.
Total amount of appropriation.............................. $\$ 153,80000$
Amount withdrawn to September 30, 1858................. 109,857 54
Balance available 43,942 46

## CHICAGO, ILLINOIS.

The department was notified early last spring of the sudden death of the enterprising contractor for the new custom-house, coutt-house, and post office, at Chicago, who died but a few days after the death
of his principal assistant upon the work. The work was immediately taken in hand by his executor, with a competent agent, and has been well advanced since my last annual report.
This building, as enlarged by the direction of Congress, is a very large one, covering an area of 159 by 77 feet, and its exterior walls have been carried up, on all sides, to the height of the 3d story floors. The stone work is of superior quality, and the whole structure, so far as it has progressed, will compare favorably with any similar work in the country. The iron work of the entrance and 2d story floors is in place, brick arches turned, and partition walls built of the 2 d story, while one-half of the beams and girders for the 3d story floor are in place. The iron work is being delivered as fast as required, and the entire structure will be rapidly pushed to completion.

The additional site purchased under the direction of Congress, although the deeds have been duly certified by the Attorney General to vest valid title in the United States, has not yet been paid for, as it was doubted if the original cession of jurisdiction by the State legislature would cover the additional purchase. The next session of the State legislature, following the purchase, occurs in January, 1859, when it is expected the act of cession will be so amended as to unmistakeably cover the whole area, and payment be made.

| Total amount of appropriation | \$414,900 00 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Amount withdrawn to September 30, 1858 | 204,222 43 |
| Balance availabl | 210,677 5 |

CAIRO, ILLINOIS.
Nothing has been done towards commencing the authorized building at Cairo, Illinois. The site, gratuitously offered by the Central Railroad Company, has not yet been examined.
Total amount of appropriation................................ \$50,000 00 Amount withdrawn to September 30, 1858

Balance available.

The piling necessary for the new custom-house and post office at Galena, Illinois, was completed last season, seasonably to test its security by loading the piling with a weight equal to double the weight of the superstructure, and letting it so remain during the winter. On its removal in the spring not the slightest deflection was found to have occurred, and the construction of the edifice has therefore been pushed as rapidly as the materials could be accumulated. Since then the exterior walls have been built up to the cornice, which is cut and now being set. The difficulty and delay in getting the only suitable stone in this section, (from Nauroo,) and the delay attendant upon the unforeseen riecessity of piling for a foundation, has materially retarded the work, and will prevent its completion within the time specified in the contract. Some extension upon the contract will have to be given the contractor. It is expected, however, that
the building can be ready for occupancy next summer. The corrugated iron roof will be put on this fall, and all the interior work prepared during the winter, to be placed early in the spring.


## INDIANAPOLIS, INDIANA.

The contract for constructing the building at Indianapolis, to be used as a court house and post office, was awarded to the lowest bidder at a much sinaller sum than the department computed the work could be done for. It was never commenced by him, but was assigned, at the same rate, to another party, who gave satisfactory security and commenced the work. Before, however, he had done anything of moment, he abandoned it, and his securities were served with the necessary legal notice, directing them to prosecute the work in his behalf. This they failed to do, and the department has thus been compelled to take it in hand, to construct it at the ultimate cost of the contractor and his securities. Such portions as could be best and most economically done by contract have been contracted for, and the remainder is being done by days' work.

The commencement of the work was retarded by these causes, and since its commencement still further delay has been occasioned by encountering quicksand and springs at the southwest corner of the building, which has consumed both time and money to overcome and guard against. A proper concrete foundation has, however, been secured, by carrying the foundations 21 feet below the grade of the site; and upon the completion of the foundation walls no further delay is anticipated.

The appropriation will be insufficient to complete the building, and an additional sum has been asked for in the proper place.
Total amount of appropriation
$\$ 123,70000$
Amount withdrawn to September 30, 1858.
45,287 97

$$
\text { Balance available................................... 78,412 } 03
$$

## DUBUQUE, IOWA.

The work upon the building designed for a custom-house, courthouse, and post office, at Dubuque, has not progressed satisfactorily during the past year. A similar difficulty to that at Galena has occurred at this work, it having been found necessary to go to Nauvoo for stone ; and the local superintendent not being able to satisfactorily arrange with the contractor for the enhanced cost of going there after it, the delivery of stone has not been commensurate with the necessity of the work. The superintendent continues to report that great delay attends the delivery, and the present position of things will have to be effectually changed, or the department will be compelled to commence the work for the contractor's account.

The work has also been delayed from the fact that the foundation
wall, at the date of my last annual report, proved to be defective, and had to be taken up and relaid. The basement walls are now all laid, up to the line of the ground, and all foundations for piers and basement columns are in.

From the above named causes, but little progress is anticipated the remainder of the season, and it is not to be expected the coniractor can now complete the work in the time specified by contract. Before another season, it is hoped the various difficulties will be adjusted, or their respective merits determined, so that the work can be pushed to completion, either by the contractor or the government.

The jurisdiction over this site has never been ceded by the State, but the building has been begun under the act of Congress authorizing it, provided the city of Dubuque should give the proper bonds that jarisdiction would be ceded at the coming session of the legislature. These bonds were given and approved, and the legislature is to convene on the second Monday of January, 1859. The penalty of the bond becomes payable, by its terms, if the legislature adjourn without the necessary action, three months after such adjournment.
Total amount of appropriation................................ $\$ 138,80000$
Amount withdrawn to September 30, 1858 ................. . 46,479 08
Balance available
92,320 92

## MILWAUKIE, WISCONSIN.

At the date of my last report the building designed for custom-house, court-house and post office at Milwaukie had its exterior walls completed and the root partly framed. The roof was completed last fall, and some of the partition walls built, and floor arches turned; but the contractor, the same party who had contracted for the Chicago custom-house, having died in the spring. as well as his chief assistant, the work was assumed by his executor, and has been rapidly progressing during the past season, being now nearly completed. There remains to be done a little painting, tiling in the corridors, locks and numbers to be put on the post offlce boxing, in the interior; and apon the outside, the side walks, area steps, railing and division walls to be completed. It is expected the building can be got ready for occupancy by the first December next.
Total amount of apprnpriation................................ \$159,700 00
Amount withdrawn to September 30, 1858 ................ 146,578 53
Balance available
13,121 47

## MARINE HOSPITALS.

BURLINGTON, VERMONT.
The building designed for a marine hospital at Burlington, Vermont, has been for some time completed, and the necessary appropriation has been made for fencing and grading the ground and furnishing the building. No steps have been taken for its expenditure, and the
building, if not occupied, will require attention, as the accumulating dampness is already working an injury. The necessity for this building is, to say the least, a questionable matter. The returns from the present hospital in this district, for the past year, show that eleven seamen have applied for relief, and ten have been relieved at private boarding houses, at an average cost of $\$ 250$ per week, and a total cost of $\$ 18605$. But the building is completed according to the instruction of Congress, and it now becomes a question of economy whether it shall be furnished and a corps of physicians, nurses, servants, \&c., maintained for so small a necessity.

In this connexion I beg respectfully to refer you to my last annual report, upon the small necessity that exists for many appropriations made for costly marine hospitals, and at the same time to give you some of the most glaring cases of discrepancy between the amount appropriated and the necessity of the case. At Natchez, Miss, where a marine hospital has been erected at a cost of $\$ 52,250$, there have been no returns of patients admitted during the past year. At Portland, Maine, a building has been constructed costing over $\$ 100,000$, and it is estimated will cost over $\$ 4,000$ to furnish it. The returns the past year are for only sixty-one patients, relieved at an average cost of $\$ 3$ per week, and a total cost of $\$ 4,377$ 43. At Pensacola but seventeen patients have been reported to be relieved, at an average cost of $\$ 350$ per week, and a total of \$75 611.

These and other similar cases, which could readily be recapitulated, give startling force to the necessity for a different system of legislation for such objects. The attention of the department has often been called to the indiscriminate and often unjust appropriations for marine hospitals, and in 1855 your predecessor caused a table to be prepared and published with his annual report of that year, which showed the various rates of cost at which patients were maintained, both by private contract and at organized hospitals. The necessary data do not exist for preparing a similar table this year, but I collate some of the leading facts of that report for reference. The business of this office since that time justifies me in the belief that the evils which it indicates, instead of lessening, are yearly increasing.
During the year ending June 30, 1855, the cost of maintaining patients by contract, at Bridgetown, New Jersey, was $\$ 150$ per week, each; at l.ortsmouth, New Hampshire, and Middletown, Connecticut, $\$ 2$ per week, each; at Machias, Waldoboro', Kennebunk, and Belfast, in Maine, at Sackett's Harbor, New York, and Presque. Isle, Pennsylvania, the cost was $\$ 250$ per week, each; and at other places it ranged from $\$ 3$ to $\$ 5$ per week, none being over $\$ 5$. At Cincinnati and Oswego the latter price was paid, but in the city of New York the price was but $\$ 4$ per week.

At organized hospitals the average cost, during the same year, of each patient per week was as follows:


| At San Francisco, Ca | \$6 62 per week, each. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Louisville, Kentucky................ | 721 | 66 | 6. |
| Mobile, Alabama.... | 819 | 6 | 6 |
| Key West, Florida | 847 | 66 | '6 |
| Pittsburg, Pennsylvania | 1071 | 6 | 66 |
| Paducah, Kentucky. | 1610 | 66 | ${ }^{6}$ |
| Ocracoke, North Carolina | 1820 | 6 | 66 |
| Napoleon, Arkansas. | 2541 | 66 | 6 6 |
| Natchez, Mississippi. | 7070 | 6 | 6 |

In connexion with this subject, and in support of the views expressed of the small necessity that exists for this and many similar works I append hereto a letter from the collector of this district in reference to the building and its cost. What is true of this is true of many others which have been constructed under this department.

## Custom-House, Disthict of Vermont, Collector's Office, Burlington, October 12, 1858.

SIr: There is a subject, involving a large annual expenditure by the government in this district, which I suppose the department have now under consideration, upon which (although not interrogated) it may not be improper for me to address you. I called the attention of Governor Hubbard, your special agent, to it, on his recent visit to this district. I refer to the marine hospital recently erected in this town. It was built at an expense of some $\$ 30,000$, * and from all I can learn, if organized and carried on, it must cost the government from seven to ten thousand dollars per annum, all of which, from my knowledge of the necessities of disabled seamen in this district, I consider a useless and extravagant expenditure. From an examination of the records in this office in reference to past expenditures for that purpose within the district, I find that two hundred and fifty dollars per year is a reasonable estimate for future disbursements, under our present system of taking care of disabled sailors. Most who apply for relief are residents of the district, and are now taken care of among their friends and relatives in a manner far more satisfactory to themselves than they ever can be by strangers, in the best regulated hospital.

Pardon me, sir, for intruding my opinions upon you, but such being my honest convictions, I have felt it my duty thus frankly to express them, under the supposition that the matter of furnishing and organizing the hospital was discretionary with the department.

I am, sir, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

> J. B. BOWDISH.

Hon. Howell Cobb, Secretary of the Treasury.

[^3]
## PORTLAND, MAINE.

The marine hospital at Portland, Maine, is ready for nccupancy, and ony requires furnishing. An appropriation was made for this purpose at the last session of Congress, but no order has yet been given for its purchase.
Total amount of appropriation.............................. \$115,000 00
Amount withdrawn to September 30, 1858................ 109,174 98
Balance available....................................... 5,825 02

## CHELSEA, MASSACHUSETTSS.

The new marine hospital at Chelsea, Massachusetts, is completed and occupied. The remaining out door work will be finished as completely as the unexpended amount to the credit of the work will admit. Proposals for thus doing the work have been received, but not acted upon. During the past season the patients have been removed from the old hospital to the new, and the building is furnished and occupied by the proper officers.
Total amount of appropriation.

$$
\$ 234,70000
$$

Amount withdrawn to September 30, 1858................. 216,721 63
Balance available
17,978 37

## WILMINGTON, NORTH CAROLINA.

The construction of the building designed for a marine hospital at Wilmington, North Carolina, has not progressed satisfactorily the past season, and is not now as well advanced as it should have been. Much of the delay is doubtless attributable to the fact that many of the materials have to be procured from the north, and the distance and scarcity of vessels to this port causes frequent detention ; but it is to be hoped that more energy will hereafter be put in requisition, and, as the winter will not interfere much with the construction in this locality, that the building may be completed the next ceason.
Total amount of apppropriation............................... $\$ 50,50000$
Amount withdrawn to December 30, 1858................... 18,197 00
Balance available......................................... 32,303 00
MOBILE, ALABAMA.
The grading and enclosing of the grounds purchased in the rear of the marine hospital at Mobile, Alabama, has been given out for a sum within the amount appropriated for the purpose, and the work was advancing when the yellow fever became epidemic and forced a suspension of operations. As soon as possible it wi.l be resumed and speedily completed.
Total amount of appropriation........................................ $\$ 54,14000$
Amount withdrawn to September 30, $1858 . . . . . . . . . .$.
54,140
00
Balance available, (in disbursing agent's hands)
$\underline{\underline{\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots}}$

## ST. MARK'S, FLORIDA.

The new marine hospital at St. Mark's, Florida, is finished and can be occupied as soon as the necessary furniture is putin. The amount remaining to the credit of the work is ample to purchase this furniture and do the out door work about the building, which can be done whenever instructions to that effect are given.
Total amount of appropriation................................ $\$ 25,70000$
Amount withdrawn to September 30, 1858 ................ 20,959 20
Balance available..................................... 4,74080

## PENSACOLA, FLORIDA.

Nothing has been done in reference to the building authorized to be erected at Pensacola as a marine hospital since the date of my last report.
Total amount of appropriation................................ $\$ 22,00000$
Amount withdrawn to September 30, 1858 ................ 1,052 96

$$
\text { Balance available......... ............................. } 20,94704
$$

## NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA.

The marine hospital at New Orleans, which is contracted to be built of iron, has made good progress since my last report. The entire site of the building, extending 206 feet in one direction and 326 feet in the other, has been thoroughly piled and the grillage carefully and durably constructed to a proper height to secure drainage. The necessary shell roads are all finished. A very large amount of iron work has been delivered, and the work, though checked, has not been stopped by the prevailing epidemic. The iron columns, antre, and lintels of the entrance and second story, have nearly all been set ; the iron beams and girders of the entrance story floor have been set and brick arches turned, and in the Broad street wing the beams of the second and third stories have been laid, and the floor arches of the second story and partitions of the floor built. In the White street wing the beams of the second and third story floors are in, and one-half the arches of the second story floor are built. The brick arches of the second story floor in the main building are finished and some of the partition walls built.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Total amount of appropriation................................. \$521,459 } 20 \\
& \text { Amount expended to September 30, 1858.................. 264,320 } 98 \\
& \text { Balance available .................................. 257,138 } 22 \\
& \text { ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI. }
\end{aligned}
$$

Nothing has been done towards fencing and grading the grounds about the new hospital at St. Louis, as the grade of the adjoining streets is still undetermined. The work upon the sewers has been commenced, but as the labor is performed by persons otherwise employed about the
building, without additional cost, it progresses slowly, and will not probably be completed this season.
Total amount of appropriation. $\$ 118,57400$
Amount withdrawn to September 30, 1858 ................. 92,77400
Balance available ..................................... $\frac{25,80000}{}$

## PADUCAH, KENTUCKY.

The work of improving the grounds about the marine hospital at Paducah is nearly oompleted and the necessary repairs made within the appropriation made for that purpose.

| Total amount of appropriation. | \$61,625 00 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Amount withdrawn to September 30, 1858 | 57,212 04 |
| Balance available | 4,412 96 |

## CINCINNATI, OHIO

At the date of my last report the work upon the new marine hospital at Cincinnati had been delayed by meeting quicksand at the foundations, which required an additional appropriation. The necessary sum was appropriated, and the work has rapidly progressed. The brick work has been completed, the roof frame is being put on, and the verandahs are going up. The iron beams and arches of the floors are in, and the ceiling lathed, ready for plastering.

The building will be entirely covered in before winter, and the interior work carried forward to completion as rapidly as possible. Total amount of appropriation................................. \$186,000 00 Amount withdrawn to September 30, 1858........... ..... 142,069 03
Balance available.................................... 43,930 97

## EVANSVILLE, INDIANA.

The work of grading and enclosing the grounds of the marine hospital at Evansville, Indiana, and building the necessary out-buildings, has not been commenced, but an estimate is now received within the sum available, and instructions will be given to go on with the work.
Total amount of appropriations ............................... \$58,800 00
Amount withdrawn to September 30, 1858,................ 48,461 85
Balance available ................................. 10,33815

## GALENA, ILLINOIS.

After my last report, and before the work upon the new marine hospital at Galena was suspended for the winter, the large cistern was walled up, lined, and covered, and the basement walls completed.

At the opening of the present season the rainy weather retarded the work, and it is not now so far advanced as was expected and desired.

The main walls are completed, the verandah frames set up, and the roof frame ready for its corrugated covering. The floors are all completed, and a large part of the carpenters' work in place. All the lathing is ready for the plastering, and the basement, with part of the entrance story, is plastered. Unless unexpected delay occurs in the delivery of the corrugated iron, the building will be got under cover before winter sets in, but it cannot, probably, be got ready for occupancy until next summer.
Total amount of appropriation ................................ \$48,800 00
Amount withdrawn to September 30, 1858................. 27,059 73
Balance available...... ............................ $21,740 \quad 27$
DETROIT, MICHIGAN.
The marine hospital at Detroit is completed, furnished, and occupied, and the necessary fencing and grading will probably be completed before winter.

BURLINGTON, IOWA.
The marine hospital at Burlington, Iowa, as was expected, has been completed. It is not yet furnished. The work of enclosing the grounds and building a sewer will be finished this fall.
Total amount of appropriation ................................ $\$ 25,10000$
Amount expended to September 30, 1858.................... 20,80779
Balance available............................................ 4, 292 21

## NEW ORLEANS BRANCH MINT.

The repairs upon the New Orleans branch mint have been completed, and the operations of the mint are now pursued without hindrance, and with increased conveniences and security, as the building is strictly fire proof.
Total amount of appropriation............................... \$591,514 05
Amount withdrawn to September 30, 1858........ ....... 588,812 70
Balance available
2,701 35

## TREASURY EXTENSION.

At the date of the last annual report the basement story and a portion of the principal story of the south wing of the extension of the Treacury were arched in, the foundations and a portion of the cellar walls of the west, as well as of the north wing, laid, and a large amount of granite and other materials were on hand to be used in the upper portion of the work as it progressed.

During the past year the entire floors of the south wing have been arched in. The pediment on the east front of south wing has been finished, and the corresponding pedimenti on the west front has been so nearly completed that it will probably be finished this season. The iron roof beams are set in their places, and the workmen are now turning the arches which are to receive the roofing tile. If the weather should prove favorable for masonry, about one-third of the south wing will be roofed in this season, and the remainder early next season.

The entablature on the south front is nearly completed, with the exception of the pediment.

The iron columns, antaes, architraves, \&c., for the interior, have been set in their places as the walls have been carried up. The iron window and door frames have been put up and finished in the basement and principal stories, and the workmen are now engaged in putting them up in the other stories of the south wing.

All the large antae, and four columns, for the south wing, have been set, and all the antae for the south half of the west wing. A large portion of granite and other materials for the west wing have been delivered, and will be used as soon as the other work is brought up to receive them.

On the west wing the cellar walls have been carried up, the arches turned, and the walls of the basement story are going up, so that the large antae on the front of the west wing will probably be set early in the coming spring.

The southeast, northeast, and large rooms in the centre of the basement story of south wing, have been plastered, painted, furnished with heating pipes and finished. The large room in the centre of basement has been fitted up with iron cases, for the preservation of important documents, extending from the floor to the ceiling, and covering about half the whole area of the floor. The other rooms in the basement, and also on the principal floor, are now being plastered and otherwise finished.

During the past year fifty-one of the columns and antae, which are monoliths, 33 feet 5 inches long, have been delivered by the contractors at the building, and of these, forty-seven have been set in their places. In hoisting, handling, andllaying these large stones, some of them weighing 33 tons each, as well as in all operations about the work, during the past year, no serious accidents of any kind have occurred.

During the past year there have been delivered over 8,000 tons of granite, at a cost of $\$ 403,230$; nearly $1,500,000$ bricks, at a cost of $\$ 11,257$; nearly $1,250,000$ pounds of cast and wrought iron, at a cost of $\$ 70,178$. For salaries, mechanical and other labor, $\$ 90,408$ were expended, and the remainder of the disbursements have been for various kinds of materials, such as cement, sand, gas, water pipes, \&c.

There have been used upon the work during the past year about 1,100 tons of granite, $1,600,000$ bricks, and about $1,000,000$ pounds of wrought and cast iron.

The value of the materials, machinery, teams, tools, \&c., on hand;
amounts to $\$ 270,59210$. Of this there are about 5,000 tons of granite, costing $\$ 217,000,300,000$ bricks, costing $\$ 2,500$, and about 400,000 pounds of iron, costing $\$ 20,300$.

The various sources from which materials are received, granite quarries, brick yards, furnaces, rolling mills, \&c., are now so thoroughly organized and equipped that materials can be procured as rapidly as they can be used. The quantity need only be limited oy the amount of money appropriated for the service and the proper application of materials to the work. In view of the fact, that the contingent expenses of the work, such as salaries, \&c., are the same, whether a large or small amount of work is done, I respectfully suggest that a proper economy would dictate that the work should be done as rapidly as possible, and the appropriation therefor be of liberal amount.
Total amount of appropriation.............................. \$1,700,000 00
Amount withdrawn
1,183,318 06
Balance available 516,681 94

LIGHTING AND VENTILATING THE TREASURY.
From the appropriation for lighting and ventilating the Treasury building, there has been expended the past year, in various repairs connected with the work, the sum of $\$ 2,08019$.
Total amount of appropriation
\$39,640 00
Amount withdrawn to September 30, 1858.................. 26,54750
Balance available
13,092 50

Additional appropriations are required for completing the following works :
Court-house and post office at Indianapolis.................. $\$ 40,00000$
Custom-house at Detroit................... ..................... 30,00000
For repairing the damages from fire, there will be required -
At the Baltimore custom-house................................ \$15,000 00
At the Mobile custom-house.................................... 10,000 on

There will be required during the fiscal year, ending June 30 , 1860-
For the continuation of the Treasury extension........... $\$ 500,00000$
For the continuation of the New Orleans custom-house... 350,00000
For the continuation of Charleston custom-house......... $\quad 300,00000$
For the annual repairs of custom-houses..................... 15,00000
For the annual repairs of marine hospitals................. 15,00000

Appended to this report will be found nine tables, exhibiting in tabulated form, various details of the business of this office, viz:
Table 1. List of custom-houses and marine hospitals built or purchased prior to 1850.
2. List of custom-houses, court-houses, post offices, marine hospitals, and miscellaneous works, constructed since 1850; together with those now in course of construction, and those for which appropriations have been"made, but the work not yet commenced.
3. Table three shows the amount disbursed in each year since 1807, for the various public works under the Treasury Department.
4. Table four gives the names.of the local superintendents and disbursing agents for all the works now constructing, with their rates of compensation.
5. Table five shows the cost of public buildings, finished since 1850, and prior to September 30, 1857, with the amount of revenue collected at each, and the cost of its collection.
6. Table six gives the place where custom-houses, court-houses, and post offices have been asked for prior to September 30, 1857, but not authorized ; the amount of revenue collected at each place, its cost of collection, and the probable cost of the buildings asked for.
7. Table seven, list of custom-houses, court-houses, and post offices, constructing on the 30th June, 1850, their probable cost, revenue derived, and cost of collecting revenue.
8. Table eight shows the places where custom-houses, courthouses, and post offices have been authorized but not commenced, with the amount of revenue collected at each place, its cost of collection, and the probable cost of the building.
9. Table nine shows the location and nature of each work purchased, constructed, or constructing; the total appropriations for each ; date of purchase and cost of sites ; amount expended, amount available, and amount required for completion of each ; date and amount of each contract, time of completion, and total cost.

All of which is respectfully submitted.
I have the honor to be, very respectfully, your obedient servant,
A. H. BOWMAN,

Engineer in charge, Treasury Department.

[^4]TABLE 1.
List of custom-houses and marine hospitals purchased or built prior to 1850, with date of purchase or completion, and cost of purchase or construction.

| Location. | Uses of buildings. | How acquired. | Date. | Cost. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Castine, Maine. | Custom-house. | Purchased ... | May $\quad 26,1849$ | \$1,950 00 |
| Eastport, Maine. | do | Built | July 3,1847 | 32,509 60 |
| Kennebunk, Maine | do | Purchased | November 19, 1832 | 1,575 00 |
| Portland, Maine. |  |  | July 5, 1849 | 150, 40000 |
| Wiscasset, Maine. | .do...- --.. | .....do...... | November 3, 1848 | 2,210 00 |
| Portsmouth, N. H. |  | .....do...... | August 21, 1817 | 8,000 00 |
| Salem, Mass.: | do | do | June 23, 1818 | 19,271 77 |
| New Bedford, Mass | do | Built | April 13, 1833 | 31,740 00 |
| Newburyport, Mass | ..do........ | Purchased | August 9, 1833 | 23, 18840 |
| Boston, Mass. |  | Built | August 29, 1837 | 1, 101, 11000 |
| Providence. R. I. | do | Purchased | November 26, 1817 | 13, 39500 |
| Newport, R. I. | do | do | September 16, 1828 | 10,000 00 |
| New Haven, Con |  | do | January 2, 1818 | 8,381 88 |
| Middletown, Conn | do | do | February 8, 1833 | 15,676 64 |
| New London, Conn | do | do | February 18, 1833 | 20,337 37 |
| Now York city, N. | .....do........ | Built ... | December 2, 1816 | 928,31290 |
| Philadelphia, Pa | do | Purchased | August 27, 1844 | 256, 98782 |
| Erie, Pa. |  | do | July 2, 1849 | 29, 08000 |
| Baltimore, Md.. | do | Built | June 10,1833 | 341,397 00 |
| Alexandria, Va | do | Purchased ... | November 25, 1820 | 7, 31926 |
| Norfolk, Va. | ..... do....... | do | ............. 1818 | 38,002 33 |
| Wilmington, N. | ....da | . do...... | March 9, 1819 | 57,039 75 |
| Charleston, S. C | do |  |  | 70,000 00 |
| Savannah, Geo | do | Built | December 16, 1845 | 173,407 97 |
| Mobile, Ala .. | .....do. | Purchased | . 1830 | 30,775 07 |
| Key West, Fla | .....do. | ..... do. | 1833 | 6,125 00 |
| Monterey, Cal |  | By conquest.. | ............ 1847 |  |
| Pittsburg, Pa. | Marine hospital. | Purchased. |  |  |
| Charleston, S. | do | Purchased |  | 38,735 77 |
| Norfolk, Va. |  | do | 1834 | 9, 06001 |
| New Orleans, La | do | .....d | 1836 | 65, 07703 |
| Mobile, Ala.. | --.. | ---..do | 1837 | 63,140 00 |
| Ocracoke, N. C |  |  | 1838 | 8,927 07 |
| Key West, Fla |  |  | 1845 | 25,600 00 |
| McDonough, La | - | .....do | 1845 | 58,003 97 |
| Paducah, Ky. |  | Built | 1849 | 48,625 00 |
| Napoloon, Ark |  | -....do | 1849 | 52, 25000 |
| Natchez, Miss |  |  | 1849 | 52,250 00 |
| Chicago, rll..... | ....do......... | . do | . 1849 | 49,689 43 |
| Total. |  |  |  | 3,931,974 68 |

A. H. BOWMAN,

Engineer in charge, 7 reasury Department.

TABLE 2.
List of custom-houses, court-houses, post offices, marine hospitals, and miscellaneous works, constructed since 1850, together with those now in the course of construction and those for which appropriations have been made, but work not yet commenced.

| Location. | Uses. | Present condition. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bath, Maine. | Custom-house, \&c | Finished. |
| Belfast, Maine. | .--..-. .-. - do. | Finished. |
| Bangor, Maine. | do | Finished. |
| Ellsworth, Maine | do | Finished. |
| Portland, Maine | do | Finished. |
| Waldoboro', Maine | do | Finished. |
| Portsmouth, N. H. | do | Constructing. |
| Burlington, Vt... | do | Finished. |
| Barnstable, Mass | do | Finished. |
| Gloucester, Mass. | . do | Finished. |
| Bristol, R. I. ... | do | Finished. |
| Providence, R. I | . do | Finished. |
| New Haven, Conn | do | Constructing. |
| Buffalo, N. Y. | . do | Finished. |
| Oswego, N. Y. | do | Finished. |
| Ogdensburg, $\mathrm{N} . \mathrm{Y}$ | do | Not commenced. |
| Plattsburg, N. Y. | do | Finished. |
| Newark, N. J... | . do | Constructing. |
| Perth Amboy, N. J | do | Not commenced. |
| Wilmington, Del | do | Finished. |
| Pittsburg, Pa.. | do. | Finished. |
| Georgetown, D. C | do | Finished. |
| Alexandria, Va..- | do | Finished. |
| Norfolk, Va. | do | Finished. |
| Petersburg, Va | do | Constructing. |
| Richmond, Va. | do | Finished. |
| Wheeling, Va. | do | Constructing. |
| Charleston, S. C | do | Constructing. |
| Mobile, Ala. | do | Finished. |
| Pensacola, F'la. | . do | Finished. |
| New Orleans, La | ....... .-. do. | Constructing. |
| Galveston, Texas. | do | Constructing. |
| St. Louis, Mo.. | ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | Constructing. |
| Louisville, Kу. | do. | Finished. |
| Knoxville, Tenn. | do | Not commenced. |
| Nashville, Tenn. | do. | Not commenced. |
| Cleveland, Ohio. | do | Constructing. |
| Cincinnati, Ohio. | . do | Finished. |
| Sandusky, Ohio. | do | Finished. |
| Toledo, Ohio | do | Finished. |
| Detroit, Mich | . do | Constructing. |
| Chicago, Ill. | do | Constructing. |
| Cairo, Ill. | do | Not commenced. |
| Galena, Ill... | do | Constructing. |
| Dabuque, Iowa | do | Constructing. |
| Milwaukie, Wis.... | do | Constructing. |
| San Francisco, Cal | . do | Finished. |
| Astoria, Oregon. | . do | Not commenced. |
| Rutland, Vt. | Court-house and po | Constructing. |
| Windsor, Vt. | . do..... | Constructing. |
| Boston, Mass | Court-house | Not commenced. |
| Baltimore, Md. | do | Not commenced. |
| Baltimore, Md. | Post office. | Repairing. |
| Columbia, S. C. | Court-house and po | Not commenced. |
| Raleigh, N. C.. | . .do.. | Not commenced. |

TABLE 2-List of custom-houses, 'court-houses, \&c.-Continued.

| Location. | Uses. | Present condition. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Key West, Fla. | Court-house and post office..... | Not commenced. |
| Tallahassee, Fla. | ....... .... do | Not commenced. |
| Memphis, Tenn. | do | Not commenced. |
| Springfield, Ill. | do | Not commenced. |
| Indianapolis, Ind. | do | Constructing. |
| Madison, Wis... | do | Not commenced. |
| Portland, Maine | Marine hospital ...-.... ......... | Finished. |
| Barlington, Vt. | ...... ....- do...-.......... ....... | Finished. |
| Chelsea, Mass.. | do...-....--.......... | Finished. |
| Wilmington, N. C | do | Constructing. |
| Pensacola, Fla. | do | Not commenced. |
| St. Mark's, Fla | do | Finished. |
| New Orleana, La | do | - Constructing. |
| Vicksburg, Miss. | do | Finished. |
| St. Louis, Mo | do..-.................. | Finished. |
| Cincinnati, Ohio | do | Constructing. |
| Evansville, Ind.. | do | Finished. |
| Detroit, Mich | do | Finished. |
| Galena, Ill.. | do | Constructing. |
| Burlington, Iowa. | do | Finished. |
| San Francisco, Cal | do | Finished. |
| Philadelphia, Pa. | United States mint | Finished. |
| New Orleans, La. | Branch mint. | Finished. |
| Charlotte, N. C. | do | Finished. |
| Dahlonega, Geo. | do | Finished. |
| San Francisco, Cal. | .--......- do.... -.... .-.......... | Finished. |
| New York city. | Assay office. .-. - .-. . . . . . . | Finished. |
| Pass a l'Outre, La. | Buarding station | Finished. |
| San Francisco, Cal. | Appraiser's store.................. | Finished. |
| Utah Territory. | Penitentiary-..- .-................ | Finished. |
| Minnesota | Public buildings. | Finished. |
| New Mexico | do | Constructing. |
| Wrshington, D. C. | Treasury extension............... | Constructing. |

A. H. BOWMAN, Engineer in charge, Ireasury Department.

## TABLE 3.

Statement showing the amount disbursed in each year, from 1807 to 1858, on the various public buildings purchased, constructed, or constructing, under the Treasury Department.
[ [From 1843 to 1858 the disbarsements in this table are for the fiscal year ending June 30.]

| Year. |  | Amount. | Year. |  | Amount. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1807.. | Disbursements .. | \$7,200 00 | 1833. | Disbursements .... | \$250,054 92 |
| 1808.. | . do | 10, 00000 | 1834 | . do .---...... | 119,853 32 |
| 1809.. | do | 2,000 00 | 1835 | do ...-.-.... | 328, 20844 |
| 1810.. | do | None. | 1836. | . do ...-.-.--. | 379,816 21 |
| 1811.. | do | None. | 1837 | do ..-......- | 144, 20000 |
| 1812.. | . do. | None. | 1838 | . do ..........- | 259,725 00 |
| 1813. | do | None. | 1839 | . do ........... | 304,716 32 |
| 1814.. | do | None. | 1840 | . do | 296,597 00 |
| 1815. | do | None. | 1841 | do -..... .-. | 159,451 13 |
| 1816.. | do | 132,500 00 | 1842 | do | 123,273 14 |
| 1817. | . . do . | 166,650 00 | 1843. | do | 30, 42869 |
| 1818.. | . do | 144, 00000 | 1843 to 1844 | do | 99,648 08 |
| 1819.. | do | 75, 10000 | 1844 to 1845 | . do | 337, 66336 |
| 1820. | do | 131, 19131 | 1845 to 1846 | ..--.. do | 198,815 31 |
| 1821. | do | None. | 1846 to 1847 | do | 68,587 22 |
| 1822.. | do | None. | 1847 to 1848 | . do | 72,319 28 |
| 1823. | do | None. | 1848 to 1849 | . do | 273, 40227 |
| 1824. | do | None. | 1849 to 1850 | do | 707,300 09 |
| 1825. | do | None. | 1850 to 1851 | do | 453, 36564 |
| 1826. | do | None. | 1851 to 1852 | do | 572, 12467 |
| 1827. | do | None. | 1852 to 1853 | do | 650, 92920 |
| 1828. | do | 6,400 00 | 1853 to 1854 | do | 1., 293, 90771 |
| 1829. | do | 9,131 93 | 1854 to 1855 | do | 2, 044,402 09 |
| 1830. | du | 30,740 54 | 1855 to 1856 | do | 2,213, 39687 |
| 1831. | do | 12,780 20 | 1856 to 1857 |  | 3, 250, 42993 |
| 1832. | do | 3,355 64 | 1857 to 1858 | do | 2,902, 01471 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 18,255,680 22 |

A. H. BOWMAN, Engineer in charge, Treasury Departmenl.

Statement showing the local superintendents and disbursing agents of the works now authorized under the Treasury Department，with their rates of compensation．

CUSTOM－HOUSES，COURT－HOUSES，AND POST OFFICES．

| State． | City． | Superintendents． | Rate of compensation． | Disbursing agents． | Rate of com－ pensation． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Maine | Bath． | T．G．Stockbridge | \＄400 per day | Joseph |  |
| Maine | Belfast | Ephraim Swett． | 400 ．．．－do． | E．K．Smart | \％ |
| Maine | Ellsworth | Erastus Redman | 300 －．－．do | Thomas D．Jones | 여영ㅇ의릉 |
| New Hampshire | Portsmouth． | Albert Blaisdell | 6 00．－．－do | Augustus Jenkins | ＇8 80.0 |
| Vermont | Burlington． | Joseph D．Allen | $300 . .$. do．－．．．． | Isaac B．Bowdish |  |
| Connecticut | New Haven． | Marcus Bassett | 600 －－－－do | Minott A．Osbor |  |
| New York | Buffalo． | William H．Pitts | 600 ．．．．do | Warren Bryant． |  |
| New York | Oswego | M．P．Hatch | $600 . .-$ do | Orville Robinson |  |
| New York | Ogdensburg | Not yet appointed |  | Not yet appointed． |  |
| New Jersey | Newark | C Harrison Condit | $600 \ldots$ do | Not yet appointed |  |
| New Jersey | Perth Amboy | Not yet appointed |  | Not yet appointed |  |
| Maryland | Baltimore | Henry Brewerton | Paid by contractor．．． | Department | － |
| District of Columbia． | Georgetown | R．R．Shekell | \＄5 00 per day．．－．．． | H．C．Mathews | \％0，出\％ |
| Virginia． | Alexandria | S．T．G．Morsell | 600 －．－－do． | Edward S．Hough | 운 는 엉 웅 |
| Virginia． | Norfolk | John H．Sale＿ | $600 .-$－do | J．J．Simkins ． | 르웅 명 |
| Virginia． | Petersburg | James Minitree | $600 \ldots$ ．．．do | Timothy Rives．． |  |
| Virginia． | Richmond | Albert Lybrock | $800 .-$－do | William M．Harrison | －${ }^{\circ}$ |
| Virginia＿ | Wheeling | James Luke | $600 . .$. do | Andrew J．Paunell | ¢ 号品苓 |
| South Carolina | Charleston | Edward B．Whit | 10 00．．．．do | William F．Colcock | \％ |
| Alabama | Mobile | D．Leadbetter． | $800 \ldots$ ．．．do | Thaddeus Sanford | 弨：${ }^{\circ}$ |
| Florida | Key West | Not yet appointed |  | Not yet appointed | －${ }^{\text {c }}$ |
| Florida | Pensacola | William H．Chase | $600 \ldots$ ．．．do | William H Chase |  |
| Louisiana | New Orleans | G．T．Beauregard | 10 00．．．－do | F．H．Hatch | $\stackrel{+}{+}$ |
| Texas． | Galveston | William H．Stevens | $300 \ldots$ ．．．do | Hamilton Stuart | ¢ |
| Missouri | St．Louis | Thomas Walsh | $600 . . .-d o$ | William A．Linn |  |


| Kentucky | Louisville | E. E. Williams | $600 . . .-$ do | Walter N. Haldeman |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Tennessee | Knoxville | Not yet appointed |  |  |
| Tennessee | Nashville | Not yet appointed |  | Not yet appointed |
| Ohio. | Cleveland | S. H. Webb | $600 \ldots .$. do | Robert Parks .--- |
| Ohio | Cincinnat | Thomas M. Bodley | $600 \ldots$. - do | T. Jefferson Sherlock. .-...-- --. -- |
| Michigan | Detroit | Albert H. Jordan | $400 \ldots$.--do | Michael Shoemaker. |
| Illinois_ | Cairo | Not yet appointed |  | Not yet appointed.-.-.-.-....------ |
| Illinois | Chicag | J. H. Eaton .-. | $800 . .$. do |  |
| Illinois | Galena. | Ely S. Parker | 400 .-. -do |  |
| Iowa | Dubuqu | Joseph C. Jenning | 5 00... do | Edward Spottswood.......-.-...-- |
| Wisconsin | Milwaukie | H. W. Gunnison. | $600 \ldots$...-do......-- | Moritz Shoeffler--.---...--------- |

## MARINE HOSPITALS.

| Vermont | Burlington . | Joseph D. Allen... | \$3 00 per day--.-.-- |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Massachusettá. | Chelsea .-- | B. S. Alexander. | $800 . .$. do...-....- | Arthur W. Austin.-...-.-.-.-..-- |
| North Carolina | Wilmington | Thomas H. Ashe | $800 \ldots .$. do |  |
| Alabama | Mobile ..... | D. Leadbetter .- | $800 . .$. do | Thaddeus Sanford |
| Florida | Key West |  |  | Not yet appointed ................... |
| Florida | Pensacola | Not yet appointed ...-.....-.-....-. |  | Not yet appointed.............-..-- |
| Florida | St. Marks | Lardner Gibbon.. | $600 . \ldots$ do |  |
| Louisiana | New Orleans. | J. K. Duncan | $400 \ldots$.-do | F. H. Hatch. |
| Mississippi | Natchez | G. T. Beauregard | No compensation | G. T. Beauregard. |
| Arkansas | Napoleon | Alfred A. Eddington |  |  |
| Missouri | St. Louis | Thomas Walsh.... | No compensation |  |
| Kentucky. | Louisville | E. E Williams | No compensation...- | Walter N. Haldeman |
| Kentucky. | Paducah | E. E. Williams | No compensation..... | Department |
| Ohio.- | Cincinnati | Thomas M. Bodley | \$600 per day $=-\ldots-{ }^{\text {- }}$ | T. Jefferson Sherlock.-...---------- |
| Michigan. | Detroit. | A. H. Jordan . . | $400 . . .-$ do.-------- | Michael Shoemaker-.-...-.....-...- |
| Illinois. | Chicago .-.....-...----- | J. H. Eaton. | No compensation....- |  |
| Illinois.------------- | Galena. -------------- | Ely S. Parker | \$4 00 per day ........ |  |

## TABLE 4-Continued.

COURT-HOUSES AND POST OFFICES, AND MISCELLLANEOUS.

| State. | City. | Superintendents. | Rate of compensation. | Disbursing agents. | Rate of compensation. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Vermont | Rutland | J. J. R. Randall. | $\$ 400$ per day | J. J. R. Randall |  |
| Vermont | Windsor | Daniel C. Linsley | $400 . .-$ do | Department | 8 |
| District of Columbia. | Treasury extension -- | A. H Bowman . | No compensation | A. H. Bowman |  |
| South Carolina. ...- | Columbia | Not yet appointed |  | Not yet appointed |  |
| North Carolina. | Raleigh | Not yet appointed |  | Not yet appointed | 険事 |
| Tennessee | Memphis | Not yet appointed |  | Not yet appointed | 50. ${ }^{\text {ch o }}$ |
| Illinois | Springfield | Not yet appointed |  | Not yet appointed |  |
| Indiana | Indianapolis | Edwin May | \$5 00 per day | Edwin May | * |
| Wisconsia | Madison | Not yet appoint |  | Not yet appoint |  |
| Louisiana | N. O. branch mint | J. K. Duncan. | $400 . . .-\mathrm{d}$ |  |  |
| Louisiana. | N. O. warehouses. | G. T. Beaurega | No compensatio | F. H. Hat |  |
| New Mexico | Public baildirgs.. | J. Houghton.- |  |  |  |

A. H. BOWMAN,

Engineer in charge, Treasury Department.

## TABLE 5.

Statement showing the places where custom-houses, court-houses, and post offices have been finished since 1850, the revenue collected at each, and cost of collection, for the fiseal year ending June 30, 1857, \&c., with total cost of building.

| Location. | custom houses. |  |  |  | pobt offices. |  |  |  | COURT-housks. | agaregates. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Belfart, Maine | \$5,052 05 | \$6,012 87 |  | \$960 82 | \$2,002 30 | \$1,203 13 | \$799 17 |  |  |  | \$161 65 |  |
| Hath, Maine*.. | 34,094 18 | 8,593 53 | \$25,500 55 |  | 4,784 36 | 2,501 02 | 2,283 34 |  |  | \$27,783 89 | , | 84,28172 |
| Bangor, Maine.... | 11, 13136 | 7,049 03 | 4,082 33 | ........... | $\begin{array}{r}8,966 \\ 03 \\ 19,675 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}3,23765 \\ 12,273 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 5,728 38 | ... |  | 9,810 71 |  | 109,69813 |
| Portiand, Maine..... | 288,967 28 | 32,941 04 | 256, 02624 | 6,179 12 | 19,675 ${ }^{588} 36$ | $\begin{array}{r}12,27334 \\ 480 \\ \hline 9\end{array}$ | 7,402 12 | ... | 138 days....... | 263, 42836 |  | 394,792 81 |
| Wiscasset, Maine... | 1, 13098 | 7,359 09 | ............... | 7,228 16 | 1,110 78 | 58643 | 52435 | . |  |  | 6,70381 | 23,01312 5,900 |
| Burlington, Vt....... | 8,581 70 | 16,285 47 |  | 7,703 77 | 5,745 65 | 2,523 14 | 3,222 51 |  |  |  | 4,48126 | 40, 03696 |
| Barnstable, Mass.... | 1,462 75 | 11,953 20 |  | 10,490 55 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 10,139 42 |  |
| Gloucester, Mass.... Bristol, R. | 58,461 61 | 7,717 09 4,13717 | 50,74452 <br> 13 |  | - 2,1907978 | 1,086 19 | 1,104 588 |  |  | 51,84910 14,50215 |  | 48,41831 2395268 |
| Providence. R. I ...... | 54,750 36 | 14,008 12 | 40,742 24 |  | 33,155 38 | 9,037 50 | 24,117 88 |  | 43 days | 64,860 12 | ........... | 241,334 33 |
| Plattsburg, N. Y.... | 17,792 52 | 13,82935 | 3,963 17 |  | 2,251 89 | 1,141 60 | 1,110 29 |  |  | 5,073 46 |  | 66,000 00 |
| Wilmington, Del.... | 2,004 35 | 15,848 38 | 1,239 14 | 13,843 43 | 9,352 10 | $\begin{array}{r}3,18100 \\ 13,480 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 6,171 10 |  | 26 days........ |  | 7,672 33 | 40, 34830 |
| Pittsburg, Penn..... | 81,980 34 | 2,36054 1,42689 | 79,954 45 |  | 87, 71930 | 25,249 13 | 22,470 17 |  | ${ }^{973}$ days......... | $\begin{array}{r} 23,33496 \\ 142,42462 \end{array}$ |  | 1101, 213083 |
| Sandusky, Ohio..... |  | 4,372 66 <br> 3,995 | ……79,777 59 | 3,804 82 | 5,72261 8,63110 | $\begin{aligned} & 2,670 \\ & 8,060 \\ & 8,060 \end{aligned}$ | 3,052 371 35 |  |  |  | 75247 | 74,57185 75014 |
| San Francisco, Cail. | $\begin{array}{r} 103,77328 \\ 1,51,92696 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 3,99569 \\ 402,40176 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 99,77759 \\ 1,178,525 \\ 20 \end{array}$ |  | 134,821 01 | 31,205 04 | 103,615 97 |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 100,34869 \\ 1,283,14117 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 75,00145 \\ 761,52795 \end{array}$ |
|  | 2,272,947 45 | 567, 83902 | 1,755,320 00 | 50,210 67 | 364,618 23 | 119, 15289 | 245,465 39 |  |  | 1,998,899 43 | 35,982 51 | 2,443,776 94 |

* $\$ 8,60850$, amount of revenue from railroad iron in bond. $\dagger \$ 33,15910$, amount of revenue from railroad iron in bond. $\quad \ddagger \$ 97,03620$, amount of revenue from railroad iron in bond.

Office of OOnstruction, Treasury Department.
A. H. BOWMAN, Engineer in charge.
-

Statement showing the places where custom-houses, court-houses, and post offices have been asked for but not authorized, the revenue collected at each, and cost of collection, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1857, with the estimated cast of buildings.

| Location. | CUSTOM-HOUSEs. |  |  |  | POST OFFICES. |  |  |  | COURT-HOUSES | AgGregates. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { む } \\ & \stackrel{0}{0} \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \dot{E} \\ & \text { © } \\ & \text {. } \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{4} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Machias, Me. | \$608 71 | \$2,605 72 |  | \$1,99701 | \$798 11 | \$476 71 | \$321 40 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Plymouth, Mass.......... | 39512 | 3,216 04 |  | 2,820 92 | 2,09036 | 1,099 44 |  |  |  |  | 1,675 <br> 1,830 | \$20,000 |
| Boston, Mass., P. O..... | . ............. | 3,210 |  |  | 215, 43192 | 56,963 75 | $158,46817$ |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 1,83000 \\ \ldots \ldots \ldots \end{gathered}$ | 1, 2000,000 |
| Hartford, Conn., P. O.... |  |  |  | 46080 | 23,604 76 7,868 36 | 7,675 39 | 15,9*9 07 |  | - 52 | -15,929 15 | * * * * * * * | $1,000,000$ 150,000 |
|  | 128,722 48 |  |  | 96080 | 7,868 36 | 2,957 57 | 4,910 79 |  |  | 3,949 99 |  | 100,000 |
| Sag Harbor, N. ${ }^{\text {Y }}$. ${ }^{\text {a }}$. | 128, 72372 | 6,549 23 | $\begin{array}{r}\$ 122,17525 \\ 88 \\ \hline 00\end{array}$ | ............. | 26,856 00 | 6, 44975 | 20,406 25 |  | 3 | 142,579 50 |  | 200,000 |
| Sacket's Harbor, N . Y ¢.... | 26,99748 | 6,004 51 | 20,992 97 |  | 1,448 714 | 72012 3814 | 72815 33320 |  |  | -81615 |  | 20, 000 |
| Nerv York, N. Y........ | 42,510,753 79 | 1,213,099 77 | 41,297,654 02 | ............... | 691,389 96 | 159,459 69 | 531,930 27 |  | 459 | 21,32617 $41,829,58429$ |  | 50,000 $2,000,000$ |
| Albany, N. Y., C. H..... | , |  |  |  | 45, 41485 | 19, 07479 | 26,340 06 |  | 17 | 41,029,084 26 |  | $2,000,000$ 200,000 |
| Crooklyn, N. Y., C. H.... |  |  |  | - | 22,255 49 | 4,735 00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Camden, N. J., C. H..... | 40940 | 29016 | 11924 | ............. |  | 1,368 53 | 17,520 490 |  |  | 17,520 619 | $\cdot \cdot$ | $1,000,000$ 100,000 |
| Trenton, N. J., C. H..... |  |  |  |  | 8,583 53 | 2,800 00 | 5,783 53 |  | 110... | 615 5,783 53 |  | 100,000 100,000 |
| Jersey Oity, N. J., O. H... |  |  |  |  | 7,71701 | 2,800 00 | 4,917 01 |  | 110 | 5,783 4,917 | .... | 100,000 100,000 |
| Annapolis, Md., C. H.... | 180 75 | 92920 |  | 74845 | 2,360 65 | 1,191 29 | 1,169 36 |  |  | +420 91 |  | 100,000 50,000 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 23,724 26 | 8,583 31 | 15,140 95 |  |  | 15, 14095 |  | 50,000 |
| Charleston, S. O., C. H. . | 441, 10078 | 58,263 41 | 382, 83737 | ........ | 43,006 18 | 10,587 00 | 32,419 18 | ..... ? | 113, including | 415,256 55 |  | 500,000 |
| Macon, Ga., C. H..... |  |  |  |  | 1,916 814 | 882 3,36117 | 1,033 62 | .... | Columbus. | 1,033 62 |  | 50,000 |
| Montgomery, Ala., O. H. |  |  |  |  | 8,938 818 | 3,36117 7,40407 | 5,577 74 |  |  | 5,577 74 |  | 50,000 |
| Vicksburg, Miss., C. H.. | 2,317 40 | 70996 | 1,607 44 |  | 8,904 71 | 7,404 3,45126 | 1,479 78 | ..... | 10 | 1,479 78 | ........ | 50,000 |
| Paducah, Ky., C. H. $\ddagger$.... | 6,710 90 | 55974 | 6,151 16 | . | 1,999 22 | 3,45126 898 | 2,45345 |  |  | 4,06089 7,25208 | ........... | 50,000 |
| Tyler, Texas, \%. H..... | 6,110 |  | 6, 5116 |  | 1,999 518 | 89830 | 1,10092 26463 |  | $20{ }^{\text {a }}$ | 7,252 08 | ............... | 50,000 50,000 |
| Columbus, Ohio, C. H... |  |  |  |  | 14,671 18 | 10,446 53 | 4,224 65 |  |  | 4,224 65 |  | 50,000 150,000 |
|  | 8,810 40 | 1,177 54 | 7,632 86 |  | 6,854 95 | 3,155 85 | 2,699 10 |  |  | 11,331 96 |  | 150,000 50,000 |
| Iowa City, Lowa., C. H.. Keokuk, Iowa\\|......... | 11,390 90 | 86246 | 10.7.728 44 | .............. | 6,930 33 | 2,000 00 | 4,93033 |  | 10 | 4,930 33 |  | 50,000 |
| Sioux Oity, Iowa, ©....... | 11, 39090 | 86246 | 10,528 44 | .... ....... | 7,28763 1,09883 | 3, 47024 | 3,817 39 |  | ...... ....... | 14,34583 |  | 50,000 |
| New Albany, Ind., O. H. | 2,141 10 | 38253 | 1,75857 |  | 4,837 94 | 2,000 00 | 51319 2,83794 |  |  | 51319 4,59651 | ........... | 50,000 |
| Quincy, Il1................ | 1,961 89 | 43573 | 1,526 16 |  | 7,369 83 | 2,000 00 | 5,369 83 |  |  | 4,596 69 |  | 50,010 50,000 |


| Alton, III. ................. <br> Peoria, Ill.. <br> St. Paul's, Minn. | 1,02095 21020 | $\begin{aligned} & 52500 \\ & 36360 \end{aligned}$ | $49595$ | ....153 $10{ }^{\circ}$ | 4,27566 8,51269 10,97890 | $\begin{aligned} & 2,05371 \\ & 3,58526 \\ & 3,27875 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2,22195 \\ & 4,92743 \\ & 7,70015 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 2,71790 \\ & 4,92743 \\ & 7,70015 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 50,000 \\ & 50,000 \\ & 50,000 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total............. | 43, 145,261 41 | 1,298,376 56 | 41, 853,565 43 | 6,680 58 | 1,226, 10776 | 336, 15086 | 889,950 90 | ......... | 4 | 42,740,500 76 | 3,505 61 | 6,560,000 |

* $\$ 122,03340$, amount of revenue from railroad iron in bond. $\ddagger \$ 6,51613$, amount of revenue from railroad ison in bond
$\dagger \$ 26,88390$, amount of revenue from railroad iron in bond.
|| $\$ 10,32350$, amount of revenue from railroad iron in bond
Note.-These estimates are such as would be asked for, judging by others for like places and purposes


## Office of Construction, Treasury Department.

A. H. BOWMAN, Engineer in charge.

TABLE 7.
Statement showing the places where custom-houses, court-houses, and post offices, are now constructing, the revenue collected at each, and cost of collection, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1857, with the amount appropriated.

| Location. | CUATOM-HOUSES. |  |  |  | POST OFFICES. |  |  |  | COURT-Hovess. | AgGregates. |  | 亩 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Elisworth, Me...... | $\$ 95496$5,53054 | \$5,032 09 | ............. | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 4,07713 \\ 5,45395 \end{array}$ |  |  |  | …..... | ................. | ................ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 3,55244 \\ 2,53024 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 18,50000 \\ & 116,30000 \end{aligned}$ |
| Portsmouth, N. H... |  |  |  |  | \$4,999 53 | $\$ 631$ $\mathbf{2} 075$ 82 | 2,923 71 |  |  |  |  |  |
| New Haven, Conn.. | 10,140 53 | 20,425 14 | \$231, 83417 |  | 22,334 42 | 5,271 00 | 17,063 42 |  |  | - $\begin{array}{r}248,897759 \\ 16,952 \\ \hline 17\end{array}$ |  |  |
| Buffalo, N. Y........ |  | 18,814 58 |  | -6, 755 | 46,827 67 | 23,118 92 | 23, 70875 |  |  |  |  | $123,20000$ |
| Oswego, N. ${ }^{\text {Newark, }}$ N. J. . . . . . . | 6, 14909 |  |  | 12,065 49 | 9, 12029 | 3, 07490 | 6,045 39 |  |  |  | $\cdots, 0,10$ | 113,800 00 |
| Georgetown, D. C... | 25,52790 | 1,595 85 | 21,450 01 | 1,211 25 | 18,902 51 51 | 4,925 00 | 13,977 71 |  |  | 12,76646 |  | 146,800 00 |
| Alexandria, Va,.... | 7,297 17 | 5,21191 | 2,085 26 |  | 9,208 914 | 2,585 3,629 24 | 2,684 62 |  |  | 24, 13463 |  | 60,000 00 |
| Norfolk, Va.......... | 61,370 68 | 49,070 98 | 12,299 70 |  | 10,089 83 | 4,259 93 | 5,830 30 |  |  | 7,665 19 |  | 68,000 00 |
| Petersburg, Va..... | 53,26247 | 6,365 81 | 46,896 66 |  | 11,068 76 | 3,900 00 | 7,168 76 |  |  | 18,130 54,065 42 |  | 197,632 53 |
| Richmond, Va...... | 101,781 21 | 8,272 44 | 93,508 77 |  | 32,859 60 | 11,938 44 | 20,921 16 |  |  | $\begin{array}{r}54,06542 \\ 114 \\ \hline 129\end{array}$ |  | 103,200 00 |
| Wheeling, Va*...... | 22,125 97 | 1,134 52 | 20,991 45 |  | 10,552 98 | 9,990 00 | 5 522 98 |  |  | $\begin{array}{r}114,429 \\ 21 \\ \hline 15 \\ \hline 13\end{array}$ |  | 250,000 00 |
| Charleston, S. C.... | 510,578 16 | 69,542 28 | 441,035 88 |  | 43,006 89 | 10,587 00 | 32,419 89 |  |  | 21,554 43 |  | 117,80000 |
| Mobile, Ala ........ | 138,810 31 | 51,909 63 | 86,900 68 |  | 31,341 95 | 7,673 79 | 23,668 16 |  |  | 110,568 84 |  | $\begin{array}{r}1,703,00000 \\ 360,000 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |
| Pensacola, Fla..... | 3,601, $\begin{array}{r}478 \\ 259 \\ 36\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}3,012 \\ 263,985 \\ \hline 17\end{array}$ | - $3,337,27431$ | 2,533 89 | 108,90596 185 | $\begin{array}{r}546 \\ 263 \\ \hline 220\end{array}$ | 23,35274 89,38490 | ....... |  | 110,568 84 | 2,181 15 | $\begin{array}{r}360,00000 \\ 38,500 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |
| Galveston, Texas... | 50,081 99 | 17,187 77 | -32,894 22 |  | $\begin{array}{r}162 \\ 7,610 \\ \hline 8\end{array}$ | 20\},520 456 | 82,38490 2,75416 |  |  | 3,419,659 21 |  | 2,675, 25800 |
| St. Louis, Mot...... | 365, 70378 | 10,857 93 | 354, 84585 |  | 72,650 87 | 19,79830 | 52,852 57 |  | ..... .......... | 35,64838 407,69842 | ............. | 116,000 00 |
| Louisville, Ky...... | 15,514 51 | 68941 | 14,825 11 |  | 33, 68595 | 11,683 33 | 22,002 62 |  | - . | $\begin{array}{r}407,698 \\ 36,827 \\ \hline 13\end{array}$ |  | 353,30000 258,74500 |
| Cleveland, Ohio..... | 79,812 42 | 6,56581 | 73,246 61 |  | 40,249 74 | 15,066 22 | 25,183 52 |  |  | 36,827 48,430 13 |  | 258,74500 159,800 |
| Detroit, Mich....... | 146,716 37 | 19,556 07 | 127, 16030 |  | 27,292 77 | 15,033 00 | 12,259 77 |  |  | $\begin{array}{r}98,43013 \\ 139,420 \\ \hline 1\end{array}$ |  | 159,800 158,800 00 |
| Chicago, Ill. . . . . . . . | 145,662 49 | 14,349 29 | 131,313 20 |  | 81,380 09 | 45,200 12 | 36, 15997 |  |  | 139,420 167,47317 |  | 158,800 414,900 |
| Galena, III.......... | 763 32 | 62599 | 19, 13773 |  | 6,304 31 | 2,17000 | - $4,134.31$ |  |  | 167,473 478 |  | 414,900 71,500 00 |
| Dubuque, Iowa $\ddagger . .$. | 20,254 50 | 76110 | 19,49840 |  | 18,872 95 | 9,452 65 | 9,420 30 |  |  | 2e,913 70 |  | $\begin{array}{r} 71,500 \\ 139,800 \\ 130 \end{array}$ |
| Milwaukie, Wiss)... | 284,79288 | 5,962 86 | 278,830 02 |  | 26,436 46 | 5,669 63 | 20,766 83 |  |  | 299,59685 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 138,80000 \\ & 142,00000 \end{aligned}$ |
| Windsor, Vt., C. H. |  |  |  |  | 1,852 87 | 1,017 21 | 83566 |  | 4 days C. and D. | ${ }^{835} 66$ |  | 12,900 00 |
| Indianapolis, $\mathrm{Ia}, \mathrm{C.H}$ |  |  |  |  | 1,246 64 | 68720 | 55944 |  | 5 days C. and D. | 55944 |  | 76,000 00 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 14,639 | 15 | 2,484 32 |  | 58 days O. and D. | 2,484 32 |  | 123,700 00 |
|  | 907,212 95 | 612,287 32 | 5,327,023 33 | 32,09769 | 698,665 50 | 263,534 95 | 435,230 55 | . . $\cdot$ |  | 5,744, 43983 | 14,283 93 | 8,463,755 53 |
| * 818,59460 , amount of revenue from railroad iron in bond. $\ddagger \$ 18,492$, amount of revenue from railroad iron in bond. anstruction, Treasury Department. |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & +\$ 75,29 \\ & \S \$ 271,9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0, \mathrm{amo} \\ & 40 \text {, } \mathrm{am} \end{aligned}$ | of revenue $f$ nt of revenue | $m$ railroad iro rom railroad i A. H. BOWM | in bond. $a$ in bond. AN, Engineer | charge. |

## TABLE 8.

Statement showing the places where custom-houses, court-houses, and post offices have been authorized but not commenced, the revenue collected at each, and cost of collection for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1857, with amount of appropriations.

| Location. | custom-hooses. |  |  |  | POST OFFICES. |  |  |  | COURT-HOUSES. | aggregates. |  |  <br>  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ogdensburg, ${ }^{\text {Perth }}$. $\mathbf{Y}$... | \$10,008 45 | \$7,982 31 | \$2,076 14 |  | \$5, 096199 | \$2,452 76 | \$2, 63923 |  |  | \$4,715 37 | 556 19 | $\$ 110,00000$ 24,000 |
| Perth Amboy, N. J.. | 1,531 <br> 18,091 <br> 14 | 4,47179 1,34748 | 16,743 66 | \$2,940 06 | 86039 3,67649 | 47628 1,73418 | 1,942 31 |  | 40 days. | … 18,68597 | 2,556 15 | 24,000 <br> 96,800 |
| Nashville, Tenn .... | 18,022 00 | 1990 63 | 17,031 37 | ... | 20,336 07 | 8,457 36 | 11,878 71 | .... | 50 days........ | 28,910 08 |  | 124,500 00 |
| Cairo, Illf............ | 34,259 44 | 2,24161 | 32,01783 |  | 2,416 92 | 2,000 00 | 11,41692 |  | 50 days........ | 32,434 75 |  | 50,000 00 |
| Astoria, Oregon...... | $\begin{array}{r}4,17364 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 21,254 51 | ……...... | 17,080 87 | 299169 21543192 | ${ }_{56} 16017$ | 13152 158,468 |  |  |  | 16,949 37 | 41, 15823 |
| Boston, Mass., C. H. | 7,240, 30872 | 414,660 63 | 6,825,648 09 | .......... | 215,431 92 | 56,963 75 | 158,468 17 |  | 256 days....... | 6,984, 11626 |  | 140,00000 |
| Coltimore, Md., O.H. $\ddagger$ | 1,473,797 87 | 141,61978 | 1,332,178 09 | .............. | 116,330 46 | 28,06447 2,72491 | 88,265 99 |  | 195 days...... | 1,562, 06386 | ............... | 200,000 50 |
| Columbus, S. C.,C.H. |  |  |  |  | 7,47760 4,34095 | 2,72491 3,46270 | 4,75269 87825 |  | 8 days | 4,75269 87825 |  | 50,00000 50,10000 |
| Key West, Fla., C.H. | 10,480 73 | 9,68809 | 792975 | ................ | 1,363 05 | - 57256 | 79049 |  | 55 days......... | 1,582 94 |  | 44,000 00 |
| Tallahassee, Fa., ${ }^{\text {H }}$. |  |  |  |  | 2, 03126 | 974 36 | 1,056 90 |  | 16 days.... .. | 1,056 90 |  | 50,00000 |
| Memphis,Ten, O H. l\| | 112,883 90 | 5, 18589 | 107,698 01 | ............ | 16,58402 | 6,644 18 | $9,93984$ |  |  | 117,637 85 | ............... | $50,000 \quad 00$ |
| Bpringfield, Madison, Wis., C. H. H. |  |  |  |  | 8,71668 13.34764 | 3,91797 3,91996 | 4,79871 9,42768 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 48 \text { days......... } \\ & 17 \text { days........ } \end{aligned}$ | 4,79871 9,42768 | - | $\begin{aligned} & 61,00000 \\ & 50,00 g 00 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | 8,923,557 43 | 609,392 72 | 8,334,185 64 | 20,021 93 | 418,297 13 | 122,525 61 | 295,771 52 |  |  | 8,771,061 31 | 19,505 52 | 1,101,458 23 |

* \$18, 085 l 3 , amount of revenue on railroad iron in bond. $+\$ 33,99990$ do.
$\ddagger \$ 11,61960$, amount of revenue on railroad iron in bond.
|| ${ }^{(110,06599 \text { 9, }}$
do.
do.

Office of Constauction, Treasury Department.
A. H. BOWMAN, Engineer in charge.

## TABLE 9.

Tabular statement of custom-houses, marine hospitals, court-houses, post offices, branch mints, and other public buildings in charge of the office of construction under the Treasury Department, exhibiting the total amount of appropriations for each work; the date and cost of purchase of site; the amount available September 30, 1857; the amount expended during the year ending September 30, 1858; the amount avrilable for the current year; additional appropriations required during the current year; date of contract; contract time of completion; actual time of completion; contract price for construction; total cost of the voork, \&c.

| Name and location of the work. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\stackrel{\square}{\circ}$ <br>  | $\stackrel{\square}{\circ}$ <br>  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 荢 } \\ & \text { 들 } \\ & \text { हैं } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Custom-houses, \&c. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bath, Maine | \$100, 10000 | Feb. 7,1852 | \$15,000 | 9,237 09 | \$2,10155 | \$7, 13554 |  | July 9, 1853 | Sept. 1, 1856 | Oct. 9, 1858 | \$47,594 36 | $\$ 99,18265$ 34,340 25 |
| Belfast, Maine | 34,450 00 | Feb. 24, 1855 | 5,600 | 9, 35230 | 5,432 09 | 21 87 |  | May 30, 1855 | June 30, 1856 | 5 | 4 | 104,012 13 |
| Bangor, Maine .......... | 109,800 00 | June 5, 1851 | 15,000 | 6,101 87 | 400 | 87 |  | Mar. 5, 1855 |  | 31, 1855 | ............ | 4,700 00 |
| Castine, Maine . . . . . . . | $\begin{array}{r}4,700 \\ 23,500 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | Aprit 6, 1853 | 1,200 | -12,251 93 | 6,691 65 | $\underline{5}, 560 \times 2$ |  | Oct. 16, 1855 | Dec. 1,1856 | Aug. 2,1858 | …9,200 00 | 21,629 84 |
| Eastport, Maine........ | 36,78000 | July 3, 1847 | 2,780 |  |  |  |  | Purchased.... |  |  |  | 36,780 1,600 00 |
| Kenriebunk, Maine.... | 1,600 00 | N JV. 19, 1832 | 149,575 |  |  | 39967 |  | April 25, 1855 | Jan. ${ }^{\text {i }}$, 18.187 | Jan. 15,1857 | 153,500000 | 398,032 04 |
| Portland, Maine. . . . . . | 398,431 71 | $\begin{array}{ll}\text { July } & 5,1849 \\ \text { Nov. } & 3,1848 \\ \text { 20, }\end{array}$ | 149,000 2,000 | 3,638 90 | 3 | 399 |  | Purchased.... | Jan. 15, 1857 | Jan. 15, |  | 2,200 00 |
| Wiscasset, Maine..... | 2,200 00 |  | 2,000 |  |  | 67532 |  | April 13, 1855 | Nov. 1,1855 | Dec. 27, 1855 | $15,80000$ | 24,324 68 |
| Waldoboro', Maine.... Portsmouth, N. H. . . | $\begin{array}{r}25,000 \\ 166,300 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | Nov. 9, 1852 June 2u, 1857 | - 2, | 144,583 11 | 70,39039 | 74, 19272 |  | Mar. 31, 1857 | Assumed by |  | 82,728 96 |  |
| Burlington, Vt. |  | Dec. 4, 1854 | 7,750 | 8,563 04 | 3,414 37 | 5,148 67 |  | Sept. 30, 1855 | Feb. 1, 1857 | Mar. 20, 1857 | 28,238 40 | 43,45133 |
| Boston, Mass........... | 1,106,658 00 | Aug. 29,1837 | 190,000 | 8,563 |  |  |  | Built by government. |  | Aug. 1, 1847 |  |  |
| Barnstable, Mass.. | 33,370 00 | April 24,1855 | 1,500 |  |  |  |  | July 19, 1855 | June 30, 1856 | Dec. 1, 1856 | $17,25000$ | $\begin{aligned} & 33,37080 \\ & 50,16466 \end{aligned}$ |
| Gloucester, Mass....... | 53,00000 | June 6, 1855 | 9,000 | 4,581 69 | 1,746 35 |  | ........... | Sept. 8, 1855 | Mar. 1,1857 | Sep |  | 31,745 00 |
| New Bedford, Mass... | 31,745 00 | April 13, 1853 | 4,900 |  |  |  |  | Purchased.... |  |  |  | 23,188 50 |
| Newburyport, Mass... | 23,188 50 | Aug. 9, 1853 | 3,000 |  |  |  |  | .....do.......... |  |  |  | 19,271 77 |
| Salem, Mass........... Bristol, R. I. ... . . . . | 19,271 77 | June 23,1818 Sept. 13,1855 | 5,000 | 7,417 32 | 1,78988 | 5,65804 |  | Aug. 20,1856 | ®ept. 1, 1857 | July 3, 1857 | 17,522 00 | 2,74196 10,500 |
| Bristol, R. I. ${ }^{\text {Newport, } \mathrm{R} . . . . . . . . .}$ | 31,450 10 500 | Sept. 29,1828 | 1,400 |  |  |  |  | Purchased.... |  |  |  | 10,500 00 |
| Providence, R. I....... | 279,000 00 | Dec. 15, 1854 | 40,000 | 37,665 67 | 11,726 77 | 25,938 90 | .......... | May 28, 1855 | Mar. 4,1857 | y |  | $\begin{array}{rl} 253,061 \\ 15,800 & 00 \end{array}$ |
| Middletown, Conn.... | 15,800 00 | Feb. 8, 1853 | 3,500 |  |  | 63,25000 |  | Sept. 29,1855 | Mar. 1,1857 |  | 88,000 00 |  |
| New Haven, Conn..... | $\begin{array}{r}191,70000 \\ 20,237 \\ \hline 17\end{array}$ | June 1, 18,1855 | 25,500 3,400 |  | 3, 43246 |  |  | Purchased.... |  |  |  | 20,337 37 |
| Buffalo, N. Y. ........ | 290,800 00 | Jan. 26, 1855 | 40,000 | 151, 06289 | 50,201 53 | 100,861 36 |  | July 25, 1855 | Mar. 1, 1857 | July 12, 1858 | 106,758 | 191,680 08 |
| New York, N. Y...... | 1,105,313 57 | Jan. 9,1833 | 270,000 | ........... |  |  |  | Built by gov- ernment. |  |  |  |  |

Oswego，N．Y Ogdensburg，
Plattsburg，
N． Newark，N． Perth Amboy， Erie，Pa．． Pittsburg， $\mathbf{P}$ Pbiladelphia， Baltimore，Md Georgetown，D． Alexandria，V8 Norfolk，Va． Petersburg，Va Richmond，Va Wheeling，Va Charleston， N ．

Savannah，Ga Mobile，Ala，．

Key West，Fla Pensacola，Fla

New Orleans，La．．．．
Galveston，Texas． St．Louis，Mo Knoxville，Tenn

Nashville，Tenn． Cleveland，Ohio． Cincinnati，Ohio．．
Sandusky，Ohio Toledo，Ohio． Detroit，Mich． Oairo，Ill．

Galena，III．
Dubuque，Lowa Milwaukie，Wis ．．． Monterey，Cal．．．．．．．．
San Francisco，Cal．．．
Astoria，Oregon．．．．．．

131， 10000 Dec．15， 185 118，0：0 00 Jan．20，185 99，900 00 Nov．22， 1856 162， 00000 May 30， 1855 24， 41,5000000 Sept 7,1857 54， 00000 July 2，1819 110，000 06 Sept．7，1842 378， 47437 Aug．27， 1844 451，672 61 June 10， 1833 60，000 00 Sept．23， 1856 71， 70000 July 17， 1856 224， 65253 Feb．28， 1852 103，200 00 July 12， 1855 250，000 00 Mar．16， 1853 57， 039 75 Mor 29,18519 1，903，000 00 July 10,1849

205， 25056 Dec．16， 1845 392,60000 Oct．13， 1851

50，500 00 Acquired by cession from Spain．
2，925，258 00 16， 00000 July 23， 1855 387,90000 Oct．31，1851 96,80000 Not yet pur－
124,50000 Oct．$\quad 7,1856$ 166，900 00 Nov．29， 18.55 $\begin{array}{ll}166,900 \\ 292,083 & 90 \\ \text { Nopt．24，} & \text { Seps }\end{array}$

76，450 00 Nov．29， 1854 77，450 00 Nov．29， 1854 414，900 00 Jan 10 ， 1855 50,00000 Not vet se－ ， 85， 20000 Jan． 20,1857 138，800 00 Jan．20， 1857 159， 70000 Feb．16， 1855
Acquired by
conquest．
779,672
39
Sept． 5,1854
41，158 83 M

12,00
8,00
5,00

## 8,000 50,000

 50,0002,000
3,50
29,00
10,85 10,95
225,00 225，00

## 5,000 13,000 13,500

## 13,500 15,000

61,000
20,500
20,500
16,100 16,1100
130,000 20,725
12,500 1，000


|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  <br>  운중․․ㅇ |  | －Nisit H잉ㅇㅇㅇN <br>  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 边 |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { e్ } \\ & \text { N } \\ & \text { 世 } \\ & \text { 世 } \\ & \text { P } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |  | ¢： |  <br>  <br>  |  |  |


| 12，250 $00 \mid$ |  | Eept．1， 1855 | Feb．1， 1857 | ｜ 1 ept．1， 1858 | 77，255 00 | 121，092 89 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 108，991 25 |  | Not yet awd＇d |  |  |  |  |
| 21， 11177 |  | Mar，18， 1857 | Mar．1， 1858 | May 19， 1858 | 48，755 43 | 86，443 73 |
| 21，712 39 |  | Aug．18， 1855 | Mar．1， 1857 |  | 75，948 71 |  |
| 20，912 84 |  | Not yet awd＇d |  |  |  |  |
| 40398 |  | Aug．4， 1853 | Oct．1， 1855 | A pril 1， 1856 | 29，234 00 | $41,09612$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Pure |  |  |  | 378,47437 |
|  |  | ．．．．do |  |  |  | 451，672 61 |
| 11，438 29 |  | Dec．18， 1856 | Sept．24， 1858 | Nov．9， 1858 | 41，582 00 | 50，736 11 |
| 11，900 34 |  | Sept．26， 1856 | May 1，1858 | Oct．1， 1858 | 45， 32628 | 64，888 49 |
| 21，725 00 |  | May 17， 1858 | Dec．1， 1855 | Oct．11， 1858 | 101，333 30 | 207，927 53 |
| 32，046 20 |  | Mar．29， 1856 | Sept．30， 1857 |  | 66，567 10 |  |
|  |  | July 11， 1855 | July 1， 1857 | Oct．9， 1858 | 110，000 00 | 264，907 88 |
| 18，197 97 |  | June 19， 1856 | June 1， 1858 |  | 80，159 97 |  |
|  |  | Purchased．．．． |  |  |  | 57，039 75 |
| 329，383 37 | 300，000 | Building by government． |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Purchased．．．． |  |  |  | 205，2：0 56 |
| 49，750 89 | 10，000 | July 23， 1853 | July 1， 1856 |  | Prices in de－ tail． |  |
|  |  | Purchased．． |  |  |  |  |
| 2，495 73 |  | Feb．27， 1857 | June 1， 1858 | June 12， 1858 | 38，373 27 | $48,00427$ |
| 348， 94538 | 350，000 | Building by government． |  |  |  |  |
| 82，732 18 |  | government． Mar．31， 1857 |  |  | 68,72365 |  |
| 69， 17629 |  | Dec．24， 1853 | July 1,1856 |  | 358，309 07 |  |
| 5，806 77 |  | 1853 to 1855. | May 1，1857 | Nov．1， 1858 | 148， 15800 | 256，778 28 |
| 96，601 19 |  | Not yet awd＇d |  |  |  |  |
| 104，248 69 |  |  |  |  |  | － |
| 41，384 65 |  | Aug．20， 1851 | Jan．1， 18.189 |  | 8200000 |  |
| 61390 |  | July 18， 1853 | Dec．1， 1856 | April $y$ ，185\％ | Prices in de－ | 291,47000 |
| 2，273 84 |  | Jan．9， 1856 | June 1， 1857 | Jan．8， 1858 | ${ }_{\text {tafil }} \mathbf{4 5}, 70810$ | 74，522 16 |
| 1，757 80 |  | Jan．9， 1856 | June 1， 1857 | Jan．1，1858 | 45，708 10 | 75，692 20 |
| 43，942 46 | 30，000 | Sept．24， 1856 | July 1， 1858 |  | $80,10000$ |  |
| 210,67757 50,000 |  | Oct．25， 1855 | Jan．1， 1860 |  | 84，450 00 |  |
| 50，000 00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 32，069 94 |  | Mar．25， 1857 | Sept．1， 1858 |  | 43，629 00 |  |
| 92，320 92 |  | April 8， 1857 | Dec．1， 1858 |  | 87，334 50 |  |
| 13，121 47 |  | Oct．25，1855 | Nov．30， 1858 |  | 79，870 00 |  |
|  |  |  | －．．．．．．．．．．． |  | ．．．．．．． | ． |
| 8， |  | Built by gor－ ernment |  | Oct．16，126s | ．＊＊＊．．．．．．．．． | 757，323 68 |
| 39，938 |  |  |  |  |  |  |

TABLE 9-Continued.

| Name and location of the work. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \% <br>  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Court-houses and post offices. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rutland, Vt | \$72,900 00 | Jan. 20,1857 | \$1,400 | \$67,6ј3 3 F | \$37,116 26 | \$30,537 10 |  | Mar. 5, 1857 | July 1, 1858 |  | \$52,827 00 |  |
| Windsor, Vt........... | 76,000 00 | Jan. 20,1857 | 4,500 | 70, 28952 | 38, 33954 | 31,94998 |  | Mar. 19, 1857 | July 1, 1858 |  | 49,300 00 |  |
| Baltimore, house Md., courthouse. | 200,000 00 | Not yet pur- chased. |  | 199,988 00 | 10000 | 199,888 00 | ... | Not yet awd'd |  |  |  |  |
| Baltimore, Md., post office. | 300,000 00 | May 30, 1857 | 207,000 | 92,798 00 | 31,756 79 | 61,041 21 |  | Under repairs |  |  |  | ..... ...... |
| Columbia, s. C....... | 50,000 00 | Not yet purchased. |  | 49,980 00 | 250 | 49,955 00 |  | Not yet awd'd |  |  |  |  |
| Raleigh, N. C.......... | 50,00000 | …..do. 8 ..... |  | 49,980 <br> 40 <br> 958 <br> 98 |  | 49,931 <br> 4093 <br> 93 |  | . do...... |  |  |  |  |
| Key West, Fla........ | 44,000 50,000 | Sept. 8, 1857 | 3,090 | 40,95826 <br> 49,980 <br> 06 | 2500 4610 | 40,93326 49,933 |  | . .do....... |  |  |  |  |
| Memphis, Tepn.... |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ot yet p } \\ & \text { chassed. } \end{aligned}$ <br> ...... do. |  |  |  | 49,936 10 |  | ..do...... |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 53,964 57 |  | 53,886 60 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Indianapolis, Ind...... | 123,700 00 | Jan. 26,1857 | 17, 160 | 105,351 99 | 28,939 96 | 78,412 03 | \$40,000 | Aug. 17, 1857 | Dec. 15, 1858 | Assumed by government. | 98,983 79 |  |
| Madison, Wis .. | 50,000 00 | Not yet purchased. |  | 50,000 00 | 2500 | 49,975 00 |  | Not yet awd'd |  |  |  |  |
| Marine hospitals. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Portand, Me... | 115,000 00 | May 30, 1855 | 11,000 | 16,685 42 | 10,860 40 | 5,825 02 |  | April 16, 1855 | Aug. 1,1856 | Oct. ${ }^{\text {2 }}$, 1856 | 66,200 00 | \$109,174 98 |
| Burlington, ${ }^{\text {Obelsea, Mass ........... }}$ | $\begin{array}{r}43,600 \\ \hline 234 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | Sept. 19, 1855 | 1,750 | 17,754 63 | 13,213 40 |  |  | June 17, 1856 | Sept. 30,1857 | April 1,1856 |  | 39, 11127 |
| Ohelsea, Mass ........ | 234,700 00 | From Navy |  | 37,398 30 | 19,419 93 | 17,978 37 |  | Aug. 9, 1855 | Mar. 3, 1857 | Mar. 1, 1857 | 122, 18539 |  |
| Pittsburg, Pa.......... | 70,569 83 | Sept. 7, 1842 | 10,253 |  |  |  |  | Purchased... |  |  |  | 70,569 83 |
| Ocracoke, N. C........ | 44,000 00 | 1845 and 1846 | No record of cost. |  |  |  |  | do... | ... .......... |  |  | 44, 00000 |
| Wilmingto | $50,50000$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 6,500 \\ & 4,000 \end{aligned}$ | $43,44929$ | $\left.\begin{array}{r} 11,446 \\ 5,400 \\ 50 \end{array}\right) .$ | 32,303 00 |  | June 26, 1857 | Jan. 1, 1859 |  | 28,968 25 |  |
| Key Werst, Fla. | 27, 10000 | Sept. 10,1833 | 1,500 |  |  |  |  | Purchased |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 54,14000 \\ & 27,100 \end{aligned}$ |
| Pensacola, Fla.. | 22,000 00 | Not yet pur- |  | 20,963 14 | 1610 | 20,917 04 |  | Not yet awd'd | .............. |  |  |  |
| st. Mark's, Fla........ | 25,70000 | Government property. | $\cdots$ | 23,362 28 | 18,621 48 | 4,740 80 |  | Mar. 24, 1857 | Sepit. 1,1858 | May 25, 1858 | 16,444 00 | 21,679 80 |

New Orleans, La.... Vicksburg, Miss.
St. Louis, Mo. ........
Napoleon, Ark
Louisville, Ky.
Paducah, Ky.... Cleveland, Ohio Cincinnati, Ohio .....
Detroit, Mich Chicago, III . . . . . . . . . .

Burlington, Iowa.<br>San Francisco, Cal

Miscellaneous.
United States mint at Puiladelphia.
Branch mint at New Otleans.
Branch mint at Charlotte, N. 0.
Branch mint at Dahlonega, Ga.
Branch mint at San Francisco.
Vault for public funds
at New Mexico.
New York assay office
New York Atlantic Boarding station at Pas à l'Outre.
Boarding station at South West Pass. Appraiser's stores, San ciscu.*
Utah penitentiary
Minnesota public build New Mexico penitentiary.
New Mexico public
buildings.

| 521,459 20 | July 23, 1555 | 18,000 | 430,939 89) | 173,801 67 | 257, 138 2\% |  | Jan. 14, 1857 | Jaly 1, 1859 |  | 392,745 93 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 61,762 58 | Mar. 28,1854 | 4,500 | 1,218 48 | 1,21848 |  |  | April 25, 1855 | July 31, 1856 | July 1, 1856 | 57,021 02 | $61,76258$ |
| 118,57400 | Ceded by War Departin't. | ........... | 26,300 00 | 50000 | 25,800 00 | $\cdots$ | Built by government. | $\cdot$ | Sept. 3, 1853 | ............. | $92,77400$ |
| 59,250 00 | Jept. 15, 1837 | 1,000 |  |  |  |  | do. |  |  |  | 59,250 00 |
| 62,500 00 | Nov. 3,1842 | 6,000 |  |  |  |  | . . . . . do. |  | Sept. 11, 1851 |  | 62,500 00 |
| 61,625 00 | Dec. 26,1887 | 1,000 | 9,109 38 | 4,69642 | 4,41298 |  | ...... do. |  | April 1, 1852 |  | 57,212 04 |
| 96,900 00 | Oct. 11, 1837 | 12,000 |  |  |  |  | Jan. 15, 1855 | Dec. 31, 1855 | June 1, 1856 | 20,000 00 | 96,900 00 |
| 186,000 00 | Jan. 18, 1856 | 36,000 | 100,876 94 | 56,945 97 | 43,930 97 |  | Sept. 27, 1856 | April 1, 1858 |  | 77,808 36 |  |
| 58,000 00 | Apri! 29, 1853 | 6,000 | 10,338 15 |  | 10,338 15 |  | June 1, 1853 | July 1, 1855 | Sept. 6, 1856 | 40,000 00 | 47,661 25 |
| 113,000 00 | Mar. 19, 1855 | 28,000 | 29,372 26 | 14,396 55 | 14,975 71 |  | July 18, 1855 | Dec. 31, 1856 | Nov. 13, 1857 | 54,637 12 | 101,142 63 |
| 63,712 00 | Ceded by War Departm't. |  | 29533 | 29533 | ............ | ........... | Built by govemment. | Mar. 2, 1855 | Mar. 2, 1855 | ... | 63,71200 |
| 43,800 00 | Aug. 20,1856 | 5,052 | 36,359 69 | 14,619 42 | 21,740 87 |  | Mar. 25, 1857 | Sept. 1, 1858 |  | 29,862 00 |  |
| 25, 10000 | Jan. 29, 1856 | 4,500 | 8,530 01 | 4,287 72 | 4,292 29 |  | Mar. 12, 1857 | Jan. 1, 1858 | Jan. 14, 1857 | 15,978 00 | 16,98300 |
| 766,271 00 | Sept. 5,1854 | 150,000 | 8,530 | , | . . . . . . . . . |  | Built by government. | Jan. 1, | Oct. 16, 1854 | 5, | 766,271 00 |
| 212,800 00 |  |  | 5,698 75 | 5,126 81 | 37214 |  | do. |  |  |  | 212,227 86 |
| 591,514 05 |  |  | 78,262 91 | 75,561 56 | 2,70135 |  | Under repairs |  |  |  |  |
| 102, 101 60 |  |  | 2,352 ${ }^{\text {g }}$ |  | 2,352 |  | do. |  |  |  |  |
| 69,588 50 |  |  |  |  |  |  | . |  |  |  |  |
| 345,000 00 | May 2,1854 | 254,920 | 45,00000 |  | 45,000 00 |  | April 25, 1853 |  | Mar. -, 1854 | 300, 000 制 | 300,00000 |
| 2,000 00 |  |  |  |  |  |  | Built by Territory. |  |  |  |  |
| 761,493 | Aug. 19, 1853 | 553,000 |  |  |  |  | Built by government. |  | Oct. 9, 1854 |  | 761,493 62 |
| 160,000 ${ }^{\text {es }}$ | Feb. 19, 1857 | 100,000 |  |  |  |  | Purchased |  |  |  | 100,000 00 |
| 12,000 00 | Ceded by City N. Orleans. | .... ....... |  |  |  |  | Dec. 23, 1856 | Sept. 1, 1857 | Aug. 21, 1857 | 10,900 00 |  |
| 3,500 00 | May 19, 1857 | 3,500 |  |  |  |  | Purebase |  |  |  |  |
| 100,000 00 |  | . | 6,433 ¢5 | 36260 | 7,746 05 |  | June 28, 1855 | Mar. 1, 1856 | ............... | 53,500 00 | 92,253 95 |
| 45,000 00 | ............... |  |  |  |  |  | Built by Territory. |  | ..... ......... |  | 45,000 00 |
| 76,500 00 |  | ..... . .... |  |  |  |  | Built by government. |  |  |  | 76,500 00 |
| 20,000 00 |  |  |  |  |  | ... | ......do. do.... |  |  |  |  |
| 50,000 00 |  |  |  |  |  |  | ......do...... |  |  |  |  |

TABLE 9-Continued.

| Name and location of the work. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Extension of the Treasury building. | \$1,700,000 00 | Government property. | .......... | \$1,120,952 74 | $\$ 604,27080$ | \$516,081 94 | \$400,000 | Built by government. | ............... | :-............. |  |  |
| Ventilating basement of Treasury building. | $39,64000$ |  | $1000100 * 0$ | $15,17269$ | $2,080 \quad 19$ | $13,09250$ | - | By days' labor | ................ | - |  | ........... |
| Fire-proof vaults for public stores. | $66,00000$ |  |  | $62,93345$ | $2,73953$ | $60,19392$ | ........... | By purchase. | $\cdots$ | ......8........ | ... | ...... ...... |
| Warehouses at quarantine station, New Orleans. | $50,00000$ |  | ........... | $50,00000$ | 29600 | 49,704 00 | ........... | --............. | ................ | - | ............. | ... |
| Annual repairs of cus-tom-houses. | $168,00000$ |  | ........... | $51,20289$ | $6,30375$ | $44,89914$ | $15,000$ | ...917......... | ............... | -6............ | . | ............. |
| Annua! repairs of ma. | 60,000 00 |  |  | $49,28345$ | $9,94040$ | 39,343 05 | 15,000 | ...... | '...'. | .............. |  |  |
|  | 24, 104,779 04 |  | 3,388,827 | 7,115,668 72 | 2,902,014 71 | 4,215,329 41 | 1,160,000 | ............... | - |  | 4,122,116 82 | 10,529,95172 |

A. H. BOWMAN,

Ingineer in charge, Treasury Department.

No. 11.

## STATEMENT

OF THI

## EXPENDITURES AND RECEIPTS

OF THE

MARINE HOSPITALFUND,<br>for the relief of

SICK AND DISABLED SEAMEN IN THE PORTS OF THE U. STATES,

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 1858.

No. 11.-Statement of the expenditures and receipts of the Marine Hospital Fund for the relief of

sick and disabled seamen in the ports of the United States for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1858.

|  |  |  | Travelling expenses. | 篤 |  |  | 菷 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$1,663 96 | \$815 25 | \$324 17 |  |  | \$26 06 |  |  | \$2,629 44 | \$535 50 |
| -372 34 | 2450 | 2040 |  |  | 416 |  |  | \$ 42140 | 45833 |
| 700 | 350 | 210 | \$150 | ........ | 14 | .......... |  | 1434 | 72814 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 35 |  |  | 3585 | 40280 |
| 49917 | 15170 | 6460 |  |  | 712 |  |  | 72259 | 95325 |
| $\cdots \cdots, 1,1600$ | 70415 | ........ |  |  | - ${ }^{18} 76$ | \$12000 | 2 |  | 10192 30015 |
| 3,622 87 | 50800 | 203 20 | ............ |  | 4336 |  | 2 | 4,377 43 | 1,373 02 |
| 6300 | 4075 | 685 |  |  | 110 |  |  | 11170 | 9761 |
| 8617 | 1270 |  | ... ...... |  | 73 |  |  | 9960 | 8237 |
| 5371 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5426 | 3290 |
| 43982 | $262 \times$ | 7225 |  |  | 780 | 600 | i | 78812 | 30483 |
| 1,285 16 | 62380 | .......... |  |  | 1904 |  |  | 1,928 00 | 53145 |
| 9,290 70 | 2,946 60 | 69357 | 150 |  | 12917 | 1800 | 3 | 13,079 54 | 5,902 27 |
| 52282 | 13820 | 8790 | . |  | 743 |  |  | 75435 | 20683 |
| 12787 | 4525 | 1110 | .......... |  | 183 |  |  | 18605 | 14180 |
| $\begin{array}{r} 250 \\ 4550 \\ 4500 \end{array}$ | $\cdots 13.0{ }^{\circ}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \because \\ & 465 \\ & 870 \end{aligned}$ | 150 | ... | 3 50 45 |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 403 \\ 5065 \\ 4565 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 20300 \\ & 50879 \\ & 89133 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | $7,0677^{\circ} 0$ | $\mathfrak{i}, 268{ }^{1}$ | …12 17 |  | - ${ }^{231} 170$ |  | 38 | - 23,39490 | 1928 14,92189 |
| ... | ……..... | …......... | .... |  |  |  |  | ........ | 10754 53023 |
| $\begin{array}{r} 4,385 \\ 95 \\ 97 \end{array}$ | 1,333 48 48 | 1,343 960 |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 7097 \\ 153 \end{array}$ | 3600 |  | 7,16961 <br> 15505 | $\begin{array}{r}1,310 \\ 76125 \\ \hline 8\end{array}$ |
| $\cdots 642004$ | 178 77 | 12630 |  |  | $\cdots$ | 1200 | $\ddot{2}$ | - ....... 968 | $\begin{aligned} & 10448 \\ & 41114 \end{aligned}$ |
| 25,515 02 | 3,141 10 | 2,755 50 | 1397 |  | 31466 | 4800 | 48 | 31,788 25 | 19,808 20 |
| 14648 | 4675 | 1420 |  |  | 206 |  |  | 20949 | 17395 |
| $\begin{array}{r}1,64639 \\ 294 \\ \hline 00\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 67500 \\ 6800 \end{array}$ | 24080 8700 | 400 |  | 2574 454 | 1200 | ........ | $\begin{array}{r}2,59993 \\ \hline 45754\end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 770 \\ & 25018 \\ & 250 \end{aligned}$ |
| 2,086 87 | 78975 | 34200 | 400 |  | 3234 | 1200 |  | 3,266 96 | 1,124 38 |
| - ............ | 7130 | …...... | ... |  |  |  |  |  | 21005 |
| 8950 | 3400 | 26875 | ...... | … | 156 | 6700 |  | 35109 157 91 | $\begin{aligned} & 69854 \\ & 694 \quad 39 \end{aligned}$ |
| 66150 2250 | $\cdots 80$ | …즈ำ |  |  | 660 38 |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 66865 \\ 39 \\ \hline 08 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,06003 \\ 59233 \end{array}$ |
| 1,049 83 | 11330 | 2905 | 55 |  | 1200 | 1200 | 1 | 1,216 73 | 3,255 31 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 10575 \\ & 13684 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3500 \\ & 2150 \end{aligned}$ | …i1 70 |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 140 \\ 182 \end{array}$ | . $12 \ldots 0$ | .......\| | $\begin{aligned} & 14215 \\ & 18386 \end{aligned}$ | 6070 9219 |


| Port or district. | Present agent. |  |  | Mode of accommodation. | Rate of board and nursing per week. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| NEW YORK-Continued. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Oswego .................. | O. Robinson .......... | 86 | 98 | Hospital............ | \$500. |
| Buffalo Creek ........... | W. Bryant. . . . . . . . . . | 76 | 86 | Not stated. ......... | $300 . . . . . . . . . .$. |
| Oswegatchie............ | H. Moody..... . . . . . . . | . | ........ | , |  |
| Sag Harbor. . . . . . . . . . . | J. M. Terbell . . . . . . . . | Mone... | . $\cdot$ |  |  |
| Ohamplain........... ... | H. B, Smith... . . . . . . . | None gi | ven .... | Private....... . . . . . | $300 . . . . . . . .$. |
| Dunkirk $\qquad$ <br> Cape Vincent. ..... ....... | ........................................ | ............ | ............ | - | , |
| New York...... ........ | A. Achell ............... | ' 8884 | - 924 | Hospital. ........... | $400 . \ldots$. |
|  |  | 1,000 | 1,123 |  |  |
| NEW JERSEY. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Perth Amboy . . . . . . . . . | Amos Robins . . . . . . . |  |  |  |  |
| Bridgetown.............. | Wm. S. Bowen. ..... | 19 | 26 | 「rivate............ | 150 to \$300 ... |
| Camden................. |  | ........ | ........ |  |  |
| Burlington ............... | John A. Sherad. ...... |  |  |  |  |
| Great Egg Harbor ....... | Thomas D. Winner.... | 1 | 2 | Private.... . . . . . . . | $300 . . . . . .$. |
| Little Egg Harbor....... | Stephen Willitts....... |  |  |  |  |
| Newark ................. | Edward T. Hillyer .... |  |  | . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | ...................... |
|  |  | 20 | 28 |  |  |
| PENNBYLYANTA. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Philadelphia............. | Joseph B. Baker ...... | 353 | 407 | Hospital ............ | $350 . . . . . . . . . .$. |
| Presque Isle............. | John Brawley ......... | 14 | 14 | Private.......... . . | $250 . . .$. |
| Pittsburg. ............... | John Hastings . . . . . . . | 58 | 52 | Hospital ............ | ..................... |
|  |  | 425 | 473 |  |  |
| DELAWARE. | * |  |  |  |  |
| Wilmington .... ........ | -......................... | ......... | ........ | . | ...................... |
| MARYLAND. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Town Creek............. | James B. Thompson.. |  |  |  |  |
| Havre de Grace. ........ | W. B, Morgan........ | $310 \cdot$ |  |  |  |
| Baltimore ........ ..... | J. T. Mason. ........... | 315 | 301 | Hospital. . . . . . . . . | $300 . . . . . . . . .$. |
| Annapois | .......................... | ......... | ......... | . | ...................... |
| Vienna................... | . ..... ............. . . . | . .... | . | ........ . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | - |
|  |  | 315 | 301 |  |  |
| DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Georgetown ............. | H. C. Mathews....... | 5 | 7 | Not stated........... | -• |
| virginta. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Yeocomico .......... . . . | Gordon Forbes . . . . . . |  |  |  |  |
| Richmond............... | W. H. Harrison. ...... | 22 | 22 | Infir'y of Med. Col. |  |
| Norfolk and Portsmauth. | Jesse J. Simpkins..... | 62 | 14 | Hospital. ........... | . ..... ... . ........... |
| Tappahannock............ |  |  |  | ........... ..... | ........... ......... |
| Petersburg. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | T. Rives. | 101 ${ }^{*}$ | "104* | . |  |
| Oherrystone ... .......... |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alexandria.............. | E. S. Hough . . . . . . . . . | 14 | 10 | Wash. City Infirm'y. | 300. |
| Wheeling................ | A. J. Pannel............ | 9 | 11 | Private.... ......... | $350 . . . . . . . . . . .$. |
|  |  | 288 | 161 |  |  |

Continued.



