A REUSABLE SOFTWARE CATALOG INTERFACE

By

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A REUSABLE SOFTWARE CATALOG INTERFACE

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CHAPTER I

INTRODUCTION

Software reuse is currently a topic of great interest in the theory and practice of computer science in both academia and industrial research. Reducing software development cost through reuse of previously written and debugged code is practiced in many forms today and it "is an effective strategy for developers to reduce implementation cost" [PA90]; however, it is usually at the individual programmer level and very informal, based on one person's stock and his/her concept of what can be reused. By combining the efforts of a set of programmers at a given site, reuse libraries can be formed. Each programmer can then draw on source code from this library to accomplish a given task.

The next step is to make the use of the library efficient enough that the programmers would be willing to use it regularly, both as a customer and a contributor. The software components in the library must be readily accessible. A means must be devised to retrieve the closest match that meets a programmer's need with the least amount of modification.
In this thesis, the results of current work is examined and the most accurate library interface is identified. For this work, the interface is defined as the set of parameters that most clearly define a software component thus making its retrieval possible.

To demonstrate the feasibility of this task, a partial implementation of a software library is given. The data manipulated is the set of parameters used to describe each member of the software library (hereafter referred to as the repository). Identifying the most efficient method to store components is a topic for future research.

The concept of this implementation follows the basic structure proposed by Kazerooni-Zand, Samadzadeh, and George [KS90]. In their work, they deal with reuse at the object code level. Their system involves three major subsystems. The Identification Mechanism (IDM) is designed to select those components that meet a programmer's need. The Software Control Mechanism (SCM) is designed to provide access to different versions of a program or component; it receives input from the IDM. The Interface is designed to act as a pre and post compiler; it coordinates the micro-incremental compilation between their Reuse of Persistent Code and Object Code system and the compiler [KS90].

This thesis deals only with the action taking place within the IDM. The interface will be the parametrization of the detailed description of all components in the
software repository. In terms of the system defined by Kazerooni-Zand et al. [KS90], this is the Software Attribute Database. The level of reuse in this work is restricted to source code.
CHAPTER II

LITERATURE REVIEW

"Software reuse" is the taking of any code or code segment and using it again to meet a specific need. "Software reusability" involves not only the reuse of software, but also how that software is designed. In other words, it involves designing software components to be totally self-contained needing no outside code to accomplish their task, or if help is needed, knowing where to find it. Each component should be easily modifiable to meet a potential user's need.

As stated by Biggerstaff and Perlis, "software reuse is the reapplication of a variety of kinds of knowledge about one system to another similar system in order to reduce the effort of development and maintenance of that other system" [BP89a]. Reusability can mean the reuse of ideas as well as the reuse of components. So when an algorithm is used repeatedly, the algorithm is being reused.

According to Biggerstaff and Perlis [BP89a], software reuse has been in use for a number of years to a limited and informal extent. In many cases, it is limited to the knowledge of an earlier system that is similar to the
current project, or modules from other projects or systems that lend themselves to accomplishing a specific task. Reuse figures have been reported as high as 80%, but on average the figure is considered to be much lower, possibly as low as 5%. Other items of reuse such as life-cycle objects (requirements, designs, and test plans) have even lower rates of reuse [FG89] [FG90].

Portability can be considered a subarea of reusability. Portability is defined in general terms as "running a program in a host environment that is somehow different from the one for which it was designed" [JA88].

Portability became popular with the advent of the C programming language though it was an issue long before the appearance of C. As early as the late 1950's and early 1960's, COBOL was defined as a standard business language. Two corporations developed compilers late in 1960 and exchanged code [JA88]. With a minimum number of modifications, the code ran on both machines. However, just because a piece of code is written in COBOL or C (i.e., a "portable" language), it does not mean the program is necessarily portable [JA88]. Likewise, because a portion of a program is reused, it does not mean that the code is reusable in the sense of software reusability.

Basili approaches software reuse from the viewpoint of software maintenance [BA90]. He details three models that can be used during the process of updating an old system
while using the old code as a bank of reusable code to create the new system. These three models are described below.

The "quick-fix" model uses the existing system. Modifications are made to the source code and documentation as necessary.

The "iterative-enhancement" model is designed to be used when all the requirements of the system are not known or the developer is not capable of building the full system. This model, which is well-suited to software maintenance, also starts with the existing system together with its requirements and documentation. It is an evolutionary process that allows for updating and redesigning of the system based on analysis of the system as the work progresses.

The "full-reuse" model begins with the requirements of the new system and uses components of the old system as needed along with other components that may be in the software repository. This model assumes that the existing components are well documented or that they are documented as they are added to the repository [BA90].

Basili does not go into the detail of cataloging the components for his models. However, in the case of the full reuse model, a catalog interface describing each member in the set of components to be used for the reuse project could enhance the model's usefulness.
Different Approaches to Reusability

Various concepts of software reusability have been presented by researchers. Prieto-Diaz and Freeman present a software classification scheme used to catalog pieces of software for future use [PF87]. The scheme enables the user to give parameters for a search and then the system selects and recommends software modules that match or closely match the parameters. The parameters are part of the interface used for the presented system.

Prieto-Diaz and Freeman's scheme is divided into two major areas: functionality and environment. Each area is further subdivided into three parameters. Functionality is described by function, objects, and medium. Function is self-explanatory; it describes what the software does, i.e., the action. Object describes the objects manipulated by the function, and medium describes the data structure(s) or device(s) that the function uses.

The environment is broken down into system type, functional area, and setting. The system type "refers to functionally identifiable, application-independent modules, usually including more than one component." Functional area describes "application-dependent activities usually defined by an established set of procedures." And the setting describes "where the application is exercised" [PF87].

The facets of this scheme form a sextuple that describes the respective components in the software reposi-
tory. To insure a uniform meaning for the sextuple, vocabular-y control is imposed to facilitate comparisons. A thesaurus is used to convert all of the definitions to descriptive words of like meaning. This lends consistency to the comparisons.

Figure 1. A Partial Weighted Conceptual Graph for the Function Facet.

A partially weighted graph (Figure 1) is used to help identify a closely related term when one of the members of the sextuple is not found. The graph is a DAG, Directed Acyclic Graph, with each of the nodes being "supertypes that denote general concepts relating two or more terms" [PF87]. Weights are assigned to the edges using a software
engineering perspective; the closer the perceived proximity of the terms, the lower the weight assigned to the edge connecting the two terms. When a query is made and a term is not matched, the graph is consulted to find closely matching terms, and this gives the user a set of closely related components to choose from.

To define the software components further, Kazerooni-Zand, Samadzadeh, and George start with Prieto-Diaz and Freeman's faceted scheme and add the implementation environment. It is composed of two elements: language and machine [KS90].

The Reuse of Persistent Code and Object Code (ROPCO), the system proposed by Kazerooni-Zand, Samadzadeh, and George, deals with reuse at a very low level. Machine dependency becomes much more important when attempting the reuse of object code as compared with source code.

The ROPCO system is composed of three major subsystems: the Identification Mechanism (IDM), the Software Control Mechanism (SCM), and the Interface. The function of the IDM is to identify and select the programs or modules that meet the user or programmer's requirements. Each element in the system has a record in the Software Attribute Database (SADB). This record is a unique identifier to its assigned element and is used throughout the ROPCO system to identify a particular element. The IDM prompts the user for the functional and environment attributes as defined by Prieto-
Diaz and Freeman [PF87], and the implementation environment as defined by Kazerooni-Zand et al. [KS90]. Using the attributes input by the user, the SADB is accessed and one or more elements are chosen; the selections are based on the descriptions in the SADB and the proximity distance model [PF87].

Kernighan uses the UNIX\(^1\) system as an example of an environment that facilitates reusability. By using system utilities, he proposes that one can build more complicated programs and utilities using shell scripts or the source code of the system utilities [KE84].

Caldiera and Basili approach software reusability by splitting the traditional life cycle models into two parts. The first part is the project and the second is the factory [CB91]. The project delivers the software system to the customer. As a need for a component is developed by the project, it is sent to the factory. The factory deals with extracting and packaging reusable components. It also has to have a detailed knowledge of the project it is supporting.

In their system, all components, which are selected for possible addition to the software repository, go through a two-phase evaluation. Phase one, the identification phase, consists of three steps: the definition of the reusability

\(^1\)UNIX is a trademark of AT&T.
attributes model, extraction of the component, and application of the model. Phase two, the component qualification phase, is composed of six steps: generation of the functional specification; generation of the test cases; classification of the component; development of the reuser's manual; storage; and feedback.

Phase one is automated using software models and metrics. Components that pass this phase are analyzed by a domain expert. Any component whose functional specification is not relevant, or is incorrect, is thrown away. The reason for eliminating the component is documented; this aids in the development of future reusable components.

A component is then run through a series of tests that are based on its functional specification. If the tests are failed, then once again the component is discarded and the reason is documented. At this point, any component that has survived is classified and documented for reuse. Each component is made an autonomous unit capable of being compiled without the addition of other files; any information that may have resided in other files (C include files for example) would have to be included in the component [CB91].

Purtilo and Atlee [PA90] introduced a language called NIMBLE that is used to ease the introduction of reusable modules into new applications. With NIMBLE, the difference between parameter orders is removed. NIMBLE provides
parameter coercion capabilities without changing the source
code of a module. The actual and formal parameter lists are
referred to as interface patterns. A mapping from the
actual parameter list to a new "parametric" takes place to
meet the needs of the module being called [PA90].

One of the motivations for the design of NIMBLE was the
likelihood that modules that are semantically identical, but
may be structurally different, are likely to become more
prevalent as reusable software systems are developed.
NIMBLE can be used to bridge the module interface gap and
also it can widen the domain to which a module can be
applied [PA90].

Frakes and Gandel [FG89] [FG90] discuss various methods
of representing reusable software components including
library science, knowledge based methods, and hypertext
techniques. They define representation "as a language
(textual, graphical, or other) used to describe a set of
objects" [FG89].

The faceted classification scheme of Prieto-Diaz and
Freeman [PF87] falls under the category of library science.
To compensate for the narrow focus of an enumerated system
such as the Dewey Decimal System, faceted schemes allow a
subject area to be broken down into fundamental parts.
These parts can then be synthesized to develop more
descriptive representations [FG89].
Commercial component libraries such as GRACE (Generic Reusable ADA Components for Engineering) do exist. For instance, GRACE allows a user to choose from a list of ADA packages to accomplish common tasks such as managing stacks and queues. It uses a knowledge engineering approach to represent the software modules [FG89].

Chatterbox\(^2\), a graphical user interface library available from Courseware Applications, Inc., is a library of graphic routines for the C language. It performs the dirty work to create menu bars with pull-down menus and dialog boxes with keyboard and mouse support using the graphics routines of the supported compilers. The user decides what (s)he wants and then includes the necessary routines in his/her code. The routines are described in the Chatterbox reference manual. There is not an automated method available to pull routines together; the user must decide what (s)he wants by looking at the manual or by using past experience with the library. The user then goes to the Chatterbox source code and selects the necessary module or modules [SC90].

Reusability in Practice

Prieto-Diaz [PR91] states that a classification scheme for reusable software must meet the following criteria:

\(^2\)Chatterbox is a trademark of Courseware Applications, Inc.
1. It must accommodate continually expanding collections, a characteristic of most software organizations,
2. It must support finding components that are similar, not just exact matches,
3. It must support finding functionally equivalent components across domains,
4. It must be very precise and have high descriptive power (both are necessary conditions for classifying and cataloging software),
5. It must be easy to maintain, that is, add, delete, and update the class structure and vocabulary without any need to reclassify,
6. It must be easily usable by both the librarian and end user, and
7. It must be amenable to automation.

Prieto-Diaz [PR91] has worked with large corporations such as GTE Data Services (GTE DS) and the CONTEL Technology Center. While working at GTE DS, a 14 percent reuse factor with a savings of 1.5 million dollars reportedly has been realized the first year. A library "asset" was defined as any facility that could be reused in the production of software with the initial emphasis being reusable software components. It was found that 38 percent of the 190 assets in the library the first year were being "actively reused." The majority of the items in the library were components
with greater than 10,000 lines of code; the larger components provided a greater savings when reused. The faceted scheme was more effective in "domain specific collections than for broad, heterogeneous collections."

In his work at CONTEL, domain-specific reusable software repositories were established. The library system at CONTEL was developed to enable its easy integration into existing environments. This is an example of a library system that would be capable of being instantiated into multiple environments.

To encourage the use of the repository, monetary incentives were used to motivate the programmers, referred to as authors or asset providers, to write their software with reusability in mind, and to submit the new material for inclusion in the repository.
CHAPTER III

PROTOTYPE IMPLEMENTATION

General Overview

The main focus of this thesis is a prototype implementation of a software library. The prototype can be used to: (a) catalog software components using the faceted cataloging scheme presented by Prieto-Diaz and Freeman [PF87], and (b) retrieve components from a software repository. This implementation is used to catalog components at the source code level (other possibilities include the specification, design, and object code levels).

The system has three major sub-sections: adding components, querying the system for candidate components, and the common vocabulary or thesaurus. This system works within the confines of the Identification Mechanism (IDM) as defined by Kazerooni-Zand et al. [KS90].

Concept of the Design

The prototype was implemented using the C programming
language on an IBM PC/AT\(^3\) compatible. Microsoft Quick C compiler Version 2.5 was used for all coding and compiling.

The prototype requires eight supporting data files. The common vocabulary (hereafter referred to as the thesaurus) is contained in seven data files with the eighth file being the Software Attribute Database (SADB) as defined by Kazerooni-Zand et al. [KS90]. Each facet has its own thesaurus data file. The facets used for this prototype and the associated file names of their respective thesauruses are shown in TABLE I. The thesaurus file for language is included for information only; language is not used as a parameter during queries.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>FACETS WITH FILE NAMES</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>function</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>object</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>medium</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>system type</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>functional area</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>setting</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>language</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Each line of a file is a comma-delimited list of descriptors with the first word on the line being the

\(^3\)IBM PC/AT is a trademark of International Business Machines Corp.
primary descriptor of that line. TABLE II shows a subset of the "function" common vocabulary. The first word of each line is the primary descriptor that will be used to define a component for this facet for all components described by one of the descriptors on that line. Given the set of descriptors "add, increment, total, sum" from the "function" thesaurus file, the user could enter any of the words as a legal input. If a user enters the word "sum," the thesaurus searches the data file of the respective facet. When sum is found, "add" is substituted for the user's input.

TABLE II
SAMPLE THESAURUS ENTRIES

| add, increment, total, sum |
| close, release, detach, disconnect, free |
| compare, test, relate, match, check, verify |
| complement, negate, invert |
| measure, count, advance, size, enumerate, list |

The thesaurus is accessed every time a user enters a descriptor (i.e., during cataloging and making queries). If the user enters a word not included in the thesaurus, (s)he is presented with a list from which to choose.

All of the supporting database functions are provided by source code reused from an earlier academic project (16 percent of the total lines of code are reused). Each of the
data files are indexed and accessed using inverted lists. With each data file, there are three supporting files. TABLE III shows the data files with their respective supporting files and TABLE IV gives the purpose of each of the data files.

### TABLE III

**NAMES OF THE DATA FILES WITH SUPPORTING FILE NAMES**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Data File</th>
<th>Word File</th>
<th>Inverted List</th>
<th>Inverted List Index</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ru.dta</td>
<td>ru.wrd</td>
<td>ru.inv</td>
<td>ru.vdx</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>funct.ths</td>
<td>funct.wrd</td>
<td>funct.inv</td>
<td>funct.vdx</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>object.ths</td>
<td>object.wrd</td>
<td>object.inv</td>
<td>object.vdx</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>medium.ths</td>
<td>medium.wrd</td>
<td>medium.inv</td>
<td>medium.vdx</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>systype.ths</td>
<td>systype.wrd</td>
<td>systype.inv</td>
<td>systype.vdx</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>funcarea.ths</td>
<td>funcarea.wrd</td>
<td>funcarea.inv</td>
<td>funcarea.vdx</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>setting.ths</td>
<td>setting.wrd</td>
<td>setting.inv</td>
<td>setting.vdx</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>lang.ths</td>
<td>lang.wrd</td>
<td>lang.inv</td>
<td>lang.vdx</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### TABLE IV

**FILE EXTENSION DEFINITIONS**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>File Extension</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>.wrd</td>
<td>contains all words in the data file with their line numbers that are used to create the inverted list</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>.inv</td>
<td>an inverted list for the data file</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>.vdx</td>
<td>the index file for the inverted list</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
The thesaurus was developed with the intended use of cataloging Operating Systems II class projects and their components as entries. This is a domain-specific implementation as was the implementation used at CONTEL by Prieto-Diaz [PR91]. It is possible to change the domain orientation by changing the common vocabulary in the thesaurus data files.

