# TITLES AND DESCRIPTIONS

**Best Metadata Practices for Photograph Collections** 

Madison Chartier Metadata Librarian Oklahoma State University 26 August 2019

# PHOTOS ARE THEIR OWN UNIQUE CATEGORY...

- Not traditionally titled
- Often dependent on context
- Naming and describing a photo can feel redundant...

but both are <u>IMPORTANT</u> and need to be <u>DISTINCT</u>

Each field has a purpose. Both need to be included.

#### WHAT ARE THE DIFFERENCES?

#### Title

- Most basic essence of what a photo depicts
  - Short, sweet, simple
  - Selling pitch (info the viewer will use to determine if the photo is of interest)
  - Identifies the central focus of the photo
- Free text, but specific format
  - Who, What, Where, When
  - Apply as the photo's content allows

#### Description

- ▶ The title embellished!
- All the details the title can't capture
  - Outside context
  - Background details
  - Angles/views/perspectives (e.g. aerial shots)
  - ▶ Transcriptions
  - Specific details (e.g. individual names for members of a group)
- Free text all the way!

## OBSERVE, REFLECT, & RELATE!



#### Animal science research on Guernsey cow--Photo 1

Animal science research on Guernsey cow's ear.

Animals--Research; Oklahoma A & M College



#### Animal science research on Guernsey cow--Photo 2

Animal science research on Guernsey cow's back.

Animals--Research; Oklahoma A & M College



#### Architectural sketch of Quonset Style Diesel Laboratory, circa 1949

Drawing of projected Quonset Style Diesel Laboratory architecture. Construction of Quonset Drawings; Oklahoma A & M College

circa 1949

- Reflect on your own research!
  - What do you look for first?
  - Where is the eye first drawn?
- Think of a traditional book on a shelf
  - What part of the book do you see first?
  - Where do you have to go to get a description?

Trust your experience and intuition as a researcher!
You can draw on that here!

# COMPONENTS OF TITLE

What's most central to the image?

### A FLEXIBLE RULE



- We have people
- We have an activity
- We have a place
- We may have a time



- No people
- No activity
- Just a building (a "what" and "where")
- We may have a time

Consider "Who, What, When, Where" based on what you have and/or/know! That's all anyone can ask of you!

# #1) WHO?

- Question 1: Are there people in the photo?
- > YES
  - ▶ Do you have names?
    - Individual(s)
    - Group
  - If yes:
    - Who matters more? Individuals or greater group?
    - ▶ How many names? More than 3?
  - If no, who are they generally?
    - Professional(s)
    - ▶ Men, women, children
    - Just people
- ► NO
  - Proceed to 'what'

- Question 2: Are people the main focus of the photo?
  - Is the photo taken for the sake of a photo?
    - Are the people posing? Looking at camera?
    - Is the photo a portrait? Staged?
  - Are they performing an activity?
    - What's more important?
      - ➤ The group performing the action?
      - ➤ The action being performed?
    - Is it an activity or an event?

# KNOWN VS. UNKNOWN

#### L. D. Harrison and Red Tarver on Lewis Field



Pair of WWI soldiers, portrait--Plate 1



- Names are provided/contributed
- > 3 or less: Can list them comfortably
- Photo for the sake of a photo
  - > Posing

- Names unknown
- > Profession identifiable
- > Photo for the sake of a photo
  - > Formal portrait

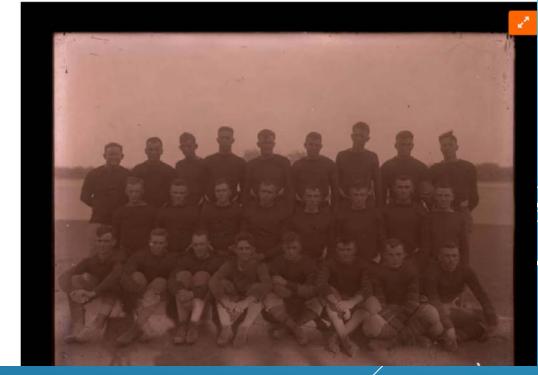
### INDIVIDUALS VS. GROUP

Dick Hutton lifting Bill Jernigan, circa 1948



- Names are provided/contributed
- > 3 or less: Can list them comfortably
- Persons of established individual reputation

