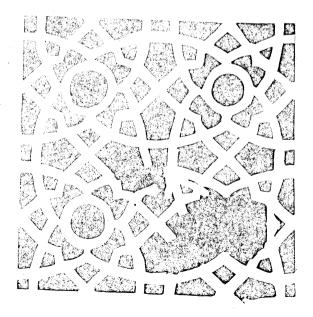
Thesis 1986R E23c



a thesis proposal

john edgar oklahoma state university

This program is a personal effort to define an attitude which I hope will direct my future as an architect, as a husband, and as a person. It is the result of many, many experiences throughout a long academic career to which I owe most to my wife, Becky, and to my parents whose unending support helped keep things in correct perspective.



THOUGHTS socially responsive design PROPOSAL the "center" 7 BACKGROUND islam 11 form 14 orientation 19 time 24 SITE austin 28 university of texas 30 the site 34 **NEEDS & DATA** area requirements 46 47 public exhibit resource center 57 lecture 73 administration 77 93 service CONCLUSIONS key words 100 goals/concepts 101 problem statements

107

To study architecture is to study people their religions, art, music, lifestyles. Mathias Ungers points out: "man is more than a functional being, more than a 'user'", and understanding the human element of a particular place gives the architect a unique tool in interpreting needs beyond the client's building program. It is an effort to integrate socially responsive decisions into design - to know meanings, reasons, images. aspirations. It is an attitude, a frame of mind which the architect, as person, must apply to the decision making process as a checks-and-balances mechanism. Socially responsive design addresses architecture from the point of view of those who use it, walk past it, see it from a distance, as well as those who fund it.

Vitruvius first recognized the needs of social environment when he expressed buildings as "containers of diverse human purposefulness that strongly influence how people live and societies operate." In this view buildings not only serve a functional purpose but also serve as a signature of cultural

identity. They are derived from and express the aspirations of the times. Louis Sullivan writes, "words hold only that which is imparted to them and are vital only when those who use them vitalize them." The built environment, then, only holds symbolic importance when those who use it perceive it as such. And, given that significant architecture can only be derived from the forces within a society, it is essential that the architect know and understand the social environment in which he builds. The implications of one's designs extends beyond the physical manifestation of an idea. It involves every aspect of the physical and psychological place in which it exists--the 'genius loci' of Norberg Schulz. This concept is based on the premise that any human action has a spatial aspect and that the physical environment projects an image which collectively becomes part of the social fabric. Given that individual perceptions are derived from cultural experiences, the architecture that defines our environment also shapes our perceptions. Hence, it becomes a matter of understanding the meanings of those forms, spaces, elements, colors,

that shape human perception. This understanding of the 'genius loci' is the missing element in studio design.

WALTER GROPIUS

My idea of the architect as coordinator whose business it is to unify the various formal, technical, social and economic problems that arise in connection with building, inevitably led me on, step by step, from study of function of the house to that of the street; from the street to the town; and finally to the still vaster implications of regional and national planning.

It is ironic that in theory most architectural movements of this century begin with social environment in mind--the Bauhaus' handling of technology and society, Leon Krier's 'social interaction and service of needs', Mathias Unger's 'architecture as theme', Aldo Rossi's 'architect as intellectual'-- but when passed into the daily working environment, each has been diluted

into obscurity, or, as David H. Bell says; "lost in the pluralist miasma of capitalism". Regardless of philosophic intent, the built environment is still subject to a proliferation of object architecture according to this or that dogma; his or her ego.

The ultimate failure of both 'Modernism' and its reactionary offspring 'isms' is that each demands, in the case of the former, a new homogeneity based on a technologically advancing society; and the latter, a return to a more homogeneous past. Perhaps the Modern movement did interpret the coming technological age with an expressive sympathy and perhaps Post Modernism is trying to reinterpret past successes in a fresh light, but both miss the point. Contemporary society is anything but homogeneous; anything but utopian—that's the very reason its worth living in.

What contemporary architects have yet to realize (or have yet to be taught) is that spirit of place merely superficially exists in buildings. It exists in the people who

experience it and carry with them the images of the genius loci. This concern for total design is essentially the responsibility of the architect/coordinator and involves knowledge of human behavior not now a part of design. Dr. Sharon Sutton, University of Michigan, urges that only when behavioral studies are integrated into studio design will students be able to address contemporary human needs in more than a rhetorical, intuitive fashion. When used as a design tool. behavioral responses can be anticipated and manipulated in such a way as to more responsibly balance the sometimes counter concerns of client and public--regardless of the architect's particular dogma.

So yes...Architecture is art, and yes...form does follow function. But if architecture does not address me the user, me the passerby, and me, member of society, then it is merely building and only adds to the miasm.

THERE WAS A CHILD WENT FORTH EVERY DAY;

AND THE FIRST OBJECT HE LOOKED UPON,

THAT OBJECT HE BECAME.

AND THAT OBJECT BECAME PART OF HIM FOR THE DAY,

OR A CERTAIN PART OF THE DAY,

OR FOR MANY YEARS,

OR FOR STRETCHING CYCLES OF YEARS.

A THESIS PROPOSAL

The following represents background research for my thesis proposal, the Center for Middle Eastern Studies at the University of Texas at Austin. Based on the open guidelines of the King Fahd Award for Research and Design in Islamic Architecture, I sought to develop a project of both social and architectural relevance. I wished to explore some personally untested feelings about socially responsive design. At first the project was the vehicle through which I could focus a rather broad academic background onto a single topic, but it quickly grew to be much more. I found that there is something inherently cohesive in Islamic Architecture that unites a widely disjointed set of cultures. That is, except for some obviously imported mega-projects, Islamic architecture still remains essentially user oriented. It retains this aspect through unending variations, all developed with indigenous regional character. Everything has meaning, is symbolic of place and enduring in nature. This is the side of architecture that I wish to explore.

The main goal of the Center is to achieve interpersonal understanding between Western and non-Western students. The central design issue is...

Cultural Transpositions in Architecture

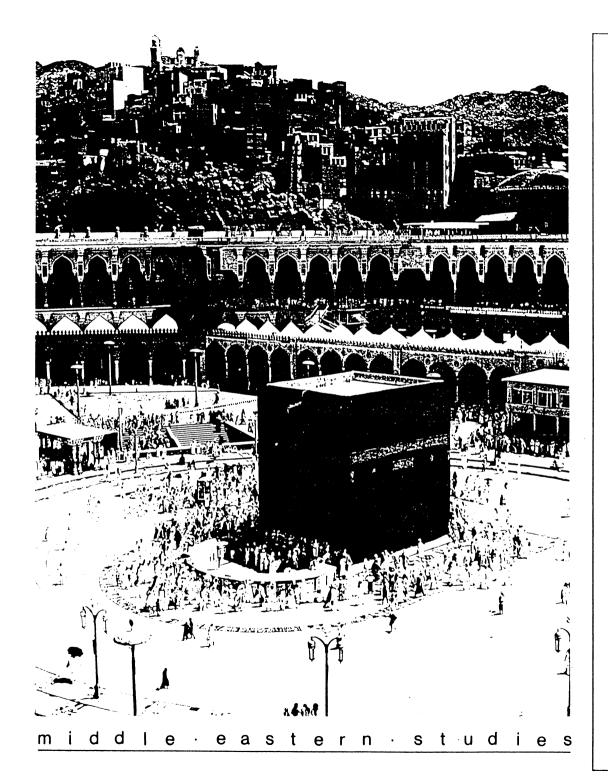
FROM THE COMPETITION

Nations are sharply divided by philosophy, politics, religion, etc.,...yet, thrive on intetraction, exchange, and even international migration. The challenge here is to create an architecture which embodies the spirit of one culture while physically located in another, often totally alien environment. Therefore, the aim is to design with sensitivity to both the guest and the host culture while maintaining the highest design values considered universal to architecture.

The ideal context for this intersection of cultures is the college campus. Here, environment can best effect a student's immediate perceptions as well as his long

range ideals. However, the central point must not simply be the transposition of one architectural idiom into another. The main design issue must be the use of built environment to encourage two or more widely varied cultures to communicate on a daily basis.

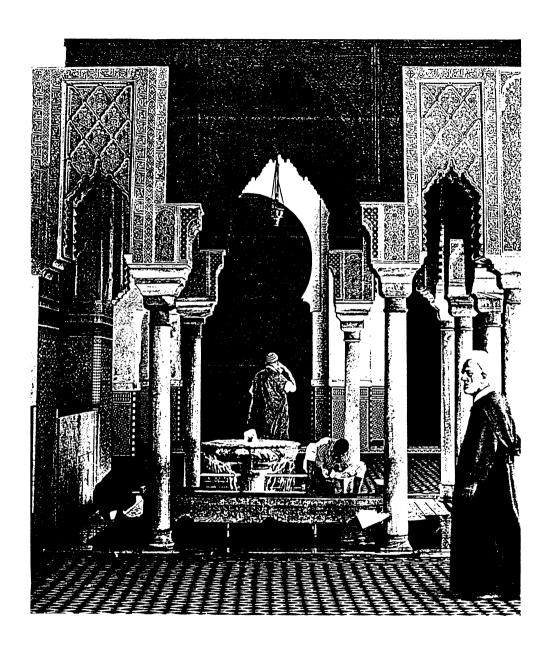
The problem is immediately apparent. Students of such divergent backgrounds do not easily mix much less communicate. To succeed, the Center must take on a unique character both within its given context and within its user's sense of identity. The mission of the architect is to understand how built environment influences individual perceptions of identity. Any attempt at design could only be superficial without first understanding the social aspects involved in building, for it forces an institutional expression of ego onto the individual which, more often than not, ignores his needs.



ISLAM

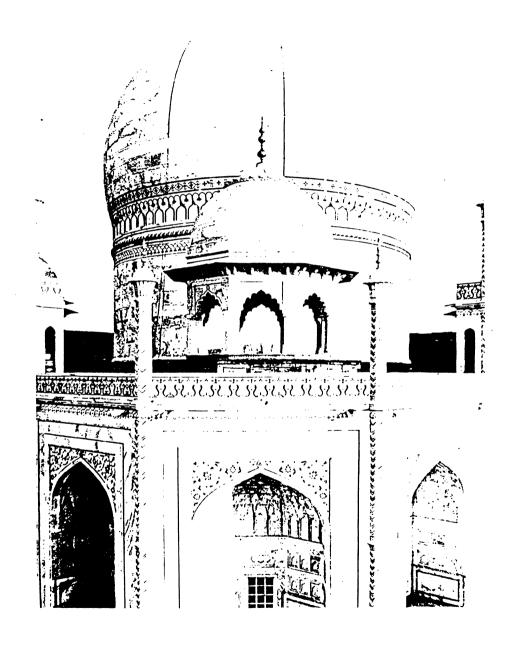
By its very nature Islam orders both the spiritual and physical lives of its believ-Often seen as a religion of laws, ers. Islam's quidance through life's struggles leaves no doubt as to which is the right path. Duties to God and society are spelled out rather explicitly. Four levels of standards serve as the law -- the 'Koran'. God's word above which there is no overriding law; the 'Hadith' in which the 'sunnah' of the prophet Muhammed supplement the Koran; the 'ljma', a concensus of community leaders dealing with social life; and the 'Qiyas', analogic reasoning to be used only when the previous sources fail to give absolute direction.

The Five Pillars are the principle elements of worship, the basic obligations to God. They are confession of faith, Shahadah; ritual prayer, Salat; payment of alms, Zakat; fasting during the holy month of Ramadam, Sawn; and pilgrimage to the Kaaba in Mecca, the Haji. In terms of daily life, prayer is most important as it is called for five times daily. Prayer requires no special place,



only absolution and orientation along the Quibla, or direction to the Kaaba. Communal prayers, on Friday, are directed by an imam, or holy man.

The hegemony of Islam, like every religion, has been diluted through the centuries by secularism and movements of convenience. Man has stepped in to interpret God's will as he sees fit. It may be easier then to think of Islam in more abstract terms; as represented by community. Its members share a common attitude; a humbling sense of purpose to the Creator. This community is given to excesses like any other, has its eccentrics and its prudents, those of pious faith and those of convenient belief, its intellectuals and its ignorants. Like all communities there is a common thread that allows variance from the theme while still giving the whole an identifiable character. Those living and growing up in the community share the images of this theme and when venturing to another community, judge that which they see by the images Islamic architecture repof their own. resents this community. It is derived from

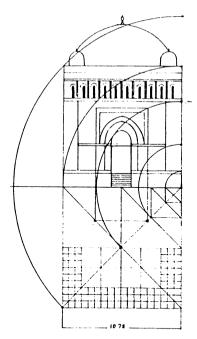


and is responsive to its needs, and , at the same time, is responsible for shaping the social cohesiveness which generates those needs. The physical reasoning of the Moslem community can perhaps best be explained through three of its primary aspects FORM, ORIENTATION, and TIME.

The same and a same and a same and a same a

FORM

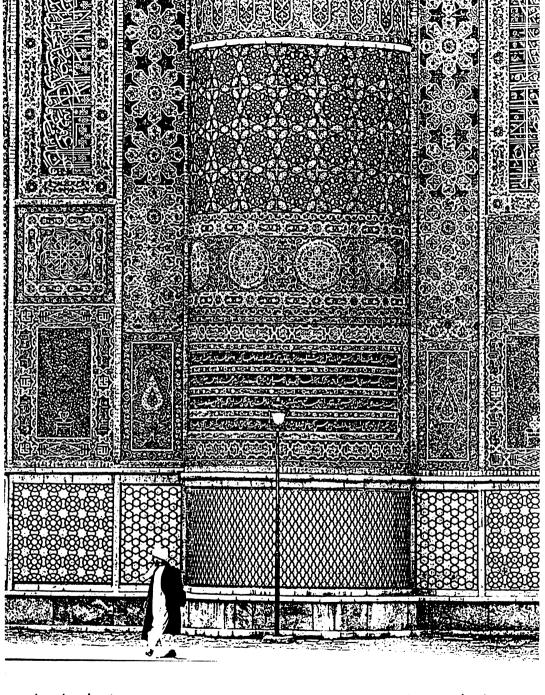
Traditional Islamic form expresses the intricate weave between social life and built environment. It is outwardly simple yet intricately related to inward forces. keeping with Moslem character, architectural focus is on group needs rather than outward expression of structure. Spatial volume is therefore designed to serve the group from which form is then derived. So, to an extent, the guiding principle of Islamic architecture is form follows space and space is adapted to function. But function in not always fixed in Islamic society. It can be redefined according to time of day, season, or user group. So if a single meaning were assigned to the form/space relationship, it would be flexibility. Form in Islamic architecture is not restricted to any one purpose; it implies multiplicity of use, is universally smooth, massive, enclosing in nature, and, above all, beautifully simple.



Systems of proportion governing the elevation of a building, based on the tomb of the Sāmānids, Bukhara. Dimensions such as those of the dado, the door, the doorframe, and the row of upper windows are all governed by simple divisions of the basic grid. The walls form a perfect cube, while the height of the dome corresponds to the diagonal of the generating square

SCALE/PROPORTION

Historically, the most beautiful buildings of the Moslem world have had a strong geometric basis in plan, space composition and decoration. Primary grids organize the principle massing while secondary grids control proportioning of elements within each bay of the established grid. Even in monumental building examples, proportioning of primary and secondary grids allows scale to be reduced to more intimate levels. Decoration and form are major contributors to this reduction. Historic structures, such as the Hagia Sophia and Fatehpur Sikri, reduce their huge massing though a sensitive proportioning of their primary forms to human scale. Emphasis is on the user and the limits of available materials rather than the object itself. buildings seem infinitely tied to the ground, and to the street from where their users perceive them.



SURFACE & PATTERN

Surface and pattern are the tools of decoration which conceal rather than reveal a building's structure. Though decoration can be beautifully detailed on a small scale, its interlocking geometries allow endless repetition uniting surface into fluid coherence. In this manner the transition from plane to plane along a building's facade is combined into one logical surface, cool to the eye and soothing to the mind. Structural elements that break this coherence are seldom expres-Since Islamic belief prohibits the exhibit of human form, decoration mainly consists of calligraphy, foliation or geometric patterns executed in stone, stucco or colored Islamic art and decoration is mosaics. intellectual rather than emotional where questions and answers are finely balanced. Its conceptual effect is to reduce large scale, inanimate surfaces to human proportion and is a two-way communication process between building and user.

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LIGHT

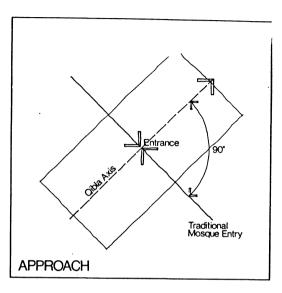
Light is everything to Islamic architecture. It is the catalyst of a dynamic environment or the essence of subtle refinement. It is a flexible, yet tangible design tool that enlivens form, texture and pattern. Different light during different times of day breathes architectural life into inanimate space, and in Islamic environment, development of space can be especially exciting. For climatic reasons, controlling daylight is a major concern. Any light that is allowed to penetrate is by choice, therefore, fenestration and form decisions are often related to daylighting effect rather than outward esthetic. Inside, patterns of light move along walls and floors; an interior dome rotates as light from an off-center oculus moves across its surface; reflective finishes illuminate the deep shadows; and sculptural elements refract light for better dispersal through the space. Outside, harsh daylight creates strong shadows exposing surface texture, defining shape and expressing sculptural edges. The adepth handling of light is a symbol of Islamic architecture that is in tune with the cycles of the day -- in tune with the cyles of life.

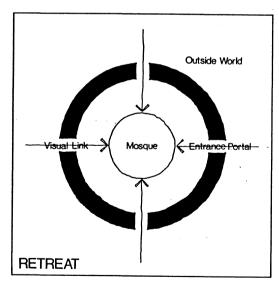
middle eastern studies

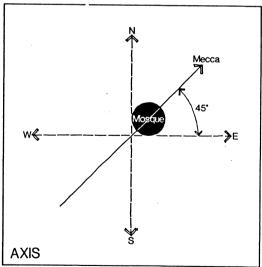
CRAFT

Islamic architecture has historically relied on its craftsmen. Building techniques, use of materials and esthetics developed according to the talents of indigenous labor who were. in some areas, very specialized, while in others, of general skill. Craft grew according to the demands of the community and is the basis of vernacular architecture in the Moslem environment. This is an architecture of humans where meaning would be lost if it did not rely on the human dimension. relatively slow architectural development coupled with an advanced understanding of materials and detailing shows how the talents of Moslem craftsmen are both limit and life blood to Islamic architecture. Traditional building methods make the simple charge of forms in Moslem cities seem archaic while the detailed craftsmanship and handling of materials in those same buildings show an advanced level of skill rivalling that of any civilization.

Minbar: Mihrab: Mihrab: Niche for Direction Direction Inscriptions







ORIENTATION

Orientation in Islamic architecture means more than the spiritual significance of the quibla axis. It defines the complex relationships between physical space and human Somewhat synonymous with point of space. view, orientation is regulated more by cultural norm than by intuitive opinion. Architectural orientation takes on four basic aspects -- orientation to God, to Nature, to Family, and to Society. Although being both intensely public and intensely private, Moslem environment almost universally exhibits an inward orientation. This inward looking architecture, according to Abdulla Bokhari, is the true philosophical meaning of Islamic architecture because it conforms to the spiritual Islamic attitude in which the essence of life is not in form or shape, but is hidden deep within.