For this prototype implementation, the vocabulary consists of those terms needed to define the set of software components used as sample input. The list was limited to those terms needed to give an adequate sampling of the programs usefulness. Developing a comprehensive vocabulary for the operating systems domain is beyond the scope of this thesis.

User Interface

The prototype has three major sub-sections: adding components, querying the system for candidate components, and the common vocabulary or thesaurus.

The system is menu driven with the video display partitioned into multiple text windows. With few exceptions, pressing one key is all that is required to maneuver through the program. Figure 2 shows the opening menu where the user is presented with three choices. Each of the prompts are self-explanatory.
After electing to add a component to the repository, the user is prompted for the component name; the system must be able to find the component before it can be added to the repository. When the system is ready for the user to assign attributes to the module, the user will see the screen shown in Figure 3.

Attributes are entered as prompted. After all the descriptors have been input, the user is given a chance to make changes. When the descriptors are accepted, the component will be added to the system. No maintenance is required for this phase of the system.

When the user chooses Q at the opening menu, the system updates the Software Attribute Database (SADB) to insure that additions are included. The entering of attributes for
a query is done exactly as assigning attributes to a new component.

At each of the following prompts, enter the attribute that best describes this module or press ENTER to choose from a list.

cpu.c

1. **Function:**

Assigning attributes
FUNCTION is the action of the component.

Figure 3. Data Entry Screen.

When the list of desired attributes has been accepted, SADB is searched for all components that meet one or more of the desired attributes. After all exact matches are displayed, the user is presented with a message at the bottom of the screen containing a component name and the percentage of the attributes matched. The user can make the decision to view or bypass a component.

After all the possible candidates have been viewed or passed by, the user is asked if (s)he wants to keep the list of candidates. If a negative response is given, the list is discarded and the program returns to the main menu. If
accepted, the user is prompted for a file name and up to two lines of comments. Then the candidates with their attributes are dumped into the given file. While viewing the result of a system query, the user can press D and the system will display the facet definition at the bottom of the screen.

During the assigning of attributes and while making queries of the system, the thesaurus is available by pressing the ENTER key. When the key is pressed, a list of possible choices for the current facet is displayed on the right side of the screen. Also, if the user enters a descriptor not included in the common vocabulary, a list will appear on the right side of the screen. By selecting a letter corresponding to one of the given choices, the program inserts the selected descriptor. N and P are pressed to get the next and previous lists (see Figure 4).

The user cannot make any changes to the software repository from inside the program except for the addition of modules. To delete components from SADB, any ASCII text editor can be used. Each new line in the data file named ru.dta is a set of component descriptors. The line is a comma-delimited list containing the component name, function, object, medium, system type, functional area, setting, and language in that order. A ninth entry may be present if the user has assigned a custom attribute from a user-supplied thesaurus file. To delete a component from
SADB, the user must find the line containing its name and delete it. The next time the system is used to make a query, the SADB supporting files will be updated automatically.

At each of the following prompts, enter the attribute that best describes this module or press ENTER to choose from a list.

cpu.c

Choose from the given list. Press N for the next list or P for the previous list.

1. Function: execute
2. Object: instruction
3. Medium:

Assigning attributes

MEDIUM refers to entities that serve as locales where the action takes place.

Figure 4. Data Entry Screen with Thesaurus.

To update one of the common vocabulary lists, any ASCII text editor can be used. The thesaurus entries are stored in a comma-delimited list with the first word of the list being the primary key for that particular set of descriptors. Each line of descriptors must be terminated with a carriage return (new line character, "\n"). The user can add or delete lines of descriptors. Also the user can add to or delete from the existing words. After changes are
made, at least one of the supporting files for the particular facet must be deleted. The next time the thesaurus accesses the list for the updated facet, its supporting files will be updated.

Sample Queries

The test data for this prototype implementation consists of components of varying lengths and purposes. Programs, of three programmers from a graduate level operating systems course, were broken into code segments of varying sizes based on each programmer's comments. A total of forty-three components were cataloged using the prototype.

Components range in size from three lines (simple string manipulations) to more than 700 lines. Some of the larger modules consist of multiple C functions that work in concert to accomplish an assigned task; in other cases, a module consists of a single function (some containing more that 250 lines of code). As expected, it was found that the smaller, more specialized the component, the easier it was to classify.

Using the program specification [SA91] that was used to develop the programs in the data set, a set of queries were developed to find components to meet the requirements of the principal routines: loader, memory, cpu, spooler, and scheduler (shown in order in TABLE V). The queries were
performed using four and six facets. Because this is a domain-specific implementation, the system type and setting facets were omitted from one set of queries. This was done to determine if the removal of the aforementioned facets changed the results of the queries measurably. There is a small set of components of a generic nature that can be used in any setting or system type as needed; however, in this sampling, their presence is insignificant.

TABLE V
SAMPLE SYSTEM QUERIES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>Object</th>
<th>Medium</th>
<th>System Type</th>
<th>Funct. Area</th>
<th>Setting</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>load</td>
<td>job</td>
<td></td>
<td>operating system</td>
<td>job io</td>
<td>academic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>access</td>
<td>memory</td>
<td>array</td>
<td>operating system</td>
<td>memory management</td>
<td>academic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>execute</td>
<td>instruction</td>
<td>integer</td>
<td>operating system</td>
<td>processing</td>
<td>academic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>reads</td>
<td>card stack</td>
<td></td>
<td>operating system</td>
<td>job io</td>
<td>academic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>schedule</td>
<td>jobs</td>
<td></td>
<td>operating system</td>
<td>scheduling</td>
<td>academic</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

As can be seen in TABLE V, the medium column is not used in every query. If a dominant medium could not be identified in a component during the cataloging of the component or in a component's specification, as in the case of the queries in TABLE V, it was omitted.
Query Results

To accomplish a partial validation of this prototype implementation, ten sample queries were completed; five queries using four facets (function, object, medium, functional area), and five queries using six facets (function, object, medium, system type, functional area, setting). The language facet was not used as a descriptor for queries because all of the components in the system are written in the same language, so this facet would not provide any useful information during a query.

Because the prototype finds every component in the system that meets one or more facets, the queries using six facets list some candidate components that meet only the system type and setting, or both. In this domain-specific implementation with the given data set, these facets do not provide any useful information. TABLE VI gives a summary of the number of components found using both four and six facets.

The left column of TABLE VI shows the number of attributes matched (i.e., if six attributes are entered as a query, "Exact" indicates an exact match of all the requested attributes; -1 indicates that five attributes are matched; -2 indicates that four attributes are matched; etc.). Columns $s_1$ through $s_5$ give the number of components found in samples 1 through 5 for the given number of facets.
TABLE VII shows at what point a search should be considered successful. As previously stated, the prototype delivers all components that meet one or more of the requested attributes. At some point, the components returned are of little or no value because of the particular facets matched. Because the results are based solely on attributes matched, an additional or alternate method must be developed to discriminate between the particular facets matched. This is a topic for future study. But for the purposes of this prototype, any component that is returned that contains two or more mismatched attributes should be discarded. The components represented in TABLE VII above the double line should be considered valid candidates, those below, invalid.
TABLE VI
SUMMARY OF QUERIES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Four Facets</th>
<th>Six Facets</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>s1</td>
<td>s2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Exact</strong></td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-1</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-2</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-3</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-4</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-5</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

TABLE VII
SUMMARY OF VALID AND INVALID QUERIES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Four Facets</th>
<th>Six Facets</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>s1</td>
<td>s2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Exact</strong></td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-1</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-2</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-3</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-4</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-5</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
CHAPTER IV

SUMMARY AND FUTURE WORK

The aim of this thesis was to identify an accurate software catalog interface capable of correctly identifying software components and hence enabling their retrieval. The vehicle used to accomplish this was a partial, prototypical implementation of a software library.

Using the faceted cataloging scheme of Prieto-Diaz and Freeman [PF87] in a domain-specific library, it was decided that two facets (system type and setting) should be eliminated from the query process. This is due to the narrowness of the focus of the domain. As was reported in Chapter III, within the sample domain of this thesis, the results were the same with or without the use of the system type and setting for valid queries.

The interface developed as part of this thesis can be instantiated into different domains by changing the vocabulary. Also, it can be used at different levels of reuse other than source code such as design, specification, or object code levels.

In order to validate the prototype fully, it must be installed in an industrial setting to verify its performance.
over time. A system librarian would enhance the usefulness of the library by standardizing component descriptions. The program itself is easy to use, but the task of defining the software components is a time-consuming effort; time that a typical programmer may not care to expend (invest) to accomplish the task correctly. Programmers would have to be encouraged to develop their components with reusability in mind as was done at GTE DS and CONTEL [PR91].

To enhance the usefulness of this prototype implementation, the maintenance functions need to be automated. Also, the system needs a method to refine the results of the queries. The user should be given an indicator of the complexity required to modify the component to meet his/her need.

Future study is needed to determine the method used to store components ("assets" as defined by Prieto-Diaz [PR91]) most efficiently. Data compression may be one method to integrate into this prototype in its current form.

For the concept of reusability to become a widespread reality, it will require dedicated software librarians to accomplish the task of managing the repositories that will grow with time. This may open other specialized areas within the field of computer science.
BIBLIOGRAPHY


APPENDIX A

SOFTWARE REPOSITORY USER'S GUIDE
SOFTWARE REPOSITORY
USER'S GUIDE

1. General Overview

This program is used to catalog software components using the faceted cataloging scheme presented by Rubén Prieto-Diaz and Peter Freeman [PF87], and to retrieve components from the software repository. This implementation is aimed at cataloging components at the source code level. The system has three major sub-sections: adding components, querying the system for candidate components, and the common vocabulary or thesaurus.

2. Adding Components

At the opening menu, you will be presented with three choices as follows.

The Opening Menu

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Software Repository.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(A)dd a component to the system.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(Q)uery the system for a component.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(E)xit to DOS.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Make your selection ——
Choose A to add a component to the repository. The prompts are self-explanatory. Next you will be prompted for the component name; the system must be able to find the component before allowing it to be added to the repository. When the system is ready for you to assign attributes to the module, you will see the following screen.

Attribute Assignment Screen

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>At each of the following prompts, enter the attribute that best describes this module or press ENTER to choose from a list.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>cpu.c</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1. Function:

Assignment attributes

FUNCTION is the action of the component.

Enter the attributes as prompted. After all the descriptors have been input, you can make any changes. When you accept the entered list of descriptors, your component will be added to the system.
3. Making Queries of the System

From the opening menu choose Q. The system will then update the Software Attribute Database (SADB) to insure that the additions can be found. When making a query, enter the desired attributes just as you did when adding a component to the repository.

When you have accepted the list of desired attributes, SADB is searched for all components that meet one or more of the desired attributes. After all exact matches are displayed, a message will appear at the bottom of the screen containing a component name and the percentage of the attributes matched. If you wish to view the components attributes, press Y. After all the possible candidates have been view or passed by, you will be asked whether you want to keep the list of candidates. If you decline, the list is discarded and you are returned to the main menu. If you accept, you are prompted for a file name and up to two lines of comments. Subsequently, the candidates with their attributes are dumped into the file you have entered. While viewing the result of a system query, you can press D and the system will display the facet definition at the bottom of the screen.

4. Using the Thesaurus

During the assigning of attributes and while making queries of the system, the thesaurus is available by pressing the ENTER key. When the key is pressed, a list of
possible choices for the current facet is displayed on the right side of the screen. Also, if you enter a descriptor not included in the common vocabulary, a list will appear on the right side of the screen. Select the letter corresponding to your choice and the program will insert it for you. You may press N or P to get the next or previous lists.

Facet Options for the Attributes

At each of the following prompts, enter the attribute that best describes this module or press ENTER to choose from a list.

Choose from the given list.
Press N for the next list or P for the previous list.

1. Function: execute
2. Object: instruction
3. Medium:

Assigning attributes

MEDIUM refers to entities that serve as locales where the action takes place.

5. Miscellaneous

You cannot make any changes to the software repository from inside the program except for the addition of modules. To update the common vocabulary or to delete components from
the system, see the System Administrator's Guide (Appendix B).

You may develop your own additional facet, if you so desire, to further define your software component(s). To do this, you need an ASCII text editor. Give the file whatever name you desire. In the file, arrange the descriptors so that each new line contains a new set of descriptors as shown below.

SAMPLE THESAURUS ENTRIES

add, increment, total, sum
close, release, detach, disconnect, free
compare, test, relate, match, check, verify
complement, negate, invert
measure, count, advance, size, enumerate, list

Each line must be terminated with a carriage return. As the C programming language is case sensitive, all searches of the descriptors are done in lowercase. Only the first word of the line can contain both upper and lowercase letters. Make sure the first word is the way you want is displayed. All remaining letters and words on the line should be in lower case to facilitate the search routines.

During the assigning of attributes or while making a query, you will be presented with an eighth prompt: "Other." At this prompt enter the user-defined facet. The
program will then prompt you for the file name of the file containing the common vocabulary for this facet. It is also possible to assign a second attribute from one of the program thesaurus files by entering the proper file name at the prompt.
APPENDIX B

SOFTWARE REPOSITORY SYSTEM ADMINISTRATOR'S GUIDE
SOFTWARE REPOSITORY
SYSTEM ADMINISTRATOR'S GUIDE

1. General Overview
   This program is used to catalog software components using the faceted cataloging scheme presented by Rubén Prieto-Diaz and Peter Freeman [PF87], and to retrieve components from the software repository. This implementation is aimed at cataloging components at the source code level. The system has three major sub-sections: adding components, querying the system for candidate components, and the common vocabulary or thesaurus.

2. Adding Components
   At the opening menu, the user is presented with three choices as follows.

   The Opening Menu

   Software Repository.

   (A)dd a component to the system.
   (Q)uery the system for a component.
   (E)xit to DOS.

   Make your selection —
Choice A is for adding a component to the repository. The prompts are self-explanatory. Next the user is prompted for the component name; the system must be able to find the component before it can be added to the repository. When the system is ready for the user to assign attributes to the module, the user will see the following screen.

Attribute Assignment Screen

At each of the following prompts, enter the attribute that best describes this module or press ENTER to choose from a list.

| cpu.c |

1. Function:

Assigning attributes

FUNCTION is the action of the component.

The user enters the attributes as prompted. After all the descriptors have been input, the user can make changes. When the descriptors are accepted, the component will be
added to the system. No maintenance is required for this phase of the system.

3. Making Queries of the System

Once the user chooses Q at the opening menu, the system updates the Software Attribute Database (SADB) to insure that the additions are included. The entering of attributes for a query is done exactly as assigning attributes to a new component. When the list of desired attributes has been accepted, SADB is searched for all components that meet one or more of the desired attributes. All exact matches are displayed automatically. Subsequently, the user is presented with a message at the bottom of the screen containing a component name and the percentage of the attributes matched. The user can make the decision to view a component based on the number of attributes matched.

After all the possible candidates have been view or passed by, the user is asked if (s)he wants to keep the list of candidates. If a negative response is given, the list is discarded and the program returns to the main menu. If accepted, the user is prompted for a file name and up to two lines of comments. Subsequently, the candidates with their attributes are dumped into the file. While viewing the result of a system query, the user can press D and the system will display the facet definition at the bottom of the screen.
4. Using the Thesaurus

During the assigning of attributes and while making queries of the system, the thesaurus is available by pressing the ENTER key. When the key is pressed, a list of possible choices for the current facet is displayed on the right side of the screen. Also, if the user enters a descriptor not included in the common vocabulary, a list will appear on the right side of the screen. By selecting a letter corresponding to one of the given choices, the program inserts the selected attribute. N and P are presented to get the next and previous lists.

Facet Options for the Attributes

At each of the following prompts, enter the attribute that best describes this module or press ENTER to choose from a list.

cpu.c

Choose from the given list. Press N for the next list or P for the previous list.

| 1. Function: | execute |
| 2. Object:   | instruction |
| 3. Medium:   |          |

Assigning attributes

MEDIUM refers to entities that serve as locales where the action takes place.
5. Updating SADB

NOTE: The user cannot make any changes to the software repository from inside the program except for addition of modules. It is recommended that the user not make any deletions from SADB.

For deletion of components from SADB, use any ASCII text editor. Each new line in the data file named ru.dta is a set of component descriptors. The line is a comma-delimited list containing the component name, function, object, medium, system type, functional area, setting, and language in that order. A ninth entry may be present if the user has assigned a custom attribute from a user supplied thesaurus file.

To delete a component from SADB, find the line containing its name and delete it. The next time the system is used to make a query, the SADB supporting files will be updated automatically.

6. Updating the Thesaurus/Common Vocabulary

NOTE: It is recommended that the user not be allowed to make changes to the thesaurus data files to avoid compromising the integrity of the supporting thesaurus.