Continued.

| 若 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 宮 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$1,228 50 | \$432 25 | \$368 55 |  |  | \$20 48 | \$1800 | 3 | \$2,067 78 | \$572 65 |
| 7050 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 7120 | 15090 |
| 57000 | 22800 | 17066 |  |  | 975 | 600 |  | 98441 | 32212 |
| ........ | ......... | .... ..... |  |  | . | ...... $\cdot$. |  | ........ | 15867 |
| 1,9817 08 | $\cdots 84000$ | 'i78 11 |  |  | 3006 | …j8 $0_{0}$ | $\cdots$ | - $3,047 \%$ 25 | 25696 7430 |
| 15827 | 6440 | 3465 |  |  | 257 |  |  | -25989 | 11070 |
| 1,289 40 | 89010 | .......... |  |  | 2194 | 1800 | 3 | 2,219 44 | 52278 |
| 5,297 75 | 2,454 75 | 75197 | ........... |  | 8550 | 6000 | 10 | 8,649 97 | 2,169 08 |
| 4,29160 36000 | 16412 | 7805 |  |  | 4267 607 | $\begin{array}{r} 4800 \\ 600 \end{array}$ | 8 1 | 4,312 27 | $\begin{array}{r}2,277 \\ 153 \\ \hline 80\end{array}$ |
| 4,581 60 | 16425 | 7805 |  |  | 4874 | 5400 | 9 | 4,926 64 | 2,430 99 |
| 5,107 60 | 1,272 50 | 1,021 05 | 14050 |  |  |  | 10 | 7,677 66 | 49580 |
| 17630 | 6475 | 3885 |  | ....... | 275 | .......... | ........ | 28265 | 5228 |
| 5,283 90 | 1,337 25 | 1,059 90 | 14050 |  | 7876 | 6000 | 10 | 7,960 31 | 63851 |
| 9,535 62 | 1,800 00 | 80467 |  |  | 12277 | 13600 | 9 | 12,399 06 | 4,219 70 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 28273 |
| 6,401 64 | $\begin{aligned} & 50000 \\ & 74999 \end{aligned}$ | 29490 |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 2616 \\ & 7418 \end{aligned}$ | 370 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 2,64246 \\ & 7,524 \\ & 21 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| 8,484 06 | 1,249 99 | 32878 |  |  | 10034 | 350 | 1 | 10,166 67 | 28273 |
| $\cdots \times 1,6479$ | 1,00000 | 59957 | ……... |  | 579 93 | 600 | . 1 | 6,833 76 | 16390 36540 |
| 4, | , | ..... | .. | ........ | . |  |  |  | 3505 |
| "-108843004 | 1,00000 | ….17 69 | -........... | - | 39 965 |  | 3 | 4,00438 | 9780 |
| ${ }^{295} 00$ | ${ }^{3} 32965$ |  |  |  | 2546 | 600 |  | -756 11 | 11571 |
| 8800 | 4225 | 2860 |  |  | 170 | 1200 | 2 | 17255 | 42883 |
| 79635 | 9175 | 9400 |  |  | 981 |  |  | 99191 | 61610 |
| 8,770 35 | 2,463 65 | 78386 | ......... |  | 65625 | 8400 | 6 | 12,758 11 | 2,703 58 |
| 30,939 12 | 3,724 86 | 2,637 89 | 13450 |  | 37826 | 39000 | 60 | 38,204 63 | 16,536 02 |
| 30,988 13 | 3,728 85 | 2,639 49 | 13450 |  | 37880 | 3900 | 60 | 38,259 78 | 16,640 09 |
| $\cdots \times 1.69400$ | ... |  |  |  | 47 12 | …18000 | -...... | 4.789 | i,025 93 |
| 5242 | 1675 | 1380 |  |  | 80 |  |  | 8377 | 19536 |
| 2400 |  | ... | ........ |  | 24 |  |  | 2424 | 1957 |
| 4,770 42 | 16,75 | 1380 | .......... | ....... | 4816 | 1800 | 2 | 4,867 13 | 1,240 86 |



## Continued.

|  |  |  |  | 品 흥 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$14,761 46 | \$1,000 00 | \$1,366 57 | .......... | ......... | \$17185 | \$60 00 | 44 | \$17,359 82 | \$5,337 41 |
| 10,415 6j | 75000 | 45275 |  |  |  | 24600 | 21 | 11,864 41 | .............. |
| $\begin{array}{r} 86847 \\ 13188 \\ 5,41069 \\ 6,01040 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 6580 \\ 99995 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \cdots \\ \hdashline \\ 563 \\ 56 \\ 37 \end{array}$ | - | $\mid$ | $\begin{array}{r} 873 \\ 28 \\ 7016 \\ 70016 \\ 6076 \end{array}$ | 600 $\cdots \quad 3800$ 6600 | 1 $\cdots \cdots$ 11 |  | 12911 63505 1,48067 2,10881 |
| 12,481 44 | 1,065 75 | 56862 | 500 | ....... | 14166 | 11050 | 19 | 14,312 97 | 4,353 64 |
| $\begin{array}{r}9,680 \\ \hline 1087\end{array}$ | 1,398 1400 | $\begin{array}{r} 38074 \\ 350 \\ 3 \end{array}$ | ............. |  | $\begin{array}{rr} 694 & 35 \\ 1 & 15 \end{array}$ | 5400 | 8 | $\begin{array}{r}12,20783 \\ 127 \\ \hline 12\end{array}$ | 1,90804 37280 |
| 9,789 51 | 1,412 00 | 38424 |  |  | 69550 | 5400 | 8 | 12,335 25 | 2,280 84 |
|  | 1,262 38 | 2485 | 1975 |  | 1,677 68 | 600 |  | 7,94583 | $\begin{array}{r} 358 \quad 20 \\ 4830 \end{array}$ |
| 4,731 47 | 1,262 38 | 24855 | 1975 | ........ | 1,677 68 | 600 | .. ..... | 7,945 83 | 40650 |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \dddot{1,0244} 96 \\ 174 \underset{25}{9} \end{gathered}$ | .......... |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 100990 \\ 467 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 12000 \\ 600 \end{array}$ |  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{r} \because 10,058 \\ 473 \\ 47 \\ 67 \end{array}\right.$ | $\begin{array}{r} 140 \\ 2800 \\ 1,59854 \\ 86253 \end{array}$ |
| 9,762 40 | 1,199 21 | 40894 |  |  | 11357 | 4800 | 10 | 11,532 12 | 2,490 57 |
| 3,865 49 | 1,351 97 | ........... |  |  | 5224 | 600 | 1 | 5,275 70 | 97888 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{5}, 880 \\ & \mathbf{5}, 57151 \\ & 51 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,74000 \\ & 1,68750 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 53797 \\ & 21860 \end{aligned}$ | ........... | ....... | $\begin{array}{r} 822929 \\ 425 \\ 16 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7600 \\ & 4950 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 8,316 \\ & 7,952 \\ & 71 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,78920 \\ & 229 \\ & 25 \end{aligned}$ |
| 11,451 76 | 3,427 50 | 75657 |  |  | 50745 | 12550 | 4 | 16,268 78 | 2,018 45 |
| $\begin{array}{r} 18461 \\ 1,531 \\ 50 \end{array}$ | .......... |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 184 \\ 1546 \end{array}$ | 1800 | 4 | $\begin{array}{r} 18645 \\ 1,56496 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 35100 \\ & 460 \end{aligned}$ |
| 1,716 11 | $\cdots$ |  |  |  | 1730 | 1800 | 4 | 1,751 41 | 81130 |

STATEMENT-

| Port or district. | Present agent. |  |  | Mode of accommodation. | Rate of board and nursing per week, |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| California. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sonoma.................. | T. B. Storer. |  |  |  |  |
| San Prancisco | B. F. Washington...... | 1,312 | 1,241 | Hospital. .......... | ............. ......... |
| San Pedro............... | ............................ | ........... | ........... | ........................... | ............................. |
|  |  | 1,312 | 1,241 |  |  |
| WAEHINGTON TERRITORY |  |  |  |  |  |
| Puget's Sound............ | R. Potts, M. D........ | ....... | .......... | Private.... ......... | \$1400.......... |
| Oregon................... | John Adair. . . . . . . . . . |  |  |  | -...................... |
| Cape Perpetua.............. | Robert W. Dunbar ..... |  | . $\cdot$ | ........... | ....................... |
|  |  | . . | ......... |  |  |
| IOWA. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Keokuk ..... . . . . . . . . . |  | ......... | - | ..................... | ....................... |
| Dubuque . $\cdot$..............* | . $\cdot$. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ${ }^{\text {. }}$ | . | - | -.................... | -...................... |
|  |  | ....... | ......... |  |  |

Continued.


| States. | Seamen admitted. | Seamen discharg'd. | Board and nursing. | Medical services. | Medicine. | Trayelling expenses. | Clothing. | Other charges. | Funeral expenditures. | Deaths. | Total expendi tures. | Hospital money collected. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Maine | 299 | 196 | 29070 | ,946 60 | \$693 57 | \$1 50 |  | \$129 17 | \$1800 | 3 | \$13,079 54 | \$5,902 27 |
| New Hamp |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 75435 | 20683 |
| Massachusetts | 983 | 944 | 25,515 02 | 3,141 10 | 2,75550 | 1377 |  | 31466 | 4800 | 48 | 31,788 25 | 19,808 20 |
| Rhode Island | 50 | 55 | 2,08687 | 79075 | 34200 |  | .... | 3234 | 1200 |  | 3,266 96 | 1,124 38 |
| Connecticut. | 38 | 38 | 1,049 83 | 11330 | 2905 |  |  | 1200 | 1200 |  | 1,216 73 | 3,255 31 |
| New York | 1,000 | 1,123 | 28,005 59 | 1,301 55 | 66840 | 120 |  | 30349 | 37300 | $\stackrel{3}{3}$ | 30,653 23 | 47, 839413 |
| New Jersey |  | 28 | ${ }_{13} 53722$ | 19845 | 16 452 72 |  |  | 761 | 1200 | 2 | +77128 | 4, $3388{ }^{\text {7 }} 910838$ |
| Pennsylvani | 425 | 473 | 13,665 56 | 1,067 26 | 45272 | 3765 | \$5s1 61 | 36218 | 23908 | 30 | 16,355 98 | 7,91083 1,020 23 |
| Maryland | 315 | 301 | 4,76589 |  |  |  |  | 489 | 7500 | $1{ }^{\circ}$ | $4,8899 \%$ | 6,754 25 |
| District of |  | 7 | 19761 |  |  | 0 |  | 213 |  |  | 21474 | 49671 |
| Virginia . | 208 | 161 | 4,335 19 | 1,287 51 | 45122 |  | 463 | 7225 | 4200 |  | 6,192 80 | 6,94953 |
| North Carolin | 320 | 333 | 5,297 75 | 2,454 75 | 75197 |  |  | 8550 | 6000 | 10 | 8,649 97 | 2, 16908 |
| South Car | 302 | 303 | 4,581 60 | 116425 | 78.05 |  |  | 4874 | 5400 | 9 | 4,926 64 | 2,430 99 |
| Georgia. | 400 | 373 | 5,283 90 | 1,337 25 | 1,05990 | 14050 | ......... | 7876 | 60 09 | 10 | 7,960 31 | 63851 |
| Alabama | 164 | 155 | 9,535 62 | 1.800 00 | +80467 |  |  | 12277 | 13600 3 50 | 9 | 12,39906 | 4,219 70 |
| ${ }_{\text {Mississip }}$ | 227 | 234 | 8,484 <br> 8,770 <br> 06 | -2,463 65 | 7 736 |  |  | 65625 | 8400 | 6 | 12,758 11 | 2,7035 |
| Louisian | 1,801 | 1,717 | 30,988 13 | 3,728 86 | 2,639 49 | 13450 |  | 37880 | 39000 | 60 | 38,259 78 | 16,640 09 |
| техая | 162 | 196 | 4,770 42 | 1675 | 1385 |  |  | 4816 | 1800 | 2 | 4,867 13 | 1,240 ${ }^{56}$ |
| Missouri | 941 | 847 | 14,761 46 | 1,000 00 | 1,366 51 | ........ |  | 17185 | 6000 | 44 | 17,359 82 | 5,337 41 |
| Arkansa | 399 | 324 | 10,435 66 | 75000 | 4588 |  |  |  |  | 21 |  |  |
| Ohio . ${ }^{\text {Michiga }}$ | 326 188 | 368 209 | 12,421 9 $\mathbf{9} 789$ 51 | 1,065 75 | 56888 <br> 384 <br> 84 | 500 |  | 14166 695 | $\begin{array}{r}11050 \\ 54 \\ \hline 00\end{array}$ | 19 8 | 14,31297 12,335 25 | $\begin{aligned} & 4,35364 \\ & 2,28084 \end{aligned}$ |
| Indiana. | 98 | 92 | 4,731 47 | 1,262 38 | 24855 | 1975 |  | 1,677 68 | 600 |  | 7,945 83 | , 40650 |
| Illinoi | 361 | 355 | 9,762 40 | 1,199 21 | 40894 |  |  | 11357 | 4800 | 10 | 11,532 12 | 2,490 57 |
| Wiscons | 214 | 202 | $3.86{ }^{3} 9$ | 1,35i 37 |  |  |  | 52\% 24 |  |  | 5,275 700 | 97888 |
| Kentuck | ${ }_{53}$ | 76 | 11,451 76 | 3,427 50 | 75657 |  |  | 50745 | 12550 |  | 16,268 78 | , 01845 |
| Tennesse | 152 | 130 | 1,716 11 |  |  |  |  | 1730 | 1800 | 4 | 1,751 41 | 81130 |
| Californ | 1,312 | 1,241 | 36,246 92 | 5,549 94 | 3,565 17 | 00 |  | 46042 | 61600 | 54 | 46,503 45 | 8,68494 10944 |
| Washington Territory |  |  | 51400 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $514 \%$ | 50102 |
|  | 10,703 | 9,444 | 283, 48817 | 41,261 22 | 19,719 33 | 43862 | 53624 | 6,650 45 | 2,926 50 | 381 | 355,020 53 | 164,161 82 |

Treasury Department, Register's Office, November 30, 1858.

## A.

## Treasury Department, First Auditor's Offioe, November 18, 1858.

Sin: I have the honor to submit the following report of the operations of this office for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1858.

| Accounts adjusted. | Number of accounts: | Amount of receipts. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Col | 1,766 | \$12, 318, 429 |
|  |  |  |
| Aggregate of receipts.... ........................ |  | 42, 352, 746 |
| Collectors and disbursing agents of the Treasury........... Official emoluments of collectors, naval officers, and surveyors. Additional compensation of collectors, naval officers, and surveyors, claims for the refunding of duties illegally exacted, and claims for net proceeds of unclaimed merchandise, \&c. | 1,482 | Am't of pay |
|  | 2,520 | d |
|  | 922 | 196, 420 |
| The judiciary.......................... .................. | 756 | 1,007, 160 |
| Interest on the public debt.. <br> Treasury notes presented for fundiag and redemption, and received in payment of duties, \&c | 38 | 1, 563,947 |
|  | 95 | 3, 649,694 |
| Redemption of the United States war bounty scrip . .-.... | 6 |  |
| Claims fur property lost in the military service of the United States | 108 | 11,29 |
| Inspectors of steam vessels for travelling expenses, \&c | 141 | 23,508 49 |
| Salaries of officers of the civil list paid directly from the treasury. $\qquad$ | 1,024 | 361,920 |
| Superintendents of life saving stations on the coast of the United States | 21 | 14,681 54 |
| Claims for the redemption of United States stock........... | 224 | 4, 492, 266 |
| Superintendent of lights . ........... .... ................... | 766 | 1, 133,724 |
|  | 833 | 391, 155 |
| Support, \&c., penitentiary of the District of Columbia....... Support of the Insane Asylum of Washington City .... ..... | 4 | 13,664 71 |
|  |  | 12,040 |
| Commissioner of Public Buildings.......................... | 187 | 361, 9 |
| Contingent expenses of the Senate and House of Representatives, and the departments of the government <br> Coast survey $\qquad$ | 356 | 1,263, 84488 |
|  | 2 | 4,329 24 |
| Treasurer of the United States for general receipts and expenditures. | 4 | 81, 567,660 |
| Treasurer of the United States for pay and mileage of the members of the House of Representatives. | 4 | 435, 30231 |
| Designated depositnries for additional compensation......... | 18 | 5,189 04 |
| Construction and repairs of public buildings ....... .........The Territories.................................... | 1,297 | 2, 188,984 96 |
|  | 38 | 125, 46303 |
| Disbursiug clerks for prying salaries. ...................... | 266 | 1,918, 06843 |
| The Mint.................................................. | 52 | 31,231,049 00 |
|  |  | ,23 |
| Accounts for the payment of the creditors of the late republic of Texas, under act of February 28, 1855 | 30 | 33, 3 |
| Accounts of public printers and of contractors for furnishing paper for public printing <br> Miscellaneous accounts. | 130 480 |  |
|  | 480 | $6,823,16080$ |
| Aggregate payment |  | 145, 064, 3698 |
| Number of reports and certificates recorded. Number of letters recorded. . Acknowledgment of accounts written |  | $\left.\begin{array}{l} 8,258 \\ 5,643 \end{array}\right\} 14,833$ |
|  | SM | First Auditor. |

## B.

Statement of the operations of the Second Auditor's office during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1857, showing the number of money accounts settled, the expenditure embraced therein, the number of property accounts examined and adjusted, together with other duties performed pertaining to the business of the office; prepared in obedience to the letter of the Secretary of the Treasury of the 8th of November, 1858.
The number of accounts settled is 2,322 , embracing an expenditure
of $\$ 10,867,83925$, under the following heads, viz :
Pay department of the army ..... $\$ 5,139,425 \quad 27$
Ordnance department of the army ..... 2,135,723 82
Indian affairs, including the wagon road accounts ..... 3,023,632 93
Quartermaster's department : expended on account of "contingencies of the army," "medical," and ap- prehension of deserters ..... 127,489 47
Medical and hospital department ..... 131,517 73
Expenses of recruiting ..... 193,552 18
Private and State claims ..... 37,973 66
Purchase of grounds adjacent to Washington arsenal ..... 77,609 77
Printing books of tactics ..... 1;69 91
Contingent expenses of Adjutant General's depart- ment ..... 23451
Military contributions ..... 1000
10,867,839 25
Property accounts examined and adjusted. ..... 3,565
Private claims examined and settled ..... 542
Private claims examined and suspended or rejected ..... 466
Requisitions registered, recorded, and posted ..... 1,955
Army recruits registered ..... 1,891
Certificates of military service issued to the Pension Office ..... 1,732
Dead and discharged soldiers registered ..... 2,250
Letters, accounts, and other papers received, briefed and regis- tered ..... 5,760
Letters written, recorded, indexed, and mailed ..... 6,372

In addition the following statements were prepared and despatched from this office, viz:

Annual statement of "Indian disbursements," prepared for Congress, in duplicate, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1857, comprised in 975 pages foolscap each copy.

Annual statement of the "recruiting fund," prepared for the Adjutant General of the army.

Annual statement of the "contingencies of the army," prepared, in duplicate, for the Secretary of War.

Annual statement of the contingent expenses of this office, transmitted to the Secretary of the Treasury.

Annual reports of balances to First Comptroller.
Quarterly reports of balances and charges therein to the Second Comptroller.
On the book-keeper's register there are 1,635 settlements, which have been duly journalized and posted in the ledgers, which, as well as the appropriation ledgers, have been kept up accurately.

The time and labor of six clerks was occupied for the period of six weeks in copying all the accounts and vouchers of E. F. Beale, and all the correspondence, under resolutions of the Senate of February 20 and March 14, 1857.

T. J. D. FULLER, Second Auditor.

Treasury Department,
Second Auditor's Office, November 13, 1858.

## C.

Treasury Department, Third Auditor's Office, November 19, 1858.
SIr: I have the honor to submit the following report of the operations of this brunch of the Treasury Department for the fiscal year ending the 30th of June, 1858.

## BOOK-KEEPERS' DIVISION.

It appears from the chief book-keeper's statement that the total amount of drafts on the treasury, by requisitions, during the fiscal year, was $\$ 21,088$; 19542 , as follows:
Amount of drafts by requisition, charged to personal

$$
\text { accounts }-,-\$ 20,724,32407
$$

Amount of drafts by requisition on account of mili-
tary contribations, charged to personal accounts - 25,702 76
Amount of claims paid by requisitions and charged to
the appropriations, including acts for the relief of
individuals

| 338,16859 |
| ---: |
| $21,088,19542$ |

## REPAYMENTS.

Amount of counter requisitions by transfers - - $\$ 1,331,16070$ Deposits in the treasury - - - 129,67387 Treasury notes received - - - - 11,141 56

1,471,976 13

The total amount of settlements during the fiscal year, comprised in 3,015 reports, was $\$ 15,716,82274$, as follows:

Accounts settled out of advances made and charged to disbursing officers and agents

- \$15,362,245 13

Accounts settled appertaining to military contributions, under act of March 3, 1849 - - 15,939 27
Accounts settled pertaining to the civil fund of California
Accounts settled and charged to the appropriations, including acts for the relief of individuals -

15,716,822 74

## QUARTERMASTER'S DIVISION.

From the 1st July, 1857, to the 30th June, 1858, there were received 767 quartermasters' accounts, involving the sum of $\$ 7,167,54496$. During the same period there were settled 785 accounts, involving the sum of $\$ 7,242,61188$, leaving at the end of the fiscal year 53 unsettled accounts, as follows:

| On hand, unsettled, June 30, 1857 | - | - | - | - | 71 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Received during the fiscal year |  |  |  |  |  |

Of those remaining unsettled more than one-half were accounts of officers who claimed balances due them, and therefore explanations were required before they could be adjusted. During the fiscal year 1,717 letters were written in this division.

## SUBSISTENCE DIVISION.

In this division there were audited during the year ending June $30,1858,774$ accounts of officers doing duty in the subsistence department of the army, amounting to $\$ 1,928,19538$. The number of letters written in this division during the year was 723.

## PENSION DIVISION.

To this division are assigned the keeping and settlement of accounts of agents for paying pensions; the settlement of claims on account of arrearages of pensions and unclaimed pensions for a period exceeding fourteen months, made payable by law at the treasury, with other miscellaneous reports and an extensive correspondence.

| During the fiscal year ending June 30, 1858, there recorded in this branch of the office, letters | $\begin{gathered} \text { d and } \\ 1,562 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Of letters written there were - - - | 2,185 |
| Of calls for information received and answered during | 305 |
| Pension agents' quarterly accounts on hand June 30, 1857 |  |
| Pension agents' accounts received during the fiscal year - - - - 192 |  |
| Of pension agents' accounts settled during the year there were | 186 |
| Leaving on hand June 30, 1858 | 17 |
| Pension claims received, settled or otherwise disposed of during the fiscal year | 573 |
| Of which there were settled | 441 |
| Leaving suspended, disallowed | 132 |

## Disbursements as per settlement.

| Amount involved in pension agents' accounts $-\quad-\quad$\$1, 085,65436 <br> 28,98472 |
| :--- |
| Claims |

engineer's division.
The accounts transmitted under the regulations from disbursing officers and agents of the Engineer and Topographical Engineer bureaus, the office of Exploration and Survey of the War Department, and accounts received from the War Department of officers and agents disbursing under the special direction of the Secretary of War, are assigned to this division for adjustment.
The number of accounts received from these several sources, which were on file in this division and unadjusted at the commencement of the fiscal year ending June 30, 1858, was - - $\quad 37$
Number received during the year - $\quad$ - $\quad$ - 208
The number for adjustment was therefore - - - 245
Of this number there was adjusted during the year - - 199
Leaving unadjusted at the close of the year - - $\quad 46$
The one hundred and ninety accounts adjusted within the year involved the sum of $\$ 3,861,41563$.

The business of a miscellaneous character transacted during the year consists of, as follows:

| year consists of, as |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Letters written | - | - | - | - | - | 206 |
| Requisitions drawn | - | - | - | - | - | 35 |
| Special and transfer statements of accounts | - | - | - | 10 |  |  |

During the fiscal year 232 claims and accounts were received and registered, involving the sum of $\$ 368,00596$. Of these, and others previously on file, 643 were reported on, involving the sum of $\$ 714,88067$; of which amount the sum of $\$ 554,17634$ was allowed, and the residue suspended or disallowed.

It is proper to say that but a small proportion of these claims are allowed by the accounting officers of the treasury, their jurisdiction in this respect being very limited. Some of them arise under general laws and regulations; but by far the larger portion are such as are directed to be allowed and paid by special acts of Congress, or come to this office, after official action had thereon by the proper head of the department, merely for administrative action, viz: The statement of an account, in order that the proper formalities may be observed and entries made preparatory to issuing a requisition for theamount allowed. In many of these cases, however, written reports are made, some of which are necessarily voluminous, involving great labor and investigation in their preparation. There is a class of claims which are, by law, placed exclusively in the jurisdiction of this office, viz: F'or horses and other property lost or destroyed in the military service of the United States, under the act of March 3, 1849.

As has been explained in former reports, they had accumulated for years, and but little progress made in their adjustment. Recent opinions of the Attorney General have, in some degree, modified the previous constructions and rulings; and during the fiscal year 421 of these claims were acted on, and allowances awarded on 220 , the remaining 201 having been suspended or rejected. The amount allowed was $\$ 11,731$.

During the fiscal year 794 letters were written in this division; copies of papers made, covering 718 pages of foolscap; record books filled to the extent of 873 pages, and 1,069 statements, reports and awards made.

## COLLECTION DIVISION.

In this division, from the 1st of July, 1857, to the 30th of September, 1858 , there were 466 letters received and registered, with a brief of contents ; letters written, 643, and recorded, covering 303 pages of letter books. Sixteen transcripts of accounts were prepared for suit, exhibiting a balance of $\$ 27,71895$ as due to the United States. Of the transcripts prepared, ten were transmitted to the Second Comptroller for suit, and the others retained on file with the expectation, from letters received and other information, that the accounts would be closed without resorting to a suit.

At the date of the last report there was an outstanding balance, including the amount charged on account of "arrearages" prior to 1820 , of $\$ 5,532,60883$. Of this sum there was then in suit the sum of $\$ 2,110,36504$ on account of arrearges, and $\$ 1,479,46561$, as charged on the current books, leaving a balance of $\$ 1,942,778$ 18,
of which the sum of $\$ 698,43413$ accrued prior to 1820 ; thus showing a balance, since 1820 , outstanding and not in suit, of $\$ 1,244,34405$, on the 30th of September, 1857.

During the period above stated a large number of accounts have been closed by settlement and payments into the treasury, amounting to the sum of $\$ 199,59949$, and there was added to the docket the sum of $\$ 58,31934$, as due from officers and agents who had ceased to disburse, but who have accounts and vouchers in process of adjustment.

The operations of this division, from the 30th of September, 1857, to the 30 th of September, 1858, may be thus briefly stated:

Total balance, September 30, 1857............... \$5,532,608 83
Amount ch rged to officers during the year as having ceased to disburse, but who have accounts and vouchers in process of adjustment.

58,319 34
$\overline{5,590,92817}$
From which deduct amount closed by settlements and payments into the treasury during the year.

199,599 49
5,391,328 68
Of which there was in suit, and in
course of prosecution under the
direction of the Solicitor of the
Treasury, on account of arrearages $\$ 2,110,36504$
Charged on current books........... $1,479,46561$
Suits brought during the year........ 11,55638

3,601,38'7 03
Balance
1,789,941 65
Of which accrued prior to 1820................................... 698,43413
Leaving a balance, since 1820, outstanding September
30, 185̃, of.
1,091,507 52
soldiers' clatms and bounty land drvision.
During the fiscal year 1,024 communications, relating to pay, pension, and bounty land claims, were duly investigated and disposed of, including claims of widows and orphans, under acts of March 16, 1802, and April 16, 1816, and the first section of the act of March 3, 1853, (M'Rae volunteers,) which are executed in this office.

Of the entire number of claims presented 40 were allowed. The amount of money involved in the payment of the claims allowed was \$1,940 58.

13,629 bounty land claims, with 170 invalid and half pay pension cases, were examined and certified to the Commissioner of Pensions. The number of letters written during the year in this division was 1,453.

The foregoing presents a general view of the operations of this office in its various sub-divisions; but, besides these, there have been various
other duties performed not therein enumerated, but which constitute no small portion of its labors. It is not deemed necessary, however, to particularize further.

The anomalous condition of this office, with respect to its clerical force, still continues. The present force actually employed in the office consists of sixty-three clerks, although ninety clerks are legally attached thereto and appropriated for. Thus it is apparently charged with appropriations for salaries of twenty-seven clerks from whose labor it derives no benefit.

This has formed the subject matter of varicus reports heretofore. I allude to it now merely for the purpose of remarking that the force now actually employed is considered ample for the transaction of the business of the office, and I can perceive no reason why the transfers which have been made from this to other offices might not be made permanent, and the appropriations made hereafter for each office with reference to the number of clerks employed therein.

With great respect, your obedient servant,

R. J. ATKINSON.

## Hon. Howell Сobb, Secretary of the Treasury.

## D.

Treasury Department, Fourth Auditor's Office, November 10, 1858.
Sir: Agreeably to the request contained in your letter of the 8th instant, I have the honor to report that the condition of this office, resulting from its operations during the year ending on the 30th of June last and since, has scarcely ever been better. The business is in a state of forwardness which perhaps has never been exceeded. All the accounts, with but a few exceptions, which have been rendered in a condition for settlement have either been finally settled, have been stated and reported to the Comptroller for revision, or are in progress of settlement. The reference to this office of applications for bounty land, under the act of March 3, 1855, and subsequent acts, for reports of the services of the applicants in the navy of the United States since 1790, devolved upon it an inordinate amount of labor and no inconsiderable responsibility. It is gratifying to be able to state that, by patient and, in many cases, necessarily protracted investigations, this labor has been so far performed as to require now the services of only one clerk to keep up with the current demand.

The usual attention has been given to the list of old outstanding balances, and that list has been somewhat diminished, and due care is practiced to prevent any additions to it. But I am compelled to add that the limited clerical force, the regular increase of the business of the office, together with the extraordinary press to which it has been subject in consequence of the acts authorizing the addition of twelve sloops-of-war and one side-wheel steamer to the nary, and on account of the extraordinary augmentation of the Brazil squadron, render
the duties extremely arduous, and during the current and part of the next year must necessarily draw more heavily upon the assiduity and industry of the clerks. Whether the office will be able to meet the demand upon it remains to be seen. The best exertions to that end will be made. It is partly in view of this state of things that I have felt authorized to use the language which I have in referring to the condition of the office.

During the year ending June 30, 1858, one hundred and three accounts were finally settled in the purser's department. In these are embraced the accounts of the steamships employed under contract with the Navy Department in transporting the United States mails; also the accounts of Messrs. Baring Brothers \& Co., agents for the Navy Department, and those of naval storekeepers at home and abroad. Included in these settlements are minor accounts of the number of forty thousand nine hundred and twenty-four, all requiring careful and tedious calculations and examinations; and in these settlements alone is involved the sum of nine millions one hundred and seventyfour thousand five hundred and twenty dollars and sixty-nine cents. The number of navy agents' accounts settled during the same period is forty-six, embracing thirty thousand and one hundred minor accounts, and involving ten millions two hundred and ninety-seven thousand four hundred and eighty-two dollars and sixty-seven cents. In regard to this branch of duties I feel it my duty to say that it has been constantly increasing for the last four years, becoming more complex and requiring greater labor. In settling these accounts items of vouchers have to be carefully examined, calculated, and compared with contracts. In each of many of these accounts there are from twelve hundred to fifteen hundred vouchers, some of which are composed of from fifty to one hundred or more items, which impose the labor mentioned upon the clerks charged with their settlement, consequently this branch is more in arrears than any other ; but it is hoped that, by a slight change in the distribution of labor, it may be brought fully up during the present fiscal year. During the same period there have been settled eighty-eight accounts of navy pension agents, embracing one thousand six hundred and seventy-one minor accounts, and involving one hundred and thirty-four thousand eight hundred and thirty-four dollars and eighty-two cents; also seventeen accounts for unclaimed pensions, amounting to one thousard one hundred and ninety-one dollars and twenty cents, and one pension account settled by certificate, amounting to fifty-seven dollars. There have been settled during the year nine principal accounts growing out of the marine service, embracing three hundred and seventy-two minor accounts, and involving the sum of four hundred and seventy-seven thousand two hundred and eighty-seven dollars and forty-nine cents, and twentynine miscellaneous accounts of marines, involving three thousand three hundred and five dollars and eighty-five cents. The miscellaneous accounts of the navy, settled by report and certificate during the last fiscal year, number five hundred and seventy-five, and involve the sum of two hundred and twenty-one thousand five hundred and seventythree dollars and eighty-five cents. The number of reports made in bounty land cases is one thousand four bundred and eight. Besides,
many reports of service have been made upon references of applications for pensions of which no account has been kept. The number of requisitions registered during the year is nine hundred and eightytwo, and the number of the entries of accounts settled by report is two hundred and sixty-two. The records show five thousand three hundred and forty-eight letters written and recorded, four hundred and fifty-five ordinary reports, and thirty-eight special reports.

This office is charged with the duty, which it has performed, of furnishing to the Navy Department a statement of the pay, rations, and travel allowance received by every officer in the navy during the fiscal year. This requires a thorough and minute examination of all the rolls and quarterly returns made by the several pursers. Nineteen hundred and four allotments were registered, and five hundred and thirty-five have been marked stopped. To afford a proper conception of this duty I will remark that in registering one allotment six or eight entries are required to be made.
Five thousand and one hundred letters were received and registered, with an abstract of the contents of each.
It is due to the clerks of this bureau to say that the satisfactory result from the operations of this office during the past year is to be ascribed to the efficiency and diligence evinced by them generally in the discharge of their respective duties.

I have the honor to be, most respectfully, your obedient servant,

> A. J. O'BANNON,
> Auditor ad interim.

Hon. Howell Cobb,
Secretary of the Treasury.

## E.

> Treasury Department, Fifth Auditor's Office, November 12, 1858.

Srr: I have the honor to report, in compliance with the request contained in your letter of the 8th instant, that during the fiscal year ending the 30th of June last there were adjusted at this office and transmitted to the First Comptroller of the Treasury twelve hundred and twenty-three accounts, and that two thousand two hundred and eighty-six letters were written in relation to the examination and adjustment of the same.

Ministers, ministers resident and commissioners, and chargés d'affaires to foreign courts and governments and their secretaries, con-suls-general and all salaried consular officers, the bankers at London, and the disbursing clerks of the departments at home, transmit their accounts quarter-yearly, and where found correct in their preparation and conformable to the instructions and regulations have been promptly adjusted, and the parties advised thereof.

Accounts of the consular officers for disbursements on account of
relief and protection afforded to the commercial seamen of the United States in foreign ports are likewise transmitted quarter-yearly, and are in like manner promptly adjusted and settled.

Accounts of masters and owners of vessels or their assigns for the passage of destitute seamen sent home to the United States by the consular officers, forming quite a numerous class of accounts, are adjusted and paid upon presentation.
The just rule which has been established by the Treasury Department to pay the salaries of the foreign officers of the government in the gold coinage of the United States, or its equivalent in gold or silver currency of foreign moneys, together with the adoption of uniform standards of value for the various foreign coins, compared with our gold coinage, will tend to remove in a great measure the difficulty heretofore existing upon the subject of loss by exchange upon the drafts of those officers, and will also facilitate the adjustment of their accounts.

In my last report of the operations of this office for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1857, I had the honor to state that under the special directions of the Secretary of State the books and forms necessary to the organization and perfection of the present consular system, prescribed by the President in accordance with the provisions of the act of August 18, 1856, "to regulate the diplomatic and consular systems of the United States," were in course of preparation; that the detail of this system, it was expected, would be perfected and matured on or before the termination of the quarter ending March 31, 1858, when the results would be furnished to the Secretary of the Treasury.
I have now to report for the information of the department that the system has been so far perfected as to enable the consular officers to comply with its requirements, and it gives me great pleasure to state that, with very few exceptions, they have been careful to render their accounts and returns of fees received for official services with promptness, which has enabled this office to register the same simultaneously with the adjustment of their accounts for salary and fees, and at a moment's notice to give information as to the condition of the same, the amount of salary, fees received, and the balance due to the consular officer, or by him to the United States.

For the year ending December 31, 1857, there were adjusted and settled under the act aforesaid five hundred and forty-three accounts of the principal and subordinate salaried consular officers, who returned fees for the said period amounting to the sum of one hundred and ten thousand eight hundred and two dollars and eighty-nine cents, ( $\$ 110,80289$,) which amount of fees was applied towards the liquidation of their salaries, amounting for the same time in the aggregate to the sum of two hundred and fifty-one thousand five hundred and forty-four dollars and ninety-four cents, ( $\$ 251,54494$, ) as per statement for that year herewith, marked A, taken from the register of salaries and fees at this office.

By this statement the department will perceive that under the present consular system one hundred and thirty-three principal consular officers are maintained in all the principal parts of the world for the protection of American citizens, the relief of destitute seamen, and
for the protection of commerce and trade, by the inconsiderable expenditure for salaries of only one hundred and forty thousand seven hundred and forty-two dollars and five cents, ( $\$ 140,74205$.)

The nature of the services rendered by this intelligent and careful class of public officers can be inferred in part from an examination of the published commercial reports transmitted to Congress annually by the Department of State, and the mass of manuscript despatches on file in this office.

I am, very respectfully, your obedient servant,
M. MuCONNEL, Auditor.

Hon. Howeyt Cobs, Secretary of the Treasury.

## A.

Statement of the amount of salaries paid to, and fees received from, the consular offcers of the Dnited States, mentioned in schedules B and C, of the act of August 18, 1856, "to regulate the diplomatic and consular systems of the United States," for the year ending December 31, 1857.



## STATEMENT-Continued.



STATEMENT—Continued.

| Consulates, where located. | 1857. | 1857. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Salaries. | Fees. |
| 110. Stuttgardt | \$1,000 00 | \$224 00 |
|  | 1,000 00 | 2886 |
|  | 2,000 00 | 54702 |
|  | 5, 00000 | 1,562 87 |
|  | 75000 | 2703 |
|  | 1,500 00 | 142 '75 |
|  | 2,000 00 | 39766 |
|  | 2,000 00 | 16996 |
|  | 2,144 02 | 34108 |
| 119. Trinidad de Cuba | 2,604 17 | 38156 |
| 120. Trieste. | 2,000 00 | 52575 |
| 121. Tampico. | 1,000 00 | 37632 |
| 122. Talcahuano | 1,000 00 | 79186 |
| 123. Tumbezt-- |  |  |
| 124. Tabasco $\dagger$ |  | - |
|  | 3,000 00 |  |
| 126. Tripoli. | 3,000 00 |  |
| 127. Tunis. | 3,000 00 | 100 |
| 128. Tahiti | 1,008 15 | 44362 |
|  | 1,500 00 | 52700 |
|  | 66644 | 12057 |
| 131. Vera Cruz | 3,500 00 | 80250 |
| 132. Valparaiso | 4,380 54 | 1,787 07 |
|  | 1,000 00 | 16467 |
|  | 251,544 94 |  |
|  |  | 110,80289 |
|  |  | 140,742 05 |
|  | 251,544 94 | 251,544 95 |

Trieasury Deppartment,
Fifiti Auditor's Officm, November 12, 1858.

[^5]
## F.

## Office of the Auditor of the Treasury <br> For the Post Office Department, November 19, 1858.

SIR: I have had the honor to receive your letter of the 8th instant requesting me to furnish you with a statement of the operations of this office during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1858.

Having presented, in my report for the previous year, (page 165 of the "Report on the Finances," 1856-'57,) such provisions of the organic law, approved July 2, 1836, (L. and B., vol. 5, page 81, as indicated the chief duties, responsibilities, and powers of this office, and as that report, together with those of previous years, exhibits in detail the organization and arrangement of the clerical force thereof, I now beg leave to present simply a summary of the chief labors performed by the several divisions during the year, viz:

## EXAMINERS' DIVISION.

The clerks in charge of the "postage stamp, stamped envelope, and letters remaining on hand," items of accounts of postmasters, opened a new set of ledgers, containing 27,977 accounts, and received from the Post Office Department 106,010 quarterly accounts of postmasters, being an excess of 4,264 over the previous year; and after making a comparison of the stamp account, \&c., as presented by the postmasters, with the entries in their ledgers, as transcribed from the records of the office of the Third Assistant Postmaster General, and making such corrections as were necessary, delivered the accounts to the examiners, who, after a careful examination and correction of the numerous errors found therein, delivered them to the registers.

The number of accounts in which errors have been detected, whereby the balances due to the department have been increased more than fifty cents, was 20,252 .

Accurate copies of these accounts, exhibiting, in parallel columns, the accounts as rendered by the postmasters and as corrected by the examiner, accompanied by such instructions as were necessary to guard against errors in future, were prepared by the error clerks and mailed during the year.

## REGISTRRS' DIVISION.

After a careful analysis of the accounts, the registers recorded the several items found therein of "letter and newspaper postage," "ship, steamboat, and way letters," "stamps sold," "cancelled stamps," incidental expenses of post offices, compensation of postmasters, and net revenue to the department.

After the entries had been made and proven the books were delivered to the book-keepers, to be entered in the ledgers containing the general accounts of postmasters.

The registers analyzed and recorded $, 106,010$ accounts within the period fixed by department regulation.

The number of accounts of postmasters in charge of the division
was

The number of accounts of late postmasters, - - 23,466
The number of accounts of mail contractors, route agents,
special agents, and others, was - - - - 4,850
All entries affecting these accounts have been made and examined, together with the additional labor of opening forty-one new ledgers, into which all of the foregoing accounts have been transferred.

## pay division.

This division has audited, and reported to the Postmaster General for payment, the quarterly accounts of all contractors for carrying the mails who have furnished the data necessary for an adjustment. The number of adjustments was. 15,588
The number of collection orders issued to contractors was 72,917
The number of "department drafts" received from the
Postmaster General in payment of contractors, recorded and mailed, was - - - -
The number of warrants on the treasury, received, registered, and sent to the treasury, to be countersigned and mailed, was 6,483 collectina division.
The number of accounts of postmasters in charge of this division, was -
The number of accounts of late postmasters, who became such prior to June 30, 1857, 16,253
The number of late postmasters of the last fiscal year,
Total - - - -
51,443

The amount due to the United States by late postmasters, whose accounts were not in suit, was, at the date of my last report,