J. G. Griffith and football team, circa 1917



- Group photo
- Individual player names not known
- > Team vs. individual reputation

# #2) WHAT?

#### 4 concepts of 'what'

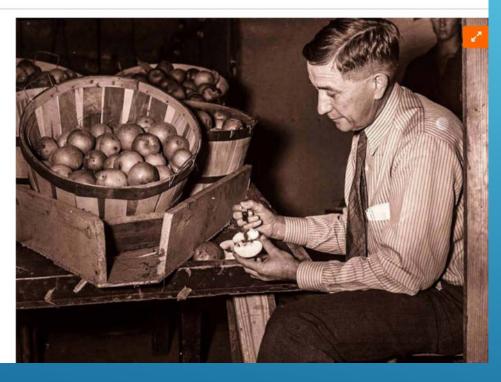
- 1. 'What' as action/activity
  - Person doing something
- 2. 'What' as **event** 
  - Specific named persons/group at [name of a known event]
  - [Name of a known event] (where 'who' is not so important/central to the photo)

What's happening in the photo? What's the purpose of the photo?

- 3. 'What' as function
  - Considered in the context of a photo taken for a photo's sake
  - Formal portraits: "Person, portrait"
  - Posing for a photo: Skip the what.
- 4. 'What' as object
  - When the main focus is not a person or an activity/event
  - Example: Buildings and landscapes

# 'WHAT' AS ACTION



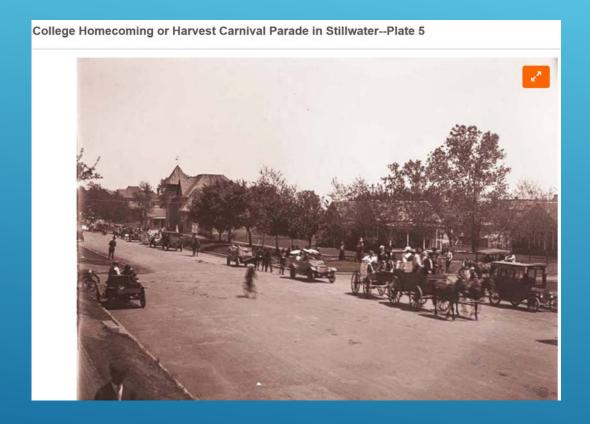


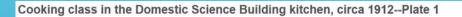
DeWitt Hunt and two men working with airplane models in the Industrial Arts Building, circa 1950

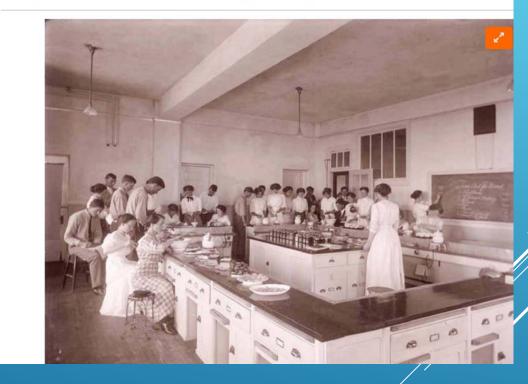


- An established 'Who'
- Action expressed as a present participle ("-ing")

# 'WHAT' AS EVENT



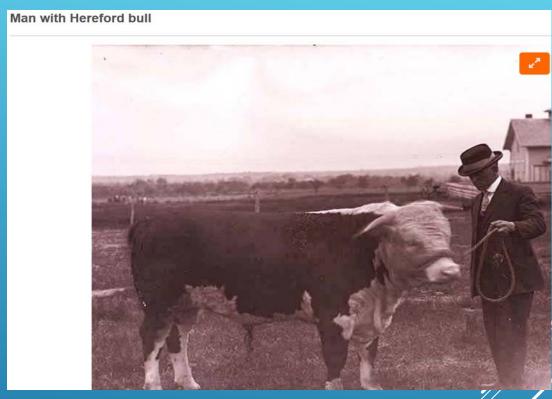




- An established/named occurrence
- Activity is implied
- Action takes precedence over people present