To update one of the common vocabulary lists, use any ASCII text editor. The thesaurus entries are stored in a comma-delimited list with the first word of the list being the primary key for that particular set of descriptors. Each line of descriptors must be terminated with a carriage
return. It is recommended that the System Administrator perform all additions and deletions. After changes are made, at least one of the supporting files for the particular facet must be deleted. The next time the thesaurus accesses the list for the updated facet, its supporting files will be updated. The facets used for this program and the associated file names of their respective thesauruses are:

- function - funct.ths
- object - object.ths
- medium - medium.ths
- system type - systype.ths
- functional area - funcarea.ths
- setting - setting.ths

A thesaurus file for language (lang.ths) is included for information only; language is not used as a parameter during queries.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Data File</th>
<th>Wrd File</th>
<th>Inverted List</th>
<th>Inverted List Index</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ru.dta</td>
<td>ru.wrd</td>
<td>ru.inv</td>
<td>ru.vdx</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>funct.ths</td>
<td>funct.wrd</td>
<td>funct.inv</td>
<td>funct.vdx</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>object.ths</td>
<td>object.wrd</td>
<td>object.inv</td>
<td>object.vdx</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>medium.ths</td>
<td>medium.wrd</td>
<td>medium.inv</td>
<td>medium.vdx</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>systype.ths</td>
<td>systype.wrd</td>
<td>systype.inv</td>
<td>systype.vdx</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>funcarea.ths</td>
<td>funcarea.wrd</td>
<td>funcarea.in</td>
<td>funcarea.vdx</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>setting.ths</td>
<td>setting.wrd</td>
<td>setting.inv</td>
<td>setting.vdx</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>lang.ths</td>
<td>lang.wrd</td>
<td>lang.inv</td>
<td>lang.vdx</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Below are the purposes and contents of the supporting files.

>wrd - contains all words in the data file with their line numbers that are used to create the inverted list

>inv - an inverted list for the data file

>wdx - the index file for the inverted list
APPENDIX C

PROGRAM SOURCE CODE LISTING
/**
 * PROGRAMMER: JOE E. SWANSON
 * SSN: 441-68-2360
 * COMSC 5000 Thesis and Research
 * Summer 1991
 */

/* ru.h */

#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <graph.h>

enum color {
    Black,
    Blue,
    Green,
    Cyan,
    Red,
    Magenta,
    Brown,
    White,
    Dgray,
    Light_blue,
    Lgreen,
    Lcyan,
    Lred,
    Light_magenta,
    Yellow,
    Bwhite,
};

define enum {
    Buf_size = 257, /* buffer size */
    FW = 25, /* field width */
    LEN = 81,
    Required = 1,
    Optional = 2,
};
typedef enum { FALSE,TRUE } BOOLEAN;

void screens(int screen);

#define cls __clearscreen (_GCLEARSCREEN)
#define clw __clearscreen (_GWINDOW)
#define gotoxy __settextposition
#define ot __outtext

#define window0 __settextwindow(1,1,25,80); \
            __settextcolor(White)


typedef struct invert {
    char key[FW];
    long offset;
} INVERTNDX;

typedef struct component {
    char comp_name[LEN], /* component name */
        function[LEN],
        object[LEN],
        medium[LEN],
        system_type[LEN],
        funct_area[LEN],
        setting[LEN],
        language[LEN],
        other[LEN];
} COMPONENT;

BOOLEAN chg_attribute(COMPONENT *,char);
BOOLEAN respond(void);

char *sgets(char *string,int length,char *stream);

int check_path(char input[], char varname[], int flag);

void attr_def(int);
void get_attr(int row, char attr[], char facet[], char thesdta[]);
void hyper(char [], char []);
void open_file(FILE **, char [], char [], char []);
void query(char ifname[], char invfile[], char vdxfile[]);
void sort(char input[]);
void thesaurus(char code, char key[], char dtafile[]);
void trap(int, char [], char []);
void unique(char file_name[]);

char otext[LEN]; /* global string for outtext */
/*
* PROGRAMMER: JOE E. SWANSON
* SSN:  441-68-2360
* COMSC 5000  Thesis and Research
* Summer 1991
*/

#include "ru.h"
#include <conio.h>

#define cbuffer 1001

/* FUNCTION PROTOTYPES */

BOOLEAN chg_attribute(COMPONENT *, char);
BOOLEAN does_exist(char []);
BOOLEAN respond(void);

char menu(void);
char *read_attr(char [], char []);

COMPONENT *read_attributes(char *, COMPONENT *);

void add_component(void);
void assign_attributes(char *, char *);
void attr_def(int);
void db_update(void);
void get_attr(int row, char attr[], char facet[], char thesdata[]);
void get_other_filename(char name[LEN]);
void invert(char inputfile[], char invfile[], char vdxfile[]);
void thesaurus(char code, char key[], char dtafile[]);

void main(void)
{
  BOOLEAN add_flag = TRUE;  /* set when component added */

  cls;
  _wrapon (_GWRAPOFF);      /* truncate at window's edge */
  /* look for DOS sort.exe */
  check_path("sort.exe", "PATH", 1);
  /* if no components have been previously added go directly to */
  * add_component */
if (!check_path("ru.dta","",Optional))
{
    _ot("The reuse database is empty.");
    _ot(" Do you wish to add components? [Y/N] ");
    gotoxy(1,70);
    if(respond()) add_component();
    else exit(O);
}

if (check_path("ru.dta","",Optional));
else
{
    /* components have not been added */
    cls;
    exit(O);
}

while (TRUE)
{
    cls;

    switch(menu())
    {
    case 'A':
        cls;
        add_flag = TRUE;
        add_component();
        cls;
        break;

    case 'E':
        cls;
        window2;
        _ot("Do you want to exit to the operating system? [Y/N] ");
        gotoxy(1,53);
        if (respond())
        {
            window0;
            cls;
            exit(O);
        }
        break;

    case 'Q':
        cls;
        if (add_flag) /* CREATE/UPDATE supporting files */
        {
            /* begin processing the query */
            query("ru.dta", "ru.inv", "ru.vdx");
            break;
        }
        /* create/Update supporting files */
    }
default: break;
} /* switch */
} /* while */
} /* main */

*******************************************************************************
************************ chg_attribute *************************************
*******************************************************************************
*
* This function is called if an entered attribute is to be changed.
*
*******************************************************************************

BOOLEAN chg_attribute(COMPONENT *current, char flag)
{
    char buffer[LEN];
    int x;

    window1;
    clw;
    windowmsg;
    clw;
    window3;
    gotoxy(9,1);
    _ot("Are the above attributes correct?  [Y/N] ");
    gotoxy(9,42);
    if (respond())
        x = FALSE;
    else
    {
        window1;
        _ot("Enter the attribute that best describes this facet of the ");
        _ot("component.");
        window3;
        gotoxy(11,1);
        _ot("Enter the number of the attribute to change -- ");
        buffer[0] = (char) getche();
        gotoxy(11,1);
        _ot(" ");
        x = atoi(buffer);
        gotoxy(x,1);
        _ot(" ");
        switch(x)
        {
            case 1:
                get_attr(1, current->function, "Function:", "funct.ths");
                break;

            case 2:
                get_attr(2, current->object, "Object:", "object.ths");

break;

case 3:
    get_attr(3, current->medium, "Medium:","medium.ths");
    break;

case 4:
    get_attr(4, current->system_type, "System Type:","systype.ths");
    break;

case 5:
    get_attr(5, current->funct_area, "Functional Area:",
            "funcarea.ths");
    break;

case 6:
    get_attr(6, current->setting, "Setting:","setting.ths");
    break;

case 7:
    if (flag == 'a')
        get_attr(7, current->language, "Language:","lang.ths");
    break;

case 8:
    buffer[0] = '\0';
    get_attr(8, current->other, "Other:", buffer);

    default: break;
} /* switch */

    x = TRUE;

} /* else */

return x;

} /* change attribute */

***********************************************************************/
/******************************************
* This function does a linear search through the software attribute
* database to determine if the input file previously existed or if an
* identical file name is found.
* ******************************************/

BOOLEAN does_exist(char fname[])
{
    BOOLEAN flag = FALSE;
    char *ptr, line[Buf_size];
    FILE *fp;

    open_file(&fp,Read,"ru.dta","does_exist");

    while (fgets(line,Buf_size,fp) != NULL)
    {
        ptr = strtok(line,",");
        if (strcmp(fname,ptr) == 0)
        {
            _windowl;
            _clw;
            sprintf(otext,"Component %s previously added. SKIPPING!\n",fname);
            _ot(otext);
            sprintf(otext,"press any key to continue...");
            _ot(otext);
            getch();
            flag = TRUE;
            break;
        }
    }

    fclose(fp);
    return flag;
} /* does exist */
/***********************************************************************
************************ respond ************************************
************************************************************************

This function prompts the user for a Y or N response.

BOOLEAN respond(void)
{
    char x;
    struct rccoord oldpos; /* catch current cursor position */

    oldpos = _gettextposition();

    do
    {
        x = (char) toupper(getche());
        gotoxy(oldpos.row,oldpos.col);
    } while ( (x) != 'N' && (x) != 'Y');

    return (x == 'Y') ? TRUE : FALSE;
} /* respond

***********************************************************************
************************************************************************

char menu(void)
{
    menuwindow;

    _ot("Software Repository.");
    gotoxy(5,1);
    _ot("(A)dd a component to the system.");

    gotoxy(7,1);
    _ot("(Q)uery the system for a component.");

    gotoxy(9,1);
    _ot("(E)xit to DOS.");

    gotoxy(12,1);
    _ot("Make your selection --");
    return (char) toupper(getche());
This function reads one attribute from the buffer. The attribute is returned to the calling module.

```c
char *read_attr(char buffer[],char sep[])
{
    char input[FW],
        *pchar,
        ch;

    if (buffer[0] != ',')
    {
        pchar = strstr(buffer,sep);
        pchar++;
    }
    else
    {
        pchar = strstr(buffer,",","");
        pchar++;
    }
    /* read data */
    if (buffer[0] != ',')
        strcpy(input,strtok(buffer,sep));
    else
        strcpy(input," ");
    strcpy(buffer,pchar);
    return input;
}
```
COMPONENT *read_attributes(char *fname,COMPONENT *new)
{
    static char buffer[Buf_size],
        *pchar,    /* char pointer */
        *temp;
    char ch = '\0';
    int x,       /* number of bytes read by fread */
        i;
    FILE *fp;
    open_file(&fp,Read,fname,"read_attributes");
    x = fread (buffer,1,Buf_size-1,fp);
    fclose(fp);
    pchar = strstr(buffer," ");   /* remove opening comment */
    pchar++;
    strcpy(buffer,pchar);
    /* read component name */
    for (i = 0; i < 30; i++) new->comp_name[i] = buffer[i];
    temp = strtok(new->comp_name",");
    /* check to see if exist in module */
    pchar = strstr(fname,temp);
    if (pchar != NULL)
    {
        strcpy(new->comp_name,read_attr(buffer," ",".
        strcpy(new->function,read_attr(buffer," ","
        strcpy(new->object,read_attr(buffer," ","
        strcpy(new->medium,read_attr(buffer," ","
        strcpy(new->system_type,read_attr(buffer," ","
        strcpy(new->funct_area,read_attr(buffer," ","
        strcpy(new->setting,read_attr(buffer," ","
        strcpy(new->language,read_attr(buffer," ","
        strcpy(new->other,read_attr(buffer," ","));
    }
    else
    {
        window1;
        clw;
        _ot("The specified module does not contain parameters.\n");
        new = NULL;
    }
return new;

} /* read attributes

***********************************************************************/

************************************************************************

************************ add_component *****
************************************************************************

* This function is called when a component is being added to the system.
* It calls the necessary functions for attribute assignment, reading of
* the attributes from the module, and adding the new info to the system
* information.
* 

************************************************************************

void add_component(void)
{
    BOOLEAN exist;
    char ifname[LEN],
        *pchar,
        path[LEN], drive[3], dir[3], fname[9], ext[5],
        added[Buf_size] = "";
    static char buffer[cbuffer];
    COMPONENT current,
        *curr = NULL;
    FILE *fp;
    int x, i = 0;
    static int col = 1, row = 1;

    while (TRUE)
    {
        window1;
        clw;
        /* prompt user for file name */
        gotoxy(1,1);
        _ot("Enter the name of the new component: ");
        fflush(stdin);
        gets(path);
        strlwr(path);                /* change to lowercase */

        /* change \ to / to avoid escape char in path */
        while (((pchar = strstr(path,"\") != NULL)
                pchar[0] = '/');

        while((fp = fopen(path,Read)) == NULL)
        {
            window1;
            clw;
            _ot("New component cannot be found. Enter new component ")

            /* read attributes

            ***********************************************************************/

            /************************************************************************
            ************************ add_component *****
           ************************************************************************

            * This function is called when a component is being added to the system.
            * It calls the necessary functions for attribute assignment, reading of
            * the attributes from the module, and adding the new info to the system
            * information.
            * 
            ***********************************************************************/
name.

out("You may need to include the correct path. (Q)uit")

gotoxy(1,60)
fflush(stdin);
gets(path);
strlwr(path);

/* change \ to / to avoid escape char in path */
while ((pchar = strstr(path,\\\"\\\")) != NULL)
    pchar[0] = '/';

if (path[0] == 'q')
    return;

fcloseall();
_splitpath(path, drive, dir, fname, ext);
strcpy(ifname,fname);
strcat(ifname,ext);

if ((exist = does_exist(ifname)) == FALSE)
{
    assign_attributes(path, ifname);
    curr = read_attributes(ifname,&current);
}

if (!exist && curr != NULL)
{
    open_file(&fp,"a+","ru.dta","read_attributes");
    fprintf(fp,"%s,%s,%s,%s,%s,%s,%s,%s,%s\n",current.comp_name,
            current.function,current.object,current.medium,
            current.system_type,current.funct_area,current.setting,
            current.language,current.other);
    fclose(fp);

    gotoxy(1,1);
    sprintf(otext,"%-14.14s ",ifname);
    strcat(added,otext);
    _out(added);
    col += 15;
    if(col >= 45)
    {
        strcat(added,"\n");
        col = 0;
    }

    if (strlen(added) > 165)
        added[0] = '\0';
}

window1;
clw;
out("Do you wish to add another component? [Y/N] ");
gotoxy(1,47);
    if (!respond()) break;
}

} /* add component
***********************************************************************/

/**********************************************************************
************************ assign attributes ***************************
************************************************************************
* This function takes a module that has not been assigned attributes and
* prompts the user for the appropriate attribute definitions. The
* attributes are appended to the beginning of the input file.
* **********************************************************************/
void assign_attributes(char *path, char *inputfile)
{
    COMPONENT current;
    static char buffer[cbuffer],
        *pchar,
        newfile[LEN] = "";
    FILE *fp, *ifp;
    int x;

    window1;
    clw;
    _ot("At each of the following prompts, enter the attribute that \
best\n");
    _ot("describes this module or press ENTER to choose from a list.");
    gotoxy(4,1);
    _ot(inputfile);

    window3;
    gotoxy(21,1);
    _ot("Assigning attributes");
    _ot(1,current.function,"Function:","funct.ths");
    get_attr(2,current.object,"Object:","object.ths");
    get_attr(3,current.medium,"Medium:","medium.ths");
    get_attr(4,current.system_type,"System Type:","systype.ths");
    get_attr(5,current.funct_area,"Functional Area:","funcarea.ths");
    get_attr(6,current.setting,"Setting:","setting.ths");
    get_attr(7,current.language,"Language:","lang.ths");
    get_attr(8,current.other,"Other:",newfile);

    window1;
    clw;
    while (chg_attribute(&current,'a'));
    clw;
open_file(&fp, Write, "work", "assign_attributes");
fprintf(fp, "/* %s,%s,%s,%s,%s,%s,%s,%s, */\n", inputfile,
current.function, current.object, current.medium,
current.system_type, current.funct_area, current.setting,
current.language, current.other);

open_file(&ifp, Read, path, "assign_attributes");

while((x = fread(buffer, 1, cbuffer, ifp)) != 0)
    fwrite(buffer, x, 1, fp);

fclose(ifp);
fclose(fp);

if (strcmp(path, inputfile) == 0)
    unlink(inputfile);

rename ("work", inputfile);
}

/*********************************************************/

/*********************************************************
*************** open_file ********************************
*************************************************************************
* This procedure opens the input and output files for this program. *
**********************************************************************/

void open_file(FILE **fp, char type[], char name[], char module[])
{

    /* open input and output files */
    if ((fp = fopen(name, type)) == NULL)
    {
        windowO;
        cls;
        trap(1001, name, module);
        exit(1001);
    }
}

/*********************************************************/
This function produces an error message when the input string does not match one of those specified in the program specification. This function is called by modules listed in the error messages.