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$223,349 18
```

To which must be added the amount of postage estimated in accordance with the provisions of the 32 d section of an act approved March 3, 1825, (L. \& B., vol. 4, page 112)

Total for collection,

-     - 

9,288 22
232,637 40
The amount collected during the year was $\$ 112,79113$
The amount credited on vouchers was - 11,177 09
The amount charged to "bad debt account", 2088
The amount charged to "suspense account",
The amount for the collection of which suit
has been instituted during the year was
32,63825

## Total

Leaving uncollected and not in suit

Of this sum a large portion is due by late postmasters in California and Oregon, who claim credits under the provisions of the 4th and 5th sections of an act approved July 27, 1854, (L. \& B., vol. 10, page 313,) which, if allowed by the Postmaster General, will cover the entire amount of postages collected by them.

The amount due to the United States by postmasters whose terms of office expired during the last fiscal year was $\$ 436,62968$. Of which there has been collected $\$ 290,67346$; leaving still due to the United States $\$ 145,95622$, for the greater part of which drafts have been issued, and diligent efforts are being made for its prompt collection.

The number of suits instituted during the year was 106 ; the number of judgments already obtained therenn, 51 ; the amount collected, \$15,905 50.

The number of "collection drafts" issued was 3,868 ; the number of general accounts stated, 27,977; the number of "circular letters" issued, 13,517 ; the number of folio post pages of "letter books" covered by the correspondence of the division, including instructions, \&c., to United States district attorneys, \&c., 2,050; the number of accounts of the United States attorneys and marshals, and clerks of the United States courts, adjusted and paid, 96.

## MISCELLANEOUS DIVISION.

The number of treasury warrants recorded was 9,071 ; the number of department drafts was 13,721 ; the number of payments made to route agents was 5,316 ; the number of payments to special agents was 528 ; the number of adjustments of accounts of mail messengers, local agents, and special mail carriers, was 18,660 ; the number of folio post pages recorded in the letter books, $\$ 3,230$. The number of letters received by the office during the year was 119,606 , and the number prepared, recorded, and mailed, 73,431 .

All of the accounts of the United States with foreign governments, on account of postages collected under the provisions of postal treaties which have been received at this office, have been adjusted with great care, and the result reported to the Postmaster General ; and all sums found due for transportation of foreign mails have been paid to June 30, 1858.

Very elaborate statistical tables, exhibiting the entire details of the foreign postal arrangements, have been prepared by the two clerks in charge of that class of accounts, for submission to the Postmaster General in my annual report.

There has not been an appeal taken from the decisions of the office during the year; a fact which, taken in connexion with the present condition of its business, no portion of it being in arrear, clearly indicates that the gentlemen employed therein in the adjustment of the vast numbers of accounts of postmasters, mail contractors, and all others connected with the Post Office Department, have discharged their multifarious and responsible duties with such promptitude and
fidelity as to secure the acquiescence of all persons whose accounts have been adjusted therein, which is, of course, very gratifying to me, and I am convinced will be duly appreciated by you.

Very respectfully,

THOS. M. TATE, Auditor.

Hon. Howell Cobb,
Secretary of the Treasury.
G.

Treasury Department, Comptroller's Ofice, November 10, 1858.
Sir: In compliance with the request contained in your letter of the 8th instant, I have the honor to submit the statement herewith, as exhibiting a summary of the operations of this office during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1858.

To effect the work embraced in the statement, covering, as it does, the current business of the office, it has been necessary, in a great measure, to employ time outside of the regular office hours. But little attention, therefore, has been given to the "old balances" on the books of the treasury.

I am, respectfully, your obedient servant,
W. MEDILL, Comptroller.

Hon. Howell Cobb,
Secretary of the Treasury.

Statement exhibiting outline of operations of the office of the First Comptroller of the Treasury during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1858.

The following named warrants of the Secretary of the Treasury have been countersigned, entered in blotters, and posted, to wit:

370 stock warrants:
55 Texas debt warrants.
1,808 quarterly salary warrants.
1,907 treasury (proper) warrants.
2,498 treasury interior warrants.
3,490 customs warrants.
50 appropriation warrants.
3,056 war pay warrants.
788 war repay warrants.
828 navy pay warrants.
325 navy repay warrants.
1,172 interior pay warrants.
123 interior repay warrants.

9 Chickasaw pay warrants. 1,119 customs covering warrants.
585 land covering warrants.
1,274 miscellaneous covering warrants.
19,457 aggregate number of warrants.
The accounts described as follows, reported by the First and Fifth Auditors and the Commissioner of the General Land Office, have been revised and certified to the Register of the Treasury:
Judiciary: Embracing accounts of marshals, for expenses of United States courts; of district attorneys and clerks of United States district and circuit courts, for per diem and fees; of United States commissioners; for rent of court rooms, \&c.
Diplomatic and consular: Embracing accounts of foreign ministers, for salary and contingent expenses; of United States secretaries of legation ; of consuls, for salary, office rent, and disbursements for relief of destitute American seamen; for passage of destitute and criminal American seamen and witnesses from foreign ports to the United States; of United States commissioner under reciprocity treaty, \&c. - - -
Territorial: Embracing accounts of governors of Territories, for contingent expenses, erection of public buildings, and purchase of libraries ; of secretaries of Territories for legislative expenses, \&c.
Quarterly salaries: Embracing accounts for salaries of United States judges, attorneys, and marshals, territorial officers, local inspectors, \&c. -
Public lands: Embracing accounts of receivers of public moneys; of receivers acting as disbursing agents ; of surveyors general and deputy surveyors; of lands erroneously sold ; of the several States for per centage on lands sold within their limits, \&c. -
States stock, interest on public debt, treasury notes, \&c.
Mint and branches: Embracing accounts of gold and silver bullion; of ordinary expenses, repairs, \&c.
Miscellaneous: Accounts of the Coast Survey; of the Commissioner of Public Buildings, Insane Asylum, Penitentiary, Public Printing, United States Boundary Commissions, horses lost in the service of the United States, Texas debt, Cayuse war, Clerk of the House of Representatives, and Secretary of the Senate ; accounts under appropriations for Post Office Department, \&c.
Aggregate of accounts settled - $\quad-\underline{\underline{6,746}}$

There have been also regularly entered and filed the half-yearly
emolument returns made by* United States marshals, attorneys, and clerks, in pursuance of the 3d section of act of February 26, 1853.

Also, all requisitions made from time to time for advances to United States marshals, territorial officers, treasurers of the mint and branches, to disbursing agents for erection of court-houses and post offices, mint repairs, \&c., have been examined and reported upon.

Number of letters written on all subjects 4,001 , the record of which covers 2,750 pages folio post.

The reports made number 27, the record of which covers 272 pages of folio post.
Eight formal decisions were made, covering 25 pages of folio post.
Other duties have been performed which it is deemed unnecessary to particularize, but which constitute no small portion of the labors of the office.

Respectfully submitted.
W. MEDILL, Comptroller.

## H.

## Treasury Deppartment, Second Comptroller's Office, November 15, 1858.

Str: The following report of the operations of this office for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1858, I have the honor to submit, in compliance with your request of the 8th instant.

The accounts examined, passed, and recorded on the books of this office during the year were:
Reported by the Second Auditor....................................... 2,693
Reported by the Third Auditor......................................... 3, 3,019
Reported by the Fourth Auditor......................................... 340
Total........................................................... 6,052
being an increase of 1,016 settlements over the number of the preceding fiscal year.

It may be necessary to state that the Fourth Auditor's accounts, though comparatively small in number, embrace heavy expenditures, and severally require much time and due examination.

The class of small accounts revised by this office and paid by disbursing officers of the army and navy, on certificates originating in the Second and Third Auditors' offices, other than those above enumerated, have, as heretofore, been subject to careful investigation, and were:
From Second Auditor's office............................................ 499
From Fourth Auditor's office................................................. 512
Total............................................................ 1,011
showing a decrease of but 11 certificate settlements from the number of last year.

The amount of expenditures embraced in the accounts reported by the Second Auditor was $\$ 10,867,83925$.

The Third Auditor's settlements embraced \$14,117,877 25.
The disbursements involved in the settlements of the Fourth Auditor were $\$ 17,309,74988$.

Thus showing the revision here of some $\$ 42,295,46638$ within the last fiscal year:

The requisitions upon the treasury for advances to disbursing officers, payments, transfers in settlements found to have been received, examined, countersigned, and entered on the books of this office were :
For Department of Interior-Pay or advance requisitions1,182
Repay requisitions ..... 128
For Department of War-
Pay or advance requisitions ..... 3,046
Repay requisitions. ..... 759
For Navy Department-
Pay or advance requisitions ..... 935
Repay requisitions. ..... 279
Total. ..... 6,329
exhibiting a decrease within the fiscal year 1857-'58 of 436 requisi-tions.

The letters received, filed, and answered were seven hundred and eighty-nine, being an increase of seventy-nine.

The answers called for cover 390 folio post pages of the letter book.
The number of accounts reported for suit was twenty-two, or ten more than last year.

The annual statements required by the act of May 1, 1820, were duly transmitted, in duplicate, to the Secretaries of the Interior, War, and Navy, by whom they were reported to Congress, and may be seen as forming executive documents of the last session of the Senate and House of Representatives.
These statements showed the balances of appropriations standing upon the books of their respective departments on the 1st of July, 1856 ; the appropriations made for the fiscal year 1856-'57; the repayments and transfers in the same time; the amounts applicable to the service of the year 1856-'57; the amount drawn by requisitions from the treasury for the same period, and, finally, the balances on the 30th June, 1857, with such appropriations as were carried to the surplus fund.

The revision of accounts and records required of this office under the regulations of the executive for carrying into effect the provisions of the treaties of October 26, 1852, and of May 24, 1854, with the Chickasaw tribe of Indians, has been duly made and the records kept up.

Other prescribed and customary duties of this office have been promptly attended to.

In conclusion permit me most respectfully to refer to the suggestion of my last report, and to repeat here the conviction then expressed that, in view of the greater efficiency of this office in the revision of so large a portion of the annual public expenditures, the revising clerks of this office should be appointees of special aptitude and experience, promoted, as far as practicable, from the offices of the Second, Third, and Fourth Auditors' offices, where they may have evinced the requisite qualifications.

I have the honor to be, very respectfully, your obedient servant, J. MADISON CUTTS,

Comptroller.

Hon. Howell Cobb, Secretary of the Treasury.

## I.

## Treasury Department,

 Office of Commissioner of Oustoms, November 20, 1858.SIr: In presenting a report of the operations of this office for the past year, in compliance with your request of the 8 th instant, I have the honor to state that, with a view to obviate the inconvenience and delay incident to the former system, an arrangement has been made of the duties of the office, which went into effect on the 1st of July last, and which, it is believed, will insure a more satisfactory, prompt, and efficient despatch of the business confided to it.

On the 22d of June last, in compliance with your request of the 16 th of the same month, I issued to one hundred and twenty-one collectors, and surveyors acting as collectors, whose several advances were found not to exceed two thousand dollars per quarter for the support of their offices, including the amount required for marine hospitals and light-house establishments, a circular letter, directing them, from and after the first of July, 1858, to render quarter yearly their accounts as disbursing agents of the treasury, official emolument accounts, and marine hospital and light-house accounts, with corresponding vouchers, instead of monthly, as required by article 599 of the general instructions; and to furnish quarter yearly estimates for the sums required for expenses of collecting the revenue, for the maintenance of sick and disabled seamen, and for the support of light-houses-the two former to this office, and the latter to the Light-house Board. The collectors at the remaining twenty-nine ports will, of course, continue to make their returns monthly, as heretofore.

In conformity with your letter of the 16th of July last, such bonds of officers of the customs as were executed by them as depositaries designated under the 15th section of the act of the 6th of August, 1846, and which had been previously kept in this office, were on that day transferred to the office of the First Comptroller.

The 4th section of the act approved the 14th of June, 1858, repealing
the 3d section of the act of the 28th of September, 1850, requires the several collection districts of California and Oregon, from and after the 1st of July, 1858, to conform to the provisions of the act of the 3d of March, 1849, and to pay all moneys received from customs, and from all other sources, immediately into the treasury, without abatement or reduction; a circular letter was therefore issued from this office, on the 2d of July, to all the collectors, \&c., in those districts, giving them such information and instructions as were necessary to insure a full and perfect compliance with the provisions of said act, so that the Pacific are now placed on the same footing, in every particular, as the Atlantic ports.

The official bonds of collectors, naval officers, and surveyors are now by law required to be approved by the First Comptroller, instead of the Commissioner of Customs, which occasions some delay and inconvenience in the business of the office, is unusual in analogous cases, and, I think, unnecessary ; and I apprehend no good reason exists for separating that duty from all others connected with these bonds and the transactions under them. By the 3d section of the act of the 2d of September, 1789, and the 2d section of the act of the 3d of March, 1817, it is made the duty of the Comptroller to superintend the adjustment of the public accounts, which include the accounts of officers of the customs ; and by the 1st section of the act of the 2 d of March, 1799, he is also required to pass upon the sufficiency of the bonds of collectors, naval officers, and surveyors.; thus uniting, in the same officer, both daties, which pertain to the same subject. The 12 th section of the act of the 3d of March, 1849, constituting this bureau, provides that the Commissioner of Customs "shall perform all the acts, and exercise all the powers, now devolved by law on the First Comptroller of the Treasury, relating to the receipts from customs and the accounts of collectors or other officers of the customs, or connected therewith." This language, by the construction given it, does not confer on the Commissioner of Customs the power of passing upon these bonds. It was obviously the intention of Congress to confer upon this office not a part only, but all the powers in any way relating to the revenue from customs, which were at that time possessed by the First Comptroller ; and the omission to do so, if it was an omission, was probably through inadvertence or mistake. A new bureau, with distinct powers and duties, which, like those of the Comptroller, are powers of supervision and control, was created for that purpose. The accounts of all the officers of the revenue from customs are here revised and finally closed. The bonds are here prepared and kept, and all the correspondence relating to them is conducted from this office. The same reason now exists for giving to the Commissioner the power of approval that previously existed for giving it to the Comptroller. The highly responsible duties connected with the supervision of the collection of the revenue from customs, subject to the Secretary of the Treasury, ought not, in my judgment, to be divided. As they all unite to form one system, they should all be exercised by the same functionary.

I entirely concur with my predecessor in the views expressed by him in his last annual report in relation to the regulations touching the
marine hospital fund, and the application thereof for the relief of sick and disabled seamen. Those regulations contain many valuable provisions, calculated to insure a safe and judicious administration of the affairs of the fund ; but experience has shown the necessity of a partial revision of them, and that the tendency of some portion of the code is rather to defeat than promote the humane and beneficent objects of the laws under which it was enacted.

The accounts of collectors and disbursing agents who have retired from office since the 4th of March, 1857, have all, with few exceptions, been finally closed on the books of the treasury, and every exertion is being made to effect a satisfactory adjustment of the remainder at an early day. These balances will form the subject of a separate report, to be submitted to you in a few days.

The number of accounts of collectors of the customs, and of surveyors designated as collectors, received and finally settled in this office during the year, amounts to two thousand three hundred and eighty.

Accounts relating to the superintendence and construction of lighthouses, beacons, buoys, marine hospitals, and custom-houses, and for other miscellaneous purposes, amount to two thousand one hundred and forty-one.

The number of bonds taken from collectors, naval officers, \&c., and the notices issued thereon, amount to one hundred and eighty-one.

In disposing of this amount of business, with other matters referred by the department, nine thousand and twenty letters have been sent from this office.

The business of the office is in a highly satisfactory condition, and it gives me pleasure to say that the gentlemen employed in the executicn of it have, I believe, performed their duties with ability, promptness, and fidelity.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,
SAMUEL INGHAM, Commissioner of Customs.

> Hon. Howell Cobb, Secretary of the Treasury.
J.

Treasury of the United States, November 11, 1858.
SIR: In compliance with your instructions I have the honor to submit the following summary of the business of this office during the fiscal year ening June 30, 1858 :

The amount covered into the treasury during the year, by 4,155 warrants, wasFrom customs, lands, and miscellaneous sources - \$70,953,299 48 From Interior Department - - - - 342,518 14 From War Department - - - - 2,081,200 55 From Navy Department - - - $1,703,01112$
which includes repayments of previous advances and amounts transferred from one appropriation to another in adjusting the balances of settled accounts.

The payments during the same period on 15,212 warrants, and by 14,255 drafts, were-
For civil, miscellaneous, diplomatic, and public debt \$36,666,969 65 For Interior Department - - - - 6,486,745 52 For War Department - - - - 27,566,584 15
For Navy Department - - - - 15,687,562 21
86,397,861 53
which also includes payments for transfer of balances in adjusting settled accounts.
The amount received at the several offices of the
treasury for the use of the Post Office Department
was
$\$ 5,254,94845$
And the amount of 8,626 post office warrants thereon $5,024,85287$
Balance to the credit of the department at the end of
the year
343,507 37
The sum of $\$ 26,956,18192$ has been moved from one depository to another during the year, for the purpose of being coined or being used in making disbursements for the public service.

1,286 transfer drafts were issued to authorize the movement of this amount, part of which was effected by actual transportation, and the remainder by the common operations of exchange; whereby the expense of trunsportation was avoided.

The practice, now become familiar and general, of holding moneys drawn from the treasury at the credit of disbursing officers subject to their orders, continues to work satisfactorily, and to the manifest convenience and security of said officers, though to the increased and increasing labor and responsibility of the depositaries.

The receipts in the money branch of this office on treasury account proper, from all sources during the year, amounted to $\$ 9,040,46358$, of which $\$ 4,595,06955$ have been transferred, without expense, by means of 2,528 checks given to persons in exchange for coin paid by them in advance.

1,465 treasury drafts, amounting to $\$ 9,150,51014$, have been satisfied either with coin or by being placed to the credit of disbursing officers.

69 accounts have been kept with disbursing officers, and 20,130 of their checks paid, amounting to $\$ 8,836,73613$.

I am happy to say, in conclusion, that the entire business of the office has been conducted with commendable despatch and accuracy.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,
SAM. CASEY, Treasurer of the United States.
Hon. Howell Cobb, Secretary of the Treasury.

## K.

## Office of the Solicitor of the Treasury, November 19, 1858.

Sir: In pursuance of your instructions of the 8th instant, I have the honor to transmit herewith five tabular statements, numbered 1 , $2,3,4$, and 5 , which furnish a general view of the nperations of this office during the fiscal year commencing July 1, 1857, and ending June 30, 1858. In these tables the business is arranged in classes, so far as it can conveniently be done, in order that it may be more clearly and fully understood, and show what has been done in each judicial district, as follows, viz:

No. 1 is a statement of suits brought on treasury transeripts of accounts of public officers, contractors, \&c., settled and adjusted by the accounting officers of the department, showing the number brought during the year in each judicial district, the amount involved, the number and amount of judgments obtained, the amount collected, and the number which remain pending undecided; also the amount collected during the year in suits brought previous to its commencement.

No. 2 is a like statement of suits brought during the year in the several judicial districts, for the recovery of fines, penalties, and forfeitures, incurred under the revenue laws. These suits are generally in rem. This table, therefore, cannot state the aggregate amount involved, except as it relates to suits for specific fines or penalties.

No. 3 is a like statement of suits on warehouse transportation bonds.
No. 4 is a statement of miscellaneous suits, including all not embraced in the preceding tables, in which the United States are party; also suits brought against collectors of the customs and other officers of the government, in which the United States have an interest; also prosecutions and proceedings instituted at the request of heads of departments.

No. 5 is a general statement, showing the aggregates of the above tables, of whioh the following is a condensed summary:

Condensed summary of statement No. 5.


| Judicial districts. | Suits | rought during he year. | Suits decided or otherwise disposed of during the fiscal year. |  |  |  |  |  | Collections duning the present fiscal year. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \dot{\Delta} \\ & \text { 品 } \\ & \text { R } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Kentucky..... | 15 | \$2,300 00 |  |  |  |  | 5 |  |  |  |  |
| Ohio, northern district. .................. . . . . . . . . . . | 3 | ............. | 1 |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |
| Ohio, southern district............................. . . . . . . . | 4 35 | 13,80093 9,650 | $2{ }^{2}$ | 1,050 6,712 | 2 | \$2,20500 | 6 23 | $\begin{aligned} & 3,25500 \\ & 6.71200 \end{aligned}$ | \$574 25 | W4, 762 24 | \$5,336 49 |
| Indiana. ...... $\qquad$ | 35 | 19,650 00 | 21 14 | 6,71202 2,68305 | .... | ............. | 18 | 6,71202 2,68305 |  |  |  |
| Illinois, northern district <br> Illinois, southern district. | 21 | …0....... | 14..... | 2,68305 | . |  | 18 | 2,68305 <br> ............$~$ | 1,04193 <br> 1,050 <br> 00 | 4,080 97 | 1,04193 5,13097 |
| Michigan . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 11 | 21,398 70 | $\cdots$ | ................... | ........ |  | 5 | $\cdots$ | 1,050 01 | 4,080 97 | 5,13097 21,15991 |
| Wisconsin ...... . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 3 |  | ....... | ............ | . ..... |  | . ..... |  | ............ | 30911 | ${ }_{309} 11$ |
| Iowa. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 2 | 16,802 09 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Qalifornia, northern distwict. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 12 | 2,500 00 | . 7 | 2,142 40 | ....... | ......... | 9 | 2,142 40 | 9000 | 46570 6,87206 | $\begin{array}{r} 55570 \\ 6,87206 \end{array}$ |
| Total........................................ | 726 | 2,054,092 11 | 171 | 39,143 66 | 28 | 98,467 37 | 426 | 137,611 03 | 317,320 80 | 80,74329 | 398,064 09 |

The above tables show that the whole number of suits of all classes brought during the year was 726 , of which 36 were on treasury transcripts (class 1) for the recovery of $\$ 178,98657 ; 224$ for the recovery of fines, penalties, and forfeitures (class 2) for violations of the revenue laws, the mass of which are in rem., but includes specific fines and penalties amounting to $\$ 478,11294 ; 155$ on warehouse transportation bonds, amounting to $\$ 1,346,77760$, and 311 for miscellaneous suits for $\$ 50,215$.

Of these suits 211 have been tried during the year and disposed of as follows: 171 decided in favor of the United States, 40 against the United States, and 111 settled and discontinued without trial, leaving 404 suits brought during the year still pending undecided.

Of the old suits pending on the dockets, which originated previous to the commencement of the fiscal year, 57 have been tried and disposed of as follows: 28 decided for the United States, 29 against the United States, and 47 settled and dismissed without trial.

The aggregate number of all suits tried and disposed of during the year is 426 . The amount of judgments obtained, exclusive of cases in rem., is $\$ 137,61103$. And the amount collected from all sources is $\$ 398,06409$, viz:
On suits brought during the year - - $\$ 317,32080$ On suits brought previously - - - - 80,743 29

From the dockets of the office it appears that the whole number of suits and prosecutions of all descriptions now pending undecided is 999 , but it is believed that a considerable number of these have been disposed of but not yet reported.
In addition to the foregoing, there is a very large amount due to the United States in the form of old outstanding judgments, to which I beg to call your attention. This debt commenced to accumulate soon after the formation of the government, and has gradually increased from year to year, until, on the 25th of November, 1853, this office, after a careful examination and inquiry, reported to your predecessor that it amounted to the sum of $\$ 21,247,51689$, of which sum there was due on judgments obtained on accounts settled and adjusted at the treasury, \&c.

- \$14,918,802 36

And on judgments on bonds for the payment of duties, $\quad 6,328,71453$

$$
\text { Making, exclusive of interest, - } \quad \text { - } 21,247,51689
$$

Of the above sum, stated to be due on the 1st October, 1853, a small amount has since been collected, but a much larger amount has been added to it by judgments since obtained. The amount of this debt, perhaps, cannot be ascertained with exact certainty from the means of information accessible here, but it cannot be short of twenty-two millions of dollars, exclusive of interest

For all of this vast amount judgments have been obtained and executions issued, which have been returned by the marshals, "nulla bona." I will venture to call your attention to this large amount of
debts due the government in a more earnest manner than by a mere official statement of the fact of their existence.

Upon these claims suits have been brought, the rights of the parties have been adjudicated, and judgments have been pronounced by the courts in favor of the United States. Executions have been issued, placed in the hands of the marshals, and these executions have been returned by the marshals to the clerks' offices with their entry upon them of no property. The services of the officers entrusted with their collection have been performed, they have received their fees, and the executions are left in the offices of the courts to sleep the sleep of death. It is true they may be re-issued, and again placed in the hands of the marshals, to be levied upon any property of the defendants that may hereafter be found. But who is to point out this property? Who is to hunt up and procure the evidence that may be necessary to condemn it? And who is to pay the expense that may be thus incurred? If the district attorney should know of any property which might be subject to any judgment in favor of the United States within his district, it would, doubtless, be his duty to have it levied upon, but it is of rare occurrence that the district attorneys possess this knowledge, and it is not to be expected that any considerable amount will ever be collected by reason of any personal knowledge which the district attorneys or marshals may have of the property of the defendants, so that the questions above propounded remain to be answered in full force. Whose duty is it to move in this matter? The law makes it the duty of the plaintiff, and as the plaintiff in these cases (the United States) can only act through its officers and agents, it is absolutely necessary that such legislation should be had as to designate some mode by which the rights of the United States under these old judgments may be more vigorously prosecuted. Unless this is done, my opinion is that almost the whole of this vast amount will be lost.

After much reflection, permit me respectfully to suggest that you recommend to Congress to pass a law to authorize the Secretary of the Treasury to employ such agents and attorneys as he may think necessary to collect the debts above referred to, at a compensation to be agreed upon by the agents and attorneys so employed and the Secretary of the Treasury, to be paid in every instance out of the amount collected; and also to authorize the Secretary of the Treasury to settle and compromise said cases on such terms as he may think proper. There is reason to believe that a considerable sum could be collected on these old cases, if the government could have the aid of active, energetic agents, who were stimulated to exertion by a reasonable and adequate compensation. And there is a probability that in some cases where it is impossible to collect anything by law, the defendants might be induced to make such a compromise as would realize something to the United States, that they might get clear of the incumbrance of the judgment, restore their credit, and hold property without concealment. All of which is respectfully submitted.

Your obedient servant,
JUNIUS HILLYER, Solicitor.
Hon. Howell Cobb, Secretary of the Treasury.

No. 1.
Statement of suits on Treasury transcripts for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1858.
MAINE.


NEW HAMPSHIRE.
No suit commenced during the fiscal year,
No decisions or collections in suit brought previous to the present fiscal year.

## VERMONT.

## No suit commenced during the fiscal year. <br> No decisions or collections in suits brought previous to the fiscal year.

## No. 1.-STATEMENT-Continued.

MASSACHUSETTS.


No suit eommenced during the fiscal year.
No decisions or collections in suits brought previous to the commencement of the present fiscal year.

## NORTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK.

| No suit commenced during the fiscal year. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Decisions and collections in suits brought previous to the commencement of the present fiscal year. | $\text { Dec. } 5$ | \$41,762 20 | \$10,962 20 | $1 .$. | 1 |  | Judgenent against sureties of Richardson. Suit against administrators dismissed. |

SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK.


## NEW JERSEY.

No suit commeneed during the fiscal year.
No decisions or collections in suits brought previous to the commencement of the present fiscal year.

DELAWARE.
No sult commenced during the fiscal year.
No decisions or collections in suits brought previous to the commencement of the present fiscal year.

## EASTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA.



## WESTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA.

No suit commenced during the fiscal year.
No decisions or collections in suits brought previous to the conmencement of the present fiscal year.

## No. 1.-STATEMENT-Continued.

MARYLAND.


DISTRICT OF OOLUMBIA.


## EASTERN DISTRICT OF VIRGINIA.

 year.

WESTERN DISTRICT OF VIRGINIA.

No suit commenced during the fiscal year. Collections in suits brought previous to the commencement of the present fiscal year

|  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ................ | ............... | $\cdots 3,319 \times 0$ |
|  |  |  |



## NORTH CAROLINA.

No suit commenced during the fiscal year.
No decisions or collections in suits brought previous to the commencement of the present fiscal year.

## SOUTH UAROLINA.


georgia.


## SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF FLORIDA.

No decisions or collections in suits brought previous to the commencement of the present fiscal year.

No suit commenced during the fiscal year,
NORTHERN DISTRICT OF ALABAMA.
No decisions or collections in suits brought previous to the commencement of the present fiscal year.

## MIDDLE DISTRICT OF ALABAMA.

No suit commenced during the figcal year.
No decisions or collections in suits brought previous to the commencement of the present fiscal year.

## SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF ALABAMA.



## EASTERN DISTRIOT OF LOUISIANA.

| 1 | Oct. ${ }^{1857 .} 6$ | J. D. A, Kirkland.. | ...................... | \$275 75 | Late lieutenant Louisiana volunteer. | 1858. June 14 | \$275 75 | \$23,613 63 | 1. |  | Credits allowed in accounts against s. W. Downs, reported for suit July, 1846. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No decisions or collections in suits brought previous to the commencement of the present fiscal year. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## NORTHERN DISTRICT OF MISSISSIPPI.

## No. 1.-STATEMENT-Continued.

southern distriot of mississippi.


## WESTERN DISTRIOT OF TEXAS.



## EASTERN DISTRICT OF ARKANSAS



## WESTERN DISTRICT OF ARKANSAS.

No suit commenced during the fiscal year.
No decisions or colfections in suits brought previous to the commencement of the present fiscal year.

## EASTERN DISTRICT OF MISSOURI

| No suit commenced during the fiscal year .......................................................... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Suit against Ewings \& Walker fo $\$ 30,660$, dismissed per order of the Secretary of the Interior, July 2 1858. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Decisions and collections in suits brought previous to the commencement of the present fiscal year. | -••*...... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | -... ........ | 37 | -. |  |  |  |  | Credits to Gatewood, per Second Comptroller's letter, Oct. 18, 1858. |

## WESTEER DISTRICT OF MISSOURI.

[^6]
## No. 1.-STATEMENT-Continued.

eastern distriot or tennessee.


No suit commenced during the fiscal year.
NORTHERN DISTRICT OF OHIO.
No decisions or collections in suits brought previous to the commencement of the prosent fiscal year.

SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF OHIO.


No suit commenced during the fiscal year.
No decisions or collections in suits brought previous to the commencement of the present fiscal year.

## NORTHERN DISTRICT OF ILGINOIS.

No suit commenced during the fiscal year.
No collections or decisions in suits brought previous to the coinmencement of the present fiscal year.

| SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF ILLINOIS. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 ¢ 18 Nov. ${ }^{186 .}$ | Benjamin Bond.... | $\mid$...................... | \$9,264 05 | Late marshal........... | $\cdot$ | . $\cdot$ | \$1,050 00 | $\cdots$ | . $\cdot \cdots$ |  | Amount of credits per treasury setclement, May, 1857, $\$ 1,050$. Suit pending for balance. |
| Decisions and collections in suits brought previous to the year. |  |  | commencement of the prosent fiscal |  | -.......... | -0.0.0...... | 4,080 97 | $\cdots$ | . $\cdot \cdots$ |  | Judgment against Rowan cancelled by act of Congress June 1, 1858. |

## MICHIGAN.

No suit commenced during the fiscal year.
No decisions or collections in suits brought previous to the commencement of the present fiscal year.

WISCONSIN.


## NORTHERN DISTRICT OF OALIFORNIA.

No suit commenced during the fiscal year.
No decisions or collections in suits brought previous to the commencement of the present fiscal year.

SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA.
No suit commenced during the fiscal year.
No decisions or collections in suits brought previous to the commencement of the present fiscal year.

No suit commenced during the fiscal year.
No decisions or collections in suits brollght previous to the commencement of the present fiscal year.


No suit on Treasury transcripts has ever been ordered in this Territory.

## KANSAS TERRITORY.

## NEBRASKA TERRITORY

No suit on Treasury transcripts has ever been ordered in this Territory.

## No． 2.

Statement No．2，of suits for fines，penalties，and forfeilures，under the charge of the Solicitor of the Treasury，commencing July 1，1857，and ending June 30 ， 1858.
matne．

|  |  | Against what or whom | In personam． |  | Under what act． | Date of judgment． | Amount of judgment． |  |  |  | 烒 |  | 淢 | 皆 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1857. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | Aug． 14 | 13，700 cigars ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | ．．．．．．．．．．．． | Secs． 50 and 66，act of March $2,1799$. | ．$\cdot$ | ．．．．． | \＄185 26 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 | Dec．T． | The Helen C．Young．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | ．．．．． | ．．．．． | Sec．32，act of February 18， |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | ．．．． |
| 3 | Dec．T． | The Parynthia Davis ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． |  |  | Same act |  |  | *..• |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |
| 5 | Dec．T， Dec．T． | The Banner ．${ }^{\text {The Western } \mathrm{Light} \text { ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．} \text { ．}}$ | ．．． | ． | Same act | ．．．．．． |  |  |  |  |  | ． | 1 |  |
| 6 | Dec．T． | 300 huckamatuck trees．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | ．．．．．． | Sec． 9 ，act of March 3 ， 1845. |  | ．．．． |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |
|  | 1848． |  | ．$\cdot$ ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | －．．． | Sec．${ }^{\text {，act or march } 3,1845 . .}$ |  | ．．．． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7 | March 5 | The schooner Samuel Brown．．．．．．．．．．．．． | ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | ．．．．．．．．．． | Sec．8，act of February 18， 1793， | ．．．．． |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |
| 8 | March 8 | 8，200 cigars．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | ．．．．．．．．．．． | Secs． 24 and 68，act of March 2,1799 ． | ．．．．． |  | 8370 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 26896 | 2 |  |  | 1 | 5 | ．．． |

MASSAOHUSETTS．


| - | Sept. 19 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8 | Oct. 2 | 25 brooches and other articles . 50 ........ |  | . . . . . | See. 50, act of March 2,1799 |  | 243 | 1 |  |  |  | 1 | -• |
| 9 | Oct. 2 | 50 告 dozen woollen mits, 42 7-12 dozen woolen socks. | .................. ........ | ........ | Same act.................... |  | 1226 | 1 | .... | - $\cdot$ - | .... | .... | ... |
| 10 | Nov. 6 | 817 jet brooches, 72 charms, 6 charms, and 559 bracelets. | , | ... ...... | Sec. 66, act of March 2, 1799. |  | 34937 | 1 |  |  |  | .... |  |
| 11 | Nov, 20 | -6. 650 bracels. | Captain Z. Shaw. ..... |  | Sec. 14, aet of February 18, | .... | 10000 | 1 |  | .... | -•. |  |  |
| 12 | Nov. 20 |  | Captain Z. Shaw. ...... |  | Sec. 15, same act ............. |  | 10000 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 13 | Dec. 9 | A schooner rigged yacht .... ............. | ........................... |  | Sec. 6, act of February 20 , 1793; sec. 50 , aet of March 2, 1799. |  |  |  |  |  | .... | $i$ | .... |
| 14 | Feb. 18 | The schooner Lion.. | ... |  | Sec. 32, act of February 18, 1793 . | ............ |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | -... |
| 15 16 |  | The schooner Meteor |  |  | Same. |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | .... |
| $\begin{aligned} & 16 \\ & 17 \end{aligned}$ | Feb. 18 <br> Feb. 20 | The schooner Mahala 3 packages cutlery |  | .......... | Same $\qquad$ Sec. 66, act of March 2,1719 |  |  |  |  | .... |  | 1 | . |
| 18 | Feb. 20 | 3 packages cutlery.. <br> 37 Honiton lace sets, |  |  | Sec. 66, act of March 2, 1799 Secs. 46 and 50 , same .... . . |  | 21885 | 1 | .... |  |  | 1 | ..... |
| 20 | Mar. 9 |  | Jere. Sweetzer........ |  | Secs. 24,27 , and 50, same.... |  |  |  |  | .... |  | 1 |  |
| 21 | May 10 | 9,000 cigars . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . |  | -........ | sec. 24 , same act, and sec. 68, same act. | .......... .... |  |  | .... |  |  | , |  |
|  | Decisions a | nd collections in suits commenced previous | to the present fiscal yerr |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 92891 \\ & 34584 \end{aligned}$ | 6 1 |  | ..... | 3 | 12 | 21 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1,274 75 | 7 | .... |  | 3 | 12 | .... |

No suit brought during the present fiscal year.
No old suit decided or collection made.

## RHODE ISLAND.



## CONNEOTICUT.

## No decision in old suits.

Collected on old judgment, \$419 50

## No. 2.-STATEMENT-Continued.

| 忘 |  | Against what or whom | In personam. |  | Under what act. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ज़゙ँ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 2 3 4 4 5 | $\begin{array}{lr}\text { cris8. } \\ \text { Jan. } & 1 \\ \text { Jan. } & 1 \\ \text { Jan. } & 1 \\ \text { Jan. } & 8 \\ \text { Jan. } & 11\end{array}$ | The stcam propeller L. L. Britton. . . . . . . The steam propeller President ......... The steam propeller Echo............. The schooner Happy Jack A certain quantity of jewelry.............. |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 1 1 | ..... |  | …'. | 1 1 1 $\cdots$ | .... |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 42087 | 2 |  |  |  | 3 |  |

No decisions nor collections in old suits.
NEW YORK, SOUTH.

| 1 | $\begin{gathered} 1857 . \\ \text { July } \end{gathered}$ | 1 | 3 trunks, marked FBH, No. 1 to 3 containirg linen, and 2 cases, same mark, Nos, 2 and 4, and 3 bales, same mark, Nos. 6, 7, and 8, containing linen, dia per, \&c. | ....................... | .............. | Sec. 50, act of March 2, 1799. | ..... | , | \$211 28 | 1 | - | .... | ... | .... | . $\cdot$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | July | 2 | 2 cases, without any mark, containing silks and laces | .......................... |  | Sec. 50, same act . . . . . . . . . . | . |  |  | 1 | $\cdot$ | ... | .... |  | . $\cdot$ |
| 4 | July | 2 | 4 cases, No. 1 to 4 , containing woolens, \&c., marked John Green. | -......................... | .............. | See. 66 , same act ; sec. 4, act of May 28, 1830. | ...... | -........ | 72441 | 1 | .... | $\cdots$ | .... | . $\cdot$. | ... |
| 5 | July | 2 | 7 packages without any mark, containing corsets. |  |  | Sec. 68, act of March 2, 1799. |  |  | 14313 | 1 |  |  | ... | $\ldots$ | ... |
| 6 | July | 2 | 1 puncheon, C \& P, No. 1, containing whiskey. | -.......................... | . | Sec. 103, same act . . . . . . . . . |  |  | ............. | .... |  |  | 1 | .... | .... |
| 7 8 | Juiy | 8 | The barque Panchita...................... |  | \$1,600 00 | Act of March 22, 1794; act of May 10, 1800 ; act of April 20, 1818. | .... | . | . $\cdot$...... | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | 1 | .... | 1 | $\ldots$ |
| 8 | July | 9 |  | B. J. Newberry, W. E. Lawrence, and R. Wood | \$1,600 00 | Act of 1792 for violation of registry bond. | - | ......... | . | .... | .... | $\cdots$ | - $\cdot$ | 1 | -•• |


| 9 | July | 9 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10 | July | 9 |  |
| 11 | July | 9 |  |
| 12 | July | 9 |  |
| 13 | July | 9 |  |
| 10 | July | 14 | I package, marked W. Paxson, jr., containing jewelry and one gold watch. |
| 11 | July | 14 | The barque W. G. Lewis................ |
| 12 | July | 14 | $151-5$ boxes, marked C, and $13 \frac{1}{4}$ boxes, no mark, containing cigars. |
| 13 | July | 14 | 30 gold plated lockets, 24 pairs jet gold earrings, and 112 jet crusses. |
| 14 | July | 15 | 10 puncheons rum, marked L H........... |
| 15 | July | 15 | 1 case, marked A B \& C, containing spectaeles. |
| 16 | July | 15 | 2 cases, containing a gun, sleigh bells, cotton yarn, and linen and cotton thread. |
| 17 | July | 16 |  |
| 18 | July | 16 |  |
| 19 | July | 16 |  |
| $\stackrel{20}{21}$ | July | 16 |  |
| 22 | July | 16 |  |
| 23 | July | 16 |  |
| 24 | July | 16 |  |
| 25 | July | 16 |  |
| 26 | July | 16 |  |
| 27 | July | 16 |  |
| 28 | July | 16 |  |
| 29 | July | 16 |  |
| 30 | July | 20 |  |
| 31 | July | 94 | 3 baies, marked B \& C, Nos. 972, 967, and 969 , containing cloth. |
| 32 | Aug. | 4 | 4 cases, marked $\$$ \& C, Nos. 1132 to 1135, containing paper hangings and silk handkerchiefs. |
| 33 | Aug. | 4 | 1 tin box, no mark, containing cloth, cassimeres, \&c. |
| 34 |  | 4 | 1 case, marked AT, containing I pianoforte and wearing apparel. |
| 35 | Aug. | 7 | 1 bag and 2 boxes, no mark, containing mock jewelry. |




## No. 2.-STATEMENT-Continued.

NEW YORK, SOUTH-Continued.

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline  \&  \& Against what or who \& In personam. \&  \& Under what act. \& Date of judgment. \&  \& Amount collected. \&  \&  \&  \&  \&  \& E \\
\hline 36
37 \& Aug. 13
Aug. 17 \& 1 case, marked A. B. \& Co., No. 1617, containing optical instruments. The barque St. Michael................ ..... \& ... .................................. . . . . . \& .................... \& \begin{tabular}{l}
Sec. 28, act August 30, 1842... \\
Sec. 103, act March 2,1799. ...
\end{tabular} \& ...... \& ............. \& .................... \& ..... \& \& \& 1 \& \& ... \\
\hline 36 \& Aug. 17 \& 2 kegs , without mark, containing quinine, and other bales, bundles, and cases containing brandy, \&cc. \& - \& ............... \& Secs. 24 and 68, same act. .... \& ..... \& \& ............ \& .... \& .... \& ... \& ... \& 1 \& .... \\
\hline 39
40 \& Aug. 17 \& 1 trunk, no mark, containing shirts, silk and lace mantillas, and men's wearing apparel ; 1 bale containing 40 cans preserved fish; 10 cases, marked M P, containing brandy; 10 cheeses; 25 bundles Bologna sausages; 18 bottles absynthe, and 5 bottles brandy. \& ......................... \& ............ \& Sec. 50, same act. ............

Sec. 68, same act. ............ \& ..... \& . \& \& 1 \& $\ldots$ \& .... \& . \& \& $\ldots$ <br>
\hline 40 \& Aug. 18 \& 1 gold watch; 6 gold chains; 6 keys; 3 rings and 1 pin; watch spritigs and dials; two sets gold jewelry; 12 watch keys; 2 gold watches; 2 gilt watches, and 18 silver watches. \&  \& .......... \& Sec. 68, same act. .... ......... \& ..... \& . $\cdot$ \& \$61 49 \& 1 \& .... \& ... \& - \& $\ldots$ \& $\cdots$ <br>
\hline 41 \& Aug. 18 \& 2 gold watches; 3 silver watches; 1 gold chain. \& ........................... \& \& Sec. 68, same act .... ......... \& \& ......... \& .............. \& . ${ }^{\text {c }}$ \& ...' \& \& \& 1 \& ... <br>
\hline 42 \& Sept. 3 \& 20 lihds and 50 casks, marked ${ }^{\circ 3}(\mathrm{c})^{* 3}$ [c] containing port wine. \& .1.0...................... \& \& Sec. 66, same act ; sec. 4, act May 28, 1830. \& ..... \& \& \& \& \& ... \& $\ldots$ \& 1 \& .... <br>
\hline 43 \& Sept. 15 \& 1 anchor and chain....................... \& \& \& Sec. 50, act March 2, 1799..... \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& 1 \& <br>
\hline 44 \& Sept. 15 \& 1 package, no mark, containing 6 gold watches and 2 silver watches. \& \& \& Sec. 66, same act. \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& 1 \& $\ldots$ <br>
\hline 45 \& Sept. 16 \& ................... ..................... . . . . \& Boss, master of barque Express. \& ............. \& Sec. 24, same act. . . . . . . . . .... \& ...... \& \& \& $\ldots$ \& .... \& \& - \& 1 \& $\ldots$ <br>
\hline 46 \& Sept. 16 \& 1 trunk, 1 basket, and 5 parcels, containing mathematical and optical instruments. \& . ............... . . . . . . . . \& .............. \& Sec. 66, same act. . . . . . . . . . \& \& \& 45611 \& 1 \& ... \& . $\cdot$ \& ... \& $\ldots$ \& ... <br>
\hline 47 \& Sept. 16 \& 2 cases, marked EBH, Nos. 1 and 2, containing paper hangings. \& \& \& Sec. 24, same act.............. \& \& \& \& 1 \& . \& \& .... \& . \& - <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

| 48 | Sept. 16 | 1 trunk, marked Mr. Jones, containing pipes and stems, and manufactures of silk and cotton worsted. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 49 | Sept. 16 | 1 parcel, no mark, containing jewelry and manufactures of silk. |
| 50 | S | 248 quarter-boxes, containing cigars ... |
| 51 | Sept. 18 | 1 parcel, marked "Martial Orottis," containing silver ware. |
| $\vdash^{52}$ | Sept. 18 | 100 baskete, containing Ohampagne wine, marked and numbered L G G, 1 to 100 inclusive. |
| H 53 | Sept. 18 | 1 package, (no mark, containing 1 gold watch, 10 gold medallions, \&c. |
| 54 | Sept. 18 | $2561-10$ boxes, marked L.. J. C., and 303 1-10 do., marked F G, containing cigars. |
| 55 | Sept. 18 | The ship Humboldt. . . . . |
| 56 | Sept. 18 | 44,500 cigars ; 1,500 papers do. ; 1 basket containing do., ribands, and jewelry. |
| 57 | Sept. 25 | 1 parcel, marked R \& B, containing diamonds. |
| 58 |  | 1 parcel, marked B, containing diamonds. |
| 59 | Sept. 30 | 10 cases, marked 'I' B I. 2055 to 2064 inclusive, containing patent petticoating. |
| 60 | O | The barque Express. |
| 61 | Cct. | 5 packages and 12 boxes, (no mark, containing silk velvet ribands and cap trimmings. |
| 62 | Oct. | 1 case, 1 cask, 2 barrels, and 1 package, marked J M, and 4 kegs, marked (K), containing cigars. |
| 63 | Oct. | 4 cases, marked F. B. H, 1, 2, 3, and 5, and 1 case, marked E. B H, containing gold and silver watches, and watch movements. |
| 64 | Oct. 6 | 1 package, (no mark,) containing fancy soap. |
| 65 | Oct. 6 | 1 carpet bag and 1 valise, containing linen shirts and sitk and cotton handkerchief, \&c. |
| 66 | Oct. 6 | 1 package, (no mark, containing black silk lace veils, collars, lace collars, capes, and sleeves, lace flounces, thread insertions, thread edgings, and other lace goods. |
| 67 | Oct. | The schooner Mary Alice |
| 68 | Oct. | The steam-tug Robt. Smith |
| 69 | Oct. 7 |  |
| 70 | Oct. 7 |  |
| 71 | Oct. |  |
| 73 | Oct. |  |
| 73 | Nov. | 3 cases, marked M. P, containing la silks, and embroideries. |



## No. 2.-STATEMENT-Continued.

|  |  | Against what or whom | In personam. |  | Under what act. |  | Amount of judgment. |  |  |  | Suits discontinued. |  |  | 盛 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 74 | Nov. ${ }^{185}$ | ...0............................................ | Francis M. Ohase, Geo. N. Palmer, and Wm. W. Russell. | . | Violation of registry bond, barque Paez. | . | ......... | ............. | .... | - | .... | $\ldots$ | 1 | ... |
| 75 | Nov. 7 | -.............................................. | George N, Palmer and Wm. W. Russell. | . $\cdot$ | Fiolation crew bond, barque Paez. | - | -........ | - | . | $\ldots$ | .... | .... | 1 | $\ldots$ |
| 76 | Nov. 11 | 1 case, marked E. B. H., containing diamonds, precious stones, diamond jewelry, \&ce. | ....... ........... .... | .............. | See. 68, act March 2, 1799.... |  | . | \$5,936 46 | 1 | $\ldots$ | - | .... | .... | $\cdots$ |
| 77 | Nov. 11 | 909 dozen Jeather gloves: 401 dozen linen handkerchiefs; 284 dozen silk gloves; 35 dozen woolen gloves; 585 dozen embroidered gloves. | - | .............. | Secs. 66 and 68, same act. ... | -* | ......... | 8,78985 | 1 | .... | - | .... | - | $\ldots$ |
| 78 | Nov. 25 | 1 trunk, marked W. A., containing laces, mantillas, collars, and pocket handkerchiefs. | *........................... | ...4.0........ | Sec. 68, same act ............. |  |  | 3,500 00 | 1 | - $\cdot$ | $\ldots$ | ... | - | . ${ }^{\circ}$ |
| 79 | Nov. 27 | 4 cases, marked J. M. \& O.-N. Y., containing mantillas. | -10.0.................... | .............. | . |  |  |  |  | 1 | .... | .... | . | . |
| 80 | Nov. 27 | ................................... .......... | Joseph Bennet, master steamboat "Cinderella," | -............ | Sec. 2, act July 7, 1838. . .... | . |  | ............. | $\cdots$ | .... | .... | . | 1 | -... |
| 81 | Dec. 8 | 1 package, no mark, containing laces, gloves, jewelry, \&c., per Arabia. |  | .............. | Sec, 68, ant Maroh , $1799 . . .$. | ..... |  | 7055 | 1 | .... | .... | .... | ... | -... |
| 82 | Dec. 8 | 5 cases, marked M. \& Y., and Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5 , containing cigars, from barque Fmily. | - *............. | $\ldots$ | Secs. 4 and 66, same act...... | , |  | . | $\cdots$ | . | - | - . $\cdot$ | 1 | $\cdots$ |
| 83 | Dec. 10 | 2 hhds., containing sugar; 65 tierces and 27 barrels, containing molasses, marked V.; 106 bhds., marked g. O.-V., containing melado; 42 hhds., marked Aldactor Resoluçion, containing melado; and 6 hhds., marked Favorite, containing melado. |  |  | Sec. 66, same act, and sec. 4, act May 2, 1830 . | - |  |  | .... | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | 1 | , | $\cdots$ |
| 84 85 | Dec. 15 | 1,174 bars railroad iron .................... |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  | .... |  |  |  |
| 85 | Dec. 28 | 165 1-10 boxes, no mark, containing 16,500 cigars. |  | ............. | Secs. 24 and 68, act March 2, 1799. | - |  |  |  |  | .... | 1 | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ |

1 trunk, marked A. Destry, containing coral beads, coral oknaments, cameos, and photographs.
87
Jan. 15
2 trunks, no mark, containing perfumery fronts, sleeve buttons, photographs, and other articles. ing laces, 6 parcels, no mark, containing laces, embroideries, hand kerchiefs, sertions.
Jan. 151 valise and 2 packages, containing gold Jan. 152 and silver watches, 8cc. No, g, 405 and caser, marked R. J. B., No. 2, 405 and
2,406, containing figures, crucifixes, and other mannfactures of porcelain. Jan. $151 \begin{gathered}\text { case, marked and numbered G. T. } 100, \\ \text { containing photographs, stereoscopes, }\end{gathered}$ containing photogr
and otber articles. and other articles. ing steel and silver spectact containing steel and silver spectacles, glass es, vest chains, and other articles. trunk, marked A. A. E.-J. C. K. No. 13, addressed Thomas Winans, Baltimore.
2 cases, marked and numbered R.A. \&
Co.-M. \& S., 36 and 37 , containing cigars.
1 case, marked R., No. 8, containing embroidered collars, cotton shirts, leather purses, silk chenille collars, velve buttons, $p$
Jan. 22 The brig Henry, her tackle, apparel, \&c., Feb. 19 and lading. 1 w., containing embroideries, No. 35.
Feb. 221 parcel, no mark, containing embroiderApril 1 ed collars, lace bugled cottons.
April 11 case, marked G. A.-C., containing April 1

April 19
May 8
May 19
casss, marked and numbered H . U.
1800 to 2110 , and T.S. 468 to 482, con222 boxes cigars, marked G P \& C .


967

## No. 2.-STATEMENT-Continued.

|  |  | Against what or who | m. |  | Under what act. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ज़゙ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 107 | $\begin{gathered} 1858 . \\ \text { May } 19 \end{gathered}$ | 621 cases wine, marked M \& P., and |  |  | Same acts................... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |
| 108 | May 19 | other articles. 200 boxes, 125 1-5 boxes, 1, 140 1-10 |  |  | Same acts, ...... . . . . . . . . . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | , |  |
|  |  | boxes, containing cigars |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ... |
| 110 | May 19 | ${ }_{1} 17$ case containing stereoscopes, ${ }^{\text {a }}$, views, |  |  |  |  | ....... |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | $\ldots$. |
| 111 | June 6 | eye glasses, \&c. <br> 99 hids. sugar, J B; 91 hhds. molasses, J B ; 4 hhds. molasses, M. D. I.; 24 hhds. melado, M.D.f.; 220 cedar logs, JB. |  |  | sec., - act March 2, 1857 ; ec. 66 , act March, 1799 ; sec. 4, act May 28, 1830 . | ...... |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | ... |
| ${ }_{113}^{112}$ | May  <br> May 18 | ........................................ | Jos. L. Brown......... |  |  | ... |  | ........... |  | .... |  |  | , | $\ldots$ |
|  | Maye 11 |  | Geo. H. C. Satter and M. B. Dean. |  |  |  |  |  |  | . |  |  | 1 | $\ldots$ |
| 115 |  | .......... | Jaeob Wı. Jenks, mstr. |  |  |  |  | \$20 00 | i | ... |  |  |  | $\because$ |
|  |  |  | ler Ora, | \$59,800 00 |  | ..... |  | 53,376 19 | 43 | 5 | 4 | 10 | 53 | 115 |
| Deeisions and collections in suits commenced previous to the present fiscal year.. |  |  |  |  |  |  | ........ | 10,088 47 |  |  |  | 10 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 63,465 66 | 49 | 11 | 12 | 20 | .... |  |

PENNSYLVANIA, EAST.


MARYLAND,

| 1 2 3 4 | 1857. Aug. Aug. A 17 Sept. Sept. S | \|............... ............ . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | Wm. Davey ............. Henry Harrington, mr. of schr. Arkansas. <br> -1............... |  |  |  |  | 24480 | $\cdots$ $\ldots$ <br> 1  <br>  2 |  |  | $\begin{array}{c\|c} 1 \\ 1 & 1 \\ \mathrm{rn} & 0 \\ \cdots & . \\ \hline 2 & . \end{array}$ |  | $\ldots \ldots$ <br> $\cdots$ <br> es. <br> $\cdots$ <br>  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| VIRGINIA, EAST. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | $\begin{aligned} & 1837 . \\ & \text { Dec. } 23 \end{aligned}$ | The barque William G. Lewis............ | .. .6.0.t. ...6........ | - | , | ..... | ......... | .............. |  |  |  |  | 1 | $\ldots$ |
| VIRGINIA, WEST. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12 | 1857. <br> Sept. 11 <br> Sept. 11 | \|.................................................... | Hugh Nichois............ | ............. | Violation of steamboat acts. . . Same. |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 . |  | . $\cdot$ |  | . $\cdot$ | 2 |
| FLORIDA, NORTH. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | $\begin{aligned} & 1858 . \\ & \text { April } \mathrm{T} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |
| 2 | April TT. | .......... . . ........ ................................... | Jacob Brooch, No. 1.... | ............... | Violation of steamboat acts... |  |  | ............. | .... | .... | .... | . | 1 | $\ldots$ |
| 3 | April T. | .................................................................... | James Surtis. . . . . . . . . |  | Same <br> Same $\qquad$ |  |  | ................ | ..... | .. | . | .... | 1 | .... |
| 4 | April T. | ............................................................. | James O. Devall ......... | - * * * * * | Same ........................................... | -...... | .......... | ............. | .... . | ..... | . ... | .... | 1 | $\ldots$ |
| 6 | April T. | ........ | James Freeborn ........ | 崖 | 8ame.... ............. . . . . . . . . | -...... |  |  | ..... | ...... | ..... | ..... | 1 | $\ldots$ |
| 6 7 | April T. | .... | Wm. R. Tombs . . . . . . . |  | Same.... . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . |  |  |  | ..... |  |  | .... | 1 | $\cdots$ |
| 8 | April T. | …............................................................................................. | Wm. T. McNulty ...... |  | Same... . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . |  |  | ............. | .... |  | . | .... | 1 | .... |
| $\theta$ | April T. | ....... . ................................................. | Louis M. Coxetter, No. $\frac{1}{2}$ | .............. | Same... . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | ....... | ........ |  |  |  |  | .... | 1 | .... |
| 10 | Feb. 16 | Steamer Waye ............................. | Louis M. Coxetter, No. 2 |  |  |  |  |  | ..... |  | .... | .... | 1 | $\cdots$ |
| 11 | F+b. 16 | Steamer 0. Swicher........................ | . |  | Same . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | -..... |  |  |  |  | . ... | .... | 1 | $\ldots$ |
| 18 | Feb. 16 | Steamer Chevala . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | . ................... . . . . . . . | -............. | Same................................... . . . . | . . |  |  | ... |  | . | . | 1 | .... |
| 13 | Feb. 16 | Steamer Harriet ....... . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | . .......................... |  | Same.................................... |  |  |  |  |  | .... | .... | 1 | .... |
| 14 | Feb. 16 | Steamer Louva . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . |  |  | Same..................................... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | ... |
| 15 | Feb. 16 | Steamer General Stokes................... |  |  | Violation of acts 1838 and 1852. |  |  |  |  | .... | ..... |  | 1 | . |
| 16 | Feb. 16 | Steamer South Carolina . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | ..................................... . . . . |  | Same............. |  |  |  | . | .... |  |  | 1 | .... |
| 17 | Feb. 16 | Steamer Ben Franklin...................... | ................... ...... | ........... | Same....p..................... |  | ........... | -.............. |  |  |  | .. | 1 | $\ldots$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | .............. |  |  |  |  | 17 | 17 |

No. 2.-STATEMENT-Continued,
FLORIDA, SOUTH.


LOUISIANA, BAST,

|  | 1857. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | July 30 | The ship Ann Washourn |  |  | Sec. 103, aot March 9, 1827.... |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |
| 2 | July 31 | 400 cases brandy... | . | ............. | Sec. 109, act Maroh 2, 1799, and March \$, 1881. | , | . . . . . . . | . ............ |  |  |  |  | 1 | $\cdots$ |
| 3 | July 31 | Barque Jane 7. Wiliams. |  |  | Same acts ............ . . . . . . . |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |
| 4 | July 31 | 34 dozen shirts. |  |  | Sec, 68, act March 2, 1799 ..... |  |  | 8130 70 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |


|  | Aug. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8 | Aug. | 4 cases platios, thärked B. G., 13,442 , 23,811, 23,584, 23,773. |
| 7 | Aug. 4 | 181 boxes brandy, 90 boxes rum . ........ |
| 8 | Aug. 8 | A quantity of gold and silver watches, watch crystals, \&c., and 1 lelock. |
| $\theta$ | Aug. 12 | 19 barrels Pecadura tobaceb and 18,600 cigars. |
| 10 | Aug. 21 | Ship Lemuel Dyer, |
| 21 | Aug. 21 | 24 cases earthent |
| 12 | Aug. 21 | ...c.0.0....... |
| 13 | Aug. 21 |  |
| 14 | Sept. 1 | \$10,000 |
| 15 | Sept. 1 | The schooner §ar |
| 16 | Sept. 2 | 30 mulies |
| 17 | Sept. 2 |  |
| 18 | Sept. 2 |  |
| 18 | Sept. 10 | 16 casks fed wine, matked N. T. and C., $\ddagger 1016$. |
| 20 | Sept. 24 | 3 trunks, 1 barrel, and 1 box merchandise. |
| 1 | Aug. 15 |  |
| 22 | Sept. 24 |  |
| R3 | Nov. 16 |  |
| 4 | $\begin{gathered} 1858 . \\ \text { Jan. } \end{gathered}$ |  |
| 05 |  | 1 bandbix of jewelry and 1 bandbox of diamonds. |
| 25 | Jan. 2 | 31 casks red wine, No. 17 ; 2 cases paper, Nos. 17 and 18 ; 14 boxes mustard, No. 19, marked J. M. T. 12 bundles cork, Nos. 21 and 22. |
| 96 | Jan. 22 | 2 cases calf skins, C. W. S, No. 602, and M. and B., No. 820. |
| 27 | Jan. 97 | -0... 66. |
| 28 | Feb. 13 |  |
| 29 | Feb. 24 | 11 cases calf skiths and leat |
| 30 | Mar. 23 | 13 packages merchandise and stindry other goods. |
| 31 | Mar. 23 | 1 box, containing 95 pleces Inen handkerchiefs ; I calpet bag, containing 35 pieces IInen Handkerchiefs, 5 pieces parchment, and 3 bundles hair seating. |
| 32 | Mar. ${ }^{2}$ | 1 cask prune brandy, 1 cask grape brandy. |
|  | May 11 | T |

Charles s. Barney...................... $\mid$ sec. 26, act Det, $31,1798 . . .$.




No. 2.-STATEMENT-Continued.

|  |  | Against what or whom. |  |  | Under what aot, |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 碗 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1858. <br> May 13 <br> June 14 | Bark J. W. Reed, her tackle, apparel, furniture and lading. | W. A. . . . M . . . . . . . . . . | . ${ }_{\text {21, } 11 . . . . . . . ~}^{162} 60$ | Sec. 4, art of Dee. 31, 1792 ; sec. 2, act of April $20,1818$.$\qquad$$\qquad$ | ....... | . |  |  | 1 | .... |  | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ |
| Decisions and collections in old suits commenced previous to the present fiscal year.. |  |  |  | $418,21294$ |  |  | \$63900 | \$7, 16690 48830 | $\begin{array}{r} 12 \\ 2 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 6 1 1 | $\ldots$ | 7 | 10 | 35 $\cdots$ |
|  |  |  |  | 63900 |  |  | 7,424 20 | 14 | 7 |  |  |  |  |

## ARKANSAS, WEST.

No suit commenced during the present fiscal year,
No suit commenced during the present iscal year,
Decisions and collections in suits commenced previous to present fiscal year, ${ }^{\$} 4839$; decided for United States.
No suit commenced during present fiscal year,
No old suit decided during present fisoal year,
No collections made.

ILLINOIS, NORTH.
December 11, 1857, $\$ 11609$ worth of Jewelry ; judgment, Deoember 7, 1857; decided for United States; proceedp in registry of court.
MICHIGAN.

|  | 1857. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | July 20 | 32 yards gala plaids, 72 yards merino, and other goods and merchandise. | ........................... | .. . ........ | ...... ........................... | - | ......... | ............... | ... | 1 | $\cdots$ | .... | .... | .... |
| 8 | July 21 | Dertain India rubber goods ......... ....... | . | .............. | .................................. | ....... |  | \$24 91 | 1 |  | .... |  |  |  |
| 3 | July 25 | Steamer Plough Bay.... ..... ......... ... . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |



List of woarehouse transportation bonds delivered by the collector of the port of Portland to the district attorney for the district of Maine, and by him reported in suit, for the fiscal year commencing July 1, 1857, and terminating on June 30, 1858.


## No. 3-Continued.

List of transportation bonds reported in suit by the district attorney for the district of Massachusettis during the present fiscal year ending June 30, 1858.


## No. 3-Continued.

List of transportation bonds reported in suit by the dstrict attorney for the district of Michigan during the present fiscal year ending June 30, 1858.


## No. 3.-Continued.

List of warehowse transportation bonds reported in suit for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1858, by the district attorney for the southern district of New York.


No. 3.-Continued.


|  |  | H. H. Wolcott . |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 28 | ....do.... |  |
|  |  | H. H. Wolcott. |
| 29 | ....do.... | F. H. Herkinge |
|  |  | Edward Varnes |
| 30 |  | Chas. Butler. |
|  |  | Ebur. Bartlett |
| 31 | ....do... | Chas. Butler. . . . . . . . . . . . . |
|  |  | Ebnr. Bartlett. |
| 32 | Nov. | M. Re de la Feganien |
| 33 | Nov. 10 | M. K. Jessup \& Co. |
|  |  | H. H. Wolcott. |
| 34 | ...do.... |  |
|  |  | Lucius Starr. |
| 35 | .do.... | Chicago, St. Paul, and Fond du Lac Railroad Co. |
| 36 | Nov. 12 | George F. Mar |
|  |  | Louis Sutton |
| 37 |  | George F. Mar |
|  |  | Louis Sutton. |
| 38 | Nov. 25 | La Crosse and Milwaukie Railroad. |
|  |  | B. Kilbourn. |
| 39 | Dec. 3 | Adolph Pfin |
|  |  | T. F. Entz |
| 40 | ....do.... | Adolph Pfin |
|  |  | T. F. Entz, |
| 41 | Dec. 15 | J. E. Santo |
|  |  | P. Merrick - |
| 42 | ....do... | William H. Rue |
|  |  | Charles E. Ecks |
|  | 1858. |  |
| 43 | Jan. 23 | Pittsburg, Fort Wayne, and Chicago Railroad Comp'y. |
|  |  | Adam Smith, jr |
| 44 | ....d | Theo. W. Bayard. <br> J. E. Brana and T. J. Bayar |
| 45 |  | Theo. W. Bayard. |
|  |  | J. E. Brand and T. J. Bayard |
| 46 | Jan. 28 | Buckley, Fiske \& Co. |
|  |  | S. T. Ciswell.. |
| 47 | ....do.... | Monier \& So. |
|  |  | G. Monort. . |
| 48 | $\cdots$ | M. K. Jessup. <br> H. H. Wolcott. |
| 49 | do. | M. K. Jessup. |
|  |  | H. H. Wolcot |
| 50 | ....do. | M. K. Jessup |
|  |  | H. H. Wolcott |


| Surety ...... |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Princípal... | 1118 | Oct. 6 | 30,534 00 |  |
| Surety... | 1174 |  | 13000 |  |
| Surety. |  | Oct. 4 | 130 |  |
| Principal | 2138 | Aug. 24 | 87,960 00 |  |
| Surety....... | 2139 |  | 35,49600 |  |
| gurety. |  |  |  |  |
| Principal | 2473 | Oct. 17 | 12000 |  |
| Surety... | 1122 | Oct 9 |  |  |
| Surety.. |  |  |  |  |
| Principal .... | 1123 | .....do. | 15,922 00 |  |
| Surety....... | 1129 |  |  |  |
| Su |  |  |  |  |
| Principal | 400 | Feb. 25 | 3000 |  |
| Surety....... |  |  |  |  |
| Principal | 401 | ....do... | 3000 |  |
| Surety....... | 2333 |  | 11,50600 |  |
| Surety |  |  |  |  |
| Principal .... | 2591 | Nov. 10 | 80000 |  |
| Surcty. |  |  |  |  |
| Principal.... | 2592 | . . . do... | 19800 |  |
| Surety....... |  |  |  |  |
| Prineipal | 2793 | Nov. 22 | 70000 |  |
| Surety....... |  |  |  |  |
| Principal .... | 2801 | ....do.. . | 1,100 00 |  |
| Surety....... | ..... |  | ............ |  |
| Principal .... | 1293 | $\begin{aligned} & 1857 . \\ & \text { Dec. } 18 \end{aligned}$ | 40,958 00 |  |
| Surety |  |  |  |  |
| Principal | 2847 | Nov. 22 | 19000 |  |
| Sureties.. |  |  |  |  |
| Principal | 2848 | .d | 84600 |  |
| Sureties |  |  |  |  |
| Principal .... | 2807 | Dec. 16 | 28400 |  |
| Surety....... |  |  |  |  |
| Principal .... | 3025 | Dec. 29 | $\begin{array}{r}110 \\ 00 \\ \hline . . .0 .0\end{array}$ |  |
| Principal | 1188 | OcL. 6 | 31,53400 |  |
| Surety....... |  |  |  |  |
| Principal .... Surety..... | 1122 | Oct. 9 | 21,870 00 |  |
| Principal.... | 1123 | Oet. 11 | 15,92200 |  |



No. 3.-Continued.


| incipal |  |  | 10000 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Surety.. |  |  |  |
| Principal |  |  | 10000 |
| Surety...... | ...... |  |  |
| Principal .... |  |  | 10000 |
| Sureties . ..... |  |  | 10000 |
| Surety.. |  |  |  |
| Principal ... |  |  | 10000 |
| Surety....... |  |  |  |
| Principal ... |  |  | 10000 |
| Surety........ | ...... |  | 10000 |
| Surety... |  |  |  |
| Pincipal .... |  |  | 10000 |
| Surety.... .. |  |  |  |
| Principal .... Surety...... |  |  | 10000 |
| Surety....... |  |  | 10000 |
| Surety.. |  |  | 100...0 |
| Principal ... |  |  | 10000 |
| Surety...... | ...... |  | 10000 |
| Princip |  |  |  |
| Principal .... |  |  | 10000 |
| Surety ....... | ..... |  |  |
| Principal .... |  |  | 10000 |
| Surety . . . . | ...... |  | 10000 |
| Surety....... |  |  |  |
| Principal .... |  |  | 10000 |
| Surety....... | ...... | ........... | 10000 |
| Principal .... |  |  | 10000 |
| Principal |  |  | 100 |
| Surety....... |  |  |  |
| Principa |  |  | 10000 |
| Surety.. |  |  |  |
| Principal |  | ..... .... | 10000 |
| Surety....... |  |  |  |
| Principal ... |  |  | 10000 |
| Principal |  |  | 10000 |
| Surety.. |  |  |  |
| Principal .... |  |  | 10000 |
| Surety... |  |  | 11000 |
| Surety.. |  |  |  |
| Principal |  |  | 10000 |
| Surety. | ... |  |  |
| Principa |  |  | 10000 |

00

| 68 |  | Henry R. Hough . . . . . . . . . . |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Isaac Bluxum . . . . . . . . . . . . |
| 69 | .do... | Richard Harding. .. ....... |
|  |  | Mansfield Lovell. ........... |
| 70 | May 31 | Morris S. Colien . . . . . . . . . |
|  |  | Isaac Bluxum, R. Schuyler. |
| 71 | ....do. | A. Dunglestedt. . . . . . . . . . |
|  |  | A. Burnstein. |
| 72 | do | F. Schnelzspol |
|  |  | Jas. Dunham ............... |
| 73 | ....do | F. Schnelzspohn. .......... |
|  |  | Jas. Dunham.............. |
| 74 | d | Moritz Meyer. . . . . . . . . . . . |
|  |  | Wm. Talman............... |
| 75 | ....do.... | Wm. Dychman. |
|  |  | Paul Sifford. . . . . . . . . . . . . |
| 76 | ....do.... | Jno, and Jos. Triplett ...... |
|  |  | Jos. McKay. ................ |
| 77 |  | Jos. McKay................. |
| 78 | . . . do | Thos. Wilson . . . . . . . . . . . . |
|  |  | Robt. Ross. . |
| 79 | ....do.... | Thos. Wilson |
|  |  | Robt. Ross.. |
| 80 | . . .do.... | Edwards, Sand |
|  |  | J. E. S. Smith. .............. |
| 81 | . . . do | Miller \& Kluggist. . . . . . . . . . |
|  |  | Herman Winter.. |
| 82 | ...do.... | De Beer \& Chilto |
|  |  | Bernstein \& Dunglestedt . . . |
| 83 | June 3 | Albert Crouze . . . . . . . . . . . |
|  |  | William Earle. |
| 84 |  | Aug. Donop |
| 85 | . .do | F. Miller.. |
|  |  | Aug. Donop |
| 86 | . do | F. Miller. |
|  |  | Aug. Donop.................. |
| 87 | ....do | Jos. Maynard............... |
|  |  | ${ }_{\text {TH }}$ W. Myers |
| 88 | ....do.... | W. Vermenlin |
|  |  |  |
| 89 | ....do | Robt. L. Woods . |
| 90 | . .do.... | Chas. L. Lazaru |
|  |  | Jas. McKibbin |
| 91 | .do.... | Aug. Haul |
|  |  | H. Boissomier |
| 92 | do. | Herman Von |
|  |  | Samuel Von Bosheec |
| 93 | do.. | Daniel Spotfor |
|  |  | Daniel Curtis |



Withdrawn June 17, 1858.

Withdrawn ; circuit court clerk's report, september 13,1858 . Withdrawn, costs n
letter, July 3,1858 . Do.

Withdrawn June 17, 1858.
Do.

|  |  | R. L. Meye | Surety |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 112 | do. | Robert Martin .. . . . . . . . . . . . . | Principal | 10000 | . |  |
|  |  | Jas. McKibben . . . . . . . . . . . | Surety. . . . . . . |  | . |  |
| 113 | June 30 | Stephen Russell . ........... | Principal .... ...... | 22000 | .... ...... ............. . ... ..... |  |
|  |  | M. Boyd.... . . . . . . . . . . . . | Surety.... . . |  | $\cdot$ |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Leaving 73 suits on bonds still pending, for |  |  |  | 574,270 00 | were settled and disposed of, for. | 5,468 60 |

List of warehouse iransportation bonds delivered by the collector of the port of Néw Ortean's to the district aitorney for the eastern district of Louisiana, and by him reported in

|  |  | - Ǹّames of parties. |  | Bonds. |  |  | Jugdment. |  | Collections. |  | Remarks. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | E. © O. O. |  |  | E E E | $\begin{aligned} & \dot{\ddot{\circ}} \\ & \text { ٌ̈ } \end{aligned}$ | 淢 | - |  |  |
| 1 | $\begin{gathered} 1857 . \\ \text { July } 31 \end{gathered}$ | Voorhees, Griggs \& Co. | Principal .... | 320 | $\begin{aligned} & 1857 . \\ & \text { Mar. } 19 \end{aligned}$ | \$2, 10400 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 | Sept. 24 | T. B. Smith . ............... | Surety ....... | 172 | Aug. 28. | 99800 |  | \$99800 |  | . |  |
|  |  | W. H. Sheppard ............ | Surety....... | .... | Aug. 28 |  |  | ¢58 |  |  | Nulla bona, clerk's report. |
| 3 | Sept. 29 | Moses Greenwood et als.... |  | 194 | Aug. 28 | 1177800 |  | ........... |  |  | Withdrawn December 2, 1857. |
|  | ... do.... | Keip, Bard \& Co............ | Principal .... | 417 | Aug. 27 | 11,400 00 | .......... | ............. | . | *\$1, 37448 | Record of satisfaction for act of Congress. |
| 5 | ... do.... | N. Veslitte \& Oo Oo.............. | Prety....... | 190 | Aug. 27 | 80800 | ........... | . | .............. | +38 10 | Withdrawn October 19, 1857. |
| 6 | Oct. 3 | B. Lagardner ................. | Surety...... | i17 | Sept. 6 | 3412 |  |  |  | .... ........ | Withdrawn October 7, 1857. |
|  |  | F. Rulean .................. | Surety....... |  | Sept. 6 |  |  |  |  |  | Withdrawn October 7, 1857. |
| 7 | ... do.... | W. A. Johnson \& Co....... George P. King | Principal .... | 114 | Sept. 2 | 17520 |  |  |  | . ........... | Withdrawn December 2, 1857. |
| 8 | Dec. 24 | J. M Tuppery <br> B. Talaman | Principal Surety. | 1,440 | Dec. 24 | 1,958 20 | Mar. 15 | 1,958 00 |  |  | Writ of error for defendants, and pending clerk's and district attorney's reports. |
| 9 | 1858. <br> April 3 | J. E. Caldwell \& $00 . . . . .$. | Surety....... | 130 | ${ }_{\text {lide.... }}$ | 3,158 00 |  |  |  |  | clerk's and district attorney's reports. |
| 10 | ...do.... | Charles Whiting <br> O. T. Buddiche. . ............ | Surety, ...... Principal... | -182' | Feb. 21 | - 60600 | , |  | April 23 | …… $3689 \%{ }^{9}$ | Discontinued. |
| 11 | April | Major Bros $\qquad$ Richard Aldridge \& CO | Surety...... | 32 | Mar. 14 | 16600 | . | - | April 23 | ............. | Withdrawn April 27, 1858. |
|  | April | R. A. Helvard .............. | Principal ..... | 326 | Mar. 14 | 16600 |  |  | ............... | - | Withdrawn April 27, 1858. |
| 12 | May 19 | Clark Mosely <br> Samuel Woif | Principal Surety | 272 | April 9 | 1,558 00 |  |  |  |  | Withdrawn June 26, 1858. |
| 13 | ... do.... | Clark Mosely ................. | Principal ..... | 275 | April 15 | 1,496 00 | .... ..... |  | . |  | Do. |
| 14 | June 21 | Samuel Wolf ............... | Surety....... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | June 21 | W. H. Shepp ırd............ | Surety. . . . . . | 29.2 | Mar. 22 | 20400 | …......... | …… ....... |  | ............. |  |
| 15 | ... do.... | A. \& M. Heine . . . . . . . . . . | Principal .... | ....... |  | 51,00000 | .......... | .............. |  | ............... |  |
| 16 | do |  | Surety....... | ..... | ... | $\ddot{78,000} 000$ | .... ..... | ..... ...... |  | ............ |  |
|  |  | G. Millett . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | Surety....... | .... |  |  | . |  |  | ............... |  |
| 17 | do | Juan de Anchio .... . . . . . . | Principal ... | . | .......... | 20,300 00 | . ... .... |  |  | ............ |  |


 43450

No. 4.
Statement of miscellaneous suits under charge of the Solicior of the Treasury, commencing July 1, 1857, and ending June 30, 1858.
MAINE.


VERMONT.


MASEACHUSETTS.


## No. 4.-STATEMENT-Continued.

RHODE ISLAND.


| $\begin{array}{r}\$ 100 \\ \mathbf{1}, 500 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | Forfeited recognizance . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . do. | $\begin{gathered} 18.88 \\ \text { Feb. t'm. } \\ \ldots . . \end{gathered}$ | 10000 | ........... | 1 | …… | ... | .... | $i$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1,500 00 | ..... do........ do .......................... | Feb. $t^{\prime}$ m | 40000 | 40000 | 1 | ... | $\cdots$ | . | $\cdots$ |
| .......... | Indictment. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | ....do.... | 100 | ........... | 1 | .... | .... |  |  |
|  | ........ do .... . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | . | ..... ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | ........... | . 1 | .... | -.... | … | 1 |
| .... | . ... . do .... . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | ...... . . . | ........... | ......... | - | … | .... | . . | 1 |
| 3, 100 60 |  |  | 50105 | 40000 | 4 | .... |  |  | 3 |
| ........... |  | ......... | .......... | -* | 1 | … | 3 | ... | $\cdots$ |

NEW YORK, SOUTHERN DISTRICT'.

|  | 1857. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Oct. 10 | Charles Landseur. . . . . . . . . . . . . | Charles Alt ............. |  | Recognizamee. |  |  |  | -4. | .... | . | $\ldots$ | 1 |
| 1 | ....do.... | Charles Lawson....... . . . . . . . . . | Win. A. Moore. ......... |  | do | ......... | .......... | .......... | ... | .. | .... | .... | 1 |
| 1 | ....do.... | John Mikes.. | J. F. Woulf. . |  | do |  |  |  | .... |  | ... | .... | , |
| 1 | ....do.... | T. Atkins... | T. H. O'Brien. |  |  |  |  |  | .... | .... |  | .... | 1 |
| 1 | .....do.... | J, Green... | A. McDonald |  |  |  | .......... |  | ... | .... |  | .... | 1 |
| 1 | ....do. | V. Fleury | C. Lagony. . . . . . . . . . . |  |  |  |  |  | .... | .... | 1 |  |  |
| 1 | Oct. 9 | T. Riley. | W. Lynch . . . . . . . . . . . |  |  |  |  |  |  | .... |  |  | 1 |
| 1 | ....do.... | A. Ricaldo. | P. Gemese, ... ......... |  |  |  |  |  | ... | .... |  |  | 1 |
| 1 | .....do..... | G. W. Lyman | C. Donohue. . |  | d |  |  |  | .... |  |  |  | 1 |
| 1 | ....do.... | Wm. Kline.. | W. G. Farber |  | . do | ........ |  |  | ... | .... | ... | .. | 1 |
| 1 | .... do.. | James Breman | W. McKinney. |  | .do |  |  |  | .... | ... | .... | .... | 1 |
| 1 | .....do ... | Isaac Warren.................. | W. D. Rodgers, W. R. Bebee. |  | do |  |  | ...... . . | ... | .... | .... | .... | 1 |
| 1 | ... do.... | J. H. A. Prentice. . . . . . . . . . . . . | J. F. Wolf . ............. |  | do |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| 1 | ....do.... | Wm. Knoss............. ... ... | Charles Donohue |  | . do | ..... .... |  |  | .. | .... | ... |  | 1 |
| 1 | ....do.... | Robert Kane. .... | J. A. Walton. . . . . . . . . |  |  |  |  |  | ... | .... |  |  | 1 |
| 1 | Dee..... | H. J. Baker \& Bros... . . . . . . . | . |  | Damages in a plea of trespass on the case on promise of $\$ 1,000$ for duties illegally withheld. | ......... |  |  | . | .... | ... | ... | 1 |
| 1 | Jan. 19 | E. N. Van Tassle alias Dr. Dubois |  |  | Violation of post office law ................. |  | .... ... |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| 1 | Jan....... | J. Y. Amajo os. J. Rynders, United States marshal. |  |  | Replevin ............... ............ .... |  |  | ..... .... | ... | ... | 1 |  |  |
| 1 | April 29 | Wm. Hental. ..................... | T. McDonald. |  | Recognizance |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| 1 | May 19 | J. L. Brown . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | W Wills | ........... | Replevin. ................... . ................ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | . |
| 1 | Sept. 23 | H Jaussen....................... | W. Wills .... . . . . . . . . | ........... | Recognizance.... . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . |  |  |  |  | ... |  | .... | 1 |
| 1 | Vet. 5 | J. Santes et als. ................. |  |  | ......do........... ............ . . . . . . . . . . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| 1 | Oct. 10 | J. S. Anoble et al................. | . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . |  | . . . . do. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . |  |  | ...... ... | .... | .... | 1 | .... |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | Mar. ${ }^{25}{ }^{25}$. | E. K. Collins et $\alpha l . . . . . . . . . . . . .$. |  |  | Bill in equity..... ....... . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |
|  | Aug. 27 | D. Bliss.. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . |  |  | Penalty for violation of post office laws ... |  |  |  |  | ... |  |  | , |
| 1 | Aug. 29 | J. S. Dean...... . . . . . . . . . . . . . |  |  | ...... do. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| 1 | Sept. 1858. | A. Rauney. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . |  |  | ..... .do...... ... ..... . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 1858. ${ }^{\text {c. }}$ |  |  |  |  | .... |  | 1 |
| 1 | May..... | Hendrickson \& Blake . ${ }^{\text {c. }}$. . . . |  | 500 | .... do....................... | May 4 | 500 | 500 | 1 | .... |  |  |  |
| 1 | Mar. 1 | The people of New York vs. Henry Kuggles. | ...... . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | .......... | To render null and void grant of land commissioners. | ........ | - |  |  | .... | .... |  | 1 |
| 1 | 1857. <br> Sept | E. B. Crocker et al. vs. H. J. Redfield, collector. |  | ........... | To recover duties alleged to have been illegally exacted. | ............ | ... ........ |  |  | 1 | .... | .... | $\cdots$ |
| 1 | ....do..... | E. B. Siffkin vs, the same........ |  |  | ......do |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |
| 1 | .... do ... | A. M. Del Ville vs. the same .... |  |  | do |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |
|  | 1858. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | Aug. .... | Julius Scheidt vs. Agg. Schell, collector. |  |  | .......do.... .... .......... |  |  |  | ... | 1 | .... |  |  |

No．4．－STATEMENT－Continued．
NEW YORK，SOUTHERN DISTRIOT－Continued．

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { ثँ } \\ & \text { 范 } \\ & \text { 亿 } \end{aligned}$ | © \＃̈ \＃ E Ei | Against who | Sureties． |  | Nature of suits． |  |  |  | $\text { -selbis } \cap \text { лоу peppad }$ |  |  | 䓌 | 皆 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | $\begin{array}{ll}1857 . \\ \text { Oct．} & 7 \\ \text { Oct．} & 24\end{array}$ | John Menks et al．vs．Augustus schell，collector． | ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | ．．．．．．．．． | To recover duties alleged to have been jliegally exacted． | ．．．．．．．．．． | ．．．．．．．．．．． | ．．．．．．．．．．． | ．$\cdot$ ． | ．．． | 1 |  | －$\cdot$ |
| 1 | Oct． 24 ．．．do．．．． | James Benkerd vs，the same ．．． | ．．．．：．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | ．．．．．．．．．．． | ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | ．．．． | ． |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| 1 | ．．．．do．．．． | A．\＆A．Chaise et $a l$ ．vs．the same | ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | ．．．．．．．．．．．．． | ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． ． |  |  | ， | － | ．．．． |  |  | 1 |
| 1 | ．．．．do．．．． | H．de Goer et al．vs．the same．．． |  | ．．．．．．．．． | ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． |  |  | ． | ．．．． | ． | － | ． | 1 |
| 1 | ．．do．．．． | H．Cottenet et al．vs．the same．． |  |  | ．．．．．．．．．．．．．do．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． |  |  |  | ．．．． | ． |  |  | 1 |
| 1 | ．．．do．．．． | D．Lane vs，the same．．．．．．．．．． H．Hennguerervs，the same．．．． | ．．．．．．．．．．．． | ．．．．．．．．．．． | ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do．do．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． |  | ． |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| 1. | ．．do．．．．． | J．W．Shulten vs．the same．．． |  |  |  |  | ．．．．．．．．． |  |  | ．． |  |  | 1 |
|  | Oct． 29 | E．Reise vs．H．J．Redfield，col－ | ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． |  | ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do |  |  |  | ．．．．． | 1 | ．．．． | ．．．．． | 1 |
| ） | ．．．．do．do．．．． | S．F．Goodrich et al．vs，the same G．B．Moorewood vs，the same． |  |  | ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |
|  | ．．．．do．．．． | E．A．Oilrichs et al．vs．the same |  | …… ．．．． | ． | ． | ．． | ．．．．．．．．．．． | ．．．． | 1 | ．．．． |  |  |
| 1 | ．．．．do．．．． | F．A．Cliase vs．the same．．．．．．．． |  |  | ． |  | ． |  | ．．．．． |  |  |  | 1 |
| 1 | ．．．．do．．．． | J．Mullingham et al．vs．the same |  |  | ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． |  |  |  |  | 1 |  | ． | 1 |
| 1 | ．．．．do．．．． | J．Ayming ton vs．the same．．．．．． |  |  | ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．dd．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |
| 1 | ．．．．do．．．．． | J．Jansen vs，the same．．．．．．．．．．． E．P．Schless vs，the same．．．．． |  | $\cdots$ | ．．．．．．．．．．．．do．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． |  |  |  |  | 1 | － | ．．．． | ．．．． |
| 1 | ．．．．ddo．．．．． | L．P．．．．．．．．do．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |
| 1 | ．．．do．．．． | A．A．Low et al vs．the same．．． |  |  | ．do |  | ．．．．．．．．．．．．． |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |
| 1 | ．．．．do．．．． | The same vs．G．O．Bronson， collector． |  |  | d |  |  |  |  |  | ．．．． | …＇ | － |
| 1 | ．．．．do．．．． | The same vs．H．Maxwell，col－ lector． | ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． |  | ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． |  |  |  | ．．．． | 1 | ．．．． |  | ．${ }^{\text {．}}$ |
| 1 | ．．．．do．．． | S．Bates et al．vs．H．J．Redfield． |  |  | ．do |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| 1 | ．．．．do．．．． | F．Schuchardt vs．the same．．．．． |  |  | do |  |  |  |  | i |  |  | ．．．． |
| 1 |  |  |  |  | $\qquad$ |  |  |  |  | 1 | ．．．．． |  | ．． |
| 1 | ．．．．do．．．． | The same vs．Hugh Maxwell．．． |  |  | ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |
| 1 | $1858$ | L．P．Schless vs．H．J．Redfield． | ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | ．．．．．．．．．． | ．do |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $i$ |
| 1 | Mar． 2 | G．B．Archer vs，Aug．Schell |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |



## No. 4.-STATEMENT-Continued.

NEW YORE, NORTHERN DISTRICT.


PENNSYLVANIA, EASTERN DISTRICT.


DELAWARE.

| 1 | $\text { June } 8$ | John Aiken..... |  |  | Indictment for passing counterfeit coin.... | $\begin{gathered} 1858 . \\ \text { July - } \end{gathered}$ | \$100 00 | . 1 | .... | .... | .... |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



* Petition pending for remission of fine.


## VIRGINIA, EASTERN DISTRICT.

## VIRGINIA, WESTERN DISTRICT



## NORTH CAROLINA.



* The Secretary of the Treasury agreed to pay $\$ 800$, which was accepted, complainants paying all costs.


## SOUTH CAROLINA.



## FLORIDA, NORTHERN DISTRICT.



|  | . $\mathrm{aO}^{\text {e* }}$ | Readen |  | 4, 60, |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | . | 1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | ....doex. | L. Cotten... |  | 2000 00 | . ............. do...... . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | - |  |  | ... | ... |  |  |  |
| 1 | ....do.... | J. Hawthorn |  | Stet 6 | . . . . . . . . . . . do . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .... | ..... .... |  |  | .... |  |  |  | 1 |
| 1 | ....do..... | L. J. Mock... |  |  | -........... do.... . . . . . |  |  |  | . | . | 1 |  |  |
| 1 | Apr. t'm. | H. Thompson................... |  |  | Cutting timber on public land............... | ...... .... |  |  |  |  | 1 | .... |  |
| 1 | ....do.... | Z. Butt. <br> R. H. Mellvane |  |  | . . . . . . . . . . . . do. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\ldots$ | 1 |
| 1 | .....do.... | J. O. Derolf. . . |  | - | Indictment. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . |  |  |  | .... |  |  | . | 1 |
| 1 | .....do.... | Aug. Steel. |  |  | Attachment... |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |
| 1 | ....do.... | A. Bell... |  |  | Cutting limber on public land |  |  |  |  |  | .... |  | 1 |
| 1 | ....do.... | J. Brock. |  |  | Violating steamboat law |  |  |  | $\cdot \cdot$ | .... |  | .... |  |
| 1 | ....do.... | ......do..... |  |  | . .............. do. |  |  |  | $\cdots \cdot \mid$ | ... | .... | .... |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ | ....do.... | J. O. Deroll.. | .... . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . |  | . . . . . . . . . . . do do |  |  |  |  | ... |  |  |  |
| 1 | ....do..... ${ }^{\text {do... }}$ | W. R. Tombs |  | - | ...... . . . . . . . . . . . do do |  | ... |  | .. | ... | ..... | $\ldots$ |  |
| 1 | .....do.... |  |  |  | .... ............. do |  |  |  | .... | .... |  | $\cdots$ |  |
| 1 | ....do.... | J. Freeborn...... . ............. |  |  | . .... . . . . . . . do . . ... . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . |  |  |  | . | . |  | .... |  |
| 1 | ....do.... | W. T. McNulty . . . . . . . . . . . . . . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ... | .... | .... |  |
| 1 | ....do.... | T. Surtis............ . . . . . . . . . |  |  |  |  |  |  | . | ... | .... | ... |  |
| 1 | ....do .. | J. 0. Deroll. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . |  |  | Indictment. |  |  |  |  | .... | .... |  |  |
| 1 | .....do...... | Wm. Sheves....... . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | . |  |  |  |  |  | …. |  |  |  |  |
| 27 |  |  |  | 14,000 00 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 6 |  | 21 |
|  | Decisions | in suits prior to present fiscal yea | r...... . |  |  |  |  |  |  | 6 | 3 |  |  |

FLORIDA, इOUTTHERN DISTRIOT.


TEXAS, EASTERN DISTRIC'T.

| 1 | Oct. 30 | E. Hernandez. . |  |  | Indictment for smuggling. ................ . | ........... | .... .... | ............ |  | .... |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

TEXAS, WESTERN DISTRICT.

| 1 | $\begin{gathered} 1857 . \\ \text { Jan. term } \end{gathered}$ | R. Adasse vs. United States..... | . . . . . - ............. |  | For recovery of value of property seized under alleged violation of revenue laws. | ........... | ........... | -.......... | .... | .... | .... | .... | 1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## No. 4.-STATEMENT-Continued.

LOUISIANA, EASTERN DISTRICT.


LOUISIANA, WESTERN DISTRICT.

| 1 | $1857 .$ <br> Nov. 10 | David Bock...................... | ........................... | .. | Violation of post office law................ | ........... | -.......... | .... | .... | .... |  | .... | 1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



## ARKANSAS, WESTERN DISTRICT.

Collections in suit brought prior to present fiscal year, $\$ 585 \mathbf{7 5}$, amounts of judgments.

## MISEOURI, EASTERN DISTRICT.



No．4．－STATEMENT－Continued．
MISSOURI，WESTERN DISTRICT

|  |  | Against whom． |  |  | Nature of suits． | Date of judgment. |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 宮 } \\ & \text {. } \\ & \text { E } \\ & \text { 品 } \end{aligned}$ | 要荡品 | 碳 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Principals． | Sureties． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1857. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | Sept． 11 | A．D．Coffman．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | ．．．．．．．．．．．． | ．．．．．．．．．． | Violation of post office law．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | ．．． | ．．．．．．．．．．．． | －．．．．．．．．． |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| 1 | Eept． 12 | ．．．．．do ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | ．．．．．． | ．．．．．．．．．． | ．．．．．．．．．do ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | ．． | $\cdot$ | ．．．．．．．．． | ．．．． | ．．．． | － | ．．．． | 1 |
| 1 | Mar． 5 | Benj．Behaw．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． |  | ．．．．．．．do．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． |  | ．．．．．．．．． |  | ．．．． | 1 | ．．．． | ．．． |  |
| 1 | Mar． 10 | M．L．Means．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | ．．．．．．． | Indictment ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| 4 | － |  | ． | ．．．．．．．．． |  |  | ．．．．．．．．．． | ．．．．．．．．．．． |  | 1 |  |  | 3 |

TENNESSEE，EASTERN DISTRICT．


## TENNEBSEE，MIDDLE DISTRICT．




* Imprisoned.

TENNESSEE, WESTERN DISTRICTT.


No. 4.-STATEMENT-Continued.
KENTUCKY.


INDIANA.

| 1 | ${ }^{1857 .}{ }^{\text {Oct. }}$ | E. P. Martin. . |  | \$50 00 | Violation of post office law. |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | $\ldots$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Oct. 6 | Thomas Harmon |  | \$50 | ..........do..................... . . . . . . . . . . . . |  |  |  | - | .... | ... | .... | 1 |
| 1 | Oct. 13 | Lewis Kerr... . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | J. B. Kerr, John Smithy, C. I. Kerr. | 2,000 00 | Recognimance. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | Nov. t'm. | \$2,000 00 | ........... | 1 | ... | .... | . | .... |
| 1 | ....do.... | Duff Vaughan.................... | J. A. Kerr, John Emithy, O. B. Kerr. | 2,000 00 | do............ .. ............... | ...do.... | 2,000 00 | .......... | 1 | .... |  | .... | $\cdots$ |
|  | Oct. 19 | Z. Price |  |  | Violation of post office lav | May tera | 100 | ........... | 1 |  |  |  |  |



## No．4．－STATEMENT－Continued．

## ILLINOIS－Continued．

|  |  | Against who | Suretles． |  | Nature of suits， |  |  |  |  |  |  | 烒 | 盛 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 1858. Jan． 16 |  |  |  | Violation of post office law |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |
| 1 | Mar， 15 | H．Van Grisen＊＊．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | － | . . . . . . . . . . . . do. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | Mar, adj’d term. | \＄26 50 | ．．．． | 1 | ． | ．．．．． | 1 | $\ldots$ |
| 1 | ．．．do．．．． | L．．Blaizer，．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． |  | ．．．．．．．．．．．．．do．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． |  |  |  |  | 1 | ．．． | ．．．． | ．．．． |
| 1 | ．．．．do．．．．．． | H．Nash＊．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． |  | Indictment for counterfeit gold coin ．．．．．． | Mar． 23 | 19681 4966 | ．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 1 | ．．． | ．．．．． | ．．．．． | ．．．．． |
| 1 | ．．．．do．．．． | L．McCoy＊．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． |  |  | ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．d．do．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | ．．．．．do．．．．．． | 4966 100 | ．．．．．．．．．．． | 1 | ．．．． | ．．．． | ．．． |  |
| 1 | ．．．．do．．．． | J．B．ふhears． | - . | ．．．．．．．．．．．．． | ．．．．．．．．．．．．．do．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． |  | ．．．．．．．．．． |  | ．．．． | －． |  |  | 1 |
| 1 | May 15 | George Beach． |  |  | Violating post office law．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． |  | ．．．．．．．．．．．．． |  | ．．．． |  | 1 | $\cdots$ | ， |
| 1 | ．．．．do．．．． | Abiel Martin．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． |  |  | ．．．．．．．．．．．．．do．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | ．．．．．．．．．． |  | － | ．． |  | － | ． | 1 |
| 1 | －May 18 | M．H．Burdich．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | ． |  |  | May term | － 92877 |  | 1 | ．．． | 1 | $\cdots$ | － |
| 1 | ．．．．do．．．． | A．R．St．John ．．．．．．．．．．．．．． |  |  | Indictment i resisting process，．．．．．．．．．． | may term |  |  |  |  |  |  | i |
| 20 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2，683 05 | \＄1，041 93 | 13 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 3 |

## MICHIGAN．



CALIFORNIA, NOHTHERN DISTRIOT.


Statistical summary of business under chargs of the Solicitor of the Troasury during the flscal year ending June 30, 1858.

| Judicial districtr, | Suits brought during the present fiscal year ending June 30, 1858. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Treasury transcript\%. |  | Fines, penalties, and forfeitures. |  | Miscellaneous. |  | Warehouse transportation bonds. |  | Total amount (reported) sued for. | Total amount (reported) of judgments for U. States. | Total amount (reported) collected. |
|  | No. | Am'nt sued for. | No. | 4m'nt sued for. | No. | Am'nt sued for. | No. | Am'nt sued for. |  |  |  |
| Maine. | 1 | ${ }^{6} 79427$ | 8 | ................ | 2 |  | 6 | \$9, 12800 | \$9,916 27 | \$30 00 | \$3, 89696 |
| New Hampshire . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | …… | ................... | .... |  | 1 |  | -....... |  |  | 100 | - |
| Vermant ....... ......... . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | ... | ....................... | 21 |  | 18 | \%4,000 00 | 6 | 7,275 50 | 1i,275 50 | 4,70280 | 1, 1,32891 |
| Connecticut .......................... | ..... | . . . . . . . . . . . . . |  |  | 7 | 3,100 00 | ..... | 7,......... | 3,100 00 | ${ }^{501} 05$ | , 40000 |
| Rhode Island | ..... | ................ | 3 | \$100 00 | $\stackrel{2}{5}$ |  | ..... |  | , 10000 | 27000 | 68186 |
| New York, northern district.... . . . . |  |  | 5 |  | 5 | 25000 | -1i.. |  | 25000 | 29000 | 71087 |
| New York, southern district. . . . . . . . | 4 | 43, 05204 | 115 | 59,800 00 | 96 | 500 | 113 | 706,73400 | 810,491 04 | 500 | 185,845 19 |
| New Jersey.... | ....... |  |  |  |  |  | ..... | ................ | - |  | ....... ....... |
| pelaware............. | i ${ }^{\text {- }}$ |  | [' | . ............... | 1 | . | ..... | ................. |  | 10000 | .... |
| Pennsylvania, eastern district . . . . . . | 1 | 1,979 13 | 1 | ......... ....... | 2 |  |  | ................ | 1,979 13 |  | ........... .... |
| Pennsylvania, western district. .... . . . | 1 | 52,556 48 | 4 | ................. | 2 | ....... | ....... | . | 52,556 | ....... $410{ }^{\text {® }} 15$ | . .. . . . . . 284 80 80 |
| District of Oolumbia | 7 | 9,71700 | 1 |  |  |  | ...... | ........ ........ | 9,717 00 |  |  |
| Virginia, eastern distriot . |  |  | 1 |  | 3 |  | ..... | ................. |  | .......... |  |
| Virginis, western distriot. | .. ... | . ............... | 2 |  | 3 | 30000 | ..... | ..... ......... |  | $4{ }^{2} 00$ | ................. 60 |
| North Carolina South Carulina |  |  | .... |  | 3 1 | 50000 | ..... | .... .......... | 50000 51638 | 4,50000 16236 | $9,29960$ |
| South Carulina ... | $\stackrel{2}{5}$ | 51838 7,66619 | - | , | 1 |  | . |  | 51638 7,66819 |  | $\begin{array}{r} 51506 \\ 5.28486 \end{array}$ |
| Georgia . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 5 2 | 7,66619 3,0100 | .17. |  | 27\% | 14,00000 | .... |  | 7,66619 17,20100 | 7,183 $03 . \ldots$ | 5,284 80 |
| Florida, southern distriet. . . . . . . . . . . . | - | ........... | 1 |  | 1 |  | . |  |  | 100 | 100 |
| Alabama, northern district ............ | ...... | . | .... | . .... ........... | ..... |  | ... |  |  |  | ................ |
| Alabama, middle distriet ............. |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ........ ...... |
| Alabama, southern distriot .......... | 3 1 | 6,468 888 | ${ }_{35}^{2}$ | 418,21294 | - ${ }^{\text {in }}$ ' | 4,66000 | 28 | 603,24740 | $\begin{array}{r} 6,46898 \\ 1,025,39609 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5,79894 \\ & 2,42875 \end{aligned}$ | ........08 91,635 |
| Louisiana, western district........... |  |  | .... |  | 1 |  | ...... |  |  | . |  |
| Mississippi, northern dlstrict ......... |  | 9, 90715 | 1 | ...... ........... | ...... | .................. | ...... | ...... ........... | 9,907 15 | . | ................. |