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ORIENTATION TO ISLAM

Most obvious in Islam's architecture are her Sometimes enormous, sometimes Mosaues. small, the mosque need not be of any particular form or style. Its only requirement is that it serve those who use it as a place of holy repose, physically oriented toward This orientation, the quibla, is Mecca. denoted by a depression, or niche, in one wall, called the Mihrab. Prostration and prayer ritually addresses the mihrab (Mecca). The importance of the quibla axis to reliqious ceremony also translates into daily This conscious physical alignment life. toward the ritual center of Islam symbolizes the emphasis away from the material world and toward simplicity and humility in everyday life. The Moslem is directed to avoid frivolous waste and useless habit; to achieve a harmony between himself and nature, between himself and God. As manifested in art, dress, social custom and building, this aspect of Moslem character orients environment toward an inherent appreciation for the process of life rather than the objects of life.



ORIENTATION TO NATURE

Adaptation to nature's extremes is a centuries old concern in Mid-East culture as orientation toward it, from it and in spite of it regulates the region's architecture. Windtowers direct breezes downward, mud brick construction provides insulating thermal mass, courtyards induce ventilation through the house and periodic daily shading cools the close quarters of the street. The strong orientation to nature's cycles regulates form, fenestration and lifestyle. Perhaps most unique to the Islamic concept of nature is the use of water. It is not the qushing, kinetic representation of motion as in the West. Instead, it lies in limpid pools sometimes fed by single delicate jets. It is restful, presenting a cool image, yet it responds immediately to the slightest interruption of its surface. Water reflects, multiplying the images it contains and contributing a dynamic quality to fixed space. Like Islam and community, water is controlled within fixed channels, geometrically organized, connecting the scattered pools and defining direction and movement through the various parts of the building.



ORIENTATION TO HOME

The traditional home demonstrates the subtle compexity of Moslem character. Its orientation to the street, the orientation of its parts, and its orientation to others all exhibit an intense concern for personal space. Perhaps due to the chaotic nature of the street, the nature of the house is characteristically private. It does not observe the street but presents a plain exterior and continues through layered degrees of controlled space. Sight lines are cut by winding walkways leading to the door and by screens and walls within. The courtyard, around which many homes are organized, serves as the lungs of the house allowing drafts, cooled by water, to penetrate the lower spaces. Living quarters, organized around the court, provide complete privacy for family members, especially women. To the Moslem the house represents harmony; his sense of being; a place of respite from the outside world. The forms, spaces and elements of this harmony have developed through an intrinsic concern for family needs and is a telling example of environmental integrity.



ORIENTATION OF THE STREET

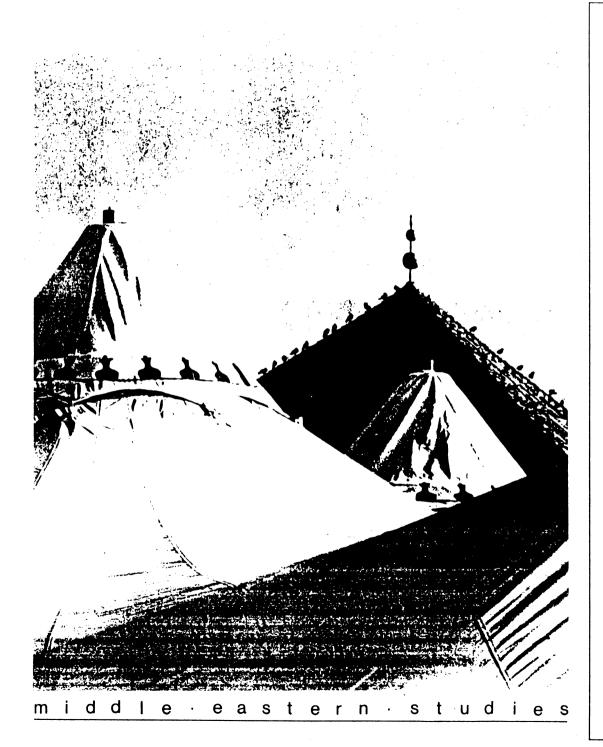
The street is possibly the most fascinating aspect of Moslem culture. Here are exactly those sights, activities and aromas that personify the society. And here, for better or worse, the images of the society are formed. As the principal element of urban environment, the street is cosidered social space. It is gernerally enclosed with high walls at ground level. Except where markets exist, penetrations occur only along upper floors while narrow widths assure shade. Right angles and continuous vistas are rare. Streets sometimes converge into a "serai": an open area, usually square, with public fountains at its center. Arcaded facades fascilitate trade on the ground level which is raised to a convenient seating height. The street as a whole presents a flexible atmosphere for markets, public circulation and shaded conversation. Although public space. it is still very intimate. The close interaction and high energy of the social street is integral to Moslem character. It is where one forms his style of interpersonal communication and the measure of himself in the community.

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TIME

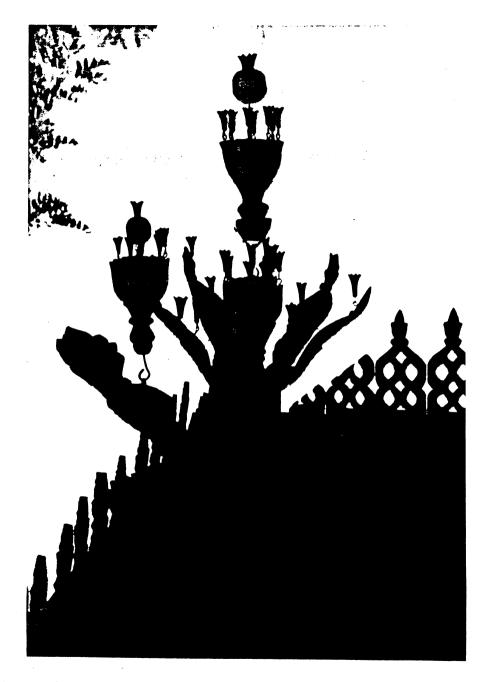
Time is a continuous thread running through Middle Eastern culture. Evident in every part of its architecture and people is an organic agelessness connecting past and present. In life, past and present unite in the timeless rituals of Islam. In architecture, past continually relates to present through the reinterpretation of accepted forms, materials and building practices. Time is part of the permanent image shared by those within as well as those outside Middle Eastern society and is integral to its identity.

Though many things represent the past, technology, above all, represents the present (and future). While technology was, and is, a generative process in the West, in the Middle East it is a relatively new phenomenon. Here, there has not historically existed a concept of progress in the Western sense, and until recently, only influences of colonial subjugation have been grudgingly accepted. But contemoporary Western influence not only brought progress, it introduced a plurality that threatens time-honored norms. Curtainwall, steel frame building types that are



dependent on numerous systems are totally foreign to Moslem environment. They depend on foreign technology, foreign expertise, and, with few exceptions, derive little from the vernacular. Even more of a crime is the impact of utopian planning policies on the traditional city-scape. Housing blocks on wide, grided boulevards; large open spaces with infinite vistas; all represent the antithesis of Islamic principle. They do not recognize the individual. It is no wonder that social upheaval in the Middle East is a reaction to the insensitive use of technology, because, it is not part of the modern influence to accept tradition.

In architecture and planning circles there is concern for cultural authenticity. Current opinion among architects indigenous to the region led by Egypt's Hassan Fathy, are realizing the discrepency between what this new technology claims to do for human welfare and what it is actually achieving. There is little doubt that certain technologies are necessary, but there needs to be a common



vocabulary developed that will ease the tension between old and new. For Islamic architecture to embody progress, a sense of time is exactly what is required if it is to fulfill both physical and mataphysical needs of society. It is a matter of respecting, not necessarily the literal, but the subliminal aspects of time-honored architecture -- finding that continuous thread.

CENTER

for

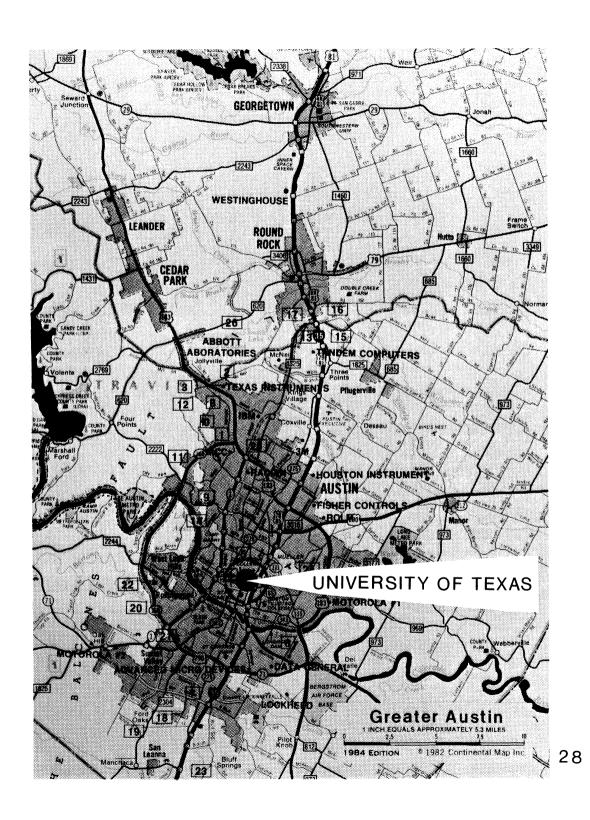
MIDDLE EASTERN STUDIES

university of texas austin

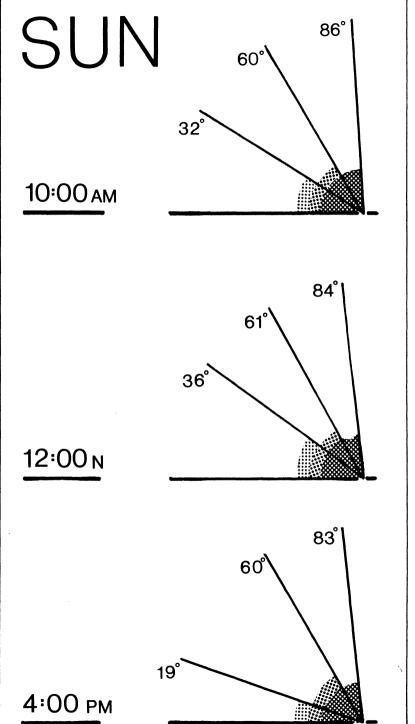
Austin is situated in south central Texas at the break of a rocky, hill-country and fertile farmland. Its 400,000 people are young, average age of 28, and economy extremely diverse. Austin is the political, cultural, and educational center of a huge diverse state, and being so is a mirror of the people of the region. It draws to it a broad cross-section of southwestern lifestyles and attitudes and therefore, is a perfect laboratory for cross-cultural exchange.

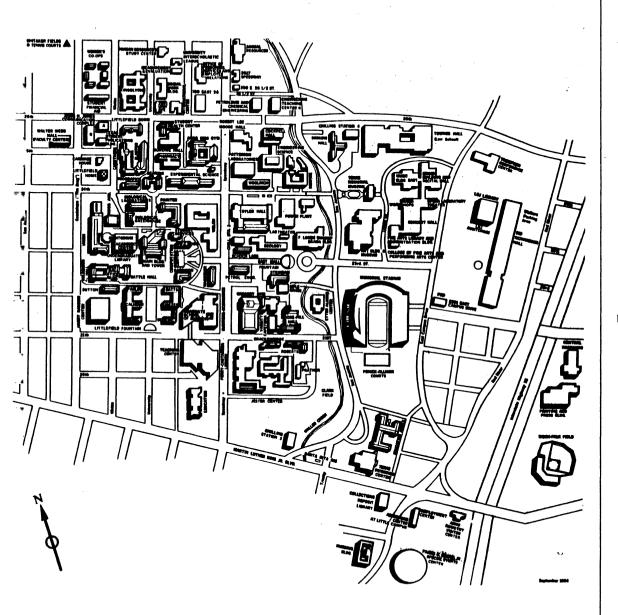


AUSTIN, TEXAS



PROFILE	ANGLE	S	30°N
10	0:00 a.m.	12:00n.	4:00 p.m.
DEC	32°	36°	19°
MAR/SEP	60°	61°	60°
JUN	86°	84°	83°
BEARING	ANGL	.ES	30°N
DEC	29°	36°	11°
MAR/SEP	48°	61°	26°
JUN	62°	83°	36°
ALTITUDE	<u>.</u>		30°N
DEC	32°	-	55°
MAR/SEP	49°	-	74°
JUN	83°	-	81°





UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS

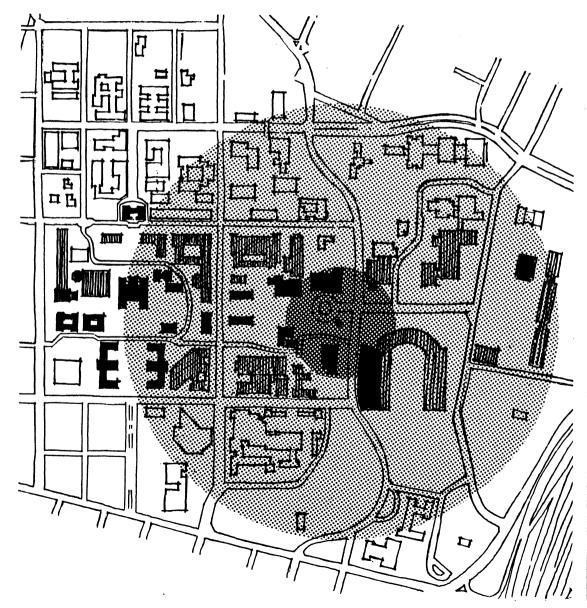
The University of Texas is an ever expanding urban institution directly north of the state capitol. Its original 40 acre classic guadrangle has strong Romanesque influence. dominated by a Federal-style tower at its center. Open vistas are maintained along the perpendicular axes from the tower and serve as primary pedestrian circulation. 47,000 students and a huge public/private endowment keep university academics and facilities at a high level. The university is strongly committed to its international studies programs and recruits scholars and students from all over the world; of these are some 2300 Middle East and North Africans. Revenues earmarked over a century ago for new construction, in 1985, made \$325 million available to the U.T. Of this permanent fund, 60% is available to the Austin campus. Therefore, once the committment is made to a building project, budget is of less concern than quality. There is no master plan, no accepted building codes, setbacks, height/mass restrictions or parking requirements. However, certain practices are accepted in order to continue campus norms and mesh the campus



ONE MINUTE WALKING RADIUS



FIVE MINUTE WALKING RADIUS



physically and politically with the city. They are: general adherence to Southern Building Code (city of Austin); respect of the perpendicular axes in terms of language, circulation patterns and vistas; respect of the Waller Creek greenbelt developed by the city; and respect of basic campus zoning of building use.

DATA

Temperature-normal averages 68.3 , maximum 78.8 , minimum 57.4 . Normal daily rangewinter 42-62 , summer 73-94 .

Average annual days of sunshine-300.

Average annual rainfall-32.49 inches.

Altitude-from 425 at lakeside to 1,000 feet in northwest city hills.

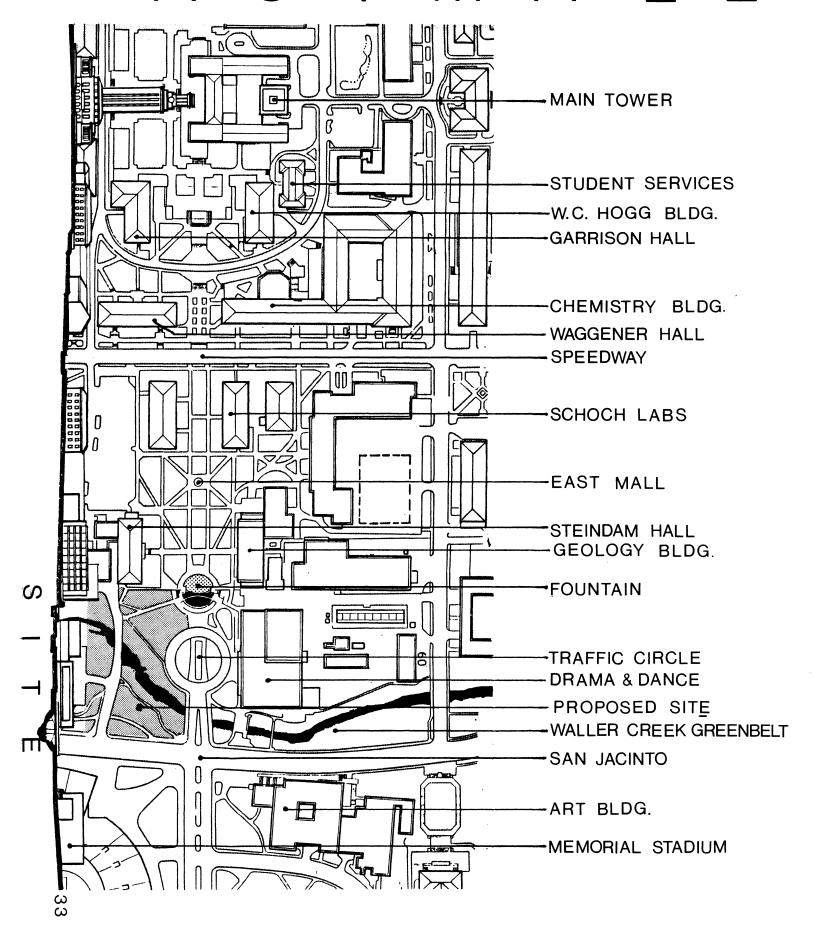
SONING

A housing, humanities

E LIBERAL ARTS

B ADMINSTRATION C ENGINEERING F ATHLETICS D HOUSING G MUSEUM

EASTMALL



THE SITE

The proposed site is directly adjacent to the East Mall fountain bordered to the north by the Drama & Dance Bldg. and pedestrian drop: to the east by San Jacinto Blvd., (an inner campus drive) and Memorial Stadium; to the south by the Ira B. Etter Alumni Center; and to the west by the R.O.T.C. complex. It is basically flat and rectangular but cut diagonally by Waller Creek. A greenbelt extends along the length of the creek, a remnant of Ladybird Johnson's beautification programs of the 60's. Though Waller Creek does not drain a large water-shed, most drainage being diverted into the storm sewer system, occasional flooding does occur, reaching the 515 ft. level. Retention ponds upstream keep it from reaching higher flood levels.