void trap(int code, char filename[], char module[])
{
    fprintf(stderr, "\n=> ERROR\n");

    switch(code)
    {
    case 1001 :
        fprintf(stderr, "INPUT/OUTPUT FILE NOT FOUND(IO 1001)\n");
        fprintf(stderr, "File "%s\n",filename,module);
        break;

    case 2001 :
        fprintf(stderr, "File not properly sorted(%s2001)\n\n",module);
        break;

    case 3001 :
        fprintf(stderr, "(3001)\n\n\n");
        break;

    case 3002 :
        fprintf(stderr, "(3002)\n\n\n");
        break;

    case 4001 :
        fprintf(stderr, "(4001)\n\n\n");
        break;

    case 4002 :
        fprintf(stderr, "(4002)\n\n\n");
        break;

    case 5001 :
        fprintf(stderr, "(5001)\n\n\n");
        break;

    default :
        fprintf(stderr, "********* FATAL ERROR *********\n\n\n");
        exit(999);
        break;

    } /* switch */

} /* trap */

/*************************************************************************/
void attr_def(int n)
{
    windowmsg;
    clw;

    switch(n)
    {
    case 1:
        _ot("FUNCTION is the action of the component.\n");
        break;
    case 2:
        _ot("OBJECT is the object manipulated by the component.\n");
        break;
    case 3:
        _ot("MEDIUM refers to entities that serve as locales where ");
        _ot("the action takes place.\n");
        break;
    case 4:
        _ot("SYSTEM TYPE refers to functionally identifiable, ");
        _ot("application-independent\n");
        _ot("modules. Usually includes > 1 component.\n");
        break;
    case 5:
        _ot("FUNCTIONAL AREA describes application-dependent \\activities.\n");
        break;
    case 6:
        _ot("SETTING describes where the component is exercised.\n");
        break;
    case 8:
        _ot("You may enter a user defined facet now.\n");
        break;
    default: break;
    } /* switch */
    window3;
} /* attr_def */
void get_attr(int row, char attr[], char facet[], char thesdta[])
{
    attr_def(row);
    window3;
    gotoxy(row, 1);
    sprintf(otext, "%i. %s", row, facet);
    _ot(otext);
    fflush(stdin);
    gets(attr);
    attr[FW] = '\0';
    strlwr(attr);
    if (row == 8 && attr[0] != '\0' && attr[0] != '*')
        get_other_filename(thesdta); /* get other definitions */

    if (thesdta[0] != '\0') /* if file exist, return */
        thesaurus('s', attr, thesdta);
    else attr[0] = '\0';

    attr_def(row);
    gotoxy(row, 1);
    _ot(" ");
    gotoxy(row, 1);
    sprintf(otext, "%i. %s-%s", row, facet, attr);
    _ot(otext);
}

void db_update(void)
{
    unlink("ru.wrd");
    unlink("ru.inv");
    unlink("ru.vdx");
    sort("ru.dta");
    hyper("ru.dta","ru.wrd");
invert("ru.wrd","ru.inv","ru.vdx");

} /* database update */

/**************************************************************************/
/* get other filename */
/**************************************************************************/

This function is used to get the definition file for a user-defined facet. If the file does not exist, NULL is returned.

/**************************************************************************/
void get_other_filename(char name[LEN])
{
    windowmsg;
    clw;
    _ot("Enter the name containing the facet definitions -- \n");
    gets(name);
    if (!check_path(name,"",Optional))
        name[0] = '\0';
    clw;
} /* get other filename */

/******************************************************************************/
#include "ru.h"
#include <conio.h>

/* FUNCTION PROTOTYPES */
BOOLEAN evaluate_targets(char tgtfile[], COMPONENT current);
BOOLEAN find_targets(char ifname[], char invfile[], char vdxfile[],
                   char tgtfile[], COMPONENT current);
BOOLEAN get_tgts(char ifname[], char invfile[], char vdxfile[],
                  char tgtfile[], char facet[], BOOLEAN flag);
INVERTNDX bin_search(char inputfile[], char key[], int count);
INVERTNDX find_key(char vdxfile[], char key[]);

void display_component(COMPONENT target);
void display_targets(char tgtfile[], COMPONENT user);
void extract(COMPONENT *target, int *hits, char input[]);
void output_facet(int row, char *str);
void output_target(char [], char [], char [], INVERTNDX);
void make_query(COMPONENT *);
void tgttext(char tgtfile[], COMPONENT user);
void query(char ifname[], char invfile[], char vdxfile[]);

void query(char ifname[], char invfile[], char vdxfile[])
{
    char name[FW],
    tgtfile[FW] = "ru.tgt";
    COMPONENT current;

    cls;
    make_query(&current);
    window0;
    clw;
    gotoxy(10,30);
    ot("Searching...");

    if (find_targets(ifname, invfile, vdxfile, tgtfile, current))
    {
        evaluate_targets(tgtfile, current);
        display_targets(tgtfile, current);
        tgttext(tgtfile, current);
    } /* if find */

} /* query */

/*m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m*/
/*******************************************************************************
************************* evaluate targets ************************************
*******************************************************************************
* This function reads each of the targets from the tgt file and insures
* that a match exists in the parameter list and the user list. Targets
* that do not match are deleted from the list. If all targets are
* deleted, a False flag is returned and the processing is halted for
* this search. The language attribute is for info only. A component in
* the same language does not constitute a match.
*
*******************************************************************************

BOOLEAN evaluate_targets(char tgtfile[], COMPONENT current)
{
    BOOLEAN flag = FALSE;
    char input[Buf_size],
        *pchar,
        seps[FW] = ",\n\r",
        str[FW],
        *duplicate,
        command[LEN] = "sort /r < new$\$.tgt >out";
    FILE *fp,*fpo;
    int att_matches = 0;

    open_file(&fp,Read,tgtfile,"evaluate_targets");
    while((pchar = fgets(input,Buf_size,fp)) != NULL) && pchar[0] != '\0'
        && pchar[0] != '\n')
    {
        duplicate = strdup(input); /*create a duplicate of the input */
        strtok(input,seps); /* throw away the component name */

        pchar = strtok(NULL,seps); /* read & compare the function */
        if (strcmp(current.function,pchar) == 0)
            att_matches++;

        pchar = strtok(NULL,seps); /* read & compare the object */
        if (strcmp(current.object,pchar) == 0)
            att_matches++;

        pchar = strtok(NULL,seps); /* read & compare the medium */
        if (strcmp(current.medium,pchar) == 0)
            att_matches++;

        pchar = strtok(NULL,seps); /* read & compare the sys type */
        if (strcmp(current.system_type,pchar) == 0)
            att_matches++;

        pchar = strtok(NULL,seps); /* read & compare the funct_area */
        if (strcmp(current.funct_area,pchar) == 0)
            att_matches++;

        /* read & compare the setting */
pchar = strtok(NULL,seps);
if (strcmp(current.setting,pchar) == 0)
    att_matches++;

pchar = strtok(NULL,seps); /* discard language */
pchar = strtok(NULL,seps); /* read & compare other */
if (pchar != NULL && strcmp(current.other,pchar) == 0)
    att_matches++;

if (att_matches)
{
    flag = TRUE;
    open_file(&fpo,Append,"new$.tgt","evaluate targets");
    itoa(att_matches,str,10);
    fprintf(fpo,"%s,%s",str,duplicate);
    fclose(fpo);
}

free(duplicate);
att_matches = 0;
} /* while */

fclose(fp);
system(command);
unlink("new$.tgt");
unlink(tgtfile);
rename("out", tgtfile);
return flag;

} /* evaluate targets */

**********************************************************************
/** find targets *****************************************************
**********************************************************************
* This file takes the current set of component attributes and locates *
* all components that match n or more attributes. The target list is *
* put in file "ru.tgt." *
**********************************************************************
BOOLEAN find_targets(char ifname[],char invfile[],char vdxfile[],
                     char tgtfile[],COMPONENT current)
{
    BOOLEAN flag = FALSE;     /* True indicates target found */

    flag = get_tgts(ifname,invfile,vdxfile,tgtfile,current.function,
                     flag);
    flag = get_tgts(ifname,invfile,vdxfile,tgtfile,current.object,flag);
    flag = get_tgts(ifname,invfile,vdxfile,tgtfile,current.medium,flag);
flag = get_tgts(ifname,invfile,vdxfile,tgtfile,current.system_type,
                flag);
flag = get_tgts(ifname,invfile,vdxfile,tgtfile,current.funct_area,
                flag);
flag = get_tgts(ifname,invfile,vdxfile,tgtfile,current.setting,
                flag);
flag = get_tgts(ifname,invfile,vdxfile,tgtfile,current.other,flag);

if (flag)
{
    sort(tgtfile);
    unique(tgtfile);
}
else
{
    clw;
    _ot("No targets found.\n\nPress any key to continue...");
    getch();
}
return flag;
} /* find targets

/**
 * This function performs a binary search of data stored on secondary
 * storage. It returns the index or NULL if not found.
 */
/**

****************************************************************===========*/
INVERTNDX bin_search(char inputfile[],char key[],int count)
{
    FILE *fp;
    int low = 0, high = count-1,
        test;
    INVERTNDX index;
    long guess, look;

    open_file(&fp,"rb",inputfile,"bin_search");
    while(low <= high)
    {
        guess = (long) (low + high)/2; /* find mid_point */
        look = guess * sizeof(INVERTNDX);
        fseek(fp,look,SEEK_SET);
        fread(&index,1,sizeof(INVERTNDX),fp);

        if ((test = strcmp(key,index.key)) < 0)
            high = (int) guess - 1;
        else
            if (test > 0)
low = (int) guess + 1;
else
{
  fclose(fp);
  return index;
}

} /* while low */

fclose(fp);
strcpy(index.key,""); return index; /* key not found */

} /* bin search */

***************************************************************************/

INVERTNDX find_key(char vdxfile[],char key[])
{
   FILE *fp;
   int count; /* number of elements in vdxfile */
   INVERTNDX index; /* number of bytes in file */
   long pos; /* find number of index entries */

   open_file(&fp,"rb",vdxfile,"find key");
   fseek(fp,0L,SEEK_END);
   pos = ftell(fp); /* get file length */
   fclose(fp);
   count = (int) pos / sizeof(INVERTNDX);
   index = bin_search(vdxfile,key,count);
   return index;
} /* find key */

/******************************************************************************/
/***********************************************************************
************************* display targets ******************************
************************************************************************
* This function displays on the screen all the targets found during the *
* search.                                                          *
************************************************************************/  

void display_targets(char tgtfile[], COMPONENT user)  
{
    char input[Buf_size],
         ch;
    COMPONENT target;
    FILE *fp;
    int num,
         hits,
         wronganswer = TRUE;
    float request = 0;
    /* number of parameter matches */
    /* create screen display */
    cls;
    window4;
    gotoxy(1,4);
    _ot("FACETS");
    gotoxy(3,4);
    _ot("Component:");
    gotoxy(4,1);
    _ot("1. Function:");
    gotoxy(6,1);
    _ot("2. Object:");
    gotoxy(7,1);
    _ot("3. Medium:");
    gotoxy(9,1);
    _ot("4. System type:");
    gotoxy(10,1);
    _ot("5. Funct. area:");
    gotoxy(12,1);
    _ot("6. Setting:");
    gotoxy(13,1);
    _ot("7. Language:");
    gotoxy(15,1);
    _ot("8. Other:");
    window5; /* display user request */
gotoxy(1,1);
  _ot("USER'S REQUEST");

gotoxy(4,1);
sprintf(otext,"%.*s",18,user.function);
  _ot(otext);

gotoxy(6,1);
sprintf(otext,"%.*s",18,user.object);
  _ot(otext);

gotoxy(7,1);
sprintf(otext,"%.*s",18,user.medium);
  _ot(otext);

gotoxy(9,1);
sprintf(otext,"%.*s",18,user.system_type);
  _ot(otext);

gotoxy(10,1);
sprintf(otext,"%.*s",18,user.funct_area);
  _ot(otext);

gotoxy(12,1);
sprintf(otext,"%.*s",18,user.setting);
  _ot(otext);

gotoxy(15,1);
sprintf(otext,"%.*s",18,user.other);
  _ot(otext);

    /* get number of user attributes input */
    if (user.function[0] != '\0') request++;
    if (user.object[0] != '\0') request++;
    if (user.medium[0] != '\0') request++;
    if (user.system_type[0] != '\0') request++;
    if (user.funct_area[0] != '\0') request++;
    if (user.setting[0] != '\0') request++;
    if (user.other[0] != '\0') request++;
    /* display targets */
open_file(&fp,Read,tgtfile,"display targets");
while(fgets(input,Buf_size,fp) != NULL)
{
  extract(&target,&hits,input);
  if (hits / request == 1) display_component(target);
  else
  {
    windowmsg;
    clw;
    sprintf(otext,"Component %s meets %5.2f \% of the request.\n",              
      target.comp_name,hits / request * 100);
    _ot(otext);
    _ot("Display -- [Y/N ]");
  }
if (respond())
{
    clw;
    display_component(target);
}
else continue;

while (wronganswer)
{
    window1;
    clw;
    if (hits > 1)
    {
        sprintf(otext, "%2i attributes matched.\n", hits);
        _ot(otext);
    }
    else
    {
        sprintf(otext, "%2i attribute matched.\n", hits);
        _ot(otext);
    }

    _ot("Press (C)ontinue, Facet (D)efinitions, or (Q)uit... ");
    ch = (char) tolower(getch());

    switch(ch)
    {
    case 'c':
        wronganswer = FALSE;
        break;

    case 'd':
        windowthes;
        _ot("Enter the number of\nthe facet or\n0 to return\n\n");
        while((num = getche() - 48) != 0)
        {
            if (num != 8)
                attr_def(num);
            windowthes;
            gotoxy(4,1);
        } /* while */
        clw;
        break;

    case 'q':
        wronganswer = FALSE;
        break;

    default: break;
    } /* switch */
} /* while wronganswer */

wronganswer = TRUE;
window6;

if (ch == 'q')
    break;
}
} /* while fgets */
fclose(fp);

} /* display targets
***********************************************************************

*************************************************************************
*************** extract ***************
*************************************************************************
*
* This function is used to break down the tokens of the input string and
* put them in their respective structure members.
*
*************************************************************************
void extract(COMPONENT *current, int *hits, char input[])
{
    char str[FW],
     seps[FW] = ",\n\r";

    strcpy(str,strtok(input,seps)); /* read the hits */
    *hits = atoi(str);

    strcpy(current->comp_name,strtok(NULL,seps)); /* read the function */

    strcpy(current->function,strtok(NULL,seps));
    /* read the object */
    strcpy(current->object,strtok(NULL,seps));
    /* read the medium */
    strcpy(current->medium,strtok(NULL,seps));
    /* read the sys type */
    strcpy(current->system_type,strtok(NULL,seps));
    /* read the funct_area */
    strcpy(current->funct_area,strtok(NULL,seps));
    /* read the setting */
    strcpy(current->setting,strtok(NULL,seps));

    strcpy(current->language,strtok(NULL,seps));

    strcpy(current->other,strtok(NULL,seps));