| Mississippi, southern district .......... | 1 | 9,907 15 | - | .... .... . . . . . . . | $1{ }^{\prime}$ |  | ...... | ...... ....... .... | 2,835 | ................ | .................. |
| Texas, eastern distriat................. | 1 | $\begin{array}{r}8,835 \\ 49 \\ \hline 0\end{array}$ | ...... |  | 1 |  |  | ................ | 2,835 49 40 | ................. | , |
| Texas, western digtrict................. | 1 | 4950 | . |  | 3 | , |  | ............ | 4950 | -..................... | . |
| Arkansas, western district. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ............ . . . |


| Missouri, eastern district |  |  |  |  | 7 | 5,000 00 | .... |  | 5, 00000 | 1000 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Missouri, western district. |  |  |  |  | 4 | 5,000 00 |  |  | ....... |  |  |
| Tennessee, eastern district......... | 1 | 15000 | .. ... |  | 4 |  | . |  | 15000 |  |  |
| Tennessee, middle district............ |  |  | ...... |  | 5 | 3,200 00 |  |  | 3,20000 | 76910 | 57047 |
| Tennessee, western district........... | 1 | 10000 | ...... | ...... ......... | 2 |  |  |  | 10000 |  |  |
| Kentucky ............................ | ...... |  | ., .. |  | 15 | 2,300 0 , |  |  | 2,300 00 |  |  |
| Ohio, northern district . . . . . . . . . . . . . Ohio, southern district . . . . . . . |  |  |  |  | 3 3 3 |  |  |  |  | 1 1 c0 |  |
| Ohio, southern district . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 1 | 12,750 93 | ...... |  | 3 35 | 1,050 <br> 9,650 | …… |  | 13,800 9,650 90 | 1,050 6,712 00 | 57425 |
| Illinois, northern distriet |  |  | i |  | 20 |  |  |  |  | 6,712 2,683 05 | 1,041 93 |
| Illinois, southern district . . . . . . . . . . . . | 1 | 9,264 05 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 9,26405 | 2,683 | 1,050 00 |
| Michigan |  |  | 7 |  | 2 | .................. | 2 | 21,39870 | 21,398 70 | ............... | 21,159 91 |
| Iowa .... | $\ddot{2}$ | 16,80209 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 16,802 09 | . | ..... |
| Minnesota........ |  | 16,20 | . |  | ........ |  |  |  | ............. |  |  |
| California, northern district | ........ |  |  |  | 12 | 2,500 00 | ... |  | 2,50000 | 2,14240 | . . . . . . 90.0000 |
| California, southern distri | . |  | - |  | ........ |  | ........ |  |  |  | .................. |
| New Mexico Territory |  |  | . |  | ...... |  |  |  |  |  | .................... |
| Utah Territory..... .. |  |  |  |  |  |  | ...... |  |  |  | . |
| Washington Territory |  |  |  |  |  |  | , |  |  |  | ................. |
| Kansas Territory |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ........... |
| Nebraska Territory.. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 36 | 178,986 57 | 224 | 478, 11294 | 311 | 50,215 00 | 155 | 1,346,777 60 | 2,054, 09211 | 39,143 66 | 317,320 80 |

No. 5.-STATISTICAL SUMMARY-Continued.

| Judicial districts. | Suits brought during the present fiscal year ending June 30, 1858. |  |  |  |  |  | Suits brought prior to the present fiscal year. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\stackrel{5}{5}$ <br>  |  |  | 荘 |  |  | Amount of judgments in all old suits this year. |  |  |  |  | Am'nt collectedin all old suits this year. |  |  |  |
| Maine | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 10 | 17 |  |  |  |  |  | \$2,471 87 | 3 1 | $\begin{array}{r} 2000 \\ 100 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | \$6,368 83 |
| New Hampshire .............. .. | 1 |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Vermont ......................... | ii. | i. | 2 | $\cdots 3$. | ${ }^{6} 8$ | 6 45 | \$37, 98170 | 2 | 3 |  | 5 | 3,086 33 | $13 \times \cdots$ | 41,68421 | 4,4i5 24 |
| Massachusetts | ${ }_{4}$ |  |  |  | ${ }_{3}$ | 7 | 1,150 78 | 2 | .... | 3 | 5 | 1,570 28 | ${ }_{5}^{6}$ | 1,651 63 | 1,970 28 |
| Rhode Issand..................... | 4 | 1 | ...... |  |  |  |  | 1 |  | 1 | ${ }_{2}^{1}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 9600 \\ 11,25220 \\ \hline 20 \end{array}$ | ${ }_{8}$ | 42,052 20 | $\begin{aligned} & 77726 \\ & 11,96307 \end{aligned}$ |
| New York, northern district....... | ${ }^{7} 8$ | $\cdots$ | ¢ 50 | $\cdots$ | 193 | ${ }_{328}^{10}$ | 41,762 20 | 10 | -15. | 30 | 55 | $15,70707$ | 59 | 52, ${ }_{5}$ | 201,552 26 |
| New Jersey.......... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ..... |  |  |  |  | 1 | 100000 |  |
| Delaware................ | 1 |  | ..... |  | 4 |  |  |  |  | ....... |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pennsylvania, eastern district ..... |  |  |  |  | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Maryland.......... | 3 | ..... | 3. | 2 | 2 | 7 | 1,0993 | ..... |  | 1 | 1 | , 109593 | 1 | 1,045 93 | $\begin{array}{r} 71148 \\ 1,09593 \end{array}$ |
| Virginia, eastern distrin | -1. |  |  | $\ldots$ | 3 | 4 | 1,53845 | 1 | ..... |  | 1 |  |  | 1,538 45 |  |
| Virginia, western distric | 4 |  | .... | ....... | .... | 4 | 1,......... |  | .... |  | .... | ,799 74 | 4 | 200 | 3,799 70 |
| North Carolina | 2 |  | 1 |  |  | 3 |  | ....... | .... |  | , |  | 1 | ${ }_{162} 36$ | 51506 |
| Gouth Car | 1 |  |  |  | 2 | ${ }_{5}^{3}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5 | 7,183 03 | 5,284 86 |
| Florida, northern district |  |  | 6 | ........ | $40^{\circ}$ | 46 | 5,49298 | 3 | 6 | 3 | 12 | 2,144 42 | 3 | 5,492 98 | , 14442 |
| Florida, southern district | 1 | .... | ..... |  | 1 | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |
| Alabama, northern district |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | , |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alabama, middle district | - 1. |  |  |  | 4 | 5 |  |  | 3 |  | 3 | $2,24900 \times$ |  | 5,798 94 | 2,24900 |
| Louisiana, eastern district.. | 20 | 6 | ii | 7 | 31 | 75 |  | 2 | 1 | 4 | 7 | 1,200 55 | 22 | 2,488 75 | 2,836 28 |
| Louisiana, western district. |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mississippi, northern district | 1 |  |  |  |  | 1 |  | ...... | ..... |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mississippi, southem district |  |  |  | ... | 2 | 12 | 6,437 20. | i | 1 |  | - | 6,614 57 | 1 | 6,437 2 | 6,614 57 |
| Texas, western district ..... |  |  |  |  | $\stackrel{2}{3}$ | 2 |  |  |  |  |  | i,203 38. | 1 | i, 2033 |  |
| Arkansas, eastern district Arkansas, western district. | …… |  |  |  | 3 | 3 | 1,203 38 | 1 |  |  | 3 | , 63414 |  |  | 634 14 |
| Missouri, eastern district. | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 | 2 | 7,966 37 |  |  | ,966 37 |
| Missouri, western distri |  |  |  |  | 3 | 4 |  |  |  |  |  | 3 |  |  | $289 \%$ |


| Tennessee, middle distifict ....... | 3 | 1 |  |  | 9 | 3 |  |  |  |  |  | 2,330 05 | 3 | 76910 | 2,900 52 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Tennessee, western distrint . . . . . . . | ..... | 1 | . | . | 2 | 3 |  | -..... | ...... | ..... | ...... | .................. |  |  | ............... |
| Kentucky . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . |  | ..... | 5 | ...... | 10 | 15 |  | . | ...... | . |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ohio, northern district | 1 |  |  |  | 2 | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 100 |  |
| Ohio, southern district ....... . . . . . | 2 | ..... | 1 |  | 1 | 4 | 2,205 00 | 2 | ...... | 1 | 3 | 4,762 24 | 4 | 3,255 00 | 5, 33649 |
| Indiana . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 21 |  | 2 |  | 12 | 35 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 21 | 6,71202 |  |
| Illinois, northern distric | 14 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 21 |  |  | ...... |  |  |  | 14 | 2,683 05 | 1,041 93 |
| Illinois, southern distri |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  | 4,080 97 |  |  | 5,130 97 |
| Michigan. | 3 | , | 1 |  | 6 | 11 | ................. | ....... | ..... | ...... | ...... |  | 3 | . | 21,159 91 |
| Wisconsin |  |  |  |  | 3 | 3 | ......... ........ | ...... | ...... | ...... | ..... . | 30911 | .0........... | . |  |
| Iowa........ |  |  | ...... | ..... | 2 | 2 | ................. | -..... | . | . | ...... | ................... | ........... |  | ............... |
| Minnesota............ |  |  | .. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| California, northern district | 7 | .... | ...... | ...... | 5 | 12 |  |  |  | 2 | 2 | 46570 | 7 | 2,142 40 | 55570 |
| California, southern distrist | ....... | ..... |  |  | ...... |  |  |  | ..... |  |  |  |  | , | ................ |
| Oregon Territory ...... |  |  | ....... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1............... | , | . ... |  |
| New Mexico Territory |  |  | ...... |  | ..... | . |  |  |  |  | ...... |  |  |  |  |
| Washington Territo |  |  | ....... |  | ....... |  |  |  |  |  |  | 6,872 06 |  |  | 6,872 ${ }^{\text {c } 6}$ |
| Kansas Territory |  |  | ....... |  | ..... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nebraska Territory ................ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 171 | 40 | 87 | 24 | 404 | 726 | 98,467 37 | 28 | 29 | 47 | 104 | 80,743 29 | 199 | 137,611 03 | 398,064 09 |

## L.

Treasury Department, Register's Office, November 23, 1858.
Sir: In compliance with your letter of the 8th instant, requesting a report of the operations of this office for the past fiscal year, I have the honor to state that during the year ending June 30, 1858, the business of the office was promptly and efficiently performed, the employés having been industrious and diligent in the discharge of their respective duties. In several of my former reports having stated at length the system of doing business and the various duties assigned to each branch or division of the office, I deem it unnecessary to repeat the matter here. The heaviest branch of the business, relating to the receipts and expenditures of the government, has been promptly despatched by the clerks employed thereon; all current business being executed and forwarded with the least avoidable delay. The head of the division, Mr. Rittenhouse, is a very efficient clerk, thoroughly conversant with the duties, and, as stated in my last report, is, in my opinion, entitled to a larger salary than he now receives. I would respectfully ask your attention to my remarks upon that suhject published with my report, pages 185, 186, of your Report, on the Finances, 1856-'57.

The business relating to loans, commerce and navigation, and tonnage, has also been satisfactorily performed. Notwithstanding the change in the form of rendering the report on commerce and navigation, the work has been completed and placed in the hands of the public printer at an earlier day than required by law, and will be printed and bound ready for delivery on the first day of the coming session of Congress.

In conclusion, I may state that the entire business of the office is executed up to date so far as it can be from the materials received from other offices.

I have the honor to be, very respectfully, your obedient servant, F. BIGGER, Register.

[^7]Statement showing the amount of moneys expended at each custom-house in the Onited States during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1858.

| Districts. | Present collectors. | Amount. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Passamaquoddy, Main | Robert Burns | \$31,951 94 |
| Machias, Maine | A. F. Parlin | 2,694 69 |
| Frenchman's Bay, Main | Thomas D. Jon | 4,703 72 |
| Penobscot, Maine | J. R. Redman | 4,668 55 |
| Waldoborough, | John H. Kennedy | 6,869 32 |
| Wiscasset, Main | Thomas Cunningham | 6,655 66 |
| Bath, Maine | Joseph Berry | 6,970 16 |
| Portland and Falmou | Moses Macdon | 31,448 67 |
| Saco, Maine | Alpheus A. Hanscom | 1,075 50 |
| Kennebunk, | John Cousens | 75737 |
| York, Main | Luther Junkin | 61903 |
| Belfast, Maine | Jonathan G. Dickerso | 5,686 56 |
| Bangor, Maine | D. F. Leavitt. | 7,092 14 |
| Portsmouth, New Hampsh | Augustus Jenkin | 11,719 60 |
| Vermont, Vermont | Isaac B. Bowdish | 17,068 70 |
| Newburyport, Massachuset | James Blood | 5,909 56 |
| Gloucester, Massachusetts | Gorham Babson | 6,126 22 |
| Salem and Beverly, Massach | William B. Pik | 20,153 84 |
| - Marblehead, Massachusetts | William Bartoll | 2,218 25 |
| Boston and Charlestown, Massac | Arthur W. Austin | 385,165 74 |
| Plymouth, Massachusetts | Wait Wadsworth | 2,965 75 |
| Fall River, Massachusetts | Phineas W. Lelan | 2,603 98 |
| Barnstable, Massachusetts | S. B. Phinney | 12,189 52 |
| New Bedford, Massachusett | Charles B. H. Fess | 7,270 95 |
| Edgartown, Massachusetts | Constant Norton | 3,500 88 |
| Nantucket, Massachusetts | Eben W. Allen | 2,831 52 |
| Providence, Rhode Island | J. A. Aborn | 12, 28105 |
| Bristol and Warren, Rbode | George H. Reynolds | 4,159 43 |
| Newport, Rhode Island. | Gilbert Chase | 5,375 92 |
| Middletown, Connecticut | Patrick Faga | 2,075 60 |
| New London, Connecticut | J. P. C. Mather | 13,287 67 |
| New Haven, Connecticut | Minott A. Osbo | 20,321 30 |
| Fairfield, Connecticut | William S. Pomro | 1,779 86 |
| Stonington, Connecticu | Benjamin F. States | 1,666 84 |
| Sackett's Harbor, New York | William Howland | 3,930 02 |
| Genesee, New York | Phiny M. Bromley | 5,748 49 |
| Oswego, New York | Orvill Robinson | 14,136 74 |
| Niagara, New York | George P. Eddy | 11,824 11 |
| Buffalo Creek, New York | Warren Bryant | 14,737 25 |
| Oswegatchie, New York | Horace Moody | 8,225 17 |
| Sag Harbor, New York | Jason M. Terbell | 67464 |
| $\dagger$ New York, New York | Augustus Schell | 967,853 05 |
| Champlain, New York | Henry B. Smith | 13,664 83 |
| Cape Vincent, New Yo | Theop. Peugnet | 6,683 61 |
| $\ddagger$ Dunkirk, New York | O. F. Dickinson |  |
| Bridgetown, New Jersey | William S. Bowen | 34269 |
| Burlington, New Jersey | Henry J. Ashmor | 15341 |
| Perth Amboy, New Jersey | Amos Robins. | 4,74703 |
| Great Egg Harbor, New Jersey | Thomas D. Winn | 69374 |
| Little Egg Harbor, New Jerse | Stephen Willets | 90617 |
| Newark, New Jersey | Edward T. Hillye | 1,494 11 |
| Camden, New Jersey | T. B. Atkinson | 28030 |
| Philadelphia, Pennsylvania | Joseph B. Baker | 214,508 44 |
| Presque Isle, Pennsylvania | John Brawley | 2,279 98 |
| Pittsburg, Pennsylvania | J. A. Gibson | 2,772 45 |

*From March 31 to June 14, 1858, not received + To March 31, 1858. $\ddagger$ Not received.

## STATEMENT-Continued.



- April not received.
$\dagger$ To March 31, 1858.
$\ddagger$ To March 31, 1858.
§ April and May not received.
March 31 to June 14, 1858, not recoived.
- Not received.
oo To April 30, 1858.
$\dagger$ To September 30, 1857
To March 31, 1858


## STATEMENT-Continued.

| Districts. | Present collectors. | Amount. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Saluria, Texas | Darwin M. Stapp | \$8,232 |
| Paso del Norte, Texas | Caleb Sherman | 5,260 |
| Nashville, Tennessee. | Jesse Thomas. |  |
| Memphis, Tennessee | Henry T. Hulbert | 3,319 |
| Kaoxville, Tennessee | John McMullen | 350 |
| Chattauooga, Tennessee | Halsey F. Cooper | 450 |
| Louisville, Kentucky | Walter N. Haldem | 1,398 |
| Paducah, Kentucky ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | William Nolen | 491 |
| Hickman, Kentucky $\dagger$ | Franck Reulac. | 106 |
| Columbus, Kentucky | William J. Walk | 1,246 |
| Miami, Ohio | Dennis Coghlin | 3,989 |
| Sandusky, Ohio | George S. Patterson | 13,349 |
| Cuyahoga, Ohio | Robert Parks | 6,587 |
| Cincinnati, Ohio | S. B. W. McLean | 6,045 |
| Detroit, Michigan | Michael Shoemaker | 17,898 |
| Michilimackinac, Michigan | Jacob A. T. Wendell | 4,322 |
| Evansville, Indiana $\ddagger$ - | Charles Denby | 321 |
| New Albany, Indiana § | John B, Norman |  |
| Jeffersonville, Indiana\\| | Felix R. Lewi |  |
| Madison, Indiana, (no retur |  |  |
| Chicago, Illinois. | Jacob Fry | 14,286 |
| Alton, Illinois. | John Fitch | 568 |
| Galena, Illinois. | Daniel Wann. | 454 |
| Quiney, lllinois \|| | Thomas Benneson |  |
| Cairo, Illinois H. $^{\text {. }}$ | John S. Hacker. |  |
| Peoria, Illinois ${ }^{\text {d. }}$ | William S. Moss |  |
| Saint Louis, Missouri | William A. Linn | 11,956 |
| Hannibal, Missouri \|| | Alfred 'V. Lamb |  |
| Burlington, Iowa | Philip Harvey |  |
| Keokuk, Iowa. | William Stotts- |  |
| Dubuque, Iowa | Fdward Spottswood |  |
| Milwaukie, Wisconsin | Moritz Shoeffler | 6, 226 |
| Minnesota. Minnesota | James McFelridg | 2,433 |
| Puget's Sound, Washington | Morris H. Frost | 22,826 |
| Oregon, Oregon Territory -. | John Adair. | 12,187 |
| Cape Perpetua, Oregon Te | Barkley J. Burns | 2,960 |
| Port Orford, Oregon Territor | Robert W. Dunbar | 2,837 |
| San Francisco, California | Benjamin F. Washing | 425,886 |
| Sonoma, California. | T. B. Storer | 3,918 |
| San Jouquin, California | Andrew Lester | 3,739 |
| Sacramento, Califurnia | Thomas W. Sutherla | 3, 641 |
| San Diego, California | José M Covarrubias | 3,291 |
| Monterey, California | James A. Watson | 7,049 |
| San Pedro, California | John G. Downey | 6,652 |
| Total |  | , 257, 346 |

* To March 31, 1858.
$\dagger$ To October 20, 1857.
$\ddagger$ January 1 to February 15, 1858, not received.
§ To March 31, 1858.
|| Not received.

F. BIGGER, Register.

Triasury Departmrnt, Register's Office, November 22, 1858.

## Statement of the number of persons employed in each district of the Dnited States for the collection of customs during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1858, with their occupation and compensution, per act March 3, 1849.

| Districts. |  | Occupation. | Compensation to each person. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Passamaquoddy; Me..- | 1 | Collector | \$2. 63363 |
|  | 1 | Surveyor | 1,174 14 |
|  | 9 | Inspectors | 1,095 00 |
|  | 1 | -....-do. | 1,032 00 |
|  | 1 | ------do - | 73000 |
|  | 1 | Weigher and measurer | 66466 |
|  | 1 | -.-.--- do .-...-. - do . | 1724 |
|  | 1 | Deputy collector | 73000 |
|  | 1 | Aid to the reven | 73000 |
|  | 1 | Boatman | 36000 |
|  | 1 | -----do | 24000 |
| Machias | 1 | Collector. | 1,500 00 |
|  | 1 | Deputy collector and inspector - | 73000 |
|  | 1 | ------do.-.-- .- - do | 50000 |
|  | 1 |  | 54750 |
|  | 1 | -..-- do...- | 25000 |
|  | 1 | Boatman | 30000 |
| Frenchman's Bay..-.- | 1 | Collector | 1,280 77 |
|  | 1 | Deputy collector and inspector | 1,077 00 |
|  | 1 | -.----do..--.-- - do | 1,095 00 |
|  | 2 |  | 30000 |
|  | 1 | Inspector. | 73000 |
|  | 1 | Boatman | 36000 |
|  | 2 | ------do. | 12000 |
|  | 1 | Measurer. | 16203 |
| Penobscot .---------- | 1 | Collector | 1,403 06 |
|  | 1 | Deputy collector and inspecto | 89500 |
|  | 1 | Inspector.... | 1,09500 |
|  | 2 | ------do. | 73000 |
|  | 1 | ----.do. | 15000 |
| Waldoborough ...---- | 1 | Collector | 1,769 14 |
|  | 2 | Inspectors | 1,095 00 |
|  | 2 | ------do. | 93600 |
|  | 1 | -----do.- | 85000 |
|  | 1 | -.....-do. | 73000 |
|  | 1 | --.---do. | 35000 |
|  | 1 |  | 30000 |
| Wiscasset .-.-.-.------ | 1 |  | 77538 |
|  | 2 |  | 1,095 00 |
|  | 2 | ------do. | 91250 |
|  | 2 | --..- do. | 48800 |
| Bath.-.-----.-.-.---- | 1 |  | 1,230 06 |
|  | 1 | Deputy collector, inspector, weigher, gauger, and measurer $\qquad$ | 1,25300 |
|  | 1 | Inspector, weigher, gauger, and measurer-- | 1,403 08 |
|  | 1 | Inspector and deputy collector...- .-. -- -- | 65000 |
|  | 1 | Inspector.-..-..........-- | 1,095 00 |
|  | 1 | --.---do.-. | 60000 |
|  | 2 |  | 50000 |
|  | 1 |  | 35000 |
|  | 1 |  | - 25000 |

## STATEMENT-Continued.

| Districts. |  | Occupation. | Compensation to each person. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Portland and Falmouth | 1 | Collector | \$3,129 13 |
|  | 1 | Deputy collector, weigher, \&c | 1,500 00 |
|  | 1 | Surveyor .- | 1,270 77 |
|  | 1 | Superintendent of warehouses | 1,190 75 |
|  | 2 | Weighers, gaugers, and measurers | 1,500 00 |
|  | 6 | Inspectors .-. | 1,095 00 |
|  | 5 |  | 1,095 00 |
|  | 2 | Night inspectors. | 54750 |
|  | 1 | Clerk | 60000 |
|  | 1 | --do.. | 7500 |
|  | 1 | Porter | 35000 |
|  | 2 | Boatmen | 36500 |
|  | 1 | -.-.--do. | 45625 |
| Saco .-...-. --.----..-- | 1 | Collector | 38000 |
|  | 1 | Inspector | 50000 |
|  | 1 | ------do. | 45000 |
|  | 1 | Aid to revenue | 9900 |
| Kennebunk.-........-- | 1 | Collector | 15547 |
|  | 1 | Deputy collector and inspector | 60000 |
|  | 2 | Inspectors .. | 5600 |
| York .-.-.-.-.-.-.-.-- | 1 | Collector --.-- | 27870 |
|  | 1 | Deputy collector | 20000 |
|  | 1 | Inspector......- | 12000 |
|  | 1 | Collector --.-------.-.- | 43495 |
|  | 1 | Deputy collector and inspector .-.-......-. | 33900 |
|  | 2 | Deputy collectors, inspectors, weighers, \&c. | 22600 |
|  | 1 |  | 33900 |
|  | 1 | Aid to the revenue ..... | 33900 |
|  | 1 | Collector | 2,337 00 |
|  | 3 | Deputy collectors and inspectors. | 1,095 00 |
|  | 1 | Deputy collector, inspector, weigher, and gauger $\qquad$ | 1,432 00 |
|  | 1 |  | 86400 |
|  | 1 | Aid to the revenue | 20000 |
| Portsmouth, N. H....- | 1 | Collector.-. - | 38887 |
|  | 1 | Naval officer. | 35835 |
|  | 1 |  | 35608 |
|  | 1 | Deputy collector and inspector | 73000 |
|  | 1 | ----- do.--..-.- do. | 20000 |
|  | 2 | Inspectors | 1,095 00 |
|  | 1 | -.----do. | 95700 |
|  | 2 | ----do. | 50000 |
|  | 1 | ---.--do. | 36000 |
|  | 2 | --..--do. | 30000 |
|  | 1 | Occasional inspector | 66800 |
|  | 2 | --.-...do. | 10000 |
|  | 1 | Occasional inspector and njght watoh | 54750 |
|  | 1 | Inspector and measurer --..--- | 1,496 24 |
|  | 1 | Weigher, gauger, and measurer | 91204 |
| Vermont, Vt.....-...- | 1 | Collector .........----.......---- | 1,090 84 |
|  | 2 | Deputy collectors and inspectors. | 1,000 00 |
|  | 3 |  | 91250 |
|  | 1 |  | 60000 |
|  | 5 |  | 50000 |
|  | 7 | -......do--.---.-.......- - do | 36000 |
|  | 1 |  | 75000 |

## STATEMENT-Continued.

| Districts. |  | Occupation | Compensation to each per son. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Vermont, Vt-Cout'd. | 1 | Deputy inspector | \$500 00 |
|  | 1 | -.-.--do------ | 40000 |
|  | 2 | -----.do. | 36000 |
|  | 3 | -----do | 24000 |
|  | 3 | Revenue boatme | 24000 |
|  | 2 | -.-.--do. | 18000 |
|  | 1 | Porter | 10000 |
| Newburyport, Mass.-- | 1 | Collector | 36134 |
|  | 1 | Naval officer | 41719 |
|  | 1 | Surveyor. | 44650 |
|  | 1 | --...-do.- | 25000 |
|  | 1 | Inspector | 20000 |
|  | 2 | -.-.--.do. | 1,095 00 |
|  | 1 | Inspector and gauger | 1,10288 |
|  | 1 | Inspector, weigher and mea | 1,11480 |
|  | 1 | Boatman .-.-. - .---- -- | 32000 |
| Gloucester.-...-.-.--- | 1 | Collector | 1,906 38 |
|  | 1 | Surveyor . | 67936 |
|  | 2 | Inspectors | 1,095 00 |
|  | 1 | ------do. | 30000 |
|  | 1 | ----- do. | 15000 |
|  | 1 | Weigher, gauger and measure | 71208 |
|  | 1 | -----do. | 61939 |
|  | 1 | Boatman | 24000 |
| Salem and Beverly-..- | 1 | Collector | 1,450 05 |
|  | 1 | Deputy collector | 1,000 00 |
|  | 1 | Clerk.-..... | 93000 |
|  | 1 | Naval officer | 1,164 04 |
|  | 1 | Surveyor -.- | 68683 |
|  | 1 | ------do.-.---- | 25690 |
|  | 1 | Weigher and gauger | 79325 |
|  | 1 | --.-.-.do. | 82004 |
|  | 1 | ------do. | 91757 |
|  | 1 | Inspector. | 20100 |
|  | 1 | --.--- do. | 61200 |
|  | 10 | ----- do. | 1,095 00 |
|  | 1 | Measurer | 80869 |
|  | 2 | Boatmen | 30000 |
|  | 1 | Laborer and assistant storeke | 73000 |
| Marblehead...------- | 1 |  | 64646 |
|  | 1 | Depaty collector and inspecto | 54750 |
|  | 1 | ------ do -------------- - do. | 36500 |
|  | 1 | Inspector, measurer, weigher | 57000 |
|  | 2 | Boatmen --.-. | 15000 |
|  | 1 | ------do. | 10000 |
|  | 1 | Inspector.- | 18200 |
| Boston and Charlestown | 1 | Collector | 6,400 00 |
|  | 3 | Deputy collectors. | 2,500 00 |
|  | 1 | Cashier ------- | 2,500 00 |
|  | 1 | Assistant cashier | 1,400 00 |
|  | 1 | Clerk ----....... | 1,500 00 |
|  | 3 3 |  | 1,40000 1,300 |
|  | 13 | -do. | 1,200 00 |
|  | 7 | -do.- | 1,100 00 |
|  | 2 | -do. | 90000 |
|  | 1 | _do..--- | 1,000 00 |

STATEMENT-Continued.

| Districts. |  | Occupation. | Compensation to each person. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Boston and Charles-town-Continued. | 1 | Superintendent | \$1,200 00 |
|  | 1 | Messenger .-.. | 76000 |
|  | 2 | Assistant messengers | 54000 |
|  | 56 | Inspectors . | 1,095 00 |
|  | 1 | --..--do. | 80000 |
|  | 2 | -.---do. | 70000 |
|  | 21 | Night inspectors | 60000 |
|  | 6 | Night watchmen | 60000 |
|  | 6 | Revenue boatmen | 60000 |
|  | 13 | Weighers and gaugers. | 1,485 00 |
|  | 5 | Measurers .-........ | 1,485 00 |
|  | 1 | General appraise | 2,500 00 |
|  | 2 | Appraisers...- | 2,500 00 |
|  | 2 | Assistant appraisers | 2,000 00 |
|  | 2 | Clerks | 1,400 00 |
|  | 4 | --do. | 1,200 00 |
|  | 5 | --do. | 1,000 00 |
|  | 1 | Special examiner of drugs | 1,000 00 |
|  | 3 |  | 1,400 00 |
|  | 2 | -.---. -do. | 1,300 00 |
|  | 1 | - - do. | 1,200 00 |
|  | 1 | .-. .do. | 1,100 00 |
|  | 1 | --.-- - do. | 1,003 75 |
|  | 6 | --- - - do. | 1,095 00 |
|  | 1 | Superintendent of warehouses | 1,500 00 |
|  | 1 | Clerk | 1,400 00 |
|  | 1 | --do. | 1,300 00 |
|  | 1 | --do. | 1,200 00 |
|  | 4 | --do.. | 93900 |
|  | 4 | --do. | 78250 |
|  | 1 | --do. | 80000 |
|  | 1 | Naval officer | 5,000 00 |
|  | 1 | Deputy naval officer -...-- | 2,00000 |
|  | 1 | Assistant deputy naval officer | 1,500 00 |
|  | 4 | Clerks .-......- | 1,200 00 |
|  | 1 | - do. - | 1,250 00 |
|  | 1 |  | 1,000 00 |
|  | 1 |  | 75000 |
|  | 1 | Surveyor | 4,900 00 |
|  | 1 |  | 2,000 00 |
|  | 1 | Assistant depaty surveyor-.-----.-. -- -- - | 2,000 00 |
|  | 1 | Clerk .-.. | 1,500 00 |
|  | 1 | Messenger | 70000 |
| Plymonth .-...-....--- | 1 |  | 42500 |
|  | 1 | Deputy collector and inspector..-....-- -- -- | 1,095 00 |
|  | 1 |  | 80000 |
|  | 1 | ...- - do.-...-----. - - - do. | 60000 |
|  | 1 | -.----do.--.----.-.-. - . ${ }^{\text {do. }}$ | 30000 |
|  | 1 | .-...--do.-.-. .-. - .-. - - do | 16000 |
| Fall River.-...-.-.---- | 1 | Collector --.-.-.-.------ | 1,021 83, |
|  | 1. | Deputy collector, inspector, weigher and ganger. | 76389 |
|  | 1 |  | 62400 |
|  | 1 | -----do. | 56400 |
|  | 1 | Boatman | 30000 |
| Barnstable...........-. - | 1 | Collector | 1,850 00 |
|  | 1 | Deputy collector and inspector...-...-...-- | 80000 |

S'IATEMENT-Continued.

| Districts. |  | Occupation. | Compensation to each person. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Barnstable-Cont'd..-- | 2 | Deputy collectors and inspectors.--.-.....- | \$750 00 |
|  | 2 |  | 65000 |
|  | 1 | --do-...-.-.-. --. .-. ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 50000 |
|  | 1 | Inspector | 60000 |
|  | 1 | -----do.- | 70000 |
|  | 1 | ------do. | 50000 |
|  | 5 | -.---. do. | 35000 |
|  | 1 | Clerk | 50000 |
|  | 3 | Boatmen | 15000 |
| New Bedford .-..-.--- | 1 | Collector | 3,000 00 |
|  | 1 | Deputy collector | 1,095 00 |
|  | 2 | Inspectors .--- | 1,095 00 |
|  | 1 | ----.-do. | 35400 |
|  | 1 | -----.do. | 11100 |
|  | 1 | ----- - do. | 15000 |
|  | 1 | --.-do. | 10200 |
|  | 1 | ------do. | 9000 |
|  | 1 | Inspector, weigher, gauger and measurer -- | 1,500 00 |
|  | 1 | Clerk ----- - | 80000 |
|  | 1 | Boatman .- | 42000 |
|  | 1 | Aid to the revenue | 9600 |
|  | 1 | ----.-do. | 8400 |
| Edgartown .-.-.-.---- | 1 | Collector. | 1,049 00 |
|  | 1 | Deputy collector and inspector.-.........- | 1,095 00 |
|  | 1 |  | 60000 |
|  | 1 | Inspector .-.. | 73000 |
|  | 1 |  | 40000 |
|  | 1 | Temporary inspector .-.-.---...- | 900 |
|  | 1 | Boatman ...-. - | 24000 |
| Nantucket....-...----- | 1 |  | 49943 |
|  | 1 | Deputy collector and inspector ----------- | 1, 09500 |
|  | 1 |  | 73000 |
| Providence, R. I.----- | 1 | Collector .-.. | 1,243 68 |
|  | 1 | Deputy collector. | 1, 00000 |
|  | 1 | Clerk | 80000 |
|  | 1 | Naval officer. | 77414 |
|  | 1 | Surveyor, Providence .- | 62729 |
|  | 1 | Surveyor, East Greenwich .-.-.-...........- | 25000 |
|  | 1 |  | 20000 |
|  | 4 |  | 54750 |
|  | 6 | Inspectors, foreign, at \$3 per day-...----- | (All) 2,493 00 |
|  | 1 | Inspector, Pawtuxet .-.-------- | 30000 |
|  | 1 | ---.- do..-----.-------- | 45000 |
|  | 1 | Inspector, East Greenwich | 30000 |
|  | 1 |  | 1,433 55 |
|  | 1 | Gauger - | 17040 |
|  | 1 | Measurer .-.-....-- | 73354 |
|  | 1 | Boatman, Providence .-.-------------------- | 30000 |
|  | 1 | Boatman, Pawtuxet.--.-. | 42000 |
|  | 1 | Boatman, East Greenwich | 13200 |
| Bristol and Warren...-- | 1 | Collector. | 73000 |
|  | 1 |  | 56400 |
|  | 1 | -..---do. --..--- | 53100 |
|  | 1 |  | 420 174 00 |
|  | 1 | -.-.-.-do..-- | 11700 |
|  | 1 | ------do.... | 8700 |

STATEMENT-Continued.

| Districts. |  | Occupation. | Compensation to each person. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bristol and WarrenContinued. | 1 | Temporary inspector | \$4200 |
|  | 1 |  | 7655 |
|  | 1 | Gauger . .- | 22116 |
|  | 1 | --- do. | 840 |
|  | 1 | Assistant storekeeper | 54750 |
|  | 1 | Boatman .. .-. - . | 21600 |
|  | 1 | -.-do. | 8400 |
|  | 1 | Surveyor | 34759 |
|  | 1 | --.---do. | 28467 |
|  | - 1 | Collector .- | 62515 |
|  | 1 | Naval officer | 43649 |
|  | 1 |  | 38893 |
|  | 1 |  | 20000 |
|  | 1 | Deputy collector and inspector | (11) 54300 |
|  | 2 |  | (All) 1,095 00 |
|  | 2 | Inspectors, at \$2 75 per day .-...-- | (All) 23090 |
|  | 1 | Inspector-...------------ - - - | (1) 40000 |
|  | 4 | Occasional inspectors, at $\$ 3$ per day | (All) 47700 |
|  | 1 |  | 12334 |
|  | 1 | Gauger | 16452 |
|  | 1 | Weigher | 5627 |
|  | 1 | Boatman .-. | 45000 |
|  | 1 | ------do. | 27000 |
| Middletown, Conn---- | - 1 | Collector | 55866 |
|  | 1 | Surveyor | 38052 |
|  | 1 | ------do.- | 31096 |
|  | 1 | --.-...do.- | 26248 |
|  | 1 | Deputy collector, inspector, and gauger .-- | 65000 |
|  | 1 | Inspector...... | 35000 |
|  | 1 | --...-do...-. | 30000 |
| New London.-...-.-.-- | - 1 |  | 1,64089 32095 |
|  | 1 | Inspector. | 65000 |
|  | 1 | --.---do. | 60000 |
|  | 1 | -.----do. | 25000 |
|  | 1 | ------do. | 10000 |
|  | ] | Inspector, weigher, gauger, and measurer- | 1,419 20 |
| New Haven.e-e-e-e-- | - 1 |  | 3,000 00 |
|  | 1 | Deputy collector and inspector | 1,095 00 |
|  | 1 | Surveyor | 81195 |
|  | 1 |  | 50000 |
|  | 3 | Inspectors, weighers, gaugers, and measurers | 1,500 00 |
|  | 4 | Inspectors | 1,095 00 |
|  | 1 | ------d. ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | 7200 |
|  | 1 | Aid to the revenue. | 4800 |
|  | 1 | Day and night inspector. | 88800 |
|  | 1 |  | 26400 |
|  | 1 | --..-. do. | 24000 |
|  | 1 |  | 22600 |
|  | 1 | -----do. | 18600 300 |
|  | 1 | Clerk | 70000 |
| Fairfield -...--.-.----- | - 1 | Collector | 96646 |
|  | 1 | Inspector, measurer, weigher, and gauger -- | 1,14787 |
|  | 1 |  | 22200 |
|  | 1 |  | 10800 |

STATEMENT-Continued.

| Districts. |  | Occupation. | Compensation to each person. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stonington .-..------ | 1 | Collector | \$887 56 |
|  | 1 | Surveyor | 15000 |
|  | 2 | Inspectors | 50000 |
|  | 1 | Weigher, gauger, and measu | 4014 |
|  | 1 | Boatman .-.-.... | 21600 |
| Sackett's Harbor, N. Y. | 1 | Collector | 71780 |
|  | 1 | Deputy collector and inspecto | 73000 |
|  | 1 | ----.- do.-.-.-.-. - do . | 56839 |
|  | 1 | ----- do.-.------ do | 36500 |
|  | 1 | ---- - do ..----...- do | 30000 |
|  | 1 | Deputy collector and inspecto | 25000 |
|  | 1 | Temporary inspector ---.... | 36500 |
|  | 1 | Night watch.---- | 27500 |
|  | 2 | Revenue boatmen | 15000 |
| Genesee .------------- | 1 | Collector .-.-. | 79896 |
|  | 1 | Deputy collector | 90000 |
|  | 1 | ------do.---- | 80000 |
|  | 1 | -do | 73000 |
|  | 2 | Aids and inspectors. | 73000 |
|  | 1 | Clerk and inspector . | 73000 |
| Oswego - ------------ | 1 | Collector --. | 96184 |
|  | 2 | Deputy collectors. | 1,000 00 |
|  | 2 | Inspectors ...... | 73000 |
|  | 1 | ------ do | 50000 |
|  | 1 | --.-. - do | 41000 |
|  | 1 | -----do | 30000 |
|  | 4 | Clerks | 73000 |
|  | 1 | --- do. | 60000 |
|  | 1 | .... do. - | 55000 |
|  | 4 | Aids to the revenue | 48800 |
|  | 2 | --.---do. | 12200 |
|  | 2 | Night watch | 36600 |
|  | 3 | -....- do...- | 36500 |
|  | 1 | Revenue boatman | 30000 |
| Niagara .---.-.------- | 1 | Collector ... | 1,42176 |
|  | 1 | Deputy collector | 90000 |
|  | 1 | ----.- do | 68656 |
|  | 1 | Clerk | 73000 |
|  | 1 | Deputy collector and inspecto | 73000 |
|  | 1 | -..-.-.do---...---- - do | 46000 |
|  | 1 | -.--. - do.-.-. .-. - - do | 40000 |
|  | 1 | Inspector. | 73000 |
|  | 1 | -----do.. | 42200 |
|  | 1 | Aid to the revenue | 73000 |
|  | 1 | ------do.-....- | 53800 |
|  | 1 | Deputy collector and aid to | 73000 |
|  | 1 | -----do.----------- - do.- | 12200 |
|  | 1 | Deputy collector. | 36500 |
|  | 1 | ----- do. | 35500 |
|  | 1 | ---.--do. | 33500 |
|  | 1 | --- - do. | 24500 |
|  | 1 | ----do. | 9000 |
|  | 1 | ---..do. | 7000 |
|  | 1 | Night watch. | 36500 |
|  | 2 | Watchmen | 54750 |
| Buffalo creek.........-- | 1 | Collector. | 1,954 23 |
|  | 1 | Deputy collector.-........ | 1,000 00 |

## STATEMENT-Continued.

| Districts. |  | Occupation. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Compensation } \\ & \text { to each per- } \\ & \text { son. } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Buffalo creek-Cont'd. | 1 | Deputy collector. | \$900 00 |
|  | 1 | ----- - do........ | 54000 |
|  | 1 | .-do. | 73000 |
|  | 1 | Inspector | 35689 |
|  | 1 | ......do. | 90000 |
|  | 1 | do. | 60000 |
|  | 1 | -.....-do. | 73500 |
|  | 1 | -..... do. | 64200 |
|  | 1 | Aid to the revenue | 50000 |
|  | 1 | --...- - do. | 41617 |
|  | 2 | Clerks.- | 91200 |
|  | 5 | Night watch. | 69500 |
|  | 1 | Boatman.-.- | 17500 |
| Oswegatchie..-.-.-.-.- | 1 | Collector. | 1,460 10 |
|  | 1 | Inspector. | 73000 |
|  | 1 | Watchman of the revenue | 73000 |
|  | 1 | Aid to the revenue.. | 90000 |
|  | 1 | Deputy collector.-.- | 90000 |
|  | 1 | -....-do.-.-. - | 50000 |
|  | 1 | -. -- - -do. | 45000 |
|  | 2 | ----- do. | 46375 |
|  | 1 | -----do... | 40000 |
|  | 1 | Travelling collector. | 82200 |
|  | 1 | Night watchman..-. | 24000 |
| Sag Harbor----.---.-- | 1 | Collector.-.-. - . | 65205 |
|  | 1 | Inspector. | 9300 |
|  | 1 | -...-. do. | 6600 |
|  | 1 | .......do.-. | 3300 |
| New York.----.------ | 1 | Collector.. | 6,34000 |
|  | 7 | Deputy collectors. | 2,500 00 |
|  | 1 | Auditor-.-- ---- | 4,000 00 |
|  | 1 | Assistant auditor | 3,000 00 |
|  | 1 | Cashier. $\qquad$ Assistant cashier | 3,000 2,500 |
|  | 1 | Clerk | 1,800 00 |
|  | 25 | ..do... | 1,500 00 |
|  | 10 | --do.- | 1,400 00 |
|  | 4 | --do.- | 1,300 00 |
|  | 11 | - do.. | 1,200 00 |
|  | 81 | --do. | 1,100 00 |
|  | 23 4 | -.do.....-- - - - - | $\begin{array}{r}1,000 \\ 900 \\ \hline 00\end{array}$ |
|  | 1 | -.do.- | 75000 |
|  | 1 | --do. | 70000 |
|  | 3 | --do. | 60000 |
|  | 1 | Keeper of the custom-house | 1,000 00 |
|  | 6 | Watchmen.--- | 54750 |
|  | 1 | -.-..-do. | 15600 |
|  | 1 | Fireman. | 54750 |
|  | 7 | Porters.- | 48000 |
|  | 7 | Messengers. | 65000 |
|  | 1 | ------do. | 60000 |
|  | 2 | .-...--do. | 40000 |
|  | 1 | -do | 30000 |

REPORT ON THE FINANCES.
STATEMENT-Continued.

| Districts. |  | Occupation. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Compensation } \\ & \text { to each per- } \\ & \text { son. } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Naval Office. |  |
| New York-Continued. | 1 | Naval officer. | \$4,950 00 |
|  | 3 | Deputy naval officers | 2,000 00 |
|  | 2 | Clerks.- | 1,500 00 |
|  | 7 | --do.- | 1,400 00 |
|  | 3 | --do. | 1,200 00 |
|  | 5 | - .do. | 1,050 00 |
|  | 24 | --do.- | 1,000 00 |
|  | 6 | --do.. | 90000 |
|  | 2 | --do.- | 80000 |
|  | 3 | --do.- | 40000 |
|  | 2 | Porters. | 50000 |
|  |  | Surveyor's Office. |  |
|  | 1 |  | 4,763 62 |
|  | 2 | Deputy surveyors | 2,000 00 |
|  | 1 | Clerk. | 1,200 00 |
|  | 4 | --do. | 1, 10000 |
|  | 5 | --do. | 1,000 00 |
|  | 1 | -. do.- | 70000 |
|  | 1 | --do. | 87900 |
|  | 1 | Messenger | 65000 |
|  | 1 |  | 48000 |
|  |  | Appraisements. |  |

2,500 00
2,500 00
2,000 00
2,000 00
1,500 00
1,500 00
1,300 00
1,200 00
1,150 00
1,000 00
80000
60000
1,40000
1,300 00
1, 10000
1,000 00
80000
2,000 00
65000
65000
65000
65000
65000
80600
65000
78000
67500
65000
62400
52000

STATEMENT-Continued.


STATEMENT-Continued.


STATEMENT-Continued.


## STATEMENT-Continued.

| Districts. |  | Occupation, | Compensation to each person. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Baltimore-Continued. | 1 | Storekeeper. | \$900 00 |
|  | 1 | .----do.... | 62600 |
|  | 2 | Clerks in stores | 1,000 00 |
|  | 4 | Porters in stores | 54750 |
|  | 1 | Appraiser general | 2,500 00 |
|  | 2 | Appraisers .-- | 2,500 00 |
|  | 1 | Clerk to appraiser | 1,400 00 |
|  | 1 | ---- - do.----- | 1,200 00 |
|  | 2 | --do_ | 1,000 00 |
|  | 1 |  | 54750 |
|  | 1 |  | 1,000 00 |
|  | 1 | Keeper at Lazaretto. | 15000 |
|  | 1 | Naval officer-...... | 5,000 00 |
|  | 1 | Deputy naval officer | 2,000 00 |
|  | 1 | Clerk to naval officer | 1,200 00 |
|  | 2 | ----do.---- | 1,100 00 |
|  | 1 | Messenger to naval officer | - 60000 |
|  | 1 | Surveyor .-.-- | 4,500 00 |
|  | 1 | Clerk to surveyor | 1,500 00 |
| Annapolis .--.------- | 1 | Collector | 32974 |
|  | 1 |  | 29161 |
|  | 1 | -----do. | 20740 |
|  | 1 | -...-do. | 15250 |
| Oxford | 1 | Collector | 41722 |
| Vienna | 1 | --- - do. | 67762 |
|  | 1 | Deputy collector | 36500 |
| Town Creek | 1 |  | 18157 |
| Harre De Grace...-..- | 1 | -----do. | 18211 |
| Georgetown, D. C...-- | 1 | Collector .-.- | 1,51100 |
|  | 1 | Deputy collector and inspector.--.-.-.---- | 82100 |
|  | 1 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 80000 \\ & 20000 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | 1 |  | 8543 |
| Richmond, Va........- | 1 | Collector --.--. | 3,400 00 |
|  | 2 | Deputy collectors, inspectors, and weighers- | 1,095 00 |
|  | 2 | Inspectors, weighers, and measurers......- | 1,095 00 |
|  | 1 | Gauger--...-. | 21700 |
| Norfolk and Portsm'th- | 1 | Collector | 3,400 00 |
|  | 1 | Clerk | 1,500 00 |
|  | 1 | --do---- | 90000 |
|  | 1 | Naval officer | 97700 |
|  | 1 | Clerk . | 73000 |
|  | 1 | Surveyor ------- | 72000 |
|  | 1 | Weigher and gauger | 1,500 00 |
|  | 1 | Measurer | 73686 |
|  | 3 | Inspectors .-. --. | 1,095 00 |
|  | 1 | Watchman and porter | 54750 |
|  | 1 | Cockswain... | 36000 |
|  | 2 | Boatmen --....--- | 19200 |
|  | 1 | Surveyor at Suffolk .-. | 25000 |
|  | 1 | ------do. at Hampton - | 25000 |
| Tappahannock ---...-- | - 1 | Collector .-.-.-.-...- | 37359 |
|  | 1 | Deputy collector. | 30000 |
|  | 1 | Surveyor .-. -- | 26900 |
|  | 1 | -----do. | 26860 |
|  | 1 | ------do. | 25550 |

STATEMENT-Continued.

| Districts. |  | Occupation. | Compensation to each person. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Tappahannock-Con'd. | 1 |  | \$189 00 |
|  | 1 | ---- -do. | 15590 |
| Cherrystone ...... .-..- | 1 | Collector | 32381 |
|  | 1 | Survejor | 37175 |
| Yorktown-...........- | 1 | Collector | 50000 |
|  | 1 |  | 30000 |
|  | 1 |  | 12000 |
| Petersburg -.-.------ | 1 |  | 98856 |
|  | 2 |  | 1,095 00 |
|  | 1 | Weigher, gauger, and measurer........---- | 1,500 00 |
|  | 1 | Surveyor of Richmond and Petersburg districts $\qquad$ | 50000 |
|  | 1 | Deputy cullector | 73000 |
|  | 1 |  | 6200 |
| Alexandria ..-----..- | 1 |  | 56871 |
|  | 1 | Deputy collector and inspector ............. | 1,095 00 |
|  | 2 |  | 1,095 00 |
|  | 1 | Weigher and measurer | 1,302 96 |
|  | 1 | Gauger - | 480 |
|  | 1 | Surveyor | 46192 |
|  | 1 | Boatman | 36000 |
| Wheeling | 1 | Surveyor | 80084 |
| Yeocomico -.-.......-- | 1 | ---do... | 22000 |
| Camden, N. C-...---- | 1 | Collector | 75002 |
|  | 1 |  | 23312 |
|  | 1 | ---do.--- | 4146 |
|  | 2 | Appraisers | 1500 |
| Edenton ------------ | 1 | Collector --....-.--- | 34183 |
|  | 1 | Temporary inspector | 7395 |
| Plymouth .-.--------- | 1 | Collector | 59793 |
|  | 1 |  | 15000 |
|  | 1 | Temporary inspector, gauger, weigher, and measurer $\qquad$ | 12260 |
| Washington -...------ | 1 | Collector .-... | 61215 |
|  | 1 | Temporary inspector | 7310 |
| Newbern .-..-------- | 1 |  | 1,19591 |
|  | 1 | Inspector, gauger, weigher, and measurer-- | 1,94065 |
| Ocracoke .-.-.-......-- | 1 | Collector | 1,000 00 |
|  | 1 | Deputy collector and inspector.-.--------- | 36000 |
|  | 1 | Temporary inspector | 8000 |
|  | 2 | Boatmen --- | 24000 |
|  | 2 |  | 18000 |
| Beaufort .-....- - .-. - - - | 1 |  | 25000 |
|  | 1 | Inspector, weigher, gauger, and measurer.- | 1, 03308 |
| Wilmington .-.-.....- | 1 | Collector-- | 1, 14753 |
|  | 1 | Naval officer | 66675 |
|  | 1 | Suryeyor .---------- | 56219 |
|  | 1 | Surveyor at Jacksonville | 25000 |
|  | 1 | Inspector, deputy collector, and clerk | 85000 |
|  | 1 | Boarding officer | 48000 |
|  | 4 | Boatmen -.....-.-.-.-.-- | 24000 |
|  | 3 1 | Inspectors and measurers | 27470 |
|  | 1 | Messenger and porter | 22500 |
| Charleston, S. C......- | 1 | Collector -... | 6,092 90 |
|  | 1 | Naval officer. | 3,788 88 |
|  | 1 | Assistant naval officer. | 1,000 00 |

## STATEMENT-Continued.

| Districts. |  | Occupation. | Compensation to each per son. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Charleston,S.C. Con'd | 1 | Surveyor | \$3,139 00 |
|  | 1 | Deputy collecto | 1,500 00 |
|  | 1 | Collector's clerk | 1,400 00 |
|  | 1 | Clerk | 1,300 00 |
|  | 1 | -- do. | 1,000 00 |
|  | 1 | --do. | 90000 |
|  | 2 | Appraisers. | 1,500 00 |
|  | 1 | Weigher | 1,500 00 |
|  | 1 | Gauger | 1,500 OC |
|  | 1 | Measurer | 1,500 00 |
|  | 28 | Inspectors | 1,095 00 |
|  | 6 | Boatmen | 54000 |
|  | 1 | Messenger | 54700 |
|  | 1 | Porter .- | 24000 |
|  | 1 | --.do. | 21600 |
| Georgetown . . . . . - . . - | 1 | Collector | - 25000 |
|  | 1 | Deputy collector | 12500 |
| Beaufort | 1 | Collector | 36563 |
| Savannah, Ga.....---- | 1 | -..do........... | 2, 13525 |
|  | 1 | Depaty collector | 1,500 00 |
|  | 1 | Naval officer. | 82099 |
|  | 1 | Surveyor | 72393 |
|  | 1 | Clerk. | 1,100 00 |
|  | 1 | --do.-.- | 80000 |
|  | 2 | Appraisers. | 1,500 00 |
|  | 1 | Appraiser's porter | 36000 |
|  | 1 | Weigher and gauger | 1,500 00 |
|  | 10 | Inspectors . | 1,095 00 |
|  | 1 | Storekeeper. | 80000 |
|  | 1 | Porter -. - <br> Boatmen | 600 36000 |
| St. Mary's.-....-.-.-. - | 1 | Coilector | 69923 |
|  | 1 | Inspector. | 12500 |
|  | 1 | Boatman | 9000 |
| Brunswick......---...- | 1 | Collector | 42280 |
|  | 1 | Inspector. | 24800 |
| Augusta------------- | 1 | Surveyor . | 35000 |
| Pensacola, Fla. ...--- | 1 | Collector | 1,63200 |
|  | 1 | Inspector.-.-.-...-- | 1,095 00 |
|  | 1 | Surveyor at St. Andrew's bay | 30000 |
|  | 2 | Boatmen | 30000 |
| St. Augustine.----.--- | 1 | Collector | 52800 |
|  | 1 | Deputy collector and inspector | 73000 |
|  | 1 | Inspector. | 55000 |
| Key West ............-- | 1 | Collector --... | 1,625 35 |
|  | 1 | Deputy collector | 73500 |
|  | 1 | Inspector------.-- | 1,095 00 |
|  | 1 | Inspector at Indian Key | 50000 |
|  | 1 | Temporary inspector --.--. | 31500 |
|  | 1 | Temporary inspector and nigh | 8700 |
| St. Mark's.....-.-.....- | 1 | Collector -.-.-.-.-.-.-.-.... | 1,288 27 |
|  | 2 | Deputy collectors and inspect | 1,095 00 |
|  | 1 | ------ do.------.----. - do. | 50000 |
|  | 4 | Boatmen | 30000 |
|  | 2 | ----do..- | 24000 |
| St. John's...--------- | 1 | Collector | 50000 |
|  | 2 | Inspectors .-.-- | 72000 |

## STATEMENT—Continued.

| Districts. |  | Occupation. | Compensation to each person. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Apalachicola. | 1 | Collector | \$1,200 00 |
|  | 1 | Inspector. | 1,095 00 |
|  | 1 | Weigher and gauger | 81900 |
|  | 1 | Light-keeper-.....- | 1,500 500 |
|  | 1 | --.-do...- | 45000 |
|  | 2 | Assistant keepers. | 36000 |
| Fernandina | 1 |  | 1,330 00 |
|  | 1 | Deputy collector, inspector, measurer, weigher, and gauger $\qquad$ | 1, 00000 |
| Bayport | 1 |  | 35000 |
| Pilatka | 1 | ---.do.......- | 35000 |
| Mobile, Ala | 1 | Collector --.- | 6,205 00 |
|  | 1 | Deputy collector and inspecto | 1,500 00 |
|  | 1 | Clerk and inspector | 1,500 00 |
|  | 2 | Measurers and weighers | 1,500 00 |
|  | 17 | Inspectors ---- | 1,095 00 |
|  | 1 | Examiner in aid of revenue | 93900 |
|  | 1 | Revenue boat-keeper. | 48000 |
|  | 1 | Surveyor --...- | 35000 |
| Tuscumbia | 1 | --do.. | 35000 |
| Pearl river, M |  | No returns |  |
| Natchez... | 1 | Collector -- | 50000 |
| Vicksburg |  | No returns |  |
| New Orleans. | 1 | Collector |  |
|  | 2 | Deputy collectors. | 2,500 00 |
|  | 1 | Auditor and general bookkeepe | 2, 20833 |
|  | 1 | Cashier | 1,800 00 |
|  | 1 | Assistant cashier | 1,400 00 |
|  | 1 | Warehouse bookkeeper | 1,800 00 |
|  | 1 | Corresponding clerk.. | 1,500 00 |
|  | 1 | Commercial abstract clerk | 1,500 00 |
|  | 1 | General storekeeper | 1,500 00 |
|  | 1 | Export and clearance clerk | 1,500 00 |
|  | 4 | Calculators---- | 1,400 00 |
|  | $1$ | Extension clerk | 1,400 00 |
|  | 1 | Register clerk | 1, 1,40000 |
|  | 1 | Warehouse bookkeeper | 1,400 00 |
|  | 2 | Storekeepers.-- | 1,200 00 |
|  | 2 | Entry clerks. | 1,200 00 |
|  | ${ }_{1}^{2}$ | Permit clerks----.--- | 1,100 00 |
|  | 1 | Manifest clerk | 1,000 00 |
|  | 1 | Assistant general bookkeeper | 1,000 00 |
|  | 1 | Assistant general storekeeper. | 1,095 00 |
|  | 1 | Superintendent of public warehouses | 1,095 00 |
|  | 1 | General bond clerk. | 1,150 00 |
|  | 1 | Warehouse recording clerk | 1, 10000 |
|  | 2 | Messenger- | 73000 |
|  | 8 | Laborers | 660 |
|  | 1 | Naval officer | 5, 00000 |
|  | 1 | Deputy naval offic | 2,00000 |
|  | 1 | Bookkeeper. | 1,400 00 |

STATEMENT-Continued.

| Districts. |  | Occupation. | Amount. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| New Orleans-Cont'd. | 1 | Warehouse clerk. | \$1,200 00 |
|  | 1 | Manifest clerk. | 90000 |
|  | 2 | Calculators. | 1,200 00 |
|  | 1 | Impost clerk. | 1, 20000 |
|  | 1 | Assistant warehouse clerk | 90000 |
|  | 1 | Surveyor.-- | 4,900 00 |
|  | 2 | Deputy surveyors. | 2,000 00 |
|  | 1 | Weigher. | 1,500 00 |
|  | 1 | Deputy weigher | 1,200 00 |
|  | 1 | Measurer. | 1,500 00 |
|  | 1 | Deputy measurer | 1,200 00 |
|  | 3 | Gaugers....-. - | 1,500 00 |
|  | 4 | Local surveyors | 25000 |
|  | 65 | Day inspectors. | 1,095 00 |
|  | 10 | Night inspectors. | 1,095 00 |
|  | 10 | Aids, river service. | 1,095 00 |
|  | 10 | Temporary aids... | 1,095 00 |
|  | 8 | Aids-.--....... | 73000 |
|  | 1 | Laborer. | 30000 |
|  | 4 | Boatmen and mossengers. | 72000 |
|  | 4 | Boatmen, day and night ser | 73000 |
|  | 12 | Boatmen. | 547.00 |
|  | 2 | Watchmen | 73000 |
|  | 5 | Laborers, weighers, and mea | 60000 |
|  | 1 | Appraiser general. | 2,500 00 |
|  | 2 | Appraisers. | 2,500 00 |
|  | 1 | Assistant appraiser | 2,000 00 |
|  | 5 | Examiners | 1,400 00 |
|  | 1 | Clerk. | 1,200 00 |
|  | 2 | Clerks.... | 1,09500 90000 |
|  | 1 | Messenger to appraiser gen | 72000 |
|  | 10 | Packers and laborers. | 60000 |
|  | 1 | Examiner of drugs. | 1,000 00 |
| Teche...-.-....-.-.-.--- | 1 | Collector. | 1,24132 |
|  | 1 | Deputy collector and inspecto | 63600 |
| Shreveport..-... - .-. - |  | No returns |  |
| Texas, Tex....-.-.---- | 1 | Collector. | 1,750 00 |
|  | 3 | Deputy collectors. | 1,000 00 |
|  | 2 | Inspectors. | 1,095 00 |
|  | 1 | Weigher acting as surveyor | 1,200 00 |
|  | 1 | Surveyor at Velasco. | 1,000 00 |
|  | 1 | General clerk. | 1,000 00 |
|  | 1 | Porter-- | 42000 |
| Saluria. | 1 | Collector | 1,250 00 |
|  | 2 | Surveyors. | 60000 |
|  | 2 | Surveyors. | 50000 |
|  | 1 | Deputy collector | 75000 |
|  | 1 | --.do. | 1,095 00 |
|  | 2 | ---do. | 1,000 00 |
|  | 1 | Mounted inspector | 73000 |
| Brazos.... .-....-.---- | 1 | Collector--.---- | 1,750 00 |
|  | 9 | Deputy collectors | 1,000 00 |
|  | 4 | Inspectors.-.----- .----- | 80000 |
|  | 13 | Monnted inspectors, discontin | (All) 1, 19600 |
|  | 1 | Storekeeper. | 80000 |
|  | 2 | Clerks. | 1,000 00 |
|  | 2 | Clerks... | 80000 |

STATEMENT-Continued.

| Districts. |  | Occupation. | Amount. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Brazos-Continued...- | 1 | Boatman. . | \$600 00 |
|  | 1 | Messenger. | 42000 |
|  | 1 | Night watchman. | 54200 |
| Paso del Norte. |  | No returns... |  |
| Nashville, Tenn. | 1 | Surveyor.-. | 73666 |
| Memphis.. | 1 | -..-do.- | 30000 |
| Knoxville. | 1 | ---do. | 35000 |
| Chattanooga. | 1 | --. -do. | 35000 |
| Louisville, Ky | 1 | --. do. |  |
| Paducah .-....------ | 1 | ---do. | 67700 |
| Hickman. | 1 | --. -do. |  |
| Columbus .-.-.-..-.- | 1 | ----do. | 35000 |
| Cincinnati, Ohio-...-- | 1 | - --do. | 3,400 00 |
|  | 1 | Clerk. | 1,200 00 |
|  | 1 | Clerk. | 1, 00000 |
|  | 1 | Warehouse clerk | 60000 |
| Miami.-.-.-.-.-.-. --- | 1 | Collector. | 1,618 42 |
|  | 1 | Deputy collector and inspecto | 1,000 00 |
|  | 1 | Inspector.......... | 80000 |
| Sandusky...-.......--- | 1 | Collector. | 1,67189 |
|  | 1 | Deputy collector | 80000 |
|  | 1 | --- do. | 30000 |
|  | 3 | --. -do.. | 20000 |
|  | 1 | Clerk | 36500 |
| Cuyahoga, Ohio......- | 1 | Collector. | 2, 01840 |
|  | 1 | Deputy collector | 1,000 00 |
|  | 1 | Inspector. | 80000 |
|  | 1 | ----do... | 60000 |
|  | 4 | ---do. | 24000 |
|  | 1 | Clerk | 60000 |
| Detroit, Michigan .-.- | 1 | Collector. | 1,618 42 |
|  | 1 | Deputy collector | 1,000 00 |
|  | 1 | --- -do...-..... | 73000 |
|  | 2 | ---. -do. | 48000 |
|  | 1 | -...do. | 36000 |
|  | 4 | --. .do. | 24000 |
|  | 1 | .-. -do. | 18000 |
|  | 1 | -...do. | 15000 |
|  | 1 | --.-do. | 12000 |
|  | 1 | Weigher and gauger | 1,095 00 |
|  | 1 | Clerk and inspector- | 1,095 00 |
|  | 2 | ---do. | 60000 |
|  | 2 | --..do. | 48000 |
|  | 8 | Inspectors. | 36000 |
|  | 5 | --- do.... | 24000 |
| Michilimackinac.....-- | 1 | Collector. | 83595 |
|  | 1 | Deputy collector | 50000 |
|  | 3 | --. - do. | 40000 |
|  | 1 | --. - ${ }^{\text {do. }}$ | 30000 |
|  | 2 | ---.do. | 25000 |
|  | 1 | --.-do. | 20000 |
|  | 1 | -... do... | 15000 |
| Evansville, Ind......-- | 1 | Surveyor. | 35000 |
| New Albany ....-.--- | 1 | -...do. | 49500 |
| Jeffersonville.........- | 1 | .....do. | 35000 |
| Chicago, Illinois....... | 1 | Collector.... | 1,600 00 |
|  | 1 | Deputy collector | 1,000 00 |
|  | 1 | -...-do...-...... | 70000 |

## STATEMENT-Continued.

| Districts. |  | Occupation. | Amount. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Chicago-Continued .- | 1 | Deputy collector. | \$360 00 |
|  | 2 | Clerks | 80000 |
|  | 1 | Inspector. | 73600 |
|  | 1 | ---.do... | 64400 |
|  | 1 | -.-. do. | 63800 |
|  | 1 | .-..do. | 56500 |
|  | 2 | ....do. | 55200 |
|  | 2 | -...do.- | 55000 |
|  | 1 | -..-do.. | 46800 |
|  | 1 | -...do. | 43500 |
| Alton. | 1 | Collector | 35000 |
| Galena | 1 | Surveyor | 53984 |
| Quincy-.-.-.-.-.---- | 1 | ----do..- | $3 \times 510$ |
| Cairo .....-.-.-. --. - | 1 | -..-do. | 80000 |
| Peoria | 1 | ...- do. | 36625 |
| Saint Louis, Mo.------ | 1 | Collector | 3,000 00 |
|  | 1 | Clerk | 1,500 00 |
|  | 1 | ----do. | 1,200 00 |
|  | 1 | --.-do.-- | 1,000 00 |
| Hannibal. |  | No returns. |  |
| Milwaukie, Wis ......- | 1 | Collector | 1,250 00 |
|  | 1 | Deputy collector | 1,000 00 |
|  | 3 | Inspectors. | 72000 |
|  | 3 | --- -do...- | 48000 |
| Burlington, Iowa...-- | 1 | Surveyor | 43500 |
| Keokuk ......------- | 1 | ---do-.- | 71670 |
| Dubuque --...--- - . - |  | No returns |  |
| Minnesota, Minn. -..- |  | -.-. do.- | . |
| Oregon, O. T.-......- |  | --.-do... |  |
|  | 1 | Collector | 3,000 00 |
|  | 1 | Deputy collector and inspecto | 1,500 00 |
|  | 1 | Inspector. | 1,000 00 |
|  | 1 | Survejor | 1,000 00 |
| Cape Perpetua...----- | 1 | Collector | 2,000 00 |
|  | 1 | Boatman | 72000 |
| Port Orford, O. T.-..- | 1 | Collector .-....- | $2,00000$ |
|  | 1 | Deputy collector | 1,000 00 |
| San Francisco, Cal....- | 1 | Collector --.... | 10,000 00 |
|  | 1 | Deputy surveyor | 4,000 00 |
|  | 1 | .-.do-- | 3,600 00 |
|  | 1 | Auditor | 3, 80000 |
|  | 1 | Crashier | 3,000 00 |
|  | 4 | Clerks | 3, 00000 |
|  | 8 | ----do. | 2,80000 |
|  | 2 | --do... | 2,500 00 |
|  | 4 | Messengers -..... | 1,440 00 |
|  | 1 | Waptain of watch. | $\begin{array}{ll} 1,825 & 00 \\ 1,440 & 00 \end{array}$ |
|  | 1 | Appraiser general | 6,000 00 |
|  | 2 | Appraisers.- | 6,000 00 |
|  | 1 | Assistant appraiser | 3,500 00 |
|  | 3 | Ex\&miners--.--------. | 3, 00000 |
|  | 1 | Specia! examiner of drugs | 2,000 00 |
|  | 3 | Clerks . | 2,160 00 |
|  | 1 | Watchman and superintenden | 2,160 00 |
|  | 1 | Samplir of liquors... | 1,800 00 |
|  | 1 |  | 1,560 00 |

STATEMENT—Continued.

| Districts. |  | Occupation. | Compensation to each per son. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| San Francisco-Cont'd_ | 6 | Laborers .- | \$1,440 00 |
|  | 1 | Superintendent of warehouses. | 3,600 00 |
|  | 1 | Clerk ....-............... | 3,000 00 |
|  | 3 | -..-do. | 2,800 00 |
|  | 1 | -...do- | 2,190 00 |
|  | 4 | Storekeepers. | 2,190 00 |
|  | 1 | Messenger -- | 1,440 00 |
|  | 3 | Watchmen | 1,440 00 |
|  | 8 | Laborers | 1,200 00 |
|  | 1 | Naval officer. | 8,000 00 |
|  | 1 | Clerk | 3,600 00 |
|  | 1 | Cashier | 3,600 00 |
|  | 1 | Clerk | 3,300 00 |
|  | 1 | ----do. | 3,000 00 |
|  | 2 | Clerks --...-.-...-.-- | 2,400 00 |
|  | 1 | Messenger and porter. | 1,560 00 |
|  | 1 | Surveyor .-. | 7,000 00 |
|  | 1 | Deputy surveyo | 4,000 00 |
|  | 1 | Messenger | 1,800 00 |
|  | 1 | Weigher and measurer | 3, 00000 |
|  | 1 | ----do.-------- - ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 2,500 00 |
|  | 1 | Gauger | 3,000 00 |
|  | 1 | --..do... | 2,500 00 |
|  | 8 | Laborers | 1,200 00 |
|  | 2 28 | Inspectors | 2,190 00 |
|  | 28 | Boarding officer | 1,825 2,190 00 |
|  | 4 | Bargemen. .-. | 1,200 00 |
| Sonoma ------.......- | 1 | Collector | 3,112 95 |
|  | 1 | Weigher | 30356 |
|  | 1 | -....do. | 21165 |
|  | 1 | Temporary inspector | 16200 |
|  | 1 | ---.do. | 13200 |
| San Joaquin. ------.- | 1 | Collector | 3,199 45 |
| Sacramento | 1 | --..do. | 3,396 83 |
| San Diego | 1 | ----do- | 3, 00000 |
|  | 1 | Inspector. | 9600 |
| Monterey.---.-.------ | 1 | Collector | 3,04750 |
|  | 1 | Inspector | 2,190 00 |
|  | 1 | --.-do... | 1,825 00 |
| San Pedro .-.-.-. -- -- | 1 |  | 3,097 91 |

Treasury Diparminant, Regisete's Office, Nooember 22, 1858.
F. BIGGER, Register.

No. 12.
Bufpalo, October 25, 1858.
In accordance with custorn established, the board of supervising inspectors, now assembled in this city at their annual meeting, take pleasure in submitting to you their proceedings and the proceedings of the several boards of local inspectors during the year terminating September 30, 1858.

In our last annual report we were much gratified in being able to show conclusively that the operation of the steamboat law of August 30, 1852, had been such as to lead inevitably to the conclusion that under its operation the loss of life ard property had been regularly diminishing on board passenger steam vessels.

We regret that our report at this time does not show a continued decrease ; but upon examination it will be found that several of the most serious disasters are of an unprecedented character, and that many of those by fire have had their origin in incendiarism or gross carelessness on the part of thase on board, and not from any necessary risk incurred by their peculiar construction or arrangement.

The frequency of fires on board of steam vessels has heretofore and does still command our most serious and earnest attention. We have sought, by more rigid and stringent regulations in regard to fire pumps, life boats and life preservers, and other provisions, not only to guard against so frequent occurrence of fires, but also to provide more ready and accessible means of escape.

From various causes, however, these have not secured the object to the extent we had desired and hoped.
This has led us at our present meeting to re-examine the matter, with a view, if possible, to devise some more efficient mode of accomplishing this object.

But we are satisfied that so long as the upper works and cabins of our steamers are constructed of the light and combustible material which by necessity is used, so long our efforts in this direction must have a two-fold object in view:

1st. To provide such means and appliances for extinguishing fires as can be readily brought into use at the first alarm; as, with such inflammable materials, to lose a moment's time at the very commencement of the fire is, in most cases, to permit it to obtain such progress as to place it entirely beyond control.

2 d . To discover, if possible, some available substance which may be readily applied to this light and inflammable material, and which shall materially retard the progress of the flames, and thus time be secured in which to obtain control of the fire; or, if advanced beyond control, more time than can possibly be now secured given to the passengers and crew to leave the vessel by life-boats and other means provided, and thus guarding in a measure against that complete and general consternation and dismay which usually destroys all discipline and self-control, and leads to such fearful loss of life.

At the meeting of this board in St. Louis, in 1856, this subject of loss of life and property by fire claimed and received their anxious
and patient attention, with a view of suggesting some mode by which greater security from fire might be obtained by means of some preparation of, or applicable to, the wood work which should retard the rapid progress of the flames.

The committee to which the matter was referred reported that there was no mode within their knowledge which promised to secure the desired result.

Since that time, however, extensive experiments have been tried by direction of the British government, and results attained which hold out the hope that a discovery has been made of a ready and inexpensive application which, to a degree, at least, will accomplish the object.

The official report made by the officers to whom the experiments were intrusted closes by stating: "We beg leave to give it as our opinion that the efficiency of the protective agent in question has been sufficiently tested to obviate the necessity of further trials upon a large scale, and submit, in conclusion, that while extensive employment of light wooden buildings for huts and temporary workshops renders the application of some protecting material to the interior of these, at any rate, a matter of great importance, it is of equal consequence that such an agent, if adopted for use in the service, should be easy of application and inexpensive, and that its employment should be as completely under the control of government as that of any ordinary coating material."

That these officers deemed the application in question to meet these conditions is evident from a previous portion of the same report, where they state: "This substance may be obtained in any quantity, at a very reasonable rate, and the method of applying it is so simple that the wood may be properly prepared with it by ordinary workmen."

With this evidence before us of the value of the material (silicate of soda) for the purpose, it becomes very desirable that some further experiments and tests be made to determine its applicability and efficiency when used upon the light wood work of steamers, and we would respectfully suggest to the honorable Secretary of the Treasury the propriety of authorizing the necessary experiments for this purpose.

Accidents by collision are still frequent, but they rarely occur between passenger steamers inspected under the law, as the system of lights now in use under the direction of the inspectors, and the regulations established by this board for the government of pilots and for steamers meeting and passing each other, are such as that collisions can scarcely occur under any circumstances. But collisions with steamers not under the law, and with sailing vessels, do often take place, and will continue to be of frequent occurrence so long as these steamers and sailing vessels are not compelled by law to take the necessary precautions by carrying lights, and by other means to avoid them.

In reference to the rules for the government of pilots, and the regulations for steamers meeting and passing each other, revised and issued by the board at its last annual meeting, we have pleasure in being able to state that they have met not only with very general approbation and approval, but they are considered by pilots and others inter-
ested as far superior to all others which have ever yet been devised; and many express themselves so strongly as to assert that, with these regulations in force, no collision between passenger steamers can occur without either carelessness or recklessness on the part of the officers of one or both vessels.
By the reports made of several accidents by fire, it is shown that in most cases such is the consternation and lack of discipline that the life and other boats provided for the escape of those on board are either swamped by the hasty and careless manner in which they are lowered into the water, or they are crushed and rendered useless by being thrown overboard ; so that it sometimes occurs that, out of the whole number provided, not more than one or two are available for the purpose of saving life.

This subject has received our attention during our present session, and we are fully satisfied that until some better mode of carrying the boats, and of lowering them into the water quickly and safely, is devised, the sacrifice of life from this cause will continue.

A mode of carrying and lowering boats has been introduced in England which has been thoroughly tested, and it has been proved that with this arrangement the boats can be lowered with great rapidity and with entire safety, even though the steamer or vessel be at full speed.

This has been so thoroughly established that it is required that all vessels carrying emigrants, or employed as transport vessels, shall have one or more of these boats fitted on this plan. Many vessels of the British navy, also, have one or more of these boats so fitted.

We are of the opinion that in order to be availed of the life-boats provided by law, in an emergency which may render their use necessary, it is highly important that some method of lowering boats with rapidity and safety, under all circumstances, should be introduced, and one, at least, of the life buats of steamers be fitted in accordance therewith.

But as no such method has yet been introduced in this country, and this board has no authority to test the safety or usefulness of any method proposed, and would be entirely unauthorized is compelling the use of any method necessarily involving expense to the owners, and which might be in any degree considered experimental, we conceive that in order to effect this object the first step necessary thereto would be such experimental trials as wotld test, thoroughly, all methods proposen, that the best might be selected and by some authority or law the same be applied to at least one boat of every passenger steamer. We have no doubt that the result of such action would be the saving of many lives, not only in cases of serious accident and extensive disaster, but also in those accidents of frequent occurrence of persons being knocked or falling overboard, and where the little time lost in preparing and lowering the boat as now usually arranged is fatal to the person for whose relief it is intended.

In our annual report for 1855 we embraced the opportunity to call the attention of the honorable Secretary of the Treasury to the fact of the fraudulent stamping of boiler iron by some parties, which by the provisions of the law is made a penal offence.

The fraud there set forth is not only continued, but, as we have great reason to believe, is extended; it was there stated that the fraud was effected in three different modes; all these we have been informed are still practiced.

Efforts have been made to collect evidence of such character as would warrant a prosecution of the offending parties, but from the fact that the personal knowledge of these frauds is confined to those who are participators therein, either as manufacturers, sellers or purchasers, and the further reason that those in the trade will not make such complaint as will justify the inspectors in prosecuting, it appears quite improbable that the necessary legal evidence will be soon obtained, except by some accidental occurrence, unless some well directed efforts should be specially made for that purpose.
lt is obviously impossible that the great amount of boiler iron used for the boilers of passenger steamers should be tested in a manner to determine its quality by the inspectors; hence the importance that the trade mark should be perfectly reliable and a sufficient evidence that the iron is of the quality represented; and therefore every attempt at fraud either by manufacturers or dealers should, in our opinion, be not only reported, but, if sufficient legal testimony be obtained, prosecuted to the extent of the law.

From the reports of some of the local boards it appears that in some cares the deterioration of boilers from oxidation and other causes is so rapid that sometimes it has occurred that within six to nine months after the certificate was granted the boiler has given way at less than half the pressure which it had borne without any signs of weakness when submitted to the hydrostatic test; cases of this character are mostly confined to boilers used in part or wholly in salt water.

It therefore appears to be necessary, in some cases at least, in order to guard against accidents occurring to steam boilers from this gradual weakening, that the inspection and test should be made oftener than once a year; we have therefore at this meeting passed a resolution directing the local boards, whenever from any cause they have good reason to believe that a boiler has thus become seriously weakened since the test was applied, that they shall, in accordance with the terms of the 11th division of the 9th section of the law, re-examine and test the boiler though the twelve months may not have elapsed since the last certificate was granted.

During the past year the supervising inspector of the 4th district has visited that portion of his district on the Pacific coast and examined closely into the proceedings of the local board at San Francisco, and into the condition of passenger steamers throughout that portion of his district.

The report which he has presented to this board of the condition of passenger steamers and the general operation of the law on the Pacific coast (and which is embraced in a subsequent part of this report) has been found more satisfactory and gratifying than we had reason to expect from the many complaints which have formerly been made through newspapers and by common report; indeed, it will be seen upon examination of that report that passenger steamers on the Pacific coast have been required to comply strictly with all the provisions of
the steamboat law as rigidly as other portions of the country, and we esteem it highly creditable to the local board at San Erancisco that, isolated as they have been, and debarred the privilege of consulting and advising with other inspectors, they have been so far successful in carrying out the provisions of the law as to receive the entire and cordial approval of the supervising inspector of that district.

The annexed tabular statement presents a view of the proceedings of the several local boards, the number and tonnage of steamers to which certificates have been granted, the number of engineers and pilots licensed, the number and character of the accidents which have occurred, and most other particulars of importance connected with the operation of the law during the past year.

The number of passengers carried and the value of property lost by the various disasters which have occurred can be but approximately ascertained. We would here mention that it has frequently fallen within our observation that when serious accidents have occurred to ferry-boats, tug-boats, or freight steamers, the editors or correspondents of many of the newspapers and other journals throughout the country at once censure, indiscriminately, either the steamboat law or the inspectors under it, or both; holding them up to the public as responsible for such accidents. By so doing these parties but show their own ignorance of the very laws they thus condemn and the duties of the inspectors they thus censure, inasmuch as these steamers are expressly and wholly excluded from the operation of the law, and the inspectors have no more authority over them or to inspect them than the persons who thus ignorantly censure them for neglect of duty.

We have deemed it proper to say thus much upon this point, as inspectors have frequently been censured in this way by those who, from their position, would be expected, and should be, better acquainted with the subject ; also many, in examining the tabular statement and report here presented, may be surprised that this or that steamer to which disaster has occurred, either by fire, steam, or collision, within their own knowledge, has not been mentioned, and may, without reflection, assume that the report is not full and correct. In our own justification we desire simply to remark to such that the operation of the law and the duty of the inspectors under it are confined solely to passenger steamers, except, indeed, in certain cases, where, by special request, they may inspect a tow-boat or freight steamer.

In the following account of accidents involving loss of life is contained a more particular account of the circumstances attending the various disasters.

FIRST SUPERVISING DISTRICT.
In this district there have occurred since our last report the following accidents, involving loss of life or property.

On the 16 th March last the steamer Empire State ran ashore in a thick fog at Matinecock Point, on Long Island Sound. She struck upon rocks and foundered within a few minutes. The passengers were taken off by another steamer, which was in the immediate vicinity. No loss of life occurred to either passengers or crew. The steamer
was raised, docked, and repaired at great expense. The accident was caused by loss of reckoning in a thick fog which prevailed.

The steamship Phineas Sprague, while on her passage from Boston to Philadelphia on the night of the 10th March last, when off Holmes' Hole, came in collision with a schooner loaded with lumber. The schooner sunk immediately. No serious damage was done to the steamer. No lives lost on either steamer or schooner.

The steamship Palmetto, on the 21st March last, while on her passage from Philadelphia to Boston in a thick fog and a severe storm, ran upon Black Rock ledge, south side of Block island. In twenty minutes from striking the vessel sunk. The passengers and crew, twenty-seven in number, were saved by the boats. The accident was investigated $\mathrm{b} \dot{\mathrm{y}}$ the inspectors, and it was decided that it occurred in consequence of the thick weather and storm. The officers were exonerated, as it was deemed that they had exercised all the vigilance in their power.

In this district an engineer was detected running a steamer with his safety valve fastened down, and but one gauge-cock in the boiler; in fact, ruuning the boat in a most reckless manner. His license was at once revoked.

On the night of the 10th August last the passenger steamers Montreal and Lewiston came in collision on their passage between Boston and Portland; the former vessel was cut down to the water's edge, and was saved from foundering immediately only by a water-tight bulkhead; the latter vessel was injured but slightly. The night was very thick and stormy. After the occurrence of the accident, the Montreal was run back to Boston, accompanied by the Lewiston. An investigation was had, and resulted in suspending the pilot of the Lewiston, for running his boat, under these circumstances, at full speed, even up to the moment of the collision, when he knew that the Montreal was in the immediate vicinity, as he had more than once heard her whistle.

## SECOND SUPERVISING DISTRICT.

In this district the following accidents have occurred.
In the month of June last the steamer Joseph Belknap, while on her passage from New York to South Amboy, collapsed a flue of one of her boilers, -whereby the fireman, who was at the time throwing coal into the furnace, was so scalded that he soon died. No passenger was injured. Upon investigation by the inspectors, it was shown that the boat was running at the time under a less pressure of steam than allowed by the certificate; that there was no racing, as there was no other boat in company. The flue which collapsed was one of the lower tier, in a position where it could not be examined, and must have given way from gradual nxydation or weakening after the hydrostatic test was applied. The board decided that the accident was one that could not have been prevented by any vigilance on the part of the engineer. He was therefore exonerated from all blame.

This accident furnishes evidence of the necessity of so constructing boilers that the whole of the fire surfaces may be examined to detect
any local defects as they occur. In this case the hydrostatic test had been applied in September, 1857, and the accident occurred in June, 1858.

The steam chimney of the boiler of the steamer Norwalk, when on her passage from New York to Keyport, in the month of September last, collapsed, and, by the discharge of steam into the fire room, so badly scalded two firemen, who were in the fire-room at the time, that they expired within a few hours. The rupture in this case was in such direction that the whole of the steam was discharged into the fire-room, as the fire-door was open at the time, and one of the firemen engaged in firing up. Upon examination it was found that the line of rupture had been along a seam where, from oxydation or other cause, the thickness of the iron had become reduced to less than half its original thickness, though the steam chimney had only been in use about two years.

By the testimony given in the case it was shown that, in the month of June previous, the boiler had been submitted to hydrostatic tes: of 60 pounds per square inch without exhibiting any signs of weakness; further, that there was, at the time of the accident, a pressure of bat from 28 to 30 pounds per square inch, and an ample supply of water; the accident was attributed to the rapid weakening of the steam chimney, (boiler,) as above mentioned ; and asit was shown that the engineer was very careful and had been in no respect negligent of his duty, he was exonerated from blame.

The steamer King Philip, iu the month of July last, when running down Harlem river in a rapid tide-way, struck the sunken pier of a bridge, causing her to leak in such a manner that she filled and sunk in a few minutes; all on board, both passengers and crew, were saved by the boats ; the steamer was afterwards raised, towed to the shore and broken up.

The steamer Osceola, while laid up for the winter at the wharf in Jersey City, in the month of January last, was destroyed by fire; as she had not been running for many weeks the fire could not have caused from any neglect about the boiler or machinery, nor has the origin of the fire been satisfactorily made known.

The steam-tug Pilot, which had been inspected under the law in the month of February, while in a gale off Sandy Hook sprung a leak, and was finally beached near the Hook to prevent her from foundering; there were no passengers on board and the crew all gained the shore in safety.

The steam ferry-boat Oscar Thompson, on the night of the 25th of November last, whilst laid up at her wharf at Gloucester Point, was burned to the water's edge.

This ferry-boat had been inspected under the law; there was no person on board at the time nor could the origin of the fire be discorvered, but it was supposed to be the work of an incendiary.

THIRD SUPERVISING DISTRICT.
There has occurred in this district during the past year the following accidents:

A collision occured on the Potomac river in the night, between the steamer Powhatan and the schooner Raven, a small vessel of about fifteen tons. Upon investigation by the inspectors it was shown that the night was very dark and that no light was exhibited by the schooner. The schooner was not discovered by the pilot of the steamer until too late to avoid a collision. One man was lost from the schooner, but in what manner was never discovered, though she was made fast to the steamer immediately after the collision occurred and thoroughly searched for any persons that might be on board.

The boiler of the steamer Magnolia, on the 19th day of February, while on her passage up Cape Fear river, exploded, killing seven of the passengers and four of the crew, including the engineer.

Inquiry into the matter was made by the inspectors, which developed the following facts:

The accident occurred while at her landing, and the engineer was at the time acting as captain and directing the discharge of freight, having left the boiler in the charge of a negro fireman ; that no steam had been blown off after the boat arrived at the landing, nor had any water been supplied to the boiler; the accident was undoubtedly causel by the neglect of the engineer and gradual increase of the pressure of the steam beyond the strength of the boiler ; as already mentioned, the engineer was killed, therefore no action was required on the part of the inspectors.

On the 30th of April last the steam chimney of one of the boilers of the steamship James Adger collapsed while that vessel was on her passage from New York to Charleston; the rupture of the chimney, though small, opened in such a manner as to discharge all the steam from the boiler through the furnace doors into the fire-room, causing the death of three of the firemen, who were in the fire-room when the accident took place.

Upon investigation by the inspectors, it was shown that the boilers had been tested ten months previously to a pressure of 30 pounds to the square inch; also that, at the time of the collapse, there was a pressure of but 14 pounds per square inch. This accident, like those of the Norwalk and Joseph Belknap, in the second district, appears to have been caused by a rapid deterioration of the boilers after the hydrostatic test had been applied, and shows the necessity, in some cases at least, of applying the teest more frequently than once a year.

## FOURTH SUPERVISING DISTRICT.

In this district have occurred the following disasters:
On the 16th of October, 1857, the steamer Southern Star was destroyed by fire while lying at the wharf on the eastern shore of Mobile bay. The fire originated in the hold. Passengers and crew all saved. The cause of the fire was not discovered.

On the night of November 12, 1857, at about 12 o'clock, the steamships Opelousas and Galveston, both belonging to the same company, came in collision while on the passage between Galveston and Berwick's bay; by this accident eighteen lives were lost, and the Opelousas became a total wreck.

An investigation was had, which resulted in a decision that the accident was caused by the confusion of the men at the wheels and the want of proper discipline; the vessels, being at sea, were not under the control of the licensed pilots. All the deck officers of both ships were reported to the district attorney for prosecution; a trial was had, and the party on the trial acquitted.

The serious loss of life in this case was mainly attributable to the manner in which the life-boats were carried on board the Opelousas, viz., under the hurricane deck, so that much time was required to get them overboard. Only one boat was got overboard in time to be available for the saving of life; the other was abandoned with the sinking ship. Had these boats been properly suspended, so as to have been readily available, the loss of life would have been very much less, and not improbably all would have been saved.

The steamer Colonel Edwards was destroyed by fire at 5 o'clock in the morning of the 12 th of December last, at a point ten miles below Shreveport; by this disaster nine lives were destroyed, and the boat and cargo were a total loss.

In this case the life-boat was entirely useless, by ite being thrown off the hurricane deck and striking on the guard below, thus staving the boat, and causing her to sink immediately.

An investigation was had by the local inspectors, but the origin of the fire could not be satisfactorily ascertained.

On the night of March 1, 1858, the steamer Eliza Battles was destroyed by fire while on her passage down the Tombigbee river, near Kemp's landing ; the boat was loaded with fourteen hundred bales of cotton, and the fire originated at or near the stern, and spread with great rapidity ; the water of the river was at a very high stage and inundated the bottom lands, rendering the landing of the boat for the safety of those on board impossible; the pilot ran the boat into the woods ; the boat burned to the water's edge; the passengers and crew jumped overboard and attempted to save themselves on bales of cotton. Of the whole number of persons, twenty-nine were lost, fifteen of the passengers and fourteen of the crew ; and all perished from exposure to the severe weather during the night while hanging to trees or Bales of cotton, to which they had resorted for safety.

The life-boat was upon the hurricane deck, and, there being no convenient means of lowering it in time, was not available, and was of no service whatever in saving the lives of those on board.

This is another instance showing the necessity of carrying the boats in such manner that they may be of ready access in case of accident.

A very thorough investigation was had of this disaster by the local board of inspectors, which resulted in entirely exonerating the officers of the steamer, as they appeared to have exerted themselves in every possible manner for the safety of the passengers and crew.

On the 9th of August last, at about 8 o'clock a. m., one boiler of the steamer Virginia bursted, while lying at the wharf at the Lake end of the Jefferson and Pontchartrain railroad, raising steam on the port boiler preparatory to leaving for the day's trip.

As much interest has been felt in this unfortunate case on account of a report having become current that it had been caused by gunpowder maliciously placed about the boiler, it is deemed importunt to set forth all the particulars of this report.

The steamer had two separate boilers, connected to the main steam pipe by branch pipes, on which there were stop valves arranged so that if necessary one boiler could be used without the other. Fires had been started in the larboard boiler, (which is the one exploded,) in order to use steam from it to pump up the starboard boiler with the "donkey" engine.

The explosion caused a complete wrecking and sinking of the boat, and the death of seven of the crew.

The local inspectors of New Orleans, after a long and careful examination, under the direction of the supervising inspector, decided that the explosion was caused by over pressure of steam, in which decision the supervising inspector concurred, the testimony taken in the case having proved nothing as to the presence of gunpowder.

An examination of the wreck by the inspectors exposed facts of carelessness in having a safety valve attachment entangled, and leaving the stop valve, already alluded to, upon the branch steam pipe, closed, by that means cutting off steam communication with the steam gauge, and misleading the engineers as to the pressure to which the steam had risen in this boiler. Upon the evidence of neglect and carelessness of the engineer, his license was revoked.

The iron of which the boiler was constructed proved to be of good quality, and showed great tenacity, having withstood a high pressure upon application of hydrostatic test by the inspectors.

Lamentable as has been this disaster, had it occurred but a short time later, after passengers had come on board, the loss of life must have been far greater, as the boat was a great favorite with the public, and was on the eve of making an excursion trip to Point Clear.

On the 26th of February last, the steamer Governor Pease, at about ten o'clock a. m., while descending Trinity river, loaded with 1,500 bales of cotton, was discovered to be on fire on the outside of the cotton, about midway of her boilers; and ulthough every effort was made by officers, crew, and passengers, to extinguish the fire, the boat was soon enveloped in flames, burnt to the water's edge and sunk; an entire loss of both boat and cargo; no lives were lost.

An examination was made by the inspectors, but the origin of the fire could not be discovered, nor was any fault found with the conduct of the officers, as it was shown that they had been guilty of no negligence in the matter.

The steamer Grapeshot, on the 9th of May last, in a gale of wind, off Pelican island, had her smoke chimneys blown down, setting fire to the boat. The steamer was entirely consumed, and the boat and cargo became a total loss. The passengers and crew were all saved
by a barge which the steamer had in tow, and by a government lifeboat sent from the shore.

This steamer had run under Pelican island and cast anchor, but, the anchor not holding, she fell off into the trough of the sea, rolling to such an extent as to throw down her chimneys and crush the upper deck down upon the boilers, setting it on fire. Upon investigation the officers were entirely exonerated from blame.

## FIFTH SUPERVISING DISTRICT.

In this district there have occurred the following disasters during the year ending September 30, 1857 :

On the 18th November last the steamer Cataract exploded her mud receiver or cross water connexion underneath the boilers, whereby twelve lives were lost, seven of the passengers and five of the crew.

The explosion was of a terrific character and was entirely novel in the history of steam navigation. Upon examination by the inspectors they were satisfied that it was beyond the control of the enginter, and further that it was their duty to condemn the boilers from further use, which was done.

The steamer Rainbow was consumed by fire on the night of the 21st November last,.when near Island No. 74, on the Mississippi river. By this accident twenty lives were lost. The fire originated in the kitchen, and when first discovered had so far progressed as to defy the exertions of those on board for its extinguishment. The boat was immediately headed for the land, and run bow on to the shore. The fire having started about midship, those on the forward part of the boat escaped to the shore without difficulty, but those abaft, being cut off from the means of escape, were obliged to jump overboard, and many of them were drowned before they could be rescued.

At the time of the discovery of the fire the kitchen had been locked up for the night, and the cook was asleep; the origin of the fire could not be satisfactorily explained.

On the 25 th of November last the steamboat New Lucy was destroyed by fire while frozen up in the Missouri river. The fire originated from the pipe of the stove. There was no loss of life nor of property, other than the destruction of the boat.

The steamboat Buckeye Belle, on the 20th of November last, exploded her boiler when near Columbus, on the Mississippi river. No lives were lost, but three persons were scalded.

The steamer Allegheny was sunk on the 30th of November last, near Carroll's Island, by striking a snag or other obstruction in the river. By this accident three persons, who were asleep on board at the time, were drowned.

The steamer Colonel Crossman, while on her passage on the 4th of February last, and near New Madrid, was destroyed by fire. This disaster was occasioned by the explosion of the "donkey" boiler, which set fire to the vessel, and hence her destruction. There resulted from this accident the loss of fourteen lives, viz: twelve of the passengers and two of the crew.

An investigation of this case by the inspectors showed clearly the
origin of the fire, and that the engineer had unlawfully used the "donkey" boiler, (which had not been tested,) for the purpose of supplying steam for the propulsion of the boat. The license of the engineer was therefore revoked.

On the 2 d of April last the steamboat Sultan was consumed by fire while near St. Genevieve. By this accident twenty-three lives were lost; twenty of the passengers and three of the crew. Upon investigation of this case it was ascertained that the fire originated in the watchman's locker, from the use of turpentine in trimming his lamps. Efforts were made by the pilot to land the steamer, but without success. Great consternation and confusion prevailed, to which the loss of life is mainly to be attributed, as there was ample time and means to land all in safety. All those who were saved resorted to the life-floats and other means provided according to law.

The steamer Ocean Spray, on the 29th of April last, when on her passage up the Mississippi river, and about seven miles above Si . Louis, was destroyed by fire, resulting in the loss of twenty-three lives-fifteen of the passengers and eight of the crew.
Upon an examination by the inspectors it was ascertained that there was a contest of speed, at the time of the accident, with the steamer Hannibal City, and in order to increase the pressure of steam above that which could be maintained with the ordinary fuel the engineer resorted to the use of spirits of turpentine, which was sprinkled over the wood and coal; sparks from the furnace communicated fire to the turpentine, and in an instant the coal and wood and the barrel containing the turpentine were in a blaze, and the fire raging beyond all control.

The use of turpentine in this manner and for this purpose has never before come to the knowledge of this board, and is only less reprehensible than would be a similar reckless and foolhardy use of gunpowder.

In our opinion, this was the most wanton, reckless, and criminal disregard of human life and property that has occurred in the history of steam navigation since the passage of the steamboat law.

The inspectors condemned the conduct of the engineer on watch and revoked his license, and the engineer being the only officer over which the inspectors have control, the whole case was reported by the inspectors to the grand jury, and an indictment for manslaughter was found against the captain, mate, and engineer, and their trial, as we understand, is to take place at the present session of the United States district court at St. Louis.

On the same day of the burning of the Ocean Spray, the steamers Keokuk and Star of the West were destroyed by fire while lying up at a point above the city of St Louis; the fire was caused by sparks from the Ocean Spray; there was no loss of life nor of property other than the boats.

The steamboat Jacob D. Early was consumed by fire on the 29th of June last while lying up at Alton, Illinois. From the best information that could be obtained, it was supposed the boat took fire from the stove-pipe. There was no loss of lile.

On the 13th of June last the steamboat Pennsylvania, when near

Ship island, on the Mississippi river, was destroyed by fire, occasioned by the explosion of the boilers. The loss of life could not be ascertained with precision, but supposed to be about fifty passengers and ten of the crew.

From the evidence in this case it was shown that the vessel had been run upon a bar during the previous trip, by which one of the boilers had been severely strained, and leaked to that degree as to render it extremely difficult to keep up steam. Notwithstanding the condition of the boiler the engineer had not caused it to be repaired ; the inspectors revoked the license of the engineer.

The steamer Edward Manning was consumed by fire on the 10th of August last, while lying up at Alton, Illinois. From all the information that could be obtained it was supposed to be the work of an incendiary. There was no loss of life or property other than the boat and appurtenances.

Un the 15th of September last the steamboat W. H. Denny was destroyed by fire when near Quincy, Illinois; the fire caused by sparks from the chimney. The boat and cargo were a total loss, but there was no loss of life.

## SIXTH sUPERVISING DISTRICT.

The accidents to steambots in this district during the year terminating September 30,1858 , are as follows:

The steamer City of Cairo, while on her passage down the Wabash river, in the month of March last, was snagged and sunk; no lives lost.
The steamer R. M. Patten, in April last, was driven ashore in Tennessee river, during a severe storm, and sunk; no lives lost; the boat was afterwards raised and repaired.

The steamer Black Hawk was snagged and sunk on the Ohio river, near Mount Vernon; no lives lost.

On the 25th March last the R. I. Lockwood, a new steamer not quite finished, and which had not yet gone into service or been inspected, was destroyed by fire, near New Albany, Indiana. This boat had not yet left the landing, but was preparing to leave upon the engineers' trial trip. The fire originated in the paint room; no lives lost.

On the night of the 14th of March, 1858, the steamers Great Western and Princess came in collision on the Ohio river, near Raleigh, Kentucky; the former vessel was bound up and the latter down the river; from the effects of the collision the Princess sunk in about ten minutes. By this disaster six lives were lost, five of the passengers of the Princess and one of the crew of the Great Western. As the boats were both running from the port of Cincinnati, the officers and crew belonged in that city. This case was investigated by the inspectors at that place, and it was decided that the pilot of the Princess was in fault in making improper signals, and his license was therefore revoked.

We are satisfied, in this case, that had the rules established by this board for the government of pilots been complied with, no collision
would have occurred and we should have been spared the necessity of making the above record.

This disaster caused the only loss of life which has occurred in the Louisville district during the last year.

On the night of the 22d of May last the steamboat City of Huntsville was sunk by striking a snag or other sunken obstruction in the Chute of Palmyra islands, in the Cumberland river, by which accident eight lives were lost.

An investigation was had by the inspectors, and from the evidence it was shown that after the boat entered the Chute at a high speed, the river being at a high stage of water, the boat took a rank sheer across the channel, and although the pilot stopped and backed the engines the boat had got so far out of the channel as to strike before her headway could be stopped.

The inspectors considered that there had been merely an error of judgment on the part of the pilot, and therefore did not inflict punishment.

This is the only disaster which has occurred in the Nashville district, and we take pleasure in saying that the requirements of the law have been cheerfully complied with by all interested in steam navigation.

## SEVENTH SUPERVISING DISTRICT.

In this district there have been but two disasters involving the loss of life, one of these was the explosion of one of the boilers of the steamer Fanny Fern on the 20th of January last, while on her trip from St. Louis to Cincinnati, at a point on the Ohio river about eighteen miles below Cincinnati; by this disaster there were lost, as near as could be ascertained, about twenty lives, including the captain, clerk, and five of the crew.

The boat took fire from the explosion, and burning to the waters edge became a total loss; the starboard boiler exploded and such was the force that the shell was torn open about twenty feet of its length, detaching it from the front head, collapsing both flues and tearing off entire the steam drum, mud receiver, and steam pipe, all of which were attached in the strongest manner; some of these had large pieces of the boiler attached to them, which were torn out of the body of the boiler as though they were but paper.

This explosion was undoubtedly the result of negligence or incompetence on the part of the assistant engineer, who was on duty at thetime.

The life-boat proved very serviceable in saving the lives of some. twenty-five or more persons; it was investigated by the local board at Pittsburg, and though no punishment was inflicted by them upon the engineer on duty for his conduct, or immediate connexion with the explosion, both engineers were reported by them to the supervising inspector, and by him to the district attorney for prosecution, for having been guilty of infraction of the law in carrying a pressure of steam greater than allowed by the certificate.

The supervising inspector censured the conduct of the local board for not inflicting some penalty upon the engineer on duty at the time of the explosion, which led to an examinat on being ordered by the-
honorable Secretary of the Treasury, and resulted in the opinion and course of the supervising inspector being sustained.

In January last a collision occurred at Lelact Falls, between the steamers Neptune and the Hazel Dell; no lives were lost by the collision, nor serious injury done to either boat ; an investigation was had by the inspectors, who decided that the pilot of the Neptune had been guilty of a violation of the pilot rules, and was subjected to a fine of thirty dollars.

The steamboat Henry A. Jones was destroyed by fire in February last while ascending the Ohio river, near Augusta, Kentucky; there was no loss of life, as the boat was immediately run ashore upon discovery of the fire; upon examination it was ascertained that the fire originated in the kitchen by the ignition of alcohol, with which the steward was filling some of his lamps for the table.

The steamboat St. Lawrence, on the night of the 22d March last, on her trip from Pittsburgh to New Orleans with a full cargo, when backing out from Mason City, where she had been landing passengere, ran upon the rocks on the Pomeroy side of the river and sunk immediately. There was no loss of life, but the boat was a total loss.

In April last the steamboat Venture was capsized in a gale of wind near Gallipolis, on the Ohio river. By this disaster six of the crew lost their lives; there were but three passengers on board, all of whom saved themselves by means of the life-preservers with which the steamer was provided.

About the 16th of June last complaint was made to the local board against the pilots of the steamers Kentucky and Kate French. On investigation it was proved that these pilots were in the babit of "locking and jockeying" their boats when passing each other, creating much alarm among the passengers and at the risk of some serious accident. Their licenses were suspended for fifteen days.

## EIGHTH SUPERVISING DISTRICT.

There have occurred in this district the following disasters during the past year:

On the 4th day of October last a collision occurred on the upper Mississippi between the steamboat Ben. Coursin and the Key City, by which the Ben. Coursin was sunk and seven lives lost.

An investigation was had and the evidence showed that the collision was caused by improper management of the pilot of the Ben. Coursin; his license was therefore revoked.

On the 4th day of November, 1857, one of the flues of the boiler on the steamer Arrow, plying between Detroit and Port Huron, collapsed, and two firemen lost their lives.

An examination into the disaster was had by the inspectors and the license of the engineer revoked.

The propeller steamer, City of Superior was stranded on the night of the 11th of November last, while attempting to enter Copper Harbor on Lake Superior. in a gale of wind and snow storm. No lives were lost.

On the 8th of June last the steamer Ontario, while on her regular passage, was discovered to be on fire in the hold near the boiler. The fire pumps and hose, being in good order and ready for use, were imme-
diately resorted to, and the fire soon extinguished without loss of life or serious damage to the vessel.

The steamer Galena was destroyed by fire on the 1st July last, near Red Wing on the upper Mississippi river, while on her passagc from Galena to St. Paul, by which disaster seven of the passengers lost their lives. The fire pump and hose were in good order, but so rapid was the progress of the flames that all efforts to save the steamer proved fruitless.

An examination was had but the origin of the fire could not be satisfactorily ascertained; supposed, however, to have been caused by the starboard chimney, as the fire was first discovered in that locality.

On the 21st July last a collision occurred between the steamers Envoy and Milwaukie, in Coon Slough, on the upper Mississippi river. No loss of life resulted.

An examination of the case was had by the inspectors, who decided that there was neglect of signals and mismanagement. The license of the pilot of the Envoy was revoked, and the pilot of the Milwaukie was fined thirty dollars for neglecting to comply with the pilot rules.

## NINTH SUPERVISING DISTRICT.

In this district there have occurred during the year terminating September 30,1858 , the following disasters:

On the 3d of October, 1857, the propeller Republic was destroyed by fire while lying at the wharf at Sandusky; no loss of life occurred by this disaster, but the boat was entirely destroyed; this case was investigated by the inspectors, and though there was no satisfactory evidence as to the cause of the fire, it was supposed to have originated from the stove in the room occupied by the crew.

A collision occurred on the night of 2 d August last between the steamer Telegraph and the schooner Marquette, from the effects of which the steamer sunk immediately.

The collision occurred about forty miles north of Cleveland, in thick weather, and the steamer was on her passage from Cleveland to Port Stanley, C. W.; the lives of the passengers and crew of the steamer, twenty-eight in number, were preserved by the life-floats and boats until picked up by the Marquette.

On the 2d October the steamer Louisiana was wrecked in a severe gale near Port Burwell, C. W.; no lives were lost, and on investigation by the inspectors no fault could be found with the officers, as they appear to have done all that was possible for the safety of the boat.
In this district three cases have been reported to the district attorney for prosecution for employing unlicensed pilots and engineers, none of them have yet been brought to trial.

The chief engineer of the navy, appointed to inspect ocean steamers constructed under contract with the United States, \&c., in accordance with the 42 d section of the act of Congress of August 30, 1852, reports, under date of October 12, 1858, that he has not given any certificates of inspection since the last annnal meeting of the board of supervising inspectors. All the ships that come under my supervision are laid up, one of which, the Illinois, has been receiving extensive repairs in hull and machinery, and is expected to be ready for inspection about the last of the month.

The supervising inspectnr of the 4th district, as has already been mentioned, visited the Pacific coast during the past season, and has made his report to this board ; the report was referred to a committee, which, after examination and consideration, reported in part as follows:
That the reports that have reached the board (circulated undoubtedly by interested parties) to the effect that affairs in that portion of the 4 th district, as regards efficient action on the part of the local inspectors and general compliance with the provisions of law by the owners and masters of steam vessels, were in a loose and deplorable condition, is totally unfounded and untrue; on the contrary, the steamboat law under whish we act is as fully and efficiently enforced and as cheerfully complied with in that distant local district as in any other section of the country; in view of the above, and that no erroneous impression in regard to the matter which may have existed with the department be permitted to continue, and also for the purpose of disabusing the public mind on this subject, your coromittee would recommend that the report of Captain Pitfield be referred to the committee on annual report to the honorable Secretary of the Treasury to be embodied therein.