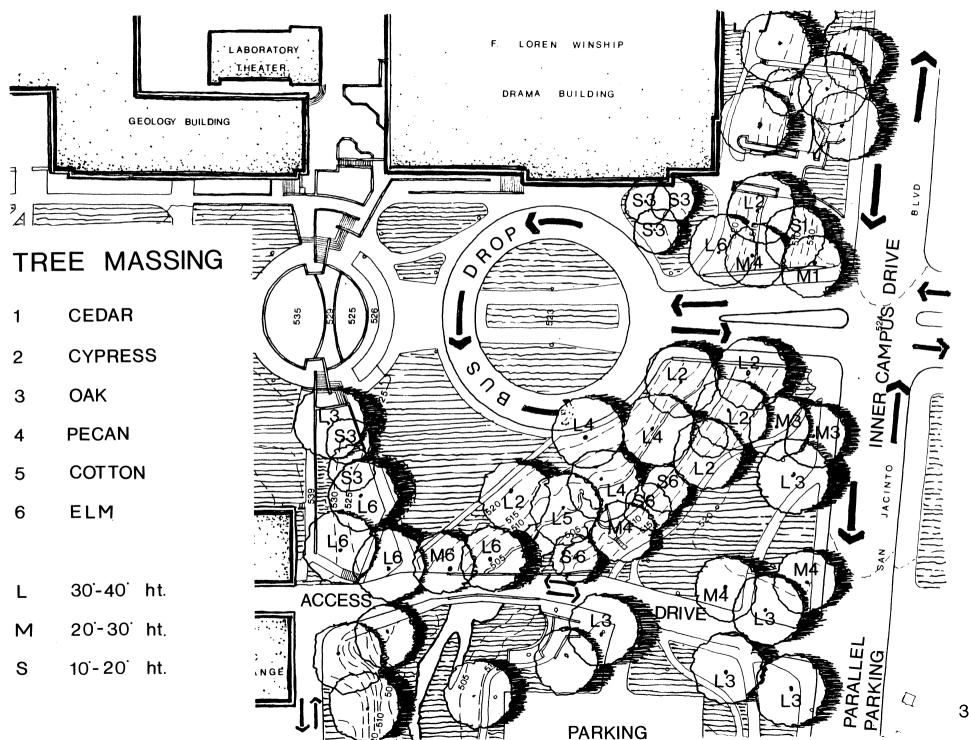
Adjacent buildings are of mixed vocabulary, mostly light brick and limestone contstruction and medium to low-rise. Views to the site are somewhat less important than views from the site. The tower is prominent from all parts of the site, as are the L.B.J. Presidential Library and the precast facade of Bellmont Hall, situated under the

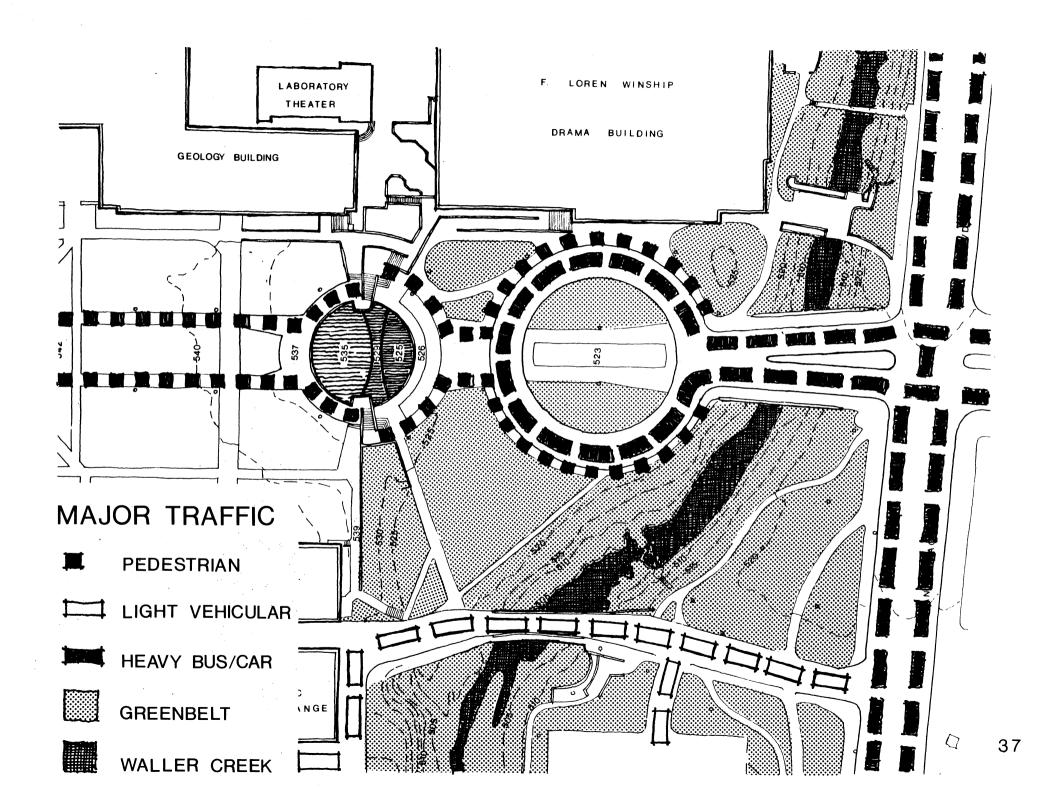
stadium's upper deck. Cross-site circulation is only minimal but the pedestrian drop-off and east mall circulation is extremely active. A shuttle bus system, servicing 40,000 riders daily, drops three of its major routes and a park and ride route at this In addition, two metropolitan bus point. routes stop at the San Jacinto - 23rd Street corner. 12,000 to 15,000 riders arrive at this point on school days, making the image potential of this site extremely interesting. Both natural and circulation aspects of the site call for sensitive solutions with three primary site criteria:

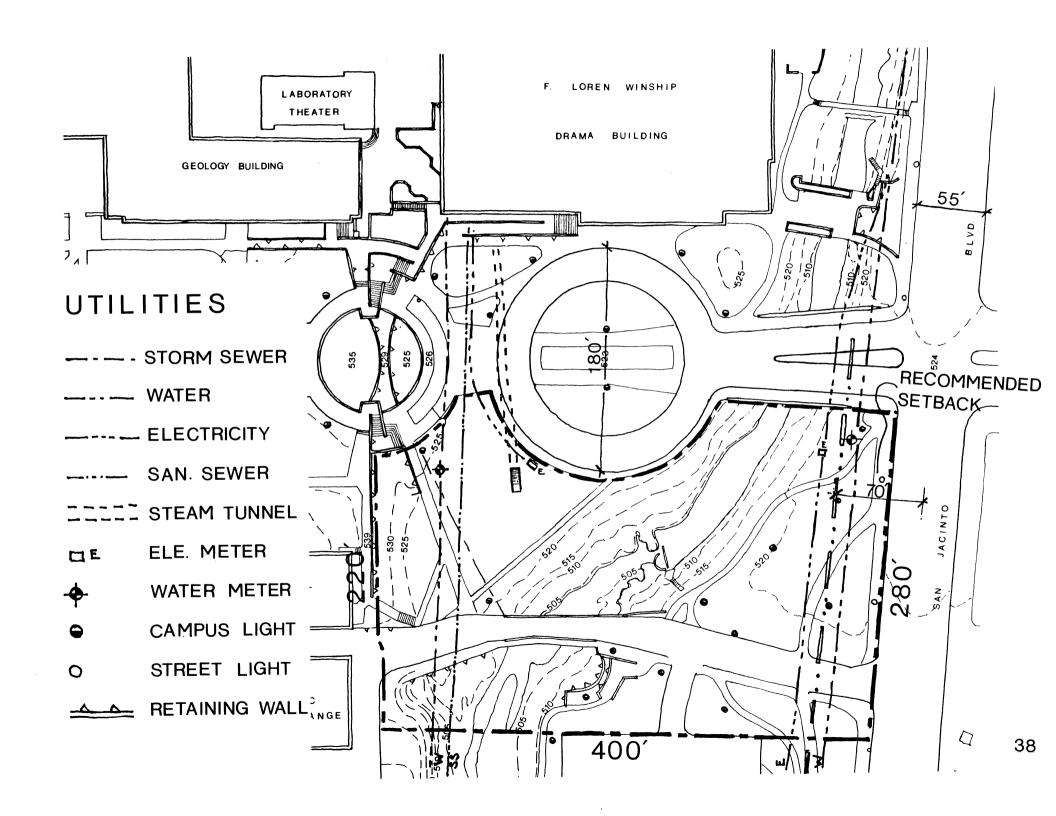
<u>ONE</u>: The Waller Creek Greenbelt must be observed in intent if not wholly in natural preservation.

<u>TWO</u>: Access to Gregory Hall and Alumni Center parking lots must be maintained and an adequate solution to new spaces achieved.

THREE: The circulation function of the pedestrian drop-off must not be interrupted by any proposed construction.

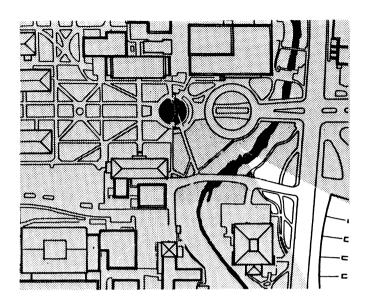


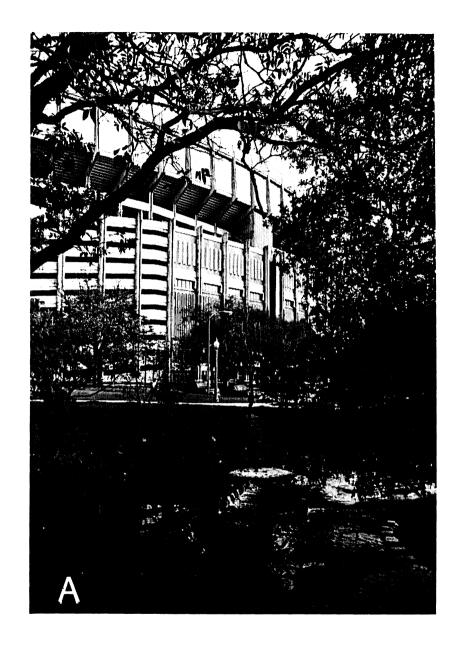


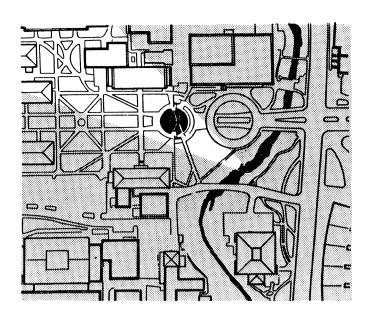


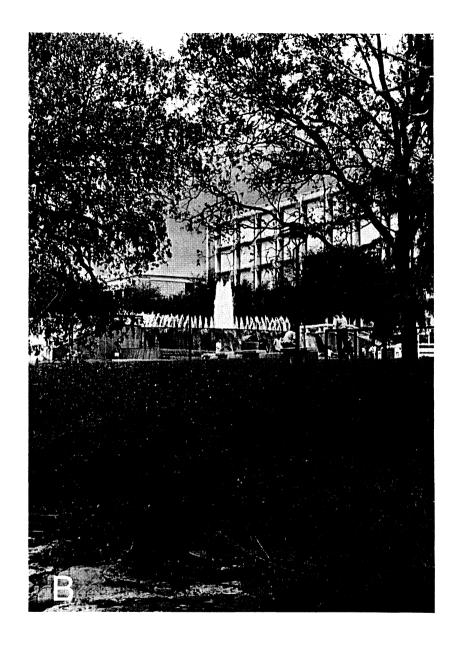
PHOTOGRAPHIC SURVEY

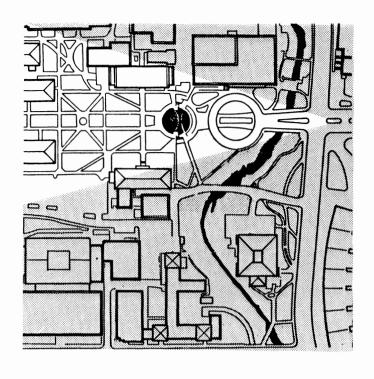
- A VIEW ACROSS WALLER CREEK TO BELMONT HALL
- B VIEW FROM CREEK TO EAST MALL FOUNTAIN
- C VIEW FROM SAN JACINTO & 23 rd LOOKING WEST
- D EASTERN SECTION OF SITE, L.B.J. IN CENTER BACKGROUND
- E VIEW AT CREEK LEVEL
- F VIEW OF EXISTING ACCESS BRIDGE
- G CREEK AND WALK BEHIND ALUMNI CENTER
- H VIEW OF ALUMNI CENTER AND NORTH TO THE SITE



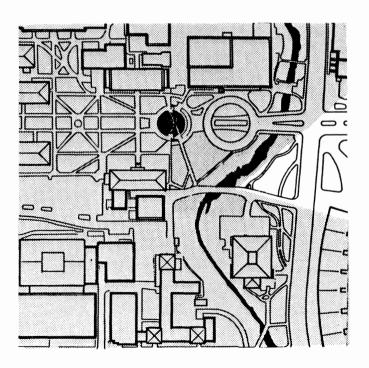




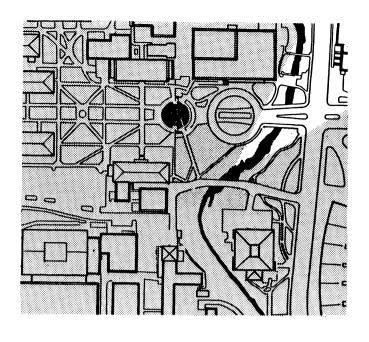




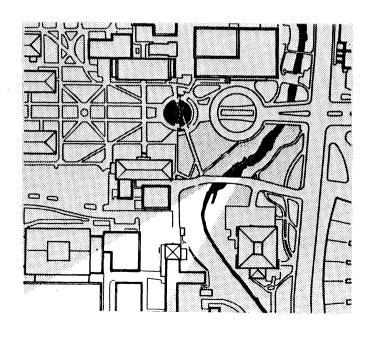


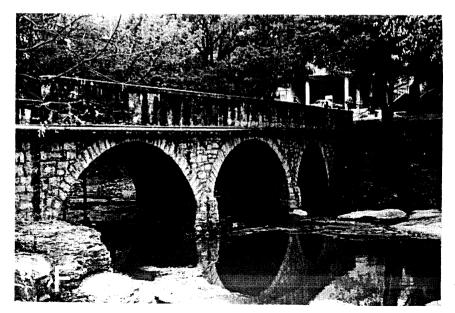


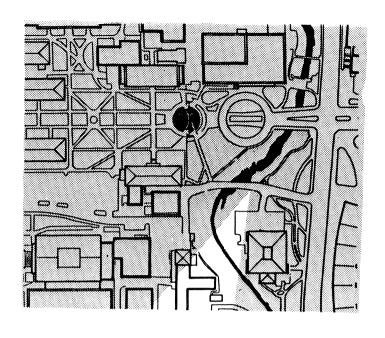




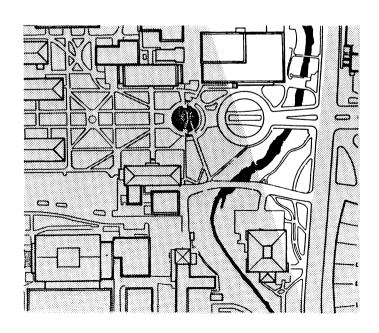


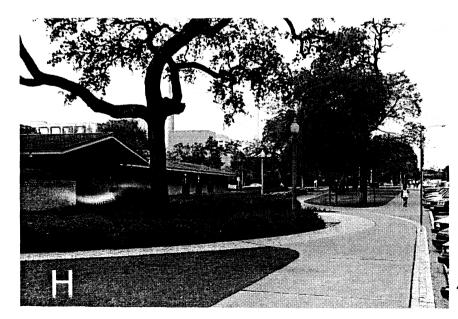


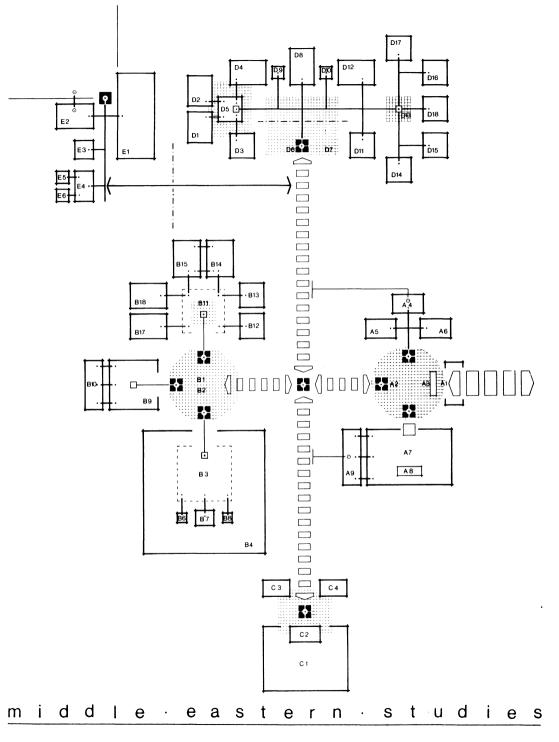






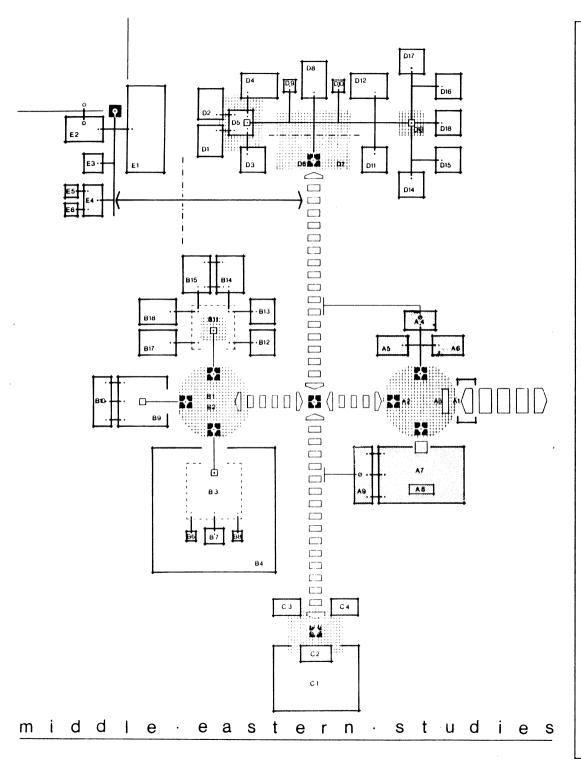






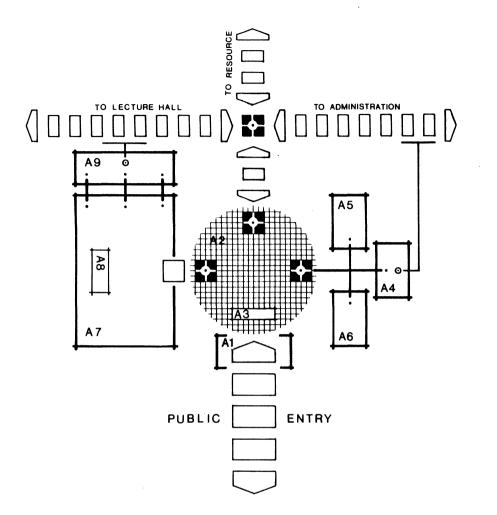
AREA REQUIREMENTS

A	PUBLIC/EXHIBIT	3560	S.F.
В	RESOURCE CENTER	10540	S.F.
С	LECTURE	1600	S.F.
D	ADMINISTRATION	2310	S.F.
E	SERVICE	1400	S.F.
		-	
NET	SQUARE FOOTAGE :	19410	S.F.
GROS	SS SQUARE FOOTAGE 125% NET)	<u>24260</u>	S.F.