} /* extract
*************************************************************************
This function allows the user to complete the query questionnaire.

```c
void make_query(COMPONENT *current)
{
    char buffer[LEN] = "";

    window1;
    clw;

    _ot("At each of the following prompts, enter the attribute that \n    best\n"));
    _ot("describes the desired module or press ENTER to choose from a \nlist."));

    window3;
    gotoxy(21,1);
    _ot("Making Query");

    fflush (stdin);

    get_attr(1, current->function, "Function:", "funct.ths");
    get_attr(2, current->object, "Object:", "object.ths");
    get_attr(3, current->medium, "Medium:", "medium.ths");
    get_attr(4, current->system_type, "System Type:", "systype.ths");
    get_attr(5, current->func_area, "Functional Area:", "funcarea.ths");
    get_attr(6, current->setting, "Setting:", "setting.ths");
    get_attr(8, current->other, "Other:", buffer);

    while (chg_attribute(current,'q'));

    clw;
}
/* make query
***********************************************************************/
/***********************************************************************/
/*
* This function insures that a target is found. It then retrieves the
* target info and outputs it to the tgt file.
*
***********************************************************************/
void output_target(char ifname[], char tgtfile[], char invfile[],
                   INVERTNDX index)
{
    char list[Buf_size],
    target[Buf_size],
    file[FW],
    *pchar,
    scr[FW];
    FILE *fp;
    int num, i;
    /* get the inverted list entry */
    open_file(&fp,"rb", invfile,"output_target");
    fseek(fp,index.offset,SEEK_SET);
    fgets(list,Buf_size,fp);
    fclose(fp);
    strtok(list," ");
    /* remove the words from the list */
    while (TRUE)
    {
        pchar = strtok(NULL," ");
        if (pchar == NULL)
            break;
        /* strcpy(file,pchar); save for future refinement */
        strcpy(scr,strtok(NULL," "));
        /* retrieve attributes from data file */
        num = atoi(scr);
        open_file(&fp,"r", ifname,"output_target");
        for (i = 1; i <= num; i++)
            fgets(target,Buf_size,fp);
        fp = freopen(tgtfile,Append,fp);
        fputs(target,fp);
        fclose(fp);
    } /* while */
} /* output target */
/***************************************************************************/
void tgttext(char tgtfile[], COMPONENT user)
{
    char name[LEN],
        data[Buf_size];
    COMPONENT curr;
    FILE *fp, *fpo;
    int hits;

cls;
windowl;

gotoxy(2,1);
    _ot("Do you wish to keep the target file? [Y/N]");
gotoxy(2,45);
    if (!respond()) unlink(tgtfile);
    else
    {
        clw;
        puts("\nEnter new target file name.");
        gets(name);
        clw;

        while(check_path(name,"",Optional))
        {
            sprintf(otext,"The file, %s, already exist. Overwrite? [Y/N] \n",name);
            _ot(otext);
            if (!respond())
            {
                clw;
                puts("\nEnter new target file name.");
                gets(name);
                clw;
            }
            else
            {
                clw;
                break;
            }
        }
    }

open_file(&fp,Read,tgtfile,"tgtoutput");
open_file(&fpo,Write,name,"tgtoutput");
gets(data);
if (data[0] != '0') fprintf(fpo, "\n%80s\n", data);

gets(data);
if (data[0] != '0') fprintf(fpo, "%80s\n", data);

fprintf(fpo,"\nThe attributes requested are:\n\n");
fprintf(fpo, "%-20s %-40s\n", "Function", user.function);
fprintf(fpo, "%-20s %-40s\n", "Object", user.object);
fprintf(fpo, "%-20s %-40s\n", "Medium", user.medium);
fprintf(fpo, "%-20s %-40s\n", "System Type", user.system_type);
fprintf(fpo, "%-20s %-40s\n", "Functional Area", user.funct_area);
fprintf(fpo, "%-20s %-40s\n", "Setting", user.setting);
fprintf(fpo, "%-20s %-40s\n", "Other", user.other);

fprintf(fpo, "%s\n\n","****************************************");

while(fgets(data,Buf_size,fp) != NULL)
{
    extract(&curr,&hits,data);
    fprintf(fpo,"\nThe attributes of %s are:\n\n",curr.comp_name);
    fprintf(fpo, "%-20s %-40s\n", "Function", curr.function);
    fprintf(fpo, "%-20s %-40s\n", "Object", curr.object);
    fprintf(fpo, "%-20s %-40s\n", "Medium", curr.medium);
    fprintf(fpo, "%-20s %-40s\n", "System Type", curr.system_type);
    fprintf(fpo, "%-20s %-40s\n", "Functional Area", curr.funct_area);
    fprintf(fpo, "%-20s %-40s\n", "Setting", curr.setting);
    fprintf(fpo, "%-20s %-40s\n", "Language", curr.language);
    fprintf(fpo, "%-20s %-40s\n", "Other", curr.other);
    if (hits == 1)
        fprintf(fpo, "%s matched %i attribute.\n", curr.comp_name,hits);
    else
        fprintf(fpo, "%s matched %i attributes.\n", curr.comp_name,hits);

    fprintf(fpo, "%s\n\n","****************************************");
} /* while */
} /* else */

fcloseall();
unlink(tgtfile);
}

/* target text */
/**********************************************************
* get targets **************************************************
**********************************************************/

* This function locates all occurrences of the given facet within the
* software attribute database.
*
/***********************************************************/

BOOLEAN get_tgts(char ifname[], char invfile[], char vdxfile[],
    char tgtfile[], char facet[], BOOLEAN flag)
{
    INVERTNDX target; /* find the targets */
    target = find_key(vdxfile, facet);
    if (target.key[0] != '\0')
    {
        output_target(ifname, tgtfile, invfile, target);
        flag = TRUE;
    }
    return flag;
} /* get targets */

/***********************************************************/
/**********************************************************
* display component **************************************
***********************************************************/

* This function displays the given component on the screen alongside the
* user's request.
*
/***********************************************************/

void display_component(COMPONENT target)
{
    window6;
    clw;
    gotoxy(1,1);
    _ot("CANDIDATE");

    output_facet(3, target.comp_name);
    output_facet(4, target.function);
    output_facet(6, target.object);
    output_facet(7, target.medium);
    output_facet(9, target.system_type);
    output_facet(10, target.funct_area);
    output_facet(12, target.setting);
    output_facet(13, target.language);
    output_facet(15, target.other);

} /* display component */
//***********************************************************************
//**************************** output facet ****************************
//***********************************************************************
/*
* This function prints the attribute.
*
***********************************************************************/
void output_facet(int row, char *str)
{
    gotoxy(row,1);
    sprintf(otext, "%s", str);
    _ot(otext);
}

***********************************************************************
/* PROGRAMMER:  JOE E. SWANSON
* SSN:  441-68-2360
* COMSC 5000 Thesis and Research
* Summer 1991 */

#include "ru.h"
#include <conio.h>

#define Maxbuf 15

typedef struct tbuf {
    char data[FW];
} TBUFFER;

/* FUNCTION PROTOTYPES */
char *remove_trailing_blanks(char *str);
char *display_choices(char lineno[],char file[]);
char *print_keys(TBUFFER *buffer, int count);

int print_choices(char buffer[][FW], int num);

INVERTNDX find_key(char vdxfile[],char key[]);

void check_thesaurus(char dtafile[],char wrdfile[],char invfile[],
                      char vdxfile[]);
void create_filenames(char *dtafile,char *wrdfile,char *invfile,
                      char *vdxfile);
void compare_key(INVERTNDX *key,char invfile[]);
void display_keys(INVERTNDX *key,char dtafile[]);
void get_keys(FILE *fp,TBUFFER *buffer);
void invert(char inputfile[],char invfile[],char vdxfile[]);
void thesaurus(char code,char key[],char dtafile[]);

/******************************************************************************
 ************************** Thesaurus ***************************************
******************************************************************************
* This function is the driver for the common vocabulary of the reuse system.
*
*******************************************************************************/
void thesaurus(char code,char key[],char dtafile[])
{
    char wrdfile[LEN],invfile[LEN],vdxfile[LEN];
    INVERTNDX ikey;

    create_filenames(dtafile,wrdfile,invfile,vdxfile);

    check_thesaurus(dtafile,wrdfile,invfile,vdxfile);
    /* search for key in databank */
    ikey = find_key(vdxfile,key);
if (ikey.key[0] == '\0')
    display_keys(&ikey, dtafile);
else
    compare_key(&ikey, invfile);

strcpy(key, ikey.key);
}
/* thesaurus

***************************************************************************/

/***********************************************************************
************************* check thesaurus ****************************
***************************************************************************/

This function insures that the support files for the thesaurus (common vocabulary) exist. If the thesaurus data file does not exist, the program will terminate. If one of the other supporting files does not exist, all other files will be created and updated.

***********************************************************************/

void check_thesaurus(char dtafile[], char wrdfile[], char invfile[], char vdxfile[])
{
    BOOLEAN flag = TRUE;

    check_path(dtafile, "", 1); /* if dfile !exist, prog will terminate */
    if (check_path(wrdfile, "", 2))
        if (check_path(invfile, "", 2))
            if (check_path(vdxfile, "", 2))
                else flag = FALSE;
        else flag = FALSE;
    else flag = FALSE;

    if (!flag)
    {
        sort(dtafile);
        hyper(dtafile, wrdfile);
        invert(wrdfile, invfile, vdxfile);
    }
}
/* check thesaurus

***************************************************************************/
/********************************************************************************
****************************** compare key ***************************
************************************************************************
*
* This function compares the user's input with the primekeys of the
* thesaurus/common vocabulary. If the user's input != primekey, the
* primekey is substituted in place of the user's input.
*
***********************************************************************************/

void compare_key(INVERTNDX *key,char invfile[])
{
    char buffer[Buf_size],
    file[13],
    lineno[LEN] = "",
    primekey[LEN],
    *ptr;
    FILE *fp;
    int count = 0, i;

    open_file(&fp,Read"b",invfile,"compare key");
fseek(fp,key->offset,SEEK_SET);
fgets(buffer,Buf_size,fp);
close(fp);

    /* get line #(s) of key occurrences in dta if multiple occurrence, */
    /* give choices to user */
    ptr = strstr(buffer,":" ) + 1; /* discard the key */
    strcpy(buffer,ptr);
    while(buffer[0] != '\0')
    {
        ptr = strstr(buffer,":" ) + 1;
        strcpy(file,strtok(buffer,":
      ")); /* get file name */
        strcpy(buffer,ptr);
        ptr = strstr(buffer,":" ) + 1;
        strcat(lineno,strtok(buffer,":
      ")); /* append line# */
        strcat(lineno,"", " "); /* append delimiter */
        strcpy(buffer,ptr);
    } /* while */

    for (i = 0; i < (int) strlen(lineno); i++)
        if (lineno[i] == ',') count++;

    if (count > 1) strcpy(key->key,display_choices(lineno,file));
    else
    {
        open_file(&fp,Read,file,"compare key");
        count = atoi(strtok(lineno," 
      "));
        for (i = 1; i <= count; i++) fgets(buffer,Buf_size,fp);
        strcpy(key->key,strtok(buffer,":
      "));
        if (key->key[0] == ' '* ) /* wildcard = NULL */
            key->key[0] = '\0';
fclose(fp);
}
} /* compare key

**************************************************************************/

**************************************************************************
************************* display choices ********************************
**************************************************************************
*
* When a given descriptor is a valid entry for more than one set of
* descriptors in the same thesaurus file, this function displays the
* key words of the common vocabulary when > 1 choices exist for the
* user's input. The choices are displayed and the user selects the
* closest synonym. The user's choice is returned to the calling
* function.
*
* EXAMPLE: list,enumerate,count
*          output,list,write
*          list has two possible meanings so list and output would be presented
*          to the user for his/her selection.
*
**************************************************************************/

char *display_choices(char lineno[],char file[])
{
    char buffer[Maxbuf][FW],
        temp[Buf_size],
        *ptr;
    FILE *fp;
    int line, num = 0, i;

    open_file(&fp,Read,file,"display choices");
    while(lineno[0] != '\0')    /* extract choices */
    {
        ptr = strstr(lineno,"," ) + 1;
        strcpy(temp,strtok(lineno,",
    "\n\r");
        strcpy(lineno,ptr);
        line = atoi(temp);
        rewind(fp);
        for (i = 1; i <= line; i++) fgets(temp,Buf_size,fp);
        sprintf(buffer[num],"%-3c%-16s",++num + 64,strtok(temp,",
    "\n\r");
    }
    fclose(fp);

    do
    {    /* print the choices */
        line = print_choices(buffer,num);
        while(line == 'n' || line == 'N' || line == 'p' || line == 'P')
            strtok(buffer[line]," ");    /* discard number */
        ptr = strtok(NULL," \n\r");

        if (ptr[0] == '*')    /* wildcard == NULL */
            ptr[0] = '\0';

        } while(line != '\0');    /* print choices */
        }
    } /* compare key

**************************************************************************/

**************************************************************************
************************* display choices ********************************
**************************************************************************
*
* When a given descriptor is a valid entry for more than one set of
* descriptors in the same thesaurus file, this function displays the
* key words of the common vocabulary when > 1 choices exist for the
* user's input. The choices are displayed and the user selects the
* closest synonym. The user's choice is returned to the calling
* function.
*
* EXAMPLE: list,enumerate,count
*          output,list,write
*          list has two possible meanings so list and output would be presented
*          to the user for his/her selection.
*
**************************************************************************/
return ptr;

} /* display choices */

/* This function prints the primekeys that the user has to choose from. * The user selects and the choice is returned. */
int print_choices(char buffer[][FW], int num)
{
    int i, j;
    struct rccoord oldpos;

    windowthes;
    for (i = 1, j = 1; i <= num; i++)
    {
        gotoxy(i, j);
        sprintf(otext, "%-19s", buffer[i]);
        _ot(otext);
    }

    gotoxy(20, 1);
    j = getche();

    if (j != 'n' && j != 'N' && j != 'p' && j != 'P')
    {
        j = toupper(j);
        j -= 64;

        while (j < 1 || j > num)
        {
            gotoxy(20, 1);
            flush(stdin);
            j = getche();
            if (j == 'n' || j == 'N' || j == 'p' || j == 'P') break;
            else
            {
                j = toupper(j);
                j -= 64;
            }
        }
    } /* while */
} /* if j */
clw;
windowthes;
clw;
return j;
}
} /* print choices

*******************************************************************************/
/***********************************************************************
************************** display keys *******************************
*****************************************************************************
* This function displays the primekeys from the common vocabulary when
* the user has made an erroneous entry. The keys are displayed on the
* right side of the screen in groups of 14. By pressing n or p the user
* can traverse the next or the previous list entries.
* ***************************************************************************/
void display_keys(INVERTNDX *key, char dtfile[])
{
    char line[BuF_size];
    FILE *fp;
    long linect = 0, /* line count for data file */
        index;
    TBUFFER *buffer;

    window2;
    ot("Choose from the given list.");
    ot("Press N for the next list or P for the previous list. ");

    open_file(&fp, Read, dtfile, "display keys");

    while (fgets(line, Buf_size, fp) != NULL)
    {
        linect++; /* count thesaurus entries */
        rewind(fp);

        buffer = (TBUFFER *) calloc((int) linect + 1, sizeof(TBUFFER));

        get_keys(fp, buffer);
        strcpy(key->key, print_keys(buffer, (int) linect));

        if (key->key[0] == '*') /* wildcard == NULL */
            key->key[0] = '\0';

        fclose(fp);
        window2;
        clw;
    }
} /* display keys

*******************************************************************************/
void get_keys(FILE *fp, TBUFFER *buffer)
{
    char line[Buf_size];
    int i = 1;

    while(fgets(line, Buf_size, fp) != NULL)
        strcpy(buffer[i++].data, strtok(line,",\r\n");
} /* get keys */

char *print_keys(TBUFFER *buffer, int count)
{
    char sbuffer[Maxbuf][FW], *dummy;
    int i, j, k, m, max = Maxbuf - 3;
    if (max < count) j = max; else j = count;
    for (i = 1; i <= j; i++)
        sprintf(sbuffer(i),"%-3c%-16s", i + 64, buffer[i].data);
    k = print_choices(sbuffer, i - 1);
    while (TRUE) {
        switch(k) {
            case 'N':
            case 'n':
                if (i + max > count) {
                    j = count;
                    i = count - max;
                    if (i < 1) i = 1;
                }
                else j = i + max;
break;

case 'P':
  case 'p':
    if (i - 2 * max <= 1)
    {
      i = 1;
      if (count < max) j = count;
      else j = max;
    }
    else
    {
      j = i - max;
      i -= 2 * max;
    }
    break;

default:
  dummy = sbuffer[k] + 3;
  return remove_trailing_blanks(dummy);
  break;
} /* switch */

for (m = 1; i <= j; m++, i++)
  sprintf(sbuffer[m],"%-3c%-16s", m + 64, buffer[i].data);

k = print_choices(sbuffer,m - 1);

} /* while */
} /* print keys

**********************************************************************/

**********************************************************************
************************ create filenames ****************************
************************************************************************
*
* This function creates the filenames for the thesaurus supporting
* files.
*
* wrdfile is the file containing the locations for each word in
* the thesaurus.
*
* invfile is the inverted list.
*
* vdxfile is the index for the inverted list.
*
************************************************************************

void create_filenames(char *dtafile,char *wrdfile,char *invfile,
             char *vdxfile)
{
  char drive[3], dir[LEN], fname[9], ext[5];
_splitpath(dtafile, drive, dir, fname, ext);
strcpy(wrdfile, fname);
strcpy(invfile, fname);
strcpy(vdxfile, fname);
strcat(wrdfile, ".wrd");
strcat(invfile, ".inv");
strcat(vdxfile, ".vdx");
} /* create filenames */
#include "ru.h"

void draw_hline(int row, int col, int length);
void draw_vline(int row, int col, int length);
void screens(int screen);

void screens(int screen)
{
    int i;

    switch (screen)
    {
    case 1:
        window0;
        draw_hline(5,1,80);
        break;

    case 2:
        break;

    case 3:
        break;

    case 4:
        break;

    case 5:
        break;

    case 6:
        break;

    case 7:        /* thesaurus window */
        window0;
        draw_vline(6,60,16);
        break;

    case 8:        /* msg window */
window0;
draw_hline(22,1,80);
break;

case 9:                 /* opening menu box */
    window0;
    cls;
    sprintf(otext,"Z%.*s?",59,Hline);
gotoxy(5,10);
    _ot(otext);
draw_vline(6,10,14);
draw_vline(6,70,14);
gotoxy(20,10);
    sprintf(otext,"@%.*sY",59,Hline);
    _ot(otext);
break;

default:
    break;
} /* switch */

} /* screens

***************************************************************************
************************ draw horizontal line ************************
***************************************************************************
* This function draws a horizontal line based on the given parameters.
*
***************************************************************************
*/  

void draw_hline(int row, int col, int length)
{
    sprintf(otext,"%.*s",length,Hline);
gotoxy(row,col);
    _ot(otext);
} /* draw horizontal line */
/***********************************************************************
************************ draw vertical line **************************
***********************************************************************/

void draw_vline(int row, int col, int length)
{
    int i;

    for (i = 0; i < length; i++)
    {
        gotoxy(row + i, col);
        _ot("3");
    }
}
/* draw vertical line */
/*
* PROGRAMMER: JOE E. SWANSON
* SSN: 441-68-2360
* COMSC 5000 Thesis and Research
* revised Summer 1991
*
* This program creates the index entries for a hypertext system. It was
* developed on a 12 Mhz 80286 IBM AT compatible using Microsoft
* Quick C 2.0. The program is designed to make use of a hard disk.
* As the DOS sort utility is limited to < 64K, the data is read in
* blocks of 16K; this was the block size that produced the quickest run
* time on the development system. The blocks are sorted and then merged
* in the sort() function.
*
* The hyper() is a road map for the control of this program. Each
* function is passed the name of the file that is to be manipulated.
* All i/o calls are made from within the respective functions.
*/

#include "ru.h"
#include <malloc.h>
#include <ctype.h>

#define Max_line 500
#define Scr_size 1
#define Word_length 500

/* FUNCTION PROTOTYPES */

void get_words(char input[],char output[]);
void hyper(char file[],char outfile[]);
void unique(char file_name[]);

void hyper(char file[],char outfile[])
{
    /* begin file processing */
    get_words(file,outfile);
    sort(outfile);
    unique(outfile); /* remove duplicate entries */

} /* hyper */
void get_words(char input[], char output[])
{
    int i; /* loop control variable */
    int line_number = 0, /* line number of input file */
        scr_num = 0; /* screen number */
    char word[Word_length], /* input word */
        input_line[Max_line],
        *temp_word1,
        seps[] = "", "\n", "\r"; /* separators for strtok() */
    FILE *Finput, *Foutput;

    open_file(&Finput,"r",input,"get_words");
    open_file(&Foutput,"w+",output,"get_words");

    while (fgets(input_line,Max_line-1,Finput) != NULL)
    {
        /* increment scr_num if necessary */
        if (!((line_number++ % Scr_size)) ++scr_num;

        temp_word1 = strtok(input_line,seps);
        while (temp_word1 != NULL && temp_word1[0] != ' ')
        {
            /* insure all characters are lower case */
            for (i = 0; i < (int) strlen(temp_word1); i++)
                temp_word1[i] = (char) tolower(temp_word1[i]);

            fprintf(Foutput,"%s : ", temp_word1);
            fprintf(Foutput,"%s : ", input);
            fprintf(Foutput,"%d
", scr_num);

            temp_word1 = strtok(NULL,seps); /* get next token */
        } /* while temp_word */
    } /* while fgets */

    fclose(Finput);
    fclose(Foutput);
} /* get_words */

/******************************************************************************/
/***********************************************************************
****************************** unique ********************************
************************************************************************
*
* This function removes all duplicate entries from the given input file.
*
***********************************************************************/
void unique(char file_name[])
{
    char templ[Buf_size], temp2[Buf_size];
    FILE *Fwork, *Finput;
    /* open working file */
    open_file(&Fwork,"w+","work","unique");
    open_file(&Finput,"r",file_name,"unique");

    fgets(templ,Buf_size,Finput);
    while(!feof(Finput))
    {
        fgets(temp2,Buf_size,Finput);
        fprintf(Fwork,"%s",templ);
        while((strcmp(templ,temp2) == 0) && !feof(Finput))
            fgets(temp2,Buf_size,Finput);
        strcpy(templ,temp2);
    } /* while */

    fclose(Fwork);
    fclose(Finput);
    unlink(file_name); /* delete the file */
    rename("work",file_name);
}
} /* unique */

/***********************************************************************/
This program takes a sorted list of words and screen/line references and creates an inverted list and index.

#include "ru.h"

char *remove_trailing_blanks(char *str);

void invert(char inputfile[], char invfile[], char vdxfile[]);

void make_inverted_list(char [], char [], char []);

void invert(char inputfile[], char invfile[], char vdxfile[])
{
    make_inverted_list(inputfile, invfile, vdxfile);
} /* INVERT */

/*m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m */

void make_inverted_list(char filename[], char invfile[], char vdxfile[])
{
    char line[LEN],
        input[Buf_size],       /* input word */
        outline[Buf_size],     /* output line of inverted list */
        *word,
        *remains;             /* following words */
    FILE *ifp, *ofpl, *ofp2;
    int count=0;           /* number of items in index */
    INVERTNDX index;
    /* open input and output files */
    open_file(&ifp,"r",filename,"mk_inv_lst");
    open_file(&ofpl,"wb+",invfile,"mk_inv_lst");
    open_file(&ofp2,"wb+",vdxfile,"mk_inv_lst");
    /* get first occurrence of word and check for more */
    if (fgets(line,LEN,ifp) == NULL)
    {
        fcloseall();        /* file is empty */
    }
} /* MAKE_INV_LIST */
return;
}
strcpy(line,strtok(line,"
\r");    /* remove cr/lf */
strcpy(outline,line);
strcpy(index.key,remove_trailing_blanks(strtok(line,":"))); 

while (!feof(ifp))
{
    if (fgets(line,LEN,ifp) == NULL)
        break;
    word = remove_trailing_blanks(strtok(line,":")); 

    while (strcmp(index.key,word) == 0)
    {
        remains = strtok(NULL,"\n\r");    /* remove newline character */
        strcat(outline," :");
        strcat(outline,remains);
        if (fgets(line,LEN,ifp) == NULL)    /* get next word */
            break;
        word = remove_trailing_blanks(strtok(line,":")); 
    } /* while strcmp */
    index.offset = ftell(ofpl);
    fprintf(ofpl,"%s\n",outline);
    ++count;
    fwrite(&index,l,sizeof(INVERTNDX),ofp2);
    strcpy(index.key,word);
    remains = strtok(NULL,"\n\r");    /* remove newline character */
    strcat(outline,index.key);
    strcat(outline," :");
    strcat(outline,remains);
}
} /* while feof */

index.offset = ftell(ofpl);    /* write last entry to disk */
fprintf(ofpl,"%s\n",outline);
++count;
fwrite(&index,l,sizeof(INVERTNDX),ofp2);

fcloseall(); 
}
/* make inverted list */
/***************************************************************************/
/* remove trailing blanks ***********************************************************/

void remove_trailing_blanks(char *str)
{
    while (str[strlen(str) - 1] == ' ')
    {
        str[strlen(str) - 1] = '\0';
    }
}

/*********************************************************/
This program was developed on a 12 Mhz 80286 IBM AT compatible using Microsoft Quick C 2.5. The program is designed to make use of a hard disk. As the DOS sort utility is limited to < 64K, the data is read in blocks of 16K; this was the block size that produced the quickest run time on the development system. The blocks are sorted and then merged in the sort() function.