# 'WHAT' AS FUNCTION



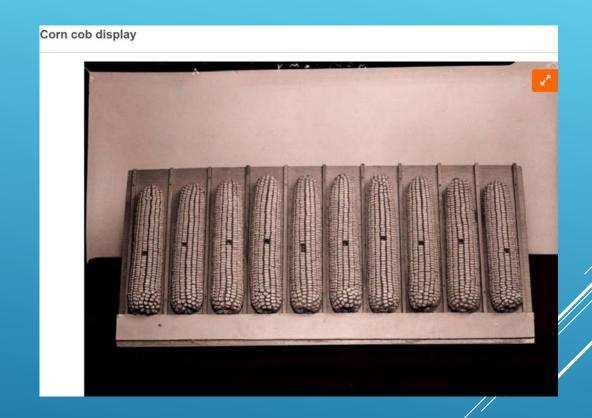


- Persons/objects posed for sake of a photo
- Specific genre of photo is noted (portrait)
- "Standing," "sitting," "posing," "holding": passive verbs we can exclude

# 'WHAT' AS OBJECT







- "Still life"
- Buildings, landscapes, objects. No people. No actions,/

# #3) WHERE?

- Depends on context of image and collection
- Location can consist of:
  - City, state, country
  - Building
  - Landmark
  - Region (mountains, woods, fields)
- ▶ If collection/images are consistent in location, can be more selective with what to include
  - Ex) Cunningham collection majorly in Stillwater, on Oklahoma A&M Campus
    - Focused on building names, regions of campus (Agricultural Experiment Farm, Cordell Residence Hall)
    - Excluded mention of "Oklahoma A&M" and "Stillwater" to description
    - Mentioned cities only when outside of Stillwater (Shawnee, OK)
- If more variable, be as precise with location as necessary

NOTE: Concept of "place" can blend "Where" with "What" (e.g. campus buildings)

# #4) WHEN?

- Almost ALWAYS DEPENDENT on CONTEXT
- If you know "when" specifically, with certainty:
  - Text for the TITLE:
    - **YYYY**
    - Month YYYY
    - DD Month YYYY
  - Value for the DATE field:
    - ► YYYY
    - > YYYY-MM
    - > YYYY-MM-DD
- ▶ If there is an estimated "when," confident but not wholly certain
  - Follow same formats above
  - ▶ BUT precede with "circa"

If you don't know "when," that's okay. Leave it out.

## REVIEW PROCESS

- Conquer and divide. One person creates. Another person reviews.
- When reviewing:
  - 1. Do all images have a title AND a description?
    - Descriptions should not merely repeat the titles!
  - 2. Titles:
    - Are they short, pithy, cut down to the most fundamental details?
    - Do they follow Who, What, Where, When?
    - Do they capture the central/main focus of the photo?
  - 3. Spellcheck. (F7 when working with CSVs)
  - 4. Names
    - Are names standardized according to the appropriate designated registry?
    - Names reference in titles and descriptions should all be formatted consistently
    - ► Library of Congress Name Authority File (http://id.loc.gov/authorities/names.html)
  - 5. Document patterns of error!
    - Identify the trouble spots, common patterns of correction
    - > Share with the creator. Help them know and improve.

17

## FINAL SUGGESTIONS

- Reverse the approach
  - Write the description first. Capture everything!
  - THEN, draw out the title from that description.
    - Pare down to the most essential details/focus of the photo
    - Format accordingly (Who, What, Where, When)
  - "Write drunk. Edit sober." (Ernest Hemingway)
- 2. Be open with your colleagues
  - ► Broader scope of whole collection can sometimes inform title practices
  - If describing similar content
    - Can better identify related photos/content
    - Develop consistent titling/numbering system for related content
    - Get a better sense of what topics are most relevant to the whole collection
- 3. Have a system of review in place!
  - ► Help each other out!
  - ► Help each other improve!

# THANK YOU!

Any questions?

madison.chartier@okstate.edu