PUBLIC/EXHIBIT AREAS

A1 ENTRY COURT	200 S.F.
A2 MULTI-PURPOSE LOBBY	1200 S.F.
A3 INFORMATION DESK	60 S.F.
A4 CATERING KITCHEN	100 S.F.
A5 MEN'S TOILET	150 S.F.
A6 WOMEN'S TOILET	150 S.F.
A7 GALLERY	1200 S.F.
A8 EXHIBIT STORAGE	150 S.F.
A9 ARCHIVES	350 S.F.
NET AREA	3560 S.F.



THIS IS GENERALLY THE FIRST IMAGE THE USER GETS OF INTERIOR SPACE SO IT SHOULD SET THE TONE FOR WHAT IS TO COME.

ENTRY COURT

A1

USER

GENERAL PUBLIC

STUDENT

ACTIVITIES

ENTRY CIRCULATION

AREA

200 s.f.

IMAGE

OPEN

ADJACENCY

MULTI-PURPOSE LOBBY

APPOINTMENTS

ADJUSTABLE TRACK LIGHTING

DISPLAY SURFACES

FINISHES

WALLS

COLOR

GWB, TACK SURFACE, SOFT

FLOORS CEILINGS HARD DARK

WINDOWS **ACOUSTICS** TINTED AS NECESSARY

OPEN

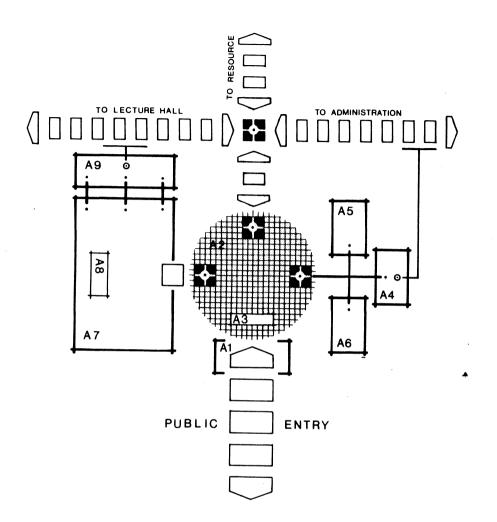
NEUTRAL

SYSTEMS

HVAC LIGHTING GENERAL

NATURAL, TRACK LIGHTING

PLUMBING NONE SPECIAL NONE



THIS IS THE MOST FLEXIBLE, OPEN, USABLE SPACE IN THE FACILITY AND MUST BE CAPABLE OF MANY VARIED FUNCTIONS IN A CONSISTENT. QUALITY ENVIRONMENT.

MULTI-PURPOSE LOBBY

USER

GENERAL PUBLIC

STUDENT

ACTIVITIES

MULTI-PURPOSE LOBBY

SEATING FOR 100

AREA

1200 s.f.

IMAGE

OPEN, RICH, STRONG

APPOINTMENTS

LOUNGE SEATING (12)

DISPLAY SURFACES

ADJ. SEATING FOR 100

WATER FOUNTAIN (2)

FINISHES

WALLS **FLOORS** GWB. TACK SURFACE HARD. WEAR RESISTANT

CEILINGS

ARCHITECTURAL

WINDOWS

TINTED AS NECESSARY

ACOUSTICS COLOR

OPEN. HARD

NEUTRAL

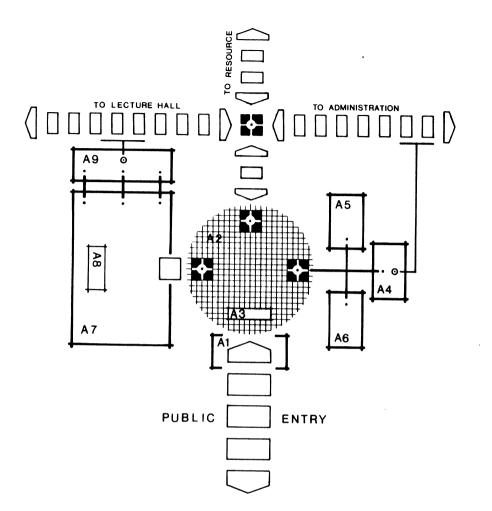
SYSTEMS

HVAC LIGHTING GENERAL

NATURAL, TRACK LIGHTING

WATER FOUNTAINS (2) PLUMBING SPECIAL

SOUND SYSTEM



EXIT SECURITY AND ACCESS CONTROL IS HANDLED AT THIS POINT AS WELL AS GENERAL BUILDING INFORMATION.

INFORMATION DESK

A3

USFR

INFORMATION PERSONNEL

ACTIVITIES

INFORMATION/RECEPTION

AREA

60 s.f.

IMAGE

OPEN

ADJACENCY

MULTI-PURPOSE LOBBY

APPOINTMENTS

RECEPTION DESK (1)

TELEPHONE (1)

SEATING AS NECESSARY

FINISHES

WALLS

NONE

FLOORS CEILINGS HARD OPEN

WINDOWS

NONE

ACOUSTICS

OPEN. HARD

COLOR NEUTRAL

SYSTEMS

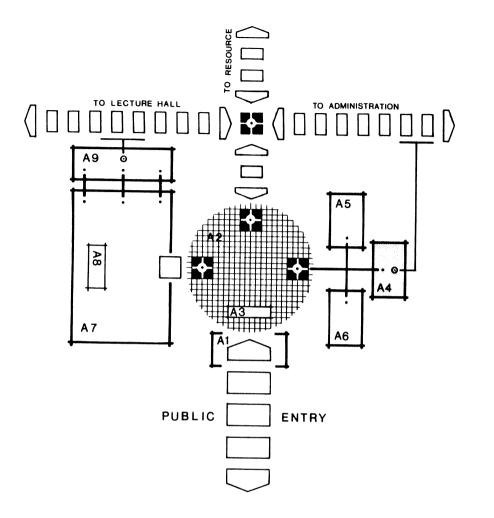
HVAC

GENERAL

LIGHTING PLUMBING

NATURAL, TRACK LIGHTING

PLUMBING SPECIAL NONE



THIS IS A FUNCTIONAL SPACE WHICH CAN BOTH BE PARTIALLY CONCEALED OR OPENED TO THE LOBBY.

CATERING KITCHEN

A4

USFR

CATERING PERSONNEL

STAFF

ACTIVITIES

GENERAL FOOD PREPARATION

COFFEE BAR

AREA

100 s.f.

IMAGE

SECLUDED. CLOSABLE

ADJACENCY

APPOINTMENTS

SERVING COUNTER 12 L.F.

PREP. COUNTERS 12 L.F.

CONVECTION/MICROWAVE OVEN

COFFEE MACHINE (2) VENDING MACHINES (2)

FINISHES

WALLS FLOORS GWB, MOISTURE PROOF HARD, WEAR RESISTANT

CEILINGS

GWB, MOISTURE PROOF

WINDOWS

NONE SOFT

ACOUSTICS COLOR

NEUTRAL

SYSTEMS

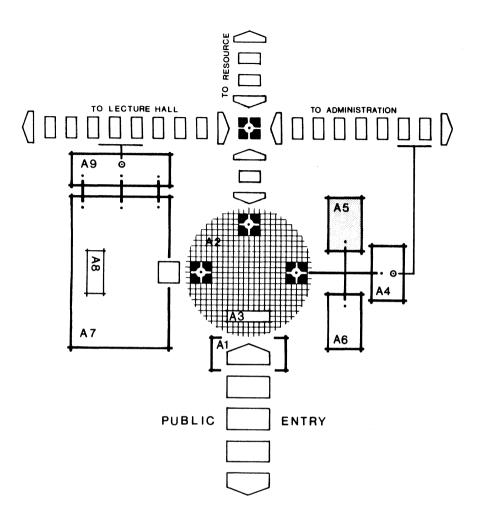
HVAC LIGHTING GENERAL GENERAL

PLUMBING

HOT, COLD, SEWER

SPECIAL

HEAT/FUME REMOVAL



THIS IS A PUBLIC TOILET; PLANNING SHOULD BE SPACIOUS, COMFORTABLE, AND TASTEFULLY FINISHED.

MEN'S TOILET

A5

USER

MALE PUBLIC

ACTIVITIES

PUBLIC TOLIET FACILITIES

AREA

150 s.f.

IMAGE

EFFICIENT

ADJACENCY

LOBBY, VENDING AREA

APPOINTMENTS

3 URINALS

2 W.C.'S 3 LAVATORIES

TOWEL DISPENSERS

HAND BLOWERS

FINISHES

WALLS

GWB, TILE

FLOORS CEILINGS HARD, EFFICIENT

WINDOWS

HARD, MOISTURE PROOF NONE

ACOUSTICS

HARD

COLOR

NEUTRAL

SYSTEMS

HVAC

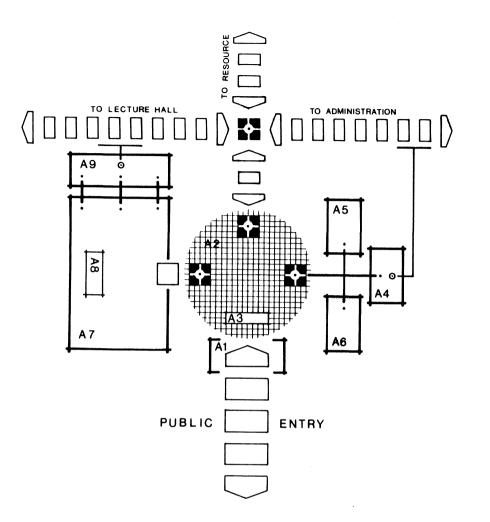
GENERAL

LIGHTING PLUMBING

GENERAL HOT, COLD, SEWER

SPECIAL

FUME REMOVAL



THIS IS A PUBLIC TOILET; PLANNING SHOULD BE SPACIOUS AND TASTEFULLY FINISHED.

WOMEN'S TOILET

A6

USER

FEMALE PUBLIC

ACTIVITIES

PUBLIC TOLIET FACILITIES

AREA

150 S.F.

IMAGE

EFFICIENT

ADJACENCY

LOBBY, VENDING AREA

APPOINTMENTS

4 W.C.'s

3 LAVATORIES TOWEL DISPENSERS

INMER DISHENSEK

HAND BLOWERS

FINISHES

WALLS

GWB, TILE

FLOORS CEILINGS HARD, EFFICIENT HARD, MOISTURE PROOF

WINDOWS

NONE

ACOUSTICS

HARD

COLOR

NEUTRAL

SYSTEMS

HVAC LIGHTING GENERAL GENERAL

PLUMBING

HOT, COLD, SEWER

SPECIAL

FUME REMOVAL

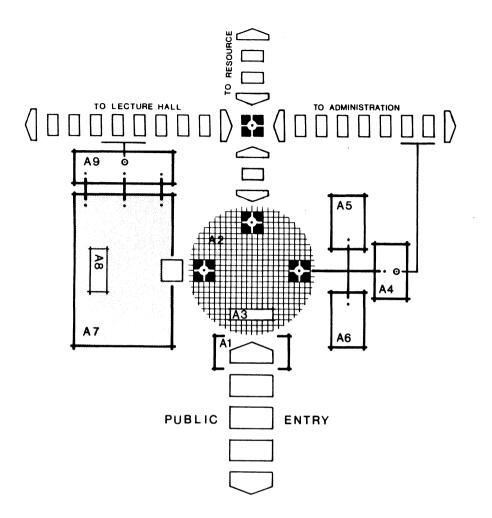


EXHIBIT SPACE SHOULD BE TOTALLY FLEXIBLE WITH HIGH CEILINGS, MOVABLE PARTITIONS, MOVEABLE TRACK LIGHTING AND MAXIMUM VISIBILITY TO THE EXTERIOR.

GALLERY

A 7

USER

GENERAL PUBLIC/STUDENTS

ACTIVITIES

PERMANENT EXHIBITS

TEMPORARY EXHIBITS

AREA

1200 s.f.

IMAGE

OPEN. RICH. INVITING

ADJACENCY

MULTI PURPOSE LOBBY

APPOINTMENTS

TACK SURFACING

LOCKED DISPLAY CASES PEDESTAL DISPLAY

MOVABLE PARTITIONS

FINISHES

WALLS

GWB, TACK SURFACE HARD AS TO TASTE

FLOORS CEILINGS

FLEXIBLE GRID
TINTED AS NECESSARY

WINDOWS ACOUSTICS

SOFT

ACOUSTICS COLOR

NEUTRAL

NONE

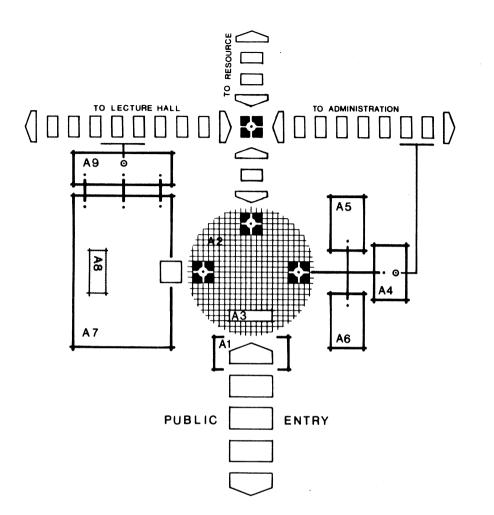
SYSTEMS

HVAC LIGHTING GENERAL, HUMIDITY CONTROL TRACK LGHT., FIXED COVE

PLUMBING

SPECIAL

SECURITY SYSTEMS



OPEN SHELVING PROVIDES STORAGE FOR EXHIBIT SUPPORT MATERIALS READILY ACCESSIBLE TO THE GALLERY.

EXHIBIT STORAGE

A8

USFR

EXHIBIT STAFF

ACTIVITIES

EXHIBIT STORAGE

AREA

150 s.f.

IMAGE

SIMPLE

ADJACENCY

GALLERY

APPOINTMENTS

WALL SHELVING 100 L.F.

4 DRAWER FILE (1)

SMALL WORK TABLE (1)

FINISHES

WALLS FLOORS GWB

CEILINGS

HARD GWB

WINDOWS

NONE

ACOUSTICS

HARD

COLOR

NEUTRAL

SYSTEMS

HVAC

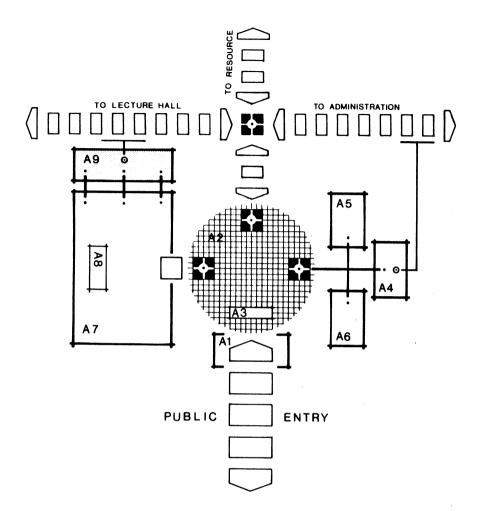
GENERAL, HUMIDITY CONTROL

LIGHTING PLUMBING

GENERAL NONE

SPECIAL

NONE



PERMANENT CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE CENTER'S GALLERY MAY NEED STORAGE DURING ROTATION OF EXHIBITS AS WELL AS WORK SPACE FOR EXHIBIT STAGING.

ARCHIVES

A9

USER

AUTHORIZED STAFF

ACTIVITIES

CONTROLLED ARCHIVES

DISPLAY STAGING

AREA

350 S.F.

IMAGE

CLOSED. SECURE

ADJACENCY

GALLERY. SERVICE

APPOINTMENTS

WALL SHELVING 200 L.F.

PAINTING STORAGE

SMALL VAULT

4 x 8 WORK TABLE

TOOL STORAGE

FINISHES

WALLS FLOORS GWB HARD

CEILINGS

GWB

WINDOWS ACOUSTICS NONE HARD

COLOR

NEUTRAL

SYSTEMS

HVAC LIGHTING GENERAL, HUMÍDITY CONTROL

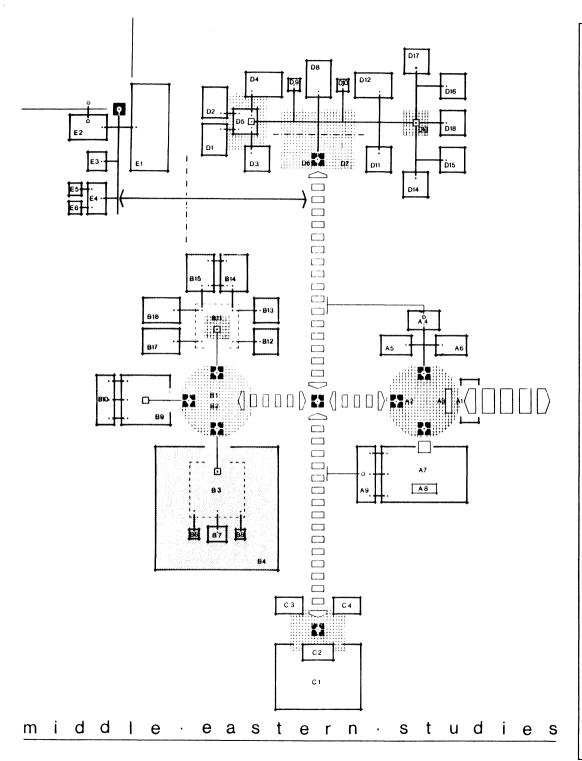
PLUMBING

NONE

SPECIAL

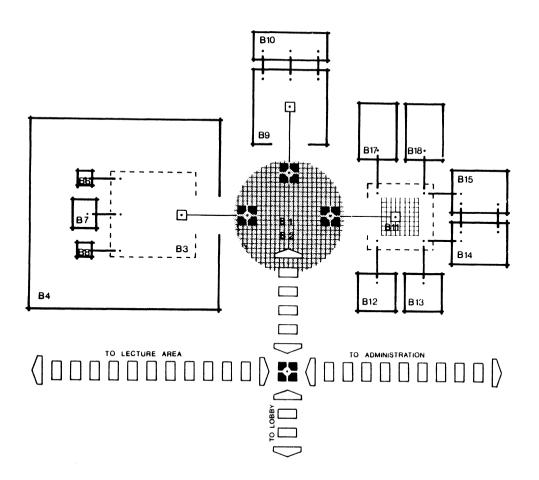
SECURITY SYSTEMS

GENERAL, TRACK



THE RESOURCE CENTER

B1	RESOURCE LIBRARIAN	150 S.F.
B2	CIRCULATION DESK	100 S.F.
B3	READING ROOM	400 S.F.
B4	STACKS	8000 S.F.
B5	STORAGE	180 S.F.
B6&8	STUDY ROOM - 2	100 S.F.
В7	GROUP STUDY ROOM 6-8 PEOPLE	100 S.F.
B9	PERIODICALS LOUNGE	300 S.F.
B10	PERIODICALS STORAGE	150 S.F.
B11	AUDIO/VISUAL LIBRARIAN	180 S.F.
B12	OUTREACH COORDINATOR	150 S.F.
B13	ASSISTANT LIBRARIAN	150 S.F.
B14	DARKROOM	200 S.F.
B15	WORKROOM	200 S.F.
B16	ARCHIVES	150 S.F.
B 1 7	VIEWING ROOM	180 S.F.
NET	AREA	10540 S.F.