```c
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

#define buf_size 16000
#define Max_line 500
#define ot printf

/* FUNCTION PROTOTYPES */
char *merge_input(FILE *input, char *previous, char last_word[], int *flag);
void checkpath(char input[], char varname[]);
void merge(char file1[], char file2[], char file3[]);
void sort(char file_name[]);
void openfile(FILE **fp, char type[], char name[], char module[]);

/***********************************************************************
**********sort***********************************************************
***********************************************************************/

void sort(char file_name[])
{
    unsigned int x;  /* bytes read into buffer */
    FILE *Fworkin, *Fsorted, *Ftemp, *Ftemp1;
    static char file_buffer[buf_size];
    int y = 0;

    checkpath("sort.exe","PATH");

    openfile(&Ftemp1,"r",file_name,"sort");

    while ((x=fread(file_buffer, 1, buf_size-Max_line, Ftemp1)) > 0)
```
{  
    if (!feof(Ftempl))
    {
        fgets(&file_buffer[x],Max_line-1,Ftempl); /* complete the last
          * line of buffer */
        x = x + strlen(&file_buffer[x]); /* number of bytes read */
    } /* if */

    openfile(&Fworkin,"w","workin","sort");
    fwrite(file_buffer,x,1,Fworkin);
    fclose(Fworkin);
    system("sort < workin > workout");
    merge("workout","sorted","temp");
    unlink("sorted"); /* delete the file */
    rename("temp","sorted");
    unlink("workout");
} /* while */

fclose(Ftempl);
unlink(file_name); /* delete the file */
rename("sorted",file_name);
unlink("workin");

} /* sort */

/**********************************************************************************
******************************************************************************
**************************** merge *************************************
******************************************************************************
* 
* This function completes a merge of two data sets putting the output 
* into the specified file. This is a cosequential merge that requires 
* that both input files be sorted in lexicographical order prior to 
* the merge.
* 
***********************************************************************************/
void merge(char file1[], char file2[], char file3[])
{
    int more_words_exist = 1;
    char line1[Max_line], line2[Max_line], linelp[Max_line] = ",
    line2p[Max_line] = ",
    FILE *Fp1, *Fp2, *Fp3;

    openfile(&Fp1,"r",file1,"merge");
    openfile(&Fp2,"a",file2,"merge");
    rewind(Fp2);
    openfile(&Fp3,"w",file3,"merge"); /* initial read */
    strcpy(line1,merge_input(Fp1,linelp,NULL,&more_words_exist));
    strcpy(line2,merge_input(Fp2,line2p,NULL,&more_words_exist));
/* while more words exist, if linel < line2, output linel; else if *
* linel > line2, output line2 else if == output and get new lines */

while (more_words_exist)
{
    if (strcmp(linel,line2) < 0)
    {
        fprintf(Fp3,"%s",linel);
        strcpy(linel,merge_input(Fp1,linelp,line2,&more_words_exist));
    } /* if */
    else if (strcmp(linel,line2) > 0)
    {
        fprintf(Fp3,"%s",line2);
        strcpy(line2,merge_input(Fp2,line2p,linel,&more_words_exist));
    } /* if */
    else
    {
        fprintf(Fp3,"%s",linel);
        strcpy(linel,merge_input(Fp1,linelp,line2,&more_words_exist));
        strcpy(line2,merge_input(Fp2,line2p,linel,&more_words_exist));
    } /* else */
}

fclose(Fp1);
fclose(Fp2);
fclose(Fp3);

} /* merge */

******************************************************************************
************************** merge input ***************************************
******************************************************************************

char *merge_input(FILE *input,char *previous,char last_word[],int *flag)
{
    char high_value[] = "-------------------",
    output[Max_line] = "",
    outputbak[Max_line],
    *inp,
    templ[Max_line], temp2[Max_line];

    inp = fgets(output,Max_line,input);

if (!inp && (strcmp(last_word,high_value) == 0))
    *flag = 0;               /* both input files empty */
else
    if (!inp)
        strcpy(output,high_value); /* input file is empty */
    else
        {
            strcpy(outputbak,output);
            strcpy(temp1,strlwr(output));
            strcpy(temp2,strlwr(previous));

            if (strcmp(temp1,temp2) < 0)
            {
                system("cls");
                _ot("Input file not sorted. Program terminated.");
                exit(1001);
            }
            strcpy(output,outputbak);
        }

    strcpy(previous,output);
    return output;
}

void checkpath(char input[], char varname[])
{
    char targetfile[13],
        pathname[256] = "";

    strcpy(targetfile,input);
    _searchenv(targetfile,varname,pathname);

    if (pathname[0] == '\0')
    {
        _ot("This program requires the program/file %s to run.\n",input);
        if (strcmp(input,"sort.exe") == 0)
        {
            _ot("Insure the system PATH contains the directory containing\n"sort.exe.\n");
            _ot("Check your DOS manual for detailed instructions if\n"necessary!\n");
else _ot("Insure the file is in the current directory.\n");

exit(2);

} /* if pathname */

} /* check path */

/* open input and output files */
if ((*fp = fopen(name,type)) == NULL) {
    fprintf(stderr,"INPUT/OUTPUT FILE NOT FOUND.\n");
    fprintf(stderr,"File %s not found in function %s.\n",name,module);
    exit(1001);
}
} /* openfile */

/* open file */

**********************************************************************/
void openfile(FILE **fp,char type[],char name[],char module[])
{
    /* open input and output files */
    if ((*fp = fopen(name,type)) == NULL) {
        fprintf(stderr,"INPUT/OUTPUT FILE NOT FOUND.\n");
        fprintf(stderr,"File %s not found in function %s.\n",name,module);
        exit(1001);
    }
} /* openfile */

/* open file */

**********************************************************************/
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#define ot printf

/**************************************************************************
 * Function check_path insures the input file can be found on the current
 * varname. If it fails, it returns a flag.
 *
 * Passed parameter flag = 1, input is required. Program terminates if
 * not found.
 * Passed parameter flag = 2, input is optional or existence is being
 * confirmed.
 * Flag is returned.
 *
 void check_path(char input[], char varname[], int flag)
 {
     char targetfile[13],
     pathname[256] = "";

     strcpy(targetfile,input);
     _searchenv(targetfile,varname,pathname);

     switch(flag)
     {
         case 1: /* required files */
             if (pathname[0] == '0')
             {
                 ot("This program requires the program/file %s to run.\n",
                     input);
                 if (strcmp(input,"sort.exe") == 0)
                 {
                     ot("Insure the system PATH contains the directory \n
containing");
                     ot(" sort.exe.\n");
                     ot("Check your DOS manual for detailed instructions if ");
                     ot("necessary!\n");
                 }
             else ot("Insure the file is in the current directory.\n");
             exit(2);
         }
case 2:    /* optional or check to see if exist */
    if (pathname[0] == '\0') flag = 0;
    else flag = 1;
    break;

    default: flag = 0;

} /* switch */

return flag;

} /* check path */

/]**********************************************************************/
APPENDIX D

FUNCTION FACET THESAURUS
* NOT APPLICABLE,*
access, accesses
add, increment, total, sum
append, attach, increase
assign, designate
close, release, detach, disconnect, free
compare, test, relate, match, check, verify
complement, negate, invert
compress, shrink, condense, compact
control, controls, command, manipulate, direct, handle, operate, operates
convert, converts
coordinate, coordinates
copy
create
decode
delete
divide
evaluate
exchange, swap
execute, executes
expand
extract, extracts
format
initialize, set up, start
initiate, start
input
insert
join
list, count
load, loads
maintain
measure, advance, size, enumerate, list
modify, change, revise
move, transfer
output, produce
process, processes, filter, prepare
read, reads
save
schedule, schedules
terminate, remove, kill
APPENDIX E

OBJECT FACET THESAURUS
* NOT APPLICABLE,*
address, addresses
arguments, argument
arrays, array
buffers, buffer
card stack, cards
character, characters, char
 descriptors
digits
directories, directory
doubles, double
expressions
files
floats, float
functions
hexadecimal
instruction, command, commands, instructions, inst
 integers, integer, int, long int, long, short
interrupts
jobs, job
lines
lists
macros
memory
message
node, nodes
page, pages
processes, process
queue
 registers, register
schedules, schedule
 simulated disk entry
statistics
string, strings
structure, structures
 system
APPENDIX F

MEDIUM FACET THESAURUS
* NOT APPLICABLE,*
array, arrays
buffer
cards
character, characters, char
disk, disks
double
file
float
integer, long int, long integer, short, long, int, short int
job, jobs
keyboard
line
linked list, deque, deques, list
mouse
node, nodes
operating system, operating systems, os
printer
process cntl block, pcb
process, processes
schedule, schedules
screen
sensor
stack
string, strings
structure, structures
table
tape
tree
* NOT APPLICABLE,*
extractor, extractors
generic, general, gen, universal
operating system, operating systems, os
processor, processors
scheduler, schedulers
simulated disk
simulation, simulations
APPENDIX H

FUNCTIONAL AREA FACET THESAURUS
* NOT APPLICABLE,*
base conversions
code switching
error handling
generic, general, gen, universal
initialization, init
io operations, read, write, output, input
job io, read, write, output, input
job tracing
memory management, mem mgmt
paging
processing
scheduling
simulation
statistics, statistic
string conversion
system synchronization
APPENDIX I

SETTING FACET THESAURUS
* NOT APPLICABLE,*
academic,scholarly,classical,educational,collegiate,school,edu
generic,general,gen,universal
APPENDIX J

LANGUAGE FACET THESAURUS
Ada, ada
BASIC, basic
C, c
FORTRAN, fortran
Pascal, pascal
PL/I, pl/i, pl/i
APPENDIX K

SAMPLE QUERY RESULTS
Sample 1 - six facets
loader

The attributes requested are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>-- load</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>-- jobs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Type</td>
<td>-- operating system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Area</td>
<td>-- job io</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td>-- academic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

****************************************

The attributes of winldr.c are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>-- load</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>-- jobs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Type</td>
<td>-- operating system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Area</td>
<td>-- job io</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td>-- academic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>-- C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

winldr.c matched 5 attributes.

****************************************

The attributes of loader.c are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>-- load</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>-- jobs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Type</td>
<td>-- operating system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Area</td>
<td>-- job io</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td>-- academic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>-- C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

loader.c matched 5 attributes.

****************************************
The attributes of misspool.c are:

Function          -- terminate
Object             -- jobs
Medium             -- process cntl block
System Type        -- operating system
Functional Area    -- job io
Setting            -- academic
Language           -- C
Other              --

misspool.c matched 4 attributes.
*****************************************************************************

The attributes of misldr.c are:

Function          -- load
Object             -- queue
Medium             --
System Type        -- operating system
Functional Area    -- job io
Setting            -- academic
Language           -- C
Other              --

misldr.c matched 4 attributes.
*****************************************************************************

The attributes of spooler.c are:

Function          -- read
Object             -- card stack
Medium             -- structure
System Type        -- operating system
Functional Area    -- job io
Setting            -- academic
Language           -- C
Other              --

spooler.c matched 3 attributes.
*****************************************************************************
The attributes of `missched.c` are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>-- schedule</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>-- jobs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Type</td>
<td>-- operating system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Area</td>
<td>-- scheduling</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td>-- academic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>-- C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

`missched.c` matched 3 attributes.

The attributes of `mispgld.c` are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>-- load</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>-- page</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>-- buffer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Type</td>
<td>-- operating system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Area</td>
<td>-- paging</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td>-- academic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>-- C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

`mispgld.c` matched 3 attributes.

The attributes of `j-sched.c` are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>-- schedule</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>-- jobs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Type</td>
<td>-- operating system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Area</td>
<td>-- scheduling</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td>-- academic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>-- C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

`j-sched.c` matched 3 attributes.
The attributes of winmem.c are:

Function          -- access
Object            -- memory
Medium            -- array
System Type       -- operating system
Functional Area   -- memory management
Setting           -- academic
Language          -- C
Other             --

winmem.c matched 2 attributes.
*****************************************************************************

The attributes of winhexc.c are:

Function          -- convert
Object            -- digits
Medium            -- integer
System Type       -- operating system
Functional Area   -- base conversions
Setting           -- academic
Language          -- C
Other             --

winhexc.c matched 2 attributes.
*****************************************************************************

The attributes of winerror.c are:

Function          -- output
Object            -- message
Medium            -- string
System Type       -- operating system
Functional Area   -- error handling
Setting           -- academic
Language          -- C
Other             --

winerror.c matched 2 attributes.
*****************************************************************************
The attributes of wincpu.c are:

Function -- execute
Object -- instruction
Medium -- process cntl block
System Type -- operating system
Functional Area -- processing
Setting -- academic
Language -- C
Other --

wincpu.c matched 2 attributes.
*****************************************************************************

The attributes of winconv.c are:

Function -- convert
Object -- address
Medium -- integer
System Type -- operating system
Functional Area -- memory management
Setting -- academic
Language -- C
Other --

winconv.c matched 2 attributes.
*****************************************************************************

The attributes of misregs.c are:

Function -- maintain
Object -- registers
Medium -- array
System Type -- operating system
Functional Area -- context switching
Setting -- academic
Language -- C
Other --

misregs.c matched 2 attributes.
*****************************************************************************
The attributes of mispgsv.c are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>save</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>page</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>buffer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Type</td>
<td>paging</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Area</td>
<td>academic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

mispgsv.c matched 2 attributes.

The attributes of mispgflt.c are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>assign</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>page</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>buffer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Type</td>
<td>paging</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Area</td>
<td>academic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

mispgflt.c matched 2 attributes.

The attributes of mismem.c are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>access</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>memory</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>array</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Type</td>
<td>paging</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Area</td>
<td>memory management</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td>academic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

mismem.c matched 2 attributes.
The attributes of misio.c are:

Function: execute
Object: instruction
Medium: structure
System Type: operating system
Functional Area: io operations
Setting: academic
Language: C
Other: 

misio.c matched 2 attributes.
************************************************************************

The attributes of misinit.c are:

Function: initialize
Object: system
Medium: operating system
System Type: operating system
Functional Area: initialization
Setting: academic
Language: C
Other: 

misinit.c matched 2 attributes.
************************************************************************

The attributes of misfstat.c are:

Function: output
Object: statistics
Medium: string
System Type: operating system
Functional Area: statistics
Setting: academic
Language: C
Other: 

misfstat.c matched 2 attributes.
************************************************************************
The attributes of disk.c are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>control</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>simulated disk entry</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>structure</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Type</td>
<td>operating system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Area</td>
<td>simulation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td>academic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

disk.c matched 2 attributes.

The attributes of cpu.c are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>execute</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>instruction</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>process cntl block</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Type</td>
<td>operating system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Area</td>
<td>processing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td>academic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

cpu.c matched 2 attributes.
Sample 1a - four facets
loader

The attributes requested are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>-- load</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>-- jobs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Type</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Area</td>
<td>-- job io</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

****************************************

The attributes of winldr.c are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>-- load</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>-- jobs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Type</td>
<td>-- operating system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Area</td>
<td>-- job io</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td>-- academic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>-- C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

winldr.c matched 3 attributes.
****************************************

The attributes of loader.c are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>-- load</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>-- jobs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Type</td>
<td>-- operating system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Area</td>
<td>-- job io</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td>-- academic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>-- C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

loader.c matched 3 attributes.
The attributes of `misspool.c` are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>-- terminate</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>-- jobs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>-- process cntl block</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Type</td>
<td>-- operating system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Area</td>
<td>-- job io</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td>-- academic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>-- C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

`misspool.c` matched 2 attributes.

****************************************

The attributes of `misldr.c` are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>-- load</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>-- queue</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Type</td>
<td>-- operating system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Area</td>
<td>-- job io</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td>-- academic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>-- C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

`misldr.c` matched 2 attributes.

****************************************

The attributes of `missched.c` are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>-- schedule</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>-- jobs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Type</td>
<td>-- operating system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Area</td>
<td>-- scheduling</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td>-- academic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>-- C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

`missched.c` matched 1 attribute.

****************************************

135
The attributes of mispgld.c are:

Function -- load
Object -- page
Medium -- buffer
System Type -- operating system
Functional Area -- paging
Setting -- academic
Language -- C
Other --

mispgld.c matched 1 attribute.
***************************************************************************

The attributes of j-sched.c are:

Function -- schedule
Object -- jobs
Medium --
System Type -- operating system
Functional Area -- scheduling
Setting -- academic
Language -- C
Other --

j-sched.c matched 1 attribute.
***************************************************************************
Sample 2 - six facets
memory

The attributes requested are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>-- access</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>-- memory</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>-- array</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Type</td>
<td>-- operating system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Area</td>
<td>-- memory management</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td>-- academic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

****************************************

The attributes of winmem.c are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>-- access</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>-- memory</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>-- array</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Type</td>
<td>-- operating system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Area</td>
<td>-- memory management</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td>-- academic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>-- C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

winmem.c matched 6 attributes.

****************************************

The attributes of mismem.c are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>-- access</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>-- memory</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>-- array</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Type</td>
<td>-- operating system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Area</td>
<td>-- memory management</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td>-- academic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>-- C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

mismem.c matched 6 attributes.

****************************************
The attributes of `memory.c` are:

| Function       | -- access          |
| Object         | -- memory          |
| Medium         | -- array           |
| System Type    | -- operating system|
| Functional Area| -- memory management|
| Setting        | -- academic        |
| Language       | -- C               |
| Other          | --                 |

`memory.c` matched 6 attributes.

****************************************

The attributes of `winconv.c` are:

| Function       | -- convert         |
| Object         | -- address         |
| Medium         | -- integer         |
| System Type    | -- operating system|
| Functional Area| -- memory management|
| Setting        | -- academic        |
| Language       | -- C               |
| Other          | --                 |

`winconv.c` matched 3 attributes.

****************************************

The attributes of `misregs.c` are:

| Function       | -- maintain        |
| Object         | -- registers       |
| Medium         | -- array           |
| System Type    | -- operating system|
| Functional Area| -- context switching|
| Setting        | -- academic        |
| Language       | -- C               |
| Other          | --                 |

`misregs.c` matched 3 attributes.

****************************************


The attributes of misfrpg.c are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>close</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>page</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>array</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Type</td>
<td>operating system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Area</td>
<td>paging</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td>academic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

misfrpg.c matched 3 attributes.
***********************************************************************

The attributes of winhexc.c are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>convert</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>digits</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>integer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Type</td>
<td>operating system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Area</td>
<td>base conversions</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td>academic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

winhexc.c matched 2 attributes.
***********************************************************************

The attributes of winerror.c are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>output</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>message</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>string</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Type</td>