In accordance with the recommendation we give below the report.
Report of supervising inspector of the fourth district of inspection, made by him in California from May 29 to June 22, 1858.

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\text { PaNAMA, May 15, } 1858 .
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Inspected steamer Tobago, and furnished her with copies of the act of Congress relating to steamboats, also pilot and fire regulations, but did not grant her certificate of inspection, for the reason that she was plying to and from foreign ports.

Same day took passage on the steamer Golden Age for California. Inspected her and found her to be a very strong ship, and sound in all respects, well found with boats, life-preservers, and fire apparatus. She is commanded and officered by men of superior qualifications and ability. Captain Watkins' attention to the duties of his ship and passengers is faithful and untiring. The engineers' department, in charge of Mr. Birmingham, is ably conducted throughout. The medical department is in charge of Dr. McNorton, who stands high in his profession ; he is kind to all, and no charge is made for attention to the sick while on the voyage, it being at the company's expense. The police of the ships of this line is not surpassed by any steamers afloat.

Commenced the inspection of steamers Republic, Oregon, Northerner, and Frémont. The Republic is in good condition, having been thoroughly overhauled, and is in all respects according to law; has double oscillating engine, new life-boats and life-preservers, good fire apparatus and new hose; furnished her with pilot regulations and copies of the law.

Steamship Oregon: found her in a bad condition, and frame slightly rotten ; ordered her to be repaired, which was done in a workmanlike manner by running diagonal pointers from the main deck to the sister keelson; the timbers are $12 \times, 15$ inches, twelve in number, and well
fastened with screw-bolts through and through. Docked her at Mare island; her boilers, engines, and fire apparatus are nearly new and in fine order. She is now a staunch ship, and in all respects seaworthy and according to law; furnished her with pilots' regulations and copy of the law.

$$
\text { June 3, } 1858 .
$$

Steamer Northerner: I inspected and found her frame in a good and sound condition; I advised replanking and new keelsons, and any other necessary repairs to be done under the supervision of the local inspectors; her boilers are new and machinery in good order and fit for service ; fire engines and pumps good.

Propeller "Frémont" has been overhauled in the last six months, is now sound and strong; boilers and engines in good condition; is well found in life-boats, preservers, and fire pumps and fixtures according to law, but requires docking before going to sea.

## San Francisco, June 7, 1858.

Inspected the steamer "New World," found her strong and in a good and seaworthy condition; cylinder, side pipes, beam and shafts, are new ; boilers rebuilt within the last year; and general outfit of the best, and in all respects according to law; runs between San Francisco and Sacramento city, making three trips a week.

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\text { Beniota, June 4, } 1858 .
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Steam ship "Golden Gate" is on the naval dock; her bottom looks well, and she shows no signs of strain or weakness; copper in good condition, 400 sheets were taken off and replaced with new, as she would not take oakum ; her shafts are now on the way for this port; furnished pilots' instructions and other papers; her outfit is complete for 1,200 passengers ; fire apparatus unsurpassed by any ship on the Pacific or elsewhere.

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\text { San Francisco, June 8, } 1858 .
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Left this date for Sacramento city; inspected the following boats :
"Queen City" a very superior boat, built at San Francisco on the Mississippi plan, and superior to many of them in model and workmanship, and has a speed of 18 knots an hour ; cabin and accommodations very elegant; boat strong and well fastened, and furnished with all the requirements of the law.

The following boats: "Young America," "C. M. Weber," "Gazelle," "Pet Whitcomb," "Petaluma," "San Sante," "James Blair," "Germ," "Maria," "Santa Clara," "Goodman Castle," "Swan," "Cleopatra," and "American Eagle;" found them generally in good order. These boats navigate the river and are mostly stern wheel, are well built of Oregon pine and oak, with bulkheads dividing them into three water-tight compartments, thus rendering them more able to contend with snags and rocks, which abound in their navigation.
During my stay in California I inspected 42 boats ; their conditions and appointments were mostly very good, and I might say superior to boats of the same class east of the Rocky mountains ; no expense being spared in building them, and the material the very best, mostly of Oregon pine and oak.

Steamer Eclipse, a large fine boat built on the western plan, with high pressure engines of large powers, and condition in all respects superior, as are all the boats of the California Steam Navigation Company.. They being laid up and overhauled twice a year, under the supervising of the local inspectors, are well found with all necesary outfit, and officers apparently all good men.

June 11, 1858.
Steamship Pacific, now plying between San Francisco, Puget's Sound, and Frazer river ; carefully examined her hull and found it sound and tight; boilers and engines in good order, and in every respect seaworthy, with the exception of boats and life-preservers, which will be furnished before leaving port; she had a supply of worthless India rubber preservers, which were condemued.

$$
\text { June 12, } 1858 .
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Steamship Panama, plying between San Francisco, Puget's Sound, and Frazer river, was found sound and seaworthy, and in all respects according to law; has been repaired in hull, boilers, and machinery; furnished with new life-boats and cork life-preservers, with fire apparatus unsurpassed by any boat heretofore inspected, being a steam fire engine.

June 13, 1858.
Steamship Orizaba: hull, boilers, and engines in good order; was docked and repaired three months since and coppered ; deficient in number of life-boats, and preservers defective, requiring new ones.
Steamship Sierra Navada: hull sound, with exception of second deck over the boilers; requires new beams and knees, also new lifeboats and preservers; fire pumps very superior, and in all other respects good.

Steamer Uncle Sam has been lying up for three years, and in a bad condition ; seams open, life-boats and preservers worthless, not being properly attended to; before going to sea will be required to be refastened; fire pumps good, but all other outfits require to be renewed. June 14, 1858.
Steamship Cortes has been docked, caulked, and coppered, within three months; have bored into and closely examined her condition; found a little decayed timber, but not sufficient to weaken her ; lifeboats and preservers good; fire pumps condemned and new ones required.

June 15, 1858.
Steamer Columbia was built in New York, in 1851, and has made since 146 trips to Oregon and back, without an accident, injury, or detention occuring during the whole time; was rebuilt and furnished with new boilers one year ago, at Benicia; is sound and staunch, and outfit complete in all respects, and fulfilling the requirements of the law.

Steamship Senator: hull strong, sound, and in good order; has been thoroughly overhauled in the last five months, and furnished with new boilers.

I will remark that all inspections made so far results in finding them sound, (of boats running in San Francisco and Oregon trade,) and am
led to believe that it is owing to the even temperature of the climate in these latitudes.

$$
\text { June 16, } 1858 .
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Steamer Antelope is undergoing repairs to have new boilers; frame sound and strong, and when completed will be a substantial and safe boat.

Steamship Lenora was docked, refastened, and rekneed in October, 1857, caulked, coppered, and otherwise thoroughly overhauled and repaired; she stands now a No. 1 ship, and like all ships of the same line is kept in excellent order, and gives unusual satisfaction to the travelling community, although we occasionally find complaining parties on the Atlantic coast and I can truly say, so far as I have been able to judge from observation, steamers on the Pacific are superior in every respect to those running on the Atlantic coast.

June 20, 1858.
I was unable to see and inspect the steamer John L. Stevens, but from the report of the local board of this place she is in good order, with the exception of some copper which has rolled on her bottom.

On her return she will go into dock for repairs.
Steamer W. G. Hunt is repairing hull and boilers; when completed will be in good condition.

Steamer Helen Hensley, high pressure, is sound and strong, and all outfits as required by law.
Steamship Columbus is running between Panama and Costa Rica, a new route, and said to meet with good success.

## bOATS IN LOWER CALIFORNIA.

There are three boats running in the trade on the Colorado river from the mouth to Fort Yuma, a distance of 500 miles. This trade was commenced by the enterprising Captains Johnson and Wilcox, about two years ago, and is being carried on with great success. The same men are opening a copper mine near Fort Yuma, the mines yielding richly; the ore is carried down the river to its mouth, and then re-shipped to San Francisco. Silver is also worked, and makes a considerable trade, and if business proves successful an additional number of boats will be required to carry on the business.

In a word the whole trade of the Pacific coast is rapidly increasing, and Oregon not the least, there being a number of boats upon her waters. Originally it was my intention to have visited that Territory, but not being able to acquire any definite information on my first arrival out, I deemed it unnecessary to go further than California; but on the eve of my return, meeting Major Hensley, and receiving from him much valuable information in relation to the steamers of that section, I instructed Mr. Coffee, inspector of San Francisco, to visit Oregon, and report at the earliest opportunity. His report I daily expect, and hope to lay before the board at an early period; and from the capability of the inspectors of that section of my district, I shall have implicit confidence in the report. During my visit of inspection on the Pacific coast I found it much more agreeable than was at first anticipated by me, as every assistance and facility was given me in making inspections; particularly am I indebted to Messrs. Babcock \& Forbes for their kindness in facilitating me in the completion of my duties.

And in conclusion I am pleased to say that I found all matters in connexion with the duties of the local inspectors at San Francisco, California, (Messrs. Hoyt and Coffee,) in a very excellent condition, and in all respects satisfactory.

> Very respectfully, \&c., O. A. PITFIELD, Supervising Inspeotor, 4th District.

Referring to the detailed reports from the several districts, it will be observed that of the whole loss of life reported by explosion, eleven, in the case of the Magnolia, were lost by an entire disregard of the law ; seven, in the case of the Virginia, were lost by neglect of not opening the shut-off valve while at the wharf getting up steam; and fourteen lost on the Colonel Crossman was in consequence of an entire disregard of the law in making use of the "donkey" boiler, which had not been inspected, to furnish steam for the propulsion of the vessel. Of the loss of life resulting from fire it will be noticed, in the case of the Eliza Battles, twenty-nine were lost by exposure to severe weather during the night, after having safely escaped from the burning steamer. The cases of the Virginia, Crossman, and Eliza Battles are almost without precedent, and of such a peculiar character as could hardly have been anticipated either by the law or by the action of the board.

In the former reports we have mentioned the necessity of some mode of carrying lights on sailing vessels and all vessels be required to exhibit them; and knowing the great importance of this matter to guard against collisions, not only between sailing vessels and passenger steamers, but between sailing vessels and all other craft, we have given much time and attention to it, and have obtained the views and opinions of many practical men in whose judgment we have confidence, and we have come to the conclusion that the system proposed in the amendatory bill which was before Congress last winter, with very slight if any modification, is, from its simplicity, the best that can be presented.

There are many complaints by pilots of the great difficulty of avoiding collisions with sailing vessels, and with steamers not inspected under the law. In the case of the former, we are of opinion that the system of lights proposed will remedy the difficulty; with the latter it can only be remedied by compelling all steamers to comply with the rules established under the law for carrying lights, and with the signals for meeting and passing.

In the case reported of the collision between the Lewiston and Montreal, we would state that the Montreal was only saved from foundering immediately after the collision by a water-tight bulkhead with which she was provided, (and with which all the steamers belonging to the same company are fitted,) a few feet aft from her stern; for although in this case the bow or forward compartment of the steamer filled in a very short time, this water-tight buikhead kept the water from the after part of the vessel, and she returned to Boston, a distance of about fifty miles, with both passengers and freight uninjured. We conceive that the result in the case of this collision presents a strong argument that passenger steamers should be fitted with at least one water-tight bulkhead. The explosion of
the boiler on board of the Colonel Crossman was one of the most serious in its results that we have to report, and yet the boiler which exploded was not one of those which had been provided for the propulsion of the vessel, but a small "donkey"' boiler, which had been provided, as is not unusual on steamers, for driving the pumps, hoisting cargo, \&c., when lying at the wharf, without steam upon the main boilers, and which should not have been used when the boat was underway; but in this case, on account of the main boilers not producing steam with sufficient freedom, the engineer brought the "donkey" boiler into use, and the sad result was as we have already reported.
In our former reports we have from time to time expressed our views of the deficiencies of the present law, and the difficulties and obstacles which have prevented our realizing the full benefits that were anticipated and hoped for from its operation.

We would merely state, in closing, that our increased experience but confirms the views we have formerly expressed upon this subject.

A bill amendatory of the law and intended to meet these deficiencies was before Congress last winter, and received the favorable consideration of the Committees of Commerce of both Houses, but has not been finally acted upon,

That amendatory bill, if passed, we conceive, would add greatly to the beneficial results to be derived from the steamboat law, and we sincerely hope, for the increased safety to the travelling public, that the time is not far distant when that bill, or some other containing mainly similar provisions, will become a part of the law of the land. All of which is most respectfully submitted.
The above report was, on motion, when read, unanimously adopted. By order :

JOHN S. BROWN, Secretary of Board of Steamboat Inspectors.

> Hon. Howell Cobb, Secretary of the Treasury, Washington, D. C.

No. 13.

## Treabury Department, Office Light-house Board, October 1, 1858.

Sir: I have the honor to submit, by direction of this board, the following report of the operations of the light-house establishment, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1858.

FIRST LIGHT-HOUSE DISTRICT.
In the first light-house district, extending from the eastern boundary of the United States to Hampton harbor, N. H , all of the usual operations of supplying and repairing light-houses, keeping the beacons and buoys in order, have been well performed, and the expenditures in this distriot for repairs will hereafter be very small.

The new light-houses at Bass Harbor Head and Deer Island Thoroughfave, which had been commenced during the last season, have been finished and lighted.

The sites for the Widow's Island and Round Island light-houses have been purchased, but the titles have not yet been fully approved by the Attorney General of the United States.

These works and Spoon island light-house have not yet been commenced. There are therefore no new works in course of construction in this district.

The two bell buoys for Boon Island Ledge and South Breaker, Penobscot bay, have been completed and placed.

Lenses have been placed in West Quoddy Head, Mount Desert Rock, Matinicus Rock, and Cape Elizabeth light-houses.

Important repairs have been made at Nashe's Island, Eagle Island Point, Dice's Head, Burnt Island, and Wood Island light-houses, and lenses have been placed in them.

Various other small repairs hava been made in other light-houses, so that at present but one light-house in the district, viz., Goat Island, requires important repairs.

The buoyage of this coast has been completed as far as the present state of the hydrographic knowledge of the coast and the existing laws will permit, and the buoys are in an efficient state.

There are no light vessels in this district:

## SECOND LIGHT-HOUSE DISTRICT.

In the second light-house district which extends from the southern extremity of the first district (Hampton harbor, N. H.) to Gooseberry Point, Massachusetts, one of the largest and most difficult districts to keep in order, all of the operations of the establishment have been well conducted. The new light-house at Bishop and Clerk's shoal, commenced in the spring of 1857, has been completed, and is to be lighted on the 1st October, 1858.

The rebuilding of Billingsgate Island light-house, commenced in August, 1857, is finished, and the new light was lighted for the first time on September 1, 1858.

The light-house towers at Cape Ann light-house and Boston light have been temporarily repaired.

Sundry small repairs have been made to many of the other lighthouses. The three beacons at Holmes' Hole have been replaced by a single beacon, giving increased efficiency to the light station, and at a considerable saving of annual supplies.

Changes have been made in the beacons at Nantucket, increasing their efficiency and diminishing their annual expense.

The construction of Minot's Ledge light-house has progressed, since the date of the last annual report, beyond the expectations of the board. At that time but four stones had been laid, and the cutting of the foundation bed was not finished. Five courses of the structure are now laid, and are dovetailed and dowelled to each other in the securest manner. The engineering difficulties of the undertaking are over, and, unless some unforeseen accidents occur, there is no reason why the completion of the work, within the approved estimate, may not be considered certain. It is most probable that the light-house could be finished during the next fiscal year, but one-half only of the remaining amount of the estimate is asked for, because it is not yet known how much of the other half will be required for the comple-
tion of the work, as much will depend upon contingencies of weather. The amount asked for the next fiscal year is $\$ 47,09036$.

The light-vessel which is to be removed from Bishop and Clerk's shoal, when the light-house just finished is lighted, is, in conformity with the law, to be placed off the Handkerchief shoal, in Vineyard Sound.

The light-vessels of this district, eight in number, are in excellent repair and are highly efficient.

The beaconage and buoyage of the district are complete.

## THIRD LIGHT-HOUSE DISTRICT.

The third light-house district extends from the southern extremity of the second district (Gooseberry Point, Massachusetts) to Squam inlet, New Jersey, and, in addition to the lights on Long Island Sound and the seacoast, embraces those on the Hudson river and Lake Champlain. The works of renovation and repair, and the general duties of the light-house establishment, have been carried on with energy and ability in this district.

The new light-house at Great West bay, a light of the first order, was lighted for the first time on January 1, 1858.

Fire Island light-house, the rebuilding of which was commenced in the summer of 1857, is nearly completed, and the new light will be shown for the first time on the 1st of November next.

The two light-houses in Newark bay, which were commenced in the spring of 1857 , are nearly finished.

The Watch Hill sea-wall has been finished as far as it was considered prudent to yo with the appropriation.

The Lynde Point sea-wall and the light keeper's dwelling, commenced in the spring of 1857, have been completed.

A new dwelling house has been built at the Faulkner's Island lighthouse, the old one having been found to be too much dilapidated to last through the winter.

A new dwelling has been built at Waackaack light, one of the Gedney's Channel beacons, in place of the one destroyed by fire in the spring.

Important repairs have been made at Execution Rocks light-house.
The light-houses at Point au Roche, Crown Point, and Windmill Point, on Lake Champlain, have been commenced according to approved contracts, and will be completed and ready for lighting upon the opening of navigation in the spring.

The light-vessels in the district, of which there are six, have been efficiently kept.

The beaconage and buoyage of the district have been improved during the year, and are now complete and in a state of great efficiency.

## FOURTH LIGHT-HOUSE DISTRICT.

The fourth light-house district extends from the southern extremity of the third district (Squam inlet, New Jersey) to Metomkin inlet, Virginia, and embraces, in addition to the seacoast and its inlets, the Delaware bay and river.

The only important works in course of construction in this district
are Barnegat, Cape May, and Fenwick's Island light-houses, all commenced in the season of 1857. The two former are rebuildings of old light-houses; the latter is a new light-house.

Barnegat light-house will be lighted on the 1st of January, 1859: Cape May light-house will be completed so that it can be lighted on the 1st of July next. Both of these are first-order lights. Fenwick's Island light-house will be lighted about the same time; this is a thirdorder light.

A new frame structure is in course of construction at Fort Pier, near Fort Mifflin, to replace the old building, which was severely damaged during the past summer by a vessel which ran into it.

The two light-vessels in this district are in good order.
The beaconage and buoyage of this district have been kept in excellent condition.

## FIFTH LIGHT-HOUSE DISTRICT.

The fifth light-house district extends from the southern extremity of the fourth district (Metomkin inlet, Virginia) to New River inlet, North Carolina, and includes, in addition to the seacoast and small inlets, Chesapeake bay and tributaries, Albemarle, Pamlico, and Croatan Sounds.
In this district the ordinary operations of the light-house establishment have been exceedingly well carried on, and all of the aids to navigation are in excellent order.

There are twenty light-vessels in this district, which are in as good condition as the funds disposable for this very expensive branch of the light-house service will admit.

The rebuilding of Cape Charles light-house, commenced last season, is progressing well, and the light-house will be ready for exhibiting the light by the 1st of July next.

The screw-pile light-houses authorized August 18, 1856, at Stingray point and Cherrystone inlet, were commenced last season, and are in course of construction. They will be completed in two months more.

Body's Island light-house, in North Carolina, is being rebuilt. It will be finished by the 1st of July next.

Sandy Point light-house, in Chesapeake bay, commenced during the summer of 1857 , has been completed and lighted.

Various small repairs have been made on the light-houses in this district.

The worn out fog bell and machine at Cove Point light-house have been replaced by a new bell and machine.

SIXTH LIGHT-HOUSE DISTRICT.
The sixth light-house district extends from the southern extremity of the fifth district (New River inlet, North Carolina) to Musquito inlet, Florida.

Since the date of the last annual report, Charleston light-house has been fitted with a lens and lantern of the second order, showing a fixed light.

The light-house at Cape Romain has been completed, and lighted on January 1, 1858.

The new light-houses at Cape Lookout, North Carolina, and Hunting
island, South Carolina, have been in course of construction, and will be completed and lighted at an early day.

The small light-house at Mount Pleasant, Charleston harbor, upon which operations have been suspended on account of yellow fever, will be completed at an early day.

The light-house at Fort Point, Winyah bay, South Carolina, has been completed and lighted.

The two beacons on the north front of Amelia island, Florida, have been completed, and will be lighted on the first of November next.

Negotiations have been entered into for the purchase of the site of the beacon to range with the main light on Amelia island.

The rebuilding of the St. John's River light-house, Florida, has been commenced, and the structure will be completed by January 1, 1859.

The light-house on "The Bay," in the city of Savannah, has been finished and lighted.

The bell buoys for the mouth of the Savannah river, the entrance of Doboy inlet, and the mouth of the St. John's river, Florida, have been completed and sent to their destinations.

The light-vessel off the entrance to St. Helena Sound, South Carolina, will, on the completion of Hunting Island light-house, be removed to the point of Combahee shoal, in conformity to law.

The buoyage and beaconage of this district have been much improved during the past year, are in very good condition, and are believed to embrace all required for the wants of navigation.

A light-vessel, authorized August 18, 1856, for Darne's Point, in the St. John's river, Florida, has been built and stationed.

The illumination of the large light-houses finished during the present and last years has done much to improve the aids to navigation on this part of the coast, and when Cape Lookout and Hunting Island light-houses are finished it is confidently believed that few, if any, more can be asked for in this district.

## SEVENTH LIGHT-HOUSE DISTRICT.

The seventh light-house district extends from the southern extremity of the sixth district (Musquito inlet, Florida,) to Egmont key, including within its limits the Florida reefs.

Since the date of the last annual report from this office, the two first-order light-houses on Loggerhead key, (one of the Dry Tortugas,) and on Sombrero key or Dry Banks, Florida Reefs, have been completed and lighted.

There is now but one point on the Florida reefs where a light is needed, viz, Alligator reef, about midway between Carysfort Reef and Dry Banks light-houses, a distance of about seventy miles.

Egmont Key light-house has been rebuilt and fitted with a thirdorder lens apparatus.

The operations of rebuilding and inspection of lights and keeping buoys and beacons in order in this district have been very effieiently carried on.

The buoyage of the district has been much improved during the year, and is now in as good order as the existing laws will permit.

The iron screw-pile beacon on Rebecca shoal will probably be completed during the coming winter.

Jupiter Inlet light-house, the construction of which has heretofore been retarded by the Indian war, will be recommenced as soon as the season will permit, and will doubtless be completed during the winter, so that it can be lighted by July 1, 1859.

EIGIITH LIGHT-HOUSE DISTRICT.
The eighth light-house district extends from Sea-horse key, Florida, to Barrataria bay, Louisiana.

The two first-order light-houses at Pensacola and. Sand island (entrance to Mobile bay) have been completed, and will be lighted on the 1st of November next, (1858.)

The light-house and keeper's dwelling at Chnctaw point, Alabama, have been thoroughly repaired.

Port Pontchartrain light-house has been repaired.
The light-house at Bayou St. John has been rebuilt, and the one at New Canal has been thoroughly repaired.

The small beacon light at Proctorsville has been erected on land belonging to the United States, and is lighted.

The rebuilding of Cape St. Blas light-house, destroyed by a hurricane, has progressed well, and will be finished during the coming winter.

The various operations of the light-house service in this district have been well carried on.

The buoyage and stakeage of the district have been much improved and are in good condition.

## NINTH LIGHT-HUUSE DISTRICT.

The ninth light-house district extends from the western extremity of the eighth district (Barrataria bay) to the mouth of the Rio Grande, Texas.

In this district the most important work is Ship shoal light-house, designed to take the place of the light vessel at that point. It is to be an iron screw pile structure, about 100 feet high, and the lighting apparatus is to be a second-order lens. A hurricane in August last carried away the wooden platform used for putting down the iron piles, but the engineer hopes to repair the damage at a cost of about $\$ 2,000$. If no further accident occur the light-house will be finished during the winter.

The design for the light-house at Southwest reef is in course of preparation, and the structure will be contracted for as soon as possible. This light-house is to take the place of another light-house and a lightvessel.

Shell Keys light-house will be completed during the coming winter.
Half Moon Reef, Alligator Head, and Saluria light-houses have all been completed and lighted.

Corpus Christi light-house is nearly completed, and will be lighted by January 1, 1859.
The light-house at Bolivar Point has been raised about 24 feet and fitted with a third-order lens apparatus.

The light vessels, beaconage, and buoyage of the district are in good.
condition The channels of several of the important bays and sounds of the coast have been buoyed and staked during the year, under existing laws.

All of the duties of the light-house service in the district have been efficiently carried on by the inspector.

## TENTH LIGHT-HOUSE DISTRICT.

In the tenth light-house district, which embraces the coasts of Lakes Ontario and Erie, and the St. Lawrence, Niagara, and Detroit rivers, no new works have been commenced during the past year.

The ordinary duties of the light-house service have been efficiently performed, and the condition of the district is, in all respects, better than it has ever been before.

Important repairs have been made at Presque Isle, Grand River, Sandusky, and Grassy Island light-houses, and other repairs of lesser importance have been made to various light-houses on Lake Ontario.

The beaconage and buoyage of the district are complete, and have been kept in an efficient state.

ELEVENTH LIGHT-HOUSE DISTRICT.
In the eleventh light-house district, which comprises the coasts of Lakes St. Clair, Michigan, Huron, and Superior, Green Bay, and the straits connecting the lakes, several works, which have been under contract for some years, have been completed and lighted. These are Point Betsey, Eagle River, La Pointe, and Portage River light-houses.

Minnesota Point light-house has been finished and lighted.
Port Du Morts light-house has been rebuilt, and important repairs have been made on South Manitou, Grand Traverse, Beaver Island, Pottawatomie, Manitowoc, Kenosha, and Root River light-houses.

Sundry small repairs have been made to other light-houses in this district.
The iron pile light-house which has been in course of construction at Chicago, Illinois, has progressed well, but on account of delay from bad weather it will not be finished in time to be illuminated this season.

The general duties connected with the care of the light houses and the beaconage and buoyage of this district have been well performed.

## TWELFTH LIGHT-HOUSE DISTRICT.

In the twelfth light-house district, comprising the entire Pacific coast of the United States, the light-houses at Blunt's island, Puget's Sound, and at Cape Shoalwater bay, in Washington Territory, have been completed.

Those at Cape Flattery (Tatoosh island) and New Dungenness, which were nearly completed at the date of the last annual report, were finished in the fall of 1857, and lighted.

A bell boat has been placed off the entrance to San Francisco bay.
The steamer for carrying supplies to the light-houses on the Pacific coast, inspecting light-houses, \&c., and raising, cleaning, \&c., buoys,
was sent around during the last winter, and arrived at San Francisco safely. Since her arrival, she has been usefully employed in performing the various duties for which she was intended.

The engineering operations connected with the light-house service have been ably conducted by the engineer of the district.

The beaconage and buoyage of the district have been kept in as efficient a state as the great cost of labor and materials of all kinds on the Pacific coast will permit.

The Board respectfully renews the recommendations contained in its last annual report, viz:

The light-wessels in the sounds and rivers of North Carolina, and all of those south of the Capes of Virginia, except the three occupying seacoast positions, at Frying Pan shoals, (off Cape Fear,) Rattlesnake shoals, (off Charleston, South Carolina,) and Martin's Industry, (off the mouth of the Savannah river,) might be dispensed with, and small permanent lights erected on iron screw-pile foundations, at an average cost of about $\$ 10,000$ each; which light-bouses would be built of more durable materials, less expensive in annual repairs, and maintained at less than one-half, and most probably at one third, the anuual cost of maintaining the smallest light-vessel now afloat. We would avoid the expense of the crews and their rations; and the consumption of oil in the light-house would not in any case exceed one-eighth, and in cases of double lights on board of light-vessels-frequently necessary as a means of distinction, and the only one practiced-one-sixteenth the consumption of oil required for light-vessel service, the distinctions of lights in permanent structures being easily produced by other and more economical means.

To rebuild these light-vessels, fit them with proper illuminating apparatus, provide the necessary boats, anchors, chains, awnings, sails, and other necessary fixtures, would cost, on an average, from $\$ 15,000$ to $\$ 18,000$ each, against $\$ 10,000$, for the more permanent and less expensive light-houses upon screw-pile foundations.

Experience has shown the adaptability and economy of this kind of structure at such points as those indicated. There are now two structures of this kind in the waters of North Carolina, and a third one will be completed during the months of November and December of this year. The appropriations for each of these three lights, Wade's Point, northwest point of Royal Shoal, and Rnanoke Marshes, was $\$ 10,000$, which has been found to be fully sufficient.

In some of the cases this change from a light-vessel to a screw-pile light-house might be made out of the appropriation for repairs, \&c., of light-vessels, when it might be found to be more economical to do so than to repair the light-vessel, if the department has the authority to direct such a substitution.

In most cases the appropriations provide for "a light-vessel" at a particular point, and how tar the department might be authorized in authorizing a change would seem to be worthy of consideration. If the department has not the authority to make such change, it is respectfully submitted that such authority should be conferred by Congress.

It also frequently happens that channels change or become ob-
structed, and Congress makes appropriations for new lights in the vicinity of existing ones, rendering them of no further use to, mariners; but there does not appear to be any authority vested in the department for discontinuing these useless lights, and they are therefore kept. up at an expense to the government without producing any commensurate benefit to those for whom they were originally designed.

It being evidently the policy of the government and country to provide such aids to navigation as are necessary, in the words of the law of August 7, 1789, to render it "easy and safe," it is respectfully submitted that Congress should give to the head of the department (the Secretary of the Treasury) the authority to discontinue any lighthouse, light-vessel, or beacon light which, from any cause, should at any time be found to be unnecessary for the "easy and safe" navigation of the vicinity in which it is placed. This state of things has already happened, now exists, and it is most likely will happen again, especially with reference to the minor lights, such as those at the entrances to harbors, rivers, and to special channels.

The board respectfully refers to its last annual report for sundry recommendations concerning the discontinuance of certain lights.

A list of all the light-houses for the construction of which appropriations were made by Congress in the acts approved August 3, 1854, and August 18, 1856, and which have not jet been commenced nor previously reported upon, is appended to this report.

All of which is respectfully submitted.
By order of the Light-house Board.

W. B. SHUBRICK, Chairman Light-house Board.

Thornton J. Jenkins, W. B. Franklin, Secretaries.

List of light-houses authorized by law, the construction of which has not yet been commenced.

August 3, 1854.
Drum Point light-house, Maryland. No title.
Santa Cruz harbor, California. No title. Point Lobos, California. No title.
Punta de los Reyes, California. No title.
August 18, 1856.
Spoon island, Maine. Land belongs to the United States.
Widow's island, Maine, Land purchased.
Round island, Maine. Land purchased.
Damariscotta river, Maine. No title.
Wesport, Massachusetts. Titie papers not examined.

Tarrytown, New York. Cannot get title.
Ship John shoa ${ }^{1}$, Delaware bay. ¿Cannot be built with the amount Cross Ledge, Delaware bay. $\}$ appropriated.
Pungoteague, Virginia. No title.
Two beacons, Georgetown, South Carolina. Cannot get title. Amelia island beacons, Georgia. No title.
Three lights, St. John's river, Florida. No title.
St. Andrew's bay, Florida. No title.
Amité river, Louisiana. No title.
Rio Grande, Texas. No title.
Maumee bay, Ohio. No title.
Au Sable river, Michigan. No title.
Fort Austin, Michigan. No title.
Point Peninsula, Michigan. No title.
Sand Point, Michigan. No title-appropriation insufficient.
Grant Point Au Sable, Michigan.
Kenosha, Wisconsin. Pier not built.
Portage, Wisconsin. No title.
Beaver bay, Minnesota. No title.
Grand Marais, Minnesota. No title.
Cape Hueneme, California. No title.
San Pedro, California. No title.
Santa Cruz, California. No title.
Cape Mendocino, California. Appropriation insufficient.
Red Bluff, Washington Territory. No title.
Office Liget-house Board, October 1, 1858.

| Names of tribes. | Description of annuities, stipulations, \&c. | Reference to laws. | Number of instalments yet unappropriated, explanations, remarks, \&c. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Blackfoot Nation..... | For purchase of goods, provisions, and other useful articles, \&c. ; 9th article treaty Oetober 17, 1855. | 1st session 34th Congress, page 41. | Ten instalments of $\$ 20,000$; seven instalments to be appropriated. | . | \$140,000 00 | ............. |  |
| Comanches, Kiowas, and Apaches of the Arkansas river. | For purchase of goods, provisions, and agricultural implements ; 6th article treaty July 27, 1853. | Vol. 10, page 1014.... | Ten instalments of $\$ 18,000$ provided ; five instalments of $\$ 18,000$ each, yet unappropriated. | $\ldots$ | 90,00000 | . | . |
| Do....... ..... | ........ do..... ............. do ........ | . ....... do ............ | Transportation of goods and provisions five years, at $\$ 7,000$ per year. | .............. | 35,000 00 | ............. |  |
| Chippewas of Lake superior. | Money, goods, support of schools, provisions, and tobacco; compare 4th article treaty October 4, 1842, and 8 th article treaty September 30, 1854. | Vol 7, page 592 ; and vol. 10, page 1111. | Twenty-five instalments; eight yet unappropriated. | .............. | 155,520 00 | ............. | ................. |
| Do.............. | Twenty instalments in coin, goods, implements, \&c., and for education; 4 th article treaty September 30 , 1854. | Vol. 10, page 1111.... | Twenty instalments of $\$ 19,000$ each ; sixteen unappropriated. | .......... | 304,000 00 | ............. | . |
| Do............. | Twenty instalments for six smiths and assistants, and iron and steel; 5th and 2 d articles treaty September 30 , 1854. | Vol. 10, pages 1109 and !ill. | Twenty instalments, estimated at $\$ 6,360$ each; sixteen unappropriated. | ............. | 101,760 00 | ............. | ................ |
| Do............. | Twenty instalmento for the seventh smith, \&c. | .........do ........... | Twenty instalments, estimated at $\$ 1,060$ each ; eighteen unappropriated. | ............. | 19,080 00 | ............. | ................. |
| Do.......... | Five instalments for the Bois Forte band; 12th article treaty September 30, 1854. | Vol. 10, page 1111.... | Five instalments of $\$ 2,000$ each ; one unappropriated. | . $\cdot$ | 2,000 00 | . $\cdot$........... | -............... |
| Do............. | Support of a maith, assistant, and shop, and pay of two farmers during the pleasure of the President; 12th article treaty. | Vol. 10, page $1112 . .$. | Estimated at \$2,260 per annum. ...... | \$2,260 00 | . | ..... | ................ |
| Do............ | Transportation and expenses of delivering goods | ........ do ........... | See 11th article treaty September 30, 1854 , transportation, \&c., $\$ 5,000$ per year, seventeen years. | ............. | 85,00000 | -........... | $1 \cdot$ |

STATEMENT-Continued.

| Names of tribes. | Description of annuities, stipulations, | Reference to laws. | Number of instalments yet unappropriated, explanations, remarks, \&c. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ohippewas of the Mississippi. | Money, goods, support of schools, provisions, and tobacco; compare 4th article treaty October 4,1842 , and 8 th article treaty September 30, 1854. | Vol. 7, page 592; and vol. 10, page 1111. | Twenty-five instalments ; eight unappropriated. | ............. | $\$ 72,00000$ | ... | ................. |
| Do.... | Two famaers, two carpenters, and smiths, and assistants, shops, iron, and steel ; 4th article treaty October 4, 1842 ; and 8 th article treaty September $30,1854$. | .........do do | Twenty-five instalments; eight unappropriated; one-third payable to these Indians, viz: $\$ 1,400$, for eight years. |  | 11,200 00 | ............. | ................ |
| Do...... ...... | Twenty instalments in money of $\$ 20,000$ each. | Vol. 10, page 1167.... | 3d article treaty February 22, 1855 ; sixteen unappropriated. | ............. | 320,000 00 | $\cdots$ | ................ |
| Chippewas, Pillagers, and Lake Winnebigoshish bands. | Money, $\$ 10,666$ 67; goods, 88,000 ; and purposes of utility, $\$ 4,000 ; 3 \mathrm{~d}$ article treaty February 22, 1855. | Vol, 10, page 1168.... | Thiryy instalments, \$22,666 67; twen-ty-six unappropriated. | ...... ..... | 589,333 42 | .....0.0.... |  |
| Do | For purposes of education; same article and treaty. | ...... do .............. | Twenty instalments of $\$ 3,000$ each; sixteen unappropriated. | ............. | 48,00000 | .............. |  |
| Do............... | For support of smith shops; same article and treaty. | ...... ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | Fifteen instalments, estimated at $\$ 2,120$ each ; eleven unappropriated. | ............. | 28,320 00 | ... |  |
| Do ................ | For powder, shot, lead, \&c . . . . ........ | ...... do . .............. | Five instalments, $\$ 600$ each; one unappropriated. |  | 60000 | .............. | . . . . . . . . . . . . |
| Do.............. | For transportation and expenses; see article 5 th of treary. | ...... do .............. | Expenses necessary to deliver annui-ties-say $\$ 5,000$ per year for nine years, $\$ 3,000$ per year next ten years, and $\$ 1,000$ per year next nine years; two instalm'ts unappropriated. |  | 74,000 00 | ........... | .....**........ |
|  | Permanent annuity in goods ......... |  | Act February 28, 1790, $\$ 3,000$ per year. |  |  | \$3,000 00 | \$60,000 00 |
| Chippewas, Menomonees, Winnebagoes, and New York Indians. | Education during the pleasure of Congress. | Vol. 7, page 904...... | Fifth article treaty August 11,1897.... | \$1,500 00 | .................. | ............. | . . . . . . . ........ |
| Ohippewas of Saginaw and Swan creek, and Miack river, Michigan. | Five instalments for education, of $\$ 4,000$ each; 2 d article treaty August 2, 1855. | 1st session 34th Oongress; page 32. | Two instalments yet anappropristed. | -• | 8,000 00 | .............. | -..............* |


| Do.... ........ | Five instalments for agricultural itnplements, tools, furniture, cattle, \&c., of $\$ 5,000$ each; same article | . | Two instalments yet to be appropriated. |  | 10,000 00 |  | ............... |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Do............. | Ten instalments in coin, of $\$ 10,000$ each; and for support of smiths ${ }^{\text {p }}$ shops ten years, \$1,240 per year; same article, \&e. | ......do ............. | Seven instalments yet to be appropriated. |  | 78,680 00 | ........... | .............. |
| Chippewas of Sault Ste. Marie. | Compensation for right of fishery relinquisbed; 1st and 2 d articles treaty August 2, 1855. | 1st session 34th Congress, page 37. | A warded by a referee.. |  |  |  |  |
| Choctaws............. | Permanent annuities.................. | Vol. 7, pages 99, 213, and 235 . | 2d article treaty November 16, 1805, $\$ 3,000 ;$ 13th article treaty October 18, $1820, \$ 600$; 2 d article treaty January $20,1825,8600$. |  |  | 9,600 00 | 192,000 00 |
| Do.............. | Provisions for smiths, \&c............. | Vol. 7, pages 212 and 236. | 6th article treaty October 18, 1820, and 9 th article treaty January 20, 1825, say $\$ 920$. |  |  | 92000 | 18,400 00 |
| Do.............. | Interest on $\$ 500,000$; articles 10 and 13 treaty June 22, 1855. | 1st session 34th Congress, Supplement, pages 23 and 24 . | Five per cent. for educational purposes. |  |  | 25,000 00 | 500,000 00 |
| Oreeks ... | Permanent annuities................. | Vol. 7, pages 36, 69 , and 287. | 4th article treaty August, 1790, 81,500 ; 2 d article treaty June 16,1802 , $\$ 3,000 ;$ 4th article treaty January 24, 1826, 20,000 . |  |  | 24,500 00 | 480,000 00 |
| Do.. | Smith shops, \&c | Vol. 7, page 267...... | 8th article treaty January 24, 1826, say 81,110 . |  |  | 1,110 00 | 22,200 00 |
| Do... | Smiths, \&c., two for twenty-seven years; treaties March 24, 1832, and August 7, 1856. | Vol. 7, page 368, \&c.. | Five of twenty-seven instalments to be appropriated. |  | 11,100 00 |  |  |
| Do.. | Wheetwright; permanent Thirty-three instalments for education; |  |  |  |  | 60000 | 12,000 00 |
|  | 13 th article treaty March, 1832 , and 4th article treaty January, 1845. | Vol. 7, page 368, and vol. 9, page 822. | Thirty-three instalments, $\$ 3,000$ each; five yet unappropriated. |  | 15,000 00 |  | 12,000 |
| Do............. | Twenty instalments for education; 4th article treaty January, 1845. | Vol. 9, page 822. . | Twenty instalments of $\$ 3,000$ each; |  | 15,000 00 |  |  |
| Do.............. | Allowance during the pleasure of the President. | Vol. 7, pages 287 and 419. | 5th article ureaty February 14, 1833, and 8th article treaty January 24, | 71000 |  |  |  |
| Do... | Interest on $\$ 200,000$ held in trust; 6 th article treaty August 7, 1856. | (Treaty not printed).. | Five per cent. for education |  |  | 10,000 00 | 200,000 00 |
| Delawares | Life annuities to two chiefs. | Vol. 7, page 399..... | Treaties of 1818, 1829, and 1832. | 2000 |  |  |  |
| Do............... | Eight instalments of $\$ 1,250$ each ...... | Vol. 10, page 1050 ..... | Resolution of the Senate, Jan. 19, 1832. 6th article treaty May 6,1854 ; eight instalments of $\$ 1,250$ each; three |  | 3,750 00 | 2,304 00 | 46,08000 |
| Florida Indians, or | Ten instalments for support of schools; | Treaty not printed... | yet to be appropriated. <br> Nine payments of $\$ 3,000$ each........ |  |  |  |  |
| Seminoles. | Ten instalments for agricultural ass. |  | Nine paymen or |  | 27,000 00 |  |  |
|  | ance; same article and treaty. |  |  |  | 18,000 00 |  |  |
|  | Ten instalments for support of smiths and shops ; same article. | .......do..... ...... | Nine payments of \$2,200 eac |  | 19,800 00 |  |  |
| Do | Interest at 5 per cent. on $\$ 250,000$; same article and treaty. | ...do | \$12,500 as annuity |  |  | 12,500 00 | 250,000 0 |

## STATEMENT-Continued.

| Naines of tribes. | Description of annuities, stipu ations, \&c. | Reference to laws. | Number of instalments yet unappropriated, explanations, remarks, \&c. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Iowas................ | Interest on 557,500 , being the balance of $\$ 157,000$. | Vol. 7, page 568, and vol, 10, page 1071. | 2d article treaty Oetober 19, 1838, and Yth article May 17, 1859. |  |  | \$2,875 06 | *57,500 00 |
| Kansas. | Interest on \$200,000.... ............. | Vol. 9, page 842,..... | 2 d article treaty January 14, 1848.... |  |  | 10,000 00 | 200,000 00 |
| Kaskaskias and others. | Six instalments three of $\$ 13,000$ and three of $\$ 9,000$ rach. | Vol. 10, page 1084. | 6th article treaty May 30, 1854. One of $\$ 9,000$ to be appropriated. |  | \$9,000 00 |  |  |
| Kickapoos Do.. | Interest on $\$ 100,000 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .$. Graduated payments on $\$ 200,000 . . .$. | Vol. 10, page 1079.... | 2 d article treaty May $18,1854 . \ldots \ldots . .0$. 2 d article treaty May 18,$1854 ; \$ 93,000$ |  | 107,00000 | 5,000 00 | 100,000 00 |
| Menomonies .......... | Pay of a miller fifteen years, ......... | Vol. 9, page 953, and vol. 10, page 1065. | heretofore appropriated due. 3 d article treaty May $12,1854, \$ 9,000$; \$2,400 heretofore appropriated due. |  | 6,600 00 |  |  |
| Do. | Support of smith shop twelve years.... Ten instalments of $\$ 20,000$ each. ...... |  | Nine instalments of 916 66 ${ }^{\frac{2}{2}}$ each.. 4th article treaty 1848 ; seven to be paid |  | 8,250 140 140000 |  |  |
|  | Fifteen equal instalments, to pay 242,686; to commence in 1867. | Vol. 10, page 1065.... | 4th article treaty May 12, 1854, and Senate's amendment thereto. |  | 242,686 00 |  |  |
| Miamies............. | Permanent provisions for smith shop, sce., and miller. | Vol. 7, pages 191 and 464, and yol. 10, page 1095. | 5th article treaty October 6, 1818, 5th article treaty October 23, 1834, and 4th article treaty June 5, 1854, say $\$ 940$, for shop, and $\$ 800$ for miller. |  |  | 1,540 00 | 30,800 00 |
| Do.............. | Twenty instalments in money, 2 d article treaty of 1840 , and 6th article treaty 1854. | Vol. 10, page 1095, and vol. 7 , page 583 . | $\$ 12,500$ per year, two instalments yet to be sppropriated-total, $\$ 25,000$. This amount is subject to a reduction of 1,55253 .- (See act August 30,1852 , and treaty June 5, 1854, article 6.) |  | 23,447 47 |  |  |
| 10...... | Six instalments of \$31,739 11 each to Miamies residing west. | Vol. 10, page 1095.... | 4th article treaty June 5,1854 ; one instaiment yet to be appropriated. |  | 31,739 11 | ........... |  |
| Do.............. Do.............. | Interest on $\$ 50,000$, at 5 per cent...... Interest on \$221,257 86, in trust. | Vol. 10, page 1094.... <br> Vol. 10, page 1099.... | 3d article treaty June 5, 1854. . ........ Senate amendment, 4th article treaty |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 2,50000 \\ 11,06289 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 50,000 \text { co } \\ 291,251 \% \end{array}$ |
| Eel River Miamies.... | Permanent annuities................. | Vol. 7, pages 51, 91 , 114 and 116. | of 1854. <br> 4th article treaty 1795 , 3d article treaty 1805, and 3d article treaty of September, 1809 ; aggregate. |  |  | 1,100 00 | 22,030 00 |
| Navajoes, Nisqually, and other bands of Puget's Sound. | Presents to the tribes. ................ | Vol. 9, page 975...... | 10th article treaty of September 9, 1849. | 85,000 00 |  |  | .............. |


| 0.. | Graduated payments, extending twenty years, for payment of $\$ 32,500$. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Do............... | Pay of instructor, smith, physician, carpenter, \&c., twenty years. |
| Jsages................. | Twenty instalments ; 2d article treaty January 11, 1839. |
| Do.............. | Smith establishment for twenty years: same article. |
| Omahas | Forty instalm'ts, graduated, $(\$ 840,000$, extending over forty years. |
| Do... | Support of smith shops, miller, and farmer, ten years. |
| Ottoes and Missourias. | Forty instalm'ts, graduated, $(\$ 385,000$, extending through forty years. |
| Do | Support of smith shops, miller, and farmer, ten years. |
| Ottawas of Kansas.... | Permanent annuities, their proportion of. |
| Ottawas and Chippewas of Michigan. | Interest on $\$ 200,000$, at 6 per cent .... |
| Do | Education, \$5,000; missions, \$3,000; medicines, $\$ 300$; during pleasure of Congress. |
| Do | Three blacksmiths, \&cc.; one gunsmith, \&c.; two farmers and assistants, and two mechanics and assistants, during the pleasure of Congress and the President. |
| Do............... | Ten equal instalments for education, $\$ 8,000$ each ; 2d article treaty July 31, 1855. |
| Do............... | Five equal instalments of $\$ 15,000$ each; same article and treaty. |
| Do | Support of four smith shops for ten years; same article and treaty. |
| Do................ | In part payment of $\$ 306,000$; sane article and treaty. |
|  | \$206,000, to be paid after teu years. .... |
| Do ....... | Interest on $\$ \mathbf{2 0 6}, 000$, seven years, same article, $\$ 72,100$, and interest on seven unpaid instalments of $\$ 10,000$ each, $\$ 3,500$. |
| Do............... | Ten instalments of $\$ 3,500$ each, to be paid to Grand river Ottawas ; same article treaty. |
| Pawnees............. | Agricultural implements duing the pleasure of the President. |



4th article treaty December 26, 1854; the sum of $\$ 11,250$ having been appropriated, hereafter required.
10 th article treaty December 26,1854 ; estimated at $\$ 4,500$ per year; sixteen instalments yet to be appropriated. Twenty instalments of $\$ 20,000$ each to be appropriated.

Vol. 10, page 1044..
Vol. 10, page 1045... VoI. 10, page $1039 .$.

Vol. 10, page 1040...
Vol. 7, pages 54, 106,
179 , and 220 .

Vol. 7, page 497.....
Vol. 7, page 492....

Vol. 7, page 493.
(Treaty not published)
Four instalments paid, (see 4th article treaty Mar. 16, 1854,to be appropriate 8th article treaty; estimated at $\$ 2,140$ per year; six years to be provided for.
4th article treaty March 15, 1854; four instalments paid, to be appropriated hereafter.
7 th article treaty March 15, 1854, estimated at $\$ 2,140$ per year ; four paid ; to be appropriated.
4th article treaty August 3, 1795; 4th article treaty September 17, 1818; 4th article treaty August 29, 1821; and 2d article treaty Nov. 17, 1807 , $\$ 12,000$ per year. 1836.

See 7th article of treaty of March 28, 1836, annually allowed since the expiration of the number of years named in the treaty; aggregate. $\$ 6,440$
...... do .............. $\begin{aligned} & \text { For agricultural implemerts, tools, } \\ & \text { \&c ; two instalments to be paid. }\end{aligned}$
...... do . ............... . seven of $\$ 4,250$, each to be paid....
$\$ 10,000$ per year for ten years; seven years to be appropriated.
Interest on unpaid consideration to be paid as annuity.

To be paid as per capita; seven inTo be paid as per capita; seven in-
stalments yet to be paid, $\$ 3,500$ each.
See 4th article treaty October 9, 1833


| $\begin{aligned} & 21,25000 \\ & 72,00000 \end{aligned}$ | ............ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Terminated. . . | -••• | ................ |
| ...... do. . ...... | ............. | ............... |
| 690,040 00 | ............ | . |
| 12,840 00 | ............. | ................ |
| 312,000 00 | ............. | ................ |
| 12,840 00 | ....... ..... | ............... |
| ................. | 2,600 00 | 52,000 00 |
| .................. | 12,000 00 | 240,000 00 |
| .... ............ | .............. | ................ |
| .................. | ............ | ................ |
| 56,000 00 | ............. | ................ |
| 30,000 00 | ............. | ................ |
| 29,750 00 | ............. | ... ........... |
| 70,000 00 | ............. | ................ |
| 206,000 00 | ............. | ................ |
| 75,600 00 | ............ | ................ |
| 24,500 00 | .............. | …............ |
| ................. | ............. | ............... |


| Numes of tribes. | Description of annuities, stipulations, \&o. | Reference to laws. | Number of instalments yet unappropriated, explanations, remarks, \&cc. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pawnees ............. | Five instalments in goods and such articles as may be necessary for them. | 1st session 35th Congress, page 129. | 2d article treaty September 24, 1857; one instalment appropriated, four remaining |  | \$180,000 00 |  |  |
| Do............... | For support of two manual labor schools | ...do ............. | 3d article treaty; annually, during the | \$10,000 00 | ................. |  |  |
| Do............... | For pay of two teachers | do ............. | pleasure of the President. <br> 3d article treaty; annual appropriation required |  | 1,200 00 |  |  |
| Do.... .......... | For purchase of iron and steel, and other necessaries for same. | ..... do ............ | 4th article treaty; annual appropriation during the pleasure of the President. | 50000 | ..... | ........... |  |
| Do............... | For pay of two blacksmiths, one of whom to be a gunsmith and tinsmith | do ............. | 4th article treaty; annual appropriation required. |  | 1,200 00 |  |  |
| Do............... | For compensation of two strikers or apprentices in shop. | . do | do |  | 48000 |  |  |
| Do........ ...... | Ten instalments for farming utensils and stock. | do ............. | 4th article treaty ; one instalment appropriated, nine remaining to be appriated at the pleasure of the President. | 10,800 00 | ............... |  |  |
| Do............... | For pay of farmer ..................... | .do ............. | 4th article treaty; annual appropriation required. |  | 60000 |  |  |
| Do.............. | Ten instalments for pay of miller..... | ...... do ............. | 4th article treaty; one instalment appropriated, nine remaining at the discretion of the President. | 5,400 00 | ............... |  |  |
| Do................... | Ten instalments for pay of an engineer. For compensation to apprentices to assist in working the milt. | ...do | 4th article treaty; annual appropriation required. | 10,800 00 | ........00000 | .............. |  |
| Do.............. | Three instalments for the pay of six laborers. | ...do ............. | 7th article treaty; one instalment of \$3,000 appropriated, two remaining unappropriated. |  | 6,000 00 |  |  |
| ratamatomies....... | Permanent annuities in money........ | Vol. 7, pages 51, 114, 185, 317, and 320; vol. 9 , page 855. | 4th article treaty of $1795, \$ 1,000 ; 3 \mathrm{3}$ article treaty of $18119, \mathbf{8} 500$; 3d article treaty of $1818, \$ 2,500$; 2 d article treaty of $1828, \$ 2,000 ; 2 \mathrm{~d}$ article treaty of July, 1829, \$16.400; 10th article treaty of June, 1846, 8300. |  |  | \$22,300 00 | \$446,000 00 |


| Do ............. | Life annuities to aurviving chiefs..... | Vol. 7, pages 379 and 433. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Do............. | Education during pleasure of Congress. | Vol. 7, pages 296, 318, and 401. |
| Ro.............. | Permanent provision for three smiths and assistants, shops, \&c. | Vol 7, pages 318, 296, and 32 . |
| Do. ........... | Permanent provision for furnishing salt. | Vol. 7, pages 75, 296, and 's20. |
| Do.............. | Interest on $\$ 643,000$, at 5 per cent. . . . | Vol. 9, page 854...... |
| Pottawatomies of Hu ron. | Permanent annuities . ........ ....... | Vol. 7, page 106...... |
| Quapaws.............. | Provision for education, $\$ 1,000$ per year, and for smith and shop and farmer during the pleasure of the President. | Vol. 7, page 425.... |
| Rogue River . . . . . . . . . | Sixteen instalments of $\$ 2,500$ each .... | Vol. 10, page 1019.... |
| Shasta, Scoton, and Umpqua Irdians. | \$2,000 annually for fifteen years ...... | Vol. 10, page 1122.... |
| Do. | Support of schools and farmer fifteen years. | Vol. 10, page 1123.... |
| Do. | Two smiths, \&c., for five years . . . . . . . | .do |
| Do............. | Physicians, medicines, \&c., for ten years. | . do |
| Sacs and Foxes of Missou:i. | Interest on \$157,400................... | Vol. 10, page 544..... |
| Sacs and Foxes of Mississippi. | Permanent annuity . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | Vol. 7, page 85....... |
| Do |  |  |
| Do............ | Interest on $\$ 800,000$, at 5 per cent. .... | Vol. 7, page 596 |
| Do............. | Thirty instalments of $\$ 20,000$ each.... | Vol. 7, page 375..... |
| Do............. | Provisions for smith and shop, gunsmith and shop, and for tobacco and salt. | ......do. ....... ...... |

3d article treaty of October 16,1832 , $\$ 200 ; 3 \mathrm{~d}$ article treaty of September 26, 1833, $\% 700$.
3d article treaty of October 16, 1826 ;
2d article treaty of 2 d article treaty of Sepiember 20 1828 , and 4th article treaty of October $27,1832, \$ 5,000$.
2d article treaty of September 20,1828; and 2 d article treaty of Iuer 16,1826 , three shops, at $\$ 940$ each per year §2,820.
3 d article treaty of 1803; 3d article treaty of October, 1826, and 2 , article treaty of July 29, 1829; estimated ${ }^{2} 500$.
7 th article trealy of June, 1846 ; annual interest, $\$ 32,150$
2 d aricle treaty of November 17, 1807 , \$400.
3 article treaty of May 13, 1833 $\$ 1,000$ per year for education, and $\$ 2,660$.
3d article treaty of September 10,1853, eleven instalments yet to be appro-
priated.
$3 d$ article treaty of November 18,1854 , eleven instalments to be provided for.
5th article same treaty; estimate for schools, $\$ 1,200$ per year, and farmer, eleven years.
Same article, one year, at $\$ 2,120$ per year.
Same article, six years, at \$1,060 per
2d article treaty of October 21, 1837.
3d article treaty of November, 1804, \$1,000.
2d article treaty of Octnber, 1837..... 2d article treaty of Octobrr 11, 1842,
3 \$40,000. 1832 three instalments yet to be provided for.
4th article treaty of September 21 , 1832, three instalments yet to be provided for, annually estimated at $\$ 2,880$.


## STATEMENT-Continued.


#### Abstract

Names of tribes.


## Senecas <br> Do.

Senecas of New York
Do..............
Do...............
Senecas and Shawuees.
Do.............
Shawnees............

| Du.. | Interest on \$40,000 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Do.............. | Payments for lands, eight instalmentr. |
| Six Nations of New York. | Permanent annuity in clothing, \&c.... |
| Sioux of the Mississippi | Interest on \$300,000 |
| Do............. | 50 instalments of interest on $\$ 112,000$, being ten cents per acre for reservation. |
| Do.............. | 50 instalments of interest on $\$ 1,360,000$ at 5 per cent. |
| Do....... ...... | 50 instalments of interest on \$1,160,000. |


| Reference to laws. |
| :---: |
| Vol. 7, pages 161 and 179. |
| Vol. 7, page $349 . . .$. |
| Vol. 4, page 442 <br> Vol. 9, page 35. |
| Vol. 7, page 179...... <br> Vol. 7, psge 352...... |
| Vol. 7, pages 51, 161, and vol. 10, page 1056. |
| Vol 7, page 46 ...... |
| Vol. 7, page 539...... |
| Vol, 10, page 950..... |
| Vol. 10, page 955..... |



|  | 50 instalments of interest on $\$ 69,000$, being ten cents per acre for reservation. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Treaty of Fort Laramie | Ten instalments in goods and provisions, \&c. |
| Do.............. | Expenses of transportation, \&c.. |
| Urapquas; Cow Creek | Twenty instalments of \$550 each.... |
| Umpquan, Calapooizs, \&c., Oregon. | Twenty instalments, payments graduated. |
| Do. .... . ..... | Support of teachers, \&c., twenty years. |
| Do.. | Physician fifteen years.................. |
| Do............... | Smith and shop and farmer 10 years. |
| Utahs... | Presents |
| Willamette Valley bands. | Twenty instalinents, graduated payments. |
| Do............... | Physician, smith, \&c., five years...... |
| Winnebagoes $\qquad$ <br> Do.............. | Interest on $\$ 1,100,000 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .$. <br> Thirty instalments of interest on |

Vol. 10, page $95 \%$
Treaty not pubsished.
Senate's amendment to 3 d article treaty August 5, 1851; 42 instalments of $\$ 3,450$ to be provided for. 7 th article treaty September 17, 1851 as amended, 850,000 per year ; two Same article, "estima
Same article, estimated $\$ 20,000$ per
3d article treatv September 19, 1853; fifteen payments to be appropriated 3d article treaty November 29, 1854 four instaments appropriated, 16 to be provided for, under the direction of che President.
Vol. 10, page 1127.
6th article treaty; estimated at $\$ 700$ per year ; four instalments appro 6th article
6 th article treaty; estimated at $\$ 1,000$ per year; four instalments appro propriated.
th article treaty ; estimated at $\$ 1,660$ per year; four instalments appro-

## Vol. 9, page 985. <br> \section*{Vol. 10, page 1144...}

Vol. 10, page 1145...
Vol. 7, page 546... Vol. 9, page $879 .$.

8th article treaty December 30, 1849. 2 d article treaty January 10, 1855 four instalments appropriated; 16 yet to be appropriated under the direction tre president.
3c arterear one estim per year, one year.
4th artic treaty November, 1837 $\$ 4,250$ per year; eighte 13,1836 , ments to be appropriated.


## Offue Imdian Affairg, December $\mathbf{6}, 1858$

No. 15.
Stocks held by the Secretary of the Treasury in trust for the Chickasavo national fund.

| Description of stock. | Amount. | Remarks. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Six per cent. bonds of State of Arkansas, due 1868. | \$90,000 00 | No interest paid by Arkansas since Jan. 1, 1842. |
| Six per cent. bonds of State of Indiana, due $185 \%$. | 141,000 00 | Interest only paid by three per cent. fund to 1851. |
| Six per cent. bonds of State of Indiana, due 1856. | 61,00000 | Interest regularly paid. |
| Six per cent. bonds of State of Illinois, due 1860. | 17,000 00 | Interest paid by applying three per cent fund. |
| Six per cent. stock of State of Maryland, due 1870. | 6,14057 | Interest regularly paid. |
| Six per cent. stock of State of Maryland, due 1890. | 8,350 17 | Do. |
| Six per cent. bonds of Nashville and Chatanooga Railroad Co., due 1881. | 512,000 00 | Do. |
| Six per cent. bonds of Richmond and Danville Railroad Co., due 1876. | 100,000 00 | Do. |
| Six per cent. stock of State of Tenuessee, due 1890. | 104,000 00 | Do. |
| Five and one-quarter per cent. bonds of State of Tennessee, due 1861. | 66, 86666 | Do. |
| United States six per cent. loan of 1842, due 1862. | 104, 03977 | Do. |
| United States six per cent. loan of 1847, due 1867. | 135,250 00 | Do. |
| United States six per cent. loan of 1848, due 1868. | 37,49। 80 | Do. |
|  | 1,382,947 97 |  |

## SMITHSONIAN FUND.

Statement of stocks now held by the Secretary of the Treasury which were purchased for the Smithsonian fund and held as security for moneys paid to the Smithsonian Institution; showing, also, the amount of 'interest due on the said stocks up to November 30, 1858, together with the annount in the treasury at the credit of the fund.

| Character of stocks. | Amount. | Interest due on stocks up to Nov. 30, 1858. | In the treasury at the credit of the Smithsonian fund. | Aggregate on all accounts. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| State of Arkansas. | \$538, 00000 | \$179,872 09 |  |  |
| State of Illinois. | 56,000 00 | 3,080 00 |  |  |
| State of Ohio. | 18,000 00 | 45000 |  |  |
| United States. | 81,461 64 | 2,036 54 |  |  |
|  | 693,461 64 | 485, 43863 | \$139,758 32 | \$1,318,658 59 |

Treasury Department, November $30,1858$.

No. 16.-Balances of appropriations of trust or special funds on the books of the treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1858.

| Smithsonian Institution | - | - | - | - | $\$ 128,294$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: | :--- |

Carrying into effect a treaty with Chickasaws of October 20, 1832, per act of April 30, 1836

135,711 49
Chickasaw orphans, under article 8 of treaty of July 1, 1834

2,557 70
Incompetent Indians, under article 4 of Chickasaw treaty $\quad 3,70356$
Cherokee schools -
Kansas schools $\quad$ - $\quad$ - $\quad$ - $\quad 17,84999$
Choctaw education - - $\quad$ - $\quad 3,31430$
Navy hospital fund - $\quad$ - $\quad$ - 44,22586
Navy pension fund - - - $\quad$ - 20,82955
Privateer pension fund . - - - - 44,083 21
Prize fund-a fund arising from captures paid into the treasury under act of March 3, 1849, but which is payable to captors - - - $\quad$ - 26,573 59
Chippewas of Swan creek - - - - 1,84376
Cherokee treaty 1835-'36 - - - $\quad 22,16291$
Chippewas and Ottawas - - - - 6,172 18
Chippewas, Ottawas, and Pottawatomies, (mills) - 23,963 85
Choctaw orphan reservations - - - - 16,90054
Choctaws under convention with Chickasaws - - 23,060 86
Creek orphans - $\quad$ - $\quad$ - $\quad$ - 12,374 29
Delawares -. - - - $\quad$ - 30,88497
Menomonees - - - - - 9,366 33

Ottawas of Blanchard's Fork - - - 51680
Osages, (education) - - - $\quad$ - 13,492 86
Ottawas of Roche de Bæuf - - - 18852
Senecas of New York - - - - 4696
Senecas - - - - - - 25000
Senecas and Shawnees - - - - 89296
Shawnees - $\quad$ - $\quad$ -
Stockbridges and Munsees - - - 15612
Wyandotts - - - $\quad$ - 2,67284
725,073 64
F. BIGGER, Register.

[^8]No. 17.
Gold and silver coinage at the Mint of the Uni.ed States in the several years from its establishment, in 1792, and including the coinage of the branch mints and the assay office, (New York,) from their organization to September 30, 1857.

|  | Years. | Gold. | Silver. | Aggregate. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1793 |  | \$71,485 00 | \$370,683 80 | \$444, 16880 |
| 1796. |  | 102,727 50 | 79, 17750 | 181,80500 |
| 1797 |  | 103,422 50 | 12,59145 | 116,013 95 |
| 1798 |  | 205,610 00 | 33 ", 29140 | 535, 901 00 |
| 1799. |  | 213,285 00 | 423,515 00 | 636,800 00 |
| 1800. |  | 317, 76000 | 224,296 00 | 542, 05600 |
| 1801. |  | 422,570 00 | 74,758 00 | 497, 32800 |
| 1802. |  | 423,310 00 | 58, 34300 | 481,653 00 |
| 1803. |  | 258,377 50 | 87, 11800 | 345, 49550 |
| 1804. |  | 258,642 50 | 100,34050 | 358, 98300 |
| 1805. |  | 170,367 50 | 149, 38850 | 319,756 00 |
| 1806. |  | 324, 50500 | 471, 31900 | 795,824 00 |
| 1807. |  | 437, 49500 | 597, 44875 | 1, 034,943 75 |
| 1808. |  | 284, 66500 | 684, 30000 | 968,965 00 |
| 1809. |  | 169, 37500 | 707, 37600 | 876,751 00 |
| 1810. |  | 501,435 00 | 633, 77350 | 1,140,208 50 |
| 1811. |  | 497, 90500 | 608, 34000 | 1,106, 24500 |
| 1812. |  | 290, 43510 | 814,029 50 | 1, 104,464 50 |
| 1813. |  | 477, 14000 | 620,951 50 | 1, 098,091 50 |
| 1814. |  | 77,270 00 | 561,687 50 | 638,957 50 |
| .1815 |  | 3,175 00 | 17,308 00 | 20,483 00 |
| 1816. |  |  | 28,575 75 | 28,575 75 |
| 1817. |  |  | 607,783 50 | 607,783 50 |
| 1818. |  | 242, 94000 | 1,070,45450 | 1,313,394 50 |
| 1819. |  | 258,615 00 | 1,140,000 00 | 1,398,615 00 |
| 1820. |  | 1,319, 03000 | 501, 68070 | 1,820,710 70 |
| 1821. |  | 189, 32500 | 825,762 45 | 1,015,087 45 |
| 1822. |  | 88,980 00 | 805, 80650 | 894,786 50 |
| 1823. |  | 72,425 00 | 895,550 00 | 967,975 00 |
| 1824. |  | 92, 20000 | 1,752, 47700 | 1,845,677 00 |
| 1825. |  | 156,385 100 | 1,564,583 00 | 1,720,968 00 |
| 18.6 |  | 92,245 00 | 2, 002,090 00 | 2, 094,335 00 |
| 1827 |  | 131,565 00 | 2,869,200 00 | 3,000,765 00 |
| 1828. |  | 140, 14500 | 1,575, 60000 | 1,715,745 00 |
| 1829. |  | 295, 71750 | 1,994,578 00 | 2,290,295 50 |
| 1830. |  | 643,10500 | 2, 495, 40000 | 3, 138,5) 00 |
| 1831. |  | 714, 27000 | 3, 175, 60000 | 3, 889, 87000 |
| 18.32. |  | 798,435 00 | 2, 579,000 00 | 3, 377, 43500 |
| 1833. |  | 978,550 00 | 2,759,000 00 | 3,737,550 00 |
| 1834 |  | 3, 954,270 00 | 3, 415, 00200 | 7, 369, 27200 |
| 1835. |  | 2,186, 17500 | 3, 443, 00300 | 5, 629, 17800 |
| 1836. |  | 4, 135,700 00 | 3, 606, 10000 | 7, 741, 80000 |
| 1837. |  | 1, 148,305 00 | 2,096, 01000 | 3, 244,315 00 |
| 1838 |  | 1,809,595 00 | 2,315, 25000 | 4, 124, 84500 |
| 1839 |  | 1,375,760 00 | 2,098,636 00 | 3, 474, 39600 |
| 1840 |  | 1,690, 80200 | 1,712, 17800 | 3, 402,980 00 |
| 1841. |  | 1, 102, 09750 | 1, 115,875 00 | 2,217,972 50 |
| 1842 |  | 1, 833, 17050 | 2, 325,750 00 | 4,158, 92050 |
| 1843. |  | 8, 302,787 50 | 3,722, 25000 | 12,025, 03750 |
| 1844. |  | 5, 428, 23000 | 2,235,550 00 | 7,663, 78000 |
| 1845. |  | 3,756,44750 | 1, 873, 20000 | $5,629,64750$ |
| 1846. |  | 4,034, 17750 | 2,558,580 00 | 6,592,757 50 |

No. 17.-Gold and silver coinage-Continued.

| Years. | Gold. | Silver. | Aggregate. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1847 | \$20, 221, 38500 | \$2, 374, 45000 | \$22, 595, 83500 |
| 1848 | 3,775, 51250 | 2, 040, 05000 | 5, 815, 56250 |
| 1849 | 9, 007,761 50 | 2,114,950 00 | 11,122,711 50 |
| 1850 | 31, 981, 73850 | 1,866, 10000 | 33, 847, 83850 |
| $1 \times 51$ | 62,614, 49250 | 774, 39700 | 63, 378,889 50 |
| 1852. | 56,846, 18750 | 999, 41000 | 57,845,597 50 |
| 1853. | 55, 213, 911694 | 9,177,571 00 | 64,291, 47794 |
| 1854 | 52, 094, 59547 | 8,619,270 00 | 60,713, 86547 |
| 1855, (to September 30) | 41, 166, 55793 | 2,893,745 00 | 44,060, 30293 |
| 1856, (to September 30) | 58, 936,893 41 | 5, 347, 07049 | 64,283,963 90 |
| 1857, (to September 30) | 48, 437, 96431 | 3,375, 60801 | 51,813, 57232 |
| 1858, (to September 30) | 51,841, 43391 | 9, 123, 53144 | 60, 869,965 35 |
| Tota | 544, 721,836 97 | 117, 303, 61484 | 662, 025, 45181 |

No. 18.
Statement exhibiting the amount of coin and bullion imported and exported annually from 1821 to 1858, inclusive, and also the amount of importation over exportation, and of exportation over importation, during the same years.

| Years ending- |  | Coin and bullion. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Imported. | Exported. | Excess of importation over exportation. | Excess of exportation over importation. |
| September 30, | 1821 | \$8, 064, 890 | \$10, 477, 969 |  | \$2, 413, 079 |
|  | 1822 | 3, 369, 346. | 10, 810, 180 |  | 7,440, 334 |
|  | 1823 | 5, 097, 896. | 6,372, 987 |  | 1,275, 091 |
|  | 1824 | 8,379, 835 | 7,014,552 | \$1, 365, 283 |  |
|  | 1825 | 6, 150,765 | 8, 787, 659 |  | 2, 636, 894 |
|  | 1826 | 6,880, 966 | 4,704,533 | 2, 176, 433 |  |
|  | 1828 | $8,151,130$ 7 | 8,014, 880 | 136, 250 | 753,735 |
|  | 1889 | 7, 403, 612 | 4,924,020 | 2, 479,592 | 73, |
|  | 1830 | 8,155,964 | 2, 178,773 | 5, 977, 191 |  |
|  | 1831 | 7, 305, 945 | 9, 014,931 |  | 1,708,986 |
|  | 1832 | 5, 907, 504 | 5, 656, 340 | 251, 164 |  |
|  | 1833 | 7, 070, 368 | 2, 611,701 | 4, 458, 667 |  |
|  | 1834 | 17, 911, 632 | 2, 076,758 | 15, 834, 874 |  |
|  | 1835 | 13, 131, 447 | 6,477, 775 | 6,653, 672 |  |
|  | 1836 | 13, 400, 881 | 4, 324, 336 | 9, 076, 545 |  |
|  | 1837 | 10,516, 414 | 5,976, 249 | 4,540, 165 |  |
|  | 1838 | 17, 747, 116 | 3,508, 046 | 14, 239, 070 |  |
|  | 1839 | 5, 595, 176 | 8,776, 743 | 465,799 | 3, 181,567 |
|  | 1840 1841 | $8,882,813$ $4,988,633$ | $8,417,014$ $10,034,332$ | 465, 799 | 5,045,699 |
|  | 1842 | 4, 087,016 | 4,813,539 |  | 726,523 |
| 9 mos. to June 3n, Year ending June 30, | 1843 | 22, 390, 559 | 1,520,791 | 20, 869, 768 |  |
|  | 1844 | 5, 830, 429 | 5, 454, 214 | 376, 215 |  |
|  | 1845 | 4, 070,242 | 8, 606, 495 | .............. | 4, 536, 253 |
|  | 1846 | 3,777,732 | 3, 905, 268 |  | 127, 536 |
|  | 1847 | 24, 121, 289 | 1,907, 024 | 22,214, 265 |  |
|  | 1848 | 6, 360, 224 | 15, 841, 616 |  | 9, 481, 392 |
|  | 1849 | 6, 651, 240 | 5, 404, 648 | 1,246,592 |  |
|  | 1851 | 4, 5 283, 752 | 7,522,994 |  | 24,019,160 |
|  | 1852 | 5, 505, 044 | 42, 674, 135 |  | 37, 169, 191 |
|  | 1853 | 4, 201, 382 | 27, 486, 875 |  | 23, 285, 493 |
|  | 1854 | 6,958,184 | 41, 436, 4ะ 6 |  | 34, 478, 272 |
|  | 1855 | 3,659,812 | 56, 247, 343 |  | 52, 587, 531 |
|  | 1856 | 4, 207,632 | 45, 745, 485 |  | 41,537, 86, 3 |
|  | 1857 | 12, 461, 799 | 69, 136, 922 |  | 56, 675, 123 |
|  | 1858 | 19, 274, 496 | 52, 633, 147 |  | 33, 358, 651 |
| Totel.....-........ |  | 325, 242, 038 | 558, 212, 958 | 112, 361, 545 | 345, 332, 465 |

No. 19.
Statement exhibiting the gross value of exports and imports from the beginning of the government to the 30th of June, 1858.

| Years ending- | Exports. |  |  | Imperts-total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Thtal. |  |
| Sept'ber 30, | \$19,666, 000 | *539, 156 | \$20, 205, 156 | \$23, 000, 000 |
|  | 18,500,000 | 512, 041 | 19, 012, 041 | 29, 200, 000 |
|  | 19, 000,000 | 1, 753, 1998 | 20, 753, 098 | 31,500,000 |
|  | 24, 000,000 | 2, 109,572 | 26, 109,572 | $31,100,000$ |
|  | 26,500,000 | 6,526, 233 | 33, 026, 233 | 34, 600,000 |
|  | $39,5100,000$ | 8,489, 472 | 47,989, 472 | 69, 756, 264 |
|  | 40,764, 097 | 26,300,000 | 67, 064, 097 | 81, 436, 164 |
|  | 99, 850, 206 | 27, 000,000 | 56, 850, 206 | $75,379,406$ $68,551,700$ |
|  | $28,587,097$ $33,142,522$ | $33,000,000$ $45,523,000$ | $61,527,097$ $78,665,522$ | $68,551,700$ $79,069,148$ |
|  | 31, 840, 903 | 39, 130, 877 | 70,971, 780 | 91, 252, 768 |
|  | 47, 473, 204 | 46, 642, 721 | 94, 115, 925 | 111, 363, 511 |
|  | 36, 708, 189 | 35, 774, 971 | 72,483, 160 | 76, 333, 333 |
|  | 42, 205, 961 | 13,594, 072 | 55, 800, 033 | 64, 666, 666 |
|  | 41, 467, 477 | 36,231, 597 | 77, 699, 174 | 85, $000,0.0$ |
|  | 42,387, 002 | 53, 179, 019 | 95, 566, 021 | 120,600,000 |
|  | 41, 253, 727 | 60, 283, 236 | $101,536,963$ $108,343,150$ | $129,410,040$ $138,56,000$ |
|  | 48, 699, 592 | 59, 643, 558 | 108, 343, 150 | 138,560,000 |
|  | 9, 433,546 | 12,997, 414 | 22, 430, 960 | 56,990,000 |
|  | 31, 405, 702 | 20,797,531 | 52, 203, 233 $66,657.970$ | $59,400,000$ $85,400,000$ |
|  | 42,366,675 | 24, 391,295 | 66, 657, 970 | 85, 400, 000 |
|  | 45, 294, 043 | 16, 022, 790 | 61, 316, 833 | 53, 400, 000 |
|  | 30,032, 109 | $8,495,127$ | 38, 527, 236 | 77, 030,000 |
|  | $25,008,132$ | 2,847, 865 | 27, 555,997 | 22, 2005,000 |
|  | 6,782, 272 | 145, 169 | 6, 927, 441 | $12,965,000$ $113,041,2: 4$ |
|  | 45, 974, 413 | 6, 583, 350 | 52, 557, 753 | 113, 041,2:4 |
|  | 64,781, 896 | 17, 138, 156 | 81, 920,452 | 147, 103, 000 |
|  | $68,313,500$ | 19, 358, 069 | 87, 671, 560 | 99,250,000 |
|  | 73, 854, 437 | 19, 426,696 | 93, 281, 133 | 121, 750, 000 |
|  | 50, 976, 838 | 19, 165, 683 | 70, 142,521 | 87, 125, 001 |
|  | 51, 683, 640 | 18, 008, 029 | 69,691, 669 | 74, 450, 000 |
|  | 43,671, 894 | 21,302, 488 | 64, 974,382 | 62,585, 724 |
|  | 49, 874, 079 | 22, 286, 202 | 72, 160, 281 | 83,241,541 |
|  | 47, 155, 408 | 27,543, 622 | 74,699, 030 | 77,579, 267 |
|  | $50,649,500$ | 25, 337, 157 | 75, 986, 657 | 80,549, 017 |
|  | 66, 944, 745 | 32,590,643 | 99,535, 388 | 96, 340, 075 |
|  | 53, 055, 710 | 24, 539, 612 | 77, 595, 222 | 84,974, 477 |
|  | 58,921, 691 | 23, 403, 136 | 82, 324, 827 | 79, 484, 068 |
|  | 50,669, 669 | 21, 595, 017 | 72, 264,686 | 88,509, 824 |
|  | $55,700,193$ | 16,658, 478 | 72, 358, 671 | 74, 492,527 |
|  | $59,462,029$ | 14,387, 479 | 73, 849, 508 | 70,876, 920 |
|  | 61, 277,057 | 20, 033, 526 | 81, 310,583 | 103,191, 124 |
|  | 63, 137, 470 | 24, 039,473 | 87, 176,943 | 101, 029,266 |
|  | 70, 317,693 | 19,822,735 | 90, 140, 443 | $148,118,311$ |
|  | 81, 024, 162 | 23, 312,811 | $104,336,973$ $121,693,577$ | 126, 521, 332 |
|  | 101, 189, 082 | 20, 504, 495 | 121, 693, 5777 | $149,895,742$ $189,980,035$ |
|  | 106, 916, 680 | 21, 746, 360 | 128, 663,040 | 189, 980, 035 |
|  | 95, 564, 414 | 21, 854, 962 | 117, 419, 376 | 140, 989, 217 |
|  | 96, 033, 821 | 12,452,795 | 108,486, 616 | 113, 717, 404 |
|  | 103,533, 891 | 17, 494,525 | 121,028, 416 | 162, 092, 132 |
|  | $113,895,634$ | 18, 190, 312 | $132,085,946$ | 107, 141, 519 |
|  | 106, 382, 722 | 15, 469, 081 | 121,851,803 | 127,946, 177 |

No. 19.-Statement of the value of exports and imports-Continued.

| Years ending- | Exports. |  |  | Imports-total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Domestic duce. pro- | Foreign merchan dise. | Total. |  |
| Sept'bor 30, 1842 | \$92, 94.9, 996 | \$11,721,538 | \$104,691,534 | \$100, 162, 087 |
|  | 77, 793,783 | 6,552, 697 | 84, 346, 4 ci $^{0}$ | 64,753,799 |
|  | 99, 715, 179 | 11,484, 867 | 111,2:0, 1146 | 108, 435, 133 |
|  | 99, 299, 776 | 15, 346, 230 | 114,646, 606 | 117,254,564 |
|  | 102, 141, 893 | 11,346, 623 | 113, 488,516 | 121, 691, 797 |
|  | 150,637, 464 | 8, 111,158 | 158, 648,622 | 146, 545, 639 |
|  | 132,944, 121 | 21, 128,010 | 154,032, 131 | 154,998, 923 |
|  | 132, 666, 955 | 13, 0e8, $\mathrm{c}^{65}$ | 145,755, 820 | 147,85 , 439 |
|  | 136, 946,912 | 14, 951,808 | 151,898,720 | 178, 138, 318 |
|  | 196, 689,718 | 21, 698, 293 | 218, 388,011 | 216,224,932 |
|  | 192, 368, 984 | 17,289, 382 | 219, 658, 366 | 212,915, 442 |
|  | 213,417, 697 | 17,558, 460 | 230, 976, 157 | 267,97*, 647 |
|  | 253,390, ,770 | 24, 250,194 | 278, 241,064 | 304, 562, 381 |
|  | 246,708,553 | 28, 448,293 | 275, 156,846 | 261, 468,520 |
|  | 310,586, 330 | 16, 378,578 | 326, 964, 908 | 314, 639, 942 |
|  | 338,985, 165 | 23, 975, 617 | 362, 960, 882 | 360, 890 , 141 |
|  | 293, 758, 279 | 30, 88f, 142 | 324, 644, 4:21 | 282, 613, 150 |
|  | 5,763,752, 294 | 1,420, $892 \mathrm{l}, 461$ | 7, 184, 644,755 | 7,941,044, 687 |

Note.-Prior to 1821 the treasury reports did not give the value of imports. To that period their value, and also the value of domestic and foreign exports, have been estimated from sources believed to be authentic. From 1821 to 1858 , inclusive, their value has been taken from official documents.
F. BIGGER, Register.

Treagury Department, Register's Ofice, November 26, 1858.

No. 20.
Statement exhibiting the amount of the tonnage of the United States, annually, from 1789 to 1858, inclusive; also, the registered and enrolled and licensed tonnage employed in steam navigation each year.

| Years onding- |  | Registered sail tonnage. | Registered steam tounage. | Enrolled and licensed sail tonnage. | Enrolled and licensed steam tonnage. | Total tonnage. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Tons. |  |  |  |  |
| Dec. 31, | 1788. | 123,893 $346,2,4$ 346,210 362,110 <br> 411, 438 <br> 367, 734 <br> 529, 471 <br> 576, 733 <br> 697, 7776 <br> 662, 197 <br> 669, 921 <br> 560, 380 <br> 597, 157 <br> 749, 341 <br> 818, 265 <br> 769, 054 <br> 910,059 <br> 984 <br> 768,852 <br> 760, 624 <br> 674,853 674,633 <br> 854, 295 <br> 830,760 <br> 606, 089 <br> 612,930 <br> 619, 896 <br> 628, 150 <br> 639,921 669,973 <br> 700,788 <br> 747, 170 <br> 812,619 <br> 65C, 143 <br> 619,575 <br> 686, 809 <br> 857,048 885,481 <br> 885, 481 |  | 77, 669 132, 123 <br> 139, 036 <br> 153, 019 <br> 153, 030 <br> 189,755 <br> 218, 494 <br> 279, 136 <br> 294, 952 <br> 277, 212 <br> 312, 571 <br> 314, 670 <br> 331, 724 <br> 352, 015 <br> 369, 874 <br> 391, 127 <br> 420, 241 <br> 473, 542 <br> 440, 222 <br> 440,515 <br> 463, 650 <br> 509,373 491,776 <br> 484,577 <br> 513, 833 <br> 571, 459 <br> 590, 187. <br> 619,096 <br> 661, 119 <br> 679, 062 <br> 696, 549 <br> 671, 766 <br> 697, 580 <br> 699, 263 <br> 833, 240 <br> 889, 355 <br> 556,618 <br> 552, 248 <br> 613,827 <br> 661, 847 <br> 754,819 <br> 778,995 816,645 |  |  |
|  | 1790. |  |  |  |  | 274 |
|  | 1791. |  |  |  |  | 502, 146 |
|  | 1792 |  |  |  |  | 564, 457 |
|  | 1793. |  |  |  |  | 520, 764 |
|  | 1794. |  |  |  |  | 628,618 |
|  | 1795. |  |  |  |  | 747, 965 |
|  | 1796 |  |  |  |  | 831, 899 |
|  | 1797. |  |  |  |  | 876, 913 |
|  | 1799. |  |  |  |  | 898, 338 |
|  | 1800. |  |  |  |  | 939, 972 , 492 |
|  | 1801. |  |  |  |  | 947, 577 |
|  | 1802. |  |  |  |  | 892, 104 |
|  | 1803 |  |  |  |  | 949, 172 |
|  | 1804 |  |  |  |  | 1, 042, 404 |
|  | 1805 |  |  |  |  | 1, 1411, 368 |
|  | 1807 |  |  |  |  | 1,208, 716 |
|  | 1808. |  |  |  |  | 1,268, 548 |
|  | 1809. |  |  |  |  | $1,242,596$ $1,350,281$ |
|  | 1810 |  |  |  |  | 1, 124.284 |
|  | 1812. |  |  |  |  | 1,232,502 |
|  | 1813. |  |  |  |  | 1, 269, 997 |
|  | 1814. |  |  |  |  | 1,166,629 |
|  | 1815. |  |  |  |  | 1,368, 128 |
|  | 1817. |  |  |  |  | 1,372, 219 |
|  | 1818. |  |  |  |  | $1,399,912$ $1,225,185$ |
|  | 1819 |  |  |  |  | 1,225, 18.265 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 1,280,167 |
|  | 1822 |  |  |  |  | 1, 298, 958 |
|  | 1823 |  |  |  | 24, 879 | 1,324,699 |
|  | 182 |  |  |  | 21,610 | 1, 389, 163 |
|  | 1826 |  |  |  | 23, 061 | 1, 423, 112 |
|  | 1827. |  |  |  | 34, 059 | 1,534, 191 |
|  | 1828. |  |  |  | 49,418 | 1,620,608 |
|  | 1829. |  |  |  | 54, 037 | 1, 260,798 |
|  | 1830. |  |  |  | 63, 053 | 1,191,776 |
|  | 1831. |  |  |  | 33, 568 | 1, 25\%'847 |
|  | 1832. |  |  |  | 90,633 | 1,439,450 |
|  | 1833 |  |  |  | 101, 305 | 1,606, 151 |
|  | 1834 |  |  |  | 122, 474 | 1,758,9ı7 |
|  | 1835 |  |  |  | 122, 474 | 1, 824, 9 |

## REPORT ON THE FINANCES.

No. 20-Continued.

| Years onding- |  | Registered sail tonnage. | Registered steam tonnage. | Enrolled and licensed sail tonnage. | Enrolled and licensed steam tonnage. | Total tonnage. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Tons. |  |  |  |  |
| Sept. 30, | 1836....... | 897,321 | 454 | 839, 226 | 145, 102 | 1,822, 103 |
|  | 1837....... | 809, 343 | 1,104 | 932,576 | 153, 661 | 1,896 684 |
|  | 1838. | 819,801 | 2,791 | 982,416 | 190,632 | 1,995,640 |
|  | 1839..... | 829, 096 | 5,149 | 1, 062, 445 | 199, 789 | 2, 096, 479 |
|  | 1840. | 895, 610 | 4,155 | 1, 082,815 | 198, 184 | 2,180, 764 |
|  | 1841. | 945, 057 | 746 | 1, 010,599 | 174, 342 | 2, 130,744 |
|  | 1842. | 970,658 | 4,701 | 892, 472 | 224,960 | 2, 092,391 |
| June 30, | $1843 .$ | 1, 003,932 | 5,373 | 917, 8114 | 231, 494 | 2, 158,603 |
|  | $1844 .$ | 1,061,856 | 6,909 | 946, 160 | 265, 270 | 2,280,095 |
|  | 1845 | 1, 088, 680 | 6,492 | 1, 002, 303 | 319,527 | 2,417,002 |
|  | 1846. | 1, 123, 999 | 6,287 | 1,090, 192 | 341, 606 | 2,562,084 |
|  | 1847....... | 1,235, 682 | 5,631 | 1,198,523 | 399, 210 | 2,839,046 |
|  | 1848 | 1,344, 819 | 16,063 | 1,381, 332 | 411,823 | 3, 154, 042 |
|  | 1849. | 1, 418, 172 | 21, 870 | 1, 453,549 | 441,525 | 3, 334, 016 |
|  | 1851 | 1,540, 769 | 44,942 | 1, 468,738 | 481, 105 | 3, 535, 454 |
|  | 1851 | 1, 663, 917 | 62, 390 | 1, 524;915 | 521, 217 | 3, 772, 439 |
|  | 1852. | 1,819, 744 | 79,704 | 1, 675, 456 | 563,536 | 4, 138 440 |
|  | 1853. | 2, 013, 154 | 90, 520 | 1, 789,238 | 514, 098 | 4, 407,010 |
|  | 1854. | 2,238,783 | 95, 036 | 1,887,512 | 581, 571 | 4, 8112,902 |
|  | 1855 | 2, 420, 091 | 115,045 | 2, 421,625 | 655, 240 | 5,212,001 |
|  | 1856 | 2, 4111,687 | 89,71.5 | 1,796,888 | 583, 36\% | 4,871,652 |
|  | 1857....... | 2, 377, 094 | 86,873 | 1,8:7,964 | 618,911 | 4,940, 842 |
|  | 1858....... | 2,499,742 | 78,027 | 2,550,067 | 651, 363 | 5,049,808 |

F. BIGGER, Register.

Treasury Depirtment, Register's Office, November 26, 1858.

No. 21.
Statement showing the revenue collected from the beginning of the government to June 30, 1858, under the several heads of customs, public lands, and miscellaneous sources, including loans and treasury notes; also, the expenditures during the same period, and the particular tariff, and the price of lands, under which the revenue from those sources was collected.

| Years. | From customs. | Date of tariff. | From public lands. | Price per acre. | From miscellaneous sources, includ'g loans and treasury notes. | That portion of miscellaneous arising from loans \& treasury notes. | Total receipts. | Total expendi tures. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| From March 4, 1789, to Dec. 31, 1791. | \$4,399,473 09. | July 4, 1789, general ; Aug. 10, 1790, general ; Mar. 3, 1791, general May 2, general. |  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { \$1, by act } \\ & \text { of May } 20, \\ & 1785 . \end{aligned}\right.$ | \$5,810,552 66 | \$5,791,112 56 | \$10,210, 02575 | \$7,207,539 |  |
| 1792 | 3,443,070 85 |  |  |  | 5, 297, 69592 | 5,070,806 46 | 8,740, 76677 | 9, 141,569 |  |
| - 1793 | 4,255,306 56 |  |  |  | 1,465,317 72 | 1,067,701 14 | 5,720,624 $2:$ | 7,529,575 |  |
| - 1794 | 4,801,065 28 | June 5, special ; June 7, gen'l |  |  | 5,240,036 37 | 4,609, 19678 | 10,041,101 65 | 9,302, 124 |  |
| 1795 |  | Jan. 29, gen'l-- |  |  | 3, 831, 34153 | 3, 305, 26820 |  |  |  |
| 1796 | 6,567,987 94 |  | \$4,835 13 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 2 \text {, by act } \\ & \text { of May } 18, \\ & 1796 \text {. } \end{aligned}$ | 2,167,505 56 | 362,800 00 | 8,740,329 65 | $8,367,776$ |  |
| 1797 | 7,549,649 65 | Mar 3, general : July 8, special | 83,54060 |  | 1,125,726 15 | 70, 13541 | $8,758,91640$ | 8,626, 012 |  |
| 1798 | 7,106,061 93 |  | 11,963 11 |  | 1, 091, 04505 | 303,574 27 | 8, 209, 07007 | 8,613,517 |  |
| 1799 | 6,610,449 31 |  |  |  | 6, 011,01053 | 5, 074,646 53 | 12,621, 45984 | 11,077, 043 | 50 |
| 1800 | $9,080,93273$ $10,750,77893$ | May 13, special. | 1674375 |  | 3, 369,807 66 | 1,602,435 09 | 12,451, 18414 | 11, 989, 739 | 92 |
| 1801 | 10,750,778 93 |  | 167, 72606 |  | 2, 026,950 96 | 10, 12500 | 12,945, 45595 | 12, 273, 376 |  |
| 1802 1803 | 12,438,235 74 |  | 188, 628 02 |  | 2, 374,527 55 | 5,597 36 | 15, 001,39131 | 13, 276, 084 |  |
| 1803 | 10,479,417 61 |  | 165, 67569 |  | 419, 00433 |  | 11,064, 09763 | 11,258,983 |  |
| 1804 | 11,098,565 33 | Mar. 26 special; <br> Mar. 27, spec'l. | 487,526 79 |  | 249,747 90 | 9,532 64 | 11,835, 84002 | 12,624, 646 |  |

No. 21-Continued.

| Years. | From customs. | Date of tariff. | From public lands. | Price per acre. | From miscellaneous sources, includ'g loans and treasury notes. | That portion of miscellaneous arising from loans \& treasury notes. | Total receipts. | Total expenditures. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1805 | \$12,936, 48704 |  | \$540, 19380 |  | \$212,827 30 |  |  | \$13,727, 12441 |
| 1806 | 14, 667, 69817 |  | 765,245 73 |  | 175,884 88 | 48,897 71 | 15,608, 82878 | $15,070,09397$ |
| 1807 | 15,845, 52161 |  | 466,163 27 |  | 86,334 38 |  | 16, 398,019 26 | 11,292, 29299 |
| 1808 | 16,363,550 58 |  | 647,939 06 |  | 51,054 45 | 1,882 16 | 17,062,544 09 | 16,764,584 20 |
| 1809 | 7,296;020 58 |  | 442, 25233 |  | 35,200 21 |  | 7,773,473 12 | 13,867, 22630 |
| 1810 | $8,583,30931$ |  | 696,54882 |  | 2, 864, 34840 | 2,759,992 25 | 12, 144, 20653 | 13,319,986 74 |
| 1811 | 13, 313, 22273 |  | 1,040,23753 |  | 78,377 88 | 8,309 05 | 14,431, 83814 | 13, 601, 80891 |
| 1812 | 8,958,777 53 | July 1, special. | 710,427 78 |  | 12,969, 82745 | 12, 837,900 00 | 22, 639, $032 \cdot 76$ | 22,279,121 15 |
| 1818 | 13, 224, 62325 | July 29, special | 835, 65514 |  | 26,464,566 56 | 26, 184,435 00 | 40, 524, 84495 | 39, 190, 52036 |
| 1814 | 5,998,772 08 |  | 1,135,971 09 |  | 27, 424,793 78 | 23, 377,911 79 | 34, 559,536 95 | $38,028,23032$ |
| 1815 | 7,282,942 22 |  | 1,287,959 28 |  | 42, 390, 33610 | 35, 264, 32078 | 50,961,237 60 | 39,582,493 35 |
| 1816 | 36,306,874 88 | Feb. 5, special ; April 27, gen'1 | 1,717,985 03 |  | 19, 146,561 91 | 9,494,436 16 | 57, 171,421 82 | 48,244,495 51 |
| 1817 | 26, 283, 34849 |  | 1,991, 226 06 |  | 5,559, 01778 | 734,54259 | 33, 833,592 33 | 40,877, 64604 |
| 1818 | 17, 176, 385 00 | April 20, special. | 2,606,564 77 |  | 1, 810,986 89 | 8,765 62 | 21,593,936 66 | 35, 104, 87540 |
| 1819 | 20,283, 60876 | Mar. 3, special. | 3, 274, 42278 |  | 1,047, 63383 | 2,291 00 | 24,605, 665 | 24,004,199 73 |
| 1820 | 15, 005, 61215 |  | 1,635,871 61 | ( ${ }^{\text {) }}$ | 4, 240, 00992 | 3, 040, 82413 | 20,881,493 68 | 21,763, 02485 |
| 1821 | 13, 004, 44715 |  | 1, 212,966 46 |  | 5,356, 29011 | 5,000,324 00 | 19,573, 70372 | 19,090,572 69 |
| 1822 | 17,589, 76194 |  | 1, 803,581 54 |  | 839,084 46 |  | 20,232,427 94 | 17,676,592 63 |
| 1823 | 19,088, 43344 |  | 916,523 10 |  | 535, 70972 |  | 20, 540,666 26 | 15, 314, 17100 |
| 1824 | 17,878, 32571 | May 22, general. | -984,418 15 |  | 5,518,468 93 | 5,000,000 00 | 24, 381, 21279 | 31, 898,538 47 |
| 1825 | 20, 098,713 45 |  | 1, 216, 09056 |  | 5,526, 05401 | 5,000, 00000 | 26,840,858 02 | 23, 585, 80472 |
| 1826 | $23,341,331$ $19,712,283$ 29 |  | 1,393,785 09 |  | 525,31735 |  | 25, 260, 43421 | 24, 103, 39846 |
| 1828 | 23, 205, 52364 | May 19, general; | $1,495,845$ <br> $1,018,308$ <br> 15 |  | $1,758,23541$ 539,79684 |  | $22,966,363$ $24,763,629$ 23 | 22,656,764 04 |
| 1829 | 22,681, 96591 | May 24, special. | 1,517,175 13 |  | 628,486 34 |  | 24, 74,62923 | 25,459,479 52 |
| 1830 | 21,922,391 39 |  | 2,329,356 14 |  | 592,368 98 |  | $24,844,11651$ | 25, 044, 35840 |
|  |  | May 29, special; |  |  |  |  | 24,844, 11651 | 24,585, 28155 |



[^9]Statement excibiting the value of manufactured articles of domestic produce exported to foreign countries from the 30th day of June, 1846, to June 30, 1858.

| Articles. | 1847. | 1848. | 1819. | 1850. | 1851. | 1852. | 1853. | 1854. | 1855. | 1856. | 1857. | 1858. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Wax. | \$161,527 | \$134,577 | \$121,720 | \$118,055 | \$122, 835 | \$91,499 | \$113,602 | \$87, 140 | \$60,905 | \$74,005 | \$91,983 | \$85,926 |
| Refined sugar | 124,824 | 253,900 | 129, 001 | 285, 056 | 219,588 | 149,921 | 375,780 | 370,488 | 526, 463 | 360, 444 | 368,206 | 200, 724 |
| Choodate. | 1,653 | 2,207 | 1,941 | 2,260 | 3,255 | 3,267 | 10.230 | 12,257 | 2,771 | 1,476 | 1,932 | 2,304 |
| Apisits from grain.. | 67,781 | 90,957 | 67, 129 | 48,314 | 36,084 | 48,737 | 141,173 | 282,019 | 384,144 | 500, 945 | 1,248, 234 | 476,722 |
| Spimite from molasses.. ..... | 293, 609 | 289,467 | 288,452 | 268, 290 | 289, 622 | 333,941 | 329,381 | 809,965 | 1,448,280 | 1,329,151 | 1,216,635 | 1,267,691 |
| Spurtsfrom other materials. . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 101,836 | 95,484 | 120,011 | 249, 432 |
| Miolasseg. | 20,959 | 5,563 | 7,442 | 14, 137 | 16,830 | 13, 163 | 17,582 | 131,048 | 189,830 | 154, 63\% | 108,003 | 115,893 |
| Vineger ... | 9,526 | 13,920 | 14,136 | 11,182 | 16,915 | 12,220 | 20,443 | 16.945 | 17,281 | 26,034 | 30,788 | 24,336 |
| Beer, alf, porter, and cider .. | 68, 114 | 78,071 | 51,320 | 52,251 | 57,975 | 48,052 | 64,677 | 53,503 | 45, 069 | 45,086 | 43,732 | 59,532 |
| Einseed and spirits of turpermite | 498, 110 | 331,404 | 148,056 | 229,741 | 145, 410 | 152,837 | 362,960 | 1,084,329 | 1,185, 732 | 896, 238 | 795, 490 | 1,137.507 |
| Lard oit.................... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 82,945 | 161,232 | 92,499 | 60,958 |
|  | 225,700 | 297,358 | 237,342 | 278,025 | 362, 830 | 430, 182 | 714,556 | 763, 197 | 803,960 | 982, 042 | 879, 448 | 932, 449 |
| Coachesand other carriages. | 75, 369 | 89,963 | 95,923 | 95, 722 | 199,421 | 172,445 | 184, 497 | 244,638 | 290,525 | 370,259 | 476,394 | 777,921 |
| Hats | 59,536 | 55,493 | 64,967 | 68,671 | 103,768 | 80,453 | 91,261 | 178,404 | 177,914 | 226,682 | 254,208 | 126,525 |
| Sadilery. | 13,102 | 27,435 | 37,276 | 20,893 | 30, 100 | 47,937 | 48,229 | 53,311 | 64,886 | 312249 | 45,222 | 55,280 |
| Thallow eandles and soap, and other candles......... | 606. 798 | 670,223 | 627, 280 | 664,963 | 609,732 | 600, 054 | 681,382 | 891,566 | 1,111,349 | 1,200,764 | 1,942,604 | 934,3047 |
| Snuff amd tomaceo ........... | 658,950 | 568, 435 | 613,044 | 648, 832 | 1, 143,547 | 1,316,622 | 1,671,500 | 1,551, 471 | 1,500, 113 | 1,829,207 | 1,458, 533 | 2,410,224 |
| Leather, bosts and shoes.... | 243,816 | 194,095 | 151, 774 | 193,598 | 458, 838 | 488, 708 | 673, 70* | 896,555 | 1,052, 406 | 1,313,311 | 1,311, 709 | 1,269, 494 |
| Cordage .. | 27,054 | 29,911 | 41,636 | 51,357 | 52, 054 | 62,903 | 113,216 | 194, 076 | 315,267 | 367,182 | 286, 163 | 212,844 |
| Gunpewder | 88,397 | 125,263 | 131,297 | 190,352 | 154,257 | 121,580 | 180,048 | 212,700 | 356,051 | 644,974 | 398,244 | 365, 173 |
| Galt. | 42.333 | 73, 274 | 82,972 | 75, 103 | 61,424 | 89,316 | 119,729 | 159,026 | 156,879 | 311,495 | 190,699 | 162,650 |
| Lead | 124,981 | 84,278 | 30,198 | 12,797 | 11,774 | 32,725 | 5,540 | 26,874 | 14,298 | 27,512 | 58,624 | 48, 119 |
| Kron-eig, hem, and nails..... | 168,817 | 154, 036 | 149,358 | 154, 210 | 215,652 | 118,624 | 141,998 | 308, 127 | 288,437 | 286,980 | 397,313 | 205,931 |
| caekimgs ............. | 68, 889 | 83, 183 | 60,175 | 79,318 | 164, 425 | 191,388 | 220,420 | 459, 775 | 306, 439 | 288, 316 | 289,967 | 464, 41.5 |
| Rll smasuctures of ... | 929,778 | 1,022,408 | 886,639 | 1,677,792 | 1,875,621 | 1,993,807 | 2,097,234 | 3,472, 467 | 3,158,596 | 3,585,712 | 4,197,687 | 4,059,528 |
| Copper and brams, manuf | 64,980 | 61,438 | 66,203 | 105, 060 | 91,871 | 103, 039 | 104,205 | 92,108 | 690,766 | 534,846 | 607, 054 | 1,985,223 |
| Medicierat drugs | 165, 793 | 210,581 | 220,894 | 334,789 | 351,585 | 263,852 | 327,073 | 454, 789 | 788,114 | 1,066,294 | 886,309 | 681,278 |
| printed ar entored.... uncolored | 290,114 | 353,534 | 469,777 | 606,631 | 1,006,561 | 6926,404 | 1,086, 167 | 1,147,786 | 2,613,655 | 1,966,845 | 1,785, 68.5 | 2,069, 194 |
| uncolored . ........... | $3,345,902$ 103,132 | $4,866,559$ 170,633 | 3,955, 117 | $3,774,407$ 17,405 | $1,571,576$ 37,260 | $6,139,391$ 34,718 | 6,926,485 | $4,130,149$ 49,315 | 2,901,276 | 4,616,264 | 3,715,339 | 1,782,025 |
| ocher manufaetures of | 338, 375 | 327,479 | 415,680 | 335,981 | 625,808 | 571,638 | 733,648 | 423,085 | 336, 250 | 384, 200 | 614, 1153 | 1, 890,285 |
| emp and easafoch and thread...... bets, and all manefac- | 477 | 495 | 1,009 | 1,183 | 1,647 | 5,468 | 2,924 | 24,456 | 2,506 | 802 | 1,066 | 1,326 |
| tures of.............. | 5,305 | 6,218 | 4,549 | 10,593 | 6,376 | 8,154 | 13,860 | 55, 261 | 34, 002 | 25,233 | 33,687 | 87,763 |
| Wearing apparel | 47,101 | 574,834 | 75,945 | 207,632 | 1,211,894 | 250, $2 \cdot 28$ | 249,733 | 234,388 | 223,801 | 278, 8.32 | 533,442 | 810,695 |
| Earthen and stone ware..... | 4,758 | 8,512 | 10,632 | 15,644 | 23,096 | 18,310 | 53,685 | 31,525 | 32,119 | 64,686 | 34,206 | 36,783 |

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Earthen atad stone ware. ......

| Combs and buttons.. . | 17,026 | 16,461 | 38. 136 | 23,987 | 27,334 | 3R,833 | 31,395 | 37,684 | 32,049 | 32,653 | 38,793 | 6,349 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Brushes and brooms ........ | 2,967 | 2, 160 | 2,924 | 2,827 | 8,257 | 4,385 | 6,612 | 9,501 | 10,856 | 8.38 .5 | 7,394 | 4.9.153 |
| Billiard tables and apparatus. | 615 | 12 | 701 | 2,295 | 1,798 | 1,088 | 1,673 | 3,204 | 4,916 | 2,778 | T33 | 8,791 |
| Umbrellas, parasols, and sunshades. | 2,150 | 2,916 | 5,800 | 3,395 | 12,260 | 8,340 | 6,183 | 11,658 | 8,441 | 5,989 | 6,846 | 5,339 |
| Manafactures of India rubber |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1,409,107 | 1,093,538 | 643,512 | 213; 379 |
| Leathar and moroceo, (not sold per pound). | 29,856 | 16,483 | 9,427 | 9,800 | 13,309 | 18,617 | 6,448 | 17,018 | 36,045 | 5,765 | 2, 119 | 12,099 |
| Fire-enginew and apparatus.. | 3,443 | 7,686 | 548 | 3, 140 | 9,488 | 16,784 | 9,652 | 6,597 | 14,829 | 29,088 | 21,524 | 7,280 |
| Printing presses and types... | 17,431 | 30,403 | 28,031 | 39,242 | 71,401 | 47,781 | 32,250 | 33,012 | 36,405 | 67,517 | 52, 747 | 106, 498 |
| Musical instruments. ...... | 16,997 | 38,508 | 23,713 | 21,634 | 55,700 | 67,733 | 52,397 | 126,128 | 106,857 | 133, 517 | 127,748 | 89,775 |
| Books and mapu.. | 44,751 | 75, 193 | - 94,427 | 119,475 | 153,912 | 217,809 | 142,604 | 187,335 | 207,218 | 202,502 | 277,647 | 209, 774 |
| Paper and stationery | 88,731 | 78,307 | 86,827 | 99,696 | 155,664 | 119,535 | 122,212 | 192, 339 | 185,637 | 203, 013 | 294, 357 | 229,991 |
| Painta and varnish | 54, 115 | 50,739 | 55, 145 | 67,597 | 109,834 | 85,369 | 83,020 | 121,823 | 163,096 | 217,179 | 223,32n | 131,217 |
| Manufactures of glase. | 71, 155 | 76,007 | 101,419 | 136,682 | 185,436 | 194,634 | 170,561 | 229,476 | 204,679 | 216,439 | 179,590 | 814;608 |
| Manufactures of tín. | 6,363 | 12,353 | 13,143 | 13,590 | 27,823 | 23,420 | 22,988 | 30,750 | 14,279 | 13,610 | 5,608 | 54,186 |
| Manufactures of pewter and lead. $\qquad$ | 13,694 | 7,739 | 13,196 | 22,682 | 16,426 | 18,460 | 14,064 | 16,478 | 5,233 | 5,628 | 4,218 | 27,30\% |
| Manufactures of marble and stone $\qquad$ | 11,220 | 22,466 | 20,282 | 34,510 | 41,449 | 57,240 | 47,628 | 88,327 | 168,546 | 162,976 | 111,403 | 138,5\% |
| Manufactures of gold and silver, and gold leaf. ...... | 4,268 | 6,241 | 4,502 | 4,583 | 68,639 | 20,332 | 11,873 | 1,311,513 | 9,051 | 6,116 | 15,477 | 26,386 |
| Quicksilver . . . . . . . . . . . . . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 442,383 | 806, 119 | 831, 724 | 665, 480 | 128, 184 |
| Artiticial flowers and jewelry |  | 11,217 | 8,557 | 45,283 | 121,013 | 114, 738 | 66,397 | 50,471 | 22,143 | 26,386 | 28,020 | 28,901 |
| Trunks and valises........... | 5,270 | 6, 126 | 5,099 | 10,370 | 12,207 | 15,035 | 27,148 | 23,67: | 35,203 | 32,457 | 37,748 | 58, 442 |
| Brieks and lime .............. | 17,623 | 24,174 | 8,671 | 16,348 | 22,045 | 13,539 | 32,625 | 33,314 | 57,293 | 64,297 | 68,002 | M13, 821 |
| Oil-cake..................... | 1, 108,984 | 1,137, 828 | $1,408,278$ | - $3,869,07 \mathrm{i}$ | 3,793, 341 | 2,877, $0 . .$. | 3,788, 700 | 4,972,084 | - $4,014,432$ |  | - $3,292,7 \underline{28}$ | $1,435,861$ $2,601,788$ |
| Total | 10, 476,34.5 | 12,858,758 | 11,280,075 | 15,196,451 | 20,136,967 | 18,862,931 | 22,599,930 | 26,849,411 | 28,833,299 | 30,970,992 | 29,653,267 | 30,32, 180 |
| bullion | 62,620 | 2,700,412 | 956,874 | 2,046,679 | 18,069,580 | 37, 437, 837 | 23,548,535 | 38,234, 566 | 53,957,418 | 44, 148,279 | 60,078,352 | 42,407,246 |
|  | 10,538,965 | 15,559,170 | 12,236,949 | 17,243,130 | 38,206,547 | 56,300,768 | 46, 148, 465 | 65, 083,977 | 82,790,717 | 75,112,271 | 89,731,619 | 72,779, 426 |