THE RESOURCE AREA AND CIRCULATION DESK SHOULD BE DIRECTLY ACCESSIBLE WHILE MAINTAINING ADEQUATE SEPARATION FROM ACTIVITY.

RESOURCE LIBRARIAN B1&13

USFR

ASSISTANT TO COORDINATOR

ACTIVITIES

GENERAL OFFICE

LIBRARY OPERATIONS

ARFA

100 S.F.

TMAGE

SIMPLE, WARM. EFFICIENT

ADJACENCY

CIRCULATION DESK

APPOINTMENTS

EXECUTIVE DESK (1)

ELECTRONIC CATALOGING (1)

SHELVES/STORAGE

WALL FILES

FINISHES

WALLS

GWB

FLOORS CARPET

CEILINGS

ACOUSTIC DROP

WINDOWS TI ACOUSTICS SO

TINTED AS NECESSARY

ACOUSTICS SOFT COLOR NEUTRAL

SYSTEMS

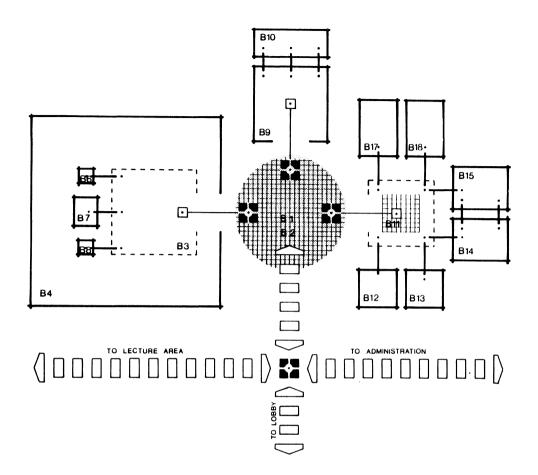
HVAC

GENERAL

LIGHTING

GEN. FLOURESCENT

PLUMBING SPECIAL NONE NONE



THIS AREA SERVES AS LIBRARY CONTROL AND INFORMATION WITH ELECTRONIC CATALOGING LINKED INTO THE UNIVERSITY SYSTEM.

CIRCULATION DESK

B 2

USER

LIBRARY WORK STUDY

ACTIVITIES

LIBRARY CONTROL INFO.

AREA

150 S.F.

IMAGE

SIMPLE, WARM, EFFICIENT

ADJACENCY

STACKS, LOBBY

APPOINTMENTS

WORK DESK (1)

SEATING (2)

RESERVE STORAGE 20 L.F.

FINISHES

WALLS

GWB

FLOORS CEILINGS CARPET ACOUSTIC

WINDOWS

NONE

ACOUSTICS

SOFT

COLOR

NEUTRAL

SYSTEMS

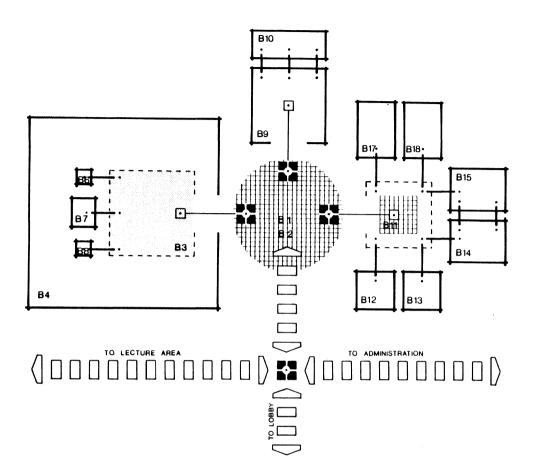
HVAC LIGHTING GENERAL GENERAL

PLUMBING

NONE

SPECIAL

NONE



THE READING AREA IS THE VITAL HEART OF THE RESOURCE CENTER. INFORMAL EXCHANGE IS ENCOURAGED BUT DIRECT CONTROL MUST BE MAINTAINED FROM THE CIRCULATION DESK

READING ROOM

B3

USER

STUDENT/FACULTY/PUBLIC

ACTIVITIES

GENERAL READING

INFORMAL DISCUSSION

AREA

400 s.f.

IMAGE

SIMPLE, OPEN, INFORMAL

ADJACENCY

CIRCULATION DESK

APPOINTMENTS

4 LARGE STUDY TABLES

SEATING FOR 32 WALL DISPLAY

FINISHES

WALLS

GWB. TACK SURFACE

FLOORS CEILINGS CARPET ACOUSTIC

WINDOWS

AS NECESSARY

ACOUSTICS COLOR

SOFT

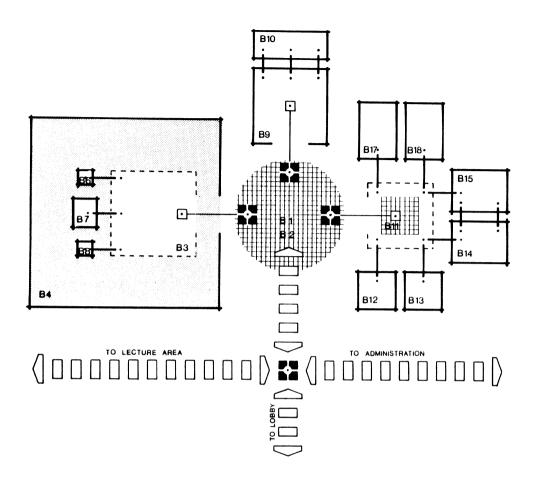
NEUTRAL

SYSTEMS

HVAC LIGHTING PLUMBING GENERAL GENERAL NONE

SPECIAL

NONE



ALL RESOURCE MATERIAL DIRECTLY EFFECTING MIDEAST STUDIES SHALL NOW BE LOCATED WITHIN THE CENTER, DIRECTLY ACCESSIBLE TO THE READING ROOM AND CONTROLLED BY THE CIRCULATION DESK.

STACKS

B 4

USER

STUDENT/FACULTY/PUBLIC

ACTIVITIES

STORAGE OF BOUND MAT'L

AREA

8000 s.f.

IMAGE

SIMPLE, EFFICIENT

ADJACENCY

CIR. DESK. READING ROOM

APPOINTMENTS

5 SHELF STORAGE SYSTEM

5000 L.F.

PHOTOCOPY MACHINE (1)

CATALOGUE FILES

REFERENCE TABLES (2)

FINISHES

WALLS

GWB

FLOORS CEILINGS CARPET ACOUSTIC

WINDOWS

NONE

ACOUSTICS

SOFT

COLOR

NEUTRAL

SYSTEMS

HVAC

GENERAL

LIGHTING

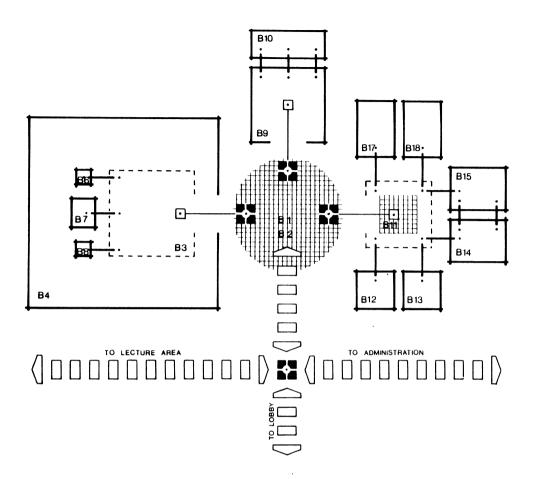
GENERAL

PLUMBING

NONE

SPECIAL

ELECTRONIC CATALOGING



MATERIAL TAKEN OUT OF CIRCULATION, RETURNED MATERIAL TO BE SHELVED, AND OPERATING SUPPLIES ARE STORED IN THIS SECURED AREA; OVERNIGHT BOOK-DROP MAY BE REQUIRED.

LIBRARY STORAGE

B5

USFR

GENERAL STAFF

ACTIVITIES

SECURED STORAGE

AREA

180 s.f.

IMAGE

SIMPLE, EFFICIENT

ADJACENCY

CIRCULATION DESK

APPOINTMENTS

WALL SHELVING 400 L.F.

3 4-DRAWER FILES SMALL WORK DESK (1)

LOCKABLE CABINET (1)

FINISHES

WALLS

GWB

FLOORS

HARD

CEILINGS WINDOWS

ACOUSTIC NONE

ACOUSTICS

SOFT

COLOR

NEUTRAL

SYSTEMS

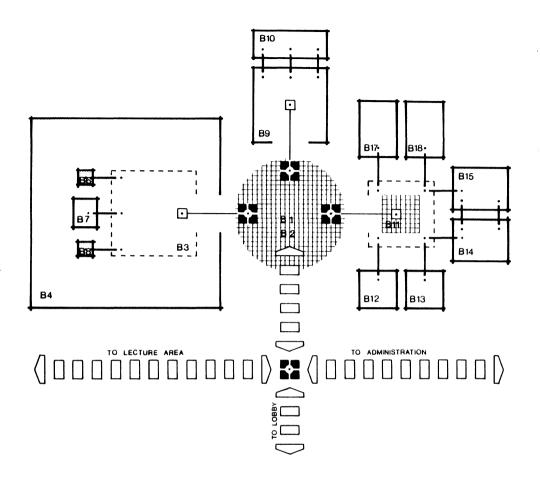
HVAC LIGHTING GENERAL GENERAL

PLUMBING

NONE

SPECIAL

NONE



TWO STUDY ROOMS, FOR PERSONAL USE, SHOULD BE PRIVATE AND PROPERLY SOUND PROOFED.

STUDY ROOMS

B 6&8

USER

STUDENT/FACULTY/PUBLIC

ACTIVITIES

PERSONAL STUDY

AREA

50 s.f.

IMAGE

SIMPLE, EFFICIENT

ADJACENCY

READING ROOM

APPOINTMENTS

SMALL STUDY DESK

SEATING FOR ONE

FINISHES

WALLS

FLOORS

CEILINGS

CARPET ACOUSTIC

WINDOWS ACOUSTICS COLOR

NONE SOFT

GWB

NEUTRAL

SYSTEMS

HVAC

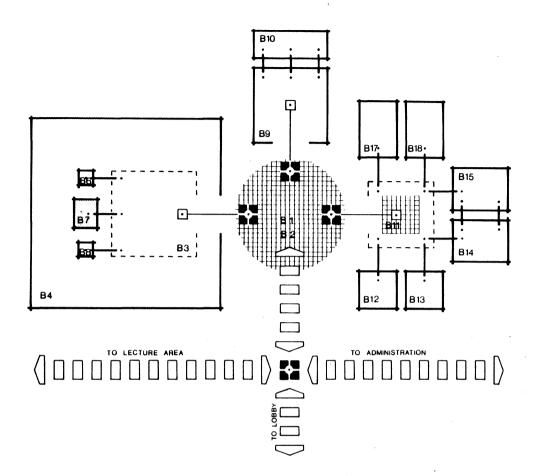
LIGHTING

GENERAL GEN., TASK

PLUMBING NONE

SPECIAL

SOUND PROOFING



THE GROUP STUDY ROOM ALLOWS 6-8 STUDENTS TO STUDY AS A GROUP WITHOUT INTERRUPTING THE RESOURCE CENTER: SHOULD BE PRIVATE AND SOUND PROOF.

GROUP STUDY

B 7

USER

STUDENT/FACULTY/PUBLIC

ACTIVITIES

GROUP STUDY

AREA

100 s.f.

IMAGE

SIMPLE, EFFICIENT

ADJACENCY

READING ROOM

APPOINTMENTS

SMALL TABLE SEATING FOR 6 CHALKBOARD

TACK SPACE

FINISHES

WALLS

GWB. TACK SURFACE

FLOORS CEILINGS WINDOWS

CARPET ACOUSTIC

ACOUSTICS

AS NECESSARY SOFT

COLOR

NEUTRAL

SYSTEMS

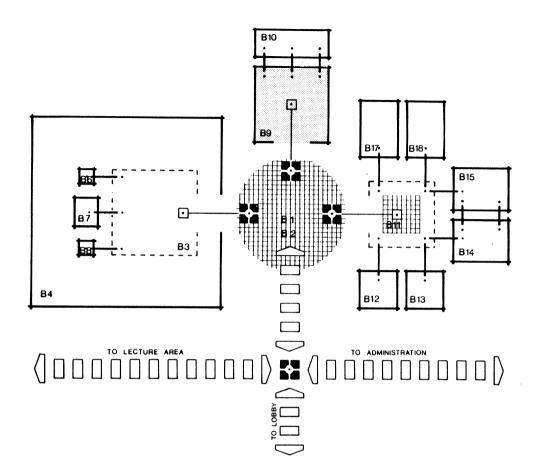
HVAC LIGHTING GENERAL GENERAL

PLUMBING

NONE

SPECIAL

SOUND PROOFING



COMFORTABLE LOUNGE SEATING AND TABLE SEATING SHOULD BRING AN INFORMALITY TO THE MULTI-LINGUAL PERIODICALS IN THE READING ROOM. NAT-URAL LIGHTING AND OUTSIDE VIEWS ARE DESIRED. SOME SEPARATION FROM MAIN LIBRARY IS NECESSARY DUE TO NOISE.

PERIODICALS LOUNGE B9

USER

STUDENT/FACULTY/PUBLIC

ACTIVITIES

PERIODICALS READING

INFORMAL DISCUSSION AREA

AREA

300 s.f.

IMAGE

SIMPLE, WARM, INFORMAL

ADJACENCY

CIRCULATION DESK

APPOINTMENTS

LOUNGE SEATING FOR 15

PERIODICAL STOR. 150 L.F.

CATALOGUE (1)

FINISHES

WALLS

GWB

FLOORS

CARPET

CEILINGS

ACOUSTIC

WINDOWS

TINTED, CONTROLABLE

ACOUSTICS

SOFT

COLOR

NEUTRAL

SYSTEMS

HVAC

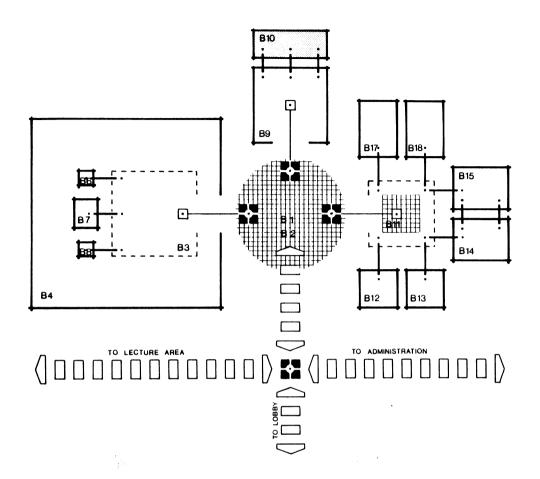
GENERAL

LIGHTING PLUMBING

GENERAL NONE

SPECIAL

SOUND PROOFING



THIS AREA ADJOINS THE PERIODICALS LOUNGE WHERE BACK ISSUES ARE STORED. ACCESS SHOULD BE CONTROLLED FROM CIRCULATION DESK.

PERIODICALS STORAGE B10

USER

STUDENT/FACULTY

ACTIVITIES

PERIODICALS STORAGE

AREA

150 s.f.

IMAGE

SIMPLE, EFFICIENT

ADJACENCY

PERIODICALS LOUNGE

APPOINTMENTS

SHELVING 800 L.F.

SMALL WORK TABLE

FINISHES

WALLS FLOORS GWB

CEILINGS

CARPET ACOUSTIC

WINDOWS ACOUSTICS NONE SOFT

COLOR

NEUTRAL

SYSTEMS

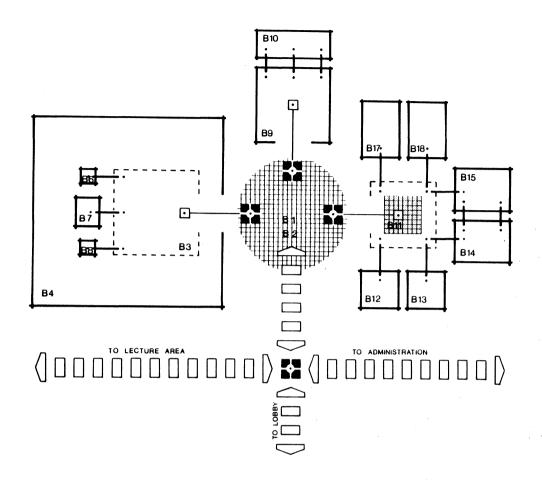
HVAC LIGHTING GENERAL GEN., TASK

PLUMBING

NONE

SPECIAL

SECURED ACCESS



THIS SHOULD BE AN OPEN OFFICE WITH THE CIRC-ULATION DESK DIRECTLY ADJACENT. CONTROL TO THE ARCHIVES AND WORKROOM ARE MANAGED HERE.

AUDIO/VISUAL LIBRARIAN B 11

USER

AUDIO/VISUAL LIBRARIAN

ACTIVITIES

GENERAL OFFICE

CIRCULATION

AREA

180 s.f.

IMAGE

SIMPLE, WARM, OPEN

ADJACENCY

CIRCULATION DESK

APPOINTMENTS

SECRETARIAL DESK

WALL FILES

CIRCULATION DESK

FINISHES

WALLS

GWB, TACK SURFACE

FLOORS CEILINGS CARPET ACOUSTIC

WINDOWS

AS NECESSARY

ACOUSTICS

SOFT

COLOR NEUTRAL

SYSTEMS

HVAC

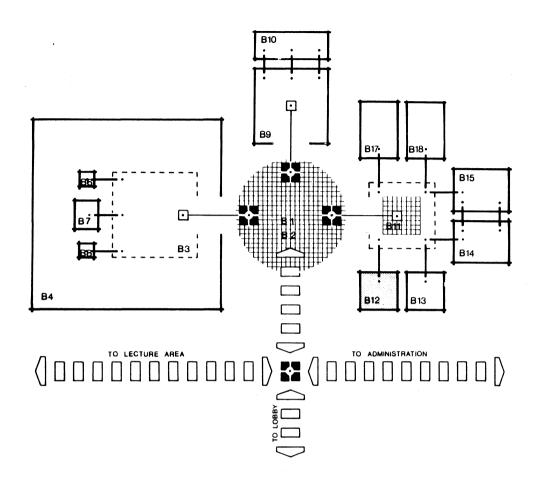
GENERAL

LIGHTING PLUMBING

GENERAL NONE

SPECIAL

NONE



THIS IS THE ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICE FOR THE RESOURCE CENTER AND SOME SEPARATION FROM ACTIVITY MAY BE NECESSARY.