<td>operating system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Area</td>
<td>error handling</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td>academic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

winerror.c matched 2 attributes.
***********************************************************************
The attributes of wincpu.c are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>execute</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>instruction</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>process cntl block</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Type</td>
<td>operating system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Area</td>
<td>processing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td>academic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

wincpu.c matched 2 attributes.

The attributes of spooler.c are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>read</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>card stack</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>structure</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Type</td>
<td>operating system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Area</td>
<td>job io</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td>academic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

spooler.c matched 2 attributes.

The attributes of misspool.c are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>terminate</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>jobs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>process cntl block</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Type</td>
<td>operating system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Area</td>
<td>job io</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td>academic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

misspool.c matched 2 attributes.
The attributes of mispgsv.c are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>-- save</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>-- page</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>-- buffer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Type</td>
<td>-- operating system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Area</td>
<td>-- paging</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td>-- academic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>-- C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

mispgsv.c matched 2 attributes.
*****************************************************************************

The attributes of mispgld.c are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>-- load</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>-- page</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>-- buffer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Type</td>
<td>-- operating system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Area</td>
<td>-- paging</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td>-- academic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>-- C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

mispgld.c matched 2 attributes.
*****************************************************************************

The attributes of mispgflt.c are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>-- assign</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>-- page</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>-- buffer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Type</td>
<td>-- operating system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Area</td>
<td>-- paging</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td>-- academic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>-- C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

mispgflt.c matched 2 attributes.
*****************************************************************************
The attributes of misio.c are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>-- execute</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>-- instruction</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>-- structure</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Type</td>
<td>-- operating system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Area</td>
<td>-- io operations</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td>-- academic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>-- C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

misio.c matched 2 attributes.

The attributes of misinit.c are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>-- initialize</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>-- system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>-- operating system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Type</td>
<td>-- operating system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Area</td>
<td>-- initialization</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td>-- academic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>-- C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

misinit.c matched 2 attributes.

The attributes of misfstat.c are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>-- output</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>-- statistics</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>-- string</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Type</td>
<td>-- operating system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Area</td>
<td>-- statistics</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td>-- academic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>-- C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

misfstat.c matched 2 attributes.
The attributes of disk.c are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>control</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>simulated disk entry</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>structure</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Type</td>
<td>operating system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Area</td>
<td>simulation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td>academic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

disk.c matched 2 attributes.

The attributes of cpu.c are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>execute</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>instruction</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>process cntl block</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Type</td>
<td>operating system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Area</td>
<td>processing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td>academic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

cpu.c matched 2 attributes.

The attributes of misishex.c are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>compare</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>hexadecimal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>array</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Type</td>
<td>generic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Area</td>
<td>generic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td>generic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

misishex.c matched 1 attribute.
Sample 2a - four facets
memory

The attributes requested are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Attribute</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Function</td>
<td>access</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>memory</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>array</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Type</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Area</td>
<td>memory management</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

****************************************

The attributes of winmem.c are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Attribute</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Function</td>
<td>access</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>memory</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>array</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Type</td>
<td>operating system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Area</td>
<td>memory management</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td>academic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

winmem.c matched 4 attributes.
****************************************

The attributes of mismem.c are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Attribute</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Function</td>
<td>access</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>memory</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>array</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Type</td>
<td>operating system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Area</td>
<td>memory management</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td>academic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

mismem.c matched 4 attributes.
****************************************
The attributes of memory.c are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>access</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>memory</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>array</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Type</td>
<td>operating system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Area</td>
<td>memory management</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td>academic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

memory.c matched 4 attributes.
******************************************************************************

The attributes of misregs.c are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>maintain</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>registers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>array</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Type</td>
<td>operating system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Area</td>
<td>context switching</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td>academic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

misregs.c matched 1 attribute.
******************************************************************************

The attributes of misishex.c are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>compare</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>hexadecimal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>array</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Type</td>
<td>generic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Area</td>
<td>generic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td>generic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

misishex.c matched 1 attribute.
******************************************************************************
The attributes of misfrpg.c are:

Function                       -- close
Object                         -- page
Medium                         -- array
System Type                    -- operating system
Functional Area                -- paging
Setting                        -- academic
Language                       -- C
Other                          --

misfrpg.c matched 1 attribute.
************************************************************************************
Sample 3 - six facets

The attributes requested are:

Function        -- execute
Object          -- instruction
Medium          -- integer
System Type     -- operating system
Functional Area -- processing
Setting         -- academic
Other           --

*********************************************************

The attributes of wincpu.c are:

Function        -- execute
Object          -- instruction
Medium          -- process cntl block
System Type     -- operating system
Functional Area -- processing
Setting         -- academic
Language        -- C
Other           --

wincpu.c matched 5 attributes.
*********************************************************

The attributes of miscpu.c are:

Function        -- execute
Object          -- instruction
Medium          -- process cntl block
System Type     -- operating system
Functional Area -- processing
Setting         -- academic
Language        -- C
Other           --

miscpu.c matched 5 attributes.
*********************************************************
The attributes of `cpu.c` are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>-- execute</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>-- instruction</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>-- process cntl block</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Type</td>
<td>-- operating system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Area</td>
<td>-- processing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td>-- academic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>-- C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

`cpu.c` matched 5 attributes.
**************************

The attributes of `winterm.c` are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>-- execute</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>-- instruction</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>-- string</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Type</td>
<td>-- operating system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Area</td>
<td>-- io operations</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td>-- academic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>-- C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

`winterm.c` matched 4 attributes.
**************************

The attributes of `misio.c` are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>-- execute</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>-- instruction</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>-- structure</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Type</td>
<td>-- operating system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Area</td>
<td>-- io operations</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td>-- academic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>-- C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

`misio.c` matched 4 attributes.
**************************
The attributes of winhexc.c are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>-- convert</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>-- digits</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>-- integer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Type</td>
<td>-- operating system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Area</td>
<td>-- base conversions</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td>-- academic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>-- C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

winhexc.c matched 3 attributes.

****************************************

The attributes of winconv.c are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>-- convert</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>-- address</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>-- integer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Type</td>
<td>-- operating system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Area</td>
<td>-- memory management</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td>-- academic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>-- C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

winconv.c matched 3 attributes.

****************************************

The attributes of winmem.c are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>-- access</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>-- memory</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>-- array</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Type</td>
<td>-- operating system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Area</td>
<td>-- memory management</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td>-- academic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>-- C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

winmem.c matched 2 attributes.

****************************************
The attributes of winerror.c are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>-- output</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>-- message</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>-- string</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Type</td>
<td>-- operating system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Area</td>
<td>-- error handling</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td>-- academic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>-- C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

winerror.c matched 2 attributes.
*****************************************************************************

The attributes of spooler.c are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>-- read</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>-- card stack</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>-- structure</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Type</td>
<td>-- operating system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Area</td>
<td>-- job io</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td>-- academic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>-- C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

spooler.c matched 2 attributes.
*****************************************************************************

The attributes of misspool.c are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>-- terminate</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>-- jobs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>-- process cntl block</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Type</td>
<td>-- operating system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Area</td>
<td>-- job io</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td>-- academic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>-- C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

misspool.c matched 2 attributes.
*****************************************************************************
The attributes of misregs.c are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>-- maintain</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>-- registers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>-- array</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Type</td>
<td>-- operating system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Area</td>
<td>-- context switching</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td>-- academic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>-- C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

misregs.c matched 2 attributes.

The attributes of mispgsv.c are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>-- save</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>-- page</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>-- buffer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Type</td>
<td>-- operating system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Area</td>
<td>-- paging</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td>-- academic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>-- C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

mispgsv.c matched 2 attributes.

The attributes of mispgld.c are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>-- load</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>-- page</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>-- buffer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Type</td>
<td>-- operating system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Area</td>
<td>-- paging</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td>-- academic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>-- C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

mispgld.c matched 2 attributes.
The attributes of mispgflt.c are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>assign</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>page</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>buffer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Type</td>
<td>operating system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Area</td>
<td>paging</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td>academic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

mispgflt.c matched 2 attributes.
*********************************************************************

The attributes of mismem.c are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>access</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>memory</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>array</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Type</td>
<td>operating system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Area</td>
<td>memory management</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td>academic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

mismem.c matched 2 attributes.
*********************************************************************

The attributes of misitoa.c are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>convert</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>integers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>integer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Type</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Area</td>
<td>string conversion</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td>academic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

misitoa.c matched 2 attributes.
*********************************************************************
The attributes of misinit.c are:

Function          -- initialize
Object            -- system
Medium            -- operating system
System Type       -- operating system
Functional Area   -- initialization
Setting           -- academic
Language          -- C
Other             --

misinit.c matched 2 attributes.
*************************************************************************

The attributes of misfstat.c are:

Function          -- output
Object            -- statistics
Medium            -- string
System Type       -- operating system
Functional Area   -- statistics
Setting           -- academic
Language          -- C
Other             --

misfstat.c matched 2 attributes.
*************************************************************************

The attributes of disk.c are:

Function          -- control
Object            -- simulated disk entry
Medium            -- structure
System Type       -- operating system
Functional Area   -- simulation
Setting           -- academic
Language          -- C
Other             --

disk.c matched 2 attributes.
*************************************************************************
The attributes of mismax.c are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Attribute</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Function</td>
<td>compare</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>integers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>integer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Type</td>
<td>generic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Area</td>
<td>generic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td>generic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

mismax.c matched 1 attribute.

*******************************************************************************
Sample 3a - four facets

cpu

The attributes requested are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>Object</th>
<th>Medium</th>
<th>System Type</th>
<th>Functional Area</th>
<th>Setting</th>
<th>Other</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>execute</td>
<td>instruction</td>
<td>integer</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>processing</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

****************************************

The attributes of wincpu.c are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>Object</th>
<th>Medium</th>
<th>System Type</th>
<th>Functional Area</th>
<th>Setting</th>
<th>Language</th>
<th>Other</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>execute</td>
<td>instruction</td>
<td>process cntl block</td>
<td>operating system</td>
<td>processing</td>
<td>academic</td>
<td>C</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

wincpu.c matched 3 attributes.

****************************************

The attributes of miscpu.c are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>Object</th>
<th>Medium</th>
<th>System Type</th>
<th>Functional Area</th>
<th>Setting</th>
<th>Language</th>
<th>Other</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>execute</td>
<td>instruction</td>
<td>process cntl block</td>
<td>operating system</td>
<td>processing</td>
<td>academic</td>
<td>C</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

miscpu.c matched 3 attributes.

****************************************
The attributes of *cpu.c* are:

Function          -- execute
Object            -- instruction
Medium            -- process cntl block
System Type       -- operating system
Functional Area   -- processing
Setting           -- academic
Language          -- C
Other             --

*cpu.c* matched 3 attributes.

The attributes of *winterm.c* are:

Function          -- execute
Object            -- instruction
Medium            -- string
System Type       -- operating system
Functional Area   -- io operations
Setting           -- academic
Language          -- C
Other             --

*winterm.c* matched 2 attributes.

The attributes of *misio.c* are:

Function          -- execute
Object            -- instruction
Medium            -- structure
System Type       -- operating system
Functional Area   -- io operations
Setting           -- academic
Language          -- C
Other             --

*misio.c* matched 2 attributes.
The attributes of `winhexc.c` are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>-- convert</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>-- digits</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>-- integer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Type</td>
<td>-- operating system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Area</td>
<td>-- base conversions</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td>-- academic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>-- C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

`winhexc.c` matched 1 attribute.

****************************************

The attributes of `winconv.c` are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>-- convert</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>-- address</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>-- integer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Type</td>
<td>-- operating system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Area</td>
<td>-- memory management</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td>-- academic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>-- C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

`winconv.c` matched 1 attribute.

****************************************

The attributes of `mismax.c` are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>-- compare</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>-- integers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>-- integer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Type</td>
<td>-- generic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Area</td>
<td>-- generic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td>-- generic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>-- C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

`mismax.c` matched 1 attribute.

****************************************

157
The attributes of misitoa.c are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Attribute</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Function</td>
<td>-- convert</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>-- integers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>-- integer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Type</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Area</td>
