Introduction





- Advancing technology making drones more evasive Drawing inspiration from nature we looked for solutions in drone catching techniques
- Previous investigation into aerial grasping has been experimented by UPenn robotics labs

Objective

Long Term (Team):

How do we develop a drone that captures objects midflight?



Short Term (Me):

What type of dynamic systems can be modeled within Solidworks and how can we use that to better understand the mechanism being used?

Methods



Tasks		Triggers			Actions					Ti	
Name	Description	Trigger	Condition	Time/Delay	Feature	Action	Value	Duration	Profile	Start	
Task4	Hinge Swing	Time		0.1s	a RotaryMotor 🗠	Change	-90deg	0.5s	1		
Task5	Claw Closing at en	Time	<u>.</u>	0.05s	👌 (2)	Change	-104de	0.02s	Ζ	0.05s	
Task6	Claw Closing at sta	Time		0.05s	à InnerClaw 📃	Change	55deg	0.02s	Ζ	0.05s	
Task7	NewSlider	Time	=	0.05s		Change	25.5m	0.02s	Z	0.05s	
Task8	MainCollision	(C) Time		0.05s	🕂 LinearCollisi 🔤	Change	0mm/s	0s	Ζ		

- Use previous version of gripper as reference of where to put simulated mechanisms
- Base model of gripper design and mechanisms used is modeled through Solidworks
- Dynamic simulations using Motion Analysis





Dynamic Simulation and Modeling of Gripper for Applications in Autonomous Drone Catcher

Shawn Ray, Tony Chen, Kenneth Hoffmann, Dr. Mark Cutkosky Biomimetics and Dexterous Manipulation Lab, Stanford University

Gripper Modeling





Figure 2: Comparison of gripper model to physical spring

Biomimetics & Dexterous Manipulation Laboratory

Figure 1: Final gripper model with object

Results





Conclusion

Solidworks has limited computing capability for high speed collisions on small scale devices When scaling motion speeds down, calculations are better and motion is much easier to visualize Grippers ability to capture objects allows for secure grasping of objects, even during movement

SURF Takeaways

Learned more how graduate school functions More prepared for graduate school applications Put more thought into future plans after undergrad

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References

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