Treagury Departhent, Register's Office, November 26, 1858.

## No． 23.

Slatement exhibiting the value of foreign merchandise imported，re－ exported，and consumed，annually，from 1821 to 1858，inclusive；and also the estimated population and rate of consumption per capita du－ ring the same period．

| Years ending－ | Value of foreign merchandise． |  |  | Populstion． |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Imported． | Re－exported． | Consumed and on hand． |  |  |
| September 30. | \＄62，585， 724 | \＄21，302， 488 | \＄41，283， 236 | 9，960， 974 | \＄ 114 |
|  | 83，241，541 | 22，286， 202 | 60，955， 333 | 10，283， 757 | 592 |
|  | 77，579， 267 | 27，543， 622 | 50，035， 645 | 10，6＇J6，540 | 471 |
|  | 80，549， 007 | 25，337， 157 | 55，211， 850 | 10，929， 323 | 505 |
|  | 96，340， 075 | 32，590，643 | 63，749， 432 | 11，252， 106 | 566 |
|  | 84，974， 477 | 24，539，612 | 60，434， 865 | 11，574， 889 | 522 |
|  | 79，484， 068 | 23，403， 136 | 56，טE0， 932 | 11，ャ97， 672 | 471 |
|  | 88，509， 824 | 21，595， 017 | 66，914，807 | 12，220， 455 | 547 |
|  | 74，492， 527 | 16，658， 478 | 57，831， 049 | 12，243， 238 | 461 |
|  | 70，876，920 | 14，337， 479 | 56，489，441 | 12566,020 | 439 |
|  | 103，191， 124 | 20，033， 526 | 83，157， 598 | 13，286， 364 | 625 |
|  | 101，029， 266 | 24，039， 473 | 76，989，793 | 13，706，707， | 561 |
|  | 108，118， 311 | 19，822，735 | 88，295， 5.76 | 14，127， 050 | 625 |
|  | 126，521， 332 | 23，312， 811 | 103，2118，521 | 14，547， 393 | 71.9 |
|  | 149，895， 742 | 20，504，493 | 129，391， 247 | 14，967， 736 | 864 |
|  | 189，980， 035 | 21，746， 560 | 168，233， 675 | 15，388， 079 | 1093 |
|  | 140，989， 217 | 21，854， 962 | 119，134， 255 | 15，808， 422 | 753 |
|  | 113，717， 404 | 12，452， 795 | 101，264， 609 | 16，228， $765^{-1}$ | 623 |
|  | 162，092， 132 | 17，494， 525 | 144，597， 607 | 16，649， 1118 | 863 |
|  | 107，141，519 | 18，190， 312 | 88，951， 207 | 17， 069,453 | 521 |
|  | 127，916， 177 | 15，469， 081 | 112，477， 096 | 17，612，${ }^{\text {J }} 17$ | 638 |
|  | 100，162， 087 | 11，721，538 | 88，410，549 | 18，155，561 | 487 |
| 9 mos．to June 30．．－ <br> Year to June 30 | 64，753， 799 | 6，552，697 | 58，201， 102 | 18，698， 615 | 311 |
|  | 108，435， 035 | 11，484， 867 | 96，950， 168 | 19，241， 670 | 503 |
|  | 117，254， 564 | 15，346， 830 | 101，907， 734 | 19，784， 725 | 515 |
|  | 121，691， 797 | 11，346， 623 | 1111，345， 174 | 20，3：77， 780 | 542 |
|  | 146，545， 638 | 8，111， 158 | 138，534， 480 | 20，780，835 | 660 |
|  | 154，998， 928 | 21，128， 010 | 133，870，918 | 21，413，890 | 625 |
|  | 147，857， 439 | 13，088， 865 | 134，768， 574 | 21，956，945 | 613 |
|  | 178，138， 318 | 14，951，808 | 163，186， 510 | 23，246，301 | 702 |
|  | 216，224，932 | 21，698， 293 | 194，526， 639 | 24，251， 000 | 802 |
|  | 212，945， 442 | 17，289，382 | 195，656， 060 | 24，500， 000 | 800 |
|  | 267，978， 647 | 17，558， 460 | 250，420， 187 | 25，000， 000 | 1000 |
|  | 304，562， 381 | 24，850， 194 | 279，712， 187 | 25，750， 000 | 1000 |
|  | 261，468， 520 | 28，448， 293 | 233， 1211,227 | 26，500，000 | 879 |
|  | 314，639， 942 | 16，378， 578 | 29ヶ，261， 364 | 27，400，000 | 1088 |
|  | 360，890， 141 | 23，975， 617 | 336，914， 524 | 28，5：00，000 | 1182 |
|  | 282，613， 150 | 30，886， 142 | 251，727， 008 | 29，500， 000 | 850 |
| Total． | ，590，416， 449 | 7：3，282， 264 | 4，851，131，1と5 |  |  |

No. 24.
Statement exhibiting the total value of imports consumed in the United States, exclusive of specie, during each fiscal year from 1821 to 1858, inclusive; showing, also, the value of foreign and domestic exports, exclusive of specie, the aggregate exports, including specie, and the tonnage employed during the same period.

| Years. |  | Total imports, including specie. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1821 | \$62,585, 724 |
|  | 1822 | 83, 241,541 |
|  | 1823 | 77, 579, 267 |
|  | 1824 | 80, 549, 017 |
|  | 1825 | 96, 340, 075 |
|  | 1826 | 81,974, 477 |
|  | 1827 | 79, 484, 068 |
|  | 1828 | 88,509, 824 |
|  | 1829 | 74, 492, 527 |
|  | 1830 | 70, 876, 920 |
|  | 1831 | 103, 191, 124 |
|  | 1832 | 101, 029, 266 |
|  | 1833 | 108, 118, 311 |
|  | 1834 | 126, 521, 332 |
|  | 1835 | 149, 895, 742 |
|  | 1836 | 189,980, 135 |
|  | 1837 | 140, 989, 217 |
|  | 1838 | 113, 717, 4 (14 |
|  | 1839 | 162, 192,132 |
|  | 1840 | 107, 141, 519 |
|  | 1841 | 127, 946, 177 |
|  | 1842 | 100, 162, 087 |
| 9 monthe to June 30. | 1843 | 64,753, 799 |
| Year ending June 30. | 1844 | $108,435,035$ |
|  | 1845 | 117, 254, 564 |


| Imports entered for consumption, exclusive of specie. | Domestic produce exported, exclasive of specie. | Foreign merchardise exported, exclusive of specie. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$43, 696, 405 | \$43, 671,894 | \$10,824, 519 |
| 68, 367, 425 | 49,874, 179 | 11, 476, 022 |
| 51, 3018,936 | 47, 155, 408 | 21, 170,635 |
| 53, 846, 567 | 50,649, 500 | 18, 322, 605 |
| 66, 375, 722 | 66,944, 745 | 23, 802, 984 |
| 57,652,577 | 52, 449,855 | 20,440, 934 |
| 54, 901, 108 | 57, 878, 117 | 16, 431, 330 |
| 66, 975, 475 | 49, 976, 632 | 14, 044, 578 |
| 54, 741, 571 | 55, 087, 317 | 12, 347, 544 |
| 49, 575, 1009 | 58, 524, 878 | 13, 145, 857 |
| 82, 808, 110 | 59, 218, 583 | 13, U77, 069 |
| 75, 327, 688 | 61, 726, 529 | 19,794, 074 |
| 83, 470, 067 | 69, 950, 856 | 17,577, 876 |
| 86, 973, 147 | 80, 6\%23, 662 | 21,636,553 |
| 122, 007, 974 | 100, 459, 481 | 14,756, 321 |
| 158, 811,392 | 106,570,942 | 17 767, 762 |
| 113, 310,571 | 94, 280, 895 | 17, 162, 232 |
| 86,552,598 | 95, 560, 880 | 9, 417, 690 |
| 145, 870, 816 | 101, 625, 533 | 10,626, 140 |
| 86, 250, 335 | 111,660,561 | 12,008, 371 |
| 114, 776, 309 | 103, 636, 236 | 8, 181, 235 |
| 87, 996, 318. | 91, 798, 242 | 8, 078,753 |
| 37, 294, $129^{\circ}$ | 77, 636, 354 | 5, 139, 335 |
| 96, 390, 548 | 99,531,774 | 6,214, 0:8 |
| 105, 599,541 | 98, 455, 330 | 7,581,781 |


| Total exports, in- |
| ---: | ---: |
| cluding specie. |$\quad$| Tonnage. |
| :--- |
|  |


| Years. | Total imports, including specie. | Imports entered for consumption, exclusive of apecie. | Domestic produce exported, exclusive of specie. | Foreign merchandise exprorted, exclusive of specie. | Total exports, including specie. | Tonnage. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1846 | \$121, 691, 797 | \$110, 048, 859 | \$101, 718, 042 | \$7,865, 206 | \$113, 488, 516 | 2,562,085 |
| 1847 | 146, 545, 638 | 116,257,595 | 150, 574, 844 | 6, 166,754 | 158, 648, 622 | 2,839, 046 |
| 1848 | 154, 998, 928 | 140, 651, 902 | 130,213, 709 | 7,986, 806 | 154, 032, 131 | 3, 154,042 |
| 1849 | 147, 857, 439 | 132, 565, 168 | 131, 710, 081 | 8,641, 091 | 145, 755, 820 | 3, 334, 015 |
| 1850 | 178, 138, 318 | 164, 032, 033 | 134,900, 233 | 9, 475, 493 | 151, 898,720 | 3, 535, 454 |
| 1851 | 216,224, 932 | 200, 476, 219 | 178, 620, 133 | 10, 295, 121 | 218, 388, 111 | 3,772, 439 |
| 1852 | 212,945, 442 | 195, 072, 695 | 154, 931, 147 | 12, 053, 084 | 209, 658, 366 | 4, 138, 441 |
| 1853 | 267, 978, 647 | 251, 071, 358 | 189, 86!, 162 | 13, 62n, 120 | 230, 976, 157 | 4,407,010 |
| 1854 | 304, 562, 381 | 275, 955, 893 | 215, 156, 304 | 21, 648, 304 | 278, 24 1, 064 | 4, 802, 903 |
| 1855 | 261, 468, 520 | 231, 650, 340 | 192, 751, 135 | 26, 158, 368 | 275, 156, 846 | 5,212,001 |
| 1856 | 314,639, 942 | 295, 650, 938 | 266, 438, 051 | 14,781, 372 | 326, 964,908 | 4,871,652 |
| 1857 | 360, 890, 141 | 333, 511, 295 | 278, 906, 713 | 14,917, 047 | 362, 960, 682 | 4,94 ', 843 |
| 1858 | 282, 613, 150 | 242, 678, 413 | 251,351, 033 | 20,660, 241 | 324,644, 421 | 5, 049,808 |
| Total | 5,590, 416, 449 | 4,740, 503, 040 | 4,262,228,865 | 525, 298, 765 | 5,345, 640,588 |  |

## No. 25.

Statement exhibiting a summary view of the exports of domestic produce, dec., of the United States during the years ending on June 30, 1847, 1848, 1849, 1850, 1851, 1852, 1853, 1854, 1855, 1856, 1857, and 1858.

| Years ending- | Product of- |  |  |  |  |  | Raw produce. | Specie and bullion. | Total value. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | The sea. | The forest. | Agriculture. | Tobacco. | Cotton. | Manufactures. |  |  |  |
| June 30, 1847 | \$3,468, 033 | \$5, 996, 073 | \$68,450, 383 | \$7,242, 086 | \$53,415, 848 | \$10,476,345 | \$1,526, 076 | \$62,620 | \$150, 637, 464 |
| - 1848 | 1,980, 963 | 7, 059, 084 | 37,781, 446 | 7,551, 122 | 61, 998, 294 | 12,858, 758 | -974,042 | 2, 700,412 | 132, 904, 121 |
| 1849 | 2,547, 654 | 5, 917, 994 | 38,858, 204 | 5,804, 207 | 66,396, 967 | 11, 280, 075 | 904,980 | 956,874 | 132, 666. 955 |
| 1850 | 2, 824,818 | 7,442,503 | 26,547, 158 | 9,951, 023 | 71,984, 616 | 15, 196, 451 | 953, 664 | 2,045, 679 | 136,946, 912 |
| 1851 | 3, 294, 691 | 7,847,022 | 24, 369, 210 | 9,219, 251 | 112, 315, 317 | 20,136,967 | 1,437,680 | 18,069,580 | 196, 689, 718 |
| 1852 | 2,282.342 | 7,864,220 | 26, 378,872 | 10,031, 283 | 87, 965,732 | 18, 862,931 | 1,545, 767 | 37, 437, 837 | 192, 368, 984 |
| 1853 | 3,279,413 | 7,915, 259 | 33, 463,573 | 11, 319,319 | 109,456, 404 | 22,599,930 | 1,835, 264 | 23, 548, 535 | 213, 417,697 |
| 1854 | 3, 064,069 | 11, 761, 185 | 67, 104, 592 | 10,016, 046 | 93, 596, 220 | 26,849,411 | 2,764,781 | 38, 234, 566 | 253, 390, 870 |
| 1855 | 3, 516,894 | 12, 603, 837 | 42,567, 476 | 14, 712,468 | 88, 143, 844 | 28, 833, 299 | 2,373,317 | 53, 957, 418 | 246, 708, 553 |
| 1856 | 3, 356,797 | 10,694, 184 | 77, 686, 455 | 12,221,843 | 128, 382, 351 | 30, 970, 992 | 3, 125, 429 | 44, 148, 279 | 310,586, 330 |
| 1857 | 3,704,523 | 14, 699, 711 | 75, 722,096 | 20,260,772 | 131, 575, 859 | 29,653, 267 | 3, 290,485 | 60, 078, 352 | 338, 985, 065 |
| 1858. | 3,550,295 | 13,475, 671 | 53, 235, 980 | 17,009,767 | 131, 586,661 | 30, 372, 180 | 2,320,479 | 42, 407, 246 | 293, 758, 279 |

## No. 26.

Statement exhibiting the value of certain articles imported during the years ending June 30, 1844, 1845, 1846, 1847 , $1848,1849,1850,1851,1852,1853,1854,1855,1856,1857$, and 1858, (after deducting the re-exportations,) and the amount of duty which accrued on each during the same periods, respectively.

| Articles. | 1844. |  | 1845. |  | 1846. |  | 1847. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Value. | Duties. | Value. | Duties. | Value. | Duties. | Value. | Duties. |
| Woolens | \$9,408, 279 | \$3,413, 495 | \$10, 504, 423 | \$3, 731, 014 | \$9,935,925 | \$3,480, 797 | \$10,639, 473 | \$3,192, 293 |
| Cottons | 13,236,830 | 4,850,731 | 13, 360, 729 | 4, 908, 272 | 12, 857, 422 | 4,865, 483 | 14, 704, 186 | 3, 956,798 |
| Hempen goods. | 865,427 | 213, 862 | 801, 661 | 198,642 | 696,888 | 138, 394 | 625,871 | 121,588 |
| Iron, and manufactures of.- | 2, 395, 760 | 1,607, 113 | 4,075, 142 | 2, 415, 003 | 3,660,581 | 1,629,581 | 8,710, 180 | 2,717,378 |
| Sugar. | 6,897, 245 | 4,597,093 | 4,049, 708 | 2,555, 075 | 4, 397, 239 | 2,713,866 | 9,406, 253 | 3, 160, 444 |
| Hemp, unmanufactured | 261, 913 | 101, 338 | 140,372 | 55, 122 | 180, 221 | 62, 282 | 65, 220 | 19,452 |
| Salt | 892, 112 | 654,881 | 883,359 | 678, 069 | 748,566 | 509, 244 | 878, 871 | 228,892 |
| Coal | 203, 681 | 133,845 | 187,962 | 130,221 | 336,691 | 254,149 | 330,875 | 162,008 |
| Total | 34, 161, 247 | 15,472, 358 | 34,003,256 | 14, 671, 413 | 32,813,533 | 13,653, 796 | 45,360,929 | 13,558,853 |

STATEMENT—Continued.


STATEMENT-Continued.

| Articles. | 1852. |  | 1853. |  | 1854. |  | 1855. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Value. | Duties. | Value. | Duties. | Value. | Duties. | Value. | Duties. |
| Woolens | \$17, 348, 184 | \$4, 769, 083 | \$27, 051, 934 | \$7, 459, 794 | \$31, 119, 654 | \$8, 629, 180 | \$22,076,448 | \$6,088, 157 |
| Cottons | 18, 716, 741 | 4,895, 327 | 26,412, 243 | 6,599,338 | 32, 477, 106 | 8,153, 992 | 15, 742, 923 | 3, 823, 294 |
| Hempen goods | 343,777 | 68, 755 | 433, 604 | 86,721 | 59,824 | 11, 631 | 239,593 | 47, 919 |
| Iron, and manufactures | 18,843, 569 | 5, 632, 484 | 26,993, 082 | 8,074, 017 | 28, 288, 241 | 8,486, 472 | 23, 945, 274 | 7, 163, 602 |
| Sugar. | 13, 977, 393 | 4, 193, 218 | 14, 168, 337 | 4,250,501 | 11, 604, 656 | 3,481, 397 | 13,284, 663 | 3, 985, 399 |
| Hemp, unmanufactured | 164,211 | 49, 263 | 326,812 | 98, 044 | 335, 632 | 100, 689 | 55, 458 | 16,637 |
| Salt -------------- | 1, 102, 101 | 220.420 | 1,041,577 | 208, 315 | 1,290, 975 | 258, 195 | 1,692,587 | 338,517 |
| Coal | 405,652 | 121,695 | 488,491 | 146,547 | 585,926 | 175,777 | 893,825 | 268,147 |
| Total | 70,901,628 | 19,950,245 | 96, 916, 080 | 26,923, 277 | 105, 762, 014 | 29, 297, 333 | 77, 930, 771 | 21,731,672 |

## STATEMENT—Continued.

| Articles. | 1856. |  | 1857. |  | 1858. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Value. | Duties. | Value. | Duties. | Value. | Duties. |
| Woolens | \$30,705, 161 | \$8,478,552 05 | \$30, 848, 620 | \$8,504, 131 | \$26, 288, 189 | \$5,550.025 98 |
| Cottons | 24,337, 504 | 5, 943, 181, 90 | 28, 114, 924 | 6, 845, 102 | 17, 574, 142 | 3,873, 35020 |
| Hempen goods | 233, 735 | 46,747 00 | 504, 214 | 100,843 | 594,323 | 89,148 45 |
| Iron, and manufactures of | 21, 618,718 | 6,461, 61500 | 23,320, 148 | 6,829, 279 | 14, 453, 617 | 3,407,818 20 |
| Sugar. | 21, 295, 154 | 6,388,546 20 | 41,596, 238 | 12,478, 871 | 18,946,663 | 4,547, 19912 |
| Hemp, unmanufacture | 3,427 | 1,028 10 | 411,662 | 123,499 | 249.417 | 59,860 08 |
| Salt....--.......-- | 1,954,317 | 390,863 40 | 2, 991, 365 | 598,273 | 1,102,202 | 165,330 30 |
| Coal $\qquad$ <br> Total | 597,094 | 119,418 80 | 769,486 | 230,846 | 769,926 | 184,782 24 |
|  | 100, 745, 110 | 27,829,952 45 | 128,556, 657 | 35, 710, 844 | 79,978,479 | 17,877,514 57 |

F. BIGGER, Rcgister.

## No. 27.

Statement exhibiting the value of foreign merchandise and domestic produce exported annually, from 1821 to 1858.

| Years ending- | 6 | Value of exports, RXCLUSIVE of specie. |  |  |  |  | Specie and bullion. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Foreign merchandise. |  |  | Domestic produce. | Aggregate value of exports. |  |
|  |  | Free of duty. | Paying duty. | Total. |  |  |  |
| September $30 \ldots .$. | 1821 | \$286, 788 | \$10,537, 731 | \$10, 824, 519 | \$43,671,894 | \$54,496, 413 | \$10,477, 969 |
|  | 1822 | 374,716 | 11, 101, 306 | 11, 476, 022 | 49,874, 079 | 61,350, 101 | 10,810, 180 |
|  | 1823 | 1,323, 762 | 19,846,873 | 21, 170, 635 | 47, 155, 408 | 68,326, 043 | 6,372,987 |
|  | 1824 | 1,100,530 | 17, 222,075 | 18,322,605 | 50, 649, 500 | 68,972, 105 | 7,014,552 |
|  | 1825 | 1,098, 181 | 22,704,803 | 23, 802, 984 | 66,944, 745 | 90, 747, 729 | 8,787,659 |
|  | 1826 | 1,036, 430 | 19, 404, 504 | 20,440,934 | 52,449, 855 | 72,890,789 | 4,704,533 |
|  | 1827 | 818, 844 | 15, 617, 986 | 16,431,830 | 57, 878, 117 | 74, 309, 947 | 8,014,880 |
|  | 1828 | 877, 239 | 13, 167, 339 | 14, 044, 578 | 49,976, 632 | 64, 021, 210 | 8, 243, 476 |
|  | 1829 | 919,943 | 11, 427, 601 | 12,347, 544 | 55, 087, 307 | 67, 434, 851 | 4,924,020 |
|  | 1830 | 1,078, 695 | 12, 067, 162 | 13,145,857 | 58,524,878 | 71,670,735 | 2,178,773 |
|  | 1831 | 642,586 | 12,434, 483 | 13, 077, 069 | 59, 218, 583 | 72, 295, 652 | 9, 014, 931 |
|  | 1832 | 1,345, 217 | 18,448, 857 | 19,794, 074 | 61,726,529 | 81,520,603 | 5, 656,340 |
|  | 1833 | 5,165,907 | 12,411, 969 | 17,577, 876 | 69,950, 856 | 87, 528, 732 | 2,611, 701 |
|  | 1834 | 10,757, 033 | 10,879,520 | 21, 636, 553 | 80,623, 662 | 102, 260,215 | 2, 076,758 |
|  | 1835 | 7,012,666 | 7,743, 655 | 14,756, 321 | 100, 459, 481 | 115, 215, 802 | 6, 477, 775 |
|  | 1836 | 8,534, 895 | 9, 232, 867 | 17, 767, 762 | 106,570, 942 | 124, 338, 704 | 4, 324, 336 |
|  | 1837 | 7, 756, 189 | 9,406, 043 | 17, 162, 232 | 94, 280, 895 | 111, 443, 127 | 5, 976,249 |
|  | 1838 | 4,951, 306 | 4,466, 384 | 9,417,690 | 95, 560, 880 | 104, 978, 570 | 3, 508,046 |
|  | 1839 | 5, 618, 442 | 5, 007, 698 | 10, 626, 140 | 101, 625,533 | 112,251, 673 | 8,776,743 |
|  | 1840 | 6, 202, 562 | 5, 805, 809 | 12, 008, 371 | 111, 660,561 | 123, 668, 932 | 8,417. 014 |
|  | 1841 | 3, 953, 054 | 4,228, 181 | 8,181, 235 | 103, 636, 236 | 111, 817, 471 | 10,034, 332 |
|  | 1842 | 3,194, 299 | 4,884, 454 | 8,078, 753 | 91, 798, 242 | 99, 876,995 | 4, 813,539 |
| 9 months to June 30 | 1843 | 1.682, 763 | 3,456, 572 | 5, 139, 335 | 77, 686,354 | 82, 825, 689 | 1,520,791 |


| Year ending June $30 . . . . . . .-. .1844$ | 2,251, 550 | 3, 962,508 | 6,214, 058 | 99, 531,774 | 105, 745, 832 | 5,454, 214 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1845 | 2,413, 050 | 5, 171,731 | 7,584,781 | 98, 455, 330 | 106,040,111 | 8,606,495 |
| 1846 | 2,342,629 | 5,522,577 | 7, 865, 206 | 101, 718, 042 | 109,583, 248 | 3,905,268 |
| 1847 | 1,812,847 | 4, 353, 907 | 6, 166, 754 | 150,574, 844 | 156,741,598 | 1,907, 024 |
| 1848 | 1,410, 307 | 6,576,499 | 7,986, 806 | 130, 203, 709 | 138,190,515 | 15,841, 616 |
| 1849 | 2,015,815 | 6,625, 276 | 8,641, 091 | 131, 710, 081 | 140, 351, 172 | 5,404, 648 |
| 1850 | 2,099, 132 | 7, 376, 361 | 9, 475,493 | 134, 900, 233 | 144,375, 726 | 7,522, 994 |
| 1851 | 1,742,154 | 8,552,967 | 10, 295, 121 | 178,620, 138 | 188, 915, 259 | 29,472, 252 |
| 1852 | 2,538,159 | 9,514, 925 | 12, 053, 084 | 154,931, 147 | 166, 984, 231 | 42, 674, 135 |
| 1853 | 2,449,539 | 11,170,581 | 13, 620, 120 | 189, 869, 162 | 203, 489, 282 | 27, 486,875 |
| 1854 | 3,210,907 | 18,437, 397 | 21, 648, 304 | 215, 156, 304 | 236,804,608 | 41,436,456 |
| 1855 | 6,516,550 | 19,641, 818 | 26,158, 368 | 192,751, 135 | 218,909, 503 | 56, 247, 343 |
| 1856 | 3, 144, 604 | 11, 636, 768 | 14, 781, 372 | 266,438, 051 | 281, 219,423 | 45, 745, 485 |
| 1857 | 4, 325,400 | 10,591, 647 | 14,917, 047 | 278, 906, 713 | 293, 823, 760 | 69, 136, 822 |
| 1858 | 5,751,850 | 14, 908, 391 | 20,660,241 | 251, 351, 033 | 272, 011,274 | 52, 633, 147 |
|  | 110,751,540 | 405, 547, 225 | 525, 298, 765 | 4,262, 228, 865 | 4;787, 427, 630 | 558, 212,958 |

Trrasury Department, Register's Office, November 26, 1858.
F. BIGGER, Register.

No. ' 28.
Statement exhibiting the quantity of wine, spirits, dec., imported annu-
ally, from 1843 to 1858 , inclusive.

No. 1.-WINE IN CASKS.

| Period of importation. | Madeira. |  | Sherry. |  | Sicily. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Gallons. | Value. | Gallons. | Value. | Gallons. | Value. |
| 9 mos.end'gJune 30,1843 | 3,949 | \$9,075 | 4,685 | \$6,491 | 14,579 | \$6,617 |
| Year end'g June 30, 1844 | 16,754 | 30,575 | 18,665 | 23, 418 | 31, 180 | 15,000 |
| Do.-.-. --...-- 1845 | 101, 176 | 145, 237 | 23, 616 | 38, 289 | 110,590 | 46,033 |
| Do...--.----- 1846 | 169,797 | 122,895 | 26,538 | 41,761 | 209,131 | 74,000 |
| 5 mos.end'g Nov. 30, 1846 | 117, 117 | 128, 613 | 14,543 | 26, 194 | 21, 281 | 8,933 |
| 7 mos.end'gJune30, 1847 | 13,806 | 5,717 | 77,521 | 56, 061 | 92,631 | 24, 230 |
| Year end'g June 30, 1848 | 44,634 | 21,630 | 215,935 | 109,983 | 190, 294 | 67,364 |
| Do.-----.---. 1849 | 193, 971 | 105,302 | 170,794 | 128,510 | 130,851 | -32, 23.1 |
| Do...---.---- 1850 | 303, 125 | 150, 096 | 212,092 | 118,952 | 91, 123 | 24,933 |
| Do....-.-.-.-.- 1851 | 163,941 | 116, 008 | 250, 277 | 154, 668 | 301,010 | 98,975 |
| Do.--------.-. 1852 | 216,683 | 103, 917 | 168,610 | 97, 680 | 91,746 | 22,563 |
| Do.--------. . 1853 | 226, 403 | 105,628 | 313,048 | 155, 819 | 190, 205 | 45, 794 |
| Do.-.-.-.-.-.- 1854 | 120, 391 | 54,270 | 415, 298 | 244, 028 . | 68,870 | 23, 191 |
| Do.-.---...-- 1855 | 71,912 | 46,445 | 383, 398 | 208, 414 | 197, 700 | 65,359 |
| Do.-.---------1856 | 44,393 | 32, 031 | 398, 392 | 270,317 | 184, 194 | 61,954 |
| Do.-.-...----. 1857 | 106,359 | 65,880 | 544, 649 | 364,906 | 280, 346 | 133,894 |
| Do---.-.----- 1858 | 86,805 | 72,429 | 418,319 | 343,100 | 123,519 | 56,612 |

No. 2.-WINE IN CASKS.

| Period of importation. | Port. |  | Claret. |  | Other red wine. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Gallons. | Value. | Gallons. | Value. | Gallons. | Value. |
| 9 mos.end'g June 30, 1843 | 38,593 | \$25,714 | 873,895 | \$134, 598 |  |  |
| Year end'g June 30, 1844 | 223, 615 | 156,878 | 993, 198 | 218, 239 | 340, 387 | \$60,096 |
| Do...........- 1845 | 260,593 | 162,358 | 1, 051,862 | 249,633 | 495, 558 | 143, 210 |
| Do.-.-........ 1846 | 372,528 | 148,895 | 951,351 | 249,703 | 954,646 | 316,821 |
| 5 mos. end'gNov. 30, 1846 | 80,991 | 62, 851 | 294,433 | 111,453 | 1, 072,589 | 328, 814 |
| 7 mos.end'gJune 30, 1847 | 8,075 | 3,791 | 591;656 | 119,844 | 539,454 | 119,411 |
| Year end'g June 30, 1848 | 501, 123 | 170, 134 | 1, 227, 071 | 221,416 | 781,073 | 1140,928 |
| Do...--.-.-.. 1849 | 711, 268 | 272,700 | 1, 912, 701 | 263, 836 | 994,458 | 221, 177 |
| Do............ 1850 | 626,211 | 305, 354 | 1,919,766 | 267,445 | 1,469, 256 | 265, 988 |
| Do...-...-.-- 1851 | 762,967 | 349,849 | 1,940, 121 | 280, 333 | 1, 245, 201 | 236, 727 |
| Do.....-.-.-. 1852 | 614,816 | 240, 238 | 2, 702, 612 | 405, 380 | 1, 172,316 | 229,350 |
| Do...-........ 1853 | 662,791 | 268,005 | 2,633, 802 | 482,827 | 1, 374,416 | 377, 482 |
| Do..........- 1854 | 393, 197 | 177, 935 | 2, 045, 474 | 497, 005 | 1,854,885 | 450,195 |
| Do...........- 1855 | 186, 460 | 97, 987 | 1, 371,400 | 440,631 | 1,519,505 | 459, 985 |
| Do.....-.-.-- 1856 | 264, 816 | 158,729 | 1,516, 018 | 561, 440 | 697, 334 | 285, 111 |
| Do.-..-...-... 1857 | 600, 219 | 407, 564 | 1, 897, 108 | 669,403 | 1,186, 293 | 500,527 |
| Do...-........ 1858 | 352, 677 | 226,781 | 1, 027, 013 | 385, 750 | 1, 078, 926 | 442,641 |

## STATEMENT-Continued.

No. 3.-WINE, BRANDY, AND GRAIN SPIRITS.

| Period of importation. | Other white wine. |  | Brands. |  | Grain spirits. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Gallons. | Value. | Gallons. | Value. | Gallons. | Value. |
| 9 mos.end'g June 30,1843 | 123, 832 | \$28, 205 | 191,832 | \$106, 267 | 259, 129 | \$121, 547 |
| Year end'g June 30, 1844 | 268,414 | 75,090 | 782,510 | 606, 633 | 416,918 | 171, 015 |
| Do_....-.-.-- 1845 | 591, 735 | 211, 183 | 1, 081, 314 | 819,450 | 606,311 | 262,543 |
| Do.-.-.-.---- 1846 | 705,808 | 310, 241 | 963, 147 | 839, 231 | 677,785 | 345, 352 |
| 5 mos end'g Nov.30,1846 | 618,267 | 296, 736 | 331, 108 | 355,451 | 136, 323 | 86, 073 |
| 7 mos.end'g June 30,1847 | 278, 482 | 69,831 | 623,309 | 575,631 | 327, 635 | 143,549 |
| Year end'g June 30, 1848 | 840,687 | 193, 358 | 1,370,111 | t, 135, 089 | 676,683 | 327,493 |
| Do_-.-.-.-.-- 1849 | 971, 895 | 210, 139 | 2,964, 091 | 1, 347, 514 | 796, 276 | 327, 957 |
| Do.-.-.-----. 1850 | 1, 088,801 | 215, 353 | 4, 145,802 | 2, 659,537 | 751,183 | 361,078 |
| Do.-..-.-.-. 1851 | 1, 085, 374 | 209,847 | $3,163,783$ | 2, 128, 679 | 984, 417 | 364, 204 |
| Do.-.-.-.-.-- 1852 | 935, 379 | 195, 870 | 2,751,810 | 1, 792,729 | 865, 301 | 294, 386 |
| Do.-.--.-...- 1853 | 1,275, 290 | 305, 287 | 3, 854, 956 | 3, 251, 408 | 1,060,456 | 424,638 |
| Do---.------- 1854 | 1,379,888 | 380, 204 | 2, 152, 366 | 2, 255, 344 | 1,197, 234 | 564, 569 |
| Do.---------- 1855 | 939,354 | 322, 257 | 1,024, 497 | 1,479,362 | 1, 190, 642 | 575,560 |
| Do...-...-. - . 1856 | 517, 135 | 189, 499 | 1, 715, 717 | 2,859,342 | 1,582, 126 | 772, 276 |
| Do.----------1857 | 721,417 | 306, 739 | 1,513, 328 | 3,527,262 | 1,988, 037 | 1,125, 160 |
| Do.-.------.- 1858 | 853, 283 | 335, 235 | 1, 180,484 | 2,232,452 | 2, 157, 553 | 1,158,517 |

No. 4.-OTHER SPIRITS, BEER, ALE, AND PORTER.

| Period of importation. | Other spirits. |  | Beer, ale, and porter, from England. |  | Beer, ale, and porter, from Scotland. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Gallons. | Value. | Gallong. | Value. | Gallons. | Value. |
| 9 mos.end'g June 30,1843 | 135, 399 | \$32,095 | 62,612 | \$57, 098 | 7,423 | \$6,335 |
| Year end'g June 30, 1844 | 210,477 | 78,027 | 107, 489 | 102, 157 | 19,236 | 18,343 |
| Do_----.-.--- 1845 | 270,484 | 78,957 | 79,302 | 73,729 | 26,711 | 21, 294 |
| Do.-.-.------1846 | 221, 344 | 81,713 | 117, 621 | 110,397 | 38,464 | 39,831 |
| 5 mos.end'g Nov. 30, 1846 | 65,477 | 28,862 | 46, 146 | 42, 987 | 2,151 | 1,895 |
| 7 mos.end'g June 30,1847 | 160, 747 | 57, 806 | 132,157 | 67, 305 | 15,375 | 8,657 |
| Year end'g June 30, 1848 | 228, 671 | 75, 943 | 130,008 | 101,171 | 39, 282 | 21,533 |
| Do---.-.-..--1849 | 542, 492 | 145, 784 | 146, 473 | 118, 233 | 52, 297 | 30, 088 |
| Do.-.-...-.-- 1850 | 339, 169 | 113,779 | 156,735 | 129, 957 | 52,856 | 41,790 |
| Do-----------1851 | 309, 214 | 100, 850 | 275, 336 | 189, 010 | 88,179 | 56,736 |
| Do....-.--.-- 1852 | 359, 677 | 98, 940 | 262,838 | 186, 964 | 110,752 | 67,804 |
| Do...-.-.-.-. 1853 | 336,477 | 106,501 | 397, 420 | 284, 347 | 131,357 | 77,414 |
| Do-.........-- 1854 | 399,583 | 128, 308 | 825,571 | 424, 875 | 270,064 | 128, 667 |
| Do.-.-.------1855 | 397, 572 | 151, 378 | 919, 252 | 559, 900 | 345, 016 | 188,457 |
| Do----------1856 | 771, 604 | 288, 494 | 792, 155 | 504, 146 | 359, 486 | 193, 600 |
| Do.-.-.-.-...- 1857 | 443,495 | 218,907 | 1, 048,903 | 619, 727 | 375, 706 | 221, 316 |
| Do.-.-..-.-.- 1858 | 645,830 | 324, 905 | 872,969 | 508, 887 | 183, 572 | 112,555 |

No. 29.
Statement exhibiting the value of imports, annually, from 1821 to 1858.

| Years ending- | Value of merchandise imported. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Specie and bullion. | Free of duty. | 'Paying duty. | Total. |
| September 30... 1821 | \$8, 064, 890 | \$2, 017,423 | \$52,503,411 | \$62,585,724 |
| 1822 | 3, 369,846 | 3, 928,862 | 75,942,833 | 83,241,541 |
| 1823 | 5, 097, 896 | 3, 950, 393 | 68,530,979 | 77,579,267 |
| 1824 | 8,379,835 | 4,183, 938 | 67,985,234 | 80,549,007 |
| 1825 | 6,150,765 | 4,796,745 | 85,392,565 | 96,340,075 |
| 1826 | 6, 880, 966 | 5, 686, 803 | 72,406,708 | 84,974,477 |
| 1827 | $8,151,130$ | 3, 703, 974 | 67,628,964 | 79,484,068 |
| 1828 | 7,489, 741 | 4,889,435 | 76,130,648 | 88,509,824 |
| 1829 | 7, 403, 612 | 4, 401, 889 | 62,687,026 | 74,492,527 |
| 1830 | 8, 155, 964 | 4, 590, 281 | 58,130,675 | 70,876,920 |
| 1831 | 7, 305,945 | 6, 150,680 | 89,734,499 | 103,191,124 |
| 1832 | 5, 907,504 | 8,341, 949 | 86,779,811 | 101,029,266 |
| 1833 | 7,070, 368 | 25, 377, 582 | 75,670,361 | 108,118,311 |
| 1834 | 17, 911, 632 | 50,481, 548 | 58,128,152 | 126,521,332 |
| 1835 | 13, 131, 447 | 64,809, 046 | 71,955,249 | 149,895,742 |
| 1836 | 13, 400, 881 | 78,655,600 | 97,923,554 | 189,980,035 |
| 1837 | 10,516,414 | 58, 733, 617 | 71,739,186 | 140,989,217 |
| 1838 | 17,747, 116 | 43, 112, 889 | 52,857,399 | 113,717,404 |
| 1839 | 8,595, 176 | 70,806,616 | 85,690,340 | 162,092,132 |
| 1840 | 8, 882, 813 | 48, 313, 391 | 49,945,315 | 107,141,519 |
| 1841 | 4,988, 633 | 61, 031, 098 | 61,926,446 | 127,946,177 |
| 1842 | 4,087,016 | 26, 540,470 | 69,534,601 | 100,162,087 |
| 9 mos 's to June 30,1843 | 22, 390, 559 | 13, 184, 025 | 29,179,215 | 64,753,799 |
| Year to June 30, 1844 | 5,830.429 | 18, 936,452 | 83,668,154 | 108,435,035 |
| 1845 | 4,070, 242 | 18, 077, 598 | 95,106,724 | 117,254,564 |
| 1846 | 3,777,732 | 20, 990, 007 | 96,924,058 | 121,691,797 |
| 1847 | 24, 121, 289 | 17, 651, 347 | 104,773,002 | 146,545,638 |
| 1848 | 6,360, 224 | 16, 356, 379 | 132,282,325 | 154,998,928 |
| 1849 | 6,651, 240 | 15, 726,425 | 125,479,774 | 147,857,439 |
| 1850 | 4, 628,792 | 18,081, 590 | 155,427,936 | 178,138,318 |
| 1851 | 5.453, 592 | 19,652, 995 | 191,118,345 | 216,224,932 |
| 1852 | 5,505, 044 | 24, 187, 890 | 183,252,508 | 212,945,442 |
| 1853 | 4,201, 382 | 27, 182, 152 | 236,595,113 | 267,978,647 |
| 1854 | 6, 958, 184 | 26, 327, 637 | 271,276,560 | 304,562,381 |
| 1855 | 3,659,812 | 36,430,524 | 221,378,184 | 261,468,520 |
| 1856 | 4, 207. 632 | 52,748, 074 | 257,684,236 | 314,639,942 |
| 1857 | 12,461,799 | 54, 267,507 | 294,160,835 | 360,890,141 |
| 1858 | 19, 274, 496 | 61, 044,779 | 202,293,875 | 282,613,150 |
| Total. | 325, 042, 038 | 1, 025, 349, 609 | 4,239,824,802 | 5,590,416,449 |

F. BIGGGER, Register.

Triasury Drpartment,
Register's Offce, November 26, 1858.

$$
\text { No. } 30 .
$$

Statement exhibiting the value of dutiable merchandise re-exported annually, from 1821 to 1858, inclusive; and showing, also, the value reexported from warehouses under the act of August 6, 1846.

|  | Years. | Dutiable value of merchandise reexported. | Value re-exported from warehouses. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1821. |  | \$10, 037, 731 |  |
| 1822 |  | 11,101,306 | -----.----- |
| 1823 |  | 19, 846, 873 |  |
| 1824 |  | 17,222,075 |  |
| 1825. |  | 22, 704, 803 |  |
| 1826 |  | 19,404, 504 |  |
| 1827 |  | 15, 617, 986 |  |
| 1828 |  | 13, 167, 338 |  |
| 1829. |  | 11, 427, 401 |  |
| 1830 |  | 12, 067, 162 | -------------- |
| 1831 |  | 12,434, 483 |  |
| 1832. |  | 18, 448, 857 |  |
| 1833 |  | 12,411, 969 | --------------- |
| 1834 |  | 10,879,520 |  |
| 1835 |  | 7, 743, 655 |  |
| 1836 |  | 9, 232, 867 | -------------- |
| 1837 |  | 9,406, 043 |  |
| 1838 |  | 4, 466,384 |  |
| 1839 |  | 5, 007,698 |  |
| 1840 |  | 5,805,809 |  |
| 1841 |  | 4, 228, 181 | ------------- |
| 1842 |  | 4,884, 454 |  |
| 1843 |  | 3,456, 572 |  |
| 1844 |  | 3,962,508 |  |
| 1815 |  | 5, 171, 731 |  |
| 1846 |  | 5,522,577 |  |
| 1847. |  | 4,353, 907 | \$651, 170 |
| 1848 |  | 6,576, 499 | 2, 869,941 |
| 1849 |  | 6,625, 276 | 3, 692, 363 |
| 1850 |  | 7, 376,361 | 5, 261, 291 |
| 1851 |  | 8,552,967 | 5, 604, 453 |
| 1852 |  | 9,514,925 | 6,855, 770 |
| 1853 |  | 11, 170,581 | 8,036,551 |
| 1854 |  | 18,437, 397 | 14, 608, 712 |
| 1855 |  | 19,641, 818 | 13,975,759 |
| 1856 |  | 11, 636, 768 | 7,566,890 |
| 1857 |  | 10,591,647 | 5,195,960 |
| 1858 |  | 14, 908, 391 | 7, 747, 930 |
|  |  | 405, 547, 025 | 82,066, 790 |

Traasury Defartment,<br>Register's Office, November 26, 1858.

## F. BIGGER, Register.

No. 31.
Statement exhibiting the aggregate value of breadstuffs and provisions exported annually, from 1821 to 1858.


No. 32.
Statement exhibiting the quantity and value of cotton exported annually, from 1821 to 1858, inclusive, and the average price per pound.

| Years. | COtIon. |  |  |  | Value. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Bales. | Sea Island. | Other. | Total. |  |  |
|  | Pounds. |  |  |  | Dollars. | Cents. |
| 1821 |  | 11, 344, 066 | 113, 549, 339 | 124; 893, 405 | 20, 157, 484 | 16. 2 |
| 1822 |  | 11, 250, 635 | 133, 424, 460 | 144, 675, 095 | 24, 035, 058 | 16.6 |
| 1823 |  | 12,136,688 | 161,586,582 | 173, 723, 27 ¢ | 20,445,520 | 11.8 |
| 1824 |  | 9,525, 722 | 132, 843, 941 | 142, 369, 663 | 21, 947, 401 | 15.4 |
| 1825 |  | 9,665, 278 | 166, 784, 629 | 176, 449, 907 | 36,846,649 | 20.9 |
| 1826 |  | 5,972, 852 | 198, 562, 563 | 204, 535,415 | 25,025, 214 | 12. 2 |
| 1827 |  | 15, 140, 798 | 279, 169, 317 | 294, 310, 115. | 29,359,545 | 10 |
| 1828 |  | 11, 288, 419 | 199, 302, 044 | 210, 590,463 | 22,487, 229 | 10.7 |
| 1829 |  | 12, 833, 307 | 252,003, 879 | 264, 837, 186 | 26,575,311 | 10 |
| 1830 |  | 8, 147, 165 | 290, 311, 937 | 298,459, 102 | 29,674, 883 | 9.9 |
| 1831 |  | 8, 311, 762 | 268, 668, 022 | 276, 979, 784 | 25,289, 492 | 9.1 |
| 1832 |  | 8,743,373 | 313, 451, 749 | 322, 215, 122 | 31, 724, 682 | 9.8 |
| 1833 |  | 11, 142,987 | 313, 535, 617 | 324, 698, 604 | 36, 191, 105 | 11.1 |
| 1834 |  | 8,085, 937 | 376,601, 970 | 384, 717, 907 | 49,448, 402 | 12.8 |
| 1835. |  | 7,752,736 | 379, 686, 256 | 387, 358, 992 | 64, 961, 302 | 16.8 |
| 1836. |  | 7,849,597 | 415, 721, 710 | 423, 631, 307 | $71,284,925$ | 16.8 |
| 1837 |  | 5,286, 971 | 438, 964,566 | 444, 211, 537 | $63,240,102$ | 14.2 |
| 1838 |  | 7, 286,340 | 588, 615,957 | 595, 952, 297 | 61,566,811 | 10.3 |
| 1839 |  | 5, 107, 404 | 408,566,808 | 413, 624, 212 | 61, 238,982 | 14.8 |
| 1840 |  | 8,779, 669 | 735, 161, 392 | 743, 941, 061 | 63, 870,307 | 8.5 |
| 1841 |  | 6, 237, 424 | 523, 966, 676 | 530, 204, 100 | 54, 330, 341 | 10.2 |
| 1842 |  | 7, 254, 099 | 577,462, 918 | 584, 717, 017 | 47, 593, 464 | 8.1 |
| 1843. |  | 7,515, 079 | 784. 782, 027 | 792, 297, 106 | 49, 119, 806 | 6.2 |
| 1844 |  | 6,099, 076 | 657, 534, 379 | 663, 633, 455 | 54, 063, 501 | 8.1 |
| 1845 |  | 9,380,625 | 863, 516, 371 | 872, 905,996 | 51, 739,643 | 5.92 |
| 1846 |  | $9,388,533$ | 538, 169,522 | 547, 558, 055 | 42, 767, 341 | 7.81 |
| 1847 |  | 6, 293, 973 | 520, 925, 985 | 527,219,958 | 53, 415, 848 | 10.34 |
| 1848 |  | 7,724,148 | 806, 550, 283 | 814, 274, 431 | 61, 998, 294 | 7.61 6.4 |
| 1850 |  | $11,969,259$ $8,236,463$ | $\begin{array}{r}1,014,633, ~ \\ 627 \\ \hline 145,141\end{array}$ | $1,026,602,269$ $635,381,604$ | $66,396,967$ $71,984,616$ | 6.4 11.3 |
| 1851 |  | $8,236,463$ $8,299,656$ | $627,145,141$ $918,937,433$ | 635, 981,604 | 112, 315, 317 | 12. 11 |
| 1852 |  | 11,738,075 | 1, 081, 492, 564 | 1, 093, 230, 639 | 87, 965, 732 | 8.05 |
| 1853 |  | 11, 165, 165 | 1, 100, 405, 205 | 1, 111,570, 370 | 109, 456, 404 | 9.85 |
| 1854 |  | 10, 486, 423 | 977, 346, 683 | 987, 833, 106 | 93, 596, 220 | 9.47 |
| 1855-- | 2, 303, 403 | 13, 058,590 | 995, 366, 011 | $1,008,424,601$ | 88, 143, 844 | 8.74 |
| 1856 | 2,991, 175 | 12,797, 225 | 1,338, 634,476 | 1, 351, 431, 701 | 128, 382,351 | 9.49 |
| 1857.- | $2,265,588$ $2,454,529$ | 12,940,725 | $1,035,341,750$ $1,106,522,954$ | $1,048,282,475$ $1,118,624,012$ | 131, 575, 859 | 12.55 11.70 |
| Total | 10, 014, 695 | 358, 346, 302 | 21, 635, 256, 126 | 21, 993, 602, 428 | 2,221,592,613 |  |

F. BIGGER, Register.

## Treanury Department, <br> Register's Office, November 26, 1858.

No. 33.
Statement exhibiting the quantity and value of tobacco and rice exported annually from 1821 to 1858, inclusive.



## Treasury Defartment, Register's Office, November 26, 1858.

## No. 34.

Statement exhibiting the values of iron and manufactures of iron, and iron and steel, steel, wool and manufactures of wool, manufactures of cotton, silk and manufactures of sill, flax, linen and linen fabrics, hemp and manufactures of hemp, manilla, sun, and other hemps of India, and silk and worsted goods, imported from and exported to foreign countries, from 1840 to 1858, both years inclusive; and also showing the domestic exports of like articles for the same periods.

| Articles. | 1840. |  |  | 1841. |  |  | 1842. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Foreign imported. | Foreign ex ported. | Domostic exported. | Foreign imported. | Foreign exported. | Domestic exported. | Foreign imported. | Foreign ex ported. | Domestic exported. |
| Iron and manufactures of iron, and iron and steel. $\qquad$ | \$6,750,099 | \$156, 115 | \$1,104, 455 | \$8,914,425 | \$134, 316 | \$1,045, 264 | \$6, 988, 965 | \$177,301 | \$1, 109, 522 |
| Cast, shear, German, and other steel $\qquad$ | 528,716 | 33, 961 |  | 609, 201 | 24,848 |  | 597, 317 | 18,447 |  |
| Wool, unmanufactured .-....-... | 846, 076 | 26,246 |  | 1,091,953 | 44, 226 |  | 797,382 | 90, 865 |  |
| manufactures of .-...... | 9, 071, 184 | 418, 399 |  | 11, 001, 939 | 171,814 |  | 8, 375, 725 | 145, 123 |  |
| Cotton, manufactures of | 6,504, 484 | 1, 103, 489 | 3,549,607 | 11, 757, 036 | 929, 056 | 3,122,546 | 9,578,515 | 836, 892 | 2,970,690 |
| Silk, unmanufactured | 234, 235 | 200, 239 |  | 254,102 | 227, 113 |  | 33, 002 | - 420 |  |
| manufactures of.---......-- | 9,601,522 | 1,015, 532 |  | 15, 300, 795 | 356, 264 |  | 9,444, 341 | 265,159 |  |
| Flax, unmanufactured.-.-.-. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| linen and linen fabrics | 4,614, 466 | 425,466 |  | 6,846,807 | 280,459 |  | 3,669, 231 | 210, 176 |  |
| Hemp, unmanufactured ......... | -686, 777 |  |  | 561,039 | , 50 |  | 267,849 |  |  |
| manufactures of manilla, sun, and other, of India | 1,588, 155 | 226, 347 | 8,242 | 2,566, 381 | 167,506 | 13,400 | 1,273,534 | 162,866 | 1,038 |
| Silk and worsted goods |  |  |  |  | 15,812 |  | 1,311,770 | 777 |  |
| Total | 40,425,714 | 3, 605, 794 | 4,662, 304 | 58, 903, 678 | 2, 351, 464 | 4,181,210 | 42,337, 631 | 1,908, 639 | 4, 081, 250 |

## S'IATEMENT—CÓontinued.

| Articles. | 1843. |  |  | 1844. |  |  | - 1845. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Foreign imported. | Foreign exported. | Domestic exported. | Foreign imported. | Foreign exported. | Domestic ex. ported. | Foreign imported. | Foreign ex ported. | Domestic exported. |
| Iron and manufactures of iron, and iron and steel | \$1,903,858 | \$50,802 | \$532,693 | \$5,227,484 | \$107, 956 | \$716,332 | \$8, 294,878 | \$91,966 | \$845, 017 |
| Cast, shear, German, and other steel $\qquad$ | 201,772 | 59,733 | - | 487,462 | 15,415 | \$16,332 | 775,675 | 20,052 | - |
| Wool, unmanufactured | 248, 679 | 34,651 |  | 851, 460 |  |  | 1,689, 794 | 22,153 |  |
| manufactures of | 2,472,154 | 61,997 |  | 9,475, 782 | 67, 483 |  | 10,666, 176 | 156, 646 |  |
| Cotton, manufactures of.-....... | 2,958,796 | 314, 040 | 3,223,550 | 13, 641, 478 | 404, 648 | 2,898,780 | 13, 863, 282 | 502,553 | 4,327,928 |
| Silk, unmunufactured........... | $\begin{array}{r} 53,350 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 3,353 206,777 |  | 172,953 $8,310,711$ | 7,102 230,838 |  | 208,454 $9,731,796$ | $4,362$ |  |
| Flax, manufactures of | $2,662,087$ 15,193 | 206,777 |  | $8,310,711$ 67,738 | 230,838 |  | $9,731,796$ 90,509 | 246,272 6,544 |  |
| linen and linen fabrics.-- | 1,484, 921 | 161, 667 |  | 4,492,826 | 129, 726 |  | 4, 923, 109 | 159,626 |  |
| Hemp, unmanufactured .--- .-. | 228, 882 | 2,012 |  | 263,365 | ${ }^{452}$ |  | 145, 209 | 4,837 |  |
| munufactures of.---....- | 526, 502 | 102,495 | 326 | 1,003,420 | 138, 002 | 311 | 897, 345 | 95, 684 | 14,762 |
| manilla, smn, and other, of India | 42,149 | 472 |  | 209,385 | 6,274 |  | . 238,179 | 1,446 |  |
| Silk and worsted goods. | 318, 685 | 4,929 |  | 1,292,488 | 190 |  | 1,510, 310 | 15,916 |  |
| Total | 13,117, 028 | 1,002,928 | 3,756,569 | 45,495,552 | 1, 108, 712 | 3,615,423 | 53,034,716 | 1,328, 057 | 5, 187, 707 |


| Articles. | 1846. |  |  | 1847. |  |  | 1848. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Foreign imported. | Foreign exported. | Domestic exported. | Foreign imported. | Foreign exported. | Domestic exported. | Foreign imported. | Foreign exported. | Domestic exported. |
| Iron and manufactures of iron, and iron and steel. | \$7,835, 832 | \$122,587 | \$1,151, 782 | \$8,781, 252 | \$63,596 | \$1, 167,484 | \$12,526,854 | \$98,295 | \$1,259,632 |
| Cast, shear, German, and other steel $\qquad$ | 1,234,408 | 32,564 |  | 1, 126,458 | 19,218 |  | 1,284, 937 | 41,397 |  |
| Wool, unmanufactured...------ | 1,134, 226 | 41,571 | 203,996 | 555, 822 | 37,302 | 89,460 | -857,034 | 1,840 |  |
| manufactures of | 10, 083, 819 | 147,894 |  | 10, 998, 933 | 315,894 |  | 15, 240, 883 | 179,781 |  |
| Cotton, manufactures of | 13,530,625 | 673,203 | 3,545,481 | 15, 192, 875 | 486, 135 | 4,082,523 | 18,421, 589 | 1,216,172 | 5,718, 205 |
| Silk, unmanufactured.- | 216,647 | 23, 999 |  | 250, 086 | 8,385 |  | 354,973 | 19,858 |  |
| manufactures of...--.... | 10,667, 649 | 195,753 |  | 11, 733, 371 | 334,173 |  | 14,543, 633 | 340,853 |  |
| Flax, unmanufactured -.......-- | -16,337 |  |  | - 28,365 |  |  | 102,261 |  |  |
| linen and linen fabrics. .- | 5,098, 505 | 125,570 |  | $5,154,837$ | 97,601 |  | 6,624, 648 | 300, 159 |  |
| Hemp, unmanufactured.-.-- .-- | 180, 281 |  |  | 66,377 | 1,157 |  | 187, 905 | 7,570 | 27,657 |
| manufactures of.-....-.-- | 766,664 | 87,518 | 12, 129 | 684, 880 | 59,009 | 5,782 | 658, 075 | 51,175 | 6,713 |
| of India | 457,276 | 73, 139 |  | $278,675$ | 27,307 |  | 342,445 | 1,833 | -.--------- |
| Silk and worsted goods....- | 1,778, 202 | 3,641 |  | 1,965, 095 | 22,992 |  | 2,456,652 | 2,614 |  |
| Total | 53, 000,471 | 1, 527,439 | 4,913, 388 | 56,817,026 | 1,472,769 | 5, 345, 249 | 73,601,889 | 2,261,547 | 7,012, 207 |

STATEMENT-Continued.

| Articles. | 1849. |  |  | 1850. |  |  | 1851. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Foreign imported. | Foreign exported. | Domestic exported. | Foreign imported. | Foreign exported. | Domestic exported. | Foreign imported. | Foreign exported. | Domestic exported. |
| Iron and manufactures of iron. and iron and steel $\qquad$ | \$13, 831, 823 | \$109,439 | \$1,096,172 | \$16, 333, 145 | \$100,746 | $\$ 1,911,320$ | \$17, 306, 700 | \$100,290 | \$2, 255,698 |
| Cast, shear, Germas, and other steel $\qquad$ | 1, 227, 138 | 55,044 |  | 1,332, 253 | 40,193 |  | 1,570,063 | 38,371 |  |
| Wool, unmanufactured | 1, 177, 347 | 6,891 |  | 1,681,691 |  |  | 3,833, 157 | 7,966 |  |
| manufactures of | 13,704, 606 | 201, 404 |  | 17, 151, 509 | 174, 934 |  | 19,507, 309 | 267, 379 |  |
| Cotton, manufactures of | 15, 754, 841 | 571, 082 | 4,933, 129 | 20, 108, 719 | 427, 107 | 4,734,424 | 22, 164, 442 | 677,940 | 7,241, 205 |
| Silk, unmanufactured. | 384,535 | 55,515 |  | 401, 385 | $7,408$ |  | 456,449 | 43, 856 |  |
| manufactures of | 13, 791, 232 | 388, 572 |  | 17, 639, 624 | 352, 637 |  | 25, 777, 245 | 500, 168 |  |
| Flax, unmanufactured ----- | 127,859 |  |  | 128, 917 |  |  | 176,197 |  |  |
| linen and linen fabrics.- | 5, 907, 242 | 187, 948 |  | 8,134, 674 | 129, 878 |  | 8,795,740 | 107, 382 |  |
| Hemp, unmanufactured. | 491,633 | 13,401 | 8,458 | 579,814 | 5,031 | 5, 633 | 223,984 | 7,876 | 29, 114 |
| manufactures of ------ | 519,774 | 59,439 | 5,558 | 588,446 | 98,369 | 11,776 | 661,768 | 46,620 | 8,023 |
| manilla, sun, and other, of India | $196,634$ | $29,161$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 659,362 \\ 1.653 .809 \end{array}$ | $3,843$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 508,709 \\ \text { 783. } 076 \end{array}$ | $\text { 8, } 688$ |  |
| Silk and worsted goods | 2,452, 289 | 27,537 |  | 1,653,809 | $15,795$ |  | 1,783, 076 | $5,307$ |  |
| Total | 69, 566, 953 | 1,705,433 | 6,043, 317 | 86,393, 348 | 1,355, 941 | 6,663, 153 | 102, 764,839 | 1,811,843 | 9,534, 040 |

STATEMENT-Continued.

| Articles. | 1852. |  |  | 1853. |  |  | 1854. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Foreign imported. | Foreign exported. | Domestic exported. | Foreign imported. | Foreign exported. | Domestic exported. | Foreign imported. | Foreign exported. | Domestic exported. |
| Iron and manufactures of iron, and iron and steel $\qquad$ | \$18, 957, 993 | \$134,937 | \$2, 303, 819 | \$27,255, 425 | \$262, 343 | \$2,499, 652 | \$29,341, 775 | \$795,872 | \$4, 210,350 |
| Cast, shear, German, and other steel $\qquad$ | 1,703,599 | 31,569 |  | 2,970,313 | 31,637 |  | 2,477, 709 | 5 53,247 | \$4, 210,350 |
| Wool, unmanufactured ....-- | 1,930,711 | 54, 285 |  | 2, 669,718 | 51,387 |  | 2,822, 185 | 41,668 |  |
| manufactures of | 17,573,964 | 256, 878 |  | 27,621, 911 | 343, 989 |  | 32, 382, 594 | 1,262,897 |  |
| Cotton, manufactures of .-.-- | 19, 689, 496 | 997, 030 | 7, 672, 151. | 27, 731, 313 | 1, 254, 363 | 8,768,894. | 33, 949, 503 | 1,468, 179 | 5,535;516 |
| Silk, unmanufactured -...... | 378,747 | 7,143 |  | 722,931 | $\bigcirc 282$ |  | 1,099,389 | 7,966 |  |
| manufactures of <br> Flax, unmanufactured | 21, 651,752 | 604,855 |  | 30, 434, 886 | 607, 294 |  | 34, 696,831 | 843, 154 |  |
| Flax, unmanufactured ------ | 175,342 $8,515,709$ |  |  | 135,684 $10,236,037$ | 149, 399 |  | 250,391 |  |  |
| Hemp, unmanufactured....-- | 164,588 | - 377 | 18, 649 | -329, 122 | 2,310 | 18,195 | $10,863,546$ 378,246 | 179,598 42,614 |  |
| manufactures of.-.-.-- | 391,608 | 47,831 | 13, 622 | 479, 171 | 45,567 | 16,784 | 598; 251 | 52,318 | $\begin{aligned} & 93,699 \\ & 79,717 \end{aligned}$ |
| manilla, sun, and other, of India | 942,422 | 9, 584 |  | 1,591,791 | 4,572 |  | 1,528, 329 | 56,679 |  |
| Silk and worsted goods --.--- | 1,667,513 | 6, 285 |  | 1,880,918 | 3,981 |  | 1,594, 038 | 21, 037 |  |
| Laces, insertings, braids, and embroideries of wool, cotton, silk, or linen. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 93,743, 174 | 2, 281, 927 | 10, 008, 241 | 134, 059, 220 | 2,757, 124 | 11,303, 525 | 151,982, 777 | 4,825,229 | 9,919, 282 |

STATEMENT-Continued.

| - Article | 1855. |  |  | 1856. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Foreign imported. | Foreign exported. | Domestic exported. | Foreign imported. | Foreign exported. | Domestic exported. |
| Iron and manufactures of iron, and iron and steel_ Cast, shear, German, and other steel. | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 22,980,728 \\ 2,593,137 \end{array}$ | \$1,565,523 | \$3,753,472 | $\begin{array}{r}\$ 22,041,939 \\ 2,538,323 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 423,221 \\ 25,598 \end{array}$ | \$4, 161, 008 |
| Wool, unmanufactured <br> manufactures of | $\begin{aligned} & 2,072,139 \end{aligned}$ | 131,442 $2,327,701$ | 27,802 | 1,666, 064 |  | 27, 455 |
| manufactures of..... <br> Cotton, manufactures of ... | $24,404,149$ $17,757,112$ | 2,327,701 | 5,857, 181 | $31,961,793$ $25,917,999$ | $1,256,632$ $1,580,495$ | 6, 967, 309 |
| Silk, unmanufactured... | 751, 617 | -71, 122 | б,85,182 | -991, 234 | 1, 4, 255 |  |
| manufactures of | 24, 366,556 | 902, 135 |  | 30, 226,532 | 576,513 |  |
| Flax, unmanufactured. | 286,809 |  |  | 132,461 |  |  |
| linen and linen fabrics | 8, 617, 165 |  |  | 11,189,463 |  |  |
| Hemp, unmanufactured | 112,763 | 57, 3C5 | 121,320 36,508 | 57, 676 | 54, 249 | 28,598 |
| manufactures of | 266,829 | 27, 236 | 36,508 | 253,730 | 19,635 | 26,035 |
| manilla, sun, and other, of India | 2, 045, 653 | 198, 136 |  | 1,945, 044 | 12, 256 | .-...-....- |
| Silk and worster goods .........-......-..........-- | 1,133,839 | 118,557 |  | 1,335, 247 | 14,963 |  |
| cotton, silk, or linen ............................. | 4.978, 315 | 155,865 |  | 6, 265, 963 | 77,757 |  |
| Total. | 112.366.811 | 7,909,494 | 9, 796, 283 | 136,522,468 | 4,240,237 | 11,210,405 |


| Articles. | 1857. |  |  | 1858. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Foreign im. ported. | Foreign exported. | Domestic exported | Foreign, imported. | Foreign, exported. | Domestic, exported. |
| Iron and manufactures of iron, and iron "nd steel | \$23, 320,497 | \$472,910 | \$4,884, 967 | \$14, 454, 928 | \$180, 366 | \$4,729,874 |
| Cast, shear, German, and other steel. | 2, 633, 614 | 27,703 |  | 1,873, 111 | 13, 154 |  |
| Wool, unmanufactured. | 2,125,744 | 920 | 19, 007 | 4,022,635 | 824,898 | 211,861 |
| manufactures of | 31, 286, 118 | 437,498 |  | 26, 486, 091 | 197, 002 |  |
| Cotton, manufactures of | 28,685, 726 | 570,802 | 6,115, 177 | 17,965, 130 | 390,988 | 5,651, 504 |
| Silk, unmanutactured | 953,734 | 4,163 |  | 1,300, 065 | 94,092 | ---..-------- |
| manufactures of - | 27,800,319 | 157, 186 |  | 20, 222, 103 | 250, 959 | .-----.-.-.... |
|  | 220,738 |  |  | 197,934 | 5,590 |  |
| linen and linen fabrics | 11,441,542 | 92,930 |  | 6, 557, 323 | 63,770 |  |
| Hemp timmannfactured | 423,533 | 11,871 | 46, 907 | 331, 307 | 81,890 | 47,875 |
| mmunactures of | 519,582 | 15,368 | 34,753 | 614,666 | 20,343 | 89,092 |
| uranilla, sun, and other, of | 2,353,891 | 86, 182 |  | 2, 298, 709 | 482, 223 |  |
| Silk and worsted goods. | 1,580, 246 | 1,169 |  | 1,249,385 | 4,000 |  |
| Laces, insertings, braids, and embroideries of wool, ton, silk, or linen. | 5, 894, 890 | 9, 532 |  | 3,654, 203 | 17,372 |  |
| Total | 139, 240, 174 | 1,888, 234 | 11, 100, 811 | 101, 227, 590 | 2,627,547 | 10,730,206 |

Treasury Department, Register's Office, November 26, 1858.

Statement exhibiting the value of iron, manufactures of iron, and iron and steel, steel, sugar, wines, and all fabrics of which wool, cotton, silk, flax, or hemp, is a component part, imported arnually, from 1847 to 1856, both inclusive, with the duties which accrued thereon during each yeur, respeciively, and brandies, for the years 1856, 1857, and 1858.

| Articles. | 1847. |  | 1848. |  | 1849. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Value. | Duties. | Value. | Duties. | Value. | Duties. |
| Iren, manufactures of iron, and iron and steel ...... | \$3, 781, 252 | \$2,751, 40766 | \$12, 526, 854 | \$3, 736, 22330 | \$13,831, 823 | \$4, 132, 730 50 |
| Cast, shear, Germat, and other steel ................ | 1, 126,4:8 | $165,7804!$ | 1,284,937 | 2!3, 9:9 00 | 1,227, 1:8 | 194,688 95 |
| Manufactures of wool.............. | 10, 998,933 | 3, 365, 27794 | 15, 24!!, 883 | 4, 247, 170 30 | 13, 7114, 6106 | 3,7E1, 86365 |
| cotto | 15, 192, 875 | $4,117,8: 1301$ | 18, 421, $5 \times 9$ | 4,55¢, 58770 | 15, 754, 841 | 3,911,677 55 |
| silk | 11, 733, 371 | 2, 833, 85075 | 14, 543, 634 | 3,739, 650115 | 13,791, 232 | $3,553,48855$ |
| flax | 5, 154, 837 | 1, 1193, 18065 | 6, 624, 648 | 1, 327, 231 20 | 5,907,24.2 | 1, 184, 66550 |
| hemp | 684,881 | 135,754 88 | 653, 1175 | 131,615 00 | 519,774 | 103,95480 |
| Wines . . . . . . . . . . . . .-. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 1,801,951 | 439,873 22 | 1, 434, 009 | 570,595 60 | 1,821,157 | 726,37450 |
| Sugar-.............................................. | 9,877,212 | 3, 375, 81553 | 9,479,817 | 2,843,945 10 | 8, 448,900 | 2,414,670 00 |
| Artioles of which wool, cotton, silk, flax, or hemp, is a component part, but which cannot properly be classified with either, viz: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Silk and worsted goods ..-.... ........................ | 1,965, 095 | 535,555 2.) | 2, 456, 652 | 614, 16300 | 2, 452, 289 | 613, 07225 |
| Embroideries of wool, cotton, silk, and linen ........ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Clothing, ready-made, and articles of wear .......... | 676,404 | 227, 48330 | 653, 222 | 195,966 67 | 587,590 | 176,277 10 |
| Laces, thread, and insertings ........................ | 370, 128 | 67,910 50 | 263, 859 | 52,77180 | 176,375 | 35, 275110 |
| cotton, insertings, trimminge, laces and braids | 398,514 | 99,628 50 | 716,55 | 179, 13800 | 663,991 | 165, 99775 |
| Cordage, untarred, tarred, and cablea. | 67,592 | 31,863 18 | 239, 526 | 59,88150 | 146,410 | 35,602 50 |
| Twine and packthread | 54, 809 | 13,75650 | 45, 575 | 12,479 50 | 34, 3:8 | 10,313 40 |
| Seines.. | 446 | 8050 | $51 \%$ | 15060 | 182 | 54 60) |
| Total ......................................... | 68, 884, 657 | 19, 256, 01677 | 81,590, 334 | 22, 473, 47815 | 78,667,928 | 21,040,756 50 |

STATEMENT-Continued.

| Articles, | 1850. |  | 1851. |  | 1852. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Value. | Duties. | Value. | Duties. | Value. | Dutieg. |
| Iron, manufactures of iron, and iron and steel. | \$16, 333, 145 | \$4, 876, 81100 | \$17, 306, 700 | \$5,170, 21370 | \$18, 957, 993 | \$5, 666,763 80 |
| Cast, shear, German, and other steel.-....-- | 1,332, 253 | 211, 106 05 | 1,570, 063 | 250,706 15 | 1,703,599 | 274,332 30 |
| Manufactures of wool | 17, 151, 509 | 4,752, 78230 | 19, 507, 309 | 5, 407, 68885 | 17,573, 694 | 4,831,729 15 |
| cott | 20, 108, 719 | 5,002,633 55 | 22, 164, 442 | 5,516, 96200 | 19, 689, 496 | 4,887,538 45 |
| silk | 17, 639,624 | 4,518, 42365 | 25, 777, 245 | 6,574,792 55 | 21, 501, 752 | 5.529, 27350 |
| flax | 8, 134, 674 | 1,630, 90000 | 8, 795, 740 | 1,765,49780 | 8,515, 709 | 1,708,919 10 |
| hemp | 588,446 | 117, 68920 | 661,768 | 132, 35360 | 391,608 | 78,32160 |
| Wines | 2, 065, 922 | 823, 60860 | 2,359, 279 | 941, 19080 | 2, 203, 230 | 878,604 60 |
| Sugar | 7,555,146 | 2,266,543 80 | 13, 841, 426 | 4,152,427 80 | 14,712, 847 | 4,413,854 10 |
| Articles of which wool, cotton, silk, flax, or hemp, is a component part, but which cannot properly be classinied with either, via: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Silk and worsted goods .-.-.-....------.---- | 1,653,809 | 413,458 35 | 1,783,076 | 445, 76900 | 1, 667,513 | 416,878 25 |
| Embroideries of wool, cotton, silk, and linen. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Clothing, ready-made, and articles of wear--. | 813, 261 | 243,978 30 | 1, 058,994 | 317, 69820 | 1, 368,812 | 410,64360 |
| Laces, thread, and insertings ---- .-...----- | 185, 925 | 37, 18500 | 223, 115 | 44, 62300 | 160,385 | 32,077 00 |
| cotton, insertinga, trimmings, laces, and braids. | 672,627 | 168,156 75 | 756, 651 | 189,162 75 | 535, 056 | 133,764 00 |
| Cordage, untarred, tarred, and cables. | 257, 377 | 64,344 25 | 213,785 | 53, 44625 | 205, 417 | 51,354 25 |
| Twine and paokthread. | 62, 106 | 18,63180 | 50, 282 | 15,084 60 | 45, 014 | 13,504 20 |
| Seines | 590 | 17700 | 299 | 8970 | 742 | 22260 |
| Total | 94, 555,133 | 25, 146, 42350 | 110, 070, 174 | 30,977, 70675 | 109, 292, 867 | 29,327,780 50 |

STATEMENT-Continued.

| Articles. | 1853. |  | 1854. |  | 1855. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Value. | Duties. | Value. | Duties. | Value. | Duties. |
| Iron, manufactures of iron, and iron and steel. | \$27, 255, 425 | \$8,152, 62140 | \$29,341, 775 | \$8,777, 06680 | \$22, 980, 728 | \$6, 873, 05800 |
| Cast, shear, German, and other steel .......-- | 2,970,313 | 476,868 70 | 2,477, 709 | 403, 62495 | 2,593, 137 | 431,767 10 |
| Manufactures of wool.......... | 27,621,911 | 7,625, 91405 | 32, 382,594 | 8,986, 15185 | 24,404, 149 | 6,755,005 80 |
| cotto | 27, 731, 313 | 6, 924, 40830 | 33, 949,503 | 8,513,717 85 | 17,757, 112 | 4, 319, 03345 |
| silk | 30,434, 886 | 7, 748,378 75 | 34,696, 831 | 8,808, 35965 | 24,366, 556 | 6, 129,583 95 |
| flax | 10, 236, 037 | 2, 056,004 50 | 10, 863, 536 | 2,178,895 90 | 8, 617, 165 | 1,723,573 90 |
| hemp | 479,171 | 95,834 20 | 598, 251 | 179,475 30 | 266, 829 | 53,365 80 |
| Brandies <br> Wines.. | 2,995, 631 | 1,194,802 20 | 3,370, 802 | 1, 198, 61440 | 3.114, 824 | 1, 098,304 40 |
| Sugar | 14, 987, 776 | 4,496,332 80 | 13, 700,789 | 4,110,236 70 | 14,673,547 | 4,402, 06410 |
| Articles of which wool, cotton, silk, flax, or hemp, is a component part, but which cannot properly be classified with either, viz: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Silk and worsted goods. ........ | 1,880,918 | 470,229 50 | 1,594, 038 | 398,509 50 | 1,123, 839 | 283,459 75 |
| Embroideries of wool, cotton, silk, and linen. |  |  |  |  | 3, 892,749 | 1, 167,824 70 |
| Clothing, ready-made, and articles of wear... | 2,307, 135 | 692, 14050 | 3, 927, 141 | 1, 178, 14230 | 1,975, 662 | 592,698 60 |
| Laces, thread, and insertings ...............-- | 252, 170 | 60,434 00 | 368, 399 | 73,679 80 | 318,511 | 63,702 20 |
| cotton, insertings, trimmings, laces, braids, \&c. | 841, 757 | 210,439 25 | 853,552 | 213,388 00 | 767,055 | 191,763 75 |
| Cordage, untarred, tarred, and cábles. | 121, 660 | 30,415 00 | 255, 969 | 63, 89225 | 187, 124 | 46,781 00 |
| Twine and packthread. | 58, 546 | 17,56380 | 78,553 | $28,56590$ | \} $\quad \square 55,704$ |  |
| Seines. | 404 | $12120$ | 1,540 | $46200$ | $\} \quad 05,704$ | 16,711 20 |
| Total | 150, 175, 053 | 40,242,508 15 | 168,460, 982 | 45, 104, 88315 | 127, 104, 691 | 34, 148,687 70 |

[^10]STATEMENT—Continued.


- Twine and seines are under one head for the years 1855, 1856, 1857, and 1858.

Treasury Departmant, Register's Office, November 26, 1858.

No. 36.
Statement exhibiting the exports to and the imports from Canada and other British possessions in North America, from the 1st day of July, 1851, to the 30th day of June, 1858.

| Years ending- | Exports. |  |  | Imports. | Inctease each auccessive year over 1852. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Foreiga. | Domestic. | Total. |  | Exports. | Imports. |
| June 30, $1852 \ldots .$. | 83, 853, 019 | \$6, 655, 097. | \$10,509,016 | \$6, 110,299 |  |  |
|  | 5,736, 555 | 7, 4(14, 087 | 13, 140,642 | 7,550, 718 | \$2, 631, 626 | \$1,440,419 |
|  | 9, 362, 716 | 15, 214,144 | 24,566, 860 | 8,927,560 | 14, 057, 814 | 2,817, 261 |
|  | 11, 999, 378 | 15, 806, 642 | 27,806, 020 | $15,136,734$ | 17, 297, 004 | 9,026,435 |
|  | 6, 314, 652 | 22,714,697 | 29, 029, 349 | 21, 310, 421 | 18,520, 333 | 15, 200, 122 |
|  | 4,326,369 | 19,936, 113 | 24, 262, 482 | 22, 124, 296 | 13, 753, 466 | 16, 013,997 |
|  | 4,012, 768 | 19, 638, 959 | 23, 651, 727 | 15, 806, 519 | 13, 142, 711 | 9,696,220 |
|  | 45, 606, 357 | 107, 359, 739 | 152, 966, 096 | 96, 866,547 | 79, 402, 984 | 54, 194, 454 |
|  |  |  |  | F. BIGGER, Register. |  |  |

$$
\text { No. } 37 .
$$

General result of all receipts and disposal of merchandise within the United States during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1858.

|  | 1857. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | July. |  | August. |  | September. |  | 0 ctober. |  |
|  | Amount. | Duty. | Amount. | Duty. | Amount. | Duty. | Amount. | puty. |
| 1. Value of merchandise in warehouse on the first of each manth. | \$56,487,644 | \$16,956,852 | \$48,889,662 | \$15,604,034 | \$45, 060,807 | \$14,629,648 | \$45,694,208 | \$14,881, 202 |
| 2. Value of merchandise reaeived in warehouse from foreign ports udring eash month | 9,878,334 | 2,202,098 | 6,079, 081 | 1,342,126 | 8,112,266 | 1,712,871 | 10,528,572 | 1,937,443 |
| 3. Value of merchandise received in warehouse, transported frorn other ports, during each month. | 1,561,338 | 383,639 | 937,051 | 248,659 | 627,981 | 174,428 | 721,962 | 181,813 |
| 4. Value of dutiable merchandise entered for consumption from foreign ports during each month. | 32,735,751 | 6,125,999 | 19,869,236 | 3,803,296 | 12,916,109 | 2,352,845 | 4,813,301 | 833,253 |
| 5. Value of free merchandise entered for consumption from foreign ports during each month. | 7,518,442 |  | 4,691,910 |  | 5,870,030 | ........... | 9,572,566 | .............. |
| 6. Value of merchandise entered for consumption from warehouse during each month. | 16, 433,626 | 3,167,044 | 8,963,835 | 1,891,418 | 5,244,747 | 1,813,420 | 4,087,322 | 963,520 |
| 7. Value of merehandise entered for transportation to other ports during each month. | 1,324,293 | 961,827 | 798,731 | 220,412 | 917,760 | 240,232 | 844,412 | 196,680 |
| B. Value of merchandise entered for exportation from warehouse during each month. | 1,155,987 | 297,073 | 1,082,685 | 263,282 | 1,512,777 | 376,132 | 2,089,998 | 550,858 |
| D. Value of merchandise in warehouse at the close of each | 48,889,662 | 15,604, 034 | 45,068,807 | 14,629,648 | 45,694,208 | 14,381,202 | 41,980,035 | 11,551,917 |
| 10. Value of inerchandise in transitu at the close of each month. | 2,161,969 | 608,565 | 1,851,254 | 515,500 | 2,304,908 | 630,008 | 1,867,734 | 497,253 |

No. 37.-General result of all receipts and disposal of merchandise, \&c.-Continued.

|  | 1857. |  |  |  | 1858. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | November. |  | December |  | January. |  | February. |  |
|  | Amount. | Duty. | Amount. | Duty. | Amount. | Duty. | Amount. | Duty. |
| 1. Value of merchandise in warehouse on the first of each month. | \$41,980,035 | \$11,551,917 | \$43,449,837 | \$11,308,870 | \$40,388,829 | \$10,359,575 | \$36, 158,809 | 49,401,527 |
| 2. Value of merchandise received in warehouse from foreign ports during each month. | 9,294,046 | 1,645,327 | 5,641,774 | 1,039,261 | 3,605,367 | 705,685 | 2,165,725 | 456,630 |
| 3. Value of merchandise received in warehouse, transported from other ports, during each month. | 655,889 | 143,418 | 641,688 | 149,638 | 378,135 | 80,219 | 378,468 | 94,242 |
| 4. Value of dutiable merchandise entered for consumption from foreign ports during each month. | 5,174,467 | 915,088 | 5, 087,059 | 882,210 | 6,318,188 | 1,200,717 | 7,620,774 | 1,477,140 |
| 5. Value of free merchandise entered for consumption from foreign ports during each month. | 11,440,259 |  | 8,210,670 |  | 5,055,000 |  | 3,686,616 | .......... |
| 6. Value of merchandise entered for consumption from warehouse during each month. | 5,574,770 | 1,250,550 | 6,389,035 | 1,316,547 | 7,150,037 | 1,378,006 | 7,159,133 | 1,416,946 |
| 7. Value of merchandise entered for transportation to other ports during each month. | 754, 598 | 175,821 | 793,808 | 182,503 | 485, 452 | 117,397 | 511,337 | 123,841 |
| 8. Value of merchandise entered for exportation from ware- <br> house during each month. | 1,894,753 | 410,521 | 1,970,414 | 392,469 | 587,536 | 134,605 | 597,493 | 148,651 |
| 9. Value of merchandise in warehouse at the close of each month. | 43,449,837 | 11,308,870 | 40,388,829 | 10,359,575 | 36, 158,809 | 9,401,527 | 30,401,008 | 8, 146,285 |
| 10. Value of merchandise in transitu at the close of each month. | 2,070,732 | 507,358 | 1,628,427 | 400,116 | 1,395,004 | 348,100 | 1,397, 071 | 355, 184 |


|  | 1858. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | March. |  | April. |  | May. |  | June. |  |
|  | Amount. | Duty. | Amount. | Duty. | Amount. | Duty. | Amount. | Duty. |
| 1. Value of merchandise in warehouse on the first of each month. | \$30,401, 008 | \$8,146,285 | \&27, 145,087 | \$7,401,054 | \$24,872,697 | \$6,85? 764 | \$23,940,524 | \$5, 744, 963 |
| 2. Value of merchandise received in warehouse from foreign ports during each month. | 3,819, 16 | 773, 830 | 3,347,306 | 733,243 | 4,081, 425 | $9: 6,263$ | 3,954,555 | 866,082 |
| 3. Value of merchandise received in warehouse, transported from other ports, during each month | 468,891 | 110,269 | 527,805 | 121, 675 | 354,271 | $83,001$ | 350,252 | 87,818 |
| 4. Value of dutiable merchandise entered for consumption from foreign ports during each month. | 11,335,432 | 2,078,005 | 8,794,371 | 1,634,091 | 9, 727,352 | 1,806,500 | 10,590,497 | 1,730,328 |
| 5. Value of free merchandise entered for consumption from foreign ports during each month. | 5,377,772 | ........ | 5,708,844 |  | 5,623,248 | .... | 3,927,733 |  |
| 6. Filue of merchandise entered for consumption from warehouse during each month. | 6,865,793 | 1,392, 119 | $5,143,051$ | 1,045,297 | 4,489,384 | 940,113 | 4,012,708 | 888,663 |
| 7. Value of merchandise entered for transportation to other ports during each month. | 708,365 | 172,339 | 535,849 | 128, 150 | 371,598 | 89,581 | 670,304 | 167,6.0 |
| 8. Value of merchandise entered for exportation from warehouse during each month. | 832,600 | 181,241 | 899,951 | 175,025 | 479,781 | 109,273 | 693,041 | 163,703 |
| 9. Value of merchandise in warehouse at the close of each month. | 27,145,657 | 7,401,054 | 24,872,697 | 6,853,764 | 23,940,524 | 6,744, 963 | 22,820,583 | 6, 434,326 |
| 10. Value of merchandise in transitu at the close of each month. | 1,458,480 | 363,254 | 1,511,832 | 380,148 | 1,314,769 | 341,647 | 1,517,195 | 392,834 |

No. 38.
Synopsis of the returns of the banks in the different States at the dutes annexed.

| State. | Date. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 'syurq zaylo jo saton |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Maine............. | Oct., 1850 | 32 | \$3,248,000 | \$5,830, 23u |  | \$111,905 |  | \$778,955 | \$187, 4.35 |  | \$475,589 | \$2,654. 208 | \$1,223,671 | \$48. |  |
|  | Jan., 1854 | 60 | 5,913,870 | 11,166,519 |  | -116,842 |  | 1,581,596 | 365, 491 |  | 1,132,610 | 5,317,750 | \$2,446,470 | 136,879 | 99,20-2 |
|  | June, 1854 | 60 | $6,393,369$ | 12.114, 697 |  | 123,011 |  | 1.681,637 | 554, 678 |  | 1,163,522 | 4,623, 906 | 3,816,104 | 161,592 | 164,625 |
|  | Dec., 1854 | 71 | 7, 391, 252 | 13, 181,908 | \$8,850 | 112,694 | .......... | 1,781,065 | 539,974 |  | 1,025,20u | 5, 691,815 | 2,914,601 | 172,628 | 19,559 |
|  | $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Пес., } & 1855 \\ \text { Јап., } & 1857\end{array}$ | 75 | 7,899, 793 | 13,066, 13.6 | , | 113, 789 | ........... | 1,396,430 | 464,561 | . . . . . . . | 733,085 | 5,077,248 | 2,011,028 | 118,975 | 104, 173 |
|  | Jan., 1857 Jan. 4, 1858 | 76 | $8,135,735$ $7,614,200$ | 13,277,620 | - * - * * * * | 138,251 | . | 1,158,276 | 375, 216 | ........... | 705, 143 | 4,641,646 | 1,994, 782 | 145, 083 | 121,743 |
|  | Jan. 4, 1858 | 70 | 7,614,200 | 11,210,245 |  | 135, $26{ }^{\circ}$ |  | 876,022 | 245, 12 \} |  | 615,441 | 2,964,327 | 1,743,939 | 139,304 | 76,069 |
| New Hamp bire .. | Dec., 1850 | 22 | 2,375,900 | 8, 821, 120 | ....... | 43,676 | ........... | 447, 453 | 91,414 |  | 129,39\% | 1,897,111 | 566,634 |  |  |
|  | Dec, 1853 | 3.5 | 3,376,000 | 6,518, 188 | - * * * * * | 54, 153 | . . | 587, 454 | 157,66\% |  | 1811,239 | 3, $3,21,579$ | 868,357 |  |  |
|  | June, 1854 | 35 | $3,416,000$ | 6,751,885 |  | 53, 719 | $\cdots$ | 593, 425 | $103.18{ }^{\circ}$ |  | 182,319 | 3,031,596 | 880, 671 | ... |  |
|  | Sept., 1854 | 3.5 | 3, 416, 010 | 6,664, 015 |  | 53,596 |  | 607, 138 | 111,684 | .......... | 172,502 | 2,999, 76. | 977, 252 | .. | .... |
|  | Dec., 1854 | 36 | 3,626, 000 | 6,891, 621 |  | 52, 343 |  | 602, 447 | 124, 861 |  | 176,431 | 3, 079,54 e | 775,411 |  |  |
|  | Dec., 1855 | 46 | 4,449,300 | 8,037, 427 |  | 56,519 |  | 769,963 | $241,3-3$ |  | 236,411 | 3,589, 482 | 958, 474 | ........ |  |
|  | Dec., 1856 | 49 | 4,831,000 | 8,846, 421 |  | 75,893 |  | 741, 475 | 136, 304 |  | 236,013 | $3,677,689$ | 1, 058,803 | ……... |  |
|  | Jan. 4, 1858 | 47 | 5,041,000 | 7,389,813 |  | 82,000 |  | 829, 169 | 158, 132 | $\{+0+e \theta+0 * \pi+$ | 275,933 | 2,289, 939 | '875, 789 | ........ | . |
| Vermont.......... | Aug, 1850 | 27 | 2,197,240 | 4, 423, 719 | 40,500 | 94, 497 |  | 1,001,789 | 127,637 | \$2,376 | 127,325 | 2,856, 027 | 546,703 | 32,984 |  |
|  | Aug., 1853 | 33 | 2,914,040 | 6,840,932 | 117, 125 | 104,768 | \$16,324 | 1,301,033 | 185,996 | \$2,376 | 188,173 | $4,764,4.39$ | 734,216 | 22, 136 |  |
|  | Aug., 1854 | 40 | 3,275,656 | 6,572,951 | 140,869 | 136,115 | 85, 132 | 1,079,686 | 125,902 | 34,071 | 196,680 | 3,986, 709 | 745, 170 | 15,715 | 979 |
|  | July and Au- | 42 | 3,603,460 | 6,710,928 | 151,875 | 123,23i | 49, 422 t | $1,130,362$ | 54,556 | 32,845 | 201,548 | 3,704, 341 | 801,039 | 49788 | 7,647 |
|  | July and Au- | 41 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\text { gust, } 1856 .$ | 21 | 3,856,946 | 7,302,953 | 114,589 | 135,26E | 52,881 | 1,142,104 |  | 39,440 | 208,858 | 3,970,720 | 797,535 | 7,34\% | 317 |
|  | July and August, 1857. | 41 | 4,028, 740 | 7,905,71] | 39,991 | 136,582 | 17,185 | 926,326 | 122,92\% | 36,351 | 188,588 | 4,275,517 | 746,557 | 1,639 | .......... |
| Massachusetts .... | sept., 1850 | 126 | 36, 925,050 | 63,330, 024 | ......... | 988,235 |  | 5,335, 003 | 4.048, 521 |  | 2,993, 178 | 17,005, 226 | 11, 176,827 | 6,549,929 | 442,084 |
|  | Sept., 1853 | 137 | 43,270,500 | 77, 172, 079 | .............. | 1,090,463 |  | 6,666,412 | 5,346, 161 |  | 3,563, 782 | 31, 172,369 | 15, 067,204 | 8,608,238 | $474,051$ |
|  | $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Aug., } & 1854 \\ \text { Aug.s } & 1855\end{array}$ | 143 | $54,492,660$ $58,632,350$ | 93, 341,953 | - - - - 4. | 1,186,509 | ........... | 8,225,682 | 5, 32, 5,594 | ........... | 3, 828, 402 | -4, 803, 758 | 18,783, 281 | 6,930, 098 | $563,313$ |
|  | $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Aug.s } & 1855 \\ \text { Oct., } & 1856\end{array}$ | 169 | $58,632,350$ $58,598,800$ | $99,506,711$ $101,132,792$ |  | 1,281,601 |  | 7, 010, 323 | 4,547,716 |  | 4, 409,402 | 23, 116, 024 | 21, 478,717 | 5,947,835 | 494,542 |
|  | Oct. 17, 1857 | 173 | 60,319,720 | 92, 458, 572 |  | 1,608,61. |  | 5,522, 48 t | 4, 385,650 |  | 4,555,571 | 18, 104,844 | 23,437,256 | $4,807,601$ $4,106,694$ | -931,868 |
| Rhode Island | Sept., 1850 | 63 | 11,645,492 | 15,492,547 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 11,05, 492 | $15_{9} 422^{547}$ | 151,27 | 283, | 13, 461 | 441, 164 | 537,761 |  | 297,661 | 2,553,865 | 1,488,506 | 650,560 | 133,773 |

No. 38-Continued.

| State. | Date. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{\circ}{0} \\ & \dot{0} \\ & \infty \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Rhode lsland..... | Sept., 1853 | 77 | \$15, 917,429 | \$22, 844, 911 | \$121, 414 | \$264, 812 | \$28, 145 | 1,004,863 | \$844, 329 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Sept., 1854 | 87 | 17,511,162 | 25,233, 304 | \$111,988 | 262, 164 | 35,429 | 932,619 | 8840,794 |  | +312,606 | 5, ${ }^{4}, 835,073$ | - $2,238,856$ | \$1,04, 1,045 | $\begin{array}{r} \begin{array}{l} 362,729 \\ 389,425 \end{array} \end{array}$ |
|  | Sept., 1855 | 92 | 18,682, 802 | 26, 385,458 | 131,072 | 323,092 | 70,285 | 1,242, 362 | 1,157,251 |  | 385, 767 | 5, 404, 104 | 2,914,596 | 1,192, 449 | 357,539 |
|  | Dec., 1856 | 98 | 20, 275, 899 | 28, 679,343 | 128,539 | 478, 652 | 70, 133 | 1,255,322 | 1,281, 754 |  | 548,348 | 5,521, 9109 | 3, 141, 657 | 1,475,221 | 659,703 |
|  | Dec. 14, 1857 | 93 | 20,334,777 | 25, 823, 152 | 145, 129 | 527,787 | 50,760 | 1,410,675 | 860,778 |  | 570,850 | 3,192,661 | $2,510,108$ | 1,661,204 | 381, 402 |
| Oonnecticut....... | April, 1850 |  | 9,907,503 | 15,607, 315 |  | 389,983 | 396, 035 | 1,657,411 | 245, 349 | \$103,614 | 640,622 | 5,253, 884 |  | 468, 768 | 38,961 |
|  | April, 1853 | $55$ | $13,164,594$ | 24, 6011, 165 | 644,962 | 384, 800 | 713, 414 | 1,890,685 | 436,538 | 202,204 | $1,145,857$ | 10,224, 441 | 3,542, 935 | 716, 770 | 829,581 |
|  | April, 1854 | 63 | 15,597, 891 | 28, 292, 321 | 1,298,677 | 386,212 | 564,582 | 2,205,068 | 459,502 | 206,921 | 1,207,381 | 11, 219,566 | 3,910, 160 | 1,008,655 | 1,022,940 |
|  | April, 1885 | 68 | 17,147, 385 | 23, 704, 458 | 1,391,218 | 375,612 | 673,037 | 2, 272, 606 | 341,754 | 281,220 | 810, 101 | 6,871,102 | 3, 433, 081 | -945,844 | 482, 9;5 |
|  | April, 1856 | 71 | 18,913, 372 | 28,511, 143 | 1,216,630 | 453, 132 | 488, 138 | 3,432,975 | 367, 319 | 246,248 | 1,006, 493 | 9,197, 762 | 4, 090, 835 | 875,287 | 911,458 |
|  | April 1, 1857 | 74 | 19,923,553 | 33, 108, 527 | 946, 749 | 820,24। | 614,763 | 2,651,143 | 443,900 | 270, 72* | 1,129, 70 t | 10,590,421 | $4,688,843$ | 1,020,711 | 1,503, 135 |
| New York........ | Sept., 1850 | 198 | 48,618,762 | 107, 132, 389 | 13,177, 944 | 3,321,589 | 738, 120 | 10, 403, 509 | 3,031,957 | 10,498,824 | 10,045,330 | 26, 415,556 | 50,774, 193 | 21,873.928 | 2,984,727 |
|  | Dec. 1853 | 313 | 79, 018,980 | $153,118,468$ | 21,453,585 | 5,272, 690 | 151,528 | 11,529, 339 | 3,488, 890 | 18, 175,67. | $14,149,769$ | $32,573,189$ | 75, 554, 481 | 20,227,967 | $5,848,627$ |
|  | $\begin{array}{ll}\text { June, } & 1854 \\ \text { Sept, } & 1854 \\ \end{array}$ | 324 329 | 81,589, 239 | 161, 348,934 | 20,641, 474 | 5,556,571 | 665,862 | 10,655, 381 | 3,591, 907 | 20,551, 709 | 10, 792, 429 | 31,266,903 | 83,917, 411 | 21,938,504 | 4,895, 832 |
|  | $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Sept., } & 1854 \\ \text { Sept., } & 1855\end{array}$ | 3398 | $83,773,288$ $85,589,590$ | 163,216,392 | $20,820,653$ $20,590,150$ | 5,178,831 | 767,642 | 12, 475, 292 | $3,665,954$ $2,958,038$ | $16,453,324$ $18,09 \mathrm{H}, 545$ | $13,661,565$ | 31, 507, 781 | 84, 970,840 | 21, 081,456 | 4, 731,884 |
|  | Sept., 1856 | 311 | 96,381,301 | 205, 892, 499 | $24,027,53 \pm$ | 6,868,945 |  | $12,179,169$ | 2,985,205 | 18,095,545 | 12,910,334 | $31,340,003$ $34,019,633$ | ¢8, 852, 395 | 26, 045, 439 | $3,615,502$ $6,767,333$ |
|  | Dec. 26,1857 | 294 | 107,449, 143 | 162, 807,376 | 22,623,755 | 7,428,614 | 467,855 | 11, 726, 473 | 1,857,658 | 14,130,673 | 29,313,421 | $23,899,964$ | $83,043,353$ | 21,268,562 | 2,829,656 |
| New Jersey....... | Jan., 1851 | 26 | 3,754,900 | 7,158,973 |  | 270,546 | 183,468 | 1,578,663 |  |  | 622, 855 | 3,046,658 | 2,411,861 | 373,453 |  |
|  | Jan., 1854 | 38 | 5,147,741 | 10,663, 627 | 974, 895 | 267,804 | 224,448 | 432, 378 | 42,685 | 32,849 | 805,533 | 4,917,412 | 4,133,454 | 486,561 |  |
|  | Jan., 1855 | 32 | 5,314, 885 | 9,177, 334 | 821,964 | 240,921 | 158,396 | 1,810, 707 | 418,342 | 32,80 | 826, 452 | 3,552,585 | 3,290, 462 | 483, 875 |  |
|  | Jan., 1856 | 35 | 5,682, $26 \div$ | 10,999,919 | 760,697 | 265,228 | 71,587 | 1,639,249 | 502,949 |  | -82,659 | 4,285, 074 | 3,994,541 | 616,321 |  |
|  | Jan., 1857 | 46 | 6,582, 770 | 13, 380,085 | 581,773 | 224,711 | 288,296 | 2,237,204 | 710,072 |  | 849,926 | 4,759,855 | 4,891,970 | 1,438,658 |  |
|  | Jan., 1858 | 47 | 7,494,912 | 11,364,319 | 721,098 | 344, 045 | 288,802 | 1,609,817 | 494, 197 | ......... | 1,308,851 | 3,395,936 | 3,696, 605 | -507,477 | 80,763 |
| Pennsylvania..... | Nov, 1850 | 58 | 17,926,222 | 39, 430, 145 | 1,428,354 | 1,134,413 | 1,203,064 | 4,266, 916 |  | 2,864,944 | 4,327,394 | 11,798,996 | 18, 484, 779 | 5,857,740 |  |
|  | Nov., 1853 | $66$ | 19,768, 864 | 48, 656, 884 | 1,141,649 | 1,007,843 | 650, 756 | 5,375, 738 | 3,804,410 | $3,879,120$ | 4,331, 656 | 17, 420, 348 | 22, 747,991 | 4,640,970 | 36,647 |
|  | $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Nov., } & 1854 \\ \text { Nov., } & 1855\end{array}$ | 64 | 19,864,825 | 48, 641,393 | 2,153, 492 | ], 159, 740 | 599,662 678,018 | 4,840, 118 | 3, 769, 420 | 3,927,949 | 3,944,602 | 16, 739,069 | 21, 076, 464 | 3,930, 665 | 2,716,872 |
|  | $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Nov., } & 1855 \\ \text { Nov., } & 1856\end{array}$ | 71 | 22,020,546 | 52, 549, 199 | 2,714,232 | $1,206,569$ | 678,018 | 5,647,642 | 4,460,673 | 155,376 | 6,738,650 | $16,883,199$ | 25, 340, 814 | 4,955, 485 | 96,792 |
|  | Nov., 1857 | 76 | 25,691, 4** | 49, 149,323 | 2,31,626 | $1,353,285$ | 244, 120 | $5,773,327 \mid$ | $5,719,234$ $4,814,978$ | 1,593,696 | 5,973, $4,580,528$ | 17, 368,096 | 27,593,534 | $4,215,515$ $5,847,970$ | 127,059 80,705 |


| Delaware | Jan., 1851 <br> Jun., 1854 <br> Jan., 1855 <br> Jan. 1856 <br> Jan., 1857 <br> Jan., 1858 | 9 $\begin{gathered}9 \\ 10 \\ 11 \\ 11 \\ 11\end{gathered}$ | $1,293,185$ <br> 1,343, 185 <br> 1, 493,185 <br> 1,428, 185 <br> 1,355,010 | 2,264,8131 <br> 2, 915, 602 <br> 3,048,141 <br> 3,021,378 <br> 2,544,212 | $\begin{aligned} & 55,986 \\ & 62,681 \\ & 33,466 \\ & 44,066 \\ & 33,076 \\ & 18,610 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 117,981 \\ & 124,982 \\ & 124,956 \\ & 137 \\ & 130,545 \\ & 13,500 \\ & 57,655 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,0 \\ 0 \\ 29,140 \\ 3,814 \\ 1,965 \\ 234 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 306,5455 \\ & 352,286 \\ & 402,179 \\ & \hline 887,079 \\ & 506,514 \\ & 507,255 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 159,973 \\ 133,367 \\ 99,149 \\ 18,140 \\ 146,056 \\ 203,228 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 333,960 \\ 1,286,933 \\ 1,380,931 \\ 1,192,204 \\ 1,394,094 \\ 1,240,37 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 503,755 \\ & 860,757 \\ & 869,920 \\ & 859,010 \\ & 852,164 \\ & 868,414 \\ & 609,179 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 170,873 \\ 107,075 \\ 107, \\ 1295,510 \\ 125,303 \\ 147,250 \\ 72,297 \end{array}$ | 8,000 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Maryland. ........ | Jan., 1851 <br> JJn., 1854 <br> Jan., 1855 <br> Jan., 1856 <br> Jan., 1857 <br> Jan., 1858 | $\begin{aligned} & 25 \\ & 25 \\ & 29 \\ & 31 \\ & 31 \\ & 31 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 8,123,881 \\ 9,588,409 \\ 10,41,874 \\ 11,402,876 \\ 12,297,676 \\ 12,451,545 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 14,900,816 \\ & 18,358,441 \\ & 17,5588,718 \\ & 20,16,005 \\ & 22,293,554 \\ & 21,804,111 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 760,417 \\ & 825,339 \\ & 618,245 \\ & 644,600 \\ & 758,278 \\ & 644,318 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 405,245 \\ & 33,207 \\ & 33,070 \\ & 333,950 \\ & 318,896 \\ & 40,217 \\ & 417,925 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 768 \\ 28,256 \\ 595,263 \\ 698,49, \\ 23,528 \\ 14,741 \end{array}$ | $1,173,200$ <br> $1,681,036$ <br> $1,649,166$ <br> 1,894,791 <br> 3,226,112 | $\begin{array}{r} 965,796 \\ 158,897 \\ 1,566,311 \\ 1,42,744 \\ 1,666,663 \\ 1,473,413 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 78,552 \\ 1,588,092 \\ 98,518 \\ 82,961 \\ 9,168 \\ 3,184 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2,709,699 \\ & 3,405,090 \\ & 2,987,225 \\ & 3,398,101 \\ & 3,522,561 \\ & 2,614,728 \end{aligned}$ | 3,523,869 <br> 4,918,381 <br> 4, 118,197 <br> 5,155,096 <br> 4,041,021 | $\begin{aligned} & 5,838,766 \\ & 8,621,052 \\ & 7,268,888 \\ & 8,37,345 \\ & 9,61,31,24 \\ & 7,541,188 \end{aligned}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{\|l\|} 1,923,2006 \\ 2,348,791 \\ 1,511,970 \\ 1,924,756 \\ 1,895,284 \\ 4,194,676 \\ \hline \end{array}\right.$ | $\begin{array}{r} 9,895 \\ 71,645 \\ 899,230 \\ 938,108 \\ 679,701 \\ 549,933 \end{array}$ |
| Virginia . | Oct., 1850 <br> Jan., 1854 <br> Jan., 1855 <br> Jan., 1856 <br> Jan. 1857 <br> Jan. 1, <br> 1858  | $\begin{aligned} & 37 \\ & 55 \\ & 58 \\ & 57 \\ & 57 \\ & 62 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 9,824,545 \\ 12,796,446 \\ 14,033,838 \\ 13,600,188 \\ 13,883,000 \\ 14,851,600 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 19,646,777 \\ & 24,13,789 \\ & 23,311,939 \\ & 25,319,948 \\ & 24,999,575 \\ & 23,338,411 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 269,914 \\ 2,259,812 \\ 3,127,300 \\ 2,647,366 \\ 3,188,966 \\ 3,591,564 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 764,2828 \\ & 756,561 \\ & 786,952 \\ & 807,981,98 \\ & 872,388 \\ & 910,394 \end{aligned}$ |  | 1,925,652 <br> 2, 710, 180 $1,506,434$ <br> 2,186,725 <br> 2, 405, 211 <br> 2,085, 424 | $\begin{array}{r} 552,153 \\ 1,271,453 \\ 1,225,106 \\ 1,599,764 \\ 1,509,089 \\ 1,674,733 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1190,848 \\ 247,909 \\ 95,999 \\ 13,402 \\ 6,287 \end{array}$ | $2,928,174$ $3,721,042$ $2,728,482$ 3,151 $3,092,74$ $2,710,777$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10,256,997 \\ & 14,298,992 \\ & 10,834,963 \\ & 13,014,926 \\ & 1,685,627 \\ & 10,347,874 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4,717,732 \\ & 6,513,072 \\ & 5,615,666 \\ & 6,20,340 \\ & 7,397,474 \\ & 6,971,325 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 308,841 \\ & 635,127 \\ & 819,180 \\ & 863,890 \\ & 729,907 \\ & 799,596 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \breve{5}, 495 \\ 51,546 \\ 36,602 \\ 98,235 \\ 87,210 \end{gathered}$ |
| North Carolina.... | Nov., 1850 Dec., 1853 Nov., 1854 Nov. \& Dec., 1855. | $\begin{aligned} & 18 \\ & 25 \\ & 26 \\ & 28 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3,789,250 \\ & 4,818,56 \\ & 5,205,073 \\ & 8,231,945 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 6,056,726 \\ 10,386,7247 \\ 11,468,24, \\ 11,558,430 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 150,000 \\ 64,175 \\ 123,275 \\ 123,985 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 127,806 \\ & 137,154 \\ & 145,033 \\ & 171,037 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 18,785 \\ 12,7,78 \\ 4,060 \\ 4,06 i \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,074,794 \\ 1,842,569 \\ 672,991 \\ 785,852 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 483,947 \\ & \hline 643,291 \\ & \hline 409784,764 \\ & 378,690 \end{aligned}$ | 73,324 | $\begin{aligned} & 1,645,028 \\ & 1,85,9048 \\ & 1,291,946 \\ & 1,360,995 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 94,098 \\ 1,896,588 \\ 1,130,329 \\ 1,193,113 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 60,682 \\ 186,983 \\ 112,947 \\ 234,832 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 4,825 \\ 51,013 \\ 16,907 \\ 10,710 \end{array}$ |
|  | Nov, 1856, Dec., 1857. | 28 | 25,250 | 12,636,521 | 94,116 | 192, 475 | 7,913 | 846,416 | 366,076 | 1,378 | 1,156,993 | 6,301,262 | 1,170,026 | 224,82] | 6,645 |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1857. } \\ & \text { Dec, } \\ & \text { Jan., } 1858 \text {, } \end{aligned}$ | 28 | 6,52, 100 | 11,967, 733 | 180,270 | 196,671 | 14,275 | 709,830 | 383, 018 |  | 1,035,869 | 5,699, 427 | 1,037,457 | 82,347 | 66 |
| South Carolina.... | Jon., 1851 |  | 13,213,031 | 23,212,330 | 983,611 | 338, 429 | 1266,205 | 5,0an, 9 | 810,895 | 308,903 | 2,218,223 | 11,771,270 | 3,685,686 | 3,035,893 | 23,260 |
|  | March, 1854 | 18 | 16,073,580 | $21,365,690$ $24,373,688$ | 2,775, ${ }^{1,659}$, ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 419,370 472,488 | 1,389,582 | 1,611,709 | 645, 639 |  | 1,621,973 | 9,715,783 | 3,752, 250 | 1,878,291 | 159,193 |
|  | Sept., 1854 | 19 | 18,603,253 | 23, 149, 098 | $1,670,305$ | 510,565 | 571,049 | 1,188, 421 | 441,864 |  | 1, ${ }^{1,253,284}$ | 8,739,623 | 3,871,095 | 1,628,130 | 143,267 53,936 |
|  | Sept., 1855 | 20 | 17,516,600 | 22,338, 900 | 3,483,011 | 600,880 | 951,852 | 1,057,476 | 424, 135 |  | 1,228,221 | 6,504, 674 | 3,068,188 | 1,100,299 | -46,532 |
|  | Jan., ${ }_{\text {Dec, }} 181857$ | 20 | 14,837,642 | 28,227, 370 | 3,288,876 | ${ }_{6981,273}$ | 698,662 | 1,180,938 | 539, 497 |  | l, 197,774 | 10,654,652 | 3,502, 733 | 3,518,962 | 3,355,119 |
|  | Dec. 31, 1857 | 20 | 14,885,631 | 22,056,561 | 3,223,887 | 698,688 | 1,005, 448 | 1,331, 109 | 889, 722 |  | 1,104,128 | 6,185, 825 | 2,955,854 | 3,074,740 | 1,700,612 |
| Georgía........... |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2,377, 715 | 3,117, 466 | 535,593 | 141,300 | 2,112,146 | 9,898, 827 | 2,581, 828 | 433, 422 | 1,452,121 |
|  | July, 1854, \& | $\begin{aligned} & 18 \\ & 21 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 12,957,600 \\ & 13,413,100 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 13,567,469 \\ & 11,648,559 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,193,848 \\ 2,331,661 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8,176,932 \\ & 8,308,929 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 718,954 \\ & 48,130 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,735,422 \\ & 1,094,368 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 603,957 \\ & 633,744 \end{aligned}$ | 247,852 | $1,5751,880$ | 9,518,777 | 2,523,227 | 722,035 | 1, $1,1989,309$ |
|  |  | 24 | 11,508, 717 | 16,758, | 1,671,234 | 4,853, | 135 | 1,285, 6 | 846,675 | 513,697 | 1,955,966 | 10,092,809 | 2,525, 256 | 1,334,098 | 623,918 |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Onar., Nov., No., } \\ & \text { Dee., 1856, } \end{aligned}$ | 23 | 15, 428,690 | 16,649,201 | 2,248,083 | 8, 9388,280 | 534,618 | 1,288,971 | 1,400,570 | 31,4 | 1,702, 108 | 9,147, 011 | 3,126,530 | 1,863,429 | 872,644 |
|  | Sept. \& Oct., 1857. | 30 | 16,015,256 | 12,677,863 | 2,358,584 | 8,470,709 | 540,639 | 1,194, 465 | 451, 150\% | 20 maxim | 1,417,545 | 5,518,425 | 2,215,853 | 533,819 | 882,662 |


| State． | Date． |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 票 } \\ & \text { U } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \dot{\dddot{y}} \\ & \text { む̈ } \\ & \text { on } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alibsama | Jan．， 1851 | 2 | \＄1，800，581 | \＄4，670，458 | \＄70，361 | \＄12．3， 697 | \＄81，000 | \＄960，334 | \＄63， 865 |  | \＄1，998，820 | \＄3，568，235 | \＄1，474，963 |  | \＄660，732 |
|  | Jan．， 1854 | 3 | 2，100，001 | 5，865，142 | 471， 156 | 65，921 | 31，500 | \＄362， 084 | 111，296 |  | 1，12，954 | － $3,171,48 i$ | 1，671，448 | 663， 164 | \＄600，732 |
|  | Jan．， 1855 | 4 | 2，296，400 | 4，397， 298 | 768.650 | 51，588 |  | 271，801 | 57， 061 | \＄45，64i | 1，125，490 | 2，382，176 | 1，278，02． | 181，55t | 15，000 |
|  | Jan．， 1856 | 4 | 2，297．800 | 5，117，427 | $713,024$. | 80，644 |  | 1，421，44．5 | 561，48 |  | 1，274，944 | 3，467， 242 | 2，837，556 | 481，2cE | 10,010 |
|  | Jan．， 1857 | 4 | 2，297， 200 | 6，545，209 | 142，201 | 78，14－ | 1，252 | 665， 302 | 504， 287 | ．．．．．．．．．． | 1，139，312 | 3，177，234 | －2，423．269 | 703，448 | 5，000 |
|  | Jan．，J， 1858 | 6 | 3，215，650 | 5，585， 424 | 146，53y | 150，141 | 24，506 | 1，162，972 | 151，726 | ．．．．．．．． | 1，302，312 | 2，581，791 | 1，408，837 | 571，55¢ |  |
| Louisiana．．．．．．．．． | Jan．，1851 | 25 | 12，370，390 | 19，309， 108 |  | 2，255， 160 | 2，042， 149 | 2，225，89 |  | 1，200，00t | 5，716，001 | 5，059， 22.9 |  |  |  |
|  | Jan．， 1854 | 19 | 17，359，261． | 29，320， 382 | ． 842,000 | 1，954，164 | 2，163，055 | 2，416，520 |  | 1，200，00． | 7，468， 460 | 6，969，80i | 11，743， 152 | 1， 002,63 ＋ | 2，348， 859 |
|  | Jan．， 1855 | 19 | 20，179， 107 | 27，142， 907 | 4，187， 180 | 3，317，422 | 1，985， 373 | 3，154，43\％ |  | ．．．．．．．．．． | 6，570，568 | 6，586，601 | 11，688， 296 | 1，154，53r | ＊，232，973 |
|  | Vec．， 18.55 | 19 | 19，027，728 | 27，500，348 | 2，591，404 | 2，311，33： | 2，2．33，412 | 6，059，850 |  |  | 8，191，625 | 7，222，614 | 14，747， 470 | 1，687，53！ | 2，301，747 |
|  | Dec．， 1856 | 19 | 21，730，400 | 31，200， 296 | 4，794， 285 | 2，470．683 | 1，493，905 | 6，416，728 |  |  | 6．811，162 | 9，191，139 | 13，478， 729 | 165，555 | 2，207，583 |
|  | Dec．26， 1857 | 15 | 22，800， 230 | 23，229，096 | 5，318，418 | 2，493， 494 | 1，147，287 | 3，951，205 | ．．．．．．． |  | 10，370，701 | 4，336，624 | $11,638,120$ | 1，840，614 |  |
| Mississippl．．．．．．． | April， 1851 | 1 | 118，460 | 112，275 |  | 8.400 |  | 302， 611 |  |  |  | 161，390 | 4，500 | 142，390 |  |
|  | Jan．， 1854 | 1 | 240， 165 | 362，58．5 |  | 9，970 | 4，742 | 84,044 | 13， 305 |  | 5，669 | 234， 745 | 33，393 | 142， |  |
|  | Jan．， 1855 | 1 | 240,165 | 352， 739 | 5，914 | 11,964 | 50，000 | 60，716 | 5，450 | ．．．．．．．．． | 8，063 | 221，760 | 42，73x |  | ．．．．．． |
|  | $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Jan．，} & 1856 \\ \text { Jan．，} & 1857\end{array}$ | 1 | 240,165 36,001 | $48 \times, 411$ 657,020 | 4,894 519 | 12,613 11,413 | ．．．．．．．．．． | 81,152 $\mathbf{2 5 7 , 5 0 5}$ | 7，740 | .. ....... | 7，744 | 324， 080 | 35，60 | ．．．．．．．．． |  |
|  | Jan．， 18.1858 | $\stackrel{1}{2}$ | 1，110，660 | 657,020 343,216 | 1，007 | 780，767 | 30，209 | 219，086 | 26，50： 97 | 47，254 | 7，912 | $5.56,34.5$ 169,400 | 83,435 49,781 | 31，792 | 60 |
| Tennessee．．．．．．．．． | Jan．， 1851 | 23 | 6，881，568 | 10，932， 139 | 432，90： | 662， 520 |  | 1，559，418 | 729， 186 |  | 1，456，778 | 6，814，376 | 1，917，757 | 61，632 | 10，000 |
|  | Oct．， 1853 | 25 | 6，579， 272 | 11，846， 879 | 538， 042 | 516，9：0 | 67， 322 | 1，443， 721 | 451， 49 t | 126．891 | 1，983， 790 | 6，821，834 | 2，200，922 | 108， 471 | 4：7，425 |
|  | Jan．， 1855 | 32 | 6，717，878 | 11，755， 729 | 871，076 | 486， 455 | 166，395 | 1， 057,146 | 491，8010 | 68，20！ | 1，473，040 | 5，850，562 | 2，413，418 | 211．683 | $8 \mathrm{~B}, 501$ |
|  | Jan．， 1856 | 45 | 8，593．693 | 11，8＞0，600 | 1，466，45 | 541，711 | 143,6 ＇6 | $2,617,686$ | 859，95 | 16，03 | 2，231，418 | $8,518,545$ | 3，740， 101 | 47,070 | 6649910 |
|  | Jan．， 1857 | 40 | $8.454,423$ | 16．c93， 340 | 2，450，308 | 540， 715 | 24，169 | 2，380， 706 | 1，1169，408 | 62，76： | 2．091，632 | 8，401．948 | 4，875，316 | 944，917 | 951，254 |
|  | July 1，1857 | 45 | 9，083，069 | 13，124， 29.2 | 3，347， 060 | $5 \pm 3,406$ | 118， 323 | 3，327， 335 | 948，91． |  | 2，670，751 | 6，036，982 | 4，454， 104 | 1，617，610 | 2，768，141 |
| Kentucky ．．．．．．． | Jan．， 1851 | 26 | 7，536，927 | 12，536， 305 | 691，962 | 419，070 | 410，127 | 2，451，155 | 550， 879 |  | 2，794， 351 | 7，643， 075 | 2，322， 657 | 1，256，$\llcorner 89$ | 100，807 |
|  | Jan．， 1854 | 35 | 10， 669,665 | 21，398， 396 | 802， 124 | 416， 192 | 307，368 | 3，284， 405 | 1，115，78： | 543，978 | 4，59i，249 | 13．573，510 | 3，102，159 | 2，819，031 |  |
|  | Jィヶ．， 1855 | 34 | 10， 364,717 | 17，307，567 | 743，033 | 416， 921 | 216.505 | 3，319， 118 | 686，3， 0 |  | 4．152，988 | 8，628，946 | 3，011，719 | 2，577，8：4 | 296，605 |
|  | Jan．， 1856 | 33 | 10，454，572 | 21，132，519 | 678，389 | 488，501－ | 535， 730 | 3，731，463 | 465,878 |  | 4，611， 766 | 12．634， 533 | 3，608，757｜ | 2，555，853 | 532，000 |
|  | Jan．， 1857 | 35 | 10，596， 315 | 23，404，551 | 739， 126 | 465， $90{ }^{-}$ | 3633，924 | 4，115，43： | 840,959 |  | 4，406， 106 | 13，682， 215 | 4，473， 378 ， | 2，983．373 | 50，000 |
|  | Jan．1， 1858 | 37 | 10，782， 588 | 17，681，283 | 738,705 | 500，202 | 2，611 | 4，431，131 | $7 \times 5,461$ | 13： | 4，027，と25 | 8，884，225 | 3，232，132 | $3,195,352$ | 1，915 |
| Missouri ．．．．．．．．．． | Jan．1， 1851 | 6 | 1，209， $13!$ | 3．533， 463 |  | 12．3，978 | 27．1， 317 | 66，02t | 37，510 |  | 1，198，263 | 2，522，500 | 1，098，981 | 76，280 |  |
|  | Jan．， 1854 | 6 | 1，215，405 | 3，958， 055 |  | 116，15！ | 121，372 | 152，781 | 262，590 |  | 937， 835 | 2，487，580 | 1，313， 744 | 228， 345 |  |


|  | Nov., 1854 <br> Dec, 1855 <br> D.c., 1456 <br> Jan. 1838 | $\begin{array}{r} 6 \\ 6 \\ 6 \\ 10 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,215,398 \\ & 1,215,405 \\ & 2,215,405 \\ & 2,620,615 \end{aligned}$ | $3,441,643$ $4,393,029$ $4,112,791$ $4,620,534$ | 72,000 | 111,185 104,622 98,254 29,733 | 116,084 | 49,960 98,31 75,991 96,626 | 33,870 198,910 324,705 | …........ | 975,491 $4,355,056$ $1,245,184$ $1,424,004$ | $1,480,650$ $2,805,660$ $2,780,380$ $1,718,750$ | $1,247,651$ $1,331,126$ $1,188,982$ $1,482,44 \times$ | $\begin{aligned} & 284,777 \\ & 172,425 \\ & 111,984 \\ & 242,11 i \end{aligned}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Illinois | Jan, 1851 |  | None. | None. | None. | None. | None. | None. | None. | None. | None. | None. | None. | None. |  |
|  | April, 1853 | 23 | 1,702, 45.5 | 586, 404 | 1,780,617 | 13, 202 | …… | 880,541 | 233,576 | None. | 419,531 | 1,351,788 | 523, 476 | 315,44) | 14,116 |
|  | April, 1854 | ${ }^{29}$ | 2,513,79n | 316,84] | 2,671,903 | 31, 158 | 1,388,203 | 878,612 | 3 565 , 3:19 | 63,892 | 565, 122 | 2,283,526 | 1,286, 16.2 |  | 294,0:34 |
|  | Jan., 1856 | 36 | 3.840, 944 | 337,675 | 3,777, 676 | 79,940 | 1, 108, 148 | 2,354,571 | 517,066 | 37, 165 | 77:9,474 | 3,4211,985 | 1,267,234 |  | 211,203 |
|  | $\begin{array}{lr}\text { Oc., } & 1856 \\ \text { Jan. } & \text { 4, } 1858\end{array}$ | 42 45 | 5,872,114 $4,679,325$ | $1,740,671$ $1,146,770$ | $6,129,613$ $6,161,017$ | 52,832 59,567 |  | $3,953,450$ $2,813,57 \%$ | 433, 717 | 19,297 | 635, 816 | 5,534, 945 | 1,002,399 | 411, 48: | $157.9 \times 1$ |
|  | Jan. 4, 1858 | 45 | 4,679,325 | 1,146,770 | 6,161, 017 | 59,567 | 7 | 2,813,578 | 265, 034 | 6, 433 | 333, 23 ? | 5,238,930 | 658,521 | 19,66: | 131,764 |
| Indiana | Nov., 1850 | 14 | 2,882,950 | 4,395, 999 |  | 364, 233 | 108, 485 | 815,062 | 224,842 |  | 1,197, 88 i | 3,482, 445 | 630,325 | 112, 175. |  |
|  | Dec. 1853 | 44 | 5,555,552 | 7,247,366 | 3,257,064 | 289,673 | 127,235 | 1,985,114 | 715,305 | 128,850 | 1,820.760 | 7,116,82: | 1,764,747 | 445, 359 | 100,63 |
|  | July \& Oct, 1854. | 59 | 7,281,934 | 9,305,651 | $6,148,83$ i | 249, 298 | ........ | 3, 487,827 | $911,00 \cup$ | 173,573 | 1,894, 351 | 8,165,856 | 2,2e9,605 | 803,845 | - |
|  | Oct., 1855, \& | 46 | 4,045,325 | 6,996,992 | 1,705, 070 | 231,929 | 132,916 | 1,274,982 | 598,262 | 369,600 | 1,539,014 | 4,516, 422 | 1,937,09; | 279,804 | 161,975 |
|  | July \& Oct., | 46 | 4,123, 089 | 7,039,691 | 1,694,357 | 227,599 | 380,911 | 1,338,418 | 557,238 | 68,508 | 1,420,076 | 4, 731,70: | 1,852,742 | 272,8:5 | 177,329 |
|  | Nov., 1857, \& Jan., 1858. | 40 | 3,585,922 | 4,861,445 | 1,416,73i | 104,224 | 10,891 | 920,441 | 395,536 | 236,661 | 1,261, 726 | 3,363, 97 : | 1,417,966 | 380,5.5 | 60,954 |
| Ohio |  | 57 | 8, 718, 366 | 17, 059,593 | 2,200,891 | 451,593 | 460,692 | 3,373, 272 | 1,195,65- | 93,46: | 2,750,537 | 11,059,700 | 5, 310,555 | 1,305, 8 ¢ | 343, $8^{-6}$ |
|  | Feb, 1874 | 68 | 8,013, 154 | 17, 380, 25.5 | 2, 008,337 | 332,909 | 748,401 | 3,534, 970 | 1,43×,342 | 171,855 | 2,319.06 | 9,8.9,00: | 7,69:3,610 | 1,865,172 | 249,887 |
|  | Aug., 1854 | 64 | 7,382,590 | 14,649,297 | 2,537,678 | 235,789 | 746,770 | 3,433, 257 | 1,110,439 | 138, 359 | 1,849,2 | 8, 16: , $60^{\circ}$ | 6,287, 159 | 1,507,281 | 287,821 |
|  | Nov. 1854 | 66 | 7, 166,581 | 13, 578, 339 | $2,466,247$ | 248,222 | 1, 016,525 | 2,751,312 | -935,555 | 158,310 | 1,690, 10 | 8,071, 132 | 5, 430,566 | 9.9,72: | 411,652 |
|  | Feb, 1855 | 65 | 6,491, 421 | 14, 921,99e | $2,476,751$ | 350,708 | 1, 195,047 | 3,117,178 | 1,612,969 | 105,5.59 | 2,09i, 80: | $9.080,5-9$ | 7, 101, 3:5 | 1,712,041 | 296,203 |
|  | Nov., 1856 | 61 | 6,742, 421 | 15, 223, 241 | 2,749,686 | 310,145 | $68^{7}, 337$ | $2,749,558$ | $1,199,863$ | 39,0 07 | 2,016,8.4 | 9, $153,6 \geq$ | 6,513, 423 | 1,212, 16 | 392,758 |
|  | Feb. 1, 1858 | 49 | 6,560,770 | 9,558,92i | 2,088,778 | 522, 041 | 910,436 | 2,139,364 | $76 \pm, 213$ | 1121,354 | 1,731,99 | 6, 201,246 | $3,915,781$ | 280,786 | 282, 071 |
| Michigan | Jan., 1851 | 6 | 764,022 | 1,319,305 | 420,521 | 221,626 | 65, 083 | 404,691 | 109,096 | 195 | 123,792 | 897, 361 | 416, 147 | 42,584 | 138,930 |
|  | Jan., 1854 | 7 | 1,084,718 | 2, 199,093 | 637,725 | 144,998 | 85, 170 | 742,843 | 108.941 | 4.28 .2 | 3.57,672 | 1,270, $9 \mathrm{k9}$ | 1,078,6146 | 82, 496 | 438, 488 |
|  | Jan., 1855 | 6 | 980,416 | 1,900,942 | 555, 431 | 146,033 | 15,345 | 392,550 | 118, i*4 | 6,162 | 1 13.12 | 500. 94. | 1,170.974 | 95,59 | 187,52] |
|  | Dec., 1855 | 4 | 730, 438 | 1,988, 087 | 517,945 | 124,486 | 21,347 | 402,520 | 97, 26: | 6, 433 | 153, 080 | 573,83 | 1,366,938 | 53,425 | 128,216 |
|  | Dec., 1856 | 4 | 841,489 | 1,908, 603 | 588, 389 | 60,110 | 11, 145 | 245,061 | 159,4-9 | 9,141 | 92, 76. | 670,519 | $1,3+7,976$ | 118,962 | 52,646 |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec , 1857,\& } \\ & \text { Jan., } 1858 . \end{aligned}$ | 4 | 851, 804 | 1,111,786 | 322, 466 | 115,661 | 15, 727 | 77,034 | 31,411 | 10,043 | 23, 776 | 361,676 | 310,479 | 78,975 | 124,198 |
| Wisconsin | Jan., 1851 |  |  | None. | None. | None. | None. | None. | None. | None. | None. | None. | None. | None. | None. |
|  | $\text { Jan., } 1854$ | $10$ | $600,000$ | 1,163, 066 | 578,721 | 8,461 |  | 325,946 | 151.154 | 20, 136 | 182.482 | 485, 121 | 654, 423 | , | 710,954 |
| , | July, 1854 | $\begin{aligned} & 19 \\ & 02 \end{aligned}$ | 1,250,000 | 1,897,555 | -974,308 | 300 | $28: 3$ | 938, 30 e | 283, 63 : | 9.5, 4.59 | 210,909 | 785,216 | 1,2 1, 111 |  | 535, 138 |
|  | Jan., 1855 | 23 | 1,400,000 | 1,861, 043 | 1,041,021 | 24,320 | 8,791 | -306,982 | 341, 174 | 103, 88 | 334, $38: 3$ | 740, 764 | 1,482, 053 |  | 456, 739 |
|  | Jan., 1855 | 32 | 1,870,000 | 3,906,074 | 1,200,083 | 94, 261 | 1,501 | 383, 161 | 60\%, 148 | 57, 218 | 581, 713 | 1,160, 165 | 2, 806, $\because 41$ |  | 1,073,8:4 |
|  | Jan, 4, 1858 | 49 | -5,555, 1000 | 5, 280,634 | 2, 225,160 | 150,315 | 1,892 | 453,771 | 701, 161 | 73,22:2 | 542.938 | 1,702,570 | 3,365, 562 |  | 1,290, 4×6 |
|  | Jan. 4, 1858 | 66 | 5,515,000 | 6,230,861 | 3,626, 468 | 229, 236 | 45,266 | 498, 794 | 467, 411 | 67, 439 | 576,543 | 2,913,071 | 2,077,862 |  | 1,278,872 |
| Nebraska Territory |  | $\begin{aligned} & 4 \\ & 6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 205,000 \\ 15,000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 418,097 \\ 15,679 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 3,975 \\ & \mathbf{3}, 850 \end{aligned}$ | 2,151 | $\begin{array}{r} 192,804 \\ 35,601 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 15,069 \\ 1,000 \end{array}$ | 210 | $\begin{array}{r} 136,32.5 \\ 5,683 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 353,796 \\ 41,641 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 125,291 \\ 3,673 \end{array}$ | 1,7:9 | 2,576 |

Comparative view of the condition of the banks in different sections of the Union in 1854-'55, 1855-'56, 1856-'57, and 1857-'58.

| Sections. | Banks and branches. |  |  |  | Capital paid in. |  |  |  | Loans and discounts. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1854-55. | 1855-56. | 1856-'57. | 1857-958. | 1854-'55. | 1855-56. | 1856-97. | 1857-58. | 1854-'55. | 1855-'56. | 1856-97. | 1857-958. |
| Gastern States...... | 440 | 492 | 507 | 498 | \$101,804,621 | \$110.415, 090 | \$114,611,752 | \$117,261,990 | \$173,513,958 | \$177,411,938 | \$187,750,276 | \$177,896,020 |
| Middle States...... | 464 | 486 | 470 | 459 | 120, 758,047 | 125,944,239 | 140,298,876 | 154,442,049 | 241,671,978 | 279,232, 487 | 299,874, 750 | 247,669,341 |
| S.uthern §tatem..... | 124 | 129 | 128 | 140 | 49, 255,264 | 48,657, 450 | 50,554, 562 | 52,077,587 | 69,598, 123 | 75, 875, 681 | 82, 412,667 | 70,040,568 |
| Southwestern Btates. | 96 | 108 | 105 | 115 | 41,016,635 | 41,829,363 | 44,630, 333 | 49,633,352 | 64,3y7, 843 | 73,512,343 | 82, 813,257 | 64,633,845 |
| Western States. .... | 183 | 183 | 206 | 210 | 19,342,721 | 16,978, 130 | 20,739, 143 | 21,207, 821 | 26.962,816 | 28, 150,831 | 31,605,937 | 22, 925,468 |
|  | 1,307 | 1,398 | 1,416 | 1,422 | 332, 177, 288 | 343,874, 272 | 370,834,686 | 394, 622, 799 | 576, 144, 758 | 634, 183,280 | 684,456,887 | 583,165,242 |

Comparative view of the condition of the banks in different sections of the Union-Continued.

| Sections. | Stocks. |  |  |  | Real estate. |  |  |  | Other investments. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1854-'55. | 1855-'56. | 1856-957. | 1857-58. | 1854-55. | 1855-'56. | 1856-957. | 1857-358. | 1854-'55. | 1855-956. | 1836-57. | 1857-58. |
| Eastern States ..... <br> Middle States ..... <br> Southern $\operatorname{states....~}$ <br> Southwestern State <br> Western States .... | \$1,560,379 |  |  |  |  | \$2,273,850 |  | \$3,310,486 | \$685,083 | \$792, 750 | \$611,152 | \$682,708 |
|  | 24,451, 870 | 24, 753,765 | 27, 702,286 | $26,576,900$ | $7,037,778$ | 7,707, 859 | 8,832, 442 | \$3,596,524 | 2,150,063 | 1,45:, 309 | *616,619 | ],015,752 |
|  | 7,252,541 | 7,925,546 | 8,796,041 | 2, 9,354,305 | 9,751, 479 | 6, 433, 401 | $10,064,396$ | 10,276,462 | 1,082,257 | 1,205.630 | 1,725.876 | 1,951,349 |
|  | 6,575,853 | 5, 454, 164 | 8, 127,039 | 9,623,729 | 4,399, 474 | 3,569,433 | 3,715, 120 | 4,537,783 | 2, 418, 273 | 2,912,838 | 1,883,250 | $\begin{aligned} & 1,91,349 \\ & 1,439,020 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | 12,886,439 | 9,677,525 | 13,187,205 | $13,818,466$ | -749,033 | 881,324 | -804,976 | 1,034,579 | 2, 3988,864 | 2,458,989 | 1,083,439 | $\begin{array}{r} 1,987,077 \end{array}$ |
|  | 52,727,082 | 48,485,215 | 59,272,324 | 60, 305,269 | 24, 073, 801 | 20,865,867 | 26, 124, 522 | 28,755,834 | 8, 734,540 | 8,822,516 | 5,920,336 | 6,075,906 |

Comparative view of the condition of the banks in different sections of the Union-Continued.

| Sections. | Due by other banks. |  |  |  | Notes of other hanks. |  |  |  | Specie funds. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1854-55. | 1855-56. | 1856-57. | 1857-58. | 1854-'55. | 1855-56. | 1856-957. | 1857-58. | 1854-35. | 1855-956. | 1856-57. | 1857-58. |
| Eastern States Middle States. Southern States .... Southwestern States Western States ...... | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 14,826,567 \\ 21,08,905 \\ 4,56,2,14 \\ 7,023,766 \\ 7,417,283 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 13,842,045 \\ 21,989,653 \\ 5,315,677 \\ 13,979,927 \\ 7,512,422 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 15,304,943 \\ 21,961,008 \\ 5,801,536 \\ 1,9,91,656 \\ 8,870,062 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|r} \$ 12,215,43 \\ 20,843,384 \\ 5,320,828 \\ 1,1,18,355 \\ 6,484,812 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 7,456,556 \\ 9,459,951 \\ 2,610,478 \\ 1,240,681 \\ 2,661,852 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 6,807,215 \\ 9,444,234 \\ 2,649,264 \\ 2,428,926 \\ 3,449,410 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 7,452,318 \\ 11,071,854 \\ 3,895,232 \\ 2,638,067 \\ 3,066,557 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 8,216,504 \\ 8,698,885 \\ 3,411,629 \\ 2,201,783 \\ 1,928,635 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2040,982 \\ 20,745,011 \\ 330,758 \\ 113,856 \\ 503,121 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 314,065 \\ 1,49,937 \\ 539,696 \\ 16,037 \\ 576,975 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 285,688 \\ 24,477,093 \\ 46,708 \\ 62,767 \\ 209,385 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 307,073 \\ 14,318,782 \\ 265,863 \\ 47,393 \\ 441,930 \end{array}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 55,738,735 | 62,639,725 | 65,849,205 | 58,052,802 | 23,429,518 | 24,779,049 | 28,124,008 | 22,447,436 | 21,935,738 | 19,937,710 | 25,081,641 | 15,380,441 |

Comparative view of the condition of the banks in the different sections of the Union-Continued.

| Sectioņ. | Specie. |  |  |  | Circulation. |  |  |  | Deposits. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1854-55. | 1855-36. | 1856-37. | 1857- ${ }^{\text {2 }}$ 8. | 1854-35. | 1855-56. | 1856-957. | 1857-58. | 1854->5. | 1436-38. | 1856-97. | 1857-58. |
| Eastern States....... <br> Middle States. <br> Southern States. $\qquad$ <br> Southwestern States. <br> Western States. | \$6,746,711 | \$6,796,314 | \%7,260, 426 | 躳 $6,391,617$ | \$53,816,469 | \$47,762, 301 | \$53,554,041 | \$41,417,692 | \$29,900, 989 | \$31,596,935 | \$34,520,868 | \$28, 196,426 |
|  | 21,509,993 | 22,009,791 | 23,390,763 | 38,020,756 | 57,298,622 | 58,998,468 | 62,696,774 | 44, 187, 749 | 117,465, 664 | 137,410,259 | 139,873,212 | 113,814, 430 |
|  | 14,305,640 | 17,672,577 | 15,704,308 | -19,796,184 | 25, 3130,695 | 31,972,674 | 37,792,261 | 23, 2727,772 | ${ }_{19}^{11,702,844}$ | $12,898,897$ $26,300,616$ | $15,196,763$ $26,52,139$ | 13,184,489 |
|  | 4,627, 120 | 5,139,090 | 4,844,725 | 3,935,956 | 19,765,220 | 18,652,001 | 22,147, 194 | 18, 123,580 | 11,879,300 | 14,498,955 | 14,237,370 | 8,384,288 |
|  | 53,944,546 | 59,314,063 | 58,349,838 | 74, 412,832 | 188,952,223 | 195,747,950 | 214,778,822 | 155, 208, 344 | 190,400,342 | 212, 705,662 | 230,351,355 | 185, 932,049 |

Comparative view of the condition of the banks in the defferent sections of the Union-Continued.

| Sections. | Due to other banks. |  |  |  | Other liabilities. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1854-355. | 1855-50. | 1856~57. | 1857-588. | 1891-95. | 1855-56. | 1896-957. | 1857-58. |
| Eastern states. $\qquad$ <br> Middle States. <br> Southern states. $\qquad$ <br> Southwestern States. $\qquad$ <br> Western States. |  | \%8,209,891 | \$7,310,540 | ${ }_{41}^{46,429,5592}$ | ${ }_{6}^{1,957,913}$ | $\$ 1,440,876$ $4,658,402$ |  | \$3,304,554 |
|  | 27, $2,585,976$ | 33,333,224 | 6,138,719 | 4,590,702 | - | -717, 762 | 4,332,643 | -3,541, ${ }^{2} \mathbf{6 5 8}$ |
|  | 4,410,377 | 5,364,268 | 5,709,272 | 6,849,046 | 2,630,079 | 3,508, 577 | 3,213,845 | 2,776, 116 |
|  | 1,849, 173 | 2,145,269 | 1,806,970 | -759,982 | 1,319,947 | 1,902,170 | 2,071,080 | 1,880,435 |
|  | 45,156,697 | 52,719,956 | 57,674,333 | 51,168,875 | 15,599, 623 | 12,227,867 | 19,816,850 | 14, 166,713 |

Eastern States.-Maine, New Hampshire, Vermnnt, Massachusettz, Rhode Island, Connecticut.
Middle States.-New York, New Sersey, Pennsy Ivania, Delaware, Maryland.
Southern Slates.-Virginia, North Carglina, South Carolina, Georgia.
Western States.-Illinois, Indiana, Ohio, Michigan, Wisconsin, Nebraska Territory.
It is believed that there are no incorporated banks in any of the States or Territories not mentiondd iu this report as having them.

No. 40.- $A$ general statement of the condition of the banks

| States. |  |  | Date. | Oapital. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Maine | 70 |  | Jan. 4, 1858 | 87,614,200 | \$11,210,245 |  | \$135,263 |
| New Hampshire .... ... | 47 |  | Jan. 4,1858 | - 5, 041,000 | 7,389,813 |  | 82,000 |
| Vermont ................. | 41 | ...... | July \& Aug., 1857. | 4,028,740 | 7,905,711 | \$39,991 | 136,582 |
| Massachusetts ........... | 173 |  | Oct. 17, 1857 | 60,319,720 | 92,458,572 |  | 1,608,613 |
| Rhode Island .............. | 93 |  | Dec. 14, 1857 | 20, 334,777 | 25, 823, 152 | 145,129 | -527,787 |
| Connecticut ............. | 73 | 1 | April 1,1857 | 19,928,5.53 | 33, 108,527 | 946,749 | 820,241 |
| New York. | 294 |  | Dec. 26, 1857 | 107,449, 143 | 162, 807, 376 | 22,623,755 | 7,423,614 |
| New Jersey | 47 |  | Jan., 1858 | 7,494, 912 | 11,364,319 | 721, 1193 | 344,045 |
| Pennsylvania | 76 |  | Nov., 1857 | 25,691, 439 | 49,149,323 | 2,569,119 | 1,353, 285 |
| Delaware................ | 8 | 3 | Jan., 1853 | 1,355, 010 | 2,544,212 | 18,610 | 57,6.55 |
| Maryland | 31 | **..0. | Jan., 1858 | 12,451,545 | 21, 804, 111 | 644,318 | 417,925 |
| Virginia ................. | 22 | 40 | Jan. 1,1858 | 14,651, f00 | 23,338,411 | 3,591,564 | 910, 394 |
| North Carolina .... . . . . | 12 | 16 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Dec., } 1857 \text {, } \\ \text { Jan., } 1858 . \end{gathered}$ | 6,525, 100 | 11,967, 733 | 180,270 | 196,671 |
| South Carolina........... | 18 | 2 | Dec. 31, 1857 | 14,285,631 | 22,05t, 561 | 3,223,887 |  |
| Georgia ...... ........... | 26 | 4 | Sept. \& Oct., 1857. | 16,015,256 | 12,677,863 | 2,358, 584 | 8,470,709 |
| Alabana | 6 |  | Jan. 1,1858 | 3,235,650 | 5,585,424 | 146,539 | 150,141 |
| Louisiana | 12 | 3 | Dec. 26, 1857 | 22,800,830 | 23,229.096 | 5, 318, 418 | 2,493,494 |
| Mississippi .............. | $\underline{2}$ |  | Jan. 1,1858 | 1,110,600 | 393,216 | 1, ${ }^{\text {1,007 }}$ | -780,767 |
| Tennessee............... | 27 | 18 | July 1,1857 | 9,088, 069 | 13,124,292 | 3,347.060 | 593,406 |