OUTREACH COORDINATOR B12

USER

OUTREACH COORDINATOR

WORK STUDY

ACTIVITIES

GENERAL OFFICE

ORGANIZING RESOURCE MAT'L

AREA

150 s.f.

IMAGE

SIMPLE, WARM, EFFICIENT

ADJACENCY

LIBRARIAN AREA

APPOINTMENTS

EXECUTIVE DESK (1)

P.C. STATION (1) SHELVES/STORAGE

FILES (1)

FINISHES

WALLS FLOORS

COLOR

GWB, TACK SURFACE

CARPET

CEILINGS WINDOWS

ACOUSTIC TINTED. CONTROLABLE

ACOUSTICS

SOFT CONTR

NEUTRAL

SYSTEMS

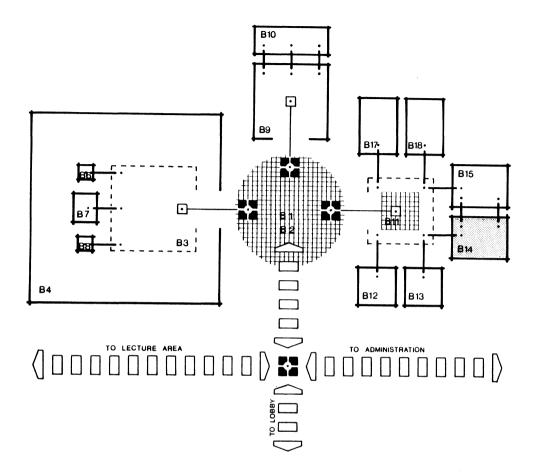
HVAC LIGHTING GENERAL GEN. TASK

PLUMBING

NONE

SPECIAL

NONE



A COMPLETE DARKROOM FACILITY ALLOWS THE CENTER TO ORGANIZE ITS VISUAL ARCHIVES "IN-HOUSE" THROUGH A RESIDENT SPECIALIST. PROPER SPACE ALLOCATION AND ENVIRONMENTAL SYSTEMS ARE REQUIRED.

DARKROOM

B 14

USER

AUTHORIZED PERSONNEL CONTROLLED PUBLIC

ACTIVITIES

DARKROOM

AREA

200 s.f.

IMAGE

SIMPLE, EFFICIENT

ADJACENCY

WORKROOM, A/V LIBRARIAN

APPOINTMENTS

REFRIGERATOR (1)

ENLARGER (1)
'DRY BENCH'

'WET BENCH'

DRY MOUNT PRESS (1) DRYING CABINET (1)

FINISHES

WALLS FLOORS MOISTURE PROOF FINISH HARD, ACID RESISTANT

CEILINGS

ACOUSTIC, MOISTURE PROOF

WINDOWS ACOUSTICS NONE SOFT

COLOR DARK

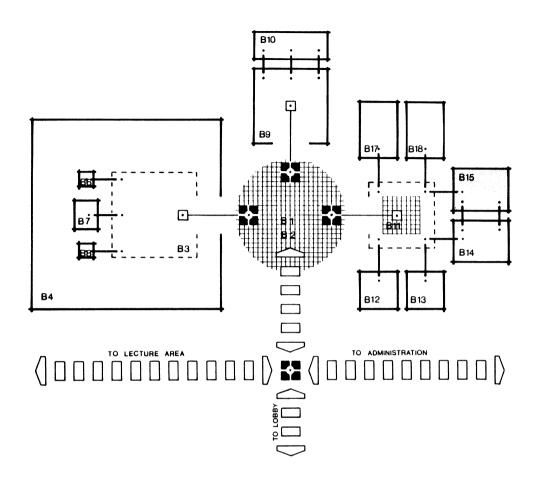
SYSTEMS

HVAC

GENERAL

LIGHTING PLUMBING SPECIAL GENERAL, INFRA-RED NON-CORROSIVE PIPING POSITIVE VENTILATION

CLIMATE CONTROL



EQUIPMENT AND PREPARATION SPACE IS PROVIDED TO FACULTY, STAFF, AND GRAD STUDENTS FOR THE PURPOSE OF PREPARING LECTURE/REPORT MATERIAL.

WORK ROOM

B 15

USER

AUTHORIZED PERSONNEL

CONTROLLED PUBLIC

ACTIVITIES

AUDIO/VISUAL STUDIES

AREA

200 s.F.

IMAGE

SIMPLE, WARM, INFORMAL

ADJACENCY

DARKROOM, A/V LIBRARIAN

APPOINTMENTS

PHOTOCOPY MACHINE (1)

GRAPHIC CUTTING TABLE (1)

TACK SURFACE

PASTE-UP TABLE (1)

LIGHT TABLE (1)

FINISHES

WALLS

GWB. TACK SURFACE

FLOORS CEILINGS HARD

CEILINGS WINDOWS ACOUSTIC

ACOUSTICS

NONE SOFT

COLOR

NEUTRAL

SYSTEMS

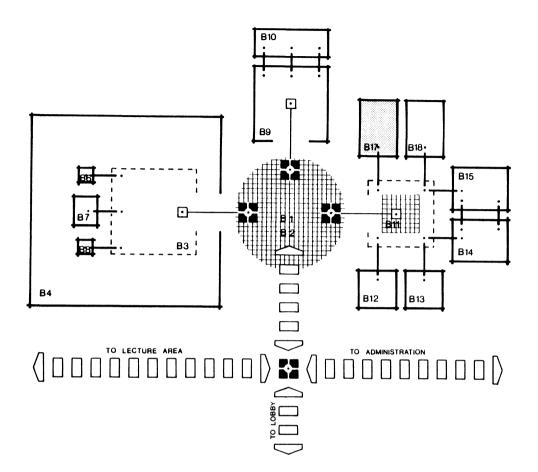
HVAC LIGHTING GENERAL GENERAL

PLUMBING

NONE

SPECIAL

NONE



THE AUDIO/VISUAL VIEWING ROOM PROVIDES CONTROLLED ACCESS TO SLIDE AND VIDEO EDUCATION PACKETS THROUGH SIX VIEWING STATIONS. AUDIO PROGRAMMING IS HANDLED THROUGH HEADPHONES AND ADEQUATE PARTITIONING MAY BE NECESSARY TO SEPARATE STATIONS.

VIEWING ROOM

B 17

USER

STUDENT/FACULTY CONTROLLED PUBLIC

ACTIVITIES

AUDIO/VISUAL VIEWING

AREA

180 s.f.

IMAGE

SIMPLE, WARM, INFORMAL

ADJACENCY

A/V LIBRARIAN

APPOINTMENTS

3 SLIDE STATIONS 3 VIDEO STATIONS

FINISHES

WALLS

GWB CARPET

FLOORS CEILINGS

ACOUSTIC

WINDOWS ACOUSTICS NONE SOFT

COLOR

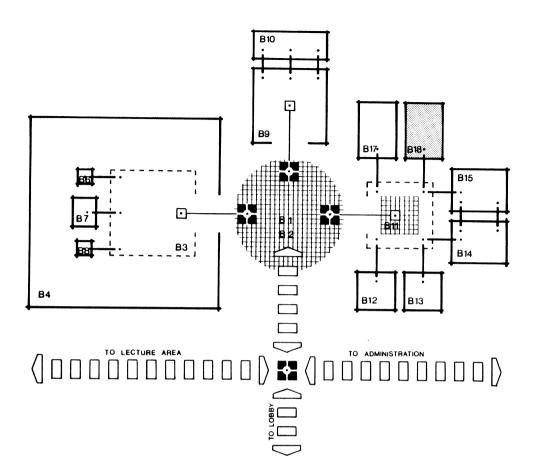
NEUTRAL

SYSTEMS

HVAC LIGHTING GENERAL GENERAL

PLUMBING SPECIAL

NONE CONTROLLED HEADPHONE SYS.



THE AUDIO/VISUAL ARCHIVES STORE, UNDER PROPER CONDITIONS, ALL SLIDE/VIDEO/FILM MATERIALS AND IS CONTROLLED BY FULL-TIME STAFF.

ARCHIVES

B 18

USER

AUTHORIZED PERSONNEL

ACTIVITIES

AUDIO/VISUAL ARCHIVES

AREA

150 s.f.

TMAGE

SIMPLE, EFFICIENT

ADJACENCY

A/V LIBRARIAN

APPOINTMENTS

SLIDE CATALOGING SYSTEM

VIDEO CASSETTE CATALOGING

FILM CATALOGING REFERENCE DESK (1)

LIGHT TABLE (1)

FINISHES

WALLS FLOORS GWB HARD

CEILINGS

ACOUSTIC

WINDOWS ACQUSTICS NONE

ACOUSTICS COLOR

SOFT

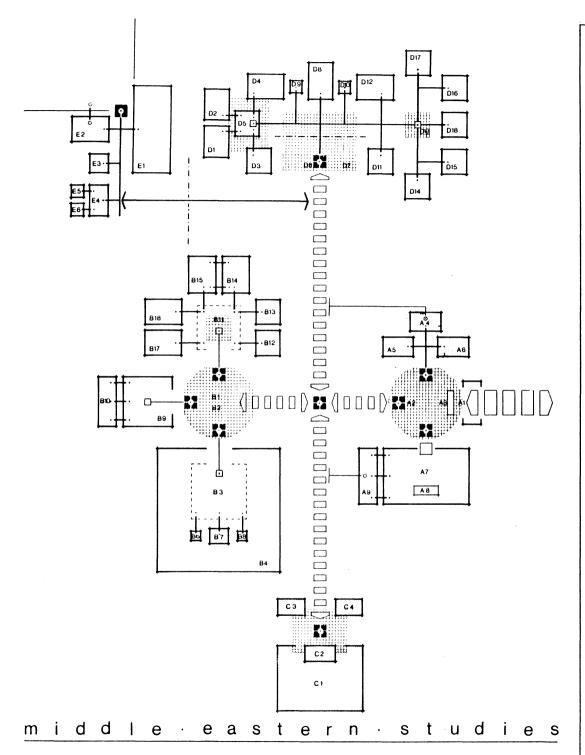
NEUTRAL

SYSTEMS

HVAC LIGHTING GENERAL GENERAL

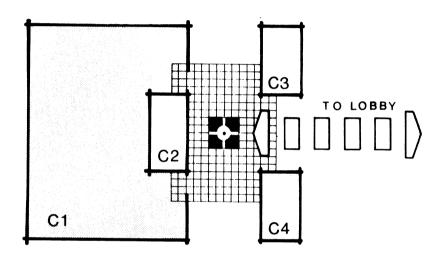
PLUMBING SPECIAL

NONE CLIMATE CONTROL SYSTEMS



LECTURE AREA

C1 LECTURE HALL 100 persons	1200 S.F.
C2 PROJECTION ROOM	150 S.F.
C3 SEMINAR ROOMS	125 S.F.
C4 SEMINAR ROOMS	125 S.F.
NET AREA	1600 S.F.



THIS FIXED SEATING LECTURE FACILITY OFFERS STATE OF THE ART PRESENTATION CAPABILITY IN AN INTIMATE SETTING. ACCOUSTICS AND LIGHTING ARE OF PRIME IMPORTANCE.

LECTURE

USFR

STUDENT/FACULTY VISITING SCHOLAR

ACTIVITIES

SCHEDULED LECTURES SPECIAL PRESENTATIONS

AREA

1200 s.f.

IMAGE

CLOSE. INFORMAL

ADJACENCY

LOBBY. SEMINAR ROOMS

APPOINTMENTS

FIXED SEATING FOR 100 10 x 12 ADJUSTABLE STAGE

PODIUM

REAR SCREEN PROJECTION RETRACTABLE SCREEN &

CHALK BOARD

SOUND SYSTEM

FINISHES

WALLS FLOORS GWB, ACCOUSTIC TREATMENT

CARPET

NONE

CEILINGS

ACOUSTIC TREATMENT

WINDOWS **ACOUSTICS** COLOR

SOFT

NEUTRAL

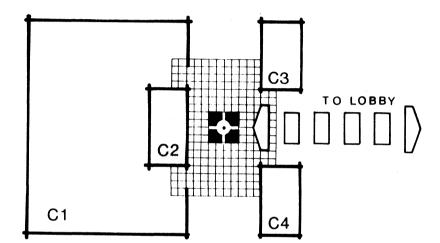
SYSTEMS

HVAC LIGHTING GENERAL

DOWN LIGHTING. GENERAL

PLUMBING NONE SPECIAL

STAGE LGHT. FLEXIBILITY



EQUIPMENT AND CONTROLS SHOULD PRIMARILY SERVE THE LECTURE HALL BUT SHOULD ALSO BE CAPABLE OF SERVING THE LOBBY DURING SPECIAL EVENTS.

PROJECTION ROOM

2

USER

AUTHORIZED PERSONNEL

ACTIVITIES

SLIDE/FILM PROJECTION

LIGHTING/SOUND CONTROL

AREA

150 S.F.

IMAGE

SIMPLE, EFFICIENT

ADJACENCY

LECTURE HALL, LOBBY

APPOINTMENTS

3 SLIDE PROJECTOR TABLES

1 REELED PROJECTOR

2 VCR PLAYBACK

SOUND/LIGHTING PANELS RELATED ELECTRICAL EQUIP.

FINISHES

WALLS

SOFT

FLOORS CEILINGS SOFT SOFT

WINDOWS

NONE

ACOUSTICS

SOFT

COLOR

NEUTRAL

SYSTEMS

HVAC

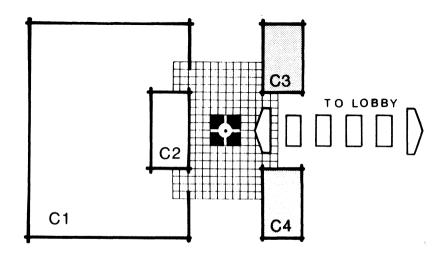
GENERAL

LIGHTING

GENERAL, TASK LIGHT.

PLUMBING NONE SPECIAL

SOUND PROOFING



FUNCTIONAL TEACHING SPACE IS PROVIDED FOR STUDY GROUPS AND SEMINAR CLASSES WITH CONFERENCE TABLE SEATING.

SEMINAR ROOMS

3&4

IISFR

FACULTY/STUDENTS

ACTIVITIES

SCHEDULED SEMINARS

INFORMAL STUDY GROUPS

ARFA

250 S.F.

IMAGE

SIMPLE, WARM, EFFICIENT

ADJACENCY

LOBBY. LECTURE HALL

APPOINTMENTS

LARGE TABLE

SEATING FOR 10

OVERHEAD PROJECTOR

CHALKBOARD TACK SURFACE

FINISHES

WALLS **FLOORS** GWB. TACK SURFACE

SOFT

CEILINGS WINDOWS

ACOUSTIC

TINTED AS NECESSARY

ACOUSTICS COLOR

SOFT

NEUTRAL

SYSTEMS

HVAC

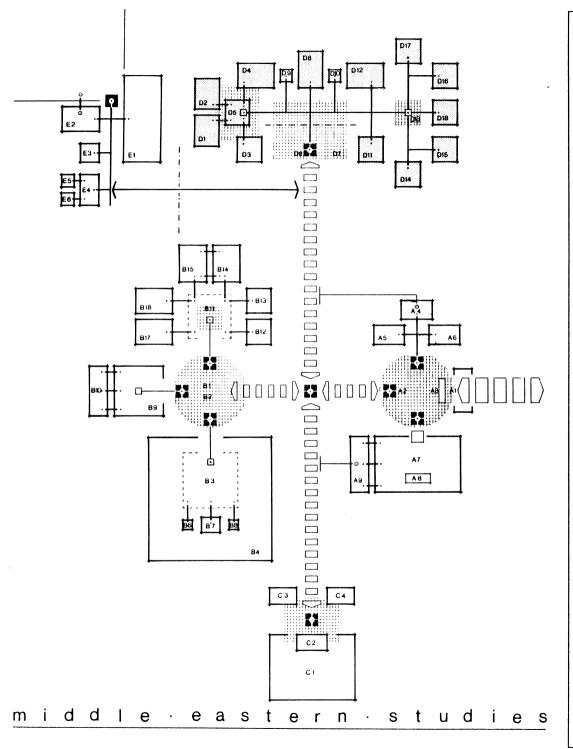
GENERAL

GENERAL

LIGHTING **PLUMBING**

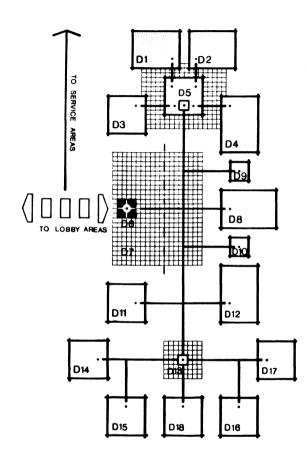
NONE

SOUND PROOFING SPECIAL



ADMINISTRATION

	•		
D1	DIRECTOR	150	S.F.
D2	ASSOCIATE DIRECTOR	150	S.F.
D3	ASSISTANT DIRECTOR	120	S.F.
D4	CONFERENCE ROOM	200	S.F.
D5	ADMINISTRATIVE SECRETARY	150	S.F.
D6	RECEPTIONIST	100	S.F.
D7	WAITING AREA	200	S.F.
D8	COMPUTER ROOM	180	S.F.
D9	OFFICE STORAGE	80	S.F.
D10	XEROX (COPY ROOM AREA)	50	S.F.
D11	ACCOUNTANT	120	S.F.
D12	PUBLICATIONS EDITOR	180	S.F.
D13	WORK STATION	80	S.F.
D14-17	FACULTY - 4	480	S.F.
D18	VISITING FACULTY	120	S.F.
NET ARE	E A	 2310	S.F.



IN THAT THE DIRECTOR ESTABLISHES POLICY AND RECIEVES VISITING DIGNITARIES AND FACULTY. HIS OFFICE SHOULD REFLECT A PROFESSIONAL APPEARANCE IN BOTH FINISH AND APPOINTMENTS.

DIRECTOR

D1

USFR

DIRECTOR OF CENTER

ACTIVITIES

ADMINISTRATIVE DECISIONS

OFFICIAL APPOINTMENTS

AREA

150 s.f.