<td>-- string conversion</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td>-- academic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>-- C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

misitoa.c matched 1 attribute.
***********************************************************
Sample 4 - six facets
spooler

The attributes requested are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>-- read</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>-- card stack</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Type</td>
<td>-- operating system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Area</td>
<td>-- job io</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td>-- academic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

****************************************

The attributes of winspool.c are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>-- read</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>-- card stack</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>-- process cntl block</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Type</td>
<td>-- operating system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Area</td>
<td>-- job io</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td>-- academic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>-- C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

winspool.c matched 5 attributes.
****************************************

The attributes of spooler.c are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>-- read</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>-- card stack</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>-- structure</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Type</td>
<td>-- operating system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Area</td>
<td>-- job io</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td>-- academic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>-- C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

spooler.c matched 5 attributes.
****************************************
The attributes of misspool.c are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>-- terminate</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>-- jobs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>-- process cnt1 block</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Type</td>
<td>-- operating system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Area</td>
<td>-- job io</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td>-- academic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>-- C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

misspool.c matched 3 attributes.
************************************************

The attributes of winmem.c are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>-- access</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>-- memory</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>-- array</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Type</td>
<td>-- operating system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Area</td>
<td>-- memory management</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td>-- academic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>-- C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

winmem.c matched 2 attributes.
************************************************

The attributes of winhexc.c are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>-- convert</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>-- digits</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>-- integer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Type</td>
<td>-- operating system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Area</td>
<td>-- base conversions</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td>-- academic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>-- C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

winhexc.c matched 2 attributes.
************************************************
The attributes of `winerror.c` are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>-- output</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>-- message</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>-- string</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Type</td>
<td>-- operating system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Area</td>
<td>-- error handling</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td>-- academic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>-- C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

`winerror.c` matched 2 attributes.

****************************************

The attributes of `wincpu.c` are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>-- execute</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>-- instruction</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>-- process cntl block</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Type</td>
<td>-- operating system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Area</td>
<td>-- processing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td>-- academic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>-- C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

`wincpu.c` matched 2 attributes.

****************************************

The attributes of `winconv.c` are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>-- convert</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>-- address</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>-- integer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Type</td>
<td>-- operating system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Area</td>
<td>-- memory management</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td>-- academic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>-- C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

`winconv.c` matched 2 attributes.

****************************************
The attributes of misregs.c are:

Function        -- maintain
Object          -- registers
Medium          -- array
System Type     -- operating system
Functional Area -- context switching
Setting         -- academic
Language        -- C
Other            --

misregs.c matched 2 attributes.
******************************************************************************

The attributes of mispgsv.c are:

Function        -- save
Object          -- page
Medium          -- buffer
System Type     -- operating system
Functional Area -- paging
Setting         -- academic
Language        -- C
Other            --

mispgsv.c matched 2 attributes.
******************************************************************************

The attributes of mispgld.c are:

Function        -- load
Object          -- page
Medium          -- buffer
System Type     -- operating system
Functional Area -- paging
Setting         -- academic
Language        -- C
Other            --

mispgld.c matched 2 attributes.
******************************************************************************
The attributes of mispgflt.c are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>assign</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>page</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>buffer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Type</td>
<td>operating system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Area</td>
<td>paging</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td>academic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

mispgflt.c matched 2 attributes.

The attributes of mismem.c are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>access</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>memory</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>array</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Type</td>
<td>operating system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Area</td>
<td>memory management</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td>academic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

mismem.c matched 2 attributes.

The attributes of misio.c are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>execute</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>instruction</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>structure</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Type</td>
<td>operating system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Area</td>
<td>io operations</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td>academic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

misio.c matched 2 attributes.
The attributes of misinit.c are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>-- initialize</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>-- system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>-- operating system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Type</td>
<td>-- operating system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Area</td>
<td>-- initialization</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td>-- academic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>-- C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

misinit.c matched 2 attributes.

The attributes of misfstat.c are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>-- output</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>-- statistics</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>-- string</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Type</td>
<td>-- operating system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Area</td>
<td>-- statistics</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td>-- academic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>-- C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

misfstat.c matched 2 attributes.

The attributes of disk.c are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>-- control</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>-- simulated disk entry</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>-- structure</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Type</td>
<td>-- operating system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Area</td>
<td>-- simulation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td>-- academic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>-- C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

disk.c matched 2 attributes.
The attributes of cpu.c are:

- Function: execute
- Object: instruction
- Medium: process cnt1 block
- System Type: operating system
- Functional Area: processing
- Setting: academic
- Language: C
- Other: 

cpu.c matched 2 attributes.

****************************************
Sample 4a - four facets
spooler

The attributes requested are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>-- read</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>-- card stack</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Type</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Area</td>
<td>-- job io</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

******************************************************

The attributes of winspool.c are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>-- read</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>-- card stack</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>-- process cntl block</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Type</td>
<td>-- operating system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Area</td>
<td>-- job io</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td>-- academic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>-- C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

winspool.c matched 3 attributes.
******************************************************

The attributes of spooler.c are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>-- read</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>-- card stack</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>-- structure</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Type</td>
<td>-- operating system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Area</td>
<td>-- job io</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td>-- academic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>-- C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

spooler.c matched 3 attributes.
******************************************************
Sample 5 - six attributes
scheduler

The attributes requested are:

Function -- schedule
Object -- jobs
Medium --
System Type -- operating system
Functional Area -- scheduling
Setting -- academic
Other --

*************************************************

The attributes of missched.c are:

Function -- schedule
Object -- jobs
Medium --
System Type -- operating system
Functional Area -- scheduling
Setting -- academic
Language -- C
Other --

missched.c matched 5 attributes.
*************************************************

The attributes of j-sched.c are:

Function -- schedule
Object -- jobs
Medium --
System Type -- operating system
Functional Area -- scheduling
Setting -- academic
Language -- C
Other --

j-sched.c matched 5 attributes.
*************************************************
The attributes of `winldr.c` are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>-- load</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>-- jobs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Type</td>
<td>-- operating system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Area</td>
<td>-- job io</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td>-- academic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>-- C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

`winldr.c` matched 3 attributes.

****************************************

The attributes of `misspool.c` are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>-- terminate</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>-- jobs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>-- process cntl block</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Type</td>
<td>-- operating system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Area</td>
<td>-- job io</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td>-- academic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>-- C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

`misspool.c` matched 3 attributes.

****************************************

The attributes of `loader.c` are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>-- load</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>-- jobs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Type</td>
<td>-- operating system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Area</td>
<td>-- job io</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td>-- academic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>-- C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

`loader.c` matched 3 attributes.

****************************************
The attributes of `winmem.c` are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>access</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>memory</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>array</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Type</td>
<td>operating system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Area</td>
<td>memory management</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td>academic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

`winmem.c` matched 2 attributes.

****************************************

The attributes of `winhexc.c` are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>convert</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>digits</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>integer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Type</td>
<td>operating system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Area</td>
<td>base conversions</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td>academic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

`winhexc.c` matched 2 attributes.

****************************************

The attributes of `winerror.c` are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>output</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>message</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>string</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Type</td>
<td>operating system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Area</td>
<td>error handling</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td>academic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

`winerror.c` matched 2 attributes.

****************************************
The attributes of wincpu.c are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>-- execute</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>-- instruction</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>-- process cntl block</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Type</td>
<td>-- operating system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Area</td>
<td>-- processing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td>-- academic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>-- C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

wincpu.c matched 2 attributes.

****************************************

The attributes of winconv.c are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>-- convert</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>-- address</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>-- integer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Type</td>
<td>-- operating system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Area</td>
<td>-- memory management</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td>-- academic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>-- C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

winconv.c matched 2 attributes.

****************************************

The attributes of spooler.c are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>-- read</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>-- card stack</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>-- structure</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Type</td>
<td>-- operating system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Area</td>
<td>-- job io</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td>-- academic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>-- C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

spooler.c matched 2 attributes.

****************************************
The attributes of misregs.c are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>maintain</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>registers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>array</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Type</td>
<td>operating system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Area</td>
<td>context switching</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td>academic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

misregs.c matched 2 attributes.
******************************************************************************

The attributes of mispgsv.c are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>save</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>page</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>buffer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Type</td>
<td>operating system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Area</td>
<td>paging</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td>academic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

mispgsv.c matched 2 attributes.
******************************************************************************

The attributes of mispgld.c are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>load</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>page</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>buffer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Type</td>
<td>operating system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Area</td>
<td>paging</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td>academic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

mispgld.c matched 2 attributes.
******************************************************************************
The attributes of mispgflt.c are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>assign</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>page</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>buffer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Type</td>
<td>operating system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Area</td>
<td>paging</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td>academic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

mispgflt.c matched 2 attributes.
*****************************************************************************

The attributes of mismem.c are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>access</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>memory</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>array</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Type</td>
<td>operating system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Area</td>
<td>memory management</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td>academic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

mismem.c matched 2 attributes.
*****************************************************************************

The attributes of misio.c are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>execute</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>instruction</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>structure</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Type</td>
<td>operating system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Area</td>
<td>io operations</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td>academic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

misio.c matched 2 attributes.
*****************************************************************************
The attributes of misinit.c are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>initialize</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>operating system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Type</td>
<td>operating system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Area</td>
<td>initialization</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td>academic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

misinit.c matched 2 attributes.
*******************************************************************************

The attributes of misfstat.c are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>output</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>statistics</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>string</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Type</td>
<td>operating system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Area</td>
<td>statistics</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td>academic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

misfstat.c matched 2 attributes.
*******************************************************************************

The attributes of disk.c are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>control</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>simulated disk entry</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>structure</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Type</td>
<td>operating system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Area</td>
<td>simulation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td>academic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

disk.c matched 2 attributes.
*******************************************************************************
The attributes of cpu.c are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Attribute</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Function</td>
<td>execute</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>instruction</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>process cnt1 block</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Type</td>
<td>operating system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Area</td>
<td>processing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td>academic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

cpu.c matched 2 attributes.

**************************************************************************************
Sample 5a - four attributes
scheduler

The attributes requested are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>-- schedule</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>-- jobs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Type</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Area</td>
<td>-- scheduling</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

******************************************************************************

The attributes of missched.c are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>-- schedule</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>-- jobs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Type</td>
<td>-- operating system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Area</td>
<td>-- scheduling</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td>-- academic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>-- C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

missched.c matched 3 attributes.
******************************************************************************

The attributes of j-sched.c are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>-- schedule</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>-- jobs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Type</td>
<td>-- operating system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functional Area</td>
<td>-- scheduling</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td>-- academic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>-- C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

j-sched.c matched 3 attributes.
******************************************************************************
The attributes of winldr.c are:

- **Function**: load
- **Object**: jobs
- **Medium**: 
- **System Type**: operating system
- **Functional Area**: job io
- **Setting**: academic
- **Language**: C
- **Other**: 

**winldr.c matched 1 attribute.**

****************************************

The attributes of misspool.c are:

- **Function**: terminate
- **Object**: jobs
- **Medium**: process cntl block
- **System Type**: operating system
- **Functional Area**: job io
- **Setting**: academic
- **Language**: C
- **Other**: 

**misspool.c matched 1 attribute.**

****************************************

The attributes of loader.c are:

- **Function**: load
- **Object**: jobs
- **Medium**: 
- **System Type**: operating system
- **Functional Area**: job io
- **Setting**: academic
- **Language**: C
- **Other**: 

**loader.c matched 1 attribute.**

****************************************
VITA

Joe E. Swanson
Candidate for the Degree of
Master of Science

Thesis: A REUSABLE SOFTWARE CATALOG INTERFACE

Major Field: Computer Science

Biographical:

Personal Data: Born in Guthrie, Oklahoma, August 10, 1959, the son of Kenneth N. and Dorothy Fae Swanson. Married to Terri L. Swanson and father of Jacob E. and James E. Swanson.

Civilian Education: Graduated from Guthrie High School, Guthrie, Oklahoma in May 1977; received Bachelor of Music Degree from Central State University at Edmond in May 1981; completed requirements for the Master of Science degree at Oklahoma State University in December 1991.

Military Education: Graduate of the following courses: Transportation Officer Basic Course, August 1981; Initial Entry Rotary Wing Course, May 1982; Aviation Maintenance Officer Course, August 1983; Aviation Officer Advanced Course, March 1986; Combined Arms and Services Staff School, August 1989.