IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES.

DECEMBER 17, 1890.—Ordered to be printed. .

Mr. SAWYER, from the Committee on Pensions, submitted the following

REPORT:

[To accompany S. 4299.]

The Committee on Pensions, to whom was referred the bill (S. 4299) granting a pension to Nathan C. Moore, have examined the same and

report:

This bill directs the Secretary of the Interior to place the name of Nathan C. Moore, late a private of Captain Byram's Company E, of Col. Benjamin Snodgrass's Regiment North Alabama Mounted Volunteers, in the Seminole Indian war, on the pension rolls and pay him a

pension of \$12 per month.

With this bill there are presented the affidavits of W. W. Green, M. Patton, W. L. Wright, and James T. Lutts, of Howell County, Mo., and a letter from the War Department giving the military record and services of said soldier. The letter of the War Department, dated July 30, 1890, shows that the muster-out roll of Capt. Alden Byram's Company E, of Col. Benjamin Snodgrass's Regiment North Alabama Mounted Volunteers—the only roll on file—dated April 13, 1838, shows said soldier was enrolled October 26, 1837, at Bellefonte, Ala., to serve six months, and absent with leave April 6, 1838.

The affidavits establish the identity of said soldier, and that he is now about eighty years old, and is very feeble and whelly unable to perform manual labor and is without any means of support, and has always been a temperate, honest, truthful, and upright citizen; industrious and hard working as long as he was able to perform manual labor.

While his disabilities for manual labor can not now be traced to his service in the line of duty as a soldier and result from old age and its infirmities, and do not entitle him to pension under the general laws, yet his case comes clearly within numerous precedents in Congress granting pensions in similar eases.

Your committee therefore report the bill back to the Senate favorably

and recommend its passage.