IMAGE

SIMPLE, WARM, BUSINESS

APPOINTMENTS

EXECUTIVE DESK

BOOK SHELVES P.C. STATION

SEATING

FINISHES

WALLS

GWB. TACK SPACE

FLOORS CARPETED

ACCOUSTIC DROP CEILINGS WINDOWS TINTED, BLINDS

ACCOUSTICS QUIET COLOR NEUTRAL

SYSTEMS

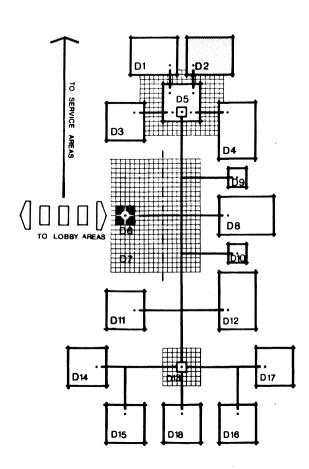
HVAC LIGHTING GENERAL

NATURAL. GEN. FLOURESCENT

PLUMBING SPECIAL

NONE

NONE



THE ASSOCIATE DIRECTOR'S DUTIES DEAL MAINLY WITH THE CENTER'S OPERATIONS AND SHOULD ALSO REFLECT A PROFESSIONAL APPEARANCE.

ASSOCIATE DIRECTOR D 2

IISFR

ASSOCIATE DIRECTOR

ACTIVITIES

ADMINISTRATIVE DUTTES

IN-HOUSE APPOINTMENTS

ARFA

150 S.F.

TMAGE

SIMPLE, WARM, OPEN

ADJACENCY

DIRECTOR. ADMIN. SEC'TY.

APPOINTMENTS

EXECUTIVE DESK (1) SHELVES/STORAGE P.C. STATION (1)

SEATING (2)

FINISHES

WALLS

GWB. TACK SPACE

FLOORS CEILINGS

CARPET ACOUSTIC

WINDOWS

TINTED, CONTROLABLE VIEW

ACOUSTICS COLOR

QUIET NEUTRAL

SYSTEMS

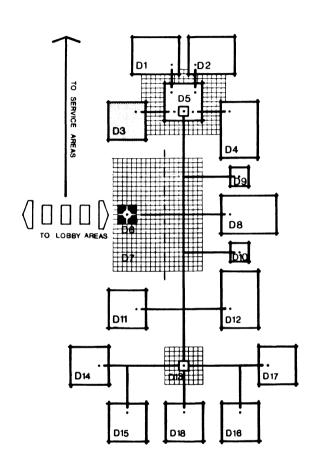
HVAC

GENERAL

LIGHTING **PLUMBING**

NATURAL, GENERAL TASK

SPECIAL



THIS IS PRIMARILY A SUPERVISORY POSITION RESPONSIBLE FOR ORGANIZING OFFICE WORKLOAD AND SCHEDULING WHILE MAINTAINING CONTACTS WITHIN THE UNIVERSITY.

ASSISTANT DIRECTOR

USER

ASSISTANT TO DIRECTOR

D3

ACTIVITIES

SUPPORT TO DIRECTORS

AREA

120 s.f.

IMAGE

SIMPLE, WARM, BUSINESS

ADJACENCY

ADM. SEC'TY.. DIRECTOR

APPOINTMENTS

EXECUTIVE DESK (1) SHELVES/STORAGE P.C. STATION (1)

SEATING (2)

FINISHES

WALLS

GWB. TACK SPACE

FLOORS CEILINGS CARPET ACOUSTIC

WINDOWS ACQUISTICS TINTED, CONTROLABLE

ACOUSTICS COLOR

QUIET NEUTRAL

SYSTEMS

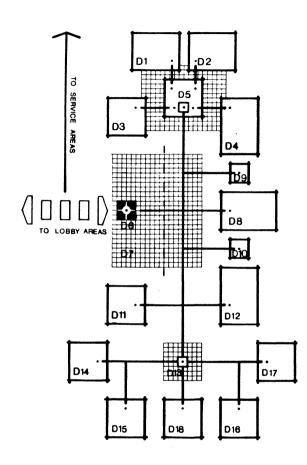
HVAC LIGHTING GENERAL

LIGHTING PLUMBING

NATURAL, GENERAL TASK NONE

SPECIAL

NONE



THIS SHOULD BE A FLEXIBLE SPACE, OPEN FOR ADMINISTRATIVE CONFERENCES, FACULTY MEETINGS, AND INFORMAL DISCUSSION; CAPABLE OF VARIOUS PRESENTATION FORMATS AND LIGHTING SITUATIONS.

CONFERENCE ROOM

USER

ADMINISTRATIVE PERSONNEL

D 4

FACULTY

ACTIVITIES

GENERAL CONFERENCING

SPECIAL MEETINGS

AREA

200 s.f.

TMAGE

SIMPLE, WARM. INTIMATE

ADJACENCY

ADM. SEC'TY.

APPOINTMENTS

LG. CONFERENCE TABLE (1)

SEATING FOR TWELVE

TELEPHONE

ROLL DOWN SCREEN

TACK SPACE

FINISHES

WALLS

GWB

FLOORS CARPETED

CEILINGS WINDOWS

ACOUSTIC, LOW REFLECTANCE

ACOUSTICS

NONE SOFT

COLOR

NEUTRAL

SYSTEMS

HVAC

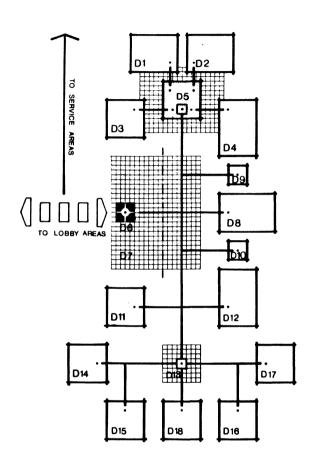
GENERAL

LIGHTING

INDIRECT AMBIENT, TASK ON

TABLE

PLUMBING SPECIAL NONE AUDIO/VISUAL HOOKUPS



THE OFFICE SHOULD BE A FUNCTIONAL SPACE WITH ONE WALL DEDICATED TO FILE STORAGE LINKUP TO THE CENTER'S DATA BASE; MINIMUM SECURITY CONSIDERATIONS REQUIRED.

ADMINISTRATIVE SEC'TY D5

USER

PRIVATE SECRETARY

ACTIVITIES

SERVICE TO ADM. PERSONNEL

AREA

150 s.f.

IMAGE

SIMPLE, WARM, BUSINESS

ADJACENCY

ADM. RECEPTIONIST, ADM.

OFFICES

APPOINTMENTS

SECRETARY DESK (1)

FILES (2)

P.C. STATION (1)

SEATING (2)

FINISHES

WALLS

GWB

FLOORS CEILINGS CARPET ACOUSTIC

WINDOWS

NONE

ACOUSTICS COLOR

OPEN NEUTRAL

SYSTEMS

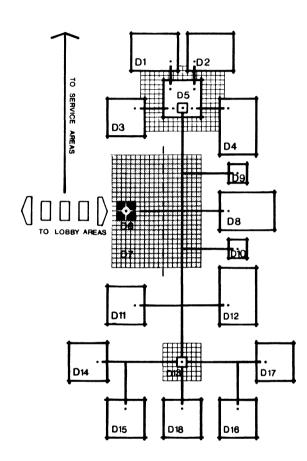
HVAC

GENERAL

LIGHTING

NATURAL. GENERAL

PLUMBING SPECIAL



TELEPHONE OPERATIONS AND APPOINTMENT MANAGEMENT ARE THE CHIEF DUTIES OF WORK STUDY PERSONNEL.

RECEPTIONIST

D6

USER

RECEPTIONIST

WORK STUDY PERSONNEL

ACTIVITIES

PHONE CENTER

APPOINTMENT ORGANIZATION

AREA

100 s.f.

IMAGE

SIMPLE, WARM, OPEN

ADJACENCY

WAITING AREA. ADM. OFFICE

APPOINTMENTS

SECRETARY DESK (1)

PHONE EQUIPMENT

TYPING STATION (1)

FILES (1)

FINISHES

WALLS FLOORS GWB, SOFT

CARPET

CEILINGS WINDOWS

OPEN, ARCHITECTURAL TINTED AS NECESSARY

ACOUSTICS

SOFT

COLOR NEUTRAL

SYSTEMS

HVAC

GENERAL

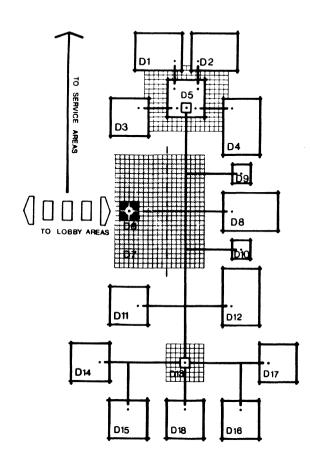
LIGHTING

NATURAL, GENERAL

PLUMBING

NONE

SPECIAL SOUND SYSTEM



THIS OFFICE SERVES THE ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICES AND SHOULD BE THE ACCESS CONTROL POINT TO THAT GROUP WITH TEMPORARY SEATING FOR APPOINTMENTS.

WAITING AREA

D 7

HSFR

GENERAL PUBLIC

STUDENT/FACULTY

ACTIVITIES

WAITING ROOM

PUBLIC ACCESS CONTROL

ARFA

200 S.F.

TMAGE

STMPLE. WARM. OPEN

ADJACENCY

LOBBY

APPOINTMENTS

LOUNGE SEATING (6)

MAGAZINE SELECTION

OCCASIONAL TABLES (2)

FINISHES

WALLS

GWB, SOFT, TACK SPACE

CARPET

FLOORS CEILINGS WINDOWS

OPEN, ARCHITECTURAL TINTED AS NECESSARY

ACOUSTICS COLOR

SOFT

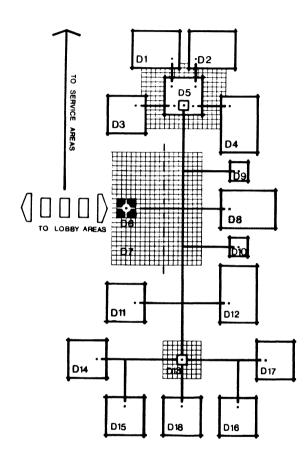
NEUTRAL

SYSTEMS

HVAC LIGHTING GENERAL ACCENT, TASK

NATURAL,

PLUMBING SPECIAL WATER FOUNTAIN SOUND SYSTEM



CONTINUOUS CLIMATE CONTROL AND SECURITY IS REQUIRED. NOISE IS A FACTOR.THEREFORE. SOUND PROOFING AND ADJACENCY IS CRITICAL.

COMPUTER ROOM

D8

USER

AUTHORIZED PERSONNEL

ACTIVITIES

COMPUTER CENTER

DATA BASE

AREA

180 s.f.

IMAGE

SIMPLE, BUSINESS

ADJACENCY

RECEPTIONIST

APPOINTMENTS

CENTRAL DATA STORAGE

2 P.C. STATIONS

PRINTER

FILES/STORAGE

FINISHES

WALLS

GWB

FLOORS CEILINGS HARD

WINDOWS

ACOUSTIC NONE

ACOUSTICS

SOFT

COLOR

NEUTRAL

SYSTEMS

HVAC

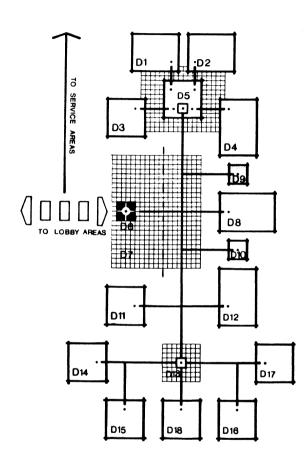
GENERAL

LIGHTING PLUMBING

GENERAL NONE

SPECIAL

COMPUTER CLIMATE CONTROL



FLOOR TO CEILING WALL SHELVING STORES NEEDED OFFICE SUPPLIES.

OFFICE STORAGE

D9

USER

GENERAL STAFF

ACTIVITIES

OFFICE STORAGE

AREA

80 s.f.

IMAGE

SIMPLE

ADJACENCY

RECEPTIONIST

APPOINTMENTS

SHELVING

FINISHES

WALLS FLOORS GWB HARD

CEILINGS

ACOUSTIC

WINDOWS ACOUSTICS NONE SOFT

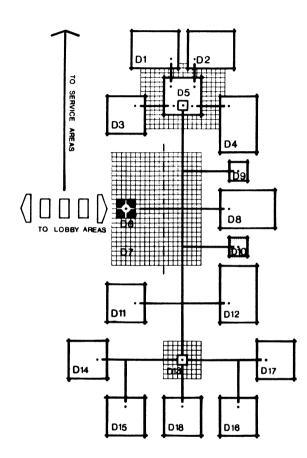
COLOR

NEUTRAL

SYSTEMS

HVAC LIGHTING GENERAL GENERAL

PLUMBING SPECIAL



THE COPY ROOM SHOULD PROVIDE BASIC PHOTOCOPY AND LIGHT TYPING SERVICES TO THE GENERAL OFFICE STAFF AND BE ACOUSTICALLY SOUND PROOFED FROM WAITING AREAS.

COPY ROOM

D10

USFR

GENERAL OFFICE STAFF

ACTIVITIES

PHOTOCOPY, TYPING

AREA

80 s.f.

IMAGE

SIMPLE, WARM, BUSINESS

ADJACENCY

COMPUTER ROOM, RECEPT.

APPOINTMENTS

WORK TABLE (1)

SEATING (1)

PHOTOCOPY MACHINE

FINISHES

WALLS

GWB

FLOORS CEILINGS CARPET ACOUSTIC

WINDOWS

NONE

ACOUSTICS COLOR

SOFT NEUTRAL

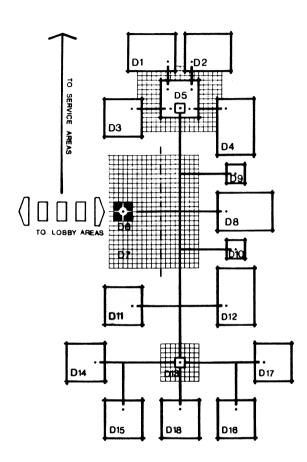
SYSTEMS

HVAC LIGHTING GENERAL GENERAL

PLUMBING SPECIAL

NONE

NONE



THE OFFICE SHOULD BE A FUNCTIONAL SPACE WITH ONE WALL DEDICATED TO FILE STORAGE LINKUP TO THE CENTER'S DATA BASE; MINIMUM SECURITY CONSIDERATIONS REQUIRED.

ACCOUNTANT

D 11

USER

ACCOUNTING PERSONNEL

ACTIVITIES

BUDGETING

ACCOUNT MANAGEMENT

AREA

120 S.F.

IMAGE

SIMPLE, BUSINESS

ADJACENCY

ADM. RECEPTIONIST. COPY

ROOM

APPOINTMENTS

EXECUTIVE DESK (1)

WALL FILES

P.C. STATION (1)

SEATING (1)

FINISHES

WALLS

GWB, TACK SPACE

FLOORS CARPET CEILINGS ACOUSTIC

WINDOWS

TINTED. CONTROLABLE

ACOUSTICS QUIET NEUTRAL

SYSTEMS

HVAC

GENERAL

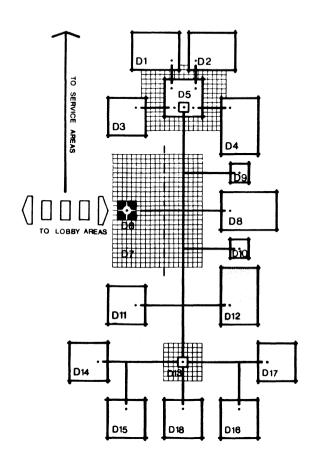
LIGHTING

NATURAL, GENERAL TASK

PLUMBING NONE

SPECIAL

DATA BASE HOOKUP



THE PUBLICATIONS EDITOR ORGANIZES MANUSCRIPTS FROM VARIOUS SCHOLARS IN PREPARATION FOR PUBLICATION BY UNIVERSITY PRESS AND REQUIRES ADEQUATE WORK AND STORAGE SPACE.

PUBLICATIONS EDITOR D12

USER

PUBLICATIONS EDITOR

WORK STUDY/RESEARCHER

ACTIVITIES

EDITING

AREA

180 s.f.

IMAGE

SIMPLE, WARM, BUSINESS

APPOINTMENTS

EXECUTIVE DESK

P.C. STATION BOOKSHELVES

LARGE WORK TABLE

SFATING

FTNTSHFS

WALLS

GWB, TACK SPACE

FLOORS CARPETED

CFTI TNGS ACCOUSTIC DROP

TINTED AS NECESSARY WINDOWS SOFT ACCOUSTICS

COLOR NEUTRAL

SYSTEMS

HVAC

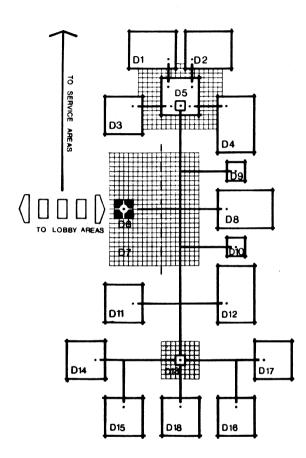
GENERAL

LIGHTING PLUMBING NATURAL, GEN. FLOURESCENT

NONE

SPECIAL

SOUND SYSTEM



THIS SMALL WORK SPACE IS USED BY TEACHING ASSISTANTS WHO ASSIST THE FACULTY.

WORK STATION

D 13

USER

WORK STUDY PERSONNEL

ACTIVITIES

GENERAL OFFICE SUPPORT

AREA

80 s.f.

IMAGE

SIMPLE, WARM, BUSINESS

ADJACENCY

FACULTY OFFICES, RECEPT.

APPOINTMENTS

WORK TABLE (1)

SEATING (1)

P.C. STATION (1)

FINISHES

WALLS

GWB CARPET

FLOORS CEILINGS

ACOUSTIC

WINDOWS

NONE

ACOUSTICS

SOFT

COLOR

NEUTRAL

SYSTEMS

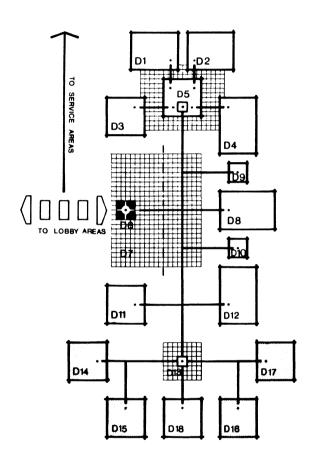
HVAC

GENERAL

LIGHTING

NATURAL, GENERAL

PLUMBING SPECIAL



DISTINCTIVE OFFICE SPACE FOR UP TO FOUR PER-MANENT FACULTY SHOULD BE RELATIVELY ISOLATED FROM THE ACTIVITY OF THE ADMINISTRATIVE OFF-ICES.

FACULTY

D 14-17

USER

RESIDENT FACULTY

ACTIVITIES

GENERAL OFFICE

AREA

120 s.f.

IMAGE

SIMPLE, WARM, BUSINESS

ADJACENCY

WORK STATION, RECEPT.