| Kentucky .............. | 10 | 27 | $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Jan. } & 1,1858 \\ \text { Jan. } & 1858\end{array}$ | 10,782, 588 | 17,681,283 | 738,705 | 500,202 |
| Missouri .................. | 6 45 | 4 | $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Jnn. } & 1,1858 \\ \text { Jan. } & 4858\end{array}$ | 2,620,615 | 4,620,534 | 6, 72, 0000 | 29,773 |
| Illinois . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 45 | 20 | Jan. 4,1858 | 4,679,325 | 1, 146, 770 | 6, 164,017 | 59,567 |
| Indiana.... ............. | 20 | 20 | $\begin{array}{cc} \text { Nov. } & 1851, \\ \text { Jan., } 1858 . \end{array}$ | 3,585,922 | 4,861,445 | 1,416,737 | 104,224 |
| Ohio .................... | 49 | ....... | Feb. 1,1858 | 6,560,770 | 9,558, 927 | 2,088,778 | 522, 041 |
| Michigan . ............... | 4 | ...... | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } 1857, \\ & \text { Jan., } 1 \mathrm{E} 58 . \end{aligned}$ | 851,804 | 1,111,786 | 322, 466 | 115,661 |
| Wisconsin . ............ | 66 6 | …... |  | 5,515,000 | 6,230, 861 | 3,626,468 | 229,236 |
| Nebraska Territory...... | 6 | ...... | Jan. 1,1858 | 15,000 | 15,679 | ........... | 3,850 |
| Total.............. | 1,284 | 138 | ................ | 394,622, 799 | 583, 165, 242 | 60,305,269 | 28,755, 8 ? 4 |

In the above table the aggregate for the banks in the State of New York is taken from the report of the bank superintendent of the condition of the banks as it was on the 26 th of December, 1857 ; and the statement of their condition printed in this report is the one for September 26,1857 , which was preferred for the reason that it is more copious and satisfactory.
according to returns dated nearest to January 1, 1858.

|  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text {. } \\ & \text { 를 } \\ & \text { 를 } \\ & \text { 己 } \end{aligned}$ |  | Due to other banks. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ........... | \$876 | \$245, 121 |  | \$615, 441 | \$2,964,327 | 743,939 | \$139,304 | -6,069 |
|  | $8.29,169$ | 158, 182 |  | 275, 933 | 2,289,939 | 875, 789 |  | .... ...... |
| 817,185 | 926, 326 | 122,923 | \$36, 351 | 188,588 | 4,275,517 | 746, 557 | 1,639 | . .......... |
|  | 5,522,088 | 4,385, 650 |  | 3,611,097 | 18, 104, 827 | 17,631,190 | 4, 106,694 | 1, 343,948 |
| 50,760 | 1,410,675 | 860, 718 |  | 570,850 | 3,192,661 | 2,510, 108 | 1,661,204 | 381, 402 |
| 614,763 | 2,651, 143 | 443, 900 | 270,722 | ?,129, 708 | 10,590,421 | 4,688,843 | 1,020,711 | 1,503, 135 |
| 467,855 | 11,726,973 | 1,857,658 | 14, 130,673 | 29,313, 421 | 23,899,964 | 83, 043, 353 | 21,268,562 | 2, 829,656 |
| 288, 802 | 1,609,817 | 494, 197 |  | 1,308, 851 | 3,395, 936 | 3,696,605 | 507,077 | 80,763 |
| 244, 120 | 3,773, 227 | 4,814,978 | 75,829 | 4,580,528 | 11,610,458 | 18,924, 113 | 5,847,970 | 80,706 |
| 234 | 507,255 | 58, 639 | 108, 516 | 203, 228 | 1,240,370 | 609, 179 | -72,297 | ...... |
| 14,741 | 3,226, 112 | 1,473, 413 | 3, 164 | 2,614,728 | 4,041,021 | 7,541, 186 | 4,194, 677 | 549,933 |
| 381,987 | 2,085,424 | 1,674,713 | 6,287 | 2,710,777 | 10, 347, 874 | 6,971,325 | 899,796 | 87, 210 |
| 14,275 | 709,830 | 383,018 | ........... | 1,035, 869 | 5,699, 427 | 1,037,457 | 82,347 | 66 |
| 1,005,448 | 1,331, 109 | 889,722 |  | 1,104, 128 | 6, 185, 825 | 2,955,854 | 3, 074, 740 | 1,700,612 |
| 549,639 | 1,194,465 | 454, 156 | 259, 576 | $1,417,545$ | 5,518,425 | 2,215,853 | 533, 819 | 882,662 |
| 24,506 | 1,162,972 | 151,726 |  | 1,302,312 | 2,581,791 | 1,408,837 | 571,556 |  |
| $1,147,287$ 3,209 | 3,951, 205 |  |  | 10,370,701 | 4,336,624 | $11,638,120$ 49,781 | $1,340,619$ 31,792 |  |
| 31,209 114,323 | 219,086 3,327 | 975 998,917 | 47,254 | 2,670,751 | 169,400 $6,036,982$ | 49,781 $4,545,104$ | 31,792 $1,617,610$ | 2, 768,141 |
| 2,611 | 4,431,131 | 725, 460 | 139 | 4,027,825 | 8,884,225 | 3,232, 132 | 3, 195, 352 | 1,915 |
| 116,084 | 96,626 | 324,705 |  | 1,424,004 | 1,718,750 | 1,482, 442 | 242,117 |  |
| 4,757 | 2,813,578 | 265, 034 | 6,433 | 333, 239 | 5,238,930 | -658,521 | 19,662 | 131,764 |
| 10,891 | 920,441 | 395,536 | 236,661 | 1,261, 720 | 3,363,9i6 | 1,417,966 | 380,569 | 60,954 |
| 910.436 | 2, 139,364 | 768,243 | 121,354 | 1,734,995 | 6,203,286 | 3,915, 781 | 280,786 | 282,071 |
| 15,727 | 77,034 | 31,411 | 10,043 | 23,776 | 364,676 | 310,479 | 78,975 | 124,198 |
| 45,266 | 498, 794 | 467, 411 | 67, 439 | 576,543 | 2,913, 071 | 2,077,862 | ............ | 1,278,872 |
| ........... | 35, 601 | 1,000 |  | 5,683 | 41,641 | 3,673 | ............ | 2,576 |
| 6,075,906 | 58,052, 802 | 22,447,436 | 15,380, 441 | 74, 412,832 | 155, 208, 344 | 185,932, 049 | $51,169,875$ | 14, 166, 137 |

There are ubout 51 banks in the United $\$$ ates from which no returns for the last year have been received, and consequently they are not included in the alove table. Of these. there are in the State of New York, 20 ; in Pennsvivania, 1; in Delaware, 1; in Virginia, 3; in Georgia, 3; in Texas, 1; in Tennessee, 5; in Missouri, 1 ; in Wisconsin, 8 ; in lllinois, 1; in Ohie, 6 ; in Mississippi, 1.

Comparative view of the condition of the banks of the United States, according to returns nearest to Junuary 1, in 1834, 1835, 1836, 1837, 1838, 1839, 1840, 1841, 1842, 1843, 1844, 1845, 1846, 1847, 1848, 1849, 1850, 1851, 1854, 1855, 1856, 1857, 1858.


No. 41.-Comparative view of the condition of the banks of the United States-Continued.

|  | 1842. | 1843. | 1844. | 1845. | 1846. | 1847. | 1848. | 1849. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number of banks.......................... . Number of | 563 129 | 577 114 | 578 118 | 580 127 | 587 120 | 591 124 | 622 129 | 654 128 |
| Number of banks and branches . | 692 | 691 | 696 | 707 | 707 | 715 | 751 | 782 |
| Oapital paid in $\qquad$ <br> resodrces. | \$260,171,797 | \$228, 861,918 | \$210,872,056 | \$206, 045,869 | \$196,894,309 | \$203, 070,622 | \$204, 838, 175 | \$207, 3i:8,361 |
| Loans and discounts. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | $323,957,569$ $24,585,540$ | 254, 544,937 | $264,905,814$ $29,858,570$ | $288,617,131$ $20,356,070$ | 312, 114, 404 | 310,282, 945 | 344, 476,582 | 332,323,195 |
| Real estate . .... | 33,341,988 | 22, 826, 807 | 22,520,863 | 22,177,270 | 19,099,000 | 21,219,865 | 20,530,955 | 17,491,809 |
| Other investments. | 8,186,317 | 13,349,599 | 12,153,693 | 10,072, 466 | 7,913,591 | 12,206, 112 | 8,229,682 | 7,965, 463 |
| Due by other bauks . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 30, 752,496 | 20,666, 264 | 35, 860,930 | 29,619,272 | 31,689,946 | 31,788,641 | 38,904,525 | 32, 228, 407 |
| Notes of other banks. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 19,432, 744 | 13,306, 617 | 11,672,473 | 12,040,760 | 12,914,423 | 113,112,467 | 16,427,716 | 12,708,016 |
| Specie funds ....... . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | * 3 , 115,327 | 6,578,375 | 6,729,980 | 6,786,026 | 8,366,478 | 13,769, 780 | 10,489,822 | 8,680,483 |
| Specie........ ....... ........................... | 28,440,423 | $33,515,806$ | 49,898,269 | 44,241,242 | 42,012,095 | 35,132,516 | $46,369,765$ | 43,610,368 |
| Circulation | 83, 734,011 | 58,56 3,608 | 75, 167,646 | 89,608,711 | 105,552,427 | 105,519, 766 | 128,506,091 | 114,743, 415 |
| Deposits.... | 62,408,870 | 56,168,628 | 84, 550,785 | 88,020,646 | 96,913,070 | 91, 792, 533 | 103, 226, 177 | 91, 178,623 |
| Due to other banks | 25, 8633,827 | 21,456,523 | 31,998, 024 | 2, 337,440 | 28,218,568 | 28,539,888 | 30,414,371 | 30,095,366 |
| Other liabilities . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 12,775, 106 | 7,357, 043 | 5,842, 010 | 5,833,902 | 5,331,572 | 4,706,077 | 5,501,401 | 6,706,357 |
| Aggregate of immediate liabilities, i. e., of circulation, deposits, and dues to other banks. . | 172,006,708 | 136,188, 754 | 191,716,455 | 203,966,797 | 230,684, 065 | $225,852,187$ | 271,146,639 | 236,017, 404 |
| Aggregate of immediate means, $i$, e., of specie, specie funds, notes of other banks, and sums due from other banks. | 81, 704,090 | 74,067,062 | 104,181,652 | 92,687,300 | 95,002,942 | ย3, 823,404 | 112, 191,828 | 97,236,274 |
| Gold and silver in United States treasury depositories. | 81,701,050 | 7,007,002 | 104,101,65 | 92,687,300 | 05,002,912 |  | 8, 101,353 |  |
| Total specie in banks and treasury depositories. . |  |  |  |  |  |  | 54,447, 118 | ................ |


mote-The bank reports for the years 1852 and 1853 are omitted in the above table on aceount of their incompletepesg.

## No. 42.

Statement in relation to the deposit accounts, receipts and payments, and outstanding drafts, condensed from the Treasurer's weekly exhibits rendered during the year ending June 30, 1858.

| Period. | Amount of deposits. | Outstanding drafts. | Subject to draft. | Amount of receipts. | Amount of drafts paid. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 185 |  |  |  |  |  |
| July 13 | \$21, 390, 82883 | \$2, 172, 27414 | \$19, 218,554 69 | \$3, 761, 55311 | \$2, 228, 58274 |
| 20 | 21,668, 13556 | 2, 867, 95800 | 18,800, 17756 | 2, 184,725 04 | 1, 907, 41.931 |
| 30 | 21, 139, 32862 | 2, 449, 43224 | 18,689, 89638 | 2, 059, 80501 | 2,588,611 95 |
| Aug. 3 | 21,611, 09390 | 2, 067,595 14 | 19, 543, 49876 | 2, 053, 47460 | 1,581,709 32 |
| 10 | 22,616, 45287 | 2, 594,954 47 | 20, 021, 49840 | 1, 745,532 35 | 740, 17338 |
| 17 | 22,734, 85746 | 2, 727, 49795 | 20, 007, 35951 | 1, 542, 18412 | 1, 423, 77953 |
| 24 | 22,609,525 20 | 3, 022, 30170 | 19,587, 22350 | 1, 225, 07757 | 1,350,409 83 |
| 31 | 22, 326, 24300 | 2, 343, 12155 | 19,983, 12145 | 1,710,564 60 | 2, 023, 84680 |
| Sept. 7 | 21, 810, 07486 | 2, 498, 86606 | 19,311, 20880 | 1, 041,763 64 | 1,557, 93188 |
| 14 | 20,650,587 70 | 3, 237, 24964 | 17,413, 33806 | 982,676 41 | 2,142, 16357 |
| 2 | 19, 802, 05019 | 2,720,585 35 | 17, 181, 46484 | 948,629 01 | 1,797, 16652 |
| 28 | 18,895, 79425 | 2,883, 75892 | 16, 012,035 33 | 660, 25714 | 1,666,513 08 |
| 30 | 17,556, 15182 | 2,700, 05826 | 14, 856, 09356 | 439,809 11 | 1,779,451 54 |
| Oct. 12 | 14, 674,587 21 | 2, 416, 05220 | 12,258, 53501 | 795,943 09 | 3, 677, 50770 |
| 19 | 13, อั23, 94550 | -2,891, 38961 | 10,632,555 89 | 443, 38034 | 1,594, 02205 |
| 26 | 12, 719, 46142 | 2,917, 23425 | 9,802, 22717 | 441, 19278 | 1,245,676 86 |
| Nov. 2 | 12,082, 86714 | 3, 024,685 82 | 9,058, 18132 | 822,662 84 | 1, 459, 25712 |
| 9 | 11, 868,40445 | 3, 109, 88133 | 8,758,523 12 | 579,700 12 | 794, 16281 |
| 16 | 11, 185, 45865 | 3,274, 24602 | 7,911, 21263 | 577, 11970 | 1,260, 06550 |
| 23 | 10,352,200 12 | 3, 023, 74906 | 7,328,451 06 | 652, 64293 | 1,485,901 46 |
| 30 | 9, 149, 10721 | 2,572,709 98 | 6, 576, 39723 | $660,0 \times 081$ | 1,863, 17372 |
| Dec. 7 | 8, 697, 83962 | 2,728,812 63 | 5,969, 02699 | 562, 47381 | 1, 013,741 40 |
| 12 | 8,271,801 83 | 2,059,497 02 | 6,212,304 81 | 676,903 67 | 1,102,941 46 |
| 19 | 8,271,455 83 | 2,553, 80398 | 5,717,651 85 | 472, 69865 | 473, 04465 |
| 28 | 7,648, 35240 | 1,996, 67537 | 5,651,677 03 | 463, 04131 | 1, 086, 14474 |
|  | 7,108,592 94 | 2,093, 88719 | 5, 014,705 75 | 326, 56588 | 866, 32434 |
| Jan. 16 | 6, 971,991 33 | 2,272,002 13 | 4, 699, 98920 | 1,666,971 93 | 1, 803,573 54 |
| 23 | 6,736,370 81 | 2, 146, 01828 | 4,650,352 53 | 935, 14061 | 1, 102,761 13 |
| 30 | 6, 770, 03511 | 2,619,542 53 | 4,150,492 58 | 1, 025, 74872 | 1, 052, 08442 |
| Feb. 6 | 6, 332,767 39 | 2, 350,302 47 | 3,982,464 92 | 663,746 96 | 1, 101, 01468 |
| 13 | 6, 306, 37693 | 2, 078, 02459 | 4,228, 35234 | 649, 58530 | 675,975 76 |
| 20 | 6, 116, 8:34 48 | 2, 101, 38962 | 4, 015, 44446 | 464, 35129 | 655, 89412 |
| 27 | 6,044,921 77 | 2,075, 86475 | 3,969, 05702 | 655,264 87 | 727, 17718 |
| Mar. 6 | 5,603,385 96 | 1,719,762 80 | 3, 883, 62316 | 535, 45654 | 976, 99235 |
| 13 | 5, 477, 14077 | 1,814,469 29 | 3,662,671 48 | 455, 48586 | 581,731 05 |
| 20 | 8,530, 66162 | 1,649, 56000 | 6, 881, 10162 | 4,866, 05315 | 1, 812, 53230 |
| 27 | 8, 348, 49544 | 1, 778,466 36 | 6,570,029 08 | 947,552 29 | 1,131,718 47 |
| 31 | 7, 740, 45887 | 1,590,630 65 | 6, 149, 82822 | 555, 84302 | 1, 163, 87959 |
| Apl. 10 | $7,145,9102^{2}$ | 1,335, 44652 | $5,710,46376$ | 849,874 36 | 1,544, 42295 |
| 17 | 7, 035,783 02 | 1,512,276 47 | 5,523,506 55 | 597, 80401 | 617,93127 |
| 24 | 6, 624,348 54 | 1,748, 927 38 | 4,875, 42116 | 531, 49599 | 942, 93047 |
| May 3 | 5, 574, 63076 | 1, 225, 36615 | 4, 349, 26461 | 490, 11380 | 1, 539,831 58 |
| 10 | 5, 164,762 16 | 1,742,311 43 | 3, 422,450 73 | 445,975 42 | 855, 84402 |
| 17 | 8, 717, 56014 | 1,732.050 07 | 6, 985, 51007 | 5, 543, 90810 | 1, 991, 11012 |
| 22 | 8, 707, 34529 | 3, 643, 82055 | 5,063,524 74 | 1,709,519 92 | 1,719,734 77 |
| 31 | 8,386,935 58 | 2,464, 04696 | 5,922,888 62 | 2,713,510 41 | 3, 1333,92012 |
| June 7 | 7, 284, 718 90 | 2,791, 42259 | 4, 493, 29631 | 498,70438 543,04532 | $1,600,92106$ 757,71081 |
| 14 | 7, 070, 053 41 | 2,712,524 68 | 4, 357, 528873 | $543,04532$ | $\begin{array}{r} 757,71081 \\ 1,450,74907 \end{array}$ |
| 21 30 | $10,496,85557$ $8,751,23014$ | $2,328,41131$ $2,268,84467$ | $8,118,44426$ $6,482,42547$ | $4,827,55123$ $1,081,16875$ | $1,450,74907$ $2,776,79418$ |
| 30 | 8,751,230 14 | $2,268,8144$ | 6, 482, 42547 | 1, 081, 16875 | 2,776,794 18 |

No. 43.-Summary statement of the value of the exports of the growth, produce, and manufacture of the United States, during the year commencing on the 1st day of July, 1857, and ending on the 30th of June, 1858.

| Fisheries - Product of the sea. |  |  | \$3,550, 295 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Oil, spermaceti |  | \$1,097,505 |  |
| Oil, whale, and other fish |  | 597, 107 |  |
| Whalebone.-.........---. -- |  | 1,105, 223 |  |
| Spermaceti and sperm candles. |  | 66,012 |  |
| Fish, dried, or smoked. |  | 487,007 |  |
| Fish, pickled |  | 197,441 |  |
| Wood- Product of the forest. |  |  |  |
| Staves and heading | \$1,975,852 |  | 13,475,671 |
| Shingles | 595,451 |  |  |
| Boards, plank, and scantling | 3,428,530 |  |  |
| Hewn timber ... | 292, 163 |  |  |
| Other timber | 1,240,425 |  |  |
| Oak bark and other dye | 392,825 |  |  |
| All manufactures of wood | 2,234, 678 |  |  |
| Naval stores- |  |  |  |
| Tar and pitch. | 100,679 |  |  |
| Rosin and turpentine | 1,464, 210 |  |  |
| Ashes, pot, and pearl | 554, 744 |  |  |
| Ginseng .-.-. | 193,736 |  |  |
| Skins and furs .... | 1,002,378 |  |  |
| Of animals- Product of agriculiture. |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| Beef. |  | 2,081,856 |  |
| Tallow |  | 824,970 |  |
| Bides. |  | 875,753 |  |
| Horned cattle. |  | 1,238, 769 |  |
| Butter. |  | 541,863 |  |
| Cheese |  | 731,910 |  |
| Pork, pickled. |  | 2,852,942 |  |






Treasury Defartment, Register's Ofice, November 12, 1858.
F. BIGGER, Regider.

## No. 44.

New York, November, 20, 1858.
Sir: The undersigned, constituted a board of commissioners by the Treasury Department for the purpose of experimenting upon life and surf boats, respectfully report:

That, in pursuance of our instructions from the department under date of October 9, 1858, we repaired to the vicinity of life-saving station No. 2, near Spermaceti cove, on the coast of New Jersey, and on the 20th day of October, 1858, proceeded to experiment upon and test the various boats then and there presented for trial, as well as the Francis life boat attached to that station; and that afterwards we repaired to Fire Island, on the coast of Long Island, and on the 17th day of November continued the experiments with the various boats then and there presented for trial ; there having been seven boats at the first trial, and nine at the second trial, including two which were exhibited on buth occasions.

Our instructions require us to recommend to the department "for its consideration the life-boat which may be deemed best adapted in all its conditions for the saving of human life from shipwreck on the coast of the United States."

From a careful comparison of the qualities of the boats submitted for trial, we " recommend, for the consideration of the department, as best adapted in all its conditions for the saving of human life from shipwreck, \&c.," the "Empire City boat," exhibited by Messrs. Buckman \& Camp, and designated in the list hereto attached as No. 9.

The boats Nos. 3 and 10 possess qualities similar to No. 9, with some modifications.

We are nextinstructed " to report to this (the) department that boat in your (our) opinion deemed most suitable for the life-saving stations on the coasts of New Jersey and New York."

After due consideration of the views and wishes of the surfmen, who are expected to volunteer their services to man these boats, and peril their lives in aid of the cause of humanity, together with the existing condition of the life-saving stations, the result of the trial of all the boats has been "to report to this (the) Department" "as most suitable for the life-saving stations on the coast of New Jersey and New York," the boat known as "Bunker's model surf-boat," and desig nated as No. $2 \frac{1}{2}$ in the list hereto attached.

It is desired that we should test the Francis life-boat attached to station No. 2, and "report in detail as to its qualities for the purpose for which it is designed."

This boat was submitted to the tests applied to the other boats at the trial on the 20th of October, under the direction of the commission, and the department is referred to the description under No. 7 for her qualities in detail

At the trial on the 17 th day of November, a new boat, very materially modified, was presented by the Francis Life-boat Company,
and exhibited under their direction by their agent, Captain J. N. Schellinger.

We are finally "requested to give in detail the relative merits of each boat, and your (our) views generally as to their fitness for the purposes contemplated by Congress in making the appropriation."

In conformity with this instruction, we submit the following statement of all the boats presented at both trials, being fourteen in number, as follows:

No. 1.-Bunker's model surf-boat is made of cedar, $\frac{3}{4}$ inch thick; clinker built; copper fastened and rivetted ; sharp at each end ; working either way. Rows four oars; has no air chambers, and weighs about 800 pounds. Is $26_{-\frac{\beta}{12}}$ feet over all, 22 feet keel, 7 feet beam, 26 inches deep amidships, 22 inches shear on top, and 9 inches shear on keel.
Possessing no air chambers, this boat when filled, depends wholly upon the specific gravity of the material for buoyancy. Her lines and model are good, her action lively, and her lightness renders her capable of being brought speedily into service.

No. 2.-Bunker's model surf-boat is made of cedar, $\frac{3}{4}$ inch thick; clinker built; copper fastened and rivetted, with a square stern; rows four oars; has no air chambers, and weighs about 700 pounds; is $22 \frac{6}{12}$ feet over all, 18 feet keel, 6 feet beam; 22 inches deep amidships; 19 inches shear on top, 7 inches shear on keel ; similar to No. 1, except in size and shape of stern.

The square stern is preferred by some of the surf-men, as it enables them to apply their power better in launching against wind or sea; and, in coming to the beach, the boat is lifted higher by the action of the water on the increased surface exposed to it.
No. $2 \frac{1}{2}$. - Bunker's model surf-boat is made of cedar, $\frac{3}{4}$ inch thick; clinker built; copper fastened and rivetted, with a square stern, 3 feet wide on top; rows four oars; has detached air chambers at stem and stern, and one on each side under the thwarts, extending fore and aft, 9 inches in diameter and 10 feet long; weighs about 700 pounds.

No. $2 \frac{1}{2}$ is $24 \frac{8}{12}$ feet over all; 20 feet keel, 6 feet beam; 28 inches deep amidships ; 20 inches shear on top, 9 inches shear on keel.

This boat possesses great buoyancy, lightness, and strength ; her model makes her peculiarly serviceable in the surf. In connexion with a boat of greater capacity, she is calculated to meet the existing wants of the life-saving stations. The small number of men required to man her will enable a communication to be established with a wreck at times when a sufficient force is not at hand to man a boat of greater weight and capacity.

No. 3.-Holmes' patent self-righting life-boat is made of cedar, $\frac{3}{4}$ inch thick ; clinker built; copper fastened and rivetted ; sharp at each end, working either way; rows five oars ; has chambers at each end filled with 800 pounds of cork; has a water tank in the bottom 10 feet long, about one foot square, holding about 300 pounds of water; she is 23 feet over all; $6{ }^{9} \frac{9}{2}$ feet beam ; 33 inches deep amidships ; 25 inches shear on top, and 9 inches shear on keel ; weighs about 1,700 pounds.

This is a valuable sea life-boat, possessing self-righting properties
derived from her shear and relative position of cork-filled chambers and water tank. The chief objections urged against her are her weight and quantity of surface exposed to the action of head wind. A puncture or fracture of the chambers would not seriously impair her buoyancy.
No. $3 \frac{1}{2}$. Holmes' patent self-righting life-boat is nearly the same in dimensions and model as No. 3, and differs only in being lighter and having her chambers filled with cork confined to the lower part, while the upper is an independent air chamber. The quantity of cork is reduced nearly one-half, and there is a corresponding degree of lightness. Her qualities in other respects are similar to No. 3.

No. 4. Larchar gutta percha life-boat. This boat is 16 feet over all, 15 feet keel, 5 feet beam, 24 inches deep amidships, 12 inches shear on top, straight keel, and weighs about 800 pounds. She was not exhibited as a model but merely to show the material, and is made by submitting a mass of prepared gutta percha to powerful hydraulic pressure between a male and female mould, corresponding in form to that of the desired boat, by which the body and ribs of the boat are made by one pressure. The keel thwarts and gunwale are of wood, and the detached air chambers are of zinc, cased in each end of the boat. Seamless and almost incapable of fracture, she would probably endure more hard usage than any other boat.

The introduction of gutta percha as a material for boats suggests the possibility of great improvement, and if no defect, not now observable, is developed by time, it will unquestionably be far superior for life-saving purposes to any material as yet in use.

No. 5. Wardell's surf boat. No. 6. Green's surf boat. These two boats were very similar and were made of cedar, clinker built, square stern, no air chambers, rowing six oars, and were 26 feet over all, 22 feet keel, 7 feet beam, 30 inches deep amidships, 20 inches shear on top, 8 inches shear on keel, and weighs about 950 pounds.

These were old boats, belonging on the beach, and behaved very handsomely, great skill being displayed by their practised crew.

No. 7. Francis' iron life-boat, (old.) This is the government boat belonging to station No. 2. She is built of corrugated iron, wood bottom, square stern, rows six oars, has air chambers at each end, cork fenders, and is $26_{\frac{1}{1} \frac{b}{2}}$ feet over all, 22 feet keel, $6_{1} \frac{6}{12}$ feet beam, 30 inches deep amidships, 23 inches shear on top, 9 iuches shear on keel, weighs about 1,500 pounds. Her great weight, the liability of her air cells to puncture or fracture, (sometimes by little force, in consequence of rust,) her loss of buoyancy in this condition, and liability to sink end first from under her crew, are the chief objections urged by the surf-men against her. When in perfect order she is capable of rendering great service.

No. 8. Stanton life-floats. These floats are of India rubber cloth, cylindrical in form, extending from stem to stern on each side of any boat to which they may be applied, just under the gunwale, and possess great buoyancy. They are inflated with a suitable bellows, and may be made in sections so that nothing short of their complete destruction would entirely deprive them of their buoyant nroperties.

They may be placed within the boat, and their application gives to any boat the qualities of a life-boat.

No. 9. The Empire City life-boat (self-righting and self-freeing) is made of cedar, $\frac{3}{4}$ inch thick, clinker built, copper fastened and rivetted, and has air chambers (lined with sheet rubber or gutta percha) at each end as well as under the deck, (in compartments,) extending over the whole bottom of the boat. Beneath this is a water tank, which serves as ballast, and is filled by a valve which may be opened and closed at pleasure, by a rod communicating through the deck; rows six oars, and weighs about 900 pounds; is 28 feet over all, $22 \frac{8}{13}$ feet keel, $6_{\frac{3}{12}}$ feet beam, 30 inches deep amidships, 22 inches shear on top, 6 inches shear on keel, 3 feet rake of stem, $2_{1-\frac{1}{2}}^{\frac{6}{2}}$ feet rake of stern. This boat possesses great buoyancy, strength, and capacity; rows easily, and from the number and extent of her air cells must be completely shattered before she would lose the quality of a life-boat.

## Bucloman \& Camp's "Empire City life-boat."

Fig. 1 is a longitudinal section taken through the centre of keel.
Fig. 2 is a plan view:
Fig. 3 is a tranverse section taken amidships.
Fig. 4 is a plan view of the keel and flattened bottom.
A is the hull.
$B$ is an air chamber at the stem.
$B^{\prime}$ is a similar one at the stern.
C is a tank in the bottom.
D is a deck.
E is a valve to admit water.
F is an air chamber.
$G$ is the floor or upper deck.
I I' I' are delivery valves, (self-acting.)
No. 10. Morell's self-righting and self-freeing life-boat is made of cedar, clinker built; has air chambers at each end, highly arched. She is decked over, and has the spaces beneath filled with eight gutta percha air cells; has relieving valves at each side; is 26 feet over all, 22 feet keel, $6 \frac{4}{1 \frac{4}{2} 2}$ feet beam, 34 inches deep amidships. (This boat was not built for the trial, but was an old boat fitted up to exhibit the plan.) She was heavy and very strong. The extent and number of her air cells made her buoyant, and the form of her end air cells caused her to self-right more speedily than any other.

No. 11. Francis' iron life-boat (new) is made of corrugated iron, with air chambers at each end; ends alike, working either way. Rows four oars; is 23 feet ever all, $6 \frac{10}{12}$ feet beam, 30 inches deep amidships, and weighs about 750 pounds, without fenders. This boat was made expressly for the trial, and was of very thin metal, in order to secure lightness. One of her air chambers was accidentally punctured in transporting her to Fire island. Her model was good.

No. 12. "Camps' Propeller Life-Boat." This boat, called the "Rescue," is built of wood in the ordinary manner. She is 30 feet .over all, 8 feet beam; $4_{1} \frac{6}{2}$ feet deep; and draws 3 feet. She is decked
over, and has two hatches, dead lights, and ventilators, which may be closed in heavy weather. At stem and stern are two air cells, and near each bilge inside are two tanks, which maty hold fresh water, to be used as air chambers. The interior of the hull is divided into two compartments, so that water accidentally shipped in one may not reach the other. There are seats for about 40 persons, one half of whom may be employed in working a couple of breaks, which by a simple gearing operate a small propeller at the stern. In this manner a speed of from 5 to 6 miles per hour may be attained. This boat is also provided with oars and sails. Around the outside, just under the gunwale, is a cork fender, possessing bouyant properties. All the machinery lies near the bottom, and when the tanks are filled, she may be called self-righting, as she would undoubtedly resume ner natural position if cast into the sea bottom up This boat possesses great strength, and in a disaster to a vessel at sea, rendering an abandonment necessary, would be of great value.

We have thus given a general description of all the boats presented before us, and take this occasion to say that in our conclusions we have been governed by the boats in the actual condition in which they were brought before us. New combinations of valuable properties were suggested by the results of the first trial, and it is believed that others may still be made, embodying a greater degree of perfection than has as yet been attained.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

> WILLIAM S. SMITH, JOHN WHITCOMB, J. H. UPTON.

## Treasury Department, Ofice Light-house Board, March 13, 1858.

SIr : I have the honor, by direction of this board, and in compliance with the directions of the department, respectfully to submit the following report and accompanying papers, in answer to the resolution of the Senate of the United States, calling upon the Secretary of the Treasury to communicate to the Senate the annual expense of erecting light-houses and supporting the light-house system, since the creation of the Light-house Board; and also the expense of the same number of years preceding the organization of the said board.

The period embraced in the clause of the resolution, calling for the expense of erecting light-houses and supporting the light-house system, prior to the organization of the Light-house Boand, is $5 \frac{1}{4}$ years, viz: from the commencement of the fiscal year on July 1st, 1847, to the 30th September, 1852, inclusive; and the same period of time since the organization of the Light-house Board is from October 1, 1852, to December 31, 1857, inclusive.

The table hereto appended, marked A, exhibits the number of light-houses and lighted beacons; number of light vessels and lights on board of them; expenditures under the several heads for each year and fraction of a year ; the mean average rates of cost per annum
of the lights, and the mean annual expenditures on account of the buoy service, and the amount of commissions paid to collectors of customs acting as superintendents of lights, for the $5 \frac{1}{4}$ years immediately preceding the organization of the Light-house Board.
Table B is an exhibition similar to table A, for the period of $5 \frac{1}{4}$ years, under the management of the Light-house Board.
Table C exhibits the annual and aggregate special appropriations for new aids to navigation on the Atlantic, Gulf and lake coasts, and restoring old ones, for the period embraced in the resolutions of the Senate, immediately preceding the organization of the Light house Board.

Table $D$ is the same as table $C$, excepting that it embraces also the Pacific coast, and is for the period embraced in the resolution of the Senate, since the organization of the Light-house Board.

Table E exhibits the amounts and balances of special appropriations on account of new aids and renovating old ones, authorized by Congress, available for those purposes on the 1st January, 1858, and the amounts which have reverted to the surplus fund.

Table F exhibits the expenditures for the support and maintenance of light-houses and buoys on the Pacific coast of the United States, to the 31st December, 1857, under the direction of the Light-house Board.

Table $G$ exhibits the amount of balances in the treasury and available on account of the appropriations for the support and maintenance of the light-house establishment, at the close of the fiscal year ending June 30, 1857, and a similar list of balances to the 31st of December, 1857.

Table H exhibits a recapitulation of tables A and B , showing means of expenditures per annum and per light, for the two periods of time preceding and succeeding the organization of the Light-house Board.

To which is appended "List of light-houses, beacons, and floating lights of the United States, in operation on the 1st July, 1851, \&c., carefully revised and corrected, by order of Stephen Pleasanton, Fifth Auditor and general superintendent of lights," (marked I,) and "List of light-houses, lighted beacons, and floating lightsof the United States. Prepared by order of the Light-house Board; corrected to January 1, 1858," (marked J.)

From the tabulated statements embraced in these tables, it will be seen-

1. That the mean annual average cost of each light-house and lighted beacon, for the $5 \frac{1}{4}$ years immediately preceding the organization of the Light-house Board, the mean average cost of oil being, for the same period, $\$ 1,13_{1} \frac{3}{\partial \sigma}$ per gallon, was $\$ 1,302$.
2. That the mean average annual cost of each light-house and lighted beacon, for the $5 \frac{1}{4}$ years, under the management of the Lighthouse Board, the mean annual cost of oil for that period being $\$ 162 \frac{1}{70}$ per gallon, was $\$ 1,286$.
3. That the annual average cost per light-house and lighted beacon, under the administration of the Light-house Board, has been $\$ 16$ less
than under the previous management for the same period of time; the difference in the average cost of the oil for illumination at the same time being $\$ 049_{\frac{8}{10} 0}$ per gallon greater, since the organization of the Light-house Board, than for the same period immediately preceding the organization of the board.

The 325 light-houses and lighted beacons, existing at the date of the organization of the Light-house Board, could not have been classed (according to established denominations, taking their power and range into consideration, in comparison with lights elsewhere) higher than-

1. First class, or primary seacoast light.
2. Second class, or secondary seacoast light.
3. Third class, or bay, sound, lake coast, \&c., light.
4. Fourth class, or bay, sound, river and harbor light.
5. Fifth and sixth class, or river, harbor and pier head light.

## 325

Of that number (325) there were-
One 1st order catadioptric or Fresnel apparatus.

| Two 2d | " | " | $"$ | $"$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| One 3d | " | $"$ | $"$ | $"$ |
| One 4th | " | " | " | " |

The others (320) were fitted with inferior reflectors and lamps, cousuming, according to the estimates submitted to Congress for the fiscal year ending June 30 , 1852, (page $65-\mathrm{A}$,) 106,365 gallons of oil per annum, as per statement, viz: Estimates for oil, \&cc., for fiscal year ending 30th June, 1852.-(Estimates, page 65-A.)
> "For 331 light-houses, 3,093 lamps, 35 gallons each, 108,255 galls." From which deduct for 6 reflector lights, difference between 331 and 325 , at an average of 9 lamps each, 54 lamps, at 35 gallons each.............................. 1,890

> Making total quantity for 325 lights 106,365
> "

as found by the Light-house Board, according to the estimates submitted to the department and to Congress.

Of the 320 reflector lights existing at the time of the organization of the Light-house Board but six remain to be fitted, or the apparatus provided for them, on the catadioptric system, which apparatus do not deteriorate from use nor require to be renewed, producing, accorčing to the experience of all countries into which they have been introduced, at least four times as much light for the benefit of the navigator as the best system of reflector lights which has been devised, and, at the same time, at a consumption of not more than one-fourth of the quantity of oil required for the best system of reflector lights.

In illustration of the comparative merits and advantages of the two systems of light-house illumination, (reflectors in use prior to the organization of the Light-house Board and the catadioptric or lenssystem nearly completed under the management of the Light-house Board,) the following remark from a recent publication of British-
parliamentary papers "On the comparative merits of the catoptric and dioptric lights for light-houses," may be cited:
"The illuminating power of the most perfect kind of lenticular apparatus of the first order and the most perfect kind of parabolic reflectors are in the ratio of at least eight to one."

In further illustration of this subject, the estimate for oil for 331 lights, submitted to Congress for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1852, was 108,255 gallons, (annual estimates, page $65, \mathbf{A}$,) and the estimates for the fiscal year ending June 30,1853 , for oil for 349 lights, was 114,520 gallons, (annual estimates, page $67, \mathrm{~A}$ ) (which was at least one-seventh less than the actual quantity reguired for keeping efficient lights, with lamps and reflectors, as may be seen by referring to the excess of expenditures over appropriations, (table A, for the five and a quarter years anterior to the organization of the Lighthouse Board,') and from the fact that large quantities of oil were purchased and delivered to the different keepers by the superintendents, compared with the estimate for oil, (estimates for 1858-'59, page 96, A, " for 556 light-houses and lighted beacons, 48,150" gallons, under the management of the Light-house Board.

During the last four and a quarter years the sum of $\$ 155,47907$ has been expended by the Light-house Board from the appropriations for renovations, repairs, \&c., of light-houses, for the purchase of the catadioptric apparatus referred to, for the lights existing at the time the board took charge, which was rendered indispensable in executing the law of Congress, of March 3, 1851, and to render the lights efficient, reliable, and economical. A deduction of this sum from the gross expenses for support and maintenance would reduce the average annual cost per light-house and lighted beacon, under the management of the Light-house Board, from $\$ 1,286$ to $\$ 1,195$, or a differeace in favor of the Light-house Board's management over that of the five and a quarter years previous to its organization of $\$ 107$ per annum per light, and this, too, during a period of time when the most important item of light-house consumption cost one-third more than during the previous period of time with which the comparison is made.

The cost of other supplies, materials, and labor of all kinds, reached, during the last five and a quarter years, an equally great advance over the previous period, but which has not been taken into the account.

Another element of legitimate deduction in the expense of maintenance of the light-houses, under the Light-house Board, but which has not been taken into account is the excess of expenditures of the first quarter of the fiscal year 1852-'53, immediately preceding the organization of the Light-house Board, in proportion to the gross sum appropriated for the entire year, (table A, column one-quarter year, 1852 ,) is the deficiency of supplies for the then current year, rendering the purchase of 21,000 gallons of oil, at a cost of $\$ 26,000$, and other supplies for the lights indispensable; comparing this deficiency with the supplies on hand available for the service during the next fiscal year, 1858-'59, under the Light-house Board, we find that there were in store, and available for the service of the next fiscal year, at the close of the deliveries for the current year, 35,000 gallons of oil, and other neces-
sary supplies in like proportion, which, if deducted from the gross amount of money actually expended, would greatly reduce the average annual cost.

Daring the existence of the Light-house Board fog bells and other fog signals have been authorized by Congress, including those previously authorized but not erected, amounting to $\$ 58,900$; the placing of each of these bells or fog signals involved an expense of an additional light keeper to work it, or an increase of the salary of the keeper of the light-house at which placed, for the additional responsibility and labor incurred.

Lest it might be inferred that the condition of the towers and buildings, and the reliability and powers of the different lights at the time of the organization of the Light-house Board and at the present time were the same, it is deemed proper to recur to the number and classes, or order, of lights then and now.

|  | 1st order. | 2d order. | 3d order. | 4th order. | 5th and 6th <br> order. | Total. |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Prior to Light-house <br> Board............. | 1 | 2 | 16 | 87 | 219 | 325 |
| Under Light-house <br> Board, Dec. 31, <br> 1857............ | 26 | 21 | 40 | 173 | 199 | $459^{\circ}$ |

4. In table A, under the head of light vessels, the mean annual average cost per light for the $5 \frac{1}{4}$ years prior to the organization of the Light-house Board is shown to have been \$2,749.

In table B, under the head of light vessels, the mean average annual cost per light, for the $5 \frac{1}{4}$ years under the management of the Lighthouse Board, is shown to be $\$ 2,796$. The mean average cost of oil purchased in the first named period (table A) being $\$ 113_{\frac{3}{1} \frac{3}{00}}$ per gallon, and in the latter, (table B,) under the Light-house Board, being $\$ 162 \frac{11}{100}$ per gallon, making an excess of expenditure per light vessel light per annum, under the management of the Light-house Board, of $\$ 47$.

The aggregate amount of expenditures for support and maintenance of the light vessels, from which the average annual cost per light is found, includes the building of four new light vessels, to take places of old ones, and of 25 lanterns and reflector apparatus of the most approved description, for the light vessels stationed at prominent points requiring the best lights that can be produced from light vessels, to render the navigation of the localities safe and easy, and which expenditures were in addition to the ordinary repairs, refitments, \&c., which amount in the aggregate to not less than $\$ 100,000$.

Of the 34 light vessels, containing 44 lights, existing at the time
the Light-house Board took charge, there was but one of the 1st class, in tonnage or power of light, occupying a primary or exposed position; six of the 2 d class, and the remainder, (27,) occupying unexposed positions, of small tonnage, and requiring small crews to take charge of them.

Of the 52 light vessels, containing 72 lights, existing on December 31, 1857, under the management of the Light-house Board, there were 11 of the 1st class, of 240 to 275 tons each, occupying exposed sea positions, requiring expensive outfits of anchors, cables, \&c., and crews of about three times the number required by light vessels occupying unexposed positions in bays, sounds, \&c.; 12 of the 2 d class, and the remainder occupying unexposed positions in bays, sounds, and rivers.

Within the last five years the wages of seamen in the navy has been increased from $\$ 12$ to $\$ 18$ per month, while the rates in the mercantile marine, to which the light vessel service had mainly to look for crews, ranged at still higher figures. Rations which cost in 1852, and prior to that time, for the crews of light vessels, from 19 to 20 cents per man per day, have averaged, during the last five years, from 25 to 35 cents per day per man. Labor and materials of all kinds for repairing light vessels, and supplies other than oil, have advanced in proportion to the price paid for that article.
5. The mean annual average cost of the buoy and beacon service, (table A,) for the $5 \frac{1}{4}$ years immediately anterior to the organization of the Light-house Board, was $\$ 75,66460$, and for a similar period of time, under the Light-house Board, it was $\$ 82,267$ 13. (Table B.)

The greater economy in this branch of the light-house establishment service, under the management of the Light-house Board, will be seen by referring to the fact that, prior to the organization of the board, the 6th section of the act making appropriations for light-houses, \&c., approved September 28, 1850, which directs that all the buoys "shall be colored and numbered" as therein prescribed, was entirely neglected and disregarded ; and that in the general appropriation bill for the support and maintenance of lights, \&c., approved August 31, 1852, the first appropriation of $\$ 12,000$ was made to carry out that act according to its terms.

The condition of the beacon and buoy service at the time of the organization of the Light-house Board as compared with its present state, the large increase in the number and improvements in the character of those aids to navigation, authorized by Congress to be placed since the organization of the Light-house Board, (table D, column special appropriations for buoys and beacons, amounting to $\$ 448,38660$ during the last $5 \frac{1}{4}$ years, and disregarding the large amount of property on hand available for this branch of the lighthouse service, and which is indispensably necessary for its economical and efficient management, the comparison will be found to be very favorable to the last $5 \frac{1}{4}$ years.
6. In the column of table $\mathbf{A}$, for the mean annual average amount paid to collectors of customs acting as superintendents of lights for the $5 \frac{1}{4}$ years anterior to the organization of the light-house board, will be
found $\$ 9,88211$, and the aggregate amount for the same period, under the same management, (i. e., prior to the Light-house Board,) $\$ 52,35861$.

In table $B$, under the same heading, the mean annual amount paid was $\$ 5,52952$, and the aggregate amount paid under the management of the Light-house Board was $\$ 28,84766$ making an annual saving, under the Light-house Board, of $\$ 4,35259$, and an aggregate saving for the $5 \frac{1}{4}$ years of $\$ 23,51095$.
7. Table F exhibits the expenditures under the different heads of appropriation for that light-house service on the Pacific coast. The appropriations for that coast have been made upon estimates distinct from those for the Atlantic, Gulf, and lake coasts, and as there were no aids on that part of the coast of the United States existing at the time of the organization of the Light-house Board, there were no prior expenses to be compared with them. The great distance from the Atlantic to that coast, and the difficulties and expenses attending the distribution of supplies to the lights there, render it necessary to keep a larger proportional supply of oil, \&c., in store for future use than on the Atlantic side. The cost of labor, materials, and supplies of all kinds has been, and is yet, three to five times what it is on the Atlantic coast, while the average rate of compensation of light-house keepers has been fixed by Congress at double the rate on the Atlantic coast.
8. Table C exhibits the amounts of appropriations under the respective heads, for new aids to navigation, and for renewing old ones, made by Congress in special bills, from March 3, 1847, to August 31, 1852, and prior to the organization of the Light-house Board, amounting in the aggregate to $\$ 2,541,86266$.

Of those appropriations a number of the works remained to be completed, commenced, or condemned under the law as unnecessary, by the Light-house Board at the time it was organized.
9. Table D exhibits the amounts of appropriations, under the respective heads, for new aids to navigation and for renewing old ones, specially authorized by Congress from March 3, 1853, to March 3, 1857, and during the existence of the Light-house Board, amounting to $\$ 3,636,93072$. Of these sums the appropriations made respectively on the 3d of March, 1853, 1855, 1857, amounting in the aggregate to $\$ 922,46703$, were based upon estimates in the annual estimates submitted by this hoard, and included by the Secretary of the Treasury in the annual estimates submitted by him to Congress. Those for the years 1854 and 1856 , amounting in the aggregate to $\$ 2,714,46369$, were embraced in special light-house appropriation bills, originating with the Committees on Commerce of Congress.
10. Table E shows the sum of $\$ 1,756,20581$ unexpended, including $\$ 369,59790$ carried or to be carried to the surplus fund of the treasury, and $\$ 1,356,20063$ available on account of special lighthouse works authorized by Congress.
11. Table G shows at the close of the last fiscal year a total balance in the treasury of $\$ 467,01549$, exclusive of sums in the hands of disbursing oticers available for the support and maintenance of
the light-house service during the current year, and being that amount less than the sum appropriated or available for the general service, and also a balance at the close of the hulf of the current fiscal year (December 31, 1857) of $\$ 967,10615$ available for the remaining half and for the next year's service in maintaining the light-house establishment.
12. The table H is a recapitulation of the averages for the two periods of five and a quarter years each, both before and since the organization of the Light-house Board, prepared from the tables before recited.
13. The two light-house lists, July 1, 1851, and December 31, 1857, will afford a general comparative view of the service at the two periods of time, and the columns of "built," "rebuilt," "refitted," of the latter will show in brief what has been done towards rendering the lights efficient and reliable by the Light-house Board.

It may not be amiss to add that the light-houses, lighted beacons, and light vessels, authorized prior (but not built) and those authorized since the organization of the Light-house Board, amount in the aggregate to near 300 ; permanent beacons about 80 ; and the buoys have been increased within the same period nearly or quite four-fold.

The Light-house Board, in submitting its estimates, for the first time, (November 10, 1852,) for the support of the light-house establishment for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1854, states, in the letter accompanying them: "The estimates of this board for the fiscal year ending June 30,1854 , are the same in every respect as those for 1852 , 1853, for the same objects. The additional estimates for objects authorized by the acts of March 3, 1851, and August 31, 1852, not contained in former lists and estimates, are bssed upon the same data, and bear relatively the same proportion to them.
"Theadditional estimates submitted for objects deemed of importance are not such as have hitherto been classed under the ordinary heads of repairs, \&c., and amount in the aggregate to $\$ 27,000$ less than the estimates for similar objects last year.
"For support of the light-houses and other aids to navigation on the coasts of California and Oregon, estimates are now submitted for the first time.
"The continued high prices of labor, \&c., on the Pacific coast rendered it necessary that a different scale of estimating should be adopted for that coast; but in doing so the Board has conformed its estimates to the most economical rates which would seem to be justified by the best information that could be obtained."
The letter of the Light-house Board of October 7, 1857, addressed to the Secretary of the Treasury, submitting estimates for the support of the light-house establishment for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1859, states:
"These estimates have been prepared to meet the actual state of the light-house service as it will be at the close of the present fiscal year, and not upon the pro-rata of expenditures of previous years, as heretofore, in view of the fact that by the commencement of the next
fiscal year the system of catadioptric illumination authorized by the 7 th section of the act of Congress making appropriations for lighthouses, \&c., approved March 3, 1851, and which has been in steady progress of execution since the organization of this Board on the 9th October, 1852, will be near its full completion, which will thenceforth produce the economical results indicated at that time by greatly diminishing the annual consumption of oil, wicks, chimneys, and other supplies, as compared with that of the old system of reflectors and lamps, in addition to other benefits arising from increased brilliancy and power of the lights and from illuminating apparatus which is not liable to any sensible deterioration from use.
The aggregate amount of estimates submitted for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1859, for the Atlantic, Gulf, and lake coasts, is

$$
\$ 712,59899
$$

The aggregate amount of estimates for the Pacific coast, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1859,

78,53591
The aggregate amount of estimates for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1859, for the Atlantic, Gulf, lake
and Pacific coasts, is - - - - \$791,134 90
showing a diminution of $\quad-\quad-\quad-\quad \$ 399,47139$ in the estimates for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1859."

The estimates for annual expenditures for supportand maintenance of the light-house establishment, under the management of the Lighthouse Board, for the five fiscal years ending June 30, 1858, have been made at the same rate as that for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1853. The letters accompanying the estimates from year to year show this. In every case the existing light-houses, and those authorized to be built, were included. The object of this was to complete the renovation of the light-houses, and their equipment with Fresnel lenses, as soon as practicable, without asking Congress for special appropriations for the purpose.

By the end of the present fiscal year that object will have been accomplished, and it will be seen, from the letter of the board, of October 7,1857 , previously quoted, that the estimates for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1859, are based upon the saving made by the introduction of the lens system, and are the first fruits of that system, so far as regards an annual diminution of the expense of the establishment, the benefits of the introduction having been felt in all other respects since its commencement. A further diminution in the estimates may confidently be expected for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1860 , when it is hoped that the expenditures will be brought to the minimum.

Notwithstanding the fact that large expenditures for rebuilding light-houses and purchasing new illuminating apparatus have been made from the general fund for support and maintenance, it will appear, by a comparison of the two periods of $5 \frac{1}{4}$ years before and after the organization of the Light-house Board, that in the former period the expenditures overran the appropriations by $\$ 127,42179$, (a defi-
ciency made good by transfers from special appropriation for lighthouses,) while in the latter the appropriations exceeded the expenditures by $\$ 590,17618$.

Inasmuch as the subjects relating to light-houses, illumination, the management of the light-house service of this and other maritime countries, \&c., were much discussed in Congress, from about 1838 to the passage of the law authorizing the organization of the Lighthouse Board, in 1852, for a general view of the condition of the lighthouse establishment prior to the latter date the board would respectfully refer to the following congressional documents, being a part only of those printed:

Senate document No. 138, 2 d session, 25 th Congress.
Senate document No. 258, 2d session, 25 th Congress.
Senate document No. 159, 2 d session, 25 th Congress.
Senate document No. 506, 2 d session, 25 th Congress.
Senate document No. 474, 1st session, 26th Congress.
Senate document No. 619, 1st session, 26 th Congress.
Senate document No. 488, 1st session, 29th Congress.
Senate executive document No. 28, 1st session, 32d Congress, pages 18 to 20 , et seq.

Senate executive document No. 22, 2d session, 32d Congress, pages 70 , et seq.

House document No. 24, 3d session, 25th Congress, page 2, (oil tests, \&c.,) and pages 48, 69, 70, 71, et seq., and 113.

House document No. 183, 2d session, 27 th Congress.
House executive document No. 114, 1st session, 32d Congress, and also, for a general view of the condition of the light-house service, under the management of the Light-house Board, to the several reports on the finances, submitted by the Treasury Department to Congress, for $1853-' 54$-' $^{\prime} 55-' 56$, and to the report No. 16 in the finance report of December, 1857, from page 229.

It is respectfully submitted that the foregoing report and accompanying tables show the following facts:

1. The whole system has been remodelled according to the tenor of the 7th section of the act of Congress of March 3, 1851, producing the effects contemplated by that act with regard to economy and efficiency.
2. The number of buoys, beacons, and other day marks, has been increased by direction of Congress at least four-fold.
3. The number of light stations, since the organization of the Light-house Board, has, under the authority of Congress, been nearly doubled.
4. For the imperfect lamps and lanterns previously employed new apparatus has been introduced, the most perfect in character which the science and skill of the present day are able to afford.
5. Not only has a large diminution of the amounts of oil and other supplies for lights been effected, but the extent to which the seacoast lights are visible over the surface of the water has been greatly increased, which increase was indispensable for the safety of navigation.
6. From the combined results of these changes, the efficiency of
the system has been multiplied eight times, at a nominal aggregate annual increase, the expenditures per light having been actually less than they were before the organization of the board.
7. This efficiency may be still further increased with an annual reduction of the expenditures, since the cost of the introduction of the new apparatus was much greater than that which will be required to continue its use.

Very respectfully,

> W. B. SHUBRICK, Chairman of the Light-house Board.
$\left.\begin{array}{l}\text { 'Thornton A. Jenkins, } \\ \text { W. B. Franklin. }\end{array}\right\}$ Secretaries.
Hon. Howell Cobb,
Secretary of the Treasury.

TABLE A．
（ATLANTIC，GULF，AND LAKE COASTS．）
Exhibiting the number of light－houses and lighted beacons；rate of average annual cast of exch light for supplies，repairs，keepers＇salaries，and incidental expenses；total amount expended per annum for supplies，repairs，keepers＇sabaries，and incidental expenses of the light－houses and lighted beacons；number of light－vessels：number of lights on board of light－vessels；average cost of support and maintenance per annum per light on board of light－vessels；total amount per annum expended for support，mainten－ ance，and repairs of light－vessels；total amount per annum expended for buoy and beacon service；total amount of commissions paid to collectors of customs acting as superin－ tendents of lights，\＆c．，upon disbursements made by them for support and maintenance of the aids to navigation；total amount expendsd under the foregoing heads per annum for the five and a quarler years immediately preceding the organization of the Light－house Board in October，1852，embracing the period from July 1，1847，to September 30，1852，and the rates and average paid for oil during that period．

| Year． | Light－houses and lighted beacons． |  |  | Light－vessels． |  |  |  |  | Buoys and |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $1847{ }^{48}$ | 259 | 1，229 00 | 318，362 02 | 30 | \＄3，050 00 | 38 | \＄2，408 00 | \＄91，511 85 | \＄61，997 67 | \＄11，569 08 | \＄471，871 54 | \＄107．18 |
| 1848－49 | 267 | 1，185 00 | 316，316 37 | 31 | 2，675 00 | 39 | 2，128 00 | 82，907 12 | 43，842 51 | 11，492 48 | 443，066 00 | 104.36 |
| 1849－50 | 287 | 1，13700 | 326，358 51 | 35 | 3，19300 | 44 | $\stackrel{2}{2,539} 00$ | 111，745 40 | 54，333 63 | 11，802 00 | 492， 43754 | ${ }_{1}^{111.33}$ |
| 1851－52 | 317 | 1，31300 | 416,13387 | 35 | 3，834 00 | 44 | 3， 3 30000 | 134，205 45 |  | 7， 790037 | 6831,61429 | 119.37 <br> 1 |
| 1st quarter of 1852－53． | 325 | 1，756 00 | 136，220 87 | 35 | 3，948 00 | 44 | 3，232 00 | 34，56796 | 30，302 64 | 2，191 35 | 201，091 47 | 119.37 |
| Mean annual average for 54 years | 289 | 1，302 00 | 381，827 84 | 33 | 3，456 00 | 42 | \＄2，749 00 | 118，800 81 | 75，664 60 | 9，882 11 | 543，520 42 | 113.03 |
| Total amount of expenditures for $5 \frac{1}{2}$ years， from July 1，1847，to September 30， 1852 ．． |  | ．．．．．．．．． | 1，888，304 45 |  |  | ．．．． |  | 609，098 08 | 362，079 68 | 52，358 61 | 2，853，482 21 |  |
| Total amount appropiated for 54 years， from July 1，1847，to September 30， 1852 ．． |  |  | 1，822，478 08 |  |  |  |  | 521，659 29 | 337， 01672 | 81，095 09 | 2，742，249 18 |  |

## $\left.\begin{array}{l}\text { Thormton A．Jenkins，} \\ \text { W．B．Franilin，}\end{array}\right\}$ Secretaries．

W．B．SHUBRICK，Chairman，
Treabury Department，Office of Light－house Board，March 13， 1858.

TABLE B．

## （ATLANTIC，GULF，AND LAKE COASTS．）

Exhibiting the number of light－houses and lighted beacons；rate of average annual cost of each bight for supplies，repairs，keepers＇salaries，and incidental expenses；total amount expended per annum for supplies，repairs，keepers＇salaries，and incidental expenses of the light－houses and lighted beacons；number of light vessels；number of lights on board of light－vessels；average cost of support and maintenance per annum per light on board of light－vessels；total amount expended per annum for support，mainten－ ance，and repairs of light－vessels；total amount per annum expended for buoy and beacon service；total amount of commissions paid to collectors of customs acting as super－ intendents of lights，\＆ic．，upon disbursements made by them for the support and maintenance of the aids to navigation；total amount expended under the foregoing heads per annum for the five and a quarter years immediately succeeding the date of the organizution of the Light－house Board in October，1852，embracing the period from October 1， 1852，to December 31，1857，and the rates and average paid for oil during that period．

| Year． | Light－houses and lighted beacons． |  |  | Light－vessels． |  |  |  |  | Buoys and beacons． |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1852－53，for three quarters of year．．．．．．．．． | 325 | \＄755 00 | \＄184，032 37 | 38 | \＄2，864 68 | 47 | \％2，316 12 | 881，643 46 | \＄32，369 47 | ＊3，033 44 | \＄298，045 30 | 8129.28 |
| 1853－54．．．．．．．．．．．． | 338 | 1，44200 | 487，299 09 | 40 |  | 52 |  |  |  |  |  | 138.15 |
| 1854－－55 | 408 | 1，49400 | 609， 67061 | 45 | 4，246 18 | 61 | 3，132 42 | 191，C78 19 | $106,42158$ | 5，275 22 | 907， 17038 | 206.00 |
| 1855－56 ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 434 | 1，11900 | 485，91725 | ${ }_{5}^{51}$ |  | ${ }_{72}^{71}$ |  |  |  |  |  | 197.25 |
| December， 18557 ，for one－haif of year．．．．．． | 459 459 | 1,20600 1,69800 | $\begin{aligned} & 553942366 \\ & 38989820 \end{aligned}$ | 52 52 | 3,78855 4,30514 | 72 72 | 2,73618 <br> 3,109 <br> 18 | 197,00505 <br> 111,933 | $\begin{aligned} & 94,681 \quad 03 \\ & 55178 \end{aligned}$ | 5，929 79 3,318 31 | 845,10974 557,01028 | 151.00 151.00 |
| Mean annual average for 54 years． | 404 | 1，286 00 | 526，91292 | $46 \frac{1}{3}$ | 3，743 55 | 621 | 2，796 57 | 158，928 84 | 82，267 13 | 5，529 52 | 772，247 75 | 162.11 |
| Total amount of expenditures for $5 \frac{1}{7}$ years， from Oct．1，1852，to Dec．31， 1857 ．，．．．．． |  |  | 2，710，241 18 |  |  |  |  | 914， 42489 | 429，634 62 | 28，847 66 | 4，054，300 69 |  |
| Total amount of appropriations for $5 \neq$ years， from Oct．1，1852，to Dec．31，1857．．．．．．．． |  |  | 3，131，727 05 |  |  |  |  | 987，271 36 | 463， 66981 | 41，808 65 | 4，624， 47687 |  |

[^11]W．B．SHUbRICK，
Chairman．

## TABLE C.

atLantic, GULF, AND LAKE COASTS.
Exhibiting the amounts appropriated by Congress in special appropriation bills, reported fr om the Committees on Commerce and in the general appropriation bills for light-houses at new localities, rebuilding old light-houses, light vessels for new localities, and rebuilding light vessels occupying old stations which reguired rebuilding, dec., for the five years (1847-1852) immediately preceding the organization of the Light-house Board.

| Date of approval of appropriation bills. | Amount appropriated for new light-houses \& rebuilding old ones. | Amount appropriated for new light vessels \& rebuilding old ones. | Amount appropriated for fog bells, \&c. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| March 3, 1817 | \$521, 25000 | \$25,000 00 |  | \$546, 25000 |
| August 12 and 14, 1848 | 252,091 90 | 64, 00000 | \$750 00 | 316,841 90 |
| March 3, 1849 | 191,441 37 | 35,407 00 | 75000 | 227,598 37 |
| September 28, 1850 | 422,590 00 | 8,000 00 | 5,500 00 | 436, 09000 |
| March 3, 1851 | 314,432 39 | 42,500 00 | 25000 | 357, 18239 |
| August 31, 1852 | 495, 20000 | 130,200 00 | 32,500 00 | 657,90000 |
|  | 2, 197,005 66 | 305, 10700 | 39,750 00 | 2,541,862 66 |

$\left.\begin{array}{l}\text { Thirnton A. Jknkins, } \\ \text { W. B. Franklin, }\end{array}\right\}$ Secrelaties.
W. B. SHUBRICK, Chairman.

## Treasury Department,

Office Light-house Board, March 13, 1858.

## TABLE D.

atlantic, gulf, lake, and pacific coast.

Exhibiting the amounts of special appropriations made by Congress fur erecting light-houses at new localities, rebuilding old ones, building light-vessels for new localities, \&c., and for buoys, beacons, and fogbells for new localities, and restoring those destroyed, for the five years (1852 to 1857) immediately succeeding the organization of the Light house Board.

| Date of approval of appropriation bills. |  |  |  |  | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mar. 3, 1853 | \$276, 25000 | \$28,000 00 | \$6,000 00 | \$43, 16000 | \$353,410 00 |
| Aug. 3, 1854 | 1.210,338 00 | 33,500 00 | 19,600 00 | 239,640 00 | 1,503, 07800 |
| Mar. 3, 1855 | 245,000 00 |  |  |  | 245, 00000 |
| Aug. 18, $1 \times 56$ | 1, 054, 51415 | 42,597 54 | 80000 | 113,474 00 | 1,211, 38569 |
| Mar. 3, 1857 | 231,838 81 | *40,105 62 |  | ${ }^{5} 52,11260$ | 324,057 03 |
|  | 3,017,940 96 | 144,203 16 | 26,400 00 | 448,386 60 | 3, 636,930 72 |

[^12]Treasury Departmpant,
Office Light-huise Board, March 13, 1858.

## TABLE E.

Exhibiting the amounts of special appropriations which were available on January 1, 1858, and of those which have reverted, or will revert, to the surplus fund, under the administration of the Light-house Board

| Bilance on account of light house | \$1,356, 20063 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Balance on account of buoys and bas | 30,407 28 |
| Amount carried to surplus fund. | 369,597 90 |
| Total | 1,756,205 81 |

$\left.\begin{array}{l}\text { Thornton A. Jenkins, } \\ \text { W. B. Franklin, }\end{array}\right\}$ Secretaries.
Treasury Department,
Office Light-house Board, March 13, 1858.
25 F

## TABLE F.

## (PACIFIC COAST.)

Exhibiting the amounts expended for support and maintenance of light-houses and buoys on the Pacific coast of the United States, from the times of their first exhibition to January 1, 1858.

| Year. | Total amount expended for supplies, \&c., for light-houses. | Cotal amount expended for repuirs, \&c., of light-houses. | Total amount expended for salaries of keepers and assistants of light-houses. | Total amount expended for beacon and buoy service. | Total amount expended for commissions of superindents. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1853-'54 | \$10,790 12 |  |  |  |  | \$10,790 00 |
| 1854-'55 | 1,769 49 | \$1,874 95 | \$3,781 50 | \$1,424 00 |  | 8,849 94 |
| 1855-'56 | 31,820 20 | 16,785 17 | 15,220 91 | 4,083 05 |  | 67,909 33 |
| 1856-'57 | 50,757 14 | 6,284 45 | 13,773 09 | 6,367 90 | \$101 18 | 77,283 76 |
| Di cember 31, 1857, half year | 18,840 45 | 11,596 22 | 9,526 27 | 1,19786 |  | 41,160 80 |
| Total amounts expended to December 31, 1857 | 113,877 40 | 36,540 79 | 42,30177 | 13,072 81 | 10118 | 205,893 95 |
| Total amounts appropriated to December 31, 1857 | 162,038 63 | 58,094 50 | 124,000 00 | 44,250 00 | 2,700 00 | 391, 08313 |

$\left.\begin{array}{l}\text { Thornton A. Jenkins, } \\ \text { W. B. Franklin, }\end{array}\right\}$ Secrelaries.
Treasury Depaltment, Office Light-house Board, March 13, 1858.

## TABLE G．

Exhibiting the balances remaining in the treasury，under the respective heads of appropriations，for the support and maintenance of the light－house establishment，at the close of the fiscal year ending June 30，1857，and also at the closs of the first half of the current fiscal ycar ending December 31， 1857.

|  | LIGHT－HODSES． <br> Appropriations for supplies，repairs， and salaries of keepers of light－ houses． | IIGHT－VERSELS． <br> Appropriations for salaries of keep－ ers，seamen＇s wa－ ges，repairs，\＆c．， of light－vessels． | Buoys． <br> Appropriations for raising，cleaning， \＆c．，buoys． |  | 运妾 <br>  | Total． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Balances remaining June 30， 1857 | \＄357，941 49 | \＄46，372 13 | \＄46，563 76 | \＄2，290 96 | \＄13，847 15 | \＄467，015 49 |
| Balances remaining December 31， 1857 | 678,04729 | 153，526 87 | 114，604 19 | 2，930 33 | 17，997 47 | 967，106 15 |

## $\left.\begin{array}{l}\text { Thornton A．Jenking，} \\ \text { W．B．Franklin，}\end{array}\right\}$ Secretaries．

Treasury Departurant，Office Light－house Board，March 13， 1858.

## TABLE H．

## （RECAPTTITLATION．）

Exhibiting the average number of light－houses and lighted beacons，the average annual cost of each light，the average tołal annval expense of the light－houses and lighted beacans， average number of light－ves＂els，average annual cost per light－vessel，the average number of lights on board of light－vessels，the anmual average cost per light，the averaye total annual expense of the light－vessels，the annual average expense of luoys and beacons，the average annurl amounts paid to superintendents of lights for commissions on disbursements，the average total amounts of the cust of support and maintenance of the light－house establishment on the Allantic，Gulf，and Lake coasts，and the average price of oil for $5 \frac{1}{4}$ years immediately preceding and succeeding the organization of the Light－house Bonrd，October， 1852.

|  | Light－hodses and lightedbeacons． |  |  | haht－vessels． |  |  |  |  | buova，etc． | commis－ sions． | total． | orl． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| － |  |  |  <br>  <br> 둥줄 <br>  <br> 島运苞感 <br> 毕部曾哭 <br> ¢ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| For the 51 years preceding the organization of the Light－house Board． | 289 | \＄1，362 00 | 8381，827 84 | 33 | \＄3，456 00 | 42 | \＄2，749 00 | \＄118，800 81 | 875，664 60 | \＆8，882 11 | \＄543，580 42 | 21 1303－100 |
| For the $5 \frac{1}{4}$ years succeeding the organization of the Light－house Board． | 404 | 1，296 00 | 526，91292 | $46 \frac{1}{1}$ | 3，743 55 | 62 $\frac{1}{8}$ | 2，796 57 | 158，928 84 | 82，267 13 | 5，520 52 | 772，247 75 | $18211-100$ |

## LIGHT-HOUSES, ETC.,

OF

## THE UNITED STATES,

ON THE FIRST OF JULY, 1851.
[Paper accompanying Report from Light-House Board, March 13, 1858, in reply to call
List of light-houses, beacons, and floating lights, of the United States, one, with a statement of their location, heights, distance at which they by order of Stephen Pleasonton, Fifth Auditor and general superin

| No. | State, and name of light. | Place on which the light is situated. |  | titud |  |  | gitu |  | \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | maine. |  |  | min. | see. |  | min. | nec. |  |
| 1 | Portland | Portland Head, off Portland |  |  |  |  | 17 |  | 15 |
| 2 | Scg | On Island of Seguin, off mouth of Kennebec river. | 43 | 41 | 36 | 69 | 44 | 00 | 15 |
| 3 | hitehead | On Whitehead island, SW. of W. entrance to Penobscot bay. | 43 | 57 | 00 | 69 | 04 | 00 | 10 |
| 4 | Franklin Island | On N. end of Franklin island, west of entrance to St George's river. | 43 | 52 | 00 | 69 | 19 | 00 | 10 |
| 5 | Wood Island | On Wood island, near entranct to Saco harbor. |  | 27 | 00 | 70 | 18 | 30 | 10 |
| 6 | West Quoddy Head. | On West Quoddy Head, near Eastport, S. side of entrance to West Quoddy bay. |  | 49 | 18 | 66 | 59 | 00 | 10 |
| 7 | Petit Manan | On south end of Petit Manas island. |  | 22 | 00 |  | 49 | 00 | 12 |
| 8 | Pond Island | West side of entrance to Kennebec river. |  | 45 | 00 | 69 | 46 | 00 | 8 |
| 9 | Burnt Island. ......- | On Burnt island, west side of Townsend harbor, Lincoln county. |  |  |  |  |  |  | 10 |
| 10 | Libby Lsland | On Libby's island, entrance of Machias bay. |  | 34 | 00 |  | 22 | 00 | 12 |
| 11 | Monhegan Island... | On Monhegan island, Lincoln county. |  | 44 | 30 | 69 | 18 | 00 | 10 |
| 12 | Owl's Head. | West side of west entrance of Penobscot bay, off Thomaston harbor. |  | 03 | 50 | 69 | 00 | 00 | 8 |
| 13 | Moose Peak......... | On Mistake island, SW, of west entrance to the Bay of Fundy. |  | 28 | 00 | 67 | 31 | 09 | 10 |
| 14 | Matinicus Rock, (2 lights.) | On Matinicus Rock, a sea light off Penobscot bay. |  | 46 | 24 | 68 | 49 | 00 | 14 |
| 15 | Pemaquid Point .... | On Pemaquid Point, southwest of entrance to Bristol bay, and east side of entrance to John's bay. |  |  | 00 |  |  | 30 | 10 |

## I.

of the Department upon Senate resolution of February 1, 1858 ]
in operation on the first of July, one thousand eight hundred and fiftyare visible in clear weather, \&ec., dec., carefully revised and corrected, terdent of lights.

| No. |  | Fixed or revolving |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Distance at which they are } \\ & \text { visible in clear weather. } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | Remarks. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Inch. |  | Min. sec. | Miles | Feet. in. | Feet. in. |  |  |
| 1 | 16 | Fixed |  | 19 | 8000 | 4500 | 1791 | Refitted in 1813. |
| 2 | 30 | Fixed |  | 22 | 16600 | 2000 | 1795 | Rebuilt in 1819; refitted with plate glass, \&c., in 1846. |
| 3 | 14 | Fixed. |  | 15 | 5800 | 3000 | 1804 |  |
| 4 | 15 | Fixed. |  | 14 | 5000 | 3000 | 1806 |  |
| 5 | 14 | Revolving - | 130 | 18 | 6300 | 4500 | 1808 |  |
| 6 | 14 | Fixed. |  | 17 | 9000 | 4500 | 1808 |  |
| 7 | 15 | Fixed. |  | 14 | 5300 | 2500 | 1817 | Refitted in 1843 ; new lan tern in 1848 |
| 8 | 14 | Fixed |  | 13 | 5200 | 1300 | 1821 | Tower rebuilt in 1835. |
| 9 | 14 | Fixed. |  | 14 | 5506 | 2000 | 1821 |  |
| 10 | 16 | Fixed. |  | 15 | 6000 | 3000 | 1822 | Rebuilt in 1848, and refitted anew, with plate glass. |
| 11 | 21 | Revolving - | 215 | 25 | 17000 | 3000 | 1824 | Red und white light ; tower rebuilt in 1850. |
| 12 | 15 | Fixed |  | 15 | 11700 | 1500 | 1825 |  |
| 13 | 15 | Revolving - | 400 | 15 | 5308 | 3500 | 1826 |  |
| 14 | 21 | Fixed. |  | 17 | 8206 | 3000 | 1827 | Two lights and towers, one on each end of keeper's dwelling: rebuilt in 1846-'47. |
| 15 | 14 | Fixed.---- |  | 15 | 6400 | 3000 | 1827 | Light on keeper's dwelling; rebuilt in 1835. |

LIST OF LIGHT-HOUSES OF


## THE UNITED STATES-Contiuued.

| No. | Size of reflectors. | Fixed or revolving |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Height of towers from } \\ & \text { base to lantern. } \end{aligned}$ |  | Remarks. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 16 | Inch. | Fixed..... | Min. sec. | Miles <br> 17 | Feet. in. $69 \quad 08$ | Feet. in. $2500$ | 1828 |  |
| 17 | 21 | Fixed and revolving | 200 | 25 | 14000 | 5000 | 1828 | Two lights, one stationary and one revolving, 300 yards apart, refitted in 1844 with large plate glass; new lantern on western tower in 1850. |
| 18 | 15 | Fixed |  | 17 | 11600 | 4000 | 1828 |  |
| 19 | 14 | Fixed. |  | 13 | 3900 | 2400 | 1829 | Cight on keeper's dwelling |
| 20 | 21 | Fixed..... |  | 15 | 5606 | 4200 | 1830 | Light on keeper's dwelling; rebuilt with hammerdressed stone, and refitted with plate glass, \&c., in 1847. |
| 21 | 14 | Fixed. |  | 13 | 8000 | 2000 | 1832 |  |
| 22 | 1.4 | Fixed |  | 13 | 3000 | 2000 | 1832 |  |
| 23 | 14 | Fixed. |  | 13 | 3300 | 2000 | 1833 |  |
| 24 | 14 | Eixed.-.-- |  | 12 | 5000 | 2000 | 1835 |  |
| 25 | 14 | Fixed. |  | 12 | 9000 | 2400 | 1836 |  |
| 26 | 15 | Fixed. |  | 17 | 7000 | 5000 | 1812 | Rebuilt in 1831. |
| 27 | 14 | Fixed...... |  | 12 | 10000 | 2500 | 1837 |  |
| 28 | 14 | Fixed.-.... |  | 12 | 4700 | 2500 | 1838 | Red light. |
| 29 | 14 | Fixed. |  | 12 | 9500 | 1700 | 1839 | Lantern on dwelling. |
| 30 | 15 | Fixed.-..- |  | 14 | 6200 | 3200 | 1839 | Granite tower, with keeper's dwelling within. |
| 31 | 15 | fixed..... |  |  |  | 2306 | 1847 |  |
| 32 | 15 | Fixed..... |  |  |  | 2306 | 1848 |  |

LIST OF LIGHT-HOUSES OF


## THE UNITED STATES-Continued.

| No. |  | Fixed or revolving. |  |  |  |  |  | Remarks. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Inch. |  | Min. sec. | Miles | Feet in. | Feet in. |  |  |
| 33 | 15 | Fixed. |  |  |  | 2400 | 1850 |  |
| 34 | 15 | Fixed. |  |  |  | 2400 | 1850 |  |
| 35 | 15 | Fixed. |  | 18 | 9000 | 8000 |  | Refitted in 1838. |
| 36 | 21 | Revolving. | 315 | 21 | 8700 | 4000 | 1821 | Red and white light; refitted anew in 1841 with plate glass, \&c. |
| 37 | 15 | Fixed ...- |  | 16 | 5800 | 4000 | 1829 | Two lights-one ten feet above the other-butseen as one light at about six miles distance. |
| 38 | 21 | Revolving | 330 | 25 | 9000 | 6000 |  | Refitted in 1839 and in 1849. |
| 39 | 21 | Fixed |  | 21 | 9000 | 3700 |  | Two light-houses, both fixed lights; refitted in 1841, and one in 1849. |
| 40 | 16 | Fixed |  | 20 | 8106 | 2500 and 4603 | $\begin{aligned} & 1797 \\ & \text { and } \\ & 1820 \end{aligned}$ | Two lights, one 70 and the other $81 \frac{1}{2}$ feet above the level of the sea; refitted in 1846. |
| 41 | 16 | Fixed. |  | 151 ${ }_{2}$ | 5400 | 3800 | ---.. | Two lights ; rebuilt in '42. |
| 42 | 21 | Fixed....- |  | 27 | 18000 | 4500 | 1797 | Refitted in 1839. |
| 43 | 15 | Fixed. |  | 18 | 9000 | 2800 | 1769 | Two lights ; rebuilt in '42. |
| 44 | 14 | Fixed. |  | 13 | 5000 | 3000 | 1801 | Rebuilt and refitted in '43. |
| 45 | 15 | Fixed..... |  | 15 | 4000 | 2500 | 1812 | Two lights; refitted in 1841 -one red, and about 15 feet below the otherand consequently visible at much less distance; discontinued in 1849, on lighting Minot's Rock light, and revived and repaired in 1851. |

LIST OF LIGHT-HOUSES OF


## THE UNITED STATES-Continued.


LIST OF LIGHT HOUSES OF


THE UNITED STATES-Continued.

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline No. \&  \& Fixed or revolving. \&  \&  \&  \&  \&  \& Remarks. <br>
\hline \& Inch. \& \& Min. sec. \& :iles. \& Feet. in. \& Feet. in. \& \& <br>
\hline 64 \& 14 \& Fixed. \& \& 17 \& 7000 \& 2000 \& 1816 \& Refitted in 1843, with plate glass, \&c. <br>
\hline 65
66 \& 15 \& Fixed \& \& 16 \& 6000
8000 \& 3200
2500 \& 1817 \& Removed and rebuilt in 1846; refitted with new lanterns in 1847. <br>
\hline 66 \& 16 \& Fixed. \& \& 17 \& 8000 \& 2500 \& 1817 \& Refitted in 1830. <br>
\hline 67 \& 14 \& Revolving - \& 330 \& 13 \& 3100 \& 2500 \& 1819 \& Refitted anew, with lan tern, plate glass, \&c., in 1849. <br>
\hline 68 \& 14 \& Fixed \& \& 12 \& 3300 \& 3000 \& 1823 \& Cast iron tower, built in 1849, ard with new plat glass, \&c. <br>
\hline 69 \& 15 \& Fixed \& \& 17 \& 8000 \& 2400 \& 1828 \& Lantern on keeper's dwelling. <br>
\hline 70 \& 14 \& Fixed. \& \& 14 \& 4300 \& 2600 \& 1828 \& Lantern on keeper's dwelling. <br>
\hline 71 \& 14 \& Fixed-.-- \& \& 14 \& 5000 \& 2600 \& 1828 \& Light on keeper's dwelling. <br>
\hline 72 \& 15 \& Fixed....- \& \& 13 \& \& 3000 \& 1837 \& <br>
\hline 73 \& 14 \& Fixed. \& \& 16 \& 90

30 \& 1500 \& 1837 \& Three lights, 15 feet high, 50 yards apart. <br>
\hline 74 \& 14 \& Fixed. \& \& \& 3000 \& 2100 \& 1838 \& <br>
\hline 75 \& \& Fixed. \& \& 30 \& 15000 \& 7000 \& 1838 \& Two Harbor beacon lights. <br>
\hline 76 \& \& Fla-hes in $1 \frac{1}{2} \& 3 \mathrm{~min}$. \& \& \& \& \& 1849 \& Lenticular light of 2d order. <br>
\hline 77 \& 14 \& Fixed.....- \& \& \& \& 1600 \& 1849 \& <br>
\hline 78 \& 14 \& Fixed.-..- \& \& \& \& 2500 \& 1849 \& Light on keeper's dwelling. <br>
\hline 79 \& 14 \& Fixed.-.- \& \& 12 \& 2700 \& 2700 \& 1849 \& <br>

\hline 80 \& $$
\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered}
21 \& \\
22
\end{gathered}\right.
$$ \& Revolving. \& \& 16 \& 6600 \& 7800 \& 1849 \& Blown down April 16, 1851. <br>

\hline
\end{tabular}

## LIST OF LIGHT HOUSES OF



THE UNITED STATES—Continued.

| No. |  | Fixed or revolving. |  |  |  |  |  | Remaris. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 81 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Inch. } \\ 14 \end{gathered}$ | Fixed. | Min. sec | Miles | Feet. in. About | Feet. in. $2500$ | 1849 | Red light on keeper's dwelling. |
| 82 | 15 | Fixed. |  | 18 | 9800 | 6400 | ---- | Refitted in 1841. |
| 83 | 14 | Revolving . | 115 | 16 | 7300 | 3500 | 1808 | Refitted in 1838. |
| 84 | 15 | Revolving - | 215 | 17 | 7400 | 3500 | 1810 | Refitted in 1841. |
| 85 | 15 | Fixed. |  | 14 | 4300 | 2000 | 1823 |  |
| 86 | 14 | Fixed..... |  | 15 | 5600 | 3000 | 1826 | Light on keeper's house ; refitted in 1844. |
| 87 88 | 14 | Fixed. |  |  | 3800 | 3000 2300 | 1826 | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Two bay lights of suffi- } \\ \text { cient power for the pur- } \\ \text { poses intended; the lat- }\end{array}\right.$ ter refitted in 1846. |
| 89 | 16 | Fixed. |  | 15 | 5800 | 2200 | 1829 | Two lights placed one on each end cf the keeper's house; refitted in 1848. |
| 90 | 14 | Fixed |  |  |  | 2400 | 1831 | Bay light on keeper's dwelling. |
| 91 | 14 | Fixed. |  | 15 | 9500 | 3000 | 1826 | Replaced by an iron tower, and refitted in 1846. |
| 92 | 14 | Fixed |  | 18 | 11100 | 8000 | 1800 | Refitted in 1833-'34. |
| 93 | 16 | Fixed |  | 16 | 9300 | 4000 | 1801 | Refitted in 1840. |
| 94 | 14 | Fixed. |  | 14 | 7400 | 6500 | 1803 | Rebuilt in 1839. |
| 95 | 16 | Fixed |  | 15 | 6200 | 3500 | 1823 | Rebuilt and fitted up with plate glass in 1840. |

LIST OF LIGHT-HOUSES OF


THE UNITED STATES－Continued．

| No． |  | Fixed or revolving． |  |  |  |  |  | Remarks． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | fnch． |  | Min．sec． | Miles | Feet．in． | Feet．in． |  |  |
| 96 | 14 | Fixed． |  | 15 |  | 2500 | 1831 |  |
| 97 | 21 | Fixed |  | 18 | 8500 | 6500 | 1805 | Rebuilt of hewn stone and refitted with plate glass in 1847. |
| 98 | 14 | Revolving－ | 115 | 141 | 4400 | 2800 | 1821 |  |
| 99 | 14 | Fixed |  | 14 | 7100 | 4000 | 1808 | Refitted in 1830. |
| 100 | 14 | Revolving－ | 245 | 14 | 4000 | 3000 | 1826 | Part red shades． |
| 101 | 14 | Fixed． |  | 16 | 6200 | 3000 | 1829 | － |
| 102 | 14. | Fixed． |  |  |  | 2600 | 1848 | Red shades． |
| 103 | 15 | Fixed |  | 19 | 13400 | 5000 | 1798 |  |
| 104 | 21 |  |  | 15 | 5400 | 4110 | 1848 | Red shades． |
| 105 | 18 | Fixed． |  | 15 |  | 4000 | 1809 |  |
| 106 | 15 | Fixed．－．－－ |  | 15 | 6706 | 3000 | 1823 | Refitted in 1839，and again in 1849. |
| 107 | 21 | Revolving－ | 130 | 22 | 8903 | 7400 | 1826 | Refitted in 1842．New glazed in 1850. |
| 108 | 16 | Fixed．．－．－ |  |  |  | 4000 | 1826 | May be seen as far as ne－ cessary，being land－ locked． |
| 109 | 16 | Fixed |  |  |  | 2000 | 1826 | May be seen as far as neces－ sary，being land－locked． Tower rebuilt of stone in 1850，and new lan－ tern，with French plate glass，\＆c． |
| 110 | 21 | Fixed－ |  | 18 | 8900 | 4000 | 1828 | Refitted in 1843. |
| 111 | 14 | Fixed． |  |  |  | 2600 | 1829 | Light on keeper＇s dwell－ ing ；refitted in 1838. |
| 112 | 14 | Fixed．－．．． |  |  |  | 2600 | 1831 | New lighting apparatus in 1838. |
| 113 | 16 | Inced． |  | －－－－ |  | 2600 | 1835 | River lights，and may be seen as far as necessary． |

## LIST OF LIGHT-HOUSES OF



THE UNITED STATES-Continued.

| No. | Size of reflectors. | Fixed or revolving. |  |  |  |  |  | Remarks. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Inch. |  | Min. sec. | Miles | Feet. in. | Feet. in. |  |  |
| 114 | 16 | Fixed. |  |  |  | 2600 | 1829 | Rebuilt in 1835-'36. |
| 115 | 16 | Fixed |  |  |  | 2600 | 1838 | Light on keeper's dwelling. |
| 116 | 21 | fixed.....- |  | 26 | 16000 | 8000 | 1795 | Refitted in 1838, and again with new lantern and plate glass in 1849. |
| 117 | 14 | Fixed-.-. |  | 15 | 5000 | 5300 | 1806 | Refitted in 1837, and again with new lantern and reflectors, \&c., in 1850. |
| 118 | 14 | Revolving - |  | 16 | 6300 | 3000 | 1827 |  |
| 119 | 15 | Fixed. |  | 15 | 4706 | 3300 | 1828 |  |
| 120 | 14 | Fixed |  | 16 | 8000 | 4000 | 1829 | Lighted with natural gas. |
| 121 | 14 | Fixed |  | 14 |  | 4000 | 1827 |  |
| 122 | 14 | Fixed |  | 16 | 5900 | 5500 | 1820 | Refitted in 1842. |
| 123 | 14 | Fixed |  | 16 | 8200 | 2000 | 1822 | Beacon on a pier, built in 1837, the old light on shore having been discontinued. |
| 124 | 14 | Fixed.-..- |  |  |  |  | 1847 |  |
| 125 | 14 | Fixed |  | 12 | 2500 |  | 1837 | Harbor beacon. |
| 126 | 14 | Fixed. |  | 17 | 8300 | 3000 | 1822 |  |
| 127 | 14 | Revolving . | 200 | 16 | 6600 | 4000 | 1825 | Two lights, main light re volving, beacon built by Engineer Dep't in 1837, and both refitted in 1842. |
| 128 | 14 | Fixed |  | 15 | 5200 | 3000 | 1827 |  |
| 129 | 14 | Fixed.-. -- |  |  |  | 2700 | 1831 | Light on keeper's dwelling. |
| 130 | 14 | Fixed. |  | 14. | 7800 | 4400 | 1823 |  |
| 131 | 15 | Revolving - |  |  |  | 3400 | 1837 | Light on keeper's d welling. |
| 132 | 14 | Fixed. |  |  |  | 2400 | 1834 | River light on keeper's dwelling. |
| 133 | 14 | Fixed. |  | 19 | 10600 | 3000 | 1828 | Refitted in 1842. |

LIST OF LIGHT-HOUSES OF


THE UNITED STATES - Continued.


LIST OF LIGHT-HOUSES OF


[^13]
## THE UNITED STATES-Continued.

| No. |  | Fixed or revolving. |  |  |  |  |  | Remarks. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Inch. |  | Min. sec. | Miles | Feet. in. | Fect. in. |  |  |
| 151 | 15 | Fixed. |  |  |  |  | 1849 |  |
| 152 | 14 | Fixed. |  |  |  | 3400 | 1849 | Tower on keeper's dwelling |
| 153 | 15 | Fixed..... |  |  |  |  | 1849 |  |
| 154 | 14 | Fixed |  | 16 | 7300 | 2000 | 1818 | Refitted in 1842. |
| 155 | 14 | Fixed |  | 12 | 2600 |  | 1837 |  |
| 156 | 14 | Fixed-..-. |  |  |  | 2900 | 1849 |  |
| 157 | ---- |  |  |  |  |  | 1850 |  |
| 158 | 21 | Fixed.-... |  | 27 | 18000 | 7200 |  | Refitted in 1840 , with large reflectors and plate glass. |
| 159 | 14 | Fixed- |  | 12 |  | 3000 | 1825 |  |
| 160 | 14 | Fixed. |  | 14 | 4600 | 4000 | 1831 | Light on keeper's dwelling; raised and improved in 1841. |
| 161 | 14 | Fixed |  |  |  | 2400 | 1831 | Light on kceper's dwelling; removed and rebuilt in 1839. |
| 162 | 14 | Fixed. |  |  |  | 3100 | 1831 | Light on keeper's dwelling; removed and rebuilt in 1843. |
| 163 | 14 | Fixed. |  |  |  |  | 1835 | Lighted with gas, by way of trial, in 1844. |
| 164 | 14 | Fixed..... |  |  |  | 5000 | 1839 | Lighted with gas since 1845. |

LIST OF LIGHT-HOUSES OF


THE UNITED STATES-Continued.

| No. |  | Fixed or revolving. |  |  |  |  |  | Remarks. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 165 | Inch. <br> 14 | Fixed | Min. sec. | Miles | Feet. in. | Feet. in. $3200$ | e1841 | Red light from 1849, when a new light-house was crected. |
| 166 | $16 \frac{3}{4}$ | Fixed |  | 18 |  | 3000 | 1822 | Refitted anew in 1845. |
| 167 168 | 15 16 | Fixed.....- |  | 15 18 |  | $\begin{array}{cc} 27 & 00 \\ \& \\ 35 \quad 00 \\ 30 & 00 \end{array}$ | 1824 1825 | Two lights to range with ship channel; refitted in 1843. <br> Refitted in 1843. |
| 169 | 15 | Fixed.-.... |  | 15 |  | 3000 | 1825 |  |
| 170 | 16 | Fixed. |  | 15 |  | 2400 | 1827 | Light on keeper's dwelling |
| 171 | 16 | Fixed. | - | 14 |  | 3000 | 1827 |  |
| 172 | 18 | Fixed...-- |  | 15 | 5000 | 4000 | 1828 | Refitted in 1844. |
| 173 | 16. | Fixed | . | 15 |  | 2400 | 1831 | Light on keeper's dwelling |
| 174 | 15 | Fixed |  | 15 |  | 3000 | 1831 | Refitted in 1845. |
| 175 | 16 | Fixed.-.-- |  | 12 | 3600 | 2400 | 1832 | Light on keeper's dwelling |
| 176 | 15 | Fixed....- |  | 15 |  | 3000 | 1833 |  |
| 177 | 15 | Fixed. |  |  |  | 2500 | 1836 | River light, and visible as far as is needful. |
| 178 | 14 | Fixed. |  | 12 |  | 3000 | 1838. | Light on keeper's dwelling; removed in 1848. |

LIST OF LIGHT-HOUSES OF


## THE UNITED STATES-Continued.

| No. | Size of reflectors. | Fixed or revolving. |  |  |  |  |  | Remarks. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 179 | Inch. | Fized | Min sec. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { il }: ~ \\ & 12 \end{aligned}$ | Feet. in. | $\begin{array}{rr} \text { Feet. in. } \\ 2100 \end{array}$ | 1848 | Light on keeper's dwelling. |
| 180 | 21 | Fixed |  | 24 | 12000 | 7200 | 1791 | Refitted in 1841. |
| 181 | 14 | Fixed |  | 14 |  | 4000 | 1802 | Refitted anew in 1841. |
| 182 | 16 | Fixed |  | 16 | 8500 | 6550 | 1802 | Removed, rebuilt, and refitted in 1828. |
| 183 | 14 | Fixed. |  | 15 |  | 5000 | 1804 | Refitted anew in 1841. |
| 184 | 21 | Revolving - |  | 20 |  | 5500 | 1827 |  |
| 185 | 14 | Revolving - |  | 14 | 4000 | 3000 | 1829 | New lantern, with large |
| 186 | 14 | Fixed |  | 14 |  | 4500 | 1833 | 1848 , and refitted with new lamps and 21 -inch reflectors, new clock, \&c. |
| 187 | 15 | Fixed |  | 15 |  | 4000 | 1833 |  |
| 188 | 21 | Fixed |  | 18 | 11000 | 9000 | 1818 | Refitted in 1838, and again |
| 189 | 14 | Fixed- |  | 15 | 5000 | 4000 | 1816 | and plate glass, \&c. Rebuilt in 1838. |
| 190 | 21 | Fixed. |  | 20 | 9500 | 9000 | 1798 | Refitted in 1845 with plate |
| 191 | 14 | Fixed. |  | 13 | 3000 | 3000 | 1828 |  |
| 192 | 21 | Revolving - |  | 15 | 5606 | 5500 | 1847 |  |
| 193 | 21 | Revolving- | 200 | 18 | 7500 | 6500 | 1823 | Refitted anew in 1849. |

## LIST OF LIGHT-HOUSES OF



## THE UNITED STATES-Continued.

| No. | Size of reflectors. | Fixed or revolving. |  |  |  |  | Year in which built. | Remarks. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Inch. |  | Min. sec. | Miles | Feet. in. | Feet. in. |  |  |
| 194 | 21 | Fixed |  | 18 | 9500 | 9300 | 1812 | Refitted in 1838 and in 1848. |
| 195 | $\begin{gathered} 14 \\ \text { and } \end{gathered}$ | Fixed.-... |  | $\begin{aligned} & 12 \\ & 13 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{cases}20 & 00 \\ 30 & 00\end{cases}$ | 1849 |  |
| 196 | 14 | Fixed..---- |  |  |  | $300)$ | 1849 |  |
| 197 | $\begin{array}{\|c} 14 \\ \text { and } \\ 14 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Fixed....- |  | -... |  |  | 1850 |  |
| 198 | 14 | Fixed..... |  |  |  | 3000 | 1849 |  |
| 199 | 21 | Revolving - |  | 24 | 12506 | 10200 |  | Light and beacon. Refitted in 1842. |
| 200 | 21 | Fixed....-- |  | 18 | 8706 | 6500 | 1827 | Refitted anew in 1847. |
| 201 | 14 | Fixed. |  | 15 | 8900 | 7200 | 1801 | Refitted anew in 1845. |
| 202 | 16 | Fixed |  | 1313 | 4000 and 7000 |  | 1837 | Two beacons, 1 lamp each, refitted anew in 1845. |
| 203 | $\begin{gathered} 16 \\ \text { and } \\ 16 \end{gathered}$ | Fixed....- |  | 16 |  |  | 1848 |  |
| 204 | 16 | Fixed...-- |  | 22 | 10000 | 9500 | 1793 | Refitted anew in 1841. |
| 205 | 16 | Fixed.-.-- |  | 15 | 5600 | 2500 | 1822 | Refilted anew in 1840. |
| 206 | 14 | Fixed..... |  |  |  | 2300 | 1848 | Red shades. |

LIST OF LIGHT-HOUSES OF


THE UNITED STATES－Continued．

| No． |  | Fixed or revolving． |  |  |  |  |  | Remarks． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Inch． |  | Min．sec． | Miles | Feet．in． | Feet．in． |  |  |
| 207 | 14 | Fixed．－．－ |  | 12 | 8000 | 7500 | 1811 | A sound or inland light only；refitted in 1847. |
| 208 | 15 | Revolving | 500 | 17 | 7400 | 6500 | 1820 |  |
| 209 | 14 | Fixed |  | 12 | 2500 | 2500 | 1822 | Two beacons，one of brick and the other of wood； the first twenty－five and the second fifteen feet above the level of the sea， refitted anew in 1841. |
| 210 | 16 | Revolving | 130 | 15 | 8000 | 5300 | 1838 |  |
| 211 | 14 | Fixed |  |  |  |  | 1849 |  |
| 212 | 14 | Fixed ．．．． |  |  |  |  | 1849 |  |
| 213 | 14 | Fixed |  | 16 | 7000 | 4000 | 1823 |  |
| 214 | 15 | Fixed ．．．． |  | 16 | 6500 | 6500 | 1829 | Rebuilt in 1834. |
| 215 | 21 | Revolving | $3 \quad 15$ | 16 |  | 5500 | 1847 |  |
| 216 | 21 |  |  | 16 | 7000 | 6500 | 1825 | Burnt by hostile Indians in 1836 ；rebuilt in 1846 ． |
| 217 | 21 | Fixed ．．．． |  | 16 | 7000 | 6500 | 1825 | Refitted with new lantern and large plate glass， \＆c．，in 1846. |
| 218 | 21 | Revolving | $0 \quad 54$ | 20 | 7000 | 6500 | 1826 | Refitted anew in 1843 ； destroyed by tornado in 1846. |
| 219 | 21 | Fixed ．－．－ |  | 17 | 6700 | 4900 | 1825 | Destroyed by tornado in 1846，fand rebuilt on new site in 1847. |
| 220 | 16 | Fixed ．－－－ |  | 15 |  | 6500 | 1847 | In place of one on St． George＇s Island． |
| 221 | 15 | Fixed ．－． |  | 16 | 7300 |  | 1829 | Refitted in 1844. |

LIST OF LIGHT-HOUSES OF


THE UNITED STATES－Continued．

| No． | Size of reflectors． | Fixed or revolving． |  |  |  |  |  | Remarks． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 222 | Inch． | Revolving－ | $\begin{array}{cc}\text { Min．} & \text { sec．} \\ 1 & 10\end{array}$ | Miles <br> 17 | Feet．in． 8000 | Feet．in $4000$ | 1824 | Refitted with new lantern， plate glass，\＆c．，in 1847． |
| 223 | 15 | Revolving－ |  | 15 |  | 5000 | 1838 |  |
| 224 | 15 | Revolving－ | 315 | 15 |  | 6500 | 1847 | In place of the former one at St．Joseph＇s bay ；part red shades． |
| 225 | 16 | Revolving－ | 300 | 15 |  | 4000 | 1838 | New frame tower in 1843， the old one having been injured in the gale of 1842. |
| 226 | 15 | Fixed．－－－－ |  |  |  | 4000 | 1847－8 |  |
| 227 | 21 | Revolving－ | 100 | $\begin{gathered} 15 \mathrm{tm} \\ 18 \end{gathered}$ | 5500 | 4000 | 1821 | Refitted in 1835，and agaim in 1850 ． |
| 228 | 14 | Fixed． |  | 14 |  | 4000 | 1831 |  |
| 229 | 16 | Fixed |  | 15 |  | 5000 | 1838 |  |
| 230 | 14 | Fixed． |  | 14 |  | 4500 | 1831 | Refitted with new lamps in 1849. |
| 231 | 14 | Fixed． |  | 13 |  | 3000 | 1831 |  |
| 232 | 14 | Fixed． |  | 14 | 4400 | 4000 | 1833 |  |
| 233 | 14 | Fixed． |  | 14 | 5300 | 4500 | 1848 |  |
| 234 | 14 | Fixed． |  | 14 | 3000 | 2800 | 1811 | Rebrile in 1838，and re－ paiced in 1851. |
| 235 | 18 | Fixed． |  | 21 | 7800 | 6500 | $\begin{gathered} 1820 \\ \& \\ 1822 \end{gathered}$ |  |
| 236 |  | Fixed．．．．－－ | － | 17 | $\cdots$ | 6500 | 1831 | Showing two lights，one $25^{5}$ feet above the other；re－ buit in． 1840. |

LIST OF LIGHT-HOUSES OF

| No. | State, and name of light. | Place on which the light is situated. | Latitude. | Longitude. | 槀 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | loutslaya-Con. |  | Deg. min. sec. | Deg. min. sec. |  |
| 237 | South Point, (Gordcn's island.) | Entrance of Mississippi river, near S. Pass, S. W. side. | $28 \quad 59 \quad 42$ | $\begin{array}{lll}89 & 07 & 24\end{array}$ | 14 |
| 238 | Pleasonton's Island. | E. Lake Pontchartrain, near mouth Pearl river. |  |  | 10 |
| 239 | Tchefuncta River. | Lake Pontchartrain, near Madisonville. |  |  | 9 |
| 240 | Point De Fer. | At the entrance of river Teche, or Atchafalaya bay. | $29 \quad 19 \quad 30$ | $91 \quad 33 \quad 00$ | 15 |
| 241 | Port Pontchartrain.-- | Near east end of railroad |  |  | 10 |
| 242 | Pass Manchac. | Mouth of Pass Manchac, between Lakes Maurepas and Pontchartrain. |  |  | 9 |
| 243 | New Canal | Lake Pontchartrain, entrance of said canal. |  |  | 9 |
| 244 | Vermillion Bay | Near SW. entrance to said bay, on Marsh island. |  |  | 14 |
| 245 | Bon Fouca-------- | Near mouth of Bayou Bon Fouca. |  |  | 4 |
| 246 | Chandeleur Island.- | On north end of said island .- |  |  | 9 |
| 247 | Proctorsville Beacon. | On Lake Borgne |  |  | 1 |
| 248 | Grand River | Mouth of Grand river, Fairport, Lake Erie. | $41 \quad 53 \quad 00$ | $81 \quad 23 \quad 00$ | \} 13 |
| 249 | Grand River Beacon- | Mouth of Grand river .......- |  |  |  |
| 250 | Cleveland | Cleveland harbor, Lake Erie.- | 413100 | $81 \quad 51 \quad 00$ | 7 |
| 251 | Cleveland Beacon..- | Cleveland harbor, Lake Erie.- |  |  | 4 |
| 252 | VermillionRiver Beacon. | On pier, Vermillion harbor, Lake Erie. |  |  | 1 |
| 253 | Turtle Island. | On said island, mouth of Maumee hay, Michigan. |  |  | 11 |
| 254 | Sandusky - | Near entrance Sandusky bay .- |  |  | 11 |
| 255 | Port Clinton | On Lake Erie, NW. of Sandusky bay. |  |  | 6 |
| 256 | Conneaut River Beaonn. | On Lake Erie, NE. corner of Ohio. |  |  | 6 |
| 257 | Mouth Huron River Beacon. | On Lake Erie, Huron county- |  |  | 8 |
| 258 | Mouth Black River.- | On Lake Erie, Lorain county.- |  |  | 8 |
| 259 | Ashtabula Beacon... | On Lake Erie, Ashtabula co. .- |  |  | 7 |
| 260 | Cedar Point Beacon. | Entrance of Sandusky bay..- |  |  | 6 |
| 261 | Western Sister Island | On W. Sister island, W. part of Lake Erie. |  |  | 10 |

## THE UNITED STATES－Continued．

| No． |  | Fixed or revolving． |  |  |  |  |  | Remarks． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Huch． |  | Min．sec． | Miles | Feet．in． | Feet．in． |  |  |
| 237 | 21 | Revolving |  | 21 |  | 5400 | 1831 | Refitted in 1842；house and |
| 238 | 14 | Fixed． |  | 14 |  | 4500 | 1833 | Formerly revolving． |
| 239 | 14 | Fixed． |  | 14 |  | 3000 | 1837 |  |
| 240 | 15 | Fixed． |  | 17 | 7000 | 6500 | 1826 | Tower and keeper＇s dwell－ ing repaired in 1850 ． |
| 241 | 14 | Revolving－ |  | 14 | 3000 | 2800 | 1838 |  |
| 242 | 14 | Fixed |  | 13 | 3400 | 3200 | 1838 | Red light；rebuilt in 1846， on south side of the Pass． |
| 243 | 14 | Fixed |  | 13 | 3000 | 2800 | 1838 |  |
| 244 | 16 | Revolving． |  | 16 |  | 5400 | 1839 |  |
| 245 | 14 | Fixed |  | 12 |  | 3000 | 1848 |  |
| 246 | 21 | Fixed． |  | 14 |  | 5500 | 1848 |  |
| 247 | 14 | Fixed． |  |  |  |  | 1850 |  |
| 248 | 14 | Fixed． |  | 15 | 9100 | 5500 | 1825 | Light－house on the main land；a beacon on a pier． |
| 249 | 14 | Fixed |  | 11 | 2400 |  | 1835 |  |
| 250 | 14 | Fixed． |  | 15 | 14000 | 5500 | 1829 | Light－house on the main land；a beacon on a pier． |
| 251 | 14 | Fixed |  |  |  |  | 1831 |  |
| 252 | 14 | Fixed | compass | lamp | 8 wicks． | 3200 | 1847 |  |
| 253 | 14 | Fixed． |  | 14 | 4100 | 4000 | 1831 |  |
| 254 | 14 | Fixed |  | 16 | 6000 | 5500 | 1831 |  |
| 255 | 14 | Fixed |  | 14 | 4500 | 4000 | 1832 |  |
| 256 | 15 | Fixed． |  |  |  |  | 1835 | Beacon on a pier． |
| 257 | 15 | Fixed． |  | 14 | 4000 | －－－－－－－－ | 1835 | Beacon on a pier． |
| 258 | 15 | Fixed－ |  | 14 | 4000 |  | 1836 | Beacon on a pier． |
| 259 | 15 | Fixed－ |  | 14 | 4000 |  | 1835 | Beacon on a pier． |
| 260 | 14 | Fixed． |  | 13 | 3700 |  | 1839 | Beacon light on ke eper＇ dwelling． |
| 261 | 14 | Fixed－－－－－ |  |  |  | 4000 | 1847 |  |

LIST OF LIGHT-HOUSES OF


## THE UNITED STATES-Continued.

| No. |  | Fixed or revolving. |  |  |  |  |  | Remarks. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Inch. |  | Min. sec. | Miles | Feet. in. | Feet. in. |  |  |
| 262 | 15 | Fixed...-- |  | 16 | 7400 | 6500 | 1825 | Rebuilt in 1829. |
| 263 | 14 | Fized. |  | 14 |  | 4000 | 1837-8 |  |
| 264 | 14 | Fixcà... |  | 14 | 4600 | 4000 | 1849 |  |
| 265 | 14 | Fixed. |  | 17 | 11200 | 3000 | 1839 |  |
| 266 | 14 | Fixed- |  | $16 \frac{1}{2}$ | 6500 | 3000 | 1831 | And one beacon lamp on pier. |
| 267 | 14 | Fixed-.-.- |  | 14 | 4500 | 4080 | 1832 | Refitted in 1841. |
| 268 | 14 | Fixed |  | 14 |  | 4000 | 1838 |  |
| 269 | 14 | Fixed. |  | 14 | 4000 | 3000 | 1839 |  |
| 270 | 14 | Fixed---- |  | 14 |  | 3000 | 1839 |  |
| 271 | 14 | Fixed-... |  | 14 | -...-.-- | 2500 | 1839 |  |
| 272 | 14 | Revolving. |  | 16 |  | 3000 | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} 1839 \& \\ 1840 \end{array}\right\|$ |  |
| 273 | 14 | Fixed. .-. |  | 14 | 4200 | 3000 | 1839 |  |
| 274 | 14 | Fixed....- |  | 18 | 12000 | 3000 | 1836-7 |  |
| 275 | 14 | Fixed. |  | 15 |  | 6500 | 1841 |  |
| 276 | 14 | Fixed. |  |  |  | 2200 | 1847 |  |
| 277 | 14 | Fixed-... |  |  |  | 6500 | 1847 |  |
| 278 | 14 | Fixed. |  |  |  | 6500 | 1847 |  |
| 279 | 14 | Fixed....- |  | .- |  | 6500 | 1847 |  |
| 280 | 14 | Fixed..... |  | -- |  | 6500 | 1848 |  |
| 281 | 14 | Fixed.-. |  |  |  | 2500 | 1850 |  |
| 282 | 14 | Fixed-... |  |  |  | 6000 | 1849 |  |
| 283 | 14 | Fixed...- |  |  |  |  | 1849 |  |
| 284 | 14 | Fixed-.-- |  |  |  |  | 1849 |  |
| 285 | 14 | Fixed. |  |  |  | 2500 | 1850 |  |

## LIST OF LIGHT-HOUSES OF



THE UNITED STATES-Continued.


FLOATING LIGHTS OF

| State. | No. |  | Name. | Where situated. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Massarhusetts" ${ }^{\text {T, }}$ | 1 | 129 |  | Light boat sent to replace Minot's Rock light-house destroyed. On Cross Rip, NW. of Nantucket.- |
|  | 2 | 125 | Tuckanuck S |  |
|  | 3 | 145 | Vineyard Soun | Near the rocks called "Sow \& Pig |
|  | 4 | 145 | Pollock's Rip | Off Chatham, Massachuse |
| Connecticut......- | 5 | 145 | Bar | On said |
|  | 6 | 41 | Eel Grass Shoal | On said shoal |
| New York (dist).. | 7 | 100 | Stratford Point.-...--- | Off said point, on Middle"Ground Long Island sound. Seven miles outside of Sandy Hook in fifteen fathoms water. |
|  | 8 | 230 | Sandy Hook -------- |  |
| Delaware (dist).-- | 9 | 195 | Five Fathom Bank |  |
|  | 10 | 131 | Upper Middle Shoal, No. 2. | Near the middle of Delaware bay, NW. of Brandywine shoals. |
| Maryland. | 11 | 721 | Hooper's Straits | In Chesapeake bay, E. side, and S. of Hooper sisland. |
| Virginia (dist) ... | 12 | 120 | Smith's Point $\qquad$ <br> Craney Island $\qquad$ | Southeast of said point, in Chesapeake bay, and SE. of mouth of Potomac river. |
|  | 13 | 70 |  | Near said island, west side of entrance to Elizabeth river and to Norfolk, \&c. |
|  | 14 | 400 | Willoughby's Spit | South side of entrance to Hampton Roade, S. part of Chesspeake bay. |
|  | 15 | 180 | Wolftrap Shoals | Between the mouths of York and Rappahannock rivers. |
|  | 16 | 125 | Windmill Point | Off Windmill Point, N. side of entrance to the Rappabannock. |
|  | 17 | 54 | Bowler's Rook | In the Rappahannock river, near said rock. |
|  | 18 | 72 | Upper Cedar Poin | Off said point, below the Narrows, and about 44 miles below Mount Vernon. |
|  | 19 | 72 | Lower Cedar Point | In the Potomac river, between said point and Yates' Point, above |
| North Carolina... | 20 | 145 | Long Shoal...-.....-. | In Pamplico sound, northerly part, on east point of said shoal. |
|  | 21 | 140 | Southwest point of Royal Shoal. | On the point of said shoal, Pamplico sound, west, 9 miles from Ocracoke light. |
|  | 22 | 70 | Nine Feet Shoal...-... | About four miles N. by W. of Ocracoke light, and NE. side of Royal shoal. |
|  | 23 | 125 | Mouth of Neuse River- | Near entrance of said river into Pamplico sound, off Marsh Point |
|  | 24 | 125 | Brant Island Shoal....- | On the point of said shoal, in south part of Pamplico sound. |
|  | 25 ${ }_{2} 26$ | $\begin{array}{r}72 \\ 0 \\ \hline 6\end{array}$ | Harbor Island......... | On Harbor island bar, between Pamplico and Core sounds. |

## THE UNITED STATES.

| No. | Number of lights or lamps, with the number of wicks in each, and the elevation of each light above the surface of the sea. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Two lamps, 12 cylindrical wicks each, one on the foremast, 42 feet, the other on after mast, 45 feet elevation, (rebuilt in 1843,) and stationed here in 1851. | 182 |
| 2 | One lamp with 8 cylindrical wicks, elevated about 38 feet above the sea...- | 1828 |
| 3 | Two lamps, 9 wicks each, elevated, one 40, the other 50 feet above the sea.- | 1847 |
| 4 | One lamp with 9 wicks, elevated about 40 f | 1849 |
| 5 | One lamp with 9 wicks, 45 feet elevation ; (new boat substituted in 1848, of 145 tons.) | 1848 |
| 6 | One lamp with 12 cylindrical wicks, (transferred from Bartlett's reef in 1849)- | 1835 |
| 7 | Two lamps, one on fore and the other on mainmast, each lamp 9 cylindrical wicks. | 1837 |
| 8 | Two lamps, one on foremast, 50 feet, the other on mainmast, 60 feet elevation, each lamp 9 cylindrical wicks. | 1823 |
| 9 | Two lamps, one on foremast, 40 feet, the other on mainmast, 45 feet elevation, 12 cylindrical wicks. | 1839 |
| 10 | One lamp, 12 cylindrical wicks, about 45 feet elevation (rebuilt in 1845) --- | 1823 |
| 11 | One lamp, 11 cylindrical wicks (rebuilt in | 1827 |
| 12 | Two lamps, 11 cylindrical wicks each, one on foremast, $34 \frac{1}{2}$ feet, the other on mainmast, 39 feet elevation. | 1821 |
| 13 | One lamp at masthead, 33 feet elevation. | 1820 |
| 14 | Two lamps, 3 cylindrical wicks each, forward one 41 feet, after one 32 feet elevation, (iron boat substituted in 1847.) | 1821 |
| 15 | Two lamps, 12 cylindrical wicks each, forward one 30 , after one 38 feet elevation | 1821 |