APPOINTMENTS

EXECUTIVE DESK (1) P.C. STATION (1) SHELVES/STORAGE (1) FILES (1)

TACK SPACE

FINISHES

WALLS

GWB. TACK SPACE

FLOORS CEILINGS

CARPET ACOUSTIC

WINDOWS

TINTED. CONTROLABLE

ACOUSTICS COLOR

SOFT

NEUTRAL

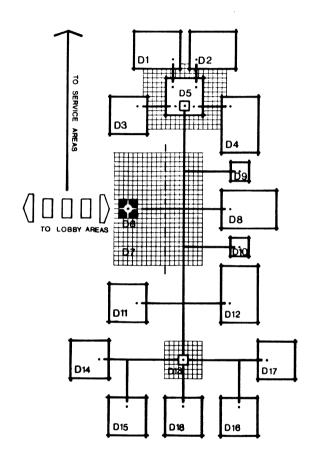
SYSTEMS

HVAC

GENERAL

LIGHTING **PLUMBING** NATURAL, GENERAL TASK

SPECIAL



THIS OFFICE SHOULD OFFER SIMILAR FACILITIES TO THE TRAVELLING SCHOLAR AS REGULAR FACULTY.

VISITING FACULTY

D18

USER

VISITING SCHOLAR

ACTIVITIES

GENERAL OFFICE

AREA

120 s.f.

IMAGE

SIMPLE, WARM, BUSINESS

ADJACENCY

WORK STUDY, RECEPTIONIST

APPOINTMENTS

EXECUTIVE DESK (1)

SHELVES/STORAGE

TACK SPACE

FINISHES

WALLS

GWB, TACK SPACE

FLOORS CEILINGS CARPET ACOUSTIC

WINDOWS ACOUSTICS

TINTED. CONTROLABLE

ACOUSTICS COLOR

SOFT

NEUTRAL

SYSTEMS

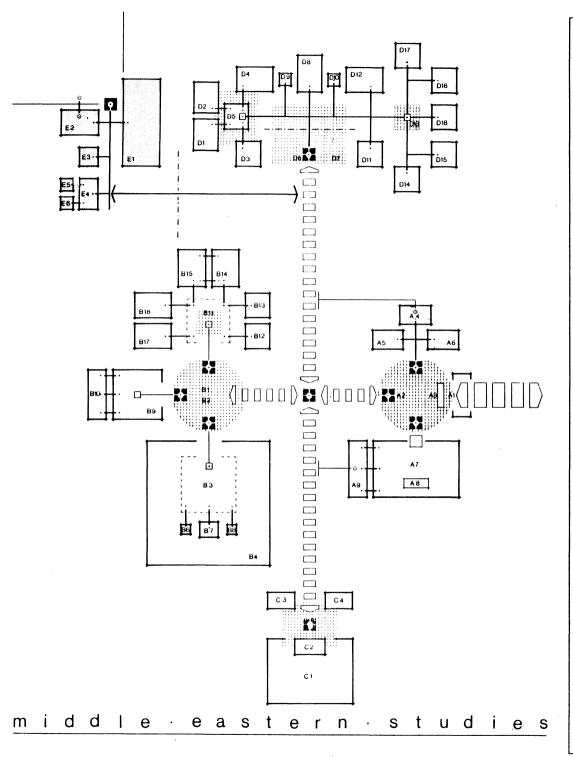
HVAC

GENERAL

LIGHTING

NATURAL, GENERAL TASK

PLUMBING SPECIAL

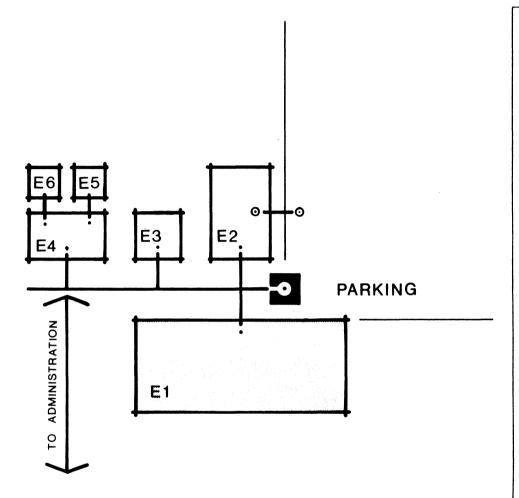


SERVICE

E1 MECHANICAL 4% G.S.F.	950 S.F.
E2 LOADING DOCK	200 S.F.
E3 MAINTENANCE CLOSET	100 S.F.
E4 STAFF BREAK ROOM	150 S.F.
E5 MEN'S/WOMEN'S TOILET	100 S.F.

E6 PARKING
16 FULL-TIME EMPLOYEES
4 PART-TIME EMPLOYEES

NET AREA 1400 S.F.



BOTH STEAM AND CHILLED WATER ARE SUPPLIED FROM THE UNIVERSITY POWER PLANT. HUMIDITY CONTROL. FRESH AIR AND EXHAUST SHOULD BE TASTEFULLY HANDLED.

MECHANICAL

E1

USER

MAINTENANCE PERSONNEL

ACTIVITIES

MECHANICAL SPACE

AREA

4% GROSS S.F.

IMAGE

SIMPLE, EFFICIENT

ADJACENCY

LOADING DOCK. PARKING

APPOINTMENTS

A.H.U.

ELECTRICAL CLOSET

MOISTURE CONTROL EQUIP.

FINISHES

WALLS **FLOORS** GWB, MOISTURE PROOFING HARD. WEAR RESISTANT

CEILINGS WINDOWS

HARD, MOISTURE PROOF NONE

ACOUSTICS COLOR

SOFT NEUTRAL

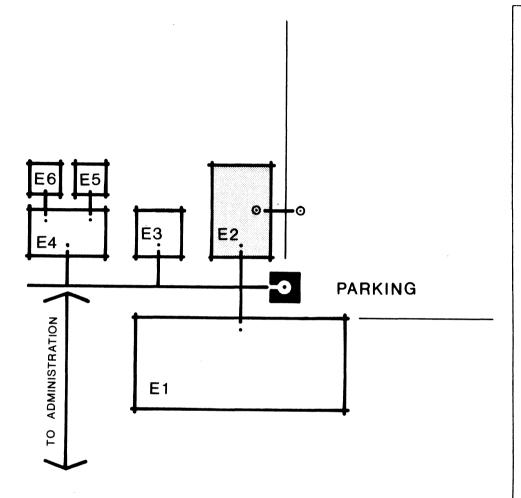
SYSTEMS

HVAC GENERAL LIGHTING

PLUMBING SPECIAL

GENERAL HOT, COLD, STORM DRAINAGE

CHILLED WATER/STEAM SYS.



THE LOADING DOCK AREA FOR SMALL VEHICLE DE-LIVERY SHOULD SHARE ACCESS WITH PARKING.TRASH PICK-UP MAY BEST BE HANDLED HERE. AN OVER-HEAD DOOR SECURES A SMALL VESTIBULE WHICH OPENS INTO THE MECHANICAL ROOM.

LOADING DOCK

E 2

USER

DELIVERY PERSONNEL

STAFF

ACTIVITIES

DELIVERY/STORAGE

WASTE STORAGE

AREA

200 s.f.

IMAGE

SIMPLE. EFFICIENT

ADJACENCY

OUTDOORS, PARKING

APPOINTMENTS

8 FOOT LOADING DOCK

SPACE FOR 1 DUMPSTER

OVERHEAD DOOR

STORAGE VESTIBULE

FINISHES

WALLS FLOORS GWB, MOISTURE PROOFING

HARD, WEAR RESISTANT HARD, MOISTURE PROOF

CEILINGS WINDOWS

NONE

ACOUSTICS

HARD

COLOR

NEUTRAL

SYSTEMS

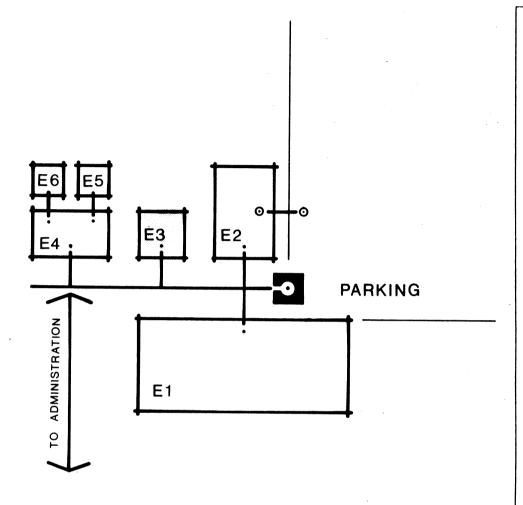
HVAC LIGHTING GENERAL GENERAL

PLUMBING

NONE

SPECIAL

LOADING EQUIP. POSSIBLE



BASIC MAINTENANCE SUPPLIES AND EQUIPMENT ARE STORED HERE WITH ADEQUATE ACCESS TO CONTROLLED STAFF AREAS.

MAINTENANCE CLOSET E3

USER

MAINTENANCE PERSONNEL

STAFF

ACTIVITIES

MAINTENANCE CLOSET

AREA

100 s.f.

IMAGE

SIMPLE. EFFICIENT

ADJACENCY

MECHANICAL, LOADING DOCK

APPOINTMENTS

LARGE SHELVING

MOP SINK

CABINET STORAGE

FINISHES

WALLS FLOORS

GWB, MOISTURE PROOFING

HARD, WEAR RESISTANT HARD, MOISTURE PROOF

CEILINGS WINDOWS ACOUSTICS

NONE HARD

COLOR

NEUTRAL

SYSTEMS

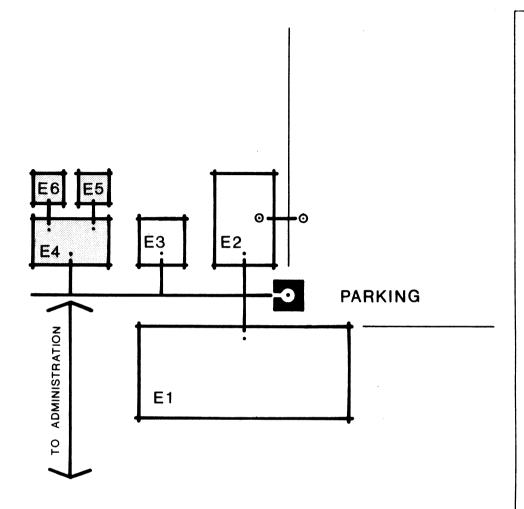
HVAC LIGHTING GENERAL GENERAL

PLUMBING

HOT, COLD, SEWER

SPECIAL

NONE



A SMALL KITCHENETTE AND BREAK ROOM SHOULD BE COMFORTABLY APPOINTED BUT EASILY MAINTAINED; CONTROLLED ACCESS ONLY.

STAFF BREAK ROOM E 4,5&6

USER

ALL STAFF PERSONNEL

ACTIVITIES

STAFF COFFEE ROOM

STAFF TOILETS

AREA

150 s.f.

IMAGE

SIMPLE. EFFICIENT

ADJACENCY

EMPLOYEE ENTRY

APPOINTMENTS

BREAK TABLE SEATING FOR 6 KITCHENETTE MEN'S TOILET WOMEN'S TOILET LOCKERS (40)

FINISHES

WALLS FLOORS GWB CARPET

CEILINGS

ACOUSTIC

WINDOWS ACQUISTICS

AS NECESSARY

ACOUSTICS COLOR

SOFT NEUTRAL

SYSTEMS

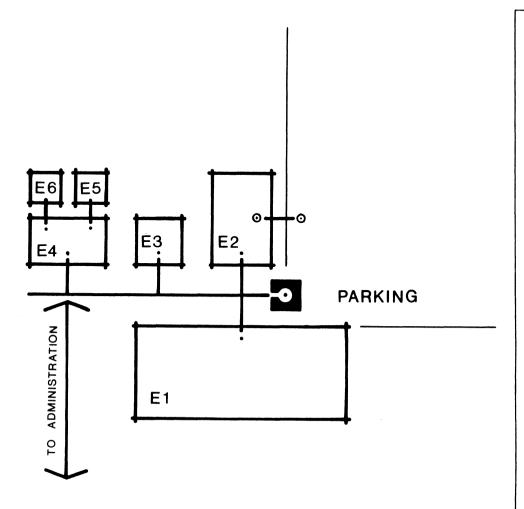
HVAC LIGHTING GENERAL GENERAL

PLUMBING

HOT. COLD. SEWER

SPECIAL

NONE



ACCESS TO ALUMNI CENTER AND GREGORY HALL PARKING LOTS IS CRITICAL. EGRESS AND ACCESS MUST BE HANDLED FROM ONE COMMON POINT ON SAN JACINTO DRIVE. PUBLIC PARKING IS A DESIGN ISSUE CRITICAL TO A DESIRED COMMUNITY CONNECTION AND CAN BE HANDLED ON OR OFF SITE.

PARKING

HSFR

STAFF/FACULTY

ACTIVITIES

PARKING

AREA

AS REQUIRED

TMAGE

OPEN. WELL ILLUMINATED

ADJACENCY

EMP. ENTRY. LOADING DOCK

APPOINTMENTS

2 HANDICAPPED SPACES
PARKING FOR 16 FULL-TIME
PARKING FOR 4 PART-TIME

PUBLIC SPACES AS POSSIBLE

FINISHES

WALLS MOISTURE PROOF

FLOORS HARD
CEILINGS HARD
WINDOWS NONE
ACOUSTICS HARD
COLOR NEUTRAL

SYSTEMS

HVAC NONE LIGHTING GENERAL PLUMBING NONE

SPECIAL PERMITTED PARKING

CONCLUSIONS

FORM

SITE

ENVIRONMENT

QUALITY

IMAGE

FUNCTION

RELATIONSHIPS

ACTIVITIES

FLEXIBILITY

COLLECTION

ECONOMY

SYSTEMS

ENERGY

TIME

PERMANENCE

GROWTH

KEY WORDS

100

SITE

<u>GOAL</u>: to achieve a wholistic building/site relationship.

<u>CONCEPT</u>: integrate the natural aspects of the site with public areas within the Center.

<u>CONCEPT</u>: use the existing East Mall entry onto campus as a basis for the entry and circulation concepts of the Center.

<u>CONCEPT</u>: use sight lines to the Main Tower, to the fountain and along Waller Creek to visually tie the Center to its context.

ENVIRONMENT

<u>GOAL</u>: to enhance the communication process by establishing a unique environment sensitive to a broad cross-section of University students.

<u>CONCEPT</u>: develop outdoor areas of interest, defined by building form and/or elements, that will be used by students and passersby alike.

<u>CONCEPT</u>: provide easy access to outdoor areas from the East Mall and from the Center.

GOALS & CONCEPTS

<u>CONCEPT</u>: through sensitive use of scale and massing, emphasize the human aspects of the environment while down-playing monumental displays of form.

QUALITY

<u>GOAL</u>: to augment the Center's overall goal of providing a quality educational experience.

<u>CONCEPT</u>: reflect the rich heritage of using regional craftsmen and materials as exhibited in Middle Eastern culture.

<u>CONCEPT</u>: develop building form, fenestration and orientation that is sensitive to the educational process rather than fashion.

IMAGE

<u>GOAL</u>: to present an identifiable image that addresses all of the Center's intended users.

<u>CONCEPT</u>: adapt the meanings of traditional Islamic architecture in unique and expressive ways in order to attract the non-Western student.

 $\underline{\text{CONCEPT}}$: use contextual images of form and materials that will weave the Center into the University fabric.

RELATIONSHIPS

<u>GOAL</u>: to promote the smooth operation of the Center and to provide an easily readable building.

<u>CONCEPT</u>: group public and private spaces to provide passive control of circulation - use few signs.

<u>CONCEPT</u>: orient major operational functions, the lecture and resource facilities, toward entry and public circulation.

ACTIVITIES

GOAL: to provice multiple functions within the Center that will encourage social, cultural, intellectual and educational activity.

<u>CONCEPT</u>: use a unified building concept which allows all interrelated activities to continuously occur.

<u>CONCEPT</u>: maintain high public accessibility to the resource and exhibit facilities.

FLEXIBILITY

 $\underline{\text{GOAL}}$: to provide a complete educational experience on a wide range of Middle East topics.

<u>CONCEPT</u>: collect the presently scattered resources of the Center under one roof and organize that material to present its most useful purpose.

COLLECTION

<u>GOAL</u>: to maintain a vital community connection.

<u>CONCEPT</u>: accommodate various lecture, dining, and social functions within a single flexible lobby space.

<u>CONCEPT</u>: provide flexible exhibit facilities that will attract various travelling exhibits.

SYSTEMS

<u>GOAL</u>: to provide a comfortable yet adaptable environment within the confines of energy conservation.

<u>CONCEPT</u>: centralize and simplify the Center's mechanical facilities to reduce the need for massive air handling equipment.

<u>CONCEPT</u>: provide zoned comfort control of the Center's different functions based on changing needs and load requirements.

ENERGY

<u>GOAL</u>: to address future energy restrictions in terms of lighting, environmental and maintenance systems.

<u>CONCEPT</u>: provide variable and timed switching in order to best control lighting usage and energy consumption.

<u>CONCEPT</u>: use controlled daylighting to provide ambient lighting levels while simultaneously restricting its impact on comfort systems.

PERMANENCE

 $\underline{\mathsf{GOAL}}$: to provide a sense of lasting permanence.

 $\underline{\text{CONCEPT}}$: choice of materials and quality of construction should reflect a sense of permanence.

GROWTH

<u>GOAL</u>: to take into consideration any future expansion of the facility.

 $\underline{\text{CONCEPT}}$: flexibility in form and fenestration techniques should allow for moderate expansion.

FORM

Since there is an express need for interpersonal communication between the various cultures representing the Center, this issue should be creatively addressed in all aspects of design.

Since the Main Tower commands such prominence to the East Mall site, views of it should be used to establish a visual link to the University.

Given the natural aspects of the site, scale and massing should respect the greenbelt area along Waller Creek and integrate its strengths wherever possible.

Since the Center's primary users are of such diverse backgrounds, the chief function of form should be to achieve a strong sense of place; an identifiable common ground to its users.

THE PROBLEM

FUNCTION

Since flexibility is a major concern to space planning, state of the art communications, audio/visual and lighting technology is needed to enhance this aspect of design.

Given the importance of the East mall entry and the fountain, circulation sequencing should properly react to its activity and noise levels.

Since zoning, setbacks and height/mass are not regulated on campus, sensitivity to existing conditions and adherence to local building codes shall be assumed guidelines.

ECONOMY

While initial building cost is of little concern, operating and maintenance costs in the future cannot be predicted; design should occur from this point of view.

TIME

Since the expansion of the Center from its present facilities allows increased freedom in academic programming, growth of class-room/office space must be of moderate concern.

The Center for Middle Eastern Studies is not meant to be confined within fixed walls. In fact, the program de-emphasizes monumental building solutions in order to free the designer of complex functional decisions. He should then be able to better respond to those emotional and psychological needs which enhance the functional needs of the Center. The building solution should be conceived only as part of a total environment where the formal function of the Center complements the daily activity of its context. It must simultaneously derive its life from and give life to its particular place. By doing so, the Center's environment subliminally stimulates interest in the issues it addresses and encourages the dialogue necessary to communicate those issues to a broad student base. Therefore, control of the genius loci is the design challenge for if the Center is to fulfill its educational purpose - it must breathe.