| 16 | One lamp with 5 cylindrical wicks in use, $40 \frac{2}{3}$ feet eleva | 1834 |
| 17 | One lamp | 1835 |
| 18 | One lamp with 6 cylindrical wicks, 34 feetelevation from | 1821 |
| 19 | One lamp with 12 cylindrical wicks, 33 feet elevation from deck. | 1837 |
| 20 | One lamp with 9 cylindrical wicks, at about 40 feet elevation | 1825 |
| 21 | One lamp with 11 cylindrical wicks, at about 40 feet clevation. | 1826 |
| 22 | One lamp with 9 cylindrical wicks, at 40 feet elevation | 1827 |
| 23 | One Iamp with 9 cylindrical wicks, at 40 fect elevation. | 1828 |
| 24 | One lymp with 9 cylindrical wicks, at 40 feet elevation | 1831 |
| 25 | One lamp with 9 cylindrical wicks, at 40 feet clevation | 1836 |
| 26 |  |  |

FLOATING LIGHTS OF

| State. | No. | ¢ ¢ mid cin | Name. | Where situated. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| N. Carolina-Con. | 27 | 72 | Ronnoke Island......-. | Between Promplico and Albemarle sounds, near said island. <br> Near its entrance into Albemarle sound. <br> On said shoe, between the new inlet and Price's creek, in Cape Fear river. |
|  | 28 | 130 | Mouth of Roanoke River |  |
|  | 29 | 72 | Horse Sho |  |
| South Carolina..- | 30 | 72 | St. Helena Bar....... | On said bar, off the entrance to St . Helena sound, and to Combahee and Morgan rivers. |
| Georgia .-.-.-...- | 31 32 | 125 | Tybee Channel, or Martin's Industry. | At Martin's Industry, about fifteen miles eastward of Tybee light. Off the knoll north af Tybee island |
|  |  |  |  | Savannah river. |
| Florida . .-.-....- | $33^{\circ}$ |  |  |  |
|  | $34{ }^{\circ}$ $35^{\circ}$ |  |  |  |
| Michigan ......... | $36^{\circ}$ |  |  |  |
| Louisiana......... | 37 | 400 | Merrill's Shell Bank, (iron boat ) <br> Ship Shoal Pleasontan. | At Merrill's shell bank...---....- |
|  | 38 | 160 | Ship Shoal Pleasonton. | On the inside of the western end ol Ship island shoal, in five fathome of water, near Dernier (or Last) island. |
|  | 39 40 | 72 145 | Atchafalaya Bay Galveston Bar. | In Atchafalaya bay -.............- |
| Texas-....---..-- |  |  |  |  |

- Light-house in place.


## THE UNITED STATES-Continued.

| No. | Number of lights or lamps, with the number of wicks in each, and the elevation of each light above the surface of the sea. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 27 | One lamp with 12 cylindrical wicks, at 38 feet elevation ...-..---------------- | 1835 |
| 28 | One lamp with 9 cylindrical wicks, at about $42 \frac{2}{3}$ feet elevation, (seen ordinarily 15 miles.) | 1835 |
| 29 |  | 1850 |
| 30 |  | 1838 |
| 31 | One lamp with 4 cylindrical wicks, at about 40 feet elevation from deck.-.- | 1839 |
| 32 |  | 1848 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 33 \\ & 34 \\ & 35 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 36 \\ & 37 \end{aligned}$ | One lamp (placed on this station by order of the Secretary of the Treasury).- | 1847 |
| 38 | Two lamps and lantern with 8 wicks, one elevated 45 , the other 30 feet.... | 1849 |
| 39 | One lamp with 12 wicks, 35 feet elevation | 1849 |
| 40 |  | 1849 |

## INDEX.

A.

## c.

No. Page.
Cape Pege ..... 62396
Chatham, 2 lights ..... $63 \quad 396$
Cape May. ..... 147406
Cape Henlopen ..... 158408
Cape Henlopen Beacon ..... 159468
Cedar Island ..... 136 ..... 406
Cumberland Head ..... 142406
Christiana River ..... 163408
Cohanzy Creek ..... 149406
Concord Poiat, Havre de Grace ..... 171410
Cove Point ..... 172410
Clay Island. ..... $175 \quad 410$
Cape Henry ..... 180 ..... 412
Cape Hatteras ..... 190412
Cape Lookout ..... 194414
Charleston and Beacon ..... 199414
Cleveland and Beacon ..... 250 \& 251 ..... 421)
Conneaut River Beacon ..... 256420
Cedar Point Beacon ..... $260 \quad 420$
Cat Island ..... 230418
Cape Florida ..... 216416
Coxsackie ..... 111402
Chicago and Beacon ..... 287424
Choctaw Point ..... 228418
Cattaraugus Beacon ..... 124404
Crossover Island Beacon ..... 141406
Cape Carnaval ..... 215416
Cape St. George ..... 220416
Cape St. Blas ..... 224418
Chandeleur Island ..... 246420
Clinton River ..... $276 \quad 422$
Copper Harbor ..... 280422
Campbell's Island ..... 198414
Cockspur Island Beacon ..... 212416
Dice's Head ..... $18 \quad 392$
Dumpling Rock ..... 70399


| M |  |  | P. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mouth Black Rive | 258 | 420 | Proctorsville Beaco |  | 0 |
| - | 227 | 418 | Parmet Har | 81 | 400 |
| Monhegan Isla | 11 | 390 | Por |  | 390 |
| aukie | 289 | 42 | Peti |  | 390 |
|  | 292 | 424 | Pond |  | 390 |
| Michigan City | 28 | 42 | Pemaqu | 15 | 390 |
| (royed | 80 | 398 | Portsmouth, (or Newcastle). | 35 | 394 |
| Maurice River | 152 | 408 | Plumb Island, (Mass.) 2 lights.. | 41 | 394 |
|  |  |  | Plymouth | 43 | 394 |
|  |  |  | Point Gamm | 64 | 398 |
| Negro Island .-...................... |  | 392 | Point Jud | 4 | 0 |
| Nashe's Island |  | 392 | Po | 0 | - |
| Nantucket Light .................... | 59 | 396 | Pl | 8 | 4 |
| Nantucket Beacon .................. |  | 396 | Portland H8 | 0 | 4 |
| Nantucket Harbor Light. |  | 396 | Pr | 33 | 4 |
| Nobsque Point |  | 398 | Presque Isle, (Pa | 54 | 408 |
| Ned's Point |  |  | Presque Isle Beacon | 5 | 408 |
| Newport $\qquad$ <br> Nauset Beach, 3 beacon lights $\qquad$ | 82 | 400 | Pool's Islan | 9 | 0 |
|  | 73 | 398 | Po | 3 |  |
| Nantucket Cliff Beacons............ | 75 | 398 | P | 7 | 410 |
| Nayat Point | 88 | 400 | Pamptico Poin | 1 | 412 |
| New London |  | 400 | Port | 255 | 420 |
| Norwalk Island |  | 402 | Pleasonton's | 238 | 420 |
| Niagara Fort | 130 | 404 | Pass Christia | 31 | O |
| North Point, 2 lights | 167 | 410 | Point de | 0 | 20 |
| New Point Comfort | 183 | 412 | Pensa | 222 | 18 |
| North Island | 201 | 414 | Port Pontcha | 1 | 420 |
| New Canal | 243 | 420 | Pass | 242 | 420 |
| New Buffalo and Beacon North Dumplin | $\begin{aligned} & 271 \\ & 102 \end{aligned}$ | 422 | Pottawattam | 74 | 422 |
|  |  | 402 | Presque Isle, (Mi | 272 | 422 |
| 0. |  |  | Prospect Harb | 32 | 392 |
| Owl's Head ........................ 12390 |  |  | Point aux Bar | 277 | 42 |
| Old Field Point ...................... 1 | 106 | 402 | Palmer's Islan | 79 | 398 |
| Oswego ................................ 1 | 123 | 404 | Passaic Riv | 153 | 408 |
| Ogdensburg $\qquad$ 132404 <br> Old Point Comfort <br> 181412 |  |  | Price's Creek, 2 beac | 197 | 414 |
|  |  |  | R. |  |  |
| Ocracoke ............................. 19 |  | 412 |  |  |  |
|  |  | Oak Island, 2 beacon lights........ 195414 |  | Rondout Creek | 115 | 404 |
| Orton's Point ......................... 196414 |  |  | Robbin's Reo | 135 | 406 |
| Oyster Beds Beacon................ 211416 |  |  | Reedy | 64 | 408 |
|  |  |  | Racoon Key | 200 | 414 |
| P. |  |  | Round Island | 232 | 418 |
| Port De Mort ..................... 296424 |  |  | Root Rive | 290 | 424 |
| Port Washington................... 295 |  | 424 | Rock Island Beacon | 139 | 406 |


[For the names, locations, \&c., of the floating lights in the United States, 40 in number, see pages $426,427,428$, and 429 ]

## J.

[Paper accompanying report from Light-house Board of March 13, 1858, in reply to a call of the department upon Sonate resolution of February 1, 1858.]

## LIST OF THE MEMBERS OF THE LIGHT-HOUSE BOARD OF THE UNITED STATES.

Organized in confurmity to the act of Congress approved August 31, 1852.

Hon. Howerw Cobs, secretary of the Treasury, ex offcio President.
Commodore W, B. Skuprick, I. S. Navy, Chairman,
Brevet Brig. Gen. Jos. G. Totten, Chief Engineer, U. S. Army.
Capt. A. A. Humpereys, J. S. Corps Topographical Engineers.
Prof A, D. Bache, LL. D., Superintendent Coast Survey.
Prof. Jos. Hevre, LL. D., Secretary of Smithsonian Instiution.
Captaín Samurl Barron, U. S. Navy.
Commander Thornton A. Jenelns, U. S. Navy,
Captbin W, B Franklin, U. S. Corps Top. Enga., $\}$ Secretariene.

## LIST OF LIGHT-HOUSE INSPECTION DISTRICTS, WITH THE NAMES AND RESIDENCES OF THE INSPECTORS.

## FIRST DISTRICT.

Embracing all lights, \&c., from northeast boundary, Maine, to Hampton harbor, N. H. Commander 'Cheodore P. Green, U. S. Navy, Portland, Muine.

SECOND DISTRICT.
Embracing all lights, sc., from Hampton harbor, N. H., to Gooseberry Point, Mass. Commander Melancton Smith, U. S. Navy, Boston, Mass.
teird district.
Embracing all lights, \&c., from Gooseberry Point, Massachusetts, to Squam inlet, New Jersey, including Lake Champlain and Hudson river. Commander J. P. McKinstry, U. S. Navy, New York.
moUrth district.
Embracing all lights, \&c., from Squam inlet, New Jersey, to Metomkin inlet, Virginia, including Delaware bay and tributaries.

Commander E. M. Yard, U. S. Navy, Philadelphia.
fifth district.
Embracing all lights, \&c., from Metomkin inlet, Virginia, to New River inlet, North Carolina, including Chesapeake bay and tributaries, Albemarle and Pamplico Sounds. Lieutemant W. H. Murdaugh, U. S. Navy, Norfolk, Virginia.

SIXTH DISTRICT.
Embracing all lights, \&cc, from New River inlet, North Carolina, to Mosquito inlet, Florida.

Commander Thomas T. Hunter, U. S. Navy, Wilmington, North Carolina.
seventh district.
Embracing all lights, \&c , from Mosquito inlet, Florida, to Egmont Key, Florida
Lieutenant Bayse N. Westcott, U. S. Navy, Key West, Florida.
mighte distaict.
Embracing all lights, \&c., from St. Mark's, Florida, to Barrataria bay, Louisiana, including Mississippi river, and all lakes and bays adjacent to the coast between these limits.

Commander Raphael Semmes, U. S. Navy, Mobile, Alabama.
NLNTH DISTRICT.
Embracing all lights, \&c , from Barrataria bay, Louisiana, to Rio Grande, Texas. Lieutenant W. H. Stevens, U. S. Engineers, Galveston, Texas.
tENTH DISTRICT.
Embracing all lights, \&c., on lakes Erie and Ontario, and the rivers St. Lawrence and Niagara, and their tributaries.

Lieutenant John Van McCollum, U. S. Navy, Buffalo, New Fork.
rleventh mistrict.
Embracing all lights, \&c., on lakes St. Clair, Huron, Michigan, Superior, and Green bay, and their tributaries.

Commander Gustavus H. Scott, U. S. Navy, Detroit, Michigan.
TWELFTL DISTRICT.
Embracing all lights, \&c, on the coast of California, Oregon, and Washington.
Commander John DeCamp, U. S. Navy, San Francisca.

## LIST OF COLLECTORS OF CUSTOMS ACTING AS SUPERINTENDENTS OF LIGHTS IN THEIR RESPECTIVE COLLECTION DISTRICTS.

| T. D. Jones. . . . . . . . . . . . Elleworth, Maine. | James E. Gibble. . . . . . . . . Beaufort, N. C. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Moses Macdonald. ........ Portland, Maine. | James T. Miller........... Wilmington, N. C. |
| Augustus Jenkins. . . . . . . Portsmouth, N. H. | W. F. Colcock............ Oharleston, S. C. |
| J. B. Bowdish ...... ...... Burlington, Vermont. | J. N. Merriman........... . Georgetown, S. C. |
| A. W. Austin. . . . . . . . . . Boston, Mass. | Benj. R. Bythewood. ...... Beavfort, S. C. |
| S. P. Phinney. . . . . . . . . . Barnstable, Mass. | John Boston .... ......... Savannah, Georgia. |
| C. B. H. Fessenden. . . . . . New Bedford, Mass. | Felix Livingston.......... Fernandina, Plorida. |
| Constant Norton . . . . . . . . Edgartown, Mass. | J. A. Baratte. . . . . . . . . . . St. Mary's, Georgia. |
| Eben W. Allen. .......... . Nantucket, Mass. | Woodford Mabry. . . . . . . . Darien, Georgia. |
| William Littlefield........ Newport, Rhode Island. | Thaddeus Sandford.. ...... Mobile, Alabama. |
| Henry Hobart. ....... ...New London, Conn. | Robert Eager. ............. Shieldsborough, Miss. |
| Minot A. Osborne. . . . . . . . New Haven, Conn. | Joseph Sierra. ............ Pensacola, Florida. |
| Wm. Howland. . . . . . . . . . Sackett's Harbor, N. Y. | Paul Arnau. .............. St. Augustine, Florida. |
| P. M. Bromley ............. Rochester, N. Y. | John P. Baldwiv. . . . . . . . Key West, Florida. |
| E. B. Talcott. . . . . . . . . . . . Oswego, N. Y. | Hugh Archer . . . . . . . . . . .st. Mark's, Morida. |
| Abram V. E. Hotchkiss.....Lewiston, N. Y. | Thomas Ledwith. ......... Jacksonville, Florida. |
| John 'T. Hudson . . . . . . . . . Buffalo, N. Y. | R. J. Floyd. . . . . . . . . . . . Apalachicola, Morida. |
| Horace Moody.......... . Ogdensburg, N. Y. | F. H. Hatch. . . . . . . . . . . New Orleans, Louisiana. |
| J. M. Terbell . . . . . . . . . . Sag Harbor, N. Y. | R N. McMilun, .......... Tranklin, Louisiana, |
| A. Schell. . . . . . . . . . . . . . New York, N. $\mathbf{X}$. | Hamilton Stuart. ..........Galveston, T'oxas, |
| Henry B. Smith. . . . . . . . . Plattsburg, N. Y. | D. M. Stapp............... La salle, Texas. |
| Theophilus Peugnet. ...... Cape Vincent, N. Y. | James H. Durst....... ...Point Isabel, Texas. |
| Thomas D. Winner. ...... Somer's Point, N. J. | G. S. Patterson........ ...Sandusky, Ohio. |
| Stephen Willits. . . . . . . . . . Little Egg Harbor, N. J. | D. Coghlin. . . . . . . . . . . . . Toledo, Ohio. |
| John Brawley.............. Erie, Pennsylvania. | Rnbert Parks ............. Oleveland, Ohio. |
| Jesse Sharp.............. Wilmington, Delaware. | M. Shoemaker............ Detroit, Michigan. |
| J. T. Mason............... . Baltimore, Maryland. | J. A. T. Wendell . . . . . . . Michilimackinac, Mich. |
| Samuel T. Sawyer. ........ Norfolk, Virginia. | Jacob Pry.... ............ Ohicago, Illinois. |
| George T. Wright. ........Tappahannock, Virginia. | John A. Watson. . . . . . . . Monterey, California. |
| John S. Parker ........... . .kastville, Virginia. | B. F. Washington........ . San Pranciseo, California. |
| Edward S. Hough. ....... . Alexandria, Virginia. | J. M. Covarrubius. . . . . . . San Diego, California. |
| L. D. Starke ............ Elizabeth City, N. C. | John Adair . . . . . . . . . . . . Oregon. |
| Joseph Ramsey........... Plymouth, N. $\mathbf{C}$. | Barclay J. Burns . . . . . . . O. Perpetua, Gardiner, Or. |
| H. F. Hancock .......... Washington, N. C. | Morris H. Frost. . . . . . . . . Puget's Sound. |
| Oliver S. Dewey . . . . . . . . Ocracoke, N. C. | John G. Downey. . . . . . . . San Pedro, California. |

## TO MARINERS.

Treasury Drpartment, Office Light-house Board, Washinglon City, January 1, 1858.

Mariners and others interested in commerce and the preservation of life and property from loss by shipwreck on the coasts of the United States are earnestly requested to give prompt information to the inspectors or superintendents of lights, or, by direct communication, to the Light-house Board, of cases in which lights are not lighted punctually at sunset and extinguished at sunrise, or in which they are not properly attended to during the night, or in which light vessels or buoys are out of position, and of all cases in which the published instructions are not strictly complied with, that the board may, with as little delay as possible, apply the proper remedy, and prevent neglect of duty on the part of persons connected with the lights, beacons, and buoys of the United States.

By order of the Board:

W. B. SHUBRICK, Chairman,

$\left.\begin{array}{l}\text { Tbornion A. Jenkins, } \\ \text { W. B. Frankiln, }\end{array}\right\}$ Secretaries.

## NOTES AND REFERENCES.

The lights of the United States are arranged in their regular geographical order from east to west, commencing at the first light nearest to the northeastern boundary, and following the seacoast to the entrances of the sounds, buys, rivers, \&c. The lights of each estuary are arranged in regular order from the sea to the head of navigation, under separate refer ences ; after which, the next seacoast light will be found in its order. In some instances seacoast lights have been repeated for convenience of reference.

The lights on the northern lakes are arranged in order of location under separate references at the end of the general list.

The names of the lights are printed as follows, viz:
1st. PRIMARY SEACOAST LIGHTS.
2d. Secondary seacoast hahts, and lake-coast lights.
3d. Light vessels.
4th. Kound, bay, river, and harbor lights.
In the column of "distance visible in nautical miles," will be found the distances at which the lights can be seen, under ordinary states of the atmosphere, by observers at elevations of fifteen fect above the level of the sea.

REFERENCES.
F. Fixed or steady light.
F. R. Fixed red light.

Flg. Flashing light.
F. V. F. Short eclipse or fixed light varied by flashes.
F.\& R.Flg. Hixed white light, with red flashes.

Revg. Revolving light.
Mag. Var. Magnetic variation.

Colored lights are specially noted by smal capitals in the column of Remarks.
$[+1]$. First order lens apparatus.
$[+2]$. Seoond order lens apparatus.
$[+3]$. Third order lens apparatus.
$[+4]$. Fourth order lens apparatus.
$[+5]$. Fifth order lens apparatus.
$[+6]$. Sixth order lens apparatus.
N. North ; S. South ; E. East ; and W. West.

List of the lights of the United States, embracing the Allantic,
MAINE.


Gulf, Lahe, and Pacifc coasts, corrected to January 1, 1858.
MAINE.


MAINE-Continued.


MAINE－Continued．

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
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B \&  \&  \& Remarks． <br>
\hline 25 \& F．．．．．．．． \& $$
\begin{array}{r}
1 \prime \prime \\
\ldots . . . .
\end{array}
$$ \& 13 \& Grey ．． \& 31 \& 70 \& $\left[\begin{array}{ll}+ & 3\end{array}\right]$ \& 1804 \& 1852 \& 1856 \& Fog－bell at this light． <br>
\hline 26 \& F．．．．．．．
F．．．．．．． \& $\ldots$ \& 16 \& White． \& 19
23 \& 100
39 \& $\left[\begin{array}{lll}+ & 4\end{array}\right]$ \& 1825
1832 \& －••＊ \& 1856

$\ldots .$. \& | Guide to vessels passing up and down the bay，and to Rockland harbor． A fog thell will be struck duriug fog－ gy weather by maclinery． |
| :--- |
| At the west end of Fox Island Tho－ roughfare． | <br>

\hline 28 \& F．R．．．．． \& ．．．．．． \& 12 \& Red．．．． \& 28 \& 41 \& $\left[\begin{array}{ll}+ & 5\end{array}\right]$ \& 1850 \& ． \& 1855 \& Red light． <br>
\hline 29 \& F．．．．．．．．． \& ．．．．． \& 121 \& White．． \& 23 \& 52 \& $\left[\begin{array}{ll}+ & 4\end{array}\right]$ \& 1835 \& ．．．．．． \& 1856 \& Tower sheathed with wood． <br>
\hline 30 \& F．．．．．．． \& ．．．．． \& 11 \& Red．．．． \& 28 \& 38 \& $[+5]$ \& 1850 \& ．．．．．． \& 1856 \& <br>
\hline 31 \& F．．．．．．．． \& ． \& 17 \& White． \& 42 \& 130 \& $\left[\begin{array}{ll}+ & 4\end{array}\right]$ \& 1828 \& ．．．．．． \& 1857 \& West side of entrance to Castine har－ bor，Maine． <br>
\hline 32 \& F．．．．．．．．． \& ．．．．． \& 16 \& White． \& 27 \& 103 \& $[+4]$ \& 1836 \& 1858 \& ．．．．．．． \& Marks the entrance to Penobscot river． <br>
\hline 33 \& Revg．rred \& 030 \& 13 \& White．． \& 26 \& 66 \& $\left[\begin{array}{l}+4]\end{array}\right.$ \& 1857 \& ．．．．．．． \& ， \& Tower white；lantern and keeper＇s dwelling red． <br>
\hline 34 \& F．．．．．．． \& ＊．．． \& 10 \& White．． \& 24 \& 31 \& $[+5]$ \& 1832 \& 1857 \& ．．．．．． \& Marking entrance to Herringgut har－ bor． <br>
\hline 35 \& Revg \& 100 \& 19 \& Grey ．． \& 36 \& 175 \& $[+2]$ \& 1824 \& 1851 \& 1856 \& This light is 19 miles from Matinicus， and 22 miles from Seguin Island light．A fog－bell，struck by machi－ nery，is placed about one mile west of the light． <br>
\hline 36 \& F．V，F．． \& 130 \& 12 \& White．． \& 35 \& 54 \& $[+4]$ \& 1806 \& 1855 \& ．．．．．． \& Guide to vessuls bound to Thomaston． <br>
\hline 37 \& F． \& ．．．．．． \& 141 \& White．． \& 82 \& 75 \& $[+4]$ \& 1887 \& ．．．．．． \& 1857 \& <br>
\hline 38 \& F． \& ． \& 13 \& White．． \& 24 \& 61 \& $[+4]$ \& 1821 \& ．．．．．． \& 1857 \& <br>
\hline 39 \& Revg．．．． \& 100 \& 12 \& White．． \& 30 \& 40 \& $[+5]$ \& 1829 \& ．．．．． \& 1857 \& Light on keeper＇s house；guide to Wiscassett． <br>
\hline 40 \& F．．．．．．． \& \& 13 \& White． \& 18 \& 54 \& $[+5]$ \& 1821 \& 1855 \& －．．．．． \& Fog bell；guide to vessels entering the Kennthec river． <br>
\hline 41 \& F．．．．．．． \& \& 20 \& Grey ．． \& 35 \& 180 \& $\left[\begin{array}{ll}+1\end{array}\right]$ \& 1795 \& 1857 \& $\cdots$ \& This light is 39 miles from Matinicus Rnck light， 46 miles from Boon Island light，and 21 miles from Manheigin and Cape Elizabeth lights．Fog－bell． <br>

\hline 48 \& F．and revg． \& 100 \& 17 \& White．． White． \& $$
\begin{aligned}
& 53 \\
& 53
\end{aligned}
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$$
\begin{aligned}
& 143 \\
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\] \& \[

\left[$$
\begin{array}{ll}
+ & 2 \\
+ & 2
\end{array}
$$\right]
\] \& 1828 \& ．．．．． \& 1858 \& Fog bell，struck by machinery．Illu－ minating apparatus 25 lamps and 21 －inch reflectors，to be changed to two $2 d$ order Jens． <br>

\hline 43 \& F．．．．．．．． \& ．．．． \& 141 \& White．． \& 49 \& 81 \& $\left[\begin{array}{ll}+4\end{array}\right]$ \& 1791 \& ．．．．．．． \& 1855 \& Fog－bell． <br>
\hline 44 \& F．R，．．． \& ．．．．．．． \& 8 \& White．． \& 17 \& 23 \& $[+6]$ \& 1855 \& $\ldots$ \& $\ldots$ \& Red． <br>
\hline 45 \& Revg．，red \& 100 \& 13 \& White． \& 47 \& 62 \& $[+4]$ \& 1808 \& ．．．．．．． \& 1857 \& Revolving red light；guide to Winter harbor，Maine． <br>
\hline 46 \& F．．．．．．． \& ．．．．．． \& 11 \& White．． \& 25 \& 38 \& $[+5]$ \& 1833 \& －．．．． \& 1857 \& Harbor of refuge． <br>
\hline 47 \& F．R．．．． \& ．．．．． \& 8 \& White． \& 11 \& 22 \& $[+6]$ \& 1856 \& ．．．．．． \& ．．．．．．． \& On nuter end of Kennebunk pier，and about three miles south of Goat Island light． <br>
\hline 48 \& F．．．．．．． \& ．$\cdot$ ． \& 1719 \& Grey ．． \& 123 \& 133 \& $[+2]$ \& 1812 \& －••．．． \& 1854 \& This light is 46 miles from Seguin light，and 30 miles from the iwo Jights on Thatcher＇s island，Cape Ann． <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

NEW HAMPSHIRE AND MASSACHUSETTB.


MASEACHUSETTS.


NEW HAMPSHIRE ANO MASSACHUSETTS.

|  | 荡 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Remarks. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 49 | F. V.F.. | 130 | 12 | White., | 40 | 58 | [ +4$]$ | 1829 | .... | 1855 | The tower is erected on a ledge. |
| 50 | F...... | ..... | 14 | White | 60 | 70 | $[+4]$ | 1804 | ..... | 1854 |  |
| 51 | Rerg..... | 030 | 15 | White. | 40 | 87 | $[+2]$ | 1821 | 1858 | ..... | Hluminating apparatus ten 1 rmps and 21-inch reflectore, to be changed to $2 d$ order revolving lens. |

MASSACHUSETTA.

| 52 |  |  | 13 | White.. | 38 | 54 | $\left[\begin{array}{ll}+ & 5\end{array}\right]$ | 1809 | ....... | 1856 | Octagonal wooden tower and emall square house for range light. The two are in range for crossing the bar in the best water, fseven feet at low tide.) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - | F.... |  |  | ..... ... | 15 | 20 | . | 1816 | 1857 | ...... | The bescon will be moved as the channel changes, so long as it can be made useful as a range. One lamp and 21 -inch reflector. |
| 53 | F. V. F.. | 130 | . 12 | White.. | 34 | 40 | $[+4]$ | 1837 | ....... | 1856 | Main light in eastern tower fixed, varien by flashes. Range in front small fixed light to guide across the |
| -... |  |  |  | Black. | 15 | 20 | $[+6]$ | 1837 | ...... | 1856 | bar in the best water. Channel changes frequently. Day-marks two brick towers. Best water at low tide at present 7 feet. |
| 54 | F,...... |  | $12 \frac{1}{1}$ | White.. | 35 | 50 | $\left[\begin{array}{c}+5\end{array}\right]$ | 1801 | ...... | 1857 | Outagonal wooden tower; harbor of r.fuge for sinall vessels. At low tide $6 \frac{4}{4}$ feet on the bar. |
| 55 | F....... |  | 11 | White.. | 24 | 33 | $[+6]$ | 1850 | ..... | 1857 | Octagonal tower; a local light for Rockport and the chamnel inside the Salvages. |
| 56 | $2 \mathrm{~F} . .$. |  | 16 | White.. | 45 | 98 | ...... | $\begin{aligned} & 1841 \\ & 1849 \end{aligned}$ | ....... | ..... | Two stone towers. Cape Ann forms the northernmost limit, of Masarchusetts bay. These lights are 30 miles from Boon Island light, 24 miles from Boston light, and 43 miles from Cape Cod (Highlands, Truro, light. A good channel inside of the island for small vessels. Londoner Rock sE. by E. $\frac{1}{\frac{1}{~}}$ mile. Illuminating apparatus 11 lamps and 21 -inch reffectors in each tower. |
| 57 | F....... |  | 13 | White.. | 33 | 60 | $[+4]$ | 1831 | ....... | 1857 | Brick tower; a guide to Cape Ann harbor, and also to vessels bound to Broad Sound or near Boston light. |
| 58 | F........ |  | 12 | White.. | 24 | 49 | $\left[\begin{array}{ll} \\ \hline\end{array}\right]$ | 1821 | ...... | 1856 | Stone tower; guide to Gloucester hatrbor. |
| 59 | 2 F |  | $\begin{aligned} & 15 \\ & 13 \end{aligned}$ | White.. White.. | $\begin{aligned} & 52 \\ & 29 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 87 \\ & 64 \end{aligned}$ | $\left[\begin{array}{ll} + & 4 \\ + & 4 \end{array}\right]$ | 1797 | ..... | 1857 | Southeustern tower round, built of rough stone; northwestern tower oclagonal, of the same materials; lanterns black. The two in range clear the SE. breakers. |
| 60 | F........ |  | 12 | White.. | 23 | 43 | $[+6]$ | 1835 | . | 1856 | Local light; serves for Marblehead and for western entrance to galem harbor. |
| 61 | F. A..... |  | 8 | White.. | 25 | 87 | $\left[\begin{array}{l}+5] \\ +2\end{array}\right]$ | 1856 |  | ... | Red light; light on keeper's điwelling. Guide to SWempscutt harbor. Building. |
| 62 | F........ |  |  |  |  |  | $[+2]$ |  |  | .... | Building. |
| 63 | 2 F...... | ..... | 12 | Straw color. | *.. | $\begin{aligned} & 45 \\ & 45 \end{aligned}$ | -• | 1843 | 1854 | . | Anchored in 15 fathoms off Minot's ledge; fog bell on board. Two reflector lights. |

MASSACHUSETTS-Continued.


MASSACHUSETTS-Continued.

|  | O |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Re.marks. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 64 | Revg .... |  | 16 | White.. | 69근 | 871 | .... | 1784 | . | 1856 | Rough stone circular tower; fog-hell; lantern straw color; illuminating apparatus fourteen lamps and 2Lineh reflectors. |
| 65 | F. R..... |  | $\cdots$ | Dark... | . | 35 | $[+6]$ | 1856 | - | . $\cdot$. ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | Red light. Screw pile light-house. A guide through the Narrows. This light, in range with Long Island Head light, leads clear of Harding's ledge |
| 66 | F...... | .... | 15 | White.. | 22 | 80 | $\left[\begin{array}{ll}+4\end{array}\right]$ | 1819 | ...... | 1855 | Iron tower painted white; lantern black. |
| 67 | F....... | ...... | 121 | White.. | 44 | 49 | $\left[\begin{array}{ll}+ & 4\end{array}\right]$ | 1812 | . | 1855 | Octagonal tower; lower part stone; upper part brick. Light to serve lucal purposes, and mark the approach to the Cohasset rocks. |
| 68 | 2F...... | ...... | 15 | White. | 33 | 93 | $\left[\begin{array}{ll}+6 \\ + & 6\end{array}\right]$ | 1769 | ...... | 1856 | Two octagonal wonden towers; serve as a range to clear Brown's bank coming from the southward and pastward, and as a guide into Plymouth harbor, Kingston, and Duxbury. |
| 69 | F. V.F.. | 130 | 11 | White.. | 28 | 35 | $\left[\begin{array}{ll}+4\end{array}\right]$ | 1816 | . | 1855 | Rubble stnne tower topped with brick; serves as a guide to enter Cape Cod bay. |
| 70 | F....... |  | 11 | Black. | 25 | 23 | $[+5]$ | 1826 | ......* | 1856 | Lantern on keeper's house, for local purposes, is seen from W ondend bar, and illuminates nearly the entire horizon into the harbor. |
| 71 | F........ |  | 6 | Red... | 25 | 26 | $\left[{ }_{[6} 6\right]$ | 1838 |  | 1856 | Harbor light on keeper's dwelling. |
| $72$ | F........ |  | 12 | White.. | 25 | 40 | $\left[\begin{array}{ll}+ & 4\end{array}\right]$ | 1857 |  |  | Building. |
| 73 | F....... | . | 11 | Red... | 28 | 33 | $\left[\begin{array}{l}+4\end{array}\right]$ | 18 \$6 | 1857 |  |  |
| 74 | F....... | ..... | 20 | White.. | 60 | 195 | $[+1]$ | 1797 | 1857 | . $\cdot$ | Brlck tower; lantern black; 43 miles from Oxpe Ann lights, 45 miles from Sanknty Head light, and 41 miles from Boston light. |
| 75 | 3 If 。 |  | 10 | White.. | 18 | 93 | $\left[\begin{array}{ll}{\left[\begin{array}{l}+ \\ +\end{array}\right]} \\ {[+6}\end{array}\right]$ | 1837 | ....... | 1856 | Three circular brıck towers, whitewashed; lanterns black. Abreast of these lights the tides divide and run in opposite directions. |
| 76 | 2 F |  | 14 | White. | 40 | 70 | $\left[\begin{array}{ll}+ & 4 \\ + & 4\end{array}\right]$ | 1808 | ....... | 1857 | Two circular towers; lant-rns black. Pollock Rip light vessel bears south; east end of broken ground of Pollock Rips bears $\mathbf{S}$ by E. |
| 77 | F....... |  | 12 | Ked.... | 30 | 45 | - | 1849 | ..... | 1855 | Reflector light; fog-hell; one red hoop-iron day mark at the masthead. A north course (mag.) from near this vasael, if made good, will take a vessel throngh the slue in three fathoms water at low tide. The black buoy, distant half mile north by enst from the vessel, must be left on the port hand. |
| 78 | F....... |  | 11 | Rod.... | 30 | 33 | $[+4]$ | 1823 | ..... | 1857 | Cast iron tower; lantern white with black dome. I'his and the Ohathum lights serve to guide vessels in going tbrough the north channel on the south side of the cape, passing north of the Hatidkerchief and Bishop and Clerks'. This light bearing NW. by W., $\frac{t}{\frac{t}{3}} \mathbf{W}$., will take a vessel in or out clear of Pollock rips. |
| 79 | F....... | .... | 11 | Green. | 38 | 40 | -*...* | 1852 | ....... | 1855 | Reflector light; fog-bell; one red hoop-iron day-mark at masthead. This vessal lies west from Pollock Rip light vessel. There is a black buoy near this vessel, on the point of the Shovelful shoal. |

MASSACHUSETTS—Continued.

|  | Name, | Location. |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | - 111 | - 111 |  |  |  |
| 80 | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered}\text { Handkerchief light- } \\ \text { vessel. }\end{gathered}\right.$ |  |  | 70 | - | ............... | -......... |
| 81 | (Nantucket, (Great Point.) | On Sandy or Great Point, the northeast extremity of Nantucket island. | 412322 | 700225 | 1 | .............. | ......... |
| 82 | SANKATY HEAD.... | On the southeast extremity of the island of Nantuckit, about south by west, 23 miles from Pollock Rip light vessel. | 411659 | 695735 | 1 | .............. | -*....... |
| 83 | Nantucket New South Shoals light vessel. | Placed about 2 miles south of the southern extremity of Davis' New South shoal of Nantucket, in 14 fathoms water. | 405630 | 695130 | 2 | . $\cdot$............ | Bell \& guns. |
| 84 | GAY HEAD.......... | On the western extremity of | 412052 | 704947 | 1 | ................ | ......... |
| 85 | Branch Point ...... | On Brant Point, entrance to Nantucket harbor, Mass. | 411724 | 700512 | 1 | ... ............ | $\cdot$ |
| 86 | Nantucket Beticon. | South side of Nantucket harbor, Mass. | 411624 | 700424 | 1 | . $\cdot$............. | ......... |
| 87 | N. E. Channel range | Stake ........... ........... | . | ... | 1 | ............... |  |
| 88 | Beacons. | On the beach, north of Nantucket harbor, Mass. | -........... | ........... | 2 | 300 ft . apart, NW. \& SE. | .... |
| 89 | Bass river .......... | On north side of Vineyard sound. | 413836 | 701104 | 1 | -..... ......... |  |
| 90 | Point Gammon . . . | North side of Vineyard sound, on the eastern side of entrance to Hyannis harbor, Mass. | 413633 | 701539 | 1 | ................. |  |
| 91 | Bishop and Clerks'. |  |  |  |  |  |  |

M.ISSACHUSETTS-Contimued.


MASSACHUSETTS-Continued.


MASSACHUSETTS-Oontinued.


MASEACHUSETTE-Continued.


RHODE ISLAND.


MASSACHUSETTS-Centinued.

|  |  |  |  | Color of tower or vessel. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Remarks. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 103 | F...... | $\left\|\begin{array}{cc} 1 & 11 \\ \ldots & \ldots \end{array}\right\|$ | 12 | White. | 32 | 42 | $[+5]$ | 1823 | .... | 1857 | Brick and stone tower; lantern black. In entering Buzzard's bay, bring the light to bear east distant three miles, and then steer northeast by east. |
| 104 | F....... | . $\cdot$ | 12 | White. | 33 | 42 | $[+5]$ | 1828 | . $\cdot$. | 1857 | Light on keeper's dwelling. Clark's Point light bears N. NE. |
| 105 | F....... | . | 12 | White. | 48 | 57 | $[+5]$ | 1800 | ...... | 1856 | Cuttyhunk light bears south $20^{\circ}$ west . distant 11 miles. |
| 106 | F....... | ... | 9 | White. | 28 | 32 | $\left[\begin{array}{l}+5\end{array}\right]$ | 1849 | ....... | 1856 | Lantern white. |
| 107 | F....... | . | 11 | White. | 32 | 43 | $\left[\begin{array}{ll}+ & 6\end{array}\right]$ | 1847 | $\ldots$ | 1856 | Lantern black. A guide to Mattapoisett harbor. |
| 108 | Revg..... | 120 | 10 | White. | 29 | 35 | $\left[\begin{array}{l}+5\end{array}\right]$ | 1819 | ....... | 1857 | Lantern black. A guide to Wareham and up the bay. |
| 109 | F....... |  | 10 | White. | 29 | 44 | $\mid[+5]$ | 1849 | ...... | 1856 | Light on keeper's house. A guide to the head of Buzzard's bay. |

RHODE ISLAND.

| 110 | 2F...... | . | 12 | Straw color. | . | $\begin{aligned} & 50 \\ & 40 \end{aligned}$ | ...... | 1853 | . | 1856 | Two reflector lights. Moored in 13 fathoms water; painted straw color, with "Brenton's Reef" in black letters on each quarter; fog-bell. Point Judith light bears SW. $\frac{2}{4}$ W., Beaver Tail, N.W.; Castle Hill Pt. N, by E. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 111 | F........ | ....... | 15 | Granite | 74 | 96 | $\left[\begin{array}{ll}+3\end{array}\right]$ | 1793 | 1856 | ...... | Square granite tower attached to southeast angle of keeper's dwelting; dwelling painted white. |
| 112 | F........ | ...... | 11 | White. | 13 | 30 | $\left[\begin{array}{ll}+ & 6\end{array}\right]$ | 1854 | , | .. . $\cdot$. | To guide vessels through the soubim entrance. There is bold water of the Lime rocks, but a long spit from south end of Goat island. |
| 113 | F........ | . $\cdot . .$. | 11 | White. | 29 | 33 | $\left[\begin{array}{ll}+ & 4\end{array}\right]$ | 1823 | ....... | 1857 | On end of breakwater. |
| 114 | F........ | ... .1 | 14 | White. | 35 | 56 | $[+4]$ | 1826 | 1857 | .... ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | Light on keeper's house; to guide through west channel of Narwagansett bay and to Dutch Island haibor. |
| 115 | F........ | .... | 12 | White. | 33 | 51 | + 5] | 1831 | ....... | 1855 | Light on keeper's house. |
| 116 | F......... | ...... | 10 | White. | 25 | 30 | $\left[\begin{array}{l}+5\end{array}\right]$ | 1852 | ...... | 1855 | Is a guide through east chamel and to Fall river. |
| 117 | F........ | - | 10 | White. | 28 | 35 | $[+6]$ | 1855 | ...... | . | Light on dwelling; to guide to. Fall river. |
| 118 | F........ | ....... | 14 | White, | 28 | 54 | $\left[\begin{array}{l}+4\end{array}\right]$ | 1826 | ...... | 1856 | Tower attached to south end of keeper's house, at the head of west channel, and can be seen after passing Dutch Island or choat Moland lights. |
| 119 | F......... | $\cdots$ | 12 | White. | 25 | 31 | $[+4]$ | 1828 | 1856 | ....... | Square tower; marks east side of entrance to Providence riwer. A rocky shoal extends of about 200 yards south and west of it ;, Connimicut Point sand spit and beacon are nearly opposite. |
| 120 | Revg .... | 015 | 14 | White. | 46 | 67 | $\left[\begin{array}{ll}+ & 4\end{array}\right]$ | 1810 | ..... | 1857 | Between and nearly in range with Beaver Tail and Block. Island lights. |
| 121 | F....... | ..... | 14 | White. | 50 | 65 | $\left[\begin{array}{ll}+4\end{array}\right]$ | 1829 | 1857 | ....... | Off the eastern eutrance to Long Island sound; to guide vessels clear of the low sand point extending from the north end of the island. The entire horizon is illuminated, but the are included between the bearings (going round by south) E. $35^{\circ} \mathrm{s}$. to 念. $25^{\circ} \mathrm{W}$. (true) will be hidden by the island. |

CONNECTICUT AND NEW YORK.


CONNECTICUT AND NEW YORK.

|  | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 号 曾 E B |  | Remarks. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 122 | F........ |  | 14 | Granite | 40 | 62 | $[+4]$ | 1808 | 1857 | ...... | Tower attached to southeast corner of dwelling. |
| 123 | F. V. F.. | 200 | 20 | White.. | 85 | 160 | $[+1]$ | 1795 | ...... | 1857 | Forty-seven nautical miles fomm Gay Head, $32 \frac{1}{1}$ from Great West bay, and $67 \frac{1}{3}$ from Fire Island lights. The flashes will be seen once in every two (2) minutes, and from 3 to 5 miles further than the fixed light, which will be seen within its range as a steady fixed light be- |
| 124 | F........ | ...... | 12 | White.. | 30 | 50 | $[+6]$ | 1823 | ..... | 1855 | Light on keeper's house; harbor light. |
| 125 | F........ |  | 10 | Lead color | … | 32 | . | 1835 | ..... | 1857 | Fog bell. This vessel is painted lead color, with the name of the station on each quarter in large black letters. Ship channel to the southward; North Dumpling light-house W. by S. $\frac{1}{2}$ S. |
| 126 | F.. |  | 11 | White.. | 34 | 44 | [ +6 ] | 1831 | ...... | 1855 |  |
| 127 | F. R..... |  | 12 | White.. | 25 | 70 | $\left[\begin{array}{cc}+6\end{array}\right]$ | 1848 | ...... | 1855 | Red light. |
| 128 | F....... |  | 14 | White. | 83 | 86 | $\left[\begin{array}{ll}+ & 4\end{array}\right]$ | 1800 | ...... | 1857 |  |
| 129 | 2 F...... | ...... | 10 | Straw color. | .... | $\begin{aligned} & 28 \\ & 35 \end{aligned}$ | . | 1848 | ...... | 1857 | Pog-bell. Two reflectorlights. |
| 130 | F........ | ...... | 13 | White. | 56 | 74 | $[+3]$ | 1806 | ...... | 1857 | Fog-bell, struck by machinery every 10 seconds; marks entrance to Long Island sound. |
| 131 |  |  | 6 | Brown. | 27 | 29 | $[+6]$ | 1855 | ...... | ...... | To guide vessels clear of northern end of Gardiner's island. |
| 132 | Revg | 0030 | 12 | White.. | 34 | 63 | $[+4]$ | 1827 | ...... | 1856 | To guide vessels through Plum Gut. |
| 133 | F.. |  | 10 | White. | 31 | 34 | [ +6$]$ | 1839 |  | 1855 | Light on keeper's house. |
| 134 | F........ |  | 13 | White. | 70 | 80 | $[+4]$ | 1803 | ...... | 1857 | To guide vessels into Connecticut river. |
| 135 |  |  | 3 | White. |  |  | $[+6]$ | 1856 | ...... | ..... |  |
| 136 | F........ | ...... | 3 | White. |  | .. | $[+6]$ | 1856 | ...... | ...... | To guide clear of Fishing pier. |
| 137 | F........ |  | 3 | White.. |  |  | [ +6$]$ | 1856 | ..... | ...... | To guide off a reef of rocks. |
| 138 | F. ...... |  | 10 | Red... |  | 40 | . | 1856 | ...... | . | One reflector light, fog-bell; sloop rigged; square cage day-mark, painted red; name painted on each quarter; moored in 71 fathoms water, about $\frac{1}{8}$ mile from the centre of the shoal. Bearings (mag.)Saybrook light-liouse, NE. $\frac{1}{2}$ N.; ${ }^{7}$ E.; Faulkner's Island light-house, W. $\frac{1}{4}$ N.; Cornfield Point, N.; Bartleth's Reef light-vessel, $\mathbf{E}$. by N. ; and Gull lsland light-house, E.SE. $\frac{7}{7}$ E. |
| 139 | F. | ..... | 18 | Red... | 30 | 110 | $\left[\begin{array}{ll} \\ +\end{array}\right]$ | 1857 |  | ..... |  |
| 140 | F. V. F.. | 130 | 15 | White. | 44 | 98 | $[+4]$ | 1801 | ..... | 1856 | To guide vessels through Long Island sound, and clear of reefs in the vicinity of the island. Ship chanto the southwand. |
| 141 | F. ...... |  | 15 | White. | 70 | 93 | $[+4]$ | 1805 | . | 1855 |  |

CONNECTICUT AND NEW YORK-Continued.


NEW YORK AND NEW JERSEY.

| MONTAUK POINT..... | On the extreme east end of Long Island, N. Y. | 410413 | 715106 | 1 | ................ | ......... |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| GREAT WEST BAY.... | On Pondquogue Point, on Lrong Island, north side of Shinnecock bay, and about midway between Montauk and Fire Island light-houses, N. Y. | 405100 | 723000 | 1 | ................ | ......... |

OONNEOTIOUT AND NEW YORK-Continued.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Remarks. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 142 | F. R..... |  | .... | White . | .... | 21 | $[+6]$ | 1854 |  |  | Red light. |
| 143 | Rev'g... | 130 | 12 | Black \& white | 33 | 53 | $[+4]$ | 1821 | . | 1857 | Toguide through Long Island sound. |
| 144 | 2 F...... | ...... | 10 | Straw color. | $\cdots$ | $\begin{aligned} & 32 \\ & 40 \end{aligned}$ | ... | 1837 | ...... | 1855 | Two reflector lights; fog-bell. Vessel painted straw color; name of station on each quarter in large black letters; moored in 11 fathoms water $\frac{\pi}{8}$ mile southwest of shoalest part of the reef; ship channel to the southward. Old Field Point, S. by W. $\frac{1}{4}$ W.; Stratfort Point lighthouse, N. |
| 145 | F. R..... | ....... | 6 | White. | ... | 23 | $[+6]$ | 1851 | -*....\| | 1854 | Red light; on west side of channel into Bridgeport harbor. |
| 146 | F....... |  | 13 | White . | 34 | 67 | $[+4]$ | 1823 | ....... | 1455 |  |
| 147 | F. |  | 12 | White. | 35 | 52 | $[+5]$ | 1808 | ....... | 1854 | Black rock; harbor of refuge. |
| 148 | F....... | ...... | 17 | White. | 56 | 138 | [ +3 | 1798 | ....... | 1857 |  |
| 149 | F. ...... | . $\cdot$. ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 10 | White . | 34 | 48 | $\left[\begin{array}{ll}+ & 5\end{array}\right]$ | 1857 | ...... | ..... |  |
| 150 | Revg 8. and W. | 110 | 11 | White . | 34 | 40 | $\left[\begin{array}{ll}+4\end{array}\right]$ | 1826 | ....... | 1857 | Revolving red and white light; to guide vessels through Long Island sound and into Norwalk river. S. SW. $\frac{1}{\frac{1}{8}}$ mile of the light-house is a ledge of rocks. |
| 151 | F....... | ....... | 12 | White. | 38 | 62 | $[+4]$ | 1829 | . $\cdot .$. | 1858 |  |
| 152 | F........ |  | 12 | White . | 42 | 54 | $[+4]$ | 1848 | ...... | 1856 | Fog-bell, rung by machinery. |
| 153 | Hevg..... | 30 | 15 | Whito. | 41 | 53 | $\left[\begin{array}{ll}+ & 4\end{array}\right]$ | 1809 | ...... | 1856 |  |
| 154 | F........ | - | 10 | White. | 61 | 65 | $[+6]$ | 1826 | ...... | 1855 | Fog-bell, struck by machinery 7 times per minute; marks the northwest side of entrance to East river. |

NEW YORK AND NEW JERSEY.

| 123 | F.V.F., | 200 | 20 | White. | 85 | 160 | $\left[\begin{array}{ll}+ & 1\end{array}\right]$ | 1795 | ...... | 1587 | Forty-seven nautical miles from Gay Head, $32 \frac{1}{1}$ from Great West bay, and 67 from Fire Island lights. The flashes will be seen once in every two ( $2 /$ ) minutes, and from 3 to 5 miles further than the fixed light, which will be seen within ita range as a steady fixed light between the flashes. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 155 | F........ | . | 20 | Brick.. | 150 | 160 | $[+1]$ | 1857 | ...... |  | This light is on the north side of Shinnecock bay, one mile north of the outer or ocean heach, 35 nautical miles to the eastward of Fire Island light-house, and $32 \frac{1}{6}$ nautical miles to the westward of Montauk Point light-house, Long island, N. Y. |

NE W YORK AND NEW JERSEY-Continued.


NEW YORK AND NEW JERSEY-Oontinued.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Remarks. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 156 | Revg.... | $1 \prime \prime$ 100 | 15 | White. | 74 | 89 | $\left[\begin{array}{ll}+ & 1\end{array}\right]$ | 1826 | ...... | 1858 | Thirty-seven miles from Highlands of Navesink lights, 31 miles from Sandy Hook light-vessel, 35 miles from Great West bay light, and 67t miles from Montauk light-house. |
| 157 | 2F...... | . |  | Red... | $\ldots$ | $\begin{aligned} & 45 \\ & 45 \end{aligned}$ | ...... | 1823 | 1854 | -.... | Fog-bell. Vessel painted red, with name of station on each side in large white letters; moored in 15 fathoms water. Entrance buoy to Gedney's channel bears, per compass, NW. $\frac{1}{3}$ W. ; to South channel, W.NW. ; to Sandy Hook light-house. W. hy N. ; to east beacon, W. by N. $\frac{1}{6}$ N. Two reflector lights. |
| 158 | F........ | 30 | $\begin{aligned} & 20 \\ & 22 \end{aligned}$ | White. White. | $\begin{aligned} & 40 \\ & 40 \end{aligned}$ | $248$ | $\left[\begin{array}{ll} + & 1 \\ + & 2 \end{array}\right]$ | 1840 | ...... | ...... | Two towers and two lights-one 1storder fixed lens, and one $2 d$-order revolving lens, north light, fixed; south light, revolving. |
| 159 | F. |  | 15 | White. | 77 | 90 | $[+3]$ | 1762 | ...... | 1857 | To mark the entrance to and ranges for the channel of New York bay. Fog-bell,struck by machinery seven times a minute. |
| 160 |  |  | 10 | White. |  | 35 | [ +5$]$ | 1842 | ..... | 1856 | Marks the north point of Sandy Hook. |
| 161 | F......... |  | 10 | White. | . $\cdot$ | 35 | $\left[\begin{array}{l}+6\end{array}\right]$ | 1842 | ...... | 1855 | When obscured by the screen, marks the outer edge of the bar; and when just clear to the northward of Sandy Hook light house, the turning point round the southwest spit into the main ship channel. |
| 162 | 2 F...... | .... | $\begin{aligned} & 12 \\ & 12 \end{aligned}$ | White and red White | … | 60 224 | $\left[\begin{array}{ll}+3\end{array}\right]$ | 1856 | ...... | ...... | Range lights for the channel, from southwest spit to the Narrows. Front tower, two white and one red horizontal bands; roof of lantern red. |
| 163 | $2 \mathrm{~F} . \ldots$ | ... | $\begin{aligned} & 12 \\ & 14 \end{aligned}$ | White. White. | .... | $\begin{aligned} & 40 \\ & 76 \end{aligned}$ | $\left[\begin{array}{ll}{\left[\begin{array}{l}1 \\ +\end{array}\right]}\end{array}\right]$ | 1856 |  |  | Range lights from the inside of the b:r to southwest spit ; front white; top lantern black. |
| 164 | 2 F.. | . | $\begin{aligned} & 14 \\ & 14 \end{aligned}$ | White. and red. | . $\cdot$ | $\begin{array}{r} 59 \\ 189 \end{array}$ | $\left[\begin{array}{ll} + & 3 \\ + & 2 \end{array}\right]$ | 1856 | ....... |  | Range lights for the Swash channel, from outside the bar to Main channel, above Romer Stone beacon. Two white and one red bands; roof of lantern red. |
| 165 | F. V. F. | 200 | 16 | White. | 33 | 106 | $\left[\begin{array}{l}+3\end{array}\right]$ | 1828 | ....... | 1857 | Bay light, to guide vessels to Amboy and into Raritan river, and will serve as a guide to vessels from midchannel buoy at entrance to Gedney's channel to the line of Main Channel range lights on Point Oomfort, N. J., and to the line of Bwash Channel range lignts at EMm Tree and New Dorp, on Statea Island. |
| 166 | F. | ...... | 15 | White. | 46 | 89 | [+. 4] | 1838 | $\cdots$ | 1855 | To guide through the Narrows. |
| 167 | F........ | . | 13 | White. | 51 | 66 | $\left[\begin{array}{ll}+ & 4\end{array}\right]$ | 1839 | ...... | 1855 | Fog-bell; white stone tower built on the reef. To guide clear of the reef on which it is built, to the Hudson river and into Newark bay, through Kill Van Kuhl |
| 168 | F......... | . | 10 | White. | 34 | 40 | $[+6]$ | 1849 | . | 1853 | Fog-bell; light on keeper's dwelling. This light marks the entrance 10 Newark bay through Kill Van Kuhl. |
| 169 | F......) | .... | 10 | White, | 34 | 40 | $\left[\begin{array}{ll}+ & 6 \\ + & 6\end{array}\right]$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1857 \\ & 1819 \end{aligned}$ | …..... | 1853 | Fog-bell ; light on keeper's dwelling; to guide clear of the mud flats on west side of channel. |
|  | F...... | -•• | $\ldots$ | White. | .... | .... | $\left[\begin{array}{ll} + & 6 \end{array}\right]$ | 1854 | ...... | . | Stake light; to guide clear of mud flats. |
|  | F...... ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | . |  | White. | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $[+6]$ | 1854 |  | ..... | Stake light; to guide into the Passaic river. |

NEW YORK.


NEW JERSEY.

| 158 | HIGHLANDS OF NAVMSINK. | On the Highlands of Navesink, N. J. | 402342 | 735849 | 2 | $100 \mathrm{yds}$. apart. | ......... |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 187 | BARNEGAT**.......... | South side of Barnegat inlet, on north end of Long beach, N. J. | 394557 | 740602 | 1 |  |  |
| 188 | Tucker's Beach.... ... | On Tucker's island, near the entrance to Little Egg Harbor, N. J. | 393018 | 741648 | 1 |  |  |
| 189 | ABSECOM............. | On the south side of Absecom inlet, seacoast of N. Jersey. | 392200 | 742500 | J | . |  |
| 190 | Five-Fathom Bank lightvessel. | Sixteen miles from Cape May, N. J, near the shoal called the "Five-Fathom bank." | 385330 | 743900 | 2 | 1 on each mast | Bell.... |
| 191 | CAPE MAY $\dagger . . . . . . . .$. | On the north side of entrance to Delaware bay, N. J. | 385550 | 745716 | 1 |  |  |

[^14]NEW YORK．

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 辿 } \\ & \text { 号 } \\ & \stackrel{y}{3} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  | 譄 |  |  |  |  |  | Remarks． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 171 | F． |  |  | White． | ． | 22 | $[+5]$ | 1826 |  | 1855 | Marks west side of entrance to High－ |
| 172 | F．．．．．．． |  |  | White． | 32 | 38 | $[+6]$ | 1853 |  |  | Marks the bend in the river，and |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | may be approached close to． |
| 173 | F．．．．．．．． |  |  | White． | 32 | 38 | $[+6]$ | 1839 | ．．．．．． | 1854 | Light on keeper＇s house；to guide clear of mud flats at the mouth of Esopus creek． |
| 174 | F．．．．．．．． |  | ．．． | White． | 32 | 38 | $[+6]$ | 1838 | ．．．．．． | 1854 | Light on keeper＇s house；to guide clear of mud flats at Rounduut creek． |
| 175 | F． |  | ． | White | 37 | 42 | $[+6]$ | 1835 | ．．．．．． | 1854 | Light on keeper＇s house． |
| 176 | F．．．．．．． |  | ．．． | White． | 32 | 38 | $[+6]$ | 1854 | ．．．．．． | ．．．． | To guide through east channel． |
| 177 | F．．．．．．． |  | ．．．． | Whlte． | 32 | 38 | ［ +6$]$ | 1851 |  | 1854 | East side of north entrance to east channel，above Hudson city． |
| 178 | F．．．．．．． |  |  | White． | 20 | 35 | $[+6]$ | 1854 | ．．．．．． | ．．．．．． | To guide through west or Athens channel． |
| 179 | F．．．．．．． |  |  | White． | 32 | 38 | $[+6]$ | 1829 | ．．．．． | 1854 | Light on keeper＇s house． |
| 180 | F．．．．．．． | ．．．．． |  | White． |  |  |  | 1829 |  | 1854 | Light on keeper＇s house． |
| 181 | F．．．．．．． |  |  | White． | 20 | 21 | $[+6]$ | 1854 | ．．．．． |  | To guide vessels clear of the island． |
| 182 | F．．．．．．． |  |  | White． | ．．．． | 25 | $[+6]$ | 1857 | ．．．．．． | ．．．．．． |  |
| 183 |  |  | ．． | White． | ．．．． | 25 | $[+6]$ | 1857 | ．．．．． | ．．．．．． |  |
| 184 |  |  |  | White． | $\cdots$ | 25 | $[+6]$ | 1857 | ．． | $\ldots$ |  |
| 185 |  |  |  | White． | 20 | 21 | $[+6]$ | 1854 | ．．．．．． | ．．．．． |  |
| 186 | F． |  |  | White． | 15 | 15 | $[+6]$ | 1854 |  | ．．．．．． | Marks the lower or south end of the ＂dyke＂below Albany． |

NEW JERSEY．

| 158 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { F......... } \\ & \text { Revg..... } \end{aligned}$ | ＂＊＊＊＇ | $\begin{aligned} & 20 \\ & 22 \end{aligned}$ | White． White． | $\begin{aligned} & 40 \\ & 40 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 248 \\ & 248 \end{aligned}$ | $\left[\begin{array}{ll} + & 1 \\ + & 2 \end{array}\right]$ | 1840 | ．．．．．． | ． | Two towers and two lights．One let－ order fixed lens，and one 2d－order revolving lens；north light fixed； south light revolving． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 187 | F．．．．．．． |  | 12 | White．． | 40 | 54 | $[+4]$ | 1831 | 1858 | 1855 | Thirty－seven miles from the lights on the Highlands of Navesink，and 18 miies from Tucker＇s Beach（Little Egg Harbor）light－house． |
| 188 | F．V．F．． | 100 | 12 | Red．．．． | 40 | 50 | $[+4)$ | 1848 | ．．．．． | 1855 | Alternate red and white flashes． |
| 189 | F．．．．．．． |  | 20 | Brick．．． | 150 | 167 | $[+1]$ | 1856 | ．．．．．． | ．．．．．． |  |
| 190 | $2 \mathrm{~F} . . .$. | ．．．．．． | 10 | Straw color． | $\ldots$ | $\begin{aligned} & 40 \\ & 45 \end{aligned}$ | ．．．．． | 1839 | ．．．．．． | 1855 | Fog－bell．Name pinted on each side of the vessel．Two reflector lights． |
| 191 | Revg．．．．． | 120 | 14 | White．． | 74 | 84 |  | 1823 | 1858 | 1853 | Sixteen miles from Five－Fathem light－ vessel． |

NEW JERSEY AND DELAWARE.

virginia.


[^15]NEW JERSEY AND DELAWARE.


## VIRGINIA.

| $\begin{aligned} & 206 \\ & 267 \end{aligned}$ | r........... |  | 14 | White.. | 45 | 80 | $\left[\begin{array}{ll}1 & 3\end{array}\right]$ | 1833 | ... | 1856 | Building. <br> The centre of Winter Quarter shoal bears E. by N. ${ }^{3}$ N., (mag., distant 11/ nautical miles; and the Chincoteague shoals from the southward to the E. 81., about 5 nautical miles |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 208 | F........ | ...... | 13 | White.. | 45 | 60 | $\left[\begin{array}{ll}+ & 4\end{array}\right]$ | 1852 | ...... | 1855 | from the Assateague light house. <br> This light serves as a guide to coastPrs and for entering the Great Matchepungo inlet. |
| 209 | Revg | 100 | 14 | White.. | 61 | 69 | $\left[\begin{array}{ll}+ & 1\end{array}\right]$ | 1827 | 1858 | $\ldots$ |  |
| 210 | F......... | ...... | $17 \frac{1}{2}$ | White.. | 82 | 129 | $[+2]$ | 1791 | ...... | 1857 |  |
| 211 | 2 F...... |  | 11 | Red.... |  | 48 | ...... | 1847 | ....... | 1857 | Fog*bell; name painted on both sides; two reflector lights. |
| 212 | F......... |  | 11 | White.. |  | 48 | $[+4]$ | 1802 | . | 1855 | Bay front of fort. Fog-bell, struck by machinery, placed near the beach. |

VIRGINIA-Continuen.


VIRGINIA AND MARYLAND.


VIRGINJA-Continued.


VIrginia and maryland.

| 219 | Rev'g. | 120 | 10 | White | 30 | 35 | $[+4]$ | 1829 | ... | 1854 | This light is about 5 miles northeast of Old Point Comfort. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 220 | F. |  | 9 | Yellow | 28 | 40 | . | 1855 | .... | ..... | Fog-bell; hull yellow, schooner.rigged; "York Spit" painted on each side in large black letters. Marks the entrance to York river and Mobjack bay. Reflector light. |
| 221 |  |  | 13 | White.. | 56 | 60 | [+4] | 1804 | ...... | 1855 |  |
| 222 | 2F...... |  | 10 | Lead color | .... | $\begin{aligned} & 30 \\ & 38 \end{aligned}$ |  | 1831 | ...... | 1854 | Fog bell; name painted on each side of the vessel in large black letters. |
| 223 | F....... |  | 10 | Straw color. | .... | 34 | ...... | 1834 | ...... | 1854 | Fog-bell; name painted on each side in large black letters. |
| 224 | F. V. F.. |  | 12 | White. | 40 | 46 | [ +5 | 1833 | ...... | 1857 |  |
| 225 |  |  | 10 | Cream color. | .... | 30 | ...... | 1853 |  | ..... | Fog-bell ; name painted on each side in large black letters. |
| 223 | 2.F...... | .... | 10 | Lead colur. | $\cdots$ | $\begin{aligned} & 35 \\ & 39 \end{aligned}$ | . | 1821 | ...... | 1857 | Fog-bell; name of station painted in black letters on each side. Twu reflector lights. |
| 227 |  |  | 14 | White. | 69 | 82 | $[+4]$ | 1802 | .... | 1855 |  |
| 228 | F....... |  | 10 | White. | 35 | 30 | [+5] | 1827 | ...... | 1855 | Light on keeper's dwelling. |
| 229 | F. |  | 10 | White. | 30 | 36 | $[+6]$ | 1832 | ...... | 1855 | Light on keeper's dwelling. |

## REPORT ON THE FINANCES.

VIRGINIA AND MARYLAND-Continued.


Virginia and maryland-Continued.

|  |  |  |  |  | 感 |  |  |  |  |  | Remarks. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 230 | F....... |  | 10 | White. | 30 | 37 | [ +4$]$ | 1831 | ...... | 1857 | Light on keeper's dwelling. |
| 231 | F....... | ....... | 10 | Lead color. | .... | 34 | ....... | 1845 | ...... | 1856 | Fog-bell. |
| 232 | F. V. F.. | 130 | 11 | White.. | 39 | 46 | $\left[\begin{array}{ll}+4\end{array}\right]$ | 1828 | -•... | 1857 | Fog-bell struck by machinery. |
| 233 | F....... | ....... | 10 | White.. | 34 | 41 | $c+5$ | 1838 | . | 1855 | Light on keeper's dwelling. |
| 234 | F....... | ...... | 12 | White.. | 33 | 63 | $[+4]$ | 1825 | ....... | 1857 |  |
| \$35 | F....... | ....... | 11 | White.. | 35 | 50 | $[+6]$ | 1848 | ...... | 1855 | Light on keeper's dwelling. |
| 236 | F....... | . | 11 | Black . | . | 43 | $\left[\begin{array}{ll}+4\end{array}\right]$ | 1855 | . | . $\cdot$ | Iron screw pile structure; black, with white window shutters. Fagbell struck by machinery. |
| 237 | 2F...... | $\cdot$ | 10 | White. White. | $\begin{aligned} & 27 \\ & 35 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 33 \\ & 42 \end{aligned}$ | $\left[\begin{array}{ll}+ & 6 \\ + & 6\end{array}\right]$ | 1824 | . | 1856 | Two towers and lights; serve as ranges to the main channel; placed on piers. |
| 238 | F....... | ....... | 10 | Brown | 30 | 37 | $\left[\begin{array}{ll}+5\end{array}\right]$ | 1854 | ....... | . | To guide vessels clear of fortification works. Fog-bell struck by machinery. |
| 239 | F....... | -..... | 10 | White. | 30 | 35 | $\left[\begin{array}{ll}+4\end{array}\right]$ | 1831 | ...... | 1855 |  |
| 840 | F....... | ....... | 10 | White. | 30 | 35 | $\left[\begin{array}{ll}+4\end{array}\right]$ | 1825 | . . | 1855 | Fog-bell. |
| 241 | F....... | -...... | 12 | White. | 30 | 65 | $\left[\begin{array}{ll}+4\end{array}\right]$ | 1833 | ....... | 1855 |  |
| 242 | F........ |  | 10 | Red... | 32 | 36 | $[+6]$ | 1853 | ...... | 1855 | Light on keeper's dwelling. |
| 243 | F........ | . $\cdot$ | 10 | White. | 30 | 40 | $[+6]$ | 1827 | ....... | 1855 |  |
| 244 | F....... | ....... | 10 | White. | 30 | 35 | $\left[\begin{array}{l}+5\end{array}\right]$ | 1836 | ....... | 1856 |  |
| 245 | F....... |  | 11 | White. | $4]$ | 46 | $[+4]$ | 1851 | ...... | 1856 |  |
| 246 | F....... | ...... | 8 | Lead color. | .... | 22 | ....... | 1825 | ..... | 1855 | Fog-bell ; name painted on each side in large black letters. Reflector light. |
| 247 | F....... | , | 10 | Cream color. | .... | 28 | …' | 1821 | -• | 1856 | Fog-bell; name painted on each side in large black letters. |
| 248 | F........ | . $\cdot . .0 \cdot$ | 6 | White | ... |  | $[+6]$ | 1857 | -•..... | ..... |  |
| 249 | F....... | . | 10 | White. | .... | 35 | $[+5]$ | 1855 | - | ..... | Light on keeper's house; lantern black. |
| 250 | F....... | . | 5 | Lead color. | .... |  | . $\cdot$... ${ }^{\text {, }}$ | 1835 | ....... | 1855 | Fog-bell; name painted on both sides in large black letters. |

## NORTH CAROLINA



NORTH CAROLINA．

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 这 } \\ & \text { 品 } \\ & \text { 息 } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | ciw 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 |  |  |  |  |  | When refitted． | Remarks． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 251 | F．V．F．． | $\left\|\begin{array}{ll} 1 & 11 \\ 1 & 30 \end{array}\right\|$ | 14 | White | 57 | 65 | ［＋4］ | 1847 | ．．．．． | 1854 | Fixed white light，varied by red and white flashes at intervals of 1 minute． |
| 252 | Flg．．．．． | 015 | 20 | White \＆red． | 140 | 150 | ［＋1］ | 1798 | 1854 | ．．．． | A first order lens，showing 4 flashes and eclipses in every minute．There is a flash of 6 seconds＇duration， followed by an eclipse of 9 seconds ${ }^{3}$ duration，in every 15 seconds of time．The duration of the flash will be somewhat less，and that of the eclipse proportionally in－ creased at distances over 14 miles． From the base of the tower to the height of 70 feet it is white，and the remainder reb．Dangerous shoals， with 9 feet water over them，lie in a southeasterly direction from the light，at the distance of 9 to 10 nau－ tical miles． |
| 5 | F．．．．．．． | ．．．．．． | 6 | Red．． | ．．． | 25 | $[+6]$ | 1855 | 1857 | ．．．．．． | Open frame－work structure surround－ ed by a lantern，and the whole painted red． |
| 452 |  |  | 15 | White． | 65 | 75 | $[+4]$ | 1828 | ．．．．． | 1854 | Secondary seacoast and harbor light． |
| 253 | $2 \mathrm{~F} . .$. | ． | 11 | Yellow | $\ldots$ | $\begin{aligned} & 39 \\ & 28 \end{aligned}$ | ．．．．． | 1852 | ．．．．． | 1857 | Fog－bell ；name painted on each side． Designed as a range with Beacon Island light for crossing the bar， but cannot be relied on in conse－ quence of the frequent changes of the channel． |
| 254 | F．．．．．．． | ． | 8 | Brick．． | 38 | 39 | $[+6]$ | 1853 | $\ldots$ | 1855 | Light on keeper＇s dwelling；designed as a range with light－vessel for the channel． |
| 255 | F．．．．．．． |  | 11 | Lead color． | －• | 43 | ．．．．．． | 1826 | ．．．．．． | 1852 | Fog－bell． |
| 256 | F．V．F． | ．．．．． | 11 | White． | ． | 33 | $[+4]$ | 1857 |  | ． | Iron screw pile foundation． |
| 257 | F．${ }^{\text {a }}$ ． |  | 10 | Red．．．． | ．．．． | 34 | ．．．．．．． | 1836 | ．．．．．． | 1857 | Fog－bell． |
| 258 | F．．．．．．． |  | 11 | Straw | $\cdots$ | 45 | ．．．．．． | 1851 | ．．．．．． | 1853 | Fog－bell． |
| 259 | F．．．．．．． |  | 11 | Lead | ．．．． | 38 | ．．． | 1898 | ．．．．．． | 1857 | Fog－bell． |
| 260 | F．．．．．．． |  | 11 | White．． | 34 | 37 | $[+5]$ | 1828 | ．．．．．． | 1856 |  |
| 261 | F．．．．． |  | 11 | White．． | ．．．． | 42 | ． | 1827 | ．．．．．． | 1854 | Fog－bell． |
| 262 | F．．．．．．． |  | 11 | Straw | ．．．． | 46 | ．．．．．． | 1825 | ．．．．．． | 1854 | Fog－bell． |
| 263 | F．．．．．．． |  | 11 | White．． |  | 33 | $[+4]$ | 1857 | ．．．．．． | ．．．．． | Iron screw pile foundation． |
| 264 | F．．．．．． | ．．．．．． | 10 | Lead color． | ．． | 31 | ． | 1835 | $\ldots$ | 1854 | Fog－bell， |
| 265 | F．．．．．．．． |  | 10 | White． | $\ldots$ | 31 | $[+5]$ | 1855 | ．．．．．． | 1856 | Serew pile light－house on the end of Wade＇s Point shoal，at the mouth of Pasquotank river．Supesstruc ture white ；lantern，red；fog－bell |
| 266 | F．．．．．．．． | ．．．．．． | 11 | Straw | ．．．． | 41 | ．．． | 1835 | ．．．．．． | 1854 | Fog－bell． |

NORTH CAROLINA-Continued.

*A new brick tower, 150 feet high, is in course of orection at Oape Lookout, to be fitted with 1st-order lens apparatus.

NORTH CAROLINA-Continued.


NORTH OAROLINA-Contintec.


SOUTH CAROLINA.


NORTH CAROLINA-Continued.

|  |  |  |  | 'Iasson do domol 10 10100 |  |  |  |  |  |  | Remarks. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 272 | 2F...... | $\begin{gathered} 111 \\ . . . . . \end{gathered}$ | 9 | White. | $\begin{aligned} & 20 \\ & 80 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 27 \\ & 87 \end{aligned}$ | $\left[\begin{array}{ll}+ & 5 \\ {[+5}\end{array}\right]$ | 1849 | ....... | 1855 | Fog-bell, struck by machinery. Two brick towers, surrounded by sand hills. Designed to serve as a range for crossing the Oak Island bar. |
| 278 | 2F..... | - | 9 | White. | $\begin{aligned} & 16 \\ & 22 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 24 \\ & 35 \end{aligned}$ | $\left[\begin{array}{ll} + & 6 \\ + & 6 \end{array}\right]$ | 1850 | ....... | 1854 | One brick tower, and the other on keeper's dwelling; designed to serve as a range for the channel. |
| 274 | F....... | . | 16 | Yellow | . $\cdot$. | 43 | ...... | 1851 | ....... | 1857 | Fog-bell ; to serve as a channel mark. |
| 275 | F |  | 9 | White. | 22 | 25 | $[+6]$ | 1849 | ...... | 1855 | On the edge of a marshy island. |
| 276 |  |  | 9 | White. | 22 | 25 | $[+6]$ | 1849 | ....... | 1855 | On the edge of the marsh. |
| 977 | 2F...... |  | 8 | White, White. | $\cdots$ | $\begin{aligned} & 42 \\ & 65 \end{aligned}$ | $\left[\begin{array}{l} +6 \\ +6 \end{array}\right]$ | 1855 | ..... | .... | To serve as a channel range. Main or front light on the keeper's dwelling; beacon is an open framework in the rear, |

SOUTH CAROLINA.

| 278 | F....... | ... | 14 | White. | 82 | 85 | $[+4]$ | 1801 | ...... | 1854 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 279 | Rovg ..... | 100 | 23 | Brick. | 150 | 150 | $[+1]$ | 1827 | 1857 | ....... | The new tower (placed near the present low one of 65 feet elevation, painted with red and white horizontal stripes) is octagonal, built of dark reddish-gray brick, and is |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | The light from this tower should be seen, under ordinary states of the atmosphere, from the deck of a |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | vessel 15 feet above the water, about 23 nantical miles, or 17 nautical miles outside of the dangerous shoals off Cape Romain. |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | This,light station will be readily known during daylight by the appearance of the two towers, the old one '65 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | of the two towers, the old one "65 feet high) being painted with red and white horizontal bands, and the new tower, ( 150 feet high,) from |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | which the light is exhibited, being of the natural color of the brtck, |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1856 | and lantern painted black, back- |
|  |  |  |  |  | ... |  |  |  | ...... |  | ground woods. |
| 281 | 2 F...... | ...... | 12 | White. | $\ldots$ | 44 | ....... | 1854 | .... $\cdot$ | ....... | Hull white ; masts yellow; top masts black, with two oval day-marks painted black. Mag. bearings from vessel to Rattlesnake shoals, Horthwest $2 \frac{1}{8}$ miles; outer bar of north channel, west 44 miles. Two reflector lights. |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 282 | F....... |  | 20 | White. | 110 | 138 | $[+2]$ |  | 1857 |  | This light and the beacon in front are |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | used as a range for crossing the bar of the main channel. |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | F....... | ....... | 10 | Red... | ... | 50 | $\left[\begin{array}{ll}+ & 4\end{array}\right]$ | 1830 | 1857 | ..... | Beacon in front of main light tower, making a range for crossing the bar in the best water. |

SOUTH OAROLINA-Continued.


GEORGIA.


SOUTH CAROLINA-Oontinued.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Remarks. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 283 | $2 \mathrm{~F} . .$. | . 1. | 10 | White. White. | .... | 40 | $\left[\begin{array}{ll}+ & 4 \\ 7 & 4\end{array}\right]$ | 1846 | …… | $\begin{aligned} & 1856 \\ & 1856 \end{aligned}$ | Ranging with outer bar of Overall channel. |
| 284 | 2F...... | ..... | 10 | Brown. Brown. | …… | $\begin{aligned} & 45 \\ & 50 \end{aligned}$ | $\left[\begin{array}{ll} 1 & 4 \\ + & 4 \end{array}\right]$ | 1848 | $\begin{aligned} & 1856 \\ & 1856 \end{aligned}$ | …..... | Channel range, leading from the main ship channel to the harbor. |
| 285 |  |  | 10 | Brick. | .... | 57 | $[5]$ | 1855 | ...... | ....... |  |
| 286 | F. $\mathrm{R}^{\text {. }}$..... |  | 10 | Yellow |  | 50 | $\left[\begin{array}{l}+5\end{array}\right]$ | 1855 | , |  | Ren light. |
| 287 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ..... |  | Building. |
| 288 $\ldots .$. | F....... | . | .... | $\begin{gathered} \text { Iron } \\ \text { shaft, } \\ \text { bronz'd. } \end{gathered}$ | .... | 45 $\ldots$ | $[+6]$ | 1857 | ...... | ......... | With Fort Sumter light forms a range to enter north channel leading into Charleston harbor. Lighted by gas. Building. |
| 289 | F....... |  | 10 | White. | ... | 30 | ....... | 1838 | . | 1855 | Fog bell. Reflector light. |

georgia.

| 290 | $2 \mathrm{~F} . . .$. | . | 12 | Red.... | ... | 44 | . | 1855 | . | ....... | Fog bell; off Port Royal entrance; designed to guide vessels into Port Royal harbor and along the coast clear of danger to the Tybee entrance. Two reflector lights. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 991 | F....... |  | . $\cdot$ | Red.... | ... | 30 | ...... | 1855 | ...... | . | Fog bell; in Calibogue sound, in $4 \frac{1}{8}$ fathoms water at mean low tide. Tybee light bears south $\frac{3}{4}$ west; Tybee beacon aouth; Braddock point north by east; and south point of Hilton head east northeast. Reflector light. |
| 292 | F.....) | .. | 16 | White. | 92 | 108 | $[+2]$ | 1793 | ....... | 1856 | A guide to the entrance to Savannah rịver, Ga. |
| .... | F..... | . | 12 | White. | 49 | 62 | $[+4]$ | 1822 | . | 1856 | With Tybee light ranging a litle north of the bar. |
| -293 | F......... |  | 10 |  | ... | 40 | ....... | 1848 | -...... | 1857 | Fog-bell. Reflector light. |
| 294 | F......... |  | 9 | White. | . | 25 | $\left[\begin{array}{ll}+ & 5\end{array}\right]$ | 1849 | ..... | 1856 |  |
| 295 | F. R..... | . | 9 | White. | .... | 35 | $[+6]$ | 1849 | 1856 | . | Red light. Opposite to Cockspur island. |
| 296 | F.. ...... |  | 9 | White. | 21 | 26 | $[+6]$ | 1848 | ....... | 1856 | Wooden beacon; guide to vessels going up to the city at night. |
| 297 | F. V. F.) | 040 | 14 | Red and white horizo'] stripes. | 65 | 74 | $\left[\begin{array}{ll}+4\end{array}\right]$ | 1820 | . | 1854 | About forty-six miles from Tybee light, and designed as a guide to the entrance into Doboy sound. The beacon light is placed in front of |
| . | F....... |  |  | Beacon black. | . | 50 | $[+5]$ | 1857 | . | ..... | the main light; to run in, bring the beacon in range with the main light, and run for them until the outer or east beacon on Wolf island bears by compass SW. by W. 1 W., when steer NW. by W. $\frac{1}{2}$. ., and keep in not less than four fathoms water to anchorage abreast of the Sapelo light-house. |
| 298 | 2P...... | ...... | 9 9 | White. White, | $\begin{aligned} & 25 \\ & 15 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 25 \\ & 15 \end{aligned}$ | $\left\|\left[\begin{array}{ll} + & 6 \end{array}\right]\right\|$ | 1822 | ...... | 1856 | Two beacons ranging with the outer bar of the southern entrance. |

GEORGIA-Continued.


FLORIDA.


GEORGIA-Continued.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 㤩 흔 © © |  |  |  | Remarks. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ¢299 |  | ..... | 14 | White. | 75 | 80 | [+3] | 1811 | ... .. | 1856 |  |
| 300 |  |  | 14 | White. | 53 | 70 | $[+3]$ | 1838 | ...... | 1856 |  |

FLORIDA.

| 301 | $\left.\begin{array}{l} \text { Revg. . } \\ \text { F...... } \end{array}\right\}$ | 130 | 17 | White. | 50 | 104 | $[+3]$ | 1838 | ....... | 1856 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| .... | 2 F...... |  | ... |  | . $\cdot$. | ... | ...... | ..... | -•*... | - | Authorized. |
| 302 | $2 \mathrm{~F} . . . .$. |  |  |  |  | .... | ....... | ....... | ....... | ....... | Building. |
| 398 | F.g...... | ..... | 13 | White. | 65 | 65 | $[+4]$ | 1829 | ...... | 1856 |  |
| 304 | F........ | . $\cdot$. | 5 | ......... |  | ... | Small | 1857 | ...... |  |  |
| 305 | F. V. F.. | 130 | 14 | White . | 52 | 68 | $[+4]$ | 1823 | ...... | 1854 |  |
| 306 | Rev'g.... | 100 | 14 | White. | 55 | 65 | -•... | 1847 | -..... | ..... | There are dangerous shoals off this cape, viz: from the light-house, Hetzel shoal, NE. by N., lly nautical miles; Ohio shoal, NE. I N. 11 nautical miles; Bull shoal, NE. by E. $\frac{1}{7}$ E., $6 \frac{1}{4}$ nautical miles; ex trenity of shoal from cape, $6 \frac{7}{7}$ nantical miles. |
| 307 | F. V. F.. | -•• |  |  |  | -... | $[+1]$ |  |  |  | Authorized. |
| 308 | F........ | ....... | 18 | White. | 95 | 100 | $[+2]$ | 1825 | 1855 | ....... | - |
| 319 | Rev'g.... | 030 | 18 | Dark... | 112 | 106 | $\left[\begin{array}{ll}+1\end{array}\right]$ | 1852 | -.....* | 1857 | An iron pile light-house; tower and keeper's dwelling painted a dark color. Light changed on the 17th of March, 1858 , from fixed to revolving, showing a bright flash every half minute. |
| 310 | F........ | $\cdots$ | 19 | . | 149 | 144 | $\left[\begin{array}{ll}+1\end{array}\right]$ | 1857 | $\cdots \cdots$ | $\cdots$ | This strncture is on Sombrero shosl, near Sombrero key. It is an open frame work of iron, built on iron piles. The roof of the keeper"s dwelling is 47 feet above the water. From the top of the dwelling, and within the frame work, a cylinder 7 feet in diameter rises to the height of 82 feet. This is surmounted by the watch room and lantern, 12 feet in diameter, and 25 feet high. The whole structure will be painted red. The illuminating apparatus will be dioptric, of the first order of Fresnel, showing a fixed white light, and illuminating the entire horizon, and will be lighted for the first time on March 17, 1858. |

FLORIDA-Continued.


ALABAMA.


- Will be lighted July $1,1858$.
+ New tower building, 160 feet high, 200 feet focal plane; to be fitted with 1st-order Fresnel revolving apparatus
$\ddagger$ New tower building, 150 feet high, for lst-order fixed Fresnel apparatus.

FLORIDA-Continued.

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 뜨 } \\ & \text { E } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | 淢 |  |  |  | Remarks. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 311 | F. V. F.. | 1111 200 | 18 | Dark... | 121 | 110 | $\left[\begin{array}{ll}+1\end{array}\right]$ | 1853 | -....* | . | An iron pile light-house, painted a dark eolor, and lantern white; it shows for a space of one minute a clear steady light; in every alternate minute there is a brilliant flash of 10 seconds' duration, preceded and followed by partial ectipses of 25 se- |
| 312 | F.. ...... | . $\cdot$ | 13 | White. | 45 | 50 | $\left[\begin{array}{l}+3\end{array}\right]$ | 1847 | ...... | 1858 | This light serves to guide vessels to Key West through the different channels across the reef, and also inside of the reef. |
| 313 | F........ | . | 12 | Dark... | ... | 40 | $\left[\begin{array}{ll}+ & 4\end{array}\right]$ | 1854 | ....... | ...... | Foundation dark; dwelling and lantern white. |
| 314 |  | -• | 20 | Brick. | 150 | 152 | $[+1]$ | 1858 | . $\cdot$. | ...... | Tower circular, 150 feet high, built of brick; keeper's dwelling two stories high, built of brick, and placed a little south of the tower. Loggerhead key is nearly 1 mile in length NE. and SW., and 700 feet wide, bordered all around by cedar bushes. |
| 315 | F....... | -•• | 14 | White. | 65 | 70 | $[+4]$ | 1825 | . | 1858 | To be made a fourth order light for harbor purposes, as soon as the seacbast light on Loggerhead key is lighted. |
| 316 | F. |  | 12 | White.. | 40 | 45 | $[+4]$ | 1848 | 1857 | $\cdots$ |  |
| 317 | F.V.F. | 100 | 15 | Brick. | . | 75 | $\left[\begin{array}{ll}+4\end{array}\right]$ | 1854 | ....0. | ...... | Light on keeper's dwelling; dwelling, watch-room, and lantern, white; reef extending in a southwesterly direction 12 miles from Eea-horse key. |
| 318 | F....... |  | 14 | White.. |  | 73 | $\left[\begin{array}{ll}+4\end{array}\right]$ | 1829 | ....... | 1856 |  |
| 319 | Revg.... | 100 | 13 | White.. | 44 | 48 | $[+4]$ | 1838 | ...... | 1856 |  |
| 320 | F....... | . $\cdot$ | 15 | White.. | 70 | 77 | $[+3]$ | 1847 | ....... | 1857 |  |
| 321 | ......... | - | .... | ......... |  |  | $\left[\begin{array}{ll}+ & 3\end{array}\right]$ | 1847 | 1858 | ...... | Rebuilding. A dangerous shoal extends 5 or 6 miles southerly from this eape. |
| 322 | Revg .... | 109 | 15 | White.. | 34 | 79 | $\left[\begin{array}{ll}+ & 1\end{array}\right]$ | 1824 | 1858 | ...... |  |
| 323 | F....... | . $\cdot$ |  | . |  | .... | ..... | . |  | ...... | Authorized. |

ALABAMA.

| 324 | F....... | ... | 13 | White.. | 52 | 55 | $[+1]$ | 1838 | 1858 | -...... | Marks the approach to Mobile bar and entrance. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| .... | F....... | - | 9 | White.. | 14 | 20 | ....... | 1854 | -••... | -••••• | White, with vertical red stripe seaward. Bell-boat, striped buoy, beacon, and light-house in range for crossing the bar in the best water. |
| *** | F.R..... | .. | 9 | Red.... | 14 | 20 |  | 1854 |  | $\cdots$ | Red light. Range with No. 1 clears the west bank northerly. |

ALABAMA-Continued.


MISSISEIPPI AND LOUISIANA.


LOUISIANA.

*When Sand Island tower is rebuilt and refitted with 1st-order catadioptric apparatus, Mobile Point light will be changed to fixed harbor light.

ALABAMA－Continued．

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { ㄴ̈ } \\ & \text { 弟 } \\ & \text { B } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 苟 号 日 B B |  |  | Remarks． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 325 | Revg．．．． | $\begin{array}{ll} 1 & 11 \\ 1 & 00 \end{array}$ | 13 | White． | 53 | 58 | $\left[\begin{array}{ll}+ & 4\end{array}\right]$ | 1821 | ．．． | 1858 |  |
| ＊＊． | F．R．．．．． |  | 9 | Red．．．． | 14 | 20 | ．．．．．．． | 1854 | ．．．．．．． | ．．．．．．． | Red light；in range with inner or No． 4 beacon，leads up along the edge of the＂east bank．＂ |
| ．．．． | F．．．．．．．．． |  | 9 | White． | 14 | 20 | ．．．．．．． | 1854 | ．．．．．．． | ．．．．．．． | In range with main light，leads to the upper striped buoy，and through the channel at west end of the mid－ dle ground． |
| 326 | F．．．．．．．．． |  | 11 | White． | 43 | 45 | ［＋4］ | 1831 | ．．．．．．． | 1857 |  |
| ．$\cdot$ ． | $2 \mathrm{~F} . . . .$. | ． | 3 | Two stakes． | ．．．． | 15 | ．．．．． | 1855 | ．．．．．．． | ．．． | Two small channel lights making a range leading through Choctaw Pass． |

MISEISEIPPI AND L＿OUISIANA．

| 327 | F．．．．．．． |  | 12 | White． | 45 | 51 | $\left[\begin{array}{ll}+4\end{array}\right]$ | 1833 | ．．．．．．． | 1856 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 328 | F．．．．．．．．． | ．． | 10 | ．．．．．．．．． | ．．．． |  | $\left[\begin{array}{ll}+5\end{array}\right]$ | 1854 | ．．．．．． | ．．．．．．． |  |
| 329 | F．．．．．．．．． |  | 13 | White． | 48 | 51 | $\left[\begin{array}{ll}+4\end{array}\right]$ | 1853 | ．．．．．． | 1856 |  |
| 330 | F．．．．．．． | ．．．．． | 13 | White． | 48 | 62 | $\left[\begin{array}{ll}+ & 4\end{array}\right]$ | 1848 | ．．． | 1856 |  |
| 331 | F．．．．．．．． | ．．．．． | 12 | White． | 34 | 39 | $\left[\begin{array}{l}+4\end{array}\right]$ | 1831 | ．$\cdot$. | 1857 |  |
| 332 | F．．．．．．．． |  | 12 | White． | 30 | 42 | $\left[\begin{array}{ll}+ & 4\end{array}\right]$ | 1831 | ．．．．．． | 1857 |  |
| 333 | F．．．．．．．． | ． | 11 | Black ． |  | 38 | ． | 1847 | ．．．．．． | 1855 | Fog－bell ；iron vessel with roof over the deck．Eight 12 －inch reflectors and lamps in lantern． |
| 334 | P．．．．．．．． | ．．． | 11 |  |  | 35 | $\left[\begin{array}{ll}+5\end{array}\right]$ | 1850 | 1858 | 1854 |  |
| 335 | F．．．．．．．． | ．．．．． | 13 | White． | 50 |  | $\left[\begin{array}{ll}+4\end{array}\right]$ | 1834 | ．．．．．． | 1857 |  |

LOUISIANA．

| 336 | F．．．．．．． |  | 10 | White．． | ．．． | 30 | $[+5]$ | 1855 | ．．．．．． | ． | Light on keeper＇s dwelling． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 337 | F．．．．．．．． | $\cdot$ | 11 | White．． | 37 | 39 | $[+5]$ | 1848 | ．．．．．．． | 1857 | Light on keeper＇s dwelling． |
| 338 | F．V．F．． | 130 | 10 | White．． | 29 | 35 | $[+5]$ | 1838 | ．．．．．．． | 1855 |  |
| 339 | F．．．．．．． |  | 10 | White． | 28 | 39 | $[+6]$ | 1811 | 1855 | ．．．．．．． | Light on keeper＇t dwelling． |
| 340 | F．．．．．．． | ．．．．．． | 10 | White． | 28 | 33 | $\left[\begin{array}{ll}+5]\end{array}\right.$ | 1838 | 1855 | ．．．．．．． | Light on keeper＇s dwelling． |
| 341 | F．．．．．．． |  | 11 | White．． | 34 | 38 |  | 1837 |  | 1857 | ， |
| 342 | F．．．．．．． |  | 10 | White．． | 42 | 45 | $\left[\begin{array}{ll}+ & 4\end{array}\right]$ | 1837 | 1857 | ．$\cdot . .$. |  |
| 343 | F．．．．．．． |  | 13 | White． | 50 | 50 | $\left[\begin{array}{ll}+ & 4\end{array}\right]$ | 1848 | 1855 | ．．．．．． | A safe anchorage inside the point in four fathoms water；light bearing northeast at about two miles dis－ tant． |

LOUISIANA-Continued.


TEXAS.


LOUISIANA-Continued.

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline  \&  \&  \&  \&  \&  \&  \&  \&  \&  \&  \& Remarks. <br>
\hline 344 \& F. V.F.. \& $\begin{array}{ll}1 & \prime \prime \\ 1 & 30\end{array}$ \& 15 \& Black. \& 69 \& 77 \& $[+3]$ \& 1855 \& . $\cdot$. \& . \& Light-house bears west $\frac{1}{4}$ north (mag.) from the large nun-buoy outside of the bar. <br>
\hline 345 \& Revg..... \& 115 \& 13 \& Slate . . \& 54 \& 59 \& ..... \& 1831 \& ..... \& . $\cdot$. $\cdot$. \& Wooden tower on keeper's dwelling. <br>
\hline 346 \& F....... \& . \& 5 \& ........ \& . $\cdot$. \& .... \& $[+6]$ \& 1852 \& $\ldots$ \& 1854 \& Light on keeper's dwelling; guide to the passes in descending the river. <br>
\hline 347 \& F....... \& .....

..... \& 15
13 \& White.. \& 68
55 \& 70
60 \& $\left[\begin{array}{l}\cdots \cdots \\ {[+4]}\end{array}\right.$ \& 1831
1856 \& ....... \& 1856 \& The light is 70 feet above the level of the sea, and is seen from northeast by east around by south to northwest $\frac{1}{4}$ west. <br>
\hline 348 \& F....... \& \& 13 \& White.. \& 55 \& 60 \& $[+4]$ \& 1856 \& ...... \& ...... \& Brick octagonal tower, whitewashed. <br>
\hline 349 \& F \& \& 13 \& White.. \& 55 \& 60 \& $[+4]$ \& 1856 \& ….. \& $\cdots$ \& Brick octagonal tower, whitewashed. <br>

\hline 350 \& 2F...... \& . \& 12 \& Red.... \& . \& $$
\begin{aligned}
& 40 \\
& 30
\end{aligned}
$$ \& …… \& 1849 \& ...... \& 1856 \& Placed to mark Ship shoal and guide vessels between that shoal and those making out from Raccoon Point, Louisiana. <br>

\hline 351 \& $$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { F.V. F... } \\
& \text { F....... }
\end{aligned}
$$ \& \& 14 \& White.. \& 65 \& 70 \& $\left[\begin{array}{ll}+ & 2 \\ + & 4\end{array}\right]$ \& 1820 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ \& ....... \& 1855 \& Building. <br>

\hline 352 \& F........ \& \& 10 \& Yellow \& $$
\cdots
$$ \& "35 \& \[

\left.\left\lvert\, $$
\begin{array}{cc}
{[+} & 4
\end{array}
$$\right.\right]

\] \& 71849 \& -........ \& 1855 \& | Authorized. |
| :--- |
| For local navigation. | <br>

\hline $$
\begin{aligned}
& 353 \\
& 354
\end{aligned}
$$ \& F. $\mathrm{F}, \ldots, \mathrm{F}$. \& 130 \& 16 \& White. \& 75 \& 85 \& \[

\left[$$
\begin{array}{ll}
+ & 3 \\
f & 3
\end{array}
$$\right]

\] \& '1856' \& ....... \& . \& | Authorized, |
| :--- |
| T'o cross the bar, bring the light-house to bear NW. by N.; run in NW., leaving Louisiana point 200 or 300 yards on the starboard hand, | <br>

\hline
\end{tabular}

TEXAS.


TEXAS-Continued.


PACIFIC COAST.


TEXAS-Continued.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 首 } \\ & \text { E } \\ & \frac{0}{3} \end{aligned}$ |  |  | Remarks. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 362 | F........ | '..... | 13 | Brown. | . 55 | 60 | $[+4]$ | 1855 | ..... | - | The light, when bearing NW. $\frac{1}{3}$ W. will be seen between the two point of the pass; but the bar shifts so often that no directions can be given for crossing without a pilot. |
| 363 | F.......... |  | 10 | Biack. |  | 35 | $\left[\begin{array}{l}7 \\ {[+5}\end{array}\right]$ | 1852 |  | 1854 | Authorized. <br> Equare wooden tower. |
| 364 | F. V. F.. | 100 | 16 | White. | 57 | 82 | $[+3]$ | 1852 | ..... | 1857 | Brick tower, painted white. |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Authorized. |

PACIFIC COAST.

| 365 | F........ |  | 25 | Dark . | 35 | 457 | $[+3]$ | 1855 | ...... | ...... | Low brick tower rising from keeper? g dwelling. Mag. variation $12^{\circ} 26^{\prime}$ east. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 366 | ........... | ..... | .. | . | ... | .... |  | ..... | ..... |  | Authorized. |
| $\begin{aligned} & 367 \\ & 368 \end{aligned}$ | F. R...... |  | 12 | Gray .. | 34 | 180 | [ +7.4$]$ | 1856 |  |  | Authorized. ${ }_{\text {Red }}$ light. Low brick tower rising |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Red light. Low brick tower rising from keeper's dwelling. Mag. variation $13^{\circ} 30^{\prime}$ east, in 1854. |
| 369 | Revg.... | 030 | 23 | White. | 35 | 250 | [+ 17 | 1855 | ...... |  | Low brick tower rising from keeper's dwelling. Fog-bell, struck by machinery. Mag, variation $13^{\circ} 30^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$. |
| 370 | F........ | ...... | 13 | Gray .. | 35 | 91 | [ +3$]$ | 1854 | ...... |  | Low brick tower rising from keeper's dwelling. |
| $\begin{aligned} & 371 \\ & 372 \end{aligned}$ | Revg.... | 100 | 26 | Brick.. | 29 | 360 | $\left[\begin{array}{ll}+ & 4 \\ + & 1\end{array}\right]$ | 1855 |  |  | Authorized. <br> Tower on the highest peak of the rock. Mag, variation $14^{\circ} 53 /$ east. |
| 373 374 | F. V. F.. |  | 24 | White. | 45 | 306 | $\left[\begin{array}{ll}+ & 2 \\ + & 2\end{array}\right]$ | 1855 |  |  | Authorized. <br> Low brick tower rising from keeper's |
|  | F........ |  | 24 | White. | 45 | 306 | +2] | 1855 | ...... | ..... | Low brick tower rising from keeper's dwelling. Fog-bell struck by machinery. Mag. variation $15^{\circ} 27^{\prime}$ E. |
| 375 | F. | ...... | 12 | White. | 36 | 52 | [+5] | 1855 |  |  | Fog-bell, struck by machinery. Mag. variation $15^{\circ} 27^{\prime}$ east. |
| 376 | F........ |  | 14 | White. | 36 | 166 | $[+3]$ | 1854 |  |  | Fog-bell, struck by machinery. This light can be seen 12 miles outside of the Heads. |
| 377 | Flg...... | 015 |  |  |  | ... | $\left[\begin{array}{ll}+ & 2\end{array}\right]$ |  |  |  | Authorized. |
| $\begin{aligned} & 378 \\ & 379 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | 12 | White. | 45 | 53 | $\left[\begin{array}{ll} + & 1 \\ + & 4 \end{array}\right]$ | 1856 |  |  | Authorized. <br> Brick tower rising from keeper's dwelling. Fog-bell, struck by machinery. Mag. variation $17^{\circ} 04$ east, April, 1854. |
| 380 | F. V. F.. | 130 | 14 | Stone . | 35 | 80 | [+ 4] | 1856 |  |  | Low brick tower rising from keeper's dwelling. Mag. variation $17^{\circ} 45$ east. |
| 381 | F....... | ….. | 16 | White. | 83 | 100 | [ +3$]$ | 1857 | ...... | ..... | Brick tower rising from keeper's dwelling. Fog-bell, atruck by machinery. Mag. variation (1861) $18^{\circ}$ $55^{\prime}$ east. |
| 382 | F........ |  | 22 | White. | 40 | 230 |  | 1856 | ..... |  | Fog-bell, struck by machinery. Mag. variation $20^{\prime} 45^{\prime}$ east. |
| 383 | Revg. |  |  |  |  |  | [ 2] | 1857 |  |  | Building. |

PACIFIC COAST-Continued.

|  | Name. | Location. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 384 | CAPE FLATTERY... | On Tatoosh island, half a mile northwest of Cape Flattery, entrance to the Straits of Fuca. | $48 \quad 23 \quad 15$ | $1244311$ |  | Bell... |
| 385 | New Dungeness........ | On the northern end of the sand spit of that name, in the Straits of Juan de Fuca. | 481145 | 1230739 | 1 ................... | Bell... |
| 386 | Blunt's Island. . . . . |  |  |  | . . . . . . . . . . . . . . |  |

NEW YORK AND VERMONT.


PACIFIC COAST-Continued.


NEW YORK AND VERMONT.


NEW YORK AND VERMONT-Continued.


NEW YORK.


PENNSYLVANIA AND OHIO.


## NEW YORK AND VERMONT-Continued.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Remarks. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 401 |  |  |  |  | 51 |  |  | 1820 |  |  |  |
| 402 |  |  | 11 |  |  |  |  | 1831 |  | 1857 | Light on keeper's dwelling. |
| 403 | Revg. ... | 200 |  | White. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 404 | F. |  | 9 | White.. | 46 | 49 | $[+6]$ | 1838 | ...... | 1855 | Do. |
| 405 | F. ...... |  | 14 | White.. | 45 | 59 | $[+4]$ | 1837 | ...... | 1855 |  |
| 406 | *....... $\}$ | 200 | 13 | White.. | . 50 | 64 | $[\underline{+} 4]$ | 1825 |  | 1858 | Destroyed by gale in 1857. Lake coast light. |
| 407 | F. .... |  | 14 | White. | 37 | 81 | $[+4]$ | 1822 | ...... | 1855 | Lake coast and harbor light. |
|  | F..... |  | 6 | White.. | 22 | 28 | $[+6]$ | 1822 | ... | 1855 | Frame structure; harbor light. |
| 408 | F. ...... |  | 14 | White.. | 44 | 78 | $[+4]$ | 1813 | ...... | 1857 | Light on mess house, Fort Niagara. |

NEW YORK.

| 409 | F. |  | 10 | White.. | 13 | 25 | +5] | 1853 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 410 | F. V. F.. | 130 | 14 | White.. | 50 | 50 | [+4] | 1856 | ..... |  | Lake coast light. |
| 412 | F. ...... |  | 16 | White.. | 51 | 65 | $\left[\begin{array}{l}+3\end{array}\right]$ | 1828 | ...... | 1857 | Fog-bell, struck by machinery every io seconds. |
| 412 | F. ...... |  | 9 | White.. | 35 | 44 | [ +6$]$ | 1847 | 1857 |  |  |
| 413 | F. V. F.. |  | 16 | White.. | 50 | 87 | $[+3]$ | 1837 | ...... | 1857 | Lake coast light. |
| ... | F. |  | 9 | White.. | 25 | 40 | $[+6]$ | 1837 | ...... | 1854 | Harbor light on the pier. |
| 414 | F. ...... |  | 14 | White.. | 40 | 80 | $[+4]$ | 1829 |  | 1857 | Lighted with natural gas; no harbor at this point. |

PENNSYLVANIA AND OHIO.

| 414 | F. ...... | ...... | 16 | White. | 20 | 93 | [+ 3] | 1838 | ... | 1857 | Lake coast light, and marks the approach to Presqu'ile bay. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10.. | F. ...... |  | 10 | White. | 25 | 38 | $[+6]$ | 1857 | ...... | ...... | Cast iron tower, and marks entrance to channel. A shoal extends out from and around the east end of the north pier. |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $[+6]$ | 1856 |  |  | The intersection of the ranges of the two beacons on the north pier and |
|  | 2 F . |  |  |  |  |  | $\left[\begin{array}{ll} {\left[\begin{array}{l} 6 \\ + \end{array}\right]} \end{array}\right]$ | 1856 |  |  | the two on the peninsula northwest of the north pier, marke the channel across the bar inside of the pier. |
| 416 | F. ...... |  | 8 | White.. | 28 | 32 | [ +6 6] | 1835 |  | 1855 | Harbor light. |
| 417 | P. F. F.. | 130 | 11 | White. | 28 | 42 | $[+5]$ | 1835 | ...... | 1855 | Harbor light. |
| 418 |  |  | 16 | White., | 55 | 100 | [+3] | 1825 |  | 1857 | Lake soast light. |

## PENNSYLVANIA AND OHIO－Continued．

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 高 } \\ & \text { 啷 } \end{aligned}$ | Name． | Location． |  | Longitude west． |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 418 |  |  | － 4145111 | 81 151515 |  |  |
| 48 | Grand River Beacon） | Cn the end of east pier，at the entrance to Grand river， Ohio． |  |  | 1. |  |
| 419 | 岗 Cleveland．．．．．．．．． | On the northwest end of east | 413022 | 814100 | 1．．．．．．．．．．．．．． |  |
| 420 | m Blacy River．．．．．． | On the end of west pier，at the mouth of Black river，Ohio． | 412840 | 820845 | 1．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． |  |
| 421 | H Vermillion Beacon． | On the west pier at Vermillion | 412600 | 822045 | $1 . \ldots . . . . . .$ |  |
| 422 | Huron Beacon．．．．． | At the mouth of Huron river， Ohio，of the west pier． |  | 823220 | 1 ．．．．．．．．．．．．．． |  |

OHIO AND MICHIGAN．


PENNSYLVANIA AND OHIO－Continued．

|  |  |  |  |  | 薄 |  |  |  |  | 䔍 芯 E E． E． | Remarks． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 418 | F．．．．．． |  | 6 | White．． | 21 | 27 | ［ +6 ］ | 1835 | ．．．．． | 1855 | Harbor light． |
| 419 | F．V．F．． | 110 | 14 | White．． | 40 | 48 | $[+4]$ | 1831 | ．．．．．． | 1854 | Cast iron tower． |
| 420 |  |  | 14 | White．． | 40 | 48 | $\left[\begin{array}{ll}+4\end{array}\right]$ | 1836 | ．．．．．． | 1857 | Lake coast and harbor light． |
| 421 | F． |  | 6 | White． |  | 25 | $[+6]$ | 1847 | ．．．．．． | 1856 |  |
| 422 | F．．．．．． |  | 12 | White． |  | 40 | $[+4]$ | 1835 | ．．．．．． | 1857 | Cast iron tower． |

OHIO AND MICHIGAN．

| 423 | F．．．． | ．$\cdot$ | 10 | White． | 21 | 38 | $[+6]$ | 1839 | ．．．．．．． | 1855 | Light on keeper＇s dwelling， |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ．．．． | F．． |  | 5 | Black．． | 10 | 20 | $[+6]$ | 1853 | ．．．．．．． | 1856 |  |
| －．．． | F．R．．． |  | 5 | Red．． | 6 | 12 | $[+6]$ | 1855 | －．．．．． | 1856 | Red light． |
| 424 | F．．．．．．．． |  | 12 | White． | 55 | 60 | $\left[\begin{array}{ll}+ & 4\end{array}\right]$ | 1831 | ．．．．． | 1858 |  |
| 425 | F．．．．．．．． | － | 10 | White． | 45 | 48 | $[+6]$ | 1832 | ．．．．．＇． | 1855 |  |
| 426 | F．V．F．． | 200 | 12 | White． | 25 | 40 | $\left[\begin{array}{ll}+ & 4\end{array}\right]$ | 1854 | ．．．．．． | ．．．．． | Lake coast light． |
| 427 | F．．．．．．．． |  | 14 | White． | 40 | 46 | $\left[\begin{array}{ll}+ & 4\end{array}\right]$ | 1847 | ．．．．．． | 1857 | Lake coast light． |
| 428 | F．．．．．．．． | ． | 14 | White， | 40 | 45 | $\left[\begin{array}{ll}+ & 4\end{array}\right]$ | 1831 | ． | 1857 | Lake coast and harbor light． |
| 429 430 | F．．．．．．．．． |  | 114 | White． | $\cdots$ | 46 | $\left[\begin{array}{ll}* & 4\end{array}\right]$ | 1849 | － | 1855 | Destroyed by ice in the winter of 1856 ． Lake coast and harbor light． |
| 431 | F．．．．．．．． | ．．． | 14 | White． | 40 | 60 | $[+4]$ | 1838 | －•．．．．． | 1855 | Lake coast and river light． |
| 432 | F．．．．．．． | ．．．．． | 8 | White． | 30 | 35 | $\left[\begin{array}{c}+6]\end{array}\right.$ | 1849 | ．．．．．． | 1855 | Light on keeper＇s dwelling． |
| 433 | F．．．．．．．．． |  | 8 | White． | 20 | 30 | $[+6]$ | 1849 | 1857 | ．．．．．． | Light in front of keeper＇s dwelling． |
| 434 | F．．．．．．．． |  | 8 | White． | 40 | ．．．． | ［＋6］ | 1838 | ．．．．．．． | 1856 |  |
| 435 | F．．．．．．．． | ． | 8 | White．． | 22 | ．．．． | ［ +6$]$ | 1847 | ．．．．．．． | 1855 | ， |
| 436 | F．．．．．．．． | ．．．．．． | 14 | White． | 65 | 74 | $[+4]$ | 1825 | ．．．．．．． | 1857 |  |
| 437 | F．V．F．． | 2 CO | 16 | Yellow | 79 | $\varepsilon 8$ | $[+3]$ | 1847 | 1857 | ．．．．．． | Lake coast light． |
| 438 | Fixed， white，va－ ried by red | 130 | 12 | White． | 45 | 54 | $\left[\begin{array}{l}\text {［ } 5]\end{array}\right.$ | 1853 | ．．．．．．． | 1856 | Red flashes． |
| 439 | F......... |  | 12 | White． | 39 | 45 | ［＋4］ | 1857 | ．．．．． | ．．．．． |  |
| 440 | F．．．．．．．．． |  | 8 | White． | 65 | 72 | $[+6]$ | 1841 | ．．．．．．． | 1856 |  |

MICHIGAN AND INUIANA.


ILLINOIS, MICHIGAN, AND WISCONSIN.


MICHIGAN AND INDIANA.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 品 品 B |  |  | Remarks. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 441 | F. V. F.. | $130$ | 14 | Yellow | 56 | 59 | [ +4 ] | 1832 | ...... | 1857 | Fog-bell, struck by machinery. |
| 442 | F....... | . | 14 | White. | 65 | $\ldots$ | $[+4]$ | $184{ }^{\circ}$ | ...... | 1857 |  |
| 443 | F....... | ..... | 14 | White. | 38 | 44 | $[+4]$ | 1840 | ...... | 1857 |  |
| 444 | F....... | .... | 14 | White. | 35 | 50 | $[+4]$ | 1839 | ...... | 1857 |  |
| 445 | F. V. F.. | 130 | 11 | White. | 33 | 37 | $[+5]$ | 1851 | ...... | 1857 |  |
| 446 | F. V. F. . | 130 | 14 | Yellow | 65 | 74 | $[+4]$ | 1851 |  | - | Fog-bell, struck by machinery. |
| 447 | F....... | - | 11 | Brick | 29 | 35 | $[+5]$ | 1850 | ...... | 1858 | Light on keeper's dwelling. |
| 448 | F....... | , | 9 | Brick . | 22 | 25 | $[+6]$ | 1856 |  | ..... |  |
| 449 | Revg.... | 130 | 16 | White. | 40 | 103 | $[+4]$ | 1851 | ..... | 1858 | To guide vessels into the straits of Mackinac, and to and from Green Bay, Mich. |
| 450 | F....... |  | 11 | Brick . | 30 | 34 | $[+4]$ | 1852 | ...... | 1857 |  |
| 451 | F....... |  | 14 | White. | 35 | 64 | $[+4]$ | 1839 | ...... | 1857 | Fog-bell, struck by machinery. |
| 452 | F....... | ...... | ... | Yellow | .... | ... | [+4] | 1857 | ...... | ..... | Building. |
| 453 | F....... | . | 10 | Brick . | 30 | 36 | $[+6]$ | 1851 | ...... | 1856 | Light on keeper's dwelling. |
| 454 | F. V.F.. | 130 | 14 | Gray . | 24 | 70 | $[+4]$ | 1855 | ...... | ..... |  |
| 455 | F $\ldots$ | ...... | 10 | White. | 35 | 45 | $[+6]$ | 1852 | ..... | 1856 |  |
| 456 | F....... | ... | 15 | Yellow | 35 | 90 | $[+4]$ | 1831 | ...... | 1858 |  |
| 457 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { F....... } \\ & \mathbf{F} \ldots \ldots . . \end{aligned}$ | S..... | 5 | White. | 20 | 74 | $\left[\begin{array}{ll}+ & 6 \\ + & 6\end{array}\right]$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1831 \\ & 1839 \end{aligned}$ | $\ldots$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1856 \\ & 1857 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| 458 | F....... |  | 11 | White. | 25 | 45 | [+ 5] | 1837 | ...... | 1857 |  |

hllinois, michigan, and wisconsin.


ILLINOIE，MICHIGAN，AND WISCONSIN－Continued．

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 这 } \\ & \text { 를 } \\ & \text { R } \end{aligned}$ |  | Name． | Location． |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 463 |  | $\left\{\begin{array}{l} \text { Little Fort or Wau- } \\ \text { kegan. } \end{array}\right.$ | On the south side of Little Fort river，about 15 miles |  | $\text { - } 11$ | 1 | ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． |  |
| 464 |  |  | south of Southport light，Ill． On Warrington island，in Southport，Wis． <br> On the pier．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | -• |  |  |  |  |
| 465 |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Root River, (Ra- } \\ & \text { cine.) } \end{aligned}$ | At the mouth of Root river， （Racine，）west side of the lake，Wis． |  |  |  | ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | ．．． |
| 466 |  | Milwaukie ．．．．．． | At north point of Milwaukie bay，Wis． | ． | ．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 1 | ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | ．．．．． |
|  | ＊ | North Cut Beacon <br> Beacon | On north pier of the north cut． <br> On the pier | ．．．．．．．．．．．． | $1 \cdots$ |  |  |  |
| 467 | 或 | Port Washington．．． | At Port Washington， 25 miles south of Sheboygan light， Wis． |  |  | 1 |  |  |
| 468 | 突 | Sheboygan ．．．．．．．． | At the mouth of Sheboygan river，Wis． | ．．．．．．．．．．．． | ．．．．．．．．．．．． | 1 | ．．．．．．．．．．．．．． |  |
| 469 | A | Manitowoc ．．．．．．．． | At the mouth of the Manito－ woc river，Wis． | ．．．．．．．．．．． | ．．．．．．．．．．． | 1 | ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | ．$\cdot$ ．．．．．． |
| 470 |  | Twin Rivers．．．．．．． | At Twin Rivers， 7 miles north of Manitowoc． | ．．．．．．．．．．． | ．．．．．．．．．．． | 1 | ．．．．．．．．．．．． |  |
| 471 |  | Bayley＇s Harbor ．．． | South side of the entrance to Green bay，Wis． | ．．．．．．．．．． | －．．．．．．．．．．． |  | ．．．．．．．．．．．．．． |  |
| 472 |  | Port du Morts ．．． | On Plum island，south side of the entrance to Green bay， Mich． | ．．．．．．．．．．．． | ． |  | \＆．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | ．．．．．．．． |
| 473 |  | Pottawatomis ．．．．． | On Rock island，north side of the entrance to Green bay， Mich． | ．．．．．．．．．．．． |  | 1 | － | ． |
| 474 |  | T＇ail Point ．．．．．．．．．． | Near the mouth of Fox river， at the head of Green bay， Wis． | ． | ．．．．．．．．．．．． | 1 | ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | ．．．．．．．． |

WISCONSIN AND MICHIGAN．

| 475 | 变: | At the northern outlet of Lake Winnebago，Wis． | ． | ．．．．．．．．．．． | 1 | －＊＊＊＊ | ．．．．．．．． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 476 |  | At the south end of Lake Winnebago． | ．．．．．．．．．．．． | － | 1 | ．$\cdot$ | ， |
| 477 | （Round Island．．．．．． | Near entrance to river $\$ \mathrm{st}$ ． Marie． | ．．．．．．．．．．． | ．．．．．．．．．．． | 1. | ．．．．．．．．．．．． |  |
| 478 | Point Iroquois．．．． | On south shore of Lake Supe－ rior． | ．．．．．．．．．．． | ．．．．．．．．．．． | 1. | － |  |
| 479 | White Fish Point ．． | On White Fish Point，Mich．．． |  |  | 1 |  |  |
| 480 | Grand Island．．．．． | North point of Grand island．． |  |  | 1 |  |  |
| 481 | Marquette．．．．．．．．．． | On the north point of Mar－ quette harbor． | ．．．．．．．．．． | ．．．．．．．．．．． | 1. | ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． |  |
| 482 | 号 Portage River．．．．．． | Near mouth of Portage river， western shore of Kewenaw bay． | ．．．．．．．． | ．．．．．．．．．．． | 1 | ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． |  |
| $483$ | 㽧 Manitou．．．．．．．．．．． | On Manitou island．．．．．．．．．．．．． |  |  | 1 |  |  |
| 484 485 | 品 $\{$ Copper Harbor．．．．． | At Copper harbor，Mich ．．．．．． |  |  | 1 |  |  |
| 485 |  | Northeast end of Isle Royal， on west side of entrance to the harbor，and about 12 miles from the eastern ex－ tremity of the island． |  |  | 1 |  |  |
| 486 487 | Eagle Harbor ．．．．．．． | At Eagle harbor，Mich ．．．．．．．．． |  |  | 1 |  |  |
| 487 488 | Dagle River．．．．．．． | South shore of Lake Superior． |  | ．．．．．．．．．． | 1 | ． |  |
| 480 | Ontonagon．．．．．．．．． | At the mouth of Ontenagon river，Mich． | ．．．．．．．．．． | ．．．．．．．．．．． | 1. | ．．．．．．．．．．．．． |  |
| 489 | La Pointe．．．．．．．．．．． | On the isiand near La Pointe． |  |  |  | $\cdot$ |  |
| 490 | Minnesota Point ．．． | At the head of Lake Superior， mouth of the Bt．Louis river． | ．．．．．．．．．． | ．．．．．．．．．．． | 1. | ．... ．．．．．．．．．． | ．．． |

ILLINOIS，MICHIGAN，AND WISCONSIN－Continued．

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 亲 } \\ & \text { 品 } \\ & \text { R } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | Color of tower or vessel． |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 关 } \\ & \text { 吕 } \\ & \text { 5 } \\ & \frac{5}{3} \end{aligned}$ |  | B 部 U E E B | Remarks． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 463 | F．．．．．．．． | 1＂11 | 9 | White．． | 35 | ． | $[+6]$ | 1849 | ．．．．．．． | 1856 |  |
| 464 | F．V．F．） | 130 | 14 | White．． | 57 | 78 | $[+5]$ | 1848 | ．．．．．． | 1857 |  |
| 465 | F．．．．． | ，．．．．．． | 9 12 | Whood． | 12 | 16 | $\left[\begin{array}{ll}+ & 6 \\ + & 5\end{array}\right]$ | 1848 | ．．．．．．．． | 1857 |  |
| 466 | F．V．F．） | 200 | 14 | Yellow | 22 | 102 | $[+4]$ | 1855 | ．．．．．． | ．$\cdot$ ． | － |
| －．．． |  | $\cdots$ | ． | ．．．．．．．．． | ．．． | ．．． | $[+6]$ | ．．．．．． | ．．．．．．． | ．．．．．． | Building． |
| 467 | F．．．．． | ．．．．．．．．． | 9 9 | White．． | $\begin{aligned} & 15 \\ & 36 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 20 \\ 109 \end{array}$ | $\left[\begin{array}{ll}+ & 6 \\ + & 6\end{array}\right]$ | 1848 1849 | …．．．． | $\begin{aligned} & 1856 \\ & 1856 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| 468 | F．．．．．． | ．．．．．．． | 11 | White．． | 34 | 80 | $[+5]$ | 1839 | ．．．．．． | 1857 |  |
| 469 | F．．．．．．． | ．．．．．．． | 11 | White． | 34 | 63 | ［＋5］ | 1839 | ．．．．．．． | 1856 |  |
| 470 | F．．．．．．． | ．．．．．．． | 10 | White．． | 35 | 52 | $[+6]$ | 1852 | ．．．．．． | 1856 | Light on keeper＇s dwelling． |
| 471 | F．．．．．．． | ．．．．．．． | 10 | White． | 52 | 54 | $\left[\begin{array}{l}+6]\end{array}\right.$ | 1852 | ．．．．．． | 1856 |  |
| 472 | F．V．F．． | 130 | 14 | White． | 25 | 37 | $[+4]$ | 1849 | －．．．．． | 1858 |  |
| 473 | F．．．．．．． | ．．．．．．． | 14 | White． | 25 | 137 | ［ +4$]$ | 1839 | －．．．．． | 1858 |  |
| 474 | F．．．．． |  | 10 | White． | 56 | 56 | $[+6]$ | 1848 | $\ldots$ | 1856 |  |

WISCONSIN AND MICHIGAN．

| 475 | F． |  | 10 | Stone．． | 24 | 37 | $[+6]$ | 1855 |  |  | Light on keeper＇s dwelling． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 476 | F． |  |  | ．．．．．．．． | ．．． |  |  | ．．．．．． | ．．．．．． | ．．．．．． | Authorized． |
| 477 | F．V．F．． |  | 12 | Gray ．． | 30 | 45 | $[+57$ | 1855 | ．．．．．． |  | Light on keeper＇s dwelling． |
| 478 | F． |  | 10 | Gray ．． | 45 | 63 | $[+6]$ | 1857 | ．．．．．． | ．．．．．． |  |
| 479 480 | F． $\mathrm{F}, \mathrm{v}, \mathrm{F} .$. | …．．．． | ${ }_{13}^{13}$ | White． | 38 | $\begin{array}{\|} 51 \\ 204 \end{array}$ | $\left[\begin{array}{ll}+ & 4 \\ + & 4\end{array}\right]$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1847 \\ & 1856 \end{aligned}$ | …．．． | 1857 |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 480 \\ & 481 \end{aligned}$ | F．V．．．．． |  | 10 | White | 30 | ${ }^{204}$ | － 6 | 1853 |  | 1856 | Lake coast light． |
| 482 | F．V．F．． | 200 | 13 | White． | 45 | 68 | $[+5]$ | 1856 |  |  | White light，fixed，with red flashes． |
| 483 | Revg ．．． | 130 | 14 | Gray ．－ | 60 | 71 | ［ 41 | 1849 | ．．．．．． | $1856$ | Lake coast light． |
| 484 |  |  | 14 | Stone． | 50 | 65 | ［－4］ | 1855 |  | ．．．．． | Lake coast and harlor light． |
| 486 | F．V．F．． | 200 | 12 | White | 31 | 47 | ＋4］ | 1850 |  | 1857 | Light on keeper＇s dwelling． |
| 487 | F．${ }_{\text {F }}$ |  | 11 | White． | 31 | $3{ }^{3}$ | ［－4 | 1852 |  | 1857 | Luilding．${ }^{\text {Light on keeper＇s dwelling．}}$ |
| 489 |  |  | 14 | Stone． | 64 | 129 | $[+4]$ | 1857 | ．．．．． |  | Building． |
| 490 | F． |  | 12 | White． | 45 | 51 | $[+4]$ | 1857 | ．．．．．． | ．．．．．． | Building． |


[^0]:    * December 1, 1858. -Since rendering this report the preparations above alluded to have been completed, and the work will proceed at once as rapidly as its nature will permit.

[^1]:    Total amount of appropriation.
    \$31,400 00
    Amount withdrawn to September 80, 1858. 25,741 96

    Balance available

[^2]:    Total amount of appropriation.
    $\$ 229,65253$
    Amount withdrawn to September 30, 1858................. 207,927 53
    Balance available...................................... 21,725 00

[^3]:    Total amount of appropriation at Burlington, Vermont, \$43,600 00 Amount withdrawn to September 30, 1858. 39,058 77

    Balance arailable
    4,541 23

[^4]:    Hon. Howell Cobb,
    Secretary of the Treasury.

[^5]:    * Returns for the year incomplete.
    + Vracant.
    $\ddagger$ Returns not made.
    $\S$ Accounts unadjusted. Incumbent not a citizen of the United States, and by 21st section of act of August 18, aforesaid, not entitled to salary.

[^6]:    No suit commenced during the present fiscal year.
    No collections or decisions in suits brought previous to the commencement of the present fiscal year.

[^7]:    Hon. Howell Cobb, Secretary of the Treasury.

[^8]:    Treasury Department,
    Register's Office, November 26, 1858.

[^9]:    April 24, 1820, reduces the minimum to $\$ 125$.
    $\dagger \$ 1,458,78293$ deducted from the aggregate receipts, as per account of the Treasurer No. 78,922.

[^10]:    - Twine and seines are under one head for the year 1855.

[^11]:    $\left.\begin{array}{l}\text { Thornton A．Jenkins，} \\ \text { W．B．Franklin，}\end{array}\right\}$ Sectetaries．
    Treasury Department，Office Light－house Board，March 13， 1858.

[^12]:    - To repair damages and supply losses occasioned by ice caused by storm of January 19, 1857.

    Thornton A. Jeneins,
    W. B. Franklin,

    Secretaries.
    W. B. SHUBRICK, Chairman.

[^13]:    * Bay and river lights, and visible as far as is needful. † Lit with gas.

[^14]:    * A new tower of 150 feet elevation to be erected immediately in place of the present one; to be fitted with lst-order flashing $10^{\prime \prime}$ apparatus.
    $\dagger$ A new tower of 150 feet to be erected, and fitted with lst-order revolving lens apparatus.

[^15]:    * A new tower of 150 feet to be erected, and fitted with lst-order revolving lens apparatus.

    A new tower 150 feet high is now under coustruction, to be fitted with a first-order revolving lens.

